

# A/C SYSTEM GENERAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

## Article Text

1993 Honda Prelude

For Cadi Centre Nsk CA 95051

Copyright © 1998 Mitchell Repair Information Company, LLC

Sunday, July 08, 2001 11:18AM

### ARTICLE BEGINNING

#### 1993 AIR CONDITIONING & HEAT A/C General Diagnostic Procedures

Diagnosis is an important first step in A/C system servicing. To save time and effort, systems should be carefully checked to identify the causes of poor performance. By using the following diagnostic charts, defective components or system problems can be quickly located. To identify problems that are specific to one system, refer to the repair section of this manual. The charts in this section apply to all systems.

#### PREPARATION FOR TESTING

- 1) Attach Low and High pressure gauges.
- 2) Start engine and allow to warm up.
- 3) Set system to COOL and blower to HIGH.
- 4) Open car doors and hood.
- 5) Run engine at fast idle for 2-3 minutes.

#### AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

##### AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TABLE

AA

| PERFORM TESTS:    | SHOULD BE: | IF:                   |
|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| Temperature Check |            | Temperature Check Is: |

|                             |         |  |
|-----------------------------|---------|--|
| * Switch to LOW blower.     |         |  |
| * Close doors.              |         |  |
| * Check outlet temperature. | 35-45 F | Too warm - Check control lever operation, heater water valve, cooling system and gauge readings. |

AA

| PERFORM TESTS: | SHOULD BE: | IF:                 |
|----------------|------------|---------------------|
| Visual Check   |            | Visual Check Shows: |

|              |                      |  |
|--------------|----------------------|--|
| * Compressor | Quiet with no leaks  | Noisy - Check belts, oil level, seals, gaskets, reed valves. |
| * Condenser  | Free of obstructions | Blocked - Clean off.<br>Plugged - Flush or                   |

```
replace.
```

|                  |                       |  |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| * Receiver-Drier | Dry and warm to touch | Frosty - Check for restriction, replace desiccant. |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|

|               |                      |  |
|---------------|----------------------|--|
| * Sight Glass | Clear or few bubbles | Bubbly, foamy or streaks - Check gauge readings. |
|---------------|----------------------|--|

|                   |                       |  |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|
| * High Side Lines | Dry and warm to touch | Frosty or very hot<br>- Check for<br>restriction or<br>overcharge. |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--|

|                  |                       |   |
|------------------|-----------------------|---|
| * Low Side Lines | Dry and cool to touch | Frosty or warm                                    |
|                  |                       | - Check for restriction, low charge or bad valve. |

|                   |     |   |
|-------------------|-----|---|
| * Expansion Valve | Dry | Frosty - Check for moisture or restriction. Check sensing bulb. |
|-------------------|-----|---|

|       |                       |   |
|-------|-----------------------|---|
| * STV | Dry and cool to touch | Frosty or warm                                |
|       |                       | - Check gauge readings for valve malfunction. |

|              |                       |   |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| * Evaporator | Dry and cold to touch | Freezing or warm                              |
|              |                       | - Check expansion valve, STV or thermoswitch. |

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Gauge Readings

|                   |                    |   |
|-------------------|--------------------|---|
| * High Side Gauge | See Pressure Chart | Above or below normal<br>- See A/C Diagnosis. |
|-------------------|--------------------|---|

\* Low Side Gauge                      See Pressure Chart                      Above or below normal

[illegible]

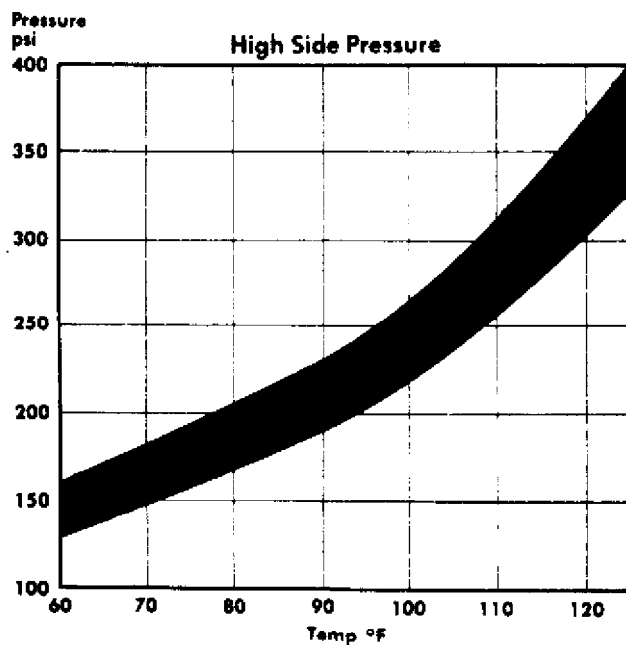


Fig. 1: Ambient Temperature/Pressure (R-12)

#### EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE/PRESSURE

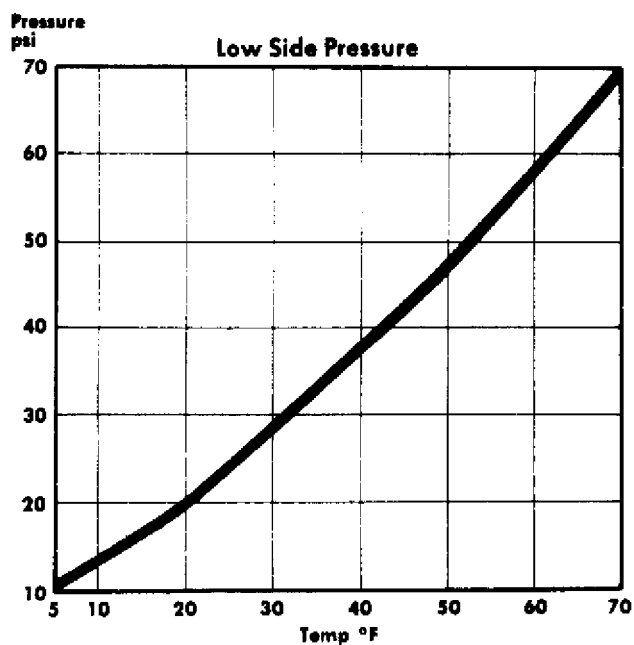


Fig. 2: Evaporator Temperature/Pressure (R-12)

# A/C DIAGNOSIS W/GAUGES FOR SYS. W/INSUFFICIENT OR NO COOLING TABLE

UAAA?

?Low Side?High Side? Other Symptoms (1) ? Diagnosis ?

? Gauge ? Gauge ? ? ?

AAA?

? NORMAL ? NORMAL ? No or few bubbles in sight ?Some Air & Moisture?

? ? ? glass. High side gauge may ?in System ?

? ? ? go high. Low side gauge ? ?

? ? ? does not fluctuate with ? ?

? ? ? compressor on/off cycle. ? ?

AAA?

? NORMAL ? NORMAL ? Cools okay in morning but ? Excessive Moisture?

? ? ? not during hot part of day.? in System ?

? ? ? Bubbles in sight glass. ? ?

? ? ? Discharge air warm when low? ?

? ? ? side gauge drops into ? ?

? ? ? vacuum. ? ?

AAA?

? NORMAL ? NORMAL ? Thermostatic sw. sys. only-? Defective ?

? ? ? compressor cycles off & on ? Thermostatic Sw. ?

? ? ? too rapidly. ? ?

AAA?

? NORMAL ? NORMAL ? Cycling clutch sys only - ?Misadjusted ?

? to ? ? compressor doesn't turn on ?Thermostatic Sw. or?

? HIGH ? ? soon enough. ?Defective Pressure ?

? ? ? Discharge air becomes warm ?Sensing Switch ?

? ? ? as low side pressure rises.? ?

AAA?

? LOW ? LOW ? Bubbles in sight glass. ? Low R-12 Charge ?

? ? ? Outlet air slightly cool. ? ?

AAA?

? LOW ? LOW ? Sight glass clear. ? Excessively Low ?

? ? ? Outlet air very warm. ? R-12 Charge ?

AAA?

? LOW ? LOW ? Outlet air slightly cool. ? Expansion Valve ?

? ? ? Sweating or frost at ?Stuck Closed Screen?

? ? ? expansion valve. ? Plugged or Sensing?

? ? ? ? Bulb Malfunction ?

AAA?

? LOW ? LOW ? Outlet air slightly cool. ? Restriction on ?

? ? ?High side line cool to touch.? High Side ?

? ? ? Sweating or frost on ? ?

? ? ? high side. ? ?

AAA?

? LOW ? HIGH ? Evaporator outlet pipe cold.? STV Stuck Open ?

? ? ? Low side goes into vacuum ? ?

? ? ? when blower is disconnected.? ?

**A/C SYSTEM GENERAL DIAG**

```

AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA?
? HIGH ? LOW ? Evaporator outlet pipe warm.? STV Stuck Closed ?
? ? ? Outlet air warm. ? ?
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA?
? HIGH ? LOW ? Noise from compressor. ? Compressor ?
? ? ? ? Malfunction ?
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA?
? HIGH ? HIGH ? Outlet air warm. ? Compressor ?
? ? ? Liquid line very hot. ? Malfunction ?
? ? ? Bubbles in sight glass. ? or ?
? ? ? ? R-12 Overcharge ?
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA?
? HIGH ? HIGH ? Outlet air slightly cool. ?Large Amount of Air?
? ? ? Bubbles in sight glass. ? of Air & Moisture ?
? ? ? ? in System ?
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA?
? HIGH ? HIGH ? Outlet air warm. ? Expansion Valve ?
? ? ? Evaporator outlet sweating ? Stuck Open ?
? ? ? and frost. ? ?
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA?
?(1) - If equipped with a low refrigerant charge protection system,?
? compressor operation may have stopped. ?
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAU

```

## AIR CONDITIONING GENERAL TROUBLE SHOOTING

### CONDITION & POSSIBLE CAUSE

#### Compressor Not Working

- \* Compressor clutch circuit open.
- \* Compressor clutch coil inoperative.
- \* Poor clutch ground connection.
- \* Fan belts loose.
- \* Thermostatic switch inoperative.
- \* Thermostatic switch not adjusted.
- \* Ambient temperature switch open.
- \* Superheat fuse blown.

#### Excessive Noise or Vibration

- \* Missing or loose mounting bolts.
- \* Bad idler pulley bearings.
- \* Fan belts not tightened correctly.
- \* Compressor clutch contacting body.
- \* Excessive system pressure.
- \* Compressor oil level low.
- \* Damaged clutch bearings.
- \* Damaged reed valves.

- \* Damaged compressor.

Insufficient or No Cooling; Compressor Working

- \* Expansion valve inoperative.
- \* Heater control valve stuck open.
- \* Low system pressure.
- \* Blocked condenser fins.
- \* Blocked evaporator fins.
- \* Vacuum system leak.
- \* Vacuum motors inoperative.
- \* Control cables improperly adjusted.
- \* Restricted air inlet.
- \* Mode doors binding.
- \* Blower motor inoperative.
- \* Temperature above system capacity.

## HEATING GENERAL TROUBLE SHOOTING

### CONDITION & POSSIBLE CAUSE

Insufficient, Erratic, or No Heat

- \* Low coolant level.
- \* Incorrect thermostat.
- \* Restricted coolant flow through heater core.
- \* Heater hoses plugged.
- \* Misadjusted control cable.
- \* Sticking heater control valve.
- \* Vacuum hose leaking.
- \* Vacuum hose blocked.
- \* Vacuum motors inoperative.
- \* Blocked air inlet.
- \* Inoperative heater blower motor.
- \* Oil residue on heater core fins.
- \* Dirt on heater core fins.

Too Much Heat

- \* Improperly adjusted cables.
- \* Sticking heater control valve.
- \* No vacuum to heater control valve.
- \* Temperature door stuck open.

Airflow Changes During Acceleration

- \* Vacuum system leak.
- \* Bad check valve or reservoir.

Air From Defroster At All Times

- \* Vacuum system leak. **A/C SYSTEM GENERAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES Article**

- \* Improperly adjusted control cables.
- \* Inoperative vacuum motor.

Blower Does Not Operate Correctly

- \* Blown fuse.
- \* Blower motor windings open.
- \* Resistors burned out.
- \* Motor ground connection loose.
- \* Wiring harness connections loose.
- \* Blower motor switch inoperative.
- \* Blower relay inoperative.
- \* Fan binding or foreign object in housing.
- \* Fan blades broken or bent.

END OF ARTICLE