CRUISE CONTROL SYSTEM

1991 Mitsubishi Montero

1991-92 SAFETY EQUIPMENT Mitsubishi Cruise Control Systems

Montero

DESCRIPTION & OPERATION

The cruise control system is electronically and vacuum controlled. System components include a control unit, actuator, vacuum pump, cruise control switch, clutch pedal switch, cruise indicator light, diode, inhibitor switch (A/T), stoplight switch, vehicle speed sensor and A/T control unit.

The system has self-diagnostic capability. When self-diagnostic mode is activated, each switch and sensor is checked for defects. When cruise control system has been cancelled without using a normal cancel method, a code will be set and stored in control unit. Codes can be retrieved to help determine which circuit is malfunctioning.

PRELIMINARY INSPECTION

Before performing TROUBLE SHOOTING steps, inspect linkage assembly, actuator, cables and vacuum hoses. Ensure linkage and cables move smoothly. Ensure cables do not have excessive slack or tension.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

NOTE: For further trouble shooting information, see CHECK RESULTS & SYMPTOM CHARTS. See Figs. 11-16.

SYSTEM CANCELS OR WILL NOT RESET AFTER CANCELLATION

 Check trouble codes, see SELF-DIAGNOSTICS under DIAGNOSIS & TESTING. If no trouble codes are stored, ensure cruise control can be set.

2) If cruise control can be set, system may have cancelled because of driving on steep hills or loose wiring connection. If cruise control still cannot be set, perform SYSTEM INPUT TESTS under DIAGNOSIS & TESTING.

3) On 1991 models, if SYSTEM INPUT TESTS check okay, check actuator circuit. See TEST NO. 5 under CIRCUIT TESTS (1991). On 1992 models, if SYSTEM INPUT TESTS check okay, check vacuum pump circuit. See TEST NO. 6 under CIRCUIT TESTS (1992). On all models, if SYSTEM INPUT TESTS do not check okay, see INPUT CODE CHART. See Fig. 9 or 10.

ADJUSTMENTS

CRUISE CONTROL CABLE

1991

1) Ensure cruise control and accelerator cables are free of bends and folds. Remove actuator cover. Loosen lock nuts and adjusting nuts to free cables. Adjust accelerator cable "A" to correct dimension. See Fig. 1 or 2.

2) Tighten lock nuts. Loosen adjustment bolts on intake air plenum. Adjust plate so that inner cable free play is .04-.08" (1-2

mm). Tighten adjustment plate bolts.

3) Ensure throttle link is touching fixed Speed Adjusting Screw (SAS). With intermediate link "A" in contact with stopper, tighten adjusting nut "A" in direction that reduces inner cable free play. See Fig. 3.

4) Stop turning adjusting nut "A" just before intermediate link "A" begins to move. Back off adjusting nut "A" 1/2 turn. Inner cable free play should be 0-.04" (0-1 mm). Tighten lock nut. Ensure the distance intermediate link "B" begins to move when selector of actuator turns is 04-.08" (1-2 mm). See Fig. 4.

5) Press accelerator pedal to ensure intermediate links "A" and "B" operate smoothly. Install actuator cover.

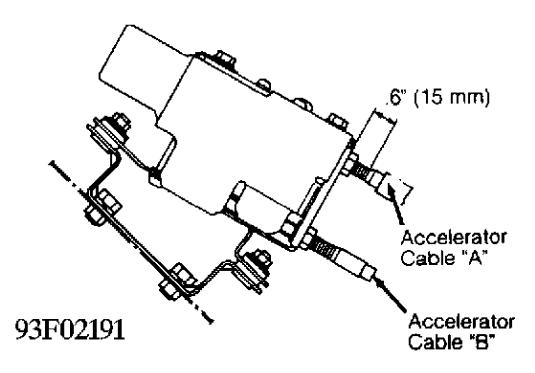


Fig. 1: Adjusting Cruise Control & Accelerator Cables (1991 - 1 Of 4) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

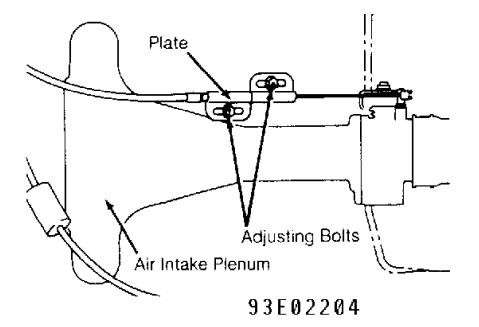
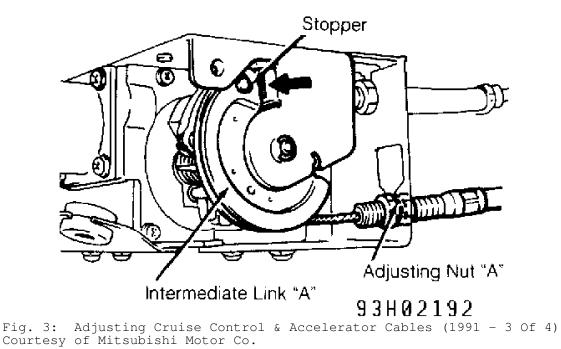


Fig. 2: Adjusting Cruise Control & Accelerator Cables (1991 - 2 Of 4) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



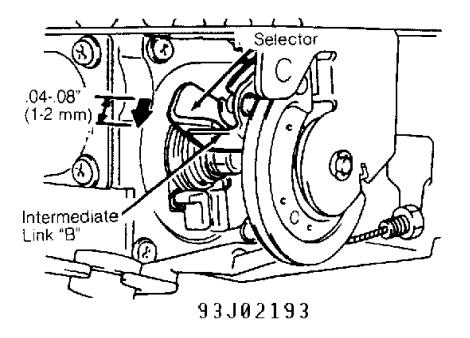
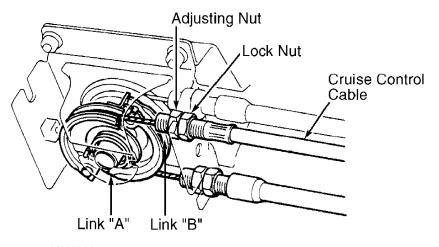


Fig. 4: Adjusting Cruise Control & Accelerator Cables (1991 - 4 Of 4) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

1992

Remove link protector. Loosen lock nut. Hold link "A" so that it touches link "B". Adjust free play by turning adjusting nut until free play is .04-.08" (1-2 mm). Tighten lock nut. See Fig. 5.



93H02205 Fig. 5: Adjusting Cruise Control Cable (1992) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

DIAGNOSIS & TESTING

CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH FUNCTION TEST

NOTE: If vehicle speed decreases approximately 9 MPH below set speed, set speed will be cancelled.

1) Cruise control switch is part of multifunction switch mounted on steering column. To operate cruise control system, turn ignition on. Turn cruise control switch to ON position. Ensure switch indicator light comes on.

NOTE: Speed will not set beyond system limit of 90 MPH.

2) With cruise control switch in ON position, drive vehicle between 25 and 90 MPH. Press and release SET button. Vehicle speed should stay at set speed. Instrument cluster cruise indicator light should come on. To increase set speed, turn control switch to RESUME position and hold until new set speed is reached.

3) To lower set speed, press SET button and hold until new set speed is reached. To return to set speed after cancellation, move resume switch from ON to OFF position. Vehicle speed should return to previous setting before cancellation. Set speed should cancel when any of the following occurs:

- * Brake pedal is pressed.
- * Clutch pedal is pressed.
- * Transmission is shifted to Neutral or Park.
- * Cruise control main switch is turned off.
- * Ignition switch is turned off.

SELF-DIAGNOSTICS

1) Self-diagnostics should be performed when cruise control cancels without the driver using normal cancel modes. Diagnosis connector is located on right side of fuse box. Use analog voltmeter or Multi-Use Tester (MB991341) for code retrieval.

2) Use multi-use tester according to operating instructions provided with tester. Connect leads of analog voltmeter between cruise control terminal and ground terminal of self-diagnostic connector. See Fig. 6. Read voltmeter needle sweeps to determine trouble code.

NOTE: On 1991 models, codes No. 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 will be displayed whether malfunction is present or not.

3) Once trouble codes have been displayed, see SELF-DIAGNOSTIC CODE CHART to determine appropriate CIRCUIT TEST. See Fig. 7 or 8.

4) To clear trouble codes, either disconnect battery cable or turn ignition on. Turn main cruise control switch and set switch to ON position. Within one second turn resume switch to ON position.

5) Hold stoplight switch and cruise control switch in ON position for more than 5 seconds. Verify codes are cleared.

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Fig. 6: Identifying Self-Diagnostic Connector Terminals Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Code No.	Display patterns (output codes)	Probable cause	Circuit Test
11		Abnormal condition of actuator drive system	No. 5
12		Abnormal condition of vehicle-speed signal system	No. 4
13		Low-speed limiter activation (The system is normal if it can be reset.)	_
14		Automatic cancellation activated by vehicle speed reduction. (The system is normal if it can be reset.)	-
15		Control switch malfunction (when SET and RESUME switches switched on simultaneously)	No. 2,3
16		Cancel switch ON signal input (including stop light switch input wiring damage or disconnection)	No. 6, 7, 8

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Fig. 7: 1991 Self-Diagnostic Code Chart Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Code No.	Display patterns (output codes) (Use with voltmeter)	Probable cause	Circuit Test
11		Abnormal condition of motor-driven vacuum pump system	No. 6
12		Abnormal condition of vehicle-speed signal system	No. 5
15		Control switch malfunction (when SET and RESUME switches switched ON simultaneously.)	No. 2, 3
16		Abnormal condition of ECU	No. 7, 8, 9
17		Abnormal condition of throttle position sensor Abnormal condition of idle switch	No. 11

93E02195 Fig. 8: 1992 Self-Diagnostic Code Chart Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

SYSTEM INPUT TESTS

1991 1) System input tests should be performed if no trouble codes are stored when performing SELF-DIAGNOSTICS.

2) System input tests cycle each cruise control switch and sensor. Use analog voltmeter or Multi-Use Tester (MB991341) for system input check. Use multi-use tester according to operating instructions provided with tester. Connect leads of analog voltmeter between cruise control terminal and ground terminal of self-diagnostic connector. See Fig. 6.

3) Turn ignition on and check items No. 1-3 on INPUT CODE CHART. See Fig. 9 Or 10. Start engine and check items No. 4 and 5 on INPUT CODE CHART. To display results of each input check, press SET switch while holding RESUME switch in ON position. Read codes. Codes will display if circuit tested is okay.

1992

1) System input tests should be performed if no trouble codes are stored when performing SELF-DIAGNOSTICS. System input tests cycle each cruise control switch and sensor.

2) Use Multi-Use Tester (MB991341) for system input check. Use multi-use tester according to operating instructions provided with tester. Connect leads of analog voltmeter between cruise control terminal and ground terminal of self-diagnostic connector. See Fig. 6. Turn ignition switch to ON position. Follow INPUT CODE CHART sequence. See Fig. 9 or 10.

3) To display results of input check, move SET switch to ON position. Then turn MAIN switch to ON position. Within one second, activate RESUME switch. Codes will display if circuit tested is okay.

Check No.	Input operation	Code No.	Display patterns (output codes)	Check results	
1	SET switch ON	21		SET switch circuit normal	
2	RESUME switch ON	22		RESUME switch cir- cuit normal	
3	 Each CANCEL switch ON Stop light switch (brake pedal depressed) Clutch switch *'(clutch pedal depressed) Inhibitor switch *2(selector handle to "N" range) 	23		Each circuit normal	
4	Driving at approximately to 40 km/h (25 mph) or higher	24		When both No. 4 and No. 5 can be confirmed, vehi-	
5	Driving at less than approxi- mately 40 km/h (25 mph) or stopped	25		cle-speed sensor circit normal.	

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Fig. 9: 1991 Input Code Chart Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co. 1991 MODEL

Check No.	Input operation	Code No.	Display patterns (output codes) (with voltmeter)	Check results
1	SET switch ON	21		SET switch circuit normal
2	RESUME switch ON	22		RESUME switch circuit normal
3	Stop light switch (brake pedal depressed)	23		Stop light switch normal
4	Driving at approximately to 40 km/h (25 mph) or higher	24		When both No. 4 and No. 5 can be confirmed, vehicle-speed sensor circuit normal.
5	Driving at less than approximately to 40 km/h (25 mph)	25		
6	 Clutch switch ON (clutch pedal depressed) <m t=""></m> Inhibitor switch ON (selector lever to "N" range) 	26		Clutch switch or inhibitor switch normal
7	CANCEL switch ON	27		CANCEL switch circuit normal
8	Throttle position sensor output (when the accelerator pedal is pressed more than half way)	28		Throttle position sensor normal
9	Idle switch OFF (accelerator pedal depressed)	29		idle switch normal 93102197

Fig. 10: 1992 Input Code Chart Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Check results	Probable cause	Remedy	Circuit Test
Code 21 remains even though SET switch is set to OFF.	SET switch ON mal- function Replace the control switch		No. 2
	SET switch input line short-circuit	Repair the harness.	
Code 22 remains even though RESUME switch is set to OFF.	RESUME switch ON malfunction		
	RESUME switch input line short-circuit	Repair the harness.	
Code 23 remains even though CANCEL switch is set to OFF.	Malfunction of the CANCEL circuit (ON malfunction)	Check or repair each CANCEL circuit.	No. 5, 7, 8
Code 25 does not disappear, and code 24 does not appear, even though vehicle speed reaches ap- proximately 40 km/h (25 mph) or higher.	Malfunction of the ve- hicle-speed sensor cir- cuit (damaged or dis-connected wiring, or short-circuit)	Check or repair the vehicle speed sensor circuit.	No. 4

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Fig. 11: Check Results Chart Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Circuit Test	Remedy	
 The set vehicle speed varies greatly upward or downward. "Hunching" (repeated alternating acceleration and deceleration) occurs after setting is made. 	Malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor circuit	No. 4	Repair the vehicle speed sensor system, or replace the part.	
	Malfunction of the speedometer cable or speedometer drive gear			
	Actuator circuit poor contact	No. 5	Repair the actuator system, or replace the	
	Malfunction of the actuator		part.	
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise control unit	-	Replace the auto-cruise control unit	
The auto-cruise control system is not canceled when the brake pedal is depressed.	Damaged or discon- nected wiring of the stop light switch input circuit; brake switch (for the auto-cruise control) malfunction (short-circuit)	No. 6	Repair the harriess or replace the stop light switch.	
	Actuator drive circuit short-circuit	No. 5	Repair the harness or replace the actuator.	
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise control unit	-	Replace the auto-cruise control unit	
The auto-cruise control system is not canceled when the clutch pedal is depressed. (vehicles with a manual transmission) (It is canceled, however,	Damaged or disconnected wiring of clutch switch input circuit	No. 8	Repair the harness, or repair or replace the clutch switch.	
when the brake pedal is depressed.)	Clutch switch improper installation (won't switch ON)			
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise control unit	-	Replace the auto-cruise control unit	
The auto-cruise control system is not canceled when the selector handle is moved to the "N" position. (Vehicles with an automatic	Damaged or disconnected wiring of inhibitor switch input circuit	No. 7	Repair the harness, or repair or replace the inhibitor switch.	
transmission) (It is canceled, however, when the brake pedal is depressed.)	Improper adjustment of inhibitor switch			
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise control unit	_	Replace the auto-cruise control unit	

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Fig. 12: 1991 Symptom Chart (1 Of 2) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Circuit Test	Remedy
Cannot decelerate by using the SET switch	Temporary damaged or disconnected wiring of SET switch input circuit	No. 2	Repair the harness or replace the SET switch
	Actuator circuit poor contact	No. 5	Repair the harness or replace the actuator.
	Malfunction of the actuator		
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise control unit	vir	Replace the auto-cruise control unit
Cannot accelerate or resume speed by using the RESUME switch.	Damaged or disconnected wiring, or short-circuit, of RESUME switch input circuit	No. 3	Repair the harness or replace the RESUME switch.
	Actuator circuit poor contact	No. 5	Repair the hamess or replace the actuator.
	Malfunction of the actuator		
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise control unit	-	Replace the auto-cruise control uni
Auto-cruise control system can be set while traveling at a vehicle speed of less than 40 km/h (25 mph), or there is no	Malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor circuit	No. 4	Repair the vehicle speed sensor system, or replace the part.
automatic cancellation at that speed.	Malfunction of the speedometer cable or the speedometer drive gear		
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise control unit	-	Replace the auto-cruise control uni
The MAIN switch indicator light does not illuminate. (But auto-cruise control system is	Damaged or disconnected bulb of MAIN switch indicator	-	Repair the harness or replace the control switch.
normal.)	Harness damaged or disconnected		
Overdrive is not canceled during fixed speed driving. 	Malfunction of circuit related to overdrive cancelation,or malfunction of the auto-cruise contorl unit	No. 9	Repair the harness or replace the part.
No shift to overdrive during manual driving 			

93602200 Fig. 13: 1991 Symptom Chart (2 Of 2) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Check results	Probable cause	Remedy	Circuit Test	
Code 21 remains even though SET switch is set to OFF.	SET switch ON malfunction	Replace the control switch.	No. 2	
	SET switch input line short-circuit	Repair the harness.		
Code 22 remains even though RESUME switch is set to OFF.	RESUME switch ON malfunction	Replace the control switch.	No. 3	
	RESUME switch input line short-circuit	Repair the harness.		
Code 23 remains even if the stop light switch is turned OFF by releasing the brake pedal.	Malfunction of stop light switch circuit.	Replace stop light switch or repair harness.	No. 7	
Code 25 remains, and code 24 does not appear, even though vehicle speed reaches approximately 40 km/h (25 mph) or higher.	Malfunction of the vehicle-speed sensor circuit (damaged or disconnected wiring, or short-circuit)	Check or repair the vehicle speed sensor circuit.	No. 5	
Code 26 remains even if the clutch switch is turned OFF by releasing the clutch pedal. <m t=""></m>	Malfunction of clutch switch circuit.	Replace clutch switch or repair harness.	No. 8	
Code 26 remains even if the selector lever is moved to anything but N, P. 	Malfunction of inhibitor switch circuit.	Replace inhibitor switch or repair harness.	No. 9	
Code 27 remains even though CANCEL switch is set to OFF.	Malfunction of CANCEL switch circuit.	Replace the control switch or repair harness.	No. 4	
Code 28 remains even if the accelerator is released.	Malfunction of throttle position sensor circuit.	Replace the sensor or repair harness.	No. 11	
Code 29 remains even though the idle switch is set to ON.	Malfunction of idle switch circuit	Replace the switch or repair harness.	No. 11	

93I02201 Fig. 14: 1992 Check Results Chart Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Circuit Test	Remedy
 The set vehicle speed varies greatly upward or downward. "Hunching" (repeated alternating acceleration and deceleration) occurs after setting is made. 	Malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor circuit	No. 5	Repair the vehicle speed sensor system, or replace the part.
	Malfunction of the speedometer cable or speedometer drive gear		
	Motor-driven vacuum pump circuit poor contact	No. 6	Repair the motor-driven vacuum pump or replace
	Malfunction of the motor-driven vacuum pump		the part.
	Malfunction of the ECU		Replace the ECU.
The auto-cruise control system is not canceled when the brake pedal is depressed.	Damaged or disconnected wiring of the stop light switch input circuit or stop light switch (for auto-cruise control) poor contact (short-circuit)	No. 7	Repair the harness or replace the stop light switch.
	Motor-driven vacuum pump drive circuit short-circuit	No. 6	Repair the harness or replace the motor-driven vacuum pump.
	Malfunction of the ECU		Replace the ECU.
The auto-cruise control system is not canceled when the clutch pedal is depressed. <m t=""></m>	Damaged or disconnected wiring of clutch switch input circuit	No. 8	Repair the harness, or repair or replace the clutch switch.
(It is canceled, however, when the brake pedal is depressed.)	Clutch switch improper installation (won't switch ON)		
	Malfunction of the ECU	_	Replace the ECU.
The auto-cruise control system is not canceled when the selector lever is moved to the "N" position. 	Damaged or disconnected wiring of inhibitor switch input circuit	No. 9	Repair the harness, or repair or replace the inhibitor switch.
(It is canceled, however, when the brake pedal is depressed.)	Improper adjustment of inhibitor switch		
	Malfunction of the ECU	-	Replace the ECU.

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Fig. 15: 1992 Symptom Chart (1 Of 2) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Circuit Test	Remedy	
Cannot decelerate by using the SET switch	Temporary damaged or disconnected wiring of SET switch input circuit	No. 2	Repair the harness or replace the control switch.	
	Motor-driven vacuum pump circuit poor contact	No. 6	Repair the harness or replace the motor-driven	
	Malfunction of the auto-cruise actuator		vacuum pump.	
	Malfunction of the ECU		Replace the ECU.	
Cannot accelerate or resume speed by using the RESUME switch.	Damaged or disconnected wiring, or short-circuit, of RESUME switch input circuit	No. 3	Repair the harness or replace the control switch.	
	Motor-driven vacuum pump circuit poor contact	No. 6	Repair the harness or replace the motor-driven	
	Malfunction of the motor-driven vacuum pump		vacuum pump.	
	Malfunction of the ECU	_	Replace the ECU.	
Auto-cruise control system can be set while traveling at a vehicle speed of less than 40 km/h	Malfunction of the vehicle-speed sensor circuit	No. 5	Repair the vehicle-speed sensor system, or replace the part.	
(25 mph), or there is no automatic cancellation at that speed.	Malfunction of the speedometer cable or the speedometer drive gear			
	Malfunction of the ECU		Replace the ECU.	
The indicator light of the main switch does not illuminate. (But auto-cruise control system is normal.)	Damaged or disconnected bulb of indicator light or malfunction of the main switch		Repair the harness or replace the main switch.	
	Harness damaged or disconnected			
Overdrive is not canceled during fixed speed driving. 	Malfunction of circuit related to overdrive	No. 10	Repair the harness or replace the part.	
No shift to overdrive during manual driving. 	cancelation, or malfunction of ECU			

93C02203 Fig. 16: 1992 Symptom Chart (2 Of 2) Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

CIRCUIT TESTS (1991)

To identify circuit connector terminals, See Figs. 17-21. For wiring diagram, See appropriate chassis wiring diagram in the WIRING DIAGRAMS Setion. NOTE:

Test No. 1 (Power & Ground Circuit)

1) Turn ignition on. When cruise control main switch is turned to ON position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 7 of cruise control unit connector.

2) If voltage is not present, check fuse No. 3 and replace as necessary. If fuse is okay, check and repair harness as necessary. Terminal No. 10 should be grounded at all times. If terminal No. 10 is not grounded, repair harness.

Test No. 2 (Set Switch Circuits)

When set switch is turned to ON position, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 5 of cruise control unit. When set switch is turned to OFF position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 5 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 3 (Resume Switch Circuit)

When resume switch is turned to ON position, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 4 of cruise control unit. When resume switch is turned to OFF position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 4 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 4 (Vehicle Speed Sensor Circuit)

When vehicle moves slowly, voltage should alternate from zero volts to 3-5 volts at terminal No. 15 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace sensor as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 5 (Actuator Circuit)

1) When cruise control main switch is in On position, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 8 of cruise control unit.

2) When vehicle is accelerated using resume switch, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 9 of cruise control unit. When vehicle is coasting by using set switch, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 9.

3) When vehicle is accelerated using resume switch, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 20 of cruise control unit. When vehicle is coasting by using set switch, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 20 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace actuator as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 6 (Stoplight Switch Circuit)

1) When brake pedal is pressed, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 3 of cruise control unit. If voltage is not present, adjust or replace brake switch.

2) Battery voltage should be present at all times on terminal No. 11 of cruise control unit. If voltage is not present, check fuse no. 7. If fuse is okay, repair harness.

Test No. 7 (Inhibitor Switch Circuit)

1) When gear shift lever is moved to Neutral or Park position, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 2 of cruise control unit.

2) When gear shift lever is moved to any other position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 2 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 8 (Clutch Switch Circuit) When clutch pedal is pressed, battery voltage should be present at terminal No. 1 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 9 (Overdrive Switch Circuit)

When overdrive switch is pushed to ON position, battery voltage should be present on terminals No. 13 and 14 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.



CRUISE CONTROL UNIT

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Fig. 17: 1991 Cruise Control Unit Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

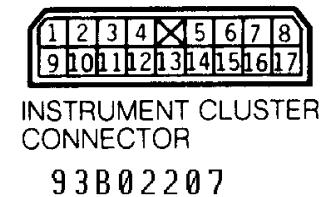


Fig. 18: 1991 Instrument Cluster Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



Fig. 19: 1991 Cruise Control Switch Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



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Fig. 20: 1991 Stoplight Switch Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



ACTUATOR CONNECTOR 93802210

Fig. 21: 1991 Acturator Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

CIRCUIT TESTS (1992)

To identify circuit connector terminals, See Figs. 22-29. For wiring diagram, See appropriate chassis wiring diagram in NOTE: the WIRING DIAGRAMS Section.

Test No. 1 (Power & Ground Circuit)

1) Turn ignition on. When cruise control main switch is turned to ON position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 2 of cruise control unit connector.

2) If voltage is not present, check fuse No. 11 and replace as necessary. If fuse is okay, check and repair harness as necessary. Terminal No. 8 should be grounded at all times. If terminal No. 8 is not grounded, repair harness.

Test No. 2 (Set Switch Circuits)

When set switch is turned to ON position, 3 volts should be present on terminal No. 18 of cruise control unit. When set switch is turned to OFF position, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 18 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 3 (Resume Switch Circuit)

When resume switch is turned to ON position, 6 volts should be present on terminal No. 18 of cruise control unit. When resume switch is turned to OFF position, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 18 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 4 (Cancel Switch Circuit) When cancel switch is turned to On position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 18 of cruise control unit. When cancel switch is in Off position, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 18 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 5 (Vehicle Speed Sensor Circuit) When vehicle moves slowly, 0-2 or more volts should alternate at terminal No. 19 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace sensor as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 6 (Vacuum Pump Circuit)

1) When cruise system is in deceleration or release mode, battery voltage should be present on terminals No. 26 and 13 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace vacuum pump as necessary or repair harness.

2) When cruise system is in release mode, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 12 of cruise control unit. When cruise system is in hold mode, voltage on terminals No. 12, 13 and 26 will go from battery voltage to zero volts depending on driving conditions. If circuit does not test correctly, replace vacuum pump as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 7 (Stoplight Switch Circuit) When brake pedal is pressed, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 15 of cruise control unit. If voltage is not present, adjust or replace brake switch. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

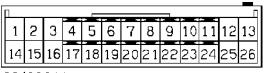
Test No. 8 (Clutch Switch Circuit) When clutch pedal is pressed, battery voltage should be present at terminal No. 1 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 9 (Inhibitor Switch Circuit) When transmission is in Neutral position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 1 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

Test No. 10 (Overdrive Switch Circuit) When overdrive switch is pushed to ON position, battery voltage should be present on terminal No. 11 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace switch as necessary or repair harness.

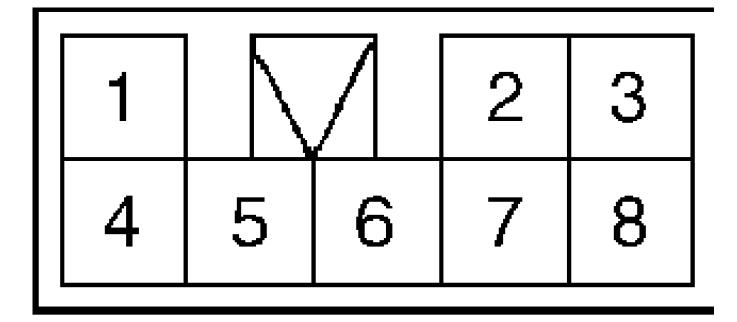
Test No. 11 (Idle Switch & Throttle Position Sensor Circuit) 1) When accelerator pedal is pressed, 4.5-5.5 volts should be present on terminal No. 4 (idle switch) of cruise control unit. When accelerator pedal is released, voltage should not be present on terminal No. 4 of cruise control unit.

2) When accelerator pedal is pressed to wide open throttle, 4.0-5.5 volts should be present on terminal No. 5 (throttle position sensor) of cruise control unit. When accelerator pedal is released, . 5-.7 volts should be present on terminal No. 5 of cruise control unit. If circuit does not test correctly, replace sensor as necessary or repair harness.

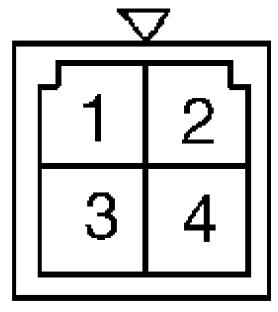


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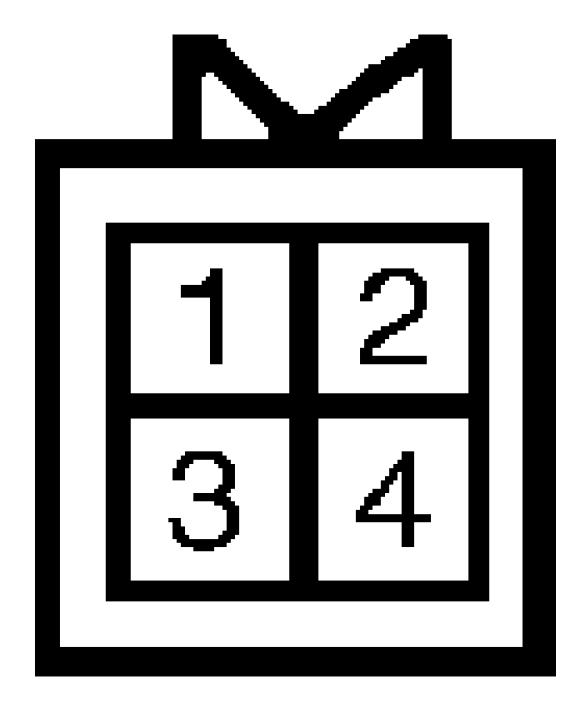
Fig. 22: 1992 Cruise Control Unit Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



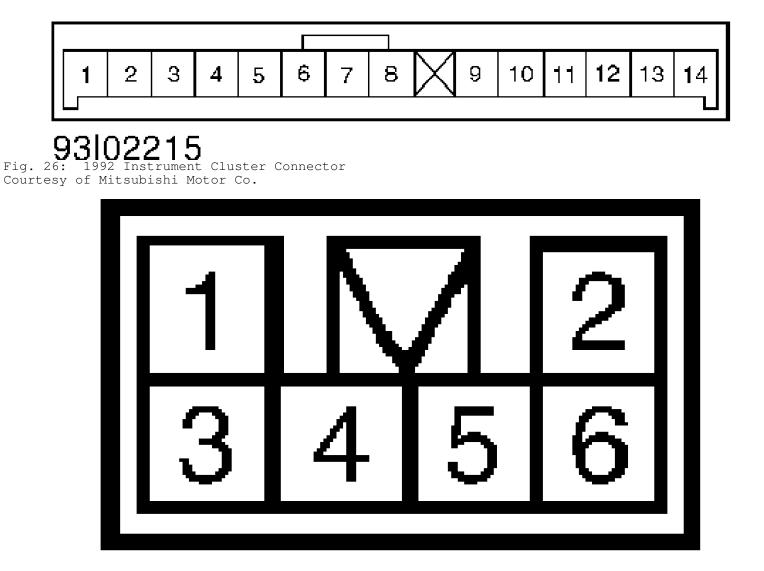




JJUU2213 Fig. 24: 1992 Stoplight Switch Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

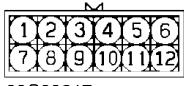


93F02214 Fig. 25: 1992 Vacuum Pump Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



93E02218 Fig. 27: 1992 Overdrive Switch Connector

Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



93C02217 Fig. 28: 1992 Inhibitor Switch Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR & IDLE SWITCH CONNECTOR

93H02267

Fig. 29: 1992 Throttle Position Sensor & Idle Switch Connector Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH TESTS

Main, Set & Resume Switches (1991)

1) Disconnect 6-pin cruise control switch connector. See Figs. 17-21. With main switch in ON position, continuity should be present between terminals No. 3 and 6 of cruise control switch connector. With set switch in ON position, continuity should be present between terminals No. 1 and 2.

2) With resume switch in On position, continuity should be present between terminals No. 2 and 4, and 3 and 6. If continuity is not present, replace cruise control switch.

Set & Resume Switches (1992)

1) Remove lower steering column cover. Disconnect 2-pin switch connector. Operate and test switch. When cancel switch is operated, continuity should be present between terminals No. 1 and 2. Zero ohms resistance should be indicated.

2) When resume switch is operated, 820 ohms resistance should be present between terminals No. 1 and 2. When set switch is operated, 2700 ohms resistance should be present between terminals No. 1 and 2. Replace cruise control switch if it does not test correctly.

Main Switch (1992)

1) In each switch position, continuity should be present between terminals No. 2 and 7 for switch illumination. See Figs. 22-29. When switch is moved to Neutral position, continuity should be present between terminals No. 1 and 4.

2) When switch is moved to ON position, continuity should be present between terminals No. 1, 4 and 5. Connect battery voltage to terminal No. 5 and ground terminal No. 4.

3) Battery voltage should then be present on terminal No. 1 when main switch is moved to On position. Replace switch if it does not test correctly.

BRAKELIGHT/STOPLIGHT SWITCH TEST

Disconnect switch connector. When brake pedal is pressed, continuity should be present between terminals No. 2 and 3. See Figs. 22-29. When brake pedal is released, continuity should be present between terminals No. 1 and 4. Replace switch if it does not test correctly.

IDLE SWITCH & THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR TESTS

Throttle Position Sensor (1992)

1) Disconnect sensor connector. Resistance between terminals No. 1 and 4 should be 3500-6500 ohms. Use an analog ohmmeter to measure resistance between terminals No. 1 and 3. See Figs. 22-29.

2) Slowly open throttle valve to wide open throttle. Resistance should change smoothly as throttle is opened. Replace throttle position sensor if it does not test correctly.

Idle Switch (1992)

1) Disconnect throttle position sensor connector. Continuity should be present between terminals No. 1 and 2 with accelerator pedal released. See Figs. 22-29. Continuity should not be present with accelerator pedal pressed.

2) If continuity is not present with accelerator released, loosen throttle position sensor mounting screw. Turn throttle position sensor completely clockwise. Recheck continuity. Replace throttle position sensor if idle switch does not test correctly.

INHIBITOR SWITCH TEST

Disconnect switch connector. Shift transaxle into Neutral and Park positions. On 1991 models, continuity should be present between Black/Yellow wire terminals No. 3 and 4. On 1992 models, continuity should be present between terminals No. 7 and 12. See Figs. 22-29. On all models, if continuity is not present, adjust inhibitor switch. If switch is adjusted properly, replace switch.

VACUUM PUMP TEST

1992

1) Remove vacuum pump connector. Resistance should be 50-60 ohms between terminal No. 1 and terminals No. 2 and 3. See Figs. 22-29. Ensure solenoid valve makes operating noise when battery voltage is applied between terminal No. 1 and terminals No. 2 and 3.

2) If solenoid valve does not make noise, replace vacuum pump assembly. Apply battery voltage to terminals No. 1 and 4, motor should operate. Replace vacuum pump if motor does not operate.

ACTUATOR TESTS

Resistance Test (1991)

Disconnect actuator connector. Resistance between terminals No. 1 and 2 should be 20 ohms. See Figs. 17-21. If resistance is not correct, replace actuator assembly.

Operational Test (1991)

1) With connector disconnected, connect battery voltage to terminal No. 1. See Figs. 17-21. Ground terminal No. 2. Connect ammeter between positive side of battery and terminal No. 1 of actuator connector.

2) Solenoid should make a click sound. Ammeter should read . 5-.7 amps. Connect positive side of battery to terminal No. 4 and ground terminal No. 3. Actuator should pull in and stop.

3) While actuator is moving in, ammeter should read less than .5 amps. When actuator travel reaches midpoint, disconnect terminal No. 1 from positive side of battery. Actuator should return to original position. If actuator does not test correctly, replace actuator.

4) Reverse connections of terminals No. 4 and 3 in step 2). Connect battery voltage to terminal No. 3 and ground terminal No. 4. Actuator should move out then stop. While actuator is moving, ammeter should read less than .5 amps.

1992

Remove actuator. Apply vacuum to actuator. Actuator linkage holder should move more than 1.38" (35 mm). Actuator diaphragm should hold vacuum. Replace actuator if actuator does not test correctly.

VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR TEST

1) Remove instrument cluster. See INSTRUMENT CLUSTER under REMOVAL & INSTALLATION. Check continuity between vehicle speed sensor terminals at instrument cluster. See Fig. 30 or 31.

2) Ensure continuity pulses on and off 4 times per revolution of speedometer shaft connection. If continuity is not as specified, replace vehicle speed sensor.

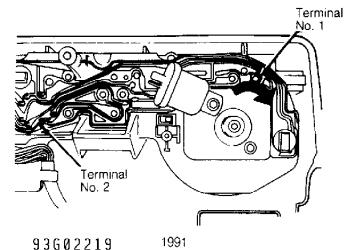
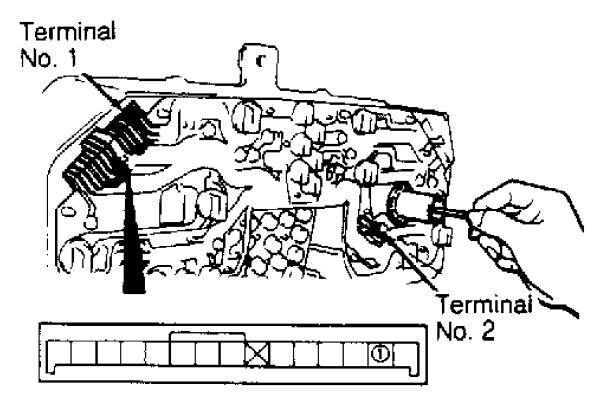


Fig. 30: 1991 Checking Speed Sensor Circuit Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.



93I02220

MONTERO

Fig. 31: 1992 Checking Speed Sensor Circuit Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.

REMOVAL & INSTALLATION

ACTUATOR

Removal & Installation (1991) Remove linkage protector. Loosen adjusting nuts for accelerator cables "A" and "B". See Fig. 1 or 2. Disconnect actuator side inner cable. Disconnect actuator electrical connector. Remove actuator. To install, reverse removal procedure.

Removal & Installation (1992)

Disconnect cruise control cable from link. Disconnect actuator wiring connector. Remove vacuum pump and vacuum pump bracket. Remove actuator and actuator bracket. To install, reverse removal procedure.

CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH

Removal & Installation (1991) See STEERING COLUMN SWITCH in this article.

Removal & Installation (1992)

Remove lower steering column cover. Disconnect electrical connectors. Remove screws attaching cruise control switch to steering column. Remove switch. To install, reverse removal procedure.

STEERING COLUMN SWITCH

WARNING: DO NOT hammer steering wheel. Collapsible steering column mechanism may be damaged.

Removal & Installation (1991)

Remove horn pad and steering wheel. Remove upper and lower column covers. Remove column switch. To install, reverse removal procedure.

VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

Removal & Installation Remove instrument cluster. See INSTRUMENT CLUSTER in this article. Speed sensor is a part of speedometer.

INSTRUMENT CLUSTER

Removal & Installation Disconnect negative battery cable. Remove cluster cover. Disconnect speedometer cable. Remove instrument cluster. To install, reverse removal procedure.

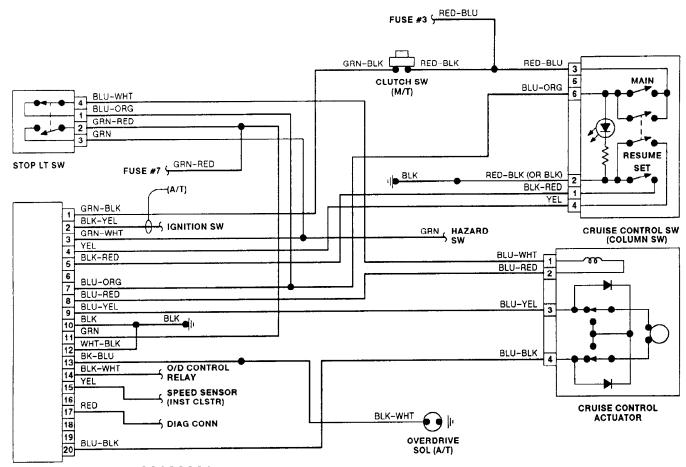
CONTROL UNIT

Removal & Installation (1991) Cruise control unit is located behind left front kick panel. Remove left front kick panel. Remove control unit. To install, reverse removal procedure.

Removal & Installation (1992) Cruise control unit is located behind center of dash panel. Remove center trim panel and radio or radio plug bezel. Remove control unit. To install, reverse removal procedure.

WIRING DIAGRAMS

For 1992 wiring diagram, See appropriate chassis wiring diagram in the WIRING DIAGRAMS Section.



CRUISE CONTROL 93A02221

Fig. 32: 1991 Cruise Control System Wiring Diagram Courtesy of Mitsubishi Motor Co.