AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

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23109000156

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WARNING REGARDING SERVICING OF SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) EQUIPPED VEHICULES

WARNING

(1) Improper service or maintenance of any component of the SRS, or any SRS-related component, can lead to personal injury or death to service personnel (from inadvertent firing of the air bag) or to driver and passenger (from rendering the SRS inoperative).

(2) Service or maintenance of any SRS component or SRS-related component must be performed only at an authorized MITSUBISHI dealer.

(3) MITSUBISHI dealer personnel must thoroughly review this manual, and especially its GROUP 52B – Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) before beginning any service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRS-related component.

NOTE

The SRS includes the following components: SRS-ECU, SRS warning lamp, air bag module, clock spring and interconnecting wiring. Other SRS-related components (that may have to be removed/installed in connection with SRS service or maintenance) are indicated in the table of contents by an asterisk (*).

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

23100030079

Items		Standard value
Oil temperature sensor kΩ	at 0°C	16.5 – 20.5
	at 100°C	0.57 - 0.69
Resistance of damper clutch control	solenoid valve coil (at 20°C) Ω	2.7–3.4
Resistance of Low-Reverse solenoic	2.7–3.4	
Resistance of second solenoid valve coil (at 20°C) Ω		2.7–3.4
Resistance of underdrive solenoid v	alve coil (at 20°C) Ω	2.7–3.4
Resistance of overdrive solenoid va	ve coil (at 20°C) Ω	2.7–3.4
Stall speed r/min		2,100 – 2,600
Protruding length of stabilizer bar me	ounting bolt mm	22

LUBRICANTS

23100040034

Items	Specified lubricant	Quantity &	
Transmission fluid	DIA QUEEN ATF SPII or equivalent	7.8	

SPECIAL TOOLS

23100060085

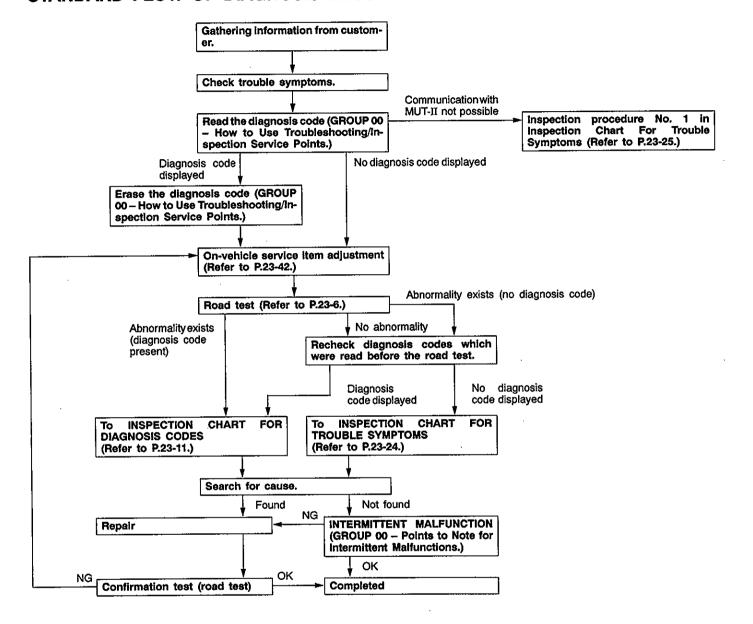
Tool	Number	Name	Use
	MB991502	MUT-II sub assembly	Checking of the diagnosis code
	MD998330 (including MD998331)	Oil pressure gauge (2,942 kPa)	Measurement of oil pressure
	MD998332	Adapter	
	MD998900	Adapter	

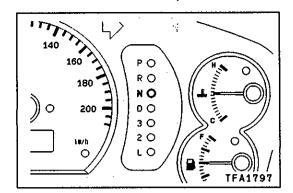
Tool	Number	Name	Use
	MB990635 or MB991113	Steering linkage puller	Removal of the tie rod end and the lower arm
	MB991610	Oil filter wrench	Removal and installation of automatic transmission oil filter
	GENERAL SERVICE TOOL MZ203827	Engine lifter	Supporting the engine assembly during removal and installation of the transmission
	MB991453	Engine hanger assembly	Supporting the engine assembly during removal and installation of the transmission

TROUBLESHOOTING

23100760104

STANDARD FLOW OF DIAGNOSIS TROUBLESHOOTING





DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

23100770070

1. N range lamp

The N range lamp flashes at a frequency of approximately 1 Hz if there is an abnormality in any of the items in the table below which are related to the A/T system. Check the diagnosis code output if the N range lamp is flashing at a frequency of approximately 1 Hz.

N range lamp flashing items

Crank angle sensor	
Input shaft speed sensor	:
Output shaft speed sensor	
Each solenoid valve	
Out of phase at each shift point	

Caution

If the N range lamp is flashing at a frequency of approximately 2 Hz (faster than at 1 Hz), it means that the automatic transmission fluid temperature is too high. Stop the vehicle in a safe place and wait until the N range lamp switches off.

2. Method of reading the diagnosis code

Use the MUT-II or the N range lamp to take a reading of the diagnosis codes. (Refer to GROUP 00- How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points.)

ROAD TEST 23100780103

Check by the following procedure.

No.	Condition	Operation	Judgement value	Check item	Code No.	Inspection procedure page if there is an abnormality
1	Ignition switch: OFF	Ignition switch (1) ON	Data list No. 54 Battery voltage [mV]	Control relay	54	A/T Control relay system (23-23)
2	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped Selector lever position: P	Selector lever position (1) P, (2) R, (3) N, (4) D, (5) 3, (6) 2, (7) L	Data list No. 61 (1) P, (2) R, (3)N, (4) D, (5) 3, (6) 2, (7) L	Inhibitor switch	_	Inhibitor switch system (23-34)
		Accelerator pedal (1) Released (2) Half depressed (3) Depressed	Data list No. 11 (1) 400 – 1,000 mV (2) Gradually rises from (1) (3) 4,500 – 5,000 mV		11 12 14	Throttle position sensor system (23-12)
			Data list No. 25 (1) OFF (2) ON	Wide open throttle switch	25	Wide open throttle switch system (23-16)
		Brake pedal (1) Depressed (2) Released	Data list No. 26 (1) ON (2) OFF	Stop lamp switch	26	Stop lamp switch system (23-16)
3	Ignition switch: ST Engine: Stopped	Starting test with lever P or N range	Starting should be possible	Starting possible or impossible	_	Starting impossible (23-26)
4	Warming up	Drive for 15 minutes or more so that the automatic fluid temperature becomes 70 — 90°C.	Data list No. 15 Gradually rises to 70 – 90°C	Oil temperature sensor	15	Oil temperature sensor system (23-13)

		T				
No.	Condition	Operation	Judgement value	Check item	Code No.	Inspection procedure page if there is an abnormality
5	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: N	Brake pedal (Retest) (1) Depressed (2) Released	Data list No. 26 (1) ON (2) OFF	Stop lamp switch	26	Stop lamp switch system (23-16)
		A/C switch (1) ON (2) OFF	Data list No. 65 (1) ON (2) OFF	Dual pressure switch		Dual pressure switch system (23-35)
		Accelerator pedal (1) Released (2) Half depressed	Data list No. 64 (1) ON (2) OFF	Idle position switch	_	Idle position switch system (23-34)
			Data list No. 21 (1) 650 - 900 rpm Gradually rises from (1)	Crank angle sensor	21	Crank angle sensor system (23-13)
		(3	(2) Data changes	Communication with engine- ECU	51	Serial communication system (23-23)
		Selector lever position (1) N → D (2) N → R	Should be no abnormal shifting shocks	Malfunction when starting		Engine stalling during shifting (23-28)
	, .	(2) N -> N	Time lag should be within 2 seconds		_	Shocks when changing from N to D and large time lag (23-28)
					-	Shocks when changing from N to R and large time lag (23-29)
					_	Shocks when changing from N to D,N to R and large time lag (23-30)
				Driving impossible	-	Does not move forward (23-26)
						Does not reverse (23-27)
						Does not move (forward or reverse) (23-27)

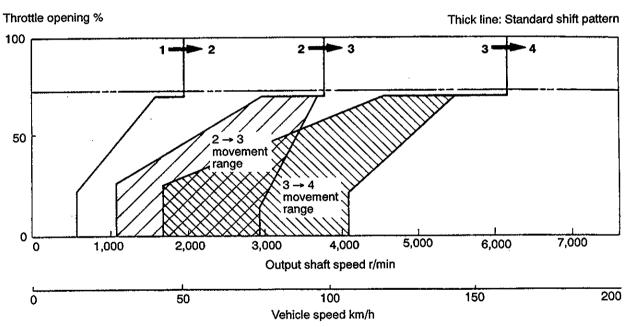
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No.	Condition	Operation	Judgement value	Check item	Code No.	Inspection procedure page if there is an abnormality														
6	Selector lever position: N (Carry out on a	Selector lever position and vehicle speed	Data list No. 63 (2) 1st, (4) 3rd, (3) 2nd, (6) 4th	Shift condition		 														
·	flat and straight road.)	(1) Idling in L range (Vehicle stopped) (2) Driving at	Data list No. 31 (2) 0 %, (4) 100 %, (3) 100 %, (6) 100 %	Low and reverse solenoid valve	31	Low and reverse solenoid valve system (23-17)														
		constant speed of 10 km/h in L position	Data list No. 32 (2) 0 %, (4) 0 %, (3) 0 %, (6) 100 %	Underdrive solenoid valve	32	Underdrive solenoid valve system (23-17)														
	constant speed of 30 km/h in 2 position (4) Driving at 50 km/h in 3 position with accelerator fully	(3) Driving at constant speed of 30 km/h in 2 position (4) Driving at	constant speed of	Data list No. 33 (2)100 %, (4) 100 %, (3) 0 %, (6) 0 %	Second solenoid valve	33	Second solenoid valve system (23-17)													
			Data list No. 34 (2) 100 %, (4) 0 %, (3) 100 %, (6) 0 %	Overdrive solenoid valve	34	Overdrive solenoid valve system (23-17)														
			(5) Driving at constant speed	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant spee of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	(5) Driving at constant speed of	Data list No. 29 (1) 0 km/h (4) 50 km/h	Vehicle speed sensor	-	Vehicle speed sensor system (23-35)
			Data list No. 22 (4) 1,800 - 2,100 rpm	Input shaft speed sensor	22	Input shaft speed sensor system (23-14)														
			1 / 1 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 /	Output shaft speed sensor	23	Output shaft speed sensor system (23-15)														
7	Selector lever position: 3 (Carry out on a flat and straight road.)	Selector lever position and vehicle speed (1) Release the accelerator pedal		Damper clutch control solenoid valve	36 52	Damper clutch control solenoid valve system (23-17)														
		fully while driving at 50 km/h in 3rd gear. (2) Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd gear.	(3) Approx. 100 – 300 rpm (5) Approx.																	

<u> </u>	1		1							
No.	Condition	Operation	Júdgement value	Check item	Code No.	Inspection procedure page if there is an abnormality				
8	Use the MUT-II to stop the INVECS-II function. Selector lever	Monitor data list No. 11, 23, and 63 with the MUT-II.	For (1), (2) and (3), the reading should be the same as the	Malfunction when shifting	_	Shocks and running up (23-30)				
	position: D 4th gear at a	(1) Accelerate to 4th gear at a	specified output shaft torque, and	Displaced	-	All points (23-31)				
	(Carry out on a flat and straight road.)	throttle position	no abnormal shocks should occur.	shifting points	_	Some points (23-32)				
		sensor output of 1.5V (accelerator	For (4), (5) and (6), downshifting	Does not shift		No diagnosis code (23-32)				
		opening angle of 30 %). (2) Gently	should occur immediately after the shifting		22	Input shaft speed sensor system (23-14)				
	·	decelerate to a standstill. (3) Accelerate to 4th gear at a	operation is made.		23	Output shaft speed sensor system (23-15)				
			throttle position sensor output		Does not shift from 1 to 2 or 2 to 1	31	Low and reverse solenoid valve system (23-17)			
		of 2.5 V (accelerator opening angle of 50%). (4) While driving at 60 km/h in 4th gear, shift down to 3 range. (5) While driving at 40 km/h in 3rd gear, shift down to 2 range. (6) While driving at 20 km/h in 2nd gear, shift down to L range.			33	Second solenoid valve system (23-17)				
					41	1st gear ratio is not specified (23-18)				
			3 range. (5) While driving at 40 km/h in 3rd gear, shift down to 2 range. (6) While driving at 20 km/h in 2nd gear, shift	3 range. (5) While driving at 40 km/h in 3rd gear, shift down to 2 range.		42	2nd gear ratio is not specified (23-19)			
					down to 2 range.	Does not shift from 2 to 3 or 3 to 2	33	Second solenoid valve system (23-17)		
						34	Overdrive solenoid valve system (23-17)			
					42	2nd gear ratio is not specified (23-19)				
		•			43	3rd gear ratio is not specified (23-20)				
							Does not shift from 3 to 4 or 4 to 3	32	Underdrive solenoid valve system (23-17)	
									33	Second solenoid valve system (23-17)
										43
					44	4th gear ratio is not specified (23-21)				

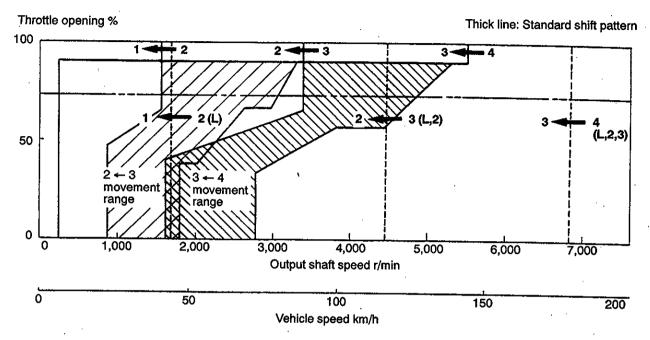
No.	Condition	Operation	Judgement value	Check item	Code No.	Inspection procedure page if there is an abnormality
9	Selector lever position: N (Carry out on a	n: N No. 22 data list No. 22 and	n: N No. 22 data list No. 22 and	Does not shift	22	Input shaft speed sensor system (23-14)
	flat and straight road.)	MUT-II. (1) Move selector lever to	reversing.		23	Output shaft speed sensor system (23-16)
		R range, drive at constant speed of 10 km/h.		,	46	Reverse gear ratio is not specified (23-22)

SHIFT PATTERN UPSHIFT PATTERN



TFA1793

DOWNSHIFT PATTERN



TFA1794

INSPECTION CHART FOR DIAGNOSIS CODE

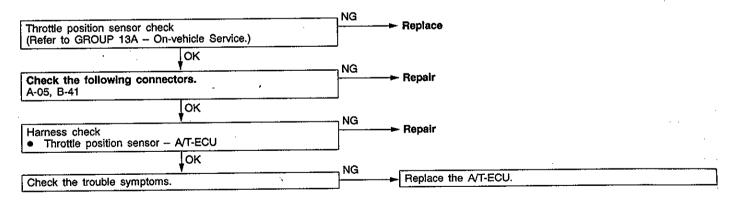
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Code	Diagnosis item	,	Reference page
11	Throttle position sensor system	Short circuit	23-12
12		Open circuit	23-12
14		Sensor maladjustment	23-12
15	Oil temperature sensor system	Open circuit	23-13
21	Crank angle sensor system	Open circuit	23-13
22	Input shaft speed sensor system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-14
23	Output shaft speed sensor system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-15
25	Wide open throttle switch system	Short circuit	23-16
26	Stop lamp switch system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-16
31	Low and reverse solenoid valve system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-17
32	Underdrive solenoid valve system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-17
33	Second solenoid valve system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-17

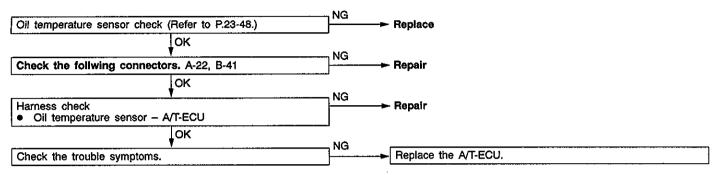
Code	Diagnosis item		Reference page
34	Overdrive solenoid valve system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-17
36	Damper control clutch solenoid valve system	Short circuit/open circuit	23-17
41	1st gear ratio does not meet the specification		23-18
42	2st gear ratio does not meet the specification		23-19
43	3rd gear ratio does not meet the specification		23-20
44	4th gear ratio does not meet the specification		23-21
46	Reverse gear ratio does not meet the specification		23-22
51	Abnormal communication with engine-ECU		23-23
52	Damper control clutch solenoid valve system	Defective system	23-17
54	A/T Control relay system	Short circuit to earth/ open circuit	23-23
56	N range lamp system	Short circuit to earth	23-24
71	Malfunction of A/T-ECU		23-24

INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR DIAGNOSIS CODES

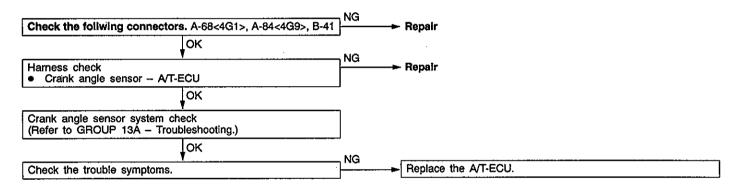
Code No. 11, 12, 14 Throttle position sensor system	system Probable cause	
If the TPS output voltage is 4.8 V or higher when the engine is idling, the output is judged to be too high and diagnosis code No. 11 is output. If the TPS output voltage is 0.2 V or lower at times other than when the engine is idling, the output is judged to be too low and diagnosis code No. 12 is output. If the TPS output voltage is 0.2 V or lower or if it is 1.2 V or higher when the engine is idling, the TPS adjustment is judged to be incorrect and diagnosis code No. 14 is output.	Malfunction of the throttle position sensor Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU	



Code No. 15 Oil temperature sensor system If the oil temperature sensor output voltage is 2.6 V or more even after driving for 10 minutes or more (if the oil temperature does not increase), it is judged that there is an open circuit in the oil temperature sensor and diagnosis code No. 15 is output. Probale cause Malfunction of the oil temperature sensor Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

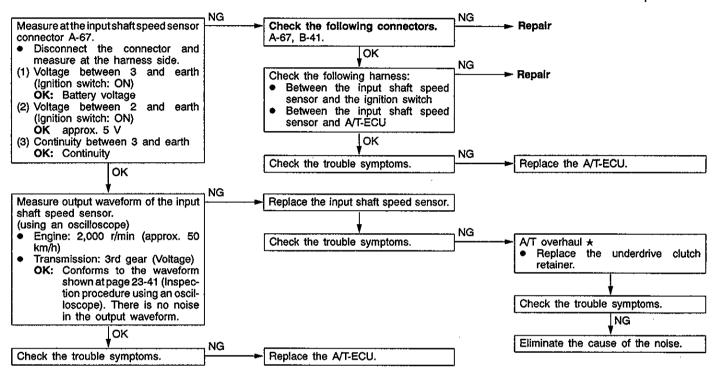


Code No. 21 Crank angle sensor system	Probable cause	
If no output pulse is detected from the crank angle sensor for 5 seconds or more while driving at 25 km/h or more, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the crank angle sensor and diagnosis code No. 21 is output.	Malfunction of the crank angle sensor Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU	



Code No. 22 Input shaft speed sensor system	Probable cause
If no output pulse is detected from the input shaft speed sensor for 1 second or more while driving in 3rd or 4th gear at a speed of 30 km/h or more, there is judged to be an open circuit or short-circuit in the input shaft speed sensor and diagnosis code No. 22 is output. If diagnosis code No. 22 is output four times, the transmission is locked into 3rd gear (D range) or 2nd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz.	Malfunction of the input shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the underdrive clutch retainer Malfunction of connector Malfunction of A/T-ECU

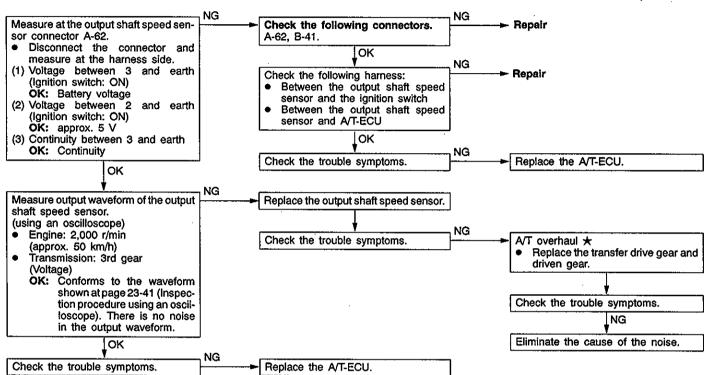
★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



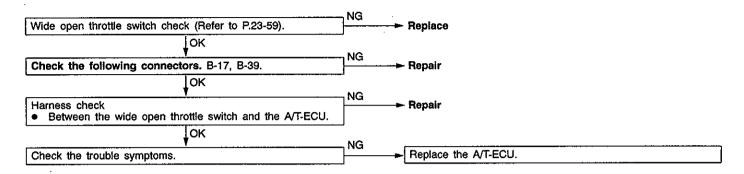
Code No. 23 Output shaft speed sensor system If the output from the output shaft speed sensor is continuously 50% lower than the vehicle speed for 1 second or more while driving in 3rd or 4th gear at a speed of 30 km/h or more, there is judged to be an open circuit or short-circuit in the output shaft speed sensor and diagnosis code No. 23 is output. If diagnosis code No. 23 is output four times, the transmission is locked into 3rd gear (D range) or 2nd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes

at a frequency of 1 Hz.

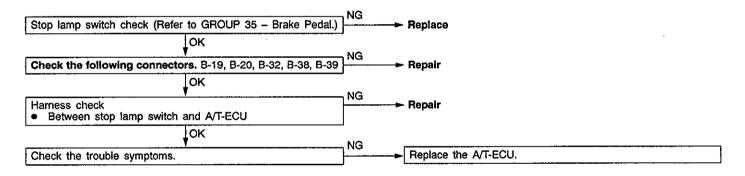
★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



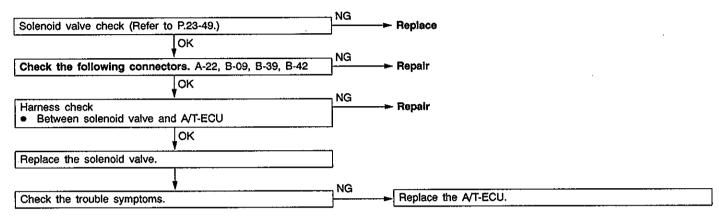
Code No. 25 Wide open throttle switch system	Probable cause
If the wide open throttle switch is on for 1 second or more with the throttle valve opening angle at 70% or less, it is judged that there is a short circuit in the wide open throttle switch and diagnosis code No. 25 is output.	Malfunction of the wide open throttle switch Malfunction of connector Malfunction of A/T-ECU



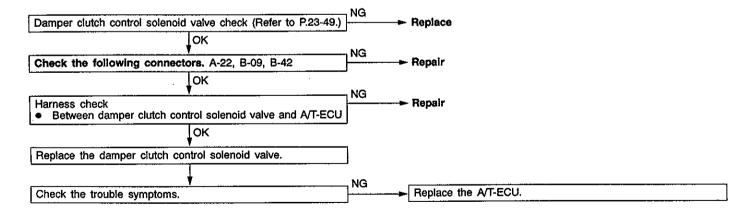
Code No. 26 Stop lamp switch system Probable cause	
If the stop lamp switch is on for 5 minutes or more while driving, it is judged that there is a short circuit in the stop lamp switch and diagnosis code No. 26 is output.	Malfunction of the stop lamp switch Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU



Code No. 31 Low and reverse solenoid valve system	Probable cause	
Code No. 32 Underdrive solenoid valve system		
Code No. 33 Second solenoid valve system		
Code No. 34 Overdrive solenoid valve system		
If the resistance value for a solenoid valve is too large or too small, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or an open circuit in the solenoid valve and the respective diagnosis code is output. The transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz.	Malfunction of solenoid valve Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU	



Code No. 36, 52 Damper clutch control solenoid valve system If the resistance value for the damper clutch control solenoid valve is too large or too small, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or an open circuit in the damper clutch control solenoid valve and diagnosis code No. 36 is output. If the drive duty rate for the damper clutch control solenoid valve is 100 % for a continuous period of 4 seconds or more, it is judged that there is an abnormality in the damper clutch control system and diagnosis code No. 52 is output. When diagnosis code No. 36 is output, the transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz.



Code No. 41 1st gear ratio does not meet the specification If the output from the output shaft speed sensor multiplied by the 1st gear ratio is not the same as the output from the input shaft speed sensor after shifting to 1st gear has been completed, diagnosis code No. 41 is output. If diagnosis code No. 41 is output four times, the transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz. Probable cause Malfunction of the input shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the output shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the underdrive clutch retainer Malfunction of the transfer drive gear or driven gear Malfunction of the low and reverse brake system Malfunction of the underdrive clutch system Noise generated

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual. Yes MUT-II Self-Diag code Code No. 22 input shaft speed sensor system check Is the diagnosis code No. 22 output? (Refer to P.23-14.) No Yes MUT-II Self-Diag code Code No. 23 Output shaft speed sensor system check Is the diagnosis code No. 23 output? (Refer to P.23-15.) No NG Measure output waveform from the input shaft speed sensor, (using Replace the input shaft speed sensor. an oscilloscope) Connect the connector B-41 and measure voltage between 31 and 43 at the A/T-ECU. Check the trouble symptoms. Engine: 2,000 r/min (approx. 50 km/h) Selector lever position: 3 NG (Voltage) A/T overhaul ★ OK: A waveform such as the one shown on P.23-41 (Inspection Procedure Using an Oscilloscope) is output (flatshing Replace the underdrive clutch retainer. between 0 +-> 5V) and there is no noise appearing in the waveform. Check the trouble symptoms OK NG Eliminate the cause of the noise. NG Measure output waveform from the output shaft speed sensor. Replace the output shaft speed sensor. (using an oscilloscope) Connect the connector B-41 and measure voltage between 32 and 43 at the A/T-ECU. Check the trouble symptoms. Engine: 2,000 r/min (approx. 50 km/h) Selector lever position: 3 NG (Voltage) OK: Awaveform such as the one shown on P.23-41 (Inspection A/T overhaul ★ Procedure Using an Oscilloscope) is output (flalshing Replace the transfer drive gear and driven gear, between 0 ←→ 5V) and there is no noise appearing in the waveform. OK Check the trouble symptoms. NG A/T overhaul ★ Underdrive clutch system check Eliminate the cause of the noise. (No. 42, No. 43, or no diagnosis code is output). Low and reverse brake system check (No. 46 or no diagnosis code is output).

Code No. 42 2nd gear ratio does not meet the specification	Probable cause	
If the output from the output shaft speed sensor multiplied by the 2nd gear ratio is not the same as the output from the input shaft speed sensor after shifting to 2nd gear has been completed, diagnosis code No. 42 is output. If diagnosis code No. 42 is output four times, the transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz.	 Malfunction of the input shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the output shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the underdrive clutch retainer Malfunction of the transfer drive gear or driven gear Malfunction of the second brake system Malfunction of the underdrive clutch system Noise generated 	

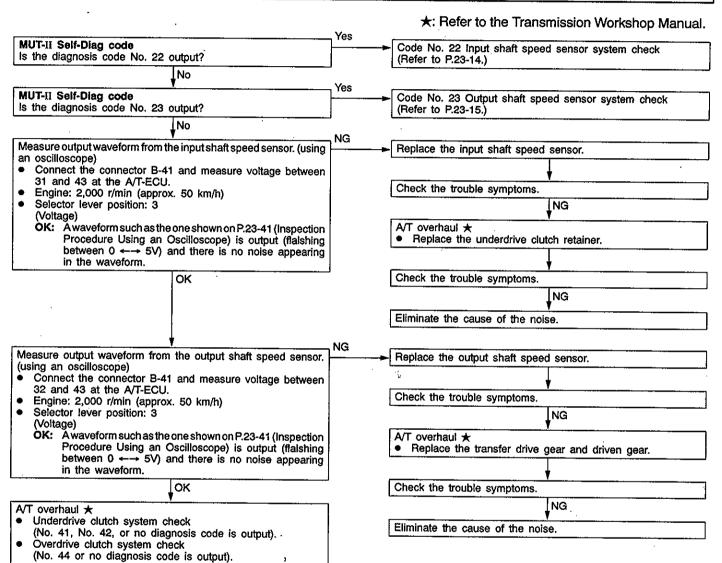
★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual. Yes Code No. 22 input shaft speed sensor system check (Refer to P.23-14.) MUT-II Self-Dlag code Is the diagnosis code No. 22 output? Yes Code No. 23 Output shaft speed sensor system check MUT-II Self-Diag code (Refer to P.23-15.) Is the diagnosis code No. 23 output? N٥ NG Replace the input shaft speed sensor. Measure output waveform from the input shaft speed sensor. (using an oscilloscope) Connect the connector B-41 and measure voltage between 31 and 43 at the A/T-ECU. Check the trouble symptoms. Engine: 2,000 r/min (approx. 50 km/h) NG Selector lever position: 3 (Voltage) A/T overhaul ★ OK: Awayeform such as the one shown on P.23-41 (Inspection Replace the underdrive clutch retainer. Procedure Using an Oscilloscope) is output (flatshing between 0 ←→ 5V) and there is no noise appearing in the waveform. Check the trouble symptoms. ОК NG Eliminate the cause of the noise. Replace the output shaft speed sensor. Measure output waveform from the output shaft speed sensor. (using an oscilloscope) Connect the connector B-41 and measure voltage between 32 and 43 at the A/T-ECU. Check the trouble symptoms. Engine: 2,000 r/min (approx. 50 km/h) NG Selector lever position: 3 (Voltage) OK: Awaveform such as the one shown on P.23-41 (Inspection A/T overhaul ★ Replace the transfer drive gear and driven gear. Procedure Using an Oscilloscope) is output (flalshing between 0 ←→ 5V) and there is no noise appearing in the waveform. Check the trouble symptoms OK NG A/T overhaul * Underdrive clutch system check Eliminate the cause of the noise.

(No. 41, No. 43, or no diagnosis code is output).

(No. 44 or no diagnosis code is output).

Second brake system check

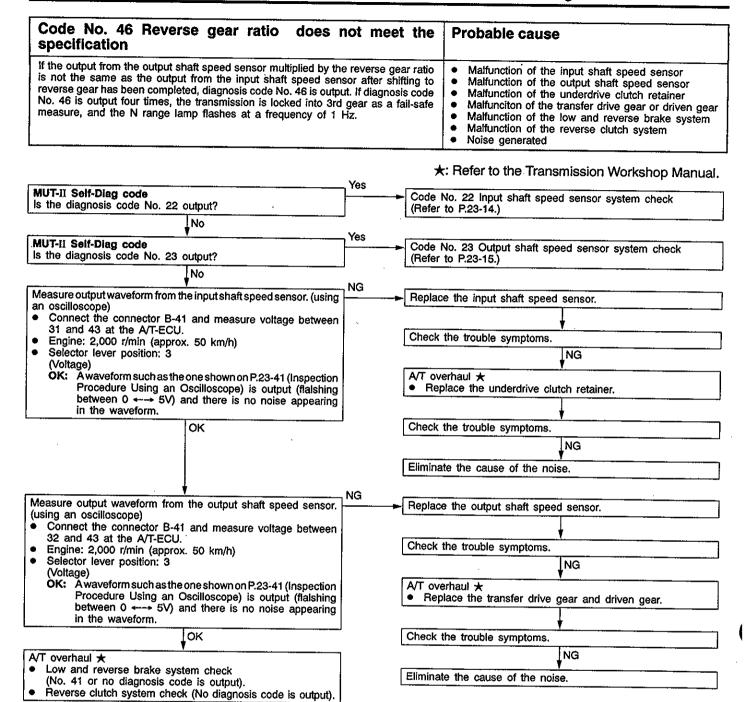
Code No. 43 3rd gear ratio does not meet the specification If the output from the output shaft speed sensor multiplied by the 3rd gear ratio is not the same as the output from the input shaft speed sensor after shifting to 3rd gear has been completed, diagnosis code No. 43 is output. If diagnosis code No. 43 is output four times, the transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz. Malfunction of the input shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the underdrive clutch retainer Malfunction of the transfer drive gear or driven gear Malfunction of the underdrive clutch system Malfunction of the overdrive clutch system Noise generated



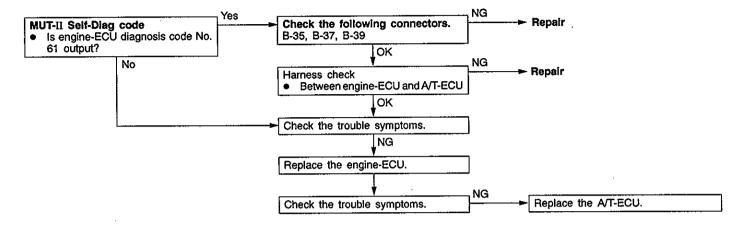
Code No. 44 4th gear ratio does not meet the specification If the output from the output shaft speed sensor multiplied by the 4th gear ratio is not the same as the output from the input shaft speed sensor after shifting to 4th gear has been completed, diagnosis code No. 44 is output. If diagnosis code No. 44 is output four times, the transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz. Probable cause Malfunction of the input shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the underdrive clutch retainer Malfunction of the transfer drive gear or driven gear Malfunction of the second brake system Malfunction of the overdrive clutch system Noise generated

*: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual. Yes Code No. 22 Input shaft speed sensor system check MUT-II Self-Diag code (Refer to P.23-14.) Is the diagnosis code No. 22 output? No Yes Code No. 23 Output shaft speed sensor system check MUT-II Self-Diag code (Refer to P.23-15.) Is the diagnosis code No. 23 output? No NG Replace the input shaft speed sensor. Measure output waveform from the input shaft speed sensor. (using an oscilloscope) Connect the connector B-41 and measure voltage between 31 and 43 at the A/T-ECU. Check the trouble symptoms. Engine: 2,000 r/min (approx. 50 km/h) NG Selector lever position: 3 (Voltage) A/T overhaul ★ Awayeform such as the one shown on P.23-41 (Inspection Replace the underdrive clutch retainer. Procedure Using an Oscilloscope) is output (flashing between 0 ←→ 5V) and there is no noise appearing in the waveform. Check the trouble symptoms. OK NG Eliminate the cause of the noise. Replace the output shaft speed sensor. Measure output waveform from the output shaft speed sensor. (using an oscilloscope) Connect the connector B-41 and measure voltage between 32 and 43 at the A/T-ECU. Check the trouble symptoms. Engine: 2,000 r/min (approx. 50 km/h) NG Selector lever position: 3 (Voltage) A/T overhaul ★ OK: Awaveform such as the one shown on P.23-41 (Inspection Replace the transfer drive gear and driven gear. Procedure Using an Oscilloscope) is output (flalshing between 0 ←→ 5V) and there is no noise appearing in the waveform. Check the trouble symptoms. OK NG A/T overhaul ★ Eliminate the cause of the noise. Second brake system check

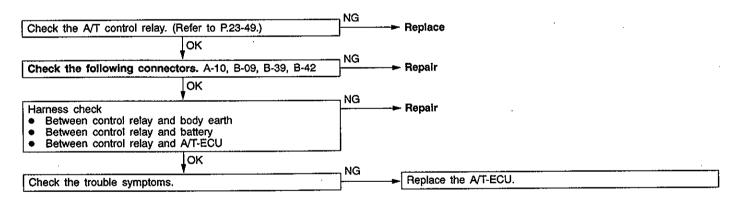
(No. 42 or no diagnosis code is output). Overdrive clutch system check (No. 43 or no diagnosis code is output).



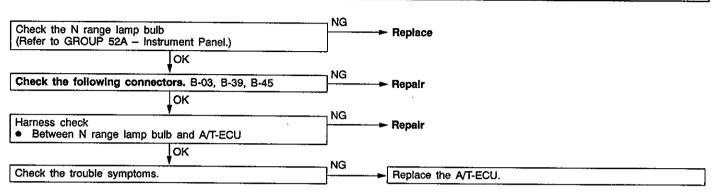
Code No. 51 Abnormal communication with engine-ECU If normal communication is not possible for a continuous period of 1 second or more when the ignition switch is at the ON position, the battery voltage is 10 V or more and the engine speed is 450 r/min or more, diagnosis code No. 51 is also output if the data being received is abnormal for a continuous period of 4 seconds under the same conditions. Probable cause Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the engine-ECU Malfunction of the A/T-ECU



Code No. 54 A/T control relay system If the A/T control relay voltage is less than 7 V after the ignition switch has been turned ON, it is judged that there is an open circuit or a short-circuit in the A/T control relay earth and diagnosis code No. 54 is output. Then the transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure, and the N range lamp flashes at a frequency of 1 Hz. Probable cause Malfunction of the A/T control relay Malfunction of the A/T-ECU



Code No. 56 N range lamp system	Probable cause	
If the N range signal is off after an N range lamp illumination instruction (ON instruction) has been given, it is judged that there is a short-circuit in the N range lamp earth and diagnosis code No. 56 is output.	Malfunction of the N range lamp bulb Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU	



Code No. 71 Malfunction of A/T-ECU	Probale cause
There is an abnormality in the A/T-ECU. The transmission is locked into 3rd gear as a fail-safe measure.	Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

Replace the A/T-ECU.

INSPECTION CHART FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

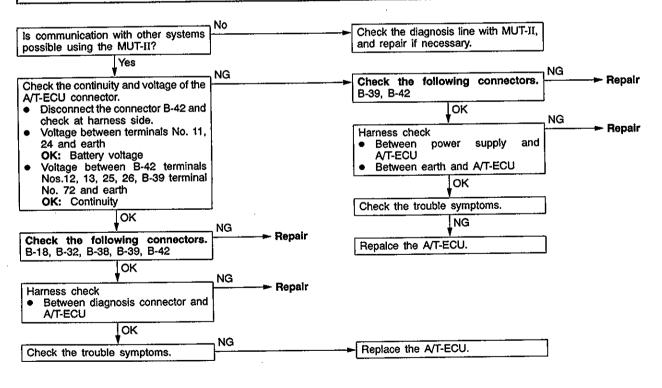
23100800106

Trouble symptom Communication with MUT-II is not possible		Inspection procedure No.	Reference page
		1	23-25
Driving impossible	Starting impossible	2	23-26
	Does not move forward	3	23-26
	Does not reverse	4	23-27
	Does not move (forward or reverse)	5	23-27
Malfunction when starting	Engine stalling when shifting	6	23-28
	Shocks when changing from N to D and large time lag	7	23-28
	Shocks when changing from N to R and large time lag	8	23-29
	Shocks when changing from N to D, N to R and large time lag	9	23-30
Malfunction when shifting	shocks and running up	10	23-30

Trouble symptom		Inspection procedure No.	Reference page
Displaced shifting points	All points	11	23-31
	Some points	12	23-32
Does not shift	No diagnosis codes	13	23-32
Malfunction while driving	Poor acceleration	14	23-33
	Vibration	15	23-33
Inhibitor switch system		16	23-34
Idle position switch system		17	23-34
Dual pressure switch system		18	23-35
Vehicle speed sensor system		19	23-35

INSPECTION PROCEDURE FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS INSPECTION PROCEDURE 1

Communication with MUT-II is not possible	Probable cause
If communication with the MUT-II is not possible, the cause is probably a defective diagnosis line or the A/T-ECU is not functioning.	Malfunction of diagnosis line Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU



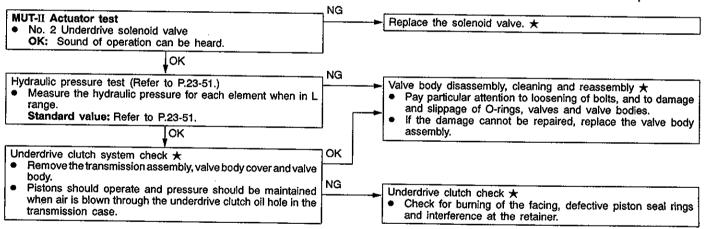
Starting impossible	Probable cause
Starting is not possible when the selector lever is in P or N range.In such cases, the cause is probably a defective engine system, torque converter or oil pump.	Malfunction of the engine system Malfunction of the torque converter Malfunction of the oil pump

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual. NG Check the engine system. - Repair, replace Control system, ignition system, fuel system, main engine system OK NG Torque converter check Repair if possible. If the splines are damaged and repairs are not Check for incorrect installation (inserted at an angle, etc.) and possible, replace the torque converter assembly. for damaged splines. OK Repaice the oil pump assembly. * (The oil pump cannot be disassembled.)

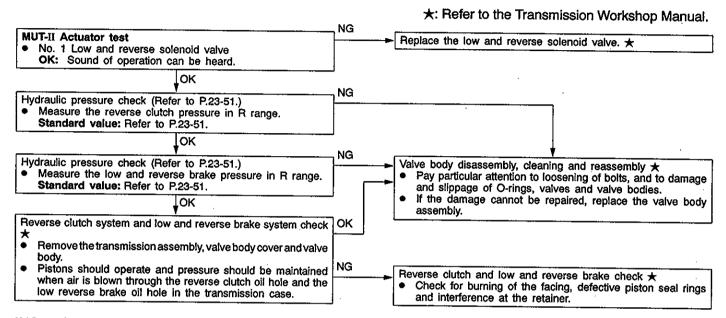
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 3

Does not move (forward)	Probable cause
If the vehicle does not move forward when the selector lever is shifted from N to D, 3, 2 or L range while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal line pressure or a malfunction of the underdrive clutch or valve body.	Abnormal line pressure Malfunction of the underdrive solenoid valve Malfunction of the underdrive clutch Malfunction of the valve body

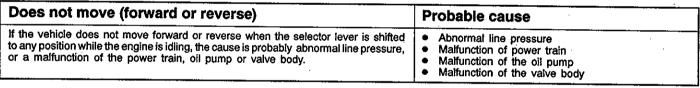
★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

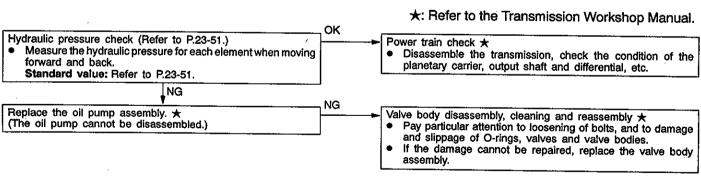


Does not reverse If the vehicle does not reverse when the selector lever is shifted from N to R range while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal pressure in the reverse clutch or low and reverse brake or a malfunction of the reverse clutch, low and reverse brake or valve body. Abnormal reverse clutch pressure Abnormal low and reverse brake pressure Malfunction of the low and reverse solenoid valve Malfunction of the low and reverse brake Malfunction of the valve body

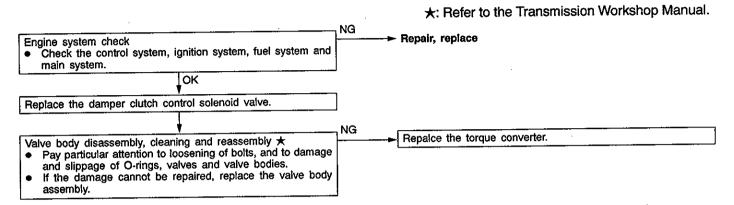


INSPECTION PROCEDURE 5





Engine stalling when shifting	Probable cause
If the engine stalls when the selector lever is shifted from N to D or R range while the engine is idling, the cause is probably a malfunction of the engine system, damper clutch solenoid valve, valve body or torque converter (damper clutch malfunction).	Malfunction of the engine system Malfunction of the damper clutch control solenoid valve Malfunction of the valve body Malfunction of the torque converter (Malfuction of the damper clutch)



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 7

and interference at the retainer.

Shocks when changing from N to D and large time lag	Probable cause
If abnormal shocks or a time lag of 2 seconds or more occur when the selector lever is shifted from N to D range while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal underdrive clutch pressure or a malfunction of the underdrive clutch, valve body or idle position switch.	Mailunction of the undertitive solerior valve

NG

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

Replace the underdrive solenoid valve. * **MUT-II** Actuator test No. 2 Underdrive solenoid valve OK: Sound of operation can be heard. OK When starting Shocks sometimes occur Yes JNo When shifting NG **MUT-II** Data list Hydraulic pressure test (Refer to P.23-51.) No. 64 Idle position switch Measure the underdrive clutch pressure when shifting from OK: Turns from on to off when the accelerator pedal is slightly N to D. depressed from the fully closed position. Standard value: Refer to P.23-51. NG OΚ OK idle position switch check Underdrive clutch system check ★

When does the shock occur? INSPECTION PROCEDURE 17 - Idle position switch system Remove the transmission assembly, valve body cover and valve check (Refer to P.23-34.) body. Pistons should operate and pressure should be maintained when air is blown through the underdrive clutch oil hole in the Valve body disassembly, cleaning and reassembly * transmission case. Pay particular attention to loosening of bolts, and to damage NG and slippage of O-rings, valves and valve bodies. If the damage cannot be repaired, replace the valve body Underdrive clutch check * assembly. Check for burning of the facing, defective piston seal rings

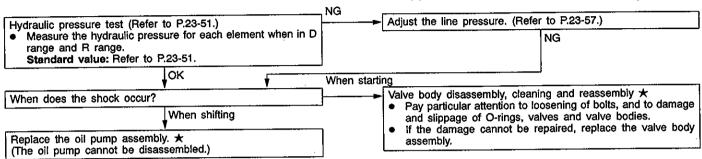
Shocks when changing from N to R and large time lag	Probable cause		
If abnormal shocks or a time lag of 2 seconds or more occurs when the selector lever is shifted from N to R range while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal reverse clutch pressure or low and reverse brake pressure, or a malfunction of the reverse clutch, low and reverse brake, valve body or idle position switch.	Abnormal reverse clutch pressure Abnormal low and reverse brake pressure Malfunction of the low and reverse solenoid valve Malfunction of the reverse clutch Malfunction of the low and reverse brake Malfunction of the valve body Malfunction of the idle position switch		

*: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual. NG **MUT-II** Actuator test Replace the low and reverse solenoid valve. * No. 1 Low and reverse solenoid valve OK: Sound of operation can be heard. OK When starting When does the shock occur? Shocks sometimes occur When shifting Νo Yes NG Hydraulic pressure test (Refer to P.23-51.) MUT-II Data list Measure the reverse clutch pressure in R range. No. 64 Idle position switch Standard value: Refer to P.23-51. OK: Turns from on to off when the accelerator pedal is slightly depressed from the fully closed position. NG Idle position switch check NG Hydraulic pressure test (Refer to P.23-51.)

Measure the low and reverse brake pressure in R range. INSPECTION PROCEDURE 17 - Idle position switch system check (Refer to P.23-34.) Standard value: Refer to P.23-51. OK Valve body disassembly, cleaning and reassembly * OK Reverse clutch system and low reverse brake system check * Pay particular attention to loosening of bolts, and to damage Remove the transmission assembly, valve body cover and valve and slippage of O-rings, valves and valve bodies. If the damage cannot be repaired, replace the valve body Pistons should operate and pressure should be maintained assembly. when air is blown through the reverse clutch oil hole and low and reverse brake oil hole in the transmission case. NG Reverse clutch and low reverse brake check * Check for burning of the facing, defective piston seal rings and interference at the retainer.

Shocks when changing from N to D, N to R and large time lag	Probable cause
If abnormal shocks or a time lag of 2 seconds or more occur when the selector lever is shifted from N to D range and from N to R range while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal line pressure or a malfunction of the oil pump or valve body.	Abnormal line pressure Malfunction of the oil pump Malfunction of the valve body

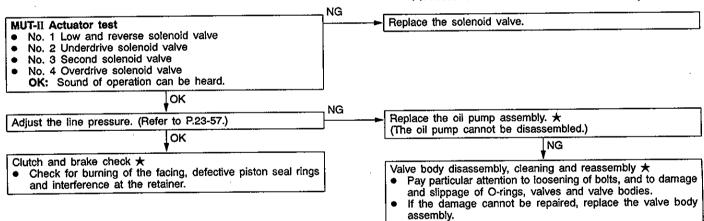
★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 10

Shocks and running up	Probable cause	
If shocks occur when driving due to upshifting or downshifting and the transmission speed becomes higher than the engine speed, the cause is probably abnormal line pressure or a malfunction of a solenoid valve, oil pump, valve body or of a brake or clutch.	Abnormal line pressure Malfunction of each solenoid valve Malfunction of the oil pump Malfunction of the valve body Malfunction of each brake or each clutch	

*: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



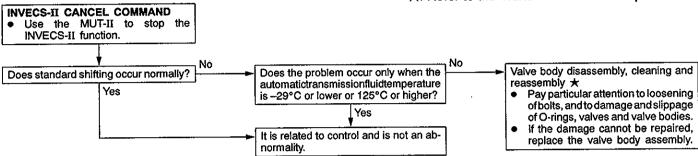
All points (Displaced shifting points)	Probable cause
If all shift points are displaced while driving, the cause is probably a malfunction of the output shaft speed sensor, TPS or of a solenoid valve.	Malfunction of the output shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the throttle position sensor Malfunction of each solenoid valve Abnormal line pressure Malfunction of the valve body Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual. NG MUT-II Data list Code No. 23 - Output shaft speed sensor system (Refer to P.23-15.) No. 23 Output shaft speed sensor OK: Increases in proportion to vehicle speed. OK NG **MUT-II** Data list Code No. 11, 12, 14 TPS system check (Refer to P.23-12.) No. 11 TPS
OK: Increases in proportion to accelerator pedal opening angle NG MUT-II Data list Replace the solenoid valve. * No. 31 Low and reverse solenoid valve duty % NG No. 32 Underdrive solenoid valve duty % No. 33 Second solenoid valve duty % Repalce the A/T-ECU. No. 34 Overdrive solenoid valve duty % OK: Refer to the table below. NĢ Adjust the line pressure. (Refer to P.23-57.) Valve body disassembly, cleaning and reassembly ★
• Pay particular attention to loosening of bolts, and to damage and slippage of O-rings, valves and valve bodies. If the damage cannot be repaired, replace the valve body assembly.

	No. 31	No. 32	No. 33	No. 34
Driving at constant speed in 1st gear	0 %	0%	100 %	100 %
Driving at constant speed in 2nd gear	100 %	0 %	0 %	100 %
Driving at constant speed in 3rd gear	100 %	0 %	100 %	0 %
Driving at constant speed in 4th gear	100 %	100 %	0 %	0%

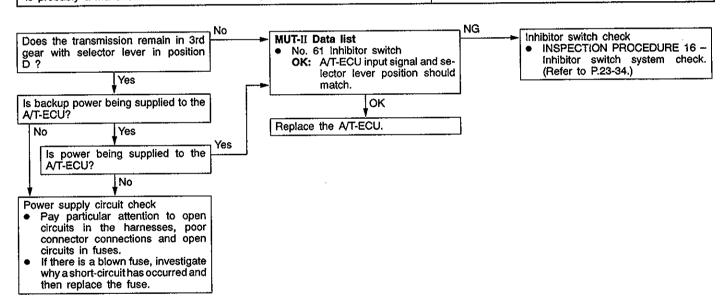
Some points (Displaced shifting points)	Probable cause	
If some of the shift points are displaced while driving, the cause is probably a malfunction of the valve body, or it is related to control and is not an abnormality.	Malfunction of the valve body	

*: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 13

No diagnosis codes (Does not shift)	Probable cause	
If shifting does not occur while driving and no diagnosis codes are output, the cause is probably a malfunction of the inhibitor switch, or A/T-ECU.	Malfunction of the inhibitor switch Malfunction of the A/T-ECU	



Poor acceleration	Probable cause	
If acceleration is poor even if downshifting occurs while driving, the cause is probably a malfunction of the engine system or of a brake or clutch.	Malfunction of the engine system Malfunction of the brake or clutch	

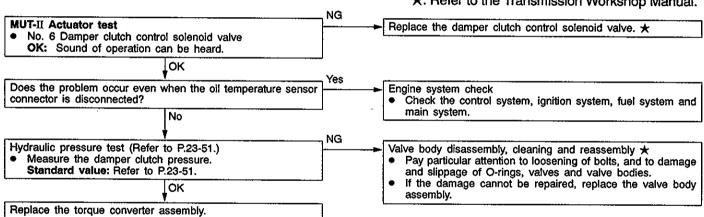
*: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

NG Engine system check Replace, repair Check the control system, ignition system, fuel system and main system. OK Brake or clutch check * Check for burning of the facing, defective piston seal rings and interference at the retainer.

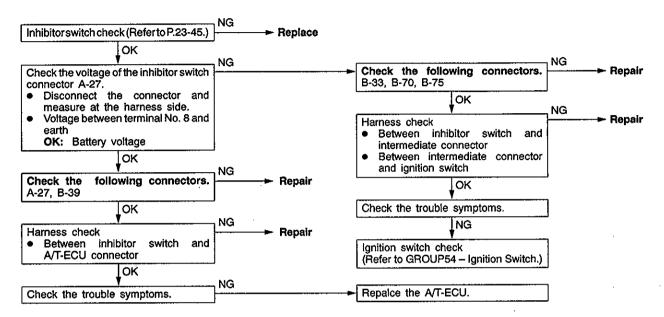
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 15

Vibration	Probable cause	
If vibration occurs when driving at constant speed or when accelerating and deceleration in top range, the cause is probably abnormal damper clutch pressure or a malfunction of the engine system, damper clutch control solenoid valve, torque converter or valve body.	Abnormal damper clutch pressure Malfunction of the engine system Malfunction of the damper clutch control solenoid valve Malfunction of the torque converter Malfunction of the valve body	

*: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

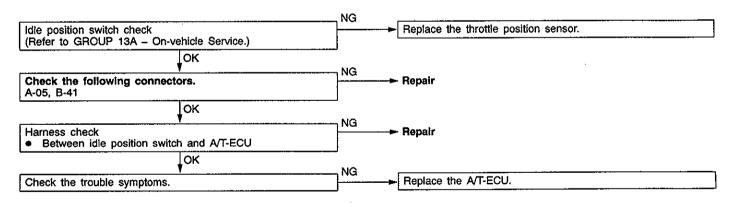


Inhibitor switch system	Probable cause	
The cause is probably a malfunction of the inhibitor switch circuit, ignition switch circuit or a defective A/T-ECU.	Maifunction of the inhibitor switch Maifunction of the ignition switch Maifunction of connector Maifunction of the A/T-ECU	

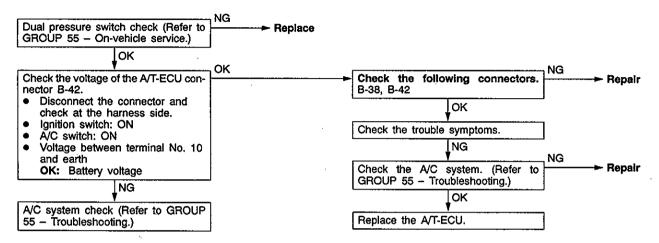


INSPECTION PROCEDURE 17

Idle position switch system	Probable cause	
The cause is probably a defective idle position switch circuit or a defective A/T-ECU.	Malfunction of the idle position switch Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU	

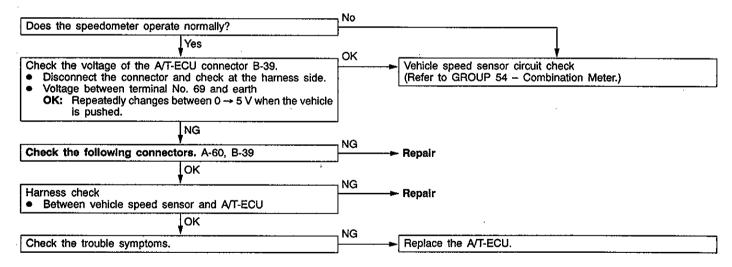


Dual pressure switch system	Probable cause
The cause is probably a defective dual pressure switch circuit or a defective A/T-ECU.	Malfunction of the dual pressure switch Malfunction of connector Malfunction of A/C system Malfunction of the A/T-ECU



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 19

Vehicle speed sensor system	Probable cause	
The cause is probably a defective vehicle speed sensor circuit or a defective A/T-ECU.	Malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor Malfunction of connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU	



SERVICE DATA REFERENCE TABLE

23100810086

Item No.	Check item	Check requirement		Normal value
11 Throttle position senso	Throttle position sensor	Engine: Stopped Selector lever position: P	Accelerator pedal: Released	400 – 1,000 mV
			Accelerator pedal: Halfly depressed	Gradually rises from the above value
			Accelerator pedal: Depressed	4,500 – 5,000 mV
15	Oil temperature sensor	Warming up	Drive for 15 minutes or more so that the automatic transmission fluid temperature becomes 70 – 90 °C.	Gradually rises to 70 – 90 °C
21	21 Crank angle sensor	Engine: Idling Selector lever	Accelerator pedal: Released	600 – 900 rpm
	position: P	Accelerator pedal: Halfly depressed	Gradually rises from the above value	
22	Input shaft speed sensor	Selector lever position: 3	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd gear	1,800 – 2,100 rpm
23	Output shaft speed sensor	Selector lever position: 3	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd gear	1,800 – 2,100 rpm
25	Wide open throttle	Accelerator pedal	Released	OFF
	switch	position	Depressed	ON
26	26 Stop lamp switch	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Brake pedal: Depressed	ON
			Brake pedal: Released	OFF
29	Vehicle speed sensor	Selector lever position: 3	Idling with 1st gear (Vehicle stopped)	0 km/h
			Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd gear	50 km/h
31	Low and reverse solenoid valve duty %	Selector lever position: L, 2, 3, D	10 km/h in 1st gear	No. 31: 0 %, No. 32: 0 %, No. 33: 100 %, No. 34: 100%
32	Underdrive solenoid valve duty %		30 km/h in 2nd gear	No. 31: 100 %, No. 32: 0 %, No. 33: 0 %, No. 34: 100%
33	Second solenoid valve duty %		50 km/h in 3rd gear	No. 31: 100 %, No. 32: 0 %, No. 33: 100 %, No. 34: 0%
34	Overdrive solenoid valve duty %		70 km/h in 4th gear	No. 31: 100 %, No. 32: 100 %, No. 33: 0 %, No. 34: 0%

Item No.	Check item	Check requirement		Normal value
36	Damper clutch control solenoid valve duty %	Selector lever position: 3	Driving at 50 km/h in 3rd gear with accelerator released	0 %
		,	Driving at constant speed of 70 km/h in 3rd gear	Approx. 70 – 90 %
52	Amount of damper clutch slippage	Selector lever position: 3	Driving at 50 km/h in 3rd gear with accelerator fully closed	Approx. 100 – 300 rpm*
			Driving at constant speed of 70 km/h in 3rd gear	Approx. 0 – 10 rpm
54	Control relay output voltage	Ignition switch : OFF	Ignition switch: ON → OFF	Battery voltage (mV) → 0 mV
57	Engine volumetric efficiency	Selector lever position: N	N range with accelerator pedal released → depressed.	Data changes
61	Inhibitor switch	Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever position: P	Р
		Engine: Stopped	Selector lever position: R	R
	,		Selector lever position: N	N
			Selector lever position: D	D
	·		Selector lever position: 3	3 .
			Selector lever position: 2	2
	,		Selector lever position: L	L
63	Shift position	Selector lever position: L, 2, 3, D	Driving at constant speed of 10 km/h in 1st gear	1st
		,	Driving at constant speed of 30 km/h in 2nd gear	2nd
			Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd gear	3rd
			Driving at constant speed of 70 km/h in 4th gear	4th
64	Idle position switch	Engine: Idling Selector lever posi- tion: N	Accelerator pedal: Released	ON
		uori. IN	Accelerator pedal: Halfly depressed	OFF
65	Dual pressure switch	Engine: Idling	A/C switch: ON	ON
		Selector lever position: N	A/C switch: OFF	OFF

NOTE *: The damper clutch is released when the accelerator is fully closed (Idle position switch: ON).

ACTUATOR TEST JUDGEMENT VALUE

23100820065

Item No.	Check item	Test content	Check requirement	Normal value	
1	Low reverse solenoid valve	Drive the solenoid	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: P Engine: 0 r/min Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (Vehicle stopped) Throttle (Accelerator) opening voltage: Less than 0 V Idle switch: ON	The operation sound should	
2	Underdrive solenoid valve	valve specified by the MUT-II at 50 %		be audible when the solenoid valve is driven.	
3	Second solenoid valve	duty for 5 seconds. No other solenoid			
4	Overdrive solenoid valve	valve should be energised.			
6	Damper clutch control solenoid valve				
12	A/T control relay	Control relay is OFF for 3 seconds.		Data list No. 54 (1) During test: 0 mV (2) Normal: Battery voltage [mV]	

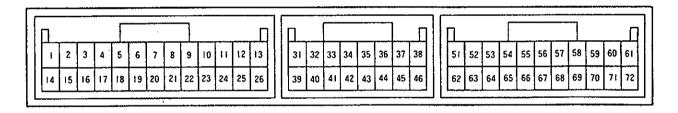
INVECS-II CANCEL COMMAND

23100950023

Item No.	Item	Content	Remarks
14	INVECS-II	Stop the INVECS-II control and change gears according to the standard shift pattern.	Use this function when carrying out procedure 8 in the road tests.

CHECK AT A/T-ECU TERMINALS

23100840092



A9FA0133

Terminal No.	Check item	Check requirement	Standard value
1	Underdrive solenoid valve	Selector lever position: D (1st gear)	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: P	Approx.7 – 9 V
2	Solenoid valve power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	ov
		Ignition switch: ON	Battery voltage
3	Solenoid valve power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	ov
		Ignition switch: ON	Battery voltage
10	A/C compressor load signal	A/C switch: OFF	0 V
		A/C switch: ON	Battery voltage

Terminal No.	Check item	Check requirement	Standard value
11	Power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	Battery voltage
12	Earth	Always	٥V
13	Earth	Always	٥٧
14	Overdrive solenoid valve	Selector lever position: D (3rd gear)	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: P	Approx. 7 – 9 V
15	Damper clutch control solenoid valve	Selector lever position: L (1st gear)	Battery voltage
	valve	Selector lever position: 3 (50 km/h in 3rd gear)	Other than battery voltage
16	Second solenoid valve	Selector lever position: 2 (2nd gear)	Battery voltage
-		Selector lever position: P	Approx. 7 – 9 V
23	Diagnosis control	_	_
24 ·	Power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	٥٧
		Ignition switch: ON	Battery voltage
25	Earth	Always	٥٧
26	Earth	Always	0 V
31.	Input shaft speed sensor	Measure between terminal No. 31 and No. 43 by an oscilloscope. Engine: 2,000 r/min Selector lever position: 3	Refer to P.23-41, Oscilloscope inspection procedure.
32	Output shaft speed sensor	Measure between terminal No. 32 and No. 43 by an oscilloscope. Engine: 2,000 r/min Selector lever position: 3	Refer to P.23-41, Oscilloscope inspection procedure.
33	Crank angle sensor	Engine: Idling	2.0 – 2.4 V
36	Idle position switch	Engine: Idling	0 V
		Engine: Other than idling	5 V
38	Back up power suuply	Ignition switch: OFF	Battery voltage
43	Sensor earth	Always	0 V
44	Oil temperature sensor	ATF temperature: 25 °C	3.8 – 4.0 V
		ATF temperature: 80 °C	2.3 – 2.5 V
45	Thottle position sensor (TPS)	Accelerator pedal: Released (Engine stopped)	0.5 – 1.0 V
		Accelerator pedal: Depressed (Engine stopped)	4.5 – 5.0 V
53	Communication with engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V

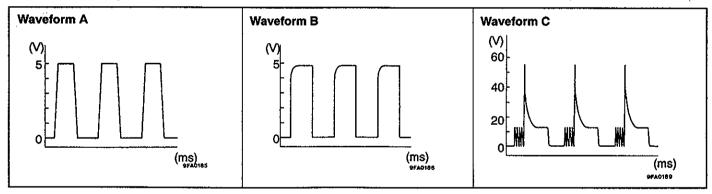
Terminal No.	Check item	Check requirement	Standard value
54	Communication with engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V
55	Inhibitor switch P	Selector lever position: P	Battery voltage
•		Selector lever position: Other than above	ov
56	Inhibitor switch N	Selector lever position: N	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than above	0 V
57	Inhibitor switch 3	Selector lever position: 3	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than above	0 V
58	Inhibitor switch L	Selector lever position: L	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than above	ov
59	Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal: Depressed	Battery voltage
		Brake pedal: Released	0 V
62	Low and reverse solenoid valve	Selector lever position: D (1st gear)	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: D (2nd gear)	Approx. 7 – 9 V
63	Diagnosis output	Normal (No diagnosis code output)	0 → 5 V flashing
65	Wide open throttle switch	Accelerator pedal: Released	4.5 – 5.5 V
		Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Less than 0.4 V
66	Inhibitor switch R	Selector lever position: R	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than above	ov
67	Inhibitor switch D	Selector lever position: D	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than above	٥٧
68	Inhibitor switch 2	Selector lever position: 2	Battery voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than above	٥V
69	Vehicle speed sensor	When stopped	0 V
		Move forward slowly	0 → 5 V flashing
71	A/T control relay	Ignition switch: OFF	ov
		Ignition switch: ON	Battery voltage
72	Earth	Ignition switch: ON	0 V

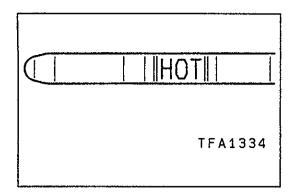
OSCILLOSCOPE INSPECTION PROCEDURE

23100850064

Check item	Check requirement	Normal condition (Waveform sample)		
Crank angle sensor	Selector lever position: N	Idling (Vehicle stopped)	Waveform A	
Input shaft speed sensor	Selector lever position: 3	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd gear	Waveform B	
Output shaft speed sensor		(Engine: 1,800 – 2,100 r/min)		
Vehicle speed sensor				
Low reverse solenoid valve	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: P	Force drive each solenoid valve (Actuator test)	Waveform C	
Underdrive solenoid valve	Engine: 0 r/min Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (Vehicle stopped)			
Second solenoid valve	Throttle (Accelerator) opening angle: Less than 1 V			
Overdrive solenoid valve	Idle switch: ON			
Damper clutch control solenoid valve				

Waveform sample





ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

23100090046

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID CHECK

- (1) Drive the vehicle until the fluid temperature rises to the normal temperature (70-80°C).
- (2) Park the vehicle on a level surface.
- (3) Move the selector lever through all positions to fill the torque converter and the hydraulic circuits with fluid, and then move the selector lever to the N position.
- (4) After wiping off any dirt around the oil level gauge, remove the oil level gauge and check the condition of the fluid.

NOTE

If the fluid smells as if it is burning, it means that the fluid has been contaminated by fine particles from the bushes and friction materials, a transmission overhaul may be necessary.

(5) Check that the fluid level is at the HOT mark on the oil level gauge. If the fluid level is lower than this, pour in more fluid until the level reaches the HOT mark.

Automatic transmission fluid:

Dia Queen ATF SP II or equivalent

NOTE

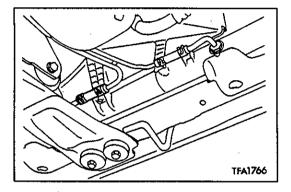
If the fluid level is low, the oil pump will draw in air along with the fluid, which will cause bubbles to form inside the hydraulic circuit. This will in turn cause the hydraulic pressure to drop, which will result in late shifting and slipping of the clutches and brakes.

If there is too much fluid, the gears can churn it up into foam and cause the same conditions that can occur with low fluid levels.

In either case, air bubbles can cause overheating and oxidation of the fluid which can interfere with normal valve, clutch, and brake operation. Foaming can also result in fluid escaping from the transmission vent, in which case it may be mistaken for a leak.

(6) Securely insert the oil level gauge.

(7) The fluid and the oil filters should always be replaced when overhauling the transmission or after the vehicle has been driven under severe conditions. The replacement procedures are given below. Furthermore, the oil filters are special filters which are only to be used for the automatic transmission.



AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID REPLACEMENT

23100100107

If you have a fluid changer, use this changer to replace the fluid. If you do not have a fluid changer, replace the fluid by the following procedure.

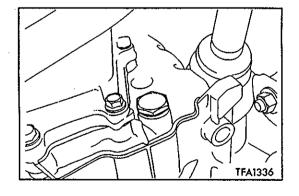
(1) Disconnect the hose shown in the illustration which connects the transmission and the oil cooler (inside the radiator).

(2) Start the engine and let the fluid drain out.

Running conditions: N range with engine idling Caution

The engine should be stopped within one minute after it is started. If the fluid has all drained out before then, the engine should be stopped at that point.

Discharge volume: Approx. 3.5 &



(3) Remove the drain plug from the bottom of the transmission case to drain the fluid.

Discharge volume: Approx. 2.0 ℓ

(4) Replace the oil filters. (Refer to P.23-44.)

(5) Install the drain plug via the gasket, and tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 32 Nm

(6) Pour the new fluid in through the oil filler tube.

Adding volume: Approx. 5.5 \ell

Caution

Stop pouring if the full volume of fluid cannot be poured in.

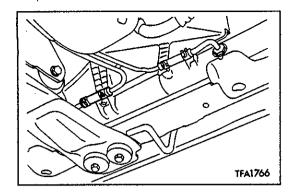
(7) Repeat the procedure in step (2).

NOTE

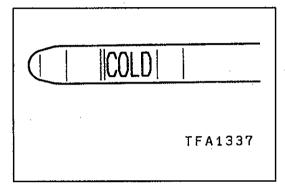
Check the old fluid for contamination. If it has been contaminated, repeat the steps (6) and (7).

(8) Pour the new fluid in through the oil filler tube.

Adding volume: Approx. 3.5 \ell



- (9) Reconnect the hose which was disconnected in step (1) above, and firmly replace the oil level gauge.
- (10) Start the engine and run it at idle for 1-2 minutes.
- (11) Move the selector lever through all positions, and then move it to the N position.



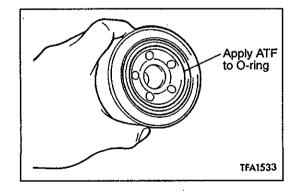
- (12) Check that the fluid level is at the COLD mark on the oil level gauge. If the level is lower than this, pour in more fluid.
- (13) Drive the vehicle until the fluid temperature rises to the normal temperature (70–80°C), and then check the fluid level again.

The fluid level must be at the HOT mark.

NOTE

The COLD level is for reference only; the HOT level should be regarded as the standard level.

(14) Firmly insert the oil level gauge into the oil filler tube.



OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT

23101050029

- 1. Use the special tool (MB991610) to remove the automatic transmission oil filter.
- 2. Clean the filter bracket side mounting surface.
- 3. Apply a small amount of automatic transmission fluid to the O-ring of the new oil filter.
- 4. Use the special tool (MB991610) to install the automatic transmission oil filter.

NOTE

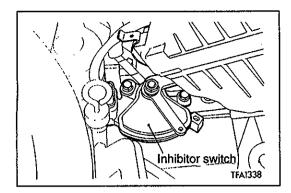
Tightening torque: 12 Nm

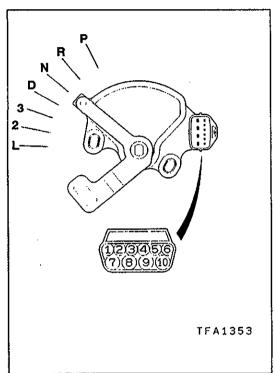
5. Check the quantity of the automatic transmission fluid. (Refer to P.23-42.)

THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR ADJUSTMENT

23100190036

Refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service.





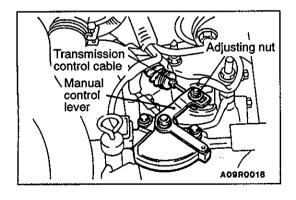
INHIBITOR SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

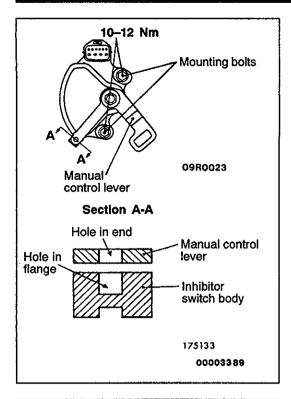
23100140055

Items	Teri	Terminal No.								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Р			0					9	Q	9
R							\Diamond	9		
N				0-				0	0	0
D	0-							0		
3					0			0		
2		0-						9		
L						0-		0		

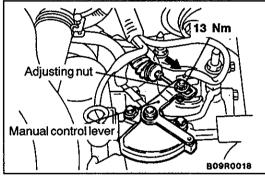
INHIBITOR SWITCH AND CONTROL CABLE ADJUSTMENT 23100150096

- 1. Set the selector lever to the "N" position.
- 2. Loosen the control cable to manual control lever coupling nut to free the cable and lever.
- 3. Set the manual control lever to the neutral position.





- 4. Loosen the inhibitor switch body mounting bolts and the turn the inhibitor switch body so the hole in the end of the manual control lever and the hole (cross section A-A in the figure on the left) in the flange of the inhibitor switch body flange are aligned.
- 5. Tighten the inhibitor switch body mounting bolts to the specified torque. Be careful at this time that the position of the switch body is not changed.

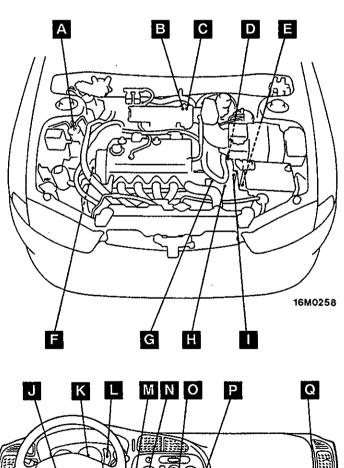


- 6. Gently pull the transmission control cable in the direction of the arrow, and then tighten the adjusting nut.
- 7. Check that the selector lever is in the "N" position.
- 8. Check that each range on the transmission side operates and functions correctly for each position of the selector lever.

A/T CONTROL COMPONENT LOCATION

23100860081

Name	Symbol	Name	Symbol
A/T control relay	Р	Oil temperature sensor	н
A/T-ECU	Q	Output shaft speed sensor	D
Crank angle sensor	F	Shift indicator lamp	L
Diagnosis connector	N	Solenoid valve	E
Dual pressure switch	Α	Stop lamp switch	J
Engine-ECU	Q	Throttle position sensor	В
Idle position switch	С	Vehicle speed sensor	К
Inhibitor switch	ı	Wide open throttle switch	М .
Input shaft speed sensor	G		



16M0259

A/T CONTROL COMPONENT CHECK

23100900011

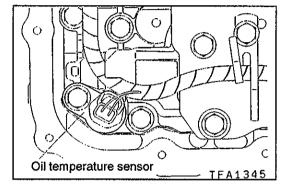
1. CRANK ANGLE SENSOR CHECK

Refer to GROUP 13A - Troubleshooting.

2. THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CHECK

23100390092

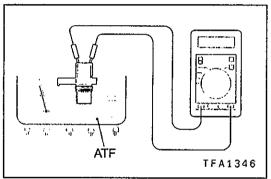
Refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service.



3. OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CHECK

23100450073

(1) Remove the oil temperature sensor.



(2) Measure the resistance between terminals No. 1 and No. 2 of the oil temperature sensor connector.

Standard value:

Oil temperature (°C)	Resistance (kΩ)
0	16.7–20.5
100	0.57-0.69

4. INHIBITOR SWITCH CHECK

23100140147

Refer to P.23-45.

5. STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK

23100910021

Refer to GROUP 35 - On-vehicle Service.

6. VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK

23100460106

Refer to GROUP 54 - On-vehicle Service.

7. DUAL POSITION PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK

23100470086

Refer to GROUP 55 - On-vehicle Service.

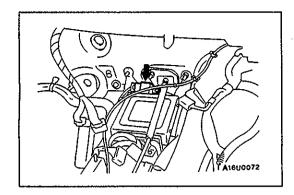
8. IDLE POSITION SWITCH CHECK

23100410088

Refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service.

9. WIDE OPEN THROTTLE SWITCH CHECK 23100890059

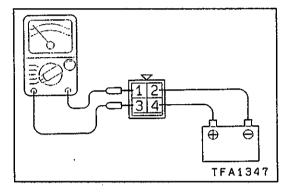
Refer to P.23-59.



10. A/T CONTROL RELAY CHECK

23100930027

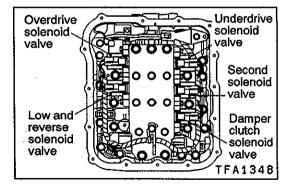
(1) Remove the A/T control relay.



- (2) Use jumper wires to connect A/T control relay terminal (2) to the battery (-) terminal and terminal (4) to the battery (+) terminal.
- (3) Check the continuity between terminal (1) and terminal (3) of the A/T control relay when the jumper wires are connected to and disconnected from the battery.

Jumper wire	Continuity between terminals No. 1 and No. 3
Connected	Continuity
Disconnected	No continuity

(4) If there is a problem, replace the A/T control relay.

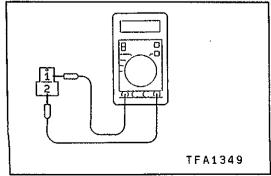


11. SOLENOID VALVE CHECK

23100940020

(1) Remove the valve body cover.

(2) Disconnect the connectors of each solenoid valve.

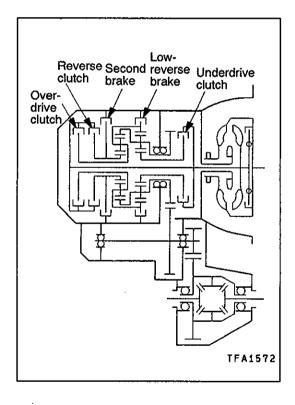


(3) Measure the resistance between terminals 1 and 2 of each solenoid valve.

Standard value:

Name	Resistance
Damper clutch solenoid valve	2.7-3.4 Ω (at 20°C)
Low and reverse solenoid valve	
Second solenoid valve	
Underdrive solenoid valve	
Overdrive solenoid valve	

(4) If the resistance is outside the standard value, replace the solenoid valve.



TORQUE CONVERTER STALL TEST

23100540084

This test measures the maximum engine speed when the selector lever is at the D or R position and the torque converter stalls to test the operation of the torque converter, starter motor and one-way clutch operation and the holding performance of the clutches and brakes in the transmission.

Caution

Do not let anybody stand in front of or behind the vehicle while this test is being carried out.

- (1) Check the automatic transmission fluid level and temperature and the engine coolant temperature.
 - Fluid level: At the HOT mark on the oil level gauge
 - Fluid temperature: 80–100°C
 - Engine coolant temperature: 80-100°C
- (2) Chock both rear wheels (left and right).
- (3) Pull the parking brake lever on, with the brake pedal fully depressed.
- (4) Start the engine.
- (5) Move the selector lever to the D position, fully depress the accelerator pedal and take a reading of the maximum engine speed at this time.

Caution

- 1. The throttle should not be left fully open for any more than eight seconds.
- 2. If carrying out the stall test two or more times, move the selector lever to the N position and run the engine at 1,000 r/min to let the automatic transmission fluid cool down before carrying out subsequent tests.

Standard value

Stall speed: 2,100-2,600 r/min

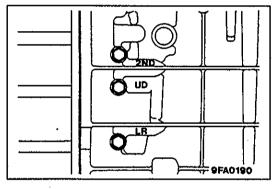
(6) Move the selector lever to the R position and carry out the same test again.

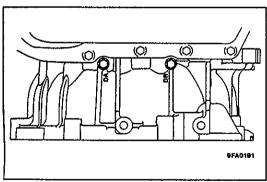
Standard value

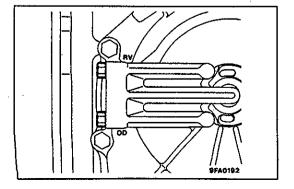
Stall speed: 2,100-2,600 r/min

TORQUE CONVERTER STALL TEST JUDGEMENT RESULTS

- a. Stall speed is too high in both D and R ranges
 - Low line pressure
 - Low & reverse brake slippage
- b. Stall speed is too high in D range only
 - Underdrive clutch slippage
- c. Stall speed is too high in R range only
 - Reverse clutch slippage
- d. Stall speed too low in both D and R ranges
 - Malfunction of torque converter
 - Insufficient engine output







HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TEST

23100550094

- (1) Warm up the engine until the automatic transmission fluid temperature is 80–100°C.
- (2) Jack up the vehicle so that the wheels are free to turn.
- (3) Connect the special tools (2,942-kPa oil pressure gauge [MD998330] and joints [MD998332, MD998900]) to each pressure discharge port.
- (4) Measure the hydraulic pressure at each port under the conditions given in the standard hydraulic pressure table, and check that the measured values are within the standard value ranges.
- (5) If a value is outside the standard range, correct the problem while referring to the hydraulic pressure test diagnosis table.

STANDARD HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TEST

Measurement condition			Standard hydraulic pressure kPa					
Selector lever position	Shift posi- tion	Engine speed (rpm)	Under- drive clutch pressure	Reverse clutch pressure	Overdrive clutch pressure	Low and reverse brake pressure	Second brake pressure	Torque converter pressure
P	_	2,500	-	_	_	310-390	_	250-390
R	Reverse	2,500	_	1,270– 1,770	_	1,270– 1,770	_	500-700
N	2,500	_	_	_	_	310–390	_	250–390
D	1st gear	2,500	1,010- 1,050	_	_	1,010- 1,050	_	500-700
	2nd gear	2,500	1,010– 1,050	_	_	_	1,010— 1,050	500-700
	3rd gear	2,500	590-690	_	590–690	_	-	450-650
	4th gear	2,500		 -	590-690		590-690	450–650

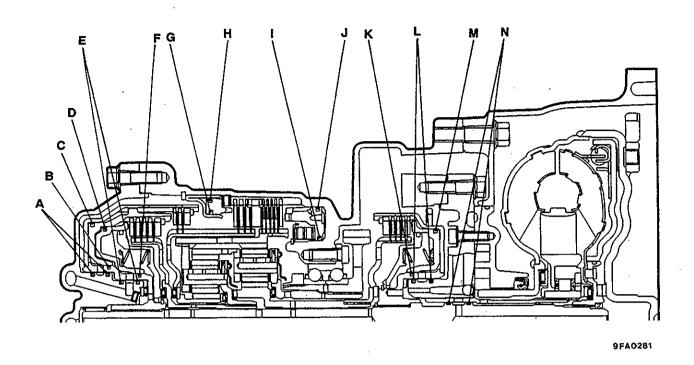
HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TEST DIAGNOSIS TABLE

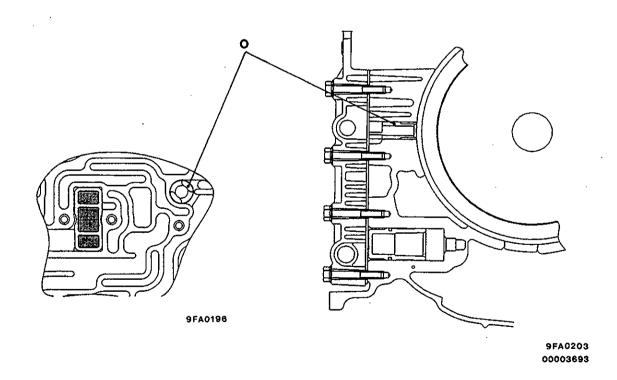
Trouble symptom	Probable cause			
All hydraulic pressures are high.	Incorrect transmission control cable adjustment			
	Malfunction of the regulator valve			
All hydraulic pressures are low.	Incorrect transmission control cable adjustment			
	Malfunction of the oil pump			
	Clogged internal oil filter			
	Clogged external oil filter			
	Clogged oil cooler			
	Malfunction of the regulator valve			
	Malfunction of the relief valve			
	Incorrect valve body installation			
Hydraulic pressure is abnormal	Malfunction of the regulator valve			
in "R" range only.	Clogged orifice			
	Incorrect valve body installation			
Hydraulic pressure is abnormal	Malfunction of the overdrive solenoid valve			
in "3" or "4" range only.	Malfunction of the overdrive pressure control valve			
	Malfunction of the regulator valve			
	Malfunction of the switch valve			
	Clogged orifice			
	Incorrect valve body installation			

Trouble symptom	Probable cause			
Only underdrive hydraulic	Malfunction of the oil seal K			
pressure is abnormal.	Malfunction of the oil seal L			
	Malfunction of the oil seal M			
	Malfunction of the underdrive solenoid valve			
	Malfunction of the underdrive pressure control valve			
	Malfunction of check ball			
	Clogged orifice			
	Incorrect valve body installation			
Only reverse clutch hydraulic	Malfunction of the oil seal A			
pressure is abnormal.	Malfunction of the oil seal B			
	Malfunction of the oil seal C			
	Clogged orifice			
·	Incorrect valve body installation			
Only overdrive hydraulic	Malfunction of the oil seal D			
pressure is abnormal.	Malfunction of the oil seal E			
	Malfunction of the oil seal F			
	Malfunction of the overdrive solenoid valve			
	Malfunction of the overdrive pressure control valve			
	Malfunction check ball			
	Clogged orifice			
	Incorrect valve body installation			
Only low and reverse hydraulic	Malfunction of the oil seal I			
pressure is abnormal.	Malfunction of the oil seal J			
	Malfunction of the low and reverse solenoid valve			
	Malfunction of the low and reverse pressure control valve			
	Malfunction of the switch valve			
	Malfunction of the fail safe valve A			
,	Malfunction of check ball			
	Clogged orifice			
	Incorrect valve body installation			

Trouble symptom	Probable cause		
Only second hydraulic pressure	Malfunction of the oil seal G		
is abnormal.	Malfunction of the oil seal H		
	Malfunction of the oil seal O		
	Malfunction of the second solenoid valve		
	Malfunction of the second pressure control valve		
	Malfunction of the fail safe valve B		
	Clogged orifice		
	Incorrect valve body installation		
Only torque converter pressure	Malfunction of the oil cooler		
is abnormal.	Malfunction of the oil seal N		
	Malfunction of the damper clutch control solenoid valve		
	Malfunction of the damper clutch control valve		
	Malfunction of the torque converter pressure control valve		
	Clogged orifice		
	Incorrect valve body installation		
Pressure applied to non	Incorrect transmission control cable adjustment		
operating element.	Malfunction of the manual valve		
,	Malfunction of check ball		
	Incorrect valve body installation		

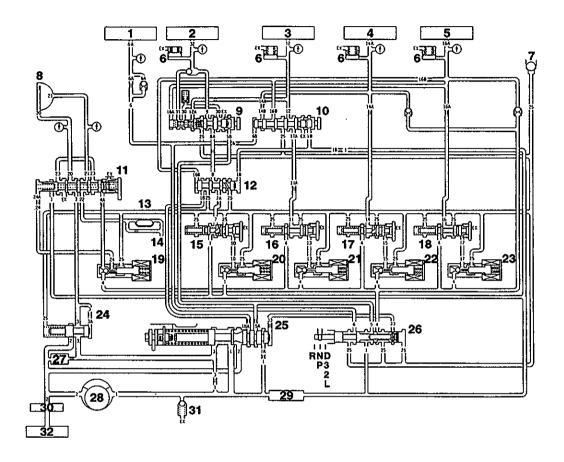
OIL SEAL LAYOUT





HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT PARKING AND NEUTRAL

23100880070

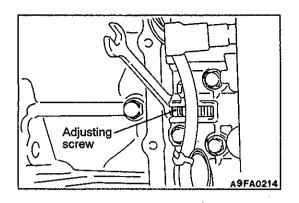


TFA1598

- 1. Reverse clutch
- 2. Low-reverse brake
- 3. Second brake
- 4. Underdrive clutch
- 5. Overdrive clutch
- 6. Accumulator
- 7. Check ball
- 8. Damper clutch
- 9. Fail safe valve A
- 10. Fail safe valve B
- 11. Damper clutch control valve
- 12. Switch valve
- 13. Automatic transmission fluid cooler
- 14. Lubrication
- 15. Low-reverse pressure control valve
- 16. Second pressure control valve
- 17. Underdrive pressure control valve

- 18. Overdrive pressure control valve
- 19. Damper clutch control solenoid valve
- 20. Low-reverse solenoid valve
- 21. Second solenoid valve
- 22. Underdrive solenoid valve
- 23. Overdrive solenoid valve
- 24. Torque converter pressure control valve
- 25. Regulator valve
- 26. Manual valve

- 27. Oil filter 28. Oil pump 29. Oil strainer
- 30. Oil filter (Built in type)
- 31. Relief valve
- 32. Oil pan



LINE PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

23100170078

- 1. Discharge the automatic transmission fluid, and then remove the valve body cover.
- Turn the adjusting screw shown in the illustration at left to adjust the underdrive pressure to the standard value. The pressure increases when the screw is turned to the left.

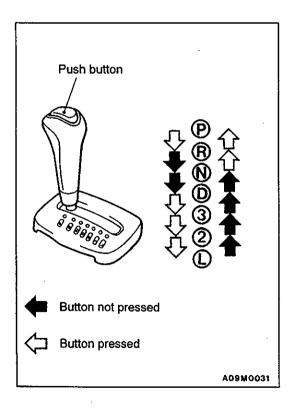
NOTE

When adjusting the underdrive pressure, adjust to the middle of the standard value range.

Standard value: 1,010-1,050 kPa

Change in pressure for each turn of the adjusting screw: 35 kPa

- 3. Install the valve body cover, and pour in the standard volume of automatic transmission fluid.
- 4. Carry out a hydraulic pressure test. (Refer to P.23-51.) Readjust the line pressure if necessary.



SELECTOR LEVER OPERATION CHECK

23100130090

- Shift selector lever to each range and check that lever moves smoothly and is controlled. Check that position indicator is correct.
- 2. Check the selector lever can be moved to each position (by button operation as shown in the illustration).
- 3. Start the engine and check if the vehicle moves forward when the selector lever is moved from N or D, and moves backward when moved to R.
- When the shift lever malfunctions, adjust control cable and selector lever sleeve. Check for worm shift lever assembly sliding parts.

TRANSMISSION CONTROL

23100660131

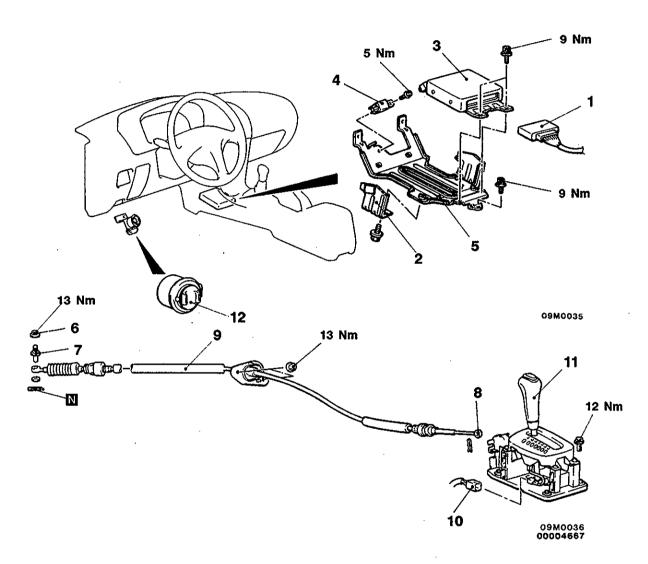
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

(1) Air Cleaner Assembly Removal and Installation (2) Front Floor Console Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 52A)

Caution: SRS

Be careful not to subject the SRS-ECU to any shocks during removal and installation of the transmission control cable and selector lever assembly.



Transmission control cable assembly removal steps

- 1. Wiring harness connector 2. Arm (L.H.)
- 3. A/T-ECU

A ≤ 6. Nut

- 7. Adjuster
- 8. Transmission control cable connec-
- 9. Transmission control cable assembly

Selector lever assembly removal

8. Transmission control cable connection

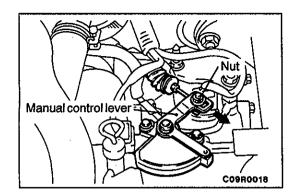
- 10. Wiring harness connector
- 11. Selector lever assembly

A/T-ECU and carpet bracket removal steps

- 1. Wiring harness connector 2. Arm (L.H.)
- 3. A/T-ECU
- 4. Control relay
- Heater unit (Refer to GROUP 55.)
- 5. Carpet bracket

Wide open throttle switch removal

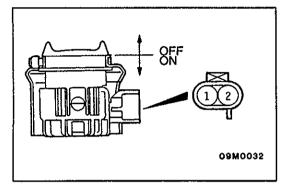
12. Wide open throttle switch



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

►A NUT INSTALLATION

- Put the selector lever in the "N" position.
 Loosen the adjusting nut, gently pull the transmission control cable in the direction of the arrow and tighten the nut.

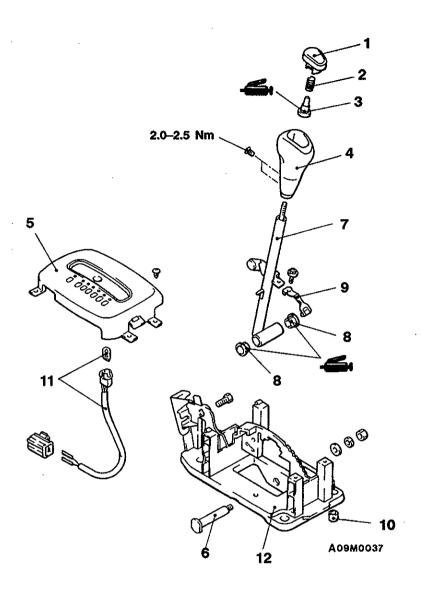


INSPECTION 23100890066 WIDE OPEN THROTTLE SWITCH CHECK

Switch position	Terminal No.			
	1	2		
OFF				
ON	0	O		

SELECTOR LEVER ASSEMBLY **DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY**

23100680083



Disassembly steps

- 1. Push button

- Spring
 Adjuster
 Shift knob
 Indicator panel assembly
- 6. Bolt

- 7. Shift lever assembly8. Bushing9. Detent spring10. Collar
- 11. Position indicator lamp assembly 12. Bracket assembly

TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY

23100570137

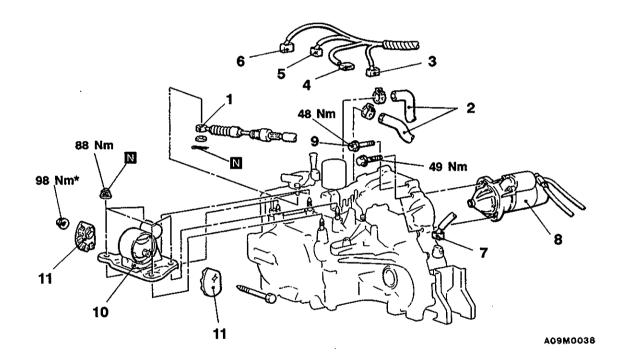
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Pre-removal Operation

- Transmission Fluid Draining (Refer to P.23-43.)
- Under Cover Removal
 Battery and Battery Tray Removal
 Air Cleaner Assembly Removal

Post-installation Operation

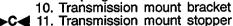
- Air Cleaner Assembly Installation
 Battery and Battery Tray Installation
 Under Cover Installation
- Transmission Fluid Supplying (Refer to P.23-43.)
- Selector Lever Operation Check Speedometer Operation Check



Removal steps

- 1. Transmission control cable connec-
- 2. Transmission oil cooler hoses connection
- 3. Pulse generator "A" connector 4. Pulse generator "B" connector
- 5. Inhibitor switch connector
- 6. A/T control solenoid valve assembly connector
- Véhicle speed sensor connector
- 8. Starter motor

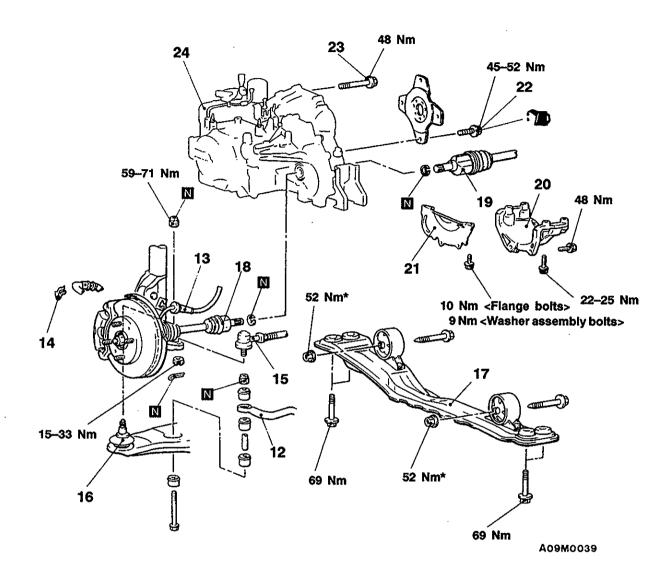
9. Transmission assembly upper part coupling bolts



11. Transmission mount stopper Engine assembly supporting

Caution

Mounting locations marked by * should be provisionally tightened, and then fully tightened when the body is supporting the full weight of the engine.



Lifting up of the vehicle

▶B 12. Stabilizer bar connection

- 13. Speed sensor cable connection <Vehicles with ABS>
- 14. Brake hose clamp
- 15. Tie rod end connection
- 16. Lower arm ball joint connection
- 17. Centermember assembly
- 18. Drive shaft <L.H.> connection
- 19. Drive shaft <R.H.> connection
- 20. Transmission stay <4G13>
- 21. Bell housing cover



- 22. Drive plate bolts
- 23. Transmission assembly lower part coupling bolts
- ▼F
 ►A
 24. Transmission assembly

Caution

Mounting locations marked by * should be provisionally tightened, and then fully tightened when the body is supporting the full weight of the engine.

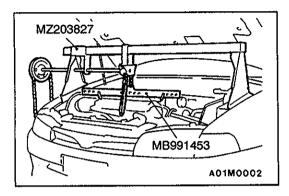
REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

▲A▶ STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL

Remove the starter motor with the starter motor harness still connected, and secure it inside the engine compartment.

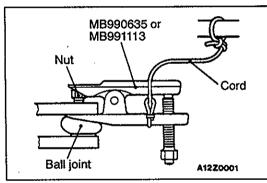
▲B▶ TRANSMISSION MOUNT BRACKET REMOVAL

Jack up the transmission assembly gently with a garage jack, and then remove the transmission mounting.



◆C▶ ENGINE ASSEMBLY SUPPORTING

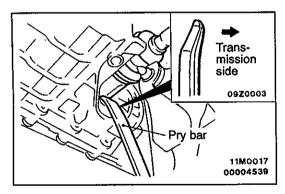
Set the special tool to the vehicle to support the engine assembly.



TIE ROD END/LOWER ARM BALL JOINT DISCONNECTION

Caution

- Before using the special tool, loosen the tie-rod end mounting nut. Only loosen the nut; do not remove it from the ball joint.
- 2. Support the special tool with a cord, etc. to prevent it from coming off.



DRIVE SHAFT <L.H.>/DRIVE SHAFT <R.H.>

1. Insert a pry bar between the transmission case and the drive shaft as shown to remove the drive shaft.

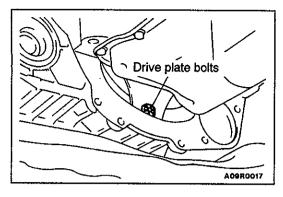
NOTE

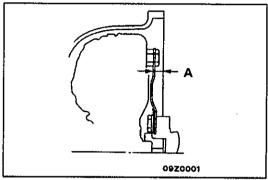
Do not remove the hub and knuckle from the drive shaft.

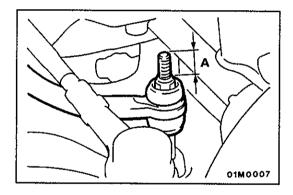
Caution

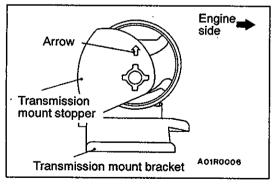
Always use a pry bar, or the TJ will be damaged.

- 2. Suspend the removed drive shaft with a wire so that there are no sharp bends in any of the joints.
- 3. Use a shop towel to cover the transmission case not to let foreign material get into it.









◆F▶ DRIVE PLATE BOLTS/TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY LOWER PART COUPLING BOLTS/TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

- 1. Support the transmission assembly by using a transmission jack.
- 2. Remove the drive plate bolts while turning the crank shaft.
- 3. Press in the torque converter to the transmission side so that the torque converter does not remain on the engine side.
- Remove the transmission assembly lower bolts and lower the transmission assembly.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

►A TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

After securely inserting the torque converter into the transmission side so that the value shown in the illustration becomes the reference value, install the transmission assembly to the engine.

Reference value (A): Approx. 12.2 mm

▶B **STABILIZER BAR INSTALLATION**

Tighten the self-locking nut so that the stabilizer mounting bat protrudes 22 mm as shown.

Standard value (A): 22 mm

►C TRANSMISSION MOUNT STOPPER INSTALLATION

Install the transmission mount stopper so that the arrow points as shown in the illustration.