

# ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL

## CONTENTS

17109000247

<b>AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL SYSTEM</b> .....	<b>6</b>	<b>CATALYTIC CONVERTER</b> .....	<b>46</b>
.....		General Information .....	46
<b>AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL*</b> .....	<b>27</b>	<b>EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CANISTER/AIR FILTER/EVAPORATIVE VENTILATION SOLENOID</b> .....	<b>48</b>
<b>GENERAL INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>6</b>	<b>EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM</b> .....	<b>37</b>
<b>ON-VEHICLE SERVICE</b> .....	<b>23</b>	Air Conditioning Switch Check .....	40
Auto-cruise Control Component Check .....	25	Component Location .....	37
Auto-cruise Control System Operation Check .....	23	Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor and Intake Air Temperature Sensor Check .....	40
<b>SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS</b> .....	<b>6</b>	Evaporative Emission Purge Solenoid Check .....	39
<b>SPECIAL TOOLS</b> .....	<b>6</b>		
<b>TROUBLESHOOTING</b> .....	<b>7</b>		
<b>EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM</b> .....	<b>29</b>		

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

### WARNINGS REGARDING SERVICING OF SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) EQUIPPED VEHICLES

#### WARNING!

- (1) Improper service or maintenance of any component of the SRS, or any SRS-related component, can lead to personal injury or death to service personnel (from inadvertent firing of the air bag) or to the driver and passenger (from rendering the SRS inoperative).
- (2) Service or maintenance of any SRS component or SRS-related component must be performed only at an authorized MITSUBISHI dealer.
- (3) MITSUBISHI dealer personnel must thoroughly review this manual, and especially its GROUP 52B - Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) and GROUP 00 - Maintenance Service, before beginning any service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRS-related component.

#### NOTE

The SRS includes the following components: SRS-ECU, SRS warning light, air bag module, clock spring, and interconnecting wiring. Other SRS-related components (that may have to be removed/installed in connection with SRS service or maintenance) are indicated in the table of contents by an asterisk (\*).

General Information .....	37	Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV) Valve Check .....	36
Purge Control System Check .....	38	<b>SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS .....</b>	<b>29</b>
Purge Port Vacuum Check .....	39	<b>SPECIAL TOOLS .....</b>	<b>29</b>
Volume Air Flow Sensor, Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor and Intake Air Temperature Sensor Check .....	40	<b>TROUBLESHOOTING .....</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION (EGR) SYSTEM .....</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>VACUUM HOSES .....</b>	<b>31</b>
Component Location .....	42	Vacuum Circuit Diagram .....	33
EGR Port Vacuum Check .....	44	Vacuum Hose Check .....	35
EGR Solenoid Check .....	44	Vacuum Hose Installation .....	35
EGR System Check .....	42	Vacuum Hose Routing .....	31
EGR Valve Check .....	43	<b>ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM .....</b>	<b>3</b>
General Information .....	41	<b>ACCELERATOR CABLE AND PEDAL ....</b>	<b>5</b>
Vacuum Control Valve Check .....	43	<b>GENERAL INFORMATION .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>GENERAL INFORMATION .....</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>ON-VEHICLE SERVICE .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM .....</b>	<b>35</b>	Accelerator Cable Check and Adjustment ....	4
Component Location .....	36	<b>SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS .....</b>	<b>3</b>
Crankcase Ventilation System Check .....	36	<b>TROUBLESHOOTING .....</b>	<b>3</b>
General Information .....	35		

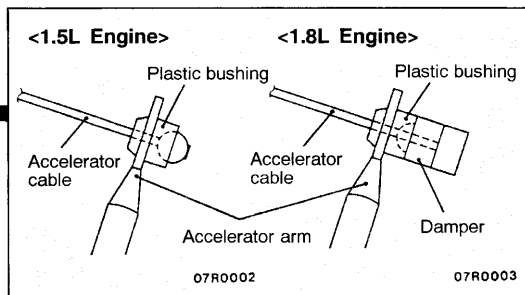
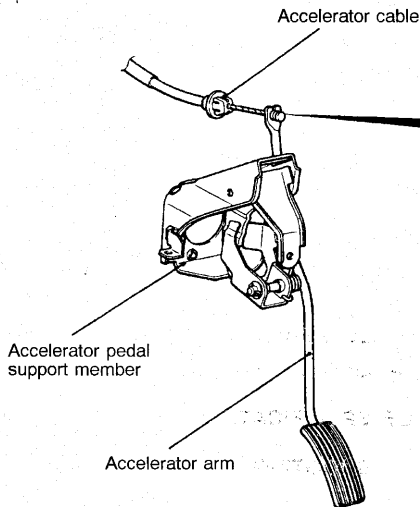
# ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

17100010065

## GENERAL INFORMATION

The accelerator system consists of a cable and pedal. The accelerator pedal side end of the cable has a plastic bushing and damper <1.8L Engine>. They effectively suppress the noise that would result from direct contact of the cable and the accelerator arm.

## CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM



00004772

## SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

17100030092

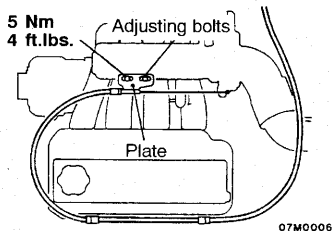
Items		Standard value
Accelerator cable play mm (in.)		1-2 (.04 - .08)
Engine idle speed r/min	1.5L Engine	750 ± 100
	1.8L Engine	800 ± 100

## TROUBLESHOOTING

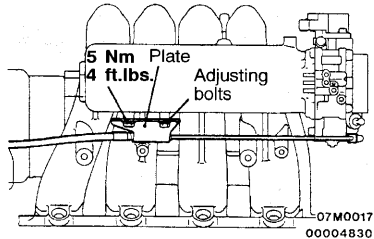
17100070018

Symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
Throttle valve will not fully open or close	Misadjusted accelerator cable	Adjust
	Misadjusted auto-cruise control cable	Adjust
	Broken return spring	Replace
	Throttle lever malfunction	Replace
Accelerator pedal operation not smooth (over acceleration)	Accelerator pedal wrongly tightened	Repair
	Misinstalled accelerator cable	Repair
	Accelerator cable requires lubrication	Lubricate or replace

## &lt;1.5L Engine&gt;



## &lt;1.8L Engine&gt;



## ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

### ACCELERATOR CABLE CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT

1710005C151

1. Turn off the air conditioning and all lights. Inspect and adjust at no load.
2. Start the engine and allow to idle until it reaches normal operating temperature.
3. Confirm idle speed is at standard value.

**Standard value:**

&lt;1.5L Engine&gt; 750 ± 100 r/min

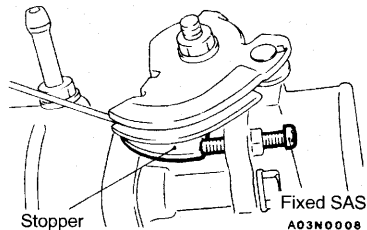
&lt;1.8L Engine&gt; 800 ± 100 r/min

4. Stop engine (ignition switch OFF).
5. Confirm there are no sharp bends in accelerator cable.
6. Check inner cable for correct slack.

**Standard value: 1 - 2 mm (.04 - .08 in.)**

7. If there is too much slack or no slack, adjust the cable as follows:
  - (1) Loosen the adjusting bolt to release the cable.
  - (2) Move the plate until the inner cable play is at the standard value, and then tighten the adjusting bolt to the specified torque.

8. Adjust accelerator cable play and confirm throttle lever stopper touches the fixed SAS.

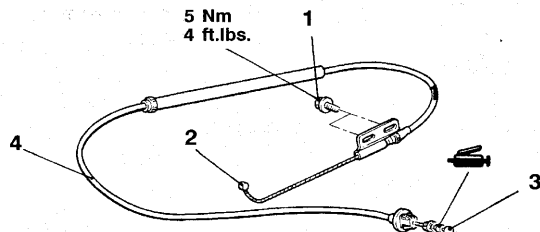


17100120157

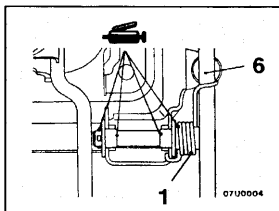
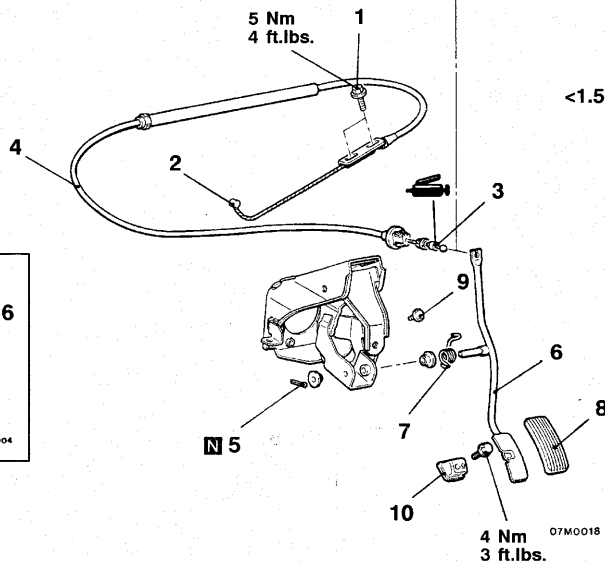
**ACCELERATOR CABLE AND PEDAL****REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION****Post-Installation Operation**

- Adjusting the Accelerator Cable (Refer to P.17-4.)

&lt;1.8L Engine&gt;



&lt;1.5L Engine&gt;

**Removal steps**

1. Adjusting bolts
2. Inner cable connection (Throttle body side)
3. Inner cable connection (Accelerator pedal side)
4. Accelerator cable
5. Cotter pin
6. Accelerator pedal
7. Spring
8. Pedal pad
9. Stopper
10. Accelerator pedal stopper

# AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL SYSTEM

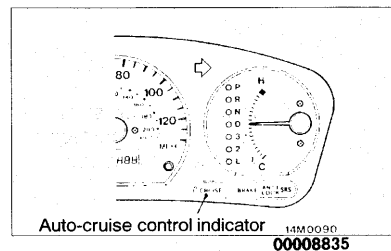
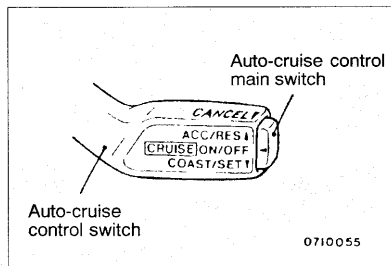
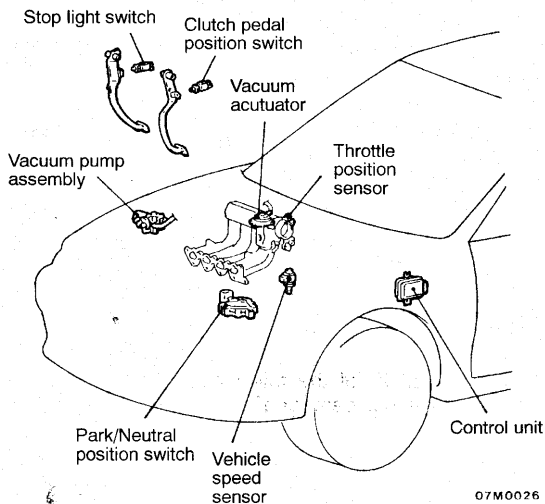
SWITCHES 17200010204

## GENERAL INFORMATION

By using the auto-cruise control, the driver can select and maintain a desired cruising speed

[approximately 40 km/h (25 mph) or more] without depressing the accelerator pedal.

## CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM



## SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

17200030101

Items	Standard value
Accelerator cable play mm (in.)	1 - 2 (.04 - .08)

## SPECIAL TOOLS

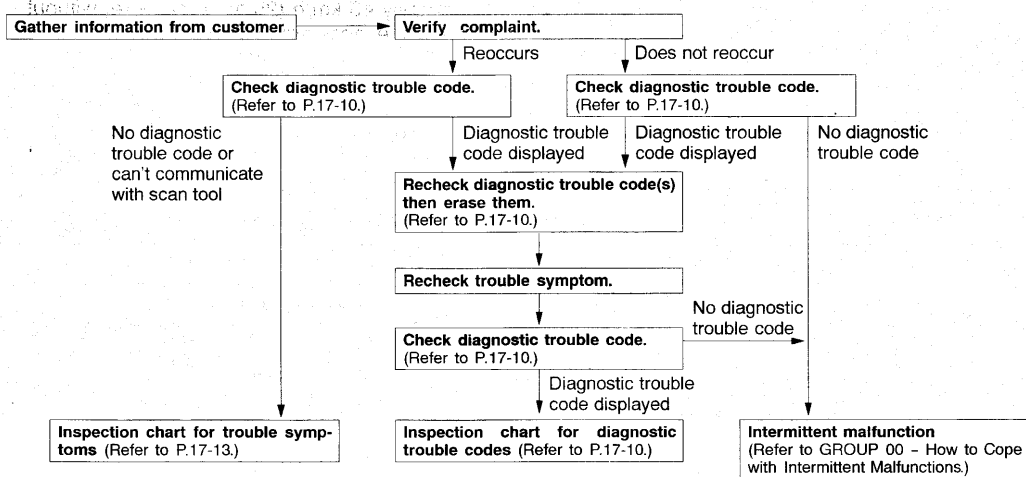
17200060117

Tool	Tool number and name	Supersession	Application
B991502	MB991502 Scan tool (MUT-II)	MB991496-OD	Diagnostic trouble code check.
B991529	MB991529 Diagnostic trouble code check harness	Tool not necessary if scan tool <MUT-II> is available	

## TROUBLESHOOTING

17200200250

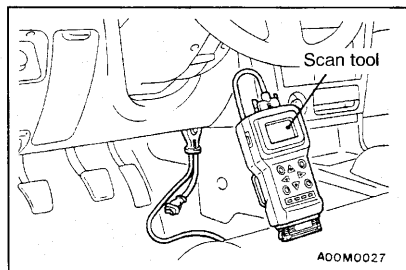
## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLESHOOTING FLOW



## NOTE

Before carrying out trouble diagnosis, check to be sure that all of the following items are normal.

1. Is the vacuum hose installed correctly, and is the hose not damaged?
2. Is the accelerator cable play at the standard value?



## DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION

17200210260

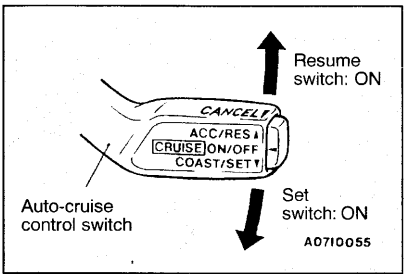
## METHOD OF READING THE DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES

## Using the scan tool

## Caution

To prevent damaged to the scan tool, make sure the ignition switch is "OFF" before connecting or disconnecting the scan tool.

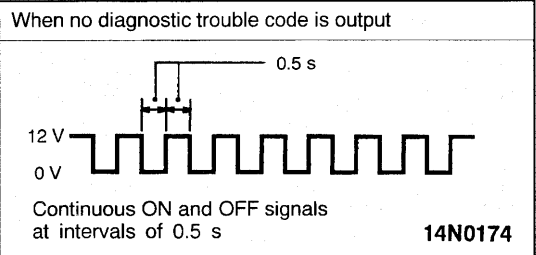
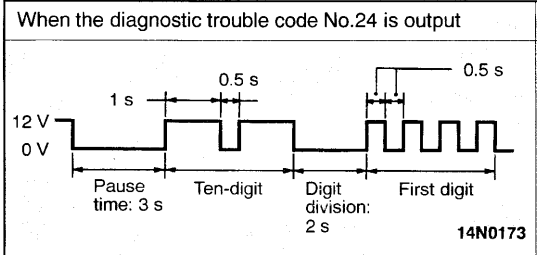
1. Turn the ignition switch "OFF."
2. Connect the scan tool to the data link connector.
3. Use the scan tool to check for auto-cruise control system diagnostic trouble codes.
4. Turn the ignition switch "OFF."
5. Disconnect the scan tool.



## Using a auto-cruise control indicator light

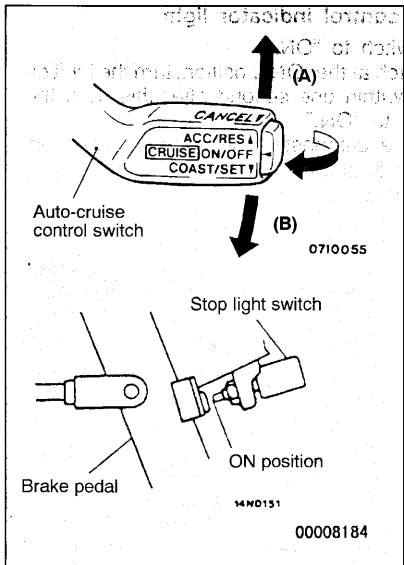
1. Push the main switch to "ON."
2. With the "SET" switch at the "ON" position, turn the ignition switch "ON," and within one second after this, turn the "RESUME" switch to "ON."
3. Take a reading of a diagnostic trouble code based on the flashing of the auto-cruise control indicator light in the combination meter.

## DIAGNOSTIC RESULT DISPLAY METHOD WHEN USING THE AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL INDICATOR LIGHT



**NOTE**  
Other diagnosis items are also output as voltage waveforms corresponding to diagnosis code numbers.





### METHOD OF ERASING DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES

Erase the diagnostic trouble codes with the following procedure.

#### NOTE

The diagnostic trouble codes will not be erased even if the battery (-) terminal is disconnected.

#### Using the scan tool

##### Caution

To prevent damage to the scan tool, make sure the ignition switch is "OFF" before connecting or disconnecting the scan tool.

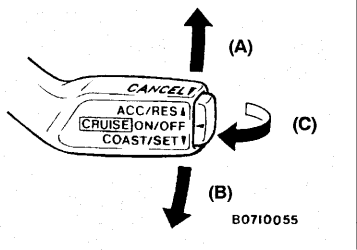
1. Turn the ignition switch "OFF."
2. Connect scan tool to the data link connector.
3. Use scan tool to check for auto-cruise control system diagnostic trouble codes.
4. Turn the ignition switch "OFF."
5. Disconnect the scan tool.

#### Without using the scan tool

1. Turn the ignition switch "ON."
2. Push the auto-cruise control switch in the direction of arrow (B) in the illustration, and within one second after doing this, push the auto-cruise control switch back in the direction of arrow (A).
3. Push the auto-cruise control switch again in the direction of arrow (B) in the illustration. While holding the switch in this position, press the stop light switch to the "ON" position, for five seconds or more.

### INPUT SWITCH CODE CHECK METHOD

1. Connect the scan tool to the data link connector (16-pin) under the instrument panel under cover.
2. Turn the ignition switch to ON.
3. After pushing the auto-cruise control switch in the direction of arrow (B) in the illustration, press the cruise control main switch to the ON position, and within 1 second after doing this, push the cruise control switch back in the direction of arrow (A).
4. Operate each switch listed in the input check table and take a reading of the input switch codes with the scan tool.



# 17-10 ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL - Auto-cruise Control System

## Input Inspection Table

Code No.	Input operation	Operation judgement
21	SET switch ON	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that SET switch is ON
22	RESUME switch ON	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that RESUME switch is ON
23	Stop light switch (ON when brake pedal depressed)	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that stop light switch is ON
24	Vehicle speed signal	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that vehicle speed is 40 km/h (25 mph) or higher
25		Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that vehicle speed is lower than 40 km/h (25 mph)
26	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Clutch pedal position switch &lt;M/T&gt; (ON when clutch pedal depressed)</li><li>● Park/neutral position switch &lt;A/T&gt; (ON when select lever in N range)</li></ul>	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that clutch pedal position switch <M/T> or park/neutral position switch <A/T> is ON
27	CANCEL switch ON	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that CANCEL switch is ON
28	Throttle position sensor signal	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that throttle position sensor voltage is 1.5 V or more
29	Closed throttle position switch	Auto-cruise control-ECU judges that closed throttle position switch is OFF

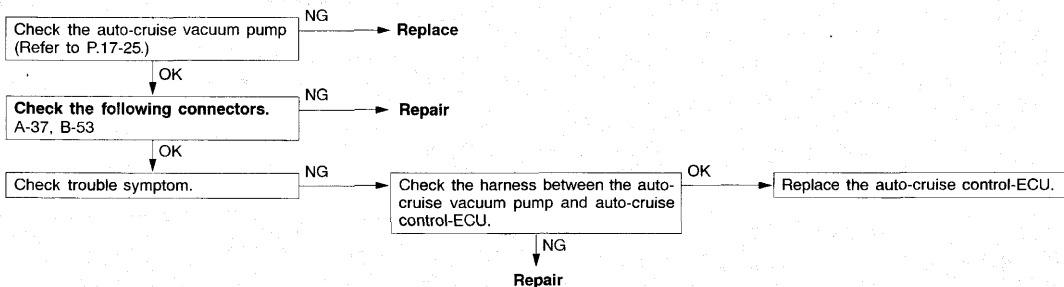
## INSPECTION CHART FOR DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES

17200220300

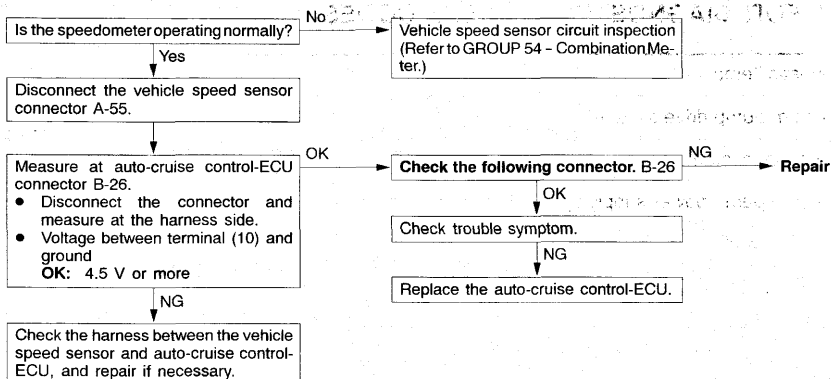
Code No.	On-board diagnostic items	Reference page
11	Auto-cruise vacuum pump drive system	17-11
12	Vehicle speed sensor system	17-11
14	Auto-cruise vacuum pump power supply system	17-12
15	Auto-cruise control switch	17-12
16	Auto-cruise control-ECU	17-12
17	Throttle position sensor system	17-13

## INSPECTION PROCEDURE FOR DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES

Code No. 11 Auto-cruise vacuum pump drive system	Probable cause
This diagnostic trouble code is output if the release valve, control valve or motor drive signals from the auto-cruise vacuum pump are not input to the auto-cruise control-ECU.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise vacuum pump</li> <li>● Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>● Malfunction of the harness</li> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



Code No. 12 Vehicle speed signal system	Probable cause
This diagnostic trouble code is output if the vehicle speed signals from the vehicle speed sensor are not input to the auto-cruise control-ECU when the vehicle speed is 40 km/h or more.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor</li> <li>● Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>● Malfunction of the harness</li> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>

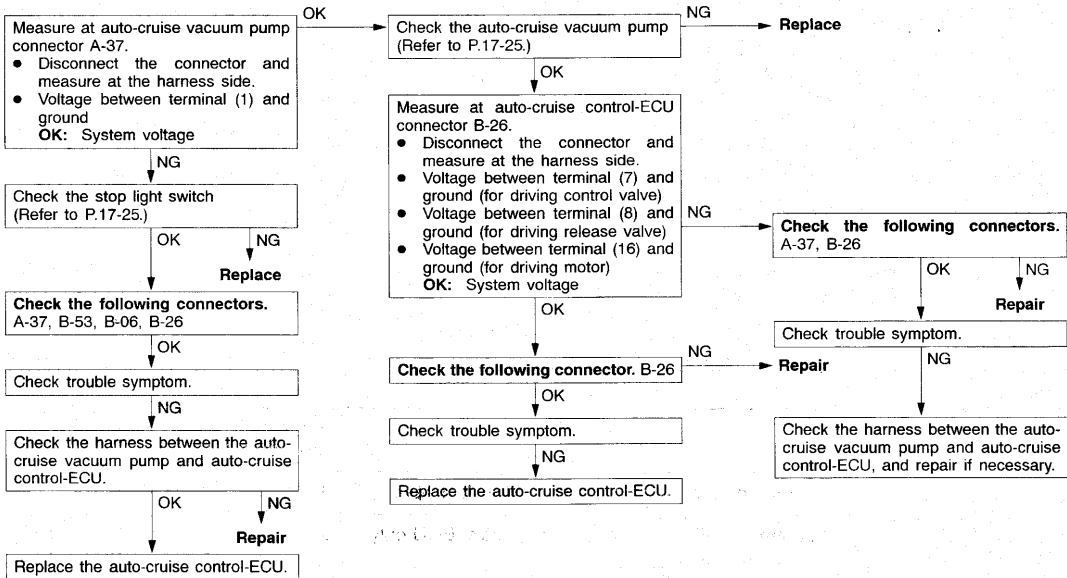


## Code No. 14 Auto-cruise vacuum pump power supply system

This diagnostic trouble code is output when none of the drive signals from the release valve, control valve and motor of the auto-cruise vacuum pump are input to the auto-cruise control-ECU.

## Probable cause

- Malfunction of the stop light switch
- Malfunction of the connector
- Malfunction of the harness
- Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU
- Malfunction of the auto-cruise vacuum pump



## Code No. 15 Auto-cruise control switch

This diagnostic trouble code is output if the cruise control RESUME switch, SET switch or CANCEL switch remains ON.

## Probable cause

- Malfunction of the auto-cruise control switch

Replace the auto-cruise control switch.

## Code No. 16 Auto-cruise control ECU

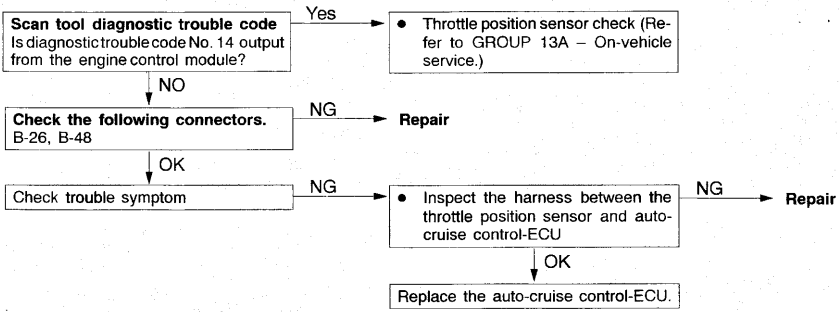
This diagnostic trouble code is output if there is an abnormality in the CANCEL hold circuit or the microprocessor monitor circuit in the auto-cruise control-ECU.

## Probable cause

- Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU

Replace the auto-cruise control-ECU.

<b>Code No.17 Throttle position sensor system</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
This diagnostic trouble code is output if a voltage of 1.5 V or more (when the closed throttle position switch is ON) or 0.2 V or less (when the closed throttle position switch is OFF) is output for a continuous period of 4 seconds or more.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the throttle position sensor</li> <li>● Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>● Malfunction of the harness</li> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



**INSPECTION CHART FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS**

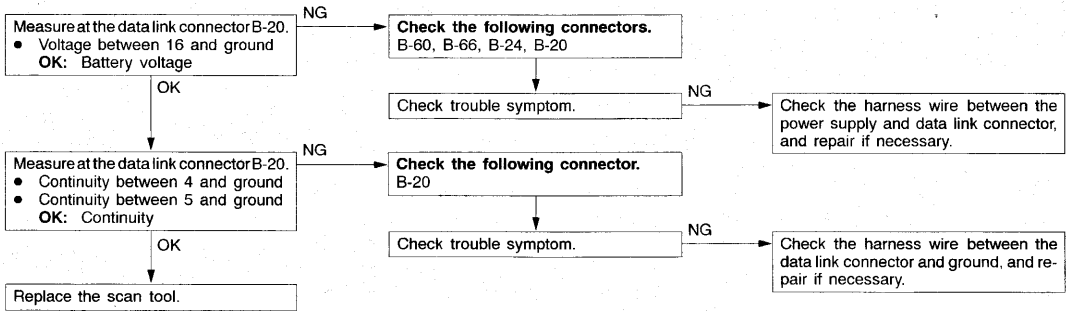
17200230372

Trouble symptom		Inspection procedure No.	Reference page
Communication with scan tool is not possible.	Communication with all systems is not possible.	1	17-13
	Communication with auto-cruise control-ECU only is not possible.	2	17-14
Input switch inspection using the scan tool is not possible. (However, diagnosis inspection is possible.)		3	17-15
Auto-cruise control is not cancelled.	Even if brake pedal is depressed	4	17-16
	Even if clutch pedal is depressed <M/T>	5	17-17
	Even if select lever is set to N range <A/T>	6	17-17
	Even if CANCEL switch is set to ON	7	17-18
Auto-cruise control cannot be set.		9	17-19
Hunting (repeated acceleration and deceleration) occurs at the set vehicle speed.		10	17-19
Auto-cruise control indicator light inside combination meter does not illuminate. (However, auto-cruise control is normal.)		11	17-21

## INSPECTION PROCEDURE FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

### INSPECTION PROCEDURE 1

Communication with scan tool is not possible. (Communication with all systems, is not possible.)	Probable cause
The reason is probably a defect in the power supply system (including ground) for the diagnosis line.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>● Malfunction of the harness</li> </ul>



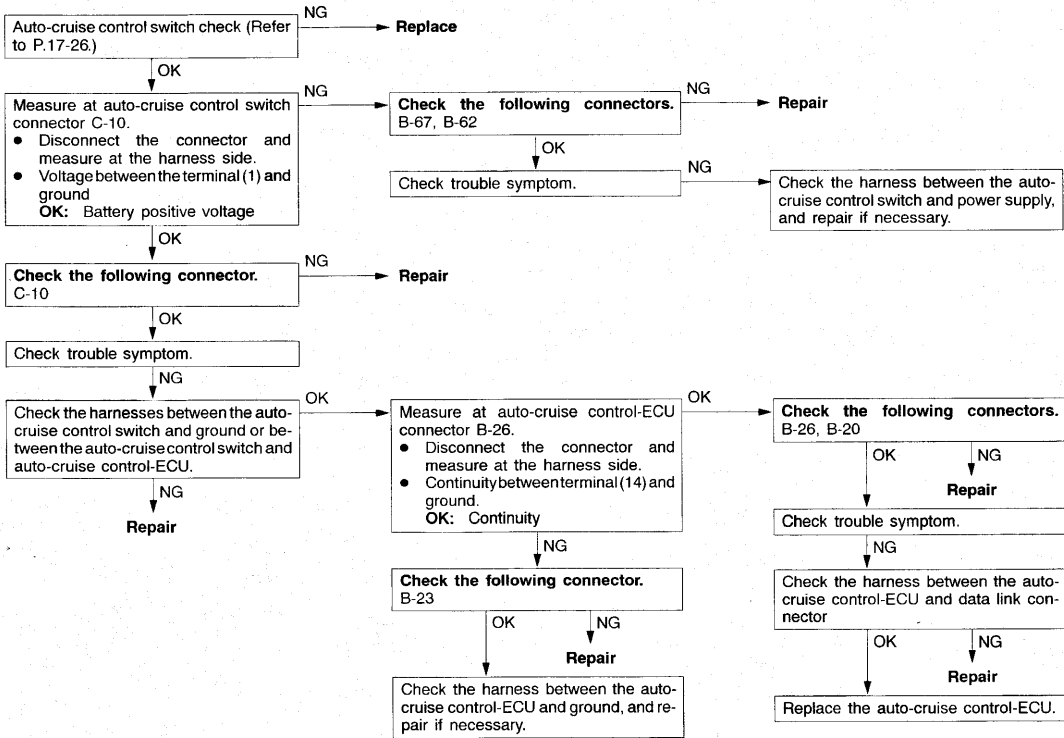
## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 2

**Communication with scan tool is not possible (Communication with auto-cruise control-ECU only is not possible.)**

**Probable cause**

The cause is probably a malfunction of the auto-cruise control switch circuit or a malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU ground circuit.

- Malfunction of the auto-cruise control switch
- Malfunction of the connector
- Malfunction of the harness
- Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU



# 17-16 ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL - Auto-cruise Control System

## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 3

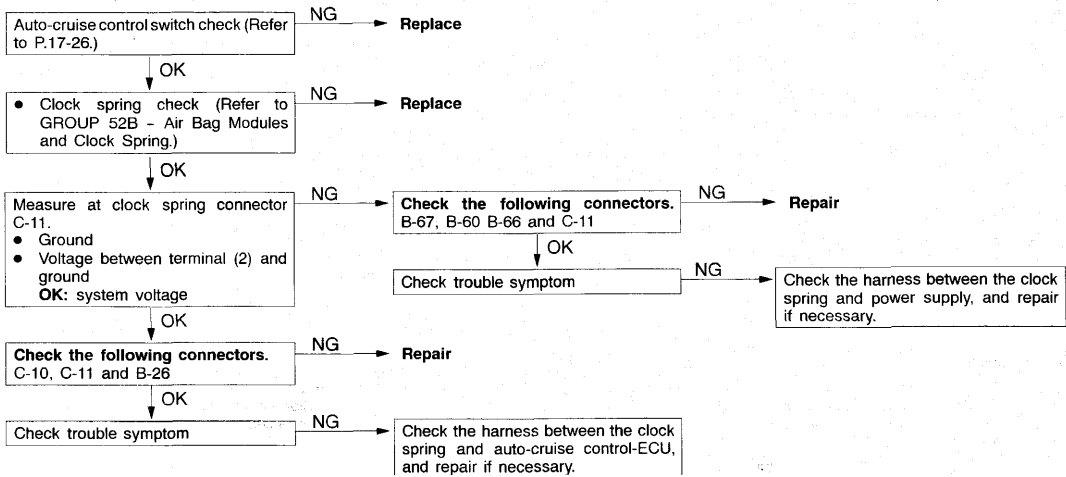
1. 2410350000 4011 434

**Input switch inspection using the scan tool is not possible.  
(However, diagnosis inspection is possible.)**

**Probable cause:**

The cause is probably a malfunction of auto-cruise control switch circuit system.

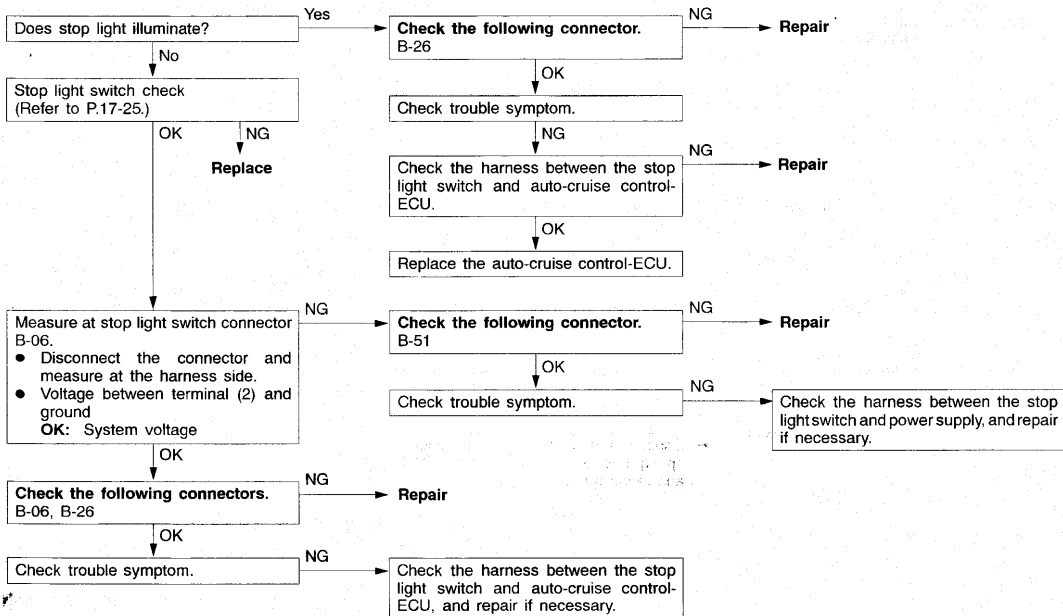
- Malfunction of the auto-cruise control switch
- Malfunction of the clock spring
- Malfunction of the connector
- Malfunction of the harness





## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 4

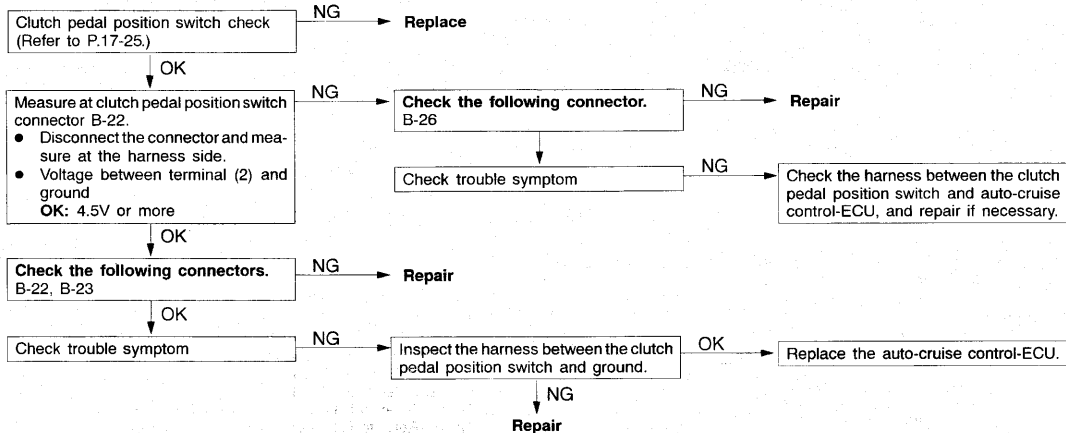
Even if brake pedal is depressed, auto-cruise control is not cancelled.	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of stop light switch or a malfunction of stop light circuit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Malfunction of the stop light switch</li> <li>Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>Malfunction of the harness</li> <li>Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 5

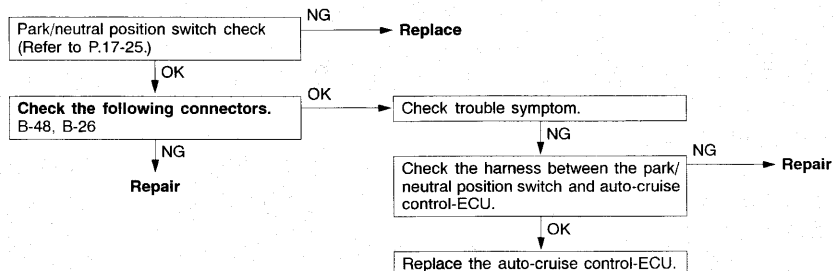
Y 58000009 11 1997 0101

<p><b>Even if clutch pedal is depressed, auto-cruise control is not cancelled. &lt;M/T&gt;</b></p>	<p><b>Probable cause</b></p>
<p>The cause is probably a malfunction of clutch pedal position switch or clutch circuit.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the clutch pedal position switch</li> <li>● Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>● Malfunction of the harness</li> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 6

<p><b>Even if select lever is set to N range, auto-cruise control is not cancelled. &lt;A/T&gt;</b></p>	<p><b>Probable cause</b></p>
<p>The cause is probably an open-circuit in the output signal circuit in N range.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the park/neutral position switch</li> <li>● Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>● Malfunction of the harness</li> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



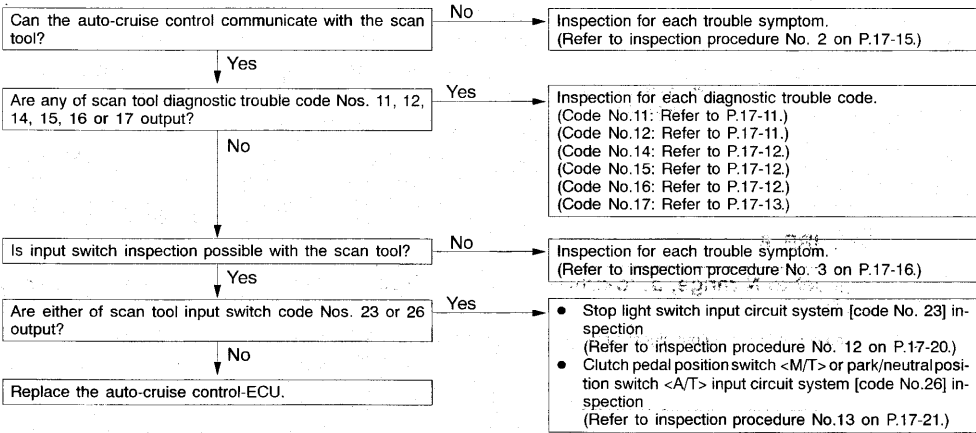
**INSPECTION PROCEDURE 7**

<b>Even if auto-cruise control CANCEL switch is set to ON, auto-cruise control is not cancelled.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably an open-circuit in the circuit inside the CANCEL switch.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control switch</li> </ul>

Replace the auto-cruise control switch.

**INSPECTION PROCEDURE 9**

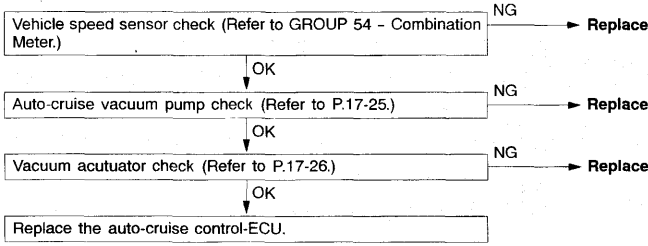
<b>Auto-cruise control cannot be set.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably that the fail-safe function is cancelling auto-cruise control. In this case, the scan tool can be used to check the trouble symptoms in each system by inspecting the diagnostic trouble codes. The scan tool can also be used to check if the circuits of each input switch are normal or not by inspecting the input switch codes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control switch</li> <li>● Malfunction of the clock spring</li> <li>● Malfunction of the harnesses or connectors</li> <li>● Malfunction of the clutch pedal position switch &lt;M/T&gt;</li> <li>● Malfunction of the park/neutral position switch &lt;A/T&gt;</li> <li>● Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 10

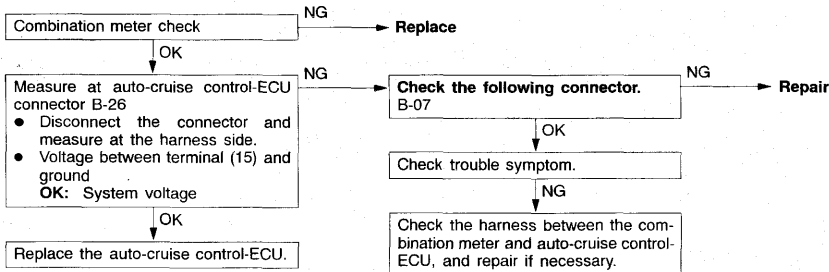
SI-BEUCR000010-10-1990

Hunting (repeated acceleration and deceleration) occurs at the set vehicle speed.	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of vehicle speed sensor or incorrect vacuum in the motor-driven vacuum pump or actuator.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor</li> <li>Malfunction of the motor-driven vacuum pump</li> <li>Malfunction of the actuator</li> <li>Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



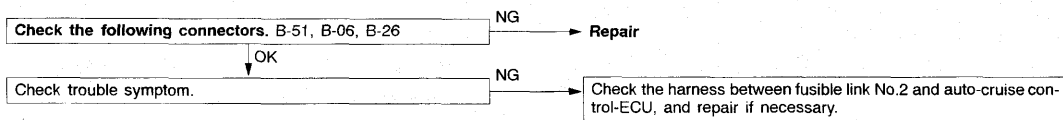
## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 11

Auto-cruise control indicator lamp inside combination meter does not illuminate. (However, auto-cruise control is normal.)	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of the valve or a malfunction of the connector or harness.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Malfunction of the valve</li> <li>Malfunction of the harness</li> <li>Malfunction of the connector</li> <li>Malfunction of the auto-cruise control-ECU</li> </ul>



## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 12

### Stop light switch input circuit system inspection (Code No. 23)



## INSPECTION PROCEDURE 13

Clutch pedal position switch <M/T> or park/neutral position switch <A/T> input circuit system inspection (Code No. 26)

&lt;M/T&gt;

&lt;A/T&gt;

Clutch pedal position switch check (Refer to P.17-25.)

NG

Replace

OK

Check the following connectors.  
B-26, B-22, B-23

NG

Replace

OK

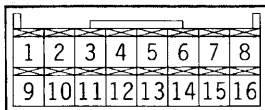
Check trouble symptom.

NG

Check the harness between auto-cruise control-ECU and ground, and repair if necessary.

Check the harness between auto-cruise control-ECU and power supply.

CHECK AT THE ECU TERMINALS



0710059

Terminal No.	Check item	Check conditions		Normal condition
1	Throttle position sensor input	When accelerator pedal is fully depressed		4.5 - 5.5V
		When accelerator pedal is released		0.3 - 1.0V
2	Closed throttle position switch output	When accelerator pedal is depressed	When closed throttle position switch is OFF	4.5 - 5.5V
		When accelerator pedal is not depressed	When closed throttle position switch is ON	0V
3	A/T control output	No OD-OFF request		System voltage
		OD-OFF request		0V
4	Stop light switch input	When brake pedal is depressed	When stop light switch is "ON"	System voltage
		When brake pedal is not depressed	When stop light switch is "OFF"	0V
5	Pump power supply	Ignition switch : ON Stop light switch : OFF		System voltage
6	ECU power supply	Ignition switch : ON		System voltage
7	Auto-cruise vacuum pump release valve and control valve input	When decelerating with the SET switch while driving at constant speed	Control valve open	System voltage
Release valve open			0V	
7		When cancelling constant speed driving with the CANCEL switch	Control valve open	System voltage
8			Release valve open	System voltage
9	Auto-cruise control switch input	When main switch ON		Approximately 9.0 V
		When input switch has not been operated	When all switches are OFF	Approximately 4.5 V
		When input switch is pushed down	When SET switch is ON	Approximately 1.5 V
		When input switch is pushed up	When RESUME switch is ON	Approximately 3.0 V
		When input switch is pulled forward	When CANCEL switch is ON	Approximately 0 V
10	Vehicle speed sensor input	When vehicle is moved forwards and backwards, sensor turns ON and OFF repeatedly		0V
		When sensor is OFF		4.5V or more
11	Diagnosis control input	When ignition switch is ON		4V or more

Terminal No.	Check item	Check conditions		Normal condition
12	ACC power supply	When ignition switch is in ACC position Main switch : ON		System voltage
13	Clutch pedal position switch input <M/T>	When pedal is not depressed	When clutch pedal position switch is OFF	4.5V or more
		When pedal is depressed	When clutch pedal position switch is ON	0V
	Park/neutral position switch input <A/T>	When select lever is in a position other than N range	When park/neutral position switch is OFF	System voltage
		When select lever is in N range	When park/neutral position switch is ON	0V
14	Ground	At any time		Continuity
15	Indicator input (inside combination meter)	When driving at constant speed	When indicator is illuminated	0V
		When constant-speed driving is cancelled	When indicator is switched off	System voltage
16	Auto-cruise vacuum pump motor input	When driving at constant speed using the SET switch	Motor stopped/running	System voltage/0V
		When accelerating with the RESUME switch while driving at constant speed	Motor stopped/running	System voltage/0V
		When decelerating with the SET switch while driving at constant speed	Motor stopped	System voltage
		When cancelling constant speed driving with the CANCEL switch	Motor stopped	System voltage

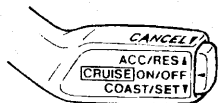
## ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

17200160145

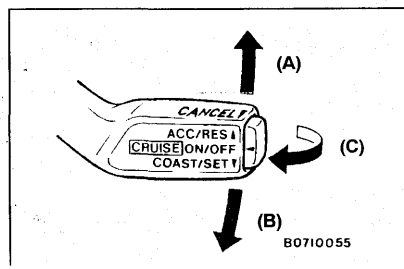
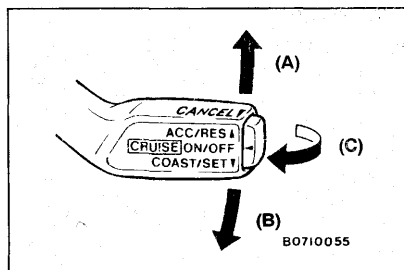
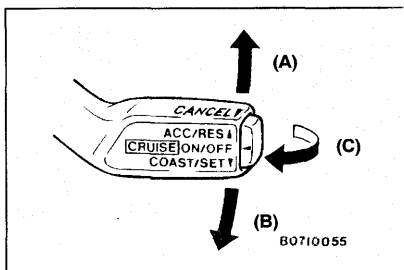
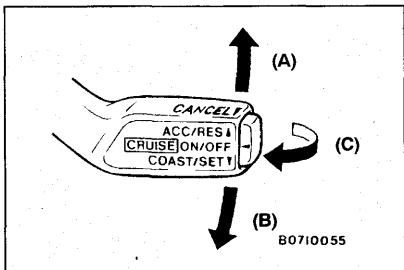
### AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL SYSTEM OPERATION CHECK

#### AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH INDICATOR LIGHT

1. Turn the ignition switch to "ON".
2. Check that the indicator light within the combination meter illuminates when the main switch is turned to "ON".



00710055



**AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL SETTING**

1. Switch ON the main switch.
2. Drive at the desired speed, above approximately 40 km/h. (25 mph)
3. Push the auto-cruise control switch in the direction of arrow (B).
4. Check to be sure that when the switch is released the speed is the desired constant speed.

**NOTE**

If the vehicles speed decreases to approximately 15 km/h (9 mph) below the set speed because of climbing a hill for example, the auto-cruise control will be cancelled.

**SPEED-INCREASE SETTING**

1. Set to the desired speed.
2. Push the auto-cruise control switch in the direction of arrow (A).
3. Check to be sure that acceleration continues while the switch is held, and that when it is released the constant speed at the time when it was released becomes the driving speed.

**NOTE**

Acceleration can be continued even if the vehicle speed has passed the high-speed limit [approximately 200 km/h (124 mph) ]. But the speed when the auto-cruise control switch is released will be recorded as the high-speed limit.

**SPEED-REDUCTION SETTING**

1. Set to the desired speed.
2. Push the auto-cruise control switch in the direction of arrow (B).
3. Check to be sure that deceleration continues while the switch is pressed, and that when it is released the constant speed at the time when it was released becomes the driving speed.

**NOTE**

When the vehicle speed reaches the low limit [approximately 40 km/h (25 mph)] during deceleration, the auto-cruise control will be cancelled.

**RETURN TO THE SET SPEED BEFORE CANCELLATION AND AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL CANCELLATION**

1. Set the auto-cruise speed control.
2. When any of the following operations are performed while at constant speed during auto-cruise control, check if normal driving is resumed and deceleration occurs.
  - a. The auto-cruise control switch is pushed in the direction of arrow (C).
  - b. The brake pedal is depressed.
  - c. The clutch pedal is depressed. (M/T)
  - d. The selector lever is moved to the "N" range. (A/T)



3. At a vehicle speed of 40 km/h (25 mph) or higher, check if when the RESUME switch is switched ON, vehicle speed returns to the speed before auto-cruise control driving was cancelled, and constant speed driving occurs.
4. When the main switch is turned to OFF while driving at constant speed, check if normal driving is resumed and deceleration occurs.

## AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL COMPONENT CHECK

17200170339

### STOP LIGHT SWITCH

Refer to GROUP 35A - On vehicle Service.

### CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH <M/T>

Refer to GROUP 21 - On-vehicle Service.

### PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH ("N" POSITION)

Refer to GROUP 23A - On-vehicle Service.

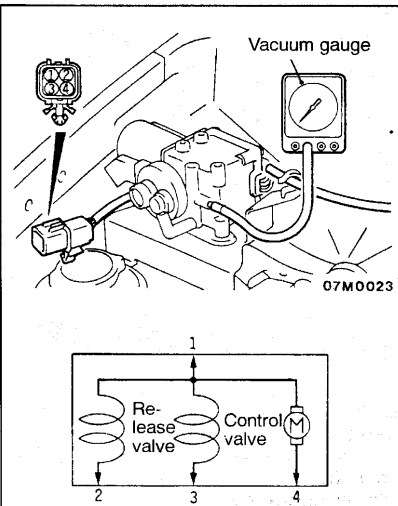
### THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service.

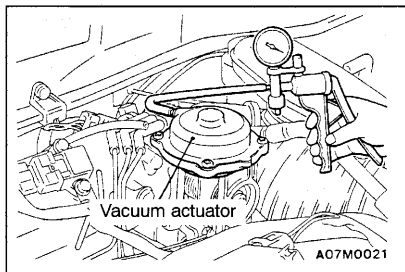
### AUTO-CRUISE VACUUM PUMP

1. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the auto-cruise vacuum pump and connect a vacuum gauge to the vacuum pump.
2. Disconnect the vacuum pump connector.
3. Check that the reading on the vacuum gauge matches the values in the table below when the battery is connected to each connector terminal.

Terminal No.				Valve condition	Vacuum gauge kPa (mm Hg, in. Hg)
1	2	3	4		
+	-	-	-	Release valve closed Control valve closed	53 (398, 15.7) or more
+	-	-	-	Release valve open	20 (150, 5.9) or less
+	-	-	-	Control valve open	

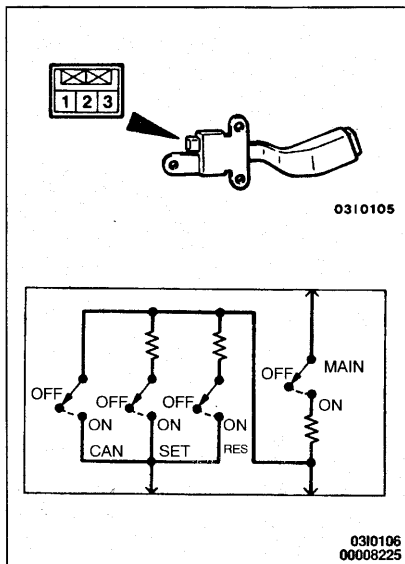


07M0023



## VACUUM ACTUATOR

1. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the vacuum actuator, and connect a hand vacuum pump to the actuator.
2. Check that the throttle lever operates when applying vacuum, and the vacuum is kept.



## AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL CHECK

Measure the resistance between the terminals when each of the "SET," "RESUME," "CANCEL" and "MAIN" switches is pressed. If the values measured at the time correspond to those in the table below, then there is no problem.

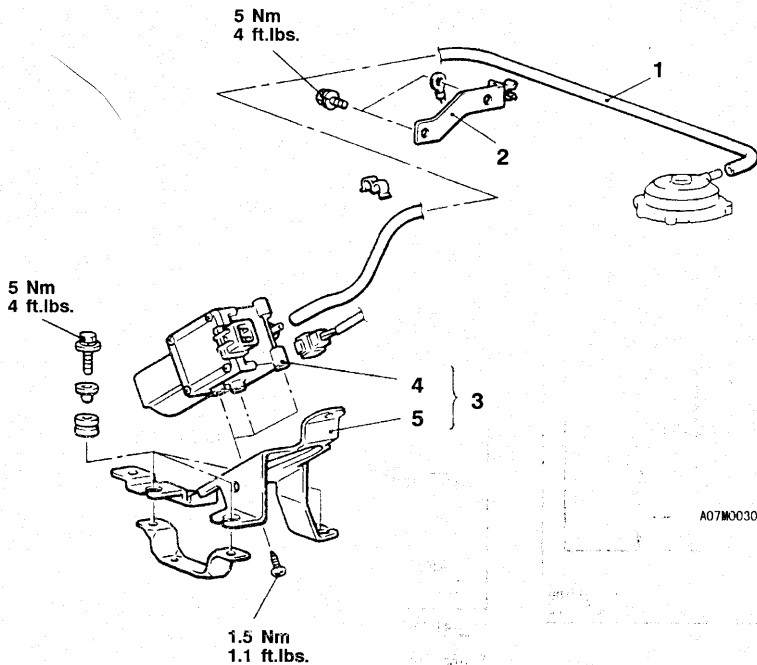
Switch position	Resistance between terminals	
Switch "OFF"	No continuity	
"CANCEL" switch "ON"	Terminals 1 and 3	Approximately 3.9 kΩ
	Terminals 2 and 3	Approximately 0 Ω
"RESUME" switch "ON"	Terminals 1 and 3	Approximately 4.8 kΩ
	Terminals 2 and 3	Approximately 910 Ω
"SET" switch "ON"	Terminals 1 and 3	Approximately 4.1 kΩ
	Terminals 2 and 3	Approximately 220 Ω
"MAIN" switch "ON"	Terminals 1 and 2	Approximately 3.9 kΩ

## VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK

Refer to GROUP 54 - Combination meters.

**AUTO-CRUISE CONTROL**

17200140378

**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION****Auto-cruise vacuum pump removal steps**

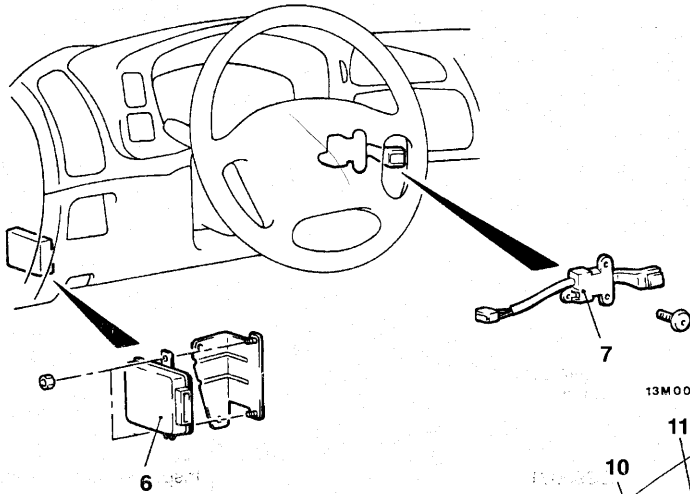
1. Vacuum hose
2. Bracket
3. Auto-cruise vacuum pump and bracket assembly
4. Auto-cruise vacuum pump assembly
5. Pump bracket

**CAUTION: SRS**

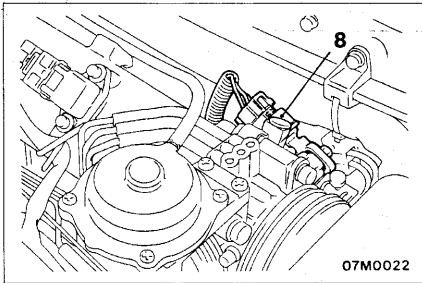
Before removal of the air bag module, refer to the following groups:

GROUP 52B - SRS Service Precautions.

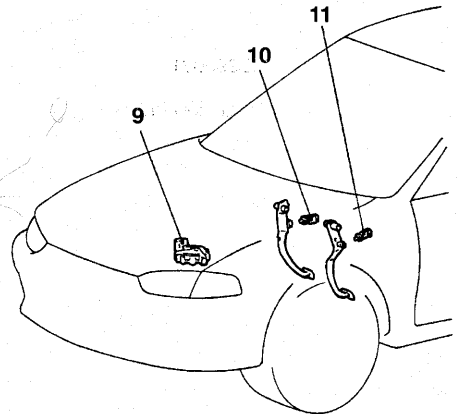
GROUP 52B - Air Bag Modules and Clock Spring.



13M0048



07M0022



07M0025

00004837

**Control unit removal**

- 6. Auto-cruise control-ECU Control switch removal

**Control switch removal**

- Air bag module (Refer to GROUP 52B.)
- 7. Control switch

**Sensor removal**

- 8. Throttle position sensor
- 9. Park/neutral position switch <A/T>
- 10. Stop light switch
- 11. Clutch pedal position switch <M/T>

# EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

17300010177

## GENERAL INFORMATION

The emission control system consists of the following subsystems:

- Positive crankcase ventilation system
- Evaporative emission control system
- Exhaust emission control system

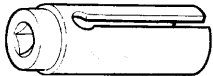
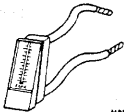
## SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

17300030166

Items	Specification
Evaporative emission purge solenoid coil resistance [at 20°C (68°F)] $\Omega$	36-44
EGR solenoid coil resistance [at 20°C (68°F)] $\Omega$	36-44

## SPECIAL TOOLS

17300060110

Tool	Tool number and name	Supersession	Application
	MD998770 Oxygen sensor wrench	MD998770-01 or general service tool	Removal/Installation of heated oxygen sensor
 MB991700	MB995061 Purge flow indicator		Inspection of purge control system

**TROUBLESHOOTING**

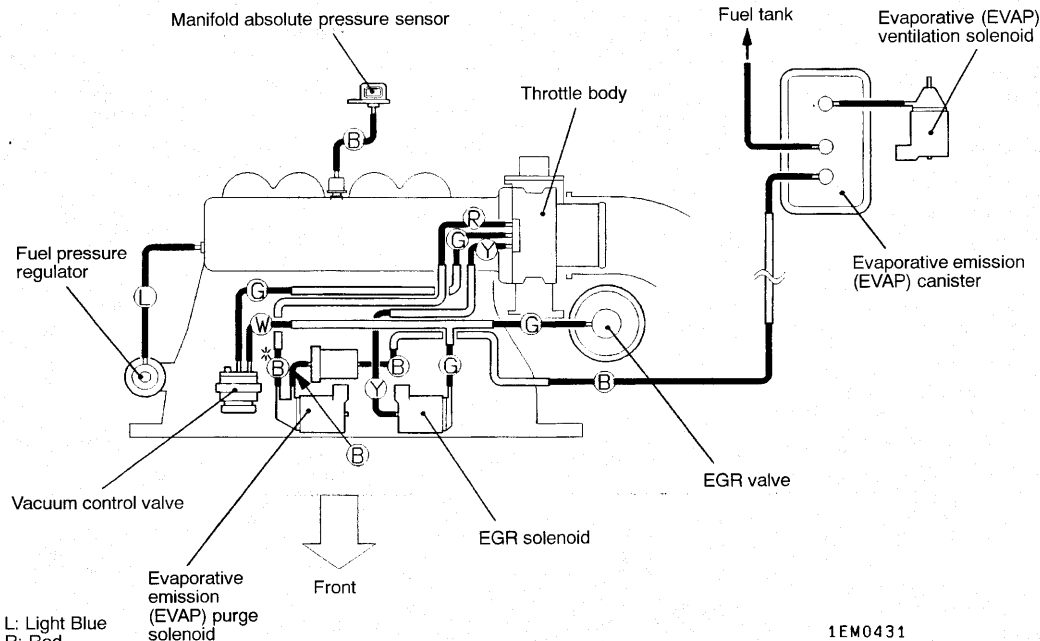
17300C70014

Symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
Engine will not start or hard to start	Vacuum hose disconnected or damaged	Repair or replace
	The EGR valve is not closed.	Repair or replace
	Malfunction of the evaporative emission purge solenoid	Repair or replace
Rough idle or engine stalls	The EGR valve is not closed.	Repair or replace
	Vacuum hose disconnected or damaged.	Repair or replace
	Malfunction of the positive crankcase ventilation valve	Replace
	Malfunction of the purge control system	Check the system; if there is a problem, check its component parts.
Engine hesitates or poor acceleration	Malfunction of the exhaust gas recirculation system	Check the system; if there is a problem, check its component parts.
Excessive oil consumption	Positive crankcase ventilation line clogged	Check positive crankcase ventilation system
Poor fuel mileage	Malfunction of the exhaust gas recirculation system	Check the system; if there is a problem, check its component parts.

# VACUUM HOSES

## VACUUM HOSE ROUTING

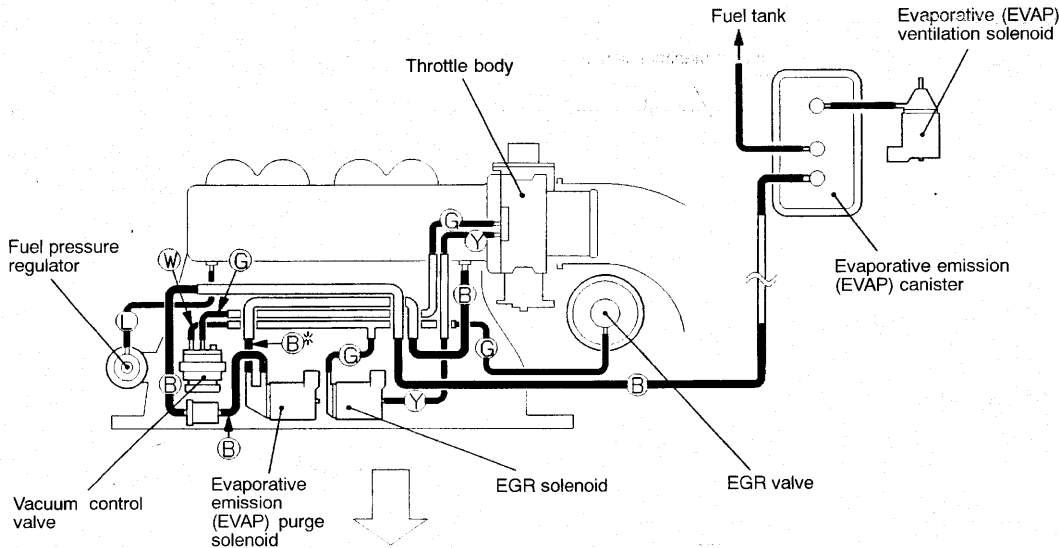
<1.5L Engine>



- L: Light Blue
- R: Red
- B: Black
- G: Green
- Y: Yellow
- W: White
- \*: With red-paint mark

1EM0431

## <1.8L Engine>



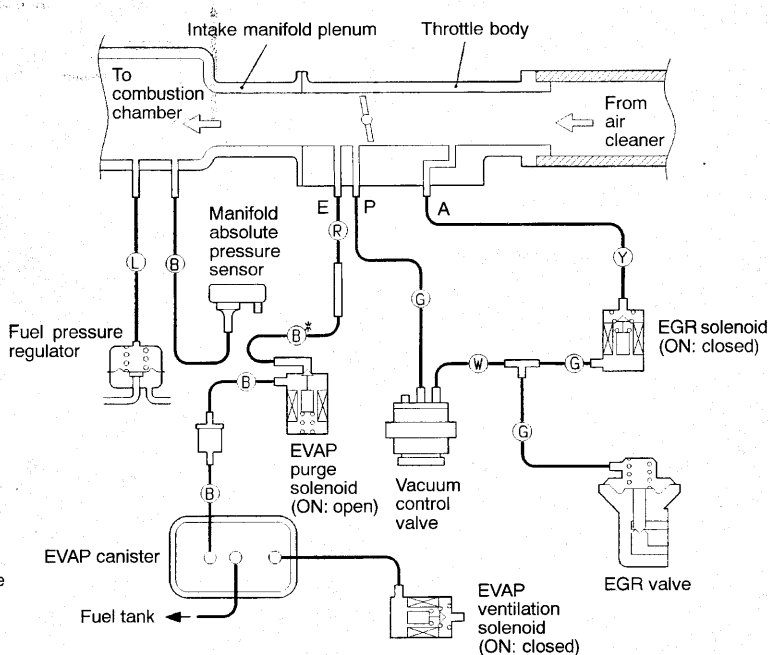
Front

9EM0262



## VACUUM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

&lt;1.5L Engine&gt;



L: Light Blue

R: Red

B: Black

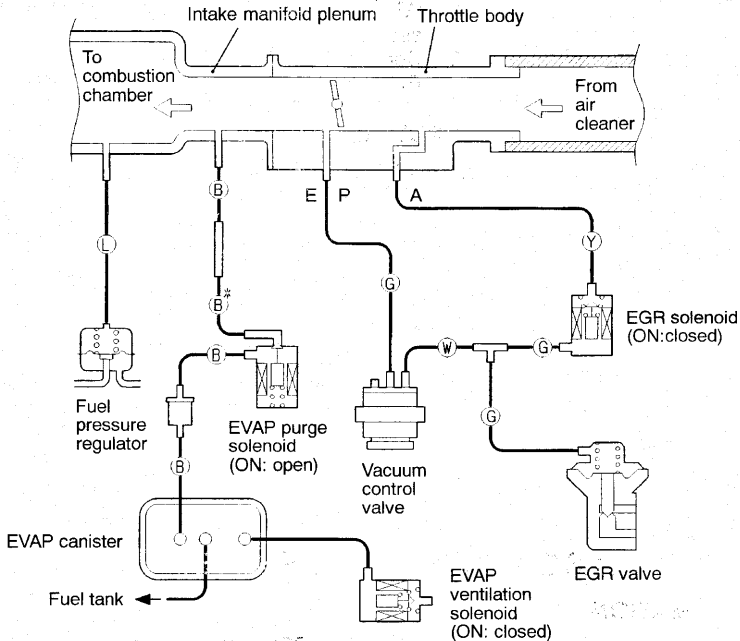
G: Green

Y: Yellow

W: White

\*: With red-paint mark

## <1.8L Engine>



- L: Light Blue
- B: Black
- G: Green
- Y: Yellow
- W: White
- \*: With red-paint mark

## VACUUM HOSE INSTALLATION

1. When connecting the vacuum hoses, they should be securely inserted onto the nipples.
2. Connect the hoses correctly, using the VACUUM HOSE ROUTING as a guide.

## VACUUM HOSE CHECK

1. Using the VACUUM HOSE ROUTING as a guide, check that the vacuum hoses are correctly connected.
2. Check the connection of the vacuum hoses, (removed, loose, etc.) and check that there are no blends or damage.

# POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM

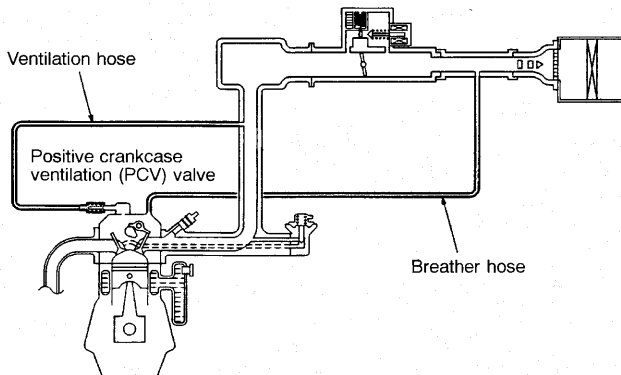
17300500179

## GENERAL INFORMATION

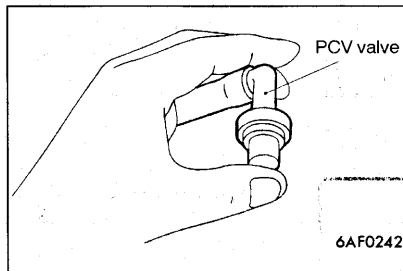
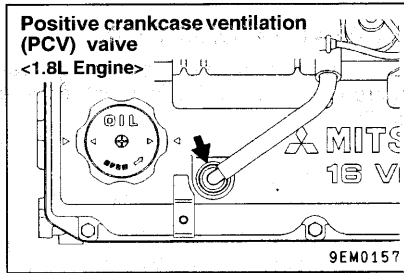
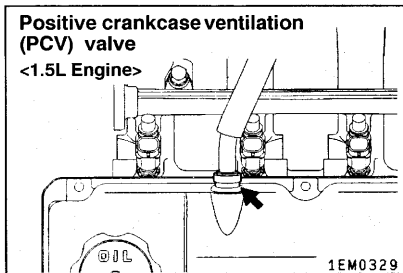
The positive crankcase ventilation system is a system for preventing the escape of blow-by gases from inside the crankcase into the atmosphere. Fresh air is sent from the cleaner into the crankcase through the breather hose to be mixed with the blow-by gas inside the crankcase. The blow-by gas inside the crankcase is drawn into the intake manifold through the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve.

The PCV valve is designed to lift the plunger according to the intake manifold vacuum so as to regulate the flow of blow-by gas properly. In other words, the blow-by gas flow is regulated during low load engine operation to maintain engine stability, while the flow is increased during high load operation to improve the ventilation performance.

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



COMPONENT LOCATION



CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM CHECK

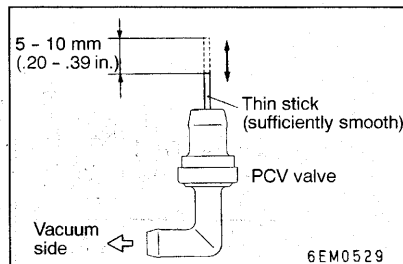
17300110181

- (1) Remove the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve from the rocker cover, then reconnect the PCV valve to the vacuum supply hose.
- (2) With the engine idling, put finger on the open end of the PCV valve, and check for negative pressure (vacuum) with finger.

NOTE

At this time, the plunger in the PCV valve should move back and forth as the open end is covered and uncovered.

- (3) If negative pressure is not felt, clean or replace the PCV valve. Inspect the vacuum supply hose and its port for restriction or plugged condition.



POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (PCV) VALVE CHECK

17300120160

- (1) Hold the PCV valve with the vacuum side down. Using light pressure, depress the PCV valve spring with the thin stick 5 - 10 mm (.20 - .39 in.). Release pressure on the stick to see if the PCV valve spring will lift the stick to its original position.
- (2) If the stick returns quickly to its original position, the PCV valve is OK. If the stick does not return quickly, clean or replace the PCV valve.

# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

17300510547

## GENERAL INFORMATION

The evaporative control system prevents fuel vapors generated in the fuel tank from escaping into the atmosphere.

Fuel vapors from the fuel tank flow through the fuel tank pressure control valve and vapor pipe/hose to be stored temporarily in the EVAP canister.

When the vehicle is in operation, fuel vapors stored in the EVAP canister flow through the EVAP purge solenoid and purge port and go into the intake manifold plenum to be sent to the combustion chamber.

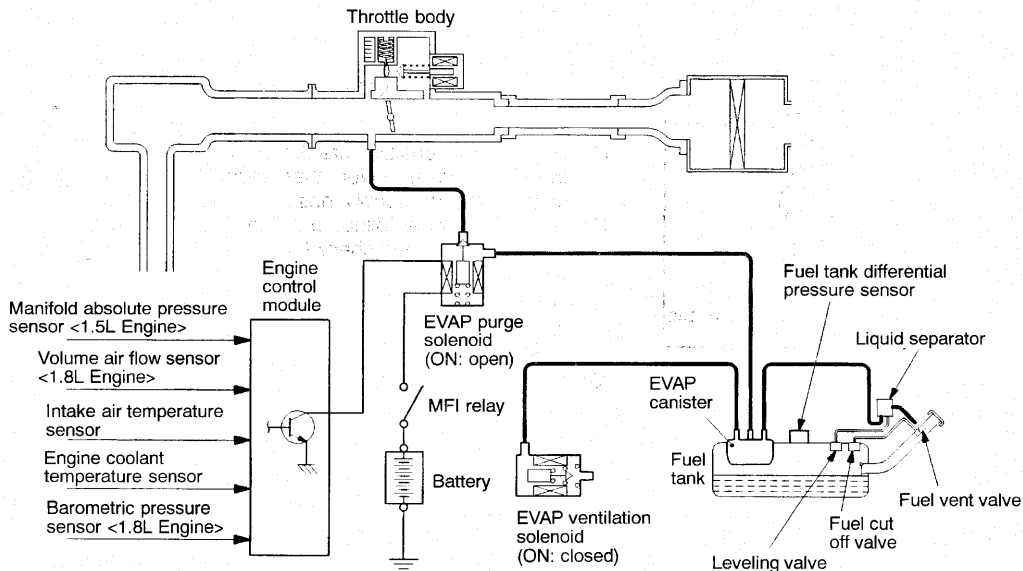
When the engine coolant temperature is low or when the intake air quantity is small (when the engine is at idle, for example), the engine control module brings the EVAP purge solenoid into the

OFF state to shut off the fuel vapor flow to the intake manifold plenum. This does not only ensure the driveability when the engine is cold or running under low load but also stabilize the emission level. In addition, the EVAP ventilation solenoid is provided between the EVAP canister and atmospheric air to carry out OBD-II EVAP leak monitor.

This solenoid valve is always off, but if OBD-II EVAP leak monitor is being carried out, the valve will be turned on to prevent atmospheric air from entering the EVAP canister.

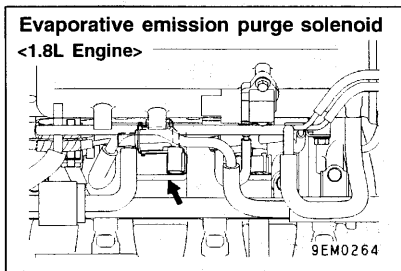
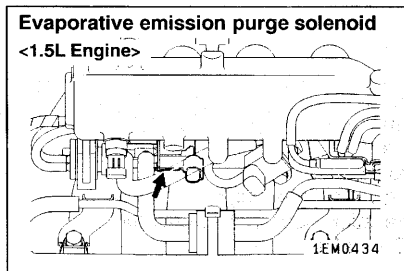
Moreover, the fuel vent valve is provided to the fuel filler tube to prevent excessive fuel from entering the fuel tank.

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM

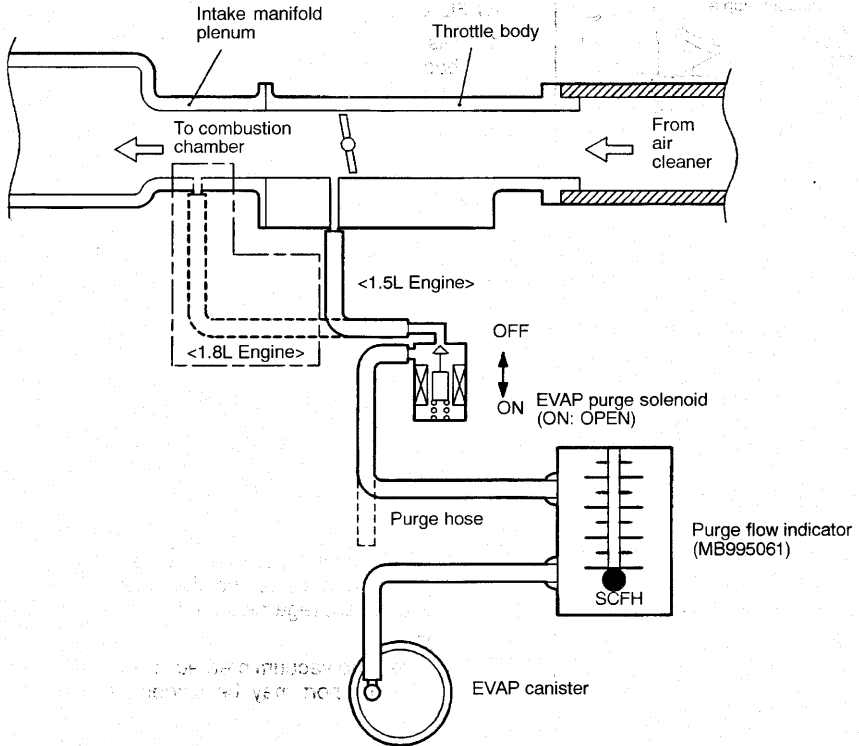


1EM0433

## COMPONENT LOCATION



## PURGE CONTROL SYSTEM CHECK (PURGE FLOW CHECK)



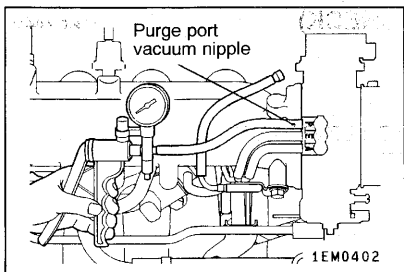
6EM0547

1. Disconnect the purge hose from the evaporative emission (EVAP) canister, and connect the special tool (purge flow indicator) between the EVAP canister and the purge hose.
2. The vehicle should be prepared as follows before the inspection and adjustment.
  - Engine coolant temperature: 80 - 95°C (176 - 203°F)
  - Lights, cooling fan and accessories: OFF
  - Transaxle: Neutral (A/T for P range)
3. Let the engine run at idle for at least four minutes.
4. Race the engine suddenly several times and check the purge flow rate.

**Standard value:**

**momentarily 20 cm<sup>3</sup> (2.5 SCFH) or more**

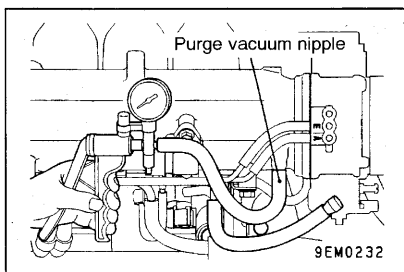
5. If the purge flow rate is below the standard value, disconnect the vacuum hose from the EVAP canister, and check the purge flow rate again. If the purge flow rate is below the standard value, check the vacuum port and hose for blockage, or the emission purge solenoid. In addition, replace the EVAP canister when the purge flow rate is at the standard value.

**PURGE PORT VACUUM CHECK**

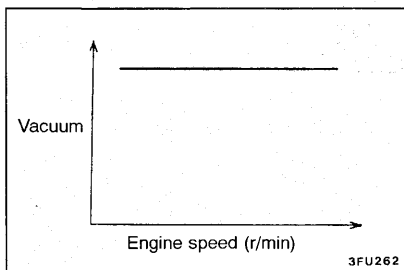
17300150343

**<1.5L Engine>**

1. Disconnect the vacuum hose (red strip) from the throttle body purge vacuum nipple and connect a hand vacuum pump to the nipple.

**<1.8L Engine>**

Disconnect the vacuum hose (black) from the intake air plenum vacuum nipple and connect a hand vacuum pump to the nipple.



2. Start the engine and check to see that, after raising the engine speed by racing the engine, purge vacuum is kept constant regardless of the increased engine speed.

**NOTE**

If there is no vacuum created, it is possible that the intake air plenum port may be clogged and require cleaning.

**EVAPORATIVE EMISSION PURGE SOLENOID CHECK**

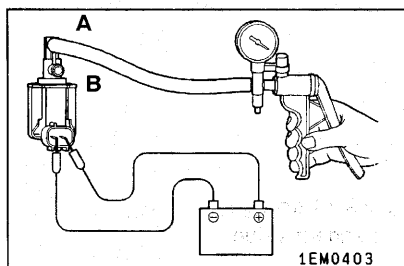
17300170318

**NOTE**

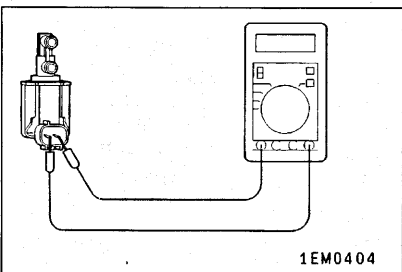
When disconnecting the vacuum hose, always make a mark so that it can be reconnected at its original position.

1. Disconnect the vacuum hose (black, red stripe) from the solenoid valve.
2. Disconnect the harness connector.

3. Connect a hand vacuum pump to nipple to nipple (A) of the solenoid valve (refer to the illustration at left).
4. Check airtightness by applying a vacuum with voltage applied directly from the battery to the purge control solenoid valve and without applying voltage.



Battery voltage	Normal condition
Applied	Vacuum leaks
Not applied	Vacuum maintained



5. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the solenoid valve.

**Standard value: 36 - 44  $\Omega$  [at 20°C (68°F)]**

**ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR  
AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR  
CHECK <1.5L Engine>**

17300180304

To check these parts, refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service.

**VOLUME AIR FLOW SENSOR, ENGINE  
COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND  
INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CHECK  
<1.8L Engine>**

17300180311

To inspect these parts, refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service.

**AIR CONDITIONING SWITCH CHECK**

17300200086

To inspect the conditioning switch, refer to GROUP 55 - Air Conditioning Switch.



# EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION (EGR) SYSTEM

17300520410

## GENERAL INFORMATION

The exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) system lowers the nitrogen oxide (NOx) emission level. When the air/fuel mixture combustion temperature is high, a large quantity of nitrogen oxides (NOx) is generated in the combustion chamber. Therefore, this system recirculates part of emission gas from

the exhaust port of the cylinder head to the combustion chamber through the intake manifold to decrease the air/fuel mixture combustion temperature, resulting in reduction of NOx. The EGR flow rate is controlled by the EGR valve so as not to decrease the driveability.

## OPERATION

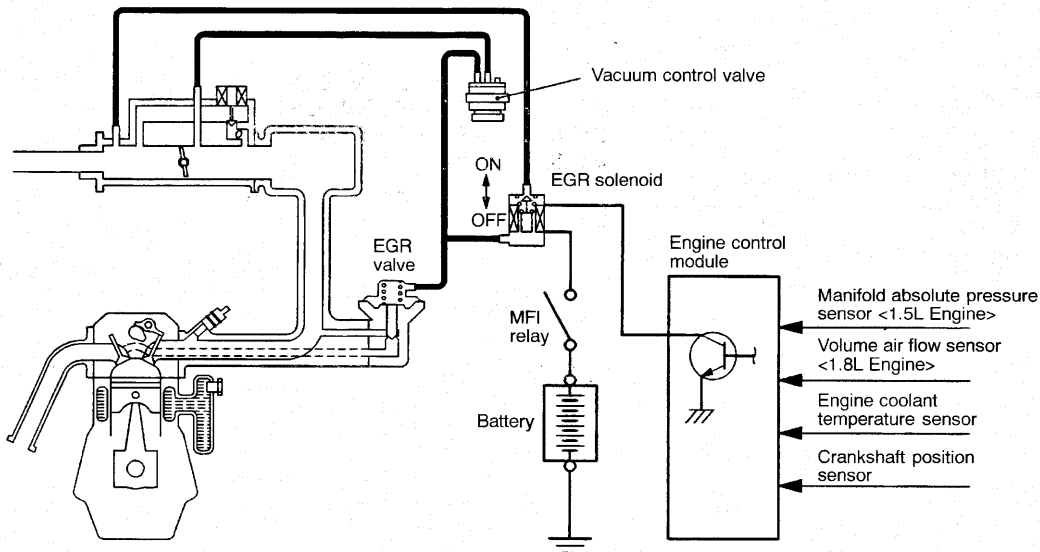
When the engine coolant temperature is low, when the engine is at idle or when a wide open throttle operation is performed, the EGR valve is kept closed, achieving no EGR.

After warming up of the engine, EGR valve is opened.

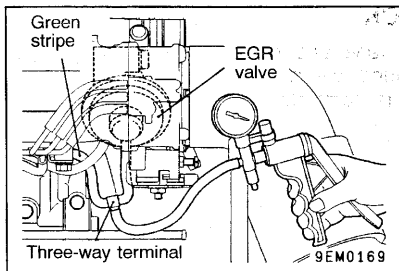
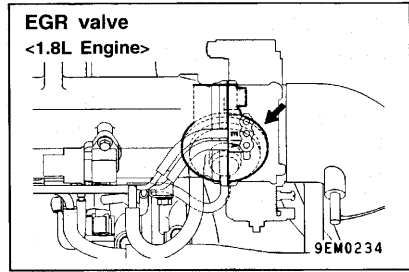
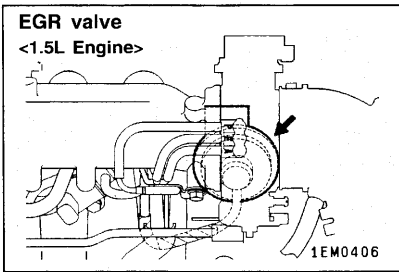
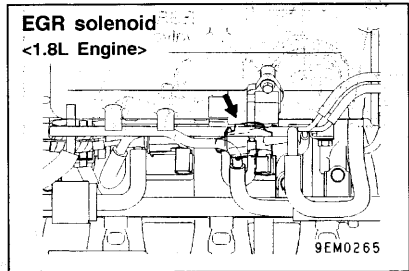
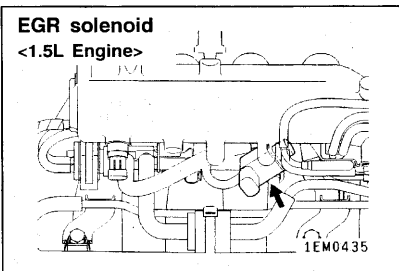
The engine control module monitors the EGR system and illuminates the check engine/malfunc-

tion indicator lamp to indicate that there is a malfunction.

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



COMPONENT LOCATION



**EGR SYSTEM CHECK**

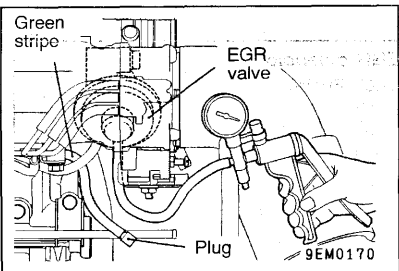
17300260213

1. Disconnect the vacuum hose (green stripe) from the EGR valve, and then connect a hand vacuum pump via the three-way terminal.
2. Regarding the engine in cold and hot conditions, check the condition of vacuum when engine rpm is increased by opening the throttle valve quickly.

**When engine is cold**

**[Engine coolant temperature: 20°C (68°F) or less]**

Throttle valve	Normal vacuum condition
Open quickly	No vacuum will generate (remained as barometric pressure).

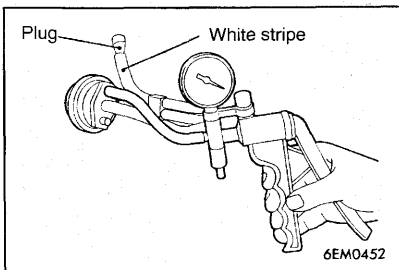


When engine is hot

[Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F) or less]

Throttle valve	Normal vacuum condition
Open quickly	If will momentarily rise over 13kPa (3.9 in. Hg)

3. Disconnect the three-way terminal.
4. Connect the hand vacuum pump directly to the EGR valve.
5. Check whether the engine stalls or the idling is unstable when a vacuum of 29kPa (8.7 in.Hg) or higher is applied during idling.



**VACUUM CONTROL VALVE CHECK**

17300270032

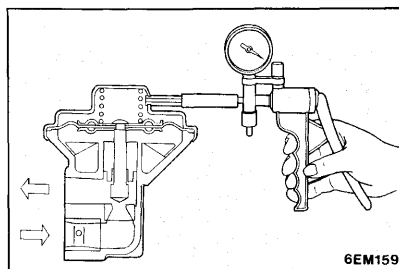
1. Disconnect the vacuum hose (white stripe) from the vacuum control valve and connect the hand vacuum pump to the vacuum control valve
2. Plug the end of the removed vacuum hose.
3. Start the engine and run at idle.
4. Check the vacuum condition.

Engine condition	Normal vacuum condition
Idling	Approx. 23kPa (6.7 in.Hg)

**EGR VALVE CHECK**

17300280073

1. Removal the EGR valve and inspect for sticking, carbon deposits, etc. If found, clean with a suitable solvent so that the valve seats correctly.



2. Connect a hand vacuum pump to the EGR valve.
3. Apply 67kPa (20 in.Hg) of vacuum, and check to be sure that the vacuum is maintained.
4. Apply a vacuum and check the passage of air by blowing through one side of the EGR passage.

Vacuum	Passage of air
5.3kPa (1.6 in.Hg) or less	Air is not blown out
29kPa (8.7 in.Hg) or more	Air is blown out

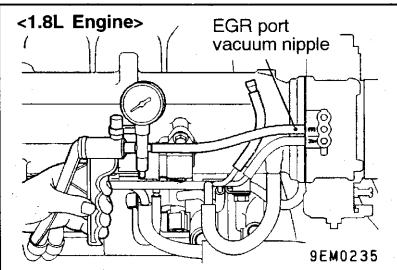
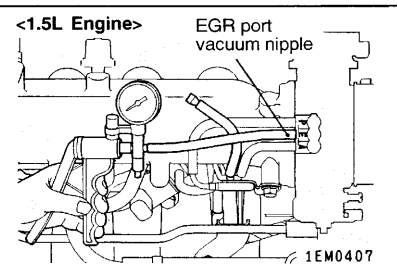
- Reinstall the EGR valve, using a new gasket, and tighten to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 22 Nm (16 ft.lbs.)**

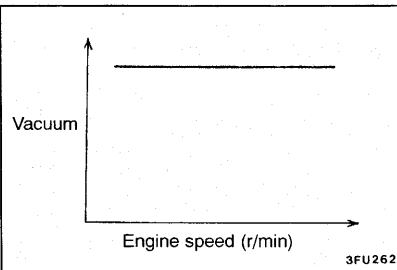
### EGR PORT VACUUM CHECK

17300290250

- Disconnect the vacuum hose (green stripe) from the throttle body EGR vacuum nipple and connect a hand vacuum pump to the nipple.



- Start the engine and check to see that, after rapidly increasing engine rpm, vacuum remains fairly constant.



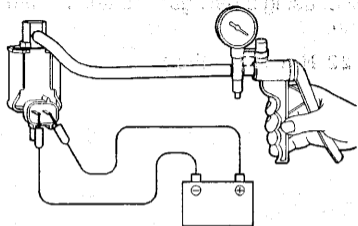
### EGR SOLENOID CHECK

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#### NOTE

When disconnecting the vacuum hose, always make so that it can be reconnected at original position.

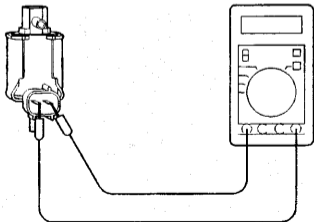
- Disconnect the vacuum hose (yellow stripe, white stripe) from the solenoid valve.
- Disconnect the harness connector.



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3. Connect a hand vacuum pump to the nipple to which the white-striped vacuum hose was connected.
4. Check airtightness by applying a vacuum with voltage applied directly from the battery to the EGR control solenoid valve and without applying voltage.

Battery voltage	Normal condition
Not applied	Vacuum leaks
Applied	Vacuum maintained



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5. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the solenoid valve.

**Standard value: 36 - 44  $\Omega$  [at 20°C (68°F)]**

# CATALYTIC CONVERTER

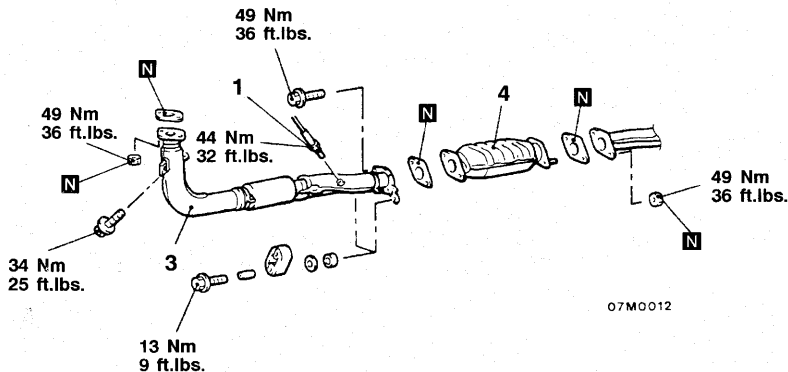
## GENERAL INFORMATION

The three-way catalytic converter, together with the closed loop air-fuel ratio control based on the oxygen sensor signal, oxidizes carbon monoxides (CO) and hydrocarbons (HC) and reduces nitrogen oxides (NOx).

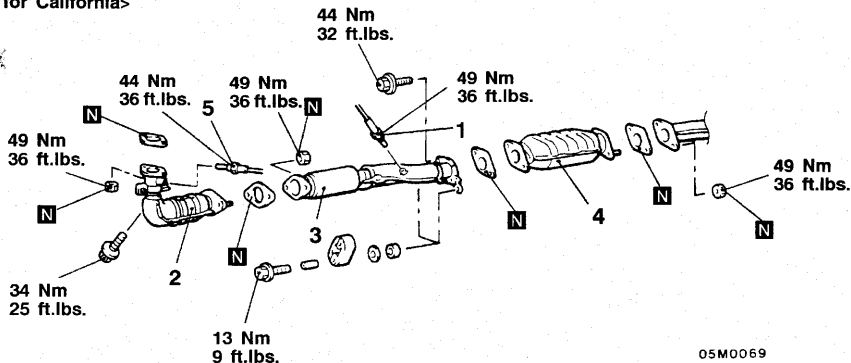
When the mixture is controlled at stoichiometric air-fuel ratio, the three-way catalytic converter provides the highest purification against the three constituents, namely, CO, HC and NOx.

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

<Vehicles for Federal>



<Vehicles for California>

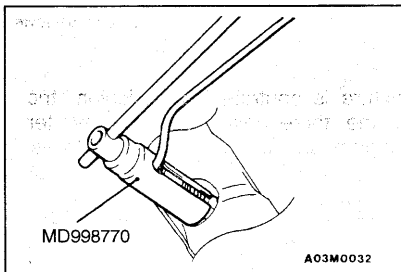


00004839

### Removal steps

1. Heated oxygen sensor
2. Front catalytic converter
3. Front exhaust pipe

4. Rear catalytic converter
5. Heated oxygen sensor



## REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

◀A▶ HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR REMOVAL

## INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

▶A◀ HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR REMOVAL

## INSPECTION

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Inspect for damage, cracking or deterioration. Replace if faulty.

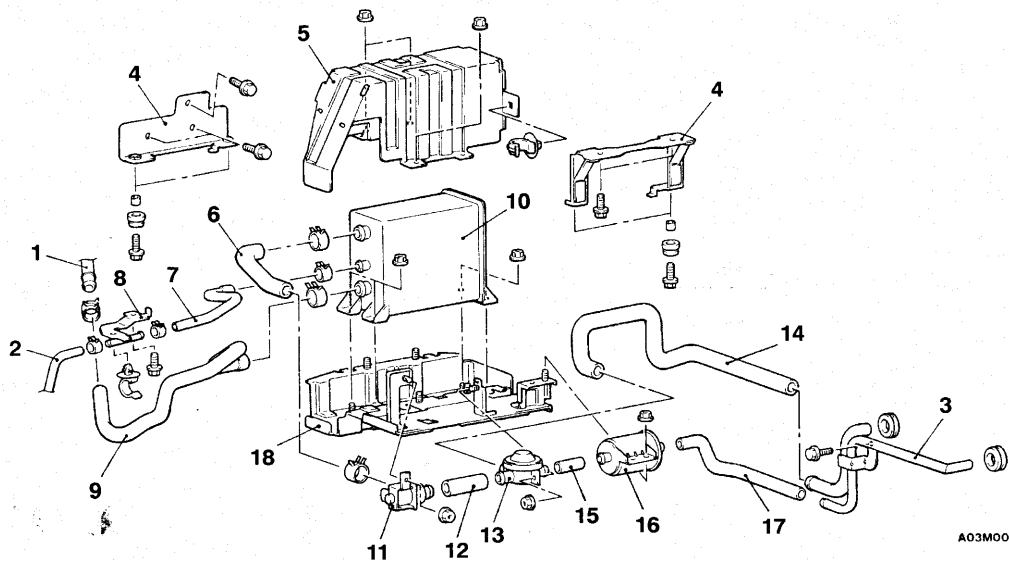
### Caution

1. Stop the engine immediately if engine misfiring occurs, otherwise an abnormally hot exhaust system will damage the catalytic converter or other underbody parts.
2. Correct and repair the ignition or fuel system if there are malfunctions, otherwise engine misfiring may occur which will damage the catalytic converter.
3. Observe manufacturer's specifications when doing service work.

# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CANISTER/AIR FILTER/EVAPORATIVE VENTILATION SOLENOID

17300480251

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

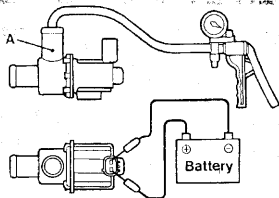


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### Removal steps

- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Leveling pipe connection</li> <li>2. Purge hose connection</li> <li>3. Vent pipe</li> <li>4. Canister bracket</li> <li>5. Canister upper cover</li> <li>6. Vent hose A</li> <li>7. Purge hose</li> <li>8. Purge pipe assembly</li> <li>9. Vapor hose</li> <li>10. Evaporative emission canister assembly</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. Evaporative emission ventilation solenoid</li> <li>12. Vent hose B</li> <li>13. Vent valve</li> <li>14. Vent hose C</li> <li>15. Vent hose D</li> <li>16. Air filter</li> <li>17. Vent hose E</li> <li>18. Canister lower cover</li> </ol> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|





03M0073

## INSPECTION

17300460101

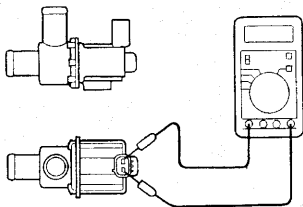
## EVAPORATIVE EMISSION VENTILATION SOLENOID CHECK

- (1) Connect a hand vacuum pump to nipple (A) of the solenoid.
- (2) Check airtightness by applying a vacuum with voltage applied directly from the battery to the evaporative emission ventilation solenoid and without applying voltage.

Battery voltage	Normal condition
Applied	Vacuum maintained
Not applied	Vacuum leaks

- (3) Measure the resistance between the terminals of the solenoid.

**Standard value: 17 - 21  $\Omega$  [at 20°C (68°F)]**



03M0074