### **ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM**

# SECTION EC

# MA

EM

LC

## **CONTENTS**

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX	2
Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC	2
PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION	
Special Service Tools	
Commercial Service Tools	4
Supplemental Restraint System (SRS)	
"AIR BAG"	5
Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD)	
System of Engine	5
Engine Fuel & Emission Control System	ε
Precautions	
ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL	
SYSTEM	9
Circuit Diagram	9
Engine Control Component Parts Location	10
System Diagram	
Vacuum Hose Drawing	13
System Chart	14
ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL	
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION	
Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System	
Distributor Ignition (DI) System	
Air Conditioning Cut Control	18
Fuel Cut Control	
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM	
Description	
Inspection	
Evaporative Emission Line Drawing	
POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION	
Description	
Inspection	
BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE	
Fuel Pressure Release	
Fuel Pressure Check	
Fuel Pressure Regulator Check	
Injector Removal and Installation	
Fast Idle Cam (FIC)	28
Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio	
Adjustment	20

	۱۶
ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM	-
DESCRIPTION3	
Introduction38	-
Two Trip Detection Logic35	
Emission-related Diagnostic Information36	
Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)46	
OBD System Operation Chart49	
CONSULT54	
Generic Scan Tool (GST)65	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction67	
Introduction67	
Diagnostic Worksheet67	,
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS Work Flow69	l
Work Flow69	
Description for Work Flow70	u i
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection71	
Basic Inspection71	F/
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description77	
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Inspection	
Priority Chart77	$\mathbb{R}_{\ell}$
Fail-Safe Chart78	
Symptom Matrix Chart79	
CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor	B
Mode82	
Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor	@5
Mode84	Sī
ECM Terminals and Reference Value86	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT	RS
INCIDENT95	u uc
Description95	
Common I/I Report Situations95	BT
Diagnostic Procedure95	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY96	
Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit96	HA
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100101	
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS)101	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105110	EL
Absolute Pressure Sensor110	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0110117	liezu
Intoles Air Tomographics Conserv	$\mathbb{D}$

# CONTENTS (Cont'd.)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115123	Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS)	24
Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS)	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400	24
(Circuit)123	EGR Function (Close)	24
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120128	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0402	25
Throttle Position Sensor128	EGRC-BPT Valve Function	25
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0125142	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0420	26
Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor142	Three Way Catalyst Function	26
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130147	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440	26
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front	Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System	
HO2S)147	(Small Leak) (Negative Pressure)	26
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131153	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0443	275
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift	Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge	
Monitoring) (Front HO2S)153	Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Circuit)	275
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132159	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446	281
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift	Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent	
Monitoring) (Front HO2S)159	Control Valve (Circuit)	281
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133165	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0450	286
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response	Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System	
Monitoring) (Front HO2S)165	Pressure Sensor	286
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134173	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0500	
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage)	Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)	
(Front HO2S)173	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0505	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0135179	Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air	
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater179	Control (AAC) Valve	297
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137183	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510	
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage	Closed Throttle Position Switch	
Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)183	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0605	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138190	Engine Control Module (ECM)	
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1105	
Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)190	Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0139197	Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid	
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response	Valve	311
Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)197	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1148	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0140204	Closed Loop Control	
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage)	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320	
(Rear HO2S)204	Ignition Signal	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0141209	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1336	
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater209	Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171213	(COG)	329
Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side)213	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1400	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172218	EGRC-Solenoid Valve	
Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side)218	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1401	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0180223	EGR Temperature Sensor	
Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor223	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0300 - P0304227	EGR Function (Open)	
No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440	
Misfire227	Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0325 232	(Small Leak) (Positive Pressure)	352
Knock Sensor (KS) 232	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0335236	Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge	
Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)236	Volume Control Solenoid Valve	362
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340241	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1446	
= ++	= - " " - = - " " "	•

## **CONTENTS** (Cont'd.)

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1776405
Control Valve (Close)370	Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve405
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447375	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT409
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System	Overheat409
Purge Flow Monitoring375	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448381	ITEMS412
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent	Injector412
Control Valve (Open)381	Start Signal415
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1490386	Fuel Pump418
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit)386	Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch423
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1491391	IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve426
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve391	MIL & Data Link Connectors430
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1706396	SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)431
Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch396	General Specifications431
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1775401	Inspection and Adjustment431
Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Circuit)401	

#### When you read wiring diagrams:

- Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
- Read EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit. When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

#### **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX**

#### Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC

#### **ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR DTC**

			1
Items	DTC	Reference	
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	page
Unable to access ECM	_		EC-78
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	EC-142
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	EC-110
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	EC-117
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	EC-241
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307	EC-320
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	EC-303
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	EC-123
CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	P1336	0905	EC-329
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802	EC-236
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	EC-227
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	EC-227
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	EC-227
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605	EC-227
ECM	P0605	0301	EC-309
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	EC-247
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	EC-345
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	EC-339
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	EC-334
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	EC-255
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	EC-375
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1440	0213	EC-352
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	EC-265
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	EC-286
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	EC-147
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	EC-179
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	EC-165
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	EC-159
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	EC-153
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	EC-173
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	EC-213
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	EC-218
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	EC-223
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	EC-297

	DTC		
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	Reference page
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	EC-322
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	EC-232
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	P0100	0102	EC-101
MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	P1105	1302	EC-311
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	EC-227
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	No DTC	Flash- ing*4	EC-46
OVERHEAT		0208	EC-409
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1003	EC-396
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	EC-362
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	EC-275
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	EC-190
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	EC-183
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	EC-204
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	EC-197
RR 02 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	EC-209
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	P0120	0403	EC-128
TOR CONVICTOH S/V	P1775	0904	EC-401
TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	P1776	0513	EC-405
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	EC-260
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	EC-391
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	EC-386
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	EC-292
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	EC-370
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	EC-381
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	EC-281

<sup>\*1:</sup> In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
\*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

<sup>\*3:</sup> When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illuminates.
\*4: While engine is running.
\*5: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

#### **DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX**

#### Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC (Cont'd)

#### P NO. INDEX FOR DTC

DTC*5		l	Defe
CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	(CONSULT screen terms)	Reference page
<del></del>		Unable to access ECM	EC-78
No DTC	Flash- ing*4	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	EC-46
P0000	0505	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	_
P0100	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	EC-101
P0105	0803	ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	EC-110
P0110	0401	AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-117
P0115	0103	COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	EC-123
P0120	0403	THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	EC-128
P0125	0908	*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	EC-142
P0130	0303	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-147
P0131	0411	FRONT 02 SENSOR	EC-153
P0132	0410	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-159
P0133	0409	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-165
P0134	0412	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-173
P0135	0901	FR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-179
P0137	0511	REAR 02 SENSOR	EC-183
P0138	0510	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-190
P0139	0707	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-197
P0140	0512	REAR 02 SENSOR	EC-204
P0141	0902	RR 02 SEN HEATER	EC-209
P0171	0115	FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	EC-213
P0172	0114	FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	EC-218
P0180	0402	FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-223
P0300	0701	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	EC-227
P0301	0608	CYL 1 MISFIRE	EC-227
P0302	0607	CYL 2 MISFIRE	EC-227
P0303	0606	CYL 3 MISFIRE	EC-227
P0304	0605	CYL 4 MISFIRE	EC-227
P0325	0304	KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-232
P0335	0802	CP\$/CIRCUIT (OBD)	EC-236
P0340	0101	CAM POS SEN/CIR	EC-241
P0400	0302	EGR SYSTEM	EC-247

DTC*5		Itoma	Deferences
E	CM*1	ltems (CONSULT screen terms)	Reference page
C	0306	EGRC-BPT VALVE	EC-255
0	702	TW CATALYST SYSTEM	EC-260
0	705	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-265
1	1008	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-275
0	903	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-281
0	704	EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	EC-286
0	104	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	EC-292
0	205	IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	EC-297
0	203	CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	EC-303
0	301	ECM	EC-309
1	302	MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	EC-311
0	307	CLOSED LOOP	EC-320
Q:	201	IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	EC-322
09	905	CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	EC-329
10	005	EGRC SOLENOID/V	EC-334
03	305	EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-339
0	514	EGR SYSTEM	EC-345
02	213	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-352
02	214	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-362
02	215	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-370
0	111	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	EC-375
03	309	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-381
30	801	VC/V BYPASS/V	EC-386
03	311	VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	EC-391
10	003	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	EC-396
09	904	TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	EC-401
05	513	TOR CONVICTOR S/V	EC-405
02	208	OVERHEAT	EC-409

numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

EL

161

EC-3

G

MA

EM

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF

 $\mathbb{P}\mathbb{D}$ 

FA

BR

ST

R\$

BT

HA

<sup>\*2:</sup> These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

<sup>\*3:</sup> When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illuminates.

<sup>\*4:</sup> While engine is running.

<sup>\*5: 1</sup>st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

#### PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

#### **Special Service Tools**

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV10117100 (J36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	NT379	Loosening or tightening front heated oxygen sensor with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening rear heated oxygen sensor
	NT636	a: 22 mm (0.87 in)

#### **Commercial Service Tools**

Tool name	Description	
Fuel filler cap adapter		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve open- ing pressure
	NT653	
Leak detector (J41416)		Locating the EVAP leak
	NT703	
EVAP service port adapter (J41413-OBD)		Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port
	NT704	
Hose clipper ( — )	Approx. 20 mm (0.79 in)	Clamping the EVAP purge hose between the fuel tank and EVAP canister applied to DTC P1440 [EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure)]
	NT720	

#### PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

# Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, a crash zone sensor (4WD models), warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.

The vehicle is equipped with a passenger air bag deactivation switch. Because no rear seat exists where a rear-facing child restraint can be placed, the switch is designed to turn off the passenger air bag so that a rear-facing child restraint can be used in the front passenger seat. The switch is located in the center of the instrument panel, near the ashtray. When the switch is turned to the ON position, the passenger air bag is enabled and could inflate in a frontal collision. When the switch is turned to the OFF position, the passenger air bag is disabled and will not inflate in a frontal collision. A passenger air bag OFF indicator on the instrument panel lights up when the passenger air bag is switched OFF. The driver air bag always remains enabled and is not affected by the passenger air bag deactivation switch.

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the RS section of this Service Manual.

#### **WARNING:**

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or on the complete harness, for easy identification.
- The vehicle is equipped with a passenger air bag deactivation switch which can be operated by the customer. When the passenger air bag is switched OFF, the passenger air bag is disabled and will not inflate in a frontal collision. When the passenger air bag is switched ON, the passenger air bag is enabled and could inflate in a frontal collision. After SRS maintenance or repair, make sure the passenger air bag deactivation switch is in the same position (ON or OFF) as when the vehicle arrived for service.

# Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

#### CALITION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch "OFF" and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any
  repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc.
  will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will
  cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease,
  dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector.
   For description and how to disconnect, refer to EL Section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNEC-
- TOR".

   Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MiL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube
  may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EGR system or fuel injection system,
  etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM before returning the vehicle to the customer.

EC-5

163

MA

G

EM

LC

EC

FE

-

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

n ne

BT

HA

IDX

#### **Engine Fuel & Emission Control System**

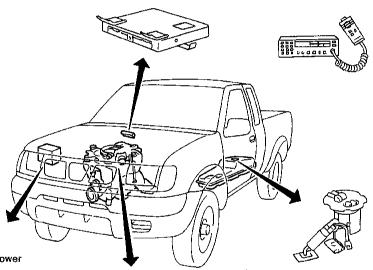
#### **ECM**

- Do not disassemble ECM.
- Do not turn on board diagnostic test mode selector forcibly.
- If a battery terminal is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.

The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a problem. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.

#### **WIRELESS EQUIPMENT**

- When installing CB ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on its installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far away as possible from the electronic control units.
- Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (7.9 in) away from the harness of electronic controls.
   Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standing-wave ratio can be kept smaller.
- Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.



#### **BATTERY**

- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.

#### WHEN STARTING

- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.

#### ECM PARTS HANDLING

- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble IACV-AAC valve.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious problems.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor (OBD).



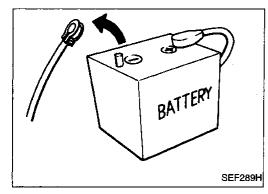
#### **FUEL PUMP**

- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque. (Refer to MA section.)

#### **ECM HARNESS HANDLING**

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
  - A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep ECM harness at least 10 cm (3.9 in.) away from adjacent harnesses to prevent an ECM system malfunction due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep ECM parts and harnesses dry.
- Before removing parts, turn off ignition switch and then disconnect battery ground cable.

SEF236V



#### **Precautions**

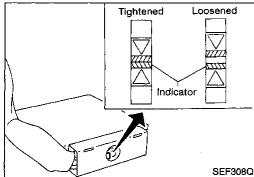
Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery terminal. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned off.

(GII

MA

EM

LC



When connecting ECM harness connector, tighten securing bolt until the gap between orange indicators disappears.

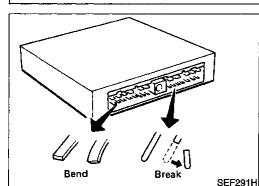
(a): 3.0 - 5.0 N·m (0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb)



CL.

FE

MIT



Perform ECM in-

put/output signal)

inspection before.

replacement.

When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.





Before replacing ECM, perform Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to EC-86.



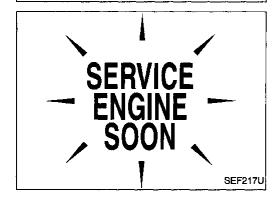


RS

BT

HA

耴

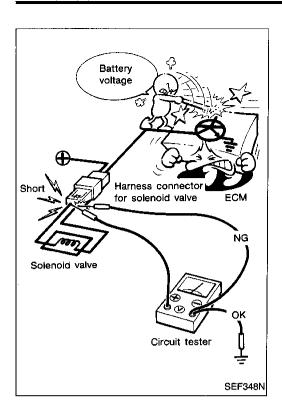


MEF040D

After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" or "DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". The DTC should not be displayed in the "DIAGNOSTIC

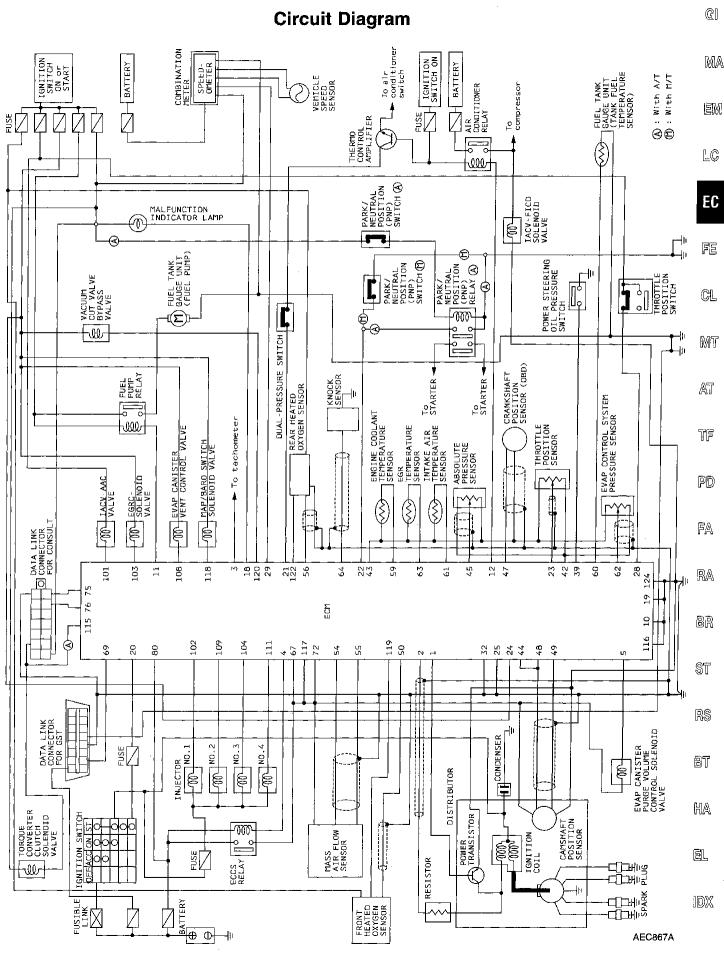
TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" if the repair is completed. The "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" should be a good result if the repair is completed.

#### PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



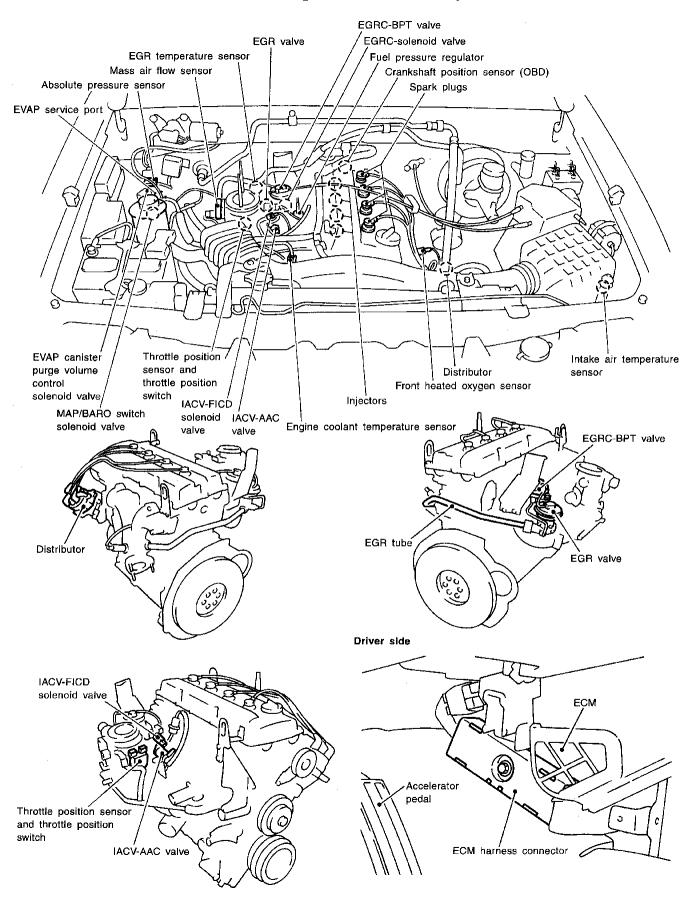
#### Precautions (Cont'd)

 When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact.
 Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.



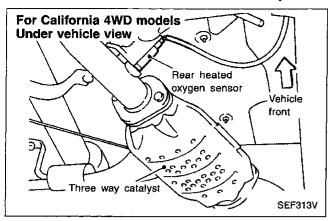
EC-9

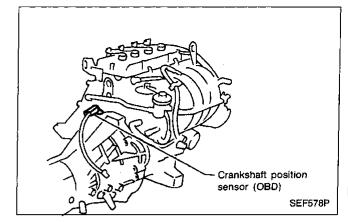
#### **Engine Control Component Parts Location**



#### **ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM**

# Engine Control Component Parts Location (Cont'd)





GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

GL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

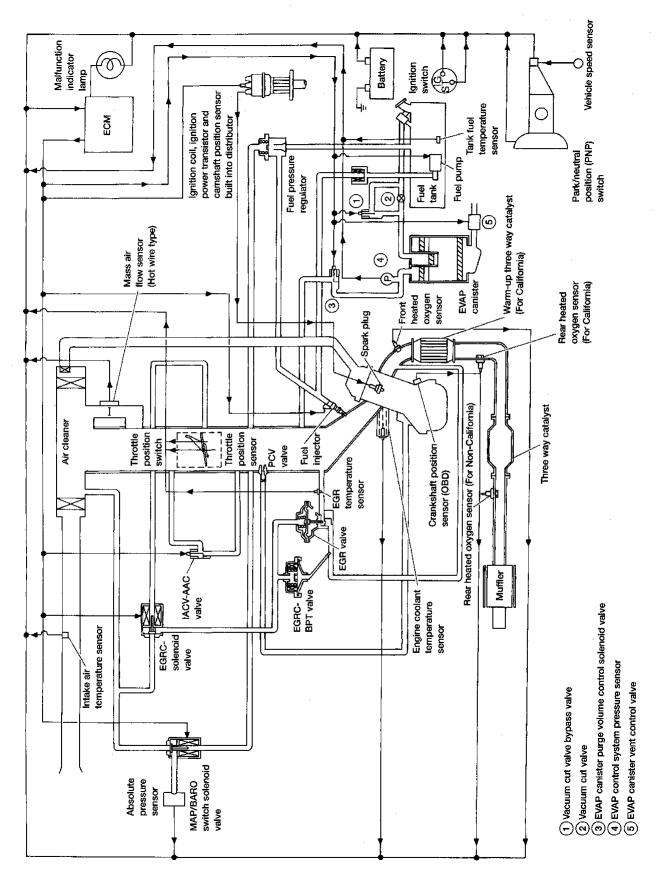
ST

RS

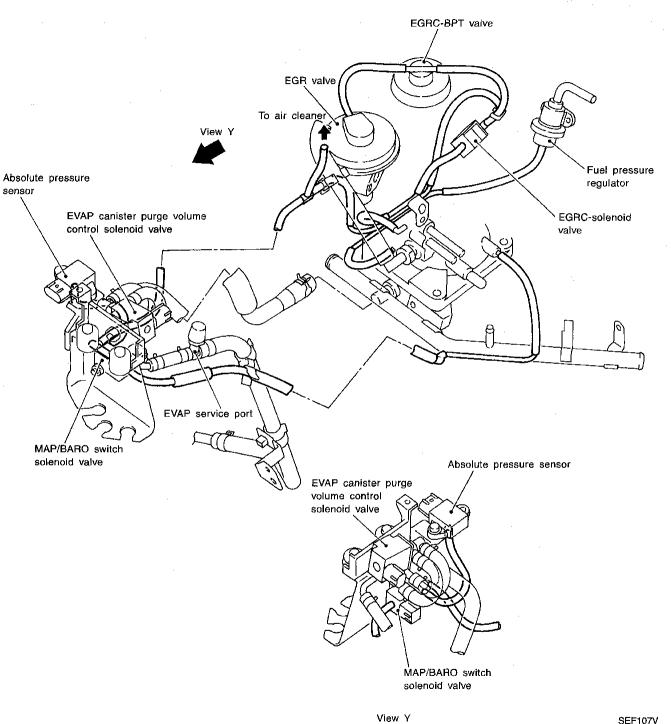
BT

HA

#### **System Diagram**



#### **Vacuum Hose Drawing**



Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

**EC-13** 171

GI

MA

EM

LC

C

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

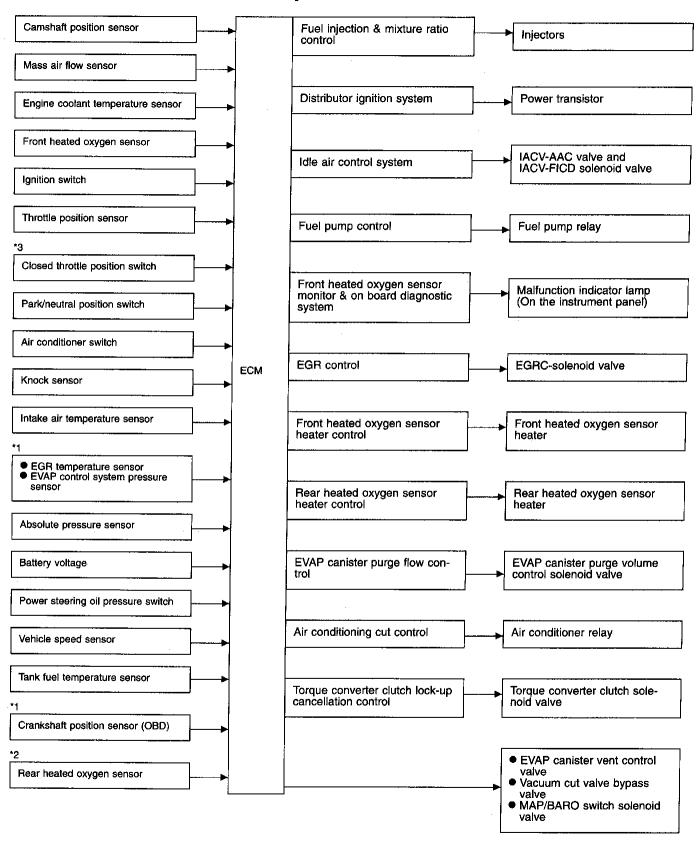
RS

BT

HA

EL

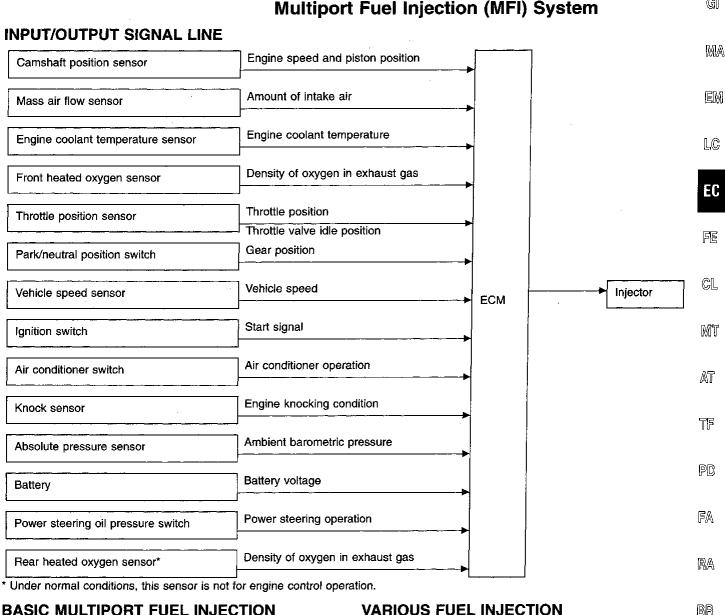
#### **System Chart**



<sup>\*1:</sup> These sensors are not used to control the engine system. They are used only for the on board diagnosis.

<sup>\*2:</sup> This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

<sup>\*3:</sup> This switch will operate in place of the throttle position sensor to control EVAP parts if the sensor malfunctions.



#### **BASIC MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM**

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the camshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

#### **VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION** INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

<Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- **During acceleration**
- Hot-engine operation
- High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

MA

EL

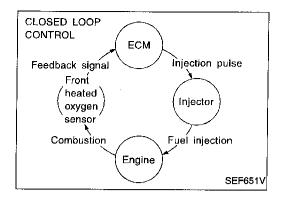
RS

BT

GI

**EC-15** 173

#### **ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**



# Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)

The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses a front heated oxygen sensor in the exhaust manifold to monitor if the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about the front heated oxygen sensor, refer to EC-147. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition. Rear heated oxygen sensor is located downstream of the three way catalyst. Even if the switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

#### OPEN LOOP CONTROL

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of front heated oxygen sensor at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine

#### MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

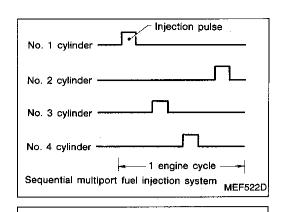
The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from the front heated oxygen sensor. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot wire) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio. Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from the front heated oxygen sensor indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out longterm to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

#### ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



\_л\_

- 1 engine cycle

Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system

No. 1 cylinder JL

No. 2 cylinder ....

No. 3 cylinder JL

No. 4 cylinder  $\Lambda$ 

# Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) FUEL INJECTION TIMING

Two types of systems are used.

#### Sequential multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

MA

GI

em

LC

#### Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all six cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The six injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

FE

EC

CL

#### **FUEL SHUT-OFF**

MEF523D

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

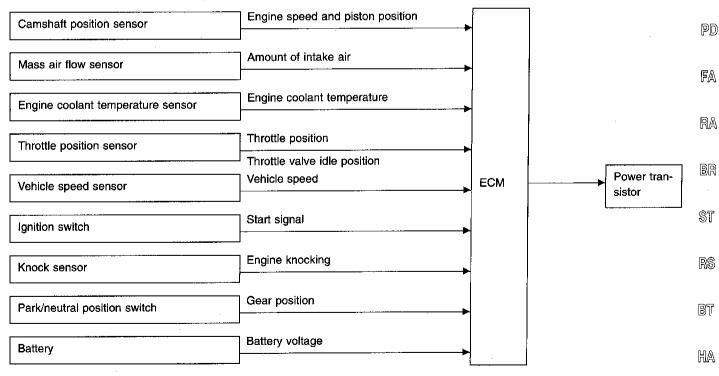
MT

AT

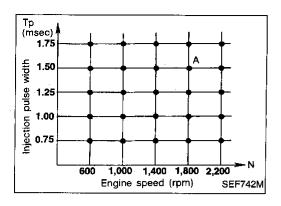
TF

#### Distributor Ignition (DI) System

#### INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



#### ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



# Distributor Ignition (DI) System (Cont'd) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine.

The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

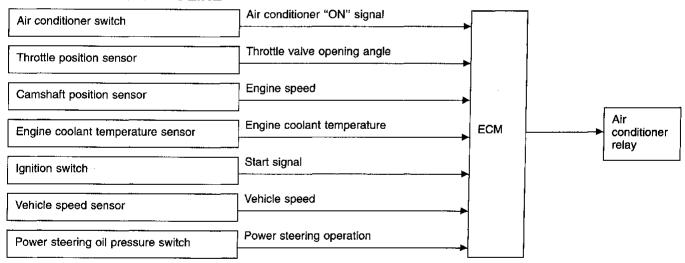
- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- Hot engine operation
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions.

If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

#### **Air Conditioning Cut Control**

#### INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

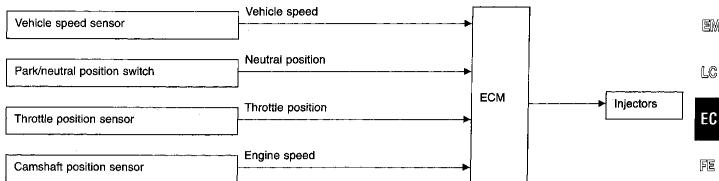
Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.

- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering and air conditioner during low engine speed or when fully releasing accelerator pedal.
- When engine speed is excessively low.

#### Fuel Cut Control (at no load & high engine speed)

#### INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



If the engine speed is above 3,000 rpm with no load, (for example, in neutral and engine speed over 3,000 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 1,500 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

#### NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System", EC-15.

GI

MA

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF PD

FA

RA

BR

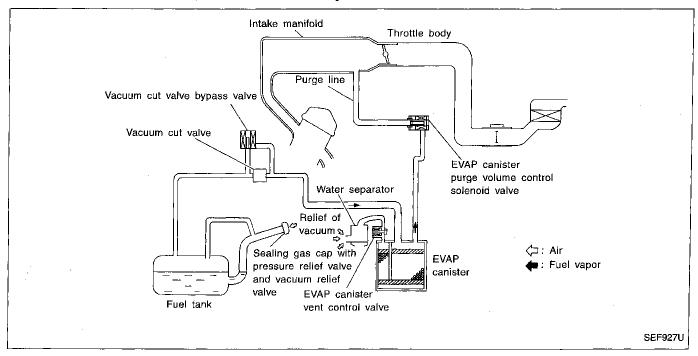
ST

RS

BT

MA

#### **Description**



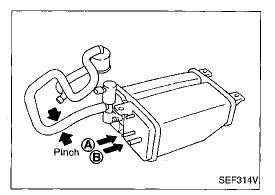
The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.



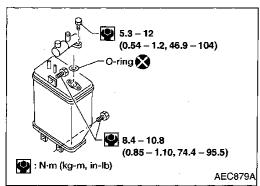
#### Inspection

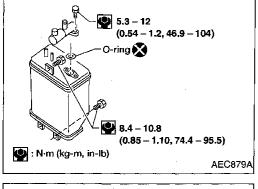
#### **EVAP CANISTER**

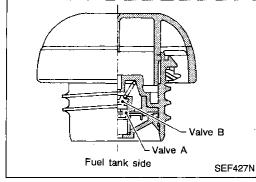
Check EVAP canister as follows:

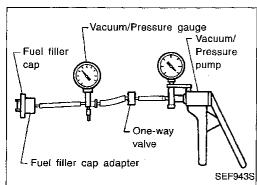
- 1. Pinch the fresh air hose.

#### **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**









#### Inspection (Cont'd) **TIGHTENING TORQUE**

Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly between EVAP canister and EVAP vent control valve.

MA

GI

LC

FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (Built into fuel filler cap)

Wipe clean valve housing.

Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure:

16.0 - 20.0 kPa (0.163 - 0.204 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 2.32 - 2.90 psi)

Vacuum:

-6.0 to -3.5 kPa (-0.061 to -0.036 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, -0.87 to -0.51 psi)

If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

CAUTION:

Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

TF

PD)

FA

**VACUUM CUT VALVE AND VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE** 

Refer to EC-391.

**EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE** 

Refer to EC-362.

TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-223.

RS

EL

 $\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

**EC-21** 179

EC FE

MIT

AT

CL

RA

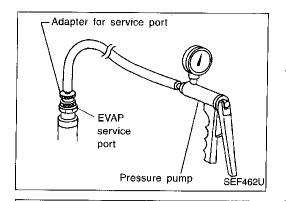
BR

ST

87

HA

#### **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**



#### Inspection (Cont'd) EVAP SERVICE PORT

Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the EVAP service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.

# EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP! DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START. CANCEL START SEF658U



- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

#### NOTE:

- Do not start engine.
- Improper installation of adapter to the service port may cause a leak.



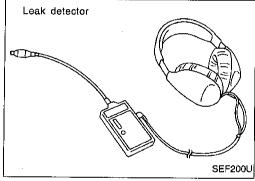
- 1. Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP SERVICE port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

service port.

- 4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUP-PORT MODE" with CONSULT.
- 5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.
- 6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump.

– OR -

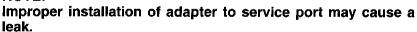
8. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.





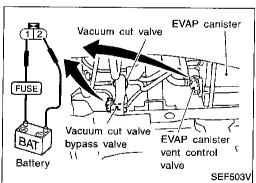
Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.

#### NOTE:

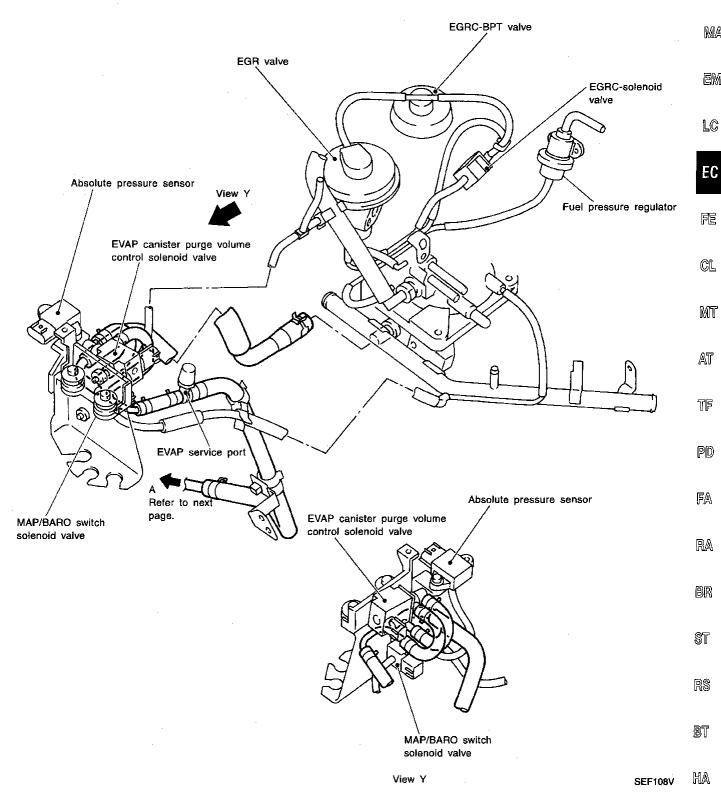




- Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP service port and pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP
- 2. Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of both EVAP canister vent control valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve to make a closed EVAP system.
- 3. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm², 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
- 4. Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump.
- 5. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing". EC-23.



#### **Evaporative Emission Line Drawing**



Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

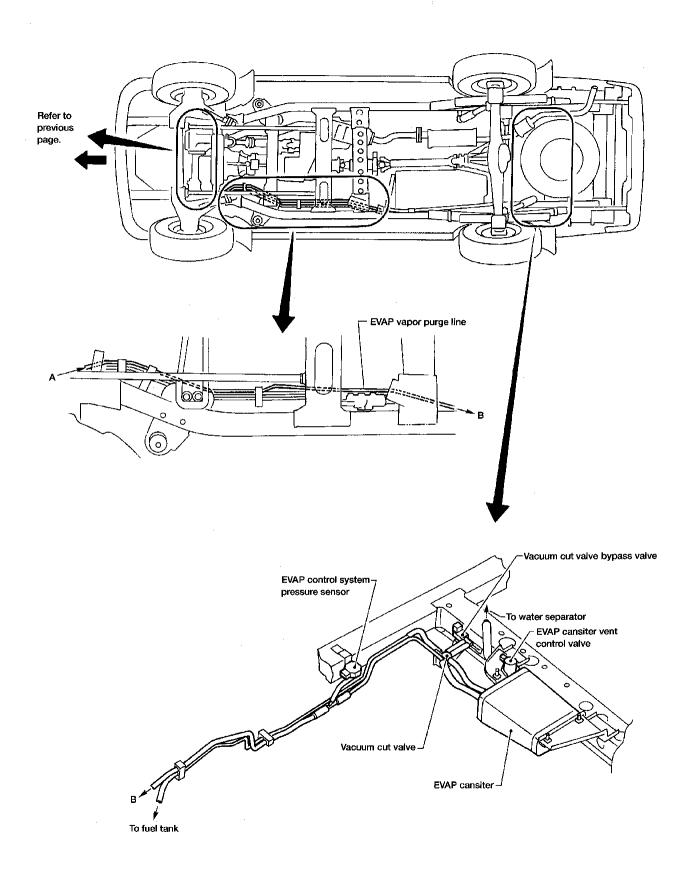
IDX

GI

MA

LC

#### **Evaporative Emission Line Drawing (Cont'd)**



#### **Description**

This system returns blow-by gas to the intake collector.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.

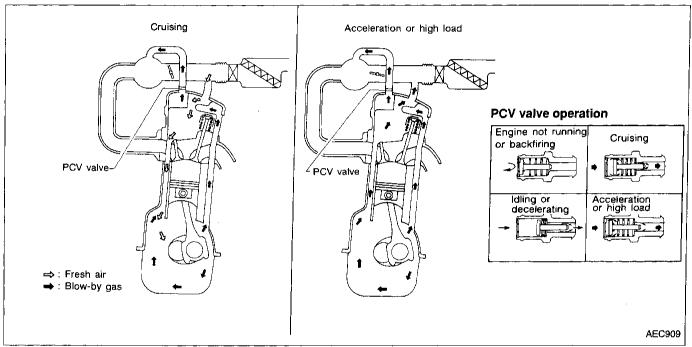
Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilat-

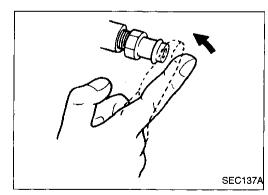
The ventilating air is then drawn from the air duct

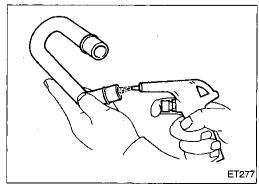
into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.

Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the intake collector under all conditions.







#### Inspection

#### PCV (Positive Crankcase Ventilation) VALVE

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from breather separator. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over the valve inlet.

#### VENTILATION HOSE

- Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.

**EC-25** 183

MA

G[

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT TF

PD

BR

RA

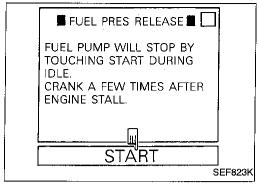
ST

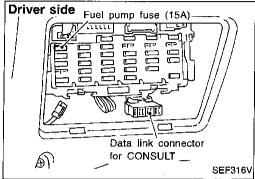
RS

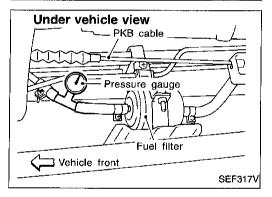
BT

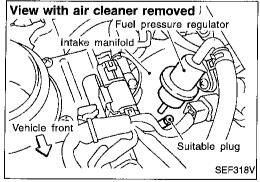
HA

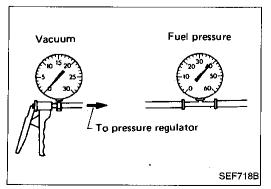
圓.











#### **Fuel Pressure Release**

Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.



- Start engine.
- 2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to make sure that fuel pressure is released.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "OFF".



- 1. Remove fuse for fuel pump.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and reconnect fuel pump fuse.

#### **Fuel Pressure Check**

- When reconnecting fuel line, always use new clamps.
- Make sure that clamp screw does not contact adjacent parts.
- Use a torque driver to tighten clamps.
- Use Pressure Gauge to check fuel pressure.
- Do not perform fuel pressure check with system operating. Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings.
- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero.
- Disconnect fuel hose between fuel filter and fuel tube (engine side).
- 3. Install pressure gauge between fuel filter and fuel tube.
- 4. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- 5. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.

At idling:

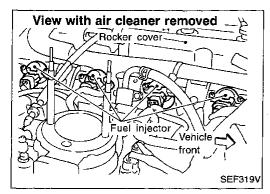
With vacuum hose connected
Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm², 34 psi)
With vacuum hose disconnected
Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm², 43 psi)

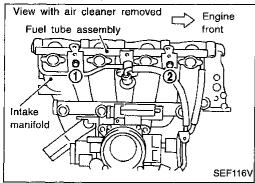
If results are unsatisfactory, perform "Fuel Pressure Regulator Check".

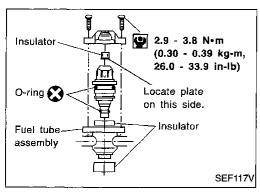
#### **Fuel Pressure Regulator Check**

- 1. Stop engine and disconnect fuel pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold.
- 2. Plug intake manifold with a rubber cap.
- 3. Connect variable vacuum source to fuel pressure regulator.
- 4. Start engine and read indication of fuel pressure gauge as vacuum is changed.

Fuel pressure should decrease as vacuum increases. If results are unsatisfactory, replace fuel pressure regulator.







#### Injector Removal and Installation

- Release fuel pressure to zero.
- 2. Remove injector tube assembly with injectors from intake manifold.
- Remove injectors from injector tube assembly.
- Push injector tail piece.
- Do not pull on the connector.
- 4. Install injector to fuel tube assembly.
- Clean exterior of injector tail piece. a.
- Use new O-rings. b.

#### Always replace O-rings with new ones. Lubricate O-rings with a smear of engine oil.

Install injectors with fuel tube assembly to intake manifold.

#### Tighten in numerical order shown in the figure.

- First, tighten all bolts to 9.3 to 10.8 N·m (0.95 to 1.1 kg-m, 6.9 to 8.0 ft-lb).
- Then, tighten all bolts to 21 to 26 N·m (2.1 to 2.7 kg-m, 15 to 20 ft-lb).
- Install fuel hoses to fuel tube assembly.
- Reinstall any parts removed in reverse order of removal.

#### **CAUTION:**

After properly connecting injectors to fuel tube assembly, check connections for fuel leakage.



G

MA

EM

LC

EC

厖

MT

AT

TF

PD)

FA

RA

BR

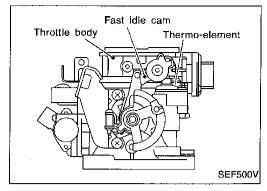
ST

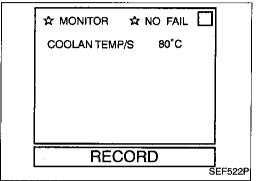
RS

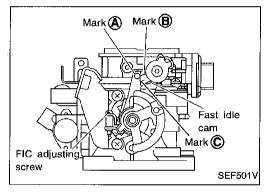
BT

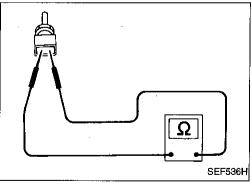
HA

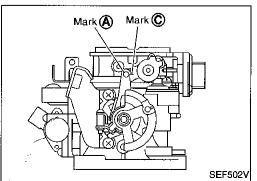
IDX











#### Fast Idle Cam (FIC)

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The FIC is installed on the throttle body to maintain adequate engine speed while the engine is cold. It is operated by a volumetric change in wax located inside the thermo-element. The thermo-element is operated by engine coolant temperature.

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT



- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON"
- 2. See "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Start engine and warm it up.
  When engine temperature is 80±5°C (176±9°F), make sure that the center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (B) as shown in the figure.



- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector and check resistance as shown in the figure.

- OR -

- Start engine and warm it up.
   When the resistance of engine coolant temperature sensor is 0.26 to 0.39 kΩ, make sure that the center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (B) as shown in the figure.
- If NG, adjust by turning adjusting screw.

#### Adjusting screw tightening torque:

0.98 - 1.96 N·m (10 - 20 kg-cm, 8.7 - 17.4 in-lb)

4. Stop engine.



- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and see "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- When engine coolant temperature is 25±5°C (77±9°F), make sure that the center of mark (a) is aligned with mark (c) as shown in the figure.



- 5. When the resistance of engine coolant temperature sensor is 1.65 to 2.40 kΩ, make sure that the center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (C) as shown in the figure.
- If NG, replace thermo-element and perform the above inspection and adjustment again.

#### Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio **Adjustment**

#### PREPARATION

- Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
- **Battery**
- (2) Ignition system
- (3) Engine oil and coolant levels
- Fuses
- **ECM harness connector**
- Vacuum hoses (6)
- Air intake system (Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
- Fuel pressure
- (9) Engine compression
- (10) EGR valve operation
- (11) Throttle valve
- (12) EVAP system

- On models equipped with air conditioner, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is "OFF".
- models equipped with automatic On transaxle, when checking idle speed, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while shift lever is in "N" position.
- When measuring "CO" percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
- Turn off headlamps, heater blower.
- Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.

Overall inspection sequence MIT INSPECTION NG Perform diagnostic test mode II Repair or replace. (Self-diagnostic results). TF ΟK Check & adjust ignition timing. FA Check & adjust idle speed. BR NG NG Check front heated oxygen sensor Check front heated oxygen sen-Repair or replace harness. function. sor harness. ST OK ОК Check CO%. Replace front heated oxygen sen-NG BT OK Check emission control parts and Check front heated oxygen sensor HA repair or replace if necessary. function. 팂 INSPECTION END

MA

GI

LC

EC

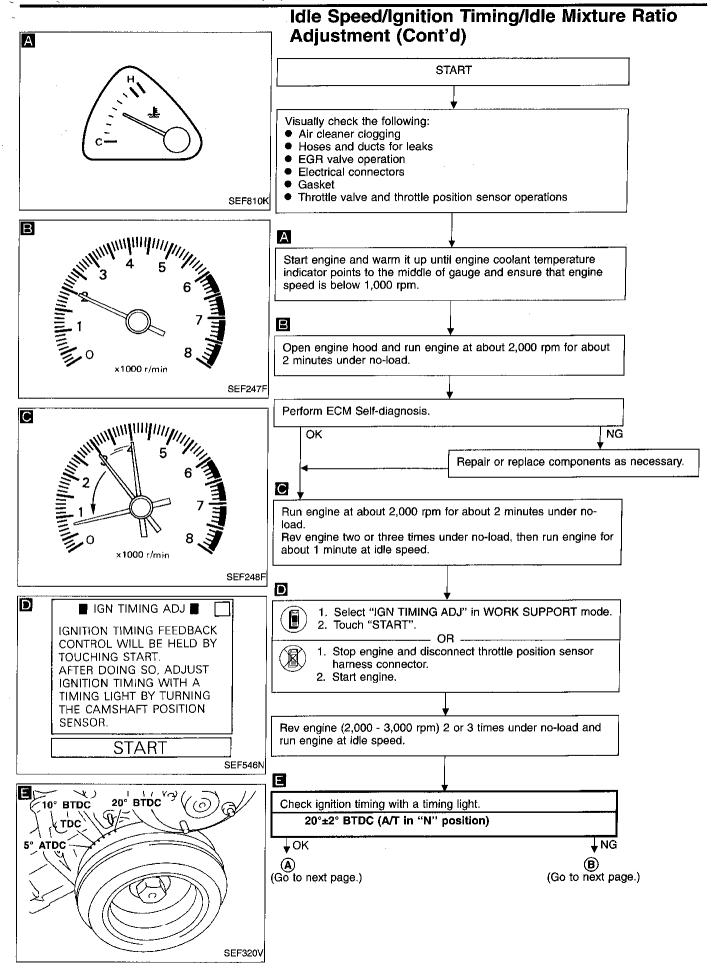
FE

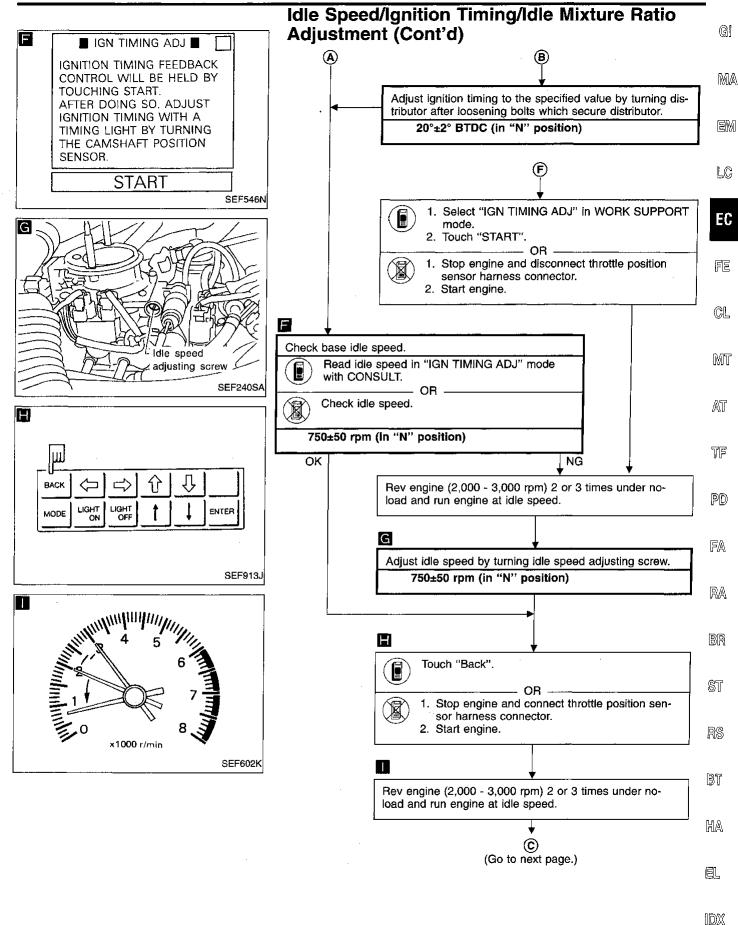
AT

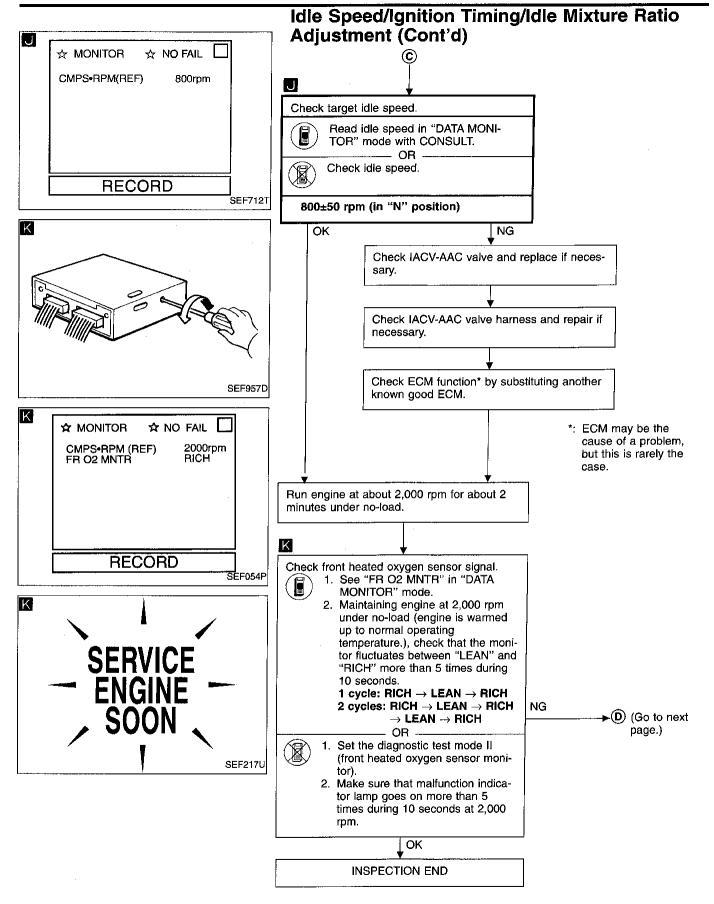
PD)

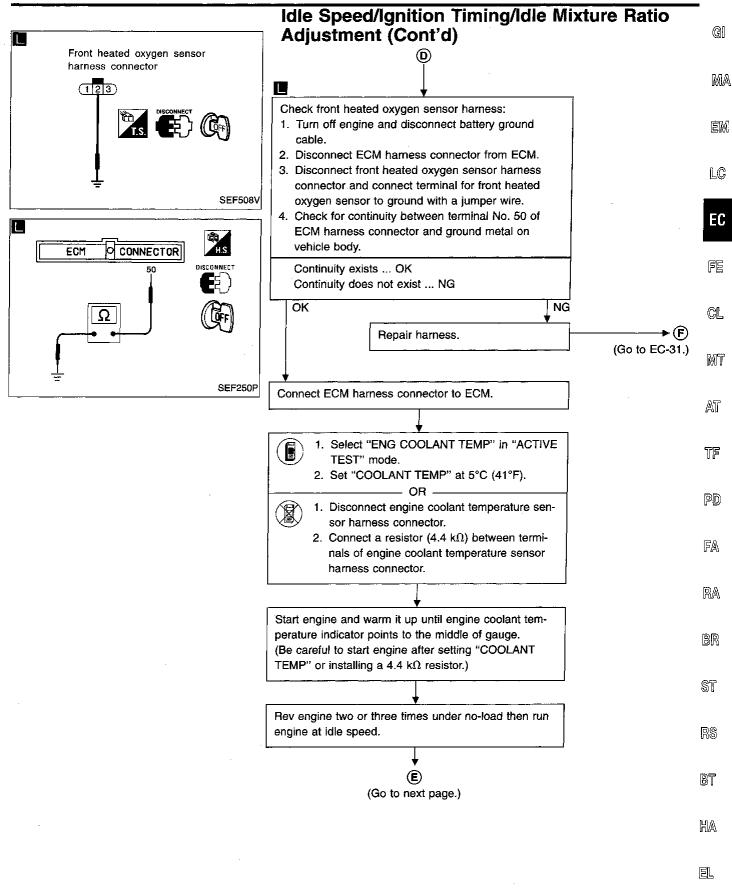
RA

RS

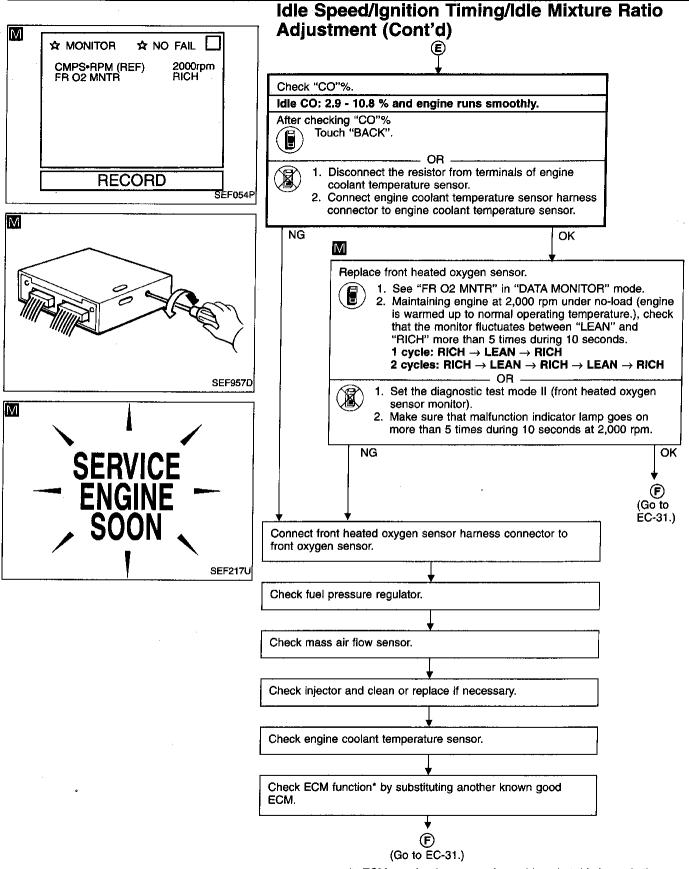








**>-33** 



- \*: ECM may be the cause of a problem, but this is rarely the case
- If a vehicle contains a part which is operating outside of design specifications with no MIL illumination, the part shall not be replaced prior to emission testing unless it is determined that the part has been tampered with or abused in such a way that the diagnostic system cannot reasonably be expected to detect the resulting malfunction.

#### Introduction

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

- 1st Trip Freeze Frame data

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
Diagnostic test mode II (Self- diagnostic results)	Х	X*1	_	_	_	
CONSULT	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	_
GST	Х	X*2	Х	_	Х	X

<sup>\*1:</sup> When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode (Refer to EC-78.).

#### Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

		MIL		DTC		1st tri	1st trip DTC	
Items	1st trip		2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	
	Blinking	Lighting up	lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	displaying	
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)  — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) is being detected	Х	_	_	x	_	х		- ;
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) has been detected	_	х	_	х	_	х		
Closed loop control — DTC: P1148 (0307)	_	х	_	х		х	_	[
Fail-safe items (Refer to EC-78.)	_	Х	_	X*1	_	X*1	_	
Except above	_		Х		Х	Х	Х	

<sup>\*1:</sup> Except "ECM".

凰

IDX

EC-35 193

(GI

EC

MT

俘A

BR

RS

<sup>\*2: 1</sup>st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

#### **Emission-related Diagnostic Information**

#### DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed. If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the M!L during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-45.

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-43. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a problem. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in "Work Flow" procedure Step II, refer to page EC-69. Then perform "Diagnostic trouble code confirmation procedure" or "Overall function check" to try to duplicate the problem. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

#### How to read DTC and 1st trip DTC

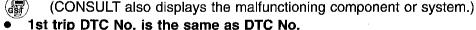
DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.



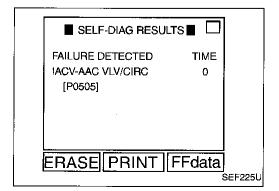
(NO) 1. The number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) Examples: 0101, 0201, 1003, 1104, etc. These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.



CONSULT or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1320, P0705, P0750, etc. These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.



Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, Mode II and GST do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT (if available) is recommended.



A sample of CONSULT display for DTC is shown at left. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC. If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0".

FAILURE DETECTED TIME
IACV-AAC VLV/CIRC [1t]
[P0505]

ERASE PRINT FFdata
SEF226U

## **Emission-related Diagnostic Information** (Cont'd)

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

L©

EC

**G**1

MA

EM

#### FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed and absolute pressure sensor at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT screen, not on the GST. For details, see EC-57.

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	Items				
1	Freeze frame data				
2	Except the above items				
3	1st trip freeze frame data				

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, first trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or first trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-45.

#### SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979. It indicates whether the self-diagnostic tests for non-continuously monitored items have been completed or not.

Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests of the on board diagnostic (OBD) II system may become the legal requirements in some states/areas. All SRT codes must be set in this case. Unless all SRT codes are set, conducting the I/M test may not be allowed.

SRT codes are set after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. This occurs regardless of whether the diagnosis is in "OK" or "NG", and whether or not the diagnosis is performed in consecutive trips. The following table lists the 5 SRT items (18 test items) for the ECM used in D22 models.

FE

MIT

CL.

AT

TF

FA

PD

RA

BR

<u>R</u>

RS

BT

HA

. IDX

**EC-37** 195

## **Emission-related Diagnostic Information** (Cont'd)

SRT items	Self-diagnostic test items
Catalyst monitoring	● Three way catalyst function P0420 (0702)
	● EVAP control system (Small leak — Negative pressure) P0440 (0705)
EVAP system monitoring	● EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure) P1440 (0213)
	● EVAP control system purge flow monitoring P1447 (0111)
*** **********************************	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0133 (0409)
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Rich shift monitoring) P0132 (0410)
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Lean shift monitoring) P0131 (0411)
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Circuit) P0130 (0303)
Oxygen sensor monitoring	● Front heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0134 (0412)
	<ul><li>■ Rear heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0139 (0707)</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>■ Rear heated oxygen sensor (Max. voltage monitoring) P0138 (0510)</li> </ul>
	● Rear heated oxygen sensor (Min. voltage monitoring) P0137 (0511)
	● Rear heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0140 (0512)
Overson conser bacter menitoring	● Front heated oxygen sensor heater P0135 (0901)
Oxygen sensor heater monitoring	● Rear heated oxygen sensor heater P0141 (0902)
	● EGR function (Close) P0400 (0302)
EGR system monitoring	● EGR function (Open) P1402 (0514)
_	● EGRC-BPT valve function P0402 (0306)

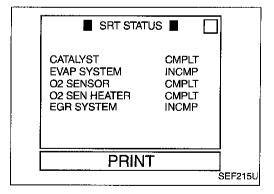
Together with the DTC, the SRT code is cleared from the ECM memory using the method described later (Refer to EC-45). In addition, after ECCS components/system are repaired or if the battery terminals remain disconnected for more than 24 hours, all SRT codes may be cleared from the ECM memory.

#### How to display SRT code



- 1. Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.

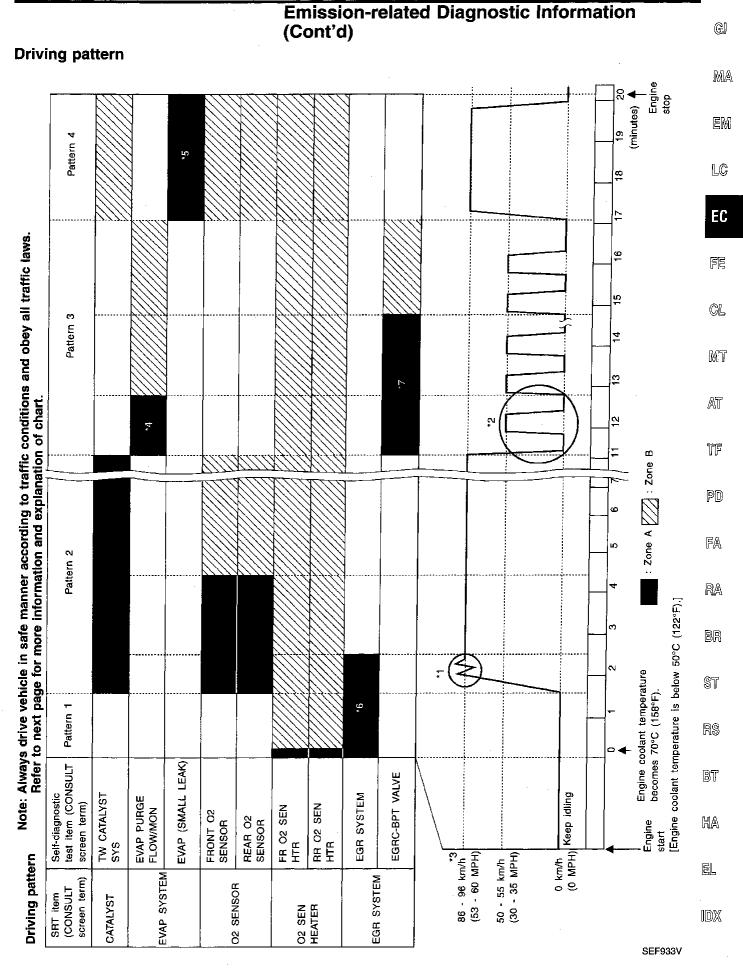
  For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.
- 2. Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)



A sample of CONSULT display for SRT code is shown at left. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

#### How to set SRT code

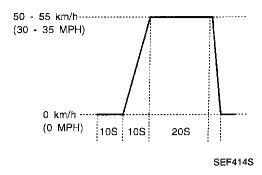
To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions. The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.



## **Emission-related Diagnostic Information** (Cont'd)

- The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.
  - Zone A refers to the range where the time required, for the diagnosis under normal conditions\*, is the shortest. Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.
- \*: Normal conditions refer to the following:
- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.
  - Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 30°C (68 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.
- Pattern 1: The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of -10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals ⑤ and ⑥ is 3.0 4.3V).
  - The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals 69 and 43 is lower than 1.4V).
  - The engine is started at the tank fuel temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals 60 and ground is less than 4.1V).
- Pattern 2: When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.
- Pattern 3: The driving pattern outlined in \*2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

  On M/T models, shift gears following "suggested upshift speeds" schedule on next page.
- Pattern 4: Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
  - The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
  - If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.
- \*1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.
- \*2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.
  - 1) Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h and let engine idle.
  - 2) Repeat driving pattern shown below at least 10 times.
    - During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible. (The THROTL POS SEN value of CONSULT should be between 0.8 to 1.2V.)
  - 3) Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the EGR system SRT is set.



- \*3: Checking the vehicle speed with CONSULT or GST is advised.
- \*4: The driving pattern may be omitted when "PURG FLOW P1447" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- \*5: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- \*6: The driving pattern may be omitted when all of the following are performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
  - "EGR SYSTEM P0400"
  - "EGR SYSTEM P1402"
- \*7: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

## Suggested transmission gear position for A/T models

Set the selector lever in the "D" position with "OD" ON.

#### Suggested upshift speeds for M/T models

Shown below are suggested vehicle speeds for shifting into a higher gear. These suggestions relate to fuel economy and vehicle performance. Actual upshift speeds will vary according to road conditions, the weather and individual driving habits.

Gear change (2H and 4H position)	ACCEL shift point km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	24 (15)
2nd to 3rd	40 (25)
3rd to 4th	64 (40)
4th to 5th	72 (45)

#### Suggested maximum speed in each gear

Downshift to a lower gear if the engine is not running smoothly, or if you need to accelerate.

Do not exceed the maximum suggested speed (shown below) in any gear. For level road driving, use the highest gear suggested for that speed. Always observe posted speed limits and drive according to the road conditions to ensure safe operation. Do not over-rev the engine when shifting to a lower gear as it may cause engine damage or loss of vehicle control.

2-wheel	drive	models
---------	-------	--------

Gear	km/h (MPH)
1st	48 (30)
2nd	88 (55)
3rd	129 (80)
4th & 5th	— (—)
ما مام ممت ميناسام المصمانين	

## 4-wheel drive models 2H/4H position

Gear	km/h (MPH)
1st	40 (25)
2nd	69 (43)
3rd	109 (68)
4th & 5th	— ( <del>-</del> )

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

圖訊

ST

RS

BT

HA

SL

(ID)X

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

#### **TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST only — not applicable to CONSULT)**

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is "OK" or "NG" while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.

Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (9 test items).

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

X: Applicable —: Not applicable

SRT item	Self-diagnostic test	Test value		Took limit	Application	
on i item	item	TID	CID	Test limit	Application	
CATALYST	Three way catalyst function	01H	01H	Max.	×	
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system (Small leak)	05H	03H	Max.	. X	
EVAP STSTEW	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	06H	83H	Min.	x	
		09H	04H	Max.	×	
	, [	0AH	84H	Min.	Х	
	Front heated oxygen sensor	овн	04H	Max.	х	
	J. J	0CH	04H	Max.	х	
O2 SENSOR		ODH	04H	Max.	х	
		19H	86H	Min.	×	
	Rear heated	1AH	86H	Min.	X	
	oxygen sensor	1BH	06H	Max.	×	
		1CH	06H	Max.	X	
	Front heated	29H	08H	Max.	Х	
O2 SENSOR	oxygen sensor – heater	2AH	88H	Min.	Х	
HEATER	Rear heated	2DH	ОАН	Max.	Х	
	oxygen sensor heater	2EH	8AH	Min.	х	
		31H	8CH	Min.	×	
		32H	8CH	Min.	Х	
	EGR function	33H	8CH	Min.	Х	
GR SYSTEM	ļ	34H	8CH	Min.	X	
		35H	0CH	Max.	х	
	EGRC-BPT valve	36H	0CH	Max.	Х	
	function	37H	8CH	Min.	· X	

### **Emission-related Diagnostic Information** (Cont'd)

### **EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS**

X: Applicable
—: Not applicable

GI

 $\mathbb{M}\mathbb{A}$ 

Items	DT	C*4		Test value/			
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC *4	Reference page	_
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAIL- URE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_	_	_	_	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0100	0102	_	_	х	EC-101	_
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	_	_	х	EC-110	. [
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	<u> </u>	_	х	EC-117	
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103		_	×	EC-123	
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC	P0120	0403	_	_	×	EC-128	- [
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908			х	EC-142	
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	x	Х	X*3	EC-147	. (
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	Х	Х	X*3	EC-153	
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	×	х	X*3	EC-159	L/
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	х	Х	X*3	EC-165	. 1
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	x	×	X*3	EC-173	
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	x	X	X*3	EC-179	<u>/</u>
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	x	×	X*3	EC-183	
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	х	×	X*3	EC-190	โ
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	x	×	X*3	EC-197	
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	x	x	X*3	EC-204	(F)
RR 02 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	x	×	X*3	EC-209	6
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115		_	×	EC-213	
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114		_	x	EC-218	F
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402		_	×	EC-223	
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701		_	X	EC-227	R
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608			×	EC-227	
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607			X	EC-227	南
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606			X	EC-227	8
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605		_	x	EC-227	
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	_	_	х	EC-232	S
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802	_	_	x	EC-236	
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	_	_	x	EC-241	R
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	x	×	X*3	EC-247	au
GRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	x	×	X*3	EC-255	E
W CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	×	×	X*3	EC-260	8
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	×	×	X*3	EC-265	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008			x	EC-275	H.
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903			х	EC-281	
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704			Х	EC-286	E

<sup>\*1:</sup> In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
\*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
\*3: These are not displayed with GST.
\*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

X: Applicable
—: Not applicable

	D-	TC*4		Test value/		—: Not applicable
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC *4	Reference page
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	<u> </u>	_	х	EC-292
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205		_	×	EC-297
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	_	_	X	EC-303
ECM	P0605	0301		_	х	EC-309
MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	P1105	1302	_		X	EC-311
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307		<u> </u>	х	EC-320
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201			х	EC-322
CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	P1336	0905			x	EC-329
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	_	_	х	EC-334
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	_	_	×	EC-339
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	×	×	X*3	EC-345
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1440	0213	x	х	X*3	EC-352
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	_	_	х	EC-362
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	_	_	X	EC-370
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	х	х	X*3	EC-375
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309			x	EC-381
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	_	_	x	EC-386
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311			х	EC-391
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1003	_	_	х	EC-396
TOR CONVICTOR S/V	P1775	0904	_	_	х	EC-401
TOR CONVICTOR S/V	P1776	0513	_	_	х	EC-405

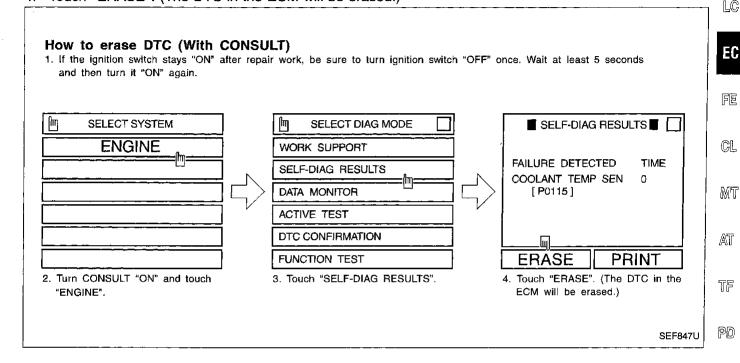
<sup>\*1:</sup> In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
\*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
\*3: These are not displayed with GST.
\*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

#### HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION

## How to erase DTC (With CONSULT)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT "ON" and touch "ENGINE".
- 3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 4. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)



The emission-related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT.

### How to erase DTC (With GST)

- If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool). The emission-related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

### (NO Tools)

- If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" again.
- 2. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (See EC-47.)

The emission-related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by changing the diagnostic test mode from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (Refer to EC-47.)

#### Note:

- If the battery is disconnected, the emissionrelated diagnostic information will be lost after approx. 24 hours.
- Erasing the emission-related diagnostic information using CONSULT or GST is easier and quicker than switching the mode selector on the ECM.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
- 1. Diagnostic trouble codes
- 2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- 6. Test values
- Others

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.

EL.

HA

FA

RA

BR

ST

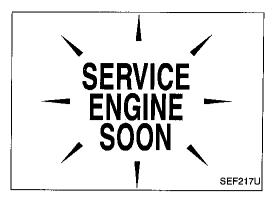
RS

BT

GI

MA

EM



#### Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

The malfunction indicator lamp is located on the instrument panel.

- The malfunction indicator lamp will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
- If the malfunction indicator lamp does not light up, refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS") or see EC-430.
- 2. When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.
  - If the lamp remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

#### Diagnostic Test Mode I

- 1. BULB CHECK
- : This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.).

If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit and ECM test mode selector. (See next page.)

- 2. MALFUNCTION WARNING
- : This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (2 trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.
  - "Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)"
  - "Closed loop control"
  - Fail-safe mode

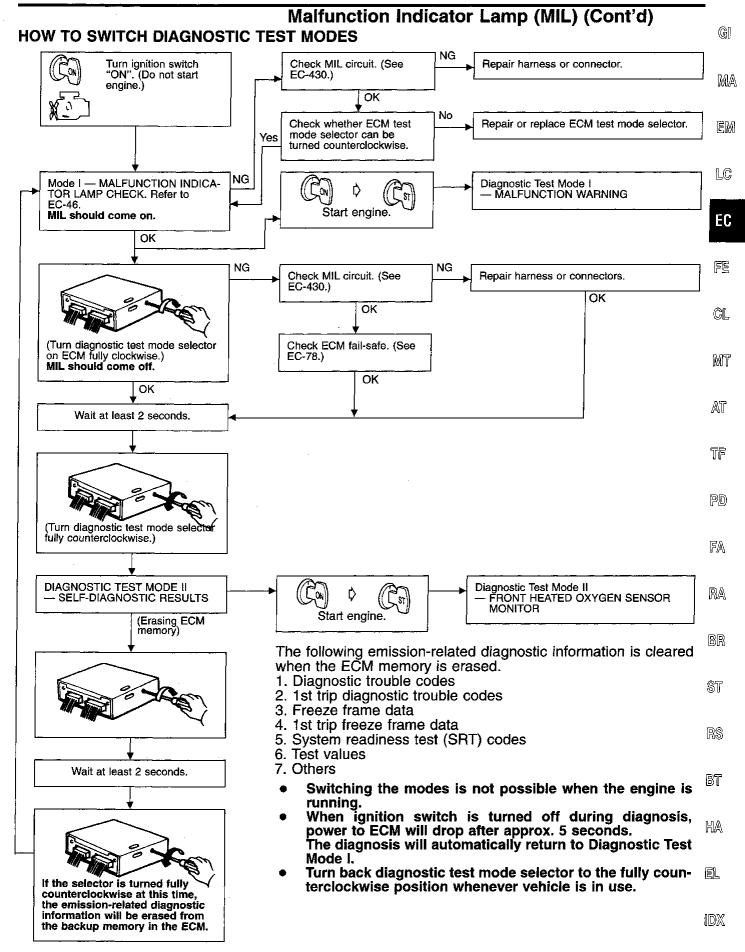
#### Diagnostic Test Mode II

- 3. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
- : This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.
- 4. FRONT HEATED OXY-GEN SENSOR MONI-TOR
  - : This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored by front heated oxygen sensor, to be read.

#### MIL flashing without DTC

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM test mode selector following "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES" on next page. How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later. (Refer to EC-47.)

Co	ondition	Diagnostic Test Mode I	Diagnostic Test Mode II
Ignition switch	Engine stopped	BULB CHECK	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
tion (Con)	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR



**EC-47** 205

#### Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS") or see EC-430.

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I - MALFUNCTION WARNING

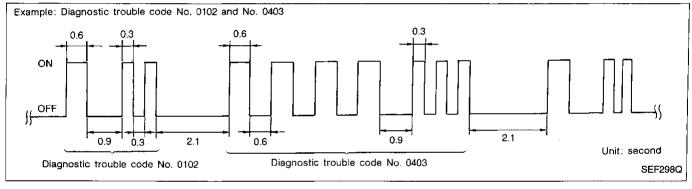
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Condition
ON	When the malfunction is detected or the ECM's CPU is malfunctioning.
OFF	No malfunction.

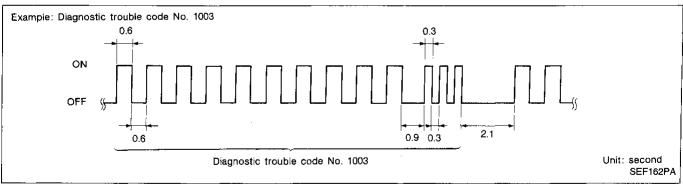
These Diagnostic Trouble Code Numbers are clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS).

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MALFUNCTION INDI-CATOR LAMP.

The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode 1 (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTC's. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTC's or 1st trip DTC's. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the consult or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.





Long (0.6 second) blinking indicates the two LH digits of number and short (0.3 second) blinking indicates the two RH digits of number. For example, the malfunction indicator lamp blinks 10 times for 6 seconds (0.6 sec x 10 times) and then it blinks three times for about 1 second (0.3 sec x 3 times). This indicates the DTC "1003" and refers to the malfunction of the neutral position switch.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their diagnostic trouble code numbers. The DTC "0505" refers to no malfunction. (See DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) INDEX, EC-2.)

#### Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

#### How to erase diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

The diagnostic trouble code can be erased from the backup memory in the ECM when the diagnostic test mode is changed from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I. (Refer to "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODES".)

If the battery is disconnected, the diagnostic trouble code will be lost from the backup memory after approx. 24 hours.

Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the front heated oxygen sensor.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition
ON	Lean	Classed lean system
OFF	Rich	Closed loop system
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system

<sup>\*:</sup> Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

To check the front heated oxygen sensor function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load conditions. Then make sure that the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no-load.

#### **OBD System Operation Chart**

#### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL. 1ST TRIP DTC. DTC. AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to "Two Trip Detection Logic" on
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in "OK" for the 2nd trip.

#### **SUMMARY CHART**

SUMMANT CHANT					
Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other	R\$	
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	— — 87	
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)	<u> </u>	
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)	HA	
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)		

EC-49

For details about patterns "B" and "C" under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see EC-51. For details about patterns "A" and "B" under "Other", see EC-53.

\*1: Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

207

**G** 

MA

EM

LC

EC

厚

MIT

TF

RA

圖剛

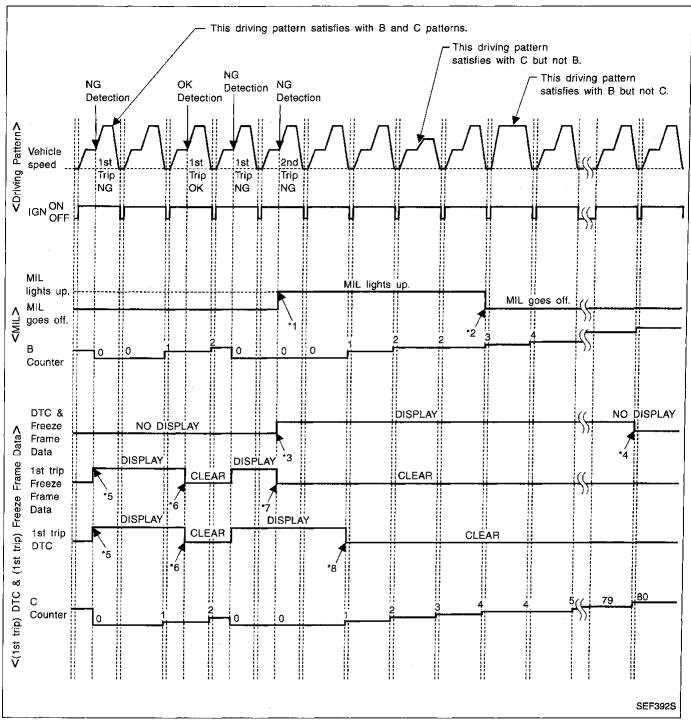
ST

87

<sup>\*2:</sup> Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

### **OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)**

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE" <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- \*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- \*2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- \*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- \*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction.

  (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- \*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in FCM
- \*6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
- \*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- \*8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

### **OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)**

## EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

#### <Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (\*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART")

#### <Driving pattern C>

Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows:

- (1) The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:
  Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm
  Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%]
  Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:
- When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), "T" should be lower than 70°C (158°F).
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), "T" should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F).

#### Example:

If the stored freeze frame data is as follows:

Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)

To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions:

Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C (158°F)

- The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1).
- The C counter will be counted up when (1) is satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

**CL** 

MT

AT

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

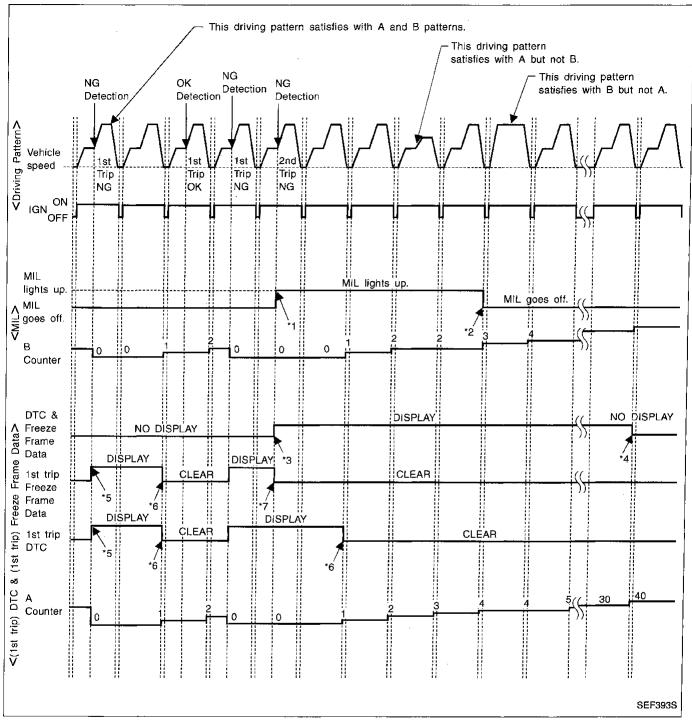
BT

HA

EL

#### **OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)**

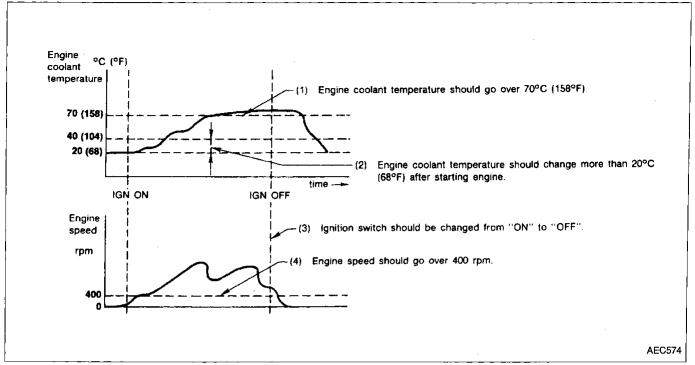
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- \*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- \*2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- \*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- \*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- \*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM
- \*6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.
- \*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

# OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd) EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

#### <Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (\*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART").

Œ]

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF PD

FA

ŔA

BR

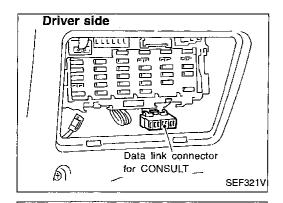
ST

RS

BT

HA

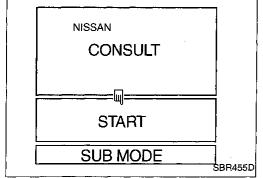
1DX



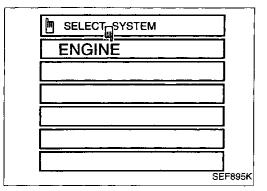
#### CONSULT

#### CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

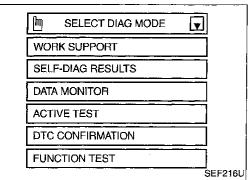
- Turn ignition switch "OFF". Connect "CONSULT" to data link connector for CONSULT. (Data link connector for CONSULT is located behind the fuse box cover.)



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Touch "START".

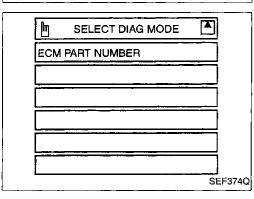


Touch "ENGINE".



Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service

For further information, see the CONSULT Operation Manual. This sample shows the display when using the UE990 program card. Screen differs in accordance with the program card used.



# CONSULT (Cont'd) ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

	DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE								
		WORK	SELF-DI	AGNOSTIC _TS*1			FUNC-	1	TC MATION
ltem		SUP- PORT		FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST	TION	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
	Camshaft position sensor		Х	Х	Х				
i	Mass air flow sensor		Х		Х			ļ	
	Engine coolant temperature sensor		Х	Х	Х	Х			
	Front heated oxygen sensor		Х		Х		Х	X	Х
	Rear heated oxygen sensor		Х		Χ			Х	X
]	Vehicle speed sensor		Х	Х	X		X		
	Throttle position sensor	X	Х		Χ		Х		
	Tank fuel temperature sensor		Х		X	Х			
!	EVAP control system pressure sensor		X	<del> </del>	X				
	Absolute pressure sensor		X	X	X				
INIDIUT.	EGR temperature sensor		X	ļ	X				
INPUT	Intake air temperature sensor		Х	<del>  </del>	X	<del></del>			
]	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		X	<del> </del>					
	Knock sensor		X						
	Ignition switch (start signal)		· ·		х		, X		
	Closed throttle position switch  Closed throttle position switch (throttle		Х						
	position sensor signal)	j			x		х		
	Air conditioner switch				Х				
	Park/neutral position switch		X		х		х		
	Power steering oil pressure switch				Х		×		
	Air conditioner pressure switch				x				
	Battery voltage				Х				<del></del>
	Injectors				Х	х	X		
	Power transistor (Ignition timing)		X (Ignition signal)		x	х	х		
	IACV-AAC valve	Х	X		X	Х	Х		
	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve		х		х	х			X
	Air conditioner relay				Х				
OUTBUT	Fuel pump relay	Х			Х	Х	Х		
OUTPUT	EGRC-solenoid valve		Х		Х	Х	X		
	Front heated oxygen sensor heater		Х		Х			X	
	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater		X		Х			X	
	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve		х		x				х
	EVAP canister vent control valve		X		Х	Х			
	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve		X		Х	Х			Х
!	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve		X		Х	Х			
ļ	Calculated load value	. [		Х	Х			=	

**EC-55** 

213

AH

GI

EL

X: Applicable

\*1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

\*2: This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-37.

### CONSULT (Cont'd)

#### **FUNCTION**

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*1
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	Conducted by CONSULT instead of a technician to determine whether each system is "OK" or "NG".
ECM part numbers	ECM part numbers can be read.

The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

1. Diagnostic trouble codes
2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
3. Freeze frame data
4. 1st trip freeze frame data
5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
6. Test values
7. Others

#### **WORK SUPPORT MODE**

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
THRTL POS SEN ADJ	CHECK THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL. ADJUST IT TO THE SPECIFIED VALUE BY ROTATING THE SENSOR BODY UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.  IGN SW "ON"  ENG NOT RUNNING  ACC PEDAL NOT PRESSED	When adjusting throttle position sensor initial position
IGNITION TIMING ADJ	<ul> <li>IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING "START". AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CRANK- SHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> </ul>	When adjusting initial ignition timing
IACV-AAC/V ADJ	SET ENGINE SPEED AT THE SPECIFIED VALUE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.  • ENGINE WARMED UP  • NO-LOAD	When adjusting idle speed
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	<ul> <li>FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DURING IDLING.</li> <li>CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.</li> </ul>	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	OPEN THE VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE AND CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.  BATTERY VOLTAGE IS SUFFICIENT.  IGN SW "ON" ENGINE NOT RUNNING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F). NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM TANK FUEL TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F). WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTION. NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system

### CONSULT (Cont'd)

#### **SELF-DIAGNOSTIC MODE**

#### DTC and 1st trip DTC

Regarding items of "DTC and 1st trip DTC", refer to "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX" (See EC-2.).

#### Freeze frame data and 1st trip freeze frame data

Freeze frame data item*	Description	- LC
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	<ul> <li>Engine control component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as "PXXXX". [Refer to "Alphabetical &amp; P No. Index for DTC" (EC-2).]</li> </ul>	EC
FUEL SYS	<ul> <li>"Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li> <li>One mode in the following is displayed.</li> <li>"MODE 2": Open loop due to detected system malfunction</li> <li>"MODE 3": Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enrichment)</li> <li>"MODE 4": Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control</li> <li>"MODE 5": Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop</li> </ul>	FE CL
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- MT
S-FUEL TRIM [%]	<ul> <li>"Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li> <li>The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule.</li> </ul>	AT
L-FUEL TRIM [%]	<ul> <li>"Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li> <li>The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim.</li> </ul>	TF
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	· PD
VHCL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	FA
ABSOL PRESS [kPa] or [kg/cm²] or [psi]	The absolute pressure at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	RA

**EC-57** 

215

**G**[]

MA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

EL

<sup>\*:</sup> The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

### CONSULT (Cont'd)

#### **DATA MONITOR MODE**

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description Remarks	
CMPS-RPM (REF) [rpm]	0	0	<ul> <li>Indicates the engine speed computed from the REF signal (180° signal) of the cam- shaft position sensor.</li> </ul>	
MAS AIR/FL SE [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	<ul> <li>When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.</li> </ul>
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	0	0	The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.	When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine cool- ant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.
FR O2 SENSOR [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the front heated oxygen sensor is displayed.	
RR 02 SENSOR [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the rear heated oxygen sensor is displayed.	
FR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0	0	Display of front heated oxygen sensor signal during air-fuel ratio feedback control:     RICH means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mixture.     LEAN means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture.	<ul> <li>After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mix- ture ratio feedback control begins.</li> <li>When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.</li> </ul>
RR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0		<ul> <li>Display of rear heated oxygen sensor signal:</li> <li>RICH means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small.</li> <li>LEAN means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large.</li> </ul>	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	0	$\bigcirc$	<ul> <li>The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed.</li> </ul>	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	0	$\bigcirc$	<ul> <li>The power supply voltage of ECM is dis- played.</li> </ul>	
THRTL POS SEN [V]	0	0	The throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed.	
TANK F/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		<ul> <li>The fuel temperature judged from the tank fuel temperature sensor signal voltage is displayed.</li> </ul>	
EGR TEMP SEN [V]	0		The signal voltage of the EGR tempera- ture sensor is displayed.	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0	į	The intake air temperature determined by the signal voltage of the intake air tem- perature sensor is indicated.	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	0	0	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the starter signal.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After starting the engine, [OFF] is dis- played regardless of the starter signal.</li> </ul>
CLSD THL/P SW [ON/OFF]	0	0	Indicates mechanical contact [ON/OFF] condition of the throttle position switch.	
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	0	0	<ul> <li>Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the throttle position sensor signal.</li> </ul>	
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioner signal.</li> </ul>	
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neutral position switch signal.</li> </ul>	

NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

#### CONSULT (Cont'd) Monitored item **ECM** Main [Unit] input Description Remarks signals signals MA PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF] condition of the power steering (ON/OFF) oil pressure switch determined by the power steering oil pressure signal is indicated EM **IGNITION SW** Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from igni-[ON/OFF] tion switch. INJ PULSE [msec] Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse When the engine is stopped, a certain LC width compensated by ECM according to computed value is indicated. the input signals. **B/FUEL SCHDL** "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel EC [msec] injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction **IGN TIMING IBTDC1** 脬 Indicates the ignition timing computed by When the engine is stopped, a certain ECM according to the input signals. value is indicated. IACV-AAC/V [%] Indicates the IACV-AAC valve control value computed by ECM according to the CL input signals. PURG VOL C/V [%] Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve computed by MT the ECM according to the input signals. The opening becomes larger as the value increases. A/F ALPHA [%] The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feed-When the engine is stopped, a certain AT back correction factor per cycle is indivalue is indicated. cated This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control. TF **EVAP SYS PRES IVI** The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed. AIR COND RLY The air conditioner relay control condition PD ION/OFF1 (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. **FUEL PUMP RLY** Indicates the fuel pump relay control con-[ON/OFF] dition determined by ECM according to FA the input signals. EGRC SOL/V The control condition of the EGRC-sole-[ON/OFF] (Cut/flow) noid valve (determined by ECM accord-RA ing to the input signal) is indicated. ON ... EGR operation is cut-off OFF ... EGR is operational TCC SOL/V BR · The control condition of the torque converter clutch solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ST ON ... Lock-up is cancelled OFF ... Lock-up is operational VENT CONT/V The control condition of the EVAP canis-ION/OFFI ter vent control valve (determined by RS ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON ... Closed OFF ... Open 18 FR 02 HEATER Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of front [ON/OFF] heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. HA RR 02 HEATER Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of rear [ON/OFF] heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. EL VC/V BYPASS/V The control condition of the vacuum cut [ON/OFF] valve bypass valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. [[D)X( ON ... Open OFF ... Closed

**EC-59** 217

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

			•	
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			<ul> <li>"Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current airflow divided by peak airflow.</li> </ul>	
ABSOL TH-P/S [%]			"Absolute throttle position sensor" indicates the throttle opening computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the throttle position sensor.	
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			<ul> <li>Indicates the mass airflow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass airflow sensor.</li> </ul>	
MAP/BARO SW/V [MAP/BARO]			The control condition of the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated.  MAP Intake manifold absolute pressure  BARO Barometric pressure	
ABSOL PRES/SE [V]			<ul> <li>The signal voltage of the absolute pres- sure sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>	,
VOLTAGE [V]			<ul> <li>Voltage measured by the voltage probe.</li> </ul>	
PULSE [msec] or [Hz] or [%]			<ul> <li>Pulse width, frequency or duty cycle measured by the pulse probe.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Only "#" is displayed if Item is unable to be measured.</li> <li>Figures with "#"s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured.</li> </ul>

### CONSULT (Cont'd)

#### **ACTIVE TEST MODE**

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)	<del></del>
TESTITEM	Engine: Return to the original trouble	JODGEWENT	<u> </u>	
FUEL INJECTION	condition  Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT.	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connector     Fuel injectors     Front heated oxygen sensor	MA
IACV-AAC/V OPENING	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>Change the IACV-AAC valve opening percent using CONSULT.</li> </ul>	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connector     IACV-AAC valve	- EM
ENG COOLANT TEMP	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connector     Engine coolant temperature sensor     Fuel injectors	LC
IGNITION TIMING	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Tirning light: Set</li> <li>Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Adjust initial ignition timing	EC
POWER BALANCE	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>A/C switch "OFF"</li> <li>Shift lever "N"</li> <li>Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT.</li> </ul>	Engine runs rough or dies.	Harness and connector Compression Injectors Power transistor Spark plugs Ignition coils	- FL CL
FUEL PUMP RELAY	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	Harness and connector     Fuel pump relay	
EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> <li>Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector     Solenoid valve	AT
SELF-LEARNING CONT	<ul> <li>In this test, the coefficient of self-learni the screen.</li> </ul>	ng control mixture ratio returns to the origin	nal coefficient by touching "CLEAR" on	- - TF
PURG VOL CONT/V	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CONSULT.</li> </ul>	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connector     EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	PD
TANK F/TEMP SEN	<ul> <li>Change the tank fuel temperature using</li> </ul>	g CONSULT.		_
VENT CONTROL/V	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector     Solenoid valve	FA
VC/V BYPASS/V	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector     Solenoid valve	RA
MAP/BARO SW/V	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON         (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Turn the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve between "MAP" and "BARO" using CONSULT and listen for</li> </ul>	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector     MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve	BR
	operating sound.			ST

RS

G

BT

HA

EL

### CONSULT (Cont'd)

#### **DTC CONFIRMATION MODE**

#### **SRT STATUS mode**

For details, refer to "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE", EC-37.

#### **DTC WORK SUPPORT mode**

TEST MODE	TEST ITEM	CONDITION	REFERENCE PAGE
	PURGE FLOW P1447		EC-375
	VC CUT/V BP/V P1491		EC-391
EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-362
01012	EVAP SML LEAK P0440		EC-265
	EVAP SML LEAK P1440		EC-352
FR O2 SENSOR	FR O2 SENSOR P0130		EC-147
	FR O2 SENSOR P0131		EC-153
	FR O2 SENSOR P0132	Refer to corresponding trouble diagnosis	EC-159
	FR O2 SENSOR P0133	for DTC.	EC-165
	RR O2 SENSOR P0137		EC-183
RR O2 SENSOR	RR O2 SENSOR P0138		EC-190
	RR O2 SENSOR P0139	· .	EC-197
	EGR SYSTEM P0400		EC-247
EGR SYSTEM	EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402		EC-255
	EGR SYSTEM P1402		EC-345
A/T (TCC S/V)	TCC S/V FNCTN P1776		EC-405

#### **FUNCTION TEST MODE**

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMI	ENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)     Displays the results of on board diagnostic system.			Objective system
CLOSED THROTTLE	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON         (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed</li> </ul>	Throttle valve: opened	OFF	<ul> <li>Harness and connector</li> <li>Throttle position sensor (Closed throttle position)</li> <li>Throttle position sensor (Closed</li> </ul>
POSI	fully. ("IDLE POSITION" is the test item name for the vehicles in which idle is selected by throttle position sensor.)	Throttle valve: closed	ON	throttle position) adjustment  Throttle linkage  Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode.
THROTTLE POSI SEN	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)     Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed fully.	Range (Throttle valve fully opened — Throttle valve fully closed)	More than 3.0V	<ul> <li>Harness and connector</li> <li>Throttle position sensor</li> <li>Throttle position sensor adjustment</li> <li>Throttle linkage</li> <li>Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode.</li> </ul>
PARK/NEUT POSI SW	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)     Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Out of N/P positions	OFF	Harness and connector     Park/neutral position (PNP) switch
СКТ	circuit is tested when shift lever is manipulated.	In N/P positions	ON	<ul> <li>Linkage or park/neutral position (PNP) switch adjustment</li> </ul>
FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON         (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Fuel pump circuit is tested by checking the pulsation in fuel pressure when fuel tube is pinched.</li> </ul>	There is pressure pul- fuel feed hose.	sation on the	<ul> <li>Harness and connector</li> <li>Fuel pump</li> <li>Fuel pump relay</li> <li>Fuel filter clogging</li> <li>Fuel level</li> </ul>
EGRC SOL/V CIRCUIT	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)     EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is tested by checking solenoid valve operating noise.	The solenoid valve mo		Harness and connector     EGRC-solenoid valve

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEM	ENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
START SIGNAL CIRCUIT	<ul> <li>■ Ignition switch: ON → START</li> <li>■ Start signal circuit is tested when engine is started by operating the starter. Battery voltage and engine coolant temperature before cranking, and average battery voltage, mass air flow sensor output voltage and cranking speed during cranking are displayed.</li> </ul>	Start signal: OFF → ON		<ul><li>Harness and connector</li><li>Ignition switch</li></ul>
PW/ST SIGNAL CIRCUIT	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON         (Engine running)</li> <li>Power steering circuit is tested when steering wheel is rotated fully and then set to a straight line running position.</li> </ul>	Locked position	ON	Harness and connector     Power steering oil pressure switch     Power steering oil pump
		Neutral position	OFF	
VÉHICLE SPEED SEN CKT	<ul> <li>Vehicle speed sensor circuit is tested when vehicle is running at a speed of 10 km/h (6 MPH) or higher.</li> </ul>	Vehicle speed sensor input signal is greater than 4 km/h (2 MPH).		<ul><li>Harness and connector</li><li>Vehicle speed sensor</li><li>Speedometer</li></ul>
GN TIMING ADJ	<ul> <li>After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>Ignition timing is checked by reading ignition timing with a timing light and checking whether it agrees with specifications.</li> </ul>	The timing light indicates the same value on the screen.		Adjust ignition timing (by moving camshaft position sensor or distributor)     Camshaft position sensor drive mechanism
MIXTURE RATIO TEST	● Air-fuel ratio feedback circuit (injection system, ignition system, vacuum system, etc.) is tested by examining the front heated oxygen sensor output at 2,000 rpm under non-loaded state.	Front heated oxygen sensor COUNT: More than 5 times during 10 seconds		INJECTION SYS (Injector, fuel pressure regulator, harness or connector)     IGNITION SYS (Spark plug, power transistor, ignition coil, harness or connector)     VACUUM SYS (Intake air leaks)     Front heated oxygen sensor circuit     Front heated oxygen sensor operation     Fuel pressure high or low     Mass air flow sensor
POWER BALANCE	<ul> <li>After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>Injector operation of each cylinder is stopped one after another, and resultant change in engine rotation is examined to evaluate combustion of each cylinder. (This is only displayed for models where a sequential multiport fuel injection system is used.)</li> </ul>	Difference in engine speed is greater than 25 rpm before and after cutting off the injector of each cylinder.		<ul> <li>Injector circuit (Injector, harness or connector)</li> <li>Ignition circuit (Spark plug, ignition coil with power transistor harness or connector)</li> <li>Compression</li> <li>Valve timing</li> </ul>
ACV-AAC/V SYSTEM	<ul> <li>After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>IACV-AAC valve system is tested by detecting change in engine speed when IACV-AAC valve opening is changed to 0%, 20% and 80%.</li> </ul>	greater than 150 rpm between when valve opening is at 80% and		<ul> <li>Harness and connector</li> <li>IACV-AAC valve</li> <li>Air passage restriction between air inlet and IACV-AAC valve</li> <li>IAS (Idle adjusting screw) adjustment</li> </ul>

**EC-63** 

ST

RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX

### **CONSULT (Cont'd)**

#### REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (Recording vehicle data)

CONSULT has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

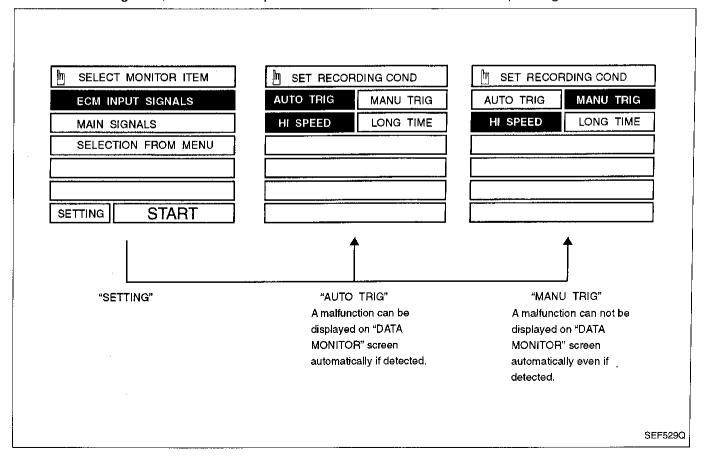
- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
  - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT screen in real time.
     In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed at the moment the malfunction is detected by ECM.
    - DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously until a malfunction is detected. However, DATA MONITOR cannot continue any longer after the malfunction detection.
- "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):
  - DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.
    - DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.

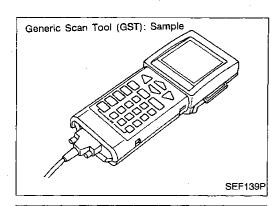
Use these triggers as follows:

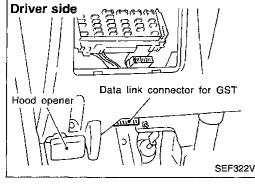
- "AUTO TRIG"
  - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE", be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
  - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
    When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to GI section, "Incident Simulation Tests" in "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCI-
- 2. "MANU TRIG"

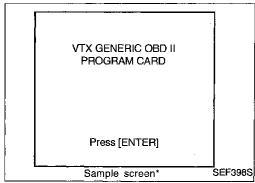
DENT".)

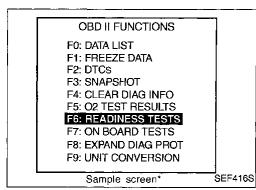
 If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.











### Generic Scan Tool (GST)

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 7 different functions explained on the next page. ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.

#### **GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Connect "GST" to data link connector for GST. (Data link connector for GST is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.)

3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

 Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.

(\*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)

Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.

EC

LC

G[

MA

EM

<u>-</u>...

בבו ע

MT

(CIL

AT

PD

RA

FA

BR

ST

RS

BT

]DX

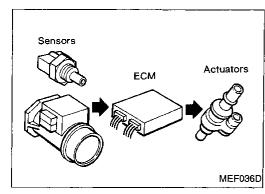
EC-65

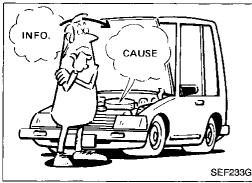
## Generic Scan Tool (GST) (Cont'd)

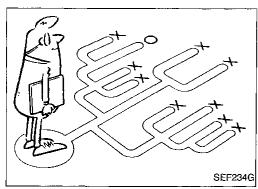
#### **FUNCTION**

Diagnostic test mode		Function		
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.		
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. [For details, refer to "Freeze Frame Data" (EC-57).]		
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.		
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes:  Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1)  Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3)  Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1)  Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2)  Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1)  Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)		
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.		
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.		
MODE 8		This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch "ON" position (Engine stopped When this mode is performed, following parts can be opened or closed.  EVAP canister vent control valve open  Vacuum cut valve bypass valve closed In the following conditions, this mode cannot function.  Low ambient temperature  Low battery voltage  Engine running  Ignition switch "OFF"  Low fuel temperature  Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system		

#### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction







#### **KEY POINTS**

WHAT ..... Vehicle & engine model
WHEN ..... Date, Frequencies
WHERE.... Road conditions
HOW ..... Operating conditions,
Weather conditions,

Symptoms

SEF907L

#### Introduction

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no problems such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other problems with the engine.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems. A road test with CONSULT (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow" on EC-69.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such problems, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example on next page should be used.

Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This will help troubleshoot driveability problems on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

### Diagnostic Worksheet

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make trouble-shooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a problem. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.

Some conditions may cause the malfunction indicator lamp to

- come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:
  Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere [for the models with EVAP (SMALL LEAK) diagnosis].

GI

MA

EM

C

EC

je

\$L

MT

AVAD D

AT

77

PD

FA

. RA

BR

\_\_

ଆ

RS

BT

.

HA

EL

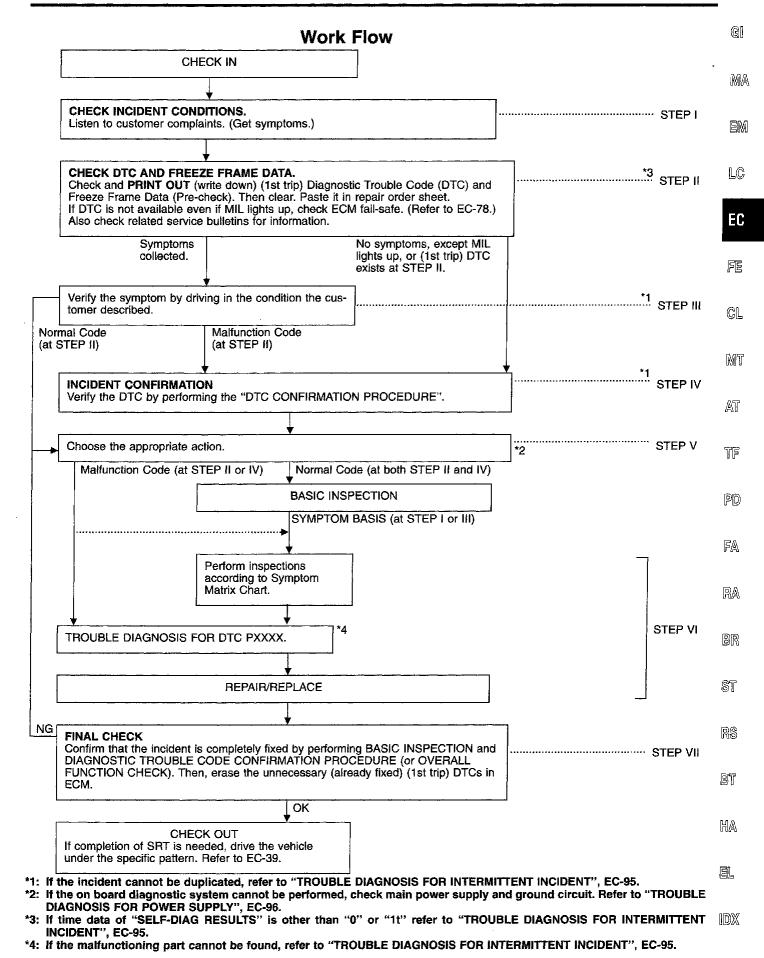
### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction

### Diagnostic Worksheet (Cont'd)

#### **WORKSHEET SAMPLE**

Customer name MR/MS		Model & Year	VIN		
Engine #		Trans.	Mileage		
Incident Date		Manuf. Date In Service Date			
Fuel and fuel filler cap		☐ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire ☐ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on.			
Symptoms	□ Startability	□ Impossible to start □ No combustion □ Partial combustion □ Partial combustion affected by throttle position □ Partial combustion NOT affected by throttle position □ Possible but hard to start □ Others [			
	□ Idling	☐ No fast idle ☐ Unstable ☐ High i☐ Others [	idle □ Low idle ]		
	☐ Driveability	☐ Sturnble ☐ Surge ☐ Knock ☐ Lack of power ☐ Intake backfire ☐ Others [ ]			
	☐ Engine stall	☐ At the time of start ☐ While idling ☐ While accelerating ☐ While decelerating ☐ While loading	ng		
Incident occurrence		☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently ☐ In the morning ☐ At night ☐ In the daytime			
Frequency		☐ All the time ☐ Under certain conditions ☐ Sometimes			
Weather conditions		□ Not affected			
Weather		☐ Fine ☐ Raining ☐ Snowing	☐ Others [		
<u> </u>	Temperature	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool ☐ Cole	d □ Humid °F		
Engine conditions		☐ Cold ☐ During warm-up ☐ After v  Engine speed ☐	warm-up 4,000 6,000 8,000 rpm		
Road conditions		☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ Highway	☐ Off road (up/down)		
Driving conditions		□ Not affected □ At starting □ While idling □ At racing □ While accelerating □ While cruising □ While decelerating □ While turning (RH/LH)  Vehicle speed □ □ □ 10 20 30 40 50 60 MPH			
Malfunction indicator lamp		☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on			

#### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Work Flow

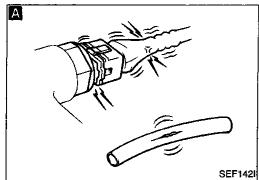


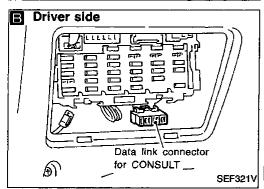
EC-69

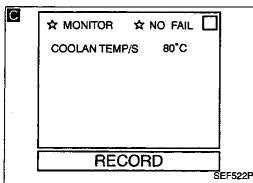
### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Work Flow

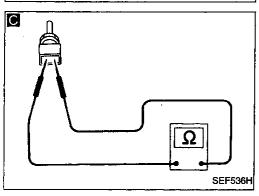
### **Description for Work Flow**

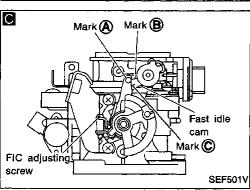
STEP	DESCRIPTION			
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET", EC-68.			
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool) the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the code and the data. (Refer to EC-45.) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV.  Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The "Symptom Matrix Chart" will be useful. See EC-79.)  Also check related service bulletins for information.			
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs.  The "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET" and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results.  If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.)  If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.			
STEP IV	Try to detect the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code by driving in (or performing) the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool.  During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results.  If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.)  In case the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" is not available, perform the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified "check" is an effective alternative.  The "NG" result of the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.			
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV.  If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX.  If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-71.) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-79.)			
STEP VI	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode.  Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CONSULT. Refer to EC-82.  The "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE. For details, refer to GI section ("HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT", "Circuit Inspection"). Repair or replace the malfunction parts.			
STEP VII	Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint.  Perform the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" and confirm the normal code [Diagnostic trouble code No. P0000 or 0505] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a different method from the previous one.  Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM. (Refer to EC-45.)			











# **Basic Inspection**

Precaution:

Perform Basic Inspection without electrical or mechanical loads applied:

- Headlamp switch is OFF,
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.

# **BEFORE STARTING**

- 1. Check service records for repairs of related problems, or the current need for scheduled maintenance.
- 2. Open engine hood and check the follow-
- Harness connectors for proper connections
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks, and proper connections
- Wiring for proper connections, pinches, or cuts



# CONNECT CONSULT TO THE VEHICLE.

Connect "CONSULT" to the data link connector for CONSULT and select "ENGINE" from the menu. (Refer to page EC-54.)

C

# **CHECK FI CAM FUNCTION**

Warm up engine to 75°C (167°F).

2. Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds then turn ignition switch "ON"

- 3. Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR MODE" with CONSULT.
- 4. Check the FI cam when the engine coolant temperature is 75 to 85°C (167 to 185°F). Make sure that the center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (B) as shown in the figure.



2. Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds then turn ignition switch "ON".

OB

- 3. Select "MODE 1" WITH GST.
- 4. Check the FI cam when the engine coolant temperature is 75 to 85°C (167 to 185°F). Make sure that the center of (A) is aligned with mark (B) as shown in the figure.



- 1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector and check resistance as shown in the figure.
- 2. Warm up engine until the resistance of coolant temperature sensor is 0.26 to 0.39 k $\Omega$ .
- 3. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 4. With the resistance of the engine coolant temperature sensor between 0.26 to 0.39 k $\Omega$ , make sure that the center of mark (A) is aligned with mark (B) as shown in the figure.

**▼**ОК (Go to next page.)

Check FI cam, refer to "Fast Idle Cam (FIC) Inspection and Adjustment" in "BASIC SERVIĆE PROCEDURE".

FA

**G**[

MA

EM

LC

EC

MT

AT

TF

PD

RA

BR

ST

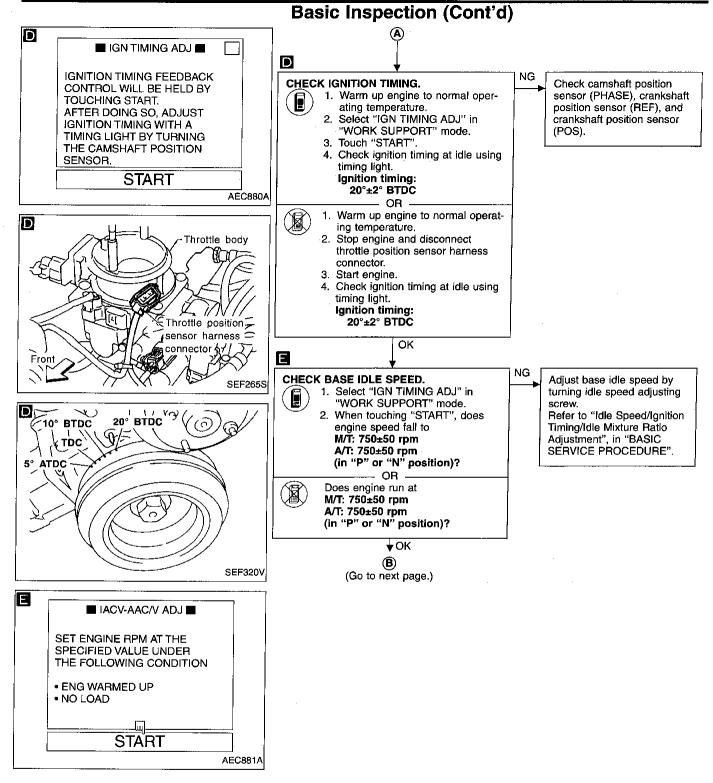
RS

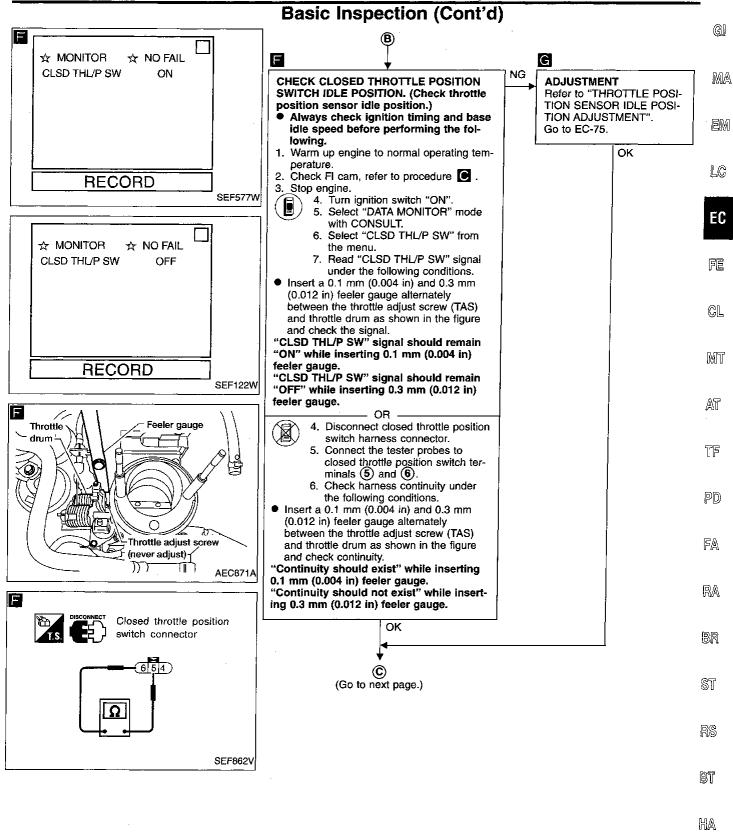
BT

MA

剧

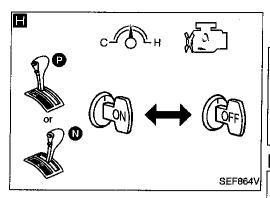
IDX





IDX

# **Basic Inspection (Cont'd)**







- Reconnect throttle position sensor harness connector and closed throttle position switch harness connector.
- Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) 2 or 3 times under no-load and then run engine at idle speed.



## **RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.**

Note: Always warm up engine to normal operating temperature. If engine is cool, the throttle position sensor idle position memory will not be reset correctly.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Select "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode (Manual trigger) with CONSULT.
- 4. Stop engine. (Turn ignition switch "OFF".)5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least
- 5 seconds.
- 6. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 until "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT changes to



OR -7. Repeat steps 5 and 6, 20 times.

CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED.



Read the engine idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. M/T: 800±50 rpm

A/T: 800±50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position)



OR Check target idle speed. M/T: 800±50 rpm

A/T: 800±50 rpm

(in "P" or "N" position)

⊥ok



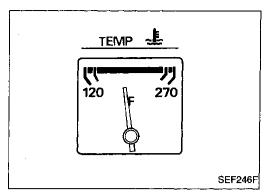
## ERASE DTC MEMORY.

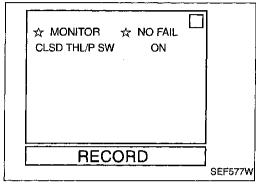
After this inspection, unnecessary diagnostic trouble code No. might be stored or displayed. Erase the stored memory in ECM and TCM. Refer to "How to erase DTC" in "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIP-TION" and A/T section ("Selfdiagnosis", "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSES").

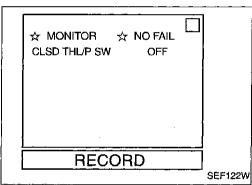
INSPECTION END

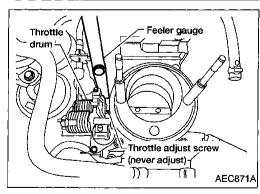
Adjust idle speed. Refer to "Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/ Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment" in "BASIC SEŘVICE PROCEDURE".

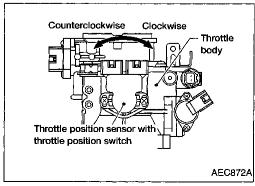
NG











# **Basic Inspection (Cont'd)**

G THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION ADJUST-MENT

## Note:

Never adjust throttle adjust screw (TAS).

- Do not touch throttle drum when checking "CLSD THL/P SW" signal or "continuity", doing so may cause an incorrect adjustment.
- 1. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check FI cam. Refer to procedure C.
- 3. Stop engine.
- 4. Loosen throttle position sensor fixing bolts.
  - 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
    - Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
    - 7. Select "CLSD THL/P SW" from the menu.
    - Read "CLSD THL/P SW" signal under the following conditions.
    - Insert a 0.1 mm (0.004 in) feeler gauge between throttle adjust screw and throttle drum as shown in the figure and check the following.
    - Open throttle valve and then close.
    - "CLSD THL/P SW" signal should remain "OFF" when the throttle valve is closed. (If signal is "ON", turn throttle position sensor body counterclockwise until the signal switches to "OFF".)
    - 9. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
    - Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when "CLSD THL/P SW" signal switches from "OFF" to "ON", then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.
    - 10. Make sure the signal is "ON" when the throttle valve is closed and "OFF" when it is opened. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.
    - 11. Remove 0.1 mm (0.004 in) feeler gauge then insert 0.3 mm (0.012 in) feeler gauge and check the following. Make sure the signal remains "OFF" when the throttle valve is closed. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.
    - 12. Tighten throttle position sensor.

      Check that the "CLSD THL/P SW" signal remains "OFF" while closing throttle valve. If NG, repeat from step 4.

After this adjustment, go to procedure RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.

OR -

- 5. Disconnect closed throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 6. Connector tester probes to closed throttle position switch terminals (5) and (6) and check continuity under the following conditions.
- Insert a 0.1 mm (0.004 in) feeler gauge between the throttle adjust screw and throttle drum as shown in the figure and check the following.
- Open throttle valve then close.
- Continuity should not exist while closing the throttle valve. If continuity exists, turn throttle position sensor body counterclockwise until continuity does not exist.
- 7. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
- Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when continuity comes to exist, then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.

EC

LС

MA

CL

FE

MT

AT

· TF · PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

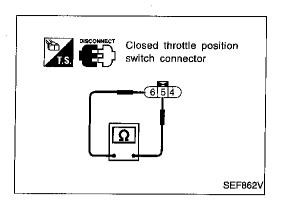
BT

<u>D</u>) |}

HA

.

IDX



# **Basic Inspection (Cont'd)**

- 8. Make sure continuity exists when the throttle valve is closed and continuity does not exist when it is opened. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.
- Remove 0.1 mm (0.004 in) feeler gauge then insert 0.3 mm (0.012 in) feeler gauge and check the following. Make sure continuity does not exist when the throttle valve is closed. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.
- 10. Tighten throttle position sensor.

  Check that continuity does not exist while closing the throttle valve. If NG, repeat from step 5.

  After this adjustment, go to procedure RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.

# Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Inspection Priority Chart

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

Priority	Detected items (DTC)	EM
1 .	P0100 Mass air flow sensor (0102)	
	P0110 Intake air temperature sensor (0401)	
	P0115, P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor (0103), (0908)	L©
	● P0120 Throttle position sensor (0403)	
	● P0180 Tank fuel temperature sensor (0402)	
	● P0325 Knock sensor (0304)	EC
	P0340 Camshaft position sensor (0101)	
	P0500 Vehicle speed sensor (0104)	
	● P0605 ECM (0301)	FE
	● P1320 Ignition signal (0201)	
	● P1400 EGRC-solenoid valve (1005)	
	● P1706 Park/neutral position (PNP) switch (1003)	CL
2	● P0105 Absolute pressure sensor (0803)	
	● P0130-P0134 Front heated oxygen sensor (0303-0412)	
	● P0135 Front heated oxygen sensor heater (0901)	MT
	● P0137-P0140 Rear heated oxygen sensor (0510-0707)	
	● P0141 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater (0902)	
	● P0335, P1336 Crankshaft position sensor (OBD) (0802), (0905)	AT
	● P0443, P1444 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (1008), (0214)	
	<ul> <li>P0446, P1446, P1448 EVAP canister vent control valve (0903), (0215), (0309)</li> </ul>	
	● P0450 EVAP control system pressure sensor (0704)	TF
	● P0510 Closed throttle position switch (0203)	, <u>-</u>
	● P1105 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (1302)	
	● P1401 EGR temperature sensor (0305)	PD
	● P1447 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring (0111)	, ,
	● P1490, P1491 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve (0801), (0311)	
	● P1775, P1776 Torque converter clutch solenoid valve (0904), (0513)	FA
3	● P0171, P0172 Fuel injection system function (0115), (0114)	
	● P0304 - P0300 Misfire (0605 - 0701)	
	● P0400, P1402 EGR function (0302), (0514)	RA
	● P0402 EGRC-BPT valve function (0306)	
	● P0420 Three way catalyst function (0702)	
	● P0440, P1440 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK) (0705), (0213)	BR
	● P0505 IACV-AAC valve (0205)	
	● P1148 Closed loop control (0307)	
		<del></del> \$T

235

RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX

GI

MA

# **Fail-Safe Chart**

The ECM enters fail-safe mode, if any of the following malfunctions is detected due to the open or short circuit. When the ECM enters the fail-safe mode, the MIL illuminates.

DTO	C No.		_		
CONSULT GST	ECM*1	Detected items	Er	ngine operating cond	lition in fail-safe mode
P0100	0102	Mass air flow sensor cir- cuit	Engine speed will n	ot rise more than 2,4	400 rpm due to the fuel cut.
P0115	0103	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor circuit	after turning ignition	switch "ON" or "ST	rmined by ECM based on the time ART". emperature decided by ECM.
			C	ondition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)
	ļ	<u>}</u>	Just as ignition se Start	witch is turned ON or	40°C (104°F)
			More than approx tion ON or Start	k. 4 minutes after igni-	80°C (176°F)
	!		Except as shown	above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)
P0120	0403	Throttle position sensor circuit	Throttle position will engine speed. Therefore, accelerati		d on the injected fuel amount and th
			Co	endition	Driving condition
			When engine is id	lling	Normal
			When accelerating	9	Poor acceleration
Unable to access ECM	Unable to access Diagnostic Test Mode II	ECM	When the fail-safe sy condition in the CPU instrument panel ligh However it is not pos Engine control with When ECM fail-safe	ion of the ECM was ystem activates (i.e., of ECM), the MALF ts to warn the driver. ssible to access ECM fail-safe is operating, fuel inje	judged to be malfunctioning. if the ECM detects a malfunction UNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the d and DTC cannot be confirmed. ection, ignition timing, fuel pump are controlled under certain limita-
				EC	CM fail-safe operation
			Engine speed		rill not rise more than 3,000 rpm.
Ì			Fuel injection	Simultaneous	s multiport fuel injection system
			Ignition timing	Ignition timir	ng is fixed at the preset valve.
			Fuel pump	1 ' '	DN" when engine is running and "OFF" when engine stalls.
			IACV-AAC valve		Full open
		1	Replace ECM, if ECM	fail-safe condition is	s confirmed.

<sup>\*1:</sup> In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

	Sym	ptom	Matrix	Chart
--	-----	------	--------	-------

							S	YMPT	ОМ						
SYSTEM  Basic engine control system  Warranty symptom code		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty s	ymptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	АМ	НА	
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-418
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-26
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-412
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-20
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-25
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment	3	3				_ 1	1	1	1		1			EC-71
	IACV-AAC valve circuit	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-297
	IACV-FICD solenoid valve circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3			EC-426
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			EC-71
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-322
EGR	EGRC-solenoid valve circuit		2	2	3	3						3			EC-334
	EGR system	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3		3			EC-247, 255, 345
Main power supply and ground circuit		2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3		2	EC-96
Air conditioner circuit			2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	HA section

<sup>1 - 6:</sup> The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

FA

PD

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

AH

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

	****	l					S'	YMPT	ОМ						
SYSTEM — Engine co	ontrol system	HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty syr	mptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	АН	LΑ	AK	AL	АМ	HA	
Engine	Camshaft position sensor circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3			ფ			EC-241
control	Mass air flow sensor circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-101
	Front heated oxygen sensor circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-147, 153
	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3		2			EC-123, 142
	Throttle position sensor circuit		1	2		2	2	2	2	2		2			EC-128
	Incorrect throttle position sensor adjust- ment		3	1		1	1	1	1	1		1			EC-71
	Vehicle speed sensor circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-292
	Knock sensor circuit			2								3			EC-232
	ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-309, 78
	Start signal circuit	2													EC-415
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			EC-396
	Power steering oil pressure switch circuit		2					3	3						EC-423

<sup>1 - 6:</sup> The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

			y 1 1 1 J	<i>-</i>	111 1	YIAL	. I I A	VI	ai t	(C	VIII	u)				- G1
			<del>,</del> -		<del>,</del>	<del></del>	s	YMPI	ОМ	- <del>r</del> -	-г-	·	<del></del>	1		SIL
		HA)				RATION					JRE HIGH		i	[		MA
SYSTEM		ART (EXCF		-LAT SPO	MOIT	ACCELE!			-	DLE	MPERATL	SUMPTION	MPTION	R CHARGE)		EM
	nechanical & other	rart/rest/		/SURGING/I	CK/DETON/	WER/POOF	OW IDLE	=/HUNTING	ATION	ETURN TO	WATER TE	FUEL CON	OIL CONSL	EAD (UNDE	Reference page	LC
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP.	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER		EC
Warranty sv	mptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL.	AM	HA	-	FE
Fuel	Fuel tank		1		+ · · · ·	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del> -	1	<del>  ```</del>	<del> </del> -	<del>                                     </del>				FE section	
	Fuel piping	- 5		5	5	5	l	5	5	1		5	1	l		
	Vapor lock	1	۱.													CL
	Valve deposit	<del> </del>	5				İ	厂		Ī	l .					
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5				MT
Air	Air duct				İ			1								
	Air cleaner	↓			<u> </u>											
	Air leakage from air duct	i		_		_		_	_ ا	]		' <sub>-</sub>				AT
	(Mass air flow sensor — throttle body)	┦ 。	5	5	- :	5	_	5	5	5		5			FE section	
	Throttle body, Throttle wire Air leakage from intake manifold/	5			5		5			] <sup>3</sup>					re section	
	Collector/Gasket		İ												<del></del>	TF
Cranking	Battery	<u> </u>														• •
	Alternator circuit	1	1	1		1		1	1		ŀ	1	ļ	1	EL section	
	Starter circuit	3											ļ			PD
	Flywheel/Drive plate	6				ļ					l	J	ł		EM section	
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	4													AT section	
Engine	Cylinder head	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5				FA
	Cylinder head gasket										4		3			
	Cylinder block	1 1						-	- 1		- {		- {			
	Piston	1		l	i	- 1				- 1		-	4	-		RA
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6		6	6		J	6			·	
	Connecting rod	-				-			ļ					ļ	EM section	
	Bearing Crankshaft	-					ĺ									BR
Valve	Timing chain	<del>  </del>										_				
waive mechanism	Camshaft	1 1		İ	İ	ĺ	ľ		ſ		ſ	Ī	ſ			
	Intake valve	5	5	5	5	5		5	5	}		5		ł		ST
	Exhaust valve			- ]	Į	- 1	ļ		- 1		- }		3			<b>4</b>
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/Gasket	<del>  </del>	-+			-+							<del>- i</del>	$\overline{}$		
	Three way catalyst	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5			5			FE section	RS
Lubrication	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5		- 7	MA, EM, LC section	
	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil						-				-		- }	Ī		BT
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap			丁					$\neg \neg$							ı⊒ U
	Thermostat	]						- 1		5			J		LC section	
	Water pump	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5				HA
	Water gallery		١	<u> </u>	١ -		- 1	١ -	<u> </u>		1					п пт
	Cooling fan		- 1		- 1	ĺ		- 1	L	5		İ				
	Coolant level (low)/Contaminated coolant	1 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	i		MA section	

239

# **CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

## Remarks:

- Specification data are reference values.
- Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.
  - \* Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
  - i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.
- If the real-time diagnosis results are NG and the on board diagnostic system results are OK when diagnosing the mass air flow sensor, first check to see if the fuel pump control circuit is normal.

MONITOR ITEM	CC	DNDITION	SPECIFICATION
CMPS·RPM (REF)	Tachometer: Connect Run engine and compare tachomet	er indication with the CONSULT value.	Almost the same speed as the CON- SULT value.
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming up     Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	idle	0.9 - 1.8V
WWW THE CE	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	1.9 - 2.3V
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.
RR O2 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR 02 MNTR	- ■ Engine: After warming up	quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH
VHCL SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare speedometer indication with the CONSULT value		Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped	11 - 14V	
	Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.2 - 0.8V
THRTL POS SEN	<ul><li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li></ul>	Throttle valve: fully opened	3.5 - 4.5V
EGR TEMP SEN	Engine: After warming up		Less than 4.5V
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON	1	OFF → ON → OFF
CLOD TILL (D. CM)	Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON
CLSD THL/P SW	<ul><li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li></ul>	Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF
21.00 THE DOG	Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON
CLSD THL POS	<ul><li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li></ul>	Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	OFF
AIR COND SIG	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: "ON" (Compressor operates.)	ON
AL DOOL OW	A location available ON	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
P/N POSI SW	Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF
	engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON

# CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

Œj

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	
IGNITION SW	● Ignition switch: ON → OFF → ON		$ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$	—— MA
INJ PULSE	Engine: After warming up     Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	2.5 - 3.3 msec	<del> </del>
IND FOLSE	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	2.4 - 3.2 msec	
B/FUEL SCHDL	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> </ul>	Idle	0.8 - 1.2 msec	LĈ
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	0.8 - 1.2 msec	
IGN TIMING	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>Shift lever: "N"</li> </ul>	Idle	Approx. 20° BTDC	EC_
<del></del>	No-load	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC	
IACV-AAC/V	I ■ Shift lever: "N"		Approx. 30%	
No-load 2,000 rpm				CL
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0%	<del></del>
PURG VOL C/V	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch "OFF"</li><li>No-load</li></ul>	2,000 rpm (More than 200 seconds after starting engine)		MT
A/F ALPHA	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	50 - 159%	
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 3.4V	
AIR COND RLY	<ul> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF → ON</li> </ul>		OFF → ON	AT
Ignition switch is turned to ON (Opera     EUEL PUMP RLY     Engine running and cranking		tes for 5 seconds)	ON	
	Except as shown above		OFF	TF
	● Engine: After warming up	Idle	ON (Cut)	
EGRC SOL/V	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li><li>Shift lever: "N"</li><li>No-load</li></ul>	Engine speed: Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	OFF (Flow)	PD
TGC COLA(		Idle	ON	
TCC SOL/V	Engine: After warming up	2,000 rpm	OFF	 FA
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
FR O2 HEATER	<ul> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,000 rpm (Ali m For 6 seconds after enmodels only)</li> </ul>	nodels) gine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm (4WD	ON	ra
TH OZ HEATEN	<ul> <li>Engine speed: Above 3,000 rpm (2WI More than 6 seconds a (4WD models)</li> </ul>	) models) fter engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm	OFF	BR
RR O2 HEATER	<ul> <li>Engine speed: Idle after driving 2 mins</li> </ul>	ites at 70 km/h (43 MPH) or more	ON	
THE OZ FICATER	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>		OFF	ST
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming up     Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	9.5 - 34.0%	— RS
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	13.9 - 24.9%	
ABSOL TH-P/S	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, engine stopped</li> </ul>	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%	BT
	Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 80%	
MASS AIRFLOW	Engine: After warming up     Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	idle	0.9 - 5.8 g·m/s	NA
<u></u>	Shift lever: "N" No-load  Shift lever: "N" 2,500 rpm		7.5 - 13.2 g·m/s	
	Engine: For 5 seconds after starting er	BARO		
MAP/BARO SW/V	<ul><li>Ignition switch: More than 5 seconds a</li><li>Engine: More than 5 seconds after star</li></ul>		MAP	
ABSOL PRES/SE	<ul><li>Ignition switch: ON</li><li>Engine: For 5 seconds after starting er</li></ul>	ngine	Approx. 4.4V	
	Engine: More than 5 seconds after star	ting engine (After warming up)	Approx. 1.2V	
	<del></del>			

**EC-83** 241

# Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

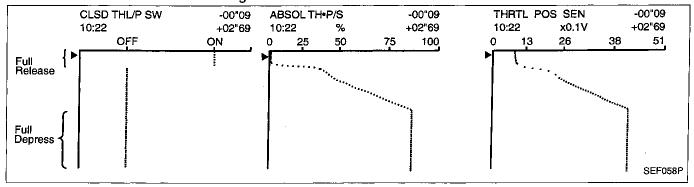
The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode. (Select "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT.)

# THRTL POS SEN, ABSOL TH-P/S, CLSD THL/P SW

Below is the data for "THRTL POS SEN", "ABSOL TH·P/S" and "CLSD THL/P SW" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch "ON".

The signal of "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or

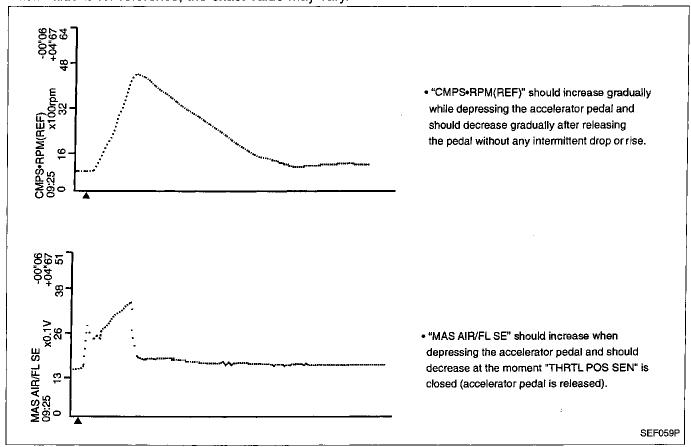
rise after "CLSD THL/P SW" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".



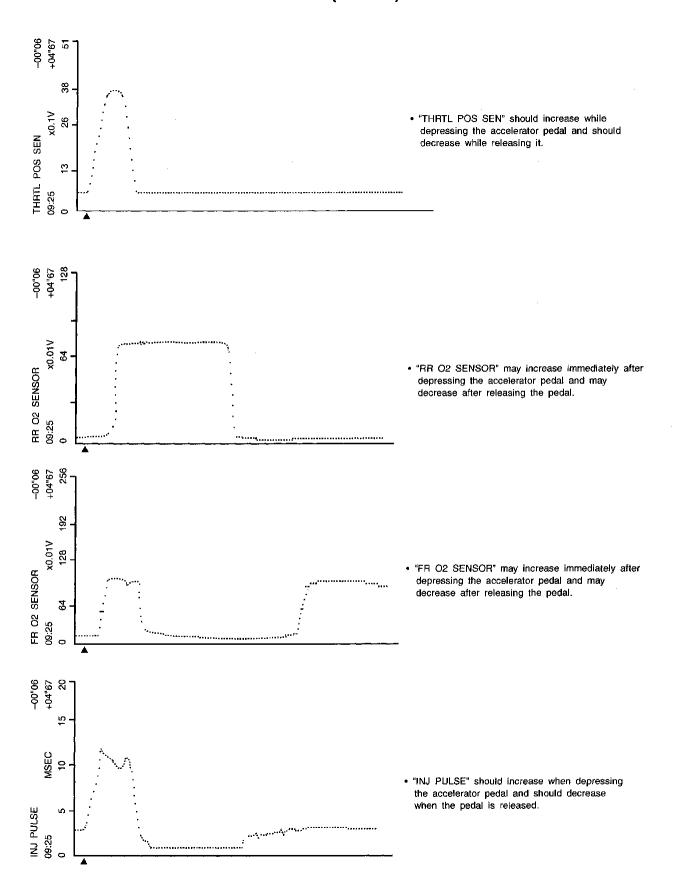
# CMPS·RPM (REF), MAS AIR/FL SE, THRTL POS SEN, RR O2 SEN, FR O2 SEN, INJ PULSE

Below is the data for "CMPS·RPM (REF)", "MAS AIR/FL SE", "THRTL POS SEN", "RR O2 SEN", "FR O2 SEN" and "INJ PULSE" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine to normal operating temperature.

Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.



# Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)



GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

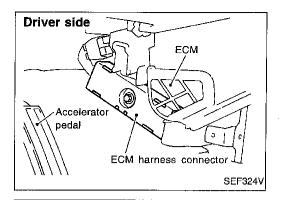
ST

RS

BT

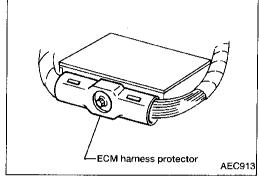
HA

IDX

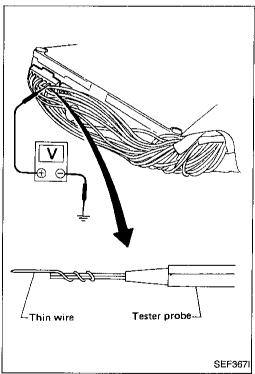


# **ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION**

- 1. ECM is located behind the instrument lower cover. For this inspection:
  - Remove instrument lower cover.

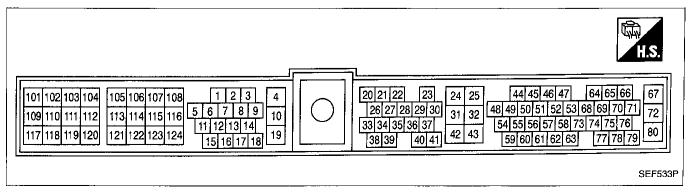


2. Remove ECM harness protector.



- Perform all voltage measurements with the connector connected. Extend tester probe as shown to perform tests easily.
  - Open harness securing clip to make testing easier.
  - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
  - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.

## **ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT**



# **ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)**

# **ECM INSPECTION TABLE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	condition	DATA (DC Voltage)	- Ma
				0 - 0.5V	- EM
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	(V) 4 2 0	L©
1	PU/W	Ignition signal		SEF186T 0.2 - 1.0V	FE
·		Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(V) 4 2 0	GL	
				20ms SEF187T	MT
		·		12 - 14V	AT
		Engine is running. (Warm-up conditional light of the ligh	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	(V) 40 20 0	TF
2	В			20ms SEF188T	PD
_		ighten onesk		12 - 13V	FA
			Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(V) 40 20 0	RA
				20ms SEF189T	BR
				0 - 1V	ST
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	(V) 10 5 0	RS
3	P/L	Trahamatar		20ms SEF190T	BT
3	F/L	Tachometer		0.5 - 2V (V)	HA
			Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	10 5 0	EL
				20ms SEF191T	IDX

GI

# **ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)**

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	LG/R	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.  Ignition switch "OFF"  For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF"  More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5	R/Y	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running.  Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)  (V) 20 10 0 50 ms
		R/Y ume control solenoid valve	Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm. (More than 200 seconds after starting engine)	12 - 13V (V) 20 10 0 50 ms
10	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground
11	W/R	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON"  For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"  Engine is running.	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "ON"  More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
12	P	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running.  Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*	Approximately 0V
		·	Engine is running.  A/C switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Ignition switch "ON"	0 - 1V
18	R/W	Malfunction indicator lamp	Engine is running.  Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
19	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground

<sup>\*:</sup> Any mode except "OFF", ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F).

### **ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)** GI TER-WIRE DATA MINAL ITEM CONDITION COLOR (DC Voltage) NO. MA Ignition switch "ON" Approximately 0V L/OR 20 Start signal **BATTERY VOLTAGE** EM Ignition switch "START" (11 - 14V)Engine is running. LC Approximately 0V Both air conditioner switch and blower switch Air conditioner dual-presare "ON" (Compressor operates) G/R 21 sure switch EC Engine is running. **BATTERY VOLTAGE** (11 - 14V)Air conditioner switch is "OFF". Ignition switch "ON" Approximately 0V Gear position is "N" or "P". Park/neutral position 22 L/B GL (PNP) switch Ignition switch "ON" Approximately 5V Except the above gear position MT Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) 0.2 - 0.8V Accelerator pedal fully released 23 Throttle position sensor AT Ignition switch "ON" 3.5 - 4.5V Accelerator pedal fully depressed TF Ignition switch "OFF" 0 W/G 24 Ignition switch **BATTERY VOLTAGE** Ignition switch "ON" $\mathbb{P}\mathbb{D}$ (11 - 14V)Engine is running. 25 B/Y ECM ground Engine ground FA Idle speed Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) **BATTERY VOLTAGE** (11 - 14V)RA Accelerator pedal fully released Throttle position switch 28 BR/W (Closed position) Ignition switch "ON" Approximately 0V BR Accelerator pedal depressed 1 - 4V ST Engine is running. 10 G/B 29 Lift up the vehicle. Vehicle speed sensor RS In 2nd gear position - 40 km/h (25 MPH) 50 ms BT SEF111V Engine ground Engine is running. (Probe this terminal with 32 B/Y ECM ground HA L idle speed measuring.) Engine is running. EL Approximately 0V Steering wheel is fully turned. Power steering oil pres-39 GY/R sure switch IDX Engine is running. Approximately 5V Steering wheel is not turned.

EC-89

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TED				
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
42	BR	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
43	B/W	Sensors' ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 0V
44	PU	Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	0.2 - 0.5V (V) 10 5 0 10 ms SEF114V
48	PU	(Reference signal)	Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 0.5V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF200T
45	B/R	Absolute pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"  Engine is not running.  Engine is running.  For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 4.4V
	·		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  More than 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 1.2V

### ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd) **G**[ TER-WIRE DATA MINAL CONDITION ITEM COLOR (DC Voltage) NO. MA Approximately 0V EM 10 Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) L Idle speed LC 0.2 ms Crankshaft position sensor SEF112V EC 47 L (OBD) Approximately 0V FE 10 Engine is running. - Engine speed is 2,000 rpm. CL. 0.2 ms SEF113V MT Approximately 2.6V AT 10 Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) 5 0 Idle speed TF 0.2ms Camshaft position sensor LG 49 PD (Position signal) Approximately 2.5 - 2.6V 10 FA Engine is running. 5 - Engine speed is 2,000 rpm. RA 0.2ms SEF196T BR 0 - Approximately 1.0V Engine is running. 2 ST Front heated oxygen sen-1 50 В After warming up to normal operating temperasor ture and engine speed is 2,000 rpm. RS SEF201T Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) BT 0.9 - 1.8V Idle speed 54 R Mass air flow sensor HA Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) 1.8 - 2.3V Engine speed is 2,500 rpm. EL Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Mass air flow sensor 55 G Approximately 0V around - Idle speed IDX

**EC-91** 249

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

				raide (ceint a)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
56	OR	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V
59	LG/R	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant tempera- ture.
60	Y/B	Tank fuel temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel temperature.
61	PU/R	Intake air temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
62	Υ	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V
63	G/OR	EGR temperature sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Less than 4.5V
03	G/OI1	Can temperature sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  EGR system is operating.	0 - 1.5V
64	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 2.4V
67	B/P	Decree and to FOM	The state of the s	BATTERY VOLTAGE
72	В/Р	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)
69	LG/R	Data link connector for GST	Engine is running.  Idle speed (GST is disconnected.)	0.2 - 14V
75	Y/R	Data link connector for	Engine is running.	0 - 4V
76	GY/L	CONSULT	Idle speed (CONSULT is connected and turned on.)	3 - 10V
80	SB	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

			ECM Terminals and Reference	e value (Cont d)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	OR/L	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	10.5 - 11.5V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms SEF645U
101	OTVE	IACV-AAC Valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1 - 13V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms SEF646U
102	W/B	Injector No. 1	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
104	W/R	Injector No. 3	Idle speed	20 0 20ms SEF204T
109	W/L	Injector No. 2	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
111	W/PU	Injector No. 4	Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	20 0 20ms SEF205T
103	G/W	EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed  Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	0 - 1V  BATTERY VOLTAGE
108	R/G	EVAP canister vent control valve	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly  [Ignition switch "ON"]	(11 - 14V)  BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
115	L/Y	Torque converter clutch	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 1V
110			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

•	· 		ECM Terminals and Reference	Value (Cont'd)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
116	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground
117	B/P	Current return	Engine is running.  Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
118		MAP/BARO switch sole-	Ignition switch "ON"  For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"  Engine is running.  Idle speed For 5 seconds after starting engine	0 - 1V
110	LG/B	noid valve	Ignition switch "ON"  More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"  Engine is running.  Idle speed  More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
	BR/Y	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	Engine is running.  Engine speed is below 3,000 rpm. (All models) For 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm (4WD models only)	Approximately 0.4V
119			Engine is running.  Engine speed is above 3,000 rpm. (2WD models)  More than 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm (4WD models)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
120	P/B	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
122	R/B	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater	Engine is running.  Idle speed after driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 MPH) or more	Approximately 0.4V
			Ignition switch "ON"  Engine is not running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
124	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

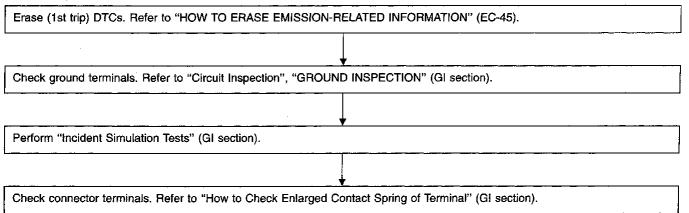
# Description

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the problem resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on DTC (1st trip) visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific problem area.

# Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
II The CONSULT is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other	
III The symptom described by the customer does not recur.	
IV (1st trip) DTC data does not appear during the DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.	
VI	The TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS for PXXXX does not indicate the problem area.

# **Diagnostic Procedure**



GI

MA

LC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

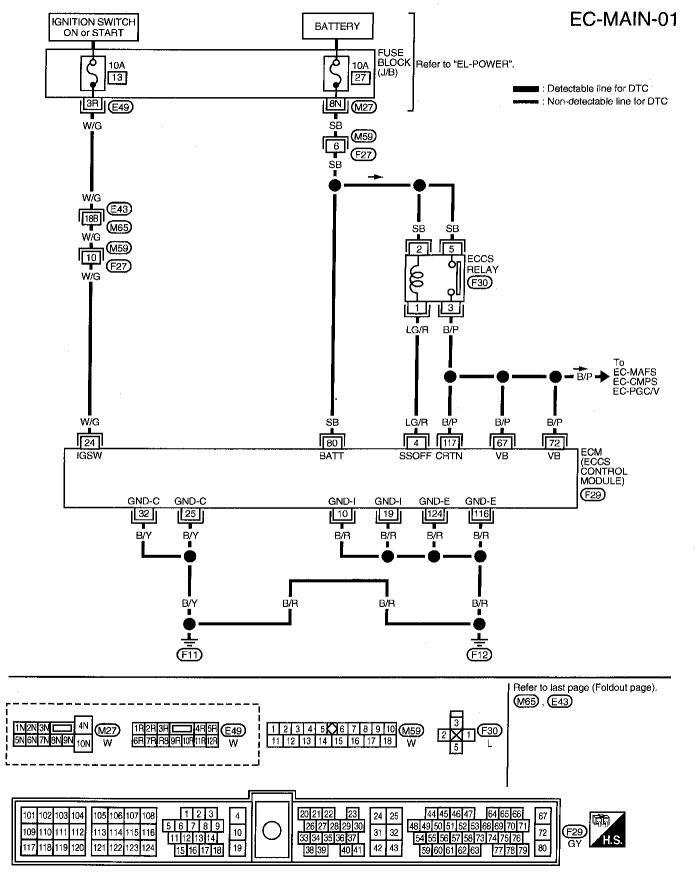
RS

BT

HA

IDX

# Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit



# Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)

# **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

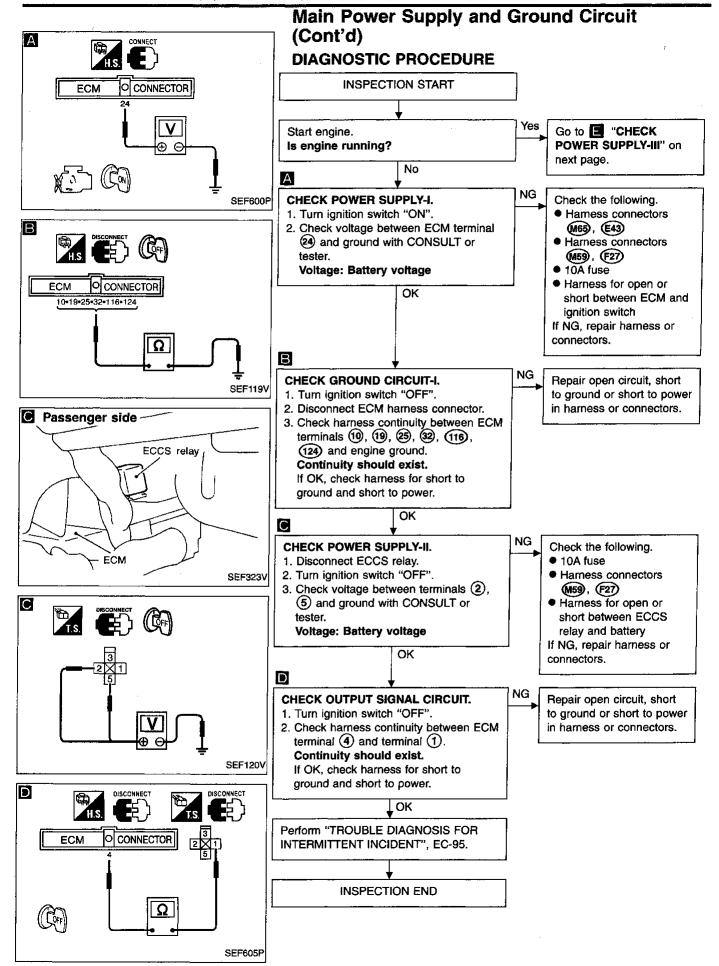
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

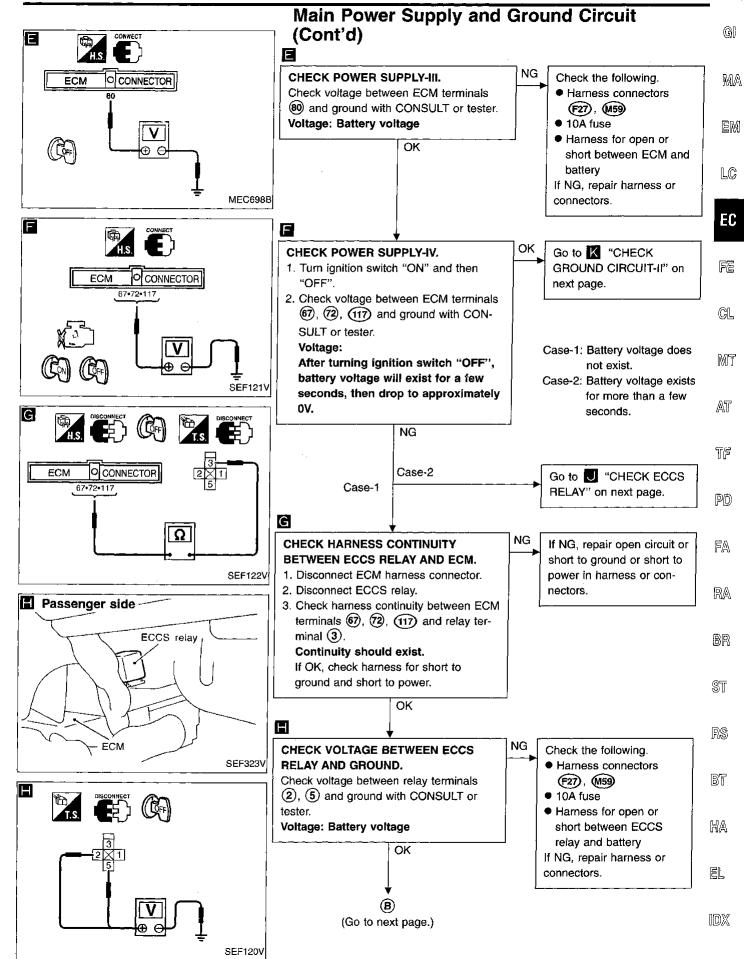
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	LG/R	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.  Ignition switch "OFF"  For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF"  A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground
19	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground
			[Ignition switch "OFF"]	ov
24	W/G	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
25	В/Ү	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground
32	В/Ү	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with  tester probe when measuring.)
67	B/P	Device complete CM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE
72	B/P	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON	(11 - 14V)
80	SB	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
116	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground
117	B/P	Current return	Engine is running.  Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
124	B/R	ECM ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Engine ground

EL

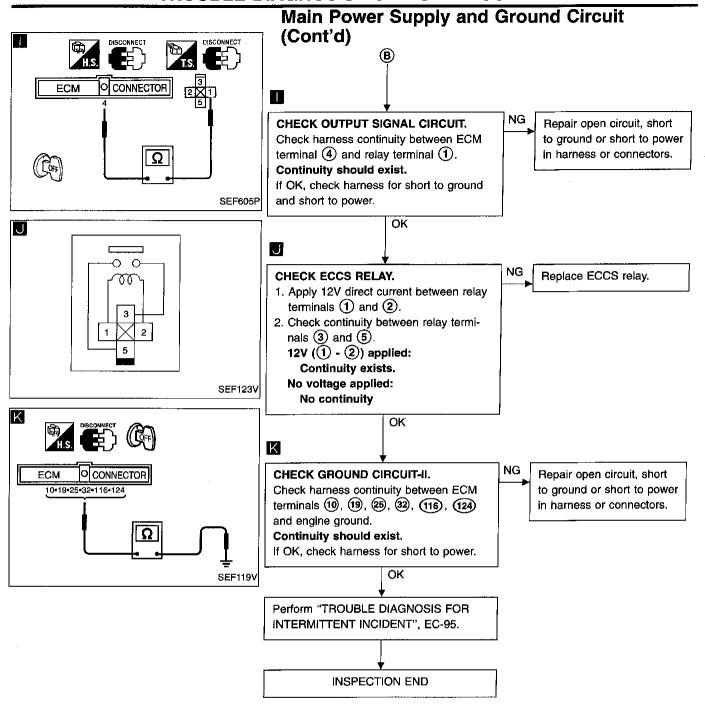
GI.

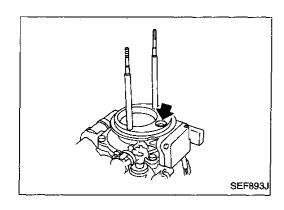
MA





257





# Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS)

## COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot wire that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot wire is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.

# **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
MAS AIR/FL SE	<ul><li>Engine: After warming up</li><li>Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li></ul>	Idle	0.9 - 1.8V	
	<ul><li>Shift lever: "N"</li><li>No-load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	1.9 - 2.3V	
011/10/11/15	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>Shift lever: "N"</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	Idle	9.5 - 34.0%	
CAL/LD VALUE		2,500 rpm	13.9 - 24.9%	<u>.                                    </u>
MASS AIRFLOW	<ul><li>Engine: After warming up</li><li>Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li></ul>	Idle	0.9 - 5.8 g·m/s	<u>.                                      </u>
IVIASS AIRFLUW	<ul><li>Shift lever: "N"</li><li>No-load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	7.5 - 13.2 g·m/s	

# **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (2) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	R
54	В	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	0.9 - 1.8V	_ B
54	R	mass all now sensor	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition)  Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.9 - 2.3V	_ §
55	G	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	Approximately 0V	

EC-101 259

Gi

0000

EM

LC

EC

...

FE

CL

MAT:

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

BT

HA

EL

# Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0100 0102	A) An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM when engine is not running.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     Mass air flow sensor	
	C) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.		
	B) An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM* when engine is running.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     Intake air leaks	
	D) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	Mass air flow sensor	

<sup>\*:</sup> When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.	

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

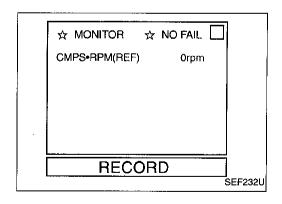
Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction C", perform "Procedure for malfunction D".

## **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

## NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



## Procedure for malfunction A



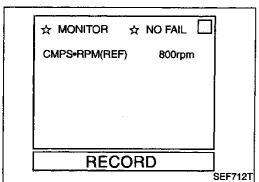
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 6 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.



# Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) Procedure for malfunction B

Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106. - OR -

Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)

Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

- OR -

Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)

Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

NOTE:

(**\$** 

If 1st trip DTC is confirmed after more than 5 seconds, there may be malfunction C.

Procedure for malfunction C

NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon after starting, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped. (Ignition switch "ON" instead of running engine at idle speed.)

 Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

- OR

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-1) perature.

Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

- OR -

(NO TOOLS Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

囙

BT

HA

(H

MA

EM

LC

EC

CL.

MIT

AT

PD

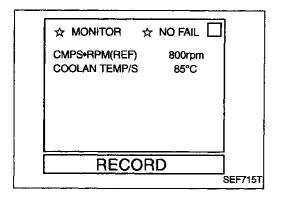
FA

RA

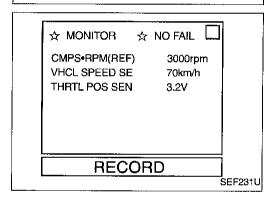
BR

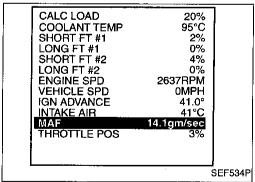
IDX

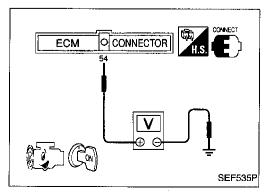
EC-103 261



# OK NG MAS AIR/FL SE +00"21 MAS AIR/FL SE +00"21 15:48 x0.1V +02"45 0 13 26 38 51 0 13 26 38 51







# Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

# Procedure for malfunction D



Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

If engine cannot be started, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

4) Check the voltage of MAS AIR/FL SE with "DATA MONITOR".

5) Increase engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.

6) Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106. If OK, go to following step.

 Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm

THRTL POS SEN: More than 3V Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## Procedure for malfunction D



SEF998N

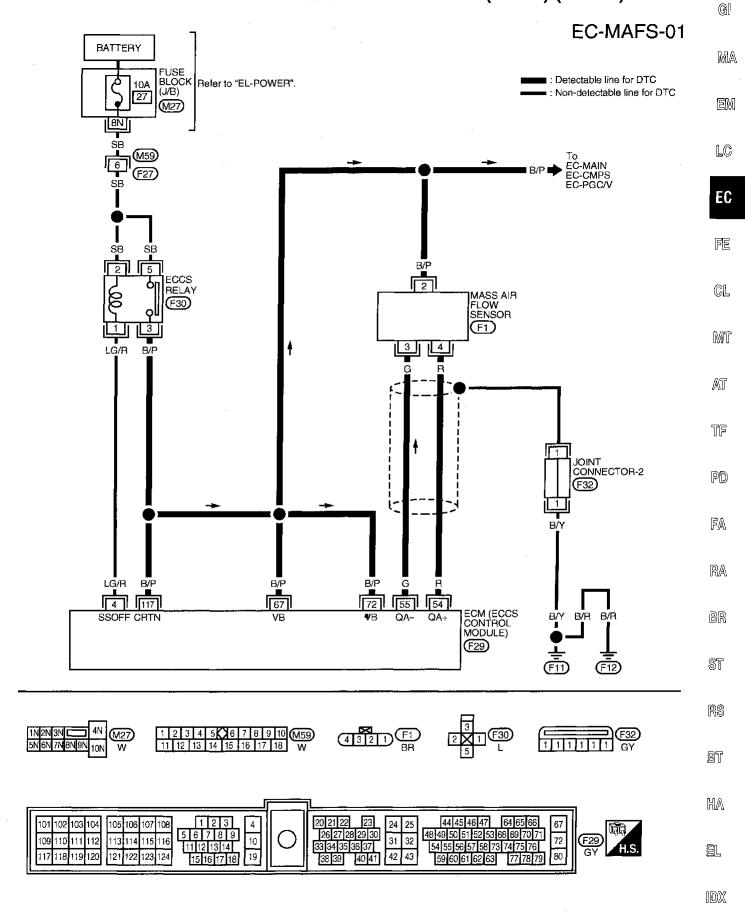
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 4) Check the mass air flow with "MODE 1".
- 5) Check for linear mass air flow rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- B) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

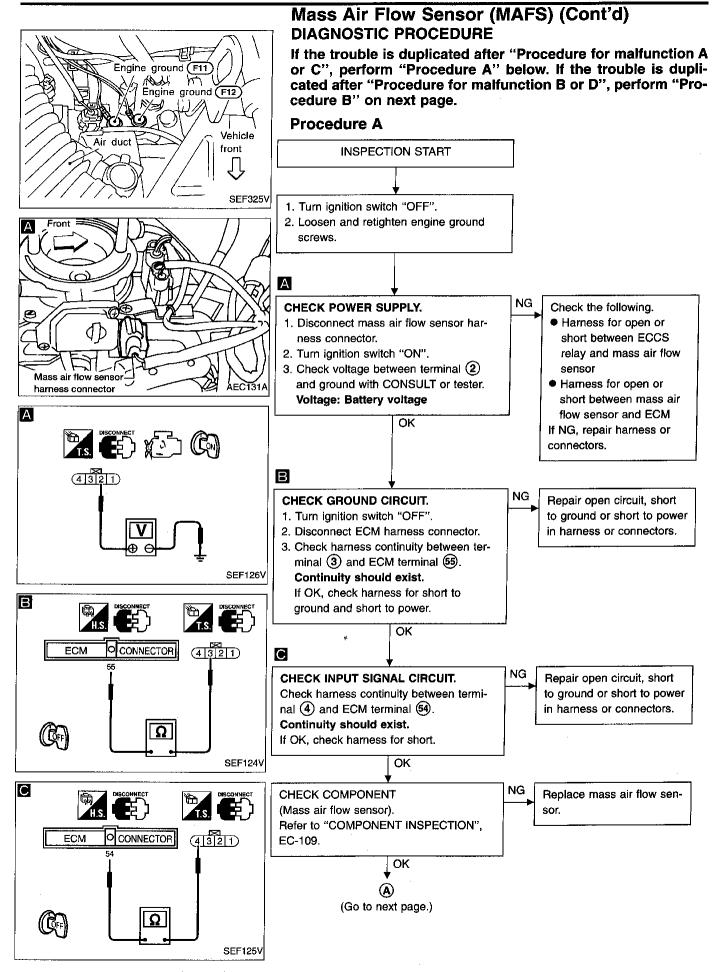
OR

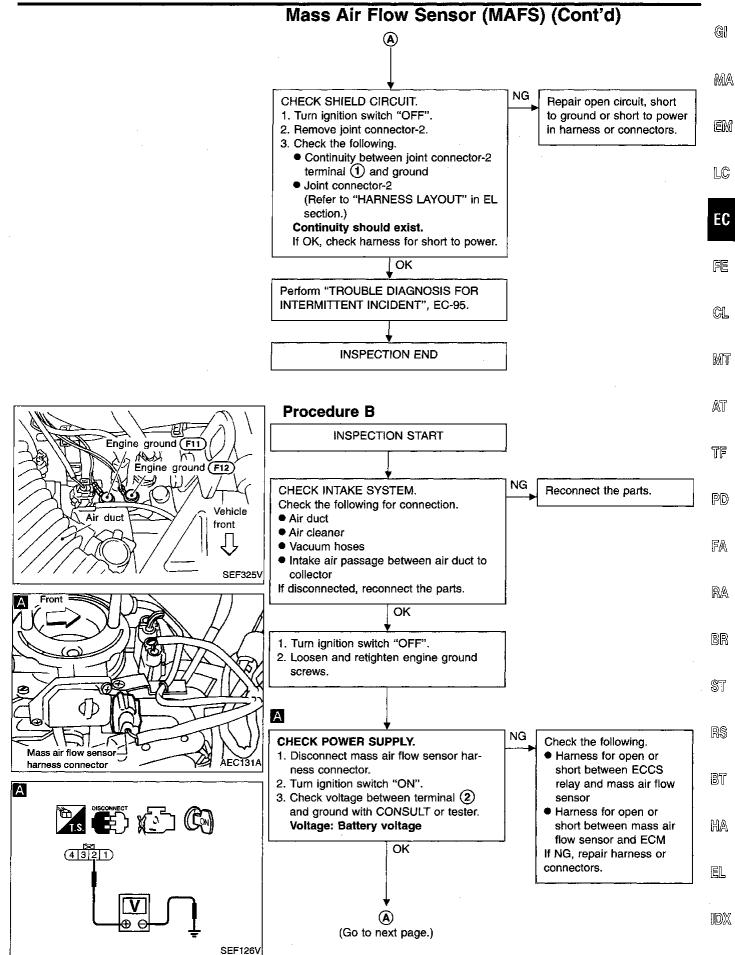


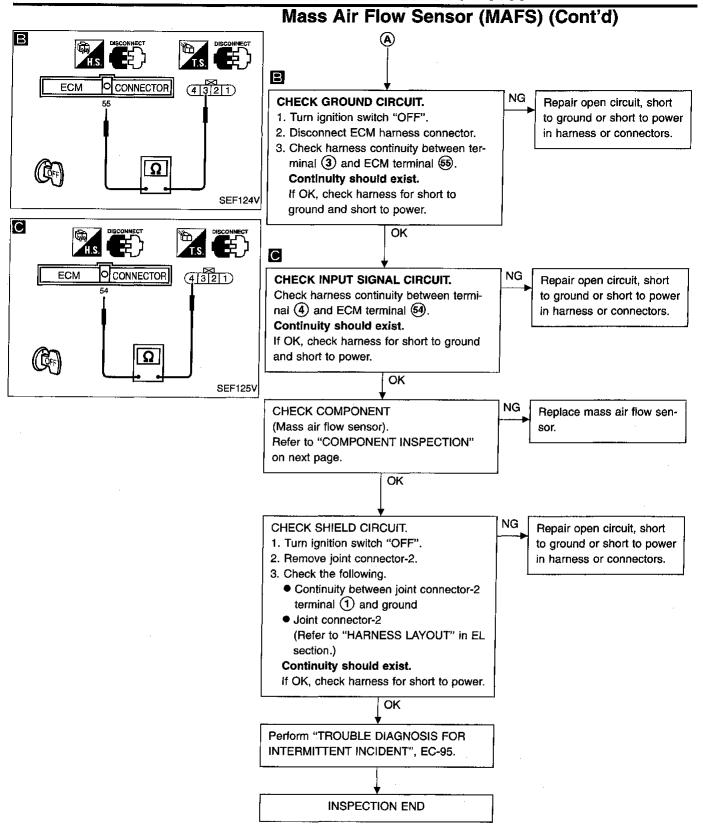
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check the voltage between ECM terminal 64 and ground.
- 4) Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-106.

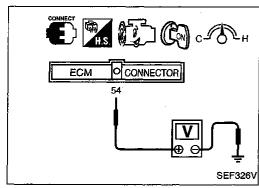
# Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

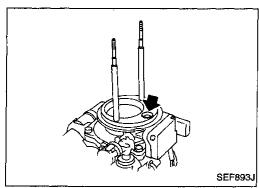












# Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

#### Mass air flow sensor

Turn ignition switch "ON".

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. 2.

Check voltage between terminal 69 and ground. 3.

<u></u>	
Conditions	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Less than 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	0.9 - 1.8
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.9 - 2.3
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.3 - 1.7 to Approx. 3

- \*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- If the voltage is out of specification, disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and connect it again. Repeat above check.
- If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot MT 5. wire for damage or dust.

Gi

MA

FE

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

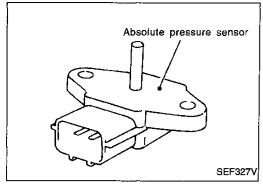
ST

RS

BT

HA

EL



# Ambient barometic pressure Vacuum 13.3 106.6 (100, 3.94) Pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg) (Absolute pressure) SEF946S

# Absolute Pressure Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The absolute pressure sensor is connected to the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve by a hose. The sensor detects ambient barometric pressure and intake manifold pressure and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. As the pressure increases, the voltage rises.

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

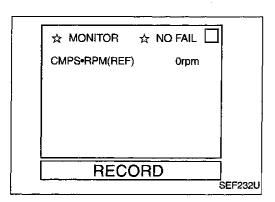
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0105 0803	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (Absolute pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Absolute pressure sensor</li> </ul>
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving conditions.	<ul> <li>Hoses         (Hoses between the intake manifold and absolute pressure sensor are disconnected or clogged.)</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve</li> <li>Absolute pressure sensor</li> </ul>
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving conditions.	Absolute pressure sensor

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If the 1st trip DTC is not confirmed on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



# Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

# Procedure for malfunction A



- Turn ignition switch "ON"
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

OR

- OR

3) Wait at least 6 seconds.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.

Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds. Select "MODE 7" with GST. 2)

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC

PROCEDURE", EC-114.

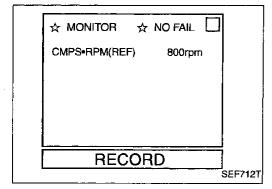
(NO TOOLS

Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.

Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and 2) then turn "ON".

Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.



#### Procedure for malfunction B



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and let it idle.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.





- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine.
- Let engine idle and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.

- OR



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine.
- Let engine idle and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.

IDX

EL

BT

HA

GI

MA

EM

EC

FE

CL.

MIT

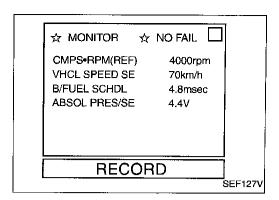
AT

TF

 $\mathbb{P}\mathbb{D}$ 

BR

269 EC-111



#### Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction C

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.



Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

The voltage of "ABSOL PRES/SE" should be more than 1.74 IVI.

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

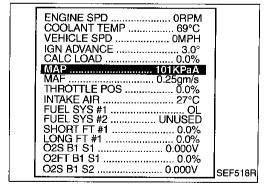
- 3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Drive the vehicle at least 3 consecutive seconds under the following conditions,

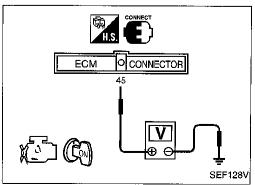
B/FUEL SCHDL: More than 4 msec CMPS·RPM (REF): 3,000 - 4,800 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain

the driving conditions required for this test.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.





# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### Procedure for malfunction C



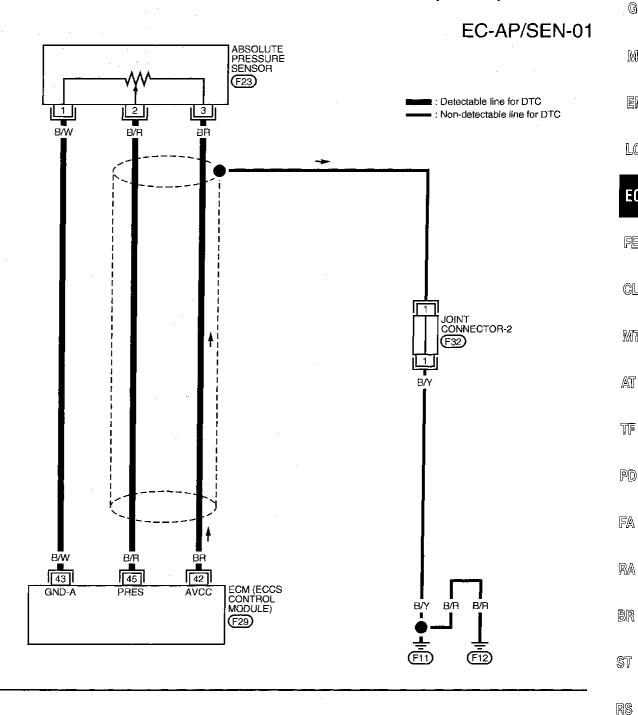
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "MAP" in "MODE 1" with GST.
- Make sure that the pressure of "MAP" is more than 46 kPa (0.47 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 6.7 psi).
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.

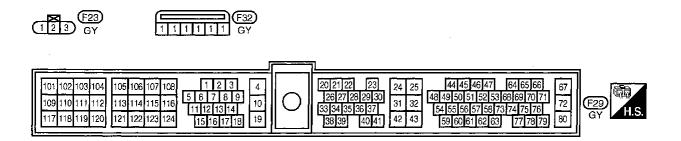
OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)
- Make sure that the voltage between ECM terminal 45 and ground is more than 1.74 [V].
- If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-114.

# Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)





AEC520A

BT

HA

EL

IDX

**G**[]

 $\mathbb{M}\mathbb{A}$ 

EM

LC

EC

FE

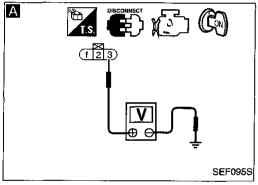
CL

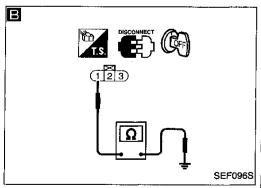
MT

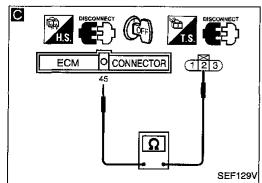
AT

# Absolute pressure sensor Relay box Vehicle front SEF328V

# Engine ground (F11) Engine ground (F12) Vehicle front SEF325V



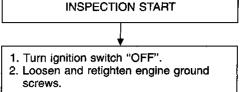




## **Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A or C", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure B" on next page.

#### Procedure A



OK

#### CHECK POWER SUPPLY.

Α

C

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF"
- 2. Disconnect absolute pressure sensor harness connector.
- 3. Check sensor connector for water. Water should not exist. If OK, go to step 4. If NG, repair or replace harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Check voltage between terminal (3) and engine ground with CONSULT or

OK

OK

OK

Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### В CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

2. Check harness continuity between terminal (1) and engine ground. Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

Repair harness or connec-

tors.

NG

NG

# CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and terminal 2. Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

CHECK COMPONENT (Absolute pressure sensor). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-116. OK Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR

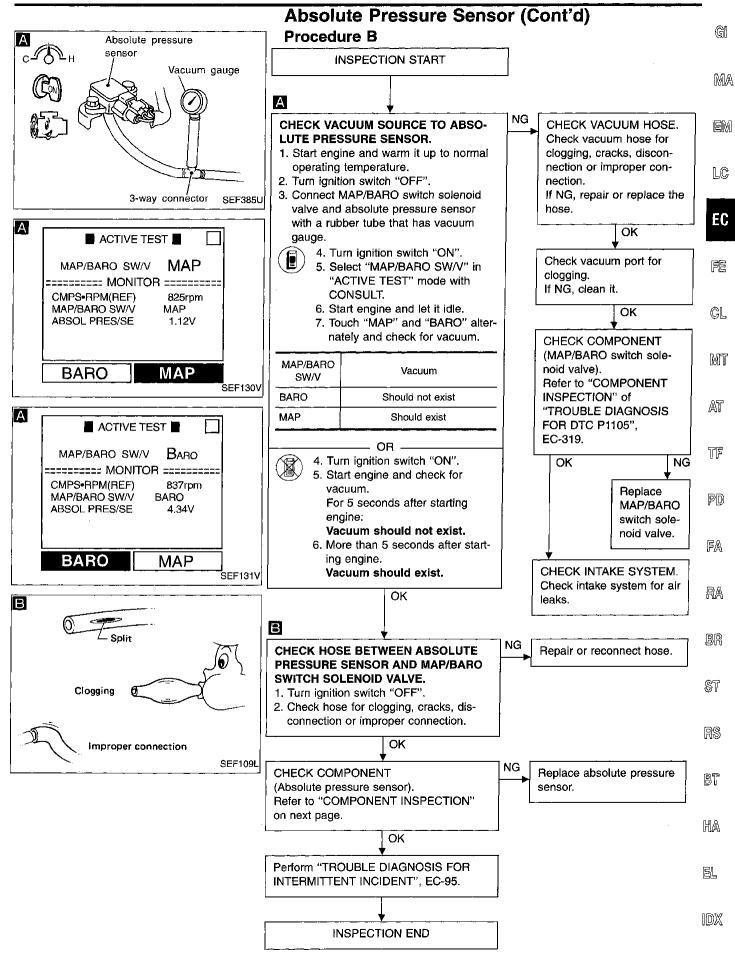
INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-95.

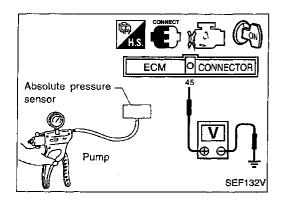
INSPECTION END

Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

sensor.

Replace absolute pressure





# Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal (a) and engine ground.

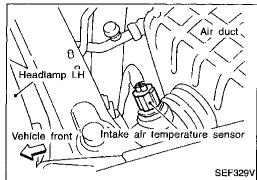
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



# -Acceptable 1.0 0.8 0.4 0.2 0.1 SEF012P

# Intake Air Temperature Sensor

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake air temperature sensor is mounted to the air duct housing. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

#### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance k $\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	1.23	0.27 - 0.38

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (1) (Intake air temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (32) (ECM ground).

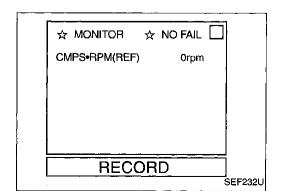
#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0110	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is	Harness or connectors
0401	sent to ECM.	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
		<ul> <li>Intake air temperature sensor</li> </ul>
	B) Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to	
	ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine	
	coolant temperature sensor.	

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



#### Procedure for malfunction A

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. 2)

OR

- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-121.

1)

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select MODE 7 with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-121.

GI

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

7/3

PD

FA

BR

RA

RS

BT

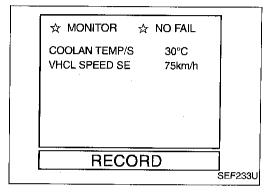
出風

凮

### Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-121.



#### Procedure for malfunction B

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

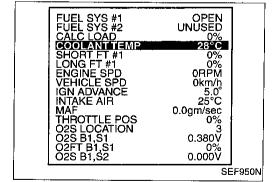


- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
  - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - (b) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
  - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
  - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine.
- 5) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-121.

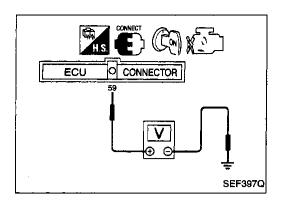


- OR -

- Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
  - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - (b) Select MODE 1 with GST.
  - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
  - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-121.



# Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)





1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).

- OR -

(a) Turn ignition switch "ON".

(b) Check voltage between ECM terminal 69 and ground.

Voltage: More than 1.0 (V)

- (c) If the voltage is below 1.0 (V), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before the voltage is below 1.0V.

2) Start engine.

- Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-121.

EC

GI

MA

l le

,

MT

AT

PD

TF

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

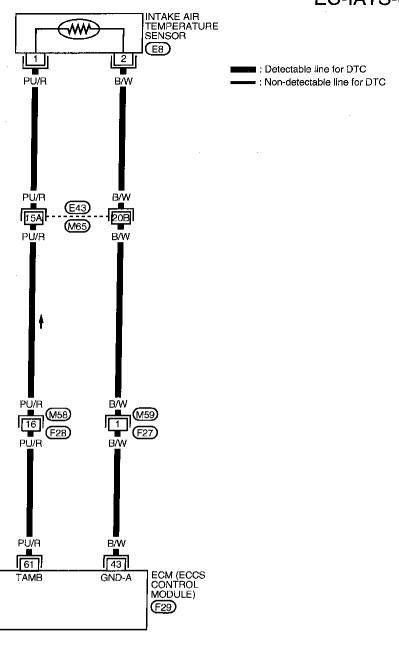
BT

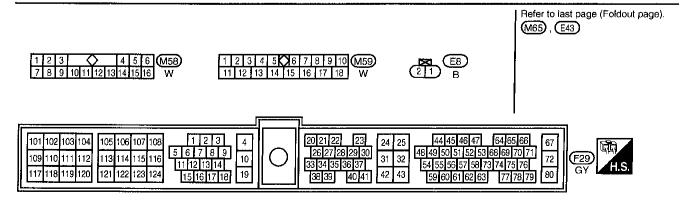
HA

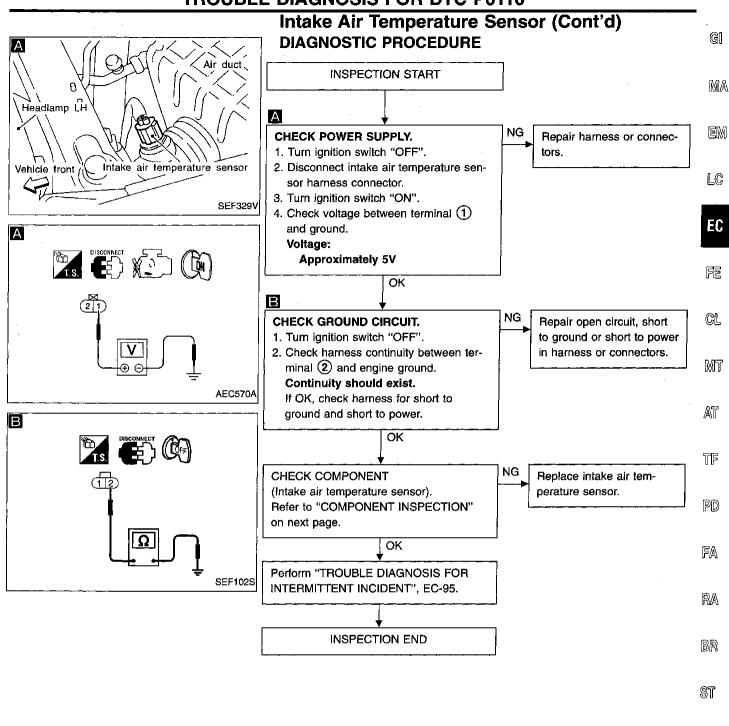
IDX

# **Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)**

EC-IATS-01







EC-121 279

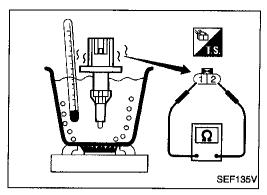
RS

BT

MA

킲

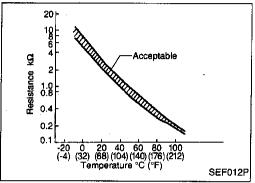
IDX



# Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Intake air temperature sensor

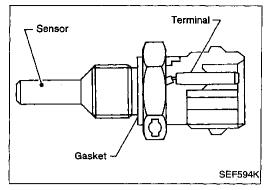
Check resistance as shown in the figure.

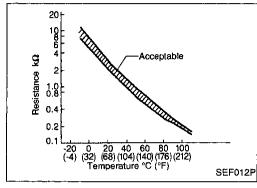


#### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

If NG, replace intake air temperature sensor.





# **Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS)** (Circuit)

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant tempera- ture °C (°F)	Voltage*	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (32) (ECM) ground).

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0115 0103	<ul> <li>An excessively high or low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.*</li> </ul>	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     Engine coolant temperature sensor

\*: When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
	Engine coolant temperature will be deterr turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT displays the engine coolant ter	,
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)
	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)

**EC-123** 

281

MA

**G**[]

EM

LC

EC

CL

MT

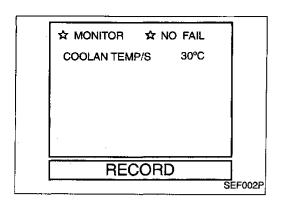
AΤ

TF

PD

EL

IDX



# Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

if "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -

- OR

- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

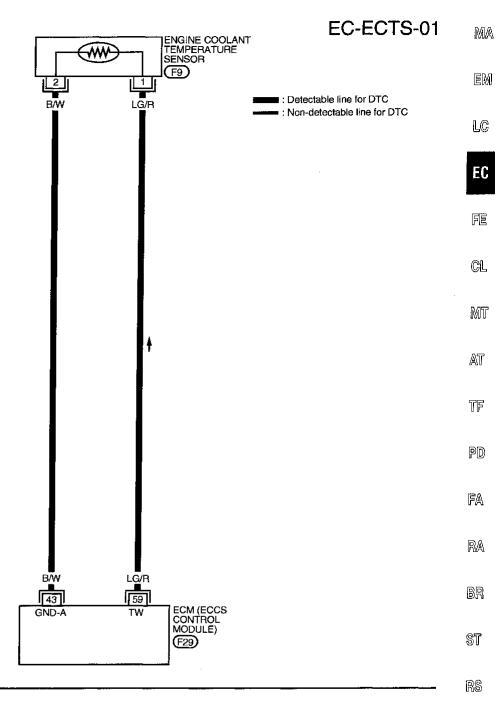


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

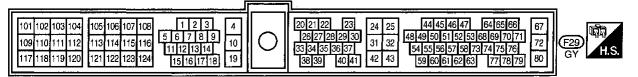


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

# Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)







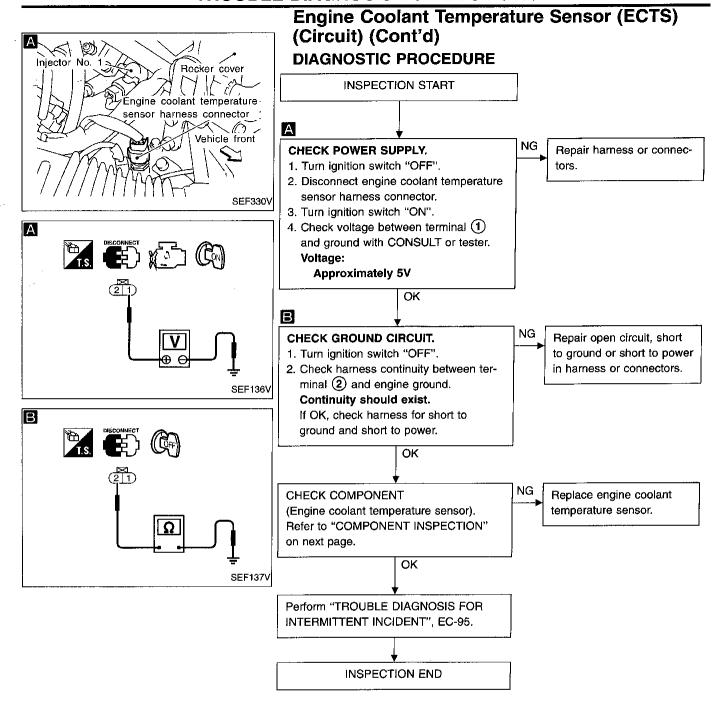
AEC522A

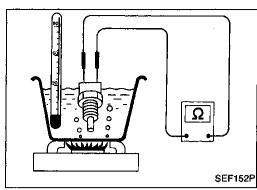
BT

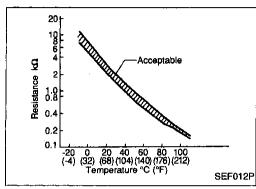
HA

IDX

GI







# Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

## Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

G

MA

EM

LC

 $\mathbf{EC}$ 

FE

CL

MT

AT

PD

TF

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

ഭ

IDX

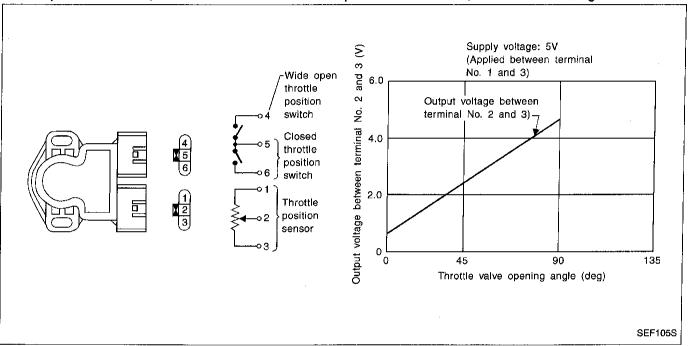
#### **Throttle Position Sensor**

Note: If DTC P0510 (0203) Is displayed with P0120 (0403), perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-303.)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The throttle position sensor responds to the accelerator pedal movement. This sensor is a kind of potentiometer which transforms the throttle position into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, the sensor detects the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signal to the ECM.

Idle position of the throttle valve is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the throttle position sensor. This sensor controls engine operation such as fuel cut. On the other hand, the "Wide open and closed throttle position switch", which is built into the throttle position sensor unit, is not used for engine control.



#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL POS SEN	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.2 - 0.8V
	● Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully opened	3.5 - 4.5V
ABSOL TH-P/S	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine standed)	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%
	(Engine stopped)  Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 80%

# Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	MA
		Throttle position conserv	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition)  - Accelerator pedal fully released	0.2 - 0.8V	— em
23 L Throttle position sensor	23		Ignition switch "ON"  Accelerator pedal fully depressed	3.5 - 4.5V	- LG
42	BR	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V	— EC
43	B/W	Sensors' ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 0V	

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	Mi
P0120 0403	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.*	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Throttle position sensor</li> </ul>	AT
i	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Throttle position sensor</li> <li>Fuel injector</li> <li>Camshaft position sensor</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>	TF PD FA
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>Throttle position sensor</li> </ul>	RA

<sup>\*:</sup> When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating con	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
	Throttle position will be determined based on the injected fuel amount and the engine speed.  Therefore, acceleration will be poor.		
Throttle position sensor circuit	Condition	Driving condition	
	When engine is idling	Normal	
	When accelerating	Poor acceleration	

EL

BR

Gi

CL

IDX

EC-129 287

#### Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

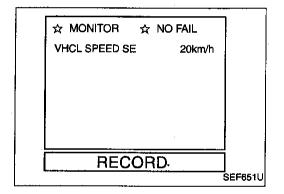
#### Procedure for malfunction A

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds. VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.



Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

- OR

Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position

- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.

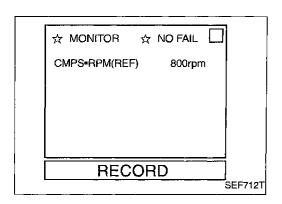




Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

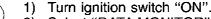
Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode It (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.



# Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

# 



Procedure for malfunction B

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep engine GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MIT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

MA

EL,

rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC

PROCEDURE", EC-135. - OR



Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep engine

rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC

PROCEDURE", EC-135.



- OR Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep engine

rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

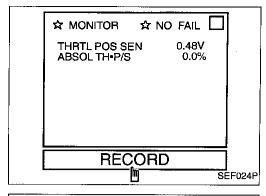
Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

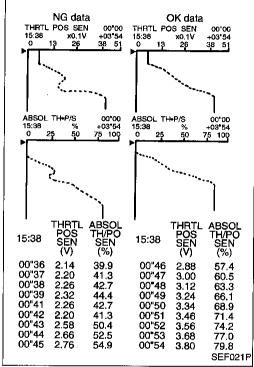
Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

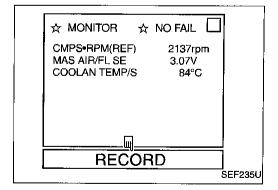
3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.

EC-131 289







## **Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)**

Procedure for malfunction C

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Select "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Press RECORD on CONSULT SCREEN at the same time accelerator pedal is depressed.
- 7) Print out the recorded graph and check the following:
- The voltage rise is linear in response to accelerator pedal depression.
- The voltage when accelerator pedal is fully depressed is approximately 4V.
   If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.

If OK, go to following step.

- 8) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 9) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm MAS AIR/FL SE: More than 3V

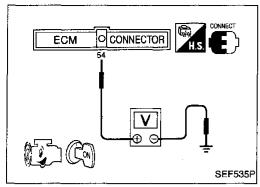
COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

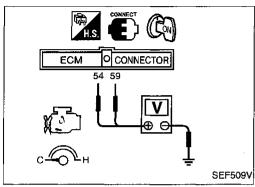
Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required

for this test.

10) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.





# Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

Gear position: Suitable position
Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

Engine coolant temperature: More than 70°C (158°F)
Voltage between ECM terminal 🚱 and ground:

More than 3V
2) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.

LC

EC

FE

GL

GI

MA



 Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

- OR -

Gear position: Suitable position Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

Voltage between ECM terminal 6 and ground:

More than 3V

Voltage between ECM terminal 59 and ground: Less than 1.5V.

2) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-135.

AT TF

PD

FA

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ 

BR

ST

RS

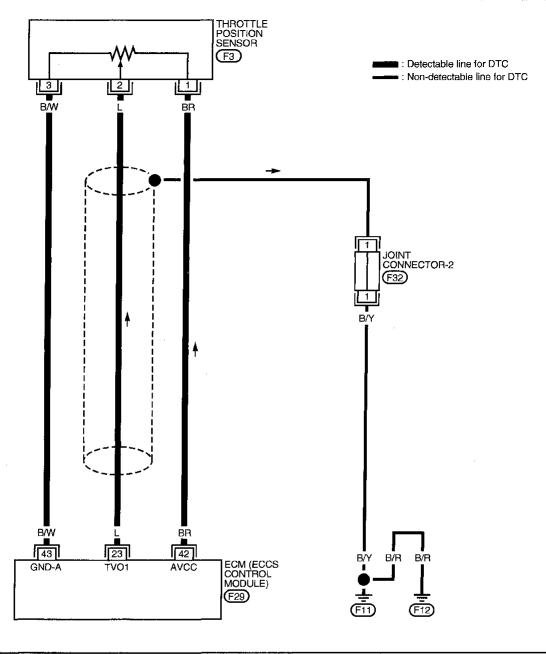
Ta

HA

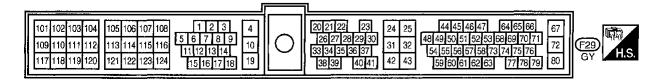
IDX

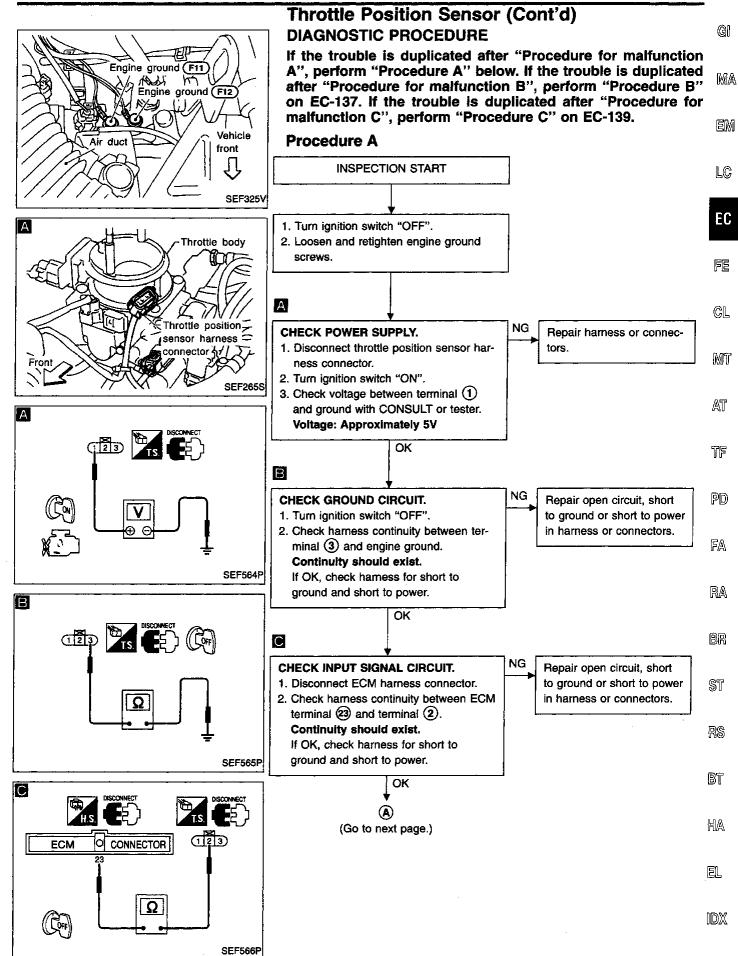
# **Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)**

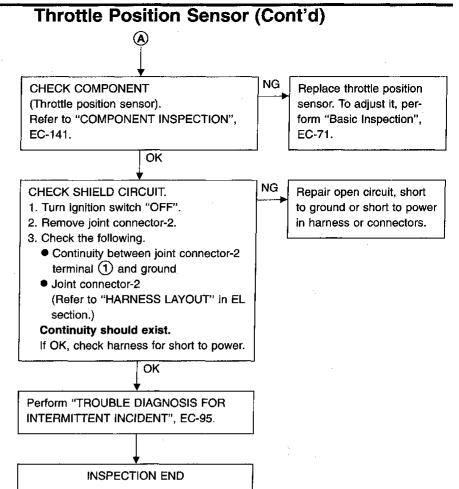
EC-TPS-01

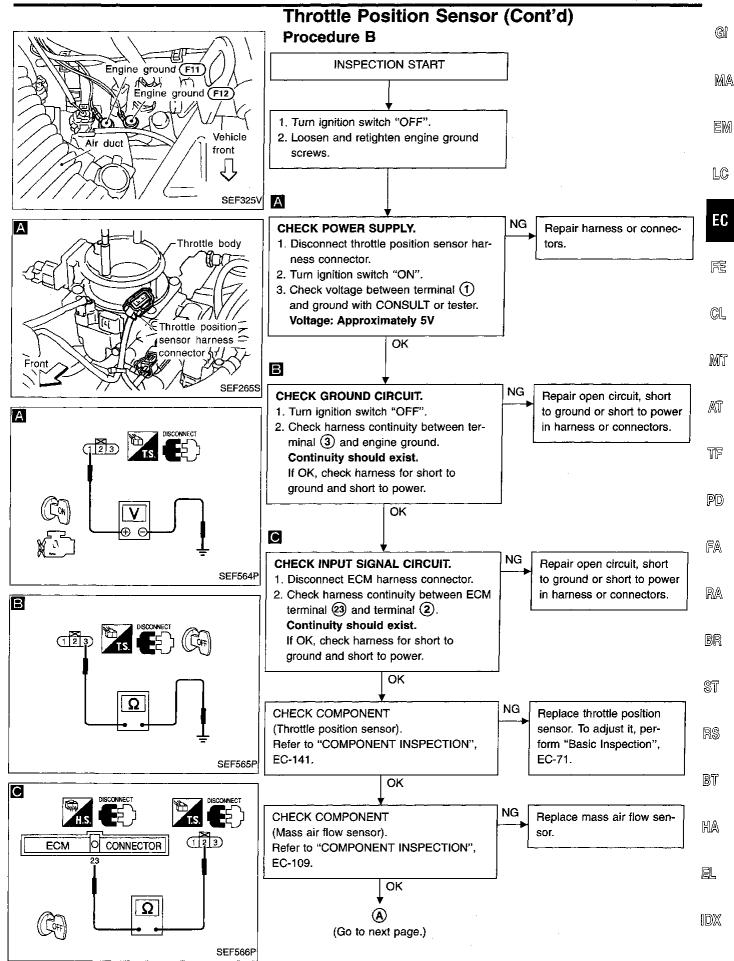


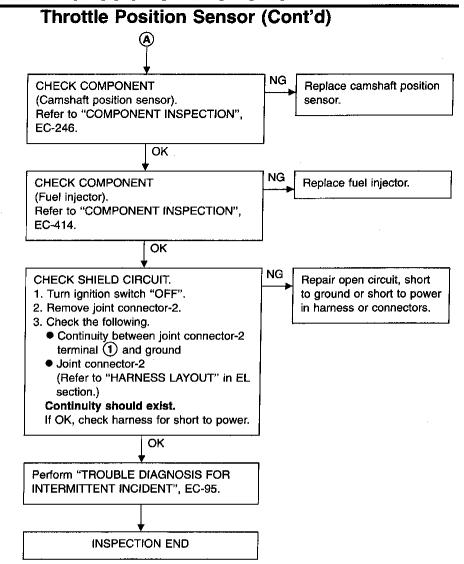


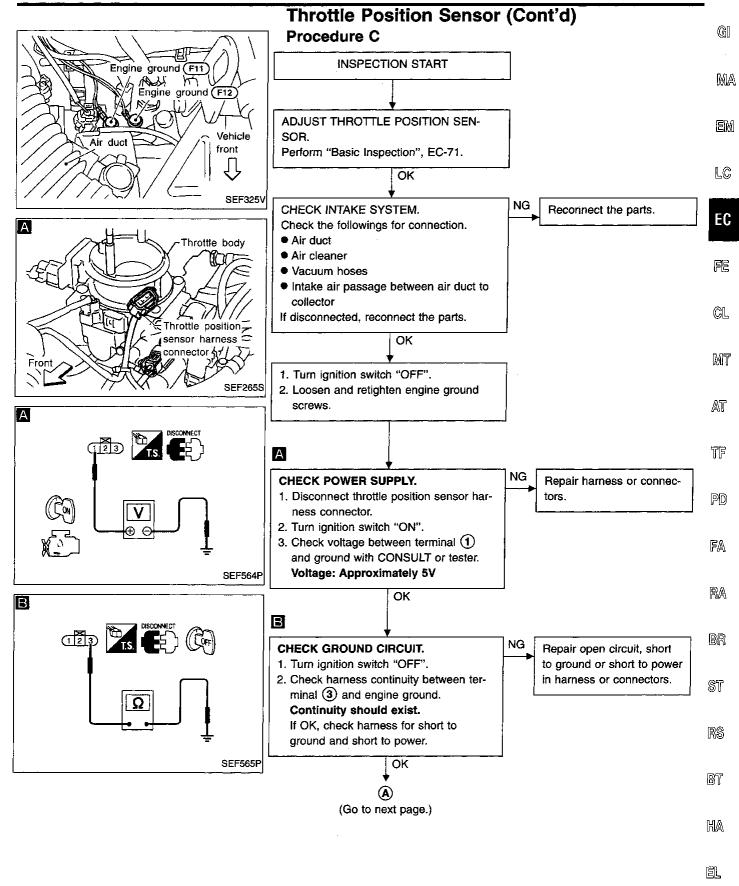






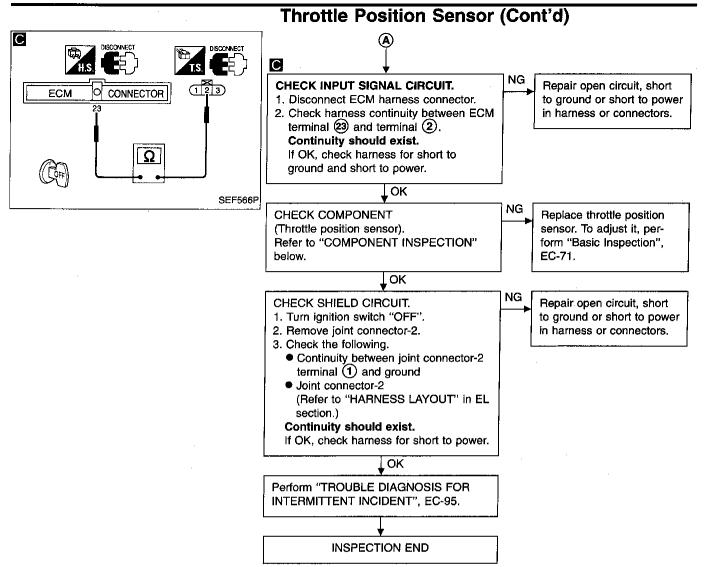


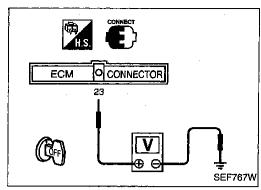


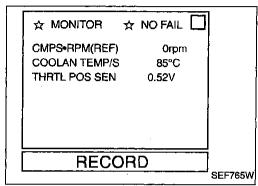


**EC-139** 297

IDX







# Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Throttle position sensor



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Check voltage of "THRTL POS SEN".

# Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	THRTL POS SEN	
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85	
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)	
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7	

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.

OR



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal (2) (Throttle position sensor signal) and ground.

# Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)	
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85	
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)	
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7	

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.

4. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.

G]

MA

LC

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD FA

RA

BR

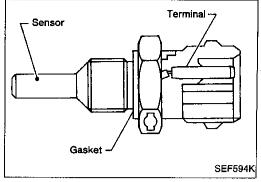
ST

RS

BT

HA

 $\mathbb{D}\mathbb{X}$ 



# 

# Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

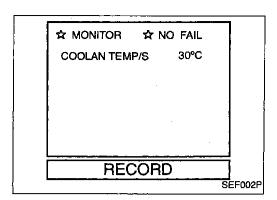
#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

<sup>\*:</sup> These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (39) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (32) (ECM ground).

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0125 0908	<ul> <li>Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine.</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         <ul> <li>(High resistance in the circuit)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>Thermostat</li> </ul>



# Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to overheat engine.

#### NOTE:

If both DTC P0115 (0103) and P0125 (0908) are displayed, first perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115". Refer to EC-123.

 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-145.



TOOLS

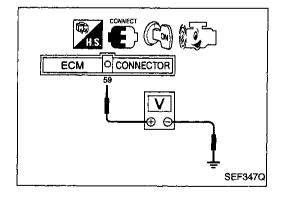
1) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

– OR -

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

If engine coolant temperature increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-145.



OR -

Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

 Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

If voltage between ECM terminal (9) and ground decreases to less than 3.8V within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-145. GI

MA

em

**@** 

LC

EC

CL.

FE

MT

TF

AT

PD

FA

BR

RA

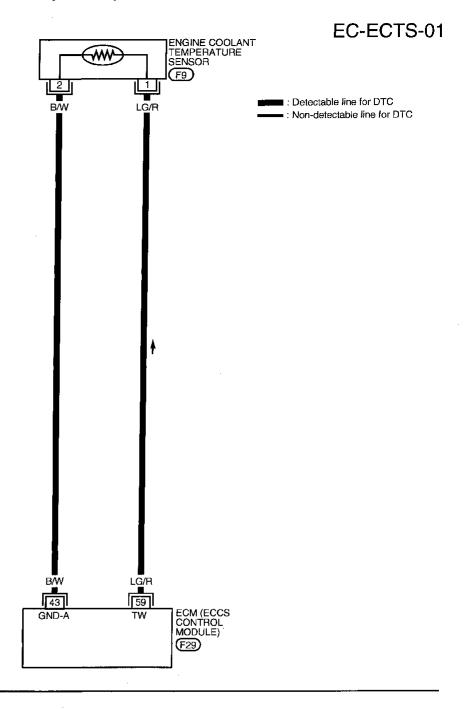
RS

BT

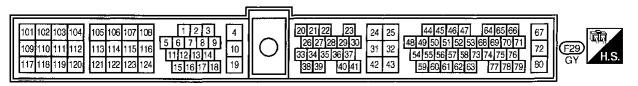
HA

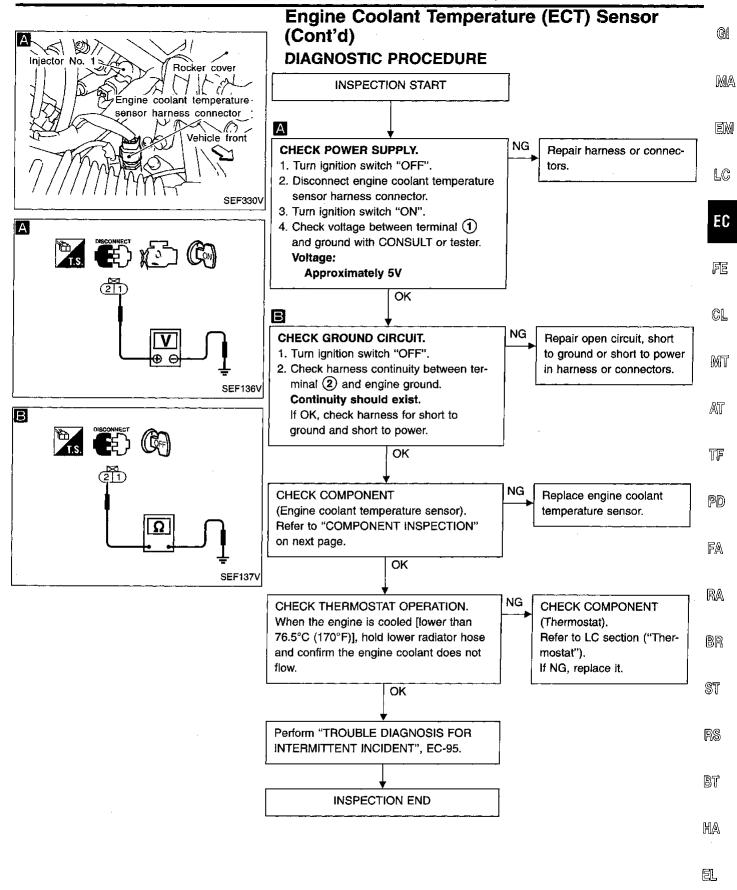
EL

# Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)



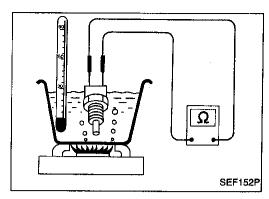






303

IDX



# 

# Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

# **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

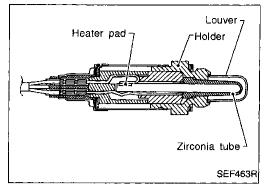
# Engine coolant temperature sensor

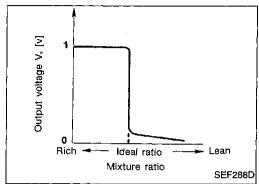
Check resistance as shown in the figure.

## <Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k $\Omega$
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.





# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S)

## **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

# CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR 02 SENSUR	Engine: After warming up }	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000	LEAN ↔ RICH
FR O2 MNTR		rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (2) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
50	В	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V

GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

90

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

ST

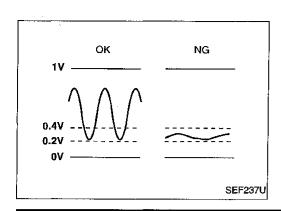
BR

RS

BT

HA

IDX

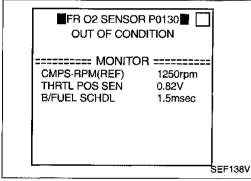


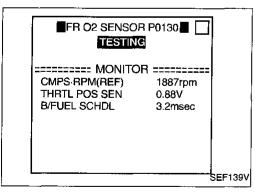
# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

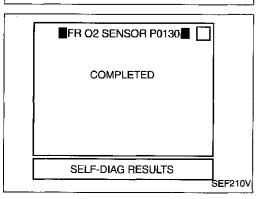
## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under the condition in which the front heated oxygen sensor signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.

Diagnostic Trouble  Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0130 0303	● The voltage from the sensor is constantly approx. 0.3V.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     Front heated oxygen sensor







# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "FR O2 SENSOR P0130" of "FRONT O2 SEN-SOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT.
- 3) Touch "START".
- 4) Let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

#### NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,000 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 4).

5) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 to 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,200 rpm (A/T)

1,200 - 2,700 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.8 msec (A/T)

1.0 - 5.2 msec (M/T)

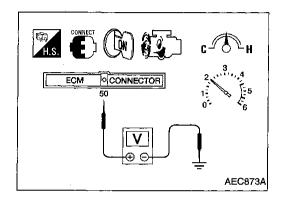
Selector lever: Suitable position

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-151.

During this test, P1148 may be displayed on CONSULT screen.



# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (9) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

• The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 - 0.4V.

4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-151.

EC

CL

Mī

LC

GI

MA

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

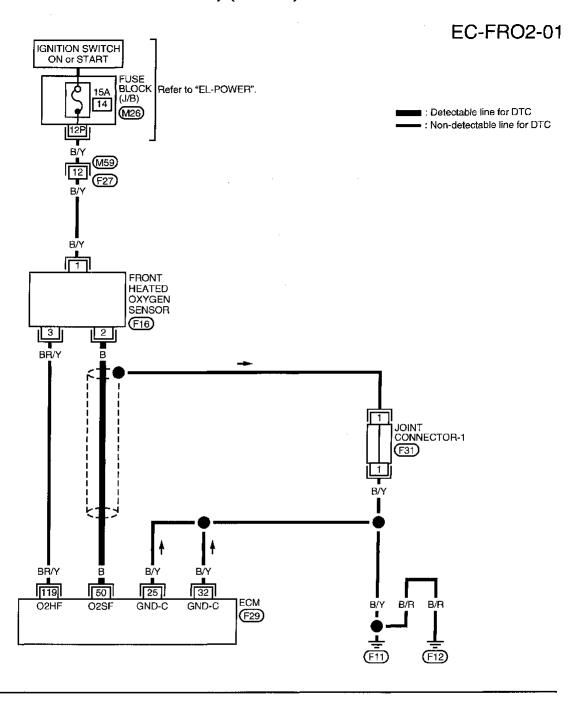
RS

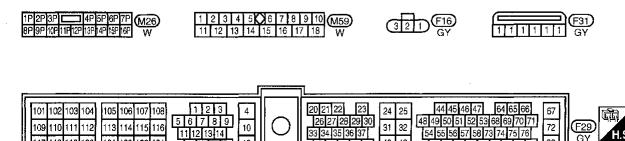
BT

HA

(DX

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

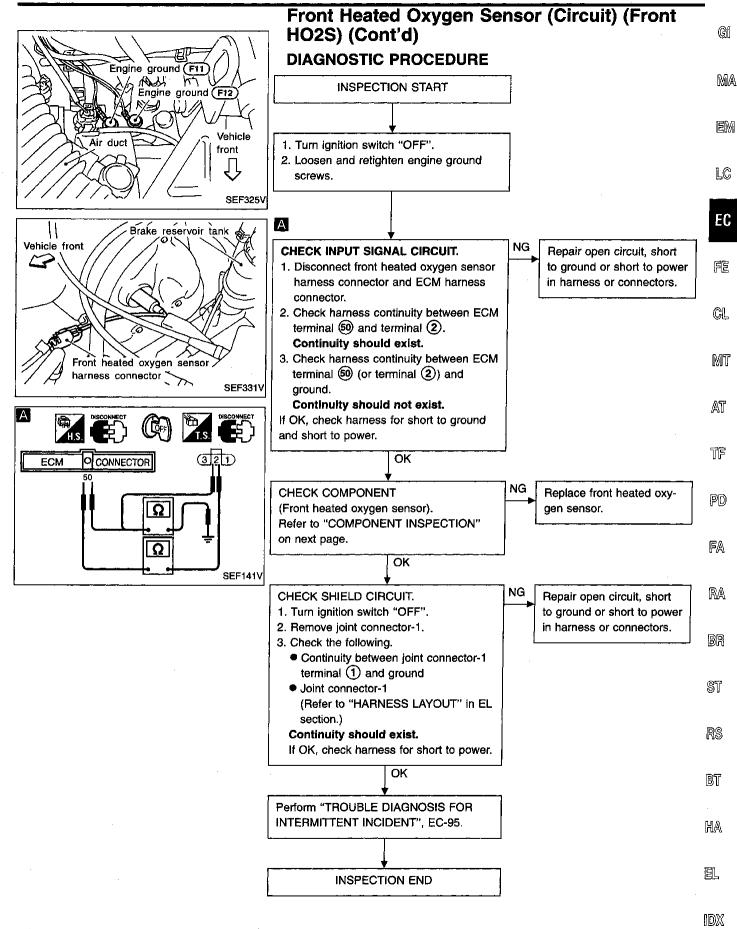




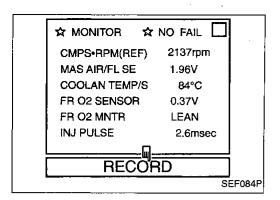
42 43

118 119 120

121 122 123 124



EC-151



# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Front heated oxygen sensor

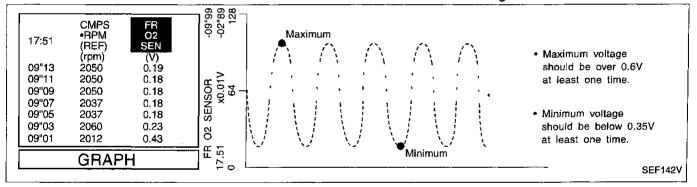


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.
   5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

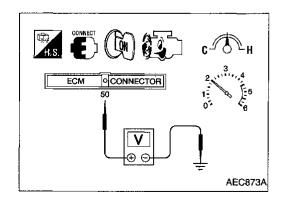
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

- OR -

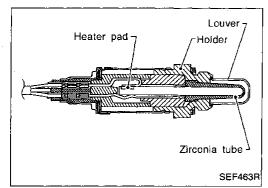


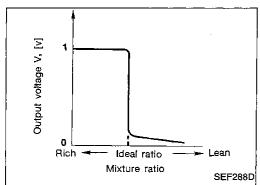


- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (9) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closedend tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

# CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	со	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR 02 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (2) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	RA Br
			0 - Approximately 1.0V		
<b>.</b>	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running.	(V) 2 1	ST	
50		After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0	RS	
				SEF201T	BT

**EC-153** 311

MA

GI

EM

LC

EC

赗

CL

MT

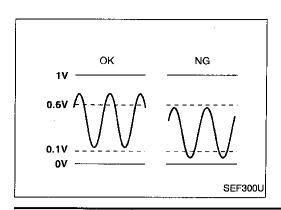
AT

TF

PD

FA

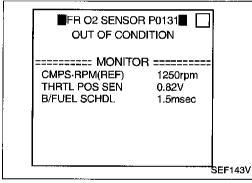
HA

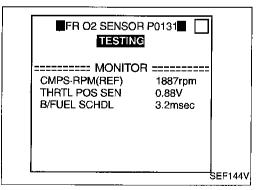


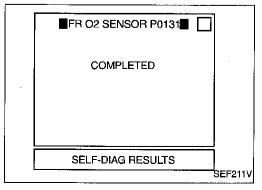
# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0131 0411		<ul> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> </ul>







# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F). Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SENSOR P0131" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1.5 minutes.

#### NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,000 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5).

6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds or more.)

CMPS·RPM (REF):1,700 - 2,600 rpm (2WD model) 1,700 - 3,000 rpm (4WD model)

Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.8 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

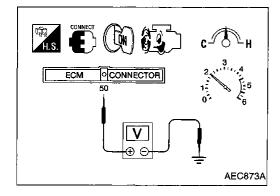
 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-156.



GI

EM

LC



# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (5) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
   OR
- The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least one time.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-156.

EC

re

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

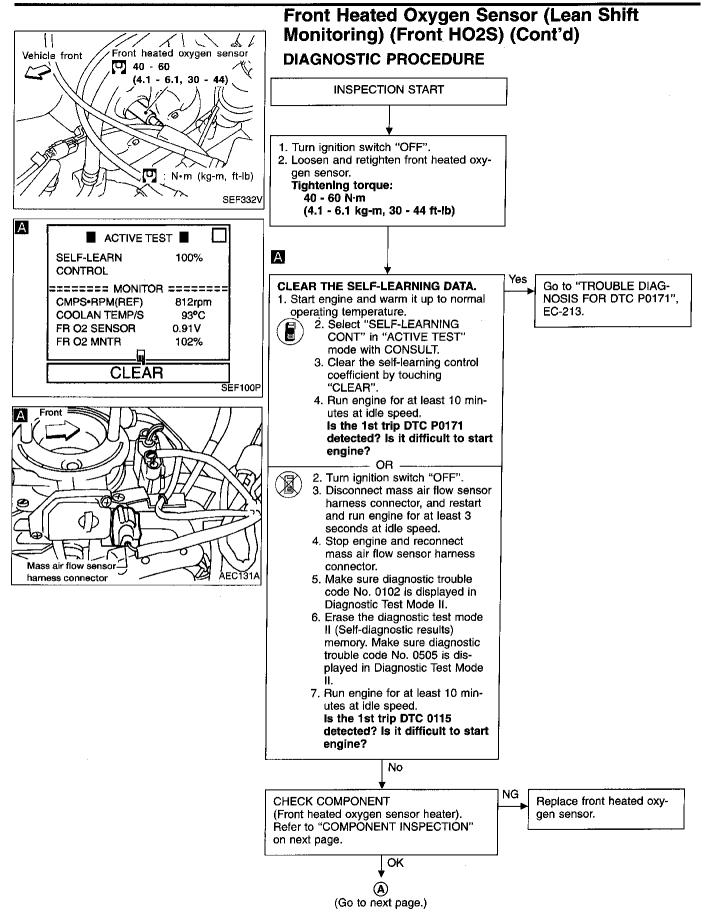
ST

RS

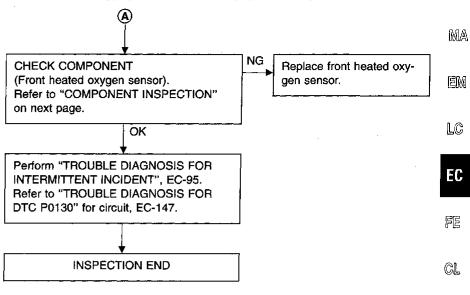
BT

HA

EL



# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



GI

MT

AT

TF

 $\mathbb{P}\mathbb{D}$ 

FA

RA

BR

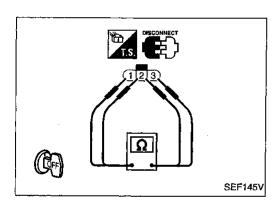
ST

RS

BT

HA

IDX



## **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

# Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 $\Omega$  at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals 2 and 1, 3 and 2.

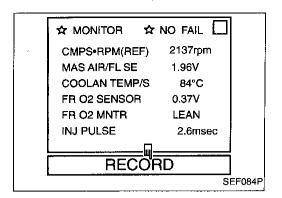
Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

#### CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

EC-157 315



# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

## Front heated oxygen sensor



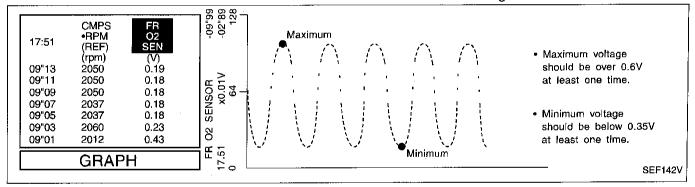
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

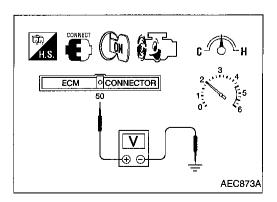
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

- OR -

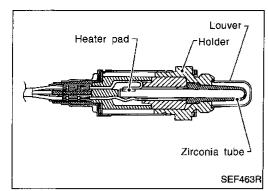


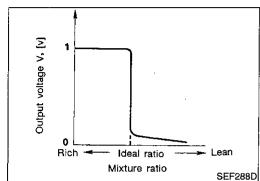


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

## COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

# FE

GI

MA

LC

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V  LEAN ↔ RICH  Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

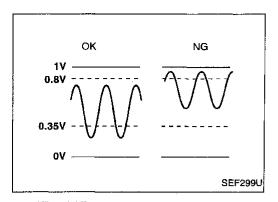
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
50 B Front heated or sor			0 - Approximately 1.0V	-	
	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(V) 2 1 0	S R	
				SEF201T	B

HA

EL

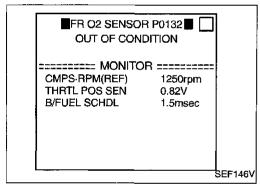
IDX

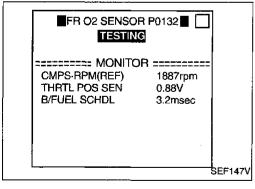


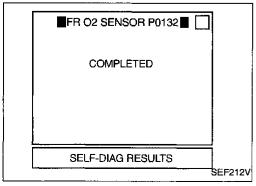
# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high. The "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0132	The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are	Front heated oxygen sensor
0410	beyond the specified voltages.	<ul> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> </ul>
		Fuel pressure
		● Injectors







# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F). Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SENSOR P0132" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1.5 minutes.

#### NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,000 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5).

6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds or more.)

CMPS·RPM (REF):1,200 - 2,600 rpm (2WD model) 1,700 - 3,000 rpm (4WD model)

Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.8 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

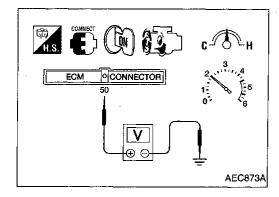
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-162. GI

EM

LC

EC



# **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (5) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least one time.

  OR
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-162.

MT

AT

PD

TF

FA

RA

BR

ST

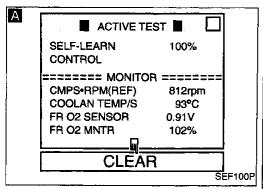
RS

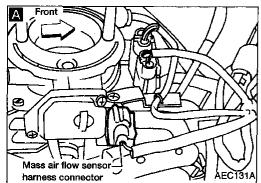
BT

HA

EL

# Vehicle front Front heated oxygen sensor 40 - 60 (4.1 - 6.1, 30 - 44) N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) SEF332V





# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION START

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.

Tightening torque: 40 - 60 N·m

(4.1 - 6.1 kg-m, 30 - 44 ft-lb)

Α

#### **CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA**

 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
   Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start

OR -

engine?



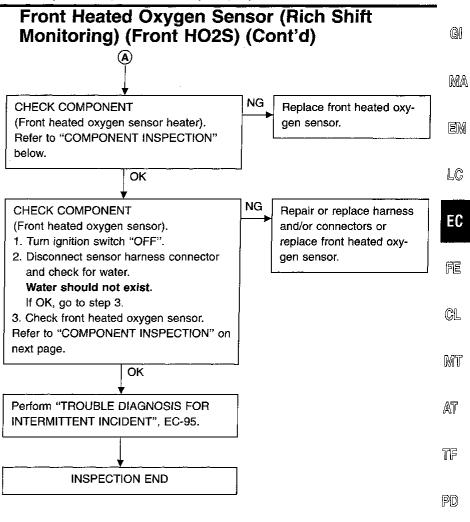
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
  Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

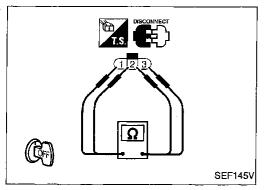
No (A)

(Go to next page.)

Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-218.

Yes





#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

]DX

EL

FA

RA

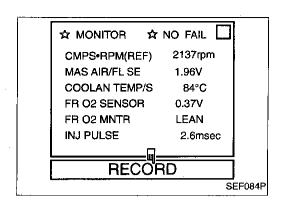
BR

ST

RS

BT

MA



# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

# Front heated oxygen sensor



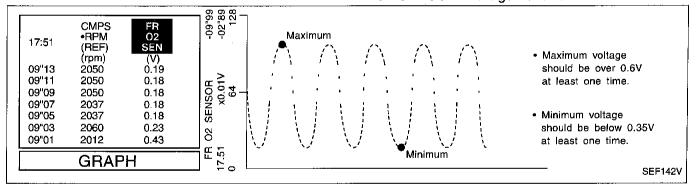
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

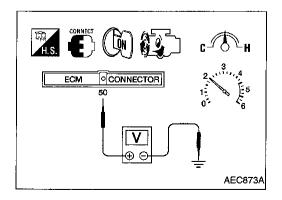
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

- OR -

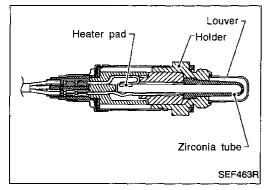


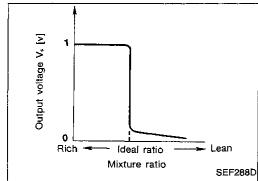


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

MA

GI

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD)

FA

RA

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONE	DITION	SPECIFICATION
ED OO OENOOD	·		0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 SENSOR FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

## **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

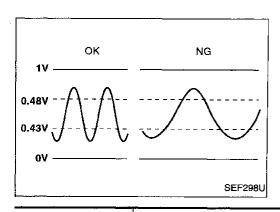
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	BR
50 B	В	Front heated oxygen sen-	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V	ST RS
				1s SEF201T	no BT

HA

EL

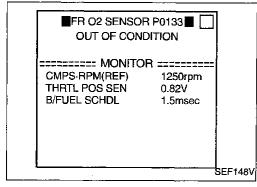
**EC-165** 

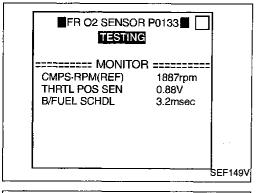


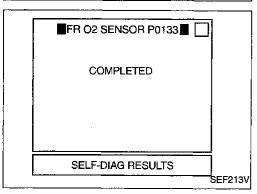
# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor, this diagnosis measures response time of front heated oxygen sensor signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and front heated oxygen sensor temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (front heated oxygen sensor cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0133 0409	The response of the voltage signal from the sensor takes more than the specified time.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     Front heated oxygen sensor     Front heated oxygen sensor heater     Fuel pressure     Injectors     Intake air leaks     Exhaust gas leaks     PCV     Mass air flow sensor







# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SENSOR P0133" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1.5 minutes.

NOTE: Never raise engine speed above 3,000 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5).

6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds or more.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 3,000 rpm

Vehicle speed: 80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.1 - 4.8 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

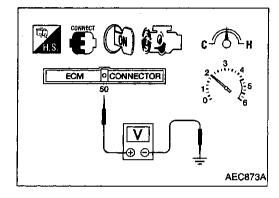
 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-169.



Gl

EM

LC



# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (5) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

   Malfunction indicator famo goes on more than 5 times
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-169.

EC

AT

MT

PD

TF

FA

BR

RA

ST

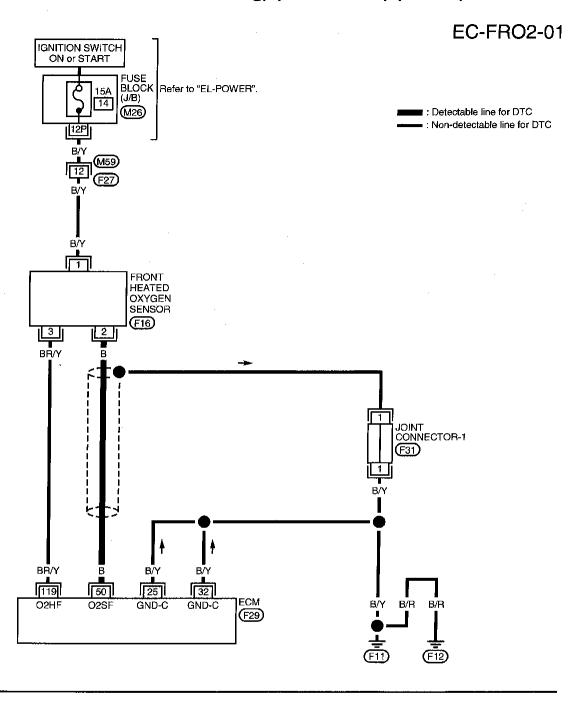
RS

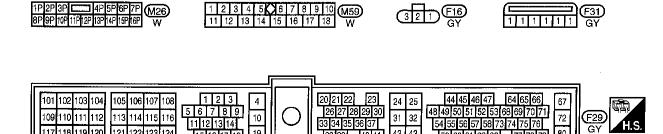
BT

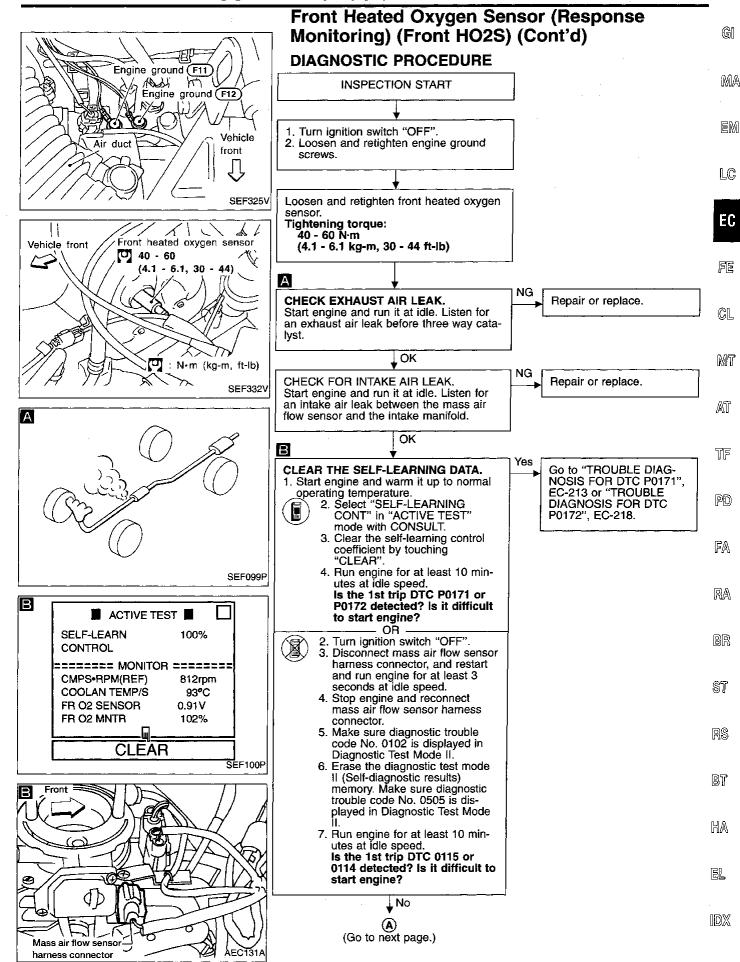
HA

EL

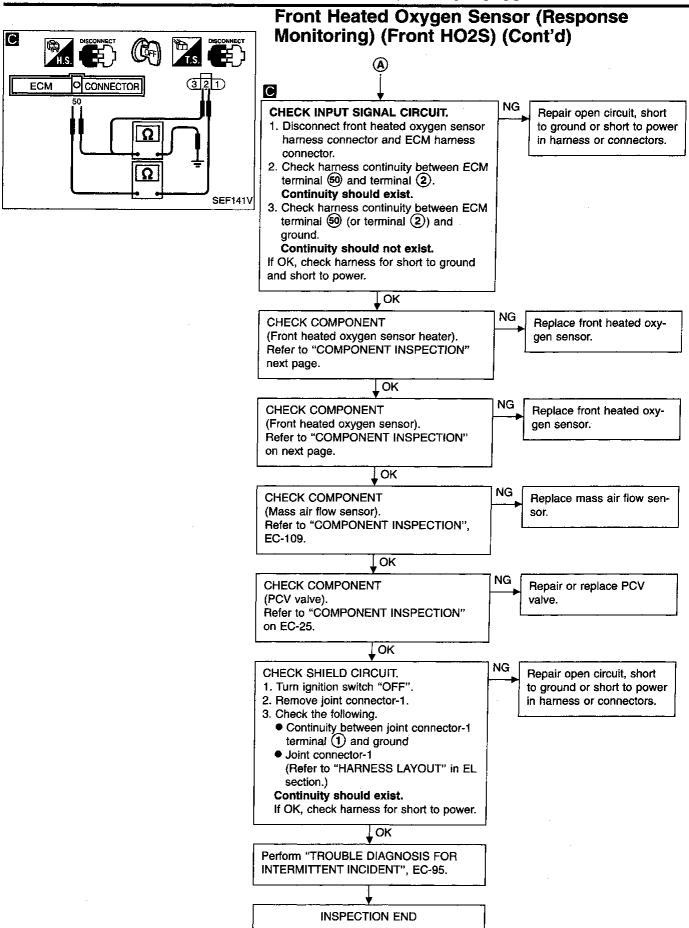
# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

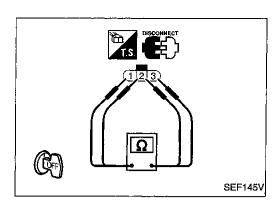






**EC-169** 327





# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response **Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)** COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals (3) and (1). Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 $\Omega$  at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals (2) and (1), (3) and (2). Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

**CAUTION:** 

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

LC

EC

GI

MA

FE CL

MIT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

☆ MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL CMPS\*RPM(REF) 2137rpm MAS AIR/FL SE 1.96V **COOLAN TEMP/S** 84°C FR O2 SENSOR 0.37V FR O2 MNTR **LEAN** INJ PULSE 2.6msec RECORD SEF084P

# Front heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.

EC-171

"FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH"

L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

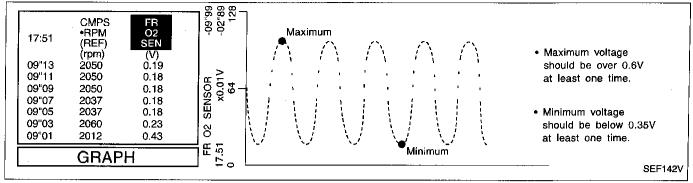
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

BT

MA

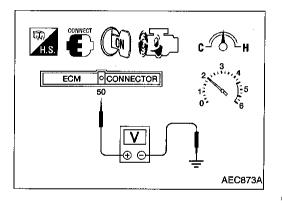
EL

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

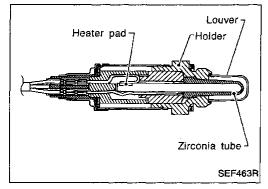


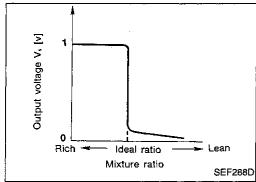


- OR 
   Or 
   Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (50) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

## **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S)

# **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

EC

GI

MA

EM

FE

CL

MT

## CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	TF
FR O2 SENSOR	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	
			LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	PD
				FA

## **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

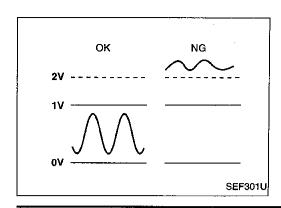
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	BR
50 B		Engine is running.	0 - Approximately 1.0V	ST	
	В	Front heated oxygen sensor	After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RS
				SEF201T	BT

MA

RA

EL

**EC-173** 331

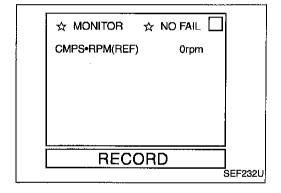


# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the front heated oxygen sensor output is not inordinately high.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0134 0412	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> </ul>



# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for 5.5 minutes.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-177.

  OR



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Restart engine and let it idle for 5.5 minutes.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for 5.5 minutes.
- 6) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 7) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE", EC-177.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Restart engine and let it idle for 5.5 minutes.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-177.

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

When using GST, "DTC Confirmation Procedure" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

G

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

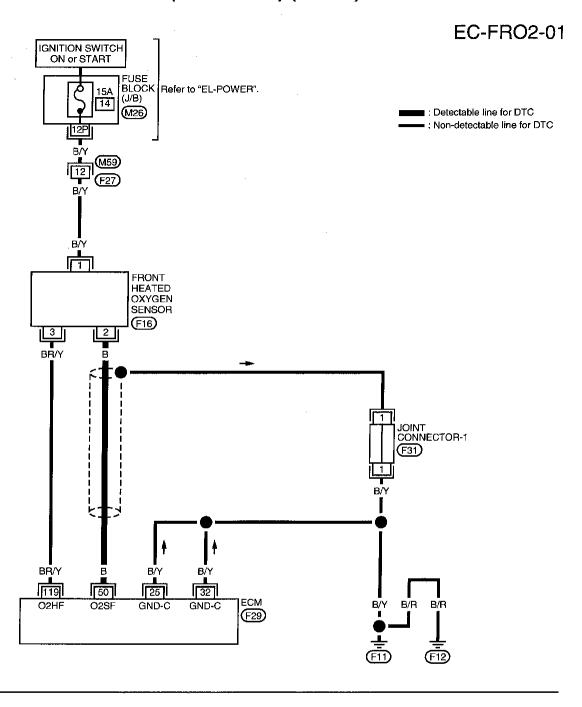
ST

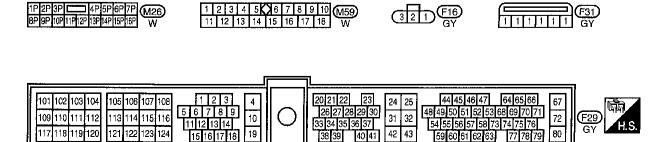
RS

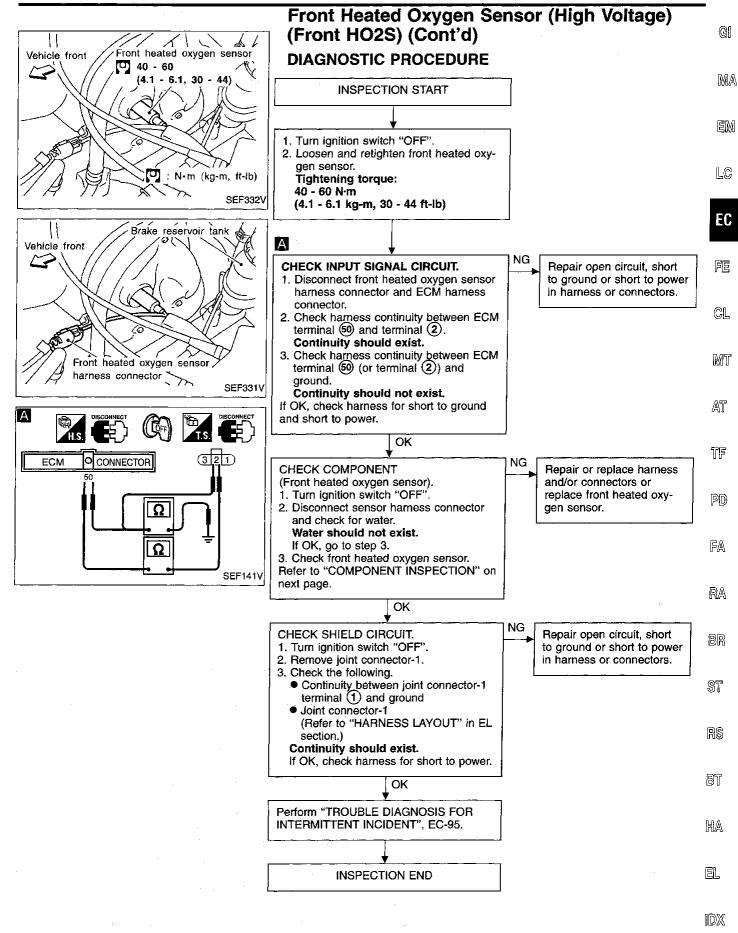
BT

HA

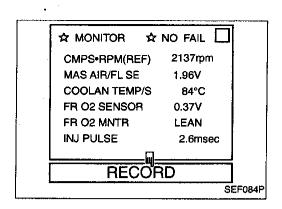
# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)







EC-177 335



# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

## Front heated oxygen sensor

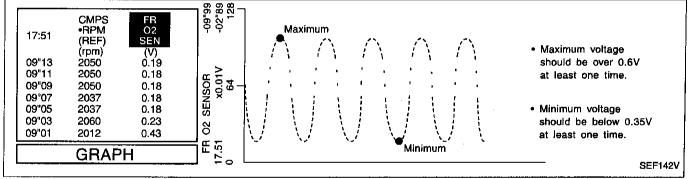


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds. 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (9) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

#### **CAUTION:**

AEC873A

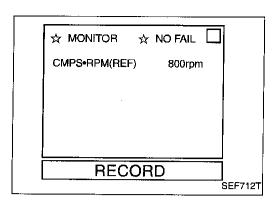
Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

ECM.

CONNECTOR

#### **G**[ Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater SYSTEM DESCRIPTION MA Front heated oxy-Engine speed Camshaft position sensor **ECM** gen sensor EM heater The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the front heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the engine LC speed. **OPERATION** EC Engine speed rpm Front heated oxygen sensor heater Above 3,000 rpm (2WD models) **OFF** More than 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm (4WD models) Below 3,000 rpm (All models) ON For 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm (4WD models only) CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE Specification data are reference values. MT MONITOR ITEM CONDITION **SPECIFICATION** • Engine speed: Below 3,000 rpm (All models) AT For 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm ON (4WD models only) FR O2 HEATER Engine speed: Above 3,000 rpm (2WD models) TF More than 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 | OFF rpm (4WD models) PD ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 😥 (ECM ground). FA TER-WIRE DATA MINAL ITEM CONDITION COLOR (DC Voltage) NO. RA Engine is running. Engine speed is below 3,000 rpm. (All models) BR Approximately 0.4V For 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm (4WD models only) Front heated oxygen sen-BR/Y ST 119 Engine is running. sor heater Engine speed is above 3,000 rpm. (2WD mod-**BATTERY VOLTAGE** (11 - 14V)RS More than 6 seconds after engine speed exceeds 3,000 rpm (4WD models) BT ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC Diagnostic Trouble Check Items HA Malfunction is detected when .... Code No. (Possible Cause) P0135 The current amperage in the front heated oxygen Harness or connectors 0901 sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (The front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM open or shorted.) through the front heated oxygen sensor heater.) Front heated oxygen sensor heater

M



# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

– OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-182.



- Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-182.

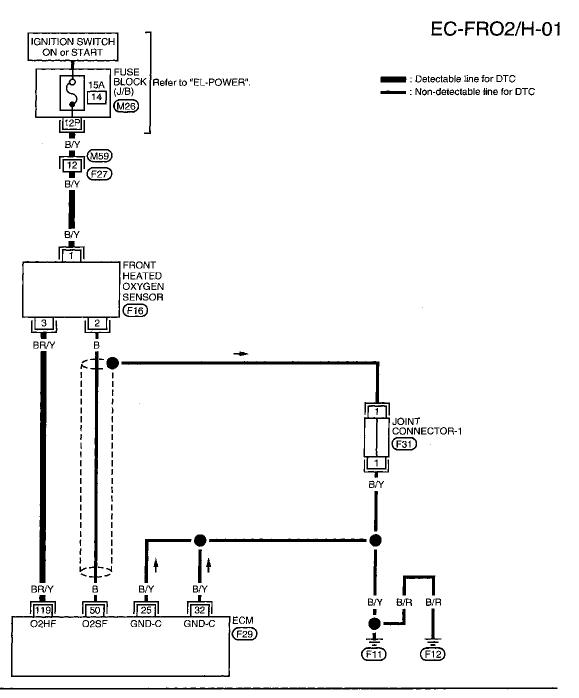


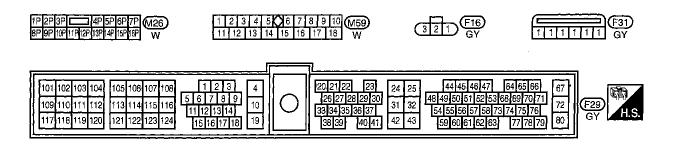
1) Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.

- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-182.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

# Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)





AEC859A

339

G

MA

**EM** 

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

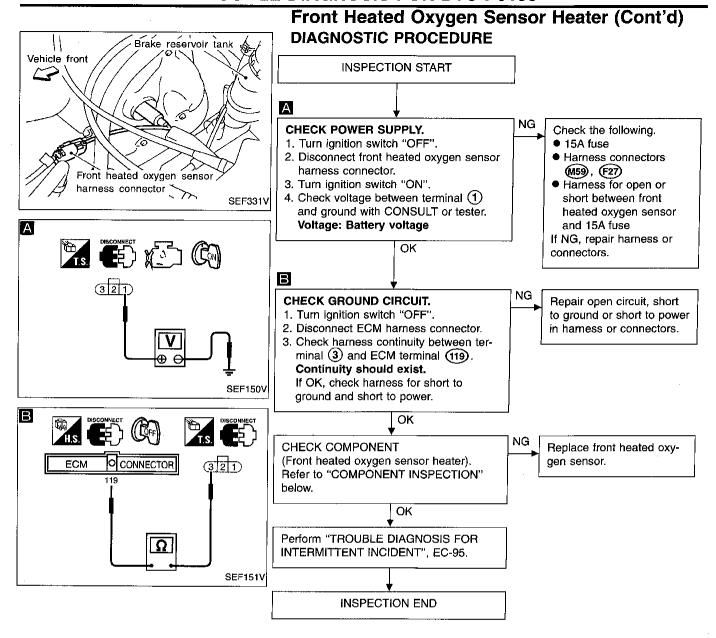
BR

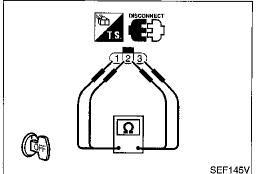
ST

RS

BT

HA





# COMPONENT INSPECTION

## Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

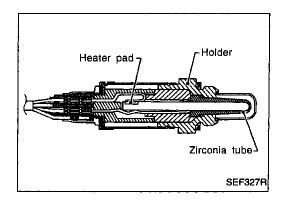
Check continuity between terminals (2) and (1), (3) and (2).

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

#### **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

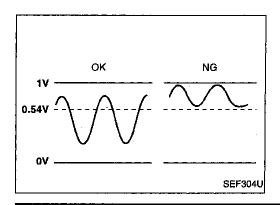
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONE	DITION	SPECIFICATION
RR 02 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
56	OR	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V



#### **ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC**

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge malfunctions of the rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently low during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble  Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0137 0511	The minimum voltage from the sensor has not reached the specified voltage.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Rear heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injectors</li> </ul>	HA EL

341

ID)X

GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL.

MT

AT

TF

PD

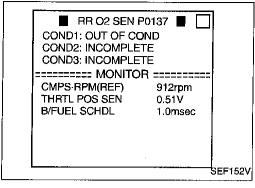
FA

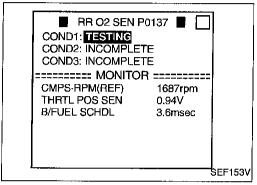
RA

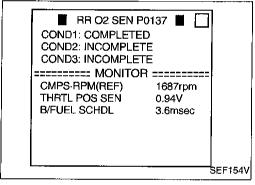
ST

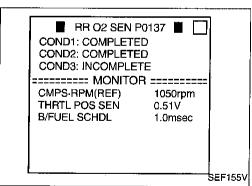
RS

BT









# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SENSOR P0137" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
  - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 11).
  - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,000 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

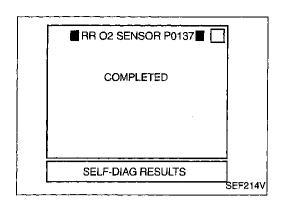
B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.8 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

#### NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLÉTED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely [with "O/D" OFF (A/T models only)] from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". [It will take approximately 4 seconds.]



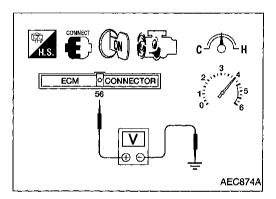
# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### NOTE:

 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

- 10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-187.



# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

2) Stop vehicle with engine running.

Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 6 (sensor signal) and ECM ground.

4) Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

sible.)

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Keep vehicle idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once during this procedure.

6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-187.

S

G[

MA

LC

EC

脬

CL

MT

AT

PD)

FA

RA

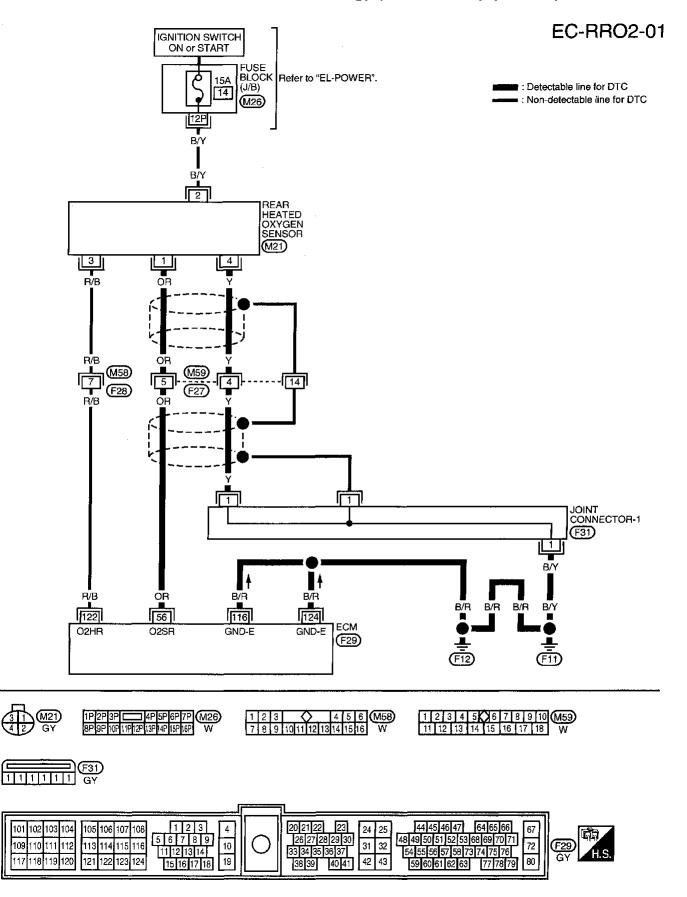
BR

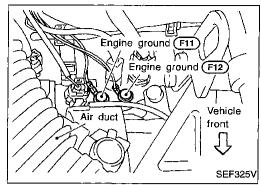
ST

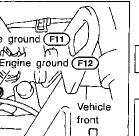
78

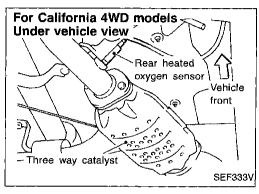
MA

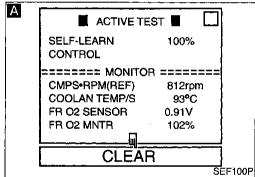
## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

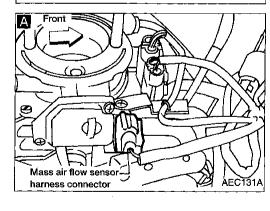












## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

INSPECTION START 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA.** 

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



Α

- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode 11.
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

No **(A)** (Go to next page.)

Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-EC-218.

Yes

NOSIS FOR DTC P0172",

**G**[

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

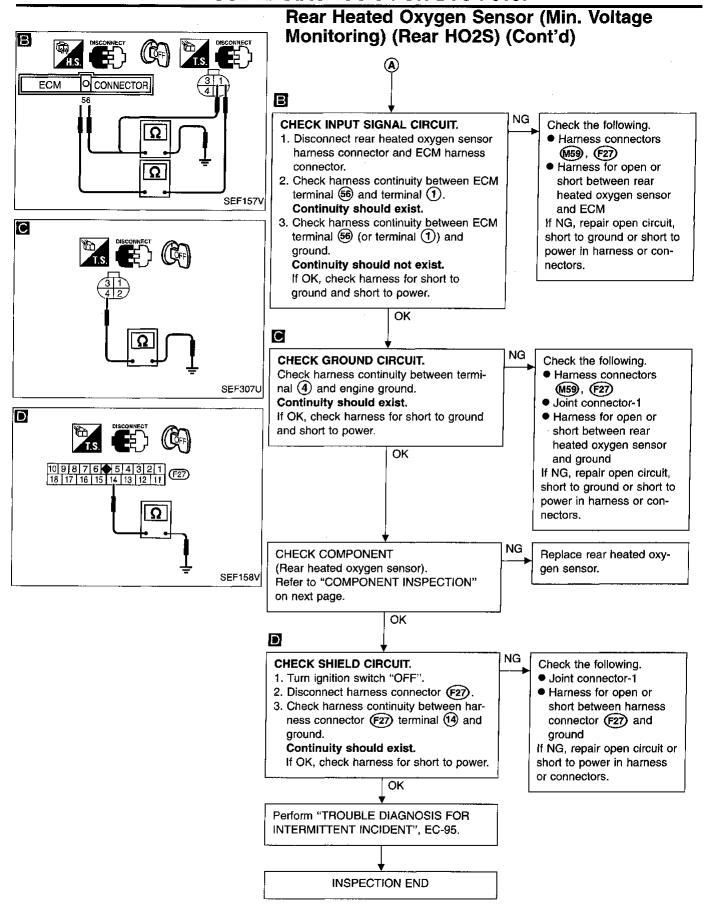
ST

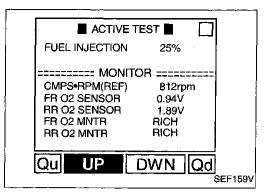
RS

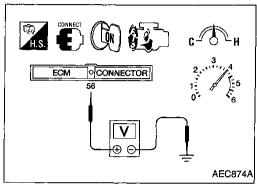
BT

HA

IDX







# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

Stop vehicle with engine running.

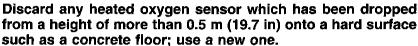
 Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

 Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.





OR



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

2) Stop vehicle with engine running.

 Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (s) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.

4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

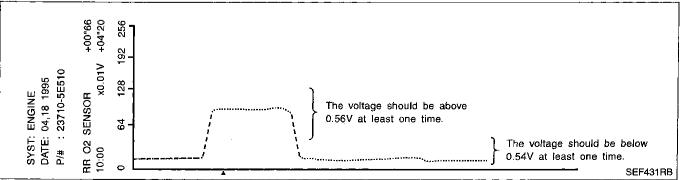
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when revving up to 5,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once. CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



MA

GI

EM

LC

\_\_\_\_

FE

EC

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

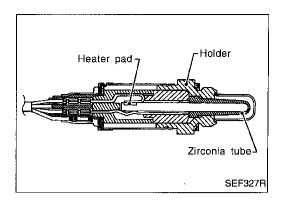
ST

RS

BT

KA

EL



# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The rear heated oxygen sensor (rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

#### **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

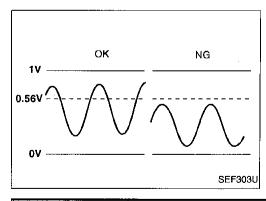
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR 02 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rom muiolche	LEAN ↔ RICH

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

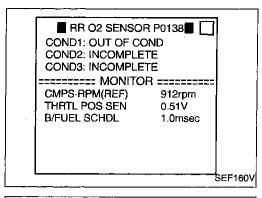
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
56	OR	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

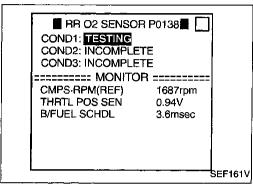


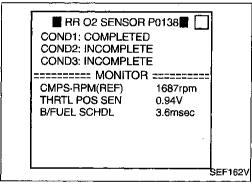
#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

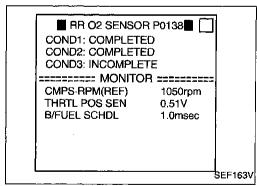
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge malfunctions of the rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0138 0510	The maximum voltage from the sensor has not reached the specified voltage.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Rear heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> </ul>









## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SENSOR P0138" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
  - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 11).
  - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,000 rpm Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.8 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

#### NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely [with "O/D" OFF (A/T models only)] from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". [It will take approximately 4 seconds.]

EC-191 349

MA

GI

EC

FE

MT

AT

TF

PD)

BR

RA

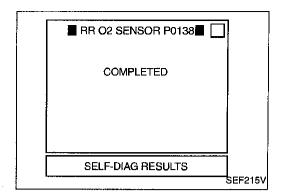
ST

RS

BT

MA





# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

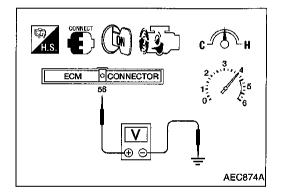
#### NOTE:

 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

- 10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)
- 11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.



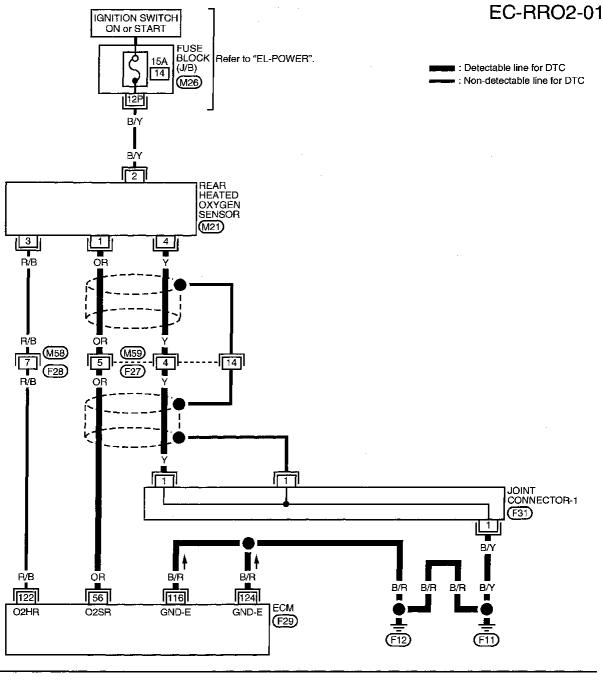
# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

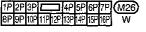


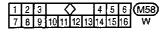
- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (5) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
  - The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once during this procedure.
  - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.
- 5) Keep vehicle idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).
  - The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once during this procedure.
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.

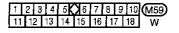
## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)



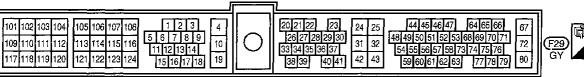














IDX

GI

MA

LC

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

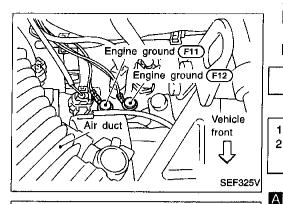
BR

ST

RS

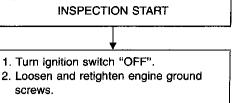
BT

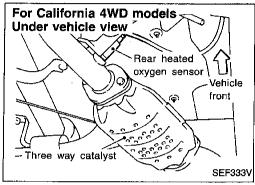
HA

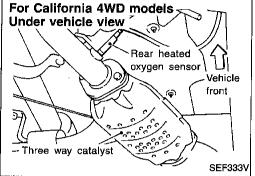


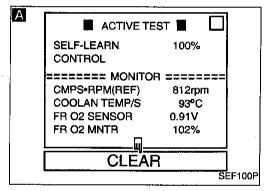
## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

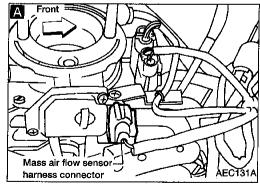
#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE











CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

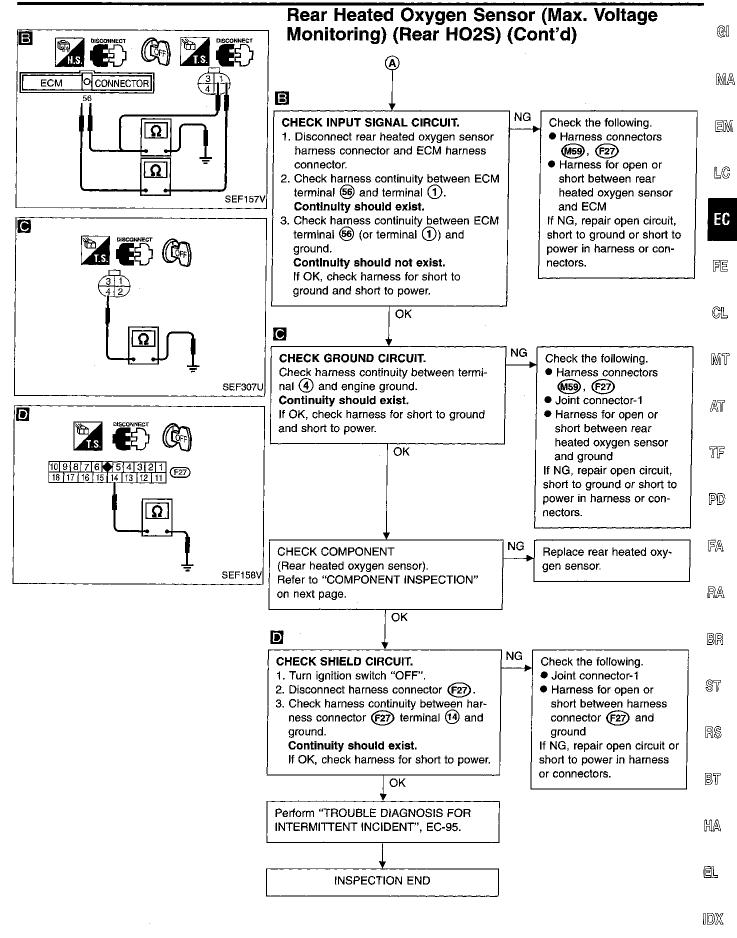
OR

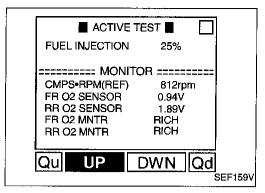


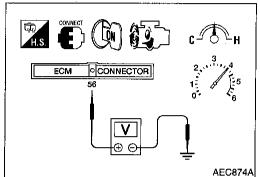
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

↓No

**(A)** (Go to next page.) Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSIS FOR DTC P0171". EC-213.







# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

OR

- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 66 (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

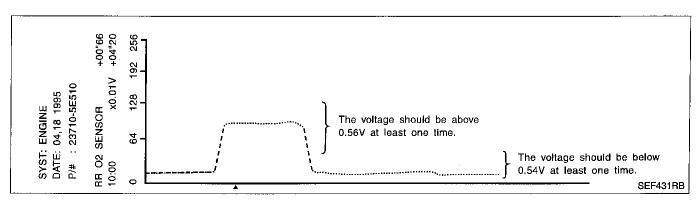
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

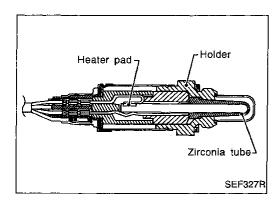
The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when revving up to 5,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once. CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

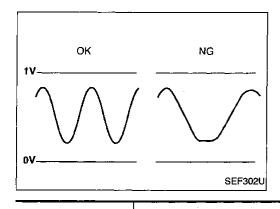
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	- 4
RR 02 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	_
RR 02 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH	_ [

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ② (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
56	OR	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V



#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge malfunctions of the rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble  Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	0.7.5
P0139 0707	• It takes more time for the sensor to respond between rich and lean than the specified time.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)	· HA
		Rear heated oxygen sensor     Fuel pressure     Injectors	
		● Intake air leaks	. IDX

EC-197 355

MA

**G**1

EM

LC

EC

C[\_

Mī

AT

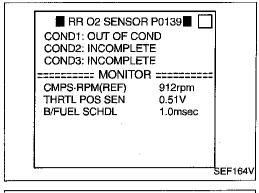
PD)

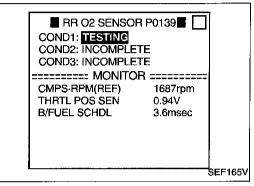
EA

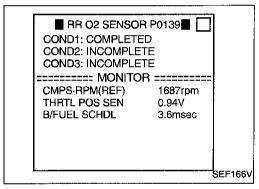
RA

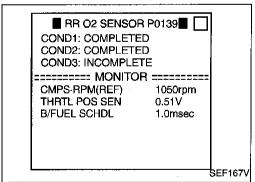
RS

BT









# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SENSOR P0139" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
  - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 11).
  - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,000 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

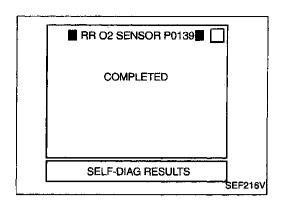
B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.8 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

#### NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely [with "O/D" OFF (A/T models only)] from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". [It will take approximately 4 seconds.]



# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### NOTE:

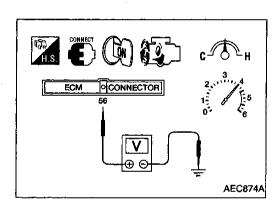
 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC

PROCEDURE", EC-201.



# OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

Stop vehicle with engine running.

3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (sensor signal) and ECM ground.

 Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Keep vehicle idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-201.

LC

GI

MA

\_\_\_

EC

GL

FE

MT

PD

RA.

BR

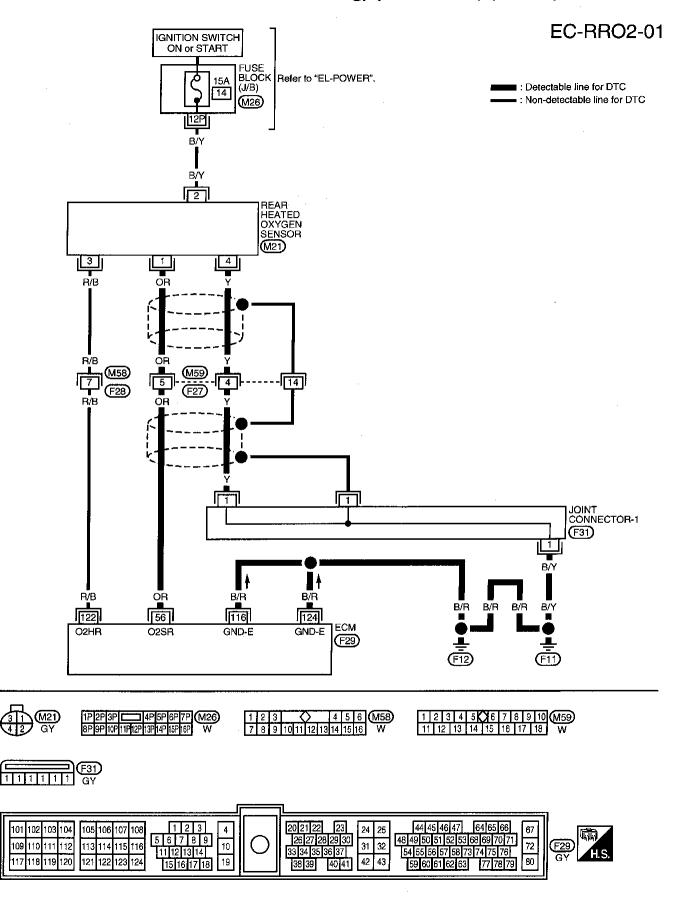
<u>.</u>

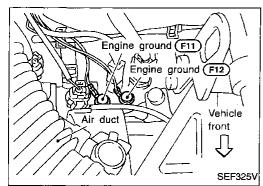
RS

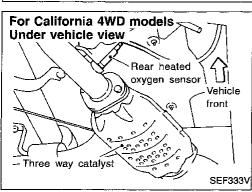
BT

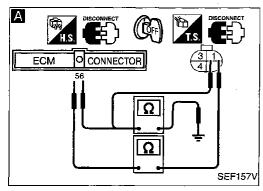
HA

# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)









## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

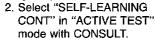
INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA.

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".

4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine? OR

Α

connector.

around.

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.

4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connec-

5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.

6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.

7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 or

0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

Nο

CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

terminal 56 and terminal 1.

Continuity should not exist.

Continuity should exist.

1. Disconnect rear heated oxygen sensor

harness connector and ECM harness

2. Check harness continuity between ECM

3. Check harness continuity between ECM

terminal 66 (or terminal 1) and

Yes Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-EC-213 or "TROUBLE

NOSIS FOR DTC P0171", DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-218.

EC

Gi

MA

EM

LC

MT

AT

TF

PD)

FA

RA

BR

ST

Check the following.

 Harness connectors (M59), (F27)

 Harness for open or short between rear heated oxygen sensor and ECM

If NG, repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

BT

RS

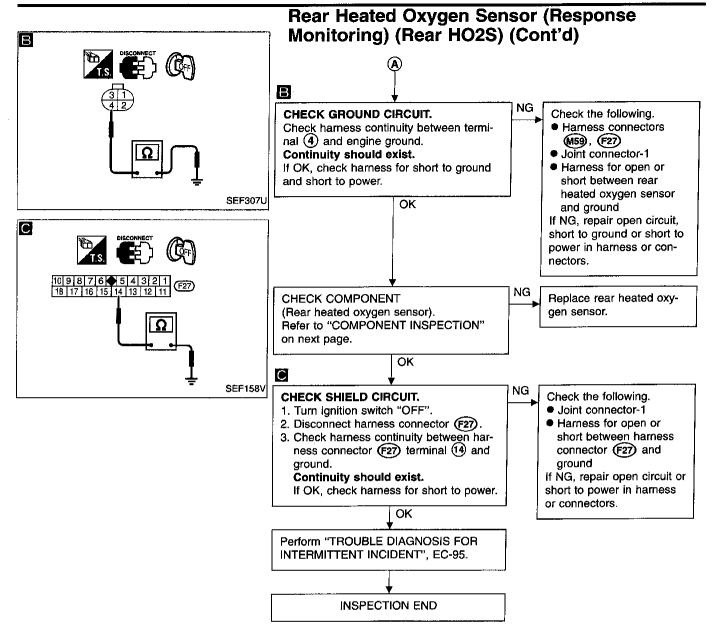
HA

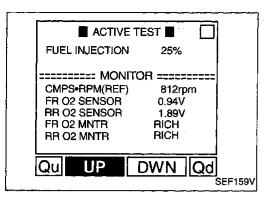
↓oĸ (A)

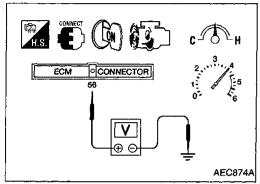
If OK, check harness for short to ground

(Go to next page.)

and short to power.







## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor

- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

OR ·

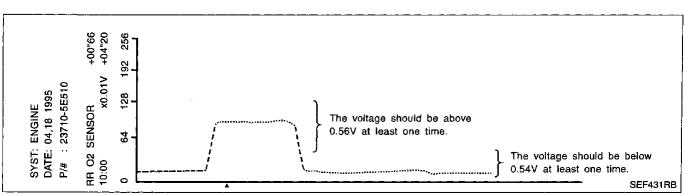
- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 66 (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when revving up to 5,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once. CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



GI.

MA

EM

LC

MIT

TF

AT

PD)

FA

RA

BR

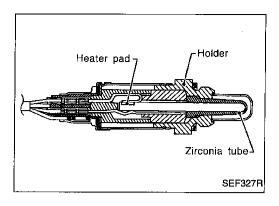
ST

RS

BT

HA

EL



# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S)

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The rear heated oxygen sensor (rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

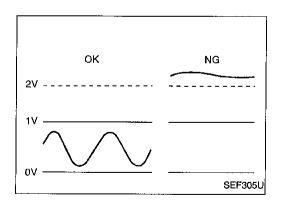
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR	• Engine, After warming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

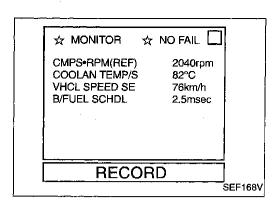
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
56	OR	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running.  After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

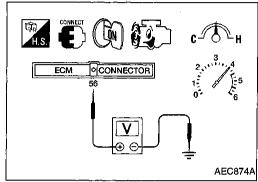


#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge malfunctions of the rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether or not the voltage is too high during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0140 0512	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Rear heated oxygen sensor</li> </ul>





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

**CAUTION:** 

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

 Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

 Maintain the following conditions at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,000 rpm VHCL SPEED SE: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.8 msec

COOLAN TEMP/S: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F) Selector lever: Suitable position

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-207.

**OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK** 

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

OR

1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

Stop vehicle with engine running.

3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.

 4) Check the voltage after revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as pos-

sible.)
The voltage should be below 2V during this procedure.

5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-207.

LC

GI

MA

EM

EC

©L

MT

AT

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

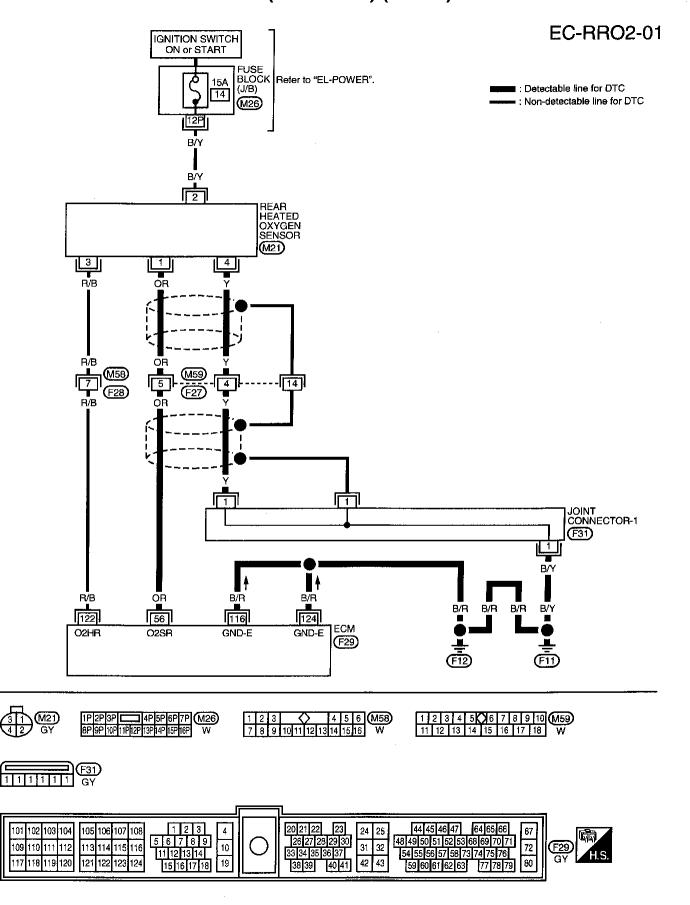
87

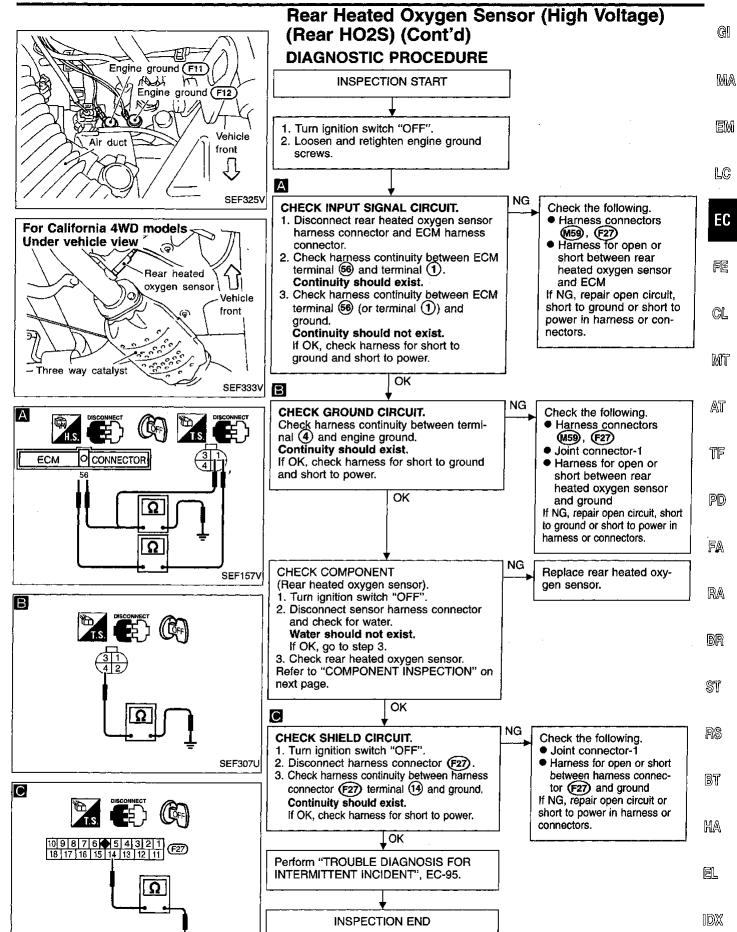
HA

EL

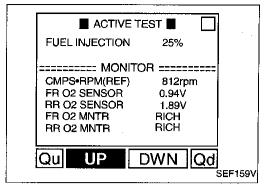
 $\mathbb{D}\mathbb{X}$ 

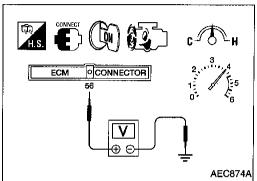
# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)





SEF158V





# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

OR

- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 66 (sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

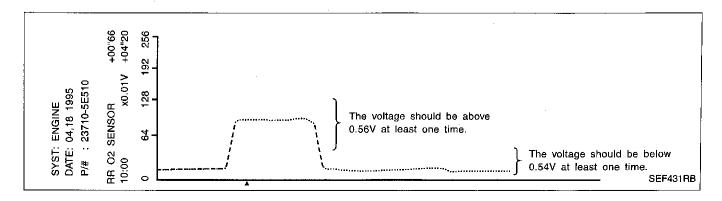
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when revving up to 5,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once. CAUTION:

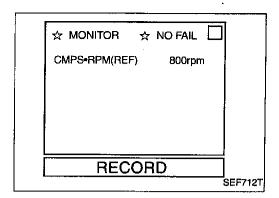
Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



#### G **Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater** SYSTEM DESCRIPTION MA Rear heated oxy-Engine speed Camshaft position sensor **ECM** gen sensor EM heater The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the rear **OPERATION** LC heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the Rear heated oxygen sensor engine speed. Engine speed rpm heater EC Ignition switch "ON" OFF (Engine is stopped.) Engine is running. ON CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE (CIL Specification data are reference values. MONITOR ITEM CONDITION **SPECIFICATION** MT Engine speed: Idle after driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 MPH) or ON RR 02 HEATER AT **OFF** Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE** TF Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (2) (ECM ground). TER-WIRE DATA PD MINAL ITEM CONDITION COLOR (DC Voltage) NO. Engine is running. FA Approximately 0.4V Idle speed after driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h Rear heated oxygen sen-(43 MPH) or more 122 R/B sor heater RA Ignition switch "ON" BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) Engine is not running. BR ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC ST Diagnostic Trouble Check Items Malfunction is detected when .... Code No. (Possible Cause) P0141 The current amperage in the rear heated oxygen Harness or connectors RS 0902 sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (The rear heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM open or shorted.) through the rear heated oxygen sensor heater.) Rear heated oxygen sensor heater BT

EC-209 367

EL



# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

– OR ·



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-212.



- Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-212.

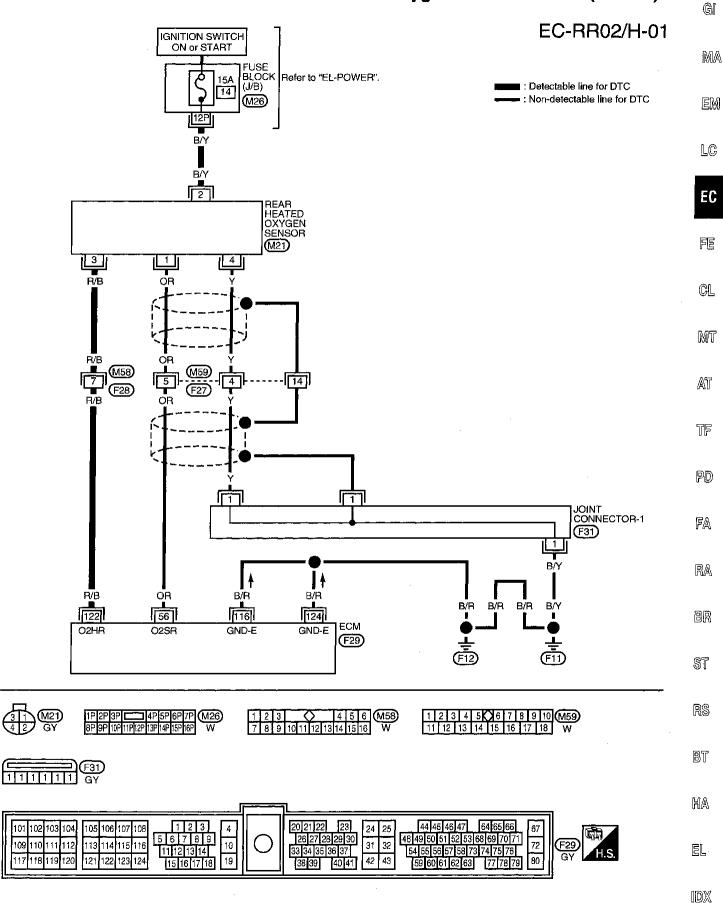


1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

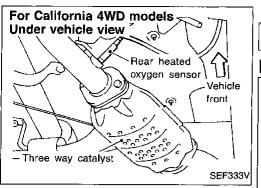
- OR -

- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-212.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CON-SULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

# Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)

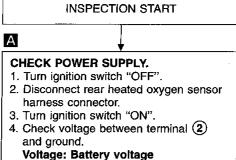


AEC861A



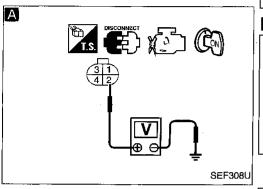
## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

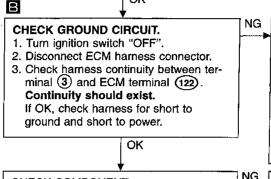
NG



Check the following.

- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between rear heated oxygen sensor and 15A fuse If NG, repair harness or
- connectors.





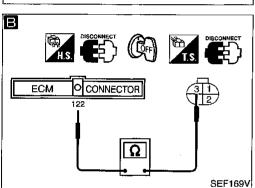
Check the following. Harness connectors (M58), (F28)

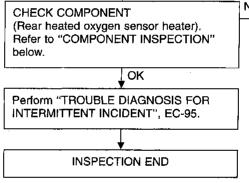
 Harness for open or short between rear heated oxygen sensor and ECM

If NG, repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

Replace rear heated oxy-

gen sensor.





#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

## Rear heated oxygen sensor heater

Check the following.

Check resistance between terminals (2) and (3). Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 $\Omega$  at 25°C (77°F)

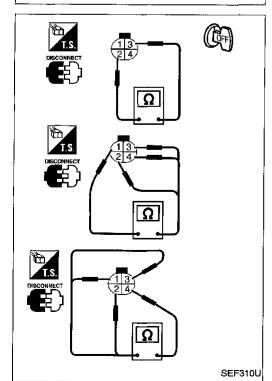
Check continuity.

Terminal No.	Continuity	
1 and 2, 3, 4	No	
4 and 1, 2, 3	, NO	

If NG, replace the rear heated oxygen sensor.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

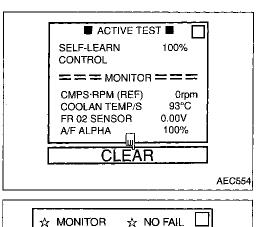


## Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought close to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and theoretical ratios. If the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as a fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Front heated oxyge	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas  (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	CM Injectors
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0171 0115	Fuel injection system does not operate properly.     The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large mixture ratio is too lean.)	<ul> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> <li>Lack of fuel</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>



# AEC554 ☆ MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL CMPS•RPM(REF) 800rpm RECORD SEF712T

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-216. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

- OR -

MA

GI

LC

EC

CL

MT

AT

....

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

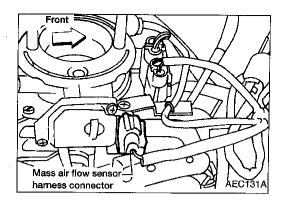
R\$

et et

HA

EL

IDX



# Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)



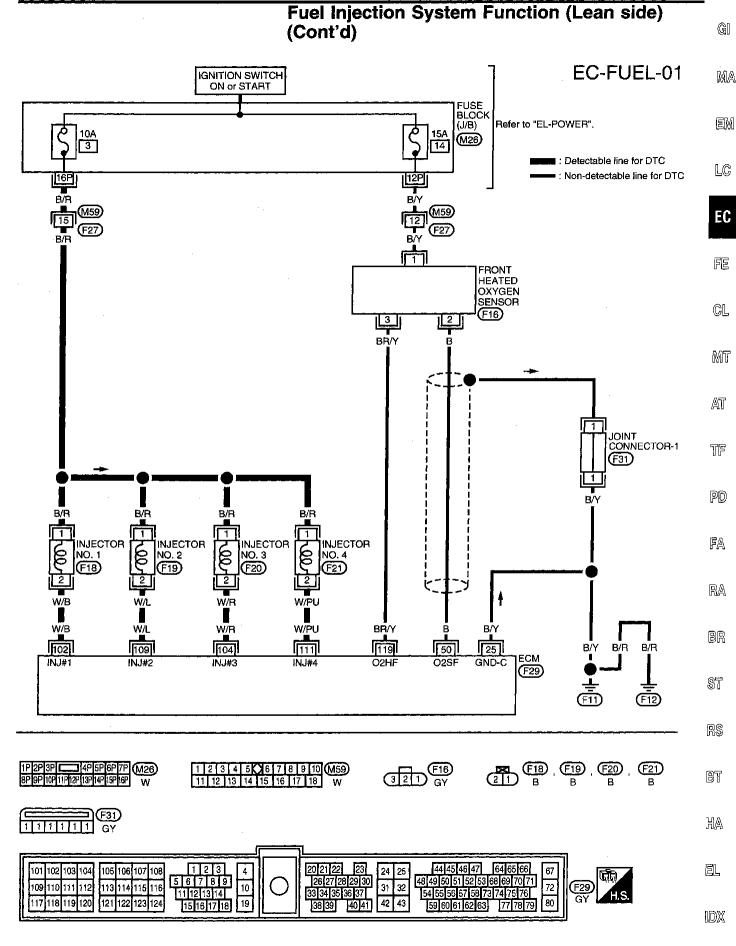
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
   Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-216. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

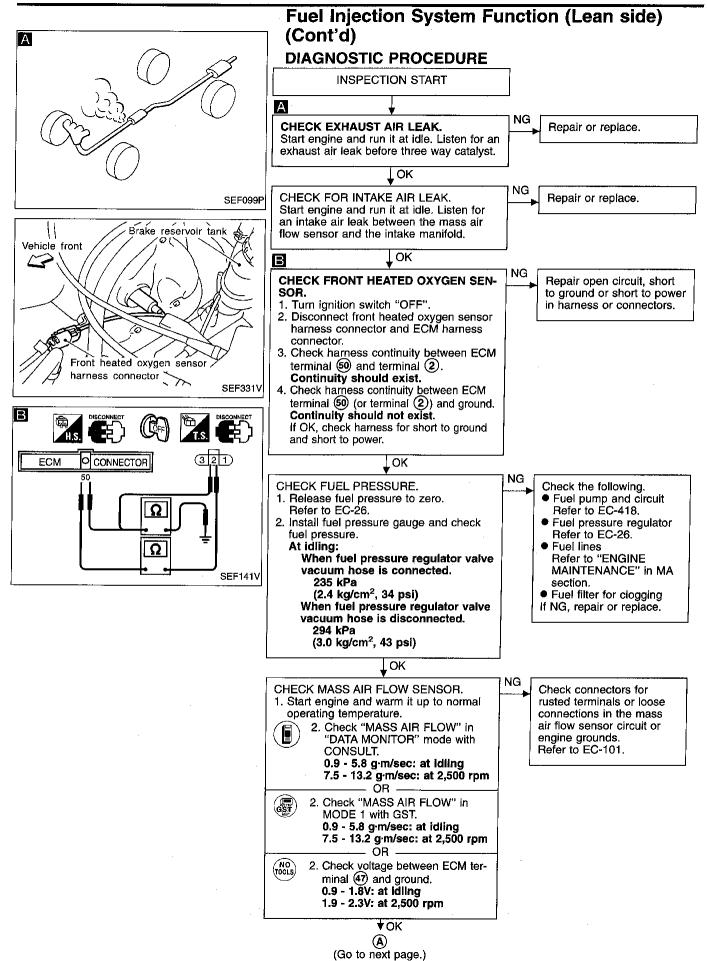


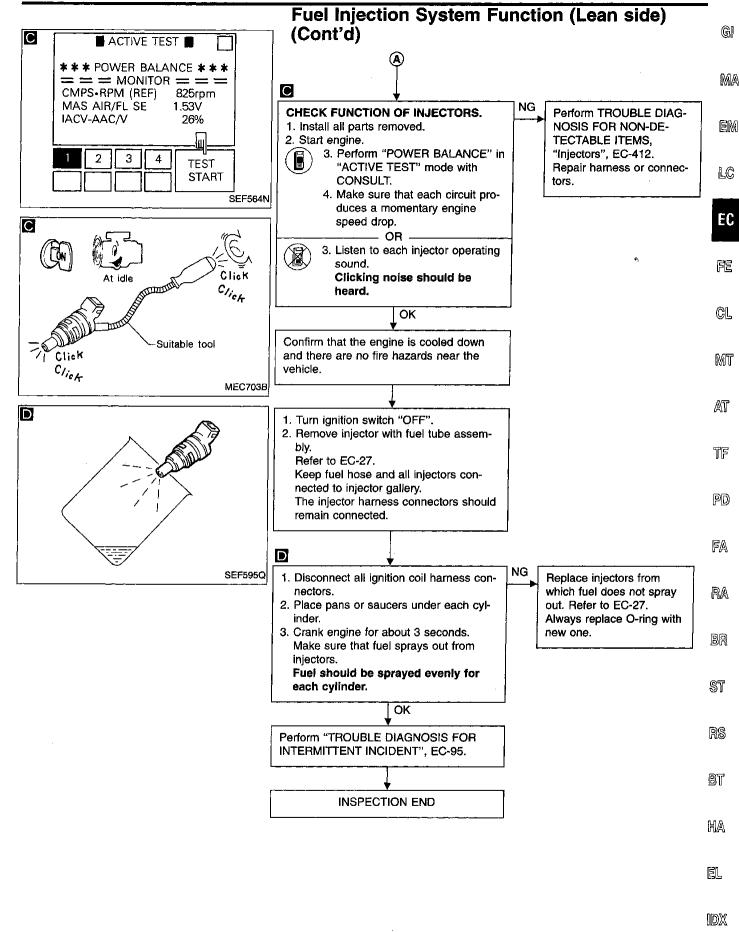
1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- 9) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
  - The 1st trip DTC 0115 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.
- 11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-216. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.





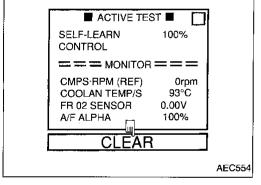


## Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought close to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and theoretical ratios. If the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (the actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as a fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Front heated oxyge	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas  (Mixture ratio feedback signal)  ECM	Injectors
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0172 * 0114	<ul> <li>Fuel injection system does not operate properly.</li> <li>The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>





# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

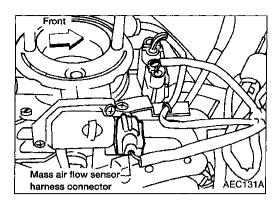
#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes. The 1st trip DTC P0172 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-221. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

- OR -



# Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.

 Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.

 Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.

6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.

 Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.

10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-221. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling,



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart engine and run it for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.

 Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.

5) Turn ignition switch "ON".

 Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.

7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.

8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.

 Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

The 1st trip DTC 0114 should be detected at this stage.

The 1st trip DTC 0114 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.

11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-221. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc. Gi

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE CL

MT

AT

PD

FA

RA

BR

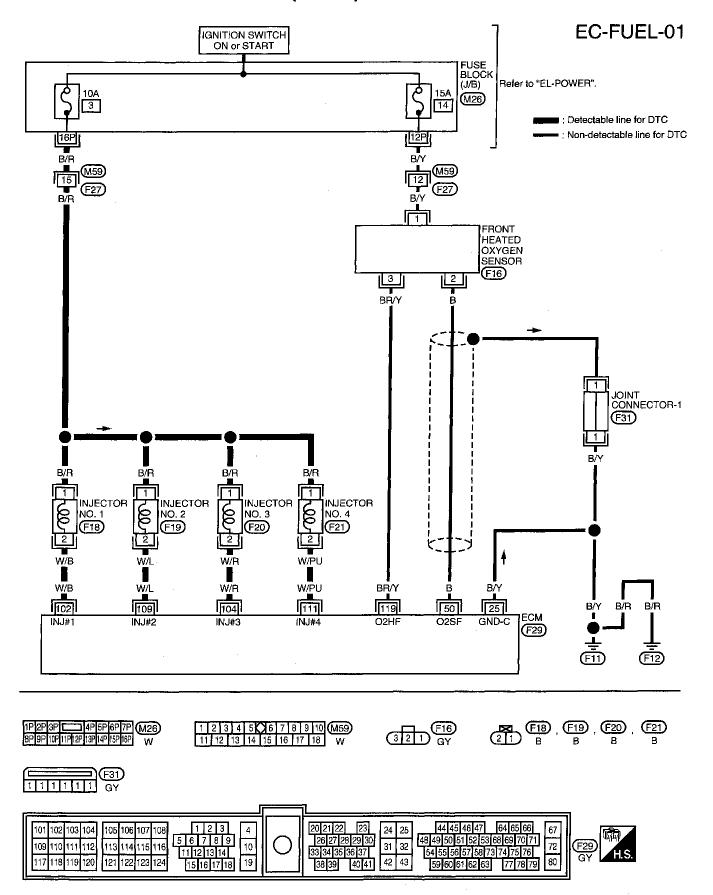
ST RS

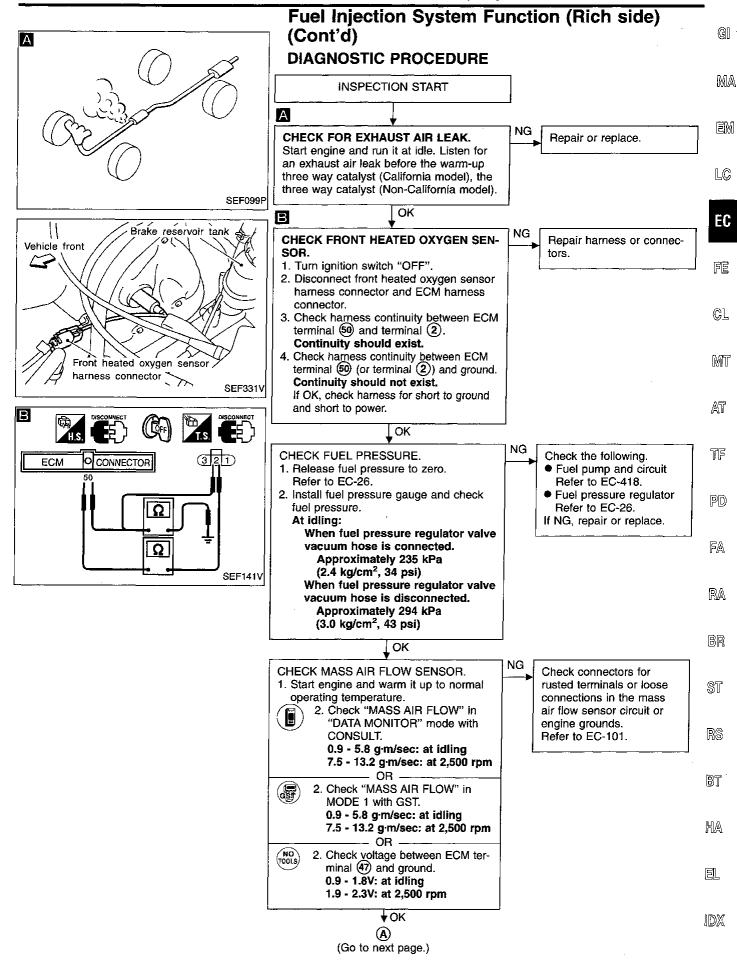
TS

HA

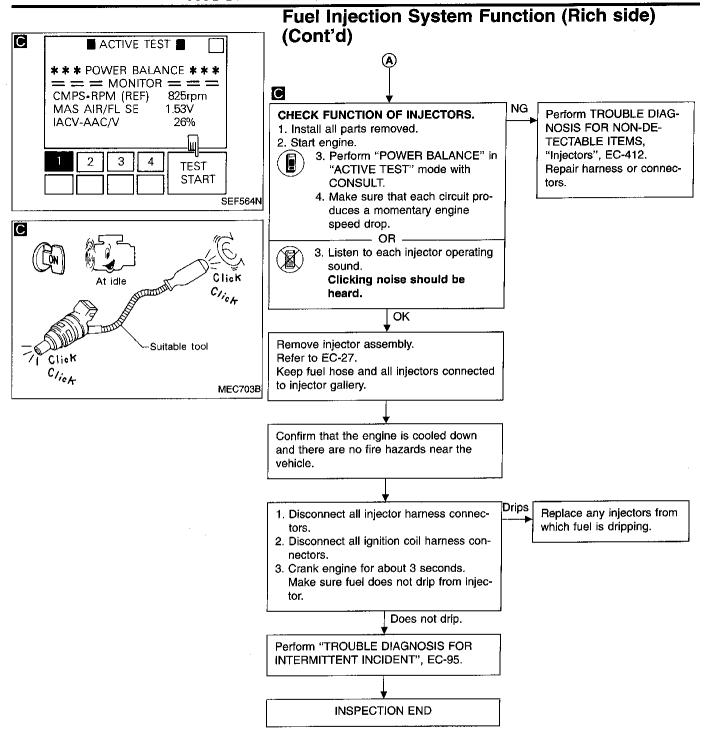
EL

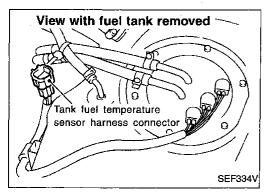
# Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)





**EC-221** 379





# 

# Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The tank fuel temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

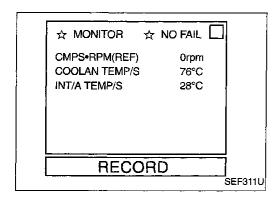
#### <Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance k $\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (a) (Tank fuel temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (a) (ECM ground).

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Causes)	
P0180	An excessively high or low voltage is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors	
0402	<ul> <li>Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant tempera- ture sensor and intake air temperature sensor.</li> </ul>	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)  ■ Tank fuel temperature sensor	[



# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
   If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-226.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

NOTE: If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already less than 60°C (140°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.

If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following step.

- 4) Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-226.

G

MA

LC

EM

\_\_\_

EC

rere

CL.

MT

AT

TF PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

MA

EL

381

EC-223

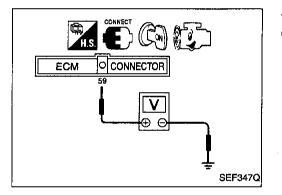
## Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
   If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-226.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST and check for the engine coolant temperature.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

- 4) Cool engine down until the engine coolant temperature is less than 60°C (140°F). If the temperature is already less than 60°C (140°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-226.





1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.

- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
   If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-226.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

- 4) Cool engine down until the voltage between ECM terminal (a) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground becomes more than 1.0V.

  If the voltage is already more than 1.0V before step 4), the result will be OK.
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-226.

# Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

# EC-TFTS-01

**G**[]

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

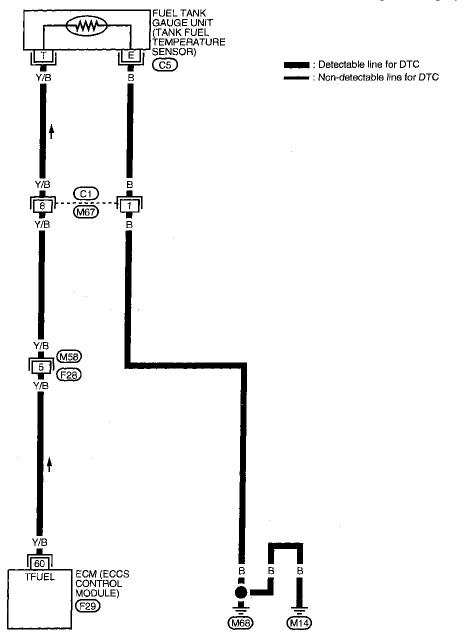
ST

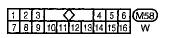
RS

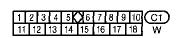
BT

HA

EL





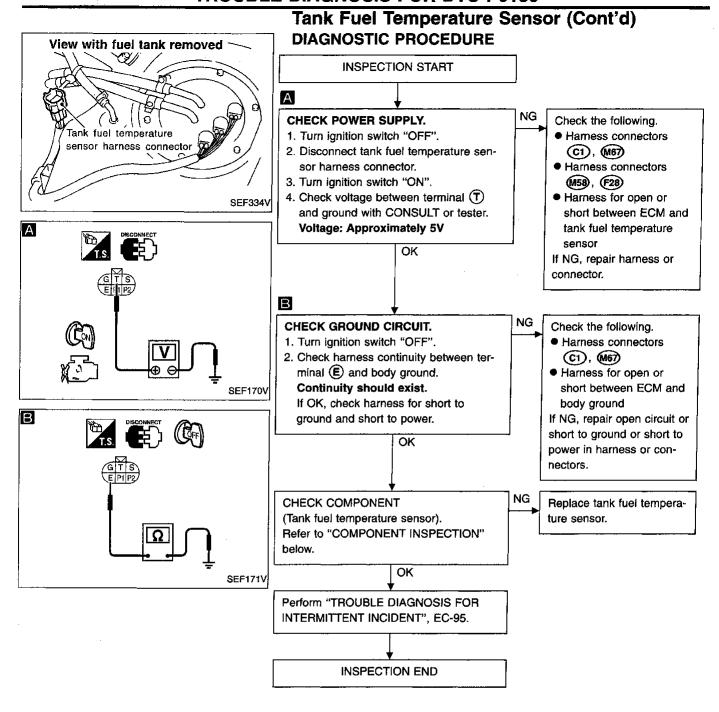


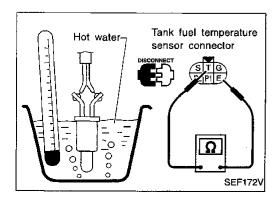


	4,		
101   102   103   104   105   106   107   108     1   2   3   4   4   109   110   111   112   113   114   115   116   1112   1314   1   117   118   119   120   121   122   123   124   15   16  17   18   19	0	20 21 22   23  24   25	F29 GY H.



AEC530A





#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water as shown in the figure or a heat gun.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k $\Omega$
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

## No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder **Misfire**

#### G[

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

MA

If a misfire occurs, the engine speed will fluctuate. If the fluctuation is detected by the crankshaft position sensor (OBD), the misfire is diagnosed.

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

Engine speed

**ECM** 

LC

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

the misfire for every 1,000 revolutions of the engine.

When a misfire is detected which will overheat and damage the three way catalyst, the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) will start blinking; even during the first trip. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire every 200 revolutions.

If the misfire frequency decreases to a level that will not damage the three way catalyst, the MIL will change from blinking to lighting up.

FE

(After the first trip detection, the MIL will light up from engine starting. If a misfire is detected that will cause three way catalyst damage, the MIL will start blinking.)

CL

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration) When a misfire that will not damage the three way catalyst (but will affect exhaust emission) occurs, the malfunction indicator lamp will light up based on two trip detection logic. In this condition, ECM monitors

MT

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	- AT
P0300 (0701)	Multiple cylinders misfire.	Improper spark plug     Insufficient compression	 57E
P0301 (0608)	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	Incorrect fuel pressure     EGR valve     The injector circuit is open or shorted	TF
P0302 (0607)	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	Injectors     Intake air leak	PD
P0303 (0606)	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	The ignition secondary circuit is open or shorted  Lack of fuel  Drive plate/Flywheel	FA
P0304 (0605)	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	Front heated oxygen sensor     Incorrect distributor rotor	RA

RA

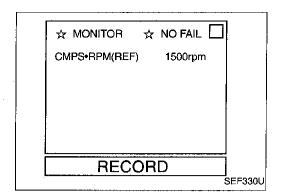
ST

RS

BT

MA

EL



# No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE (Overall)

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

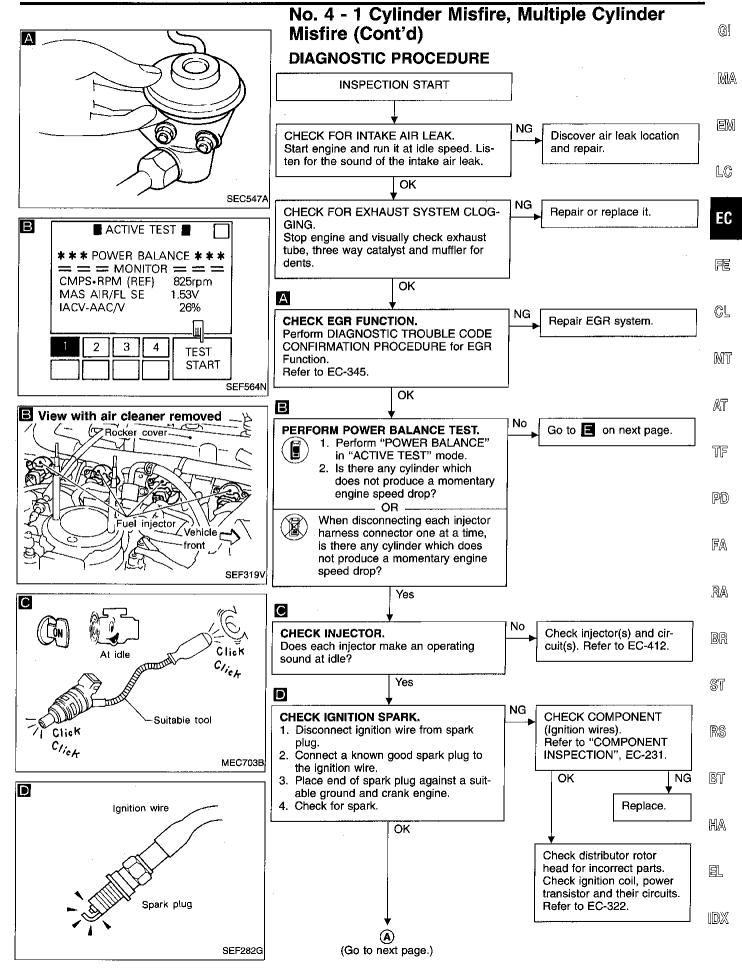
Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.

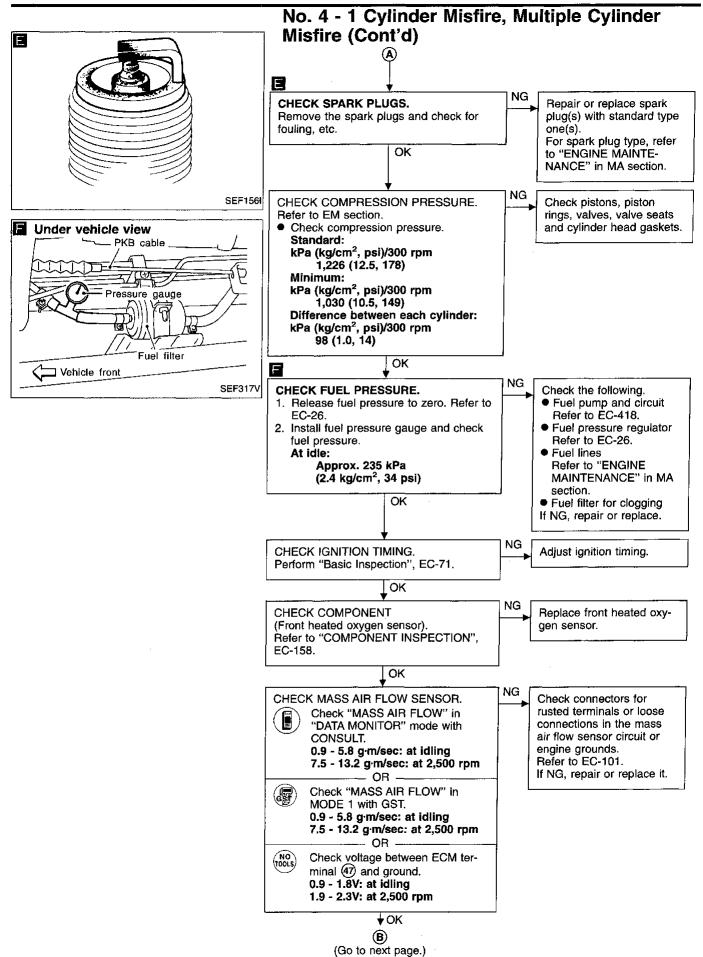
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.

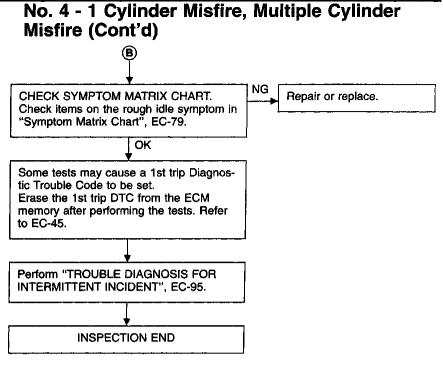


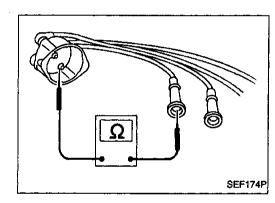


- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.
  - Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.









#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

#### **Ignition wires**

- 1. Inspect wires for cracks, damage, burned terminals and for improper fit.
- Measure the resistance of wires to their distributor cap terminal. Move each wire while testing to check for intermittent breaks.

#### Resistance:

13.6 - 18.4 k $\Omega$ /m (4.15 - 5.61 k $\Omega$ /ft) at 25°C (77°F) If the resistance exceeds the above specification, inspect ignition wire to distributor cap connection. Clean connection or replace the ignition wire with a new one.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA BR

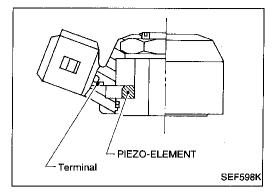
ST

RS

BT

HA

EL



# Knock Sensor (KS) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

\* Freeze frame data will not be stored in the ECM for the knock sensor. The MIL will not light for knock sensor malfunction. The knock sensor has one trip detection logic.

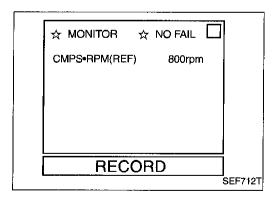
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
64	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 2.4V

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0325 0304	sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The knock sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Knock sensor</li> </ul>



# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235.



- OR
   Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235.

# Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

TOOLS

- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

- OR -

- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235.

G

EM

LC

EC

...

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

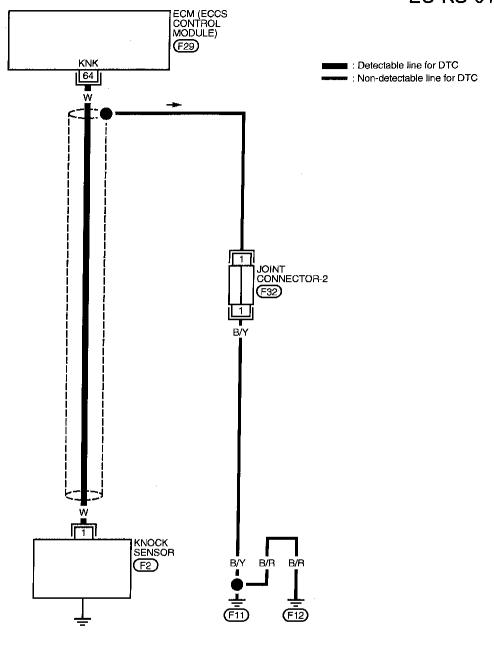
BŢ

HA

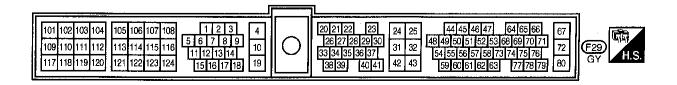
IDX

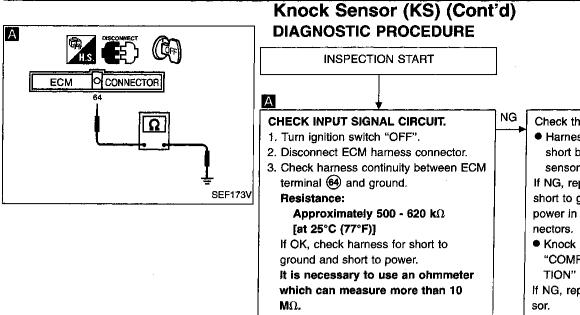
# Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

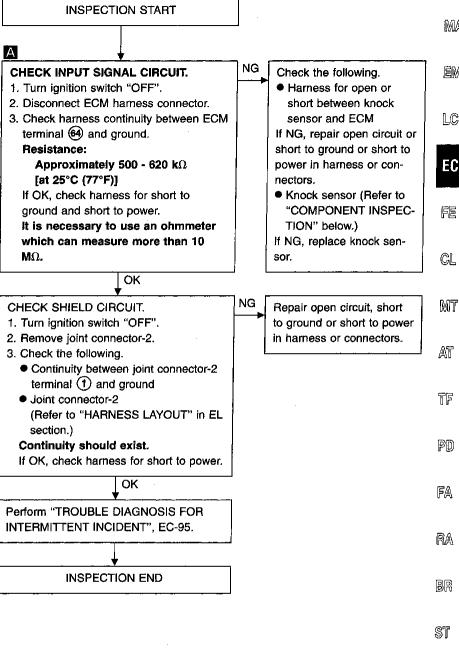
**EC-KS-01** 











G

MA

EM

LC

EC

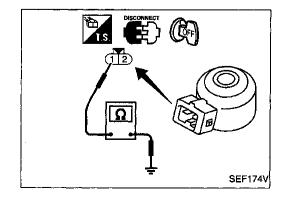
RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX



#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

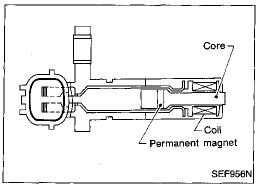
#### Knock sensor

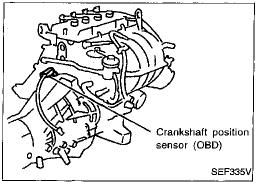
- Use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M $\Omega$ .
- 1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminal 1 and ground. Resistance: 500 - 620 k $\Omega$  [at 25°C (77°F)]

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.

> 393 EC-235





## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transaxle housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

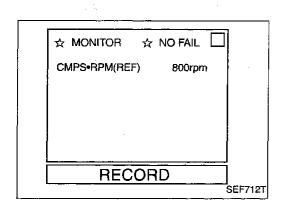
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 39 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (AC Voltage)		
	Crankshaft nosition			Crankshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	Approximately 0V  (V) 10 5 0 0.2 ms  SEF112V
47	L	(OBD)	Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V  (V) 10 5 0 0.2 ms  SEF113V		

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0335 0802	The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running at the specified engine speed.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) circuit is open.)     </li> <li>Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)</li> <li>Dead battery</li> </ul>



# Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-239.

— OR ·

– OR -



- Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-239.



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-239.

GI

MA

EM

10

EC

re

CL

MT

AT

TF

നദ

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

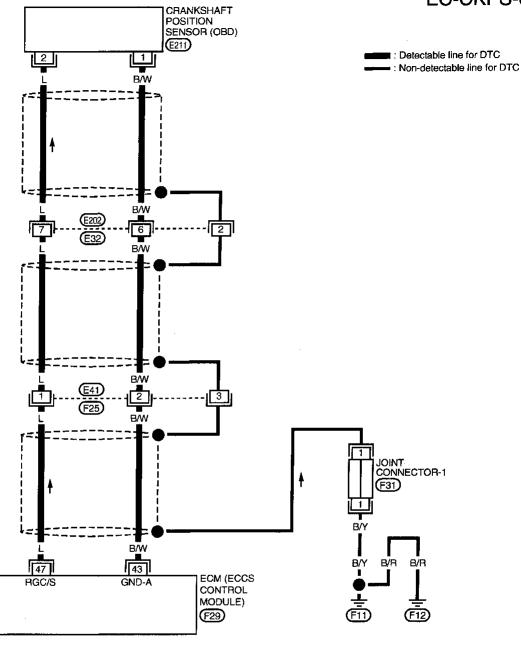
BT

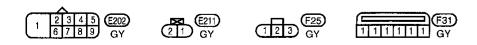
HA

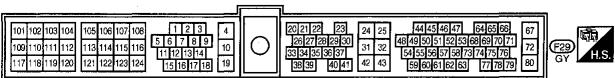
EL

# Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

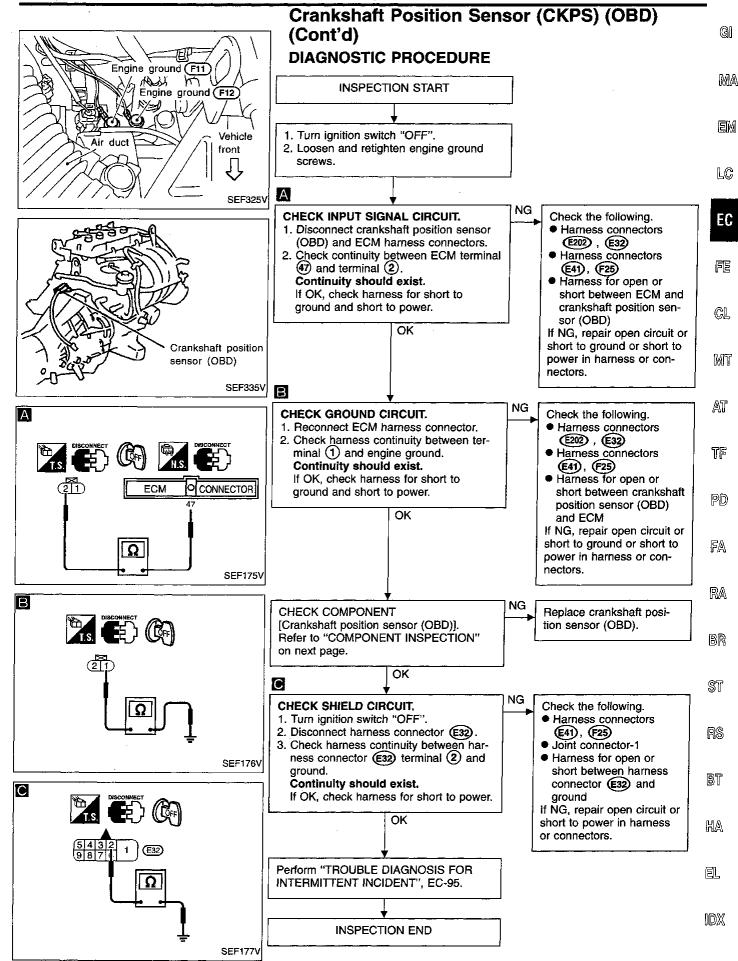


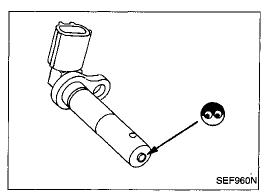


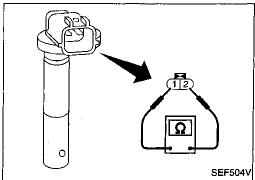












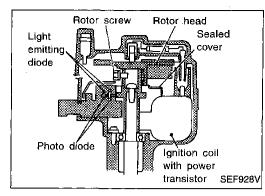
# Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

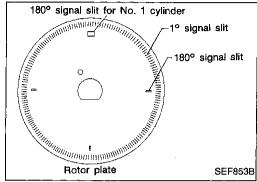
#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

## Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.
- Check resistance as shown in the figure.
   Resistance: Approximately 166.5 203.5Ω
   [at 20°C (68°F)]

If NG, replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).





# Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The camshaft position sensor is a basic component of the engine control system. It monitors engine speed and piston position. These input signals to the ECM are used to control fuel injection, ignition timing and other functions.

The camshaft position sensor has a rotor plate and a wave-forming circuit. The rotor plate has 360 slits for a 1° (POS) signal and 4 slits for a 180° (REF) signal. The wave-forming circuit consists of Light Emitting Diodes (LED) and photo diodes.

The rotor plate is positioned between the LED and the photo diode. The LED transmits light to the photo diode. As the rotor plate turns, the slits cut the light to generate rough-shaped pulses. These pulses are converted into on-off signals by the wave-forming circuit and sent to the ECM.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap and rotor head.

#### NOTE:

The rotor screw which secures the distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be tightened properly.

**№**: 3.3 - 3.9 N·m (0.34 - 0.40 kg-m, 29.5 - 34.7 in-lb)

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	LG/R	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.  Ignition switch "OFF"  For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
		Ignition switch "OFF"  More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
44	PU	Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  — Idle speed	0.2 - 0.5V (V) 10 5 0 10 ms
48	PU	(Reference signal)	Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - 0.5V  (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF200T

399

G[

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

ΜT

AT

			Camshaft Position Sensor	(CMPS) (Cont'd)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
40		Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V  (V) 10 5 0.2ms  SEF195T
49	LG	(Position signal)	Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.5 - 2.6V  (V) 10 5 0.2ms  SEF196T
67	B/P			BATTERY VOLTAGE
70	D/D	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Current return

72

117

B/P

B/P

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0340 0101	A) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking.	Harness or connectors     (The camshaft position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
	B) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM often enough while the engine speed is higher than the specified engine speed.	<ul> <li>Camshaft position sensor</li> <li>Starter motor (Refer to EL section.)</li> <li>Starting system circuit (Refer to EL section.)</li> <li>Dead (Weak) battery</li> </ul>
	C) The relation between 1° and 180° signal is not in the normal range during the specified engine speed.	

Engine is running.

Idle speed

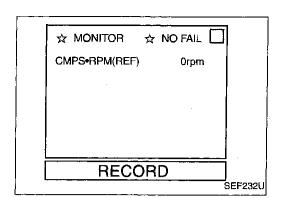
# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B and C".

(11 - 14V)

(11 - 14V)

BATTERY VOLTAGE



## Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 10.5V.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245. - OR

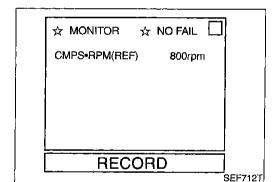


- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.





- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.



#### Procedure for malfunction B and C

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 10.5V.



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

OR

- OR

- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.





- Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.

401

GI

MA

厚MI

LC

EC

FE

MIT

AT

TF

PD

RA

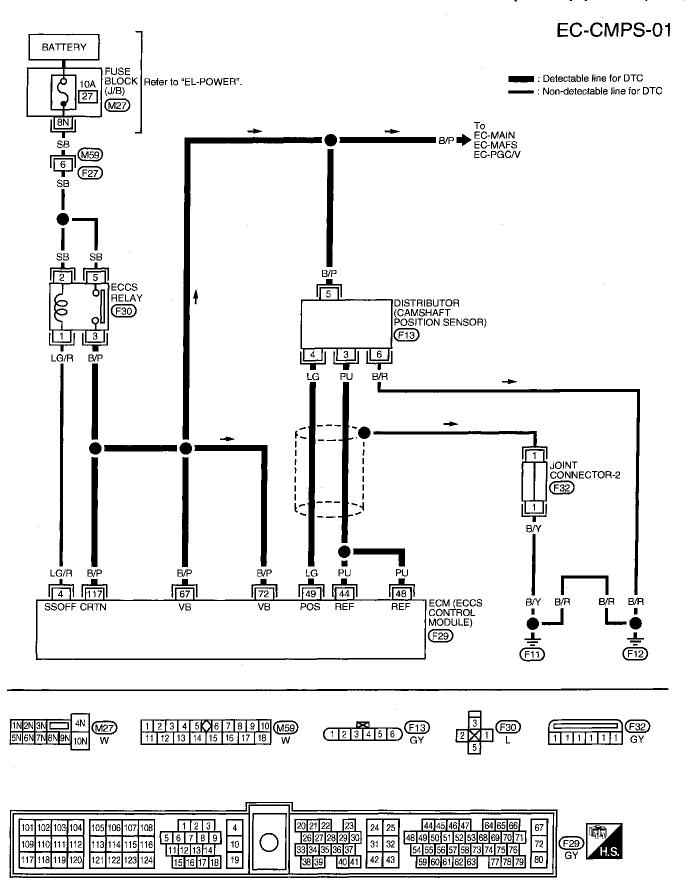
BR

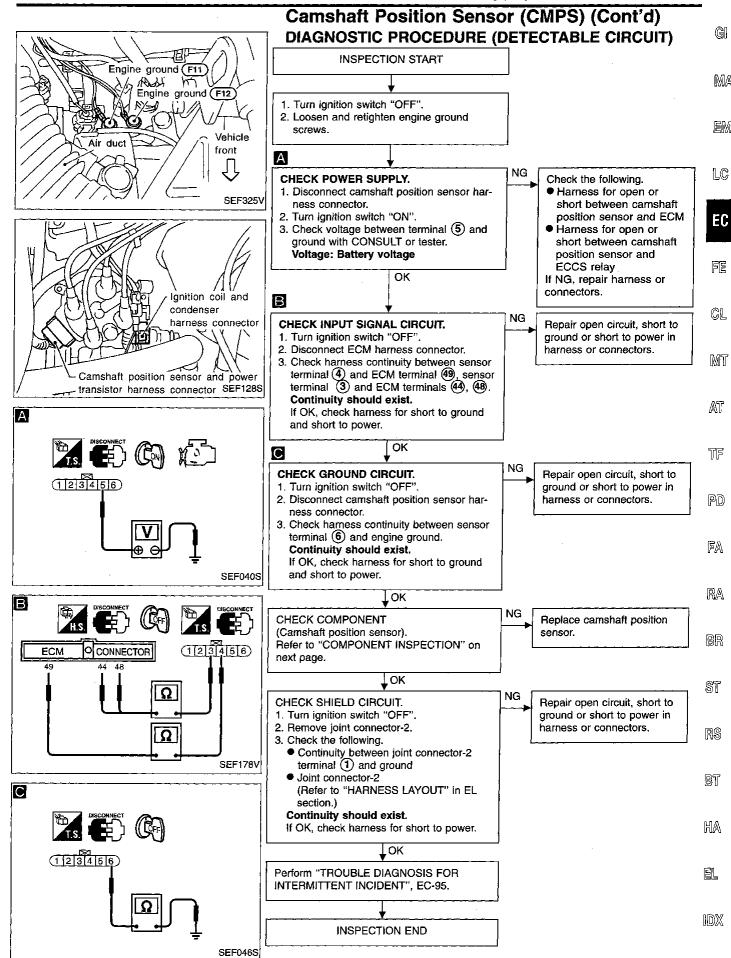
RS

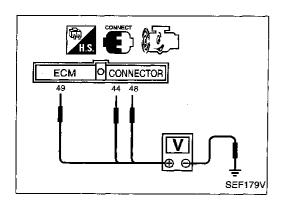
BT

HA

## Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)







# Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Camshaft position sensor

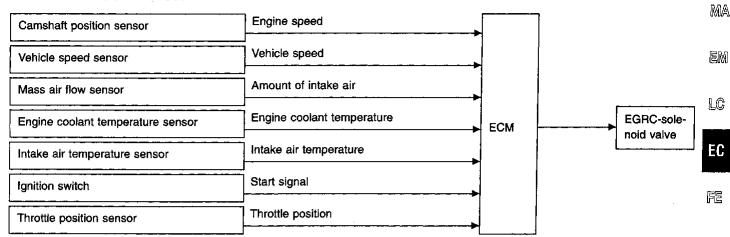
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 49 and ground, ECM terminal 44 or 48 and ground.

Condition	Terminal	Voltage
	and ground	Approximately 2.6V  (V) 10 5 0.2ms  SEF195T
Engine running at idle	44) or 48) and ground	0.2 - 0.5V  (V) 10 5 0 10 ms  SEF114V
Engine speed is 2,000	(49) and ground	Approximately 2.5 - 2.6V  (V) 10 5 0.2ms  SEF196T
rpm	44 or 48 and ground	0 - 0.5V

If NG, replace distributor assembly with camshaft position sensor.

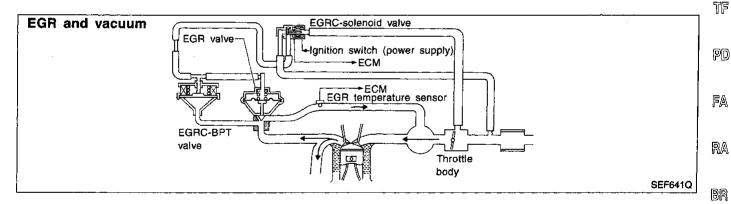
## **EGR Function (Close)**

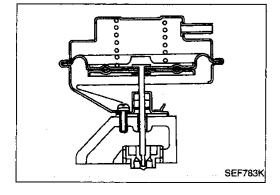
#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current flows through the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- Low intake air temperature





#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

#### Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

ST

RS

BT

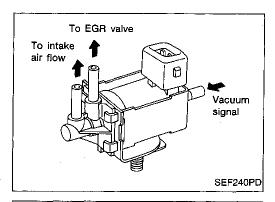
MA

GI

CL.

MT

AT

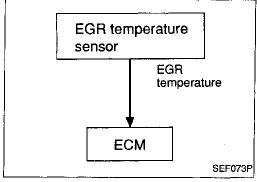


# EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

#### **EGRC-solenoid valve**

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve.

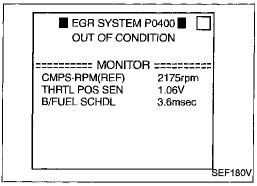
When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve.

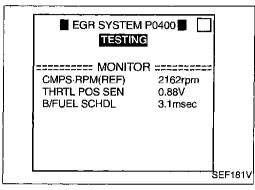


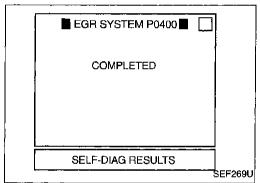
#### **ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC**

If the absence of EGR flow is detected by EGR temperature sensor under the condition that calls for EGR, a low-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0400	<ul> <li>No EGR flow is detected under condition that calls</li> </ul>	EGR valve stuck closed
0302	for EGR.	● EGRC-BPT valve
		● Vacuum hose
;		EGRC-solenoid valve
		● EGR passage
		● EGR temperature sensor
		Exhaust gas leaks







## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- P0400 will not be displayed at "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT even though DTC work support test result is "NG".

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

For best results, perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



 Turn ignition switch "ON"
 Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode witch CONSULT.

Confirm COOLAN TEMP/S value is within the range listed below.

#### COOLAN TEMP/S: Less than 40°C (104°F)

If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the coolant temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

 Start engine and let it idle monitoring the value of "COOLAN TEMP/S". When the engine coolant temperature reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next step.

4) Select "EGR SYSTEM P0400" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

5) Touch "START".

6) Accelerate vehicle to a speed of 40 km/h (25 MPH) once and then stop vehicle with engine running.

If "COMPLETED" with "OK" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 9).

If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.

screen, go to the following step.

Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at

closed throttle position) and note it.

8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 40 seconds or

more.)
CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 2,600 rpm
Vehicle speed: Suitable speed
B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 3.5 msec

THRTL POS SEN: (X + 0.23) - (X + 0.73) V

X = Voltage value measured at step 7)

Selector lever: Suitable position "TESTING" is not displayed after

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-252.

IDX

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

Æ

CL

MT

TF

PD

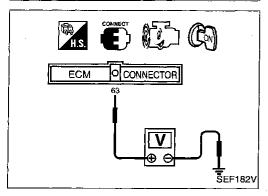
ST

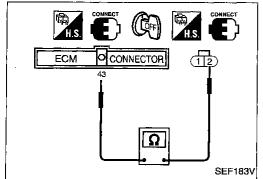
RS

BT

HA

# View with air cleaner removed Intake manifold EGRC-solenoid valve Vehicle front SEF336V





## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

## **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall EGR function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check the EGR valve lifting when revving engine from 2,000 rpm to 4,000 rpm quickly under no load using the following methods.
- Disconnect EGRC-solenoid valve harness connector. (The DTC for EGRC-solenoid valve will be displayed, however, ignore it.)

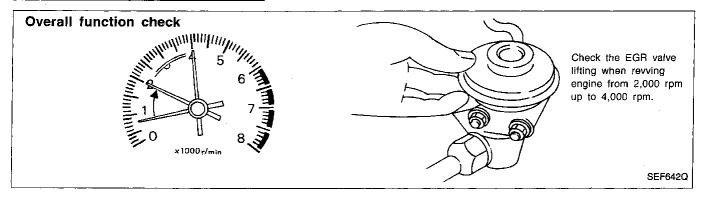
EGR valve should lift up, and go down without sticking.

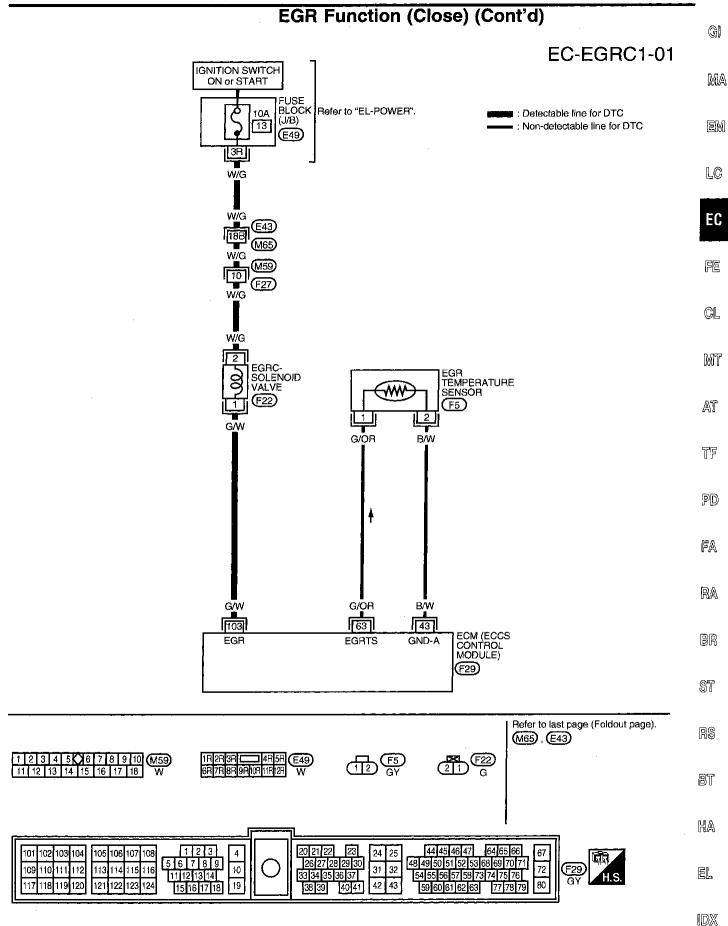
If NG, go to A in DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE on EC-252.

- Check voltage between ECM terminal (a) (EGR temperature sensor) and ground at idle speed.
   Less than 4.5V should exist.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 5) Check harness continuity between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ② and ECM terminal ③ (ECM ground).

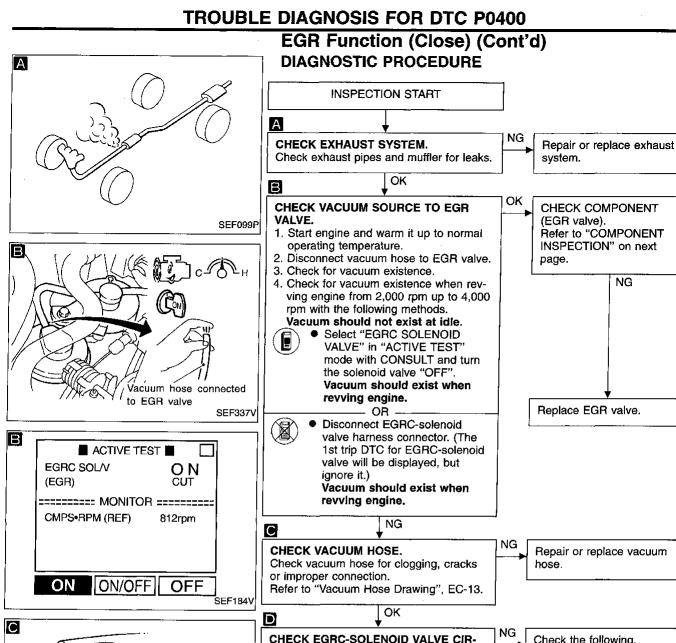
Continuity should exist.

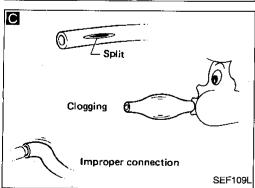
6) Perform "COMPONENT INSPECTION", "EGR temperature sensor". Refer to EC-254.

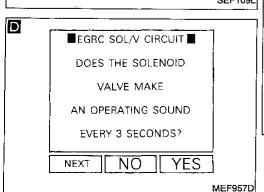




AEC533A







#### CHECK EGRC-SOLENOID VALVE CIR-CUIT.

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".

2. Perform "EGRC SOL/V CIR-**CUIT" in "FUNCTION TEST"** mode with CONSULT.

OR 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".

2. Turn EGRC-solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT and check operating sound. OR

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".

2. Check operating sound of the solenoid valve when disconnecting and reconnecting EGRCsolenoid valve harness connector. (The DTC or the 1st trip DTC for the EGRC-solenoid valve will be displayed, however, ignore it.)

> **ψ** ΟΚ (A) (Go to next page.)

Check the following.

Harness connectors E43, M65 Harness connectors

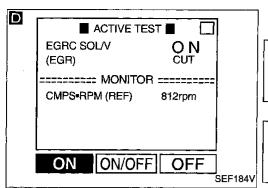
NG

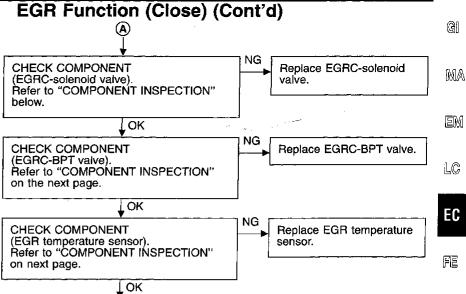
(M59), (F27)

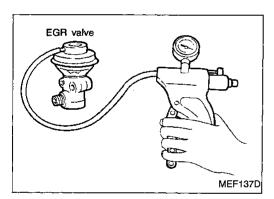
10A fuse

Harness for open or short between fuse block and EGRC-solenoid valve

 Harness for open or short between ECM and EGRC-solenoid valve If NG, repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.







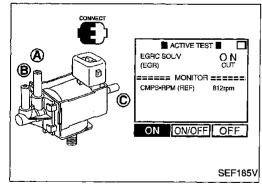
#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

INSPECTION END

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-95.

#### **EGR** valve

- Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump. EGR valve spring should lift.
- Check for sticking. If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



#### **EGRC-solenoid valve**

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF No Yes		
OR		

(I) FUS		Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
B C	BATTERY	12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
		No supply	No	Yes
	AEC919	If NG or operation takes r	more than 1 second,	replace EGRC-sole-

EGRC-solenoid valve.

CL

MT

AT

PD

FA

RA

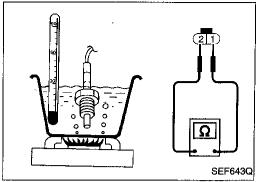
ST

RS

Bī

MA

IDX



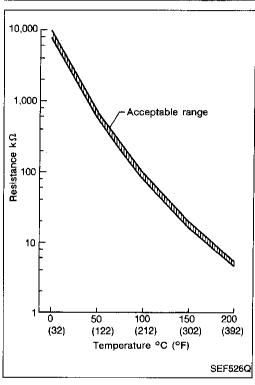
## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd) EGR temperature sensor

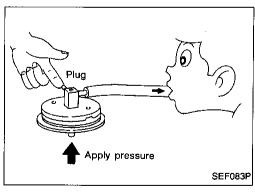
Check resistance change and resistance value.

#### <Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

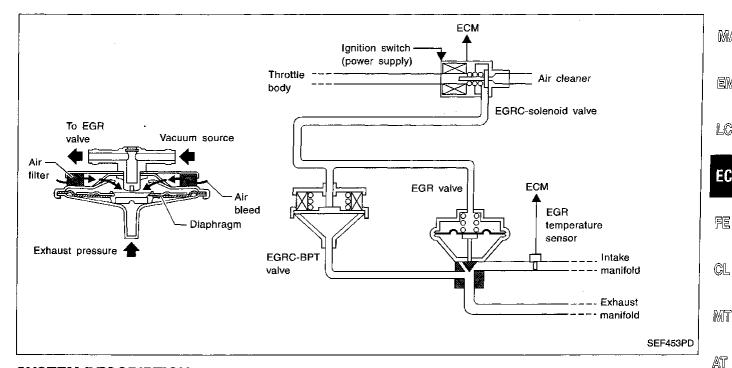




#### **EGRC-BPT** valve

- 1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH<sub>2</sub>O, 3.94 inH<sub>2</sub>O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
- 3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

#### **EGRC-BPT Valve Function**



#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-BPT valve monitors exhaust pressure to activate the diaphragm, controlling throttle body vacuum applied to the EGR valve. In other words, recirculated exhaust gas is controlled in response to positioning of the EGR valve or to engine operation.

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If too much EGR flow exists due to an EGRC-BPT valve malfunction, off idle engine roughness will increase. If the roughness is large, then the vacuum to the EGR valve is interrupted through the EGRC-solenoid valve. If the engine roughness is reduced at that time, the EGRC-BPT valve malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	F
P0402 03 <b>0</b> 6	The EGRC-BPT valve does not operate properly.	EGRC-BPT valve     EGR valve     Misconnected rubber tube	<u></u>
		Blocked rubber tube     Camshaft position sensor     Blocked exhaust system	8
		Orifice     Mass air flow sensor     EGRC-solenoid valve	[Ď

413

g

MA

EM

LC

EC

赗

TF

PD

FA

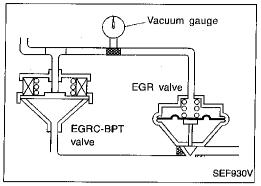
BT

HA

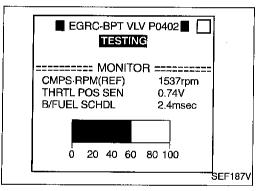
EL

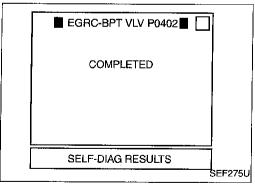
IDX

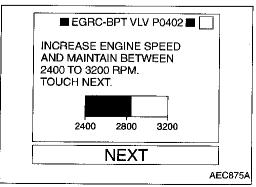
**EC-255** 



#### 







## EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- For best results, perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and EGR valve as shown in the figure at left.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGRC-BPT/V P0402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen and the bar chart may increase. Maintain the conditions until "COM-PLETED" appears.

Selector lever: Suitable position

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,400 - 1,600 rpm (A/T)

1,600 - 1,800 rpm (M/T)

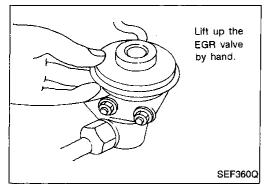
Vehicle speed: 30 - 54 km/h (19 - 34 MPH) (A/T)

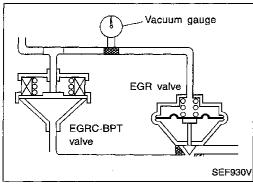
30 - 100 km/h (19 - 62 MPH) (M/T)

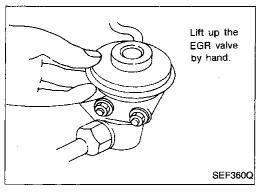
B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.3 - 2.5 msec THRTL POS SEN: 0.33 - 0.68V

- The bar chart on CONSULT screen indicates the status of this test. However, the test may be finished before the bar chart becomes full scale.
- If the bar chart indication does not continue to progress, completely release accelerator pedal once and try to meet the conditions again.
- If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT screen, retry from step 2).
- 8) If CONSULT instructs to carry out "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK", go to next step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-258.
- 9) Open engine hood.
- 10) Raise engine speed to 2,400 3,200 rpm under no-load and hold it. Then touch "NEXT" on the CONSULT screen.

# EGRC-BPT VLV P0402 MAINTAIN ENGINE SPEED 2400 TO 3200 RPM. VACUUM SHOULD BE BETWEEN -5.91 in.Hg AND 0 in.Hg WITH VACUUM GAUGE. IS VACUUM OK? NG OK -23.62 -5.91 0 NO YES SEF963V







#### EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)

11) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed at 2,400 - 3,200 rpm.

Vacuum should be 0 to -150 mmHg (0 to -5.91 inHg). If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-258. If OK, go to next step before touching "YES" on the CONSULT screen.

12) Check the EGR valve lifting when revving from 2,000 rpm to 4,000 rpm quickly under no load.

EGR valve should lift up, and go down without sticking when the engine is returned to idle.

If NG, check EGR valve.

If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT screen.

13) Check the rubber tube between EGR valve and EGRC-BPT valve for cracks, blockages or twists.
If NG, repair.

If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT screen.

**OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK** 

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGRC-BPT valve. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

EGR valve as shown in the figure at left.

2) Lift up vehicle.

3) Start engine and shift to 1st gear or 1 position.

4) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed at 2,400 - 3,200 rpm.

1) Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and

Vacuum should be 0 to -150 mmHg (0 to -5.91 inHg).

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-258.

If OK, go to next step.

5) Check the EGR valve lifting when revving engine from

2,000 rpm to 4,000 rpm quickly under no load.

EGR valve should lift up, and go down without sticking when the engine is returned to idle.

6) Check rubber tube between EGRC-solenoid valve and throttle body for misconnection, cracks or blockages.

ı @

EM

GI

MA

L(J

FE

EC

MT

CL.

at Tf

PD)

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

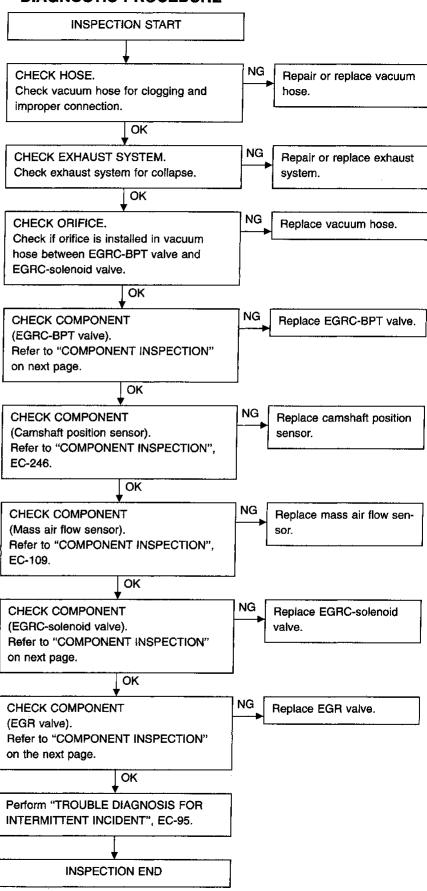
BT

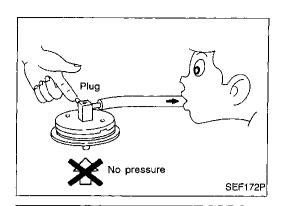
HA

EL

**EC-257** 415

## EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





## EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### **EGRC-BPT** valve

1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.

 Vacuum from the other port and check leakage without applying any pressure from under EGR-BPT valve. Leakage should exist.

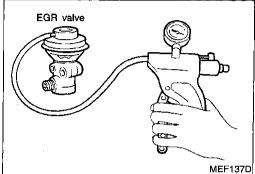
MA EM

G

LC

#### EC

FE



#### **EGR** valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.
 EGR valve spring should lift.

Check for sticking.

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.

#### CL

MT

AT

#### 200



PD

FA

RA

BR

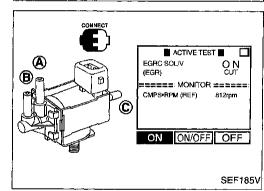
ST

RS

BT

HA

IDX



# BATTERY AEC919

#### EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

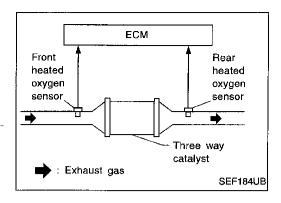
Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR

$\langle \overline{a} \rangle$
(1)ed[1

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.



## Three Way Catalyst Function ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors.

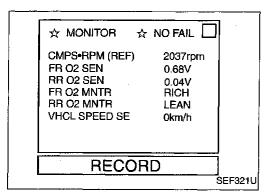
Three way catalyst\* with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of rear heated oxygen sensor. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency will increase.

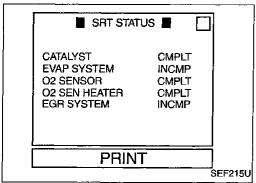
When the frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst\* malfunction is diagnosed.

\*: Warm-up three way catalyst (For California)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0420	■ Three way catalyst* does not operate properly.	● Three way catalyst*
0702	◆ Three way catalyst* does not have enough oxygen storage	● Exhaust tube
	capacity.	● Intake air leaks
		● Injectors
		• Injector leaks
		● Spark plug
		■ Improper ignition timing

<sup>\*:</sup> Warm-up three way catalyst (For California)





#### Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Set "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED", then select "FR O2 SENSOR", "RR O2 SENSOR", "FR O2 MNTR", "RR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constantly under no load.
- 5) Make sure that the switching frequency between "RICH" and "LEAN" of "RR O2 MNTR" is much less than that of "FR O2 MNTR" as shown below. Switching frequency ratio =

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

Front heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

#### This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, the warm-up three way catalyst (Models for California), the three way catalyst (Models except for California) is not operating properly. if the "FR O2 MNTR" does not indicate "RICH" and "LEAN" periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 4), perform "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSES FOR DTC P0133" first. (See EC-165.) If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE",

If the result is OK, go to following step.

- 6) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 84 to 96 km/h (52 to 60 MPH) with the following for at least 10 consecutive minutes.

(Drive the vehicle in an area where vehicle speed and accelerator pressure can be held steady and constant.) M/T: 5th position

A/T: D position ("OD" ON)

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-263.

- 8) Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT..
- Verify that "CATALYST" is "CMPLT". If not "CMPLT", repeat the test from step 5).

(GII

MA

LC

EC

CL

Mit

AT

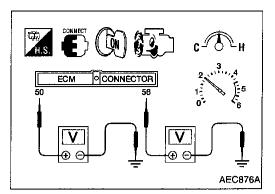
RA

BR

BT

HA

IDX



#### Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)

OR

#### **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst.

During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminal (5) (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and ECM ground, and ECM terminal (6) (rear heated oxygen sensor signal) and ECM ground.
- 4) Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- 5) Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminal (6) and ECM ground is much less than that of ECM terminal (5) and ECM ground.

Switching frequency ratio =

Rear heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

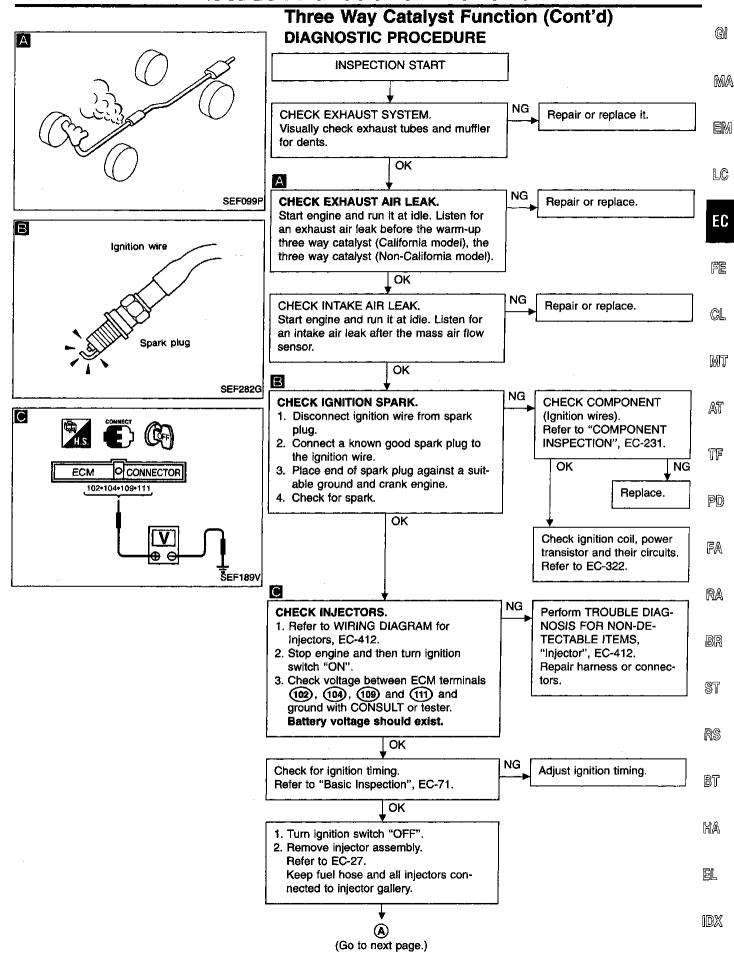
Front heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

#### This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, it means three way catalyst does not operate properly.

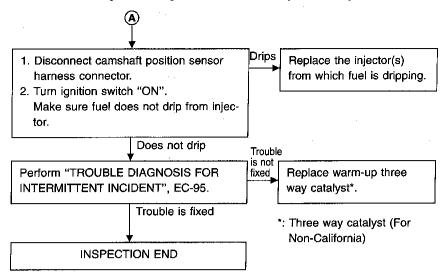
Note: If the voltage at terminal (6) does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 4, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133 first. (See EC-147.)

6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" on next



**EC-263** 

#### Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)



#### **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System** (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure)

Note: If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-381.)

## 

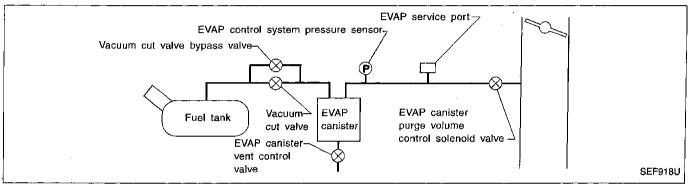
#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

LC

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. The EVAP canister vent control valve will then be closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	_ [
P0440 0705	EVAP control system has a leak.     EVAP control system does not operate properly.	<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve</li> <li>Incorrect fuel filler cap used</li> <li>Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.</li> <li>Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.</li> <li>Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP</li> </ul>	- L
		<ul> <li>canister purge volume control solenoid valve.</li> <li>Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> <li>EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks</li> </ul>	Ģ
		EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks     EVAP purge line rubber tube bent.     Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor	[
		Loose or disconnected rubber tube     EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit     EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit	9
		<ul> <li>Absolute pressure sensor</li> <li>Tank fuel temperature sensor</li> <li>MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and the circuit</li> <li>Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch</li> </ul>	F
		<ul> <li>solenoid valve</li> <li>O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged.</li> <li>Water separator</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>EVAP canister is saturated with water.</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>	<u>(</u> -

#### **CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

**EC-265** 

MM

G

EC

FE

CL.

MT

EL

IDX

423

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE

- If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-381.)
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 70°C (32 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 60°C (32 140°F)
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

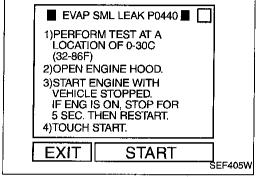
Follow the instruction displayed.

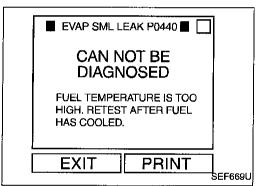
#### NOTE:

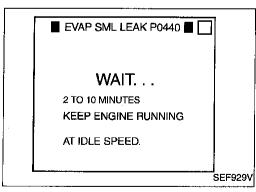
- If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest. (Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)
- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT screen, go to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-268.

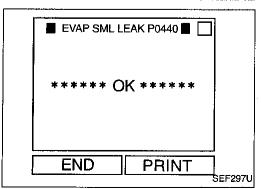
#### NOTE:

 Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.









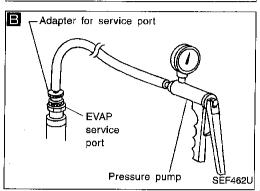
#### **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System** GI (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) – OR – NOTE: MA Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-39 before driving vehicle. Start engine. EM Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-39. 2) Stop vehicle. 4) Select "MODE 1" with GST. LC If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the follow-If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK. EC 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds. Start engine. It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving. 7) Drive vehicle again according to "Driving pattern". EC-39. 8) Stop vehicle. CL. 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST. If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-375. MIT If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAGNOS-TIC PROCEDURE", EC-268. If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAGNOS-AT TIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-355. If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step. 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST. If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK. PD If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6). --- OR -NOTE: FA Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-39 before driving vehicle. It is better that the fuel level is low. RA Start engine. 1) 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-39. Stop vehicle. BR Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds. 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page. RS BT

**EC-267** 425

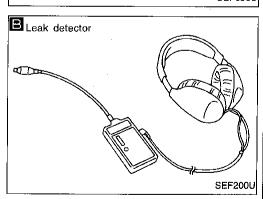
HA

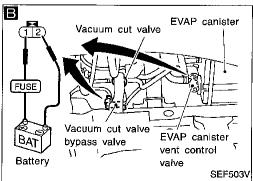
IDX

# Α NISSAN SEF434Q



В ■ EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP! DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START. CANCEL START SEF658U





#### **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System** (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

**INSPECTION START** 

Α

#### CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.

Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

2. Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap. If the air releasing sound is heard, go to

If the air releasing sound is not heard, check the following.

Was the cap tightened properly? If Yes, check fuel filler cap vacuum relief valve. Refer to "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM", EC-20.

If No, open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and filler neck thread using air blower. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

If genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap is not used, replace with genuine NIS-SAN fuel filler cap.

В

OK

#### CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.

Never use compressed air or high pressure pump

Improper installation of service port may cause leaking.

Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm²,

0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

1. Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.

2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
Select "EVAP SYSTEM
CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
3. Touch "START" and apply
vacuum into the EVAP line until

the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph.

Using EVAP leak detector, locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23. OR

Turn ignition switch "OFF"

Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)

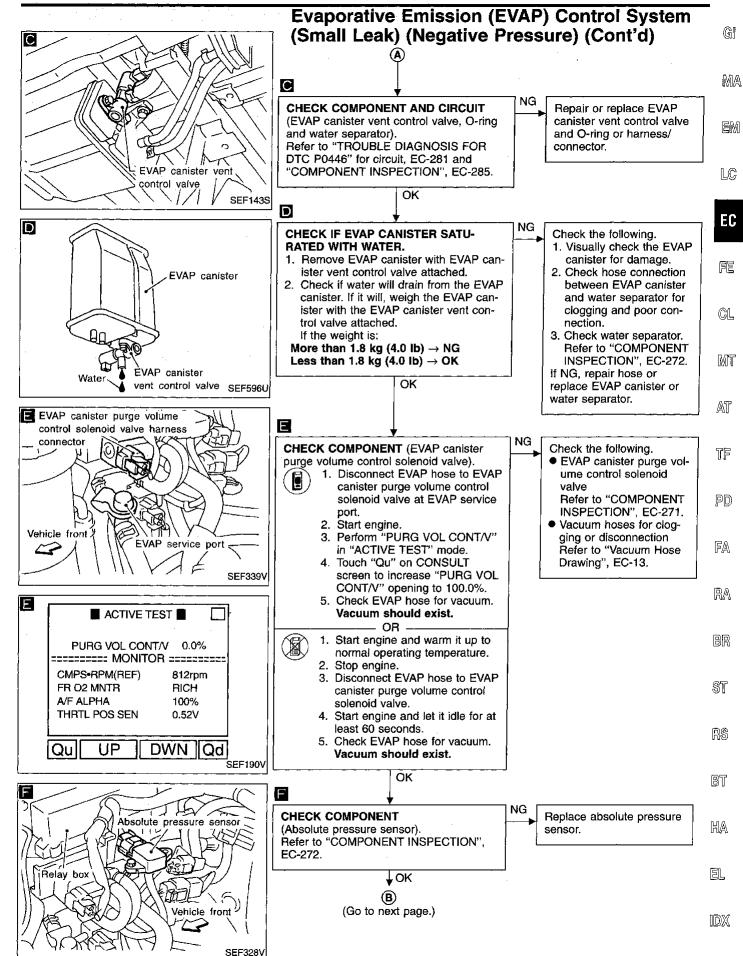
4. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)

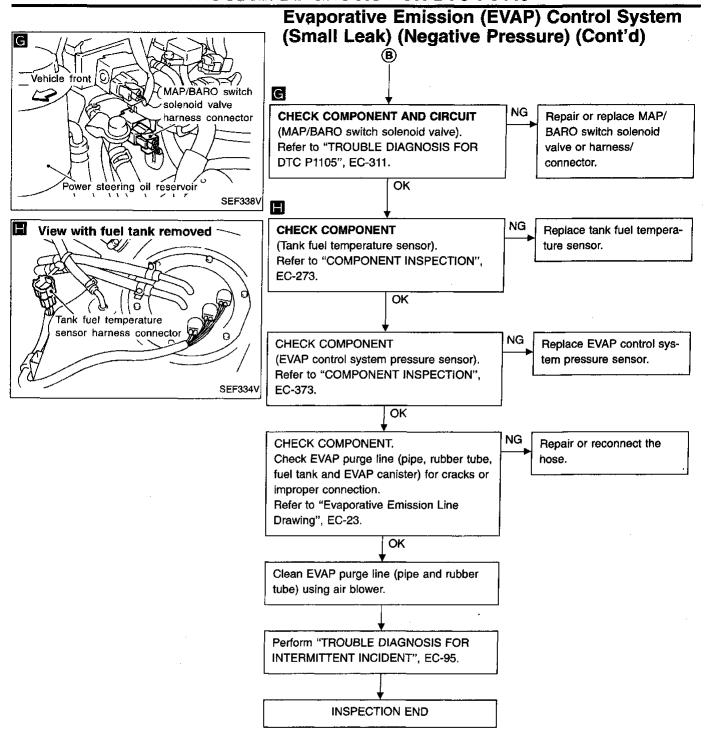
5. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg).

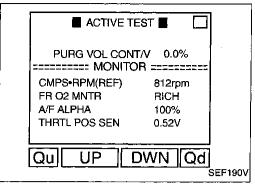
Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.

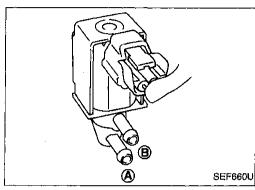
> **∀**ОК **(A)** (Go to next page.)

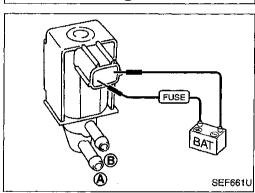
Repair or replace.

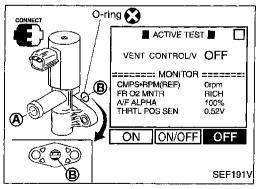


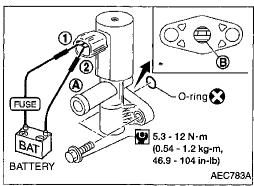












# Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

- Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.
   If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
- 3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

#### **EVAP** canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes
	DD

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

429

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MIT

AT

TF

FA

RA

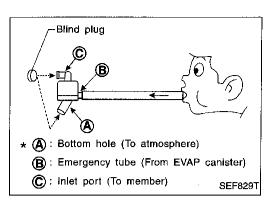
图图

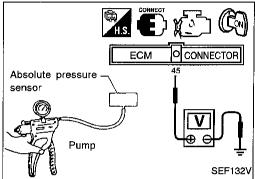
ST

RS

BT

HA





## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

#### Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

#### Absolute pressure sensor

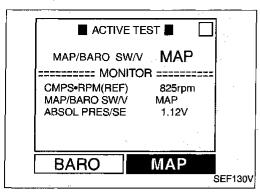
- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal (45) and engine ground.

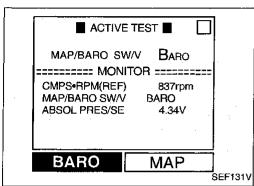
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8V.

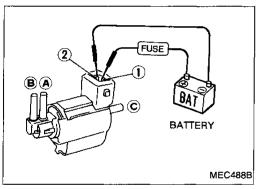
- Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.
  - The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4V lower than the value measured in step 3.

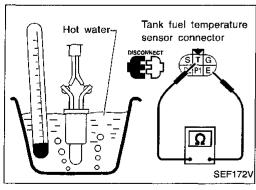
#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.









## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

#### MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
  - Condition: At idle under no-load
  - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
BARO	More than 2.6V	
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO	
Time for voltage to change		
MAP/BARO SW/V Required time to switch		

	3
MAP/BARO SW/V	Required time to switch
BARO to MAP	Less than 1 second
MAP to BARO	Less than I second

4. If NG, check solenoid valve as shown below.

- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

#### Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

GI

MA

EM

LC

.

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

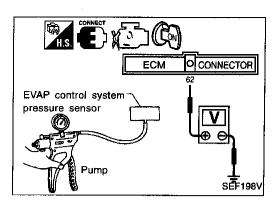
ST

RS

BT

HA

IDX



# Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### **EVAP** control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

#### **CAUTION:**

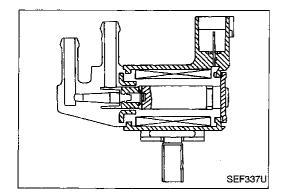
- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

#### **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Circuit)**

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION Engine speed Camshaft position sensor Amount of intake air Mass air flow sensor Engine coolant temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor Start signal Ignition switch **EVAP** canister purge volume **ECM** Throttle position Throttle position sensor control solenoid CL. valve Closed throttle position Throttle position switch Density of oxygen in exhaust gas Front heated oxygen sensor (Mixture ratio feedback signal) Fuel temperature in fuel tank Tank fuel temperature sensor

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

Vehicle speed



Vehicle speed sensor

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.

G

MA

LC

EC

FE

MIT

AT

TF

PD)

FA

BR

RA

ST

RS

MA

EL.

# Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	● Engine: After warming up	Idle	0 %
PURG VOL C/V	Air conditioner switch "OFF"     No-load	2,000 rpm (More than 200 seconds after starting engine)	_

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

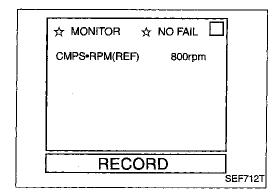
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	LG/R	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.  Ignition switch "OFF"  For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF"  A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5	R/Y	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	Engine is running.  Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)  (V) 20 10 50 ms  SEF109V
			Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm. (More than 200 seconds after starting engine)	(V) 20 10 0 50 ms
67	В/Р	D	The SOAN	BATTERY VOLTAGE
72	В/Р	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)
117	В/Р	Current return	Engine is running.  Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

#### **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Circuit)** (Cont'd)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0443 1008	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The valve circuit is open or shorted.)         EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve     </li> </ul>



#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-279. - OR



- 1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-279.



- OR -1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-279.



LC

Gi

MA















FA

RA

BR

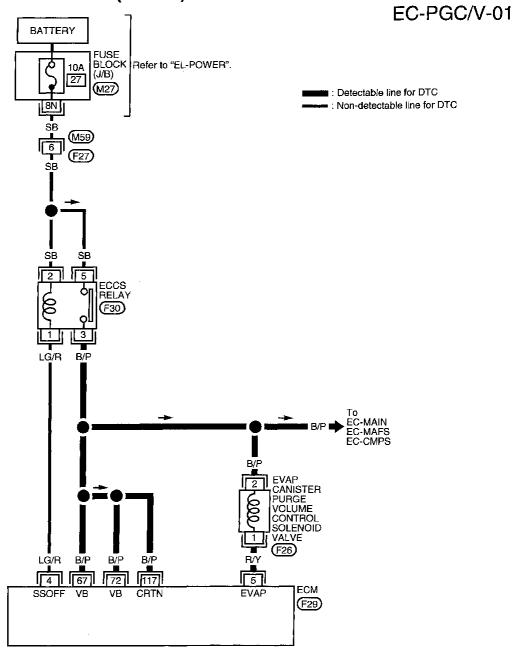
ST

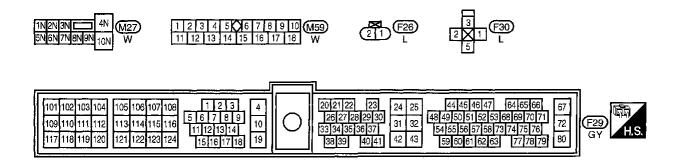
BT

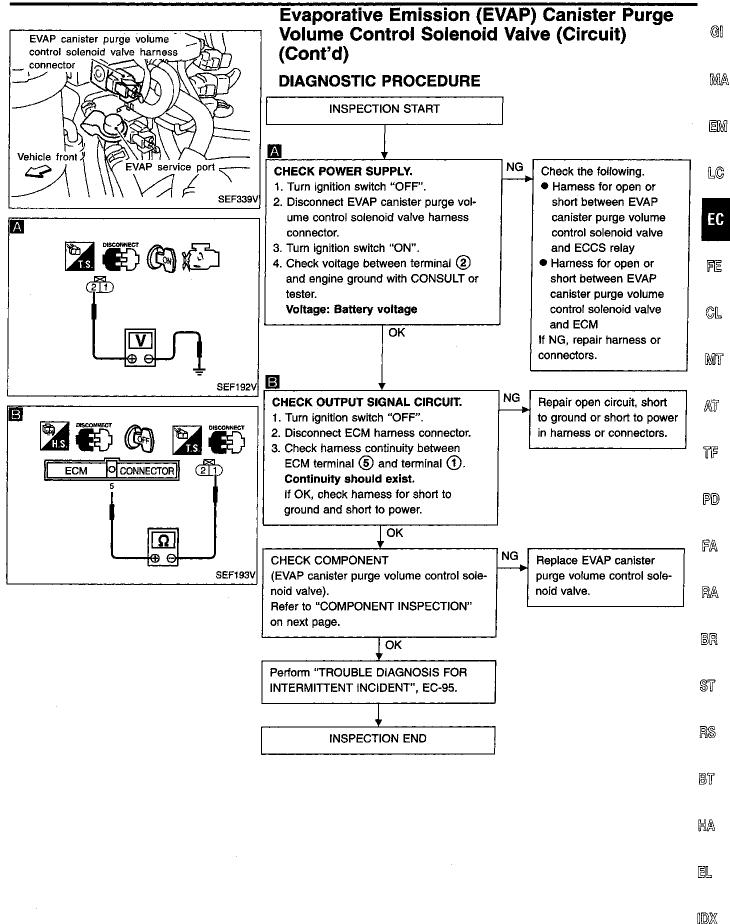
HA EL

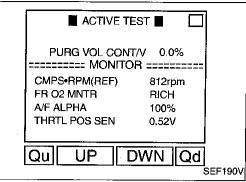
11D)X

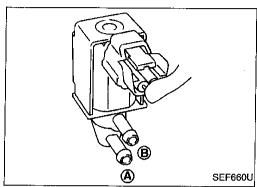
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

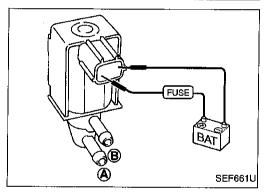












# Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

#### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.
   If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
- 3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

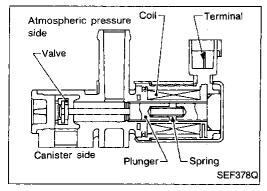
If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

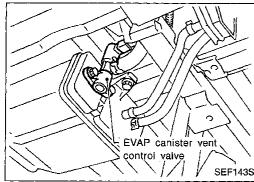


Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.





#### **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit)**

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (29) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	R/G	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	• ST
P0446 0903	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	Harness or connectors     (EVAP canister vent control valve circuit is open or shorted.)     EVAP canister vent control valve	- R\$ - R\$

439

MA

配

IDX

G[

MA

EN/

LC

EC

GL

MT

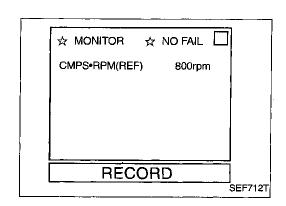
AT

TF

PD

FA

RA



## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)**

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -

– OR -

- 3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-284.

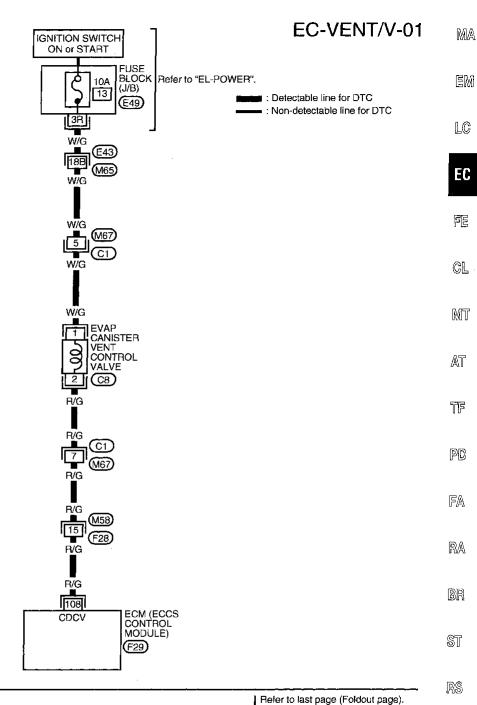


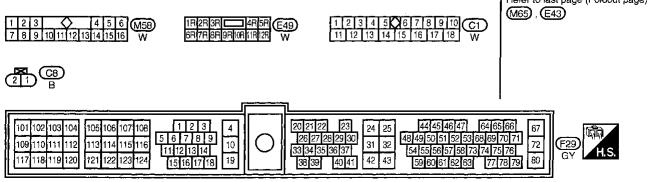
- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-284.



- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-284.

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)





AEC534A

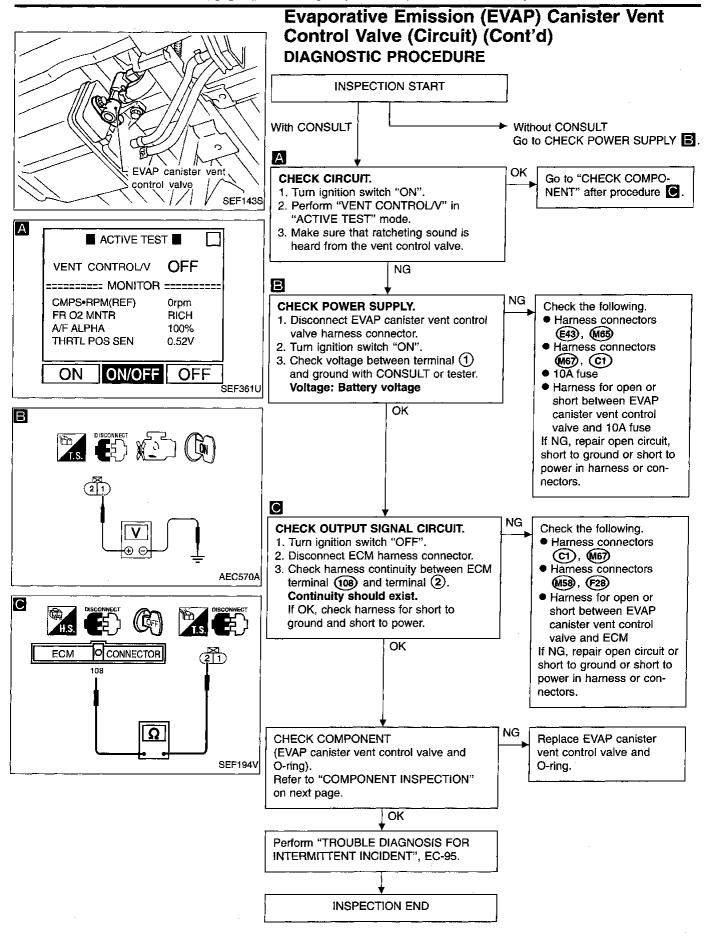
441

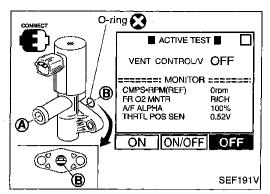
BT

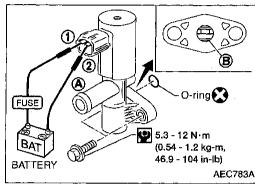
HA

EL

GI







# Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### **EVAP** canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

G

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

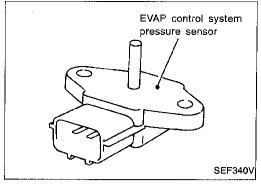
RS

BŢ

HA

EL

IDX



#### 

### **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor**

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases. The EVAP control system pressure sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis.

#### **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 3.4V

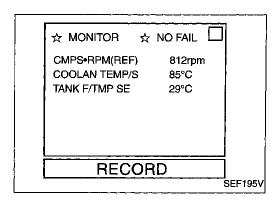
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
42	BR	Sensors' power supply	[gnition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V
43	B/W	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	Approximately 0V
62	Υ	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 3.4V

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0450 0704	An improper voltage signal from EVAP control system pressure sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Rubber hose to EVAP control system pressure is clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection.</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> <li>EVAP canister</li> <li>Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator</li> </ul>



## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)**

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

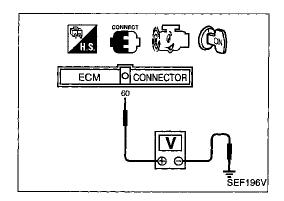
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Make sure that "TANK F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6) Start engine and wait at least 11 seconds.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-289.





 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 11 seconds.

- OR -

- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-289.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 11 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-289.

IDX

MA

LC

EC

Æ

CL.

MT

PD

FA

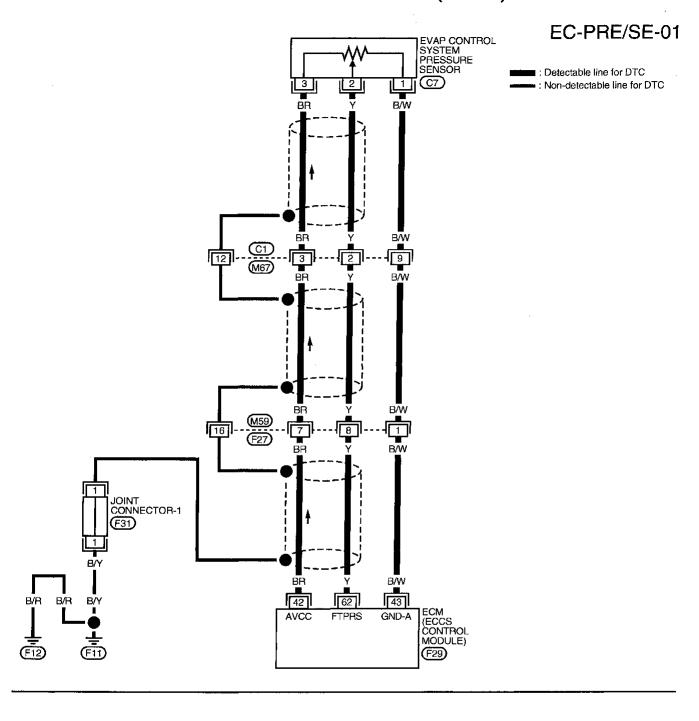
RA

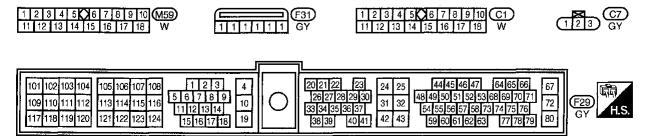
ST

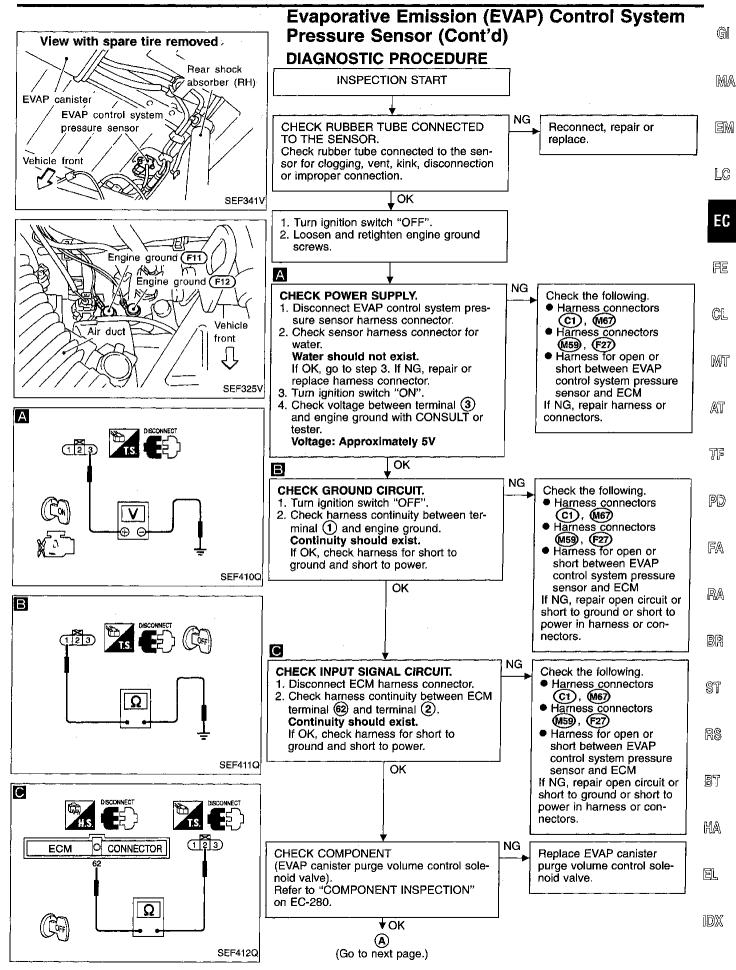
BT

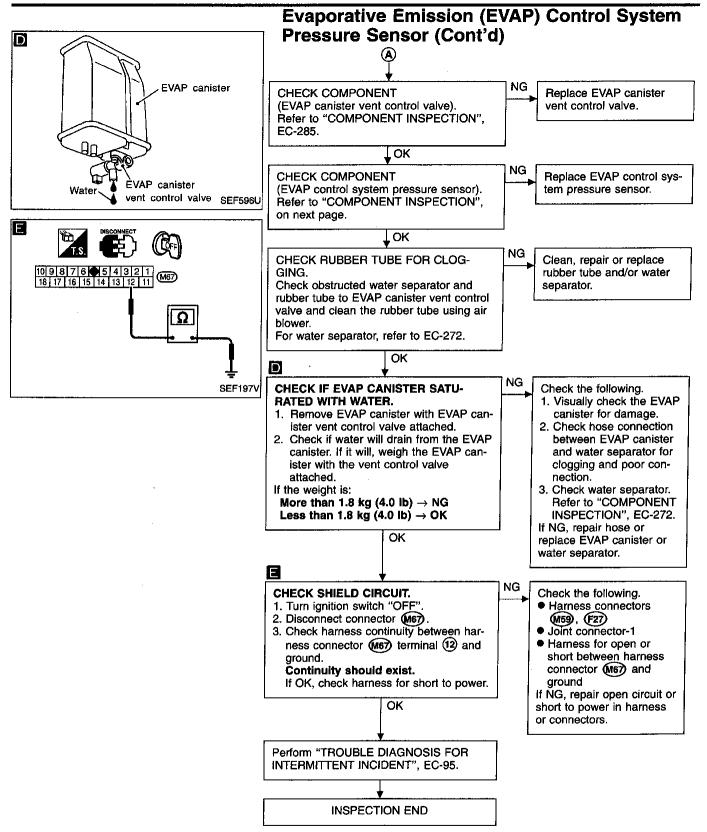
HA

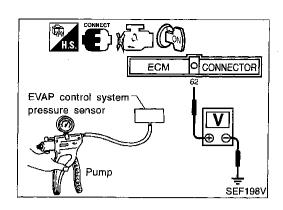
## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)**











## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

#### **EVAP** control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 iлHg)	0.4 - 0.6

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



MA

em

LC

EC

FE

CL.

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

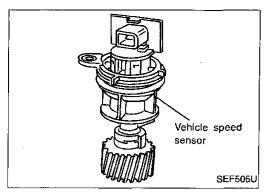
RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX



#### **Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)**

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The vehicle speed sensor is installed in the transaxle. It contains a pulse generator which provides a vehicle speed signal to the speedometer. The speedometer then sends a signal to the ECM.

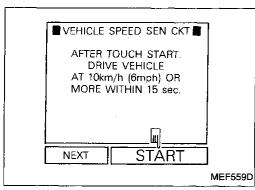
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

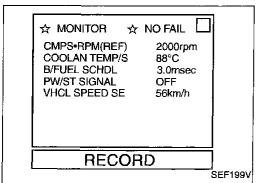
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (2) (ECM ground).

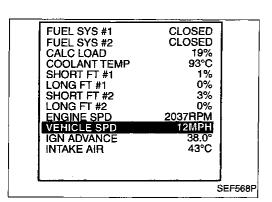
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
29	G/B	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running.  — Lift up the vehicle. — In 2nd gear position — 40 km/h (25 MPH)	1 - 4V (V) 10 5 0 50 ms SEF111V

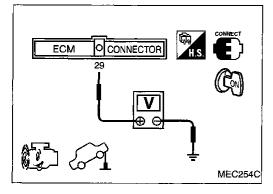
#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0500 0104	<ul> <li>The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven.</li> </ul>	Harness or connector     (The vehicle speed sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     Vehicle speed sensor









#### Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed. NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

OR



Start engine.

Perform "VEHICLE SPEED SEN CIRCUIT" in "FUNC-TION TEST" mode with CONSULT. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-296. If OK, go to following step.



Start engine 1)

Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. The vehicle speed on CONSULT should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-296. If OK, go to following step.

3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

4) Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.

Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,500 rpm (A/T) 1.500 - 2.500 rpm (M/T)

COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.2 - 3.1 msec (A/T)

1.9 - 5.2 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position **PW/ST SIGNAL: OFF** 

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-296.

#### **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR



1) Lift up drive wheels.

2) Start engine.

Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST.

The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-296. OR -



1) Lift up drive wheels.

2) Start engine.

3) Read the voltage signal between ECM terminal (29) (Vehicle speed sensor signal) and ground with oscilloscope.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

CL

MT

TF

PD)

FA

RA

BR

RS

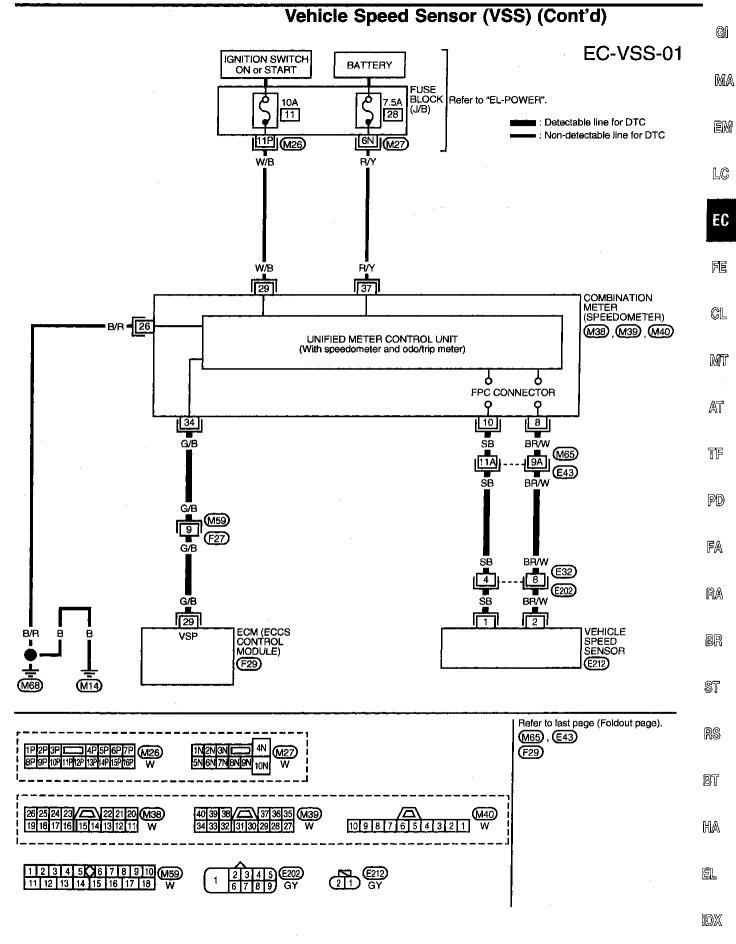
BT

HA

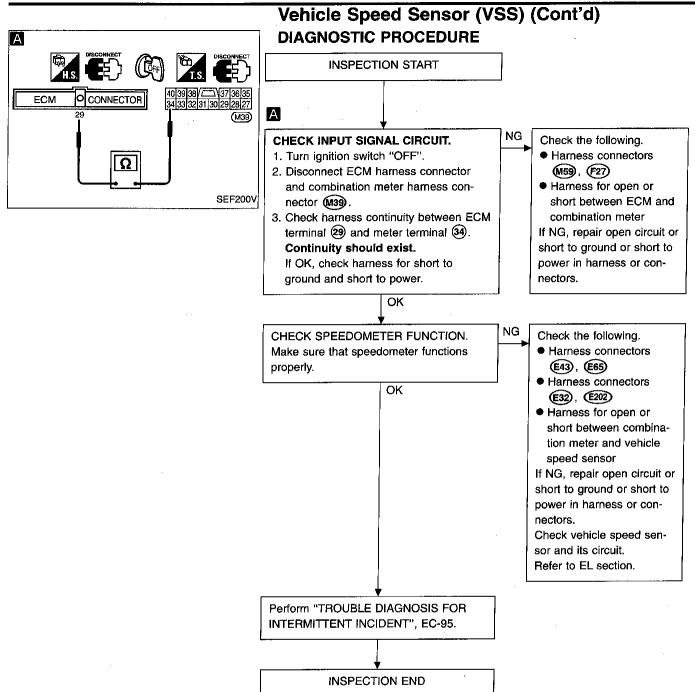
即

### Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

- 4) Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown at "ECM TERMINALS AND REFER-ENCE VALUE" on the previous page.
  5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-296.

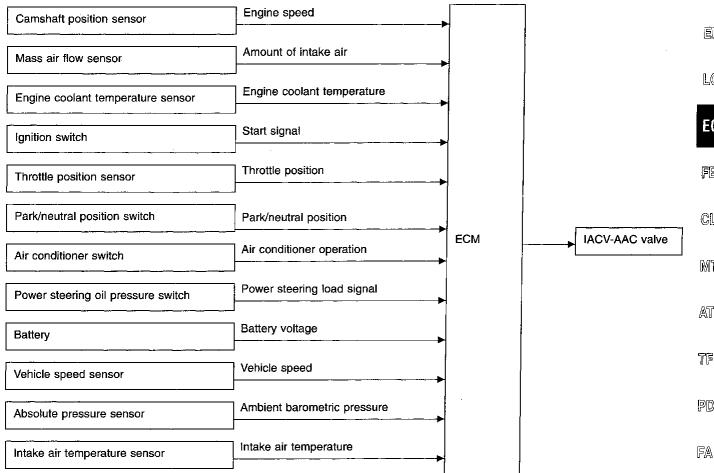


AEC536A

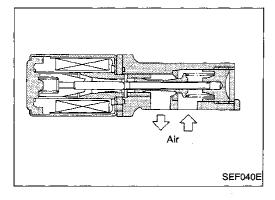


### Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system automatically controls engine idle speed to a specified level. Idle speed is controlled through fine adjustment of the amount of air which bypasses the throttle valve via IACV-AAC valve. The IACV-AAC valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The camshaft position sensor detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM. The ECM then controls the ON/OFF time of the IACV-AAC valve so that engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warm up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner and power steering).



#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

#### IACV-AAC valve

The IACV-AAC valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of air that will flow through the valve. The more air that flows through the valve, the higher the idle speed.

**G**1

MA

EM

EC

MT

TF

PD

FA

RA

RS

BT

AH

配

DX

EC-297 455

## Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

#### **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	Approx. 30%	
IACV-AAC/V	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	_

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	10.5 - 11.5V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms
101	OR/L	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1 - 13V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms SEF646U

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0505 0205	A) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is open.)     </li> <li>IACV-AAC valve</li> </ul>
	B) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is shorted.)     </li> <li>IACV-AAC valve</li> </ul>

#### Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

#### NOTE:

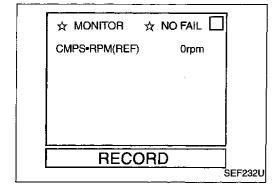
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

EC

GI

MA

EM



#### Procedure for malfunction A

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch "ON".



NO TOOLS

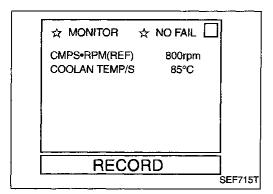
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 2 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-302.

- OR -

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds. 1)
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-302.

- OR -

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds. Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and
  - then turn "ON".
  - 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
  - If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-302.



#### Procedure for malfunction B

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and run it for at least 6 minutes at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-302.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR :

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine again and run it for at least 6 minutes at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-302.

**EC-299** 457

GL,

MT

AT

TF

RA

BR

BT

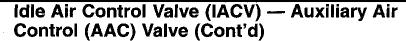
HA

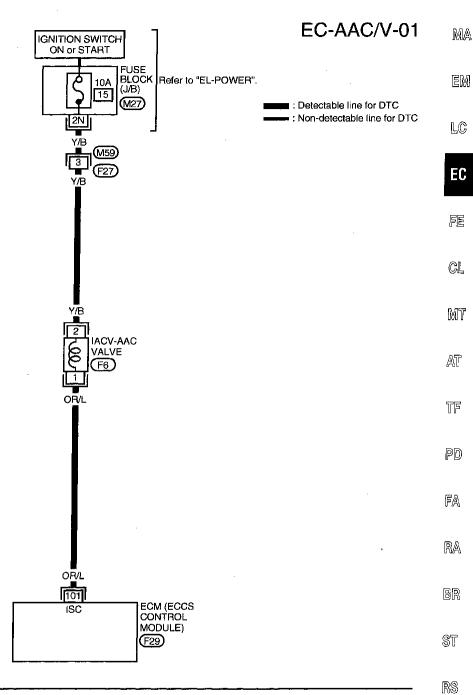
IDX

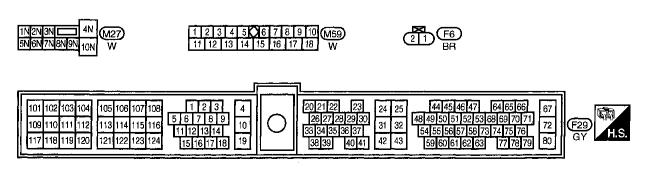
#### Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

NO

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 6 minutes at idle speed.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and
- then turn "ON".
  5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-302.





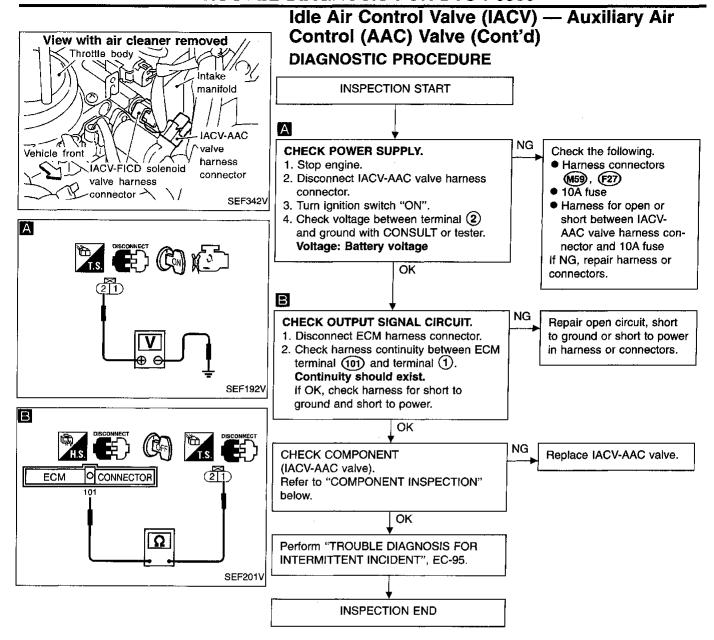


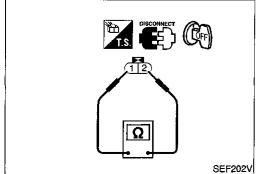
AEC537A

BT

MA

**G**[





#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### **IACV-AAC** valve

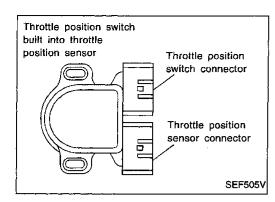
Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.

Check IACV-AAC valve resistance.

#### Resistance:

#### Approximately 10 $\Omega$ [at 25°C (77°F)]

- Check plunger for seizing or sticking.
- Check for broken spring.



#### **Closed Throttle Position Switch**

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A closed throttle position switch and wide open throttle position switch are built into the throttle position sensor unit.

When the throttle valve is in the closed position, the closed throttle position switch sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM only uses this signal to open or close the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve when the throttle position sensor is malfunctioning.

#### LC

GI.

MA

EM

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
28	BR/W	Throttle position switch	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition)  Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
26		(Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON"  Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0510 0203	Battery voltage from the closed throttle position switch is sent to ECM with the throttle valve opened.	Harness or connectors     (The closed throttle position switch circuit is shorted.)     Closed throttle position switch     Throttle position sensor	

EC

FE

CL.

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

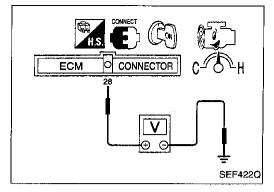
RS

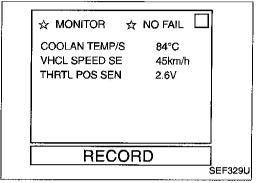
BT

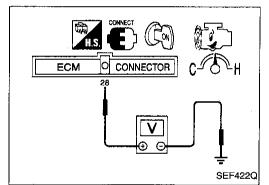
HA

EL

 $\mathbb{D}\mathbb{X}$ 







#### Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "CLSD THL/P SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT and check the value under the following conditions.

At idle: ON

At 2,000 rpm: OFF

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306.

If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

THRTL POS SEN: More than 2.5V

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased

engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306.

#### OR

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed throttle position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

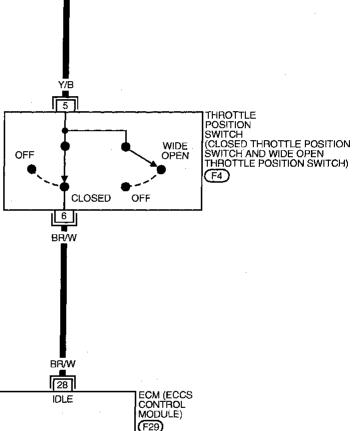


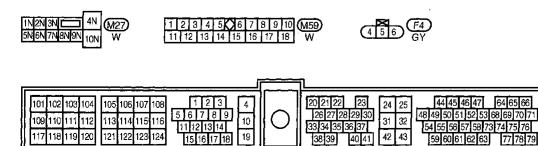
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the voltage between ECM terminal 28 and ground under the following conditions.

At idle: Battery voltage At 2,000 rpm: 0 - 1V

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306.

### **Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)** EC-TP/SW-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON or START FUSE BLOCK Refer to "EL-POWER". : Detectable line for DTC : Non-detectable line for DTC (J/B) 15 (M27)(F27)





72

AEC538A

GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

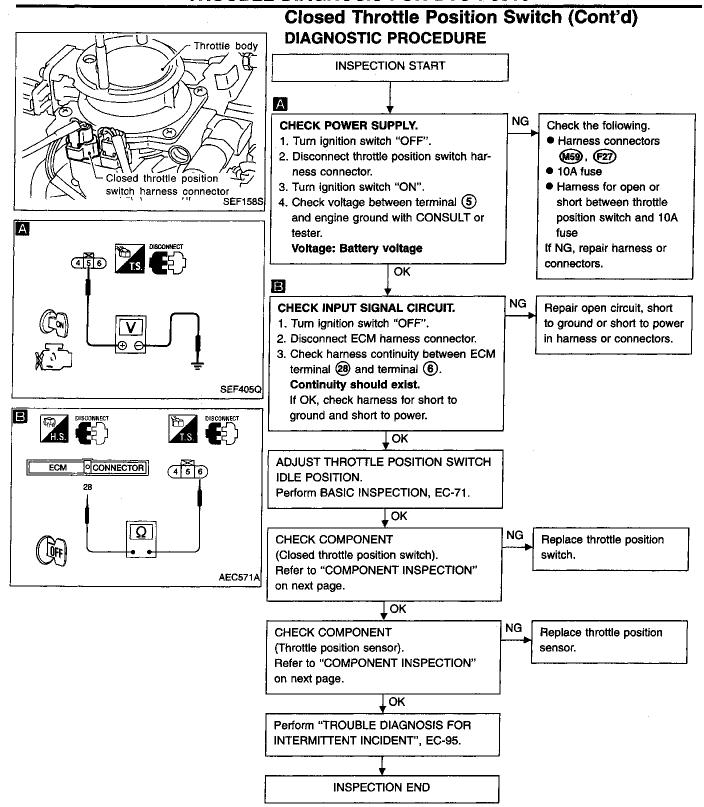
ST

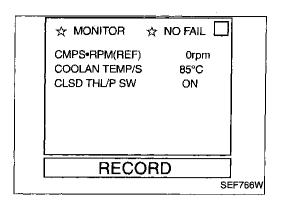
RS

BT

KA

EL





## Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Throttle position sensor



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Check indication of "CLSD THL/P SW".
   Measurement must be made with closed throttle position switch installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	CLSD THL/P SW
Completely closed	ON
Partially open or completely open	OFF

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace closed throttle position switch.



SEF159S

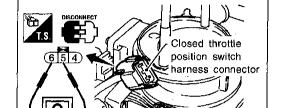
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect closed throttle position switch harness connector.
- 4. Check continuity between terminals (5) and (6).

  Resistance measurement must be made with TF closed throttle position switch installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Continuity
Completely closed	Yes
Partially open or completely open	No

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace closed throttle position switch.



ßR

ST

PD

FA

RA

**G**[]

MA

LC

EC

FE

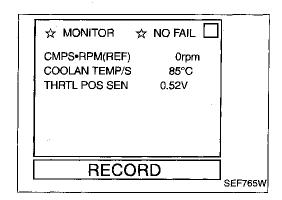
CL

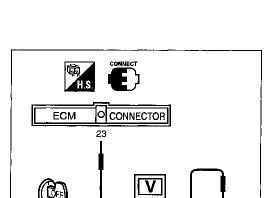
RS

BŢ

HA

EL





## Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) Closed throttle position switch

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Check voltage of "THRTL POS SEN".
   Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	THRTL POS SEN
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.

OR



SEF767W

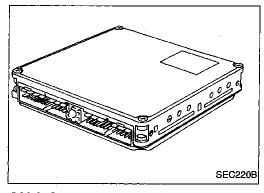
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal ② (Throttle position sensor signal) and ground.

Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.

4. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.

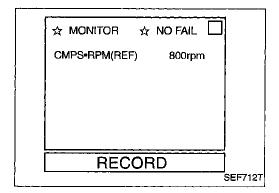


### **Engine Control Module (ECM) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The ECM consists of a microcomputer, diagnostic test mode selector, and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The unit controls the engine.

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0605 0301	● ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	● ECM



#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
  - Start engine.
- 4) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.



- Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.

OR

OR

- Select "Mode 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and wait at least 30 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.

G

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

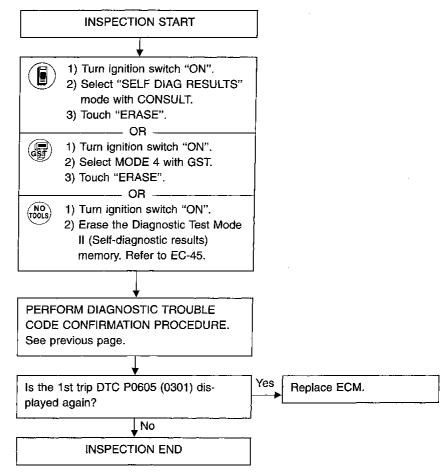
RS

BT

HA

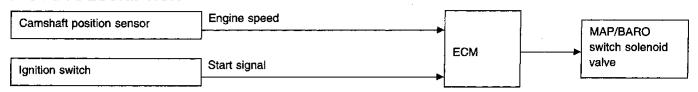
467

## Engine Control Module (ECM) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



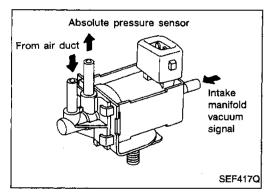
# Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system allows the absolute pressure sensor to monitor either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure. The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches between two passages by ON-OFF pulse signals from the ECM. (One passage is from the intake air duct, the other is from the intake manifold.) Either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure is applied to the absolute pressure sensor.

Solenoid	Conditions
	For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch     ON (Engine is not running.)     OR
ON	For 5 seconds after starting engine     OR
	<ul> <li>More than 5 minutes after the solenoid valve shuts OFF.</li> </ul>
	and  Engine running



#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches its air flow passage according to the voltage signal sent from the ECM. When voltage is supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid turns "ON". Then, the absolute pressure sensor can monitor the ambient barometric pressure. When voltage is not supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve turns "OFF". Then, the sensor monitors intake manifold pressure.

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	BR
MAP/BARO SW/V	Engine: For 5 seconds after starting engine	BARO	
	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"</li> <li>Engine: More than 5 seconds after starting engine</li> </ul>	МАР	ST

G1

MA

EM

EC

LC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RĄ

RS

BT

HA

# Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

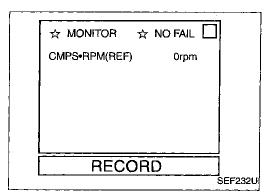
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
118	LG/B	MAP/BARO switch sole-	Ignition switch "ON"	0 - 1V
	La/B	noid valve	Ignition switch "ON"  More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"  Engine is running.  More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1105 1302	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve receives the voltage supplied though ECM does not supply the voltage to the valve.	Harness or connectors     (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)      MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve
	B) There is little difference between MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve input voltage at ambient barometric pressure and voltage at intake manifold pressure.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Hoses         (Hoses are clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection.)</li> <li>Absolute pressure sensor</li> <li>MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve</li> </ul>



#### Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### Procedure for malfunction A

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V with ignition switch "ON".



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316. - OR



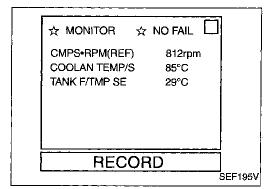
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Select "Mode 7" with GST. 2)
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316.



Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.

- OR

- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316.



#### Procedure for malfunction B

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Make sure that "TANK/F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.

- OR

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC" PROCEDURE", EC-316.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 and ground is less than 4.2V.

IDX

GI.

MA

LC

EC

CL.

MIT

AT

TF

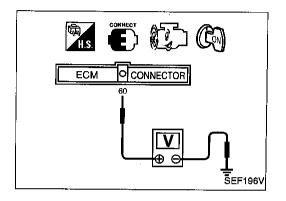
(PD)

RA

BR

#### Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316.



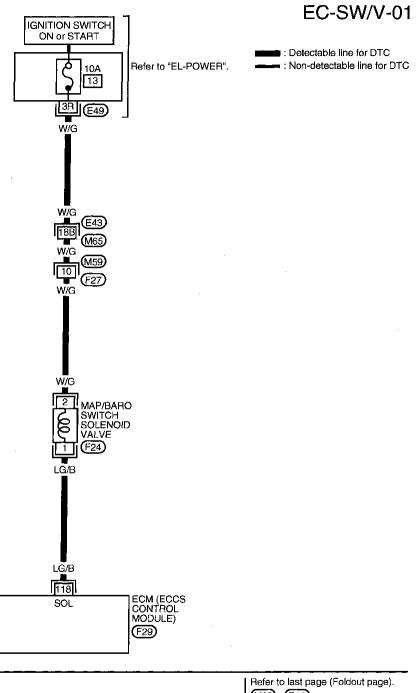


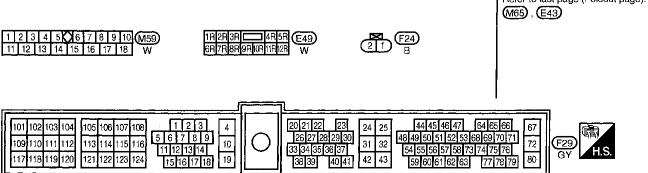
1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

-- OR --

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 5) Štart engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and
- then turn "ON".
  7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316.

# Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)





AEC540A

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

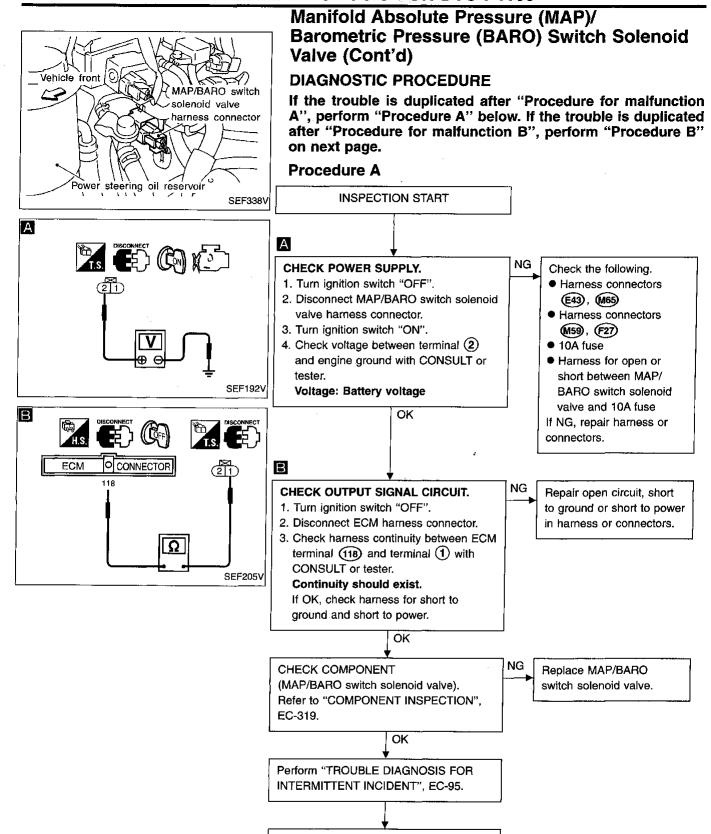
ST

RS

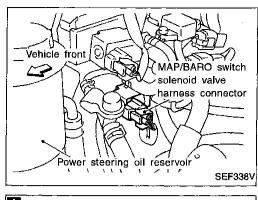
BT

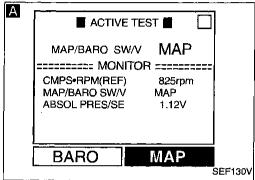
HA

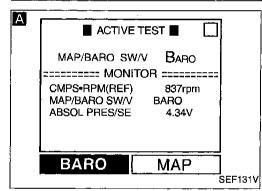
IDX

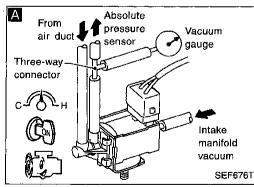


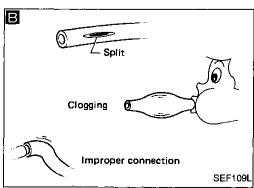
INSPECTION END





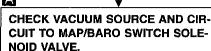






#### Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

Procedure B



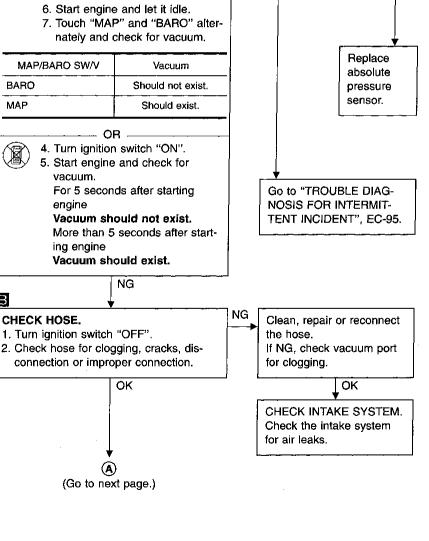
INSPECTION START

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Connect MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and absolute pressure sensor with a rubber tube that has vacuum gauge.
  - 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - 5. Select "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

MAP/BARO SW/V	Vacuum
BARO	Should not exist.
MAP	Should exist.



В



LC.

CHECK COMPONENT

(Absolute pressure sen-

1. Check for disconnection

of vacuum hose con-

nected to the sensor.

2. Check sensor harness

connector for water.

Refer to "COMPONENT

INSPECTION", EC-272.

Water should not exist.

sor).

ΟK

EM

GI

MM

EC

FE

CL

MIT

NG

AT

TF

FA

RA

88

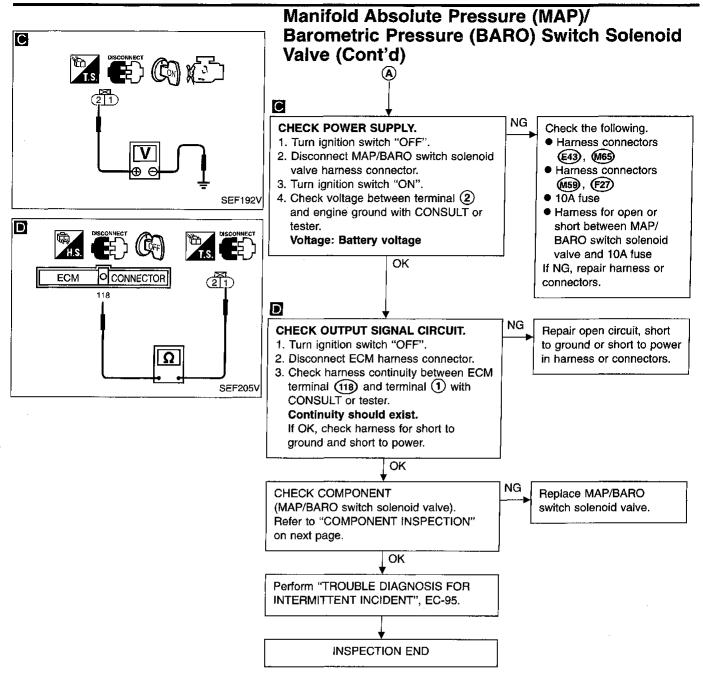
ST

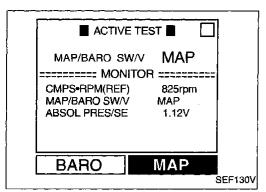
RS

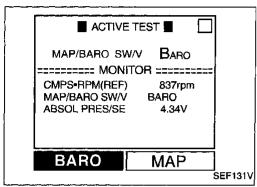
BT

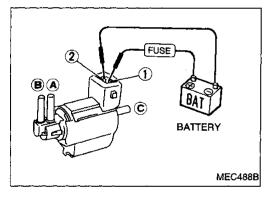
HA

i









# Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
  - Condition: At idle under no-load
  - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)		
BARO	More than 2.6V		
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO		
Time for voltage to change			
MAP/BARO SW/V Required time to switch			
BARO to MAP	Laco than 1 areas		
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second		

 If NG, check MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve as shown below.

— OR -ARO swi

- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

MA

LC

EC

PE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

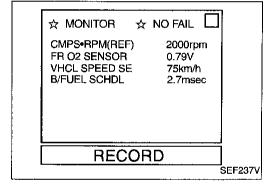
EC-319 477

#### **Closed Loop Control**

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

★ The closed loop control has the one trip detection logic.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1148 0307		<ul> <li>The front heated oxygen sensor circuit is open or shorted.</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> </ul>



## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm.
- 4) While holding engine speed at 2,000 rpm, check the following.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go above 0.70V at least once.

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.

If the check result is NG, perform "DIAGNOSIS PRO-CEDURE" on next page.

If the check result is OK, perform the following step.

5) Let engine idle at least 3 minutes.

#### NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,000 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5).

 Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

#### Closed Loop Control (Cont'd)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.5 msec or more (A/T)

1.3 msec or more (M/T)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 3,000 rpm (A/T)

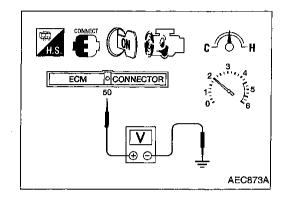
1,700 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH) During this test, P0130 may be displayed on the CON-SULT screen.

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-

CEDURE" below.



#### **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

> 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

> Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (50) (sensor signal) and ECM ground.

> 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

The voltage should go above 0.7V at least once. - OR

The voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.

4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" below.

#### **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

Refer to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133, EC-169.

GI

MA

LC

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

88

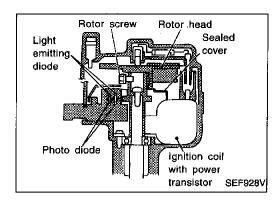
ST

BT

HA

配

IDX



## Ignition Signal

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

#### Ignition coil & power transistor

The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to the power transistor. The power transistor switches the ignition coil primary circuit on and off. As the primary circuit is turned on and off, the proper high voltage is induced in the coil secondary circuit.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap and rotor head.

#### NOTE:

The rotor screw which secures the distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be tightened properly.

[7]: 3.3 - 3.9 N·m (0.34 - 0.40 kg-m, 29.5 - 34.7 in-lb)

#### **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
IGNITION SW	● Ignition switch: ON → OFF → ON		$ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$
IGN TIMING	Engine: After warming up     Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	Approx. 20° BTDC
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

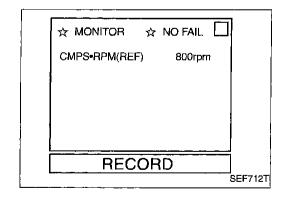
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1 PU/W	DUA	Ignition signal	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	0 - 0.5V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF186T
	PU/W		Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.2 - 1.0V (V) 4 2 0 20ms

			Ignition Signal (Cont'd)		(A)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	GI M
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	12 - 14V  (V) 40 20 0  20ms  SEF188T	en L¢
2	В	Ignition check	Engine is running.  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	12 - 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF189T	FE

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P1320 0201	The ignition signal in the primary circuit is not sent to ECM during engine cranking or running.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The ignition primary circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Power transistor unit.</li> <li>Resistor</li> <li>Camshaft position sensor</li> <li>Camshaft position sensor circuit</li> </ul>	



## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

RS

BT

MA

IDX

If both DTC P0340 (0101) and P1320 (0201) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340 first. Refer to EC-241.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326. - OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- Select MODE 7 with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.

EC-323 481

## Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

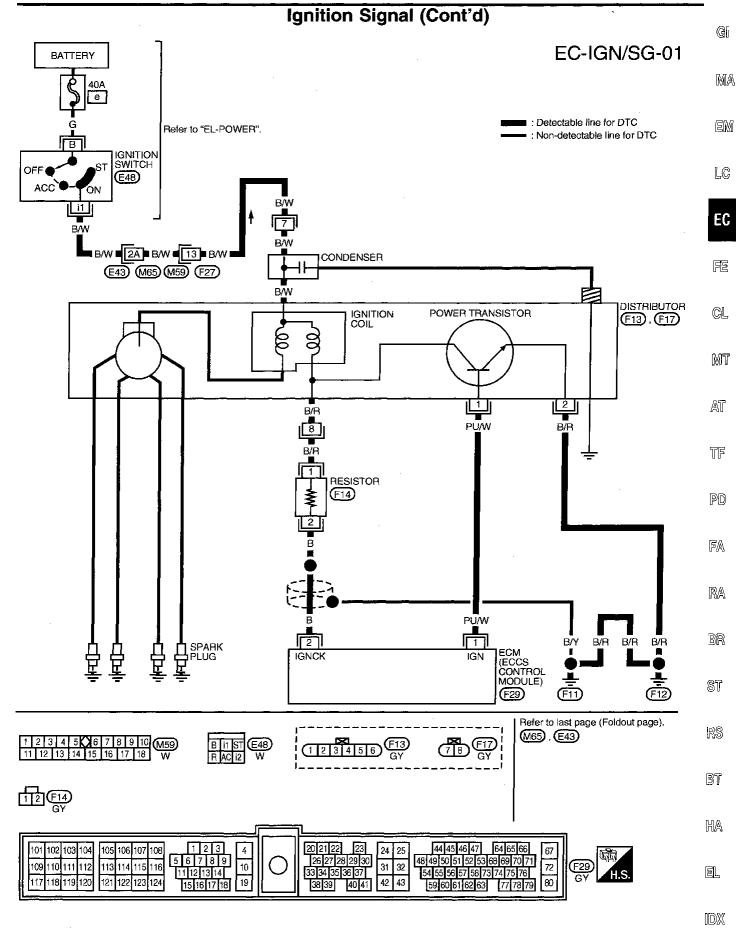
TOOLS

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

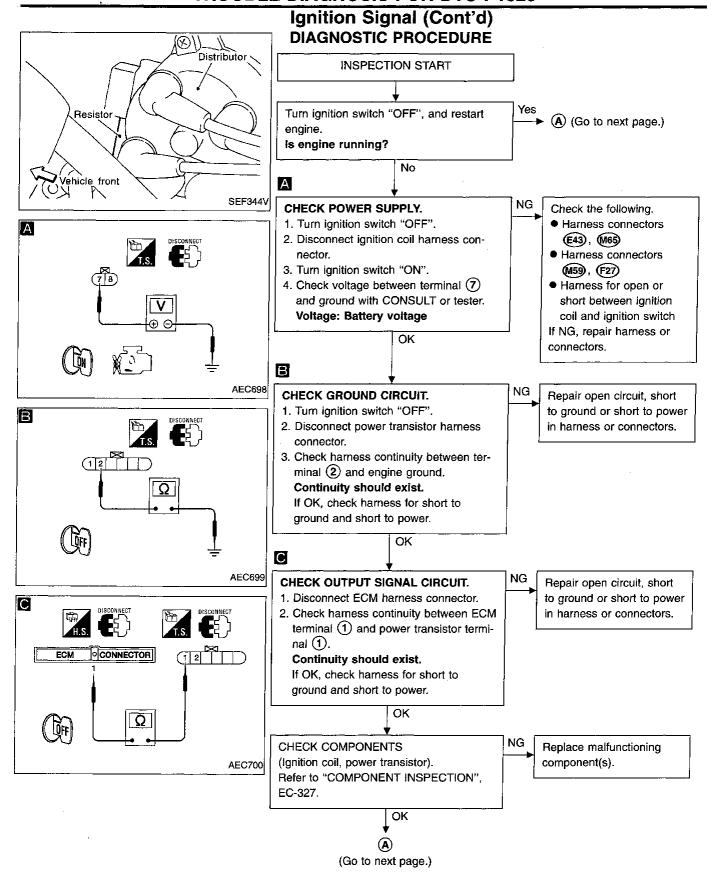
2) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)

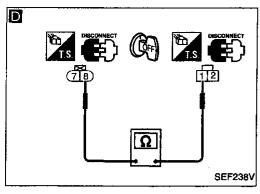
- OR -

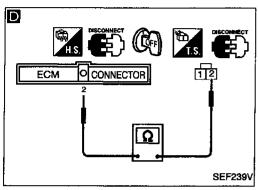
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.

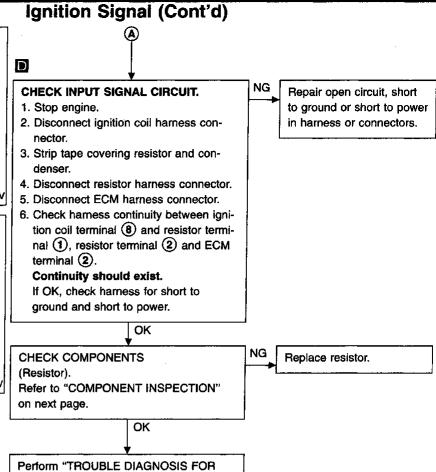


AEC541A









GI.

MA

EM

LC

EC

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

BR

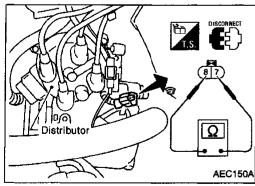
ST

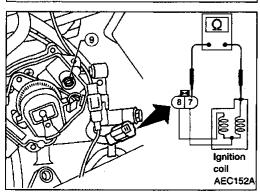
RS

BT

HA

IDX





## **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

INSPECTION END

INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-95.

## **Ignition** coil

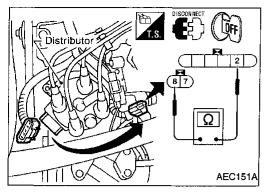
- 1. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- 2. Remove distributor cap.

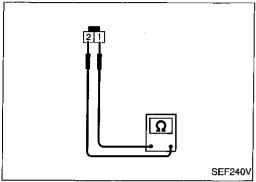
EC-327

3. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]
7 - 8	Less than 1 $\Omega$
<b>?</b> - <b>9</b>	7 - 13 kΩ

If NG, replace distributor assembly as a unit.





## Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

## Power transistor

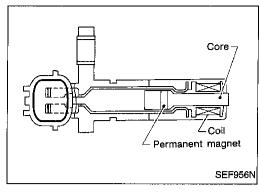
- Disconnect camshaft position sensor & power transistor harness connector and ignition coil harness connector.
- 2. Check power transistor resistance between terminals ② and ③

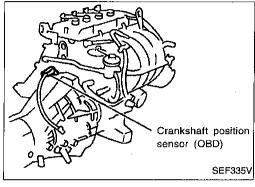
Terminals	Resistance	Result
(2) and (8)	Except 0Ω	ок
(2) and (6)	ΟΩ	NG

If NG, replace distributor assembly.

## Resistor

- 1. Disconnect resistor harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals ① and ②. Resistance: Approximately 2.2 k $\Omega$  [at 25°C (77°F)] If NG, replace resistor.





## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG)

## COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transmission housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system.

It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

## **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
43	B/W	Sensors' ground	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 0V
			A. 10. 1	Approximately 0V
		Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	(V) 10 5
				0.2 ms
47	L		Engine is running.	SEF112V Approximately 0V
ļ				(V) 10 5
			Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
				SEF113V

 $\mathbb{Z}$ 

MA

LC



























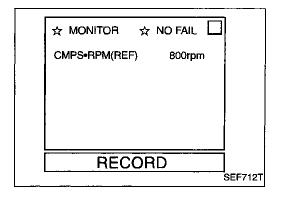




# Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1336 0905	A chipping of the flywheel or drive plate gear tooth (cog) is detected by the ECM.	Harness or connectors     Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)     Drive plate/Flywheel



## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.





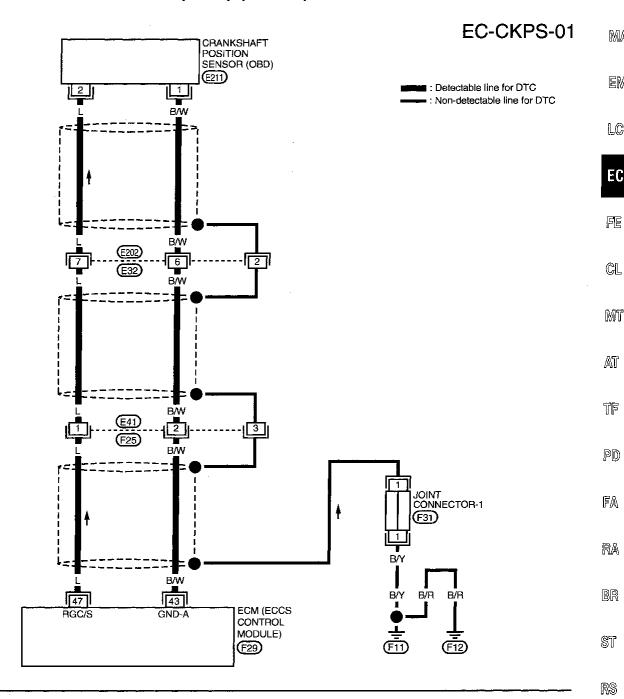
- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.

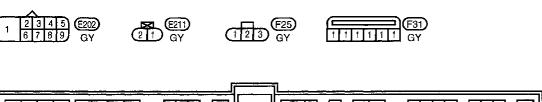
-- OR -

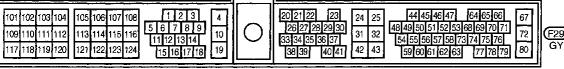


- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.

## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)









BT

HA

訌

IDX

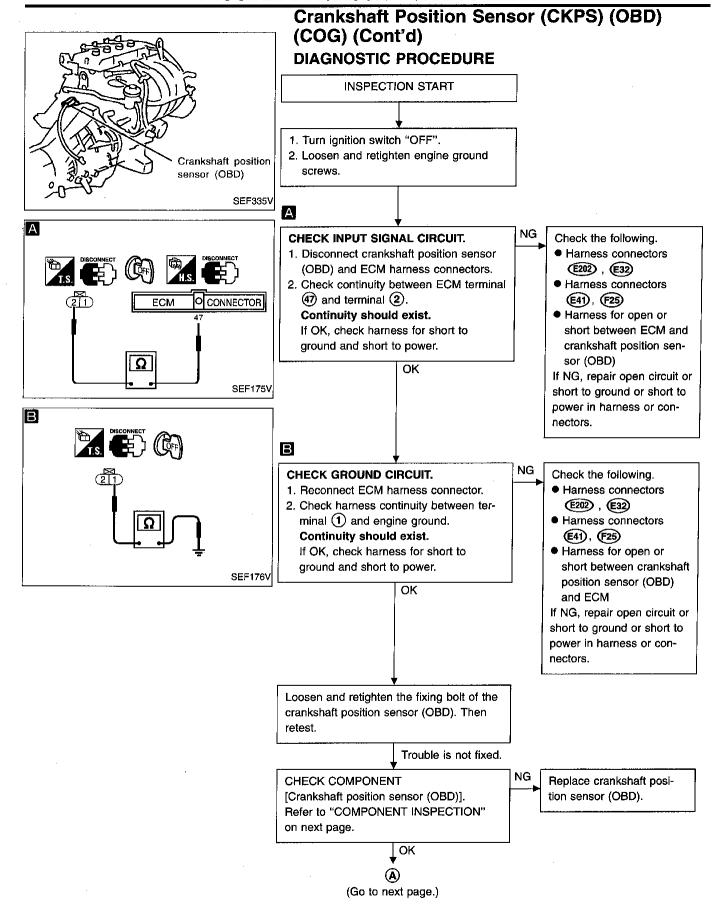
(GI

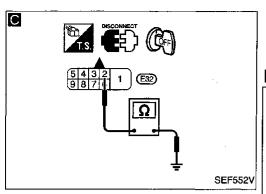
MA

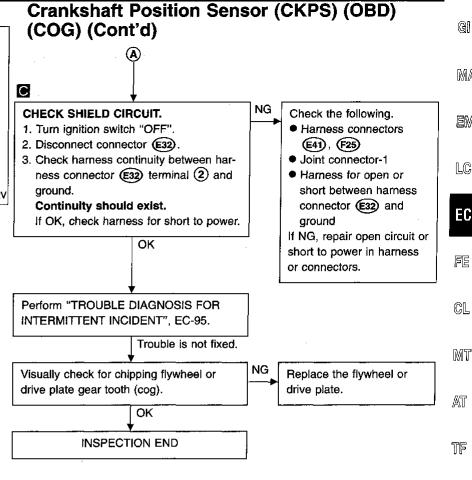
EM

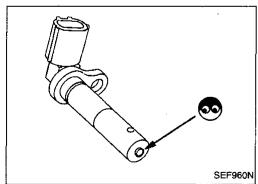
LC

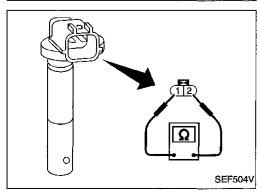
EC











## COMPONENT INSPECTION

## Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- Remove the sensor.
- Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Resistance: Approximately 166.5 - 203.5 $\Omega$ [at 20°C (68°F)]

EC-333

MA

LC.

EC

FE

MT

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

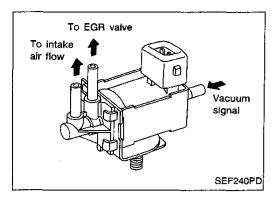
BT

MM

凮

IDX

491



# EGRC-Solenoid Valve COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an ON signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve.

## **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONE	DITION	SPECIFICATION
		idle	ON
FGRC SOLW		Engine speed: Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	OFF

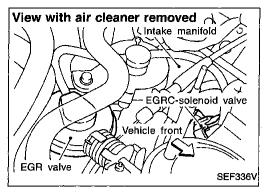
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

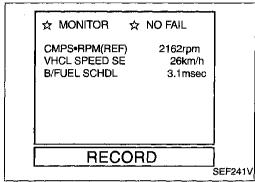
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

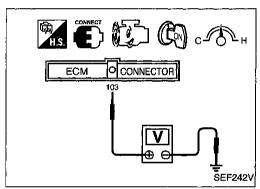
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
103	G/W		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Idle speed	0 - 1V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1400 1005	The improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EGRC-solenoid valve.	Harness or connectors     (The EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)     EGRC-solenoid valve







# EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

**CAUTION:** 

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

**TESTING CONDITION:** 

Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,000 - 3,400 rpm B/FUEL SCHDL: 2 msec or more VHCL SPEED SE: Suitable speed

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-337.

- OR

## **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGR temperature sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the voltage between ECM terminal 103 and ground at idle.

  Voltage: 0 1V
- 3) Check that the voltage changes to battery voltage and returns to 0 1V when revving the engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-337.

G

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

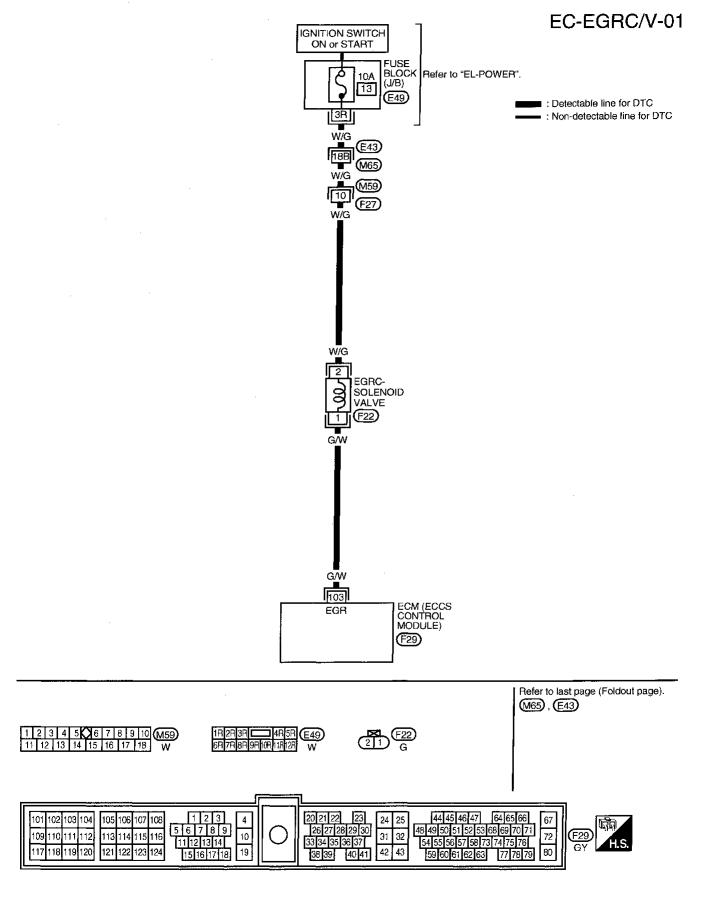
RS

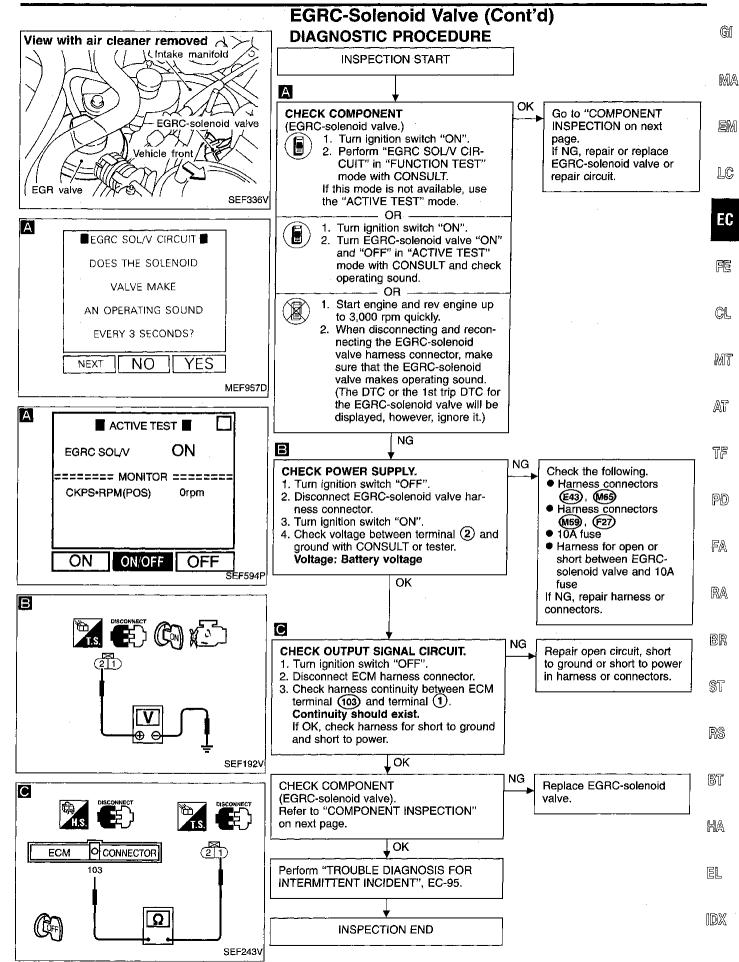
BT

HA

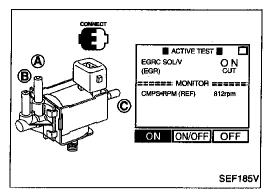
EL

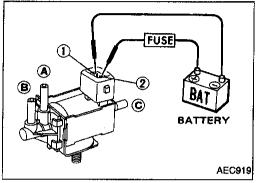
## EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)





EC-337





## EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

## **EGRC-solenoid valve**

Check air passage continuity.

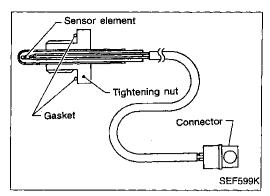
Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST"

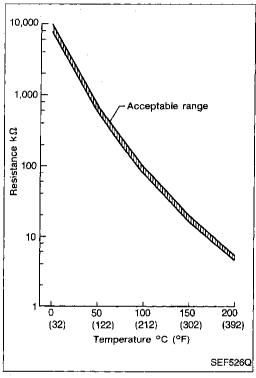
Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

– OR -

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
Yes	No
No	Yes
	continuity between (A) and (B)  Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.





# **EGR Temperature Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passage way. When the EGR valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passage way changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM

sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not used to control the engine system.

It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

#### <Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 63 (EGR temperature sensor) and ECM terminal 32 (ECM ground). When EGR system is operating.

Voltage: 0 - 1.5V

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	8
P1401	A) An excessively low voltage from the EGR tem-	Harness or connectors	
0305	perature sensor is sent to ECM even when	(The EGR temperature sensor circuit is shorted.)	
	engine coolant temperature is low.	EGR temperature sensor	8
		<ul> <li>Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or</li> </ul>	
		EGRC-solenoid valve	
			R
	B) An excessively high voltage from the EGR	Harness or connectors	
	temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when	(The EGR temperature sensor circuit is open.)	
	engine coolant temperature is high.	EGR temperature sensor	8
		Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or	
		EGRC-solenoid valve	

497

EL

IDX

GI

MA

LC

EC

爬

CL

MT

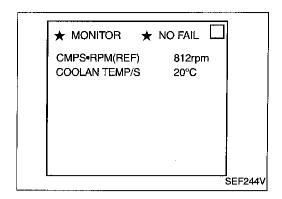
AT

TF

PD

FA

RA



# EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-343.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-343.

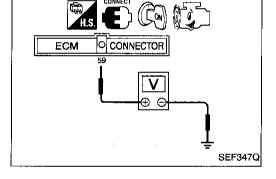
OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Verify that voltage between ECM terminal (59) (engine coolant temperature) and ground is more 2.7V.

If the voltage is below the range, cool the engine down.

- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-343.



## Procedure for malfunction B

#### **CAUTION:**

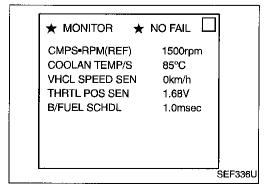
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting.
   If the check result is NG, go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSES FOR DTC P1402", EC-345.
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Read "EGR TEMP SEN" at about 1,500 rpm while holding the EGR valve in full open position by hand.
  Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.



## **EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)**

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-343.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

6) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

7) Turn ignition switch "ON".

8) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.

9) Start engine.

Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

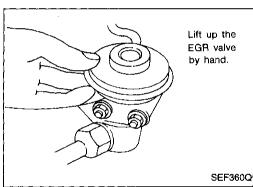
CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 2,600 rpm VHCL SPEED SE: Suitable speed B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 3.5 msec

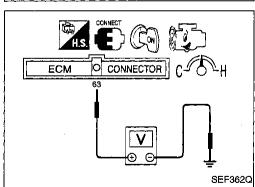
THRTL POS SEN: (X + 0.23) - (X + 0.73) VX = Voltage value measured at

x = voltage value measured at step 8)

Selector lever: Suitable position

11) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-343.





## OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGR temperature sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### Procedure for malfunction B



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If NG, go to TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P1402, EC-345.
- 4) Check voltage between ECM terminal (3) (EGR temperature sensor) and ground at about 1,500 rpm with EGR valve lifted up to the full position by hand.

  Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.
- 5) If step 4 is OK, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400 and P1400 (See pages EC-247 and EC-334).
- 6) If step 4 is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-343.

CL

MA

LC

EC

FE

AT

MT

. . . . . .

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

TE

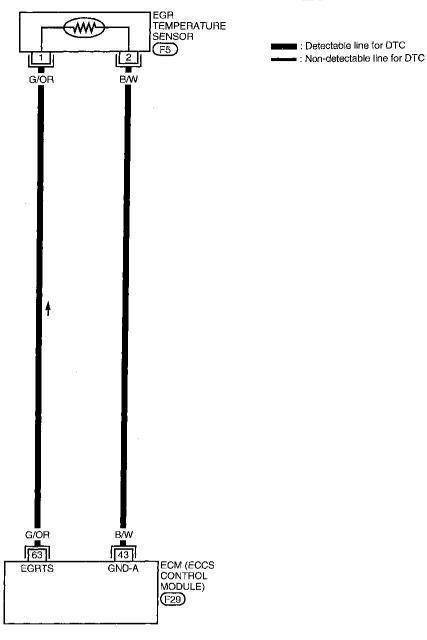
HA

凮

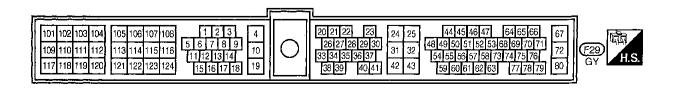
11596

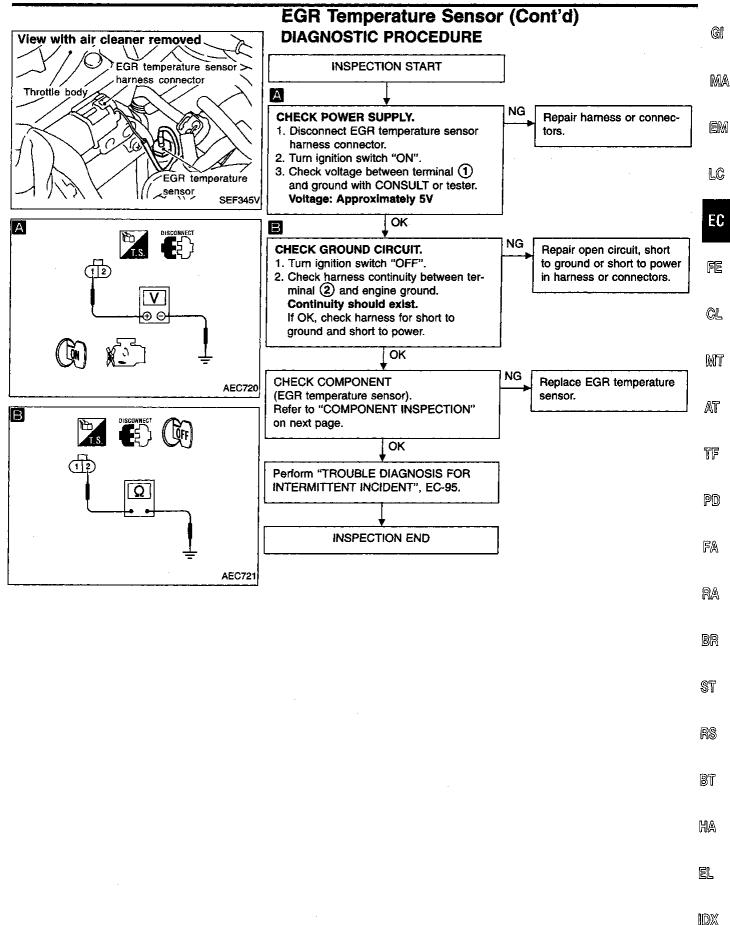
## **EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)**

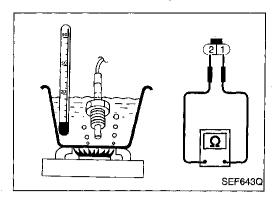
## EC-EGR/TS-01











## 

# EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

## EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

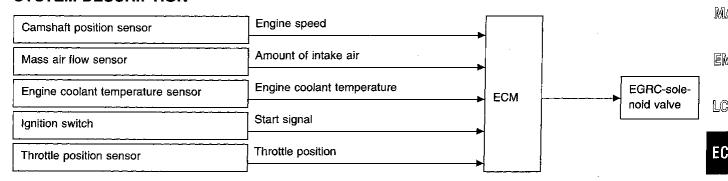
## <Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

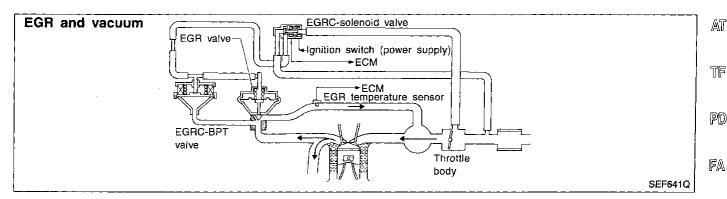
## **EGR Function (Open)**

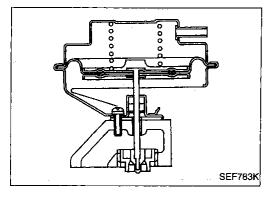
## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current flows through the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be cut. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction

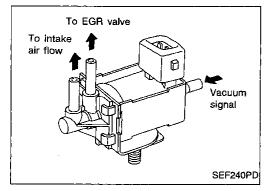




## COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

## Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.



#### **EGRC-solenoid valve**

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. A plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal (from the throttle body to the EGR valve).

When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve.

503

**G** 

GL

MIT

RA

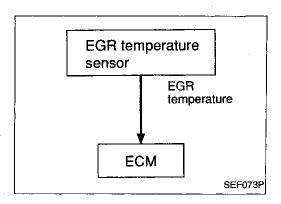
BR

RS

BT

HA

訌

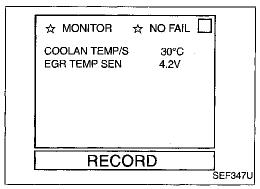


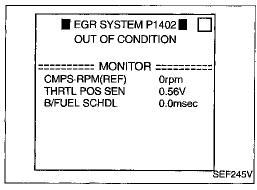
## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

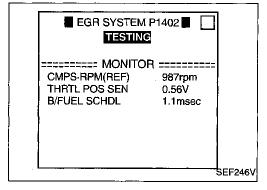
If EGR temperature sensor detects EGR flow under the condition that does not call for EGR, a high-flow malfunction is diagnosed. **NOTE:** 

Diagnosis for this DTC will end when engine coolant temperature Is approx. 50 - 60°C (122 - 140°F). Ignition switch must be turned "ON" (engine start) with engine coolant temperature below 40°C (104°F) when starting DTC confirmation procedure.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1402 0514	<ul> <li>EGR flow is detected under conditions that do not call for EGR.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EGRC-solenoid valve</li> <li>EGR valve leaking or stuck open</li> <li>EGR temperature sensor</li> <li>EGRC-BPT valve</li> </ul>







## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

## **TESTING CONDITION:**

 Engine coolant temperature and EGR temperature must be verified in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT before starting DTC WORK SUPPORT test. If it is out of range below, the test cannot be conducted.

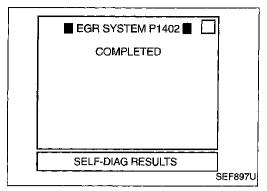
COOLAN TEMP/S: -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F)

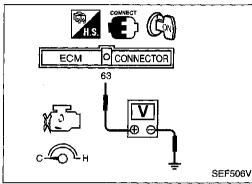
EGR TEMP SEN: Less than 4.8V

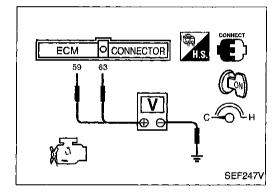
If the values are out of the ranges indicated above, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to reduce the engine coolant temperature or EGR temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.



- 1) Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 5 seconds. Then turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "EGR SYSTEM P1402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Follow instruction of CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CON-SULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take 60 seconds or more.)







## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, turn ignition "OFF" and cool the engine coolant temperature to the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F). Retry from step 1).

5) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-349.

 Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "MODE 1" with GST.

- OR -

- 2) Check that engine coolant temperature is within the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F).
- 3) Check that voltage between ECM terminal (3) (EGR temperature) and ground is less than 4.8V.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
- 5) Stop engine.
- 6) Perform from step 1) to 4).
- 7) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 8) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-349.

OR ·



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - Check the following voltages.
     ECM terminal (so) (engine coolant temperature) and ground:

2.7 - 4.4V

ECM terminal (63) (EGR temperature) and ground: Less than 4.8V

- Less than 4.8V
  Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-349.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CON-SULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

CSUL

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

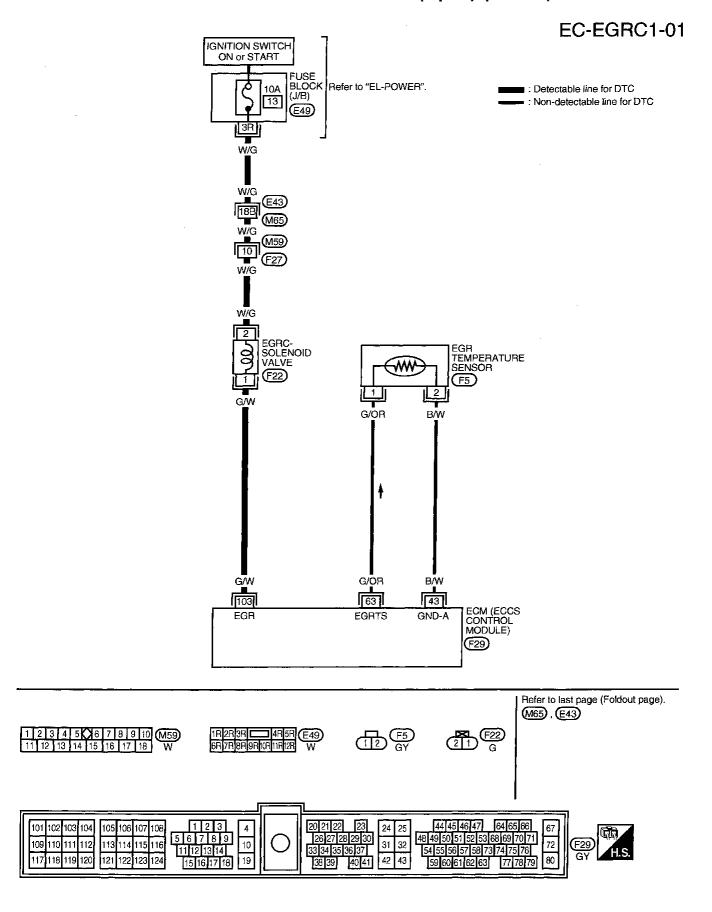
RS

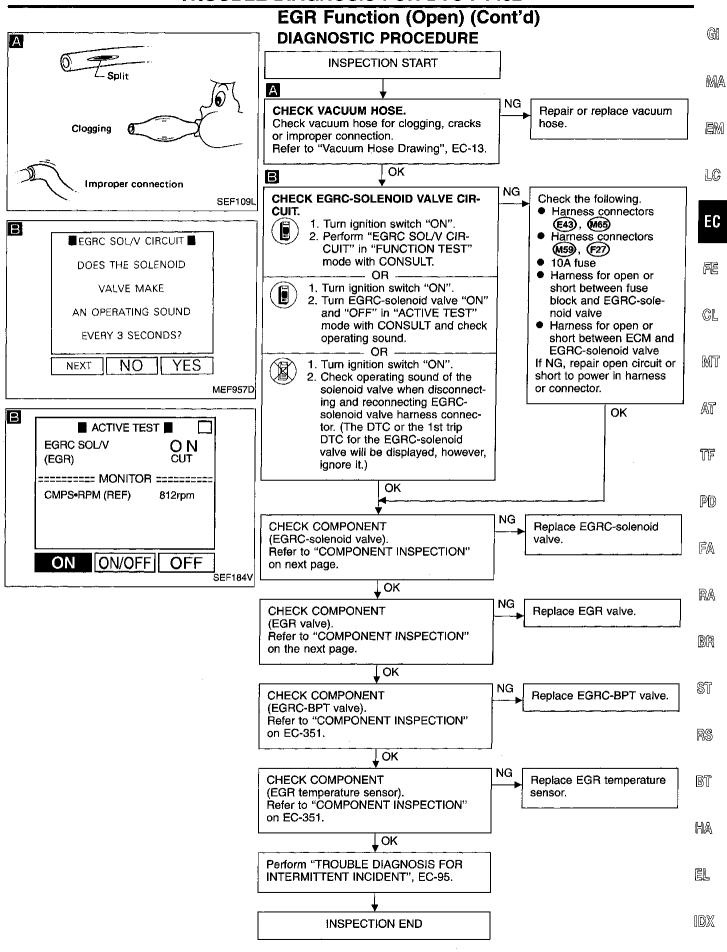
78

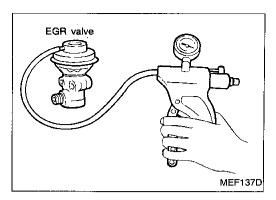
HA

EL

## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)



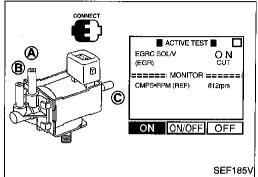




## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

## **EGR** valve

- Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump. EGR valve spring should lift.
- Check for sticking If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



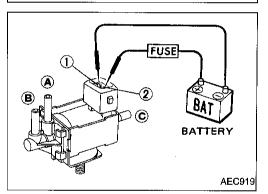
## **EGRC-solenoid valve**

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST"

Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR



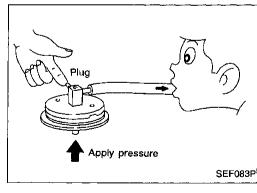


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

# Ω SEF643Q

## 10,000 1,000 Acceptable range ά Resistance k 10 100 50 150 200 (32)(122)(212)(302)(392)Temperature °C (°F) SEF526Q



## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

## EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

## <Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

## **EGRC-BPT** valve

- Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH<sub>2</sub>O, 3.94 inH<sub>2</sub>O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
- If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

GI

MA

ĹĈ

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

PD)

TF

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

IDX

# **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System** (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure)

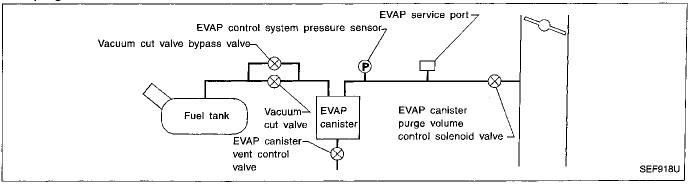
Note: If DTC P1448 is displayed with P1440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-381.)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using vapor pressure in the fuel tank.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve will then be opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. The EVAP control system pressure sensor can now monitor the pressure inside the fuel tank.

If pressure increases, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



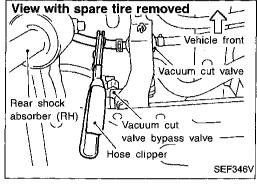
## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

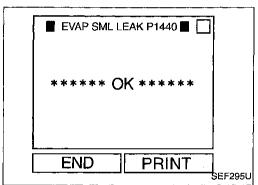
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1440 0213	EVAP control system has a leak.     EVAP control system does not operate properly.	<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve</li> <li>Incorrect fuel filler cap used</li> <li>Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.</li> <li>Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.</li> <li>Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.</li> <li>Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> <li>EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks</li> <li>EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks</li> <li>EVAP purge line rubber tube bent.</li> <li>Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>Loose or disconnected rubber tube</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit</li> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> <li>Absolute pressure sensor</li> <li>Tank fuel temperature sensor</li> <li>MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve</li> <li>Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve</li> <li>O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged.</li> <li>Water separator</li> <li>EVAP canister is saturated with water.</li> </ul>

#### **CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.







## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System** (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE CAUTION:**

Never use compressed air or high pressure pump. Otherwise, EVAP system may be damaged.

Do not start engine.

Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

## NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Always remove service port adapter from service port when applying air up to 0.69 to 1.38 kPa (5.14 to 10.34 mmHg, 0.202 to 0.407 inHg).

During the test, clamp the EVAP hose tightly as shown at left.

If DTC P1448 is displayed with P1440, perform TROUBLE **DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-381.)** 

Turn ignition switch "OFF". 

2) Clamp EVAP hose as shown at left. Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "EVAP SML LEAK P1440" of "EVAPORATIVE

SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

Make sure that "OK" is displayed. "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-355.

#### NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-39 before driving vehicle.



- Start engine. 1)
- Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-39.
- Stop vehicle.
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern", EC-39.
- Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-375.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAGNOS-TIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-268.
- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAGNOS-TIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-355.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.

EC-353 511

LC EC

G

MA

EM

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA RA

BR

BT

HA

# **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System** (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

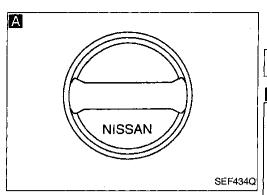
- OR -

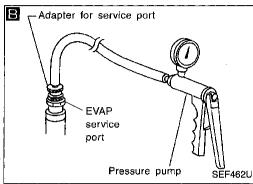
#### NOTE:

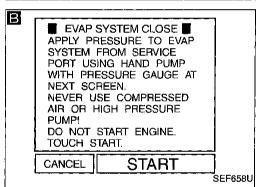
- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-39 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.

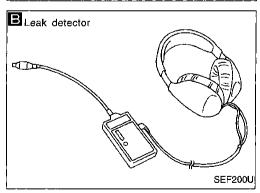


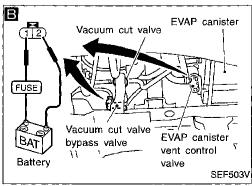
- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-39.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.











## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System** (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

NG

NG

INSPECTION START

## CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.

Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap. If the air releasing sound is heard, go to

If the air releasing sound is not heard,

If the air releasing sound is not heard, check the following.

Was the cap tightened properly?
If Yes, check fuel filler cap vacuum relief valve.
Refer to "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM", EC-20.
If No, open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and filler neck thread using air blower. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

OK

filler cap is not used, replace with genuine NIS-SAN fuel filler cap.

Repair or replace.

If genuine NISSAN fuel

EC

GI

MA

EM

LC

脬

CL

MT

AΤ

TF

FA

PD)

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ 

BR

ST

RS

BŢ HA

則

CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.

В

Never use compressed air or high

pressure pump. Improper installation of service port

may cause leaking. Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

1. Install the EVAP service port adapter

and the pressure pump securely.

Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUP-

PORT" mode with CONSULT. Touch "START" and apply vacuum into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph. Using EVAP leak detector,

locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.

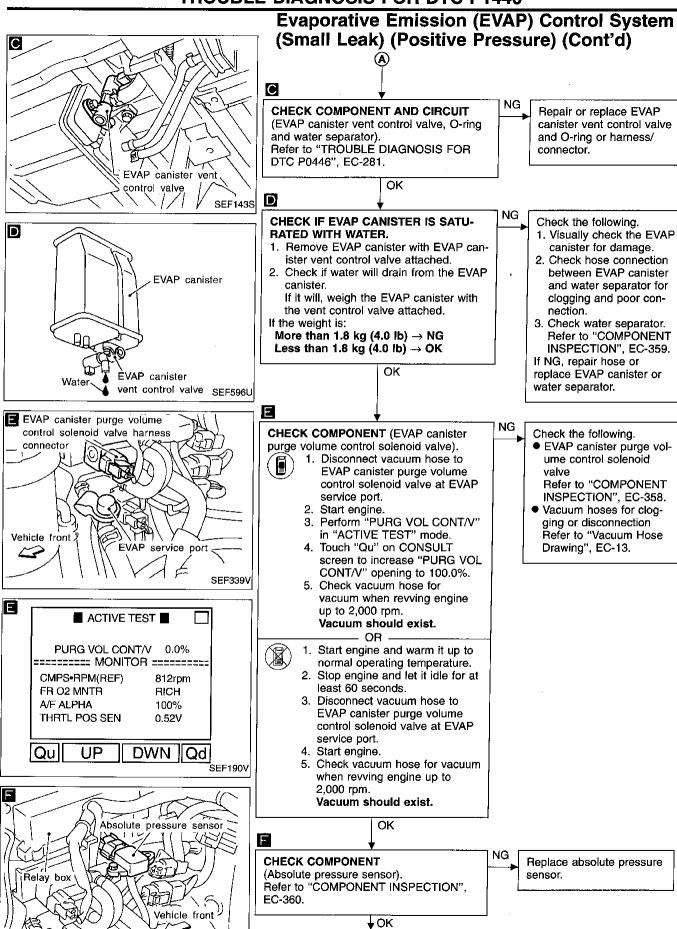
OR Turn ignition switch "OFF". Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)

4. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of

5. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg).

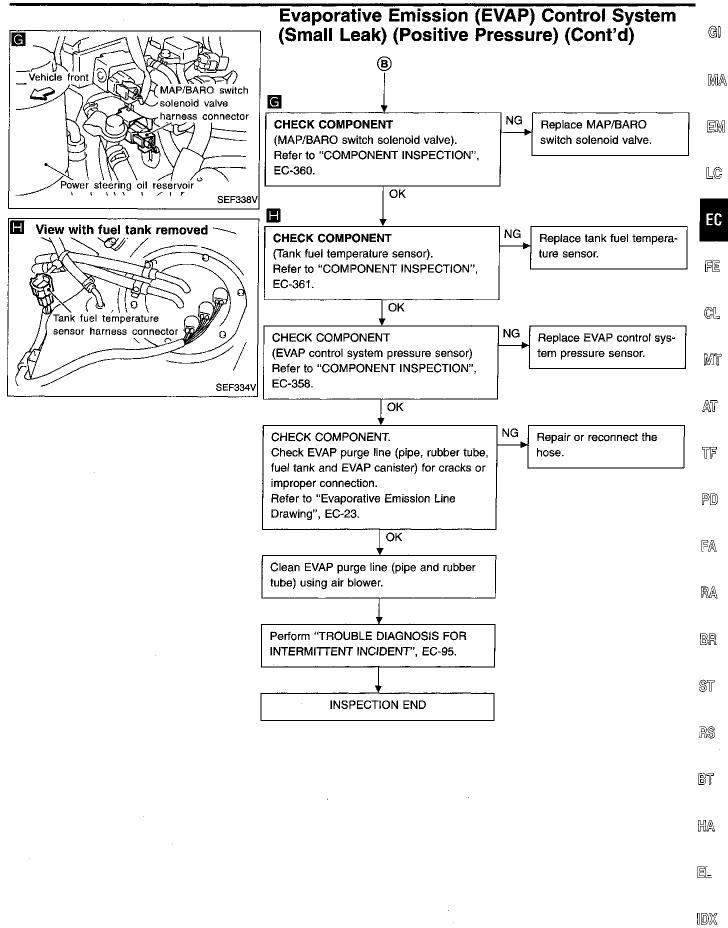
Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.

> **▼OK** (Go to next page.)

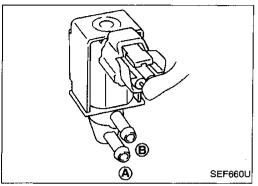


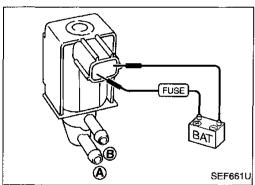
SEF328V

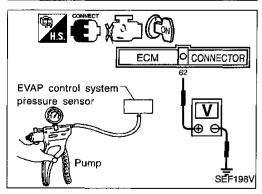
(Go to next page.)



#### 







# Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

## COMPONENT INSPECTION

## EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.
   If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
- 3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

OR



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

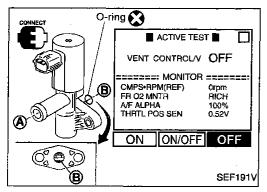
## **EVAP** control system pressure sensor

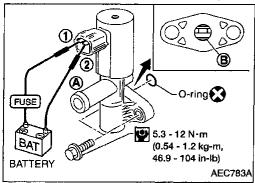
- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

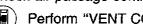




## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

## **EVAP** canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

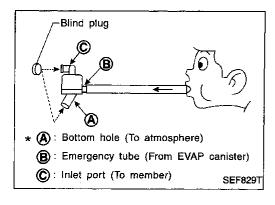
OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean EVAP canister vent control valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



### Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

GI

MA

EM

L(C

EC

FE

CL.

MT

TF

AT

PD

FA

BR

RA

Ø.1

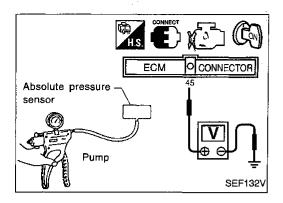
RS

BŢ

HA

ΞL

**EC-359** 517



## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

### Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 49 and engine ground.

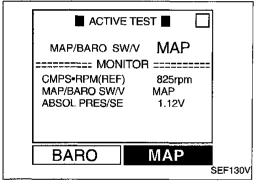
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

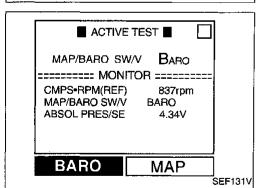
4. Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

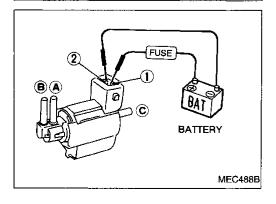
The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.







## MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
  - Condition: At idle under no-load
  - CONSULT display

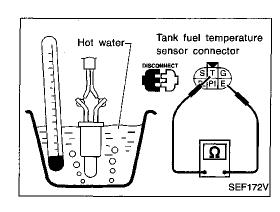
- CONSULT display		
MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
BARO	More than 2.6V	
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO	
Time for voltage to	change	
MAP/BARO SW/V	Required time to switch	
BARO to MAP	Lass than 1 assend	
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second	
4. If NG, check MAP/B shown below.	BARO switch solenoid valve as	
1. Remove MAP/BARO	••	



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.



## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

## Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water as shown in the figure or heat gun.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k $\Omega$
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

G[

EM

MA

LC

EC

\_\_\_

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

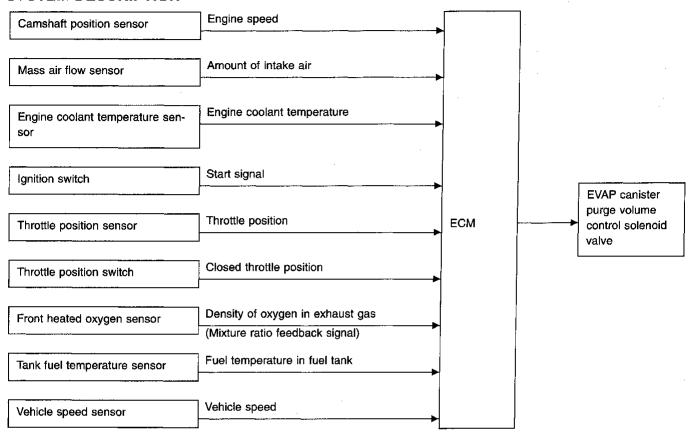
BT

HA

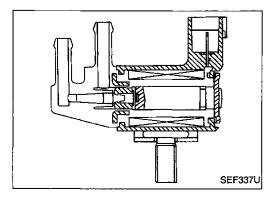
EL

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



## COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.

## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)**

## **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

Specification data are reference values.

PURG VOL C/V  • Engine: After warming up • Air conditioner switch "OFF" • No-load  • Loop in the condition of the condition o	MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
2,000 ipin (200 seconds after state		● Engine: After warming up	Idle	0%	ĒM
	PURG VOL C/V		•	_	LG

## **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	LG/R	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.  Ignition switch "OFF"  For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF"  A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
				BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
				(V) 20
5	R∕Y	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	Engine is running.  Idle speed	50 ms SEF109V
				(V) 20 10
				50 ms
67	B/P		The state of the s	BATTERY VOLTAGE
72	B/P	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)
117	B/P	Current return	Engine is running.  Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

GI

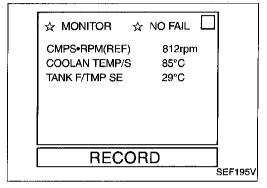
MA

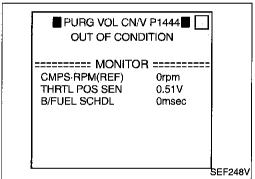
IDX

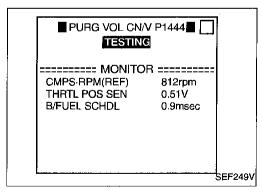
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

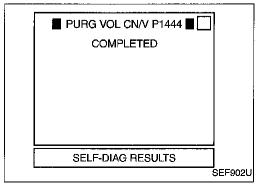
#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1444 0214	<ul> <li>The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.)</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>EVAP canister</li> <li>Hoses</li> <li>(Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.)</li> </ul>









## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

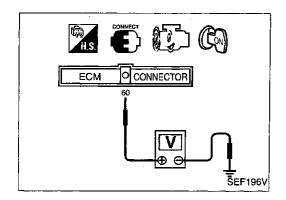
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

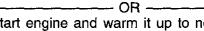
Always perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Check that TANK F/TMP SE is 0°C (32°F) or more.
- 6) Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 7) Touch "START".
- 8) Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CON-SULT changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 10 seconds.)
- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-367.



## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge** Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-

Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 (tank fuel temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than

Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.

5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-367.

- OR

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-

2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 (tank fuel temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than

3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.

5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

6) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-367.

G[

MA

LC

EC

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

RA

BR

ST

RS

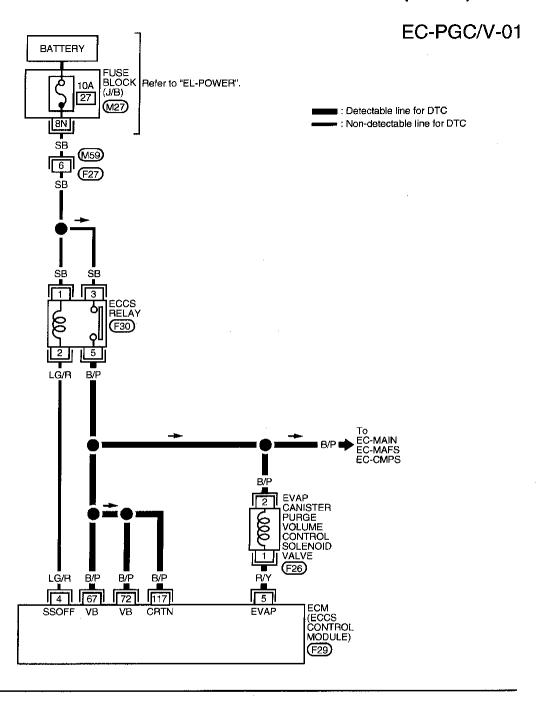
BT

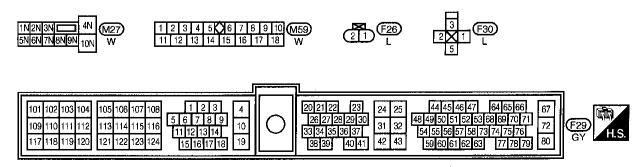
HA

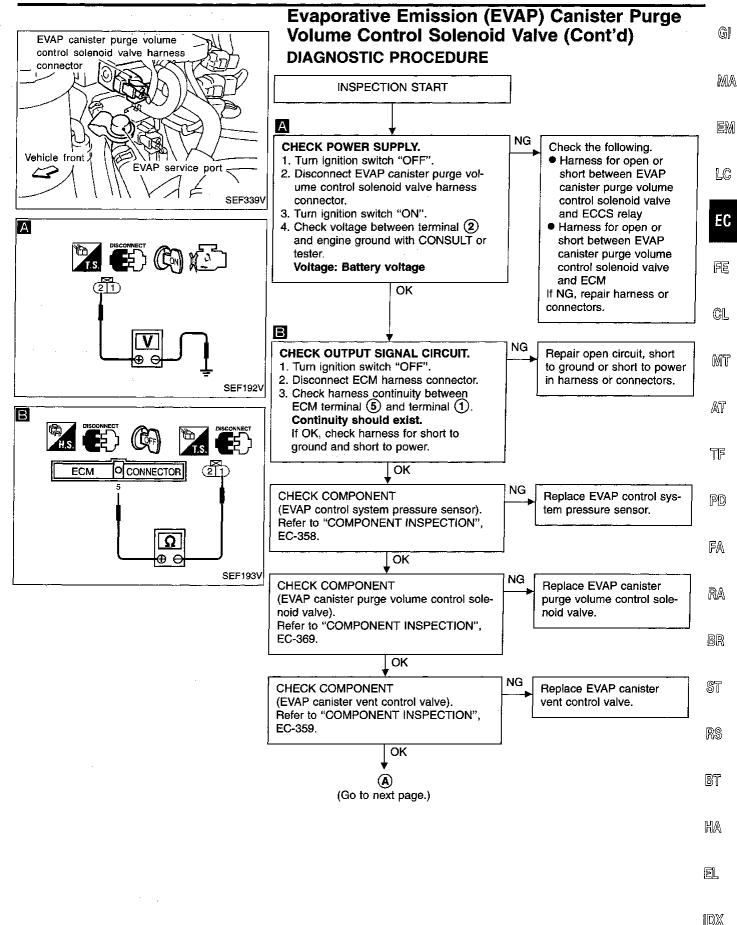
凮

IDX

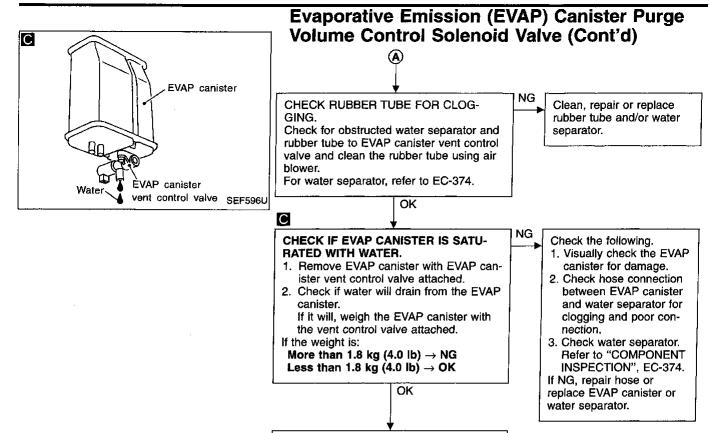
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)





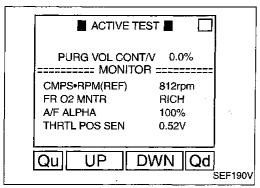


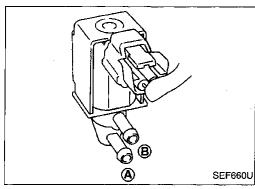
**EC-367** 525

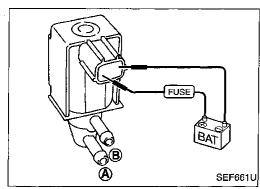


Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-95.

INSPECTION END







## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)** COMPONENT INSPECTION

## EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

1. Start engine. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.

3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid @L valve. - OR -



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	
No supply	No	

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

LC

G

MA





















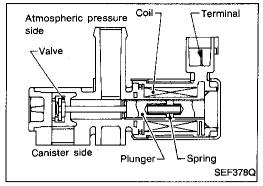


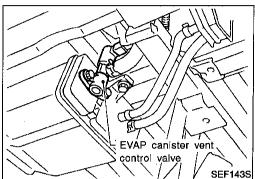












## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close)**

## **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V		OFF

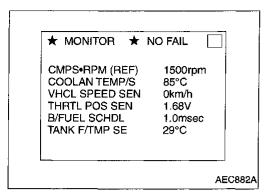
#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

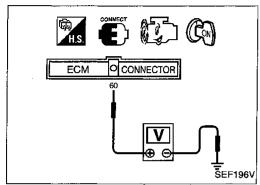
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	R/G	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1446 0215	EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	<ul> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit</li> <li>Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>Water separator</li> <li>EVAP canister is saturated with water.</li> </ul>





## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent** Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform at a temperature above 0°C (32°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
  - Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
  - 5) Check that TANK F/TMP SE is 0°C (32°F) or more.
  - 6) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a maximum of 15 minutes.
  - If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.

#### NOTE:

If a malfunction exists, NG result may be displayed quicker. - OR -



(NO TOOLS)

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 (tank fuel temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than
- 3) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 (tank fuel temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than
- 3) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.



国M

GI

MA

EC

FE CL

MT

AT

PD

FA

RA

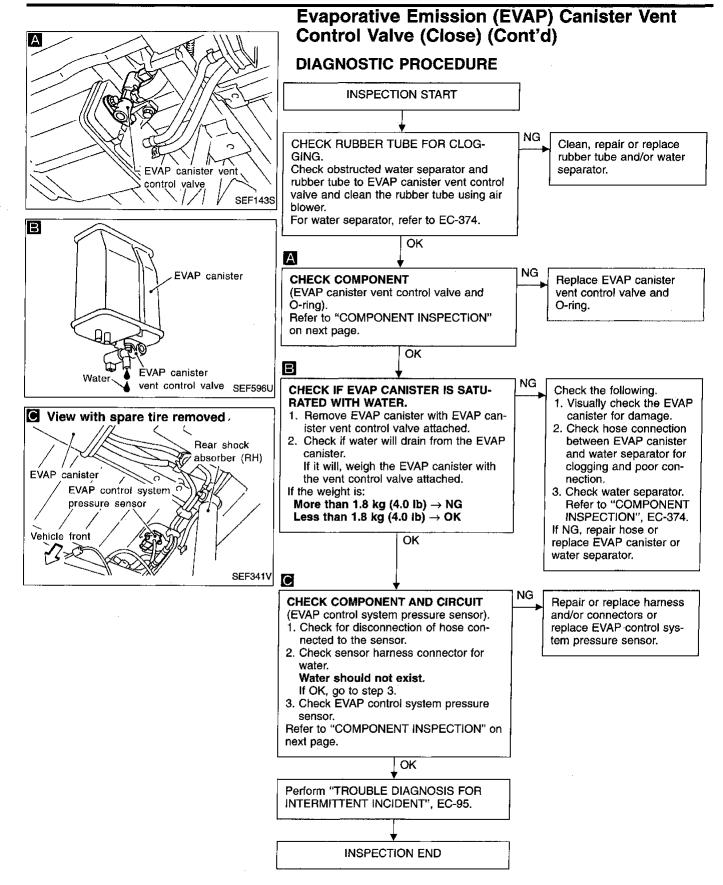
BR

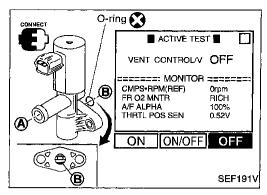
ST

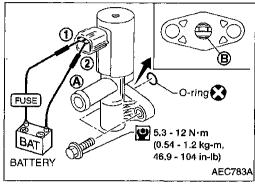
BT

HA









# Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### **EVAP** canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

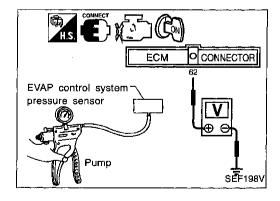
OR

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean EVAP canister vent control valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



## **EVAP** control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

MT

CL

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

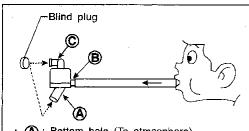
BR

ST

RS

87

HA



- \* (A): Bottom hole (To atmosphere)
  - **B**: Emergency tube (From EVAP canister)
  - C: Inlet port (To member)

SFF829T

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

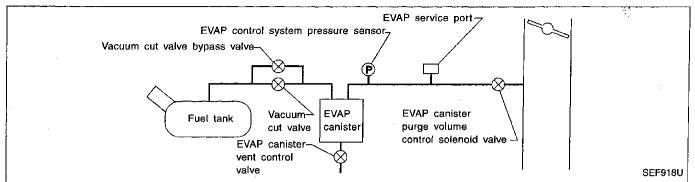
## Water separator

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.



## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring**

Note: If DTC P1447 is displayed with P0510, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-303.)



## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a fault is determined.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	PD
P1447 0111	EVAP control system does not operate properly.     EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor.	<ul> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube</li> </ul>	FA
		Blocked rubber tube     Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve	RA
		Cracked EVAP canister     EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit     Clessed through position switch	BR
	<del>-</del> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Closed throttle position switch Blocked purge port EVAP canister vent control valve	ST

**G**[]

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

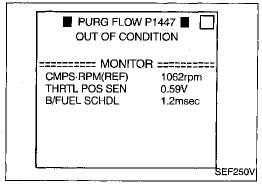
RS

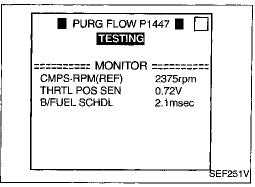
BT

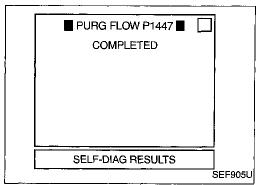
MA

EL

IDX







## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)**

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 4) Select "PURG FLOW P1447" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 32 - 120 km/h (20 - 75 MPH)

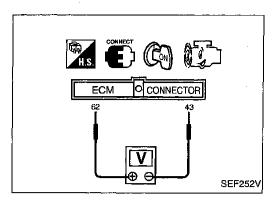
CMPS·RPM (REF): 500 - 3,100 rpm B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.6 - 3.5 msec

Engine coolant temperature: 70 - 100°C (158 -

212°F)

If "TESTING" does not change for a long time, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-378.



## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)**

OR

## **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Lift up drive wheels.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and wait at least 60 seconds.
- Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals @ (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and 43 (ground).
- 6) Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed.
- r) Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch: ON Steering wheel: Fully turned

Headlamp switch: ON

Engine speed: Approx. 3,000 rpm

Gear position: M/T models

Any position other than "Neutral" or "Reverse"

A/T models

Any position other than "P", "N" or "R"

Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed for at least 1 second.

 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" on next page. ı 🙈

LC

MA

EM

EC

FE CL

MT

**/**≜\.l

וור

PD

FA

RA

BR ST

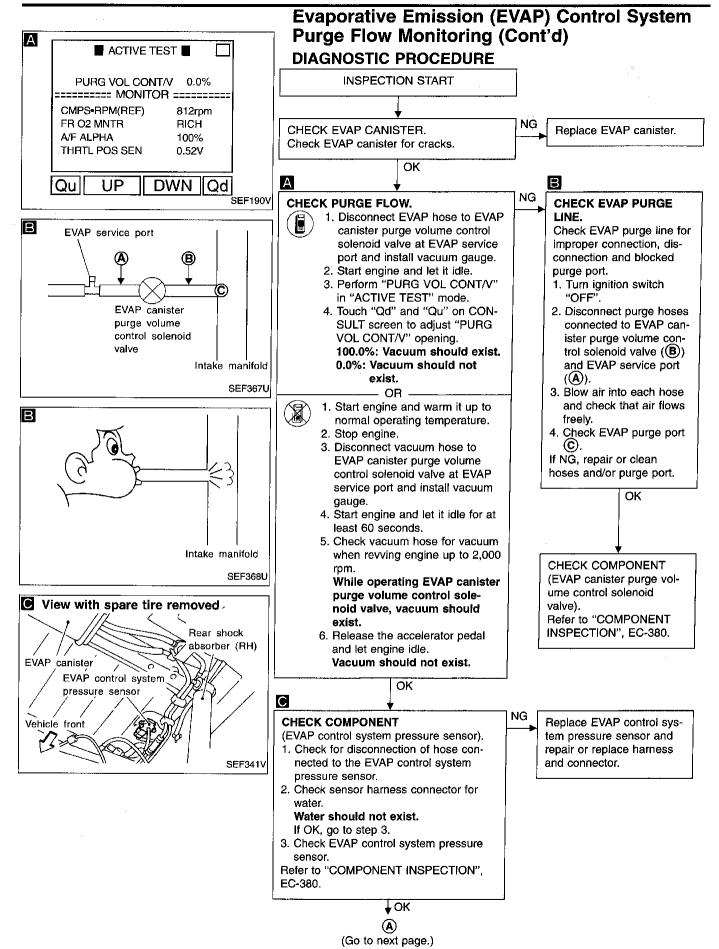
RS

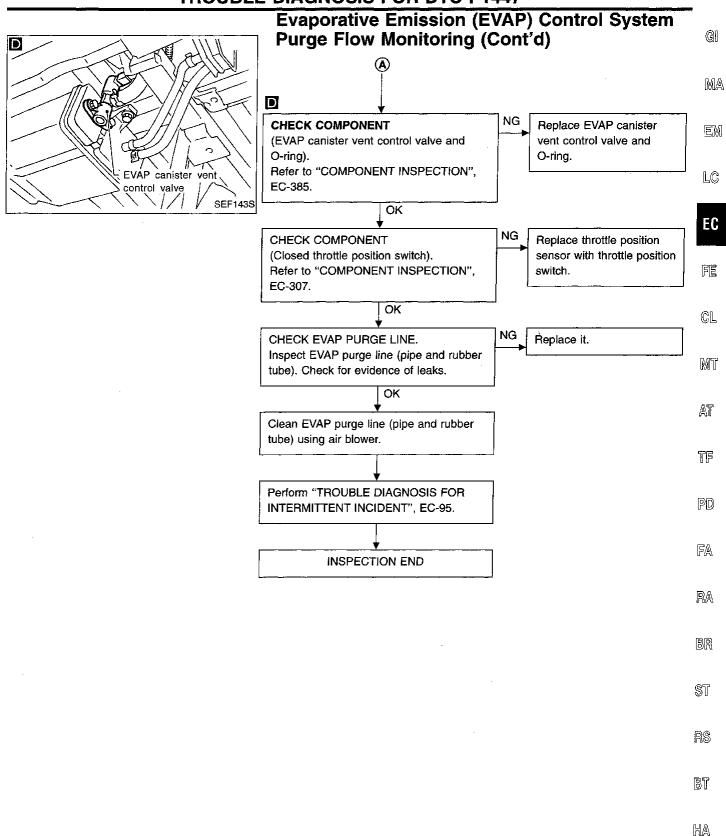
BT

HA

EL

IDX



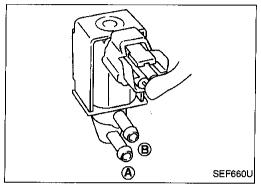


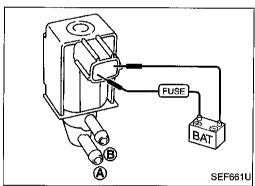
**EC-379** 537

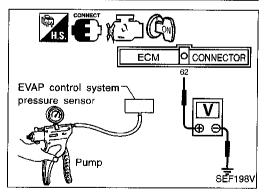
凮

IDX

#### 







## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)**

## **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

## **EVAP** canister purge volume control solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.
   If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
- 3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

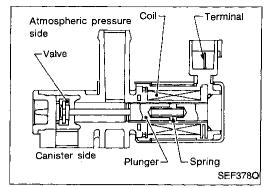
## **EVAP** control system pressure sensor

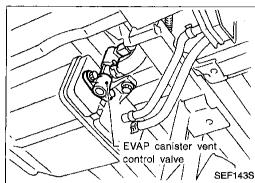
- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.





## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open)**

## **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

#### NOTE:

If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0440 or P1440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	R/G	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	<b>.</b> §
P1448 0309	EVAP canister vent control valve remains opened under specified driving conditions.	<ul> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>Water separator</li> <li>EVAP canister is saturated with water</li> <li>Vacuum cut valve</li> </ul>	R. B1
			. 14

EC-381

539

MA

**G** 

LC

FE

EC

CL

MT

AT

PD

TF

FA

RA

BR

配

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0440 or P1440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR"
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 70°C (32 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 60°C (32 140°F)
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

#### NOTE:

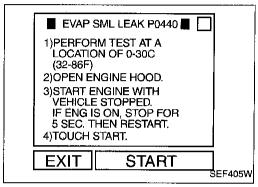
- If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest.
   (Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)
- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT screen, go to "Basic Inspection", EC-71.
- The engine idle portion of this test (See illustration at left.) will take approximately 5 minutes.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

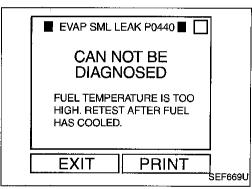
  If "NG" is displayed, go to the following step.

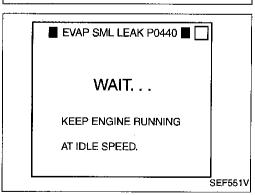
#### NOTE

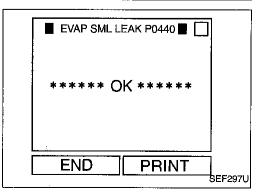
Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

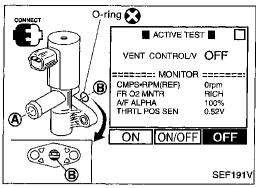
- 7) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 8) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- Select "VENT CONTROL/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 10) Touch "ON" and "OFF" alternately.

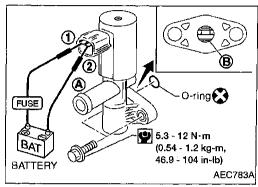












## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)**

11) Make sure of the following.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes
With the William Control of the Cont	

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-384.

If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-268.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

- 1) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
  - 3) Verify the following.

Condition	Air passage continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-384.

If the result is OK, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-265.

Gi

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT TF

FA RA

BR

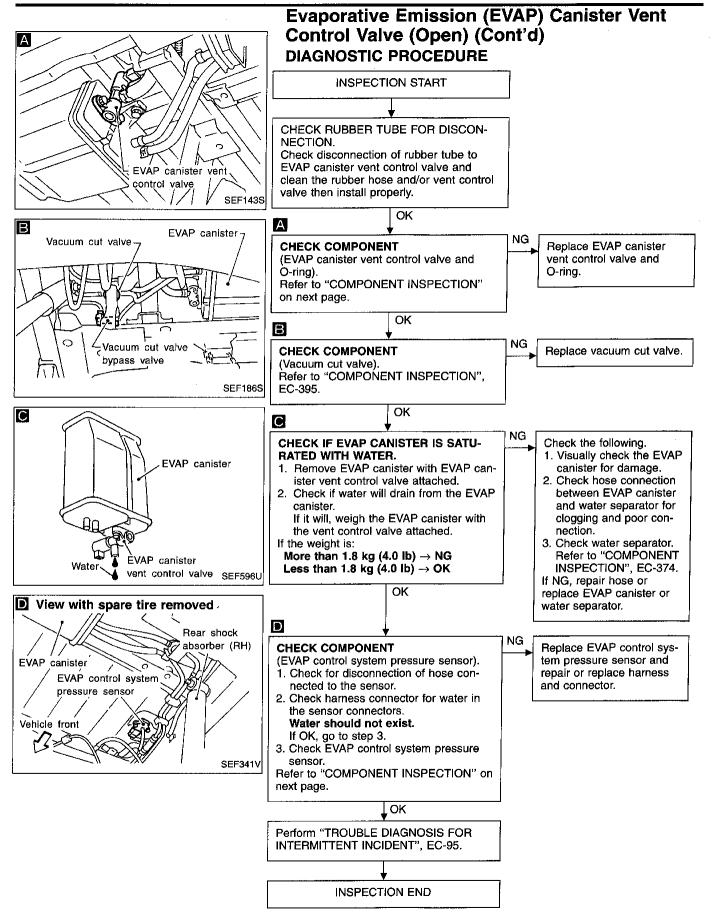
ST

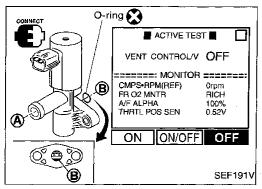
RS

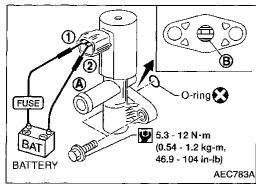
BT

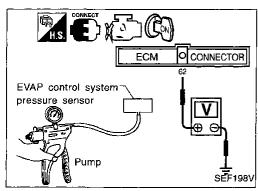
HA

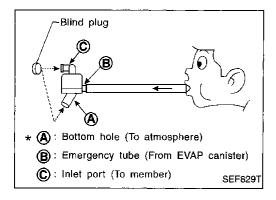
**EC-383** 541











## **Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent** Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	
	JR	

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
lo supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean EVAP canister vent control valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

## EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine around.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)	
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6	
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6	

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

### Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in water separator air inlet.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

543 EC-385

MA

G

LC

EC

FE

 $\mathbb{G}$ 

MT

AT

TF

FA

RA

BR

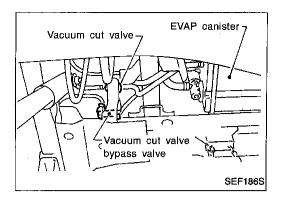
RS

BT

HA

EL

DX



## **Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit)**

### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

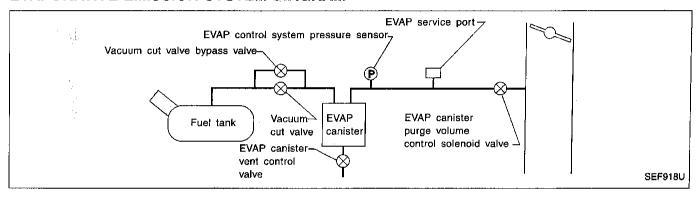
The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

#### **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM**



### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
120	P/B	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

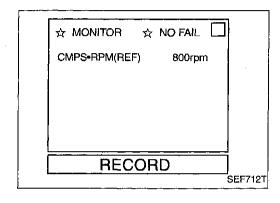
### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P1490 0801	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through vacuum cut valve bypass valve.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The vacuum cut valve bypass valve circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Vacuum cut valve bypass valve</li> </ul>	

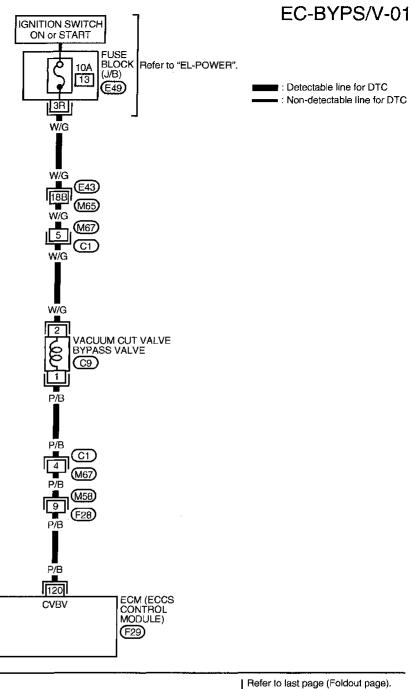
## **TROUBLE**

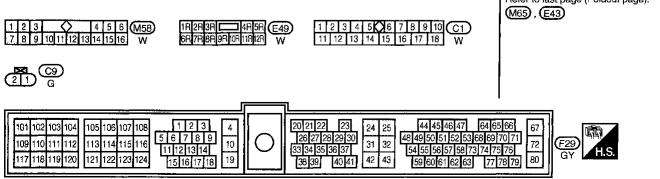
DIAG	inc	OSIS FOR DTC P1490	
	ıur	n Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit)	GI
PRO	CEL	STIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION DURE	MA
DURE	AGI '' h h "C	NOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE- as been previously conducted, always turn ignition OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting	EM
TEST Befor	ING e pe	CONDITION: erforming the following procedure, confirm battery more than 11V at idle.	LC
	1)	Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.	EC
		Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.  If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-389.	FE
	1) 2)	Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds. Select "MODE 7" with GST.	CL
	3)	If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-389.	MT
TOOLS	1) 2)		AT
	3)	Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.	T

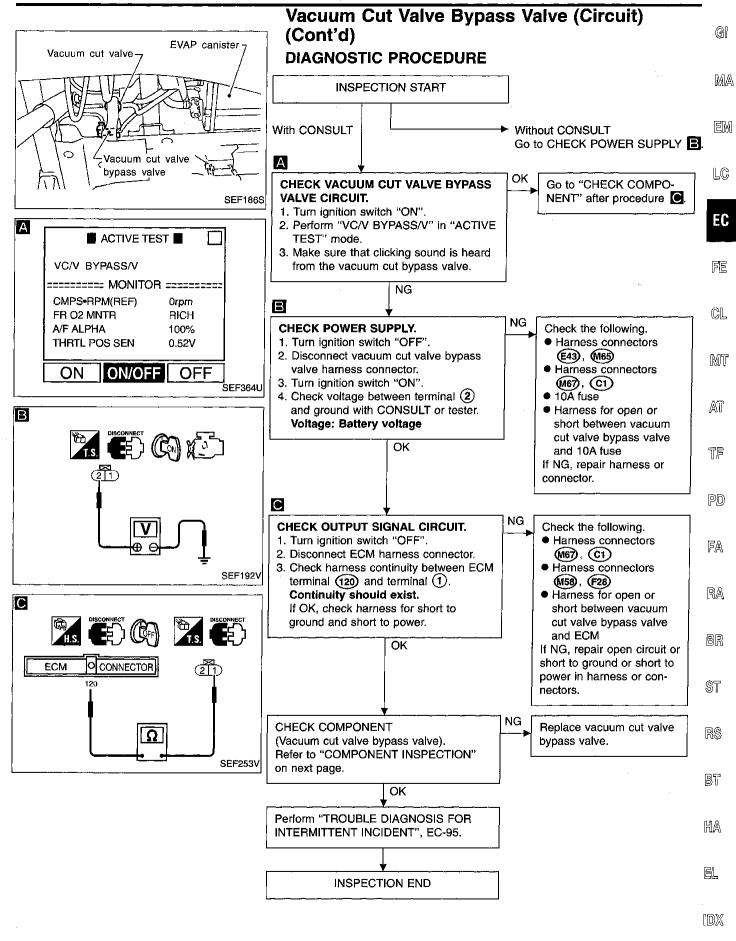
PROCEDURE", EC-389.



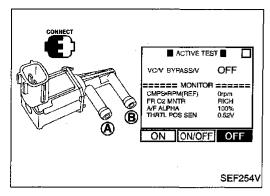
## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

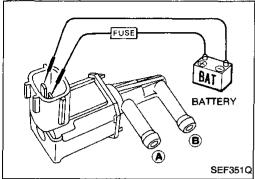






EC-389





## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

## **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

## Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

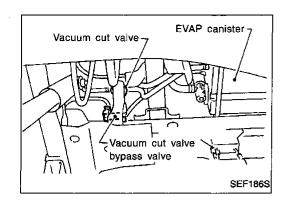
Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	Yes
OFF	No
<b>8</b>	
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
Condition  12V direct current supply between terminals	

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.



## **Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve**

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

## EC

FE

MT

AT

PD

RA

BR

ST

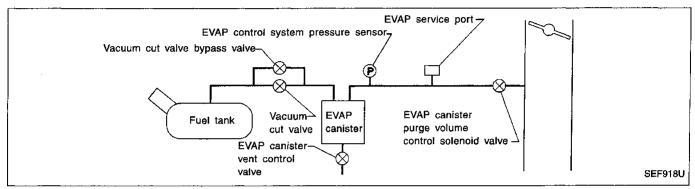
RS

LC

G

MA

## **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM**



## **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF	FA

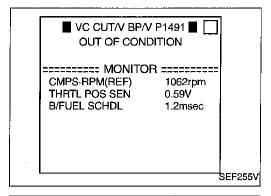
### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

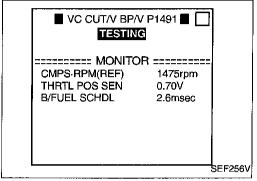
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 32 (ECM ground).

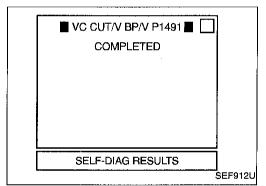
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
120	P/B	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check ftems (Possible Cause)	657
P1491 0311	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve does not operate properly.	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve Vacuum cut valve Bypass hoses for clogging EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve Hose between fuel tank and vacuum cut valve clogged Hose between vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister clogged EVAP canister	BT HA EL







# Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Always perform at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 5) Select "VC CUT/V BP/V P1491" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,000 - 3,000 rpm (A/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.2 - 3.4 msec

- if "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).
- 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-394.

## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

- OR ----

## **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**



1) Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.

2) Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).

3) Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).

4) Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).

5) Supply battery voltage to the terminal.

 Blow air in port (A) and check that air flows freely out of port (B).

7) Blow air in port (B) and check that air flows freely out of port (A).

8) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" on next page.

G1

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

at Tf

(PD)

FA

RA

BR

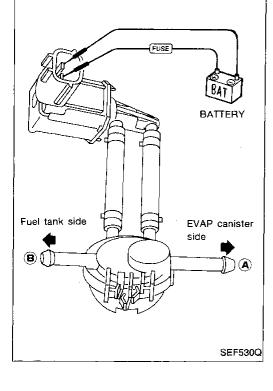
\$T

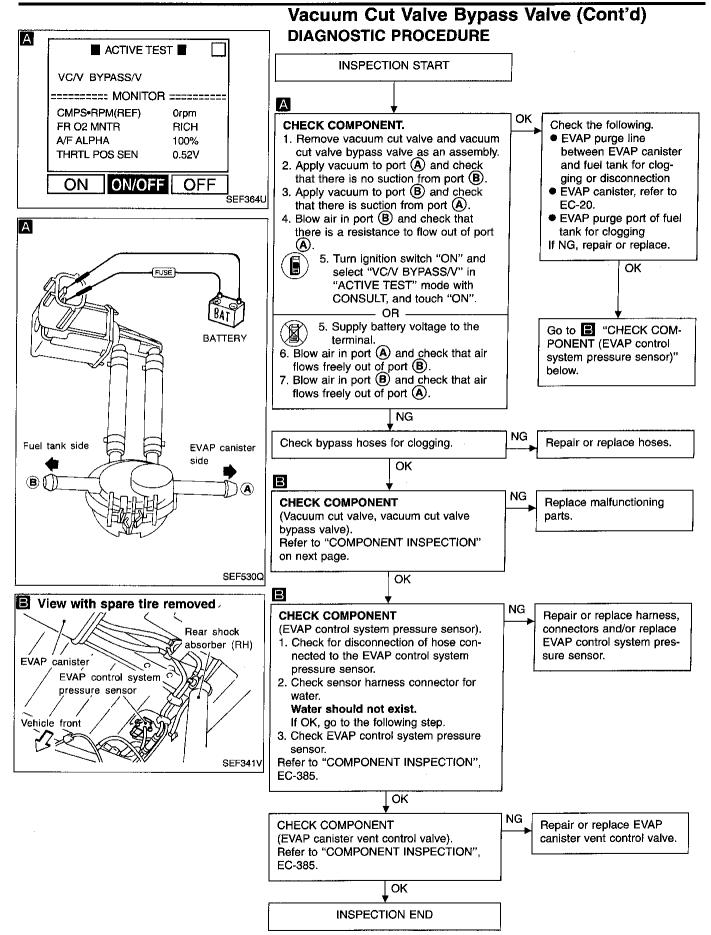
RS

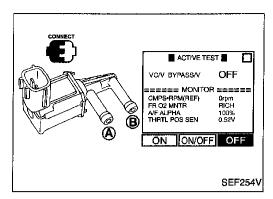
BT

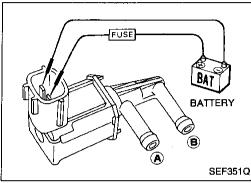
HA

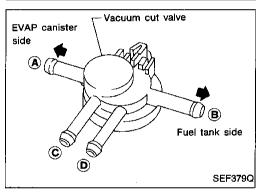
EL











# Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

## Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VC/V RVPA

Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	Yes
OFF	No
	1 1

OR

Condition

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)

12V direct current supply between terminals

No supply

No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

#### Vacuum cut valve

Check vacuum cut valve as follows:

1. Plug port © and D with fingers.

2. Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).

4. Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).

5. Open port © and D.

6. Blow air in port (A) check that air flows freely out of port (C).

7. Blow air in port (a) check that air flows freely out of port (b). If NG, replace vacuum cut valve.

LC

GI

MA

EC

FE

GL

MT

AT

PD.

FA

RA

BR

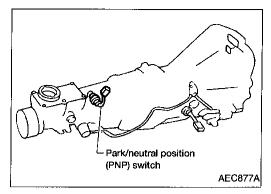
ST

RS

BT

HA

EL



# Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

When the gear position is "P" (A/T models only) or "N", park/ neutral position (PNP) switch is "ON".

ECM detects the park/neutral position when continuity with ground exists.

For A/T models, the park/neutral position (PNP) switch assembly also includes a transmission range switch to detect selector lever position.

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	• Implies quitals Of	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
	Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF

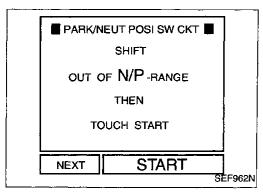
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

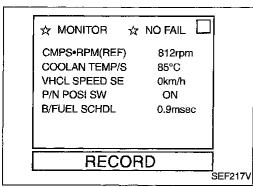
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

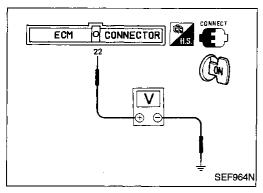
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
22	L/B	Park/neutral position	Ignition switch "ON"  Gear position is "N" or "P".	Approximately 0V
	DB	(PNP) switch	Ignition switch "ON"  Except the above gear position	Approximately 5V

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1706 1003	<ul> <li>The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driving.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Park/neutral position (PNP) switch</li> </ul>







## Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

**CAUTION:** 

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)

Perform "PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT" in "FUNCTION 2) TEST" mode with CONSULT. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399. If OK, go to following step.

Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

OR ·

Position (Selector lever)	Known good signal
"N" and "P" (A/T only) position	ON
Except the above position	OFF

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399. If OK, go to following step.

- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,700 rpm (A/T) 1.800 - 3.200 rpm (M/T)

COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.8 msec

VHCL SPEED SE: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399.

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Check voltage between ECM terminal 22 and body ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage (V) (Known good data)	- Bi
"P" (A/T only) and "N" position	Approx. 0	_
Except the above position	Approx. 5	- Ha

3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399.

EC-397 555

EC

**G**[]

MA

EM

LC.

CL

MT

AT

PD

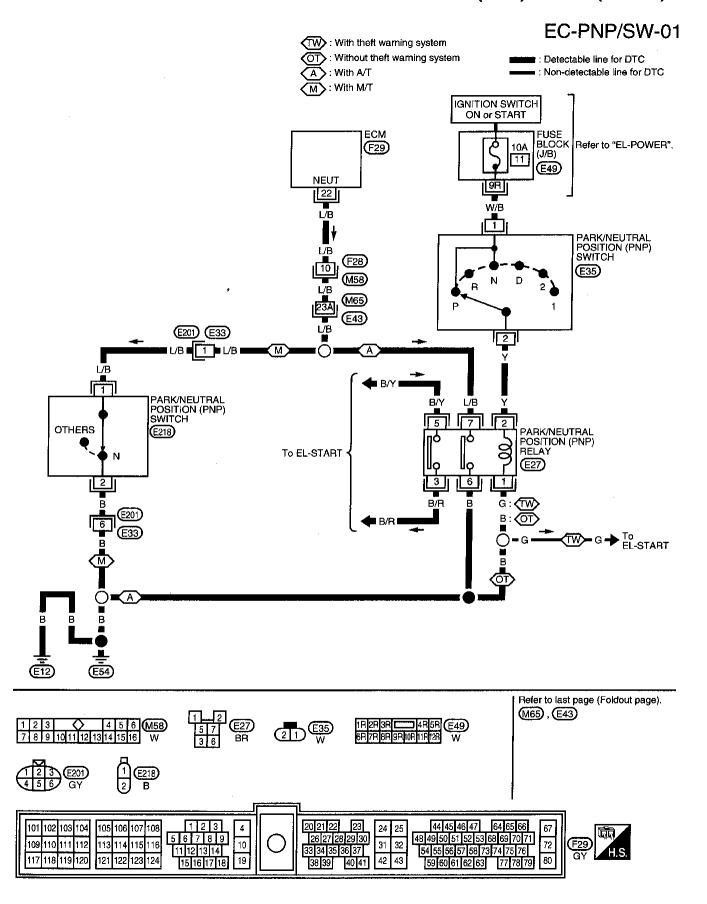
FA

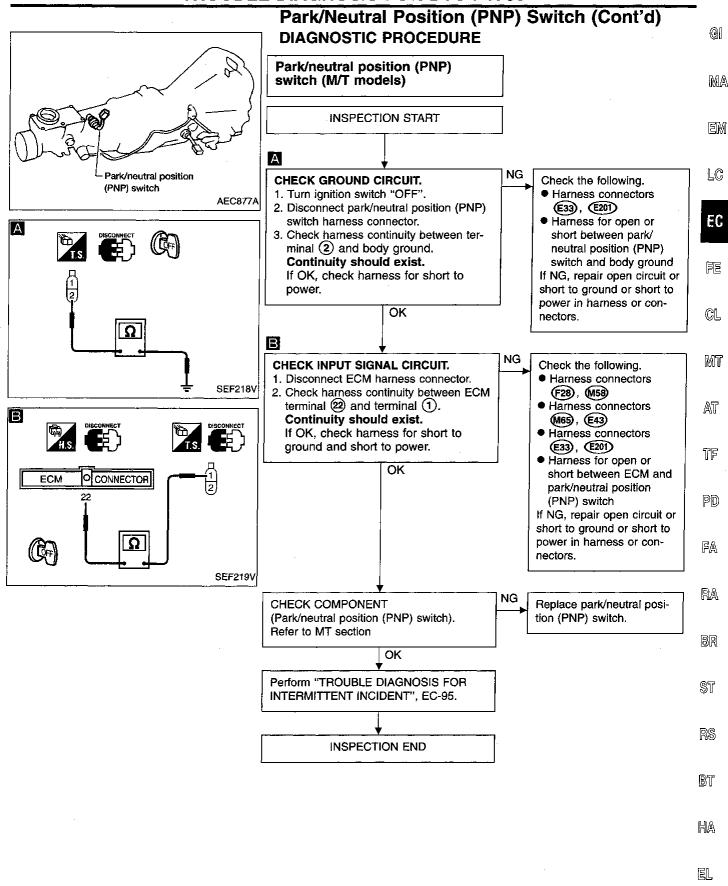
RA

BR

EL

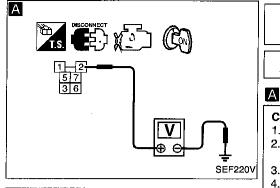
# Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd)

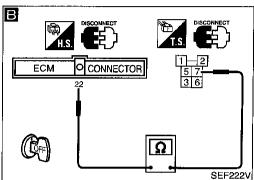


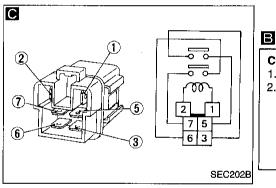


**EC-399** 557

# Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd) Park/neutral position (PNP) switch (A/T models)







**INSPECTION START** 

#### **CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect park/neutral position (PNP) switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between terminal (2) and ground with CONSULT or tester. Voltage: Battery voltage

OK

Check the following.

- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between park/ neutral position (PNP) switch and 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between park/ neutral position (PNP) relay and park/neutral position (PNP) switch If NG, repair harness or connectors.

Loĸ

CHECK COMPONENT (Park/neutral position (PNP) switch). Refer to AT section. If NG, replace park/neutral position (PNP) switch.

#### CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 22 and park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal (7). Continuity should exist. If OK, check harness for short to

ground and short to power.

QΚ

Check the following.

NG

- Harness\_connectors (F28), (M58)
- Harness connectors (M65), (E43)
- Harness for open or short between ECM and park/neutral position (PNP) relay

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

**PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION (PNP)** 

C

- 1. Apply 12V direct current between park/ neutral position (PNP) relay terminals (1) and (2).
- 2. Check continuity between park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminals 3 and 5, 6 and 7.
  - 12V (1 2) applied: Continuity should exist. No voltage applied:

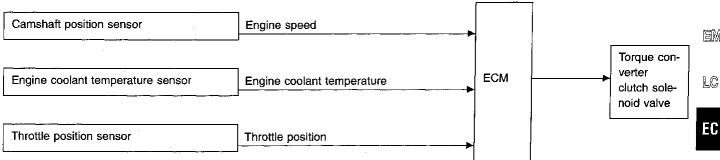
Continuity should not exist.

OK Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-95. INSPECTION END

Replace park/neutral position (PNP) relay.

# Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Circuit)

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM controls torque converter clutch solenoid valve to cancel the lock-up condition of A/T. When the solenoid valve is turned on, lock-up is cancelled. When the solenoid valve is turned off, A/T lock-up is operational.

#### Conditions for lock-up cancel:

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve is turned "ON" when:

- Throttle valve is fully closed (during idling or deceleration)
- Engine coolant temperature is below 40°C (104°F)
- Engine is stopped

#### Conditions for lock-up operation:

Under 55 to 63 km/h (34 to 39 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up does not operate even when the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

Over 58 to 66 km/h (36 to 41 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up should operate because the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

To confirm vehicle lock-up, the torque converter clutch solenoid valve must be in operation ("ON" during idle and deceleration, and "OFF" during acceleration) and engine speed should drop.

When the accelerator pedal is depressed (less than 2/8) in lock-up, the engine speed should not change abruptly. If there is a big jump in engine speed, there will be no lock-up.

# CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

	<u>,</u>			
MONITOR ITEM	CONI	DITION	SPECIFICATION	Ī.
TCC SOLV	Freign Affectuarying up	Idle	ON	L
	Engine: After warming up	2,000 rpm	OFF	

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (2) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	- 01 RS
445	1.00	Torque converter clutch	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 1V	- II
115	LY	solenoid valve (A/T mod- els only)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	- HA

IDX

EC-401 559

MA

**G**[

FE

MT

AT

TF

PD)

RA

FA

BR

ST

S

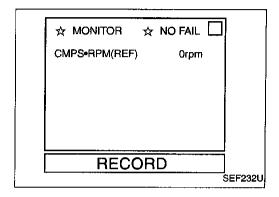
A

킲

# **Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve** (Circuit) (Cont'd)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1775 0904	<ul> <li>An excessively low voltage from the solenoid is sent to ECM.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The circuit is open or shorted.)     </li> <li>Torque converter clutch solenoid valve</li> </ul>



#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404. - OR -



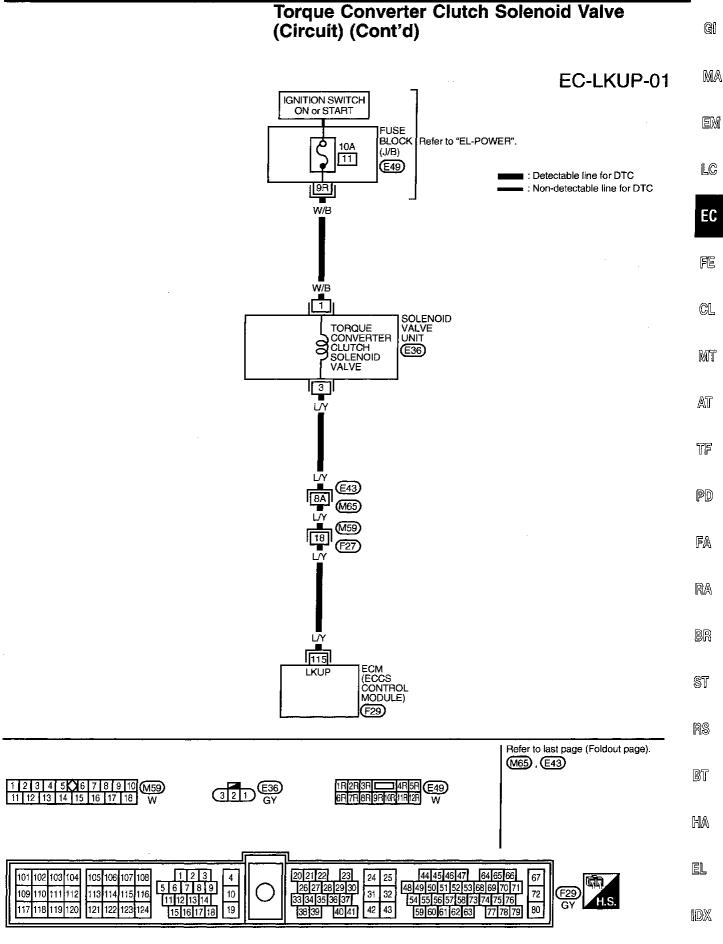
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.



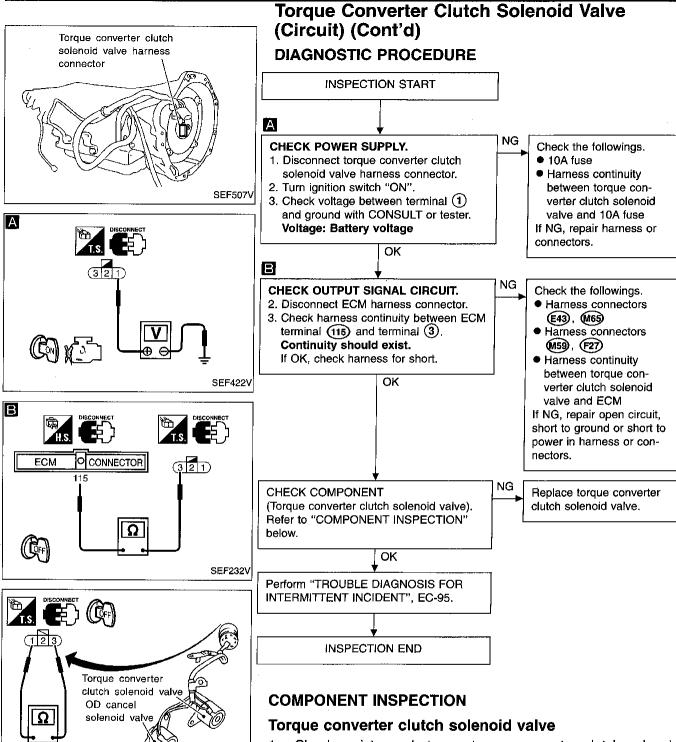
Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.

OR ·

- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.



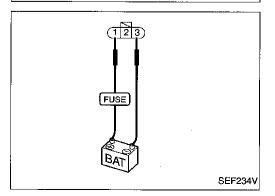
AEC546A



1. Check resistance between torque converter clutch solenoid valve terminals (1) and (3).

Resistance: Approximately 25Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

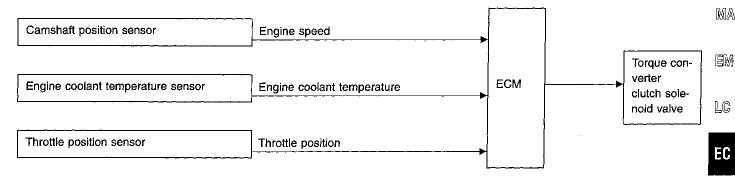
- 2. Remove torque converter clutch solenoid valve. Refer to "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE" in AT section.
- Supply the solenoid valve terminals ① and ③ with battery voltage and check the solenoid valve operation.
   Torque converter clutch solenoid valve should be oper-
- 4. If NG, replace torque converter clutch solenoid valve.



SEF233V

# **Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve**

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM controls torque converter clutch solenoid valve to cancel the lock-up condition of A/T. When the solenoid valve is **turned on**, lock-up is **cancelled**. When the solenoid valve is turned off, A/T lock-up is operational.

#### Conditions for lock-up cancel:

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve is turned "ON" when;

- Throttle valve is fully closed (during idling or deceleration)
- Engine coolant temperature is below 40°C (104°F)
- Engine is stopped

#### Conditions for lock-up operation:

 Under 55 to 63 km/h (34 to 39 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up does not operate even when the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

 Over 58 to 66 km/h (36 to 41 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up should operate because the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

To confirm vehicle lock-up, the torque converter clutch solenoid valve must be in operation ("ON" during idle and deceleration, and "OFF" during acceleration) and engine speed should drop.

When the accelerator pedal is depressed (less than 2/8) in lock-up, the engine speed should not change abruptly. If there is a big jump in engine speed, there will be no lock-up.

#### **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
TCC SOL/V ● Engine: A	● Engine: After warming up	Idle	ON	Ē
100 3004	Engine: After warming up	2,000 rpm	OFF	ū

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
445	Torque converter clutch	Engine is running.  Idle speed	Approximately 1V	
115	LY	solenoid valve (A/T mod- els only)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)  Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

563

GI

CL

MT

TF

PD)

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

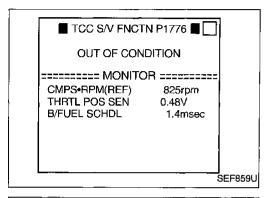
HA

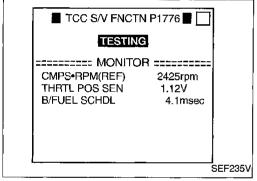
EL

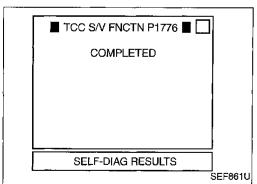
# Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1776 0513	<ul> <li>A/T torque converter slip is occurred in lock-up condition.</li> </ul>	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve A/T hydraulic control system Torque converter







# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Select "TCC S/V FNCTN P1776" of "A/T (TCC S/V)" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

Selector lever: D (OD "ON")

Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

CMPS·RPM (REF): Less than 2,150 rpm (Single cab

model)

Less than 2,300 rpm (King cab

model)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 5 msec

THRTL POS SEN: Less than 1.3V

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-408.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR

2) Perform test drive in "D" position (OD "ON") at least 20 consecutive seconds under the following conditions.

## **Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve** (Cont'd)

Engine speed: Less than 2,150 rpm (Single cab

model)

Less than 2,300 rpm (King cab

model)

Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

Select MODE 7 with GST.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Perform test drive in "D" position (OD "ON") at least 20 consecutive seconds under the following conditions.

Engine speed: Less than 2,150 rpm (Single cab model)

Less than 2,300 rpm (King cab model)

Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

- 3) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE" on next page.

EC

(G)

MA

EM

LC

CL

MT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

ST

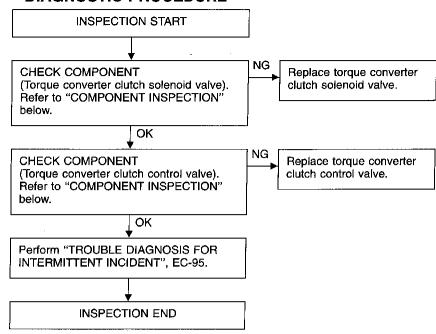
RS

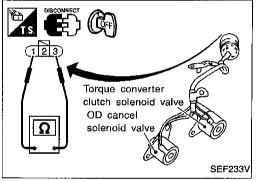
BT

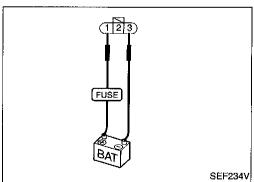
MA

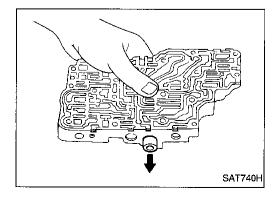
# Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**









#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

#### Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

1. Check resistance between torque converter clutch solenoid valve terminals (1) and (3).

Resistance: Approximately 25Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

- 2. Remove torque converter clutch solenoid valve. Refer to "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE" in AT section.
- 3. Supply the solenoid valve terminals ① and ③ with battery voltage and check the solenoid valve operation.

  Torque converter clutch solenoid valve should be operated.
- 4. If NG, replace torque converter clutch solenoid valve.

#### Torque converter clutch control valve

- Disassemble torque converter clutch control valve assembly. Refer to "REPAIR FOR COMPONENT PARTS" on AT section.
- Check torque converter clutch control valve.
  - Valve, and sleeve slide along valve bore under their own weight.
  - Valve, and sleeve are free from burrs, dents and scratches.
  - Control valve springs are free from damage, deformation and fatique.
  - Hydraulic line is free from obstacles.
- 3. If NG, replace torque converter clutch control valve.

#### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

#### Overheat

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, the engine coolant temperature will rise.

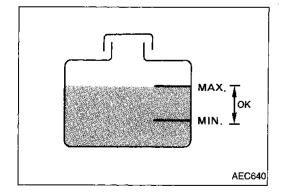
When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic trouble code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
OVERHEAT 0208	Engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Cooling fan</li> <li>Radiator hose</li> <li>Radiator</li> <li>Radiator cap</li> <li>Water pump</li> <li>Thermostat</li> <li>For more information, refer to "MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING", EC-411.</li> </ul>

#### **CAUTION:**

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant following the procedure in the MA section ("Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE"). Also, replace the engine oil.

- a. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute like pouring coolant by kettle. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA section ("Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio", "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS").
- b. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.



#### **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

#### WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" on next page.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE" on next page.

MA

G

LC

厚M

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

BR

RA

ST

RS

BT

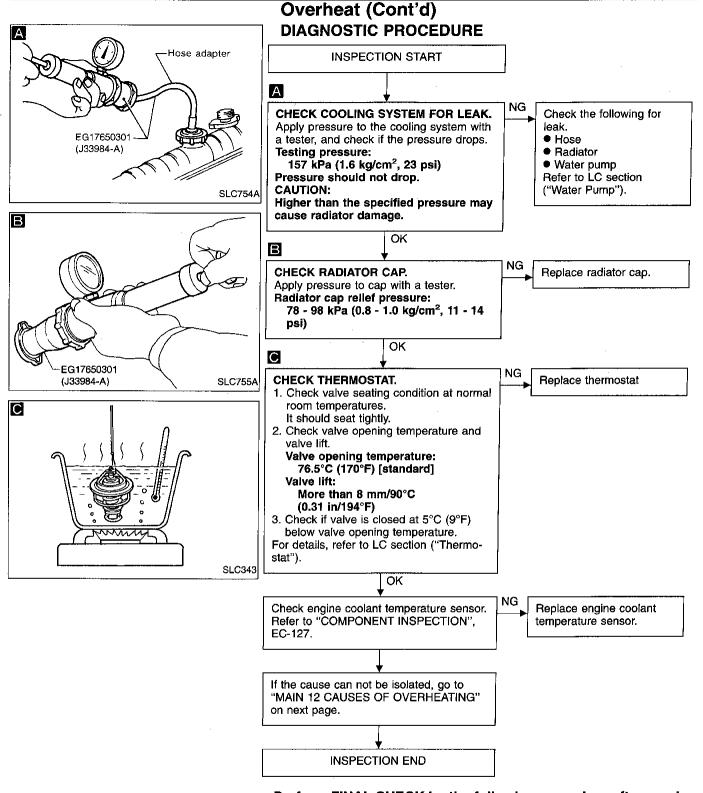
HA

DE 1

EL

IDX

#### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT



# Perform FINAL CHECK by the following procedure after repair is completed.

- 1. Warm up engine. Run the vehicle for at least 20 minutes. Pay attention to engine coolant temperature gauge on the instrument panel. If the reading shows an abnormally high temperature, another part may be malfunctioning.
- 2. Stop vehicle and let engine idle. Check the intake and exhaust systems for leaks by listening for noise or visually inspecting the components.
- 3. Allow engine to cool and visually check for oil and coolant leaks. Then, perform "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK".

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

# Overheat (Cont'd)

## **MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING**

					<del></del>	_
Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page	
OFF	1	<ul> <li>Blocked radiator</li> <li>Blocked condenser</li> <li>Blocked radiator grille</li> <li>Blocked bumper</li> </ul>	● Visual	No blocking	_	M/ EN
;	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	See "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRI-CANTS" in MA section.	L©
	3	● Coolant level	● Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.	EC
	4	● Radiator cap	Pressure tester	78 - 98 kPa (0.8 - 1.0 kg/cm², 11 - 14 psi) 59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.	- FE CL
ON*2	5	Coolant leaks	Visual	No leaks	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.	- MT
ON*2	6	● Thermostat	Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	See "Thermostat" and "Radiator", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.	- AT - TF
ON*1	7	• Cooling fan	• CONSULT	Operating	See "Cooling Fan", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.	PD
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative		
ON*3	9	Coolant temperature gauge	Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_	- FA
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	● Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.	R.A BR
OFF*4	10	Coolant return from res- ervoir tank to radiator	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	See "ENGINE MAINTE- NANCE" in MA section.	•
OFF	11	Cylinder head	Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER HEAD" in EM section.	ST RS
	12	Cylinder block and pistons	● Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER BLOCK" in EM section.	 BT

**EC-411** 

G







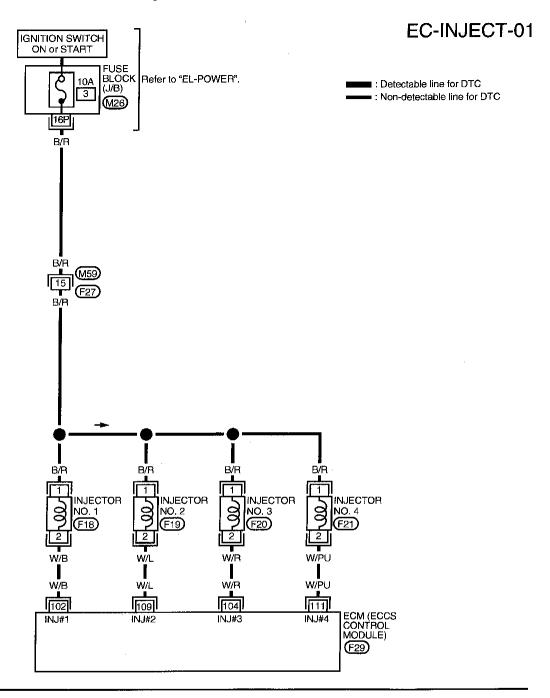
569

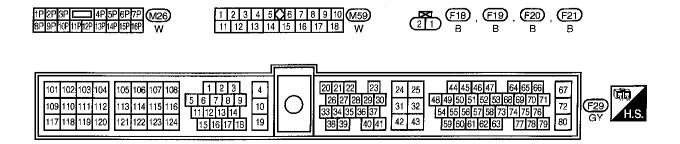
<sup>\*1:</sup> Turn the ignition switch ON.
\*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.
\*3: Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

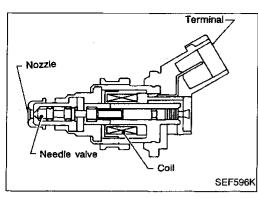
<sup>\*4:</sup> After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" in LC section.

# Injector







# Injector (Cont'd) **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

GI

MA

国M

LC

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102	W/B	Injector No. 1	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40
104	W/R	Injector No. 3	└─ Idle speed	20 0 20ms SEF204T
109	W/L	Injector No. 2	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40
111	W/PU	Injector No. 4	Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	20 0 20ms SEF205T

EC

FE

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

RA

BR

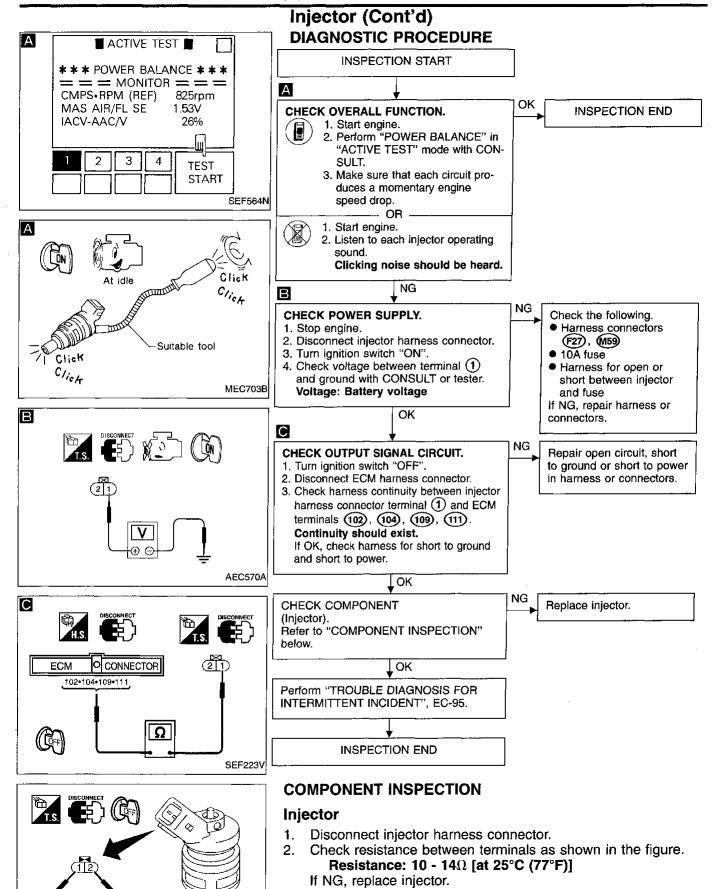
ST

RS

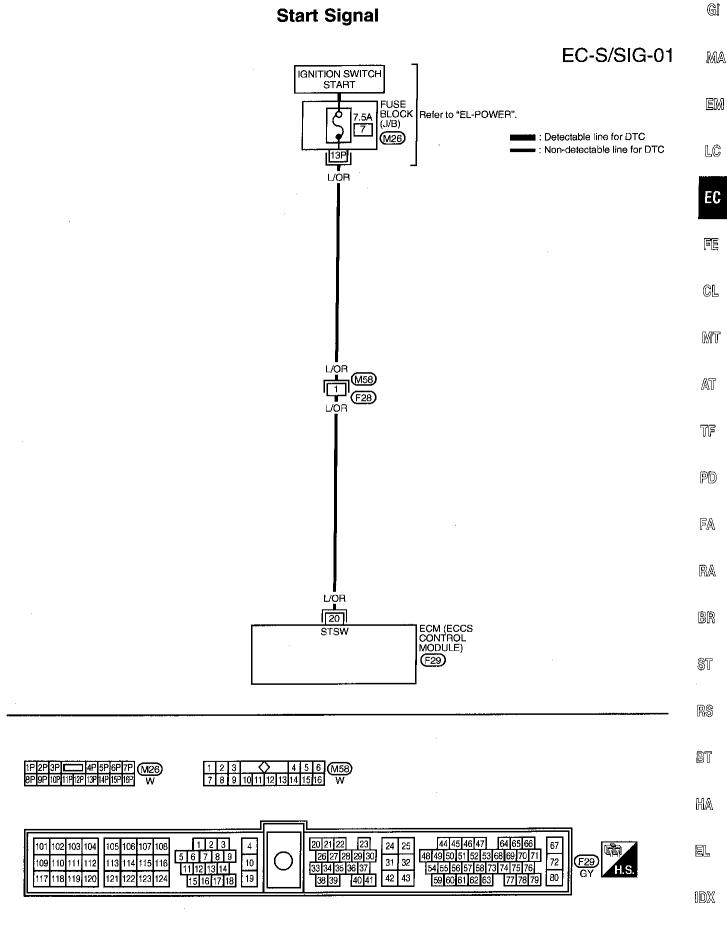
BT

MA

[DX



SEF625V



AEC548A

# Start Signal (Cont'd)

# CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

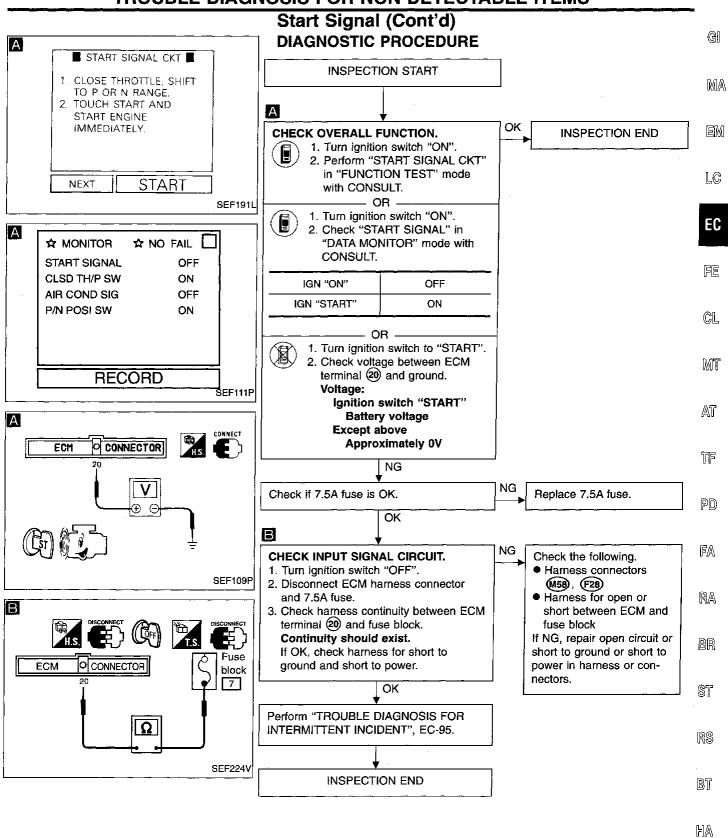
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON	$OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF$

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
20	L/OR Start signal		Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
		Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	



**EC-417** 

575

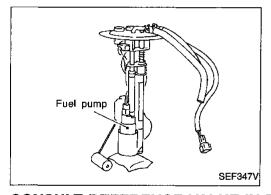
## **Fuel Pump**

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a 180° signal from the camshaft position sensor, it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to perform. If the 180° signal is not received when the ignition switch is on, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 5 seconds
Engine running and cranking	Operates
Except as shown above	Stops



#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The fuel pump with a fuel damper is an in-tank type (the pump and damper are located in the fuel tank).

#### CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

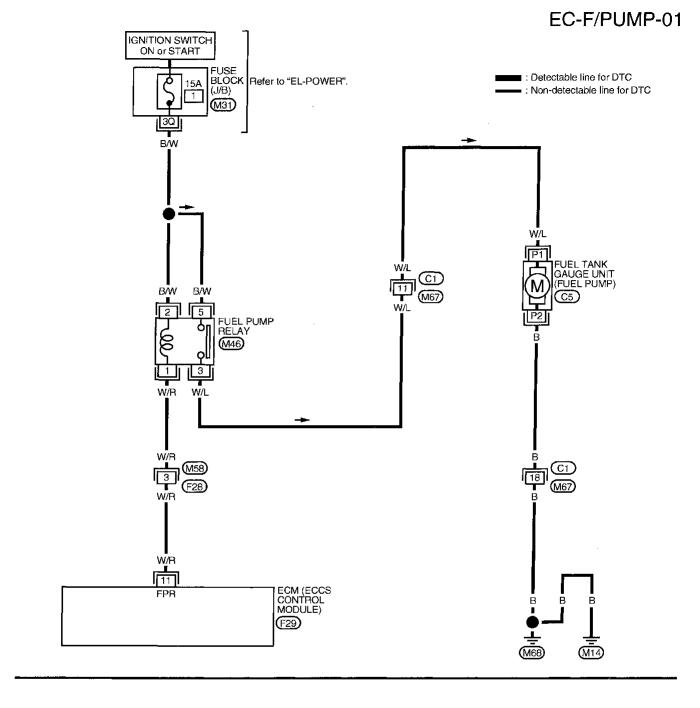
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	<ul> <li>Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operates for 5 seconds)</li> <li>Engine running and cranking</li> </ul>	ON
	Except as shown above	OFF

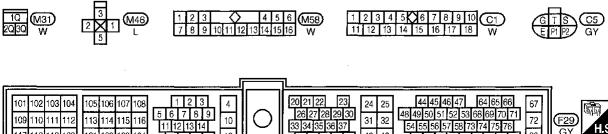
#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
11 W	W/R	N/R Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON"  For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"  Engine is running.	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "ON"  More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# Fuel Pump (Cont'd)





10

109 110 111

118 119 120

115 116

121 122 123 124

AEC549A

72

33 34 35 36 37

31 32

42 43 G

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

ŒL.

MT

AT

TF

PD

FA

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ 

BR

ST

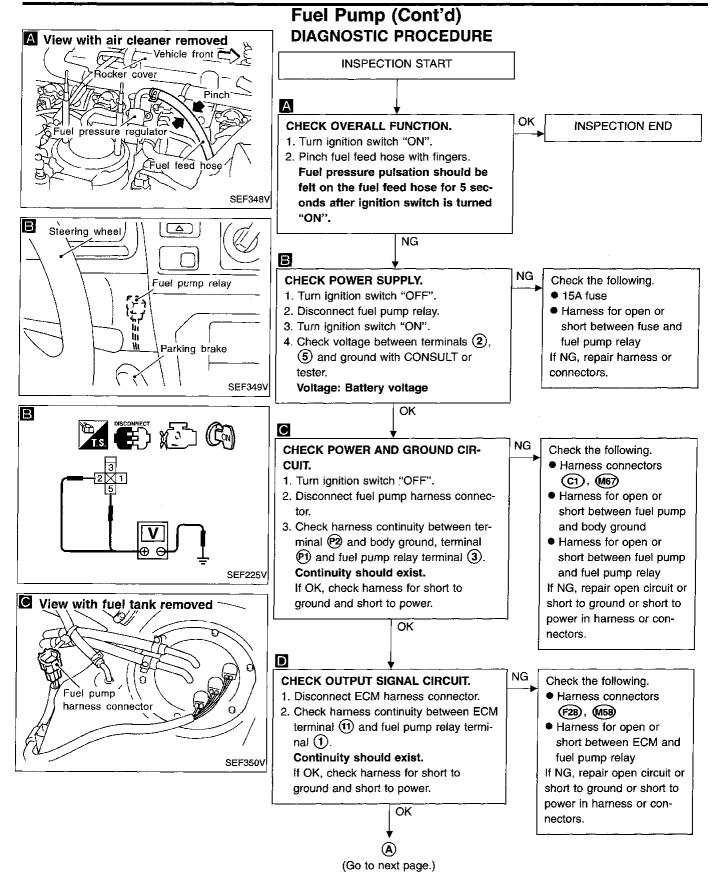
R\$

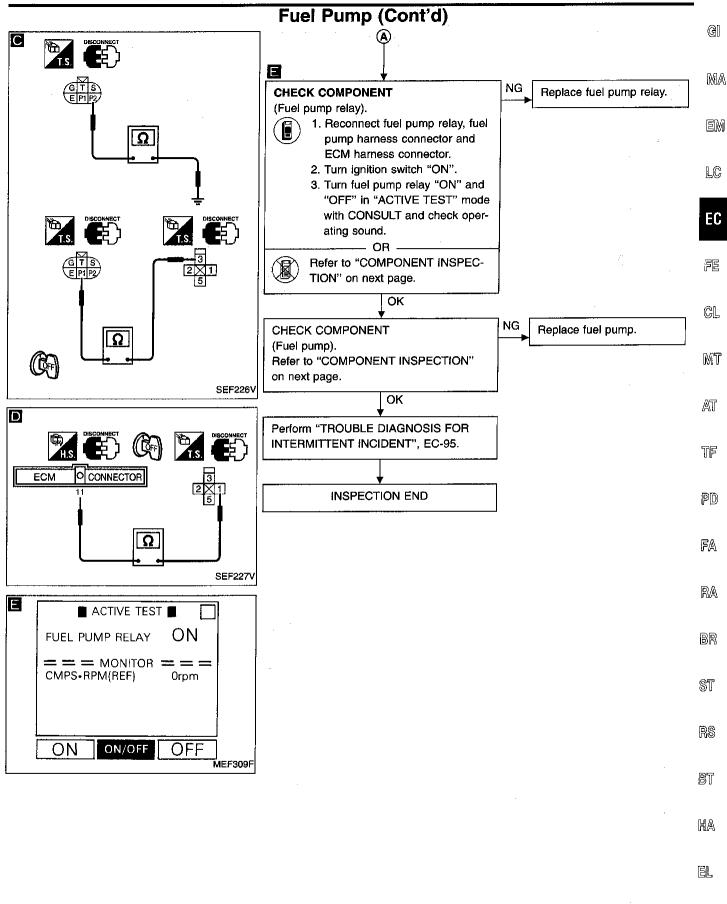
BT

HA

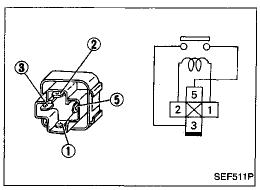
El

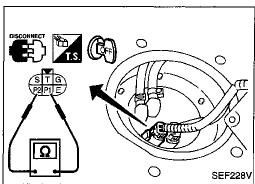
 $\mathbb{D}X$ 





(DX





# Fuel Pump (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### Fuel pump relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

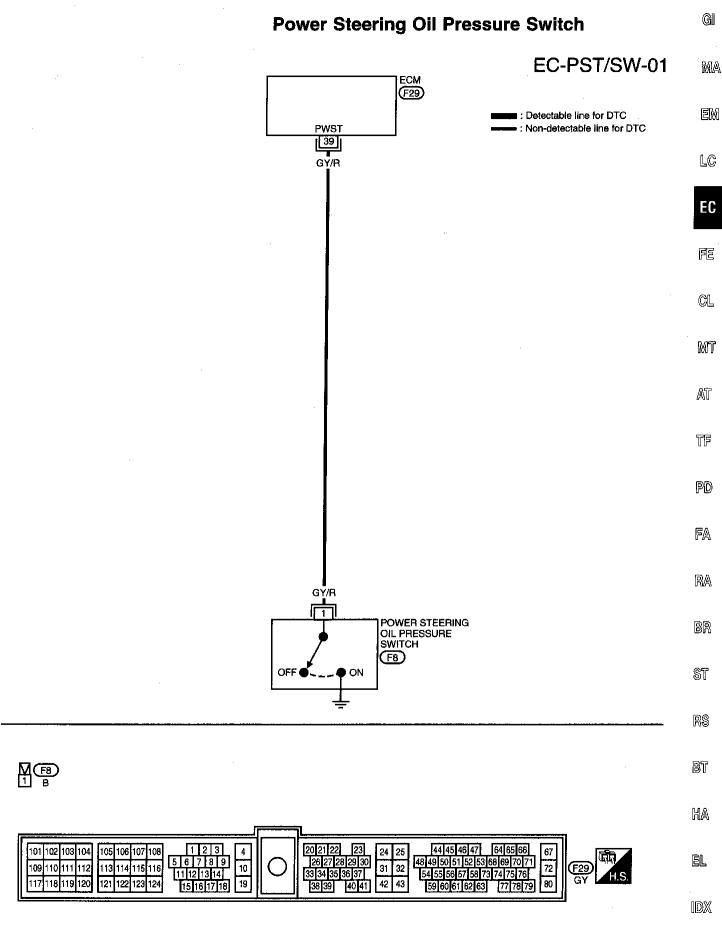
If NG, replace relay.

### Fuel pump

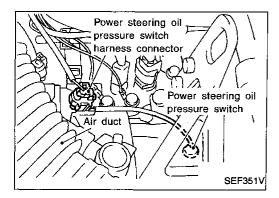
- 1. Disconnect fuel pump harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals (P1) and (P2).

  Resistance: 0.2 5.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

  If NG, replace fuel pump.



AEC866A



# Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The power steering oil pressure switch is attached to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. When a power steering load is detected, it signals the ECM. The ECM adjusts the IACV-AAC valve to increase the idle speed and adjust for the increased load.

#### **CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE**

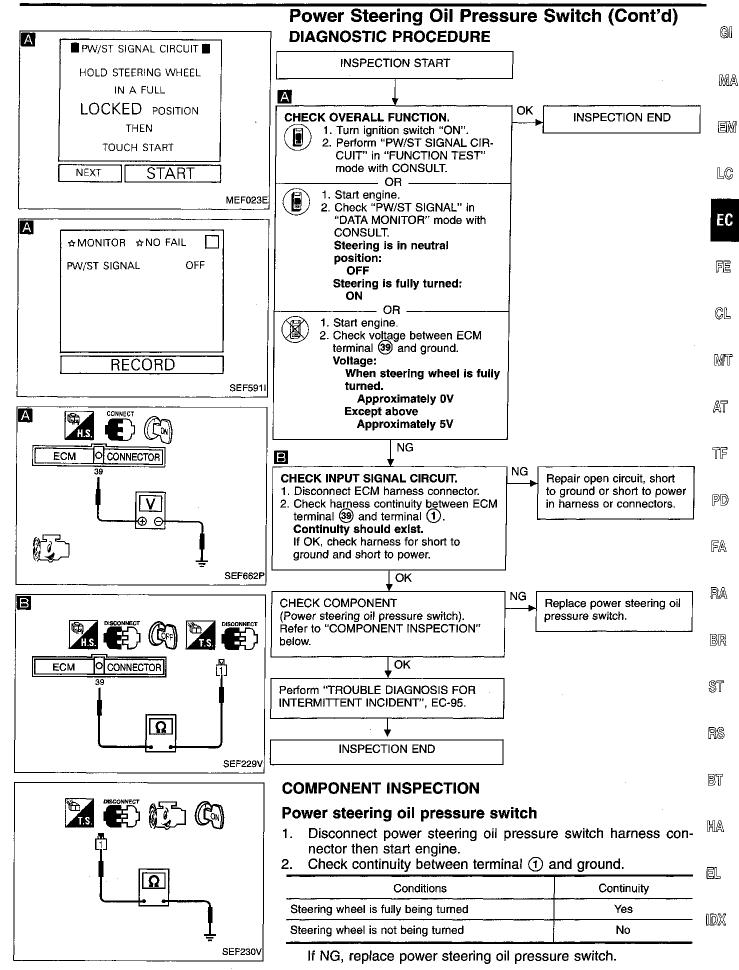
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM		IDITION	SPECIFICATION
PW/ST SIGNAL		Steering wheel is in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF
	the engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

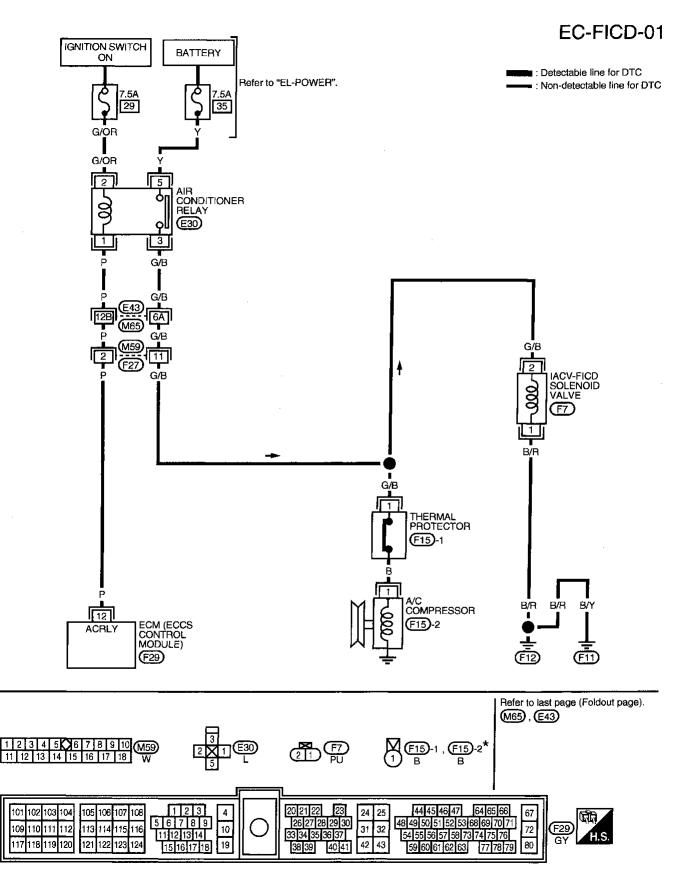
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
39 GY	GY/R	Power steering oil pres-	Engine is running.  Steering wheel is fully turned.	Approximately 0V
	sure switch	sure switch	Engine is running.  Steering wheel is not turned.	Approximately 5V



EC-425

#### **IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve**



\*: This connector is not shown in "HARNESS LAYOUT" of EL section.

# View with air cleaner removed Throttle body Intake manifold IACV-AAC Vehicle front Valve harness connector SEF342V

# IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the air conditioner is on, the IACV-FICD solenoid valve supplies additional air to adjust to the increased load.

MA

GI

em

LC

EC

#### **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 39 (ECM ground).

				<u> </u>	_
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	FE
12 P		Engine is running.  Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*.	Approximately 0V	CL Mit	
		Air conditioner relay	Engine is running.  A/C switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	at
21	G/R	Air conditioner dual-pres-	Engine is running.  Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON". (Compressor operates)	Approximately 0V	TF
		sure switch	Engine is running.  Air conditioner switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	PD

<sup>\*:</sup> Ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F) and in any mode except "OFF".

FA

RA

BR

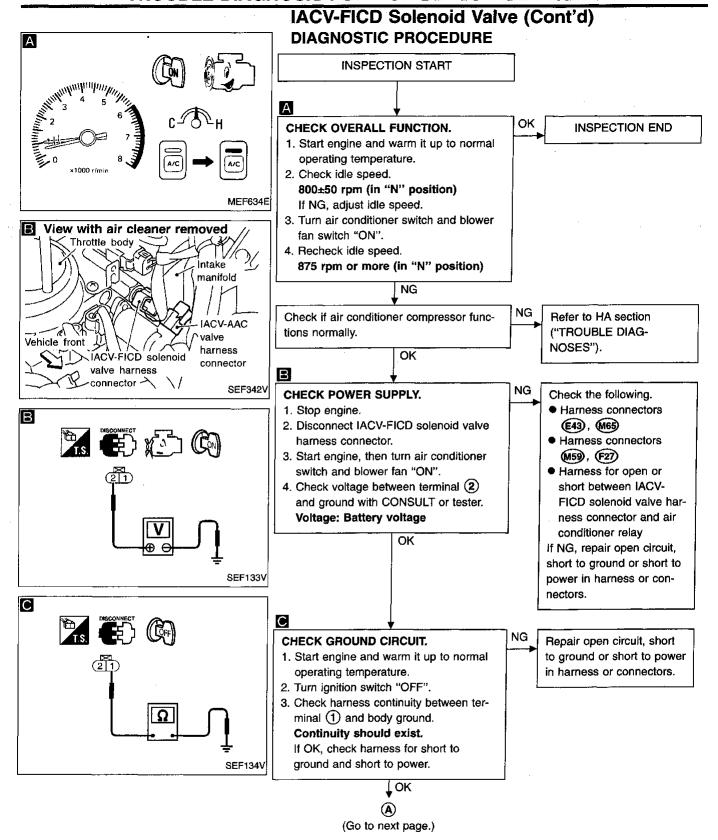
ST

RS

BT

MA

 $\mathbb{D}X$ 



# IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) (A) CHECK COMPONENT Replace IACV-FICD sole-(IACV-FICD solenoid valve). noid valve. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below. OK Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-95. INSPECTION END

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

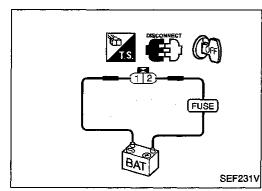
CL

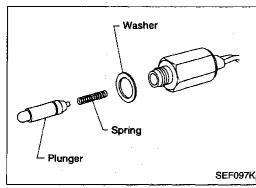
MT

AT

PD

FA





#### **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

#### IACV-FICD solenoid valve

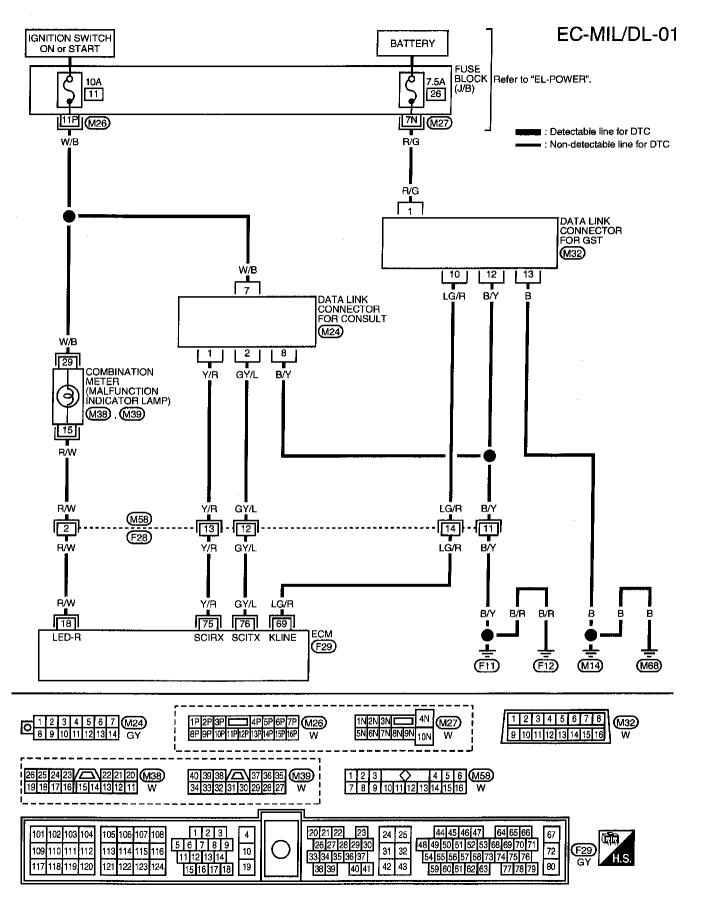
Disconnect IACV-FICD solenoid valve harness connector.

Check for clicking sound when applying 12V direct current to terminals.

- Check plunger for seizing or sticking.
- Check for broken spring.

BR ST RS BT HA IDX 587

#### **MIL & Data Link Connectors**



# **General Specifications**

#### **FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR**

Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm², psi)	
Vacuum hose is connected	Approximately 235 (2.4, 34)
Vacuum hose is disconnected	Approximately 294 (3.0, 43)

# **Inspection and Adjustment**

Target idle speed*1 rpm	
No-load*2 (in "N" position)	800±50
Base idle speed*3 rpm	
No-load*2 (in "N" position)	750±50
Air conditioner: ON (in "N" position)	875 or more
Ignition timing	20°±2° BTDC*3

\*1: Throttle position sensor harness connector connected

\*2: Under the following conditions:

Air conditioner switch: OFF

Electric load: OFF (Lights & heater fan)

Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

\*3: Throttle position sensor harness connector disconnected or using CONSULT "WORK SUPPORT"

#### **IGNITION COIL**

Primary voltage	٧	12
Primary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Ω	Approximately 1.0
Secondary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 10

#### MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Supply voltage	V	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Output voltage at idle	٧	0.9 - 1.8*
Mass air flow (Using Co or GST)	ONSULT g·m/sec	0.9 - 5.8 at idle* 7.5 - 13.2 at 2,500 rpm*

<sup>\*:</sup> Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and running under no-load.

#### **ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR**

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k $\Omega$
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

# **EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR**

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.81	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

#### FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR **HEATER**

#### **FUEL PUMP**

		i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	0.2 - 5.0

#### IACV-AAC VALVE

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	$\Omega$	Approximately 10
110010101100 [01 40 0 (17 17]		,

#### **INJECTOR**

<del></del>		
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	10 - 14

#### RESISTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 2.2	
= : :=		• •	Œ

#### THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (at normal operating temp., engine off, ignition switch on)
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85V
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7V

MA

GI





FE















































# **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

# Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

## **CALCULATED LOAD VALUE**

At idle At 2,500 rpm

·	Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT or GST)
·	9.5 - 34.0%
	13.9 - 24.0%

# REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3

## **CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (OBD)**

Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Ω	166.5 - 203.5
-----------------------------	---	---------------

## **INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR**

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k()
20 (68)	2.1 ~ 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38