EN EM SECTION ENGINE MECHANICAL o

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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS	[CR]	
PRECAUTIONS	PFP:00001	
Precautions for Draining Coolant	BBS002MS	А
 Drain coolant only after the engine has cooled down. 		
Precautions for Disconnecting Fuel Piping	BBS002MT	ΕM
 Before starting work, make sure no fire or spark producing items are in the work area. Release fuel pressure before disassembly. After disconnecting pipes, plug openings to stop fuel leakage. 		С
Precautions for Removal and Disassembly	BBS002MU	_
 Use correct special service tool in the specified position. Always pay attention to safety. Be careful not to damage surface accuracy of mating or sliding surfaces. To prevent foreign material from entering the engine, close openings with appropriate tape as new Arrange disassembled parts in their normal positions in order to simplify locating the cause of data and the second se	-	D
 excessive wear and to insure correct reassembly. The removal order of nuts and bolts should in principle move diagonally from the outside. Local 	-	F
• The removal order of hus and boils should in principle move diagonally norm the outside. Loca which order is stipulated should follow that order.		F
Precautions for Inspections, Repairs, and Replacement	BBS002MV	0
 Thoroughly inspect each part following inspection procedure, then correct or replace as ne Inspect new parts in the same way, and replace if necessary. 	cessary.	G
Precautions for Assembling and Installing	BBS002MW	Н
 Always use a torque wrench when tightening nuts and bolts. 		
 Unless otherwise specified, tighten nuts and bolts from inside to outside in crisscross pattern, them gradually and evenly in two to three steps. 	Tighten	
 Always replace gasket, packing, oil seals, and O-rings with new ones. Thoroughly wash, clean, and blow dry each part. Be sure that engine oil and coolant passages at clogs. 	re free of	J
 Remove any dirt and lint on sliding and mating surfaces. Before assembly, apply ample amount of oil to sliding surfaces. 	of engine	
 If coolant was drained, bleed air from the system. 		Κ
 Follow the procedure below to make sure there are no fuel leaks. Turn the ignition switch to ON (do not start engine), and with fuel pressure applied in the fuel line, make sure there are no fuel leaks from the connection. 	check to	L
 Start the engine, and at in creased speed, check again to see if there are any fuel leaks from the tion. 	connec-	
 After assembly, start engine and increase the engine speed, then check coolant, fuel, oil, greater exhaust gas for leakage. 	ase, and	Μ
Parts Requiring Angle Tightening	BBS002MX	
 Use an angle wrench when attaching the following parts. Cylinder head bolt Main bearing cap bolt Connecting rod cap nut 		
 The specified torque written for these parts is not the final tightening value, but is the torque used ening before angle tightening. When tightening, make sure there is no debris on the threads or mating surfaces, and lubrication of the threads or mating surfaces. 	-	
threads with engine oil.		

Precautions for Liquid Gasket REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET SEALING

• Unscrew nuts and bolts. Use a seal cutter to cut the liquid gasket and remove the joined parts.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

• In positions where a seal cutter is difficult to use, lightly tap with a plastic hammer and remove.

CAUTION:

When using a screwdriver, be careful not to scratch the mating surfaces.

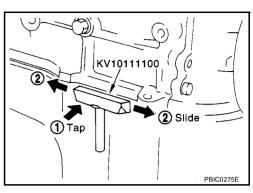
LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

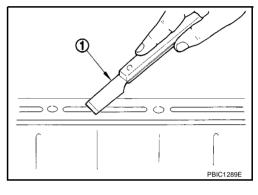
- 1. Using a scraper (1), remove any old liquid gasket remaining on the gasket application surface and its mating surface.
 - Remove any old liquid gasket remaining in the gasket application groove and on the threads of bolts and bolt holes.
- 2. Using white gasoline, wipe the gasket application surface and its mating surface to remove any moisture, oil, and foreign material.
- 3. Set the genuine liquid gasket in a tube presser.
- 4. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to the specified position at the specified diameter.
 - Apply liquid gasket in the application groove.

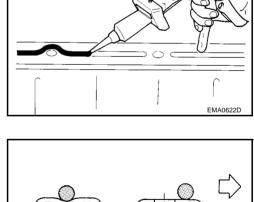
- Apply liquid gasket inside bolt holes. There may be times when application to the exterior is required, so follow those instructions if such are found in the text.
- Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after gasket application.
- Immediately wipe off any protruding liquid gasket.
- Do nor retighten nuts and bolts after installation.
- After finishing work, wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and coolant.

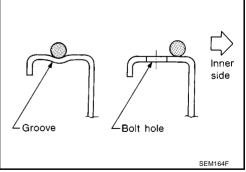
CAUTION:

Follow all specific instructions in this manual.









PREPARATION

PREPARATION Special Service Tools

PFP:00002

[CR]

A

BBS002MZ Tool number Description ΕM Tool name KV10111100 Removing parts attached with liquid gasket Seal cutter С D ZZA0013D KV10117100 Removing and Installing heated oxygen Heated oxygen sensor wrench sensor F For 22 mm (0.87 in) width hexagon nut F NT379 KV10105630 Removing and installing crankshaft pulley G Ring gear stopper Removing and installing flywheel, drive plate Н ZZA1005D KV10105610 Removing and installing crankshaft pulley Stopper plate J Κ ZZA0009D KV10112100 Tightening bolts for bearing cap, cylinder Angle wrench head, etc. L Μ NT014 ST10120000 Loosening and tightening cylinder head bolt Cylinder head bolt wrench a: 13 mm (0.51 in) dia. b: 12 mm (0.47 in) c: 10 mm (0.39 in) E NT583 KV101092S0 Removing and installing valve mechanism Valve spring compressor set 1. KV10116200 Valve spring compressor set 2. KV10109220 2 Adapter

ZZA0993D

PREPARATION

Tool number Tool name		Description
KV10107902 Valve oil seal puller	NT011	Removing valve oil seal
KV10115600 Valve oil seal drift	ZZA0996D	Installing valve oil seal
EM03470000 Piston ring compressor	NT044	piston assembly into cylinder bore
1. ST15243000 Valve seat drift 2. KV11103710 Adapter 3. KV11103720 Adapter	2 3	Installing valve seat
KV10107400 Piston pin Press stand 1. KV10107310 Center shaft 2. ST03140030 Stand 3. ST13040030 Spring 4. KV10107320 Cap 5. ST13040050 Drift	TO13	Disassembling and assembling piston with connecting rod
WS39930000 Tube presser	NT052	Pressing the tube of liquid gasket

PREPARATION

[CR]

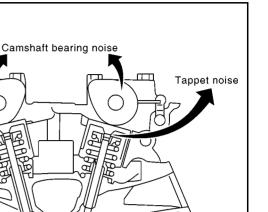
Commercial Service Tools BBS002N0 А Tool name Description Spark plug wrench Removing and installing spark plug ΕM С 16 mm (0.63 in) NT047 Crankshaft pulley puller Removing crankshaft pulley D Е PBIC0887E F Manual lift table caddy Removing and installing engine G Н ZZA1210D Valve seat cutter set Finishing valve seat dimensions J NT048 Piston ring expander Removing and installing piston ring Κ L NT030 Valve guide drift Removing and installing valve guide Μ Intake & Exhaust: a: 9.5 mm (0.374 in) dia. b: 5.5 mm (0.217 in) dia. NT015 Valve guide reamer Reaming valve guide 1 or hole for oversize valve guide 2 Intake & Exhaust: d1 : 5.0 mm (0.217 in) dia. d2 : 9.675 mm (0.381 in) dia. NT016

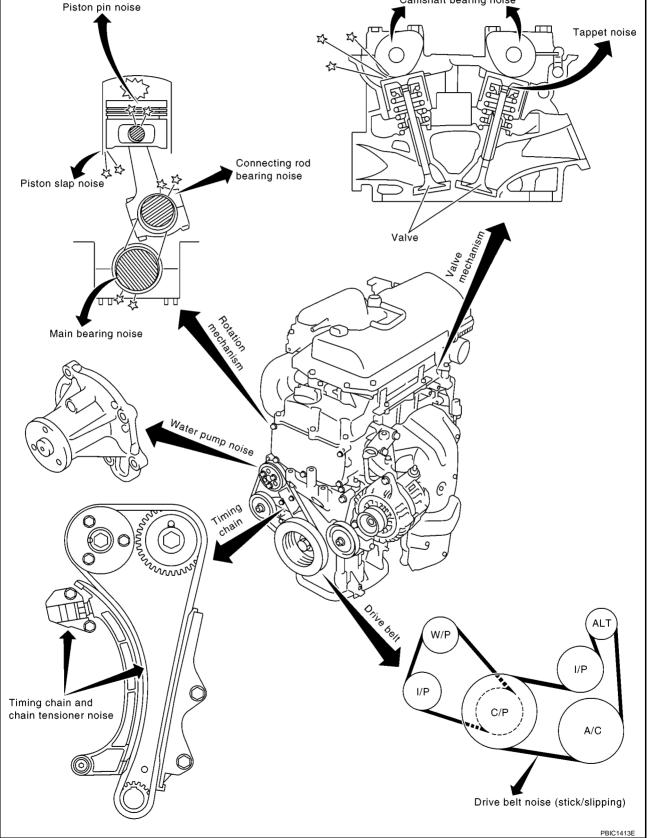
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BBS002N1

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting — Engine Noise

PFP:00003





NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

Use the Chart Below to Help You Find the Cause of the Symptom.

- 1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
- 2. Confirm the type of noise.
- 3. Specify the operating condition of engine.
- 4. Check specified noise source.

If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

	Operating condition of engine									
Location of noise	Type of noise	Before warm- up	After warm- up	When start- ing	When idling	When racing	While driving	Source of noise	Check item	Refer- ence page
Top of engine	Ticking or clicking	С	А	_	А	В	_	Tappet noise	Valve clearance	<u>EM-47</u>
Rocker cover Cylinder head	Rattle	С	A	_	A	В	С	Camshaft bearing noise	Camshaft journal clear- ance Camshaft runout	<u>EM-45</u> <u>EM-44</u>
	Slap or knock	_	A	_	В	В	_	Piston pin noise	Piston and piston pin clearance Connecting rod bush- ing clearance	<u>EM-85</u> <u>EM-87</u>
Crank- shaft pul- ley Cylinder block (Side of	Slap or rap	A	_	_	В	В	A	Piston slap noise	Piston-to-bore clear- ance Piston ring side clear- ance Piston ring end gap Connecting rod bend and torsion	<u>EM-89</u> <u>EM-86</u> <u>EM-86</u> <u>EM-87</u>
(Side of engine) Oil pan	Knock	A	В	С	В	В	В	Connect- ing rod bearing noise	Connecting rod bush- ing clearance (Small end) Connecting rod bear- ing clearance (Big end)	<u>EM-87</u> <u>EM-87</u>
	Knock	A	В	_	A	В	С	Main bearing noise	Main bearing oil clear- ance Crankshaft runout	<u>EM-92</u> <u>EM-91</u>
Front of engine Timing chain cover	Tapping or ticking	A	A	_	В	В	В	Timing chain and chain tensioner noise	Timing chain cracks and wear Timing chain tensioner operation	<u>EM-53</u> EM-51
Front of engine	Squeak- ing or fizz- ing	A	В		В	_	С	Drive belts (Sticking or slip- ping)	Drive belts deflection	<u>EM-14</u>
	Creaking	A	В	A	В	A	В	Drive belts (Slipping)	Idler pulley bearing operation	
	Squall Creak	А	В		В	А	В	Water pump noise	Water pump operation	<u>CO-17</u>

A: Closely related B: Related C: Sometimes related —: Not related

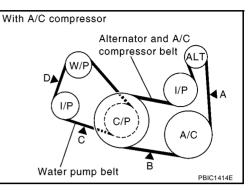
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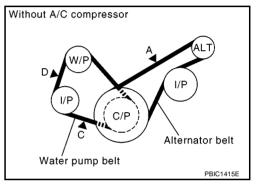
А

DRIVE BELTS

Checking drive Belts

- Inspection should be done only when engine is cold or over 30 minutes after the engine is stopped.
- Turn the crankshaft pulley two times clockwise, and make sure tension on all pulleys is equal before doing the test.
- Visually check the belts for wear, damage, and cracks on inside and edges.
- When measuring deflection, apply 98.1 N (10 kg, 22lb) at the ▼ marked point.





CAUTION:

When measuring belt tension immediately after the belt is installed, first set the tension to the standard, rotate the crankshaft for more than two turns in order to eliminate variance in the belt tension between pulleys, then measure and adjust tension to the standard again.

Location	Ter	nsion [N (kg, lb)]	[When pre	Deflection [mm (in)] [When pressed by force of 98.1N (10 kg, 22lb)]				
	New	At adjustment	Limit	Measuring point	New belt	At adjust- ment	Limit	
Alternator and	Alternator and 603 - 691 (61.5 - 70.5, 495 - 583 (50.5 - 59.5, A/C compressor belt 135.6 - 155.3) 111.3 - 131.1)	196 (20,	A	6.6 - 7.8 (0.260 - 0.307)	7.3 - 8.5 (0.287 - 0.335)	13.8 (0.543)		
A/C compressor belt		111.3 - 131.1)	44.1)	В	5.6 - 6.6 (0.220 - 0.260)	7.1 - 8.3 (0.280 - 0.327)	11.9 (0.469)	
Alternator belt	603 - 691 (61.5 - 70.5, 135.6 - 155.3)	495 - 583 (50.5 - 59.5, 111.3 - 131.1)	196 (20, 44.1)	A	3.1 - 4.1 (0.122 - 0.161)	9.8 - 10.6 (0.386 - 0.417)	13.8 (0.543)	
Water pump holt	ater pump belt 446 - 534 (45.5 - 54.5, 100.3 - 120.0)	348 - 436 (35.5 - 44.5, 78.2 - 98.0)	137 (14, 30.9)	137 (14,	С	6.7 - 7.3 (0.264 - 0.287)	7.6 - 8.6 (0.299 - 0.339)	12.4 (0.448)
water pump ben				D	4.7 - 5.6 (0.185 - 0.220)	7.0 - 7.7 (0.276 - 0.303)	8.6 (0.339)	

Tension Adjustment

Location	Location of adjuster and tightening method
Alternator and A/C compressor drive belt	Adjusting bolt on idler pulley
Water pump belt	Adjusting bolt on idler pulley

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DRIVE BELTS

CAUTION:

- When the belt is replaced with new one, adjust the belt tension to the value for "New belt", А because new belt will not fully seat in the pulley groove.
- When tension of the belt being used exceeds "Limit", adjust it to the value for "At adjustment".
- When installing a belt, make sure that it is correctly engaged with the pulley groove.
- Do not allow oil or engine coolant to get on the belt.
- Do not twist or bend the belt strongly.

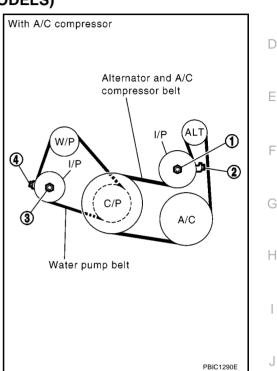
ALTERNATOR AND A/C COMPRESSOR BELT (WITH A/C MODELS)

- 1. Remove RH front fender protector.
- 2. Loosen lock nut (1).
- 3. Tighten lock nut (1) with fingers.
- 4. Loosen lock nut (1) half a turn counter-clockwise.
- 5. Adjust the belt tension by turning the adjuster bolt (2). For the specified belt tension, refer to EM-14, "Checking drive Belts".
- Tighten lock nut (1). 6.

Nut (1) :

C : 24.5 - 31.4 N·m (2.5 - 3.2 kg-m, 18 - 23 ft-lb)

- 7. Turn the crankshaft pulley two times clockwise.
- 8. Check that the belt tension is within the standard. Refer to MA-27. "Checking Drive Belts".



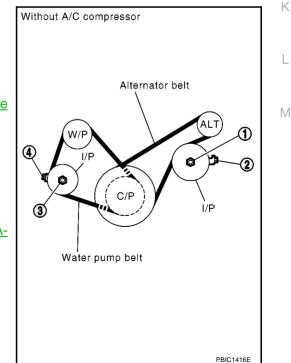
ALTERNATOR BELT (WITHOUT A/C MODELS)

- 1. Remove RH front fender protector.
- 2. Loosen lock nut (1).
- 3. Tighten lock nut (1) with fingers.
- 4. Loosen lock nut (1) half a turn counter-clockwise.
- 5. Adjust the belt tension by turning the adjuster bolt (2). For the specified belt tension, refer to EM-14, "Checking drive Belts" .
- Tighten lock nut (1). 6.

Nut (1) :

🖸 : 24.5 - 31.4 N·m (2.5 - 3.2 kg-m, 18 - 23 ft-lb)

- Turn the crankshaft pulley two times clockwise. 7.
- 8. Check that the belt tension is within the standard. Refer to MA-27, "Checking Drive Belts" .



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WATER PUMP BELT

- 1. Remove RH front fender protector.
- 2. Loosen lock nut (3).
- 3. Tighten lock nut (3) with fingers.
- 4. Adjust the belt tension by turning the adjuster bolt (4). For the specified belt tension, refer to EM-14, "Checking drive Belts".
- 5. Tighten lock nut (3).

Nut (3) :

(): 24.5 - 31.4 N·m (2.5 - 3.2 kg-m, 18 - 23 ft-lb)

- 6. Turn the crankshaft pulley two times clockwise.
- 7. Check that the belt tension is within the standard. Refer to MA-27, "Checking Drive Belts" .

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

• Fully loosen each belt while referring to <u>EM-14</u>, "<u>Tension Adjustment</u>". Remove them one by one, starting with the one in the front.

INSTALLATION

1. Install belts to the pulley in the reverse order of removal.

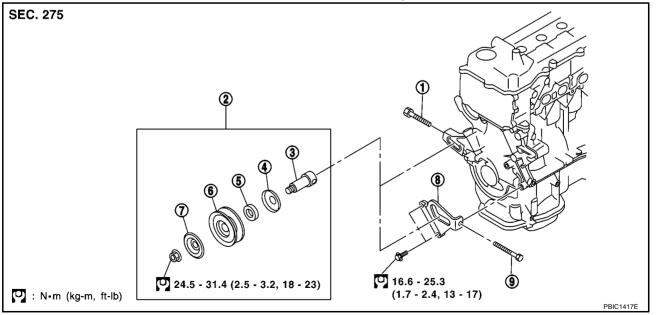
CAUTION:

- Make sure the belt is securely inside the groove on each pulley.
- Make sure there is no oil, grease, or coolant in pulley grooves.
- 2. Adjust tension of each belt.

CAUTION:

- When measuring belt tension immediately after the belt is installed, first set the tension to the standard, rotate the crankshaft for more than two turns in order to eliminate variance in the belt tension between pulleys, then measure and adjust tension to the standard.
- When measuring belt tension, hand tighten idler pulley lock nut to eliminate any looseness.
- 3. Tighten the lock nut of adjustment parts to the specified torque.
- 4. Make sure that tension of each belt is within the standard.

Removal and Installation of Drive Belt Idler Pulley



1. Adjuster bolt (for water pump belt) 2. Idler pulley assembly 3. Shaft

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DRIVE BELTS

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	4. Cover	5.	Spacer	6.	Idler pulley	
	7. Cover	8.	Bracket	9.	Adjuster bolt (for alternator and A/C compressor belt)	A
RE	MOVAL					EM
1.	Remove drive belts. Refer to EM	-16, "R	emoval and Ins	stallation".		
2.	Pull the adjuster bolt out from the	shaft.				
3.	Move the idler pulley assembly a wider part of the groove. (For alte				d remove by turning the shaft end at the	С
4.	Remove the lock nut and remove	the sh	aft by pulling to	wards the r	ear of the engine. (For water pump belt)	
INS	STALLATION					D
1.	Install belts to pulley in reverse o	rder of	removal.			
	CAUTION:					Е
	Make sure belt is correctly e		-			
	 Check for oil and coolant on 	belt a	nd each pulley	/ groove.		
2.	Adjust belt tension. Refer to EM-	<u>14, "Te</u>	<u>nsion Adjustme</u>	<u>ent"</u> .		F
3.	Tighten each adjusting bolt and n	nut to th	ne specified tor	que.		
4.	Make sure that tension of each b	elt is w	ithin the standa	ard.		
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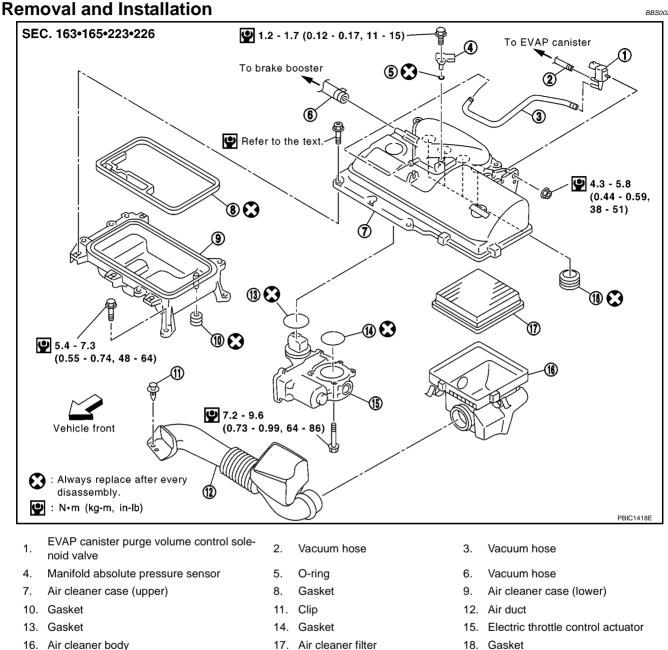
AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT



[CR]

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REMOVAL

NOTE:

The steps 1 to 2 can be skipped, moving straight to the step 3 (separation of harnesses and hoses, etc. cannot be skipped)

1. Remove the harness connector and then the manifold absolute pressure sensor.

CAUTION:

- Handle manifold absolute pressure sensor with care. Avoid impacts.
- Make sure no foreign matter is attached to the sensor (oils, chemicals, etc.)
- 2. Remove the harness connector and vacuum hose and then the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

CAUTION:

Handle EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve with care. Avoid impacts.

Remove air duct.

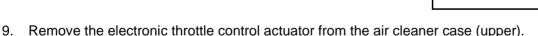
- Remove the clips, and with air duct (2) turned to nearly 90 degrees, pull off from the air cleaner body (1).
- 4. Remove the clips, pull the air cleaner body down then forward, and then remove the air cleaner body and the air cleaner filter. **NOTE:**

Removal and disassembly of the air cleaner case (upper) and (lower) follows below.

- 5. Move the transaxle breather hose.
- 6. Remove the air cleaner case assembly in the following order.
 - The entire air cleaner case (upper and lower) is referred to as the air cleaner case assembly.
- a. Separate the harness connector from the electronic throttle control actuator.
- b. Separate the brake booster vacuum hose.
- c. Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in figure.
- 7. Remove the air cleaner case assembly by raising.
 - Slowly raise the force evenly on the intake manifold joint to lift it and remove the air cleaner case assembly.

CAUTION:

- To avoid damaging parts, do not use sudden force.
- Block the intake manifold openings with tape to make sure no foreign particles get inside it while you are removing the air cleaner case assembly.
- 8. Loosen the bolts in reverse of the order shown in the figure and separate the air cleaner case (upper) and (lower).



- Turn the air cleaner case (upper) over on the protective sheet to make sure the surface does not get scratched.
- The electronic throttle control actuator should be handled with the following precautions in mind.
 CAUTION:

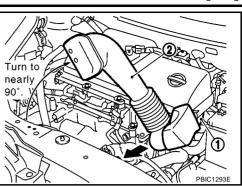
EM-19

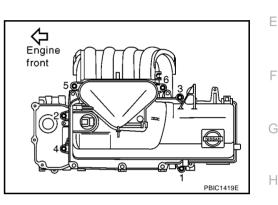
- Handle electronic throttle control actuator with care. Avoid impacts.
- Do not disassemble or adjust.

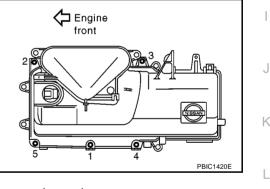
INSTALLATION

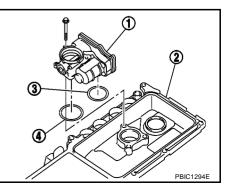
- 1. Install the electronic throttle control actuator (1) to the air cleaner case (upper) (2) in the following procedure:
- a. Install the gasket (3) to the connector base.
- b. Attach the gasket (4) to the outer groove on the throttle bore on the side of the air cleaner case (upper) (2).
- c. Install electronic throttle control actuator.
 - There is no pre-determined order in which the mounting bolts should be tightened.
 - Perform the "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when harness connector of the electric throttle control actuator is











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AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

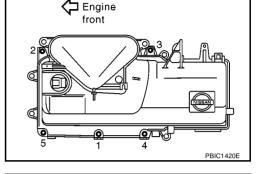
disconnected. Refer to <u>EC-69</u>, "<u>Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning</u>" (WITH EURO-OBD), <u>EC-486</u>, "<u>Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning</u>" (WITHOUT EURO-OBD).

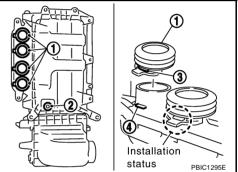
- Perform the "Idle Air Volume Learning" and "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when the electric throttle control actuator is replaced. Refer to <u>EC-69</u>, "Idle Air Volume Learning" and <u>EC-69</u>, "Throttle <u>Valve Closed Position Learning</u>" (WITH EURO-OBD), <u>EC-486</u>, "Idle Air Volume Learning" and <u>EC-486</u>, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" (WITHOUT EURO-OBD).
- 2. Assemble the air cleaner case (upper) and (lower).
 - Tighten bolts evenly in two steps in the order shown in figure.

1st step

P : 1.9 - 2.2 N·m (0.20 - 0.22 kg-m, 17 - 19 in-lb) 2nd step

🕑 : 3.8 - 4.4 N·m (0.40 - 0.44 kg-m, 35 - 38 in-lb)





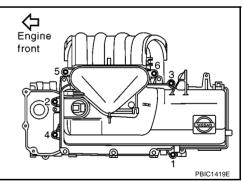
- 3. Attach the air cleaner case assembly in the following order.
- a. Attach the gasket (for the intake manifold (1) and the PCV path (2))
 - Attach for the intake manifold so that the case protrusion (4) fit into the cutout hole (3) on the side of the gasket.
 - Make sure foreign particles do not attach to the gasket or the sealing area.
- b. Insert the air cleaner case assembly into the intake manifold.
 - At the same time, insert the bottom path protrusions into the PCV path holes on the rocker cover.

CAUTION:

Insert straight, making sure the axis is lined up, to prevent the gaskets from being crooked or twisted.

- c. Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in figure.
 - Tighten bolts evenly in several steps.
 CAUTION:

Tighten after making sure the positioning of bolts 5 and 6 is true.



- 4. Install air cleaner body and air cleaner filter. Refer to EM-21, "Changing Air Cleaner Filter" .
- 5. Attach air duct.
- 6. Attach EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
- 7. Attach the manifold absolute pressure sensor.
 - Make sure no foreign particles attach to the flange, O-ring, or attachment hole.
 - Tighten the mounting bolt after making sure it is fully inserted into the mounting hole.

AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

Changing Air Cleaner Filter REMOVAL

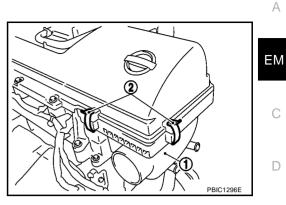
- 1. Remove air duct. Refer to EM-18, "REMOVAL" .
- 2. Remove clips (2) of air cleaner body (1).
- 3. After moving the air cleaner body downward, remove it by pulling it forward.
 - While pressing down the radiator upper hose, remove air cleaner body (1).
- 4. Remove air cleaner filter from the air cleaner body.

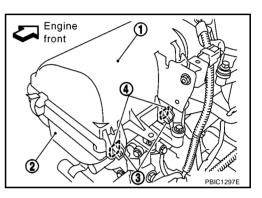
NOTE:

In some cases the air cleaner filter might remain in the air cleaner case (upper).

INSTALLATION

- 1. Set the air cleaner filter on the air cleaner case (upper) (1).
- Insert the two projections (3) on the air cleaner body (2) into the two notch holes (4) on the rear of the air cleaner case (upper) (1), then lift up and fasten with the clip.
- 3. Attach air duct.







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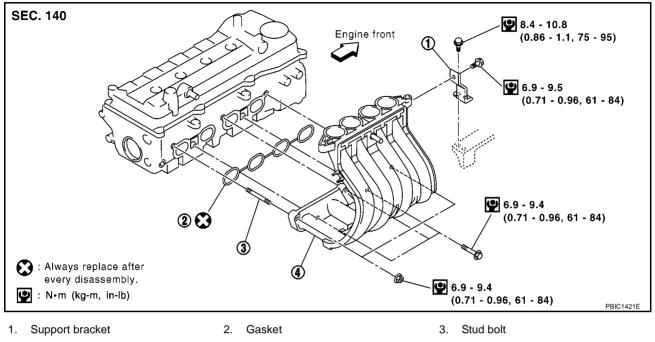
INTAKE MANIFOLD

INTAKE MANIFOLD

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BBS002N9

Removal and Installation



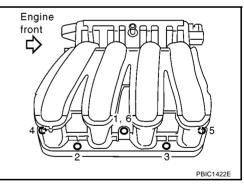
4. Intake manifold

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly. Refer to EM-18, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- 2. Remove the PCV hose (between the intake manifold and the rocker cover) from the intake manifold side.
- 3. Remove the support bracket mounting bolt (No. 1 port upper engine front side)
- 4. Loosen nuts and bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure to remove the intake manifold.

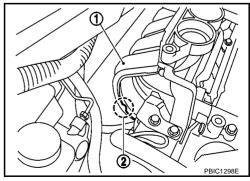
CAUTION:

Disregard No. 6 shown in figure in the loosening order.



NOTE:

Removal and installation of No. 5 nut is made easier by inserting the tool into the recommended cutout part (2) on the No. 1 port (1). (The same applies to No. 4 nut)



INSTALLATION

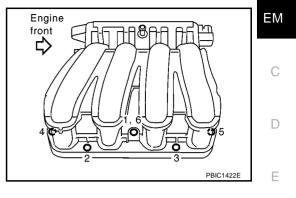
• Install in the reverse order of removal paying attention to the following.

Attachment of the Intake Manifold

- Check for damage or foreign material on the mounting surfaces.
- Tighten nuts and bolts in numerical order shown in figure. **NOTE:**

No. 6 in the figure shows the 2nd tightening of No. 1 bolt.

• When installing support bracket, refer to <u>EM-22</u>, "<u>Removal and</u> <u>Installation</u>".



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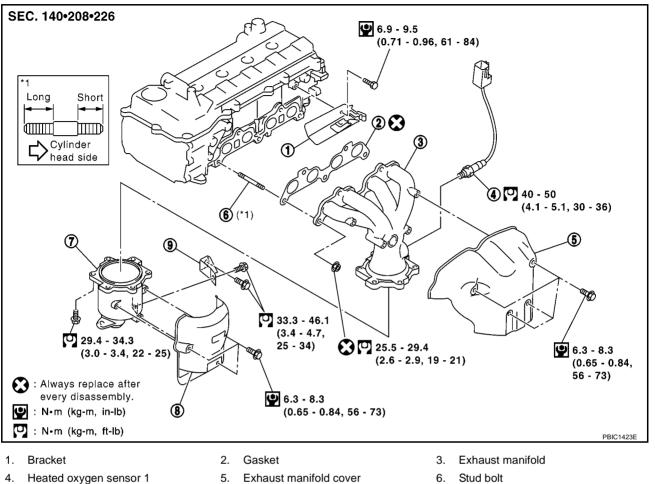
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EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

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7. Three way catalyst (manifold)

Removal and Installation

- 9. Support

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove air duct. Refer to EM-18, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- Remove RH front fender protector.
- 3. Remove alternator and A/C compressor belt. Refer to EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS" .
- 4. Remove A/C compressor with piping connected, move A/C compressor to body side and secure it onto body with a rope.

8. Three way catalyst cover

- 5. Remove exhaust front tube connection at front. Refer to EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM".
- 6. Remove RH engine mount stay and alternator bracket.
- 7. Loosen the lower bolt and move the alternator to the front of the vehicle.
- 8. As needed, remove the heated oxygen sensor 1 in the following order.

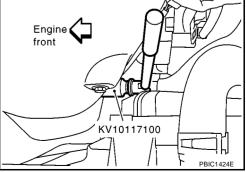
NOTE:

Steps 2 to 7 above are not needed for heated oxygen sensor 1 removal.

- a. Separate the harness connector and remove it from bracket.
- b. Using heated oxygen sensor wrench (special service tool), remove heated oxygen sensor 1.

CAUTION:

 Handle it carefully, avoid any chance of impact caused by dropping.

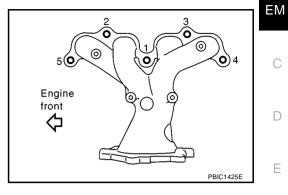


EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

- Do not over torque the heated oxygen sensor. Doing so may cause damage to the heated oxygen sensor, resulting in the MI coming on.
- 9. Remove exhaust manifold cover.
- 10. Remove the three way catalyst cover.
- 11. Loosen nuts and bolts in the reverse of the order shown in figure to remove the exhaust manifold and three way catalyst.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the A/C piping.



12. Separate the exhaust manifold and three way catalyst.

CAUTION:

Avoid impacts to three way catalyst.

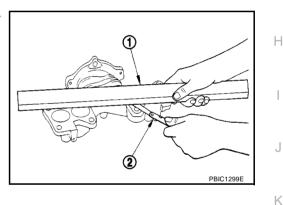
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Surface Distortion

• Using a reliable straightedge (1) and feeler gauge (2), check distortion of mounting surface on exhaust manifold.

Limit : 0.3 mm (0.012 in)

• If it exceeds the limit, replace the exhaust manifold.

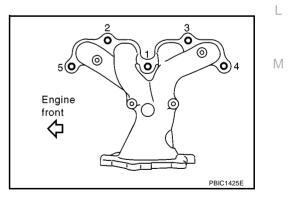


INSTALLATION

• Install in the reverse order of removal paying attention to the following.

Installation of Exhaust Manifold and Three Way Catalyst

- Check for damage or foreign material on the mounting surfaces.
- Tighten nuts in numerical order shown in figure.



Installation of Heated Oxygen Sensor 1 CAUTION:

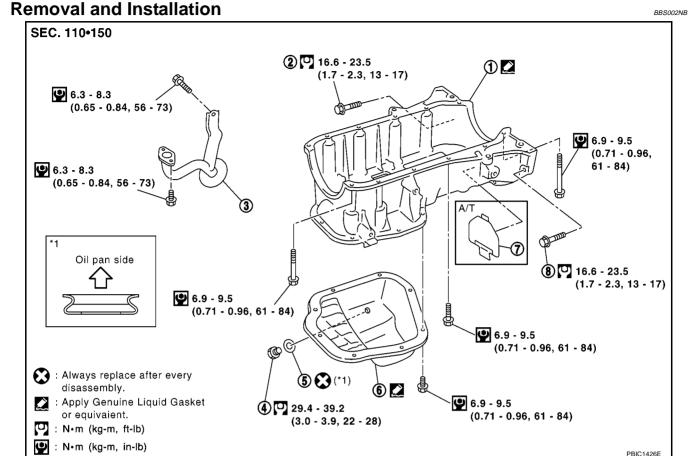
• Do not over torque the heated oxygen sensor. Doing so may cause damage to the heated oxygen sensor, resulting in the MI coming on.

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OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER



1. Oil pan (upper)

2. Transaxle connecting bolt

Washer

5.

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- 3. Oil strainer
- 6. Oil pan (lower)

- Drain plug 7. Rear plate cover
- REMOVAL

NOTE:

Installation and removal of manual transmission vehicle oil pan (upper) require removal of the transaxle.

Transaxle connecting bolt

- 1. Remove RH front fender protector.
- Drain the engine oil.
- 3. Remove the oil pan (lower) in the following order.
- a. Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in figure.
- Insert seal cutter (special service tool) between oil pan (upper) b. and oil pan (lower). Slide seal cutter by tapping on the side of the tool with a hammer. Remove oil pan (lower).

CAUTION:

Exercise care not to damage mating surface.

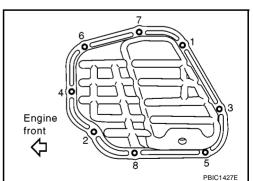
NOTE:

The following is the order for removing the oil pan (upper).

- 4. Remove the oil level gauge.
- Remove drive belts. Refer to <u>EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS"</u>.
- 6. Remove the A/C compressor with piping connected and move the A/C compressor aside. CAUTION:

Hang it with rope and temporarily tighten to body to avoid putting stress on air conditioner piping.

Remove the exhaust front tube. Refer to <u>EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM"</u>.



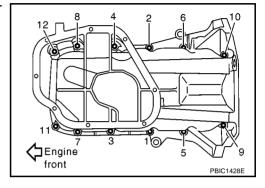
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EM-26

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OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

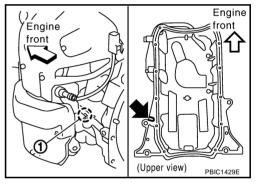
- 8. Remove three way catalyst support. Refer to <u>EM-24, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATA-LYST"</u>.
- 9. Remove the transaxle in the following order.
- a. Mount engine slingers on cylinder head. Refer to EM-71, "REMOVAL" .
- b. Lift with a hoist and position engine.
- c. Remove transaxle. Refer to MT-7, "Removal" .
- 10. Remove oil pan (upper) with the following procedure.
- a. Loosen oil pan (upper) mounting bolts in the reverse of the order shown in figure.



- b. Insert a flathead offset screwdriver into the cutout (1) shown in figure and create a crack between the oil pan and cylinder block.
- c. Insert seal cutter (special service tool) between oil pan (upper) and cylinder block. Slide seal cutter by tapping on the side of the tool with a hammer. Remove oil pan (upper).

CAUTION:

Exercise care not to damage mating surface.



11. Remove oil strainer.

INSTALLATION

1. Install oil strainer.

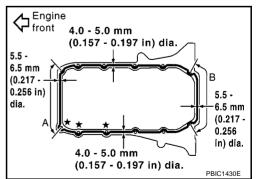
NOTE:

Do not use O-ring, gasket, or other seal parts.

- 2. Attach the oil pan (upper) in the following order.
- a. Apply the liquid gasket to the position shown in figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

CAUTION:

- For bolt holes with \star marks (3 locations), apply liquid gasket outside the holes.
- Apply a bead of 5.5 to 6.5 mm (0.127 0.256 in) in diameter to area "A" and "B".



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b. Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in figure.

See below for mounting positions of bolts

Under head 70 mm (2.76 in) : 4, 8, 12 Under head 90 mm (3.54 in) : 9,10 Under head 25 mm (0.98 in) : Other than the above

- 3. Install transaxle assembly.
- 4. Install oil pan (lower) in the following procedure:
- a. Apply the liquid gasket to the position shown in figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

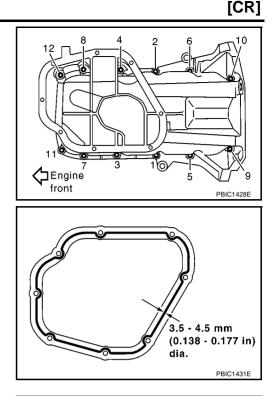
b. Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in figure.

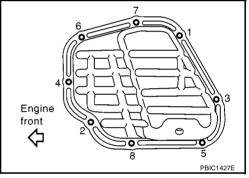
- 5. Install oil pan drain plug.
- For washer installation direction, refer to components figure on EM-26, "Removal and Installation".
- Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.
 CAUTION:
 Engine oil should be filled at least 30 minutes aft

Engine oil should be filled at least 30 minutes after the oil pan is installed.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check engine oil level. Refer to <u>LU-6, "ENGINE OIL"</u>.
- Warm up engine and check the oil amount and no leakage of oil. Refer to LU-6, "ENGINE OIL" .



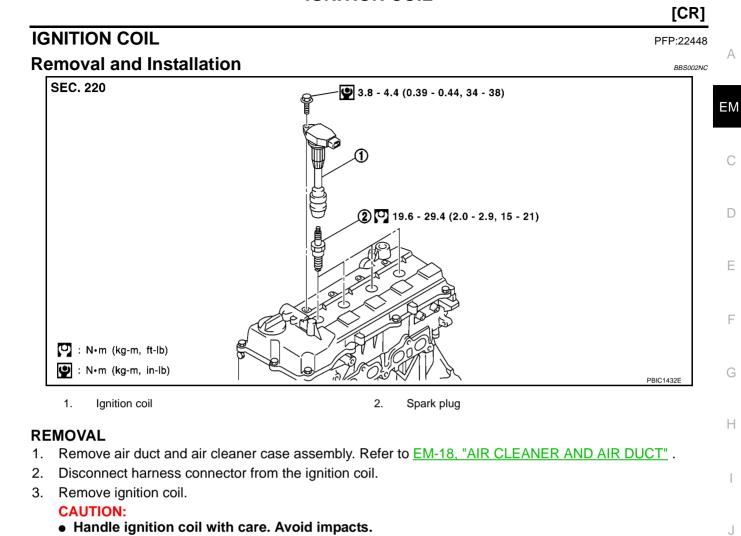


IGNITION COIL

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• Do not disassemble.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)

SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-29, "IGNITION COIL" .
- 2. Remove spark plugs with a spark plug wrench.
 - CAUTION:

Handle spark plug with care. Avoid impacts.

16 mm (0.63 in)

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Use standard type spark plug for normal condition.
- The hot type spark plug is suitable when fouling occurs with the standard type spark plug under conditions such as:
- Frequent engine starts
- Low ambient temperatures
- The cold type spark plug is suitable when spark plug knock occurs with the standard type spark plug under conditions such as:
- Extended highway driving
- Frequent high engine revolution

Make	NGK	Champion
Standard type	LFR5AP-11	REC10PYC4
Hot type	LFR4AP-11	—
Cold type	LFR6AP-11	_

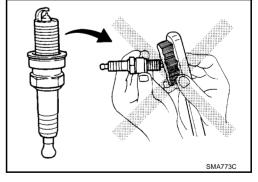
Gap (Nominal) : 1.1 mm (0.043 in)

CAUTION:

- Do not use a wire brush for cleaning.
- If plug tip is covered with carbon, spark plug cleaner may be used.

Cleaner air pressure:

Less than 588 kPa (6 kg/cm², 85 psi) Cleaning time: Less than 20 seconds

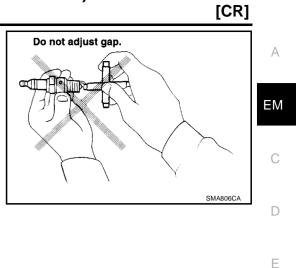


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• Checking and adjusting plug gap is not required between change intervals.



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INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

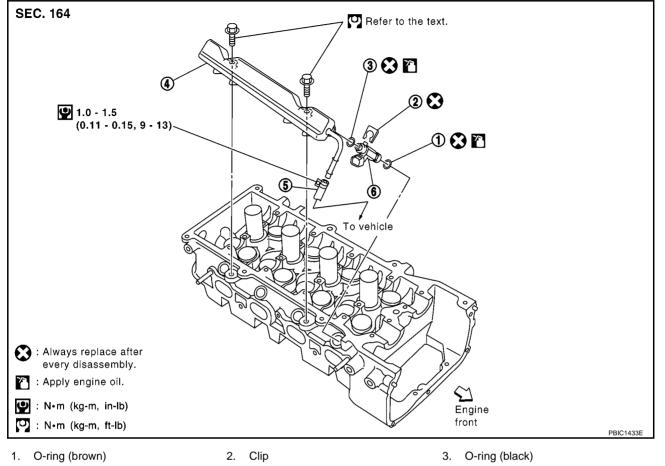
Spark plug

C : 19.6 - 29.4 N·m (2.0 - 3.0 kg-m, 15 - 21 ft-lb)

FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

Removal and Installation



4. Fuel tube

REMOVAL

- 1. Release fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-71, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (WITH EURO-OBD), <u>EC-488,</u> <u>"FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (WITHOUT EURO-OBD).
- 2. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly. Refer to EM-18, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

5. Fuel feed hose

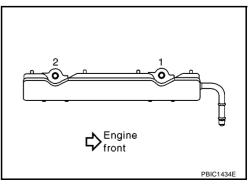
- 3. Remove intake manifold support bracket.
- 4. Remove the fuel hose on the side of the fuel tube. CAUTION:

Attach a plug to the removed hose to prevent fuel leaks.

- 5. Separate the fuel injector harness and move to a position where it will not get in the way of work.
 - If it is stuck or otherwise difficult to remove, remove the fuel injector and fuel tube assembly from the cylinder head and separate fuel injector harness in a better position.
- 6. Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure and then remove the fuel injector and fuel tube assembly.

CAUTION:

- Make sure the fuel injector nozzle does not touch the other parts.
- Take out without tipping, as this will cause fuel to leak.



6. Fuel injector



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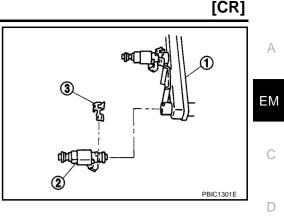
PFP:16600

FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

- 7. Remove the fuel injector (2) from the fuel tube (1) in the following order.
- a. Open and pull out the clip (3).
- b. Remove fuel injector from the fuel tube by pulling straight.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the nozzle.
- Do not drop or impact the fuel injector.
- Do not disassemble or adjust fuel injector.



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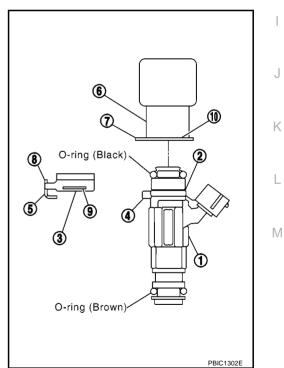
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INSTALLATION

- 1. Keep in mind the following points when attaching the O-ring to the fuel injector. **CAUTION:**
 - The upper and lower O-rings are different, so use caution when attaching them.

Fuel tube side	: Black
Nozzle side	: Brown

- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with engine oil.
- Do not clean O-ring with solvent.
- Make sure the O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- When installing the O-ring, be careful not to scratch it with tools or your fingernails. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring is stretched while it is being attached, do not insert it into fuel tube immediately.



- 2. Install the fuel injector onto the fuel tube in the following procedure:
- a. Insert the clip (3) into the clip mounting groove (2) on the fuel injector (1).
 - Insert clip cutout (5) into fuel injector protrusion (4).
 CAUTION:
 - Always replace clip with new one.
 - Make sure the clip does not interfere with the O-ring. If it does, replace the O-ring.
- b. With the clip assembly as is, insert the fuel injector (1) into the fuel tube (6).
 - Make sure the axis is lined up when inserting.
 - Insert clip cutout (8) into fuel tube protrusion (7).
 - Make sure the flange (10) on the fuel tube fits securely in the clip flange groove (9).
- c. Make sure the fuel injector does not spin or come off.

Install fuel tube and injector assembly onto cylinder head.
 CAUTION:

Make sure the injector nozzle does not touch the other parts.

• Tighten bolts evenly in two steps in the order shown in figure.

1st step

O: 11.8 - 13.8 N·m (1.2 - 1.4 kg-m, 9 - 10 ft-lb) 2ne step

🖸 : 20.8 - 28.2 N·m (2.1 - 2.9 kg-m, 16 - 20 ft-lb)

4. Connect fuel feed hose.

CAUTION:

Securely tighten the hose clamp at a position where it does not get in the way of the bulge.

- 5. Install intake manifold support bracket.
 - Tighten mounting bolts in the following order.
 - Tighten bolts temporarily in numerical order shown in the figure.
 - Tighten bolts to the specification in numerical order shown in the figure.

Bolt 1

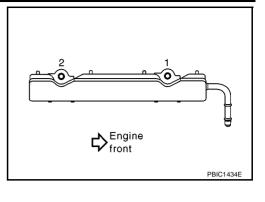
(: 6.9 - 9.5 N·m (0.7 - 0.96 kg-m, 61 - 84 in-lb) Bolts 2 and 3

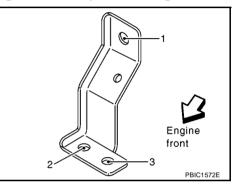
(: 8.4 - 10.8 N·m (0.86 - 1.1 kg-m, 75 - 95 in-lb)

6. Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

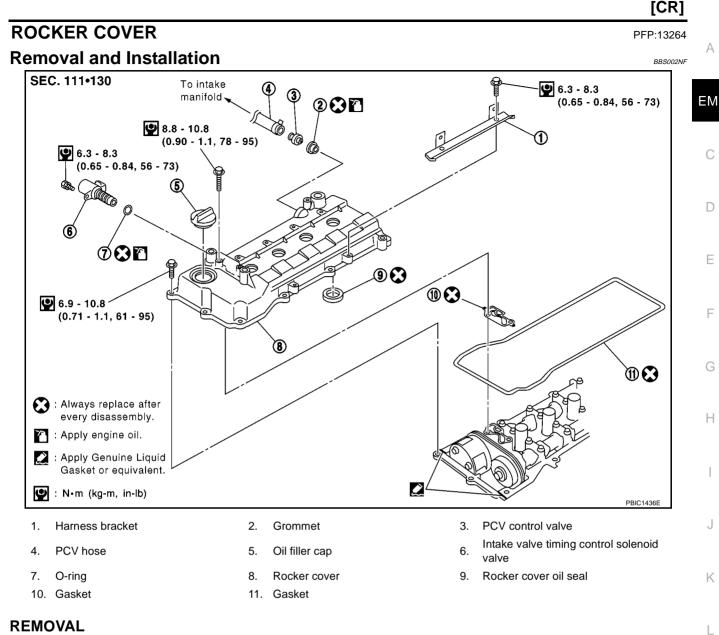
- Follow the procedure below to make sure there are no fuel leaks.
- 1. Turn the ignition switch to ON (do not start engine), and with fuel pressure applied in the fuel line, check to make sure there no fuel leaks from the connection.
- 2. Start the engine, and with the increased speed, check again to see if there are any fuel leaks from the connection.





ROCKER COVER

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- REMOVAL
- 1. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly. Refer to EM-18, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- 2. Remove RH engine mount stay. Refer to EM-70, "Removal and Installation". NOTE:

It is not necessary to support the engine using a jack.

- 3. Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-29, "IGNITION COIL" .
- 4. Remove ignition coil harness bracket.
- 5. Disconnect PCV hose and intake valve timing control sorenoid valve harness connector.
- 6. Remove the PCV control valve if necessary.
- 7. Remove the intake valve timing control solenoid valve if necessary. **CAUTION:**
 - Handle intake valve timing control solenoid valve with care. Avoid impacts.
 - Do not disassemble.

ROCKER COVER

8. Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure to remove rocker cover.

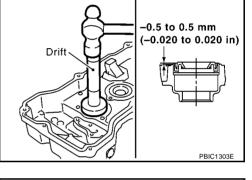
9. Remove the rocker cover oil seal using a screwdriver. **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to damage the rocker cover.

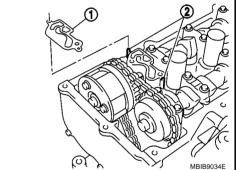
INSTALLATION

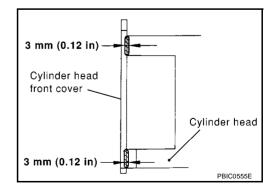
a.

- 1. Install rocker cover oil seal.
 - Using drift with outer diameter 97 mm (3.82 in) and inner diameter 83 mm (3.27 in) to 88 mm (3.46 in), press oil seal in.
 - Press-fit the oil seal evenly to the mounting surface.



Engine front





- face.Match up the positioning pins (2) and gasket holes in the
- Match up the positioning pins (2) and gasket holes in the direction of the shape of the camshaft bracket when attaching.

Install the gasket (1) to the No. 1 camshaft bracket upper sur-

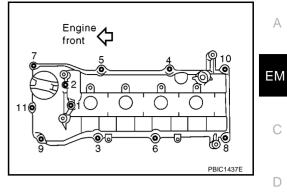
b. Install the gasket to the rocker cover mounting groove.

2. Install the rocker cover in the following procedure:

c. Apply the liquid gasket to the position shown in figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent. PBIC1437E

- d. Tighten bolts evenly in two steps in the order shown in the figure, to the specified torque.
 - See below for mounting positions of bolts

Under head: 1, 2 (inside bolts)45 mm (1.77 in): Other than above (outside bolts)Under head: Other than above (outside bolts)20 mm (0.79 in): Other than above (outside bolts)



- 3. Install intake valve timing control solenoid valve.
 - Make sure no foreign particles attach to the flange, O-ring, or attachment hole.
 - Tighten the mounting bolt after making sure it is fully inserted into the mounting hole.
- 4. Install PCV control valve.
 - Insert until the flange is flush with the grommet.
- 5. Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.



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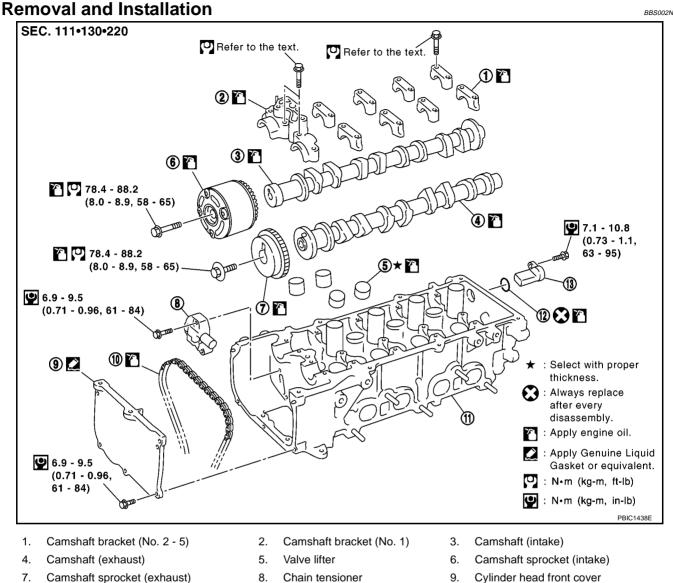
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- 10. Timing chain
- 13. Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)

REMOVAL

- Remove RH front fender protector. 1.
- 2. Secure the engine position using one of the following methods. Remove RH engine mount stay and engine mount bracket (upper). Refer to EM-70, "Removal and Installation" .

12. O-ring

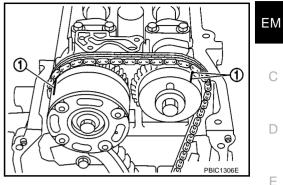
Mount engine slingers and hook with hoist. Refer to <u>EM-70, "Removal and Installation"</u>.

11. Cylinder head

- Support the oil pan bottom with a jack stand, etc.
- Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-35, "ROCKER COVER".
- Remove the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) from the back of the cylinder head if necessary. CAUTION:
 - Handle camshaft position sensor (PHASE) with care. Avoid impacts.
 - The tip of the sensor is magnetic, so do not let metal dust get on it or place it next to objects which can be affected by magnets.
- 5. Remove RH headlamp. Refer to LT-32, "Removal and Installation".
- 6. Remove the cylinder head front cover.
- 7. Following the procedure below, place cylinder No. 1 at TDC of its compression stroke

EM-38

- a. Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise.
- When doing this, make sure both the intake and exhaust cam noses on cylinder No. 1 are facing outwards. (No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke)
- c. Confirm mating marks (1) stamped on intake and exhaust sprockets are located as shown.
 - If there is no position mark at the position in the figure, turn the crankshaft pulley once more to position them as in the figure.
- d. Make sure mating marks on intake and exhaust camshaft sprockets are located as shown in the figure, then paint mating marks on the timing chain links.



8. Make sure the intake camshaft sprocket is in the most advanced position. **CAUTION:**

Installation and removal of the intake camshaft sprocket must be done in the most advanced position for the following reasons, so make sure you follow the procedure exactly.

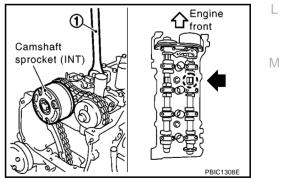
- The sprocket (1) and vane (camshaft coupling) (3) are designed to spin and move within the range of a certain angle.
- With the engine stopped the vane (3) is in the most retarded position. It will not spin because it is locked to the sprocket side by the internal lock pin (2).
- If the camshaft sprocket mounting bolts are turned in the situation described above (the most retarded position), the lock pin (2) will become damaged and cause malfunctions because of the increased horizontal load (cutting force) on the lock pin (2).
- Put the intake camshaft sprocket in the most advance position in the following steps.

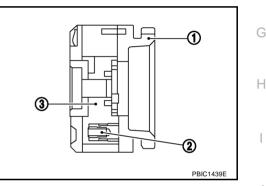
CAUTION:

The chain tensioner must not be removed before doing this step. NOTE:

The spinning direction in the following description is as seen from the engine front.

a. Immobilize the hexagonal part of the camshaft with a wrench (1) to prevent the intake camshaft from moving.





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b. Apply air pressure with an air gun (2) to the advanced angle side oil passage of the intake valve timing control on the top surface of the No. 1 camshaft bracket (1).

Compression pressure

: 300 kPa (3.00 bar, 3 kg/cm², 43.5 psi) or more

NOTE:

The air pressure is used to move the lock pin into the disengage position.

• Keep applying air pressure until step "e" is completed.

CAUTION:

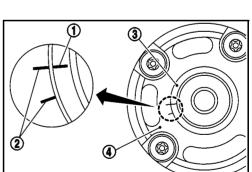
- Be sure not to damage the oil passage with the tip of the air gun.
- Wipe all the oil off on the top surface of the No. 1 camshaft bracket to prevent oil from being blown with the air, and the area around the air gun should be covered with a rag when applying air pressure. Eye protection should be worn as needed.
- c. Turn the intake camshaft slowly counter-clockwise in direction A (towards the intake manifold).

• Keep the air pressure on.

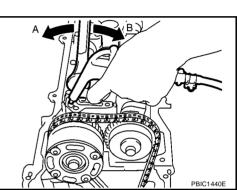
CAUTION:

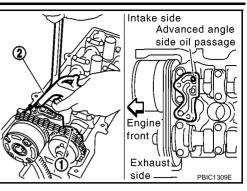
Also be sure the wrench immobilizing the camshaft does not come loose.

- d. While doing the above, once you hear a click (the sound of the internal lock pin disengaging) from inside the intake camshaft sprocket, start turning the intake camshaft in the opposite direction, direction B (clockwise: towards the exhaust manifold) and to the most advanced angle position.
 - Keep the air pressure on.
 - If there is no click, as soon as the vane (camshaft coupling) starts moving independently of the camshaft sprocket, the lock pin has become disengaged.
 - If the lock pin does not become disengaged, shake the wrench immobilizing the camshaft slightly.
 - If this still does not help in disengaging the lock pin, tap the intake camshaft front very lightly with a plastic hammer.
- e. Once the vane starts to spin and then the camshaft sprocket starts to spin with the camshaft, it has reached the most advanced position, so stop.
 - Make sure the most advanced position locating intake valve timing control advance mark (1) of vane (3) and alignment mark (2) of sprocket (4) as shown in the figure.









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9. Attach the stopper pin (1) such as a paper clip to secure the plunger in the full compressed position and remove the chain tensioner (2).

10. Keeping the wrench on the camshaft hexagonal part, loosen the mounting bolts and remove the intake and exhaust camshaft sprockets.

CAUTION:

- Make sure the tools do not come in contact with the A/C piping.
- Do not loosen mounting bolts with securing anything other than the camshaft hexagonal part or with tensioning the timing chain.

NOTE:

With the front cover attached, the timing chain and crankshaft sprocket will not come off, so there is no need to take steps to maintain the timing chain tension.

• The intake camshaft sprocket should be handled with the following precautions in mind.

CAUTION:

- When removing intake camshaft sprocket, using adhesive tape or equivalent, prevent vane from rotating so that lock pin will not rejoin in the most retarded position.
- Handle it carefully, and avoid any chance of impact caused by dropping.
- Do not disassemble. (Do not loosen the four front bolts.)

NOTE:

While removing the intake camshaft sprocket, if the lock pin has been rejoined in the most retarded position, do the following to restore it.

a. Reinstall the intake camshaft sprocket to the intake camshaft and tighten the mounting bolts enough to prevent air leaking out when the air pressure is applied later.

CAUTION:

To prevent internal lock pin from damaging, keep the torque on the mounting bolts to the minimum required to prevent air from escaping.

b. Apply the air pressure, disengage the lock pin following step 8, and turn the vane to the most advanced position. (The timing chain need not be attached for this step.)

EM-41

- c. Remove the intake camshaft sprocket from camshaft.
- 11. Remove camshaft brackets.
 - Loosen bolts in several steps in reverse order shown in the figure.
- 12. Remove camshaft.

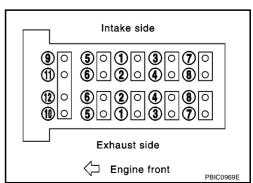
CAUTION:

Do not deform or damage intake camshaft rear end signal plate.

- 13. Remove valve lifter.
 - Identify installation position of each valve. Arrange removed valve lifters so they cannot be mixed up.

INSTALLATION

1. Install valve lifter.



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- Install it in its original positions.
- 2. Install camshaft.
 - You can distinguish between the intake and the exhaust by looking at the different shapes of the front and rear ends of the camshaft.

• Install the camshaft front ends dowel pin hole (1) and dowel pin (2) so that they are positioned as shown in the figure.

- 3. Install camshaft brackets.
 - Completely remove any foreign material on bottom surfaces of camshaft brackets and top surface of cylinder head.
 - Referring to the marks on top of the camshaft bracket, install so that it is in the same position and facing the same direction as when removed.
- 4. Tighten camshaft bracket bolts in the following order.
- a. Bolt sizes vary with installation position. Refer to the following when installing bolts.

Bolt color

1 - 10	: Black
11, 12	: Gold

b. First tighten bolts 9 through 12, then tighten bolts 1 through 8 in numerical order.

(: 2.0 N·m (0.2 kg-m, 18 in-lb)

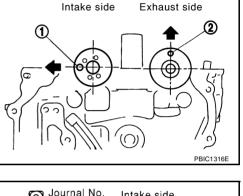
c. Tighten all bolts in numerical order shown in the figure.

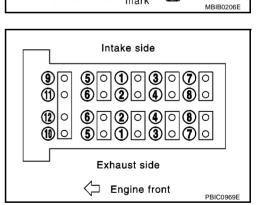
(**P**) : 5.9 N⋅m (0.6 kg-m, 52 in-lb)

d. Retighten all bolts in numerical order shown in the figure.

🕑 : 9.0 - 11.8 N·m (0.92 - 1.2 kg-m, 80 - 104 in-lb)

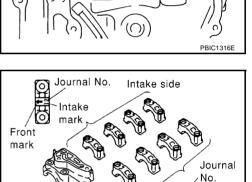
5. Install the intake camshaft sprocket in the following procedure:





Engine front

Exhaust side

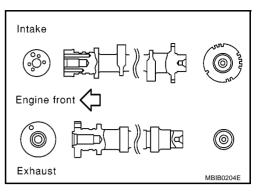


Front

mark

Exhaust

mark





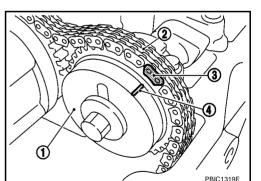
EM-43

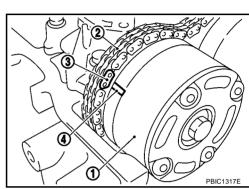
 Make sure the most advanced position checking intake valve timing control advance mark (1) of vane (3) and alignment mark (2) of sprocket (4) are located as shown in the figure.

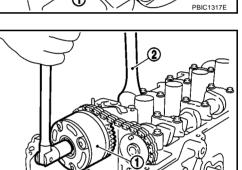
- Install timing chain (2) by aligning its mating mark (3) (marked a. when timing chain is removed) with mark (4) on camshaft sprocket (1).
 - Install by aligning the dowel pin on the back of the camshaft sprocket with dowel pin hole on the camshaft.

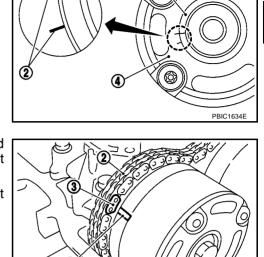
b. Keeping the camshaft hexagonal part still with the wrench (2), tighten the mounting bolt for the intake camshaft sprocket (1).

- Remove adhesive tape or equivalent from camshaft sprocket. C.
- 6. Install the exhaust camshaft sprocket (1) in the following procedure:
- Install timing chain (2) by aligning its mating mark (3) (marked a. when timing chain is removed) with mark (4) on camshaft sprocket (1).
 - Install by aligning the dowel pin groove of the sprocket with dowel pin on the camshaft.
- b. Keeping the camshaft hexagonal part still with the wrench, tighten the mounting bolt for the exhaust camshaft sprocket.
- Make sure the markings for the intake and the exhaust camshaft C. sprockets and the timing chain are all lined up.









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7. Install chain tensioner (2).

- Install the stopper pin (1) with plunger secured.
- After installation, remove the stopper pin (1) and release the plunger.
- Make sure again that mating marks on the intake and exhaust camshaft sprockets and mating marks on timing chain are aligned.
- 8. Turn the crankshaft pulley (1) slowly clockwise to return the intake camshaft sprocket to the most retarded position.

- When first turning the crankshaft the intake camshaft sprocket will turn. Once it is turned more, and the vane (camshaft) also turns, then it has reached the most retarded position.
- After spinning the crankshaft slightly in a counterclockwise direction, you can make sure the lock pin has joined by seeing if the vane and the sprocket move together.
- 9. Install the cylinder head front cover.
 - Evenly apply the liquid gasket to the position shown in figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
 - Install so that the cylinder head front cover matches up with the dowel pin on the cylinder head side.
- 10. Install camshaft position sensor (PHASE).
 - Make sure no foreign particles attach to the flange, O-ring, or attachment hole.
 - Tighten the mounting bolt after making sure it is fully inserted into the mounting hole.
- 11. Inspect and adjust valve clearance. Refer to <u>EM-47, "Valve</u> <u>Clearance"</u>.
- 12. Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Camshaft Runout

Put V block on precise flat bed, and support No. 2 and No. 5 journal of camshaft.

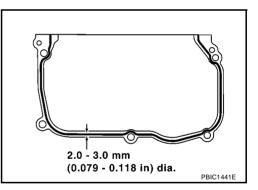
CAUTION:

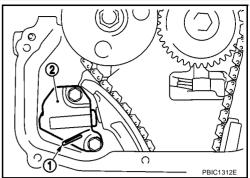
Do not support journal No. 1 (on the side of the camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.

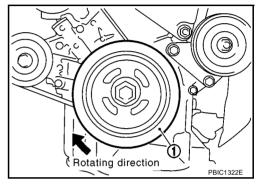
- Set a dial gauge (1) vertically onto journal No. 3.
- Rotate the camshaft in one direction by hand and read indication on the gauge. (Total indication reading)

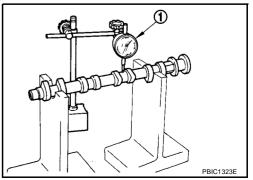
Limit : 0.04 mm (0.0016 in) or less

• If exceeds the limit, replace the camshaft.









Camshaft Cam Height

• Measure with a micrometer (1).

Camshaft Journal Clearance

No. 2 to No. 5

Standard

No. 1

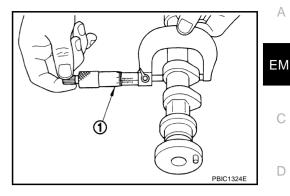
Outer Diameter of Camshaft Journal

Measure with a micrometer (1).

Standard CR14DE Intake

Intake : 40.359 - 40.549 mm (1.5889 - 1.5964 in) Exhaust : 39.743 - 39.933 mm (1.5647 - 1.5722 in)

• If it exceeds the standard, replace the camshaft.



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Inner Diameter of Camshaft Journal

- Tighten camshaft bracket bolts to the specified torque.
- Using an inside micrometer (1), measure inner diameter of the camshaft bracket.

: 27.935 - 27.955 mm (1.0998 - 1.1006 in)

: 23.450 - 23.470 mm (0.9232 - 0.9240 in)

Standard

No. 1 : 28.000 - 28.021 mm (1.1024 - 1.1032 in) No. 2 to No. 5 : 23.500 - 23.525 mm (0.9252 - 0.9262 in)

Calculation of Camshaft Journal Clearance

(Journal clearance) = (inner diameter of camshaft bracket) - (outer diameter of camshaft journal).

Standard

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No. 1
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: 0.045 - 0.086 mm (0.0018 - 0.0034 in)

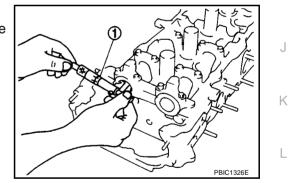
No. 2 to No. 5

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: 0.030 - 0.071 mm (0.0012 - 0.0028 in)
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• If clearance exceeded the standard, replace the camshaft and/or the cylinder head. Refer to the standard values for each individual part.

NOTE:

Since the camshaft brackets and the cylinder head are machined together, replacement must be done using the cylinder head assembly.



CAMSHAFT

Camshaft End Play

Set a dial gauge (1) to the camshaft front end in thrust direction. Move the camshaft back and forth (axially) and read indication on the gauge.

Standard : 0.070 - 0.143 mm (0.0028 - 0.0056 in)

- When out of the standard, replace with new camshaft and measure again.
- When out of the standard again, replace with new cylinder head.

Camshaft Sprocket Runout

- Put V block on precise flat bed, and support No. 2 and No. 5 journal of camshaft.
- Using a dial gauge, measure camshaft sprocket runout.

Limit In

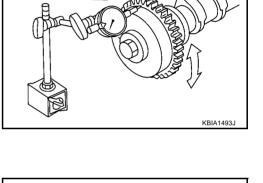
Valve Lifter

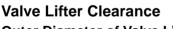
•

Intake	: 0.20 mm (0.0079 in)
Exhaust	: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft sprocket.

Check for cracks and wear on valve lifter surface. If anything above is found, replace valve lifter.

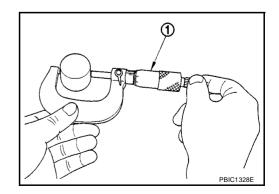


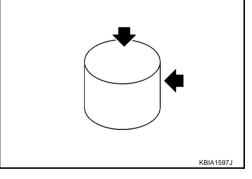


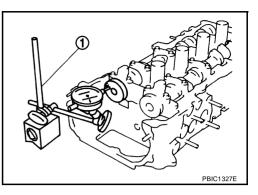
Outer Diameter of Valve Lifter

Measure with a micrometer (1).

Standard : 29.960 - 29.975 mm(1.1795 - 1.1801 in) dia.





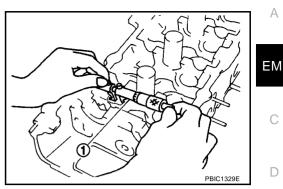




Valve Lifter Hole Diameter

• Using an inside micrometer (1), measure the valve lifter hole diameter in cylinder head.

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Standard : 30.000 - 30.021 mm (1.1811 - 1.1819 in) dia.
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Calculation of valve lifter clearance

(Valve lifter clearance) = (valve lifter hole diameter) - (outer diameter of valve lifter)

Standard : 0.025 - 0.061 mm (0.0010 - 0.0024 in)

• If clearance exceeded the standard, replace either one or both of valve lifter and cylinder head. Refer to the standard values for valve lifter outer diameter and hole diameter.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection of Camshaft Sprocket (INT) Oil Groove

CAUTION:

- Perform this inspection only when DTC P0011 is detected in self-diagnostic results of CONSULT-II and it is directed according to inspection procedure of EC section. Refer to <u>EC-104</u>, <u>"SELF-DIAG</u> <u>RESULTS MODE"</u> (WITH EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-521</u>, <u>"SELF-DIAG RESULTS MODE"</u> (WITHOUT EURO-OBD).
- Check when the engine is cold so as to prevent burns from any splashing engine oil.
- 1. Check the engine oil level. Refer to LU-6, "ENGINE OIL" .
- 2. Perform the following procedure so as to prevent the engine from being unintentionally started while checking.
- a. Release fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-71, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (WITH EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-488,</u> <u>"FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (WITHOUT EURO-OBD).
- b. Disconnect ignition coil and injector harness connectors.
- 3. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-35, "ROCKER COVER" .
- 4. Crank the engine, and then make sure that engine oil comes out from intake valve timing control cover oil hole. End crank after checking.

WARNING:

Be careful not to touch rotating parts (drive belt, idler pulley, and crankshaft pulley, etc.). CAUTION:

Engine oil may squirt from intake valve timing control solenoid valve installation hole during cranking. Use a shop cloth to prevent the engine components and the vehicle. Do not allow engine oil to get on rubber components such as drive belt or engine mount insulators. Immediately wipe off any splashed engine oil.

- Clean oil groove between oil strainer and intake valve timing control solenoid valve if engine oil does not come out from intake valve timing control cover oil hole. Refer to <u>LU-5</u>, "<u>LUBRICATION SYSTEM</u>".
- 5. Remove components between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and camshaft sprocket (INT), and then check each oil groove for clogging.
 - Clean oil groove if necessary. Refer to LU-5, "LUBRICATION SYSTEM" .
- 6. After inspection, install removed parts.

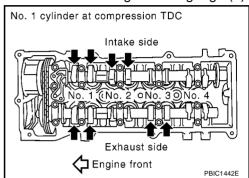
Valve Clearance INSPECTION

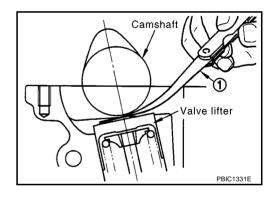
- Whenever the camshaft and valve related parts are removed and installed or replaced, or symptoms due to changes in valve clearance as a result of aging (poor starting, rough idle, unusual noise) are obvious, check valve clearance with the following procedure:
- 1. Warm up engine and stop it.

EM-47

- 2. Remove the following parts.
 - RH front fender protector
 - Rocker cover; Refer to EM-35, "ROCKER COVER" .
- 3. Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise.
- 4. When doing this, make sure both the intake and exhaust cam noses on cylinder No. 1 are facing outwards. (No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke)
 - If they are not facing out, turn the crankshaft pulley further. It is OK to do step 6 first (checking when No. 4 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke).
- 5. Referring to the figure, measure value clearances of values with \times in table below using a feeler gauge (1).

Cylinder		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
No. 1 cylinder at TDC of	INT	×	×		
its compression stroke.	EXH	×		×	





Valve clearance standard:

Hot	Intake	: 0.314 - 0.426 mm (0.012 - 0.017 in)
	Exhaust	: 0.338 - 0.462 mm (0.013 - 0.018 in)
Cold*	Intake	: 0.29 - 0.37 mm (0.011 - 0.015 in)
	Exhaust	: 0.32 - 0.40 mm (0.013 - 0.016 in)

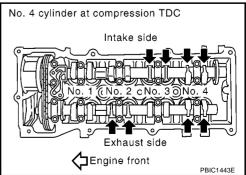
*: Approximately 20°C (68°F) (Reference data)

When adjusted for cold engine, the standard values for warm engine must be checked to see if they are correct, too.

- 6. Rotate crankshaft by 360° clockwise (when viewed from font) to align No. 4 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke.
- 7. Referring to the figure, measure valve clearances of valves with \times in table below.

Cylinder		No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
No. 4 cylinder at TDC of	INT			×	×
its compression stroke.	EXH		×		×

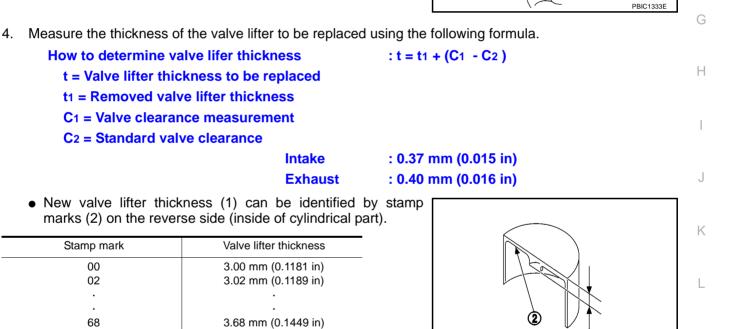
8. Adjustment of places outside range of standard values is done as follows.



ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

- The adjustment is made by selecting the thickness of the head of the valve lifter. (An adjuster shim is not used)
- The set thickness for the valve filter is measured at normal temperature, but any changes in dimension because of temperature differences maybe ignored. Accordingly, adjustment should use values for a warmed up engine (ready for inspection).
- 1. Remove camshaft. Refer to EM-38, "Removal and Installation" .
- 2. Remove the valve lifters for parts which are outside the range of standard values.
- 3. Using a micrometer (1), measure thickness of the removed valve lifter center part.



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- Valve lifter thickness settings: Thickness 3.00 3.68 mm (0.1181 0.1449 in) in 0.02 mm (0.0008 in) intervals and 35 types.
- 5. Install selected valve lifter.
- 6. Install camshaft. Refer to EM-38, "Removal and Installation" .
- 7. Manually turn crankshaft a few turns.
- 8. Make sure that the valve clearance is within the standard using the reference value when engine is cold.
- 9. After restoring, make sure the valve clearance is within the range of standard values with the engine warmed up.

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TIMING CHAIN

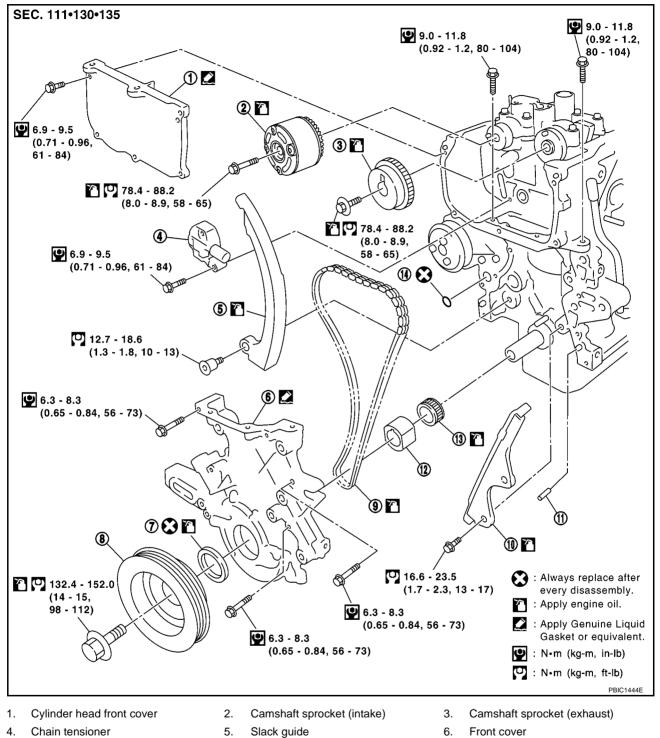
TIMING CHAIN

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Removal and Installation



- 7. Front oil seal
- 10. Tension guide
- 13. Crankshaft sprocket
- 8. Crankshaft pulley
- 11. Dowel pin
- 14. O-ring

- 9. Timing chain
- 12. Oil pump drive spacer

TIMING CHAIN

RE	MOVAL			
Ор	eration Description	А		
1.	Remove engine and transaxle assembly from the vehicle. Refer to EM-70, "Removal and Installation".			
2.	Separate engine from transaxle. Refer to MT-7, "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION" .			
3.	Remove parts remaining in step 3 and proceed to step 5.	EM		
-)TE:			
The	e reason for doing work with the engine by itself is stated below.	С		
•	It is necessary to remove the transaxle when removing and installing the oil pan (upper).	0		
•	For this reason, the entirety of the supporting engine mount disappears when removing and installing the front cover.	D		
1.	Remove RH front wheel and RH front fender protector.	D		
2.	Drain the engine oil.			
3.	Remove the following parts.	Е		
	 Drive belts and drive belt idler pulleys; Refer to <u>EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS"</u>. 			
	 Rocker cover; Refer to <u>EM-35, "ROCKER COVER"</u>. 			
	 Exhaust front tube; Refer to <u>EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM"</u>. 	F		
	 Starter motor; Refer to <u>SC-51, "Removal and Installation (CR Engine Models)"</u>. 			
	 Oil pan (lower and upper) and oil strainer; Refer to <u>EM-26, "OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER"</u>. 			
	RH headlamp; Refer to LT-32, "Removal and Installation"	G		
4.	Using the following procedure, remove the RH engine mount stay and the RH engine mount brackets (upper and lower).	Н		
a.	a. The engine should be immobilized using any one of the following methods.			
	 Mount engine slingers and hook with hoist. Refer to <u>EM-70, "Removal and Installation"</u>. 			
	 Support the transaxle bottom with a jack stand, etc. 			
	CAUTION:	1		
	Make sure the transaxle is not scratched while the bottom is being supported.			
b.	Remove RH engine mount stay and RH engine mount bracket (upper and lower). Refer to <u>EM-70</u> , <u>"Removal and Installation"</u> .	J		
5.	Remove alternator. Refer to <u>SC-15, "CHARGING SYSTEM"</u> .			
6.	Remove cylinder head front cover. Refer to <u>EM-38, "CAMSHAFT"</u> .	K		
7.	Remove the cylinder head auxiliary bolts (1).			
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- 8. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC on its compression stroke.
- a. Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise.
- b. When doing this, make sure both the intake and exhaust cam noses on cylinder No. 1 are facing outwards. (No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke)

- Confirm mating marks (1) stamped on intake and exhaust C. sprockets are rotated as shown.
 - If there is no position mark in the figure, turn the crankshaft pulley once more to position them as in the figure.

- 9. Remove the crankshaft pulley in the following order.
- a. Using the starter motor mounting hole, attach a ring gear stopper (special service tool) and secure the crankshaft.
 - You can also secure the crankshaft counterweight using hammer handle, etc., after removing the oil pan (upper). Make sure no foreign matter gets inside the engine.
- b. Loosen crankshaft bolt and pull it out.

CAUTION:

Do not remove the mounting bolts as they will be used as a supporting point for the pulley puller.

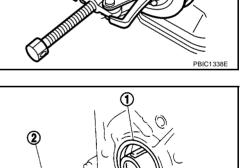
Place the crankshaft pulley puller (1) tab on the crank pulley C. hole, and pull the crankshaft pulley (2) through. **CAUTION:**

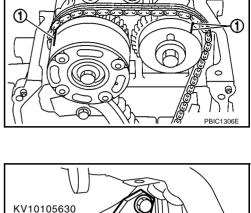
Do not put the pulley tab on the crank pulley wide-diameter pulley, as this will damage the internal dampers.

- 10. Remove the idler pulley bracket assembly for drive belts from the front cover. Refer to EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS" .
- 11. Remove the front cover in the following order.
- To give more freedom to the front cover position during installaa. tion and removal, pull out the oil pump drive spacer (2) over the front oil seal (1).
 - Pull out straight, using long nosed pliers or two screwdrivers, etc.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage oil pump drive spacer surface.





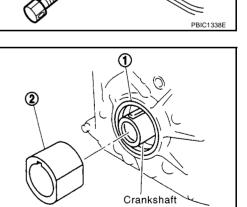
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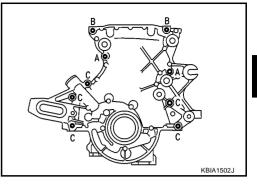


b. Remove front cover carefully.

• Remove bolts A to C shown in the figure.

CAUTION:

- To prevent the front of the cylinder head gasket from getting bent or damaged, remove so that it comes apart cleanly from the front cover top and the gasket bottom.
- Replace the cylinder head gasket with a new one if it is damaged.



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- c. Remove O-ring from the cylinder block.
- 12. Remove the front cover dowel pins (1) from the cylinder block.
 - After warming with an industrial drier (2), use locking pliers (3) to pull out the dowel pins.

NOTE:

This step is in preparation for installing the front cover. If the timing chain is to be removed, it can be done later.

- 13. Remove the front oil seal from the front cover.
 - Insert a screwdriver behind the oil seal and pull up to remove.
- 14. Secure the intake camshaft sprocket in the most advanced position. Refer to <u>EM-38</u>, <u>"CAMSHAFT"</u>. **NOTE:**

The following steps are for removing the timing chain and other related parts.

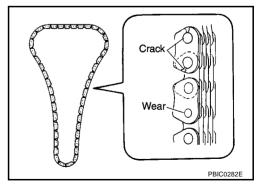
- 15. Remove chain tensioner. Refer to EM-38, "CAMSHAFT" .
- 16. Remove camshaft sprocket. Refer to <u>EM-38</u>, <u>"CAMSHAFT"</u>. **NOTE:**

No markings are needed between the camshaft sprocket and timing chain.

- 17. Remove timing chain, the timing chain slack guide, and the tension guide.
- 18. Remove the crankshaft sprocket.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Make sure there are no noticeable cracks or wear on the timing chain, and replace if there are.



INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Completely remove liquid gasket attached to mounting surfaces using a scraper, and clean off with white gasoline.
- After installation, wipe off any extra liquid gasket.
- 1. Install the timing chain and related parts in the following steps.

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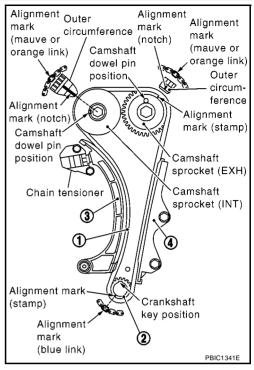
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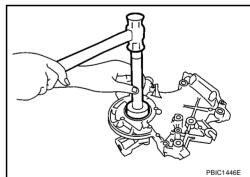
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- See the figure for positions sprockets, timing chain (1), and installation of other parts.
- Attach each sprocket with its mating mark towards the engine front.
- Install timing chain and crankshaft sprocket (2). а
 - You can make sure the No. 1 cylinder is at the TDC of its compression stroke by checking if the crankshaft key is straight up.
 - Place the timing chain on the front of the camshaft to make sure it does not fall.
- b. Install timing chain slack guide (3) and the tension guide (4).
- Install camshaft sprockets. Refer to EM-38, "CAMSHAFT" . c.
 - Align the mating marks on camshaft sprocket and timing chain here.

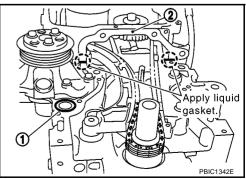


- Install chain tensioner. Refer to EM-38, "CAMSHAFT" . d.
- Check again to make sure all the mating marks are in place. e.
- f. Temporarily install the oil pump drive spacer, the crankshaft pulley, and the crankshaft pulley bolt, and make it so that the crankshaft can be turned.
- g. Turn the crankshaft clockwise viewing from engine front. Place intake side camshaft in the most retarded position. Refer to EM-38, "CAMSHAFT" .
- h. Turn the crankshaft a few more times clockwise and make sure nothing is wrong with it.
- i. Remove the parts installed in step f.
- 2. Install front oil seal to front cover.
 - Make sure the oil seal lettering is towards the engine front.
 - Using suitable drift, press oil seal in until it is flush with end surface of mounting position.
 - Do this without damaging the outer diameter of the oil seal.



- 3. Install the front cover with the following procedure:
- Install O-ring (1) to the cylinder block. а
- Apply liquid gasket to the contact area between the bottom of b. the cylinder head gasket (2) and the cylinder block (two places in the figure) using a screwdriver.

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.



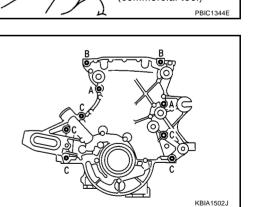
- Evenly apply the liquid gasket to the back of the front cover as C. per the position in the figure.
- d. Apply a thin, even layer of liquid gasket to the entire upper surface of the front cover. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

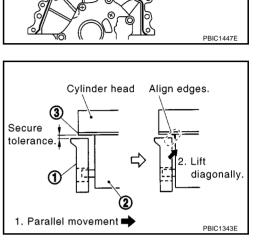
- With the inner rotor internal diameter part of the oil pump resting e. on the top of the crankshaft [with a space between the top of the front cover and the bottom of the cylinder head gasket (3)], bring the front cover (1) as close as possible to the cylinder block. (To the left in the figure)
- To make sure the front cover comes into contact with the cylinf. der head gasket (3) bottom and the cylinder block (2) front at the same time, lift it diagonally and set it in the mounting position. (To the right in the figure)

CAUTION:

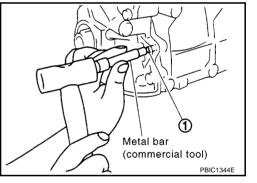
- Be careful not to damage the cylinder head gasket (3).
- Attach using caution not to let the liquid gasket get cut off by getting attached to unnecessary parts.
- Temporarily secure the front cover so it does not move using a. several bolts.
- Press fit dowel pins (1) to the cylinder block through the front h. cover.

- i. Temporarily tighten the front cover bolts.
 - A [Under head length: 25 mm (0.98 in)], B [Under head length: 40 mm (1.57 in)], C [Under head length: 50 mm (1.97 in)]
- Temporarily tighten the cylinder head auxiliary bolts. j.
- k. Tighten front cover bolts and the cylinder head auxiliary bolts to the specified torque.





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Upper surface А ΕM 2.0 - 3.0 mm (0.079 - 0.118 in) dia.

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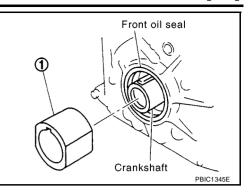
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- 4. Install oil pump drive spacer (1).
 - When installing, align with flat face of oil pump inner rotor.
 - If they are not aligned properly, turn the inner rotor with a screwdriver until they do.

CAUTION:

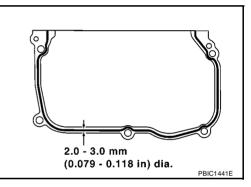
Be careful not to damage the oil seal lip.



- 5. Install the drive belt idler pulley bracket assembly. Refer to EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS" .
- 6. Install crankshaft pulley.
 - When installing, make sure the front oil seal lip does not fold back and the garter spring of oil seal lip does not fall.
 - Secure the crankshaft as in "REMOVAL" and tighten the bolts. CAUTION:

The bolt seats have a special lubricant applied in order to stabilize torque, so do not wipe off or apply oil.

- 7. Install the cylinder head front cover.
 - Evenly apply the liquid gasket to the position shown in figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent
- 8. Install RH engine mount bracket and RH engine mount stay. Refer to <u>EM-70, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 9. Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- In order to allow liquid gasket to be cured, perform inspection at least 30 minutes after the last step in which parts sealed with liquid gasket are installed.
- With engine warmed up, check each part for engine oil leakage.

OIL SEAL

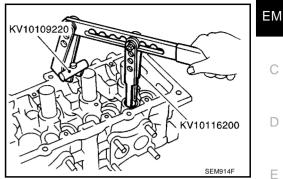
Removal and Installation of Valve Oil Seal REMOVAL

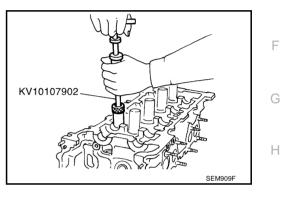
- 1. Remove camshaft. Refer to EM-38, "CAMSHAFT" .
- 2. Remove valve lifter. Refer to EM-38, "CAMSHAFT" .
- 3. Turn the crankshaft, put the cylinder to have the oil seal removed in the TDC position to prevent the valve from falling into the cylinder.

CAUTION:

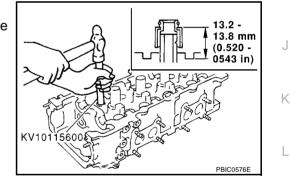
When rotating the crankshaft, make sure the timing chain does not get caught in the front cover.

- 4. Using a valve spring compressor (special service tool), remove the valve collet, valve spring retainer, and valve spring.
- 5. Using a valve oil seal puller (special service tool), remove the valve oil seal.





- 1. Apply engine oil to the new valve oil seal joint and seal lip.
- 2. Using a valve oil seal drift (special service tool), press fit the valve oil seal to the height shown in the figure.
- 3. Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.



Removal and Installation of Front Oil Seal REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the following parts.
 - RH front fender protector
 - Drive belt; Refer to EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS" .
 - Crankshaft pulley; Refer to EM-50, "TIMING CHAIN" .
- 2. Using a screwdriver, remove the front oil seal.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the front cover or the crankshaft.

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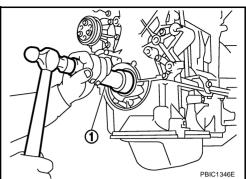
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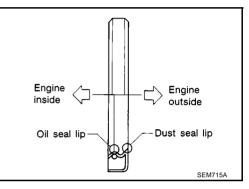
INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply engine oil to the new front oil seal joint and seal lip.
- 2. Using a suitable drift (1), press fit until the front end of front oil seal is level with the mounting surface.
 - Suitable drift (1) : outer diameter 50 mm (1.97 in), inner diameter 44 mm (1.73 in).

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the front cover or the crankshaft.
- Press in straight, making sure the oil seal does not curl or tilt.
- See the figure for the direction the front oil seal should be fitted.
- Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.





Removal and Installation of Rear Oil Seal REMOVAL

- 1. Remove transaxle assembly. Refer to MT-7, "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION" .
- 2. Remove clutch cover and clutch disc. Refer to CL-11, "CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLY-WHEEL".
- 3. Remove flywheel. Refer to EM-74, "CYLINDER BLOCK" .
- 4. Using a screwdriver, remove the rear oil seal. **CAUTION:**

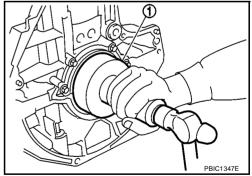
Be careful not to damage the mounting surface.

INSTALLATION

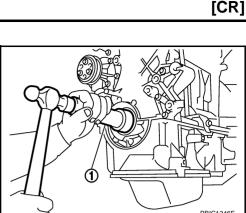
- 1. Using a suitable drift (1), press fit until the rear end of front oil seal is level with the mounting surface.
 - Suitable drift (1): outer diameter 102 mm (4.02 in), inner diameter 90 mm (3.54 in).

CAUTION:

- Do not touch the grease applied to the oil seal lip.
- Be careful not to damage the rear oil seal retainer or the crankshaft.
- Press in straight, making sure the oil seal does not curl or tilt.









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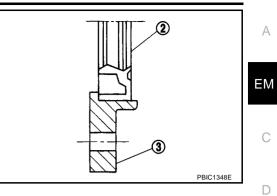
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• Press rear oil seal (2) into rear oil seal retainer (3) so that it does not project from the end.



2. Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.

CYLINDER HEAD

CYLINDER HEAD

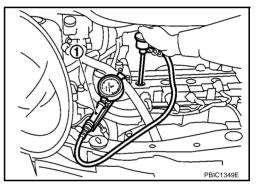
On Vehicle Inspection COMPRESSION PRESSURE INSPECTION

- 1. Warm up engine thoroughly. Then, stop it.
- 2. Release fuel pressure with the following procedure.
- a. Remove rear seat assembly.
- b. Open the inspection hole cover.
- c. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit, fuel filter, and fuel pump assembly connector, and start engine. Refer to <u>FL-4, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY"</u>.
- d. After you stop the engine, crank it two or three times to consume the fuel in the pipes.

CAUTION:

After release the fuel pressure and until the compression pressure inspection, leave the harness connector off.

- Remove ignition coil and spark plug from all the cylinders. Refer to <u>EM-29, "IGNITION COIL"</u> and <u>EM-30,</u> <u>"SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)"</u>.
- 4. Attach a engine tachometer (not required in use of CONSULT-II).
- 5. Install compression tester (1) with adapter onto spark plug hole.



• Use compression tester whose picking up end inserted to spark plug hole is smaller than 20 mm (0.79 in) in diameter. Otherwise, it may be caught by cylinder head during removal.

 With accelerator pedal fully depressed, turn ignition switch to "START" for cranking. When the gauge pointer stabilizes, read the compression pressure and engine rpm. Perform these steps to check each cylinder.

	[kPa (bar, kg/cm ² , psi)/350rpm
Engine type	CR14DE
Standard	1,383 (13.83, 14.1, 201)
Minimum	1,187 (11.87, 12.1, 172)
Difference limit among cylinders	98 (0.98, 1.0, 14)

CAUTION:

Always use a fully charged battery to obtain specified engine speed.

- If the engine speed is out of specified range, check battery liquid for proper gravity. Check engine speed again with normal battery gravity.
- If compression pressure is below minimum value, check valve clearances and parts associated with combustion chamber (Valve, valve seat, piston, piston ring, cylinder bore, cylinder head, cylinder head gasket). After the checking, measure compression pressure again.
- If some cylinders have low compression pressure, pour small amount of engine oil into the spark plug hole of the cylinder to re-check it for compression.
- If the added engine oil improves the compression, the piston rings may be worn out or damaged. Check the piston rings and replace if necessary.
- If the compression pressure remains at low level despite the addition of engine oil, the valves may be malfunctioning. Check the valves for damage. Replace the valve or valve seat accordingly.

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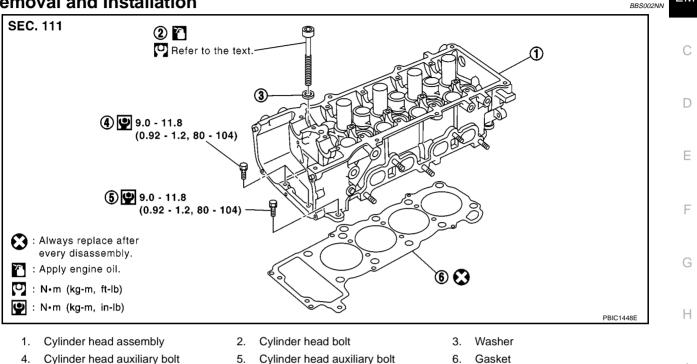


CYLINDER HEAD

 If two adjacent cylinders have respectively low compression pressure and their compression remains low even after the addition of engine oil, the gasket is leaking. In such a case, replace the cylinder head gasket.

7. After inspection, install removed parts in reverse order of removal.

Removal and Installation



REMOVAL

- Release the fuel pressure. Refer to EC-71, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" (WITH EURO-OBD), EC-488, 1 <u>"FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (WITHOUT EURO-OBD).
- 2. Drain engine coolant. Refer to CO-8, "ENGINE COOLANT" .
- 3. Remove the following components and related parts.
 - RH front fender protector
 - Alternator and A/C compressor drive belt; Refer to EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS".
 - Air duct and air cleaner case assembly; Refer to EM-18, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".
 - Intake manifold; Refer to <u>EM-22, "INTAKE MANIFOLD"</u>.
 - Fuel injector and fuel tube assembly; Refer to <u>EM-32, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u>.
 - Radiator upper hose and lower hose; Refer to CO-12, "RADIATOR".
 - Alternator and alternator bracket; Refer to SC-39, "Removal and Installation (CR Engine Models)".
 - Exhaust manifold and three way catalyst assembly; Refer to EM-24, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".
 - Ignition coil; Refer to EM-29, "IGNITION COIL".
 - Rocker cover; Refer to <u>EM-35, "ROCKER COVER"</u>.
 - Camshaft; Refer to <u>EM-38, "CAMSHAFT"</u>. CAUTION: For the method for maintaining engine position, select the method which supports the bottom of the oil pan.
 - Heated oxygen sensor harness bracket; Refer to <u>EM-24, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY</u> <u>CATALYST"</u> .
 - Water outlet, thermostat, engine coolant temperature sensor and heater pipe; Refer to CO-19, "THER-MOSTAT".
 - Water suction pipe mounting bolt; Refer to <u>CO-17, "WATER PUMP"</u>.

EM-61

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- 4. Loosen bolts in the reverse order shown in the figure and then remove the cylinder head assembly.
- 5. Remove cylinder head gasket.



Cylinder Head Bolt Outer Diameter

• Cylinder head bolts are tightened by plastic zone tightening method. Whenever the size difference between d1 and d2 exceeds the limit, replace them with new one.

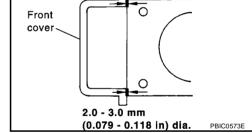
Limit (d1 - d2) : 0.12 mm (0.0047 in)

then install the cylinder head gasket.

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

• If reduction of outer diameter appears in a position other than d2, use it as d2 point.

Evenly apply the liquid gasket to the position in the figure and



(0.079 - 0.118 in) dia.

2.0 - 3.0 mm

2. Attach the cylinder head assembly and then tighten bolts 1 to 10 in the order shown in the figure.

CAUTION:

INSTALLATION

1.

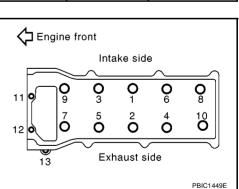
For step c, loosen them in reverse of the order in the figure. NOTE:

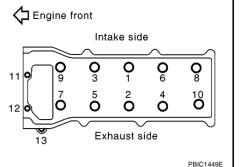
Bolts 11 to 13 should be tightened in step 3 after tightening bolts 1 to 10.

- a. Apply new engine oil to threads and seat surfaces of bolts.
- b. Tighten at 61.7 71.7 N·m (6.3 7.3 kg-m, 46 52 ft-lb).
- c. Loosen completely to 0 N·m (0 kg-m).
- d. Tighten at 22.5 32.5 N·m (2.3 3.3 kg-m, 17 23 ft-lb).
- e. Tighten with 90 95 degrees clockwise [Target: 90 degrees]. (Angle tightening) CAUTION:

Check and confirm the tightening angle by using angle wrench (special service tool). Avoid judgment by visual inspection without the tool.

EM-62





d2

d1

50 mm (1.97 in)

10 mm (0.39 in)

PBIC1450E

Cylinder block

CYLINDER HEAD

Check tightening angle indicated on the angle wrench indicator plate.

3. Tighten auxiliary bolts (11 to 13) in the numerical order shown in the figure.

4. Reinstall removed parts in reverse order of removal.

Disassembly and Assembly

- SEC. 111•130•210•220 89 19.6 - 29.4 80 2 (2.0 - 2.9, 15 - 21) 9 80 3 60 q 4 (5) 623 1 18 🕄 💆 (8 9 : Always replace after Ð 0 every disassembly. (12 : Apply engine oil. \mathbf{x} 2 : Apply Genuine Liquid 10 🏠 1Gasket or equivalent. I: N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) PBIC1451E 1. Spark plug 2. Valve collet 3. Valve spring retainer Valve spring Valve spring seat Valve oil seal 4. 5. 6. 7. Valve guide 8. Cylinder head 9. Valve seat (INT)
 - EM-63



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Intake side

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Exhaust side

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Engine front

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11. Valve (EXH)

- 10. Valve (INT)
- 13. Spark plug tube

DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove spark plugs with a spark plug wrench.
- 2. Remove valve lifter.
 - Mark position on valve lifter for assembly.
- 3. Remove valve collet.
 - Compress the valve spring with a valve spring compressor (special service tool). Remove valve collet with a magnetic driver.

CAUTION:

When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.

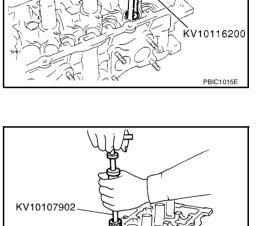
- 4. Remove valve spring retainer and valve spring.
- 5. Push the valve stem toward the combustion chamber side and remove the valve.
 - Before removal, check valve guide clearance. Refer to <u>EM-66, "Valve Guide Clearance"</u>.
 - Mark position on valve for assembly.
- 6. Remove valve oil seal.
 - Use valve oil seal puller (special service tool).
- 7. Remove valve spring seat.
- 8. When valve seat replacement is necessary, refer to <u>EM-67</u>, <u>"Replacement of Valve Seat"</u>.
- When valve guide replacement is necessary, refer to <u>EM-66</u>, <u>"Valve Guide Replacement"</u>.
- 10. Remove spark plug tube, as necessary.
 - Using a pair of pliers, pull spark plug tube out of cylinder head.

CAUTION:

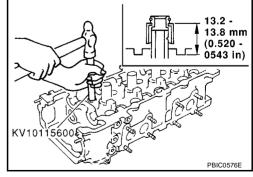
- Take care not to damage cylinder head.
- Once removed, a spark plug tube will be deformed and cannot be reused. Do not remove it unless absolutely necessary.

ASSEMBLY

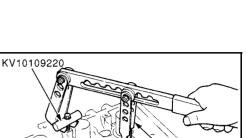
- 1. Install valve guide. Refer to EM-66, "Valve Guide Replacement" .
- 2. Install valve seat. Refer to EM-67, "Replacement of Valve Seat" .
- 3. Install valve oil seal.
 - Using a valve oil seal drift (special service tool), install to the dimensions specified in the figure.
- 4. Install valve spring seat.
- 5. Install valve.
 - Valves of larger diameter are for intake side.



SEM909



- 6. Install valve spring.
- 7. Install valve spring retainer.
- 8. Install valve collet.
 - Use a valve spring compressor (special service tool) to compress the valve spring, then install collet with a magnetic finger.



12. Valve seat (EXH)

EM-64

CYLINDER HEAD

- After installing valve component parts, tap valve stem tip with a plastic hammer to assure a proper fit.
- 9. Install valve lifter.
 - Install it in its original positions.
- 10. Install spark plug tube.
 - Press-fit into cylinder head in the following order.
- a. Remove the old liquid gasket which has become attached to the cylinder head mounting hole.
- b. Apply the liquid gasket to the area around the spark plug tube press-fit.
 - Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
- c. Using a drift, press-fit spark plug tube so that its height "H" is as specified in the figure.

Standard press-fit height "H"

: 41.0 - 42.0 mm (1.614 - 1.654 in)

CAUTION:

- Press-fit, making sure not to deform the spark plug tube.
- After press-fitting, wipe off liquid gasket protruding onto cylinder head upper face.
- 11. Install spark plug.
 - Use a spark plug wrench.

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cylinder Head Distortion

1. Using a scraper, wipe off oil, scale, gasket, sealant, and carbon deposits from surface of cylinder head.

CAUTION:

Do not allow gasket fragments to enter oil or engine coolant passages.

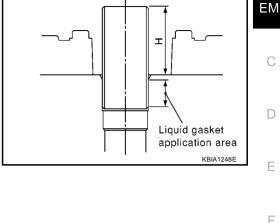
2. Check flatness of the cylinder head lower surface. Measure distortion in six directions shown in figure, at several points in each direction.

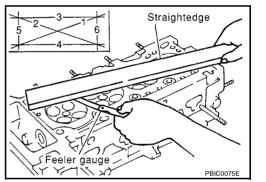
Limit : 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

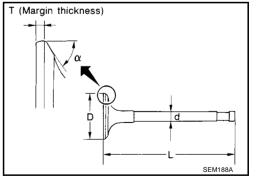
• if it exceeds the limit, replace the cylinder head.

Valve Dimensions

- Check dimensions of each valve. For dimensions, refer to <u>EM-</u>
 <u>96, "VALVE"</u>.
- If dimensions are out of the standard, replace valve.







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Valve Guide Clearance

Check valve guide clearance before removing the valve guide.

- 1. Make sure valve stem diameter is within the standard.
- 2. Push the valve out toward combustion chamber for approximately 15 mm (0.59 in). Measure runout while pushing the valve toward the dial gauge (1).
- The half of the dial gauge reading is the valve guide clearance. 3.

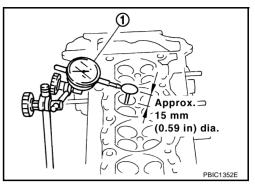
Standard

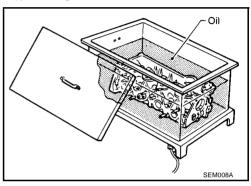
Intake	: 0.020 - 0.053 mm (0.0008 - 0.0021 in)
Exhaust	: 0.040 - 0.073 mm (0.0016 - 0.0029 in)

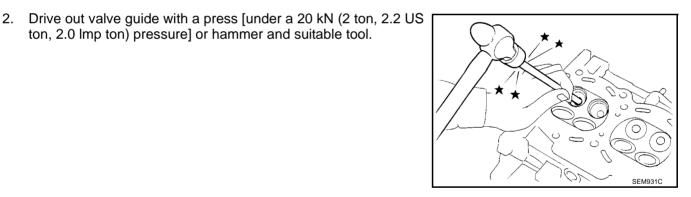
Valve Guide Replacement

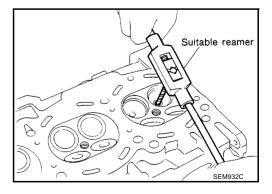
When valve guide is removed, replace with oversized [0.2 mm (0.008 in)] valve guide.

1. To remove valve guide, heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.









3. Ream cylinder head valve guide hole.

Valve guide hole diameter (for service parts): Intake and exhaust : 9.685 - 9.696 mm (0.3813 - 0.3817 in) dia.

ton, 2.0 Imp ton) pressure] or hammer and suitable tool.

EM-67

Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in

CYLINDER HEAD

5. Press valve guide from camshaft side to dimensions as in illustration.

CAUTION:

heated oil.

4.

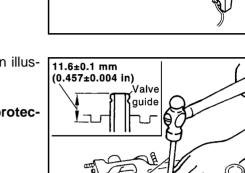
Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.

6. Using valve guide reamer, apply reamer finish to valve guide.

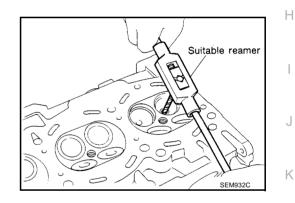
Standard

Intake and exhaust

: 5.500 - 5.518 mm (0.2165 - 0.2172 in) dia.



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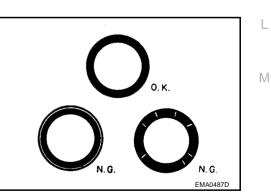
Valve Seat Contact

- After confirming that the dimensions of valve guides and valves are within specifications, perform this procedure.
- Apply prussian blue (or white lead) onto contacting surface of valve seat to check the condition of the valve contact on the surface.
- Check if the contact area band is continuous all around the circumference.
- If not, grind to adjust valve fitting and check again. If the contacting surface still has N.G conditions even after the re-check, replace valve seat.

Replacement of Valve Seat

When valve seat is removed, replace with oversized [0.5 mm (0.020 in)] valve seat.

1. Bore out old seat until it collapses. Boring should not continue beyond the bottom face of the seat recess in cylinder head. Set the machine depth stop to ensure this.



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Oil

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- 2. Ream cylinder head recess diameter for service valve seat.
 - Oversize [0.5 mm (0.020 in)]: Intake: 29.000 - 29.016 mm (1.1417 - 1.1424 in) Exhaust: 24.000 - 24.016 mm (0.9449 - 0.9455 in)
- Be sure to ream in circles concentric to the valve guide center.
- This will enable valve seat to fit correctly.
- 3. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.

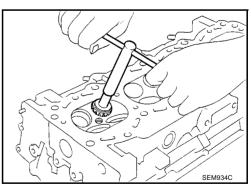
4. Provide valve seats cooled well with dry ice. Force fit valve seat into cylinder head.

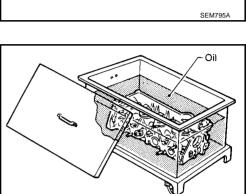
CAUTION:

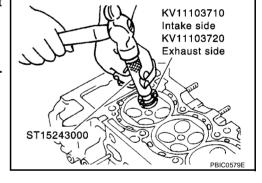
- Avoid directly to touching cold valve seats.
- Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.
- 5. Using valve seat cutter set (commercial service tool) or valve seat grinder, finish the seat to the specified dimensions.

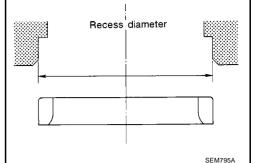
CAUTION:

When using valve seat cutter, firmly grip the cutter handle with both hands. Then, press on the contacting surface all around the circumference to cut in a single drive. Improper pressure on with the cutter or cutting many different times may result in stage valve seat.









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SEM008

Grind to obtain the dimensions indicated in figure.

Standard:

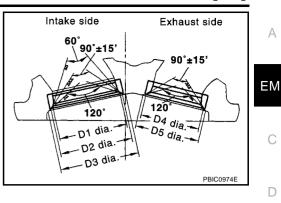
- D1 dia. : 25.4 mm (1.000 in) D2 dia. : 27.0 - 27.2 mm (1.062 - 1.070 in) D3 dia. : 28.7 - 28.9 mm (1.129 - 1.137 in) D4 dia. : 22.0 - 22.2 mm (0.866 - 0.874 in) D5 dia. : 23.7 - 23.9 mm (0.933 - 0.940 in)
- 6. Using compound, grind to adjust valve fitting.
- Check again for normal contact. 7.

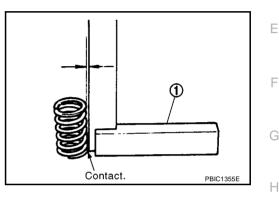
Valve Spring Squareness

Set try square (1) along the side of valve spring and rotate the spring. Measure the maximum clearance between the top face of spring and try square (1).

Limit : 1.6 mm (0.063 in)

if exceeds the limit, replace the valve spring.





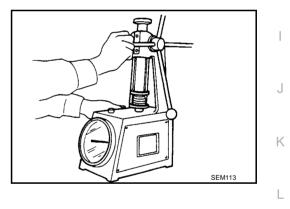
Valve Spring Dimensions and Valve Spring Pressure Load

Check valve spring pressure load at specified spring height.

Sta	n	d	ar	ď		
	-					

Free height	: 53.3 mm (2.098 in)
Installation height	: 32.82 mm (1.2921 in)
Installation load	: 149 - 165 N (15.2 - 16.8 kg, 33.5 - 37 lb)
Height during valve open	: 24.73 mm (0.9736 in)
Load with valve open	: 228 - 250 N (23.3 - 25.5 kg, 51.3 - 56.2 lb)

If the dimensions exceed the standard, replace the valve spring.



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ENGINE ASSEMBLY

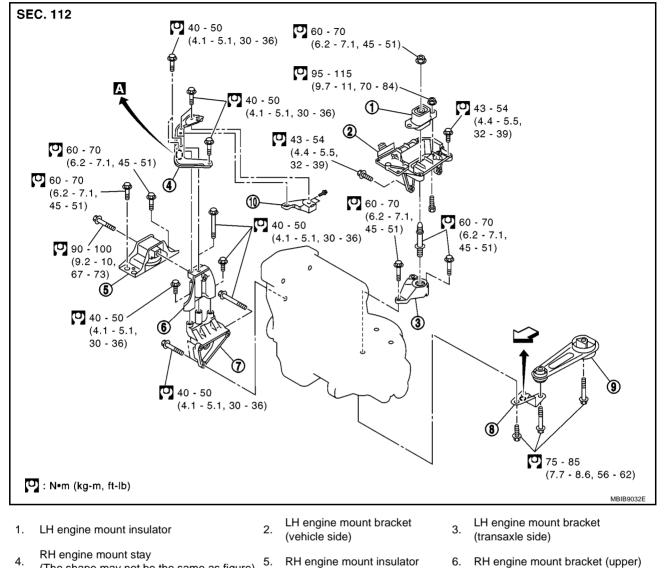
ENGINE ASSEMBLY

PFP:10001

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BBS002NP

Removal and Installation



- 4 (The shape may not be the same as figure)
- 7. RH engine mount bracket (lower)
- 10. Engine mounting bracket rear

WARNING:

- Situate vehicle on a flat and solid surface.
- Place chocks at front and back of rear wheels.
- For engines not equipped with engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATALOG.

Rear engine mount bracket

9.

Rear torque rod

CAUTION:

- Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Do not start working until exhaust system and engine coolant are cool enough.

5.

8.

- If items or work required are not covered by the engine main body section, refer to the applicable sections.
- Always use the support point specified for lifting.
- Use either 2-pole lift type or separate type lift as best you can. If board-on type is used for unavoidable reasons, support at the rear axle jacking point with transmission jack or similar tool before starting work, in preparation for the backward shift of center of gravity.
- For supporting points for lifting and jacking point at rear axle, refer to GI-40, "Garage Jack, Safety Stand and 2-Pole Lift" .

EM-70

REMOVAL

Description of work

Remove engine and transaxle assembly from vehicle, and separate engine and transaxle. **Preparation**

- 1. When engine can be hoisted, remove engine hood.
- Release fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-71, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (WITH EURO-OBD), <u>EC-488,</u> <u>"FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (WITHOUT EURO-OBD).
- 3. Drain engine coolant. Refer to CO-8, "ENGINE COOLANT" .
- 4. Remove the following parts.
 - RH and LH front wheel
 - RH and LH front fender protector
 - Exhaust front tube; Refer to EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM" .
 - Drive belt; Refer to EM-14, "DRIVE BELTS" .
 - Air duct; Refer to EM-18, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
 - Battery
 - Radiator; Refer to <u>CO-12, "RADIATOR"</u>.

Engine room LH

5. Disconnect the harness connectors and terminals from the following parts.

NOTE:

• Remove the ECM (1) from the bracket and disconnect the two harness connectors.

CAUTION:

Avoid impacts to ECM.

- Disconnect the intermediate connector (2) for the main harness between the vehicle and the engine room below the ECM.
- Disconnect the harness connectors on the battery positive terminal (3).
- Disconnect the ground wire on the transaxle (4) side.
- 6. Disconnect heater hose. Plug the hose immediately to prevent engine coolant from draining.
- 7. Disconnect the shift cable from the transaxle. Refer to MT-12, "CONTROL LINKAGE" .
- 8. Disconnect the clutch tube from the transaxle side and temporarily fasten to vehicle.
 - Install the plug to prevent the clutch fluid from leaking.
- 9. Remove the crankshaft position sensor (POS) from the transaxle.

CAUTION:

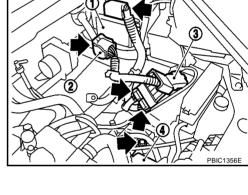
Handle it carefully, avoid any chance of impact caused by dropping.

Engine room front and RH

- 10. Remove the ground wire between the alternator bracket and the vehicle.
- 11. Remove RH engine mount stay, alternator bracket, and alternator.
- 12. Remove A/C compressor from engine with piping connected, and temporarily install it to vehicle with rope to avoid putting stress on air conditioner pipes.
- 13. Remove fuel tube protector. Refer to EM-32, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE" .
- 14. Disconnect fuel hose. Plug the hose immediately to prevent fuel from draining.

Vehicle underbody

- 15. Remove the ABS wheel sensor from the steering knuckle.
- Remove brake caliper from steering knuckle. Temporarily fix on vehicle side with rope or so to avoid putting stress on brake hose. Refer to <u>BR-21, "FRONT DISC BRAKE"</u>.
- 17. Remove RH and LH drive shafts. Refer to FAX-10, "FRONT DRIVE SHAFT" .



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18. Remove rear torque rod (1).

Removal

19. Install engine slinger to cylinder head front left side (1) and rear right side (2) and support the engine position with a hoist.

NOTE:

Front side and rear side engine slinger are common parts.

🖸 : 16.6 - 23.5 N·m (1.7 - 2.3 kg-m, 13 - 17 in)

- For front side, remove harness bracket under fuel tube protector and mount by using harness bracket mounting hole. Refer to <u>EM-32, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u>.
- 20. Lift to a height sufficient to allow easy work, support the bottom of the engine with either a manual lift table caddy (commercial service tool) or two suitable jacks, and adjust the tension of the hoist.

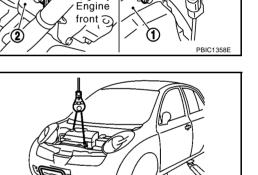
CAUTION:

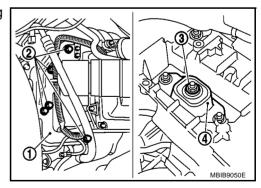
- Put a piece of wood or something similar as the supporting surface, secure a completely stable condition.
- Make sure the hanging chain or hanging hook does not come into contact with the A/C piping or the vehicle (cowl top). Also make sure they do not get in the way by moving while the work is being done.
- 21. Remove the RH engine mount bracket (upper) (1) mounting bolts (2).
- 22. Remove the LH engine mount bolt-securing nut (3).

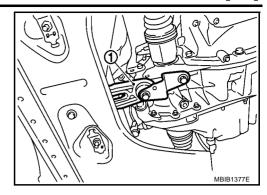
- 23. Carefully lower the manual lift table caddy or suitable jack, (or carefully raise the lift), and remove the engine and transaxle assembly from the vehicle.
 - If you are going to lower the engine side, do this in tandem with the hoist.

CAUTION:

- This should be done making sure it does not come in contact with the vehicle.
- Check that all connection points have been disconnected.
- Make sure the hanging chain or hanging hook does not come into contact with the A/C piping or the vehicle (cowl top).







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Front engine slinger

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Engine front

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Rear engine slinger

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	• During engine and transaxle assembly removal, always be careful to prevent the vehicle from falling off the lift due to changes in the center of gravity.	n A
	 If necessary, support the rear side of the vehicle with jack to prevent it from falling off. 	
Sej	paration Work	
•	On level ground, separate engine and transaxle with the following procedure:	EM
Du	<mark>.UTION:</mark> ring the operation, securely support the engine by placing a piece of wood under the engine oil pan nsaxle oil pan, and suspension member, and suspend the engine slingers by hoist.	, C
24.	Remove the starter motor. Refer to SC-51, "Removal and Installation (CR Engine Models)".	
25.	Separate the engine and the transaxle. Refer to MT-7, "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION".	
INS	STALLATION	D
Ins	tall in the reverse order of removal while being careful of the following.	
•	Do not allow the engine mount insulator to be damaged and be careful no oil gets on it.	Е
•	For a part with a specified installation orientation, refer to component figure in EM-70, "Removal and Installation".	
•	Make sure all mount insulators are seated properly, then tighten nuts and bolts.	F
INS	SPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION	
•	Before starting engine, check the levels of engine coolant, lubrications and working oils. If less thar required quantity, fill to the specified level.	ו G
•	Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.	
-	Turn ignition switch ON (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fue leakage at connection points.	H
-	Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.	
•	Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.	
•	Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of engine coolant, lubricants, working oil fuel and exhaust gas.	,
•	Bleed air from passages in pipes and tubes of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.	J
•	After cooling down engine, again check amounts of engine coolant, lubricants, oil, and fluid. Refill to spec- ified level, if necessary.	-
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CYLINDER BLOCK

(0.65 - 0.84, 56 - 73)

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6.9 - 9.5

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(0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)

6.3 - 8.3

CYLINDER BLOCK

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★ : Select with proper thickness.

: Always replace after

🕐 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) 🕑 : N•m (kg-m, in-lb)

every disassembly. * Apply engine oil. 2 : Apply Genuine Liquid

Gasket or equivalent.

15.7 - 20.6

PFP:11010

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Disassembly and Assembly

(1.6 - 2.1, 12 - 15)

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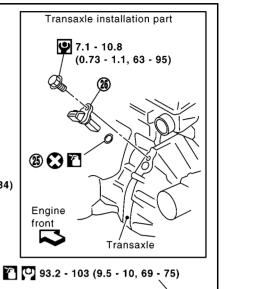
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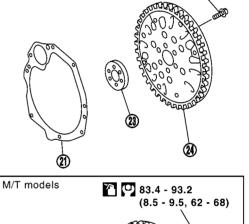
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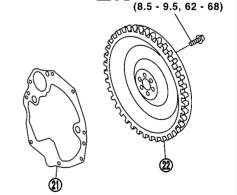
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(1) The Refer to the text.

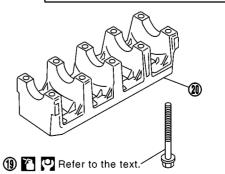








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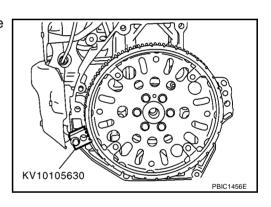
CYLINDER BLOCK

- Rear oil seal Knock sensor 1 2 Rear oil seal retainer 3. 5. 4. Cylinder block Oil level gauge guide 6. Top ring Second ring Oil ring Piston 7. 8. 9. 10. Piston pin 11. Connecting rod 12. Connecting rod bearing 13. Thrust bearing 15. Crankshaft 14. Main bearing 16. Key 17. Connecting rod cap 18. Connecting rod nut 19. Main bearing cap bolt 20. Main bearing cap 21. Rear plate 22. Flywheel (M/T models) 23. Adapter (A/T models) 24. Drive plate (A/T models) 25. O-ring 26. Crankshaft position sensor (POS)
- DISASSEMBLY
- 1. Remove engine and transaxle assembly from the vehicle and separate transaxle from the vehicle. Refer to <u>EM-70, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 2. Install engine to engine stand in the following procedure.

NOTE:

We will use as an example the engine stand (commercial service tool) specified to support the cylinder block rear (transaxle mounting surface).

- a. Remove clutch cover and clutch disc. Refer to <u>CL-11, "CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLY-</u> <u>WHEEL"</u>.
- b. Remove the flywheel.
 - Using a ring gear stopper (special service tool), secure the crankshaft, loosen the bolts diagonally and remove.



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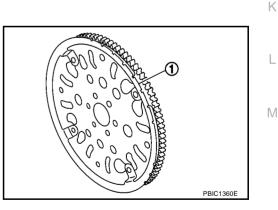
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CAUTION:

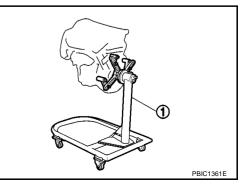
Make sure signal plate (1) are not damaged or deformed. NOTE:

Figure shows the drive plate.

c. Remove rear plate.



- d. Lift engine using a hoist and mount it on an engine stand (1).
 - For installation of engine slingers, refer to <u>EM-70, "Removal</u> and Installation".



- 3. Drain engine oil and engine coolant from engine.
- 4. Remove following components and related parts.
 - Air cleaner case assembly; Refer to EM-18, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
 - Intake manifold; Refer to EM-22, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".
 - Fuel injector and fuel tube assembly; Refer to EM-32, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE" .
 - Ignition coil; Refer to <u>EM-29, "IGNITION COIL"</u>.
 - Rocker cover; Refer to EM-35, "ROCKER COVER" .
 - Oil pan and oil strainer; Refer to EM-26, "OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER" .
 - Front cover and timing chain; Refer to <u>EM-50, "TIMING CHAIN"</u>.
 - Camshaft; Refer to EM-38, "CAMSHAFT" .
 - Cylinder head assembly; Refer to EM-61, "Removal and Installation" .
 - Oil filter; Refer to <u>LU-9, "OIL FILTER"</u>.
 - Oil pressure switch; Refer to LU-6, "OIL PRESSURE CHECK" .
- 5. Remove knock sensor.

CAUTION:

Avoid impact such as a dropping.

6. Remove oil level gauge guide, if necessary.

CAUTION:

Once removed, it cannot be reused. Do not remove it unless absolutely necessary.

- 7. Remove rear oil seal retainer.
 - Remove by inserting a screwdriver between main bearing cap and rear oil seal retainer.
- 8. Remove rear oil seal from rear oil seal retainer.
- Remove by driving it out using a screwdriver.

CAUTION:

Make sure the rear oil seal retainer is not damaged.

- 9. Remove piston and connecting rod assembly.
 - Before removing connecting rod, check connecting rod side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-85, "CONNECTING ROD SIDE</u> <u>CLEARANCE"</u>.
- a. Position the crankshaft pin corresponding to the connecting rod to be removal onto the bottom dead center.
- b. Remove connecting rod cap.
- c. Push the piston and connecting rod assembly out toward cylinder head side with handle of a hammer.
- 10. Remove connecting rod bearings from connecting rod and connecting rod cap.

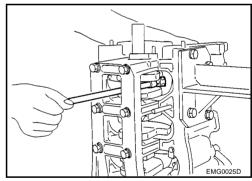
CAUTION:

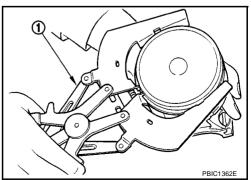
When removing, check each part, and arrange them in a way that prevents mixing them up.

- 11. Remove piston rings from piston.
 - Use piston ring expander (1).

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage piston.
- Do not expand piston rings excessively. It can damage piston rings.
- Before removal of piston ring, check piston ring side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-86, "PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE"</u>.





- 12. Remove piston from connecting rod.
 - Use a piston pin press stand and a press to remove the piston pin.

NOTE:

The joint between the connecting rod and the piston pin is a press fit.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the piston and connecting rod.

- 13. Remove the main bearing cap in the following order.
- a. Loosen and remove bolts in several steps in reverse of the numerical order shown in figure.
 - Before loosening main bearing cap bolts, measure the crankshaft side clearance. Refer to EM-85, "CRANKSHAFT SIDE CLEARANCE".
- b. Tapping lightly with a plastic hammer, remove the main bearing cap.
- 14. Remove crankshaft.
- 15. Remove main bearing and thrust bearing from cylinder block and main bearing cap.

CAUTION:

Identify installation position of each part. Arrange removed parts so as not to mix them up.

Engine front

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ASSEMBLY

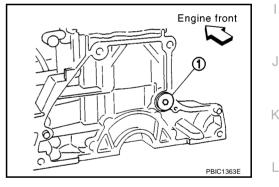
- Thoroughly clean engine coolant and oil passages in cylinder 1. block, as well as inside of crank case and cylinder bores, with compressed air.
- 2. If the plug (1) in figure is removed, apply liquid gasket to the plug screw.

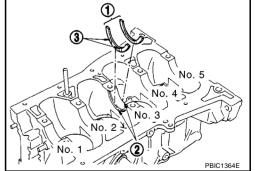
Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

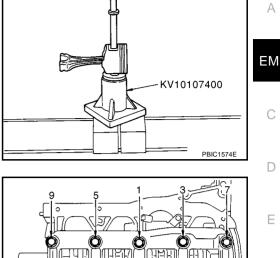
- Do not reuse washer. Replace it with a new washer.
- Tighten to the specified torque.

○ : 58.8 - 68.6 N·m (6.0 - 6.9 kg-m, 44 - 50 ft-lb)

- 3. Install main bearings and thrust bearings.
- Clean bearing mounting surfaces on cylinder block and main a. bearing cap to remove any foreign material, dust, and oil on them.
- Install thrust bearings (1) on both sides of cylinder block No. 3 b. housing (2).
 - Install thrust bearing with its oil groove (3) facing crankshaft arm side (outer side).







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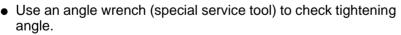
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- c. Install main bearing (1) in paying attention to the direction.
 - Install main bearing with oil groove and oil hole (2) to cylinder block, and the one without oil groove and oil hole to main bearing cap (5).
 - Before installing the main bearing, lubricate bearing surface (inside) with new engine oil. Do not apply engine oil to back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
 - When installing, align the bearing stopper (3) to the notch (4).
 - Make sure that oil holes in cylinder block and main bearing are aligned.
- 4. Install crankshaft to cylinder block.
 - Rotate crankshaft by hand and make sure it turns smoothly.
- 5. Install main bearing cap.
 - Install main bearing cap with its front mark (1) facing front of engine.

NOTE:

Since it is machined together with the cylinder block, it cannot be replaced on its own.

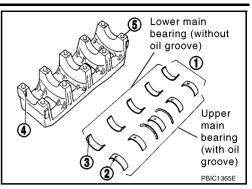
- 6. Tighten main bearing cap bolts in numerical order shown in figure with the following steps.
- a. Lubricate threads and seat surface of each bolt with new engine oil.
- b. Tighten it to 24.5 30.3 N·m (2.5 3.0 kg-m, 18 22 ft-lb).
- c. Tighten with 95 100 degrees clockwise [Target: 95 degrees].(Angle tightening)

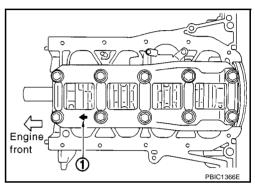


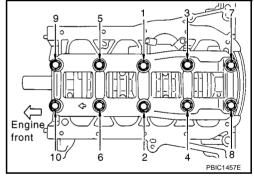
CAUTION:

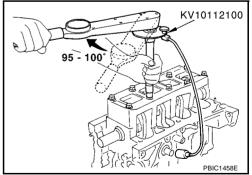
Check tightening angle with an angle wrench. Do not visually check the tightening angle.

- After tightening main bearing cap bolts, rotate crankshaft by hand and make sure that it turns smoothly.
- Check crankshaft side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-85, "CRANK-SHAFT SIDE CLEARANCE"</u>.
- 7. Install the piston onto the connecting rod in the following procedure:









CYLINDER BLOCK

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Front

(1 to 4)

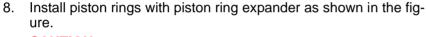
a. Set so that the piston front mark (1) on the piston head and the connecting rod cylinder number (2) engraving are in the position shown in figure.

b. Press fit the piston pin using the piston pin press stand (special service tool).

NOTE:

The joint between the connecting rod and the piston pin is a press fit.

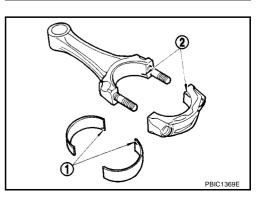
• After finishing work, make sure the piston moves freely.

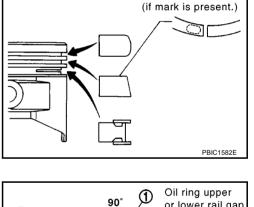


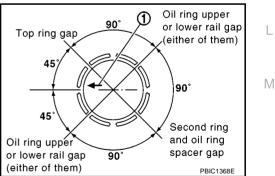
CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage piston.
- Make sure the piston ring does not spread out too much and break.
- Against the piston front mark (1), position end gaps of each piston ring as shown in figure.
- Install top ring and second ring with stamp mark side facing up.

- 9. Install connecting rod bearing to connecting rod and connecting rod cap.
 - When installing connecting rod bearing, lubricate bearing surface (inside) with new engine oil. Do not apply engine oil to back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
 - Install connecting rod bearing by aligning the stopper protrusion (1) with notch (2) on connecting rod.







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Punchmark side up

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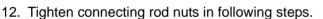
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- 10. Install piston and connecting rod assembly to crankshaft.
 - Position the crankshaft pin corresponding to the connecting rod to be removal onto the bottom dead center.
 - Apply enough engine oil to cylinder bore, piston and crankshaft pin.
 - Install connecting rod to cylinder position corresponding to cylinder No. stamped on it.
 - Using a piston ring compressor (special service tool) (1), install piston so that piston grade number on piston head faces toward engine front.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.

- 11. Install connecting rod cap.
 - Be sure that cylinder No. (1) on connecting rod and connecting rod cap match.

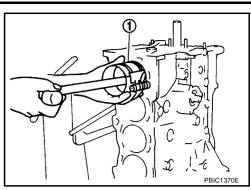


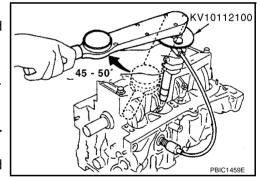
- a. Lubricate threads and seat surface of connecting rod nuts and bolts with new engine oil.
- b. Tighten at 13.7 15.7 N·m (1.4 1.6 kg-m, 10.1 11.5 ft-lb).
- c. Tighten with 45 50 degrees clockwise [Target: 45 degrees]. (Angle tightening)

CAUTION:

Check tightening angle with an angle wrench (special service tool). Do not visually check the tightening angle.

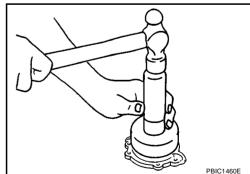
- After the nuts were tightened, rotate crankshaft by hand and make sure that it turns smoothly.
- Check connecting rod side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-85, "CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE"</u>.
- 13. Install rear oil seal.
 - Make sure the area surrounding the oil seal is not damaged, and use an oil seal drift to press fit.
 - Press fit until the end of rear oil seal is level with the edges of the retainer.





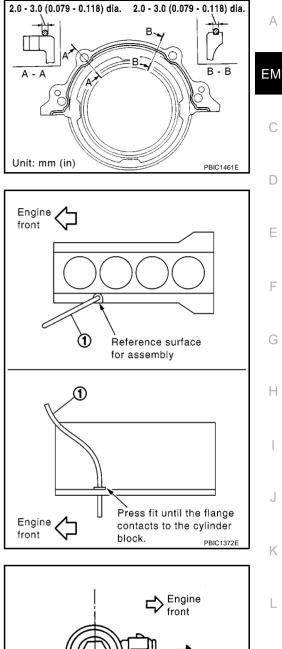
 $(1 \sim 4)$

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14. Install rear oil seal retainer.

- Evenly apply the liquid gasket to the position shown in figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
- Install so that it matches up with the dowel pin on the cylinder block side.



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- 15. Install oil level gauge guide (1).
 Press fit the oil level gauge guide (1).
 - Press fit the oil level gauge guide (1) into the cylinder block with the assembly reference surface on the plate set as shown in the figure.
 - Apply sealant to the press fit areas.

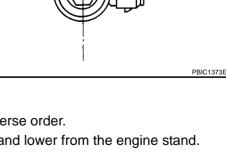
CAUTION:

Replace used oil level gauges with new ones.

- 16. Install knock sensor.
 - Install connector so that it is positioned towards the engine front.

CAUTION:

- Handle it carefully to avoid impact. If any impact is applied, replace it with new one.
- Confirm no foreign material adhere to cylinder block and knock sensor mounting surfaces.
- Be sure to use specified bolts.
- Do not hold connector when tightening bolts.
- Make sure installed sensor connector is away from contact with other parts.
- 17. For the following, install the parts disassembled in step 4 in the reverse order.
- 18. Secure the position of the engine with the hoist, remove the bolts, and lower from the engine stand.
- 19. Install rear plate.



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20. Install the flywheel (1).

- Install so that signal plate (4) is towards the back of the engine.
- Install by aligning the dowel pin hole (6) with the dowel pin (5) on the back of the crankshaft.

CAUTION:

Make sure signal plate (4) are not damaged or deformed.

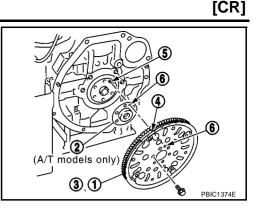
• Using a ring gear stopper (special service tool), secure the crankshaft, and tighten the bolts diagonally.

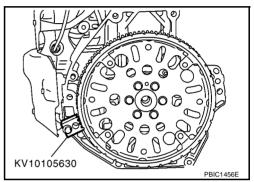
21. Reinstall removed parts remained in reverse order of removal.

How to Select Piston and Bearing DESCRIPTION

Selection points	Selection parts	Selection items	Selection methods
Between cylinder block and crankshaft	Main bearing	Main bearing grade (Bearing thickness)	Determined by cylinder block bearing housing grade (inner diameter of housing) and crankshaft journal grade (outer diameter of journal).
Between cylinder block and piston	Note: Piston and histon bin		Piston grade = cylinder bore grade (inner diameter of bore)

- The identification grade stamped on each part is the grade for the dimension measured in new condition. This grade cannot apply to reused parts.
- For reused or repaired parts, measure the dimension accurately. Determine the grade by comparing the measurement with the values of each selection table.
- For details of the measurement method of each part, the reuse standards and the selection method of the selective fitting parts, refer to the text.





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CYLINDER BLOCK

HOW TO SELECT PISTON When New Cylinder Block is Used

• Check cylinder bore grade (1, 2, or 3) on cylinder block bottom rear surface and select piston of the same grade.

NOTE:

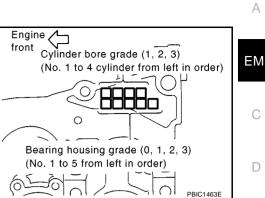
The piston head shape varies from engine to engine, as do their positions shown in figure.

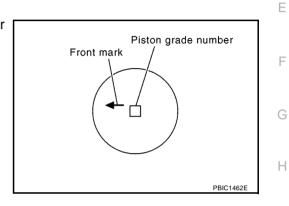
When Cylinder Block is Reused

- 1. Measure cylinder bore inner diameter.
- 2. Determine the bore grade by comparing the measurement with the values under the cylinder bore inner diameter of the "Piston Selection Table".
- 3. Select the piston of the same grade.

Piston selection Table CR14DE

			Unit: mm (i	n)
Grade	1	2	3	-
Inner diameter of cylinder bore	73.000 - 73.010 (2.8740 - 2.8744)	73.010 - 73.020 (2.8744 - 2.8748)	73.020 - 73.030 (2.8748 - 2.8752)	L
Outer diameter of piston	72.980 - 72.990 (2.8732 - 2.8736)	72.990 - 73.000 (2.8736 - 2.8740)	73.000 - 73.010 (2.8740 - 2.8744)	M





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HOW TO SELECT MAIN BEARING

When New Cylinder Block and Crankshaft are Used

1. "Main Bearing Selection Table" rows correspond to bearing housing grade (0, 1, 2, or 3) on cylinder block bottom rear surface.

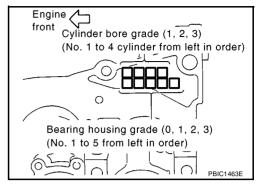
- 2. Apply journal diameter grade (0, 1, 2, or 3) stamped on crankshaft front side to column in "Main Bearing Selection Table".
- 3. Select main bearing (STD 1 to 7) at the point where selected row and column meet in the following selection table.

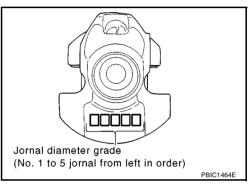


- 1. Measure inner diameter of cylinder block main bearing housing and outer diameter of crankshaft journal.
- 2. Find measured dimension in "Cylinder block bearing housing inner diameter" row of "Main Bearing Selection Table".
- 3. Find the measured dimension in "Crankshaft main journal diameter" column in the following selection table.
- 4. Select main bearing (STD 1 to 7) at the point where selected row and column meet in the following selection table.

Main bearing Selection Table

•						Units: mm (ir
Cylinder block mai housing inner dian		-	49.004/49.000 (1.9293/1.9291)	49.008/49.004 (1.9294/1.9293)	49.012/49.008 (1.9296/1.9294)	49.016/49.012 (1.9298/1.9296)
Crankshaft jour- nal diameter	Grade (stamped)	-	0	1	2	3
44.970/44.966 (1.7705/1.7703)	0	 Bearing grade No. Bearing thickness Identification color 	STD1 2.002/2.006 (0.0788/0.0790) Red	STD 2 2.004/2.008 (0.0789/0.0791) Green	STD 3 2.006/2.010 (0.0790/0.0791) Yellow	STD 4 2.008/2.012 (0.0791/0.0792) Blue
44.966/44.962 (1.7703/1.7702)	1	 Bearing grade No. Bearing thickness Identification color 	STD 2 2.004/2.008 (0.0789/0.0791) Green	STD 3 2.006/2.010 (0.0790/0.0791) Yellow	STD 4 2.008/2.012 (0.0791/0.0792) Blue	STD 5 2.010/2.014 (0.0791/0.0793) Pink
44.962/44.958 (1.7702/1.7700)	2	Bearing grade No.Bearing thicknessIdentification color	STD 3 2.006/2.010 (0.0790/0.0791) Yellow	STD 4 2.008/2.012 (0.0791/0.0792) Blue	STD 5 2.010/2.014 (0.0791/0.0793) Pink	STD 6 2.012/2.016 (0.0792/0.0794) White
44.958/44.954 (1.7700/1.7698)	3	 Bearing grade No. Bearing thickness Identification color 	STD 4 2.008/2.012 (0.0791/0.0792) Blue	STD 5 2.010/2.014 (0.0791/0.0793) Pink	STD 6 2.012/2.016 (0.0792/0.0794) White	STD 7 2.014/2.018 (0.0793/0.0794) Blue/yellow





Undersize Bearing Usage Guide

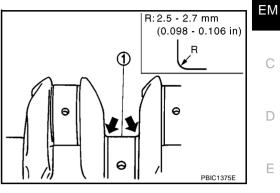
- А If specified oil clearance cannot be obtained by standard size main bearing, use undersize (US) bearing.
- When using undersize bearing, install it, measure bearing inner diameter, and grind journal to obtain specified oil clearance.

Bearing undersize table

	Unit: mm (in)
Size	Thickness
US 0.25 (0.0098)	2.123 - 2.131 (0.836 - 0.839)

CAUTION:

Keep fillet R when grinding crankshaft journal (1) in order to use undersize bearing (All journals).



Inspection After Disassembly CRANKSHAFT SIDE CLEARANCE

Using a dial gauge (1), measure the clearance between the thrust bearings and the crankshaft arm when the crankshaft is moved fully forward or backward.

Standard	: 0.060 - 0.260 mm (0.0024 - 0.0102 in)
Limit	: 0.3 mm (0.012 in)

If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace the thrust bearings, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace the crankshaft also.

CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE

Measure side clearance between connecting rod and crankshaft arm with feeler gauge (1).

Standard	: 0.050 - 0.420 mm (0.0020 - 0.0165 in)
Repair limit	: 0.5 mm (0.0197 in)

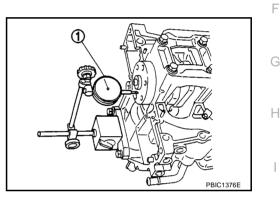
If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace the connecting rod, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace the crankshaft also.

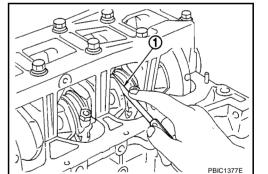
PISTON AND PISTON PIN CLEARANCE

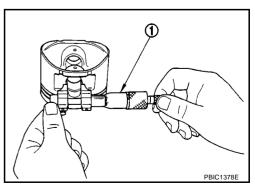
Inner Diameter of Piston Pin

Measure the inner diameter of piston pin bore with an inside micrometer (1).

> Standard : 18.008 - 18.012 mm (0.7090 - 0.7091 in)







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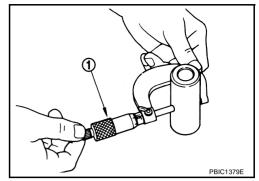
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Outer Diameter of Piston Pin

• Using a micrometer (1), measure piston pin outer diameter.

Standard : 17.996 - 18.000 mm (0.7085 - 0.7087 in)



Piston and Piston pin Clearance

(Piston pin clearance) = (Piston pin bore diameter) – (Outer diameter of piston pin)

Standard : 0.008 - 0.016 mm (0.0003 - 0.0006 in)

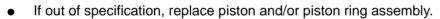
- If clearance exceeds the standard, replace piston and piston pin assembly.
- When replacing piston and piston pin assembly, refer to EM-83, "HOW TO SELECT PISTON"

PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

 Measure side clearance of piston ring and piston ring groove with feeler gauge (1).

Standard:

Top ring	: 0.040 - 0.080 mm (0.0016 - 0.0031 in)
2nd ring	: 0.025 - 0.070 mm (0.0010 - 0.0028 in)
Oil ring	: 0.030 - 0.140 mm (0.0021 - 0.0055 in)
Limit:	
Top ring	: 0.11 mm (0.0043 in)
2nd ring	: 0.1 mm (0.0039 in)

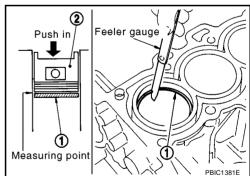


PISTON RING END GAP

- Check if inner diameter of cylinder bore is within specification. Refer to <u>EM-89, "PISTON TO CYLINDER BORE CLEARANCE"</u>
- Insert piston ring (1) until middle of cylinder with piston (2), and measure gap.

Standard:

Top ring	: 0.18 - 0.33 mm (0.0071 - 0.0130 in)
2nd ring	: 0.50 - 0.65 mm (0.0197 - 0.0256 in)
Oil ring	: 0.20 - 0.70 mm (0.0079 - 0.0276 in)
Limit:	
Top ring	: 0.57 mm (0.0224 in)
2nd ring	: 0.85 mm (0.0335 in)
Oil ring	: 0.96 mm (0.0378 in)



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• If out of specification, replace piston ring. If gap still exceeds the limit even with a new ring, re-bore cylinder and use oversized piston and piston ring.

CYLINDER BLOCK

CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION

Check connecting rod bend and torsion with a connecting rod Bend aligner.

Bend:

bushing.

Standard

Limit : 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length **Torsion:**

Limit : 0.30 mm (0.0118 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly.



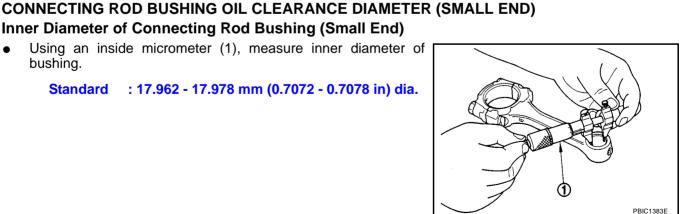
Install the connecting rod cap without the connecting rod bearing installed. After tightening the connecting rod bolt to the specified torque, measure the connecting rod big end inner diameter using an inside micrometer (1). Refer to EM-77, "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.

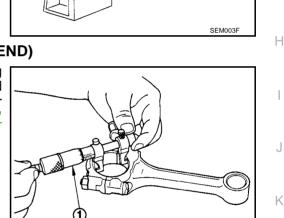
> : 43.000 - 43.013 mm (1.6929 - 1.6934 in) dia. Standard

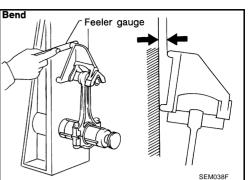
> > : 17.962 - 17.978 mm (0.7072 - 0.7078 in) dia.

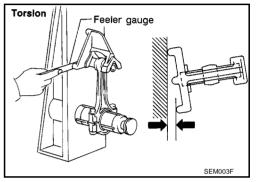
If it exceeds the standard, replace the connecting rod.

Inner Diameter of Connecting Rod Bushing (Small End)











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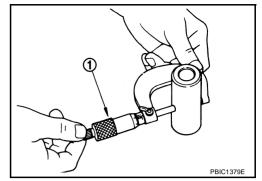
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Outer Diameter of Piston Pin

• Using a micrometer (1), measure piston pin outer diameter.

Standard : 17.996 - 18.000 mm (0.7996 - 0.7087 in) dia.



Connecting Rod Bushing Oil Clearance (Small End)

(Connecting rod small end oil clearance) = (Inner diameter of connecting rod small end) – (Outer diameter of piston pin)

Standard : -0.018 - -0.038 mm (-0.0007 - -0.0015 in)

- If the measured value exceeds the standard, replace the connecting rod assembly and/or piston and piston pin assembly.
- If replacing the piston and piston pin assembly, refer to <u>EM-83, "HOW TO SELECT PISTON"</u>.

CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION

• Using a scraper, remove gasket on the cylinder block surface, and also remove oil, scale, carbon, or other contamination.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow gasket flakes to enter the oil or coolant passages.

• Measure the distortion on the block upper face at some different points in 6 directions.

Limit : 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

• If out of the distortion limit, replace the cylinder block.

INNER DIAMETER OF MAIN BEARING HOUSING

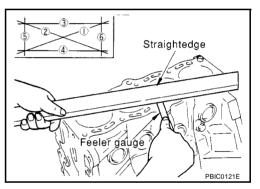
- Install the main bearing cap with the main bearings removed, and tighten the mounting bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-77, "ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.
- Using a bore gauge (1), measure the inner diameter of the main bearing housing.

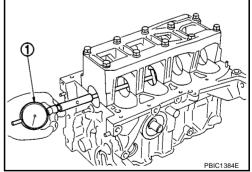
Standard : 49.000 - 49.016 mm (1.9291 - 1.9298 in) dia.

 If out of specification, replace cylinder block and main bearing cap as an assembly.

NOTE:

Cylinder block cannot be replaced as a single part because it is machined together with main bearing cap.

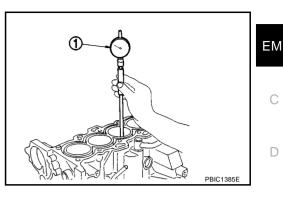


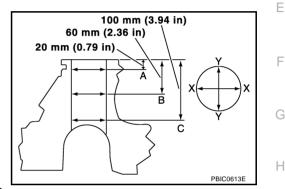


PISTON TO CYLINDER BORE CLEARANCE Inner Diameter of Cylinder Bore

Standard inner diameter:

Using a bore gauge (1), measure cylinder bore for wear, out-ofround and taper at 6 different points on each cylinder. (X and Y directions at A. B and C) (Y is in longitudinal direction of engine)





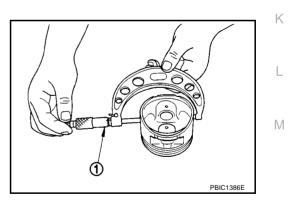
- CR14DE : 73.000 73.030 mm (2.8740 2.8744 in) dia. Wear limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in) **Out-of-round (Difference between X and Y):** 0.015 mm (0.0006 in) Taper limit (Difference between A and C): 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)
- If the measured value exceeds the limit, or if there are scratches and/or seizure on the cylinder inner wall, hone or rebore the inner wall.
- An oversize piston is provided. When using an oversize piston, rebore the cylinder so that the clearance of the piston-to-cylinder bore satisfies the standard.
- When using an oversize piston, use it for all cylinders with oversize piston rings.

Oversize (OS) : 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

Outer Diameter of piston

Measure piston skirt outer diameter using micrometer (1).

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Measurement point (Distance from the top)
 CR14DE : 32.3 mm (1.272 in)
Standard
 CR14DE : 72.980 - 73.010 mm (2.7953 - 2.7957 in) dia.
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Piston to Cylinder Bore Clearance

Calculate by outer diameter of piston skirt and inner diameter of cylinder (direction X, position B). (Clearance) = (Inner diameter of cylinder) – (Outer diameter of piston skirt).

: 0.010 - 0.030 mm (0.0004 - 0.0012 in) Standard

If clearance exceeds the standard, replace piston and piston pin assembly. Refer to EM-83, "HOW TO SELECT PISTON" .

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Reboring Cylinder Bore

1. Cylinder bore size is determined by adding piston-to-cylinder bore clearance to piston diameter "A".

Rebored size calculation: D = A + B - C

where,

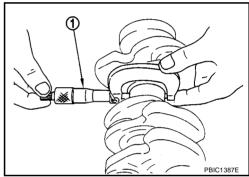
- D: Bored diameter
- A: Piston diameter as measured
- B: Piston to cylinder bore clearance (standard value)
- C: Honing allowance 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)
- 2. Install main bearing caps, and tighten to the specified torque. Otherwise, cylinder bores may be distorted in final assembly.
- 3. Cut cylinder bores.
- When any cylinder needs boring, all other cylinders must also be bored.
- Do not cut too much out of cylinder bore at a time. Cut only 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) or so in diameter at a time.
- 4. Hone cylinders to obtain specified piston-to-cylinder bore clearance.
- 5. Measure finished cylinder bore for out-of-round and taper.
- Measurement should be done after cylinder bore cools down.

OUTER DIAMETER OF CRANKSHAFT JOURNAL

• Using a micrometer (1), measure outer diameter of crankshaft journals.

Standard : 44.954 - 44.970 mm (1.7698 - 1.7705 in) dia.

 If it is out of the standard, measure the main bearing oil clearance. Then use the undersize bearing. Refer to <u>EM-92, "OIL</u> <u>CLEARANCE OF MAIN BEARING"</u>.



OUTER DIAMETER OF CRANKSHAFT PIN

• Using a micrometer, measure outer diameter of crankshaft pin.

Standard : 39.961 - 39.974 mm (1.5733 - 1.5738 in) dia.

 If it is out of the standard, measure the connecting rod bearing oil clearance. Then use the undersize bearing. Refer to <u>EM-91, "OIL CLEARANCE OF CONNECTING ROD BEARING"</u>.

OUT-OF-ROUND AND TEPER OF CRANKSHAFT

- Using a micrometer, measure the dimensions at 4 different points shown in the figure on each journal and pin.
- Out-of-round (1) is indicated by the difference in dimensions between 1 and 2 at A and B.
- Taper (2) is indicated by the difference in dimension between A and B at 1 and 2.

Limit: Out-of-round (X – Y) : 0.005 mm (0.0002 in) Taper (1 – 2) : 0.005 mm (0.0002 in)

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, correct or replace the crankshaft.
- If corrected, measure the bearing oil clearance of the corrected journal or pin. Then select the main bearing or connecting rod bearing. Refer to <u>EM-92</u>, "<u>OIL CLEARANCE OF MAIN BEARING</u>" or <u>EM-91</u>, "<u>OIL CLEARANCE OF CONNECTING ROD BEARING</u>".

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CRANKSHAFT RUNOUT

- Place a V-block on a precise flat table to support the journals on the both end of the crankshaft.
- Place a dial gauge (1) straight up on the No. 3 journal.
- Rotate crankshaft and read indication on the gauge. (Total indicator reading)

: 0.05 mm (0.002 in) Limit

If it exceeds the limit, replace the crankshaft.

OIL CLEARANCE OF CONNECTING ROD BEARING Method of Measurement

Install the connecting rod bearings to the connecting rod and the cap, and tighten the connecting rod nuts to the specified torque. Using a inside micrometer (1) measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bearing. Refer to EM-77, "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.

(Oil clearance) = (Inner diameter of connecting rod bearing) -(Outer diameter of crankshaft pin)

: 0.010 - 0.044 mm (0.0004 - 0.0017 in) Standard Limit : 0.064 mm (0.0025 in)

When exceeding limit, use undersize bearing so that oil clearance remains within the standard value. Refer to EM-91. "Undersize Bearing Usage Guide" .

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove oil and dust on the crankshaft pin and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage (1) slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Install the connecting rod bearings to the connecting rod cap, and tighten the connecting rod nuts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-77, "ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure. **CAUTION:**

Never rotate crankshaft while Plastigage is in place.

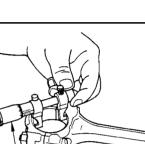
Remove the connecting rod cap and bearings, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.

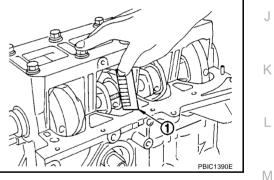
NOTE

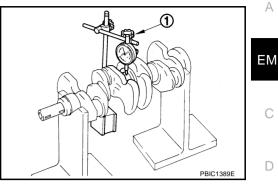
The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method of Measurement".

Undersize Bearing Usage Guide

- If specified oil clearance cannot be obtained by standard size connecting rod bearing, use undersize (US) bearing.
- When using undersize bearing, install it, measure bearing inner diameter, and grind crankshaft pin to obtain specified oil clearance.







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Bearing undersize table

_	Unit: mm (in)
Size	Thickness
STD (Reference)	1.504 - 1.508 (0.0529 - 0.0594)
US 0.25 (0.0098)	1.627 - 1.635 (0.0641 - 0.0644)

CAUTION:

Keep fillet R when grinding crankshaft pin (1) in order to use undersize bearing (All crankshaft pin).



Method of Measurement

 Install the main bearings to the cylinder block and bearing cap. Measure the main bearing inner diameter with the bearing cap bolt tightened with main bearing cap to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-77</u>, <u>"ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.

(Oil clearance) = (Inner diameter of main bearing) - (Outer diameter of crankshaft journal)

Standard	: 0.018 - 0.034 mm (0.0007 - 0.0013 in)
Limit	: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

 If the measured value exceeds the limit, select main bearings (including the undersize) referring to the main bearing inner diameter and crankshaft journal outer diameter, so that the oil clearance satisfies the standard. Refer to <u>EM-84, "HOW TO SELECT MAIN BEARING"</u>.

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove oil and dust on the crankshaft journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage (1) slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Tighten the main bearing bolts with main bearing cap to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-77, "ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.

CAUTION:

Never rotate crankshaft while Plastigage is in place.

• Remove the bearing cap and bearings, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.

NOTE:

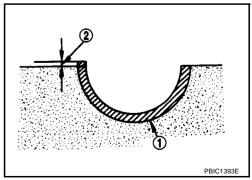
The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method of Measurement".

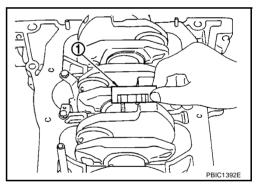
CRUSH HEIGHT OF MAIN BEARING OR CONNECTING ROD BEARING

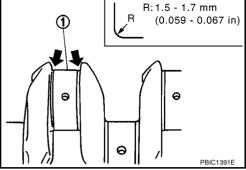
 When the bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with main bearings or connecting rod bearings (1) installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to <u>EM-</u><u>77, "ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.

Standard : There must be crush height (2).

• If the standard is not met, replace main bearings or connecting bearings.







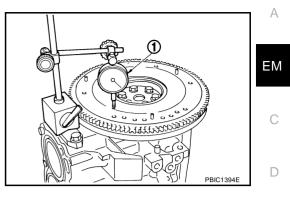
FLYWHEEL RUNOUT

• The runout of the clutch contact surface of the flywheel should be measured using a dial gauge (1). (Total indicator reading)

Flywheel

Limit

: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)



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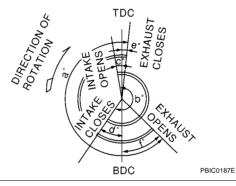
SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Standard and Limit GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Engine		CR14DE
Cylinder arrangement		4, in-line
Displacement	cm ³ (cu in)	1,386 (84.57)
Bore and stroke	mm (in)	73.0 x 82.8 (2.874 x 3.260)
Valve arrangement		DOHC
Firing order		1-3-4-2
	Compression	2

Number of piston rings	Compression	2
Number of piston nings	Oil	1
Number of main bearings		5
Compression ratio		9.9
	Standard	1,383 (13.83, 14.1, 201)
Compression pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm ² , psi) / 350 rpm	Minimum	1,187 (11.87, 12.1, 172)
	Differential limit between cylinders	98 (0.98, 1.0, 14)





						Unit: degree
	а	b	С	d	е	f
CR14DE	216	224	- 11	55	4	32

INTAKE MANIFOLD AND EXHAUST MANIFOLD

	Limit
Surface distortion	0.3 (0.012)

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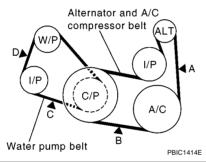
Unit: mm (in)

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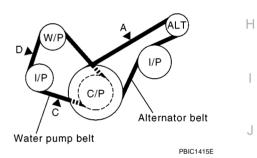
DRIVE BELTS

Location	Tension [N (kg, lb)]			Deflection [mm (in)] [When pressed by force of 98.1N (10 kg, 22lb)]				A	
	New	At adjustment	Limit	Measuring point	New belt	At adjust- ment	Limit	EM	
Alternator and	603 - 691 (61.5 - 70.5,	495 - 583 (50.5 - 59.5,	196 (20,	A	6.6 - 7.8 (0.260 - 0.307)	7.3 - 8.5 (0.287 - 0.335)	13.8 (0.543)	С	
A/C compressor belt	135.6 - 155.3)	111.3 - 131.1)	55.3) 111.3 - 131.1) 44.1)	44.1)	В	5.6 - 6.6 (0.220 - 0.260)	7.1 - 8.3 (0.280 - 0.327)	11.9 (0.469)	D
Alternator belt	603 - 691 (61.5 - 70.5, 135.6 - 155.3)	495 - 583 (50.5 - 59.5, 111.3 - 131.1)	196 (20, 44.1)	A	3.1 - 4.1 (0.122 - 0.161)	9.8 - 10.6 (0.386 - 0.417)	13.8 (0.543)	Е	
Watar pump halt	446 - 534 (45.5 - 54.5, 348 - 436 (35.5 - 44.5	446 - 534 (45.5 - 54.5, 348 - 436 (35.5 - 44.5, 137 (1	, 348 - 436 (35.5 - 44.5,	137 (14,	С	6.7 - 7.3 (0.264 - 0.287)	7.6 - 8.6 (0.299 - 0.339)	12.4 (0.448)	F
Water pump belt 100.3 - 120.0)	78.2 - 98.0)	30.9)	D	4.7 - 5.6 (0.185 - 0.220)	7.0 - 7.7 (0.276 - 0.303)	8.6 (0.339)	G		

With A/C compressor



Without A/C compressor



SPARK PLUG

	NOK		K
Make	NGK	Champion	
Standard type	LFR5AP-11	REC10PYC4	
Hot type	LFR4AP-11	—	l
Cold type	LFR6AP-11	-	
Gap (nominal)	1.1 mm (0.043 in)		

CYLINDER HEAD

Unit: mm (in)

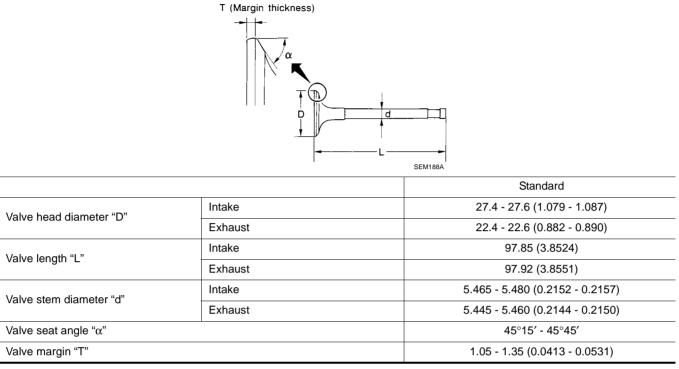
[CR]

	Limit
Cylinder head distortion	0.1 (0.004)
Height	121.2 (4.77)

VALVE Valve Dimensions

Unit: mm (in)

[CR]



Valve Clearance

Unit: mm (in)

	Hot	Cold* (reference data)
Intake	0.314 - 0.426 (0.012 - 0.017)	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.015)
Exhaust	0.338 - 0.462 (0.013 - 0.018)	0.32 - 0.40 (0.013 - 0.016)

*: At a temperature of approximately 20°C (68°F)

Valve Guide

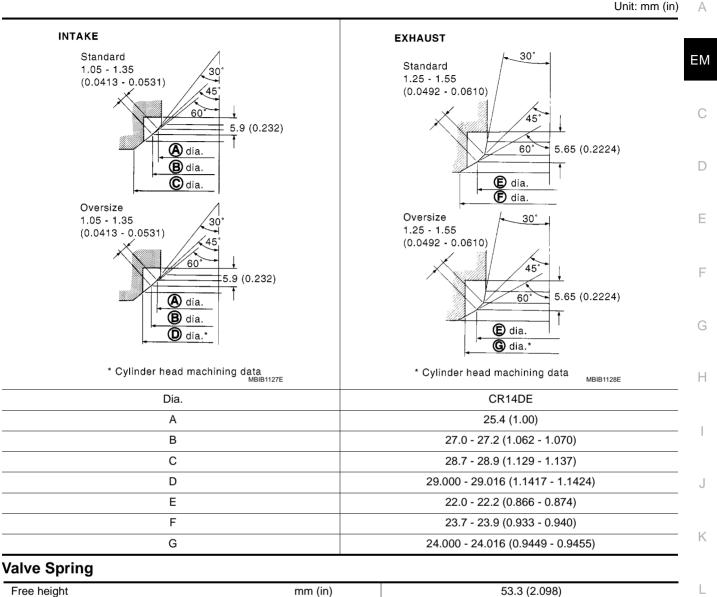
Unit: mm (in)

Engine Models		CR14DE				
		Int	ake	Exhaust		
		Standard	Service	Standard	Service	
Valva guida	Outer diameter	9.522 - 9.534 (0.3749 - 0.3754)	9.723 - 9.734 (0.3828 - 0.3832)	9.522 - 9.534 (0.3749 - 0.3754)	9.723 - 9.734 (0.3828 - 0.3832)	
Valve guide Inner diameter (Finished size)			- 5.518 - 0.2172)	5.500 - 5.518 (0.2165 - 0.2172)		
Cylinder head valve guide hole diameter		9.475 - 9.496 (0.3730 - 0.3739)	9.685 - 9.696 (0.3813 - 0.3817)	9.475 - 9.496 (0.3730 - 0.3739)	9.685 - 9.696 (0.3813 - 0.3817)	
Interference fit of valve guide		0.026 - 0.059 (0.0010 - 0.0023)	0.027 - 0.049 (0.0011 - 0.0019)	0.026 - 0.059 (0.0010 - 0.0023)	0.027 - 0.049 (0.0011 - 0.0019)	
Stem to guide cle	clearance 0.020 - 0.053 (0.0008 - 0.0021) 0.040 - 0.073 (0.0016).0016 - 0.0029)			
Valve deflection li	imit (Dial gauge reading)	0.2 (0.0079)		0.2 (0	.0079)	

Valve Seat

Unit: mm (in)

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Free height		mm (in)		53.3 (2.098)	L
Pressure load	N (kg, lb) at height mm (in)	Standard	Installation	149 - 165 N (15.2 - 16.8, 33.5 - 37.1) at 32.82 (1.2921)	
Flessule load		Stanuaru	Valve open	228 - 250 N (23.3 - 25.5, 51.3 - 56.2) at 24.73 (0.9736)	Ъ.Л
Out-of-square mm (in)		Limit		Less than 1.6 (0.063)	IVI

Valve Lifter

Unit: mm (in)

	Standard
Valve lifter outer diameter	29.960 - 29.975 (1.1795 - 1.1801)
Valve lifter hole inner diameter	30.000 - 30.021 (1.1811 - 1.1819)
Clearance between valve lifter and valve lifter hole	0.025 - 0.061 (0.0010 - 0.0024)

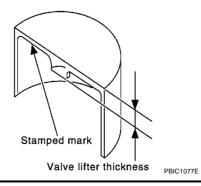
Available Valve Lifter

Thickness mm (in)	Identification Mark
3.000 (0.1181)	00
3.020 (0.1189)	02
3.040 (0.1197)	04

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

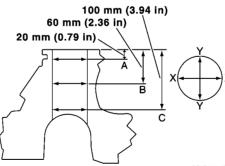
Thickness mm (in)	Identification Mark
3.060 (0.1205)	06
3.080 (0.1213)	08
3.100 (0.1220)	10
3.120 (0.1228)	12
3.140 (0.1236)	14
3.160 (0.1244)	16
3.180 (0.1252)	18
3.200 (0.1260)	20
3.220 (0.1268)	22
3.240 (0.1276)	24
3.260 (0.1283)	26
3.280 (0.1291)	28
3.300 (0.1299)	30
3.320 (0.1307)	32
3.340 (0.1315)	34
3.360 (0.1323)	36
3.380 (0.1323)	38
3.400 (0.1339)	40
3.420 (0.1346)	42
3.440 (0.1354)	44
3.460 (0.1362)	46
3.480 (0.1370)	48
3.500 (0.1378)	50
3.520 (0.1386)	52
3.540 (0.1394)	54
3.560 (0.1402)	56
3.580 (0.1409)	58
3.600 (0.1417)	60
3.620 (0.1425)	62
3.640 (0.1433)	64
3.660 (0.1441)	66
3.680 (0.1449)	68



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		Standard
Camshaft runout [TIR*]		0.04 (0.0016)
		SEM671
		CR14DE
		Standard
Cam height "A"	Intake	40.359 - 40.549 (1.5889 - 1.5964)
an neight A	Exhaust	39.743 - 39.933 (1.5647 - 1.5722)
	No. 1 journal	27.935 - 27.955 (1.0998 - 1.1006)
Outer diameter of camshaft journal	No. 2 to No. 5 journals	23.450 - 23.470 (0.9232 - 0.9240)
	No. 1 journal	28.000 - 28.021 (1.1024 - 1.1032)
nner diameter of camshaft bracket	No. 2 to No. 5 journals	23.500 - 23.525 (0.9252 - 0.9262)
	No. 1 journal	0.045 - 0.086 (0.0018 - 0.0034)
Camshaft journal clearance	No. 2 to No. 5 journals	0.030 - 0.071 (0.0012 - 0.0028)
Camshaft end play	I	0.070 - 0.143 (0.0028 - 0.0056)

CYLINDER BLOCK



		PBIC0613E		
		CR14DE	Limit	
		Standard		
Surface flatness		—	0.1 (0.004)	
Height "H" (nominal)		189 (8.4232 - 8.4271)	—	
	Grade No. 1	73.000 - 73.010 (2.8740 - 2.8744)		
Cylinder bore inner diameter	Grade No. 2	73.010 - 73.020 (2.8744 - 2.8748)	0.2 (0.008)*	
	Grade No. 3	73.020 - 73.030 (2.8748 - 2.8752)		
Out-of-round (Difference between	X and Y)		0.015 (0.0006)	

Unit: mm (in)

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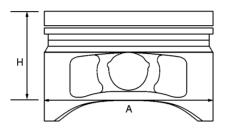
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Taper (Difference between A and C)		_	0.01 (0.0004)
Difference in inner diameter between cylinders		0.05 (0.0020)	0.2 (0.008)
Main bearing housing inner diameter	Grade 0	49.000 - 49.004 (1.9291 - 1.9293)	—
	Grade 1	49.004 - 49.008 (1.9293 - 1.9294)	—
	Grade 2	49.008 - 49.012 (1.9294 - 1.9296)	_
	Grade 3	49.012 - 49.016 (1.9296 - 1.9298)	_

*: Cylinder bore wear

PISTON, PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN Available Piston

Unit: mm (in)



PBIC0188E

		1 5100 1002	
		CR14DE	
		Standard	
	Grade No. 1	72.980 - 72.990 (2.8732 - 2.8736)	
Piston skirt diameter "A"	Grade No. 2	72.990 - 73.000 (2.8736 - 2.8740)	
	Grade No. 3	73.000 - 73.010 (2.8740 - 2.8744)	
0.2 (0.002) oversize (service)		73.180 - 73.210 (2.8811 - 2.8823)	
"H" dimension		32.3 (1.272)	
Piston pin hole inner diameter		18.008 - 18.012 (0.7090 - 0.7091)	
Piston to cylinder bore clearance		0.010 - 0.030 (0.0004 - 0.0012)	

Piston Ring

Unit: mm (in)

		Standard	Limit
	Тор	0.040 - 0.080 (0.0016 - 0.0031)	0.110 (0.0043)
Side clear- ance	2nd	0.025 - 0.070 (0.0010 - 0.0028)	0.1 (0.0039)
	Oil ring	0.030 - 0.140 (0.0021 - 0.0055)	_
	Тор	0.18 - 0.33 (0.0071 - 0.0130)	0.57 (0.0224)
End gap	2nd	0.50 - 0.65 (0.0197 - 0.0256)	0.85 (0.0335)
	Oil (rail ring)	0.20 - 0.70 (0.0079 - 0.0276)	0.96 (0.0378)

Piston Pin

Unit: mm (in)

Piston pin outer diameter	Standard	17.996 - 18.000 (0.7085 - 0.7087)
Piston pin to piston clearance	Standard	0.008 - 0.016 (0.0003 - 0.0006)
Piston pin to connecting rod bush- ing clearance	Standard	-0.0180.038 (-0.00070.0015)

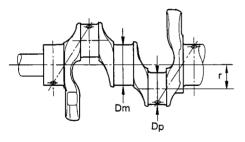
CONNECTING ROD

		Unit: mm (in)	А
		CR14DE	
Center distance		129.45 - 129.55 (5.096 - 5.100)	
Bend [per 100 (3.94)]	Limit	0.15 (0.0059)	EM
Torsion [per 100 (3.94)]	Limit	0.30 (0.0118)	
Connecting rod bushing inner diameter* (small end)	Standard	17.962 -17.978 (0.7072 - 0.7078)	С
Connecting rod big end inner diameter	Standard	43.000 - 43.013 (1.6929 - 1.6934)	
	Standard	0.050 - 0.420 (0.0020 - 0.0165)	D
Side clearance	Limit	0.5 (0.0197)	

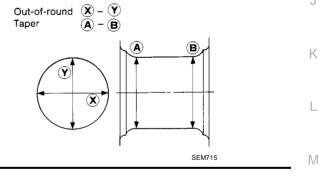
*: After installing in connecting rod

CRANKSHAFT

•••••••		Unit: mm (in)	
	Grade No. 0	44.966 - 44.970 (1.7703 - 1.7705)	F
Main journal dia. "Dm"	Grade No. 1	44.962 - 44.966 (1.7702 - 1.7703)	
	Grade No. 2	44.958 - 44.962 (1.7700 - 1.7702)	
	Grade No. 3	44.954 - 44.958 (1.7698 - 1.7700)	G
Pin dia. "Dp"	Standard	39.961 - 39.974 (1.5733 - 1.5738)	
Out-of-round (X – Y)	Limit	0.005 (0.0002)	Н
Taper (A – B)	Limit	0.005 (0.0002)	
Runout [TIR*]	Limit	0.05 (0.0020)	
Side clearance	Standard	0.060 - 0.260 (0.0024 - 0.0102)	
Side clearance	Limit	0.3 (0.012)	







*: Total indicator reading

MAIN BEARING Standard size

Grade No.	Thickness	Identification color
STD1	2.002 - 2.006 (0.0788 - 0.0790)	Red
STD2	2.004 - 2.008 (0.0789 - 0.0791)	Green
STD3	2.006 - 2.010 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	Yellow
STD4	2.008 - 2.012 (0.0791 - 0.0792)	Blue
STD5	2.010 - 2.014 (0.0791 - 0.0793)	Pink
STD6	2.012 - 2.016 (0.0792 - 0.0794)	White
STD7	2.014 - 2.018 (0.0793 - 0.0794)	Blue/yellow

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5		DATA AND S	Brecifications (SDS)	[CR]	
Undersize				Liste and (in)	
G	rade		Thickness	Unit: mm (in)	
US 0.25	5 (0.0098)		2.123 - 2.131 (0.836 - 0.839)		
Bearing Clearance	()		× ,		
Bearing Olearance				Unit: mm (in)	
Main bearing clearance	Standard		0.018 - 0.034 (0.0007 - 0.0013)		
Main bearing clearance	Limit		0.05 (0.002)		
CONNECTING ROD B	EARING				
Standard Size					
				Unit: mm (in)	
G	rade		Thickness		
Standard			1.504 - 1.508 (0.0529 - 0.0594)		
Undersize				Linite and (in)	
G	rade		Thickness	Unit: mm (in)	
US 0.25 (0.0098)			1.627 - 1.635 (0.0641 - 0.0644)		
Bearing Clearance				Unit: mm (in)	
		Standard	0.010 - 0.044 (0.0004 - 0.0017)		
Connecting rod bearing clearance		Limit	0.064 (0.0025)		
MISCELLANEOUS CO	MPONEN	тѕ			
				Unit: mm (in)	
Flywheel runout [TIR*]		Limit	0.15 (0.0059)		
	D*1 L::	Intake	0.20 (0.0079)		
Camshaft sprocket runout [TIF	R*] Limi	t Exhaust	0.15 (0.0059)		

*: Total indicator reading

Tightening Torque *1: Parts to be tightened in particular orders 1)-: Order of tightening when tightening two or more steps separately. Idler pulley locknut (for water pump belt) 24.5 - 31.4 (2.5 - 3.2. 18 - 23) 24.5 - 31.4 (2.5 - 3.2, 18 - 23) Idler pulley locknut (for alternator and A/C compressor belt) Idler pulley bracket (for alternator and A/C compressor belt) 16.6 - 23.5 (1.7 - 2.4, 13 - 17) Manifold absolute pressure sensor 1.2 - 1.7 (0.12 - 0.17, 11 - 15)*2 1.9 - 2.2 (0.20 - 0.22, 17 - 19)*2 *1 1) Air cleaner case (upper) to (lower) 2) 3.8 - 4.4 (0.40 - 0.44, 35 - 38)*2 *1 Air cleaner case assembly 5.4 - 7.3 (0.55 - 0.74, 48 - 64)*2 Electronic throttle control actuator 7.2 - 9.6 (0.73 - 0.99, 64 - 86)*2 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve 4.3 - 5.8 (0.44 - 0.59, 38 - 51)*2 *1 Intake manifold 6.9 - 9.4 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)*² Support bracket $M6 \times 15$ mm (0.59 in) 6.9 - 9.5 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)*2 8.4 - 10.8 (0.86 - 1.1, 75 - 95)*² $M6 \times 12 \text{ mm} (0.47 \text{ in})$ *1 1) 11.8 - 13.8 (1.2 - 1.4. 9 - 10) Fuel injector and fuel tube assembly 2) 20.8 - 28.2 (2.1 - 2.9, 16 - 20) Clamp for fuel feed hose 1.0 - 1.5 (0.10 - 0.15, 9- 13)*2 *1 25.5 - 29.4 (2.6 - 2.9, 19 - 21) Exhaust manifold Exhaust manifold cover 6.3 - 8.3 (0.65 - 0.84, 56 - 73)*² 40 - 50 (4.1 - 5.1, 30 - 36) Heated oxygen sensor 1 Heated oxygen sensor harness bracket 6.9 - 9.5 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)*2 29.4 - 34.3 (3.0 - 3.4, 22 - 25) Three way catalyst (under exhaust manifold) Three way catalyst support 33.3 - 46.1 (3.4 - 4.7, 25 - 34) Three way catalyst cover 6.3 - 8.3 (0.65 - 0.84, 56 - 73)*² Ignition coil 3.8 - 4.4 (0.39 - 0.44, 34 - 38)*2 19.6 - 29.4 (2.0 - 2.9, 15 - 21) Spark plug Rocker cover $M6 \times 45 \text{ mm} (1.77 \text{ in})$ 8.8 - 10.8 (0.90 - 1.1, 78 - 95)*2 $M6 \times 20 \text{ mm} (0.79 \text{ in})$ 6.9 - 10.8 (0.71 - 1.1, 61 - 95)*²

Harness bracket *1 Oil pan (upper) *1 Oil pan (lower) Oil pan drain plug Connecting bolt between oil pan (upper) and transaxle Oil strainer Cylinder head front cover

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve

Chain tensioner

Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)

Camshaft sprocket

Intake Exhaust

Unit: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) Unit: N·m (kg-m, in-lb)*2

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29.4 - 39.2 (3.0 - 3.9, 22 - 28) 16.6 - 23.5 (1.7 - 2.3, 13 - 17) 6.3 - 8.3 (0.65 - 0.84, 56 - 73)*² 6.9 - 9.5 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)*² 6.9 - 9.5 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)*² 7.1 - 10.8 (0.73 - 1.1, 63 - 95)*2 78.4 - 88.2 (8.0 - 8.9, 58 - 65) 78.4 - 88.2 (8.0 - 8.9, 58 - 65)

6.3 - 8.3 (0.65 - 0.84, 56 - 73)*2

6.3 - 8.3 (0.65 - 0.84, 56 - 73)*2

6.9 - 9.5 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)*2

6.9 - 9.5 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)*²

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1	Camshaft bracket	1)	2.0 (0.2, 18) ²
		2)	5.9 (0.6, 52)* ²
		3)	9.0 - 11.8 (0.92 - 1.2, 80 - 104)* ²
	Chain tension guide	3)	<u>9.0 - 11.8 (0.92 - 1.2, 80 - 104)</u> 16.6 - 23.5 (1.7 - 2.3, 13 - 17)
	Chain slack guide		12.7 - 18.6 (1.3 - 1.8, 10 - 13)
	Crankshaft pulley		132.4 - 152.0 (14 - 15, 98 - 112)
	Front cover		6.3 - 8.3 (0.65 - 0.84, 56 - 73) ^{*2}
*1	Cylinder head bolt	1)	61.7 - 71.7 (6.3 - 7.3, 46 - 52)
		2)	0 (0.0, 0)
		3)	22.5 - 32.5 (2.3 - 3.3, 17 - 23)
		4)	90° - 95° (Angle tightening)
1	Cylinder head auxiliary bolt		9.0 - 11.8 (0.92 - 1.2, 80 - 104) ²
	Engine slinger		16.6 - 23.5 (1.7 - 2.3, 13 - 17)
	LH engine mount insulator		95 - 115 (9.7 - 11, 70 - 84)
	LH engine mount bracket (vehicle side)		43 - 54 (4.4 - 5.5, 32 - 39)
	LH engine mount bracket (transaxle side)		60 - 70 (6.2 - 7.1, 45 - 51)
	RH engine mount stay		40 - 50 (4.1 - 5.1, 30 - 36)
	RH engine mount insulator RH		60 - 70 (6.2 - 7.1, 45 - 51)
	RH engine mount bracket (upper)		40 - 50 (4.1 - 5.1, 30 - 36)
	RH engine mount bracket (lower)		40 - 50 (4.1 - 5.1, 30 - 36)
	Rear engine mount bracket		75 - 85 (7.7 - 8.7, 56 - 62)
	Rear torque rod		75 - 85 (7.7 - 8.7, 56 - 62)
	Connecting nut between LH engine mount insulator and LH engine mount bracket (transaxle side)		60 - 70 (6.2 - 7.1, 45 - 51)
	Connecting bolt between RH engine mount insulator and RH engine mount bracket (upper)		90 - 100 (9.2 - 10, 67 - 73)
*1	Main bearing cap	1)	24.5 - 30.3 (2.5 - 3.0, 18 - 22)
		2)	95° - 100° (Angle tightening)
	Connecting rod cap	1)	13.7 - 15.7 (1.4 - 1.6, 10.1 - 11.5)
		2)	45° - 50° (Angle tightening)
	Rear oil seal retainer		6.9 - 9.5 (0.71 - 0.96, 61 - 84)* ²
	Flywheel		83.4 - 93.2 (8.5 - 9.5, 62 - 68)
	Knock sensor		15.7 - 20.6 (1.6 - 2.1, 12 - 15)
	Crankshaft position sensor (POS) [Note: transaxle side mounting parts]		7.1 - 10.8 (0.73 - 1.1, 63 - 95)* ²

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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS

Precautions for Procedures without Cowl Top Cover

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane. etc.

Precautions for Draining Engine Coolant

Drain engine coolant when engine is cooled.

Precautions for Disconnecting Fuel Piping

- Before starting work, make sure no fire or spark producing items are in the work area.
- Release fuel pressure before disassembly.
- After disconnecting pipes, plug openings to stop fuel leakage.

Precautions for Removal and Disassembly

- When instructed to use special service tools, use the specified tools. Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Exercise maximum care to avoid damage to mating or sliding surfaces.
- Cover openings of engine system with tape or the equivalent, if necessary, to seal out foreign materials.
- Mark and arrange disassembly parts in an organized way for easy troubleshooting and re-assembly.
- When loosening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, start with the one furthest outside, then the one diagonally opposite, and so on. If the order of loosening is specified, do exactly as specified.

Precautions for Inspection, Repair and Replacement

Before repairing or replacing, thoroughly inspect parts. Inspect new replacement parts in the same way, and replace if necessary.

Precautions for Assembly and Installation

- Use torgue wrench to tighten bolts or nuts to specification.
- When tightening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, equally tighten in several different steps starting with the ones in center, then ones on inside and outside diagonally in this order. If the order of tightening is speci-Μ fied, do exactly as specified.
- Replace with new gasket, packing, oil seal or O-ring.
- Thoroughly wash, clean, and air-blow each part. Carefully check the engine oil and engine coolant passages for any restriction and blockage.
- Avoid damaging the sliding or mating surfaces. Completely remove foreign materials such as cloth lint or dust. Before assembly, oil sliding surfaces well.
- Release air within route when refilling after draining coolant.
- Before starting engine, apply fuel pressure to fuel lines with turning ignition switch ON (with engine stopped). Then make sure there are no leaks at fuel line connections.
- After repairing, start engine and increase engine speed to check engine coolant, fuel, engine oil, and exhaust gas for leakage.

Parts Requiring Angle Tightening

- Use angle wrench (SST: KV10112100) for the final tightening of the following engine parts.
- Cylinder head bolts

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- Main bearing cap bolts

- Connecting rod cap bolts
- Crankshaft pulley bolt (No angle wrench is required as the bolt flange is provided with notches for angle tightening)
- Do not use a torque value for final tightening.
- The torque value for these parts are for a preliminary step.
- Ensure thread and seat surfaces are clean and coated with engine oil.

Precautions For Liquid Gasket REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET

 After removing the mounting bolts and nuts, separate the mating surface using seal cutter (SST) and remove the old liquid gasket sealing.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

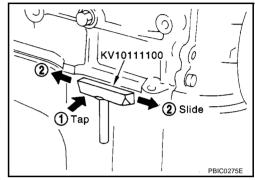
- Tap seal cutter to insert it (1), and then slide it (2) by tapping on the side as shown in the figure.
- In areas where seal cutter is difficult to use, use plastic hammer to lightly tap the parts, to remove it.

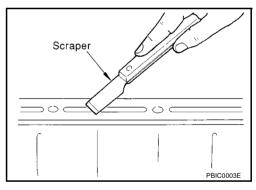
CAUTION:

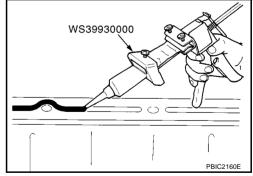
If for some unavoidable reason tool such as screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Using a scraper, remove the old liquid gasket adhering to the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface.
 - Remove the liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, mounting bolts and bolt holes.
- 2. Wipe the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface with white gasoline (lighting and heating use) to remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.
- 3. Attach liquid gasket tube to the tube presser (SST). Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
- 4. Apply the liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.
 - If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply the liquid gasket to the groove.





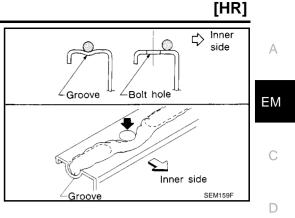


BBS002O2

- As for the bolt holes, normally apply the liquid gasket inside the holes. Occasionally, it should be applied outside the holes. Make sure to read the text of service manual.
- Within 5 minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
- If the liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- Do not retighten mounting bolts or nut after the installation.
- Wait 30 minutes or more after installation before refilling engine oil and engine coolant.

CAUTION:

If there are specific instructions in this manual, observe them.



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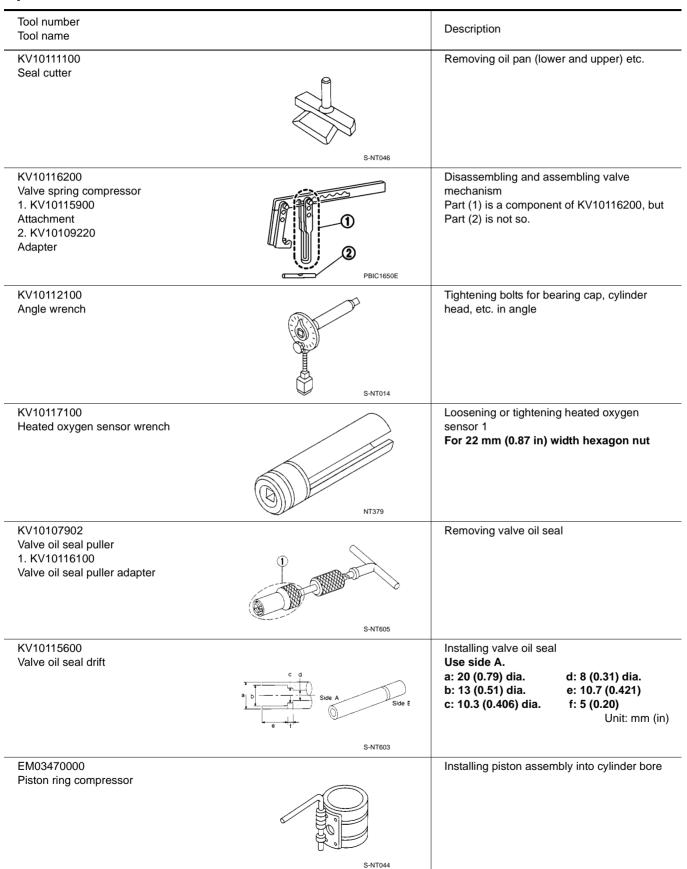
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PREPARATION

PREPARATION Special Service Tools

PFP:00002

BBS002O3



EM-108

PREPARATION

[HR]

Tool number Tool name		Description	_
WS39930000 Tube presser		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket	-
			E
KV11103000 Pulley puller	S-NT052	Removing crankshaft pulley	-
	NT676		
Quick connector release		Removing fuel tube quick connectors in engine room (Available in SEC. 164 of PARTS CATALOG: Part No. 16441 6N210)	_
. Press stand: ST13030020 2. Center shaft: KV10114120 3. Drift: KV10109730	PBIC0199E	Installing and removing piston pin	_
I. Spring: ST13030030 5. Center cap: KV10110310			
KV11105210	(5) (4) РВІСЗВ7ЗЕ	Fixing flywheel	_
Stopper plate			
	ZZA0009D		_
ST16610001 Pilot bushing puller		Removing pilot converter (A/T models)	_

Commercial Service Tools

[HR]

BBS002O4

Tool name Description Spark plug wrench Removing and installing spark plug 14 mm (0.55 in) PBIC3874E Valve seat cutter set Finishing valve seat dimensions S-NT048 Piston ring expander Removing and installing piston ring S-NT030 Valve guide drift Removing and installing valve guide PBIC4012E Valve guide reamer 1: Reaming valve guide inner hole 2: Reaming hole for oversize valve guide 2 PBIC4013E Oxygen sensor thread cleaner Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new heated oxygen sensor Mating (Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below.) surface a = 18 mm (0.71 in) dia. for zirconia heated shave cyline oxygen sensor b = 12 mm (0.47 in) dia. for titania heated oxygen sensor Flutes AEM488

Tool name		Description	Δ
Anti-seize lubricant (Permatex 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specification MIL-A-907)	AEM489	Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads	EN
Manual lift table caddy		Removing and installing engine	D
	ZZA1210D		E
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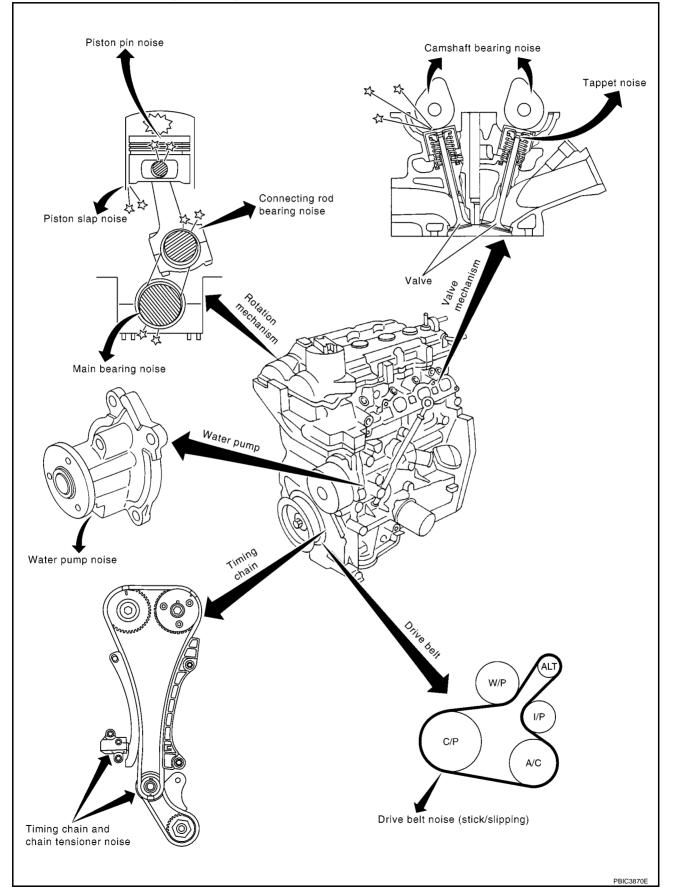
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NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting — Engine Noise

PFP:00003





NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

Use the Chart Below to Help You Find the Cause of the Symptom.

- 1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
- 2. Confirm the type of noise.
- 3. Specify the operating condition of engine.
- 4. Check specified noise source.

If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Operating condition of engine										
Location of noise	Type of noise	Before warm- up	After warm- up	When start- ing	When idling	When racing	While driving	Source of noise	Check item	Refer- ence page
Top of engine	Ticking or clicking	С	А	_	А	В	_	Tappet noise	Valve clearance	<u>EM-166</u>
Rocker cover Cylinder head	Rattle	С	A	_	A	В	С	Camshaft bearing noise	Camshaft journal oil clearance Camshaft runout	<u>EM-158</u> <u>EM-158</u>
	Slap or knock	_	A	_	В	В	_	Piston pin noise	Piston to piston pin oil clearance Connecting rod bush- ing oil clearance	<u>EM-206</u> <u>EM-208</u>
Crank- shaft pul- ley Cylinder block (Side of	Slap or rap	A	_	_	В	В	A	Piston slap noise	Piston to cylinder bore clearance Piston ring side clear- ance Piston ring end gap Connecting rod bend and torsion	EM-210 EM-207 EM-207 EM-208
engine) Oil pan	Knock	A	В	С	В	В	В	Connect- ing rod bearing noise	Connecting rod bush- ing oil clearance Connecting rod bear- ing oil clearance	<u>EM-208</u> EM-211
	Knock	A	В	_	A	В	С	Main bearing noise	Main bearing oil clear- ance Crankshaft runout	<u>EM-212</u> <u>EM-211</u>
Front of engine Front cover	Tapping or ticking	A	A	_	В	В	В	Timing chain and chain tensioner noise	Timing chain cracks and wear Timing chain tensioner operation	<u>EM-142</u>
	Squeak- ing or fizz- ing	A	В	_	В	_	С	Drive belt (Sticking or slip- ping)	Drive belt deflection	<u>EM-114</u>
Front of engine	Creaking	А	В	A	В	А	В	Drive belt (Slipping)	Idler pulley bearing operation	
	Squall Creak	А	В	_	В	А	В	Water pump noise	Water pump operation	<u>CO-36</u>

A: Closely related B: Related C: Sometimes related —: Not related

[HR]

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DRIVE BELTS

Checking Drive Belts

- Inspection should be done only when engine is cold or over 30 minutes after the engine is stopped.
 - 1. : Alternator
 - 2. : Water pump
 - 3. : Crankshaft pulley
 - 4. : A/C compressor (with A/C models)
 - : Idler pulley (without A/C models)
 - 5. : Idler pulley
 - 6. : Drive belt
- Visually check belts for wear, damage, and cracks on inside and edges.
- Turn crankshaft pulley two time clockwise, and make sure tension on all pulleys is equal before doing the test.
- When measuring deflection, apply 98 N (10 kg, 22 lb) at the (▼) marked point.
- Measure the belt tension and frequency with acoustic tension gauge (commercial service tool) at the (▼) marked point.

CAUTION:

- When the tension and frequency are measured, the acoustic tension gauge should be used.
- When checking immediately after installation, first adjust it to the specified value. Then, after turning crankshaft two turns or more, re-adjust to the specified value to avoid variation in deflection between pulleys.

Belt Deflection

		Deflection	Unit: mm (in)	
Location		Use	New belt	
		Limit	After adjusted	
Drive belt	With A/C models	7.9 (0.31)	4.8 - 5.3 (0.19 - 0.21)	4.2 - 4.5 (0.17 - 0.18)
Drive beit	Without A/C models	7.1 (0.28)	4.3 - 4.7 (0.17 - 0.19)	3.6 - 3.9 (0.14 - 0.15)
Applied pushing force		98 N	v (10 kg, 22lb)	

*: When engine is cold.

Tension Adjustment

Location	Location of adjuster and tightening method		
Drive belt	Adjusting bolt on idler pulley		

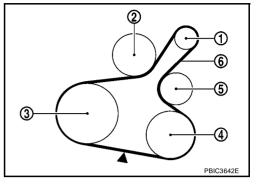
CAUTION:

- When belt is replaced with new one, adjust belt tension to the value for "New belt", because new belt will not fully seat in the pulley groove.
- When tension of the belt being used exceeds "Limit", adjust it to the value for "After adjusted".
- When installing a belt, make sure it is correctly engaged with the pulley groove.
- Do not allow oil or engine coolant to get on the belt.
- Do not twist or bend the belt strongly.
- 1. Remove front fender protector (RH). Refer to EI-14, "FENDER PROTECTOR".

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DRIVE BELTS

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BBS00209

- 2 Loosen the idler pulley lock nut (A) from the tightening position with the specified torque by 45 degrees.
 - 1 : Alternator
 - 2 : Water pump
 - 3 : Crankshaft pullev
 - : A/C compressor (with A/C models) 4
 - : Idler pulley (without A/C models)
 - : Idler pulley 5
 - : Drive belt 6

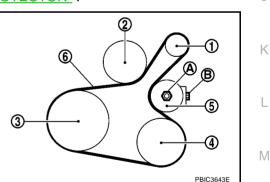
CAUTION:

- When the lock nut is loosened excessively, the idler pul-
- ley tilts and the correct tension adjustment cannot be performed. Do not loosen it excessively (more than 45 degrees).
- Put a matching mark on the lock nut (A), and check turning angle with a protractor. Do not visually check the tightening angle.
- 3. Adjust the belt tension by turning the adjusting bolt (B). Refer to EM-114. "Checking Drive Belts". CAUTION:
 - When checking immediately after installation, first adjust it to the specified value. Then, after turning crankshaft two turns or more, re-adjust to the specified value to avoid variation in deflection between pulleys.
 - When the tension adjustment is performed, the lock nut should be in the condition at step" 2". If the tension adjustment is performed when the lock nut is loosened more than the standard, the idler pulley tilts and the correct tension adjustment cannot be performed.
- 4. Tighten the lock nut (A).

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O: : 34.8 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 26 ft-lb)
```

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

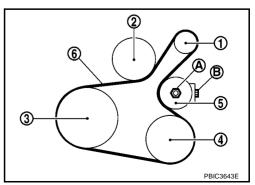
- 1. Remove front fender protector (RH). Refer to EI-14, "FENDER PROTECTOR".
- Loosen the lock nut (A), and then adjust the belt tension by turn-2. ing the adjusting bolt (B).
 - 1 : Alternator
 - 2 : Water pump
 - 3 : Crankshaft pulley
 - : A/C compressor (with A/C models) 4
 - : Idler pulley (without A/C models)
 - 5 : Idler pulley
 - 6 : Drive belt

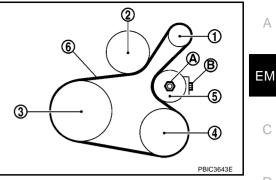


Remove drive belt. 3.

INSTALLATION

- 1. Pull the idler pulley in the loosening direction, and then temporarily tighten the lock nut (A) to the following torque.
 - 1 : Alternator
 - 2 : Water pump
 - 3 : Crankshaft pulley
 - : A/C compressor (with A/C models) 4
 - : Idler pulley (without A/C models)
 - 5 : Idler pulley
 - 6 : Drive belt
 - : 4.4 N·m (0.45 kg-m, 39 in-lb)





NOTE:

Do not move the lock nut from the tightened position. Go to step "2".

2. Install the drive belt to each pulley.

CAUTION:

- Make sure that there is no oil, grease, or coolant, etc. in pulley grooves.
- Make sure that the belt is securely inside the groove on each pulley.
- Adjust drive belt tension by turning the adjusting bolt (B). Refer to <u>EM-114, "Tension Adjustment"</u>.
 CAUTION:
 - Perform the belt tension adjustment with the lock nut temporarily tightened at the step "1" so as not to tilt the idler pulley.
 - When checking immediately after installation, first adjust it to the specified value. Then, after turning crankshaft two turns or more, re-adjust to the specified value to avoid variation in deflection between pulleys.
- 4. Tighten the lock nut (A).

O : 34.8 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 26 ft-lb)

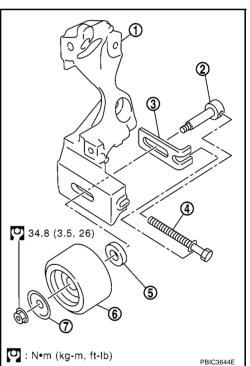
5. Make sure that belt tension of each belt within the standard.

Removal and Installation of Drive Belt Idler Pulley REMOVAL

- 1. Remove drive belts. Refer to EM-115, "Removal and Installation" .
- Remove the lock nut, and then remove the plate (7), idler pulley (6), and washer (5).

1 : Alternator bracket

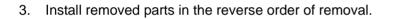
3. Remove the center shaft (2) together with the spacer (3) with inserting the adjusting bolt (4).

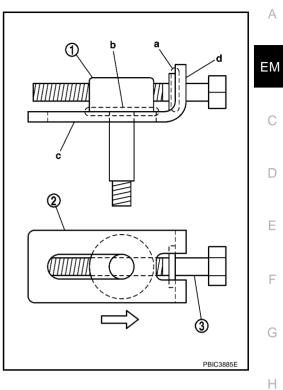


BBS002OA

INSTALLATION

- Insert the center shaft (1) into the slide groove of the spacer (2). Fully screw in the adjusting bolt (3) in the belt loosening direction (<-).
 - At that time, place the flange (a) of the adjusting bolt and the seat (b) of the center shaft on the spacer.
- 2. Place each surface (c, d) of the spacer on the alternator bracket. Install the washer, idler pulley, and plate, and then temporarily tighten the lock nut.
 - : 4.4 N·m (0.45 kg-m, 39 in-lb)





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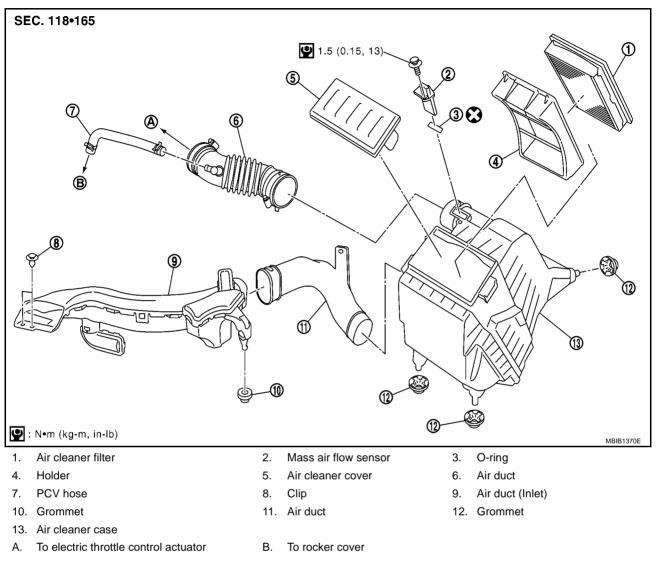
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AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT Components

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Refer to GI-11, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the air duct (inlet).
- 2. Remove the air cleaner filter from the air cleaner case. Refer to EM-119, "Changing Air Cleaner Filter" .
- 3. Remove the air duct [between air duct (inlet) and air cleaner case] from the air cleaner case.
- 4. Remove the PCV hose.
- 5. Remove the air duct (between air cleaner case and electric throttle control actuator).
 - Add marks as necessary for easier installation.
- 6. Remove air cleaner case with the following procedure.
- a. Remove battery. Refer to SC-5, "BATTERY" .
- b. Disconnect harness connector from mass air flow sensor.
- c. Remove the air cleaner case.
- 7. Remove the mass air flow sensor from the air cleaner case, if necessary. CAUTION:
 - Handle it carefully and avoid impacts.
 - Do not touch sensor part.

EM-118

INSTALLATION

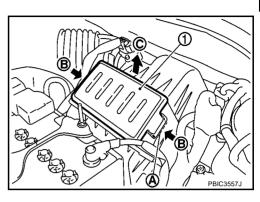
Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

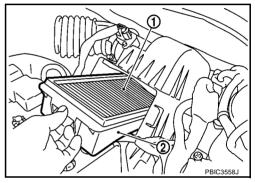
• Align marks. Attach each joint. Screw clamps firmly.

Changing Air Cleaner Filter REMOVAL

- 1. Push the tabs (A) of both ends of the air cleaner cover (1) into the inside (B).
- 2. Pull up the air cleaner cover forward (C) and remove it.

- 3. Remove the air cleaner filter (1) and holder (2) assembly from the air cleaner case.
- 4. Remove the air cleaner filter from the holder.

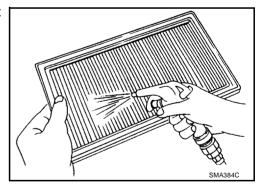




INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

It is necessary to clean air cleaner filter or replace it at the recommended intervals, more often under dusty J driving conditions. Refer to MA-8, "PERIODIC MAINTENANCE".

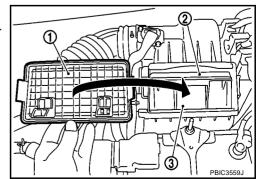
• Blow air into the back side of air cleaner filter until no any object sprays out.



INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

- Install the air cleaner cover (1) in the direction shown in the figure.
 - 2 : Air cleaner filter
 - 3 : Holder



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INTAKE MANIFOLD

INTAKE MANIFOLD

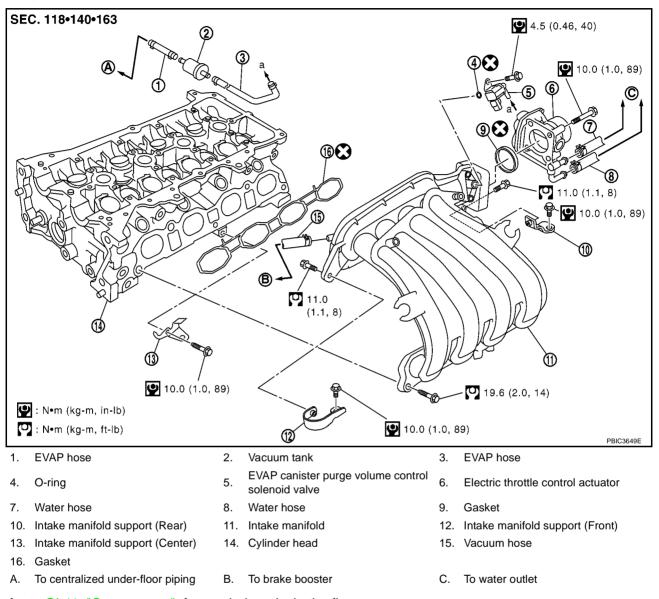
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Components





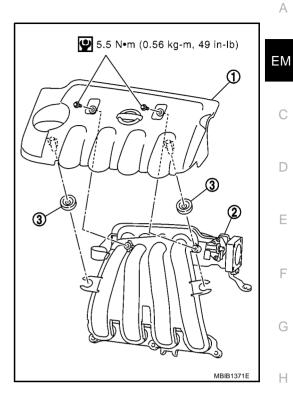


Refer to <u>GI-11, "Components"</u> for symbol marks in the figure.

INTAKE MANIFOLD

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove engine cover (1).
 - 2 : Intake manifold
 - 3 : Grommet



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	Remove the air duct (inlet) and the air duct (between air cleaner case and electric throttle control actuator). Refer to <u>EM-118, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"</u> .
3.	Move the reservoir tank. Refer to CO-31, "RADIATOR".
4.	Disconnect water hoses from electric throttle control actuator, attach blind plug to prevent engine coolant leakage.

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- 5. Pull out oil level gauge.

CAUTION:

Cover the oil level gauge guide openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.

6. Remove electric throttle control actuator.

CAUTION:

- Handle it carefully and avoid impacts.
- Do not disassemble or adjust.
- 7. Disconnect the harness connector and EVAP hose from the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

CAUTION:

Handle it carefully and avoid impacts.

8. Disconnect vacuum hose for brake booster from intake manifold.

9. Remove intake manifold support front (1) and rear (2).

- 10. Remove intake manifold.
 - Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.

: Engine front

11. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve from intake manifold, if necessary. **CAUTION:**

Handle it carefully and avoid impacts.

12. Remove intake manifold support (center) from cylinder head if necessary.

NOTE:

The intake manifold support (center) functions as the guide when the intake manifold is installed.

INSTALLATION

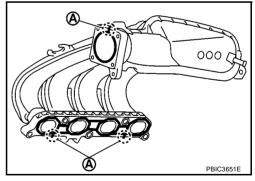
Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

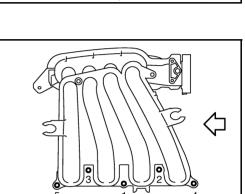
Intake Manifold

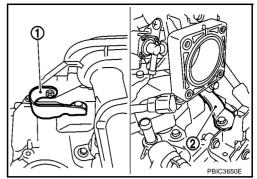
- 1. Install the gasket to the intake manifold.
 - Align the protrusion (A) of gasket to the groove of intake manifold.

2. Place the intake manifold into the installation position. CAUTION:

Make sure that the oil level gauge guide is not disconnected from the fixing clip of water inlet due to interference with intake manifold.



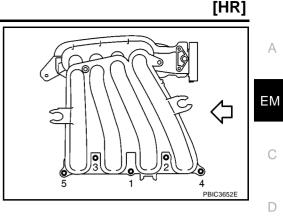




PBIC3652E

3. Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.

: Engine front



4. Install intake manifold support (front and rear).

Electric Throttle Control Actuator

- Tighten bolts of electric throttle control actuator equally and diagonally in several steps.
- Perform "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" after repair when removing harness connector of the electric throttle control actuator. Refer to <u>EC-857</u>, "<u>Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning</u>" (with EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-1279</u>, "<u>Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning</u>" (without EURO-OBD).
- Perform "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" and "Idle Air Volume Learning" after repair when replacing electric throttle control actuator. Refer to <u>EC-858, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> (with EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-1279, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> (without EURO-OBD).



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EXHAUST MANIFOLD

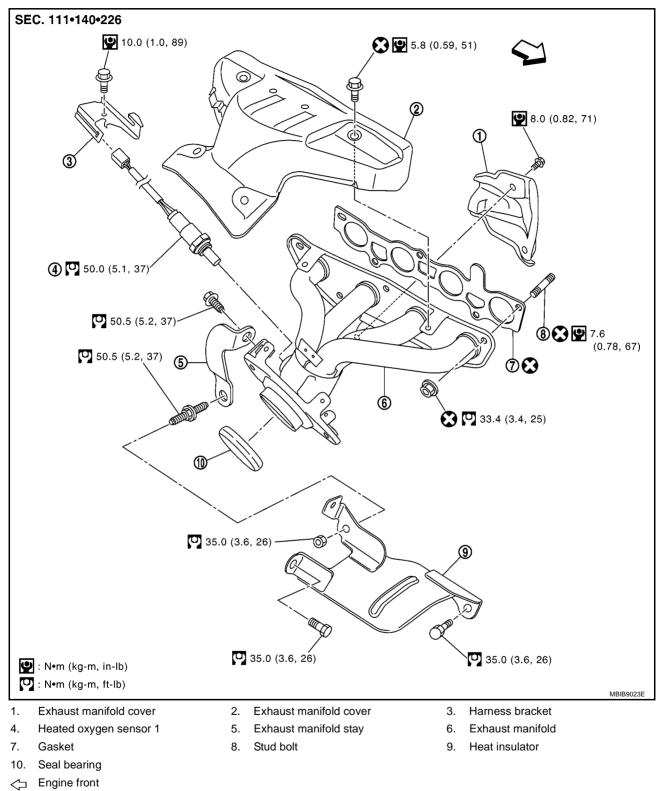
EXHAUST MANIFOLD

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Components

[HR]





Refer to <u>GI-11, "Components"</u> for symbol marks in the figure.

EXHAUST MANIFOLD

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove exhaust front tube. Refer to EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM".
- 2. Remove the harness bracket of heated oxygen sensor 1 from the cylinder head.
- 3. Remove exhaust manifold cover.
- 4. Remove the heated oxygen sensor 1.
 - Using heated oxygen sensor wrench (SST: KV10117100) (A), remove heated oxygen sensor 1.

CAUTION:

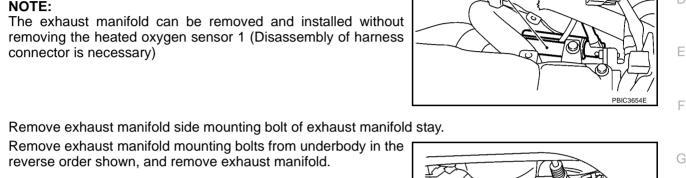
5.

Handle it carefully and avoid impacts. NOTE:

The exhaust manifold can be removed and installed without removing the heated oxygen sensor 1 (Disassembly of harness connector is necessary)

6. Remove exhaust manifold mounting bolts from underbody in the

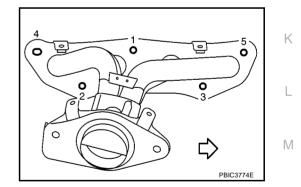
reverse order shown, and remove exhaust manifold.



A



- Loosen nuts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.



7. Remove gasket. **CAUTION:**

Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.

8. Remove exhaust manifold cover from back of exhaust manifold.

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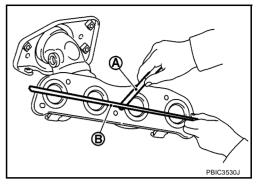
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INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL Mounting Surface Distortion

• Using a straightedge (B) and feeler gauge (A), check distortion of exhaust manifold mounting surface.

Limit : 0.3 mm (0.012 in)

• Replace exhaust manifold if outside the limit.



INSTALLATION

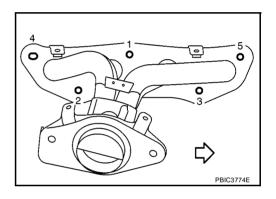
Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

Exhaust Manifold

1. Tighten nuts in numerical order shown in the figure.

 \triangleleft : Engine front

2. Tighten to the specified torque again.



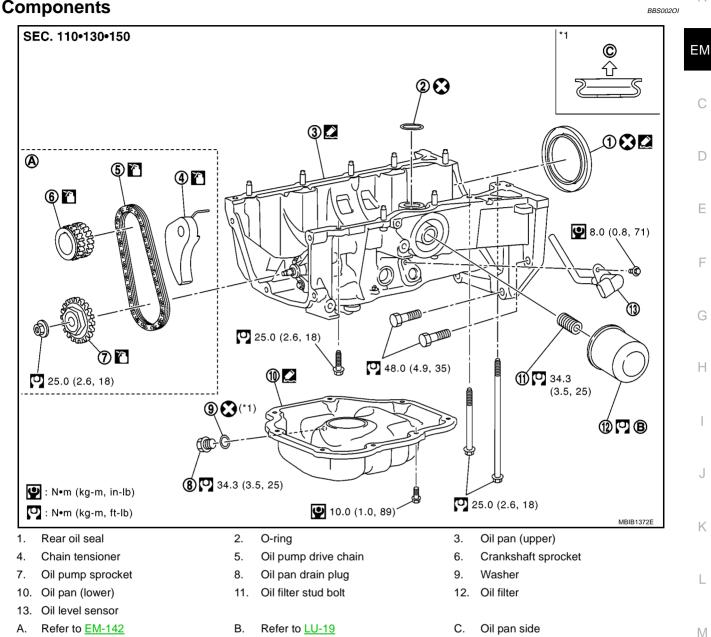
OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

PFP:11110

[HR]

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Refer to <u>GI-11, "Components"</u> for symbol marks in the figure.

Removal and Installation

BBS0020.

NOTE:

The oil strainer and oil pump are included in the oil pan (upper). Individual disassembly is prohibited.

REMOVAL

NOTE:

When removing oil pan (lower) only, steps "2" and "3" are not necessary. Perform step "5" after completing step "4".

- 1. Remove engine undercover.
- 2. Remove engine and transaxle assembly from the vehicle, and then separate engine and transaxle. Refer to EM-184, "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" .
- Install engine assembly to widely use engine stand. Refer to EM-189, "CYLINDER BLOCK". 3.
- 4. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-16, "ENGINE OIL" .
- 5. Remove the oil pan (lower) with the following procedure.

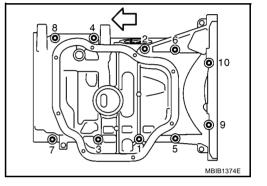
EM-127

a. Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.

b. Insert the seal cutter (SST: KV10111100) between oil pan (upper) and oil pan (lower).

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the mating surface.
- A more adhesive liquid gasket is applied compared to previous types when shipped, so it should not be forced off using a flat- bladed screwdriver, etc.
- 6. Remove front cover and timing chain. Refer to EM-142, "TIMING CHAIN" .
- Remove oil pump sprocket and crankshaft sprocket together with oil pump drive chain. Refer to <u>EM-142, "TIMING CHAIN"</u>.
- 8. Remove oil pan (upper) with the following procedure.
- a. Loosen oil pan (upper) mounting bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.



- b. Insert a flat-bladed offset screwdriver into the arrow (←) in the figure and open up a crack between the oil pan (upper) cylinder block.

: Engine front

c. Insert the seal cutter (SST: KV10111100) between remove the oil pan (upper) and cylinder block.Slide seal cutter by tapping on the side of tool with a hammer.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the mating surface.
- A more adhesive liquid gasket is applied compared to previous types when shipped, so it should not be forced off using a screwdriver, etc. outside the indicated location.
- Do not remove oil pump and oil strainer from oil pan (upper).
- 9. Remove rear oil seal from crankshaft.

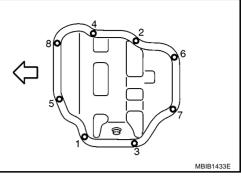
INSTALLATION

- 1. Install the oil pan (upper) in the following procedure.
- a. Use scraper to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.
 - Also remove the old liquid gasket from mating surface of cylinder block.
 - Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt holes and threads.

CAUTION:

Do not scratch or damage the mating surfaces when cleaning off old liquid gasket.

b. Install O-ring to the cylinder block.



EM-128

c. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket (C) with the tube presser (SST: WS39930000) to areas shown in the figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

- A : 2 mm (0.07 in) protruded to outside
- B : 2 mm (0.07 in) protruded to rear oil seal mounting side
- : Engine front
- 🗲 : Oil pan out side

CAUTION:

Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after coating.

d. Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.

CAUTION:

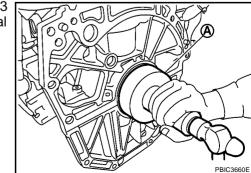
Install avoiding misalignment of both oil pan gasket and O-ring.

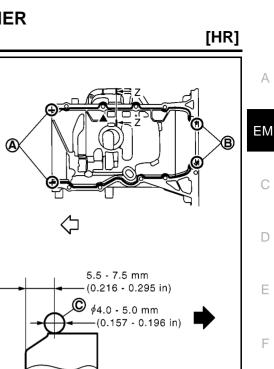
• The bolts are different according to the installation position. Refer to the numbers shown in the figure.

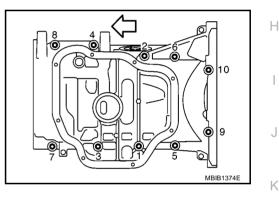
2. Install rear oil seal with the following procedure:

CAUTION:

- The installation of rear oil seal should be completed within 5 minutes after installing oil pan (upper).
- Do not touch oil seal lip.
- a. Wipe off any liquid gasket protruding to the rear oil seal mounting part of oil pan (upper) and cylinder block using a spatula.
- b. Apply the liquid gasket lightly to entire outside area of new rear oil seal. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
- c. Press-fit the rear oil seal using a drift with outer diameter 113 mm (4.45 in) and inner diameter 90 mm (3.54 in) (commercial service tool) (A).







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- Press-fit to the dimensions specified in the figure.
 - 1. Rear oil seal
 - A. Rear end surface of cylinder block

CAUTION:

- Do not touch the grease applied to the oil seal lip.
- Be careful not to damage the rear oil seal mounting part of oil pan (upper) and cylinder block or the crank-shaft.
- Press-fit straight make sure that oil seal does not curl or tilt.
- d. After press-fitting the rear oil seal, completely wipe off any liquid gasket protruding to rear end surface side.
- Install crankshaft sprocket, oil pump sprocket, oil pump drive chain, and chain tensioner. Refer to <u>EM-142, "TIMING CHAIN"</u>.
- 4. Install timing chain and related parts. Refer to EM-142, "TIMING CHAIN" .
- 5. Install front cover and related parts. Refer to EM-142, "TIMING CHAIN" .
- 6. Install oil pan (lower) with the following procedure.
- a. Use scraper to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.
 - Also remove the old liquid gasket from mating surface of oil pan (upper).
 - Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt holes and threads.

CAUTION:

Do not scratch or damage the mating surfaces when cleaning off old liquid gasket.

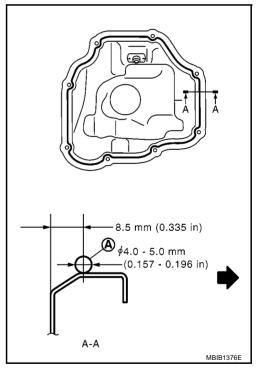
b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket (A) with the tube presser (SST: WS39930000) to areas shown in the figure.

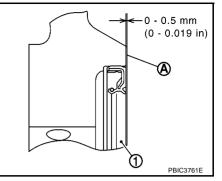
+ : Engine out side

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

CAUTION:

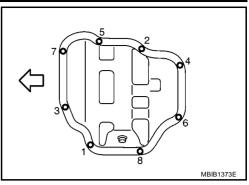
Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after coating.





c. Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.

<□ : Engine front



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7.	Install oil pan drain plug.	
	 For installation direction of washer. Refer to <u>EM-127, "Components"</u>. 	
8.	Install in the reverse order of removal.	Е
	CAUTION:	
	Pour engine oil at least 30 minutes after oil pan is installed.	_
INS	SPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION	F
1.	Check engine oil level and adjust engine oil. Refer to LU-16, "ENGINE OIL".	
2.	Check for leakage of engine oil when engine is warmed.	G
3.	Stop engine and wait for 10 minutes.	0
4.	Check engine oil level again. Refer to LU-16, "ENGINE OIL".	
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IGNITION COIL

IGNITION COIL

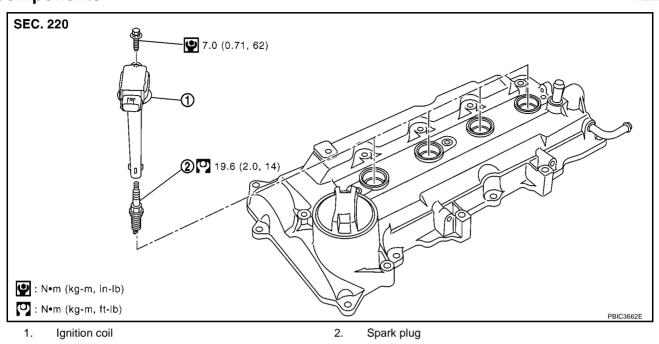
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Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-120, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .
- 2. Disconnect harness connector from the ignition coil.
- 3. Remove ignition coil.

CAUTION:

- Handle it carefully and avoid impacts.
- Do not disassemble.

INSTALLATION

Installation is the reverse order of removal.

SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)

SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)

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Components





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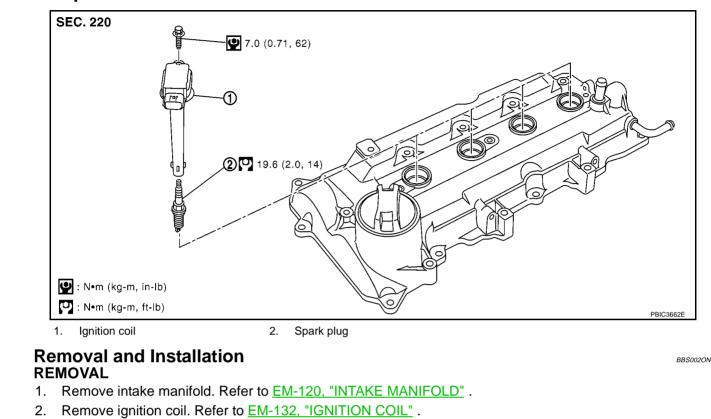
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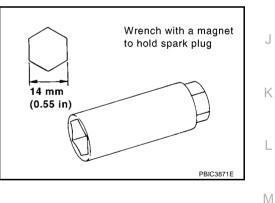
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3. Remove spark plug using spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).

CAUTION:

Do not drop or shock it.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Use standard type spark plug for normal condition.

Hot type spark plug is suitable when fouling occurs with standard type spark plug under conditions such as:

- Frequent engine starts
- Low ambient temperatures

Cold type spark plug is suitable when spark plug knock occurs with standard type spark plug under conditions such as:

- Extended highway driving
- Frequent high engine revolution

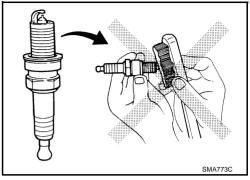
Make	NGK
Standard type	PLZKAR6A-11
Hot type	PLZKAR5A-11
Cold type	PLZKAR7A-11

Gap (Nominal) : 1.1 mm (0.043 in)

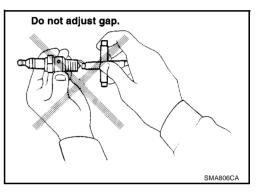
CAUTION:

- Do not drop or shock spark plug.
- Do not use wire brush for cleaning.
- If plug tip is covered with carbon, spark plug cleaner may be used.

Cleaner air pressure: Less than 588 kPa (5.88 bar, 6 kg/cm² , 85 psi) Cleaning time: Less than 20 seconds



• Checking and adjusting plug gap is not required between change intervals.



INSTALLATION

Installation is the reverse order of removal.

FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

Components



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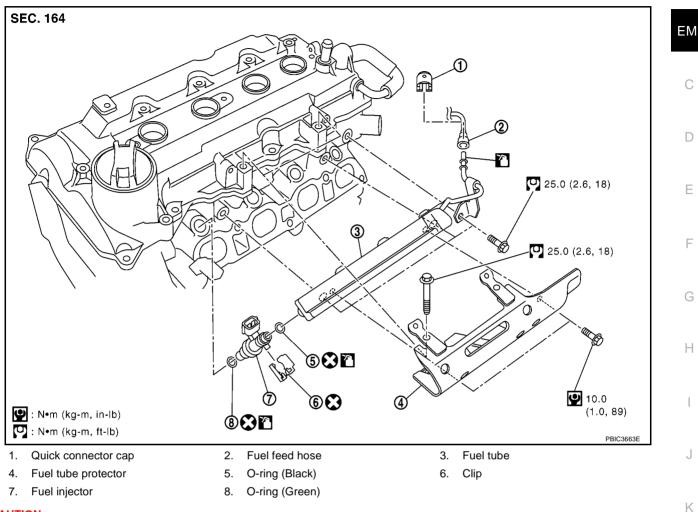
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CAUTION:

Do not remove or disassemble parts unless instructed as shown in the figure. Refer to $\underline{GI-11}$, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.

Removal and Installation

WARNING:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in the workshop.
- Be sure to work in a well ventilated area and furnish workshop with a CO₂ fire extinguisher.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from the work area.

REMOVAL

- 1. Release the fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-860, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (with EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-1281, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (without EURO-OBD).
- 2. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-120, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .

- 3. Disconnect quick connector with the following procedure. Disconnect fuel feed hose from fuel tube.
 - 1 : Quick connector cap

NOTE:

There is no fuel return path.

- a. Remove quick connector cap (1) from quick connector connection.
- b. Disconnect fuel feed hose from hose clamp.

- c. With the sleeve side of quick connector release facing quick connector, install quick connector release onto fuel tube.
- d. Insert quick connector release into quick connector until sleeve contacts and goes no further. Hold quick connector release on that position.

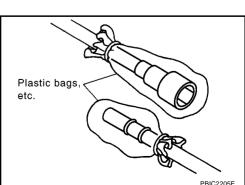
CAUTION:

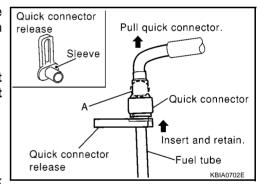
Inserting quick connector release hard will not disconnect quick connector. Hold quick connector release where it contacts and goes no further.

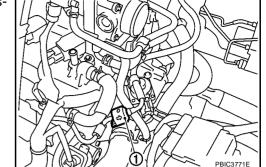
e. Draw and pull out quick connector straight from fuel tube.

CAUTION:

- Pull quick connector holding "A" position in the figure.
- Do not pull with lateral force applied. O-ring inside quick connector may be damaged.
- Prepare container and cloth beforehand as fuel will leak out.
- Avoid fire and sparks.
- Keep parts away from heat source. Especially, be careful when welding is performed around them.
- Do not expose parts to battery electrolyte or other acids.
- Do not bend or twist connection between quick connector and fuel feed hose during installation/removal.
- To keep clean the connecting portion and to avoid damage and foreign materials, cover them completely with plastic bags or something similar.





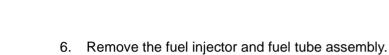


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- FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE
- 4. Disconnect harness connector from fuel injector.
- 5. Remove fuel tube protector.
 - Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.

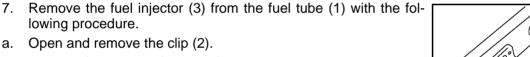


• Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure

: Engine front

CAUTION:

- When removing, be careful to avoid any interference with fuel injector.
- Use a shop cloth to absorb any fuel leaks from fuel tube.



- b. Remove fuel injector from the fuel tube by pulling straight. **CAUTION:**
 - Be careful about fuel leakage remaining in fuel tube.
 - Be careful not to damage the nozzle of fuel injector.
 - Do not subject it to impact by dropping or hitting.
 - Do not disassemble.

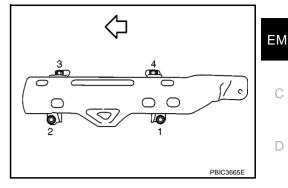
INSTALLATION

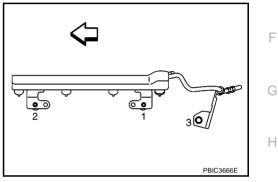
1. Install new the O-ring to the fuel injector, paying attention to the following.

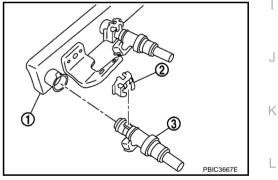
- **CAUTION:**
- The upper and lower O-rings are different. Be careful not to confuse them.

Fuel tube side: BlackNozzle side: Green

- Handle O-ring with bare hands. (Do not wear gloves.)
- Lubricate O-ring with engine oil.
- Do not clean O-ring with solvent.
- Make sure that the O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- Be careful not to scratch O-ring with tool or fingernails when installing it. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring was stretched while it was being attached, do not insert it into fuel tube immediately.
- Insert O-ring straight into fuel tube. Do not decenter or twist it.





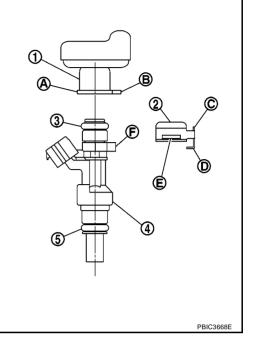


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- 2. Install the fuel injector (4) onto the fuel tube (1) with the following procedure:
 - 3 : O-ring (Black)
 - 5 : O-ring (Green)
- a. Insert the clips (2) into the clip mounting grooves on the fuel injector.
 - Insert clip cut-out (D) into fuel injector protrusion (F).
 CAUTION:
 - Always replace clip with new one.
 - Make sure that the clip does not interfere with the O-ring. If interference occurs, replace the O-ring.
- b. Insert the fuel injector into the fuel tube with clip attached.
 - Make sure that the axis is lined up when inserting.
 - Insert clip cut-out (C) into fuel tube protrusion (B).
 - Make sure that the flange (A) on the fuel tube fits securely in the clip flange fixing groove (E).
- c. Make sure that installation is complete by checking that fuel injector does not rotate or come off.



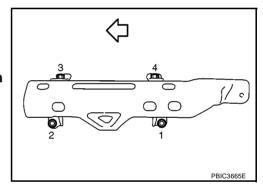
3. Install fuel tube and fuel injector assembly onto cylinder head.Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.

boits in the numerical order shown in

: Engine front

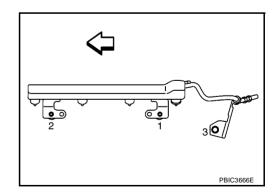
CAUTION:

Be careful not to let tip of fuel injector nozzle come in contact with other parts.



- 4. Install fuel tube protector.
 - Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.

: Engine front



- 5. Connect harness connector to fuel injector.
- 6. Connect fuel feed hose with the following procedure.
- a. Check for damage or foreign material on the fuel tube and quick connector.
- b. Apply new engine oil lightly to area around the top of fuel tube.

- c. Align center to insert quick connector straightly into fuel tube.
 - Insert quick connector to fuel tube until the top spool on fuel tube is inserted completely and the 2nd level spool is positioned slightly below quick connector bottom end.

CAUTION:

- Hold "A" position in the figure when inserting fuel tube into quick connector.
- Carefully align center to avoid inclined insertion to prevent damage to O-ring inside quick connector.
- Insert until you hear a "click" sound and actually feel the engagement.
- To avoid misidentification of engagement with a similar sound, be sure to perform the next step.
- d. Before clamping fuel feed hose with hose clamp, pull quick connector hard by hand holding "A" position. Make sure it is completely engaged (connected) so that it does not come out from fuel tube.
- e. Install quick connector cap (1) to quick connector connection.
 - Install quick connector cap with the side arrow facing quick connector side (fuel feed hose side).

CAUTION:

- Make sure that the quick connector and fuel tube are securely engaged with the quick connector cap mount-ing groove.
- Quick connector may not be connected correctly if quick connector cap cannot be installed easily. Remove the quick connector cap, and then check the connection of quick connector again.
- f. Install fuel feed hose to hose clamp.
- 7. Install in the reverse order of removal.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Check on Fuel Leaks

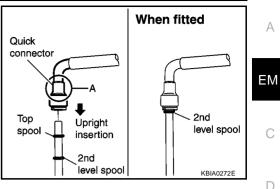
1. Apply fuel pressure to fuel lines with turning ignition switch ON (with engine stopped). Then make sure there are no fuel leaks at connections.

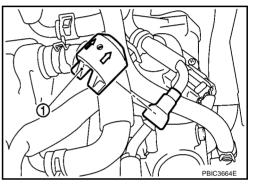
NOTE:

Use mirrors for checking on invisible points.

2. Start engine. With engine speed increased, make sure again there are no fuel leaks at connections. **CAUTION:**

Do not touch engine immediately after stopped as engine becomes extremely hot.





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ROCKER COVER

ROCKER COVER

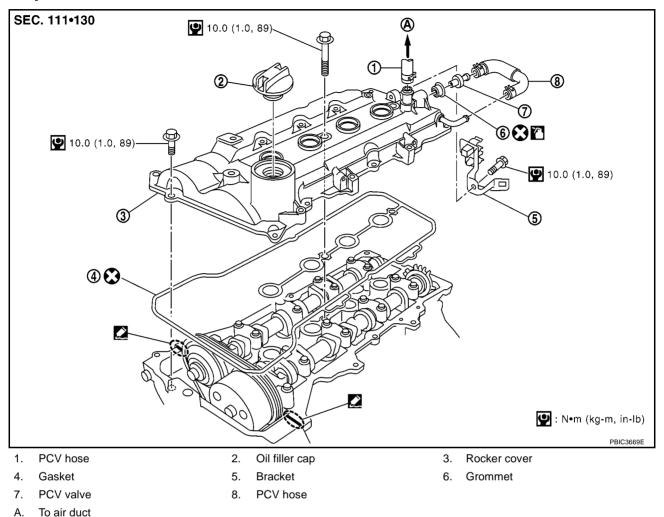
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Components

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Refer to GI-11, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-120, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".
- 2. Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-132, "IGNITION COIL" .
- 3. Remove engine mounting stay (RH). Refer to EM-184, "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" . NOTE:

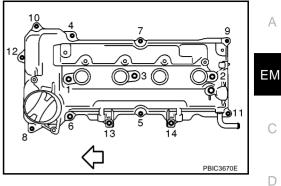
For supporting engine load, it is not necessary that only the engine mounting stay (RH) is removed.

- 4. Remove fuel tube protector. Refer to EM-135, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE" .
- 5. Remove the PCV hose from rocker cover.
- 6. Remove PCV valve if necessary.

7 Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.

NOTE:

13 and 14 shown in the figure are used to tighten the fuel tube protector.



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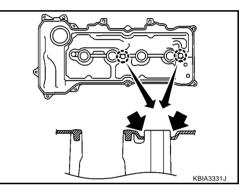
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- 8. Remove gasket from rocker cover.
- 9. Remove all traces of liquid gasket from cylinder head and front cover.

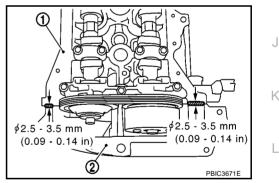
INSTALLATION

- 1. Install the rocker cover with the following procedure.
- a. Install the gasket to the rocker cover.
 - Check for damage or foreign material.
 - Make sure that it is securely inserted in the mounting groove of rocker cover.
 - For the 2 bolt holes shown in the figure, push the gasket into the boss for the rocker cover bolt hole to prevent it from falling.



- b. Apply liquid gasket to the position shown in the figure.
 - 1 : Cylinder head
 - 2 : Front cover

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.



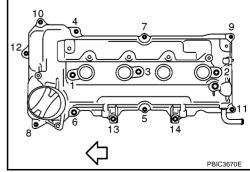
c. Install the rocker cover to the cylinder head. **CAUTION:**

Make sure the gasket is not dropped.

- d. Tighten bolts in two steps in numerical order as shown in the figure.
 - : Engine front

NOTE:

13 and 14 shown in the figure tighten together with the fuel tube protector. Refer to EM-135, "Components" .



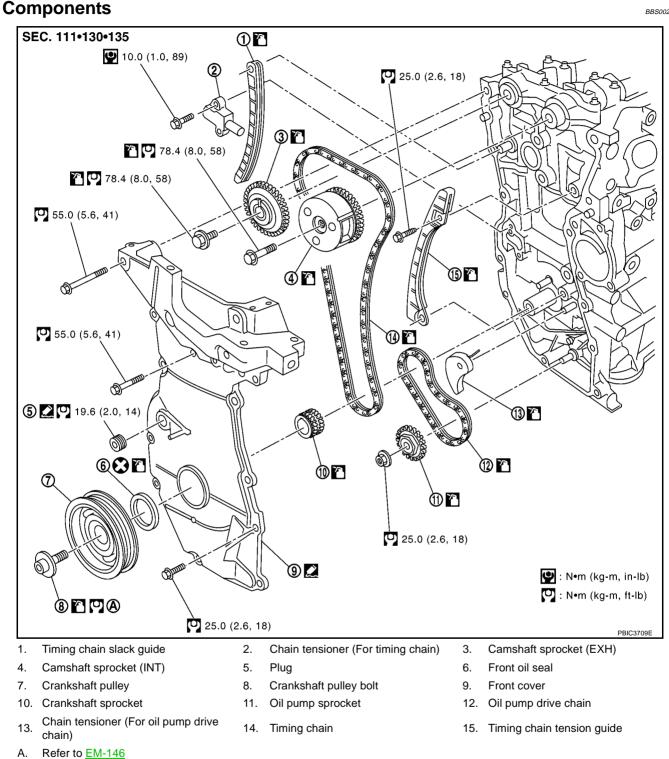
2. Install in the reverse order of removal.

TIMING CHAIN

TIMING CHAIN

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Refer to GI-11, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.

TIMING CHAIN

Removal and Installation

CAUTION:

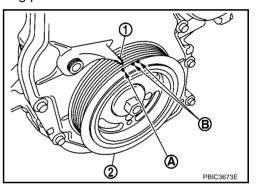
The rotation direction indicated in the text indicates all directions seen from the engine front direction.

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove front RH wheel. Refer to WT-5, "ROAD WHEEL AND TYRE ASSEMBLY".
- 2. Remove front fender protector (RH). Refer to EI-14, "FENDER PROTECTOR".
- 3. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-16, "ENGINE OIL" . NOTE:

Perform this step when engine is cold.

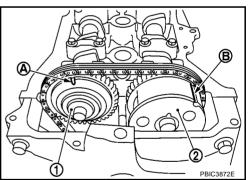
- 4. Remove the following parts.
 - Rocker cover: Refer to EM-140, "ROCKER COVER".
 - Drive belt: Refer to EM-114, "DRIVE BELTS" .
 - Water pump pulley: Refer to CO-36, "WATER PUMP" .
 - Ground cable (between engine mounting bracket (RH) and radiator core support)
- 5. Support the bottom surface of engine using a transmission jack, and then remove the engine mounting bracket and insulator (RH). Refer to EM-184, "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" .
- Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke with the following procedure: 6.
- Rotate crankshaft pulley (2) clockwise and align TDC mark a. (without paint mark) (A) to timing indicator (1) on front cover.
 - B : White paint mark (Not use for service)

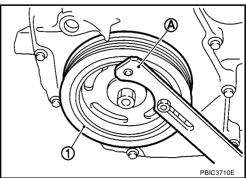


- b. Make sure the matching marks on each camshaft sprocket are positioned as shown in the figure.
 - 1 : Camshaft sprocket (EXH)
 - 2 : Camshaft sprocket (INT)
 - А : Matching mark (stamp)
 - B : Matching mark (peripheral stamp line)
 - If not, rotate crankshaft pulley one more turn to align matching marks to the positions in the figure.
- 7. Remove crankshaft pulley with the following procedure:
- Secure crankshaft pulley (1) using a pulley holder (commercial a. service tool) (A).
- b. Loosen and pull out crankshaft pulley bolts.

CAUTION:

Do not remove the mounting bolts as they will be used as a supporting point for the pulley puller (SST: KV11103000).





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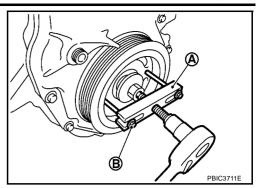
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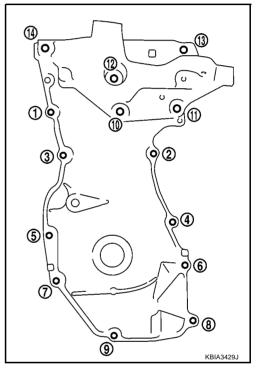
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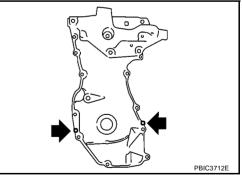
- c. Attach a pulley puller (SST: KV11103000) (A) in the M 6 thread hole on crankshaft pulley, and remove crankshaft pulley.
 - B : M6 bolt



- 8. Remove front cover with the following procedure:
- a. Loosen bolts in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.



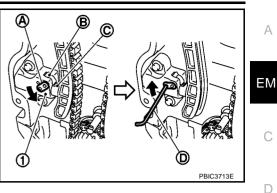
b. Cut liquid gasket by prying the position (←) shown in the figure, and then remove the front cover.



9. Remove front oil seal from front cover.
• Remove by lifting it up using a suitable tool.
CAUTION: Be careful not to damage the front cover. [HR]

TIMING CHAIN

- 10. Remove chain tensioner (1) with the following procedure.
- a. Fully push down the chain tensioner lever (A), and then push the plunger (C) into the inside of tensioner.
 - The tab (B) is released by fully pushing the lever down. As a result, the plunger can be moved.
- b. Pull up the lever to align its hole position with the body hole position.
 - When the lever hole is aligned with the body hole position, the plunger is fixed.
 - When the protrusion parts of the plunger ratchet and the tab face each other, both hole positions are not aligned. At that time, correctly engage them and align these hole positions by slightly moving the plunger.
- c. Insert the stopper pin (D) into the body hole through the lever hole, and then fix the lever at the upper position.
 - Figure shows the example that a hexagonal wrench for 2.5 mm (0.098 in) is used.
- d. Remove chain tensioner.
- 11. Remove the timing chain tension guide (2) and the timing chain slack guide (1).

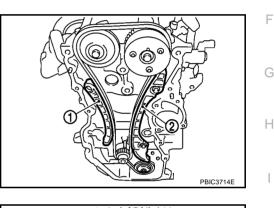


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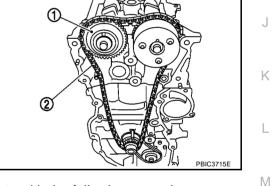
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- 12. Remove the timing chain (2).
 - Pull the looseness of timing chain toward the camshaft sprocket (EXH) (1), and then remove the timing chain and start the removal from camshaft sprocket (EXH) side.

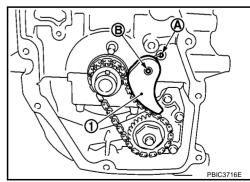
CAUTION:

Do not rotate crankshaft or camshaft while timing chain is removed. It causes interference between valve and piston.

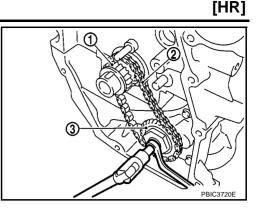


13. Remove the crankshaft sprocket and the oil pump drive related parts with the following procedure.

- a. Remove chain tensioner (1).
 - Pull out from the shaft (B) and spring fixing holes (A).



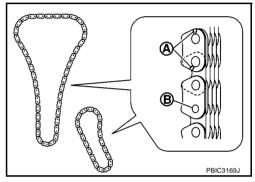
- b. Hold the top of the oil pump shaft using the TORX socket (size: E8), and then loosen the oil pump sprocket nuts and remove them.
- c. Remove the crankshaft sprocket (1), the oil pump drive chain (2), and the oil pump sprocket (3) at the same time.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Timing Chain

Check timing chain for cracks (A) and any excessive wear (B) at the roller links of timing chain. Replace timing chain if necessary.



INSTALLATION

NOTE:

The figure shows the relationship between the matching mark on each timing chain and that on the corresponding sprocket, with the components installed.

- 1 : Timing chain
- 2 : Camshaft sprocket (EXH)
- 3 : Timing chain slack guide
- 4 : Chain tensioner
- 5 : Oil pump drive chain
- 6 : Oil pump sprocket
- 7 : Crankshaft sprocket
- 8 : Timing chain tension guide
- 9 : Camshaft sprocket (INT)
- A : Yellow link
- B : Matching mark (stamp)
- C : Orange link
- D : Matching mark (stamp)
- E : Crankshaft key (point straight up)
- F : Matching mark (peripheral stamp line)
- G : Yellow link
- 1. Install the crankshaft sprocket and the oil pump drive related parts with the following procedure:

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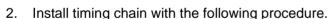
a. Install the crankshaft sprocket (1), the oil pump drive chain (2), and the oil pump sprocket (3) at the same time.

- Install the crankshaft sprocket so that its invalid gear area (A) is towards the back of the engine.
- Install the oil pump sprocket so that its hexagonal surface faces (B) the front of engine.

NOTE:

There is no matching mark in the oil pump drive related parts.

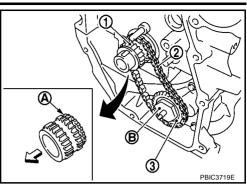
- b. Hold the top of the oil pump shaft using the TORX socket (size: E8), and then tighten the oil pump sprocket nuts.
 - 1 : Crankshaft sprocket
 - 2 : Oil pump drive chain
 - 3 : Oil pump sprocket
- c. Install chain tensioner (1).
 - Insert the body into the shaft (B) while inserting the spring into the fixing hole (A) of cylinder block front surface.
 - Make sure that the tension is applied to the oil pump drive chain after installing.

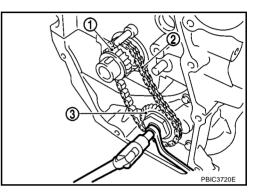


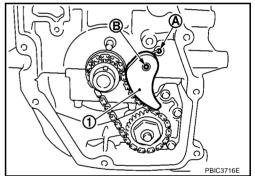
- A : Yellow link
- B : Matching mark (stamp)
- C : Orange link
- D : Matching mark (stamp)
- E : Crankshaft key (point straight up)
- F : Matching mark (peripheral stamp line)
- G : Yellow link
- Install by aligning matching marks on each sprocket and timing chain.
- If these matching marks are not aligned, rotate the camshaft slightly to correct the position.

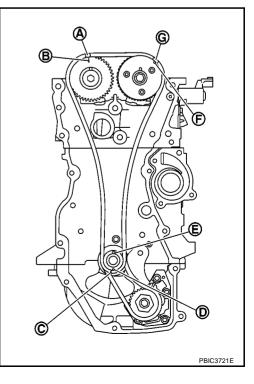
CAUTION:

- For the following note, after the matching marks are aligned, keep them aligned by holding them with a hand.
- To avoid skipped teeth, do not rotate crankshaft and camshaft until front cover is installed.









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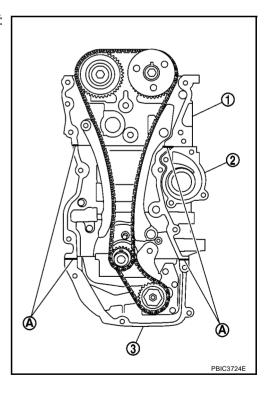
Μ

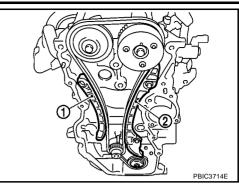
3. Install timing chain tension guide (2) and timing chain slack guide (1).

- 4. Install chain tensioner (1).
 - Fix the plunger at the most compressed position using a stopper pin (A), and then install it.
 - Securely pull out the stopper pin after installing the chain tensioner.
- 5. Check matching mark position of timing chain and each sprocket again.
- 6. Install the front oil seal to the front cover. Refer to EM-171, "Removal and Installation of Front Oil Seal"
- 7. Install front cover with the following procedure:
- a. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (SST: WS39930000) to front cover as shown in the figure.

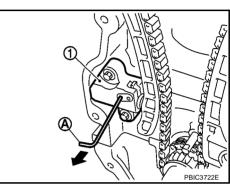
Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

- 1 : Cylinder head
- 2 : Cylinder block
- 3 : Oil pan (upper)
- A : Liquid gasket application area
 - φ 3.0 4.0 mm (0.12 0.16 in)



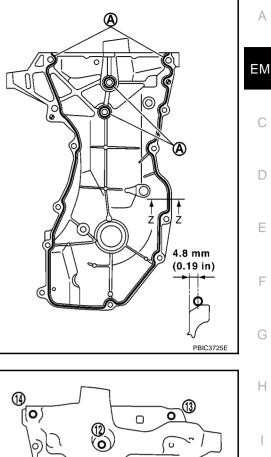


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b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (SST: WS39930000) to front cover as shown in the figure. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

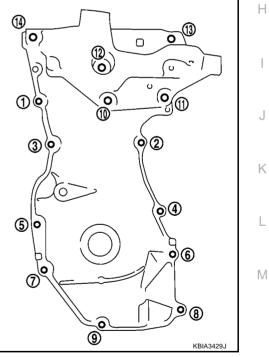
: Liquid gasket application area А \$ 3.0 - 4.0 mm (0.12 - 0.16 in)



- Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure. C.
- d. After all bolts are tightened, retighten them to specified torque in numerical order as shown in the figure.

CAUTION:

Be sure to wipe off any excessive liquid gasket leaking to surface.



- 8. Insert crankshaft pulley by aligning with crankshaft key.
 - When inserting crankshaft pulley with a plastic hammer, tap on its center portion (not circumference). **CAUTION:**

Install protecting front oil seal lip section from any damage.

- 9. Tighten crankshaft pulley bolt with the following procedure:
 - Secure crankshaft pulley with a pulley holder (commercial service tool), and tighten crankshaft pulley bolt.
- Apply new engine oil to thread and seat surfaces of crankshaft pulley bolt. a.
- Tighten crankshaft pulley bolt. b.

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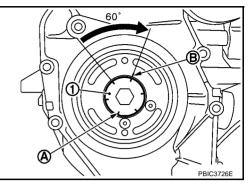
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🖸 : 35.0 N·m (3.6 kg-m, 26 ft-lb)

- c. Put a paint mark (B) on crankshaft pulley, mating with any one of six easy to recognize angle marks (A) on crankshaft bolt flange (1).
- d. Turn another 60 degrees clockwise (angle tightening).
 - Check the tightening angle with movement of one angle mark.



10. Make sure that crankshaft turns smoothly by rotating by hand clockwise.

11. Install in the reverse order of removal.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection for Leaks

The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak and exhaust gases leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to <u>MA-24</u>, "<u>RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS</u>".
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.

NOTE:

If hydraulic pressure inside timing chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in the guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after engine start. However, this is normal. Noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gases, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Item	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped	
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level	
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level	
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level	
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage	
Exhaust gases	—	Leakage	—	

Summary of the inspection items:

* Transmission/transaxle fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

CAMSHAFT

CAMSHAFT Components







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BBS002OU SEC. 111•130•220 ΕM OP \square (B) 🐴 27 37 (1) (P) F **9** 7.0 (0.71, 62) -1317 ★ () (E 78.4 (8.0, 58) ഷ് 78.4 (8.0, 58) ⓓΩ₽ Н 10 🕄 🏹 🕑 : N•m (kg-m, in-lb) **(**10.0 (1.0, 89) 💟 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) 171 39.2 (4.0, 29) PBIC3672E K 1. Camshaft bracket (No. 2 to 5) 2. Camshaft bracket (No. 1) 3. Camshaft sprocket (EXH) Camshaft sprocket (INT) Cylinder head 4. 5. 6. Oil filter (for intake valve timing control) 7. Washer 8. Plug Intake valve timing control solenoid valve 9. 10. O-ring 11. O-ring 12. Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) 14. Camshaft (INT) 13. Valve lifter 15. Camshaft (EXH) A. Refer to EM-161 Μ

Refer to GI-11, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.

Removal and Installation

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CAUTION:

The rotation direction indicated in the text indicates all directions seen from the engine front direction.

REMOVAL

NOTE:

This section describes the procedure for removal and installation of camshaft with front cover. If the front cover is removed first, change the following procedure.

- •Step 8 : After camshaft sprocket is removed, remove the camshaft brackets (No. 2 to 5).
- •Step 9 : The camshaft (EXH) can be removed simultaneously with the camshaft (INT).
- •Step 10 : When the camshaft sprocket (INT) mounting bolt is removed, the lifting up of camshaft is not necessary.
- 1. Support the bottom surface of engine using a transmission jack, and then remove the engine mounting bracket and insulator (RH). Refer to <u>EM-184, "ENGINE ASSEMBLY"</u>.

- 2. Remove rocker cover. Refer to <u>EM-140, "ROCKER COVER"</u>.
- Remove camshaft position sensor (PHASE) from rear end of cylinder head. CAUTION:

Handle it carefully and avoid impacts.

- 4. Place cylinder No. 1 at TDC of its compression stroke with the following procedure.
- a. Rotate crankshaft pulley (2) clockwise and align TDC mark (without paint mark) (A) to timing indicator (1) on front cover.
 - B : White paint mark (Not use for service)

- b. Make sure that the matching marks on each the camshaft sprockets are in the position shown in the figure.
 - 1. : Timing chain
 - 2. : Camshaft sprocket (EXH)
 - 3. : Camshaft sprocket (INT)
 - A : Matching mark (Paint)
 - B : Matching mark (Stamp)
 - C : Matching mark (Peripheral stamp line)
 - If not, rotate crankshaft pulley one more turn to align matching marks to the positions in the figure.
- c. Paint matching marks (A) on the timing chain links
- 5. Secure the plunger of chain tensioner in the fully compressed position with the following procedure. And then, loosen the timing chain tension.
- a. Remove the plug (2) from the front cover (1).

b. Fully push down the lever (B) of chain tensioner (2) from the plug hole, and then insert the stopper pin (A) into the body side hole and secure the lever at the lowest position.

C : Front cover has been omitted

• The tab is released by fully pushing the lever down. As a result, the plunger (1) can be moved.

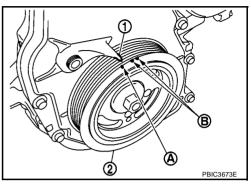
NOTE:

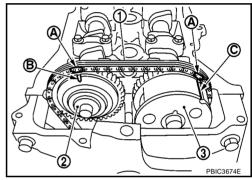
Hexagonal wrench [2.5 mm (0.098 in)] is used for a stopper pin as an example.

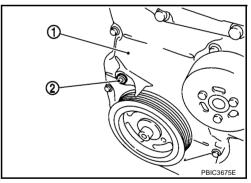
CAUTION:

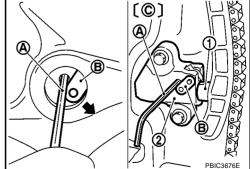
The stopper pin must use a shape that cannot fall in the front cover when dropping out.











CAMSHAFT

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Turn the crankshaft pulley (2) counterclockwise with the cam-C. shaft (EXH) (1) fixing. Apply the tension to the timing chain, and then push the plunger of into the inside of chain tensioner.

CAUTION:

Hold the camshaft hexagonal part (A), and then secure the camshaft.

- d. Pull out the stopper pin (A) of chain tensioner (2) side from plug hole. Lift the lever (B) up to align its hole position with the hole of the body.
 - D : Front cover has been omitted
 - When the lever hole (C) is aligned with the body hole position, the plunger (1) is fixed.
 - When the protrusion parts of the plunger ratchet and the tab face each other, both hole positions are not aligned. At that time, correctly engage them and align these hole positions by slightly moving the plunger.
- e. Insert the stopper pin into the body hole through the lever hole, and then fix the lever at the upper position.
- Slightly rotate the crankshaft pulley (2) clockwise to loosen the f. timing chain on camshaft sprocket (EXH) (1) side.

CAUTION:

Hold the camshaft hexagonal part (A), and then secure the camshaft.

6. Remove camshaft sprocket (EXH) (1).

CAUTION:

- Hold the camshaft hexagonal part (A), and then secure the camshaft.
- Do not rotate crankshaft and camshaft separately, so as not to contact valve with piston in the following steps.

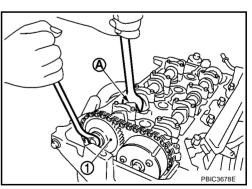
NOTE:

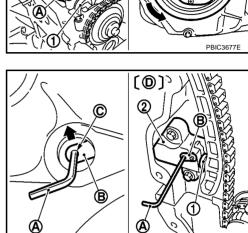
The timing chain with the front cover installed is not disengaged from the crankshaft sprocket and it is not dropped into the front cover. Therefore, the timing chain tension holding device is not necessary.

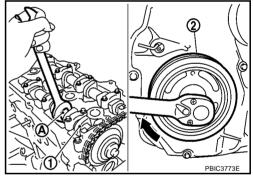
7. Turn the camshaft sprocket (INT) to the most advanced position.

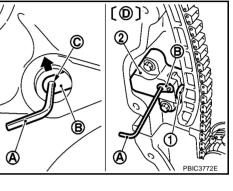
CAUTION:

Installation and removal of the camshaft sprocket (INT) must be done in the most advanced position for the following reasons, so make sure that you follow the procedure exactly.









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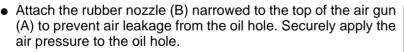
- The sprocket (C) and vane (camshaft coupling) (B) are designed to spin and move within the range of a certain angle.
- With the engine stopped and the vane in the most retarded angle, it will not spin because it is locked to the sprocket side by the internal lock pin (A).
- If the camshaft sprocket mounting bolts are turned in the situation described above, the lock pin will become damaged and cause malfunctions because of the increased horizontal load (cutting force) on the lock pin.
- Put the camshaft sprocket (INT) in the most advance position with the following procedure.
- a. Remove camshaft bracket (No. 1) (1).

Loosen the bolts in several steps, and then remove them.

b. Apply the following air pressure to the No. 1 journal oil hole (A) of camshaft (INT) (1) shown in the figure using an air gun.

Pressure : 300 kPa (3.0 bar, 3.1 kg/cm², 44psi) or more

- Apply the air pressure into the oil hole on the second groove from the front of camshaft thrust (B).
- Proceed all the way through step "e" with the air pressure on.



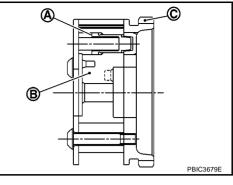
CAUTION:

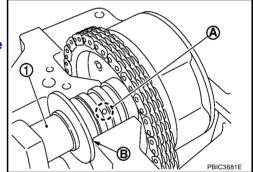
- There are other oil holes in the side grooves. Do not use the incorrect oil holes.
- Be sure not to damage the oil path with the tip of the air qun.
- Wipe all the oil off the air gun to prevent oil from being blown all over along with the air, and the area around the air gun should be wiped with a rag when applying air pressure. Eye protection should be worn as needed.

NOTE:

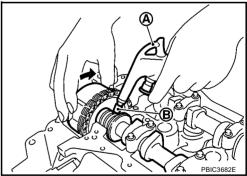
The air pressure is used to move the lock pin into the disengage position.

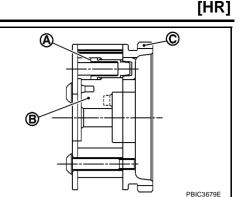
- c. Hold the camshaft sprocket (INT) with hands, and then apply the power counterclockwise/clockwise alternatively.
 - Finally rotate the sprocket of the camshaft sprocket (INT) counterclockwise [the direction shown by the arrow (+)].
 - Perform the work while applying the air pressure to the oil hole.





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- If the lock pin is not released by hands, tap the camshaft sprocket (INT) lightly with a plastic hammer (A).
- If the camshaft sprocket (INT) is not rotated counterclockwise even if the above procedures are performed, check the air pressure and the oil hole position.

- d. While doing the above, once you hear a click (the sound of the internal lock pin disengaging) from inside the camshaft sprocket (INT), start turning the camshaft sprocket (INT) in the counter-clockwise direction in the most advanced angle position.
 - C : Lock pin engaged
 - D : Most advanced angle
 - Keep the air pressure on.
 - If there is no click, as soon as the vane-side (camshaft side) starts moving independently of the sprocket, the lock pin has become disengaged.
 - Make sure that it is in the most advanced angle position by seeing if the stopper pin groove (A) and the stopper pin hole (B) are matched up as shown in the figure.
- e. Complete the applying procedure of air pressure and the holding procedure of camshaft (INT).
- f. Insert the stopper pin (A) into the stopper pin holes in the camshaft sprocket (INT) and lock in the most advanced angle position.

CAUTION:

No load is exerted on the stopper pin (spring reaction, etc.). Since it comes out easily, secure it with tape (B) to prevent it from coming out.

NOTE:

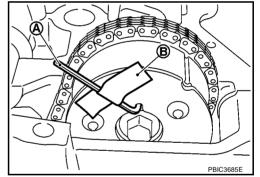
The stopper pin in the figure shows one example of a hexagonal wrench for 2.5 mm (0.098 in) [length of inserted section: approximately15 mm (0.59 in)].

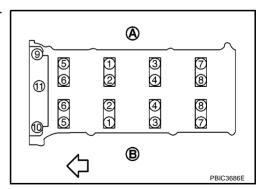
- 8. Remove camshaft brackets (No. 2 to 5).
 - Loosen bolts in several steps in the reverse of the order shown in the figure.
 - A : EXH side
 - B : INT side

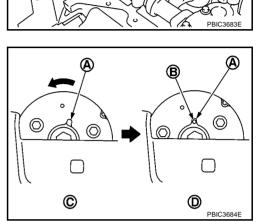
NOTE:

9. Remove camshaft (EXH).

The camshaft bracket (No. 1) has been already removed.







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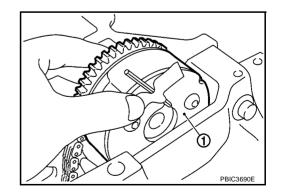
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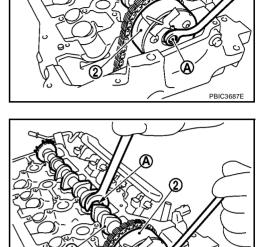
Μ

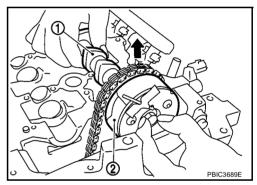
- 10. Remove the camshaft (INT) (1) and the camshaft sprocket (INT) (2) with the following procedure.
- a. Lift up the camshaft sprocket (INT), and then set the thin tools (a box wrench, etc.) to the mounting bolt (A).
- b. Return the camshaft (INT) to the cylinder head journal quietly.
- Keeping the camshaft hexagonal part (A) still with the wrench, C. loosen mounting the bolts for the camshaft sprocket (INT) (2).
 - 1. Camshaft (INT)

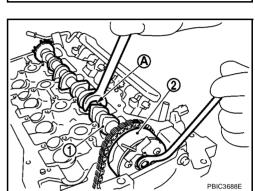
d. Lift up the camshaft (INT) (1), and then disassemble the camshaft from the camshaft sprocket (INT) (2).

- e. Remove camshaft (INT) rearward. **CAUTION:** Do not damage the signal plate of rear end.
- f. Remove camshaft sprocket (INT) (1). **CAUTION:** Do not drop stopper pin.









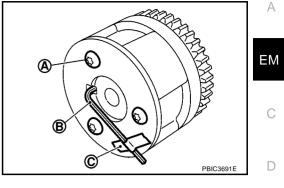


CAUTION:

- Tape (C) the stopper pin (B) so it does not come out.
- Do not subject it to impact by dropping.
- Do not disassemble. [Do not loosen the three mounting bolts (A)].

NOTE:

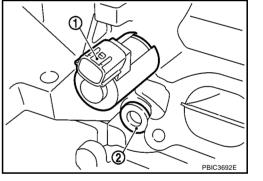
While removing the camshaft sprocket (INT), if you have taken out the stopper pin and the lock pin has been rejoined in the most retarded angle, do the following to restore it.



i. Install the camshaft (INT) and tighten the mounting bolts enough to prevent air from leaking out. **CAUTION:**

The internal lock pin will get damaged, so keep the torque on the mounting bolts to the minimum required to prevent air from escaping.

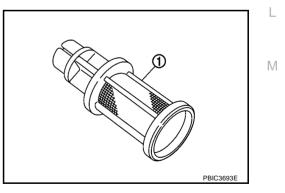
- ii. Apply the air pressure, disengage the lock pin, and turn the vane to the most advanced angle position.
- iii. Insert the stopper pin.
- iv. Remove camshaft sprocket (INT) from the camshaft.
- 11. Remove valve lifter.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- 12. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve (1).
- Remove the alternator and bracket, remove the plug (2), and then remove the oil filter. Refer to <u>SC-51, "Removal and Installation (HR Engine Models)"</u>



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Oil Filter

- Make sure that there is no foreign material on the oil filter (1) and check it for clogging.
- Check the oil filter for damage.
- If there is some damage, replace the oil filter, the plug, and the washer as a set.



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Camshaft Runout

1. Put V-block on a precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 5 journals of camshaft.

CAUTION:

Do not support No. 1 journal (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.

- 2. Set a dial indicator vertically to No. 3 journal.
- 3. Turn camshaft to one direction with hands, and measure the camshaft runout on the dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Standard:

: 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

Limit:

: 0.1 mm (0.0039 in)

4. If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.

Camshaft Cam Height

1. Measure the camshaft cam height with a micrometer (A).

Standard:

Intake	: 41.705 - 41.895 mm (1.6419 - 1.6494 in)
Exhaust	: 40.175 - 40.365 mm (1.5816 - 1.5891 in)
Cam wear li	mit

: 0.2 mm (0.0078 in)

2. If wear exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.

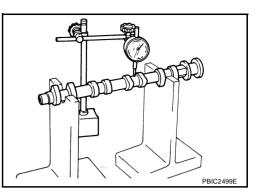
Camshaft Journal Oil Clearance

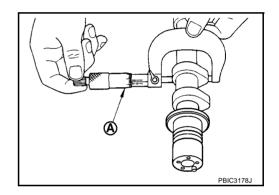
CAMSHAFT JOURNAL DIAMETER

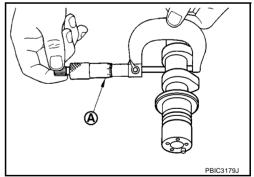
Measure the outer diameter of camshaft journal with a micrometer (A).

Standard:

No. 1 : 27.935 - 27.955 mm (1.0998 - 1.1006 in) No. 2, 3, 4, 5 : 24.950 - 24.970 mm (0.9822 - 0.9830 in)







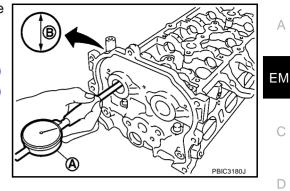
CAMSHAFT BRACKET INNER DIAMETER

• Tighten camshaft bracket bolts with the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-161, "INSTALLATION"</u> for the tightening procedure.

Measure inner diameter (B) of camshaft bracket with a bore gauge (A).

Standard:

No. 1	: 28.000 - 28.021 mm (1.1024 - 1.1032 in)
No. 2, 3, 4, 5	: 25.000 - 25.021 mm (0.9842 - 0.9850 in)



CAMSHAFT JOURNAL OIL CLEARANCE

(Oil clearance) = (Camshaft bracket inner diameter) – (Camshaft journal diameter)

Standard	
No. 1	: 0.045 - 0.086 mm (0.0018 - 0.0034 in)
No. 2, 3, 4, 5	: 0.030 - 0.071 mm (0.0011 - 0.0027 in)
Limit	

: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

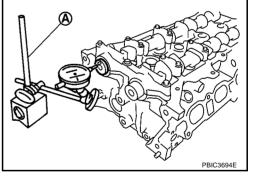
If it exceeds the limit, replace either or both camshaft and cylinder head. NOTE:

Camshaft brackets cannot be replaced as single parts, because they are machined together with cylinder head. Replace whole cylinder head assembly.

Camshaft End Play

- 1. Install camshaft in cylinder head. Refer to EM-176, "INSTALLATION" for tightening procedure.
- 2. Install a dial indicator (A) in thrust direction on front end of camshaft. Measure the camshaft end play on the dial indicator when camshaft is moved forward/backward (in direction to axis).

Standard : 0.075 - 0.153 mm (0.0029 - 0.0060 in) Limit : 0.2 mm (0.0078 in)



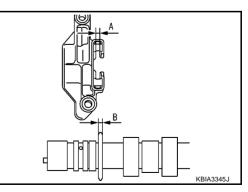
- Measure the following parts if out of the standard.
- Dimension "A" for cylinder head No. 1 journal bearing

Standard : 4.000 - 4.030 mm (0.1574 - 0.1586 in)

Dimension "B" for camshaft thrust

Standard : 3.877 - 3.925 mm (0.1526 - 0.1545 in)

 Refer to the standards above, and then replace camshaft and/ or cylinder head.

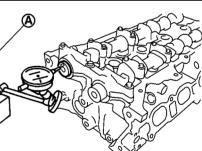


Camshaft Sprocket Runout

1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 5 journals of camshaft.

CAUTION:

Do not support No. 1 journal (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.



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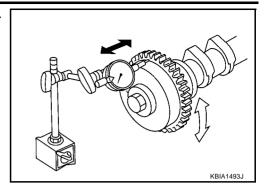
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2. Measure the camshaft sprocket runout with a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Limit : 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

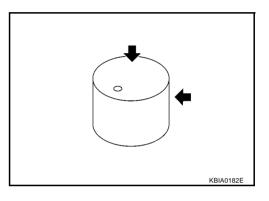
• If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft sprocket.





Check if surface of valve lifter has any wear or cracks.

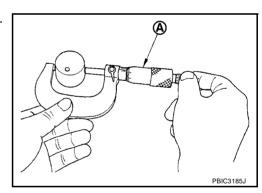
 If anything above is found, replace valve lifter. Refer to <u>EM-217, "Available Valve Lifter"</u>.



Valve Lifter Clearance VALVE LIFTER OUTER DIAMETER

• Measure the outer diameter of valve lifter with a micrometer (A).

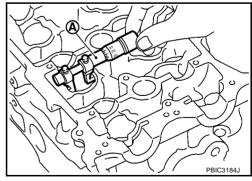
Standard : 29.977 - 29.987 mm (1.1801 - 1.1805 in)



VALVE LIFTER HOLE DIAMETER

Measure the diameter of valve lifter hole of cylinder head with an inside micrometer (A).

Standard : 30.000 - 30.021 mm (1.1811 - 1.1819 in)



VALVE LIFTER CLEARANCE

• (Valve lifter clearance) = (Valve lifter hole diameter) – (Valve lifter outer diameter)

Standard : 0.013 - 0.044 mm (0.0005 - 0.0017 in)

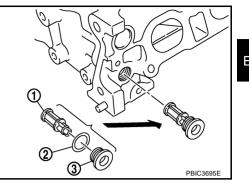
• If out of the standard, referring to the each standard of valve lifter outer diameter and valve lifter hole diameter, replace either or both valve lifter and cylinder head.

INSTALLATION

1. Install the oil filter (1).

2 : Washer

• The oil filter is assembled to the plug (3), and then install it to the cylinder head.



- 2. Install intake valve timing control solenoid valve.
 - Insert it straightly into the cylinder head.
 - Tighten bolts after placing it completely.
- 3. Install valve lifter.
 - If it is reused, install in its original positions.
- 4. Put a matching mark for positioning the camshaft (INT) and the camshaft sprocket (INT) with the following procedure.

NOTE:

front cover.

CAUTION:

position beforehand.

It prevents the knock pin from engaging with the incorrect pin hole after installing the camshaft (INT) and the camshaft sprocket (INT).

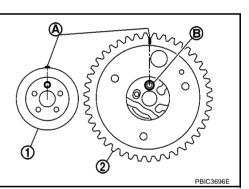
- a. Put the matching marks (A) on a line extending from the knock pin position of camshaft (INT) (1) front surface.
 - Put the marks on the visible position with the camshaft sprocket installed. (The figure shows an example.)
- b. Put the matching marks on a line extending from the knock pin hole (B) position of camshaft sprocket (INT) (2). (The figure shows an example.)

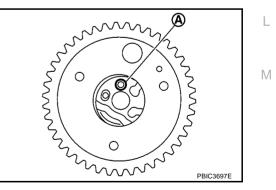
5. Set the camshaft sprocket (INT) to between cylinder head and

Set it with the knock pin hole (A) facing up.

• Put the marks on the visible position with it installed to the camshaft.

Make sure the stopper pin is inserted at the most advanced







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- 6. Install camshaft.
 - 1 : Camshaft (EXH)
 - 2 : Camshaft (INT)
 - A : Identification mark
 - Distinction between camshaft (INT and EXH) is performed with the different shapes of rear end.
 - Install camshafts to the cylinder head so that knock pins (A) on front end are positioned as shown in the figure.
 - 1 : Camshaft (EXH)
 - 2 : Camshaft (INT)

NOTE:

Though camshaft does not stop at the portion as shown in the figure, for the placement of cam nose, it is generally accepted camshaft is placed for the same direction of the figure.

- 7. Install the camshaft sprocket (INT) to the camshaft (INT) with the following procedure.
- a. Refer to the matching mark (A) put according to step "4". Securely align the knock pin and the pin hole, and then install them.

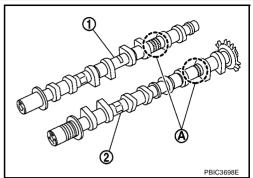
- b. Lift up the front side of camshaft (INT) (1), and then temporarily tighten the bolt.
 - 2 : Camshaft sprocket (INT)

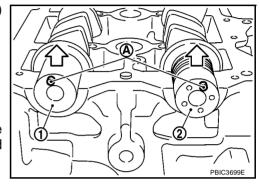
- 8. Put a thick shop cloth (B) to the lower surface, and then set the tools to the bolt while lifting up the front side of camshaft (INT) (1).
- 9. Tighten the mounting bolt.

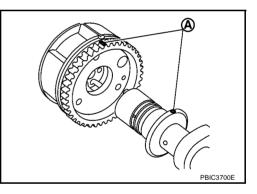
CAUTION:

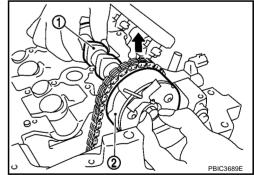
Hold the camshaft hexagonal part (A), and then secure the camshaft.

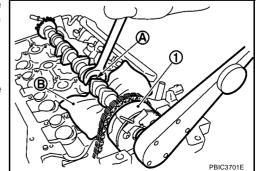






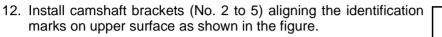




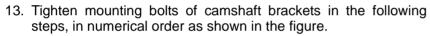


[HR]

- 10. Return the camshaft (INT) to the cylinder head quietly.
- 11. Install timing chain (1) by aligning its matching mark (marked when timing chain is removed) (B) with matching mark (peripheral stamp line) (A) on camshaft sprocket (INT) (2).



- A : EXH side
- B : INT side
- : Engine front
- Install so that identification mark can be correctly read when viewed from the INT side.



- A : EXH side
- B : INT side
- : Engine front
- a. Tighten No. 9 to 11 in numerical order.

(): 2.0 N·m (0.2 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)

b. Tighten No. 1 to 8 in numerical order.

🖸 : 2.0 N·m (0.2 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)

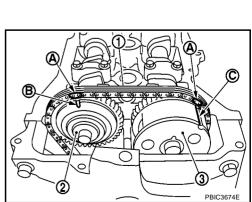
c. Tighten all bolts in numerical order.

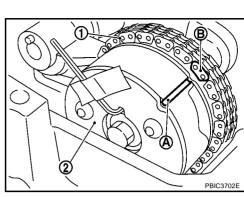
🖸 : 5.9 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4 ft-lb)

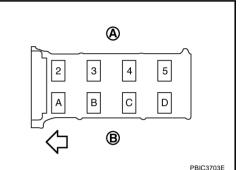
d. Tighten all bolts in numerical order.

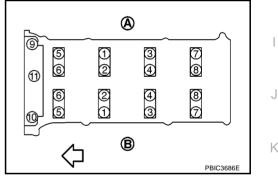
💽 : 10.4 N·m (1.1 kg-m, 8 ft-lb)

- 14. Install the camshaft (EXH) to the camshaft sprocket (EXH) (2) while aligning the matching make (marked when timing chain is removed) (A) and the matching mark (stamp) (B) of camshaft sprocket (EXH).
 - 1 : Timing chain
 - 3 : Camshaft sprocket (INT)
 - C : Matching mark (peripheral stamp line)
 - If the positions of knock pin and pin groove are not aligned, move the camshaft (EXH) slightly to correct these positions.









EM-163

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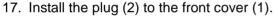
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15. Tighten the mounting bolt.

1 : Camshaft sprocket (EXH)

CAUTION:

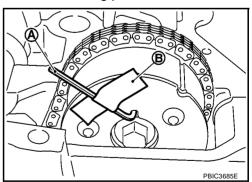
- Hold the camshaft hexagonal part (A), and then secure the camshaft.
- Make sure that the matching mark (marked when timing chain is removed) and each camshaft sprocket matching mark are in the correct location.
- 16. Pull out the stopper pin (A), and then apply the tension to the timing chain by rotating the crankshaft pulley clockwise slightly.
 - 1 : Plunger
 - 2 : Chain tensioner
 - B : Lever
 - C : Lever hole
 - D : Front cover has been omitted

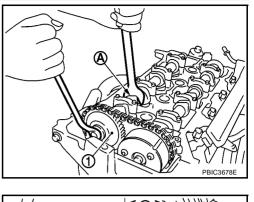


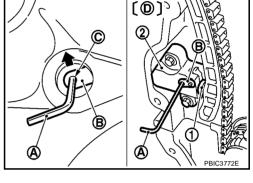
• Apply liquid gasket to the threads, and tighten them. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

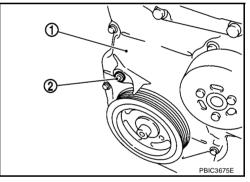
- 18. Return the camshaft sprocket (INT) in the most retarded position with the following procedure.
- a. Remove the stopper pin (A) from the camshaft sprocket (INT).

B : Tape









EM-165

b. Turn the crankshaft pulley (1) slowly clockwise (A) and return the camshaft sprocket (INT) to the most retarded angle position.

- When first turning the crankshaft the camshaft sprocket (INT) will turn. Once it is turned more, and the vane (camshaft) also turns, then it has reached the most retarded angle position.
 - B : Stopper pin hole
 - C : Most advanced angle
 - D : Lock pin engaged
- The most retarded angle position can be checked by seeing if the stopper pin groove (A) is shifted clockwise.
- After spinning the crankshaft slightly in the counterclockwise direction, you can make sure the lock pin has joined by seeing if the vane (camshaft) and the sprocket move together.
- 19. Install the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) to the rear end of cylinder head.
 - Tighten bolts with it seated completely.
- 20. Check and adjust valve clearance. Refer to EM-166, "Valve Clearance" .
- 21. Install in the reverse order of removal.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

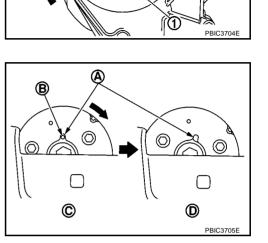
Inspection for Leaks

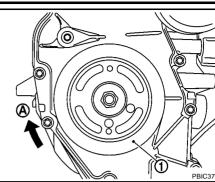
The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to <u>MA-24, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS"</u>.
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel
 leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.
 - NOTE:

If hydraulic pressure inside timing chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in the guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after engine start. However, this is normal. Noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of fuel, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.





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Summary of the inspection items:

Item	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage
Exhaust gases	-	Leakage	-

* Transmission/transaxle fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

Inspection of Camshaft Sprocket (INT) Oil Groove

CAUTION:

- Perform this inspection only when DTC P0011 is detected in self-diagnostic results of CONSULT-II and it is directed according to inspection procedure of EC section. Refer to <u>EC-830, "ON BOARD</u> <u>DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM"</u> (with EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-1264, "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD)</u> <u>SYSTEM"</u> (without EURO-OBD).
- Check when engine is cold so as to prevent burns from the splashing engine oil.
- 1. Check engine oil level. Refer to LU-16, "ENGINE OIL" .
- 2. Perform the following procedure so as to prevent the engine from being unintentionally started while checking.
- a. Release the fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-860, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (with EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-1281, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (Without EURO-OBD).
- b. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-120, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .
- c. Disconnect ignition coil and injector harness connectors.
- 3. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-151, "CAMSHAFT" .
- Crank engine, and then make sure that engine oil comes out from intake valve timing control solenoid valve hole (A). End crank after checking.
 - 1 : Plug
 - C :Engine front

WARNING:

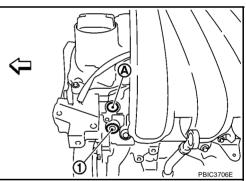
Be careful not to touch rotating parts (drive belts, idler pulley, and crankshaft pulley, etc.).

CAUTION:

- Prevent splashing by using a shop cloth so as to prevent the worker from injury from engine oil and so as to prevent engine oil contamination.
- Prevent splashing by using a shop cloth so as to prevent engine oil from being splashed to engine and vehicle. Especially, be careful not to apply engine oil to rubber parts of drive belts, engine mounting insulator, etc. Wipe engine oil off immediately if it is splashed.
- 5. Perform the following inspection if engine oil does not come out from intake valve timing control solenoid valve oil hole of the cylinder head.
 - Remove oil filter, and then clean it. Refer to EM-157, "Oil Filter" .
 - Clean oil groove between oil strainer and intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to <u>LU-15, "Lubrication Circuit"</u>.
- 6. Remove components between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and camshaft sprocket (INT), and then check each oil groove for clogging.
 - Clean oil groove if necessary. Refer to LU-15, "Lubrication Circuit" .
- 7. After inspection, install removed parts in the reverse order.

Valve Clearance

Perform inspection as follows after removal, installation or replacement of camshaft or valve-related parts, or if there is unusual engine conditions regarding valve clearance.

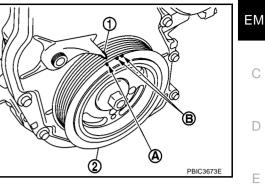


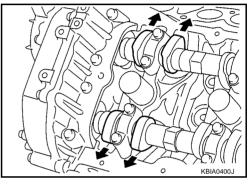
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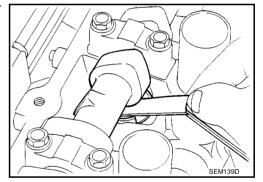
- 1. Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-140, "ROCKER COVER" .
- 2. Measure the valve clearance with the following procedure:
- a. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke.
 - Rotate crankshaft pulley (2) clockwise and align TDC mark (without paint mark) (A) to timing indicator (1) on front cover.
 - B : White paint mark

- At the same time, make sure that both intake and exhaust cam noses of No. 1 cylinder face outside as shown in the figure.
- If they do not face outside, rotate crankshaft pulley once more (360 degrees) and align as shown in the figure.

b. Use a feeler gauge, measure the clearance between valve lifter and camshaft.







Valve clearance:

Unit: mm (in)

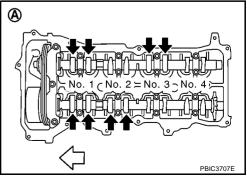
	Cold	Hot * (reference data)
Intake	0.26 - 0.34 (0.010 - 0.013)	0.304 - 0.416 (0.012 - 0.016)
Exhaust	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.014)	0.308 - 0.432 (0.012 - 0.017)

*: Approximately 80°C (176°F)

 By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked "×" as shown in the table below [locations indicated with black arrow (←) in the figure] with a feeler gauge.

A : No. 1 cylinder compression TDC

Measuring position		No. 1 CYL.	No. 2 CYL.	No. 3 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.
Measurement	EXH	×		×	
position	INT	×	×		



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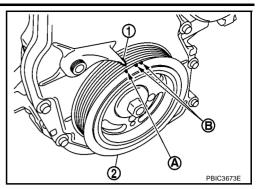
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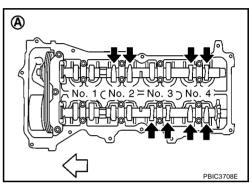
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- c. Rotate crankshaft pulley (2) one revolution (360 degrees) and align TDC mark (without paint mark) (A) to timing indicator (1) on front cover.
 - B : White paint mark



- By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearance at locations marked "×" as shown in the table below [locations indicated with black arrow (←) in the figure] with a feeler gauge.
 - A : No. 4 cylinder compression TDC
 - : Engine front

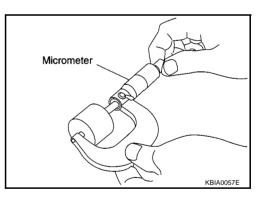


Measuring pos	ition	No. 1 CYL.	No. 2 CYL.	No. 3 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.
Measurement	EXH		×		×
point	INT			×	×

3. If out of standard, perform adjustment. Refer to EM-168, "ADJUSTMENT" .

ADJUSTMENT

- Perform adjustment depending on selected head thickness of valve lifter.
- 1. Remove camshaft. Refer to EM-151, "REMOVAL" .
- 2. Remove valve lifters at the locations that are out of the standard.
- 3. Measure the center thickness of the removed valve lifters with a micrometer.

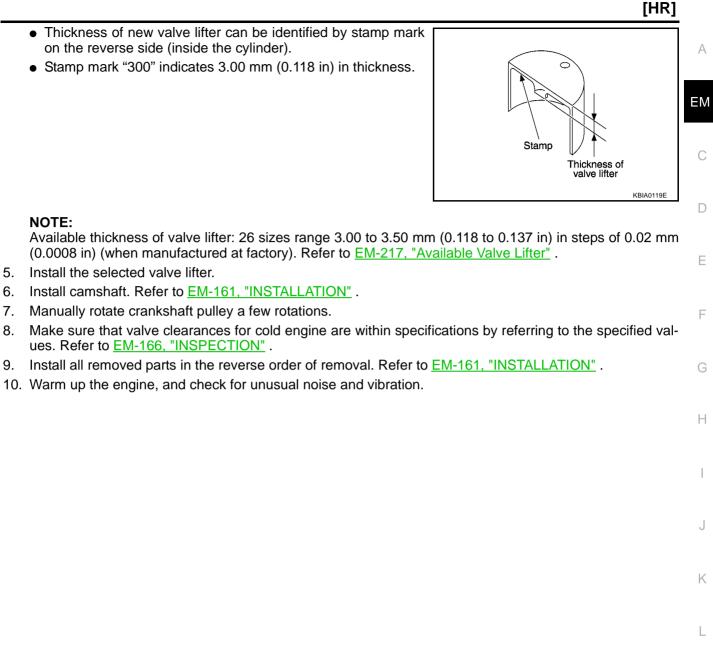


4. Use the equation below to calculate valve lifter thickness for replacement.

Valve lifter thickness calculation: t = t1 + (C1 - C2)

- t = Valve lifter thickness to be replaced
- t1 = Removed valve lifter thickness
- C1 = Measured valve clearance
- C₂ = Standard valve clearance:

Intake : 0.30 mm (0.012 in) Exhaust : 0.33 mm (0.013 in) [HR]



EM-170

OIL SEAL

Removal and Installation of Valve Oil Seal REMOVAL

- 1. Remove camshafts. Refer to EM-151, "CAMSHAFT" .
- 2. Remove valve lifters. Refer to EM-151, "CAMSHAFT" .
- 3. Rotate crankshaft, and set piston whose valve oil seal is to be removed to TDC. This will prevent valve from dropping into cylinder.

CAUTION:

When rotating crankshaft, be careful to avoid scarring front cover with timing chain.

- 4. Remove valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor, the attachment and the adapter (SST: KV10116200) (A). Remove valve collet with a magnet hand (B).

CAUTION:

When working, be careful not to damage valve lifter holes.

- 5. Remove valve spring retainer, valve spring and valve spring seat.
- 6. Remove valve oil seal with the valve oil seal puller (SST: KV10107902) (A).

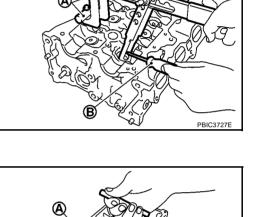
INSTALLATION

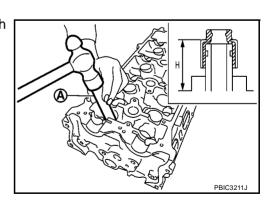
- 1. Apply new engine oil to valve oil seal joint surface and seal lip.
- 2. Press in valve oil seal to the height "H" shown in the figure with the valve oil seal drift (SST: KV10115600) (A).

Height "H" : 13.2 - 13.8 mm (0.519 - 0.543 in)

3. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.







[HR]

PFP:12279

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OIL SEAL

EM-171

- 1. Remove the following parts.
 - Front fender protector (RH); Refer to EI-14, "FENDER PROTECTOR" .
 - Drive belt; Refer to EM-114, "DRIVE BELTS" .

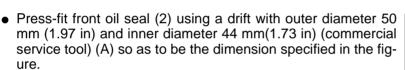
Removal and Installation of Front Oil Seal

- Crankshaft pulley; Refer to EM-142, "TIMING CHAIN" .
- 2. Remove front oil seal with a suitable tool.
- CAUTION: Be careful not to damage front cover and crankshaft.

INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

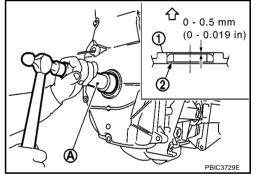
- 1. Apply new engine oil to new front oil seal joint surface and seal lip.
- 2. Install front oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.
 - A : Dust seal lip
 - B : Oil seal lip
 - : Engine outside
 - 🗲 : Engine inside



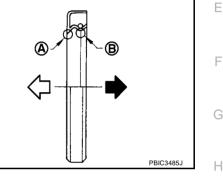
- 1 : Front cover
- : Engine front

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage front cover and crankshaft.
- Press-fit oil seal straight to avoid causing burrs or tilting.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.







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3. After press-fitting rear oil seal, completely wipe off any liquid gasket protruding to rear end surface side.

Removal and Installation of Rear Oil Seal

REMOVAL

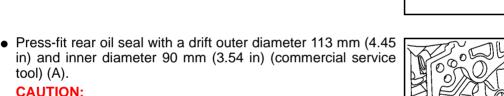
- Remove transaxle assembly. Refer to MT-7, "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION" for M/T models, AT-356, 1. "TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY" for A/T models.
- 2. Remove clutch cover and clutch disk. Refer to CL-11, "CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLYWHEEL" .
- 3. Remove drive plate (A/T models) or flywheel (M/T models). Refer to EM-189, "CYLINDER BLOCK" .
- 4. Remove rear oil seal with a suitable tool.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage crankshaft and cylinder block.

INSTALLATION

- Apply the liquid gasket lightly to entire outside area of new rear oil seal. 1. Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
- 2. Install rear oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.
 - А : Dust seal lip
 - В : Oil seal lip
 - : Engine outside
 - : Engine inside

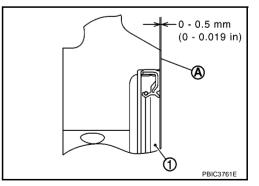


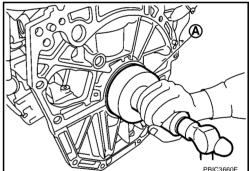
CAUTION:

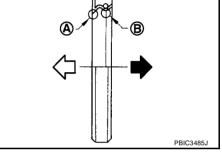
tool) (A).

- Be careful not to damage crankshaft and cylinder block.
- Press-fit oil seal straight to avoid causing burrs or tilting.
- Do not touch grease applied onto oil seal lip.
- Press in rear oil seal (1) to the position as shown in the figure.
 - : Rear end surface of cylinder block Δ

4. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.









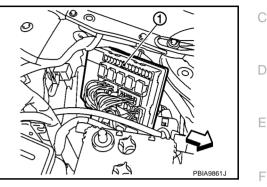
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CYLINDER HEAD

On-Vehicle Service CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE

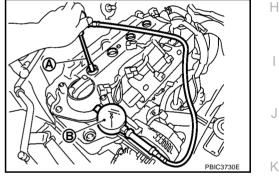
- 1. Warm up engine thoroughly. Then, stop it.
- 2. Release fuel pressure. Refer to EC-860, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" (with EURO-OBD) or EC-1281 "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" (without EURO-OBD).
- 3. Disconnect fuel pump fuse (1) to avoid fuel injection during measurement.

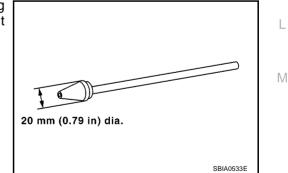
: Vehicle front



- 4. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-120, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".
- Remove ignition coil and spark plug from each cylinder. Refer to EM-132, "IGNITION COIL" and EM-133, 5. "SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)"
- 6. Connect an engine tachometer (not required in use of CONSULT-II).
- 7. Install a compression tester (B) with an adapter (commercial service tool) (A) onto spark plug hole.

• Use the adapter whose picking up end inserted to spark plug hole is smaller than 20 mm (0.79 in) in diameter. Otherwise, it may be caught by cylinder head during removal.





8. With accelerator pedal fully depressed, turn ignition switch to "START" for cranking. When the gauge pointer stabilizes, read the compression pressure and the engine rpm. Perform these steps to check each cylinder.

Compression pressure:

Unit: kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi) /rpm

Standard	Minimum	Differential limit between cylinders	
1,510 (15.1, 15.4, 219) / 200	1,265 (12.65, 12.9, 183) / 200	981 (9.81, 10.0, 142) / 200	

CAUTION: Always use fully a changed battery to obtain the specified engine speed.

EM-173

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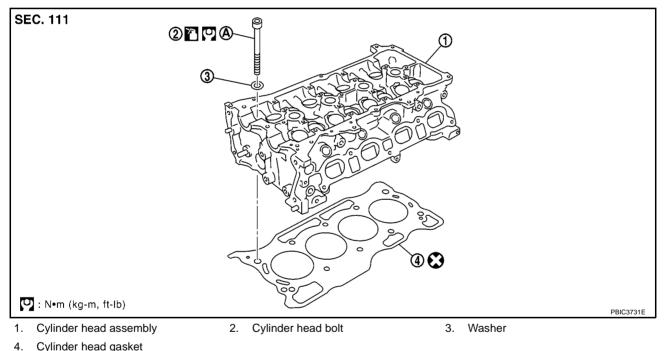
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- If the engine speed is out of the specified range, check battery liquid for proper gravity. Check engine speed again with normal battery gravity.
- If compression pressure is below minimum value, check valve clearances and parts associated with combustion chamber (Valve, valve seat, piston, piston ring, cylinder bore, cylinder head, cylinder head gasket). After the checking, measure the compression pressure again.
- If some cylinder has low compression pressure, pour small amount of engine oil into the spark plug hole of the cylinder to re-check it for compression.
- If the added engine oil improves the compression, piston rings may be worn out or damaged. Check
 piston rings and replace if necessary.
- If the compression pressure remains at low level despite the addition of engine oil, valves may be malfunctioning. Check valves for damage. Replace valve or valve seat accordingly.
- If two adjacent cylinders have respectively low compression pressure and their compression remains low even after the addition of engine oil, cylinder head gasket is leaking. In such a case, replace cylinder head gasket.
- 9. After inspection is completed, install removed parts.
- 10. Start the engine, and confirm that the engine runs smoothly.
- 11. Perform trouble diagnosis. If DTC appears, erase it. Refer to <u>EC-863, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> (with EURO-models) or <u>EC-1284, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> (without EURO-models).

Components



A. Refer to EM-176

Refer to GI-11 for symbol marks in the figure.

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- Release fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-860, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (with EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-1281,</u> <u>"FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (without EURO-OBD).
- 2. Drain engine coolant and engine oil. Refer to <u>CO-28, "Changing Engine coolant"</u> and <u>LU-17, "Changing Engine Oil"</u>.

CAUTION:

Perform this step when the engine is cold.

- 3. Remove the following components and related parts.
 - Exhaust manifold; Refer to EM-124, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD" .
 - Intake manifold; Refer to EM-120, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .

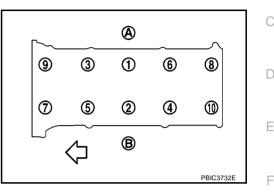
EM-174

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BBS002P2

CYLINDER HEAD

- Fuel tube and fuel injector; Refer to EM-135, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE" .
- Water outlet; Refer to CO-40, "WATER OUTLET" .
- Front fender protector (RH); Refer to EI-14, "FENDER PROTECTOR".
- Drive belt; Refer to EM-114, "DRIVE BELTS" .
- Front cover; Refer to EM-142, "TIMING CHAIN" .
- Camshaft; Refer to EM-151, "CAMSHAFT" .
- 4. Remove cylinder head loosening bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure with cylinder head wrench (commercial service tool).
 - A : EXH side
 - B : INT side



5. Remove cylinder head gasket.

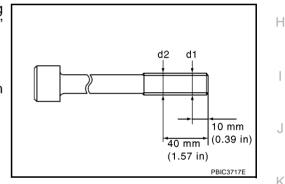
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Cylinder Head Bolts Outer Diameter

• Cylinder head bolts are tightened by plastic zone tightening method. Whenever the size difference between "d1" and "d2" exceeds the limit, replace them with a new one.

Limit ("d1" - "d2"): 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

 If reduction of outer diameter appears in a position other than "d2", use it as "d2" point.



Cylinder Head Distortion

NOTE:

When performing this inspection, cylinder block distortion should be also checking. Refer to <u>EM-209</u>, "CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION".

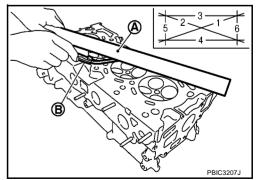
1. Wipe off engine oil and remove water scale (like deposit), gasket, sealant, carbon, etc. with a scraper. CAUTION:

Use utmost care not to allow gasket debris to enter passages for engine oil or engine coolant.

- 2. At each of several locations on bottom surface of cylinder head, measure the distortion in six directions.
 - A : Straightedge
 - B : Feeler gauge

Limit : 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

• If it exceeds the limit, replace cylinder head.



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INSTALLATION

- 1. Install new cylinder head gasket.
- Tighten cylinder head bolts in numerical order as shown in the 2. figure with the following procedure to install cylinder head.
 - А : EXH side
 - В : INT side
 - : Engine front

CAUTION:

If cylinder head bolts are re-used, check their outer diameters before installation. Refer to EM-175, "Cylinder Head **Bolts Outer Diameter"**.

- Apply new engine oil to threads and seating surfaces of mounta. ing bolts.
- Tighten all bolts. b.

○: 66.7 N·m (6.8 kg-m, 49 ft-lb)

Completely loosen. c.

O: 0 N⋅m (0 kg-m, 0 ft-lb)

CAUTION:

In this step, loosen bolts in reverse order of that indicated in the figure.

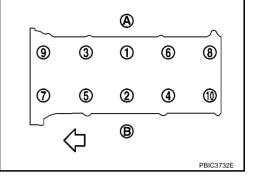
d. Tighten all bolts.

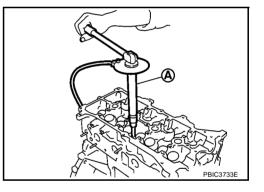
[O]: 40.0 N·m (4.1 kg-m, 30 ft-lb)

Turn all bolts 75 degrees clockwise (angle tightening). е

CAUTION: Check and confirm the tightening angle by using the angle wrench (SST: KV10112100) (A) or protractor. Avoid judgment by visual inspection without the tool.

Turn all bolts 75 degrees clockwise again (angle tightening). f.





Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection for Leaks

The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak and exhaust gases leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required • quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to MA-24, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch ON (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration. •
 - NOTE:

If hydraulic pressure inside timing chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in the guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after engine start. However, this is normal. Noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gases, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.

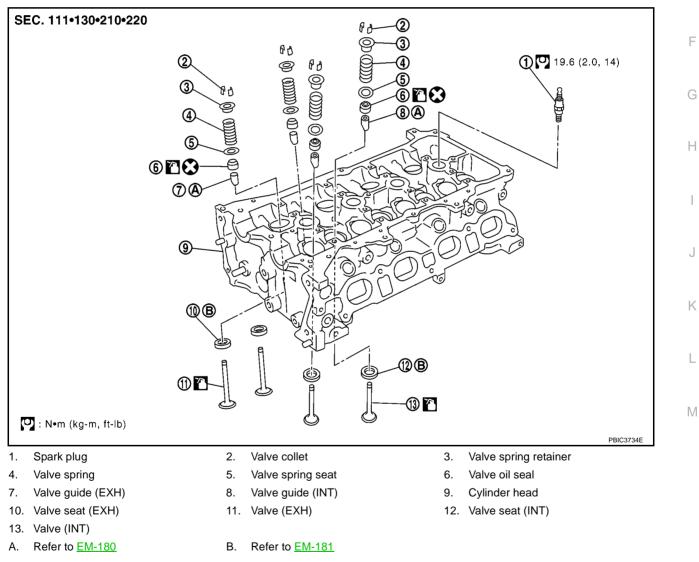
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

Item	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage
Exhaust gases	_	Leakage	—

* Transmission/transaxle fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

Components



Refer to <u>GI-11, "Components"</u> for symbol marks in the figure.

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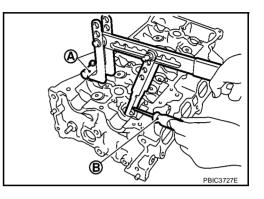
CYLINDER HEAD

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

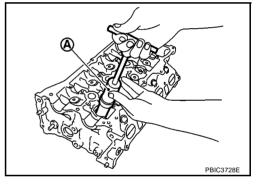
- 1. Remove spark plug with a spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).
- 2. Remove valve lifter.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- 3. Remove valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor, the attachment and the adapter (SST: KV10116200) (A). Remove valve collet with a magnet hand (B).

CAUTION:

When working, be careful not to damage valve lifter holes.



- 4. Remove valve spring retainer and valve spring.
- 5. Push valve stem to combustion chamber side, and remove valve.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- 6. Remove valve oil seal with the valve oil seal puller (SST: KV10107902) (A).

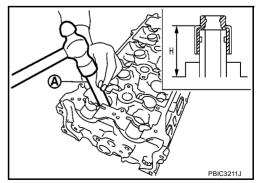


- 7. Remove valve spring seat.
- 8. When valve seat must be replaced, refer to <u>EM-181, "VALVE SEAT REPLACEMENT"</u> to removal.
- 9. When valve guide must be replaced, refer to <u>EM-180, "VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT"</u> to removal.

ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install valve guide if removed. Refer to EM-180, "VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT" .
- 2. Install valve seat if removed. Refer to EM-181, "VALVE SEAT REPLACEMENT" .
- 3. Install valve oil seal.
 - Install with the valve oil seal drift (SST: KV10115600) (A) to match dimension in the figure.

Height "H" : 13.2 - 13.8 mm (0.519 - 0.543 in)



- 4. Install valve spring seat.
- 5. Install valve.
 - Install larger diameter to intake side.
- 6. Install valve spring.

NOTE:

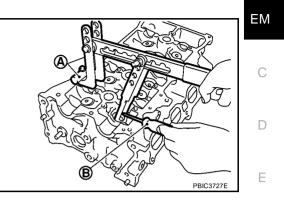
It can be installed in either direction.

- 7. Install valve spring retainer.
- 8. Install valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor, the attachment and the adapter (SST: KV10116200) (A). Install valve collet with a magnet hand (B).

CAUTION:

When working, be careful not to damage valve lifter holes.

• Tap valve stem edge lightly with a plastic hammer after installation to check its installed condition.



- 9. Install valve lifter.
- 10. Install spark plug with a spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).

Inspection After Disassembly VALVE DIMENSIONS

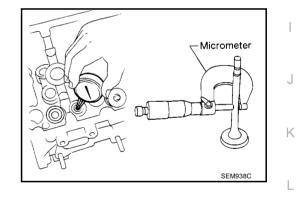
- Check dimensions of each valve. For dimensions, refer to EM-216, "Valve Dimensions" .
- If dimensions are out of the standard, replace valve.

VALVE GUIDE CLEARANCE

Valve Stem Diameter

Measure the diameter of valve stem with a micrometer.

Standard	
Intake	: 4.965 - 4.980 mm (0.1954 - 0.1960 in)
Exhaust	: 4.955 - 4.970 mm (0.1950 - 0.1956 in)



Valve Guide Inner Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of valve guide with a bore gauge.

Standard

Intake and Exhaust

: 5.000 - 5.018 mm (0.1968 - 0.1975 in)

Valve Guide Clearance

(Valve guide clearance) = (Valve guide inner diameter) - (Valve stem diameter).

Valve guide clearance:

Standard

Intake	: 0.020 - 0.053 mm (0.0008 - 0.0021 in)
Exhaust	: 0.030 - 0.063 mm (0.0012 - 0.0025 in)
Limit	· · · ·
Intake	: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)
Exhaust	: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

If it exceeds the limit, replace valve guide and/or valve. When valve guide must be replaced, refer to <u>EM-180, "VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT"</u>.

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CYLINDER HEAD

VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT

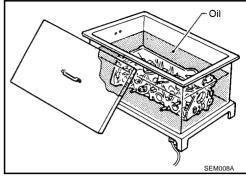
When valve guide is removed, replace with oversized [0.2 mm (0.008 in)] valve guide.

 To remove valve guide, heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.

2. Drive out valve guide with a press [under a 20 kN (2 ton, 2.2 US ton, 2.0 Imp ton) force] or hammer and valve guide drift (commercial service tool).

CAUTION:

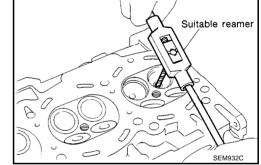
Cylinder head contains heat, when working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.



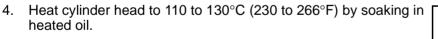


3. Ream cylinder head valve guide hole with a valve guide reamer (commercial service tool).

Valve guide hole diameter (for service parts): Intake and exhaust : 9.175 - 9.196 mm (0.3612 - 0.3620 in)



Oil Contraction of the second second



Projection "H": : 11.4 - 11.8 mm (0.448 - 0.464 in)

CAUTION:

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Cylinder head (2) contains heat, when working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.

Using a valve guide drift (commercial service tool), press valve

guide (1) from camshaft side to dimensions as shown in the fig-

6. Apply reamer finish to valve guide with a valve guide reamer (commercial service tool).

Standard

5.000 - 5.018 mm (0.1968 - 0.1975 in)

VALVE SEAT CONTACT

- After confirming that the dimensions of valve guides and valves are within specifications, perform this procedure.
- Apply prussian blue (or white lead) onto contacting surface of valve seat to check the condition of the valve contact on the surface.
- Check if the contact area band is continuous all around the circumference.
- If not, grind to adjust valve fitting and check again. If the contacting surface still has NG conditions even after the re-check. replace valve seat. Refer to EM-181, "VALVE SEAT REPLACE-MENT".



When valve seat is removed, replace with oversized [0.5 mm (0.020 in)] valve seat.

1. Bore out old seat until it collapses. Boring should not continue beyond the bottom face of the seat recess in cylinder head. Set the machine depth stop to ensure this. Refer to EM-219, "Valve Seat".

EM-181

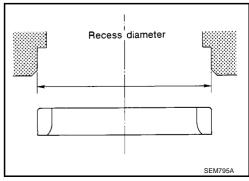
CAUTION:

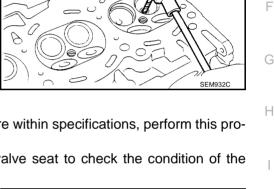
Prevent to scratch cylinder head by excessive boring.

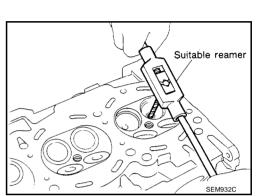
2. Ream cylinder head recess diameter for service valve seat.

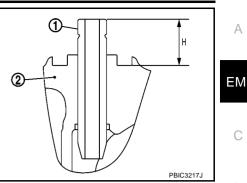
Oversize [0.5 mm (0.020 in)] Intake : 31.900 - 31.916 mm (1.2559 - 1.2565 in) Exhaust : 26.400 - 26.416 mm (1.0393 - 1.0399 in)

• Be sure to ream in circles concentric to the valve guide center. This will enable valve seat to fit correctly.









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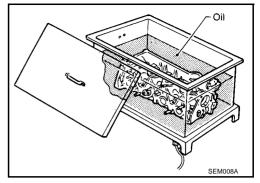
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CYLINDER HEAD

3. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.

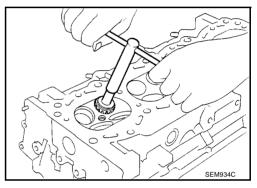


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- 4. Provide valve seats cooled well with a dry ice. Press-fit valve seats into cylinder head. **CAUTION:**
 - Avoid directly to touching cold valve seats.
 - Cylinder head contains heat, when working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.
- Using a valve seat cutter set (commercial service tool) or a valve seat grinder, finish valve seat to the specified dimensions. For dimensions, refer to <u>EM-219, "Valve Seat"</u>.

CAUTION:

When using a valve seat cutter, firmly grip the cutter handle with both hands. Then, press on the contacting surface all around the circumference to cut in a single drive. Improper pressure on with the cutter or cutting many different times may result in stage valve seat.



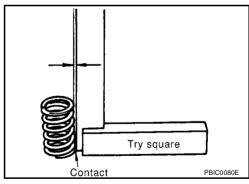
- 6. Using compound, grind to adjust valve fitting.
- 7. Check again for normal contact. Refer to EM-181, "VALVE SEAT CONTACT" .

VALVE SPRING SQUARENESS

• Set a try square along the side of valve spring and rotate valve spring. Measure the maximum clearance between the top of valve spring and try square.

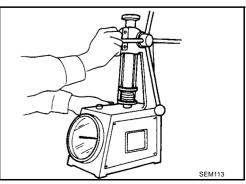
Limit : 1.8 mm (0.070 in)

• If it exceeds the limit, replace valve spring.



VALVE SPRING DIMENSIONS AND VALVE SPRING PRESSURE LOAD

• Check valve spring pressure with valve spring seat installed at the specified spring height.



CYLINDER HEAD

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Standard:		
Free height	42.26 mm (1.6637 in)	A
Installation height	32.40 mm (1.2755 in)	
Installation load	136 - 154 N (13.9 - 15.7 kg, 31 - 35 lb)	EM
Height during valve open	23.96 mm (0.9433 in)	
Load with valve open	262 - 296 N (26.7 - 30.2 kg, 59 - 67 lb)	
If the installation load or load with val	ve open is out of the standard replace valve spring	С

If the installation load or load with valve open is out of the standard, replace valve spring. ٠

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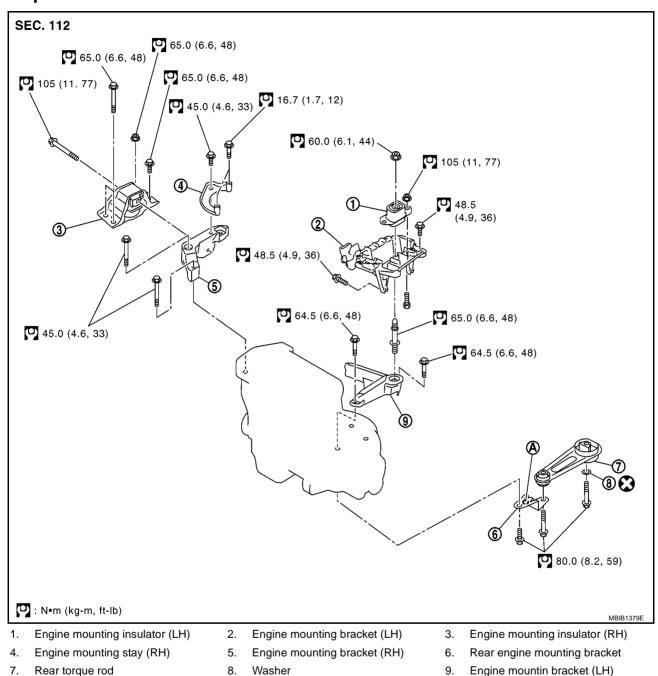
ENGINE ASSEMBLY

ENGINE ASSEMBLY Components



- - -

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A. Front mark

Refer to <u>GI-11, "Components"</u> for symbol marks in the figure.

Removal and Installation

WARNING:

- Situate the vehicle on a flat and solid surface.
- Place chocks at front and back of rear wheels.
- Attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATALOG if engine slingers are not equipped.

CAUTION:

- Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Do not start working until exhaust system and coolant are cool enough.

EM-184

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ENGINE ASSEMBLY

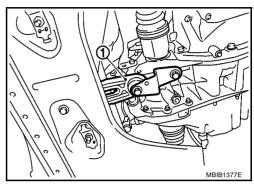
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•	If items or work required are not covered by the engine section, refer to the applicable sections.	
•	Always use the support point specified for lifting.	А
•	Use either 2-pole lift type or separate type lift as best you can. If board-on type is used for	
	unavoidable reasons, support at the rear axle jacking point with a transmission jack or similar tool before starting work, in preparation for the backward shift of center of gravity.	EM
•	For supporting points for lifting and jacking point at rear axle, refer to <u>GI-40, "Garage Jack, Safety</u> <u>Stand and 2-Pole Lift"</u> .	
RE	MOVAL	С
Ou	tline	
	move the engine and the transaxle assembly from the vehicle downward. Separate the engine and the insaxle.	D
Pre	eparation	
1.	When engine can be hoisted, remove hood assembly. Refer to <u>BL-8, "Removal and Installation"</u> .	Е
2.	When engine can be hoisted, remove cowl top cover and cowl top extension assembly. Refer to <u>EI-12</u> , <u>"COWL TOP"</u> .	
3.	Release fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-860, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (with EURO-OBD) or <u>EC-1281,</u> <u>"FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u> (without EURO-OBD).	F
4.	Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-28, "Changing Engine coolant"</u> .	
	CAUTION:	G
F	Perform this step when the engine is cold.	
5.	Remove the following parts.Engine undercover	Н
	5	П
	 Remove headlamp. Refer to <u>LT-32</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation</u>" or <u>LT-51</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation</u>". Remove cowl top. Refer to <u>EI-12</u>, "<u>COWL TOP</u>" 	
	 Front fender protector (RH and LH); Refer to <u>EI-14, "FENDER PROTECTOR"</u>. 	
	 Front road wheels and tires; Refer to WT-5, "ROAD WHEEL AND TYRE ASSEMBLY". 	
	 Battery and battery tray; Refer to <u>SC-5, "BATTERY"</u>. 	
	 Drive belt; Refer to <u>EM-114, "DRIVE BELTS"</u>. 	J
	 Air duct and air cleaner case assembly; Refer to EM-118, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT". 	
	 Radiator hose (upper and lower) A/T fluide cooler and cooling fan assembly; Refer to <u>CO-31, "RADIA-TOR"</u>. 	K
	 Exhaust front tube; Refer to <u>EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM"</u>. 	
En	gine Room LH	
1.	Disconnect all connections of engine harness around the engine mounting insulator (LH), and then tem- porarily secure the engine harness into the engine side.	_
	CAUTION:	M
	Protect connectors using a resin bag to protect against foreign materials during the operation.	
2.	Disconnect fuel feed hose at engine side. Refer to EM-135, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE".	
3.	Disconnect heater hoses, and install plugs them to prevent engine coolant from draining. Refer to <u>CO-40, "WATER OUTLET"</u> .	
4.	Disconnect control linkage from transaxle. Refer to MT-12, "CONTROL LINKAGE".	
5.	Remove ground cable at transaxle side.	
Eng	gine Room RH	
1.	Remove ground cable between front cover and vehicle.	
2.	Alternator and alternator bracket; Refer to SC-40, "Removal and Installation (HR Engine Models)" .	
3.	Remove A/C compressor (with A/C models) with piping connected from the engine. Temporarily secure it on the vehicle side with a rope to avoid putting load on it. Refer to <u>ATC-140</u> , " <u>Removal and Installation of</u>	

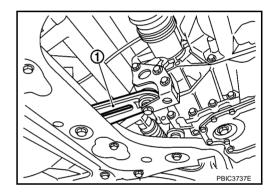
on the vehicle side with a rope to avoid putting load on it. Refer to <u>ATC-140, "Removal and Installation of Compressor"</u> (with auto A/C models) or <u>MTC-86, "Removal and Installation of Compressor"</u> (with manual A/C models).

EM-185

Vehicle Underbody

- 1. Remove front wheel sensor (LH and RH) for ABS from steering knuckle. Refer to <u>BRC-86, "WHEEL SEN-SORS"</u> (with ESP models) or <u>BRC-36, "WHEEL SENSORS"</u> (without ESP models).
- 2. Remove brake caliper assembly with piping connected from steering knuckle. Temporarily secure it on the vehicle side with a rope to avoid load on it. Refer to <u>BR-21</u>, "FRONT DISC BRAKE".
- 3. Remove drive shafts (LH and RH) from steering knuckle. Refer to FAX-10, "FRONT DRIVE SHAFT" .
- 4. Remove rear torque rod (1).





- 5. Preparation for the separation work of transaxle is as follows:
 - Remove transaxle joint bolts which pierce at oil pan (upper) lower rear side. Refer to <u>MT-7, "REMOVAL</u> <u>AND INSTALLATION"</u> or <u>AT-356, "TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY"</u>.

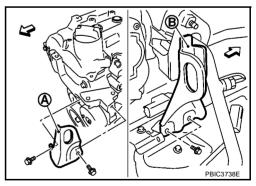
Removal

- 1. When engine can be hoisted, remove the intake manifold to prevent the hanging chain from interfering. Refer to <u>EM-120</u>, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".
- 2. When engine can be hoisted, install engine slinger to cylinder head front left side (A) and rear right side (B) and support the engine position with a hoist.

: Engine front

Slinger bolts

O: 25.5 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)

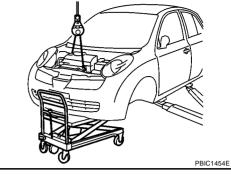


3. Lift with a hoist and secure the engine in appropriate position.

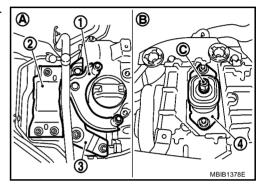
 Use a manual lift table caddy (commercial service tool) (A) or equivalently rigid tool such as a transmission jack. Securely support bottom of the engine and the transaxle, and simultaneously adjust hoist tension.

CAUTION:

Put a piece of wood or something similar as the supporting surface, secure a completely stable condition.



- 5. Remove engine mounting stay (RH) (1), engine mounting insulator (RH) (2) and engine mounting bracket (RH) (3).
 - 4 : Engine mounting insulator (LH)
 - A : Engine front side
 - B : Transaxle side
- 6. Remove engine mounting through bolt-securing nut (C).



7. Remove the engine and the transaxle assembly from the vehicle downward by carefully operating supporting tools. $\,\,$

CAUTION:

- During the operation, make sure that no part interferes with the vehicle side.
- Before and during this lifting, always check if any harnesses are left connected.
- During the removal operation, always be careful to prevent the vehicle from falling off the lift due to changes in the center of gravity.
- If necessary, support the vehicle by setting jack or suitable tool at the rear.

Separation

CAUTION:

During operation, securely support the engine by placing a piece of wood under the engine oil pan and transaxle oil pan. Securely support the engine slingers with a hoist.

- When the engine hoisting is not performed simultaneously, install engine slinger to cylinder head front left side and rear right side. Refer to <u>EM-185</u>, "<u>REMOVAL</u>".
- 2. Remove starter motor. Refer to SC-51, "Removal and Installation (HR Engine Models)" .
- 3. Lift with a hoist and position above engine.
- 4. Separate the engine and the transaxle. Refer to <u>MT-7, "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION"</u> or <u>AT-356,</u> <u>"TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY"</u>.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

- Do not allow engine oil to get on engine mounting insulator. Be careful not to damage engine mounting insulator.
- When installation directions are specified, install parts according to the direction marks on them referring to the figure of components. Refer to <u>EM-184</u>, "<u>Components</u>".
- Make sure that each mounting insulator is seated properly, and tighten mounting nuts and bolts.

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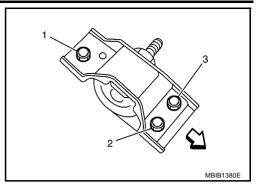
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- Tighten engine mounting insulator (RH) bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection for Leaks

The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak and exhaust gases leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required
 quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to <u>MA-24</u>, "<u>RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS</u>".
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch ON (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.
- Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gases, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

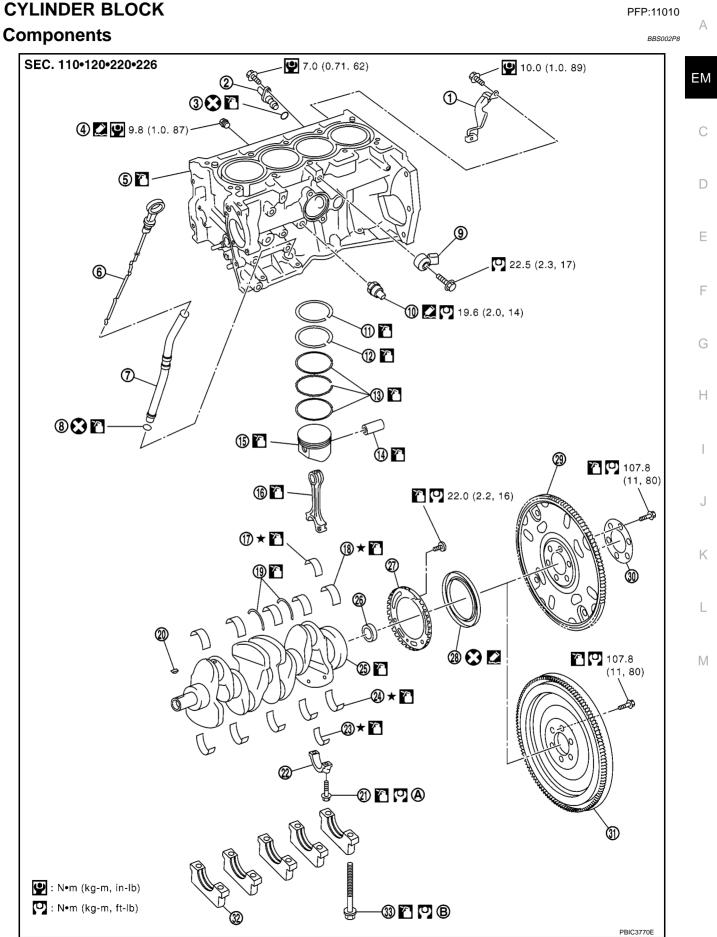
Summary of the inspection items:

Item	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage
Exhaust gases	-	Leakage	_

* Transmission/transaxle fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

CYLINDER BLOCK





Crank shaft position sensor (POS) 2 Crankshaft position sensor (POS) 3 O-ring 1 cover Water drain plug 5. Cylinder block Oil level gauge 4. 6. Oil level gauge guide O-ring Knock sensor 7. 8. 9. 10. Oil pressure switch 11. Top ring 12. Second ring 13. Oil ring 14. Piston pin 15. Piston 16. Connecting rod 17. Connecting rod bearing (upper) 18. Main bearing (upper) 19. Thrust bearing 20. Crankshaft key 21. Connecting rod bolt 22. Connecting rod cap 23. Connecting rod bearing (lower) 24. Main bearing (lower) 25. Crankshaft 26. Pilot converter (A/T models) 27. Signal plate 28. Rear oil seal 29. Drive plate (A/T models) Reinforcement plate (A/T models) 30. 31. Flywheel (M/T models) 32. Main bearing cap 33. Main bearing cap bolt Refer to EM-193 Refer to EM-193 Α. B.

Refer to <u>GI-11</u> for symbol marks in the figure.

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

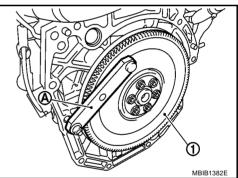
Explained here is how to disassemble with an engine stand supporting mating surface of transaxle. When using different type of engine stand, note with difference in steps and etc.

- 1. Remove the engine and the transaxle assembly from the vehicle, and separate the transaxle from the engine. Refer to <u>EM-184, "ENGINE ASSEMBLY"</u>.
- 2. Remove clutch cover and clutch disc. Refer to <u>CL-11, "CLUTCH DISC, CLUTCH COVER AND FLY-</u> <u>WHEEL"</u>.
- 3. Remove flywheel (M/T models) or drive plate (A/T models).
 - Secure flywheel or drive plate with a stopper plate (SST: KV11105210) (A), and remove mounting bolts.
 - Using TORX socket (size E20), loosen mounting bolts.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage or scratch drive plate (A/T models) and contact surface for clutch disc of flywheel.

- 4. Lift the engine with a hoist to install it onto widely use engine stand. **CAUTION:**
 - Use the engine stand that has a load capacity [approximately 150 kg (331 lb) or more] large enough for supporting the engine weight.
 - If the load capacity of stand is not adequate, remove the following parts beforehand to reduce the potential risk of overturning stand.
 - Intake manifolds; Refer to EM-120, "INTAKE MANIFOLD" .
 - Exhaust manifold; Refer to EM-124, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD".
 - Rocker cover; Refer to EM-140, "ROCKER COVER".



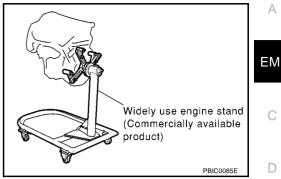
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NOTE:

The figure shows an example of widely use engine stand that can support mating surface of transaxle with flywheel or drive plate removed.

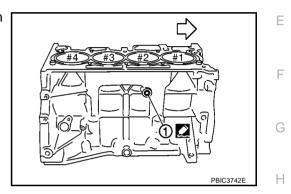
CAUTION:

Before removing the hanging chains, make sure the engine stand is stable and there is no risk of overturning.



- 5. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-16, "ENGINE OIL" .
- 6. Drain engine coolant by removing water drain plug (1) from inside of the engine.

: Engine front



- 7. Remove cylinder head. Refer to EM-174, "Removal and Installation" .
- 8. Remove oil pan (upper and lower). Refer to EM-127, "OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER" .
- 9. Remove knock sensor.

CAUTION:

Carefully handle knock sensor avoiding shocks.

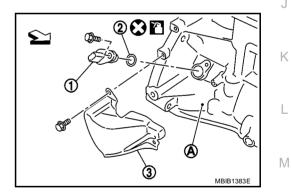
- 10. Remove cover, and then crankshaft position sensor (POS).
 - : Engine front
 - 1. Crank shaft position sensor (POS)
 - 2. O ring
 - 3. Cover
 - A. Cylinder block LHD side

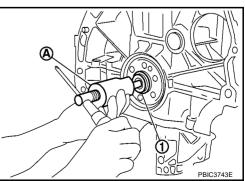
CAUTION:

- Avoid impacts such as a dropping.
- Do not disassemble.
- Keep it away from metal particles.
- Do not place the sensor in a location where it is exposed to magnetism.
- 11. Remove pilot converter (1) using the pilot bushing puller (SST: ST16610001) (A) or suitable tool. (A/T models)

NOTE:

M/T models have no pilot bushing.





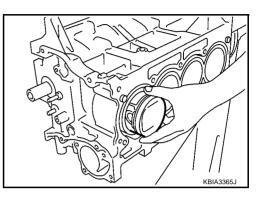
12. Remove piston and connecting rod assembly with the following procedure:

EM-191

- Before removing piston and connecting rod assembly, check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-206, "CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE"</u>.
- a. Position crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be removed onto the bottom dead center.
- b. Remove connecting rod cap.
- c. Using a hammer handle or similar tool, push piston and connecting rod assembly out to the cylinder head side.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage matching surface with connecting rod cap.
- Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.

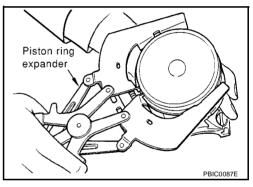


13. Remove connecting rod bearings.

CAUTION:

Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

- 14. Remove piston rings form piston.
 - Before removing piston rings, check the piston ring side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-207, "PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE"</u>.
 - Use a piston ring expander (commercial service tool). CAUTION:
 - When removing piston rings, be careful not to damage the piston.
 - Be careful not to damage piston rings by expanding them excessively.



- 15. Remove piston from connecting rod.
 - Use a piston pin press stand (SST) and a press to remove the piston pin.
 - For the details of SST, refer to the following.

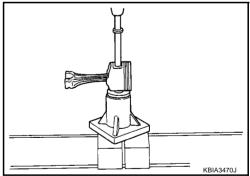
Press stand	: ST13030020
Drift	: KV10109730
Center cap	: KV10110310

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the piston and connecting rod. NOTE:

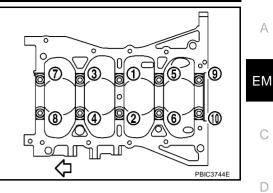
The joint between the connecting rod and the piston pin is a press fit.

- 16. Remove the main bearing cap in the following procedure.
 - Measure crankshaft end play before loosening main bearing cap bolts. Refer to <u>EM-206, "CRANKSHAFT END PLAY"</u>.



Loosen and remove bolts in several steps in reverse of the a. numerical order shown in the figure.

TORX socket (size: E14) can be used.



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- Remove the main bearing cap from the cylinder block while tapping lightly with a plastic hammer. b.
- 17. Remove crankshaft (2).

CAUTION:

- Be careful not damage or deform signal plate (1) mounted on crankshaft.
- When setting crankshaft on a flat floor surface, use a block of wood to avoid interference between signal plate and the floor surface.
- Do not remove signal plate unless it is necessary to do SO.

NOTE:

When removing or installing signal plate, use TORX socket (size T40).

- 18. Pull rear oil seal out from rear end of crankshaft.
- 19. Remove main bearing (upper and lower) and thrust bearings from cylinder block and main bearing cap. CAUTION:

Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

ASSEMBLY

1. Fully air-blow engine coolant and engine oil passages in cylinder block, cylinder bore and crankcase to remove any foreign material.

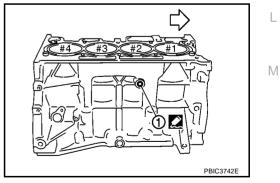
CAUTION:

Use a goggles to protect your eye.

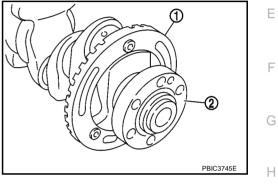
2. Install water drain plug (1) to cylinder block as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

: 9.8 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 87 in-lb) 9

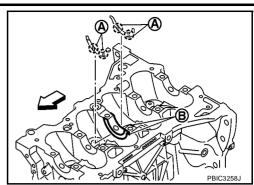


- 3. Install main bearings and thrust bearings with the following procedure:
- Remove dust, dirt, and engine oil on the bearing mating surfaces of cylinder block. a.

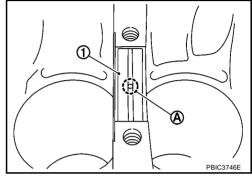


b. Install thrust bearings to the both sides of the No. 3 journal housing (B) on cylinder block.

- Install thrust bearings with the oil groove (A) facing crankshaft arm (outside).
- Install the main bearings (1) paying attention to the direction. C.
 - Install the one with oil holes (A) onto cylinder block and the one without oil holes onto main bearing cap.
 - Before installing main bearings, apply new engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
 - Ensure the oil holes on cylinder block and those on the corresponding bearing are aligned.



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- Install the main bearing in the position shown in the figure. L1 : Cylinder block : Main bearing (upper)
 - 3 : Main bearing (lower)
 - 4 : Main bearing cap
 - : Engine front

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NOTE:

Install the main bearing in the center position with the following dimension. For service operation, the center position can be checked visually.

Journal position	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5
L1 [Unit: mm (in)]	1.65–2.05	1.25–1.65	2.30–2.70	1.25–1.65	1.60–2.00
	(0.064-0.080)	(0.049-0.064)	(0.090-0.106)	(0.049-0.064)	(0.062-0.078)
L2 [Unit: mm (in)]	1.30–1.70	1.30–1.70	2.30–2.70	1.30–1.70	1.30–1.70
	(0.051-0.066)	(0.051-0.066)	(0.090-0.106)	(0.051-0.066)	(0.051-0.066)

CAUTION:

Dimension L1 of journal No. 3 is the distance from the housing base end surface (bulk) (it is not the distance from the thrust bearing mounting end surface).

- 4. Install signal plate to crankshaft if removed.
- Set the signal plate (1) with the flange facing toward the countera. weight side (engine front side) to the crankshaft rear surface.

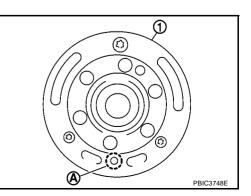
А : Dowel pin hole

After positioning crankshaft and signal plate with positioning b. dowel pin, tighten bolt.

NOTE:

Dowel pin of crankshaft and signal plate is provided as a set for each.

Remove dowel pin. c.



CAUTION:

Be sure to remove dowel pin.

5. Install crankshaft to cylinder block.

• While turning crankshaft by hand, make sure that it turns smoothly.

CAUTION:

Do not install rear oil seal yet.

figure with the following steps.

Tighten main bearing cap bolts.

- 6. Install main bearing caps.
 - Install the main bearing cap while referring to the front mark (B) and the journal number stamp (A).

: Engine front

: Engine front

◯ : 32.4 N·m (3.3 kg-m, 24 ft-lb)

ening) in numerical order shown in the figure.

ment by visual inspection without the tool.

NOTE:

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b.

C.

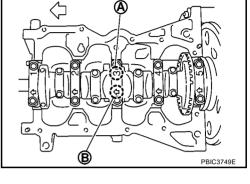
ing bolts.

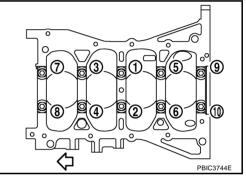
CAUTION:

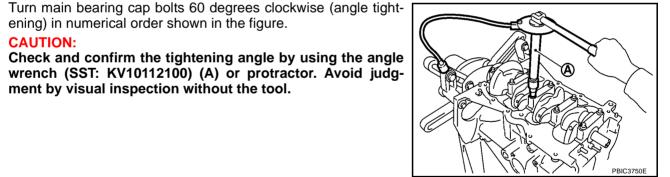
Main bearing cap cannot be replaced as a single parts, because it is machined together with cylinder block.

Tighten main bearing cap bolts in numerical order shown in the

Apply new engine oil to threads and seat surfaces of the mount-

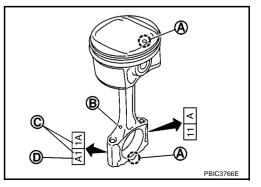






- After installing the mounting bolts, make sure that crankshaft can be rotated smoothly by hand.
- Check crankshaft end play. Refer to EM-206, "CRANKSHAFT END PLAY" .
- Install piston to connecting rod with the following procedure: 8.
- Set so that the front mark (A) on the piston head and the cylina. der number (C) are in the position shown in the figure.
 - в : Oil hole
 - D : Connecting rod big end grade
 - NOTE:

The symbols without notes are for management



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• For the details of SST, refer to the following.

-
: ST13030020
: ST13030030
: KV10109730
: KV10114120
: KV10110310

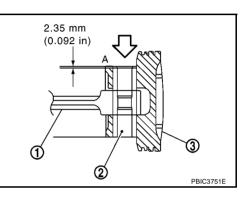
CAUTION:

b.

Press-fit the piston so as not to damage it. NOTE:

The joint between the connecting rod and the piston pin is a press fit.

- Press-fit the piston pin (2) from piston surface"A" to the depth of 2.35 mm (0.092 in).
 - 1 : Connecting rod
 - : Press-fit direction
- After finishing work, make sure that the piston (3) moves freely.

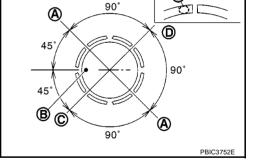


- 9. Using a piston ring expander (commercial service tool), install piston rings. **CAUTION:**
 - Be careful not to damage piston.
 - Be careful not to damage piston rings by expanding them excessively.
 - Position each ring with the gap as shown in the figure referring to the piston front mark (B).
 - A : Oil ring upper or lower rail gap (either of them)

: R

- C : Second ring and oil ring spacer gap
- D : Top ring gap
- Install second ring with the stamped mark (E) facing upward.

Stamped mark: Second ring



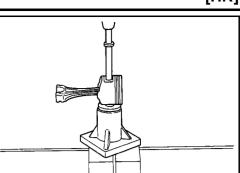
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- 10. Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and connecting rod cap.
 - When installing connecting rod bearings, apply new engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
 - Install the bearing in the center position.

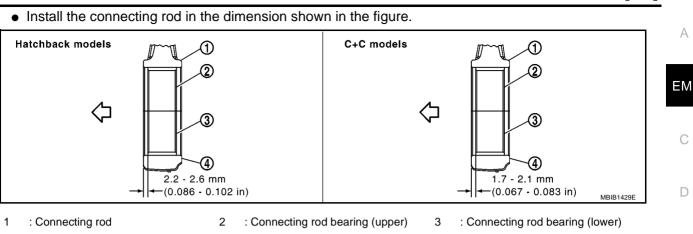
NOTE:

There is no stopper tab.

• Make sure that the oil holes on connecting rod and connecting rod bearing are aligned.



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- 4 : Connecting rod cap
- : Engine front

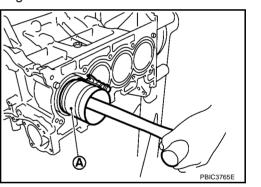
NOTE:

Install the connecting rod bearing in the center position with the dimension shown in the figure. For service operation, the center position can be checked visually.

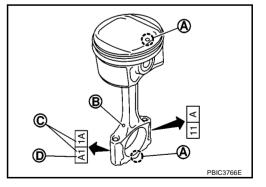
- 11. Install piston and connecting rod assembly to crankshaft.
 - Position crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be installed onto the bottom dead center.
 - Apply new engine oil sufficiently to the cylinder bore, piston and crankshaft pin.
 - Match the cylinder position with the cylinder number on connecting rod to install.
 - Using the piston ring compressor (SST: EM03470000) (A) or suitable tool, install piston with the front mark on the piston head facing the front of the engine.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage matching surface with connecting rod cap.
- Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.



- 12. Install connecting rod cap.
 - Match the stamped cylinder number marks (C) on connecting rod with those on connecting rod cap to install.
 - : Front mark А
 - В : Oil hole
 - : Connecting rod big end grade D



- 13. Inspect outer diameter of connecting rod bolts. Refer to EM-214, "CONNECTING ROD BOLT OUTER DIAMETER" .
- 14. Tighten connecting rod bolt with the following procedure:
- Apply new engine oil to the threads and seats of connecting rod bolts. a.
- Tighten bolts in several steps. b.

◯ : 27.5 N·m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Completely loosen bolts. C.

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O: 0 N·m (0 kg-m, 0 ft-lb)

d. Tighten bolts in several steps.

O: 19.6 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)

e. Then turn all bolts 60 degrees clockwise (angle tightening). CAUTION:

Check and confirm the tightening angle by using the angle wrench (SST: KV10112100) (A) or protractor. Avoid judgement by visual inspection without the tool.

- After tightening connecting rod bolt, make sure that crankshaft rotates smoothly.
- Check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to EM-206, "CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE" .
- 15. Install oil pan (upper). Refer to EM-128, "INSTALLATION" .

NOTE:

Install the rear oil seal after installing the oil pan (upper).

- 16. Install rear oil seal. Refer to EM-172, "INSTALLATION" .
- 17. Install flywheel (M/T models) or drive plate (A/T models).
 - When installing flywheel (M/T models) or drive plate (A/T models) to crankshaft, make sure that align crankshaft side dowel pin with flywheel/drive-plate side dowel pin hole correctly.
 - Install drive plate (1), reinforcement plate (2) and pilot converter (3) as shown in the figure (A/T models).
 - A : Crankshaft rear end
 - B : Rounded
 - C : Chamfered

CAUTION:

Be careful about the installing direction (front/back).

- Using a drift of 33 mm (1.30 in) in diameter, press-fit pilot converter into the end of crankshaft until it stops (A/T models).
- Tighten bolts with the following procedure.
- Using a stopper plate (SST: KV11105210), secure and tighten the crankshaft.
- Tighten them diagonally in several steps.
- 18. Install knock sensor (1).

: Engine front

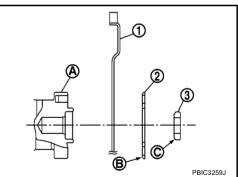
 Install connectors so that they are positioned towards the rear of the engine.

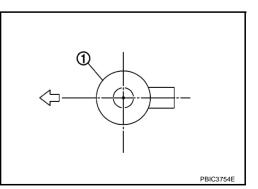
CAUTION:

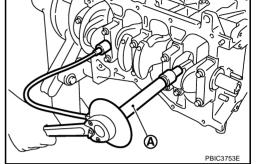
- Do not tighten mounting bolt while holding the connector.
- If any impact by dropping is applied to knock sensor, replace it with a new one.

NOTE:

- Make sure that there is no foreign material on the cylinder block mating surface and the back surface of knock sensor.
- Make sure that knock sensor does not interfere with other parts.
- 19. Install crankshaft position sensor (POS).

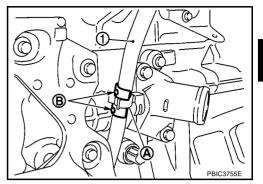






EM-198

- Tighten bolts with it seated completely.
- 20. For the oil level gauge guide (1), fix the position (B) shown in the figure to the water inlet clip (A) after inserting to the cylinder block side.



21. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly after this step.

How to Select Piston and Bearing DESCRIPTION

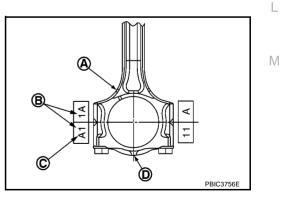
Selection points	Selection parts	Selection items	Selection methods
Between cylinder block and crankshaft	Main bearing	Main bearing grade (bearing thickness)	Determined by match of cylin- der block bearing housing grade (inner diameter of hous- ing) and crankshaft journal grade (outer diameter of jour- nal)
Between crankshaft and con- necting rod	Connecting rod bearing	Connecting rod bearing grade (bearing thickness)	Combining service grades for connecting rod big end diame- ter and crankshaft pin outer diameter determine connecting rod bearing selection.

- The identification grade stamped on each part is the grade for the dimension measured in new condition. This grade cannot apply to reused parts.
- For reused or repaired parts, measure the dimension accurately. Determine the grade by comparing the measurement with the values of each selection table.
- For details of the measurement method of each part, the reuse standards and the selection method of the selective fitting parts, refer to the text.

HOW TO SELECT CONNECTING ROD BEARING

When New Connecting Rod and Crankshaft Are Used

- 1. Apply connecting rod big end diameter grade stamped (C) on connecting rod side face to the row in the "Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table".
 - A : Oil hole
 - B : Cylinder number
 - D : Front mark



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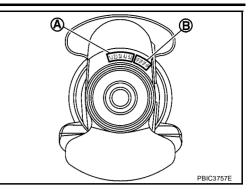
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- 2. Apply crankshaft pin journal diameter grade stamped (B) on crankshaft front side to the column in the "Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table".
 - A : Main journal diameter grade (No. 1 to 5 from left)
 - B : Crankshaft pin journal diameter grade (No. 1 to 4 from left)



- 3. Read the symbol at the cross point of selected row and column in the "Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table".
- 4. Apply the symbol obtained to the "Connecting Rod Bearing Grade Table" to select connecting rod bearing.

When Crankshaft and Connecting Rod Are Reused

- Measure the dimensions of the connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin journal diameter individually. Refer to <u>EM-208</u>, "<u>CONNECTING ROD BIG END DIAMETER</u>" and <u>EM-211</u>, "<u>CRANKSHAFT</u> <u>PIN JOURNAL DIAMETER</u>".
- 2. Apply the measured dimension to the "Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table".
- 3. Read the symbol at the cross point of selected row and column in the "Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table".
- 4. Apply the symbol obtained to the "Connecting Rod Bearing Grade Table" to select connecting rod bearing.

Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table

	Connecting rod big	I.D.	×	8	0		ш	ш	J	т		×	_	Σ	z
	end diameter	mark													
Cranksha pin journ diameter	al	Hole diameter Unit: mm (in)) - 43.001 9 - 1.6929)	1 - 43.002 :9 - 1.6930)	43.002 - 43.003 (1.6930 - 1.6930)	43.003 - 43.004 (1.6930 - 1.6931)	43.004 - 43.005 (1.6931 - 1.6931)	5 - 43.006 11 - 1.6931)	5 - 43.007 11 - 1.6932)	43.007 - 43.008 (1.6932 - 1.6932)	43.008 - 43.009 (1.6932 - 1.6933)	43.009 - 43.010 (1.6933 - 1.6933)		43.011 - 43.012 (1.6933 - 1.6934)	2 - 43.013 :4 - 1.6934)
I.D. mark	Axle diamet Unit mm (in	\	43.000 - (1.6929	43.001 - (1.6929	43.002 (1.6930	43.003 - (1.6930 -	43.004 (1.6931	43.005 (1.6931	43.006 (1.6931	43.007 (1.693	43.008 - (1.6932	43.009 - (1.6933	43.010 - (1.6933	43.011 (1.6933	43.012 - (1.6934
А	39.971 - 3 (1.5737 -		0	0	0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	٦	12	12
В	39.970 - 3 (1.5736 -		0	0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12
с	39.969 - 3 (1.5736 -		0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2
D	39.968 - 3 (1.5735 -		0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2
E	39.967 - 3 (1.5735 -		0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2
F	39.966 - 3 (1.5735 -		01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23
G	39.965 - 3 (1.5734 -		01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23
н	39.964 - 3 (1.5734 -		01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23
J	39.963 - 3 (1.5733 -		1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3
к	39.962 - 3 (1.5733 -		1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	з	з
L	39.961 - 3 (1.5733 -		1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	з	з
М	39.960 - 3 (1.5732 -	9.959	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	з	34
N	39.959 - 3 (1.5732 -		12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	з	3	34	34
Р	39.958 - 3 (1.5731 -		12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	з	34	34	34
R	39.957 - 3 (1.5731 -		2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4
S	39.956 - 3 (1.5731 -		2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4
т	39.955 - 3 (1.5730 -		2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4
U	39.954 - 3 (1.5730 -		23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	4
v	39.953 - 3 (1.5729 -		23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	4	4
w	39.952 - 3 (1.5729 -		23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	4	4	4

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Connecting Rod Bearing Grade Table

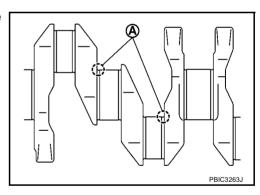
Grade	number	Thickness	Identification color	Remarks
	0	1.501 - 1.498 (0.0591 - 0.0590)	Black	
	1	1.504 - 1.501 (0.0592 - 0.0591)	Brown	
	2	1.507 - 1.504 (0.0593 - 0.0592)	Green	Grade and color are the sam
	3	1.510 - 1.507 (0.0594 - 0.0593)	Yellow	
	4	1.513 - 1.510 (0.0596 - 0.0594)	Blue	
01	UPR	1.501 - 1.498 (0.0591 - 0.0590)	Black	
01	LWR	1.504 - 1.501 (0.0592 - 0.0590)	Brown	
12	UPR	1.504 - 1.501 (0.0592 - 0.0590)	Brown	Grade and color are different
12	LWR	1.507 - 1.504 (0.0593 - 0.0592)	Green	for upper and lower bearings.
23	UPR	1.507 - 1.504 (0.0593 - 0.0592)	Green	
23	LWR	1.510 - 1.507 (0.0594 - 0.0593)	Yellow	
34	UPR	1.510 - 1.507 (0.0594 - 0.0593)	Yellow	
34	LWR	1.513 - 1.510 (0.0596 - 0.0594)	Blue	

Undersize Bearings Usage Guide

- When the specified connecting rod bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size connecting rod bearings, use undersize (US) bearings.
- When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the connecting rod bearing inner diameter with bearing
 installed, and grind the crankshaft pin so that the connecting rod bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.

CAUTION:

In grinding crankshaft pin to use undersize bearings, keep the fillet R (A) [0.8 - 1.2 mm (0.031 - 0.047 in)].



Bearing undersize table

Unit: mm (in)

Size	Thickness
US 0.25 (0.0098)	1.623 - 1.631 (0.0638 - 0.0642)

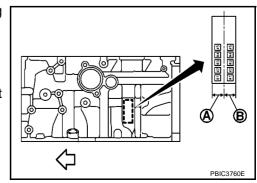
HOW TO SELECT MAIN BEARING

When New Cylinder Block and Crankshaft Are Used

1. "Main Bearing Selection Table" rows correspond to main bearing housing grade on left side of cylinder block.

A : Basic stamp mark

- If there is a corrected stamp mark (B) on cylinder block, use it as a correct reference.



Linite mm (in)

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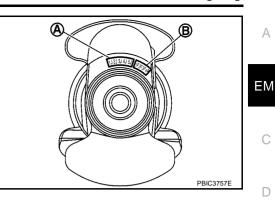
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- 2. Apply main journal diameter grade stamped (A) on crankshaft front side to column in the "Main Bearing Selection Table".
 - A : Main journal diameter grade (No. 1 to 5 from left)
 - B : Crankshaft pin journal diameter grade (No. 1 to 4 from left)



- 3. Read the symbol at the cross point of selected row and column in the "Main Bearing Selection Table".
- 4. Apply the symbol obtained to the "Main Bearing Grade Table" to select main bearing. **NOTE:**

Service part is available as a set of both upper and lower.

When Cylinder Block and Crankshaft Are Reused

- Measure the dimensions of the cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter and crankshaft main journal diameter individually. Refer to <u>EM-209, "MAIN BEARING HOUSING INNER DIAMETER"</u> and <u>EM-211, "CRANKSHAFT MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER"</u>.
- 2. Apply the measured dimension to the "Main Bearing Selection Table".
- 3. Read the symbol at the cross point of selected row and column in the "Main Bearing Selection Table".
- 4. Apply the symbol obtained to the "Main Bearing Grade Table" to select main bearing.

Main Bearing Selection Table

	Cylinder block main bearing housing inner	l.D. mark	A	۵	U	٥	ш	ш	U	т	۔ ۲	×	_	Σ	z	٩	æ	s	F	∍	>	×
Cranksha main jour diameter	rnal	Hole diameter Unit: mm (in)	- 51.998 1 - 2.0472)	51.998 - 51.999 (2.0472 - 2.0472)	51.999 - 52.000 (2.0472 - 2.0472)	- 52.001 2 - 2.0472)	- 52.002 3 - 2.0473)	- 52.003 3 - 2.0473)	52.003 - 52.004 (2.0474 - 2.0474)	- 52.005 1 - 2.0474)	52.005 - 52.006 (2.0474 - 2.0474)	- 52.007 5 - 2.0475)	52.007 - 52.008 (2.0475 - 2.0475)	52.0008 - 52.009 (2.0476 - 2.0476)	- 52.010 5 - 2.0476)	- 52.011 5 - 2.0476)	- 52.012 7 - 2.0477)	52.012 - 52.013 (2.0477 - 2.0477)	- 52.014 3 - 2.0478)	- 52.015 3 - 2.0478)	- 52.016 3 - 2.0478)	- 52.017 9 - 2.0479)
I.D. mark	Axle diamete Unit mm (in	\	51.997 - (2.0471	51.998 - (2.0472	51.999 - (2.0472	52.000 - (2.0472 -	52.001 - (2.0473 -	52.002 - (2.0473 -	52.003 (2.047 [,]	52.004 - 5 (2.0474 -	52.005 (2.047 [,]	52.006 - ((2.0475 -	52.007 - (2.0475 ·	52.0008 (2.0476 -	52.009 - (2.0476 -	52.010 - (2.0476 -	52.011 - (2.0477 -	52.012 - (2.0477	52.013 - 5 (2.0478 -	52.014 - (2.0478 -	52.015 - (2.0478 -	52.016 - 5 (2.0479 -
А	47.979 - 4 (1.8889 - 1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23
В	47.978 - 4 (1.8889 - 1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23
с	47.977 - 4 (1.8889 - 1		0	0	0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23
D	47.976 - 4 (1.8888 - 1		0	0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3
E	47.975 - 4 (1.8888 - 1		0	0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	з
F	47.974 - 4 (1.8887 - 1		0	0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3
G	47.973 - 4 (1.8887 - 1		0	01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	з	3	34
н	47.972 - 4 (1.8887 - 1		01	01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	з	34	34
J	47.971 - 4 (1.8886 - 1		01	01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34
к	47.970 - 4 (1.8886 - 1		01	1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4
L	47.969 - 4 (1.8885 - 1		1	1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4
М	47.968 - 4 (1.8885 - 1		1	1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4
Ν	47.967 - 4 (1.8885 - 1		1	12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	з	34	34	34	4	4	4	45
Ρ	47.966 - 4 (1.8884 - 1		12	12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	з	з	34	34	34	4	4	4	45	45
R	47.965 - 4 (1.8884 - 1		12	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	з	34	34	34	4	4	4	45	45	45
S	47.964 - 4 (1.8883 - 1	.8883)	12	2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	45	45	45	5
Т	47.963 - 4 (1.8883 - 1		2	2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	45	45	45	5	5
U	47.962 - 4 (1.8883 - 1		2	2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	45	45	45	5	5	5
v	47.961 - 4 (1.8882 - 1		2	23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	45	45	45	5	5	5	5
w	47.960 - 4 (1.8882 - 1		23	23	23	3	3	3	34	34	34	4	4	4	45	45	45	5	5	5	5	5

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Main Bearing Grade Table

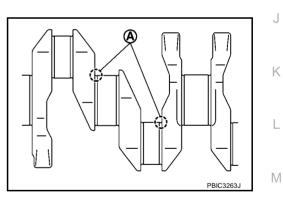
	Remarks	Identification color	Thickness	number	Grade
		Black	1.996 - 1.999 (0.0785 - 0.0787)	0	
EM	_	Brown	1.999 - 2.002 (0.0787 - 0.0788)	1	
	Grade and color are the same	Green	2.002 - 2.005 (0.0788 - 0.0789)	2	
С	for upper and lower bearings.	Yellow	2.005 - 2.008 (0.0789 - 0.0790)	3	
	_	Blue	2.008 - 2.011 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	4	
	_	Pink	2.011 - 2.014 (0.0791 - 0.0792)	5	
D		Black	1.996 - 1.999 (0.0785 - 0.0787)	UPR	01
	_	Brown	1.999 - 2.002 (0.0787 - 0.0788)	LWR	01
Е	_	Brown	1.999 - 2.002 (0.0787 - 0.0788)	UPR	12
	Grade and color are different	Green	2.002 - 2.005 (0.0788 - 0.0789)	LWR	12
	for upper and lower bearings.	Green	2.002 - 2.005 (0.0788 - 0.0789)	UPR	23
F	_	Yellow	2.005 - 2.008 (0.0789 - 0.0790)	LWR	23
	_	Yellow	2.005 - 2.008 (0.0789 - 0.0790)	UPR	34
G	_	Blue	2.008 - 2.011 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	LWR	34
0	_	Blue	2.008 - 2.011 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	UPR	45
		Pink	2.011 - 2.014 (0.0791 - 0.0792)	LWR	40

Use Undersize Bearing Usage Guide

- When the specified main bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size main bearings, use undersize (US) bearing.
- When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the main bearing inner diameter with bearing installed, and grind main journal so that the main bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.

CAUTION:

In grinding crankshaft main journal to use undersize bearings, keep fillet R (A) [0.8 - 1.2 mm (0.031 - 0.047 in)].



Bearing undersize table

	Unit: mm (in)
Size	Thickness
US 0.25 (0.0098)	2.126 - 2.134 (0.0837 - 0.0840)

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Inspection After Disassembly CRANKSHAFT END PLAY

 Measure the clearance between thrust bearings and crankshaft arm when crankshaft is moved fully forward or backward with a dial indicator (A).

Standard: 0.098 - 0.260 mm (0.0038 - 0.0102 in)Limit: 0.35 mm (0.0137 in)

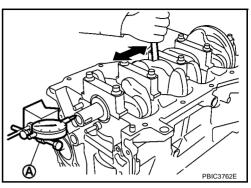
 If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace thrust bearings, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft also.

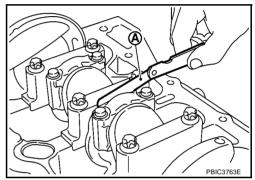
CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE

 Measure the side clearance between connecting rod and crankshaft arm with a feeler gauge (A).

Standard : 0.200 - 0.352 mm (0.0079 - 0.0138 in)

 If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod, and measure again. If it still exceeds the standard, replace crankshaft also.



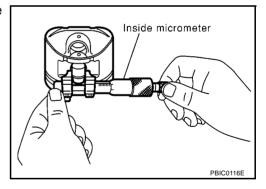


PISTON TO PISTON PIN OIL CLEARANCE

Piston Pin Hole Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of piston pin hole with an inside micrometer.

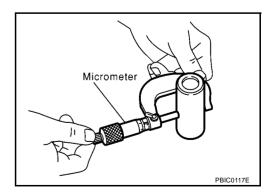
Standard: 19.006 - 19.012 mm (0.7482 - 0.7485 in)



Piston Pin Outer Diameter

Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with a micrometer.

Standard: 18.996 - 19.002 mm (0.7478 - 0.7481 in)



Piston to Piston Pin Oil Clearance

(Piston to piston pin oil clearance) = (Piston pin hole diameter) - (Piston pin outer diameter)

Standard: 0.008 - 0.012 mm (0.0003 - 0.0004 in)

If oil clearance is out of the standard, replace piston and piston pin assembly.

EM-206

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PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

Measure the side clearance of piston ring and piston ring groove with a feeler gauge.

Standard:

Top ring : 0.040 - 0.080 mm (0.0015 - 0.0031 in) : 0.030 - 0.070 mm (0.0012 - 0.0028 in) 2nd ring **Oil ring** : 0.045 - 0.125 mm (0.0017 - 0.0049 in) Limit: **Top ring** : 0.11 mm (0.0043 in) 2nd ring : 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace piston also.

PISTON RING END GAP

- Make sure that cylinder bore inner diameter is within the specification. Refer to EM-210, "Cylinder Bore Inner Diameter".
- Lubricate with new engine oil to piston and piston ring, and then insert piston ring until middle of cylinder with piston, and measure piston ring end gap with a feeler gauge.

Standard:

Top ring	: 0.20 - 0.30 mm (0.0078 - 0.0118 in)
2nd ring	: 0.35 - 0.50 mm (0.0137 - 0.0196 in)
Oil ring (rail ring)	: 0.20 - 0.60 mm (0.0079 - 0.0236 in)

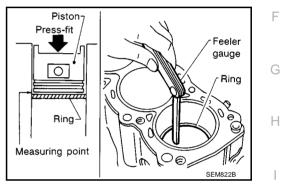
Limit:

Top ring	: 0.50 mm (0.0196 in)
2nd ring	: 0.66 mm (0.0259 in)
Oil ring (rail ring)	: 0.92 mm (0.0362 in)

If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring.



NG VIII ΕM Feeler gauge οк Feeler gauge D Rina SEM024AA



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CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION

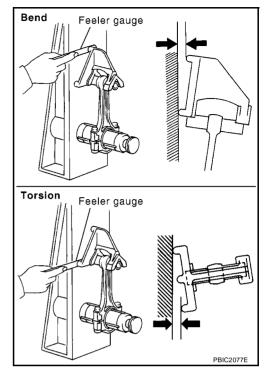
• Check with a connecting rod aligner.

Bend:

Limit: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length Torsion:

Limit: 0.30 mm (0.0118 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

• If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly.

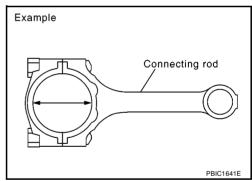


CONNECTING ROD BIG END DIAMETER

- Install connecting rod cap without connecting rod bearing installed, and tightening connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-193, "ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod big end with an inside micrometer.

Standard: 43.000 - 43.013 mm (1.6929 - 1.6934 in)

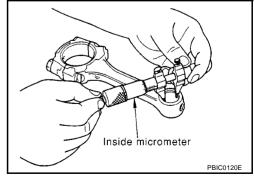
• If out of the standard, replace connecting rod assembly.



CONNECTING ROD BUSHING OIL CLEARANCE Connecting Rod Bushing Inner Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bushing with an inside micrometer.

Standard: 18.958 - 18.978 mm (0.7463 - 0.7471 in)



Piston Pin Outer Diameter

Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with a micrometer.

Standard: 18.996 - 19.002 mm (0.7478 - 0.7481 in)

A Micrometer II BICO117E

Connecting Rod Bushing Oil Clearance

(Connecting rod bushing oil clearance) = (Connecting rod bushing inner diameter) – (Piston pin outer diameter) ter)

Standard: -0.018 to -0.044 mm (-0.0007 to -0.0017 in)

- If the measured value is out of the standard, replace connecting rod assembly and/or piston and piston pin assembly.
- If replacing connecting rod assembly, refer to <u>EM-211, "CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEAR-ANCE"</u> to select connecting rod bearing.

CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION

 Using a scraper, remove gasket on the cylinder block surface, and also remove engine oil, scale, carbon, ^H or other contamination.

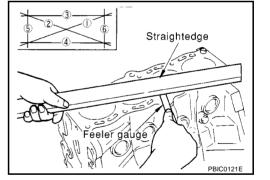
CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow gasket flakes to enter engine oil or engine coolant passages.

 Measure the distortion on the cylinder block upper face at some different points in six directions with a straight edge and a feeler gauge.

Limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

• If it exceeds the limit, replace cylinder block.

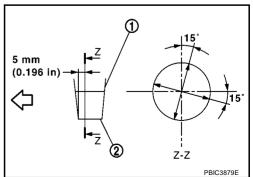


MAIN BEARING HOUSING INNER DIAMETER

- Install main bearing cap without main bearings installed, and tighten main bearing cap bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-193</u>, "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing housing with a bore gauge.
- Measure the position shown in the figure [5 mm (0.196 in) rearward from main bearing housing front side end surface) in the 2 directions as shown in the figure. The smaller one is the measured value.
 - 1 : Cylinder block
 - 2 : Main bearing cap

Standard: 51.997 - 52.017 mm (2.0471 - 2.0479 in)

• If out of the standard, replace cylinder block and main bearing caps as an assembly.



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NOTE:

These components cannot be replaced as a single unit, because they were processed together.

PISTON TO CYLINDER BORE CLEARANCE

Cylinder Bore Inner Diameter

 Using a bore gauge, measure the cylinder bore for wear, out-ofround and taper at six different points on each cylinder. ("X" and "Y" directions at "A", "B" and "C") ("Y" is in longitudinal direction of the engine)

A : Unit: mm (in)

NOTE:

When determining cylinder bore grade, measure cylinder bore at "B" position.

Standard inner diameter:

78.000 - 78.015 mm (3.0708 - 3.0714 in)

Wear limit:

0.2 mm (0.008 in)

Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y"):

0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

Taper limit (Difference between "A" and "C"):

0.010 mm (0.0004 in)

• If the measured value exceeds the limit, or if there are scratches and/or seizure on the cylinder inner wall, replace cylinder block.

NOTE:

There is no service setting for oversized piston.

Piston Skirt Diameter

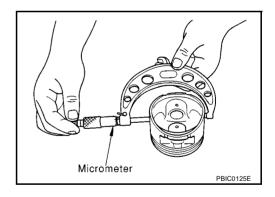
Measure the outer diameter of piston skirt with a micrometer.

Measure point

: Distance from the top 37.1 mm (1.460 in)

Standard

: 77.965 - 77.980 mm (3.0694 - 3.0700 in)

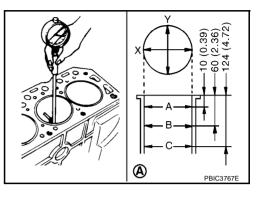


Piston to Cylinder Bore Clearance

Calculate by piston skirt diameter and cylinder bore inner diameter (direction "X", position "B"). (Clearance) = (Cylinder bore inner diameter) – (Piston skirt diameter)

Standard : 0.020 - 0.050 mm (0.0007 - 0.0019 in) Limit : 0.09 mm (0.0035 in)

• If it exceeds the limit, replace piston and piston pin assembly and/or cylinder block.



Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and cap, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the speci-

CYLINDER BLOCK

CRANKSHAFT MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER

• Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft main journals with a micrometer (A).

Standard: 47.959 - 47.979 mm (1.8881 - 1.8888 in) dia.

 If out of the standard, measure the main bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing. Refer to <u>EM-212</u>, "<u>MAIN BEARING</u> <u>OIL CLEARANCE</u>".



• Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft pin journal with a micrometer.

Standard: 39.953 - 39.971 mm (1.5729-1.5736 in) dia.

If out of the standard, measure the connecting rod bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing.
 Refer to <u>EM-211, "CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE"</u>.

OUT-OF-ROUND AND TAPER OF CRANKSHAFT

- Measure the dimensions at four different points as shown in the figure on each main journal and pin journal with a micrometer.
- Out-of-round is indicated by the difference in dimensions between "X" and "Y" at "A" and "B".
- Taper is indicated by the difference in dimension between "A" and "B" at "X" and "Y".

Limit:

Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y")

: 0.003 mm (0.0001 in)

Taper (Difference between "A" and "B") : 0.004 mm (0.0001 in)

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, correct or replace crankshaft.
- If corrected, measure the bearing oil clearance of the corrected main journal and/or pin journal. Then select main bearing and/or connecting rod bearing. Refer to <u>EM-212, "MAIN BEARING OIL CLEAR-</u> <u>ANCE</u>" and/or <u>EM-211, "CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE</u>".

CRANKSHAFT RUNOUT

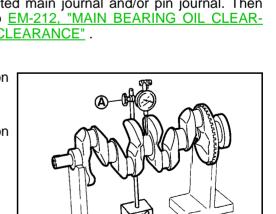
Method by Calculation

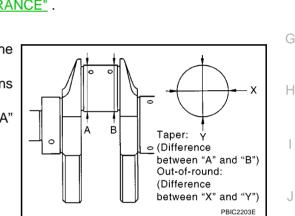
- Place a V-block on a precise flat table to support the journals on the both end of crankshaft.
- Place a dial indicator (A) straight up on the No. 3 journal.
- While rotating crankshaft, read the movement of the pointer on the dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

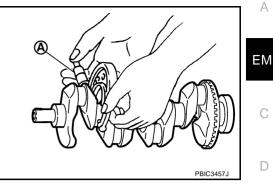
Limit : 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

• If it exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft.

CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE







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Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bearing with an inside micrometer.
 (Bearing oil clearance) = (Connecting rod bearing inner diameter) – (Crankshaft pin journal diameter)

Standard : 0.037 - 0.047 mm (0.0014 - 0.0018 in) Limit : 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

 If the clearance exceeds the limit, select proper connecting rod bearing according to connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to <u>EM-199, "HOW TO SELECT CONNECTING</u> <u>ROD BEARING"</u>.

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove engine oil and dust on crankshaft pin and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.

CYLINDER BLOCK

 Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and cap, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-193</u>, "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.

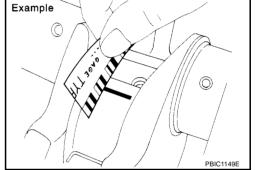
CAUTION:

Do not rotate crankshaft.

 Remove connecting rod cap and bearing, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.

NOTE:

The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".



MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Method by Calculation

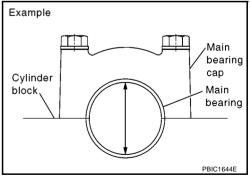
 Install main bearings to cylinder block and main bearing cap, and tighten main bearing cap bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-193, "ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.

Measure the inner diameter of main bearing with a bore gauge.
 (Bearing oil clearance) = (Main bearing inner diameter) - (Crank-shaft main journal diameter)

Standard:

: 0.024 - 0.034 mm (0.0009 - 0.0013 in)

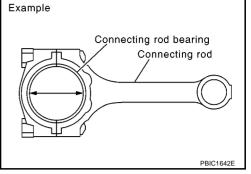
 If the clearance exceeds the limit, select proper main bearing according to main bearing inner diameter and crankshaft main journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to <u>EM-202, "HOW TO SELECT MAIN BEARING"</u>.



Method of Using Plastigage

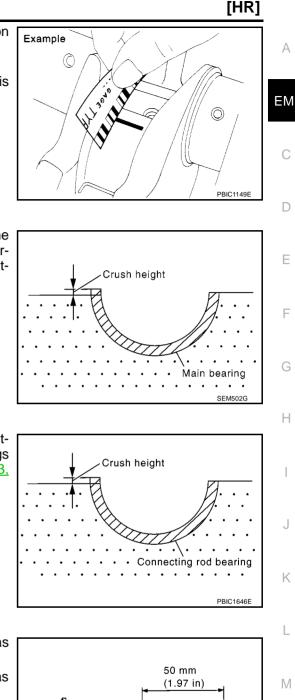
- Remove engine oil and dust on crankshaft main journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Install main bearings to cylinder block and main bearing cap, and tighten main bearing cap bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-193</u>, "<u>ASSEMBLY</u>" for the tightening procedure.
 CAUTION:

Do not rotate crankshaft.



 Remove main bearing cap and bearings, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.
 NOTE:

The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".



MAIN BEARING CRUSH HEIGHT

 When main bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with main bearings installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to<u>EM-193, "ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.

Standard: There must be crush height.

• If the standard is not met, replace main bearings.

CONNECTING ROD BEARING CRUSH HEIGHT

 When connecting rod bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with connecting rod bearings installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to <u>EM-193</u>, <u>"ASSEMBLY"</u> for the tightening procedure.

Standard: There must be crush height.

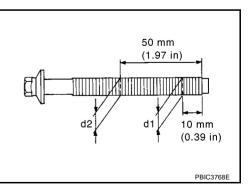
If the standard is not met, replace connecting rod bearings.



- Measure the outer diameters ("d1 ", "d2") at two positions as shown in the figure.
- If reduction appears in a position other than "d2 ", regard it as "d2".

Limit ("d1 " – "d2 "): 0.2 mm (0.0078 in)

 If it exceeds the limit (a large difference in dimensions), replace main bearing cap bolt with a new one.

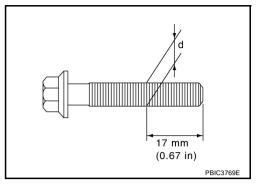


CONNECTING ROD BOLT OUTER DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter "d" at position as shown in the figure.
- If reduction appears in a position other than "d", regard it as "d".

Limit: 7.75 mm (0.3051 in)

• When "d" falls below the limit (when it becomes thinner), replace connecting rod bolt with a new one.

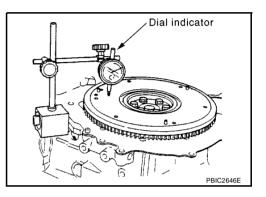


FLYWHEEL DEFLECTION

• Measure the deflection of flywheel contact surface to clutch with a dial indicator.

Standard : 0.25 mm (0.0098 in) or less.

• If measured value is out of the standard, replace flywheel.



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Standard and Limit GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Engine type		HR16DE	EM
Cylinder arrangement		In-line 4	
Displacement cm ³ (cu in)		1,598 (97.51)	
Bore and stroke mm (in)		78.0 x 83.6 (3.070 x 3.291)	C
Valve arrangement		DOHC	
Firing order		1-3-4-2	D
Number of piston rings	Compression	2	
	Oil	1	
Compression ratio		9.8	E
Compression pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm ² , psi) / 200 rpm	Standard	1,510 (15.1, 15.4, 219)	
	Minimum	1,265 (12.69, 12.9, 183)	F
	Differential limit between cylinders	981 (9.81, 10.0, 142)	

DRIVE BELT Belt Deflection:

		Deflectio	n adjustment *	Unit: mm (in)	
Location		U	sed belt	Newholt	Н
		Limit	After adjusted	New belt	
Drive belt	With A/C models	7.9 (0.31)	4.8 - 5.3 (0.19 - 0.21)	4.2 - 4.5 (0.17 - 0.18)	
	Without A/C models	7.1 (0.28)	4.3 - 4.7 (0.17 - 0.19)	3.6 - 3.9 (0.14 - 0.15)	
Applied pushing force		98	N (10 kg, 22lb)	<u> </u>	

*: When engine is cold.

EXHAUST MANIFOLD

	Unit: mm (in)
Items	Limit
Surface distortion	0.3 (0.012)

SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)

·		Unit: mm (in)
Make		NGK
Standard type		PLZKAR6A-11
Hot type		PLZKAR5A-11
Cold type		PLZKAR7A-11
Spark plug gap	Standard	1.1 (0.043)
-		

CYLINDER HEAD

	Unit: mm (in)
Items	Limit
Head surface distortion	0.1 (0.004)

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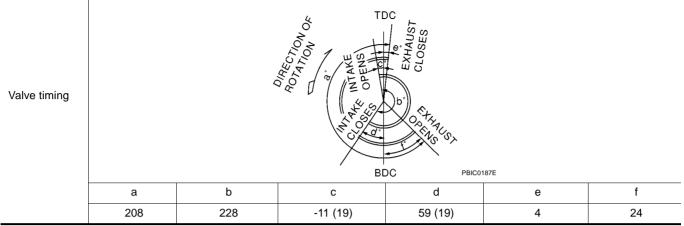
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VALVE Valve Timing

Unit: degree

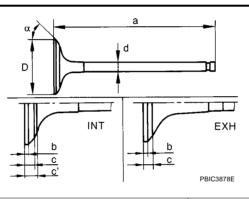
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(): Valve timing control "ON"

Valve Dimensions

Unit: mm (in)



Valve head diameter "D"	Intake	31.0 - 31.3 (1.220 - 1.232)	
	Exhaust	25.3 - 25.6 (0.996 - 1.007)	
Valve length "a"	Intake	101.65 (4.0019)	
valve length a	Exhaust	102.46 (4.0338)	
"b"	Intake	1.0 (0.0393)	
b	Exhaust	1.0 (0.0393)	
"c"	Intake	2.1 - 2.8 (0.0826 - 0.1102)	
C	Exhaust	2.3 - 3.0 (0.0905 - 0.1181)	
"c' "	Intake	3.0 (0.1181)	
C	Exhaust	-	
"d "	Intake	4.965 - 4.980 (0.1954 - 0.1960 in)	
ŭ	Exhaust	4.955 - 4.970 (0.1950 - 0.1956 in)	
Valva cost apple "a"	Intake	45°15′ - 45°45′	
Valve seat angle " α "	Exhaust	45 15 - 45 45	

Valve Clearance

Unit: mm (in)

	Cold	Hot * (reference data)
Intake	0.26 - 0.34 (0.010 - 0.013)	0.304 - 0.416 (0.012 - 0.016)
Exhaust	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.014)	0.308 - 0.432 (0.012 - 0.017)

*:Approximately 80°C (176°F)

EM-216

Thickness mm (in)	Identification mark	
Stamp	Thickness of valve lifter	
	KBIA0119E	
3.00 (0.1181)	300	
3.02 (0.1188)	302	
3.04 (0.1196)	304	
3.06 (0.1204)	306	
3.08 (0.1212)	308	
3.10 (0.1220)	310	
3.12 (0.1228)	312	
3.14 (0.1236)	314	
3.16 (0.1244)	316	
3.18 (0.1251)	318	
3.20 (0.1259)	320	
3.22 (0.1267)	322	
3.24 (0.1275)	324	
3.26 (0.1283)	326	
3.28 (0.1291)	328	
3.30 (0.1299)	330	
3.32 (0.1307)	332	
3.34 (0.1314)	334	
3.36 (0.1322)	336	
3.38 (0.1330)	338	
3.40 (0.1338)	340	
3.42 (0.1346)	342	
3.44 (0.1354)	344	
3.46 (0.1362)	346	
3.48 (0.1370) 3.50 (0.1377)	348 350	

Valve Spring Standard:

Free height	42.26 mm (1.6637 in)
Installation height	32.40 mm (1.2755 in)
Installation load	136 - 154 N (13.9 - 15.7 kg, 31 - 35 lb)
Height during valve open	23.96 mm (0.9433 in)
Load with valve open	262 - 296 N (26.7 - 30.2 kg, 59 - 67 lb)

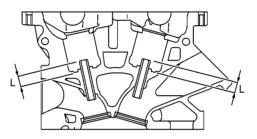
Valve Lifter

Unit: mm (in)

Items	Standard
Valve lifter outer diameter	29.977 - 29.987 (1.1801 - 1.1805)
Valve lifter hole diameter	30.000 - 30.021 (1.1811 - 1.1819)
Valve lifter clearance	0.013 - 0.044 (0.0005 - 0.0017)

Valve Guide

Unit: mm (in)



		PBIC0184E		
Items		Standard part	Service part	
	Outer diameter	9.023 - 9.034 (0.3552 - 0.3556)	9.223 - 9.234 (0.3631 - 0.3635)	
Valve guide	Inner diameter (Finished size)	5.000 - 5.018 (0.1968 - 0.1975)		
Cylinder head valve guide hole diameter		8.975 - 8.996 (0.3533 - 0.3541)	9.175 - 9.196 (0.3612 - 0.3620)	
Interference fit of valve guide		0.027 - 0.059 (0.0011 - 0.0023)		
Items		Standard	Limit	
Valve guide clearance	Intake	0.020 - 0.053 (0.0008 - 0.0021)	0.1 (0.004)	
	Exhaust	0.030 - 0.063 (0.0012 - 0.0025)	0.1 (0.004)	
Projection length "H"	Projection length "H").448 - 0.464)	

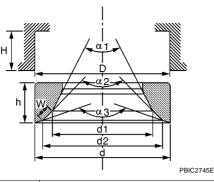
Valve Seat

Unit: mm (in) A

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		PBIC2745E	
Items		Standard	Oversize [0.5 (0.02)] (Service)
Cylinder head seat recess diameter "D"	Intake	31.400 - 31.416 (1.2362 - 1.2368)	31.900 - 31.916 (1.2559 - 1.2565)
Cylinder nead sear recess diameter D	Exhaust	25.900 - 25.916 (1.0196 - 1.0203)	26.400 - 26.416 (1.0393 - 1.0399)
Valve seat outer diameter "d"	Intake	31.497 - 31.513 (1.2400 - 1.2406)	31.997 - 32.013 (1.2597 - 1.2603)
valve seat outer diameter d	Exhaust	25.997 - 26.013 (1.0235 - 1.0241)	26.497 - 26.513 (1.0431 - 1.0438)
Valve seat interference fit	Intake	0.081 - 0.113 (0.0032 - 0.0044)
valve seat interference in	Exhaust	0.081 - 0.113 (0.0032 - 0.0044)
Diameter "d1"* ¹	Intake	29.0 ((1.141)
Diameter di	Exhaust	23.0	(0.905)
Diameter "d2"* ²	Intake	30.6 - 30.8 (1.204 - 1.212)	
	Exhaust	24.9 - 25.1 (0.980 - 0.988)	
Angle "α1"	Intake	60°	
	Exhaust	60°	
Angle "		89°45′ - 90°15′	
Angle "α2"	Exhaust	89°45′ - 90°15′	
Angle "α3"	Intake	120°	
	Exhaust	120°	
Contracting width "M/"*3	Intake	1.05 - 1.35 (0.0413 - 0.0531)	
Contacting width "W"*3	Exhaust	1.25 - 1.55 (0	.0492 - 0.0610)
Height "h"	Intake	6.0 (0.236)	5.45 (0.214)
	Exhaust	6.0 (0.236)	5.43 (0.213)
Depth "H"		6.0 (0.236)

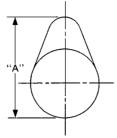
 $^{*1}\,$: Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles $\alpha 1$ and $\alpha 2$

 $^{*2}~$: Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles $\alpha 2$ and $\alpha 3$

*3 : Machining data

CAMSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT BEARING

		Unit: mm (in)
Items	Standard	Limit
Camshaft runout [TIR*]	0.02 (0.0008)	0.1 (0.0039)

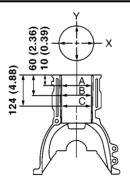


		SEM671	
Complete com beight "A"	Intake	41.705 - 41.895 (1.6419 - 1.6494)	_
Camshaft cam height "A"	Exhaust	40.175 - 40.365 (1.5816 - 1.5891)	_
Compatitiournal outer diameter	No. 1	27.935 - 27.955 (1.0998 - 1.1006)	_
Camshaft journal outer diameter	No. 2, 3, 4, 5	24.950 - 24.970 (0.9822 - 0.9830)	_
Camshaft bracket inner diameter	No. 1	28.000 - 28.021 (1.1024 - 1.1032)	_
	No. 2, 3, 4, 5	25.000 - 25.021 (0.9842 - 0.9850)	_
Comehoff iournal oil electrones	No. 1	0.045 - 0.086 (0.0018 - 0.0034)	_
Camshaft journal oil clearance	No. 2, 3, 4, 5	0.030 - 0.071 (0.0011 - 0.0027)	_
Camshaft end play	I	0.075 - 0.153 (0.0029 - 0.0060)	0.2 (0.0078)
Camshaft sprocket runout [TIR*]		_	0.15 (0.0059)

*: Total indicator reading

CYLINDER BLOCK

Unit: mm (in)



PBIC3924E

Surface distortion		Limit	0.1 (0.004)
Cylinder bore	Inner diameter	Standard	78.000 - 78.015 (3.0708 - 3.0714)
		Wear limit	0.2 (0.008)
Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y") Taper (Difference between "A" and "C")		Limit	0.015 (0.0006)
			0.010 (0.0004)

	Grade No. A	51.997 - 51.998 (2.0471 - 2.0472)	
	Grade No. B	51.998 - 51.999 (2.0472 - 2.0472)	
	Grade No. C	51.999 - 52.000 (2.0472 - 2.0472)	
	Grade No. D	52.000 - 52.001 (2.0472 - 2.0472)	_
	Grade No. E	52.001 - 52.002 (2.0473 - 2.0473)	
	Grade No. F	52.002 - 52.003 (2.0473 - 2.0473)	E
	Grade No. G	52.003 - 52.004 (2.0474 - 2.0474)	
	Grade No. H	52.004 - 52.005 (2.0474 - 2.0474)	
	Grade No. J	52.005 - 52.006 (2.0474 - 2.0474)	(
Outinday block main bearing bousing inney dismotor grade	Grade No. K	52.006 - 52.007 (2.0475 - 2.0475)	С
Cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter grade	Grade No. L	52.007 - 52.008 (2.0475 - 2.0475)	
	Grade No. M	52.008 - 52.009 (2.0476 - 2.0476)	
	Grade No. N	52.009 - 52.010 (2.0476 - 2.0476)	[
	Grade No. P	52.010 - 52.011 (2.0476 - 2.0476)	
	Grade No. R	52.011 - 52.012 (2.0477 - 2.0477)	
	Grade No. S	52.012 - 52.013 (2.0477 - 2.0477)	
	Grade No. T	52.013 - 52.014 (2.0478 - 2.0478)	E
	Grade No. U	52.014 - 52.015 (2.0478 - 2.0478)	
	Grade No. V	52.015 - 52.016 (2.0478 - 2.0478)	
	Grade No. W	52.016 - 52.017 (2.0479 - 2.0479)	
Difference in inner diameter between cylinders Standard		Less than 0.03 (0.0012)	- 1

PISTON, PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN **Available Piston**

Unit: mm (in)

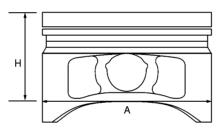
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PBIC0188E

	PBIC0188E	K
Piston skirt diameter "A"	77.965 - 77.980 (3.0694 - 3.0700)	- 1
Piston height "H" dimension	37.1 (1.460)	-
Piston pin hole diameter	19.006 - 19.012 (0.7482 - 0.7485)	L
Piston to cylinder bore clearance	0.020 - 0.050 (0.0007 - 0.0019)	_

Piston Ring

Unit: mm (in)

Items		Standard	Limit
	Тор	0.040 - 0.080 (0.0015 - 0.0031)	0.11 (0.0043)
Side clearance	2nd	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)	0.10 (0.0039)
	Oil (rail ring)	0.045 - 0.125 (0.0017 - 0.0049)	
	Тор	0.20- 0.30 (0.0078 - 0.0118)	0.50 (0.0196)
End gap	2nd	0.35 - 0.50 (0.0137 - 0.0196)	0.66 (0.0259)
	Oil (rail ring)	0.20 - 0.60 (0.0079 - 0.0236)	0.92 (0.0362)

Piston Pin

		Unit: mm (in)
Piston pin outer diameter		18.996 - 19.002 (0.7478 - 0.7481)
Piston to piston pin oil clearance	Standard	0.008 - 0.012 (0.0003 - 0.0004)
Connecting rod bushing oil clearance	Standard	-0.018 to -0.044 (-0.0007 to -0.0017)

CONNECTING ROD

Unit: mm (in)

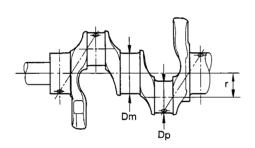
Unit: mm (in)

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Center distance		129.84 - 129.94 (5.1118 - 5.1157)
Bend [per 100 (3.94)]	Limit	0.15 (0.0059)
Torsion [per 100 (3.94)]	Limit	0.30 (0.0118)
Connecting rod bushing inner diamete	r*	18.958 - 18.978 (0.7463 - 0.7471)
Side clearance	Standard	0.200 - 0.352 (0.0079 - 0.0138)
Connecting rod big end diameter	Grade No. A Grade No. B Grade No. C Grade No. D Grade No. E Grade No. F Grade No. G Grade No. H Grade No. J Grade No. K Grade No. L Grade No. M	43.000 - 43.001 (1.6929 - 1.6929) 43.001 - 43.002 (1.6929 - 1.6930) 43.002 - 43.003 (1.6930 - 1.6930) 43.003 - 43.004 (1 6930 - 1.6931) 43.004 - 43.005 (1.6931 - 1.6931) 43.005 - 43.006 (1.6931 - 1.6931) 43.006 - 43.007 (1.6931 - 1.6932) 43.007 - 43.008 (1.6932 - 1.6932) 43.008 - 43.009 (1.6932 - 1.6933) 43.009 - 43.010 (1.6933 - 1.6933) 43.010 - 43.011 (1.6933 - 1.6933) 43.011 - 43.012 (1.6933 - 1.6934)

*: After installing in connecting rod

CRANKSHAFT



[
	Tapar: (Difference between "A" an

Taper: (Difference between "A" and "B") Out-of-round: (Difference between "X" and "Y") SBIA0535E

Center distance "r"		41.68 - 41.76 (1.6409 - 1.6440)
Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y")	Limit	0.003 (0.0001)
Taper (Difference between "A" and "B")	Limit	0.004 (0.0001)
Runout [TIR*]	Limit	0.10 (0.0039)
Crankshaft end play	Standard	0.098 - 0.260 (0.0038 - 0.0102)
	Limit	0.35 (0.0137)

SEM645

			[]
	Grade No. A	39.971 - 39.970 (1.5737 - 1.5736)	
	Grade No. B	39.970 - 39.969 (1.5736 - 1.5736)	
	Grade No. C	39.969 - 39.968 (1.5736 - 1.5735)	
	Grade No. D	39.968 - 39.967 (1.5735 - 1.5735)	
	Grade No. E	39.967 - 39.966 (1.5735 - 1.5735)	
	Grade No. F	39.966 - 39.965 (1.5736 - 1.5734)	E
	Grade No. G	39.965 - 39.964 (1.5735 - 1.5734)	
	Grade No. H	39.964 - 39.963 (1.5734 - 1.5733)	
	Grade No. J	39.963 - 39.962 (1.5734 - 1.5733)	
Crankshaft pin journal diameter grade. "DP"	Grade No. K	39.962 - 39.961 (1.5733 - 1.5733)	(
	Grade No. L	39.961 - 39.960 (1.5733 - 1.5732)	
	Grade No. M	39.960 - 39.959 (1.5732 - 1.5732)	
	Grade No. N	39.959 - 39.958 (1.5732 - 1.5731)	[
	Grade No. P	39.958 - 39.957 (1.5731 - 1.5731)	1
	Grade No. R	39.957 - 39.956 (1.5731 - 1.5731)	
	Grade No. S	39.956 - 39.955 (1.5731 - 1.5730)	
	Grade No. T	39.955 - 39.954 (1.5730 - 1.5730)	
	Grade No. U	39.954 - 39.953 (1.5730 - 1.5729)	
	Grade No. A	47.979 - 47.978 (1.8889 - 1.8889)	
	Grade No. B	47.978 - 47.977 (1.8889 - 1.8889)	
	Grade No. C	47.977 - 47.976 (1.8889 - 1.8888)	
	Grade No. D	47.976 - 47.975 (1.8888 - 1.8888)	
	Grade No. E	47.975 - 47.974 (1.8888 - 1.8887)	
	Grade No. F	47.974 - 47.973 (1.8887 - 1.8887)	(
	Grade No. G	47.973 - 47.972 (1.8887 - 1.8887)	(
	Grade No. H	47.972 - 47.971 (1.8887 - 1.8886)	
	Grade No. J	47.971 - 47.970 (1.8886 - 1.8886)	
	Grade No. K	47.970 - 47.969 (1.8886 - 1.8885)	
Crankshaft main journal diameter grade. "Dm"	Grade No. L	47.969 - 47.968 (1.8885 - 1.8885)	
	Grade No. M	47.968 - 47.967 (1.8885 - 1.8885)	
	Grade No. N	47.967 - 47.966 (1.8885 - 1.8884)	
	Grade No. P	47.966 - 47.965 (1.8884 - 1.8884)	
	Grade No. R	47.995 - 47.964 (1.8884 - 1.8883)	
	Grade No. S	47.994 - 47.963 (1.8883 - 1.8883)	
	Grade No. T	47.963 - 47.962 (1.8883 - 1.8883)	
	Grade No. U	47.962 - 47.961 (1.8883 - 1.8882)	
	Grade No. V	47.961 - 47.960 (1.8882 - 1.8882)	
	Grade No. W	47.960 - 47.959 (1.8882 - 1.8881)	

*: Total indicator reading

EM-223

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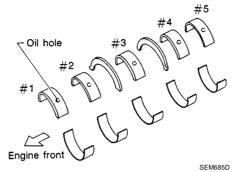
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MAIN BEARING

Unit: mm (in)

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			GENIGOSE	
Grade	e number	Thickness	Identification color	Remarks
	0	1.996 - 1.999 (0.0785 - 0.0787)	Black	
	1	1.999 - 2.002 (0.0787 - 0.0788)	Brown	
	2	2.002 - 2.005 (0.0788 - 0.0789)	Green	Grade and color are the same
	3	2.005 - 2.008 (0.0789 - 0.0790)	Yellow	for upper and lower bearings.
	4	2.008 - 2.011 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	Blue	
	5	2.011 - 2.014 (0.0791 - 0.0792)	Pink	
04	UPR	1.996 - 1.999 (0.0785 - 0.0787)	Black	
01	LWR	1.999 - 2.002 (0.0787 - 0.0788)	Brown	
12	UPR	1.999 - 2.002 (0.0787 - 0.0788)	Brown	
12	LWR	2.002 - 2.005 (0.0788 - 0.0789)	Green	Grade and color are different
22	UPR	2.002 - 2.005 (0.0788 - 0.0789)	Green	for upper and lower bearings
23	LWR	2.005 - 2.008 (0.0789 - 0.0790)	Yellow	
24	UPR	2.005 - 2.008 (0.0789 - 0.0790)	Yellow	
34	LWR	2.008 - 2.011 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	Blue	
45	UPR	2.008 - 2.011 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	Blue	
40	LWR	2.011 - 2.014 (0.0791 - 0.0792)	Pink	

Undersize

		Unit: mm (in)
Item	Thickness	Main journal diameter
US 0.25 (0.0098)	2.126 - 2.134 (0.0837 - 0.0840)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

Bearing Oil Clearance

		Unit: mm (in)
Main bearing oil clearance	Standard	0.024 - 0.034 (0.0009 - 0.0013)

CONNECTING ROD BEARING

-	Remarks	Identification color	Thickness	number	Grade	
		Black	1.501 - 1.498 (0.0591 - 0.0590)	0		
E		Brown	1.504 - 1.501 (0.0592 - 0.0591)	1		
	Grade and color are the same for upper and lower bearings.	Green	1.507 - 1.504 (0.0593 - 0.0592)	2		
		Yellow	1.510 - 1.507 (0.0594 - 0.0593)	3		
		Blue	1.513 - 1.510 (0.0596 - 0.0594)	4		
-		Black	1.501 - 1.498 (0.0591 - 0.0590)	UPR	01	
		Brown	1.504 - 1.501 (0.0592 - 0.0590)	LWR		
	Grade and color are different	Brown	1.504 - 1.501 (0.0592 - 0.0590)	UPR	12 UPR LWR	
	for upper and lower bearings.	Green	1.507 - 1.504 (0.0593 - 0.0592)	LWR		12
		Green	1.507 - 1.504 (0.0593 - 0.0592)	UPR	23	00
		Yellow	1.510 - 1.507 (0.0594 - 0.0593)	LWR		
		Yellow	1.510 - 1.507 (0.0594 - 0.0593)	UPR	34	
		Blue	1.513 - 1.510 (0.0596 - 0.0594)	LWR		

Undersize

ltem	Thickness	Crankshaft pin journal diameter
US 0.25 (0.0098)	1.623 - 1.635 (0.0639 - 0.0644)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

Bearing Oil Clearance

Connecting rod bearing oil clearance	Standard	0.029 - 0.039 (0.0011 - 0.0015)
	Limit	0.10 (0.0039)

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Unit: mm (in)

Unit: mm (in)

APPLICATION NOTICE

APPLICATION NOTICE

How to Check Vehicle Type

Confirm K9K engine type with Model written on identification plate (refer to GI-45, "IDENTIFICATION INFOR-MATION"), then refer to service information in EM section.

Vehicle type	Engine type
xTKxxxxE11xxE	50kW
xTKxxxxE11xxA	63kW

BBS005AQ

PRECAUTIONS

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[K9K] PRECAUTIONS PFP:00001 Precautions for Drain Coolant BBS002PE Drain coolant when engine is cooled. ΕM Precautions for Disconnecting Fuel Piping BBS002P Before starting work, make sure no fire or spark producing items are in the work area. Release fuel pressure before disassembly. After disconnecting pipes, plug openings to stop fuel leakage. Precautions for Removal and Disassembly BBS002PG When instructed to use special service tools, use the specified tools. Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations. Exercise maximum care to avoid damage to mating or sliding surfaces. Cover openings of engine system with tape or the equivalent, if necessary, to seal out foreign materials. Mark and arrange disassembly parts in an organized way for easy troubleshooting and re-assembly. When loosening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, start with the one furthest outside, then the one diagonally opposite, and so on. If the order of loosening is specified, do exactly as specified. Precautions for Inspection, Repair and Replacement BBS002PH Before repairing or replacing, thoroughly inspect parts. Inspect new replacement parts in the same way, and replace if necessary. Precautions for Assembly and Installation Н BBS002PI Use torque wrench to tighten bolts or nuts to specified value. When tightening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, equally tighten in several different steps starting with the ones in center, then ones on inside and outside diagonally in this order. If the order of tightening is specified, do exactly same as specified. Replace with new gasket, packing, oil seal or O-ring. Thoroughly wash, clean, and air-blow each part. Carefully check oil or coolant passages for any restriction and blockage. Avoid damaging sliding or mating surfaces. Completely remove foreign materials such as cloth lint or dust. Before assemble, spread the oil on sliding surfaces well. Release air within route when refilling after draining coolant. Before starting engine, apply fuel pressure to fuel lines with turning ignition switch ON (with engine stopped). Then make sure that there are no leaks at fuel line connections. After repairing, start engine and increase engine speed to check coolant, fuel, oil, and exhaust systems for leakage. Μ Parts Requiring Angular Tightening BBS002PJ Use an angle wrench for the final tightening of the following engine parts. Cylinder head bolts

- Lower cylinder block bolts
- Connecting rod cap bolts
- Crankshaft pulley bolt (No angle wrench is required as the bolt flange is provided with notches for angular tiahtenina)
- Do not use a torque value for final tightening.
- The torque value for these parts are for a preliminary step.
- Ensure thread and seat surfaces are clean and coated with engine oil.

Precautions For Liquid Gasket REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET

• After removing the mounting bolts and nuts, separate the mating surface using a seal cutter and remove the liquid gasket.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

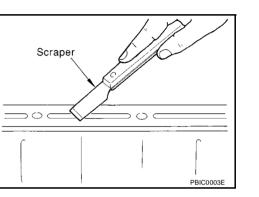
• In areas where the cutter is difficult to use, use a plastic hammer to lightly tap the liquid gasket applied area.

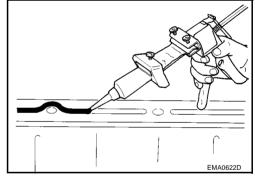
CAUTION:

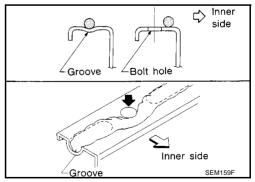
If for some unavoidable reason a tool such as a flat-bladed screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Using a scraper, remove the old liquid gasket adhering to the gasket application surface and the mating surface.
 - Remove the liquid gasket completely from the groove of the gasket application surface, mounting bolts and bolt holes.
- 2. Wipe the gasket application surface and the mating surface with white gasoline (lighting and heating use) to remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.
- 3. Attach the liquid gasket to the tube presser. **Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.**
- 4. Apply the liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.
 - If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply the gasket to the groove.







- As for the bolt holes, normally apply the gasket inside the holes. If specified, it should be applied outside the holes. Make sure to read the instruction in this manual.
- Within five minutes of gasket application, install the mating component.
- If the liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- Do not retighten after the installation.
- After 30 minutes or more have passed from the installation, fill the engine oil and coolant.

CAUTION:

If there are instructions in this manual, observe them.

 (1) Tap
 (2) Slide

 (1) Tap
 (2) Slide

BBS002PK

PRECAUTIONS

[KOK]

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Precautions for Diesel Equipment CLEANLINESS	BBS0058A
CLEANLINESS INSTRUCTIONS WHICH MUST BE FOLLOWED WHEN WORKING ON THE HIGH P SURE DIRECT INJECTION SYSTEM	RES-
Risks relating to contamination	EM
The system is very sensitive to contamination. The risks caused by the introduction of contamination are	e :
 Damage or destruction of the high pressure injection system and the engine, 	
Seizing or leaking of a component.	С
All After-Sales operations must be performed under very clean conditions. This means that no impurities ticles a few microns in size) get into the system during dismantling or into the circuits via the fuel unions. The cleanliness principle must be applied from the filter to the injectors. WHAT ARE THE SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION?	
Contamination is caused by:	
Metal or plastic chips,	E
Paint,	
• Fibres:	
– Boxes,	F
– Brushes,	
– Paper,	G
- Clothing,	G
– Cloths,	
• Foreign bodies such as hair,	Н

- Ambient air,
- Etc.

IMPORTANT: It is not possible to clean the engine using a high pressure washer because of the risk of damaging connections. In addition, moisture may collect in the connectors and create electrical connection malfunctions

INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED BEFORE ANY WORK IS CARRIED OUT ON THE INJECTION SYS-TEM

- Ensure that you have the plugs for the unions to be opened (bag of plugs sold at the Parts Stores Nissan part No.: 16830 BN700, Renault part No.: 77 01 206 804). Plugs are to be used once only. After use, they must be thrown away (once used they are soiled and cleaning is not sufficient to make them reusable). Unused plugs must be thrown away.
- Ensure that you have hermetically resealable plastic bags for storing removed parts. Stored parts will L therefore be less subject to the risk of impurities. The bags must be used only once, and after use they must be thrown away.
- Lint-free towelettes to be used for injection pump related service purpose. The use of a normal cloth or paper for cleaning purposes is forbidden. These are not lint-free and may contaminate the fuel circuit of Μ the system. Each lint-free cloth should only be used once.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED BEFORE OPENING THE FUEL CIRCUIT

- For each operation, use new thinner (used thinner contains impurities). Pour it into a clean receptacle.
- For each operation, use a clean brush which is in good condition (the brush must not shed its bristles).
- Use a brush and thinners to clean the connections to be opened.
- Blow compressed air over the cleaned parts (tools, cleaned the same way as the parts, connections and injection system zone). Check that no bristles remain adhered.
- Wash your hands before and during the operation if necessary.
- When wearing leather protective gloves, cover these with latex gloves.

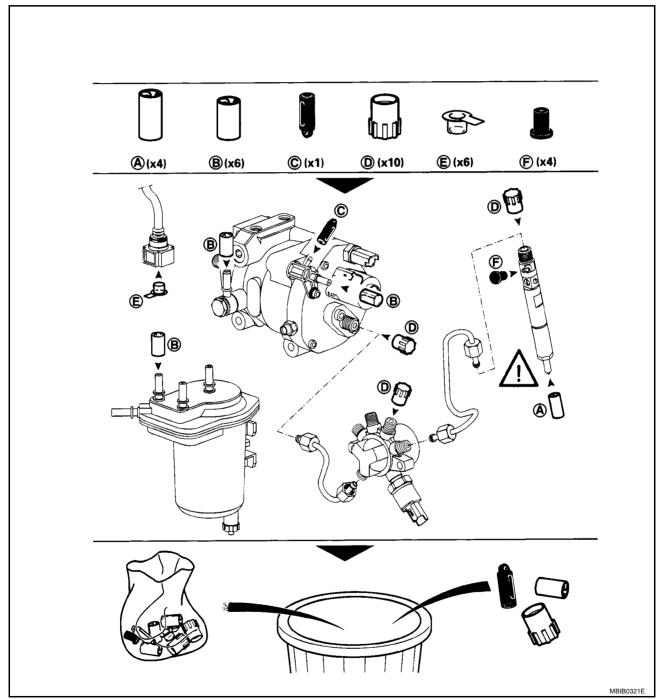
INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED DURING THE OPERATION

- As soon as the circuit is open, all openings must be plugged to prevent impurities from entering the system. The plugs to be used are available from the Parts Stores - Nissan part No.: 16830 BN700. Renault part No.: 77 01 206 804. They must not, under any circumstances, be reused.
- Close the hermetically sealed bag, even if it has to be reopened shortly afterwards. Ambient air carries contamination.

- All components of the injection system that are removed must be stored in a hermetically sealed plastic bag once the plugs have been inserted.
- The use of a brush, thinner, bellows, sponge or normal cloth is strictly forbidden once the circuit has been opened. These items are likely to allow impurities to enter the system.
- A new component replacing an old one must not be removed from its packaging until it is to be fitted to the vehicle.

Instructions for Fitting the Plugs

Nissan part number: 16830 BN700 (Renault part number: 77 01 206 804)



CAUTION:

- The engine must not run with:
- Diesel containing more than 10% diester
- Petrol, even in very small amounts.

The system can inject the diesel into the engine at a pressure of up to 140,000 kPa (1,400 bar, 1,428 kg/cm², 20,300 psi). Before carrying out any work, check that the injector rail is no longer А pressurized and that the fuel temperature is not too high. You must respect the cleaning and safety advice specified in this document for any work on the high pressure injection system. ΕM SPECIAL FEATURES **CAUTION:** The engine must not operate with: Diesel engine fuel containing more than 10% diester, Petrol, even in tiny quantities. The system can inject the diesel into the engine at a pressure up to 1400 bars. Before carrying out any work, check that the injector rail is not under pressure and that the fuel temperature is not too high. F You must respect the cleaning and safety advice specified in this document for any work on the high pressure injection system. Removal of the interior of the pump and injectors is prohibited. Only the flow actuator, the fuel E temperature sensor and the venturi can be replaced. For safety reasons, it is strictly forbidden to slacken a high pressure pipe union when the engine is running. It is not possible to remove the pressure sensor from the fuel rail because this may cause circuit contamination malfunctions. If the pressure sensor fails, the pressure sensor, the rail and the five high pressure pipes must be replaced. Н It is strictly forbidden to remove any injection pump pulley marked number 070 575. If the pump is . being replaced, the pulley must be replaced. It is forbidden to repair the wiring connecting the knock sensor (accelerometer) and the CKP sen-. sor (engine speed sensor). If the wiring should fail, it has to be replaced with new wiring. Applying 12 volts directly to any component in the system is prohibited. Ultrasonic carbon removal and cleaning are prohibited. Never start the engine without the battery being connected correctly. It is essential to replace all the disconnected air inlet plastic pipes. There is a 16 digit code on the injectors called individual injector correction. This code is specific to Κ each injector, and takes into account differences in manufacture and specifies the flow injected by each of them. When an injector is replaced, it is necessary to program the code of the new injector into the ECM. Refer to EC-1625, "Injector Adjustment Value Registration" . L **INSTRUCTIONS FOR HIGH PRESSURE PIPES CAUTION:** All the high pressure pipe removed must be systematically replaced along with the clips. Μ **TIGHTENING THE HIGH PRESSURE PIPES** NOTE: fit the pump/rail pipe before the rail/injector pipes. Rail-pump pipe Undo the rail, . Grease the threads of the high pressure pipe nuts, Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure pump outlet, Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure rail inlet. Move the nut into position by hand, on the rail side then the pump side, Tighten the rail, Tighten the high pressure pipe nuts on the rail side then on the pump side. Rail/injector pipes Undo the rail, Grease the threads of the high pressure pipe nuts, Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure injector inlet,

- Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure rail outlet,
- Move the nuts into position by hand, on the injector side then the rail side,
- Tighten the rail,
- Ensure that the new clip, supplied with the new high pressure pipe, is fitted,
- Tighten the nuts of the high pressure pipes on the injector side first and then on the fuel rail side. **NOTE:**

Before fitting a new high pressure pipe, move back the nuts on the pipe then lightly lubricate the nut threads with the oil from the sachet provided in the parts kit. CHECKING SEALING AFTER REPAIR

CAUTION:

After any operation, check that there are no diesel leaks.

- Reprime the circuit using the priming pump.
- Start the engine and allow to warm up at idle speed, visually inspecting for any fuel leaks.
- Apply tracing fluid around the high pressure connections of the pipe that has been replaced.
- Once the engine coolant temperature is above 50°C and provided there are no malfunctions present, carry out a road test, taking the engine speed up to 4000 rpm at least once to check that there are no leaks.
- Perform a visual inspection after the road test to make sure that there are no high pressure leaks.
- Clean off the tracing fluid.

REPLACING THE INJECTORS

NOTE:

Individual injector correction is a factory calibration carried out on each injector to adjust the flow of each one precisely, taking into account differences in manufacture.

The correction values are written on a label affixed to each injector then entered in the ECM which can then control each injector by taking account of their differences in manufacture.

The system can be programmed "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

The correction values (16 digit code) must be replaced after replacing an injector. Refer to <u>EC-1625, "Injector</u> <u>Adjustment Value Registration"</u>.

• Entering each injector's individual correction value, when replacing the ECM. Refer to <u>EC-1626</u>, <u>"Replacing ECM"</u>.

[K9K]

PREPARATION Special Service Tools

PFP:00002

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BBS002PR NISSAN tool number ΕM (RENAULT tool No.) Description Tool name KV113B0020 Inertia extractor Self and (Emb. 880) С Sliding hammer D MBIB0358E KV113B0030 Crankshaft bearing extractor F (Mot. 11) Crankshaft bearing remover F MBIB0359E G KV113B0040 Gauge stand used with KV113B0050 (Mot. (Mot. 251-01) 252-01) Dial gauge stand set Н MBIB0360E KV113B0050 Thrust plate for measuring the protrusion of (Mot. 252-01) cylinder liners used with KV113B0040 (Mot. Dial gauge stand set 251-01). Κ MBIB0361E KV113B0060 Flywheel immobilizing tool. (Mot. 582-01) Т **Ring gear stopper** Μ MBIB0363E KV113B0070 Engine mounting plate for engine stand (Mot. 792-03) **Engine sub-attachment** MBIB0367E KV113B0080 Tool for locking sprockets for toothed timing (Mot. 799-01) belt Camshaft pulley holder

MBIB0368E

[K9K]

NISSAN tool number (RENAULT tool No.) Tool name		Description
KV113B0090 (Mot. 1335) Valve seal remover		Tool for removing valve stem seals
KV113B0100 (Mot. 1378) Engine sub-attachment	МЫВОЗТОЕ	X and Y engine pins
KV113B0110 (Mot. 1430) TDC set pin	MBIB0371E	Set of TDC pins
KV113B0120 (Mot. 1485-01) Oil jet remover	MBIB0372E	Tool for removing the piston bottom oil jets
KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489) TDC set pin		TDC setting pin
KV113B0140 (Mot. 1492) Bearing assembling set	MBIB0373E	Tool for installing connecting rod bearing
KV113B0150 (Mot. 1492-03) Bearing assembling adapter	MBIB0375E	Adaptation kit for installing the detachable cap connecting rod bearing
KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01) Bearing insert	MBIB0376E	Tool for installing main bearing

[K9K]

Piston ring compressor	NT044	
EM03470000 ()		Installing piston assembly into cylinder bore
KV113B0240 (Rou. 15-01) Shaft protector		Internal shaft protector 16 mm (0.63 in) dia.
KV113B0230 (Mot. 1632) Camshaft seal insert		Tool for installing inlet camshaft seals
(V113B0220 Mot. 1586) Front oil seal drift set		Tool for installing crankshaft seals, timing end
	MBIB0381E	
Mot. 1585) Front oil seal drift		end
KV113B0210	MBIB0380E	Tool for installing crankshaft seals, flywheel
(Mot. 1573) Cylinder head stand		
Clip pliers (V113B0200		Cylinder head support
(V113B0190 Mot. 1567)		Pliers for exhaust gas recycling pipe clips
	МВІВ0379Е	
KV113E0010 Mot. 1566) Fuel spill tube spanner		Spanner for installing and removing high pressure pipes
	MBIB0378E	
(Mot. 1511-01) Valve seal drift		
Oil jet remover plate KV113B0180		Tool for installing valve stem seals
KV113B0170 (Mot. 1494)		Tool for removing oil jets
(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name		Description

[K9K]

NISSAN tool number (RENAULT tool No.) Tool name		Description
KV10111100		Removing oil pan
	8	
Seal cutter	ΝΤΟ46	
WS39930000		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
(—) Tube presser		
KV10112100	NT052	Tightoning holts for bearing con extinder
(—) Angle wrench		Tightening bolts for bearing cap, cylinder head, etc. in angle
emmercial Convice Teolo	NT014	
ommercial Service Tools (RENAULT tool No.)	NT014	
(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name	NT014	Description
(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name		
(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name Manual lift table caddy	NT014	Description Removing and installing engine
(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name	ZZA1210D	Description
(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name Manual lift table caddy Piston ring expander		Description Removing and installing engine Removing and installing piston ring
(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name Manual lift table caddy	ZZA1210D	Removing and installing engine

[K9K]

(RENAULT tool No.) Tool name		Description
(664000) Cylinder head test container		Tool for testing the cylinder head, including: a tray and the various kits suited for each model of cylinder head (plug, sealing plate, blanking plate).
Torx socket	MBIB0383E	Standard 1/2" (12.7 mm) square drive 8/12 /
(Mot. 1505) (Mot. 1715) Belt tension setting tool		14 female torx socket. Tool for belt tension checking with frequency
Glow plug wrench	MBIB1423E	Articulated wrench for removing and installing the glow plugs
Main bearing wrench	MBIB0387E	Wrench for removing main bearings
	ИВІВО388Е	
(Mot. 1638) Belt tension gauge	MBIB0382E	Setting drive belt tension
Engine support bar	A TON DO	Using with engine support chain A: Approx. 12.5 mm (0.492in)
Engine support chain	MBIBO961E	Using with engine support bar

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

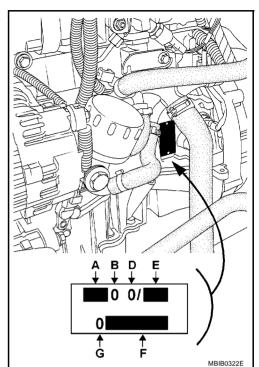
IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

Engine Identification

Identification is by means of an engraved plate on the cylinder block which carries:

- A: engine type
- B: engine type approval letter
- D: code
- E: engine suffix
- F: engine serial number
- G: engine assembly plant

Engine	Compression	Bore and stroke	Displacement
	ratio	mm (in)	cm ³ (cu in)
К9К	18.25/1	76 x 80.5 (2.992 x 3.169)	1,461 (89.15)



EM-238

[K9K]

PFP:00010

BBS002PT

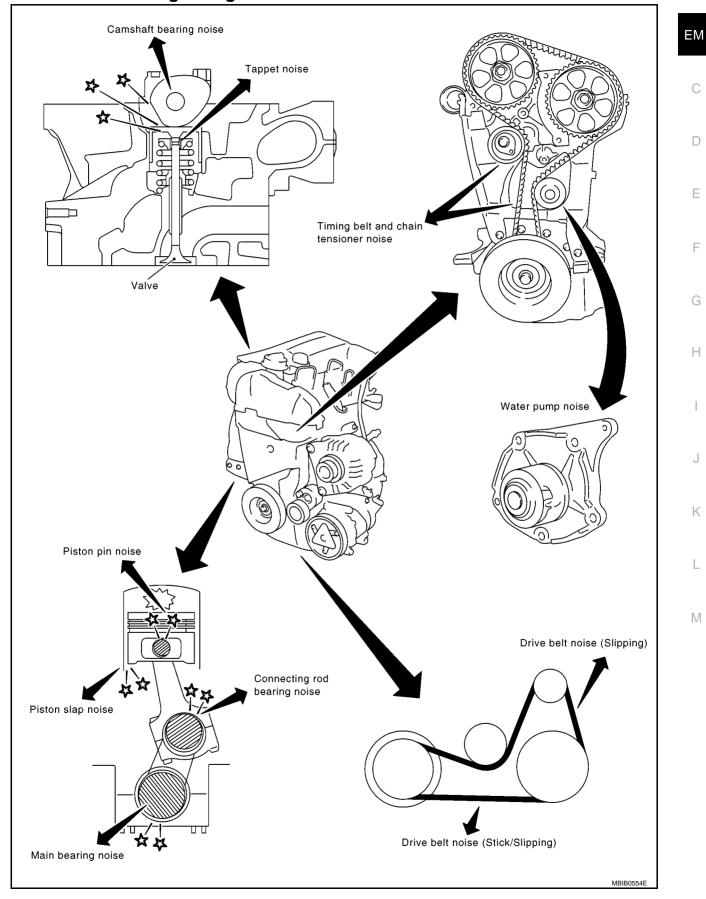
[K9K]

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NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting — Engine Noise



NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

Use the Chart Below to Help You Find the Cause of the Symptom.

[K9K]

- 1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
- 2. Confirm the type of noise.
- 3. Specify the operating condition of engine.
- 4. Check specified noise source.

If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

		Operating condition of engine								
Location of noise	Type of noise	Before warm- up	After warm- up	When start- ing	When idling	When racing	While driving	Source of noise	Check item	Refer- ence page
Top of engine Rocker cover Cylinder head	Ticking or clicking	С	A	_	A	В	_	Tappet noise	Valve clearance	<u>EM-324</u>
Crank- shaft pul- ley Cylinder block (Side of engine) Oil pan	Slap or rap	A	_		В	В	A	Piston slap noise	Piston ring end gap	<u>EM-327</u>
Front of engine Timing belt cover	Tapping or ticking	A	A	_	В	В	В	Timing belt tensioner noise	Timing belt tensioner operation	<u>EM-272</u>
Front of engine	Squeak- ing or fizz- ing	A	В	_	В	_	С	Drive belts (Sticking or slip- ping)	Drive belts deflection	<u>EM-242</u>
ongino	Squall Creak	A	В	_	В	A	В	Water pump noise	Water pump operation	<u>CO-54</u>

A: Closely related B: Related C: Sometimes related —: Not related

ENGINE ROOM COVER

ENGINE ROOM COVER

[K9K]

PFP:14049

Removal and Installation



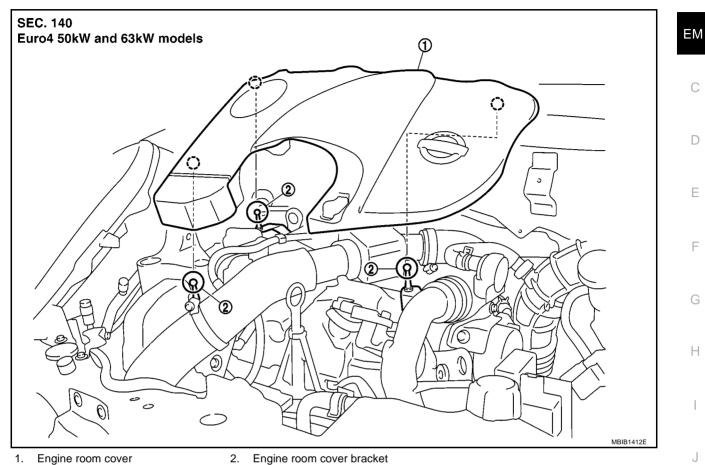
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REMOVAL

Remove engine room cover from engine room cover bracket. •

CAUTION:

Do not damage or scratch cover when installing or removing.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal. -

NOTE:

Press engine room cover until hearing the "click".

DRIVE BELTS

DRIVE BELTS

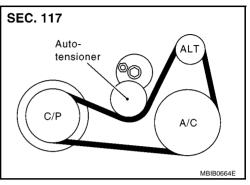
Checking Drive Belts

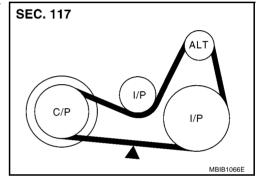
WARNING:

Be sure to perform when the engine is stopped.

- 1. Inspect belts for cracks, fraying, wear and oil. If necessary, replace.
- 2. Tighten auto-tensioner lock nut (models with A/C compressor) or idler pulley lock nut (models without A/C compressor) by hand and measure deflection or tension without looseness.

3. When measuring deflection, apply 98 N (10 kg, 22 lb) at the ▼ marked point as shown (models without A/C compressor).



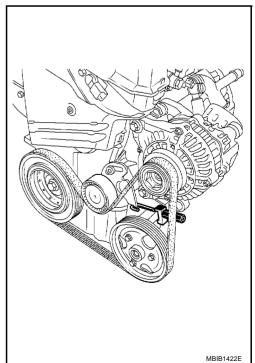


Tension Adjustment MODELS WITH A/C COMPRESSOR

Belt tensioning is not necessary, as it is automatically adjusted by auto-tensioner.

MODELS WITHOUT A/C COMPRESSOR

- Tighten the accessories belt using tool (Mot. 1638) by tightening the nut (both tension wheel mounting bolts are loosened).
- Check the belt tension using tools (Mot. 1715) and (Mot. 1505)



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BBS002PY

DRIVE BELTS

	L - 4	
Belt tightening method for adjustment	Adjusting bolt on idler pulley	А
• The tension value is 234±10 Hz.		
NOTE:		
	revolutions in order to position the belt correctly.	EM
	nediately after installation, first adjust it to the specified value. t two turns or more, re-adjust to the specified value to avoid vari- ys.	С
When installing belt, make sure the	hat it is correctly engaged with pulley groove.	
Keep oil and water away from bel	lt.	D
Do not twist or bend belt excessi	vely.	
emoval and Installation	BBS002PZ	Е
AUTION:		
Replace any belt that has been re	emoved with a new one.	
Auto-tensioner and idle pulley m	ust be replaced with a new one when the belt is replaced.	F
Do not run the engine without the	e drive belts to avoid damaging the crankshaft pulley.	
EMOVAL		
Remove engine undercover.		G
Remove RH front wheel.		
Remove right side splash cover.		Н
Remove RH head light assembly.		
Remove drive belt. Turn clockwise adjusting bolt.		Ι
		J
	MBIB0353E	Κ
 If necessary, remove auto-tensione compressor). 	er (models with A/C compressor) or idler pulley (models without A/C	L
NSTALLATION		Μ
 Install auto-tensioner mounting bolt without A/C compressor). 	t (models with A/C compressor) or idler pulley mounting bolt (models	IVI

Auto-tensioner mounting bolt (models with A/C compressor) Idler pulley mounting bolt

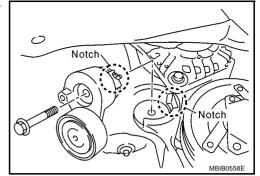
: 🖸 40 N·m (4.1 kg-m, 30 ft-lb)

(models without A/C compressor)

: 🖸 30 N·m (3.1 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)

[K9K]

• The right figure is for example of models with A/C compressor. Align the notch and tighten mounting bolt.

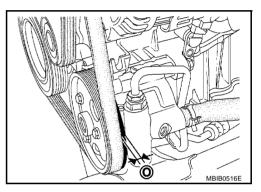


2. Install the drive belt.

CAUTION:

- Make sure belt is correctly engaged with the pulley groove.
- Check for oil and coolant on belt and each pulley groove. NOTE:

The drive belt has five teeth as opposed to the pulleys which have six. It is therefore essential to ensure that tooth (O) remains free when installing the belt.



- 3. Adjust belt tension (models without A/C compressor). Refer to EM-242, "Tension Adjustment" .
- 4. Make sure that tension of each belt is within the standard.

AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

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AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

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Removal and Installation

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6.

Air cleaner case

Air mass flow sensor

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MBIB9017E

- 1. Air duct (suction)
- 4. Air cleaner filter
- 7. O-ring
- A : To turbocharger

REMOVAL

- 1. Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 2. Disconnect battery positive cable.
- 3. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER" .

2.

5.

8.

Blow-by hose

Air duct (inlet)

Grommet

- 4. Disconnect blow-by hose.
- 5. Remove air duct (suction) mounting clip and remove air duct (suction).
- 6. Remove battery.
- 7. Remove air duct (inlet) by loosing clamp clip.
- 8. Remove air cleaner case by sliding the air cleaner case frontward.

CAUTION:

Slide the air cleaner case carefully so as not to damage it on the air cleaner case and harness bracket.

INSTALLATION

• Install in the reverse order of removal.

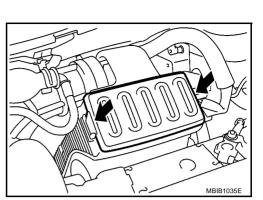
AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

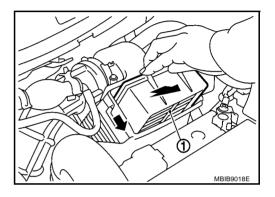
Changing Air Cleaner Filter REMOVAL

1. Open air cleaner case.

2. Remove air cleaner filter.







INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

[K9K]

BBS002Q2

CHARGE AIR COOLER

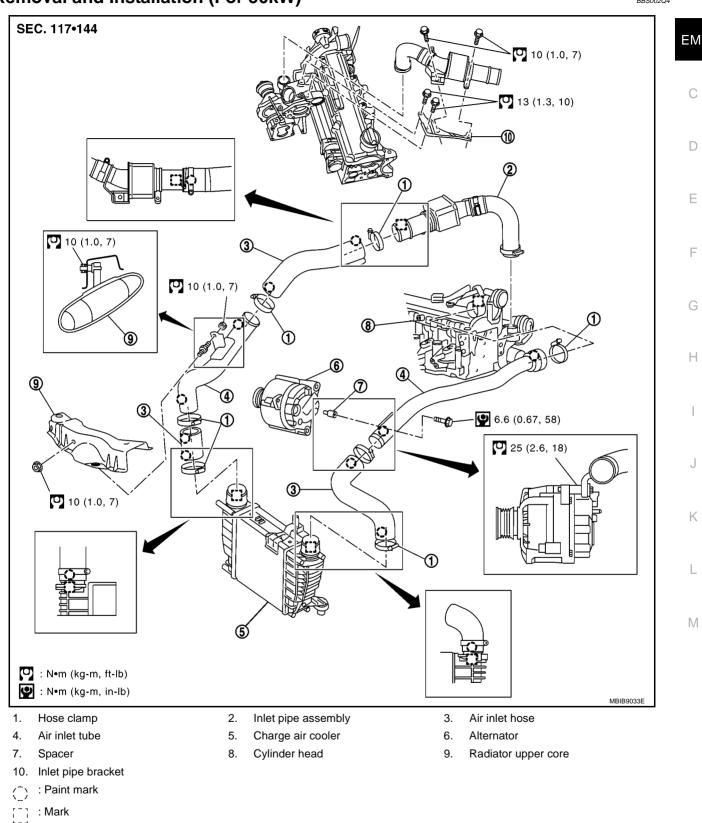
CHARGE AIR COOLER Removal and Installation (For 50kW)

[K9K]

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BBS002Q4

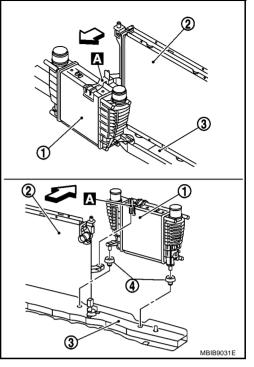
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REMOVAL

- 1. Remove air inlet hose and tube between inlet pipe assembly and charge air cooler.
- 2. Remove engine undercover.
- 3. Remove bumper undercover. Refer to EI-4, "FRONT BUMPER" .

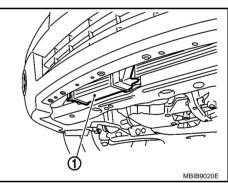
 Liberate the clamp [A] securing charge air cooler (1) to radiator (2) and pull to release charge air cooler from the radiator lower core(3).



- 5. Remove charge air cooler from underbody as shown.
- 6. Remove grommet (4) from the radiator lower core. Arrow: vehicle front direction

CAUTION:

- Avoid interference between the charge air cooler and radiator.
- When removing charge air cooler, close opening on turbo charger and intake manifold with shop cloth or other suitable material.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- 1. Check that the charge air cooler is not full of oil. In that case, clean it with cleaning agent and then let it dry.
- 2. Check air passages of charge air cooler core and fins for clogging, leaks or deformation. Clean or replace charge air cooler in necessary.
 - Be careful not to deform core fins.
 - For cleaning procedure of charge air cooler core, refer to CO-53, "Checking Radiator" .

INSTALLATION

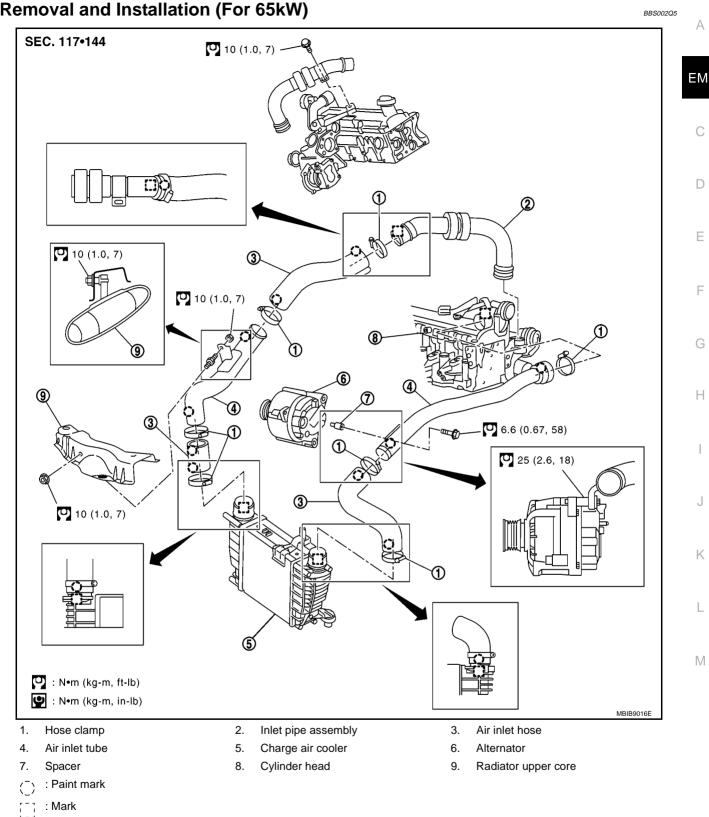
Install in the reverse order of removal paying attention to the following points:

- Apply a neutral detergent (fluid) to the joint between hoses and pipes (oil is not permissible).
- Pay attention to identification mark and direction.
- When installing air inlet hoses and tubes. Refer to <u>EM-247, "Removal and Installation (For 50kW)"</u>.

CHARGE AIR COOLER

Removal and Installation (For 65kW)

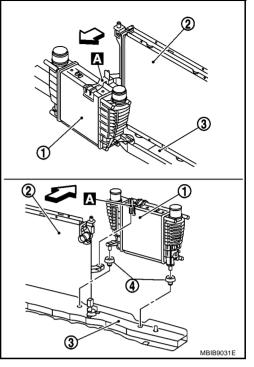




REMOVAL

- 1. Remove air inlet hose and tube between inlet pipe assembly and charge air cooler.
- 2. Remove engine undercover.
- Remove bumper undercover. Refer to EI-4, "FRONT BUMPER" . 3.

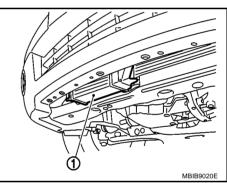
 Liberate the clamp [A] securing charge air cooler (1) to radiator (2) and pull to release charge air cooler from the radiator lower core(3).



- 5. Remove charge air cooler from underbody as shown.
- 6. Remove grommet (4) from the radiator lower core. Arrow: vehicle front direction

CAUTION:

- Avoid interference between the charge air cooler and radiator.
- When removing charge air cooler, close opening on turbo charger and intake manifold with shop cloth or other suitable material.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- 1. Check that the charge air cooler is not full of oil. In that case, clean it with cleaning agent and then let it dry.
- 2. Check air passages of charge air cooler core and fins for clogging, leaks or deformation. Clean or replace charge air cooler in necessary.
 - Be careful not to deform core fins.
 - For cleaning procedure of charge air cooler core, refer to CO-53, "Checking Radiator" .

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal paying attention to the following points:

- Apply a neutral detergent (fluid) to the joint between hoses and pipes (oil is not permissible).
- Pay attention to identification mark and direction.
- When installing air inlet hoses and tubes. Refer to <u>EM-249, "Removal and Installation (For 65kW)"</u>.

EGR UNIT

[K9K]

PFP:14710

BBS002Q7

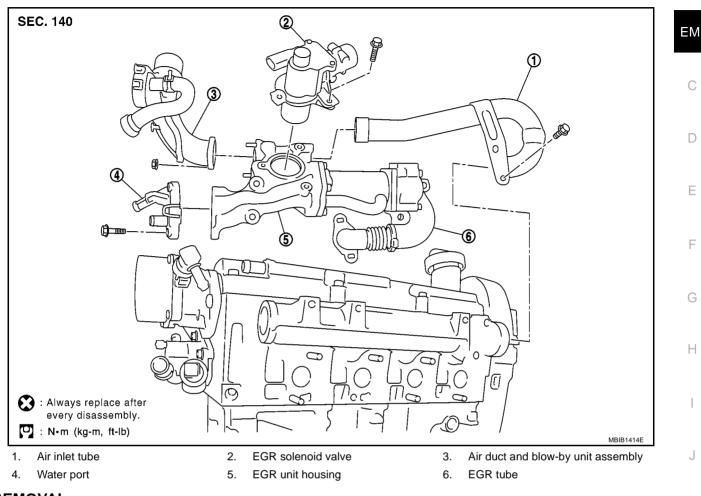
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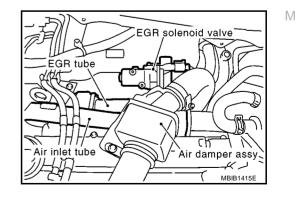
Removal and Installation

EGR UNIT

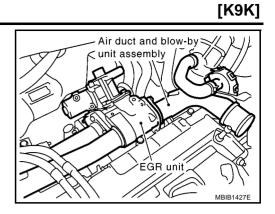


REMOVAL

- 1. Remove battery ground cable.
- 2. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER" .
- 3. Remove air cleaner case and air duct (inlet). Refer to EM-245, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- 4. Remove wiper assembly.
- 5. Remove bulk head cover.
- 6. Disconnect EGR solenoid valve connector.
- 7. Remove mounting bolts.
- 8. Drain engine coolant and water hose.
- 9. Loosen turbocharger inlet tube.
- 10. Remove front engine slinger. Refer to EM-280, "REMOVAL" .
- 11. Remove air inlet tube.



- 12. Remove air duct and blow-by unit assembly.
- 13. Remove EGR tube mounting bolts.
- 14. Remove EGR unit housing and EGR tube.



INSTALLATION

• Install in the reverse order of removal.

[K9K]

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BBS002QA

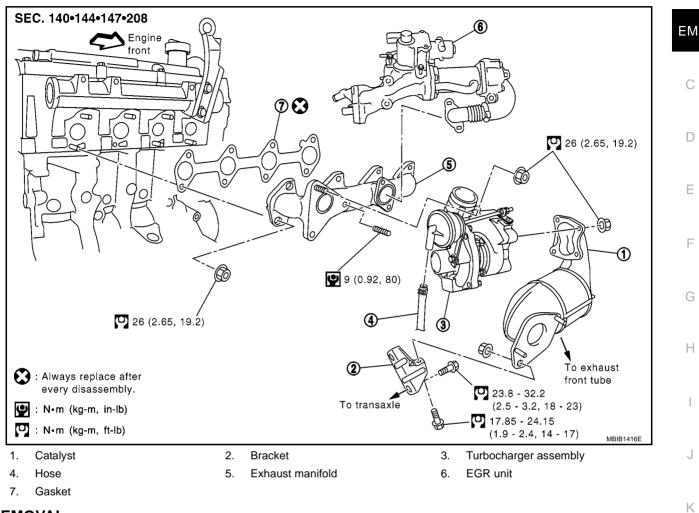
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EXHAUST MANIFOLD, TURBOCHARGER, CATALYST

Removal and Installation



REMOVAL

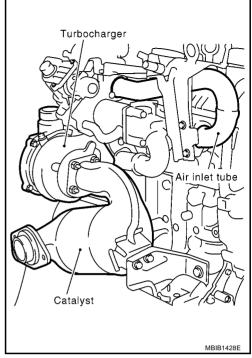
- 1. Remove battery ground cable.
- 2. Remove engine undercover.
- 3. Remove air cleaner case and air duct (inlet). Refer to EM-245, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- 4. Remove wiper assembly.
- 5. Remove bulk head cover.
- 6. Remove EGR unit assembly. Refer to EM-251, "EGR UNIT" .
- 7. Remove turbocharger assembly as follows:

- a. Remove catalyst mounting bolts and brackets.
- b. Remove exhaust front tube. Refer to EX-3, "Removal and Installation".

CAUTION:

Temporarily fix on vehicle side with rope or so to avoid putting stress on exhaust center tube.

c. Remove catalyst.



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MBIB1417E

- 8. Each wiring and piping (disconnect/move).
- 9. Loosen exhaust manifold mounting nuts in the reverse order as shown.

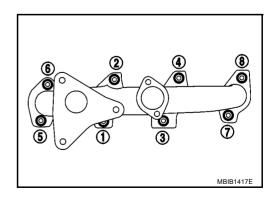
10. Rotate the exhaust manifold and turbocharger assembly so that the rear side (EGR tube mounting side) faces upward. And then pull out the assembly from between the engine and the air conditioning piping.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to deform each turbocharger piping when pulling out the assembly.

INSTALLATION

1. Tighten the mounting nuts in numerical order as shown.



2. Install in reverse order of removal after this step.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Start engine and raise engine speed to check no exhaust emission leaks.

EM-254

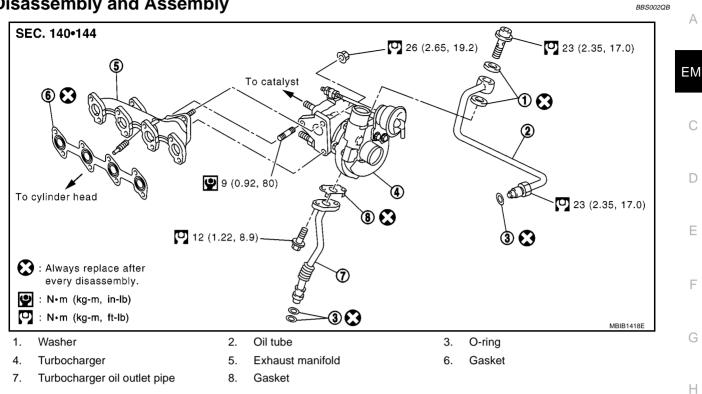
EXHAUST MANIFOLD, TURBOCHARGER, CATALYST

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Disassembly and Assembly



DISASSEMBLY

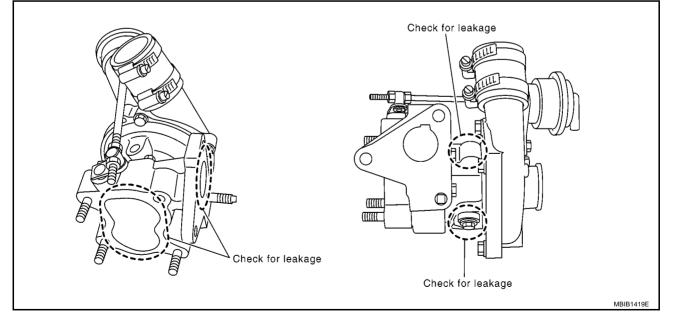
After applying penetrative lubricant to the mounting nuts, check for the penetration of the lubricant, and then loosen the nuts to remove.

CAUTION:

Do not disassemble or adjust the turbocharger body.

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Turbocharger



CAUTION:

When the compressor wheel turbine wheel or rotor shaft is damaged, remove all the fragments and foreign matter left in the following passages in order to prevent a secondary failure:

Suction side : Between turbocharger and air cleaner : Between turbocharger and catalyst Exhaust side

EM-255

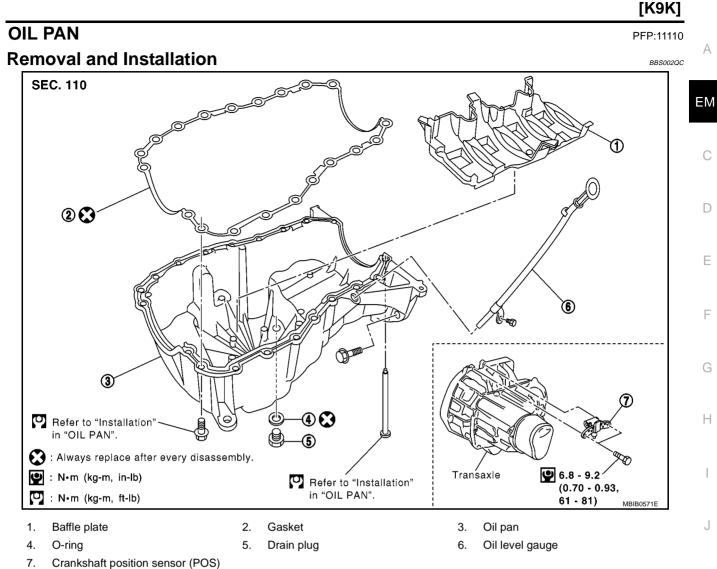
ASSEMBLY

• Install in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:

Apply LOCTITE FRENETANCH or equivalent to the threads of the turbocharger oil inlet pipe union to the cylinder head.

OIL PAN

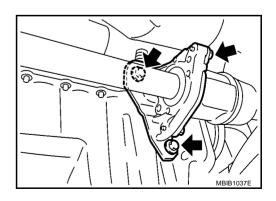


CAUTION:

To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain the engine oil when the engine is hot.

REMOVAL

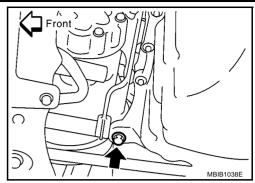
- 1. Remove engine undercover.
- 2. Remove RH front wheel.
- 3. Remove right side splash cover.
- 4. Remove center bearing bracket as shown.



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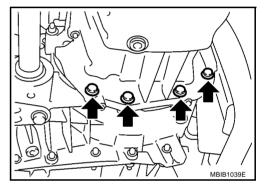


[K9K]

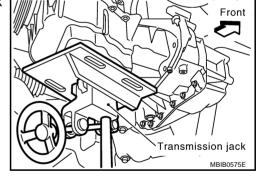
- 6. Remove bolts (3) from the catalyst bracket. Refer to EM-253, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD, TURBO-CHARGER, CATALYST".
- 7. Remove oil level gauge guide.

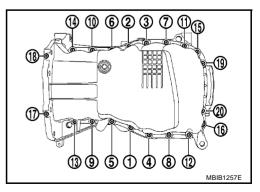
5.

- 8. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-24, "Changing Engine Oil" . **CAUTION:** Perform when engine is cold.
- 9. Remove oil pan and transaxle joint bolts.



10. Support the engine bottom of the oil pan with a transmission jack etc.



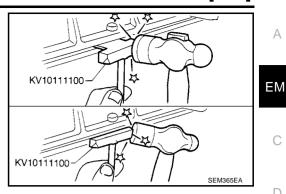


11. Remove oil pan bolt reverse order as shown.

- OIL PAN
- Insert seal cutter (special service tool) between upper oil pan and cylinder block. Slide tool by tapping on the side of the tool with a hammer.

CAUTION:

Exercise care not to damage mating surface.



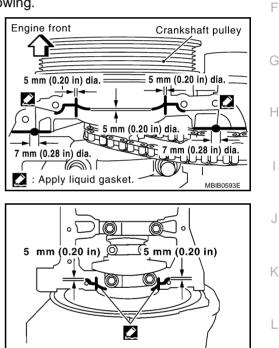
12. Remove oil pan and baffle plate.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Clean oil pump assembly if any object attached.

INSTALLATION

- Install in the reverse order of removal paying attention to the following.
- 1. Apply liquid gasket as shown.
 - Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.



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MBIB1257E

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🜊 : Apply liquid gasket.

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- 2. Install baffle plate.
- 3. Install oil pan bolts in numerical order as shown.
 - Tighten the bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure to a torque of 8 N·m (0.8 kg-m, 71 in-lb).
 - Tighten the mounting bolts of oil pan on the clutch housing without locking.
 - Tighten the bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure to a torque of 15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb).
 - Tighten the mounting bolts of oil pan on the clutch housing to a torque of 44 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 32 ft-lb).
- 4. At least 30 minutes after oil pan is installed, pour engine oil.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Inspection the engine oil level. Refer to <u>LU-23, "ENGINE OIL"</u>.
- Start the engine, and make sure there is no leak of engine oil. Refer to <u>LU-23, "ENGINE OIL"</u>.

EM-259

[K9K]

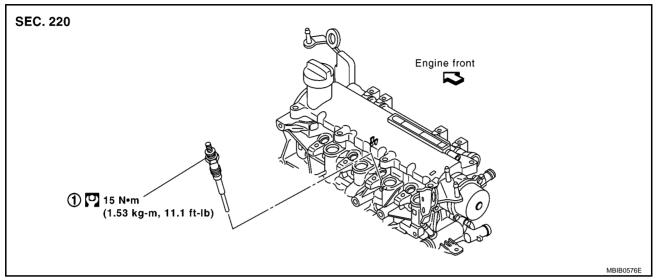
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GLOW PLUG

GLOW PLUG Removal and Installation

PFP:22401





1. Glow plug

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

Remove glow plug only if necessary. If carbon adheres, it may be stuck and broken.

- 1. Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 2. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER" .
- 3. Disconnect harness connector from glow plug.
- 4. Remove glow plug.

CAUTION:

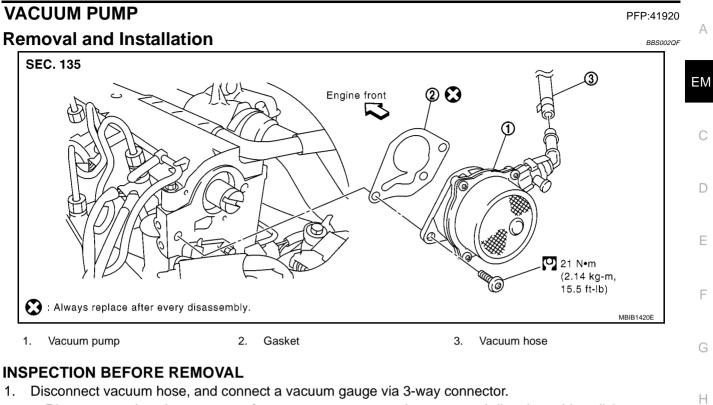
- When removing or installing, do not use such tools as an air impact wrench.
- Handle it carefully without giving any impact, even after removal. [As a guide, if it drops from height of 10 cm (3.94 in) or higher, always replace it.]

INSTALLATION

- 1. Remove adhered carbon from glow plug installation hole with a reamer.
- 2. Install glow plug.
- 3. Install remaining parts in reverse order of removal.

VACUUM PUMP





- Disconnect point where vacuum from vacuum pump can be measured directly and install 3-way connector.
- 2. Start engine and measure generated vacuum at idle speed.

Ζ.	Start engine and measure generated vacuum at idle speed.		
	Standard	: – 86.6 to – 101.3 kPa (– 866 to – 1,013 mbar, – 650 to – 760 mmHg, – 25.59 to – 29.92 inHg)	
RE	MOVAL		J
1.	Remove engine	room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER".	
2.	. Remove battery.		
3.	Remove air duc	t (suction). Refer to <u>EM-245, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"</u> .	K
4.	Remove EGR in	let tube. Refer to <u>EM-251, "EGR UNIT"</u> .	
5.	Disconnect vacuum hose from vacuum pump side.		L
6.	Remove vacuun	n pump.	
INS	TALLATION		M
•	Install in the reverse order of removal.		

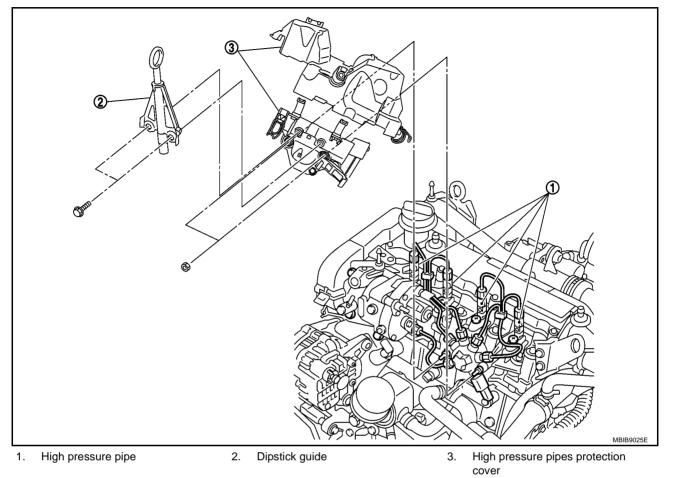
HIGH PRESSURE PIPES

HIGH PRESSURE PIPES



BBS0058E

Removal and Installation



REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- Be sure to read "Precautions for Diesel Equipment". Refer to <u>EM-229</u>, "<u>Precautions for Diesel</u> <u>Equipment</u>".
- Wait until the fuel temperature drops before carrying out any work.
- Order the special high pressure injection circuit plug kit.

NOTE:

It is possible to replace a single high pressure pipe.

- 1. Disconnect the battery.
- 2. Remove charge air cooler hose and pipes. Refer to <u>EM-247, "Removal and Installation (For 50kW)"</u> and <u>EM-249, "Removal and Installation (For 65kW)"</u>.
- 3. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER" .
- 4. Remove the dipstick guide and plug the hole.
- 5. Remove high pressure pipes protection cover.
- 6. Remove the neck located on the fuel rail,
- 7. Remove the clips connecting the high pressure pipes.

HIGH PRESSURE PIPES

8. Undo the mounting nut of the rail a few turns.

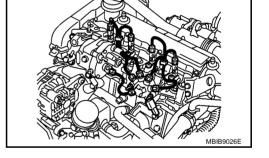
CAUTION:

- When undoing the high pressure pipes, it is essential to maintain the central union of the injector (2).
- Do not damage the injector's leak return duct (1).

NOTE:

Undo the nut on the pump side or the injector side, then the nut located on the rail side. Undo the nuts for each pipe in turn. Move the nut along the pipe keeping the olive in contact with the taper.

- 9. Remove all the high pressure pipes.
- 10. Plug all the holes in the injection circuit.
- 11. Remove the rail.



INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

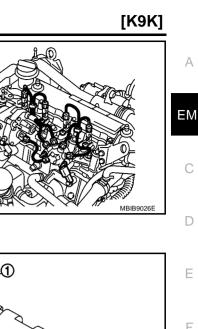
All the high pressure pipes removed must be systematically replaced.

- 1. Finger tightens the nuts.
- 2. Before fitting the new high pressure pipes, lightly lubricate the nut threads with the oil from the sachet provided in the new parts kit.

NOTE:

Fit the pump/rail pipe before the rail/injector pipes.

- 3. Fit the pump-rail high pressure pipe as follow:
 - Remove the protective plugs from the high pressure pump outlet, the high pressure rail inlet and the pipe.
 - Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure pump outlet,
 - Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure rail inlet.
 - Finger tighten the nuts of the high pressure pipe starting with the one located on the rail side.
- 4. Fit the rail-injector high pressure pipe as follow:



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CAUTION:

When tightening the high pressure pipes, it is essential to maintain the central union of the injector (2).

- Remove the protective plugs from the high pressure rail outlet, the injector high pressure inlet and the pipe.
- Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure injector inlet,
- Insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure rail outlet.
- Finger tighten the nuts of the high pressure pipe starting with the one located on the injector side.
- 5. Fit the remaining high pressure pipes as you did previously. **NOTE:**

The order in which the pipes are installed is not important.

- 6. Fit a new clips supplied with the new pipes onto the high pressure pipes:
 - Insert the first half of the clip using adjustable pliers
 - Insert the second half of the clip using adjustable pliers.

CAUTION:

Pay attention to the direction of installation of the second clip. The tabs located in the centre of the clip will only fit together in one position.

7. Tighten the rail nuts to the torque.

28 N·m (2.9 kg-m, 21 ft-lb)

CAUTION:

- Do not touch the pipes with the wrench when torque tightening.
- Follow the order and tightening torque of the high pressure pipes.
- 8. Using the recommended tools, tighten the nuts on the rail pump high pressure pipe:
 - Tighten the nut on the rail side to the torque

🕑: 38 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 28 ft-lb)

• Tighten the nut on the pump side to a torque of

^O: 38 N⋅m (3.9 kg-m, 28 ft-lb)

9. Using the recommended tools, tighten the nuts on the rail - injector high pressure pipes:

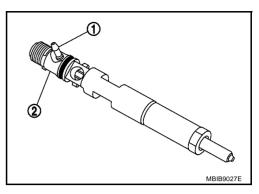
Tool number: KV113E0010 (Mot.1566)

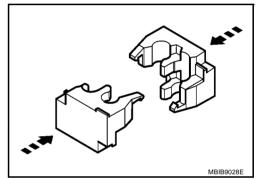
• Tighten the nut on the injector side to a torque of

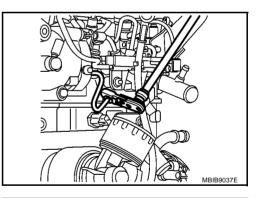
^O: 38 N⋅m (3.9 kg-m, 28 ft-lb)

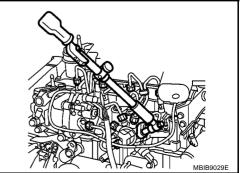
• T tighten the nut on the rail side to a torque of

2: 38 N·m (3.9 kg-m, 28 ft-lb)









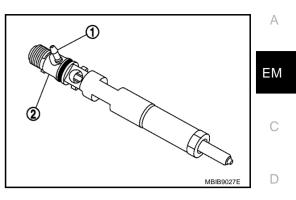
HIGH PRESSURE PIPES

CAUTION:

- When undoing the high pressure pipes, it is essential to maintain the central union of the injector (2).
- Do not damage the injector's leak return duct (1). NOTE:

Tighten one pipe fully before moving on to the next pipe.

- 10. Tighten the rail nut to the torque. Refer to <u>EM-267, "INJECTOR</u> <u>RAIL"</u>.
- 11. Refit in the reverse order to removal for the other refitting operations.
- 12. Test the sealing of the high pressure after it has been repaired (refer to <u>EM-231, "SPECIAL FEATURES"</u>).



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FUEL INJECTOR

FUEL INJECTOR

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

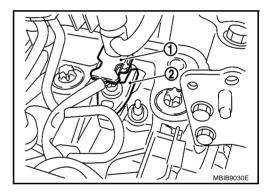
CAUTION:

- Be sure to read "Precautions for Diesel Equipment". Refer to <u>EM-229</u>, "<u>Precautions for Diesel</u> <u>Equipment</u>".
- Wait until the fuel temperature drops before carrying out any work.
- Order the special high pressure injection circuit plug kit.
- It is forbidden to open an injector. If you open an injector by mistake, you will have to change it. This is because of the manufacturing and installation tolerances and because there is a risk of contaminating the inside of the injector.
- The rod filter of the injector must not be removed.

NOTE:

It is possible to replace a single high pressure pipe.

- 1. Disconnect fuel return pipe. Refer to EM-268, "HIGH PRESSURE PUMP" .
- 2. Remove high pressure pipe of the injector. Refer to EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE PIPES" .
- 3. Disconnect the diesel return pipe on the injector.
- 4. Plug all the holes of the injection circuit.
- 5. Disconnect the injector electrical connector (1).
- 6. Unscrew the injector bracket (2).
- 7. Remove the injector.
- 8. Pull off the flame shield washer.



INSTALLATION

NOTE:

Read the 16 digit code on the new injector before refitting it and programming the code into he ECM using the CONSULT-II (see section "Special features, Replacing injectors"). The codes unique to each injector, it specifies the flow.

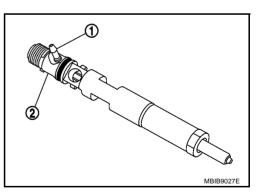
CAUTION:

All the high pressure pipes removed must be systematically replaced.

- 1. Clean the injector sockets and the injector bodies, as well as their brackets using a lint-free cloth (use the wipes recommended for this purpose, dipped in clean solvent.
- 2. Dry off using a different new wipe.
- 3. Replace the flame shield washer with a new one.
- 4. Position the injector.
- 5. Tighten its mounting clamp to the torque.

^O: 28 N·m (2.9 kg-m, 21 ft-lb)

6. Reinstall high pressures pipes. Refer to EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE PIPES" .



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INJECTOR RAIL

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	[K9K]	
IN	JECTOR RAIL PFP:00018	
	emoval and Installation BBS0058C	A
CA •	UTION: Be sure to read "Precautions for Diesel Equipment". Refer to <u>EM-229, "Precautions for Diesel</u> Equipment".	EM
•	Wait until the fuel temperature drops before carrying out any work.	
•	Order the special high pressure injection circuit plug kit.	С
1.	Disconnect the battery.	
2.	Remove charge air cooler hose and pipes. Refer to <u>EM-247, "Removal and Installation (For 50kW)"</u> and <u>EM-249, "Removal and Installation (For 65kW)"</u> .	D
3.	Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER".	
4.	Remove the neck located on the fuel rail.	E
5.	Remove the dipstick guide and plug the hole.	
6.	Remove fuel pipes cover. Refer to EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE PIPES".	
7.	Disconnect the pressure sensor connector from the rail.	F
8.	Remove all high pressure pipes connecting injectors to the rail. Refer to EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE PIPES".	
9.	Remove all high pressure pipes connecting high pressure pump to the rail. Refer to EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE PIPES".	G
10.	Plug all the holes of the injection circuit.	
11.	Remove injector rail mounting nuts and remove the injector rail.	Η
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INSTALLATION

- 1. Refit in the reverse order to removal for the other refitting operations.
- 2. Test the sealing of the high pressure after it has been repaired (refer to EM-231, "SPECIAL FEATURES").
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EM-267

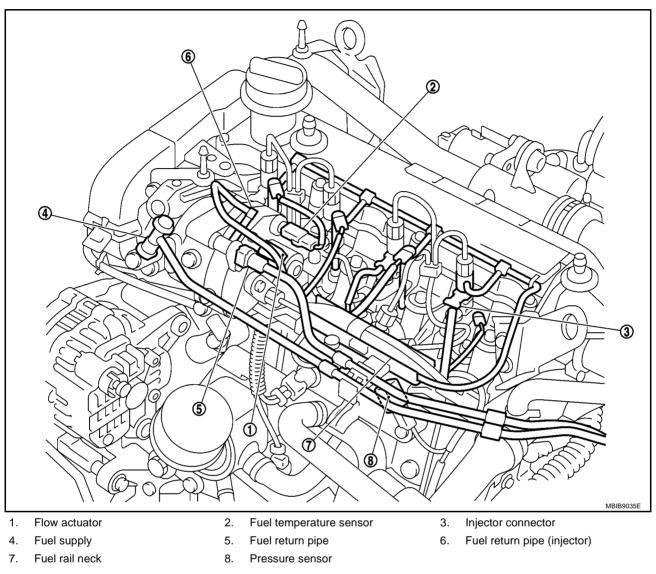
HIGH PRESSURE PUMP

HIGH PRESSURE PUMP Removal and Installation

PFP:17082

[K9K]

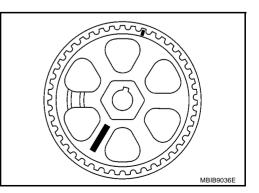
BBS0058D



REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- Be sure to read "Precautions for Diesel Equipment". Refer to <u>EM-229</u>, "<u>Precautions for Diesel</u> <u>Equipment</u>".
- Wait until the fuel temperature drops before carrying out any work.
- Order the special high pressure injection circuit plug kit.
- It is strictly forbidden to remove any injection pump pulley marked number 070 575 (see diagram). If the pump is being replaced, the pulley must be replaced.
- 1. Disconnect the battery.
- 2. Remove charge air cooler hose and pipes. Refer to <u>EM-247</u>, <u>"Removal and Installation (For 50kW)"</u> and <u>EM-249</u>, <u>"Removal and Installation (For 65kW)"</u>.
- 3. Remove engine cover. Refer to <u>EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM</u> <u>COVER"</u>.
- 4. Remove the timing belt. Refer to EM-272, "TIMING BELT".
- 5. Remove the neck located on the fuel rail,
- 6. Remove the dipstick guide and plug the hole.



HIGH PRESSURE PUMP

	[K9K]	
7.	Remove fuel pipes cover. Refer to EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE PIPES".	
8.	Carefully disconnect:	А
	 The connectors from the flow actuator, 	
	 The connectors from the fuel temperature sensor, 	EM
	The injector connectors,	
	 The pre-heater (glow) 	
	 On the pump, the fuel supply and return pipes. 	С
	 The return pipe connecting the injectors with the pump. 	
9.	Remove the high pressure pipe connecting the pump to the rail. Refer to <u>EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE</u> <u>PIPES"</u> .	D
10.	Plug all the holes of the injection circuit.	
11.	Remove the three mounting bolts from the injection pump then remove it.	
INS	STALLATION	E
1.	Fit the pump then position the mounting bolts without tightening them.	
2.	Before fitting the new high pressure pipe, lightly lubricate the nut threads with the oil from the sachet pro- vided in the new parts kit.	F
3.	Refit the high pressure pipe, to do this:	
	 remove the protective plugs, 	0
	 insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure pump outlet, 	G
	 insert the high pressure pipe olive into the taper of the high pressure rail inlet. 	
4.	Finger tighten the nuts of the high pressure pipe starting with the one located on the rail side.	Н
5.	Tighten the mounting bolts on the high pressure pump to the torque.	
	◯ <mark>:</mark> 21 N·m (2.1 kg-m, 15 ft-lb)	I
6.	Tighten the high pressure pipes to the torque. Refer to <u>EM-262, "HIGH PRESSURE PIPES"</u> .	
7.	Refit in the reverse order to removal for the other refitting operations.	
8.	Test the sealing of the high pressure after it has been repaired (refer to EM-231, "SPECIAL FEATURES").	J
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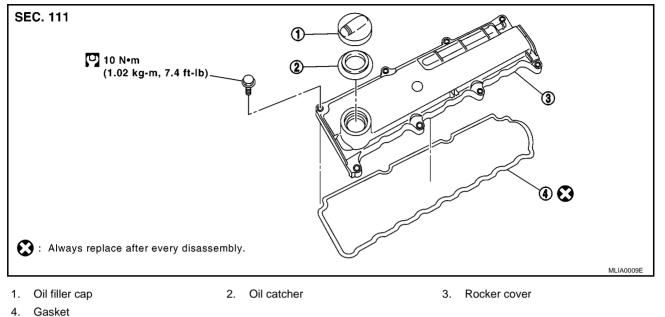
ROCKER COVER

ROCKER COVER

[K9K] PFP:13264

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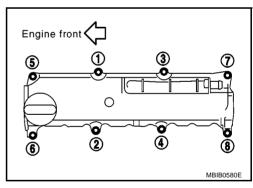
Removal and Installation



REMOVAL

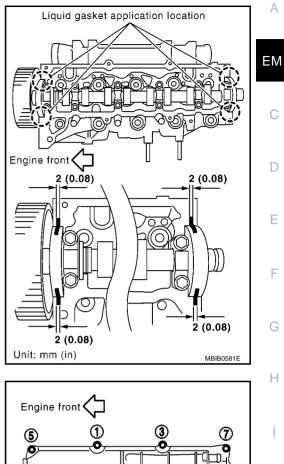
1. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER" .

- 2. Remove air duct (suction). Refer to EM-245, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- 3. Remove inlet pipe assembly and air inlet hose, and inlet pipe bracket. Refer to <u>EM-247, "Removal and Installation (For 50kW)"</u> or <u>EM-249, "Removal and Installation (For 65kW)"</u>.
- 4. Remove rear engine slinger.
- 5. Unclip timing belt upper cover.
- 6. Remove rocker cover.
 - Loosen holding bolts in the reverse order as shown in the figure and remove.



INSTALLATION

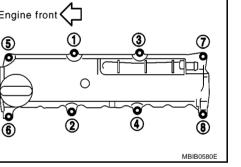
- 1. Apply liquid gasket on locations shown in the figure.
 - Use Genuine Liquid gasket or equivalent.



2. Tighten holding bolts in the numerical order as shown in the figure.

O: 10 N·m (1.02 kg-m, 7.4 ft-lb)

Install in the reverse order of removal after this steps. 3.



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TIMING BELT

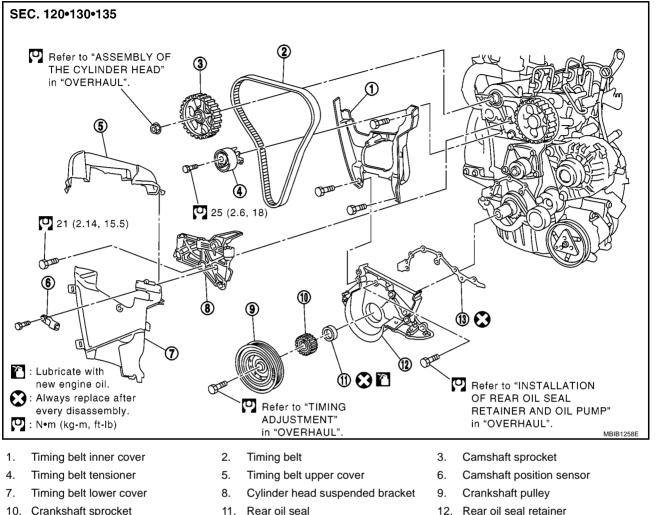
TIMING BELT

Removal and Installation

PFP:13028

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- 10. Crankshaft sprocket
- 13. Gasket

CAUTION:

- Apply new engine oil to parts marked in illustration before installation.
- Replace any belt that has been removed.
- Never turn the engine in the direction opposite to that of normal operation.
- When replacing the timing belt, be sure to replace the timing belt tensioner.
- Do not run the engine without the drive belts to avoid damaging the crankshaft pulley.

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the following parts.
 - Battery ground cable
 - Undercover
 - RH front wheel
 - RH head light assembly
- 2. Remove right side splash cover.
- 3. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER".
- Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-242, "DRIVE BELTS" . 4.
- Install engine slingers. Refer to EM-280, "REMOVAL" . 5.

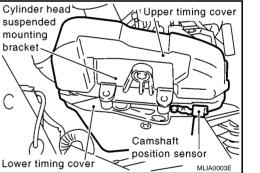
EM-272

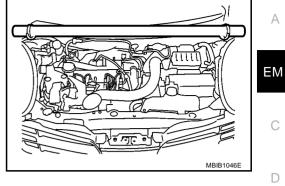
6. Set the engine support bar (commercial service tool) or suitable tool, and secure the engine in position.

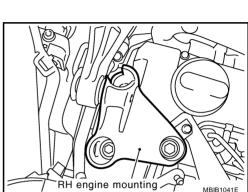
- 7. Remove RH engine torque rod.
- 8. Remove RH engine mounting.

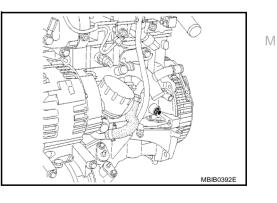
- 9. Remove RH engine mounting support bracket, RH engine mounting insulator and reservoir tank.
- 10. Remove upper timing cover, camshaft position sensor and cylinder head suspended mounting bracket.

- 11. Remove timing belt lower cover.
- 12. Remove the TDC pin bolt.









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- 13. Rotate the crankshaft clockwise, until the position (A) of the came shaft pulley becomes opposite of the position (B) on the B A MBIB0393E KV113 B0130 (Mot. 1489) MBIB0394E KV113 B0130 (Mot. 1489) MBIB0395E RUK KV113 B0110 (Mot. 1430) MBIB0396E MB180591
- 14. Screw in the TDC pin (special service tool).

cylinder head.

15. Turn the engine clockwise (timing side) until the crankshaft touches the TDC pin (special service tool).

16. The pin (special service tool) must engage in the camshaft pulley and cylinder head holes.

17. Remove crankshaft pulley: **CAUTION:**

Do not remove fixing bolts. Keep loosened fixing bolts in place to protect removed crankshaft pulley from dropping.

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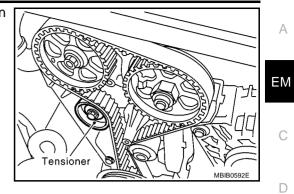
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18. Slacken the timing belt by loosening the bolt of tensioner, then remove timing belt.



INSTALLATION

• Install in the reverse order of removal paying attention to the following.

Timing Belt

Refer to EM-316, "TIMING ADJUSTMENT" .

CYLINDER HEAD

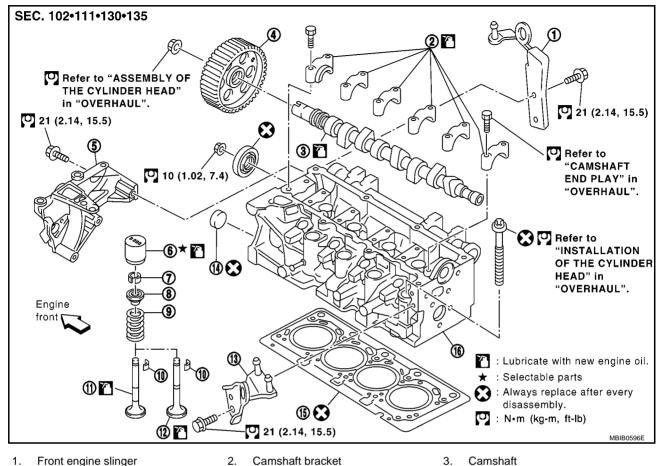
CYLINDER HEAD

[K9K]

Removal and Installation







Cylinder head suspended bracket

Valve spring retainer

11. Exhaust valve

6.

9.

Shim

12. Intake valve

Valve spring

15. Cylinder head gasket

- Front engine slinger 1.
- 4. Camshaft sprocket
- 7. Valve rotator
- 10. Valve cotter
- 13. Rear engine slinger
- 16. Cylinder head

CAUTION:

Apply new engine oil to parts marked in illustration before installation.

5.

8.

14. Cap

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the following parts.
 - Battery ground cable
 - Undercover
 - RH front wheel
 - RH head light assembly
- 2. Remove right side splash cover.
- Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER". 3.
- Drain engine coolant. Refer to CO-49, "DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT" . 4. CAUTION:

Perform when engine is cold.

- 5. Remove air cleaner case and air duct (suction). Refer to EM-245, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".
- Remove radiator upper hose. Refer to CO-51, "RADIATOR". 6.
- 7. Disconnect fuel feed tube and return tube from fuel injection pump. Refer to EM-268, "HIGH PRESSURE PUMP".
- 8. Remove oil level gauge guide.

EM-276

CYLINDER HEAD

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- 11. Remove turbocharger assembly. Refer to EM-253, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD, TURBOCHARGER, CATA-ΕM
- 12. Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-242, "DRIVE BELTS" .

Remove harnesses and connectors.

- 13. Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-270. "ROCKER COVER".
- 14. Support underneath of engine by setting a manual lift table caddy (commercial service tool) or equivalent tool.

CAUTION:

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10. Remove heater hoses.

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Put a piece of wood or something similar as supporting surface, secure a completely stable condition.

- 15. Remove timing belt. Refer to EM-272, "TIMING BELT" .
- 16. Remove engine support bar.

CAUTION:

During the removal operation, always be careful to prevent engine moves downward from the vehicle.

- 17. Remove cylinder head bolt in the reverse order as shown.
- 5 Æ g 3 2 6 ി MBIB0323

18. Remove cylinder head assembly.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal paying attention to the following.

Cylinder Head Bolts

NOTE:

Use a syringe to remove any oil which may have entered the cylinder head mounting bolt holes to achieve correct tightening of the bolts.

CAUTION:

All bolts must always be changed after removal. Do not oil the new bolts.

Tighten all the bolts in the numerical order as shown.

^(U): 25 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 18 ft-lb)

Check that all the bolts are correctly tightened to 25 N·m (2.6 kgm, 18 ft-lb), then angle tightening of 245 to 265 degrees.

CAUTION:

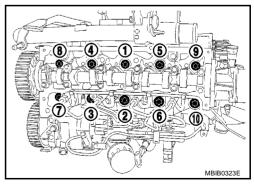
- Use an angle wrench (special service tool) to check tightening angle.
- Do not retighten the cylinder head bolts after preforming this procedure.

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

Refer to EM-288. "DISASSEMBLY OF THE CYLINDER HEAD".

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Refer to EM-291, "Inspection".



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EM-277

- Refer to <u>EM-292, "Valve Clearance"</u>.
- Refer to EM-321, "Cylinder Head" .

ASSEMBLY

• Refer to EM-301, "Assembly".

ENGINE ASSEMBLY

[K9K]

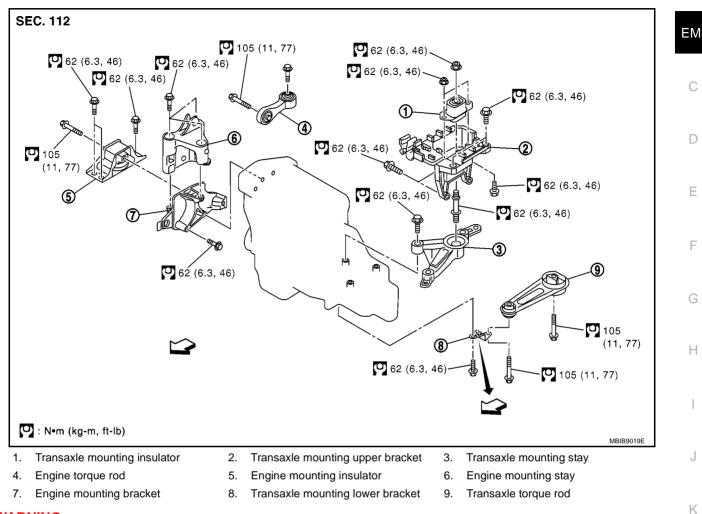
ENGINE ASSEMBLY





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Removal and Installation



WARNING:

- Situate vehicle on a flat and solid surface.
- Place chocks at front and back of rear wheels.
- For engines not equipped with engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATALOG.

CAUTION:

- Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Do not start working until exhaust system and coolant are cool enough.
- If items or work required are not covered by the engine main body section, refer to the applicable sections.
- Always use the support point specified for lifting.
- Use either 2-pole lift type or separate type lift as best you can. If board-on type is used for unavoidable reasons, support at the rear axle jacking point with transmission jack or similar tool before starting work, in preparation for the backward shift of center of gravity.
- For supporting points for lifting and jacking point at rear axle, refer to GI-40, "LIFTING POINT".

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REMOVAL

Description of work

Remove engine and transaxle assembly from vehicle down ward. Separate engine and transaxle. **Preparation**

- 1. Remove the following parts.
 - Battery ground cable
 - Undercover
 - Right side splash cover
 - LH/RH front wheel
 - RH head light assembly

Engine room

2. Drain engine coolant. Refer to LU-24, "Changing Engine Oil" .

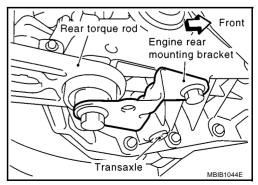
CAUTION:

Perform when engine is cold.

- 3. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-241, "ENGINE ROOM COVER" .
- 4. Remove air cleaner case and air duct (suction). Refer to EM-245, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- 5. Remove radiator upper hose. Refer to CO-51, "RADIATOR" .
- 6. Remove reservoir tank and hoses. Refer to CO-51, "RADIATOR" .
- 7. Remove fuel feed and return tubes. Refer to EM-268, "HIGH PRESSURE PUMP" .
- 8. Remove vacuum hose. Refer to EM-261, "VACUUM PUMP".
- 9. Remove turbocharger air duct. Refer to <u>EM-253, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD, TURBOCHARGER, CATA-LYST"</u>.
- 10. Disconnect heater hoses.
- 11. Disconnect engine room harness from the engine side and set it aside for easier work.
- 12. Disconnect transaxle side harness and clutch hose.
- 13. Disconnect drain hose transaxle side.
- 14. Disconnect shift cable and select cable. Refer to MT-12, "CONTROL LINKAGE" .
- 15. Loosen wire bracket.
- 16. Disconnect all the body-side vacuum hoses and air hoses at engine side.
- 17. Disconnect fuel feed and return hoses, and plug it to prevent fuel from draining.

Vehicle underbody

- 18. Remove drive shaft lock pin and lock nut. Refer to FAX-10, "FRONT DRIVE SHAFT" .
- 19. Remove ABS sensor from brake caliper.
- 20. Remove strut lower bolts.
- 21. Remove drive shaft assembly RH and LH.
- 22. Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-242, "DRIVE BELTS" .
- 23. Remove A/C compressor with piping connected from engine (with A/C compressor models). Temporarily secure it on body with a rope to avoid putting load on it.
- 24. Remove exhaust front tube. Refer to EX-3, "Removal and Installation" .
- 25. Remove engine rear mounting bracket.



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26. Install engine slingers (1) into front right of cylinder head and engine slinger (2) into rear left of cylinder head.

Slinger bolts:

O: 21 N·m (2.14 kg-m, 15.5 ft-lb)

- 27. Set the engine support bar (commercial service tool) or suitable tool, and secure the engine in position.
 - Use a manual lift table caddy (commercial service tool) or equivalently rigid tool such as a jack or trestle. Securely support bottom of engine and transaxle.
 CAUTION:

Put a piece of wood or something similar as the supporting surface, secure a completely stable condition.

- 28. Remove RH and LH engine mounting bolts.
- 29. Remove engine and transaxle assembly from vehicle downward by carefully operating supporting tools.

CAUTION:

- During the operation, make sure that no part interferes with body side.
- Before and during this lifting, always check if any harnesses are left connected.
- During the removal operation, always be careful to prevent vehicle from falling off the lift due to changes in the center of gravity.
- If necessary, support vehicle by setting a jack or equivalent tool at the rear.

Separation Work

CAUTION:

During the operation, secure support the engine by placing a piece of wood under the engine oil pan, transaxle oil pan and suspended the engine slinger by baby crane (movable hoist) etc.

30. Remove starter motor.

31. Separate engine and transaxle.

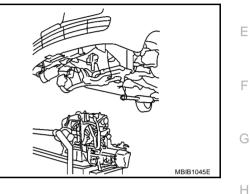
INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

- Do not allow oil to get on mounting insulator. Be careful not to damage mounting insulator.
- When installation directions are specified, install parts according to the direction marks on them referring M to components illustration.
- Make sure that each mounting insulator is seated properly, and tighten mounting bolts and nuts.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Before starting engine check the levels of coolant, lubrications and working oils. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level.
- Before starting engine, bleed air from fuel piping. Refer to <u>FL-28, "Bleeding Fuel Filter"</u>.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.
- Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of coolant, lubricants, working oil, fuel and exhaust gas.
- Bleed air from passages in pipes and tubes of applicable lines.



OVERHAUL Tightening Torques UPPER ENGINE

Tightening torque

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Unit: N·m (kg-m, in-lb)*2 Unit: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

Cylinder head	: *1
Camshaft bearing	: 10 (1.0, 7)
Vacuum pump	: 21 (2.1, 15)
Cylinder head coolant outlet unit	: 10 (1.0, 7)
Exhaust manifold	: 26 (2.7, 19)
Glow plug	: 15 (1.5, 11)
Rocker cover	: 10 (1.0, 7)
Turbocharger-manifold mounting	: 26 (2.7, 19)
Turbocharger oil return pipe	: 9 (0.9, 80)*2
Turbocharger oil delivery pipe	: 23 (2.3, 17)
Timing tensioner	: 25 (2.6, 18)
TDC cap	: 20 (2.0, 15)
Cylinder head suspended mounting bracket	: 21 (2.1, 15)

*1: Refer to tightening procedure in the text.

BOTTOM ENGINE

		Unit: N·m (kg-m, in-lb)*2 Unit: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
Tightening torque	Oil cooler connector bolt	: 45 (4.6, 33)
	Oil filter bracket	: 45 (4.6, 33)
	Main bearing cap	: 27 (2.8, 20) + 47°±5° (Angle tightening)
	Connecting rod	: 20 (2.0, 15) + 45°±6° (Angle tightening)
	Knock sensor	: 20 (2.0, 15)
	Oil level sensor	: 25 (2.6, 18)
	Oil pump	: 25 (2.6, 18)
	Oil pan	: *1
	Water pump	: 11 (1.1, 8)
	Flywheel	: 50 - 55 (5.1 - 5.6, 37 - 40)
	Crankshaft pulley	: 20 (2.0, 15) + 130°±15° (Angle tightening)
	Water pump inlet pipe	: 20 (2.0, 15)
	Alternator bracket	: 44 (4.5, 32)
	Alternator	: 25 (2.6, 18)
	A/C compressor	: 21 (2.1, 15)

*1: Refer to tightening procedure in the text.

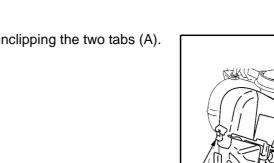
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Standard Replacement PREPARING USED ENGINE	BBS002QN	А
The engine should be cleaned and drained (oil and water).		
Leave on the used engine or include in the return box:		
Oil filter		EN
Oil pressure switch		
Water pump		0
 Fuel injection pump 		С
Rail		
Injectors		D
Glow plugs		
Oil level gauge		
Vacuum pump		Ε
Flywheel		
Remember to remove:		_
All coolant pipes		F
Exhaust manifold		
Alternator		G
Power steering pump		0
A/C compressor		
Alternator bracket		Н
Oil level sensor		
Cylinder head coolant outlet unit		
The used engine should be secured to the base under the same conditions as the overhauled engine		
Plastic plugs and covers fitted		
Cardboard cover over the assembly		J
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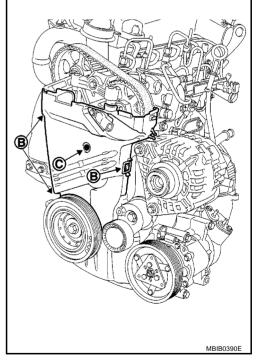
Disassembly REMOVING THE UPPER ENGINE

1. Remove the upper timing cover by unclipping the two tabs (A).

2. Remove the lower timing cover by unclipping the three tabs (B) and pulling out the plastic bolt (C).



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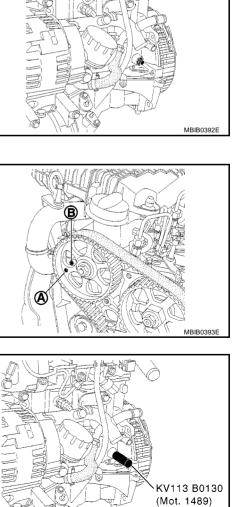
3. Remove the cylinder head suspended mounting bracket.

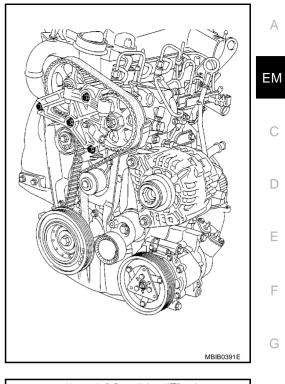
4. Remove the TDC pin cap.

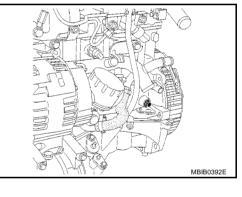
POSITIONING THE BELT AT THE TIMING POINT

1. Position the hole (A) of the camshaft pulley almost opposite the hole (B) of the cylinder head.

2. Screw in the Tool KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489).









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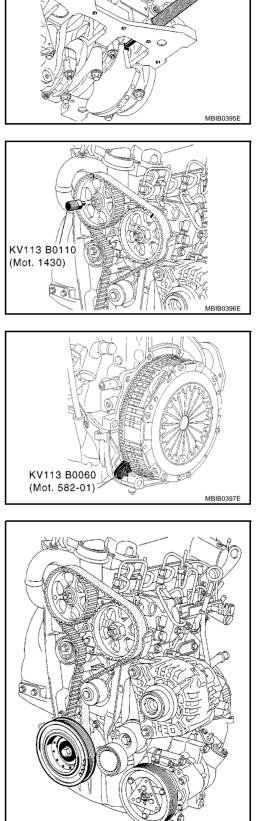
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3. Turn the engine clockwise (timing side) until the crankshaft touches the Tool KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489).

- 4. The Tool KV113B110 (Mot. 1430) must engage in the camshaft pulley and cylinder head holes.
- 5. Remove Tool KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489).

6. Install the Tool KV113B0060 (Mot. 582-01).

7. Remove the crankshaft pulley.



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KV113 B0130 (Mot. 1489) 8. Slacken the timing belt by loosening the bolt of the tensioner, then remove the timing belt.

EM-287

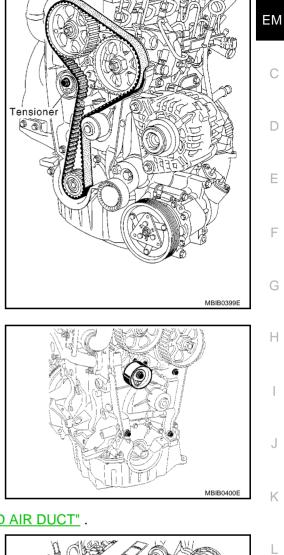


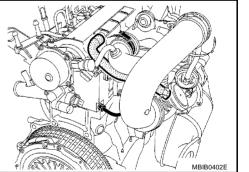
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- 10. Remove air cleaner case. Refer to EM-245, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" . 11. Remove the clamp, oil vapor rebreathing pipe and turbocharger oil supply pipe on the cylinder head side.

9. Remove the timing belt tensioner and inner timing cover.







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Remove the turbocharger oil supply pipe on the turbocharger side, nuts (A) and the torx bolt of the turbocharger flange, bolts (B) of the catalytic converter bracket, and turbocharger oil return pipe (C).

13. Unclip the fuel return pipe from the cylinder head cover at the fuel spill tube, then remove the rocker cover.

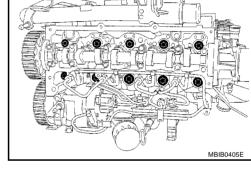
14. Remove the oil level gauge guide and cylinder head.

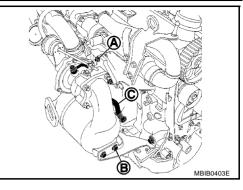
DISASSEMBLY OF THE CYLINDER HEAD

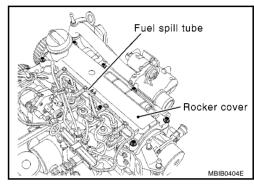
1. Place the cylinder head on Tool KV113B0200 (Mot. 1573). CAUTION:

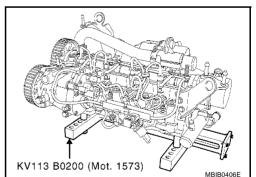
Pay strict attention to the rules regarding cleanliness. Refer to $\underline{\text{EM-227, "PRECAUTIONS"}}$.

2. Remove fuel injection pump and related parts. Refer to <u>EM-262, "Removal and Installation"</u>, <u>EM-268,</u> <u>"Removal and Installation"</u>.









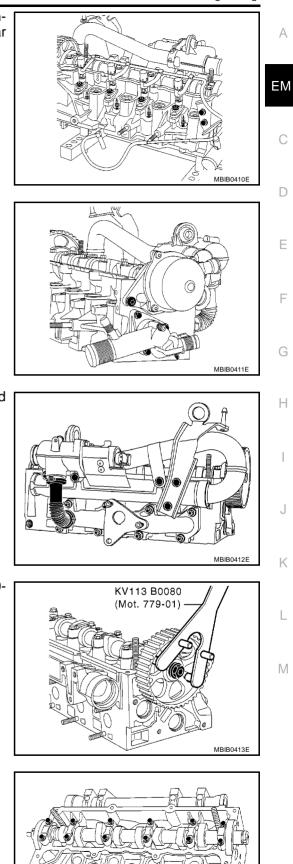
3. Remove the injectors (by marking them in relation to their cylinder), glow plugs using Tool KV113E0010 (Mot. 1566), and rear engine slinger.

4. Remove the vacuum pump and water outlet.

5. Remove the front engine slinger, EGR unit, air inlet pipe and exhaust manifold.

6. Remove the camshaft pulley using Tool KV113B0080 (Mot. 799-01).

7. Remove the camshaft brackets.



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8. Remove the tappets, noting their position.

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- 9. Compress the valve springs using the valve lifter. Remove the keys, upper cups and springs.

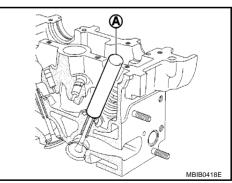
NOTE:

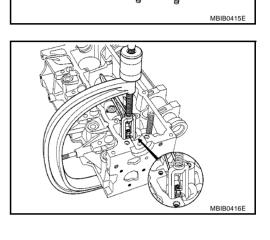
Before removing the valves and the valve stem seals, it is vital to measure position "H" of one of the old seals in relation to the cylinder head using Tool KV113B0180 (Mot. 1511-01) or suitable tool.

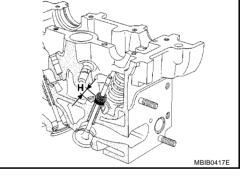
10. Install the push rod (A) of Tool KV113B0180 (Mot. 1511-01) on the valve stem seal.

NOTE:

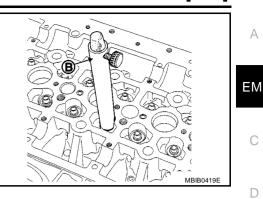
The inner diameter of the push rod must be identical to that of the valve. In addition, the bottom of the push rod must come into contact with the metal upper section of the valve stem seal.







- 11. Install the guide tube (B) over the push rod until the guide tube comes into contact with the cylinder head, locking the push rod with the knurled wheel.
- 12. Remove the guide tube assembly plus push rod, being careful not to loosen the knurled wheel.
- 13. Remove the valves and valve guide seals using the Tool KV113B0090 (Mot. 1335).



Cleaning

- It is very important not to scratch the gasket faces of any aluminium components.
- Use suitable tool to dissolve any part of the seal which remains stuck to the metal surface.
- Apply the dissolving product to the part to be cleaned, wait approximately 10 minutes, then remove it using a wooden spatula.
- Wear gloves while carrying out this operation.
- Do not allow this dissolving product to drip on to the paintwork.
- Great care should be taken when performing this operation, to prevent foreign objects from enter-G ing the pipes taking oil under pressure to the camshafts (pipes in both the cylinder head and its cover) and the oil return pipes.
- Failure to follow these instructions could lead to the blocking of the oilways, resulting in rapid and serious damage to the engine.

Inspection GASKET FACE

Inspect mating surface bow using a ruler and a set of shims.

Maximum bow : 0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

J Test the cylinder head to detect possible cracks using the cylinder head test tools (comprising a tray and a kit suited to the cylinder head, plug, sealing plate and blanking plate). The approval number of the cylinder head test container (commercial service tool) is 664000.

CAMSHAFT END PLAY

NOTE:

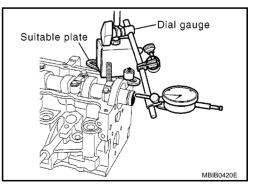
Set the dial gauge to the cylinder head and inspect following dimensions:

Outer diameter : 18 mm (0.71 in) Height : 15 mm (0.59 in)

- Install the camshaft.
- Install the camshaft brackets (positioning them correctly with 2. bracket 1 on the flywheel end), then tighten the bolts to a torque of 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb).

Check the end play, which must be between 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) and 0.178 mm (0.0070 in).

Remove the camshaft brackets and the camshaft.



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Valve Clearance CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE VALVE CLEARANCE

- 1. Install the tappet.
- 2. Install the camshaft.
- 3 Install the camshaft brackets.

O : 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

Place the valves of the cylinder concerned at the "end of 4. exhaust - beginning of inlet" position and check the clearance (X).

NOTE:

Dimension (Y) corresponds to the tappet thickness sizes (there are 25 sizes at the service parts).

1	4	
3	2	
4	1	
2	3	

Compare the values recorded with the values specified, then replace the tappets which are not within tol-5. erance.

OVERHAUL

Clearance, under cold condition:

Intake : 0.125 - 0.25 mm (0.0049 - 0.0098 in) : 0.325 - 0.45 mm (0.0128 - 0.0177 in) **Exhaust**

- 6. Remove the camshaft brackets.
- 7. Remove the camshaft.

be measured.

12. Remove the camshaft.

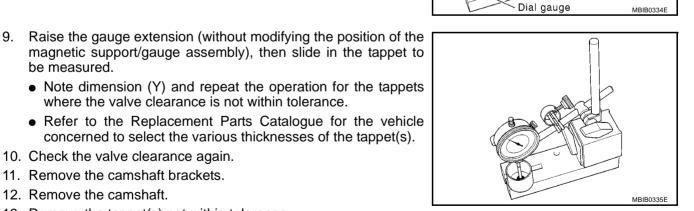
10. Check the valve clearance again. 11. Remove the camshaft brackets.

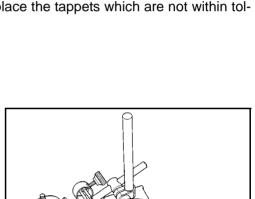
13. Remove the tappet(s) not within tolerance.

8. Remove the tappet not within tolerance. **Determining dimension Y.** Set up the following assembly using KV113B0050 (Mot. 252-01) and dial gauge, then calibrate the gauge.

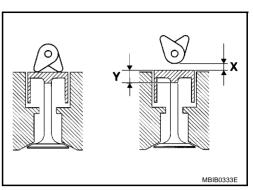
where the valve clearance is not within tolerance.

concerned to select the various thicknesses of the tappet(s).





KV113 B0050 (Mot. 252-01)



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- 14. Grease the underside of the tappets and the camshaft brackets.
- 15. Degrease the gasket faces (of the cylinder head and brackets 1 and 6). They should be clean, dry and free from grease (in particular, remove finger marks).
- 16. Lay four beads of Loctite with a width of 1 mm (0.04 in) on brackets 1 and 6 of the cylinder head.
- 17. Install the camshaft.
- 18. Install the camshaft brackets (these are numbered from 1 to 6 and bearing (1) should be positioned on the flywheel end).

O: : 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

Assembly ASSEMBLY OF THE CYLINDER HEAD

- 1. Install new valves and grind them gently into their respective seats. Clean all the parts thoroughly, mark them for identification purposes, then carry out the refitting operation. Lubricate the inside of the valve guide.
 - It is imperative to fit the valve stem seals using Tool KV113B0180 (Mot. 1511-01) or suitable tool.

NOTE:

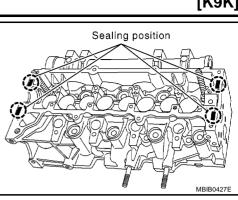
Do not lubricate the valve stem seals before fitting them.

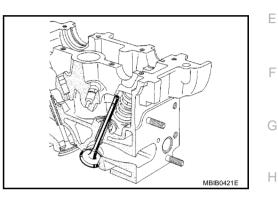
New Valve Stem Seals

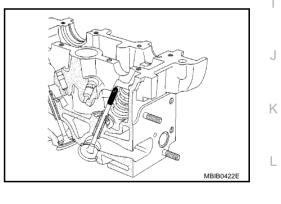
- 1. Place the valve in the cylinder head.
- 2. Place the barrel of Tool KV113B0180 (Mot. 1511-01) over the valve stem (the inner diameter of the barrel must be identical to the diameter of the valve stem).

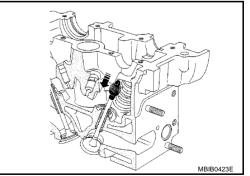


4. Place the valve stem seal (not lubricated) over the tool barrel.









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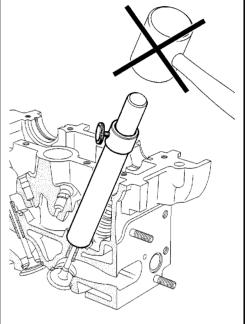
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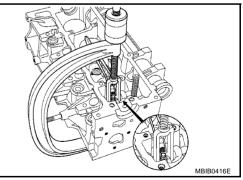
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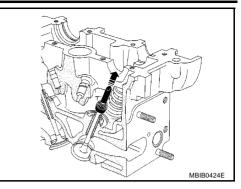
5. Push the valve stem seal past the tool barrel, then withdraw the barrel.

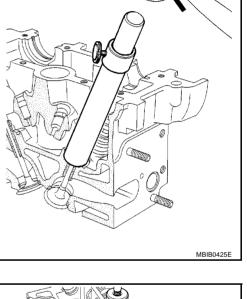
- 6. Place the guide tube plus push rod assembly on the valve stem seal.
- 7. Push the valve stem seal down by tapping the top of the sleeve with the palm of your hand until the guide tube touches the cylinder head.
- 8. Repeat these operations for all the valves.

- 9. Install the valve springs and upper cups using valve spring compressor.
- 10. Install the keys using tweezers.









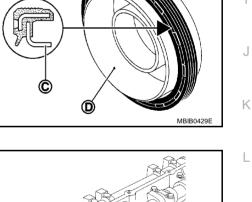
- 11. Check the valve protrusion using KV113B0040 (Mot. 251-01) and KV113B0050 (Mot. 252-01) as shown.
 - Valve protrusion : -0.07 to 0.07 mm (-0.0028 to 0.0028 in)

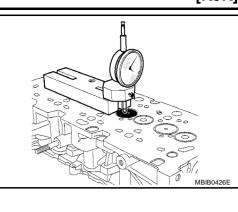


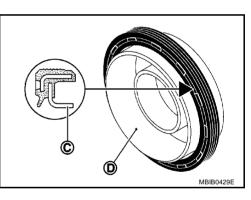
- This engine can be fitted with two different types of seals. Old and new seals are easily recognized.
- 1. The old rubber seal is installed with a spring (A) and has a "V"shaped sealing lip (B).

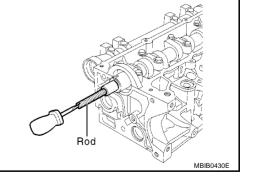
2. The new rubber seal has a flat sealing lip (C) and a protector (D) which also assists in installing the seal to the engine.

- 3. Screw the shouldered rod of Tool KV113B0230 (Mot. 1632) onto the stud of the camshaft.
- Install the old seal on the camshaft. 4.











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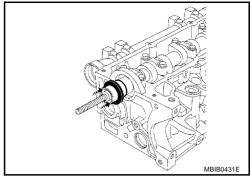
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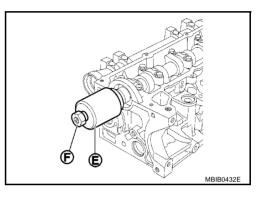
5. For the new seal, put the protector with the seal on the camshaft, taking care not to touch the seal.

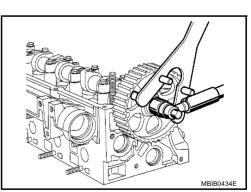
6. Install the cover (E) and the collar nut (F) of Tool KV113B0230 (Mot. 1632).

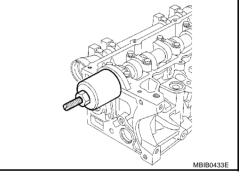
7. Screw the collar nut until the cover touches the cylinder head.

- 8. Remove the nut, the cover, the protector and the shouldered rod.
- Install the camshaft pulley. Tighten the new nut to a torque of 30 N·m (3.1 kg-m, 22 ft-lb) plus an angle tightening of 84°.









OVERHAUL

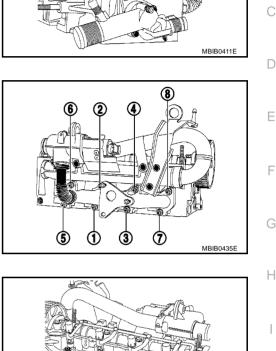
- 10. Install the vacuum pump with a new gasket. Tighten the bolts to a torque of 21 N·m (2.1 kg-m, 15 ft-lb).
- 11. Install water outlet unit with a new gasket. Tighten the bolts to a torque of 26 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 19 ft-lb).

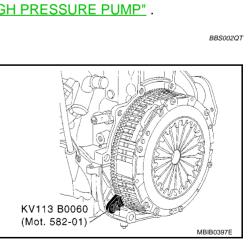
- 12. Install the exhaust manifold with new gasket. Tighten the bolts to a torque of 26 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 19 ft-lb) in the numerical order as shown.
- 13. Install the EGR unit with new clips. Tighten the mounting bolts of the valve to a torque of 21 N·m (2.1 kg-m, 15 ft-lb), then tighten the clips of the pipe using Tool KV113B0190 (Mot. 1567).
- 14. Install the air inlet pipe with a new seal.
- 15. Install the front engine slinger.
- 16. Clean the injector sockets and the injector bodies, as well as their brackets using a lint-free cloth (use the wipes recommended for this purpose) dipped in clean solvent. Dry off using a different new wipe. Replace the compression washer with a new washer.

- 17. Install the injectors (using the marks made during removal). Tighten the mounting flanges to a torque of 28 N·m (2.9 kg-m, 21 ft-lb).
- 18. Install the glow plugs. Tighten them to a torgue of 15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb).
- 19. Install the rear engine slinger.
- 20. Install fuel injection pump and related parts. Refer to EM-268, "HIGH PRESSURE PUMP".

Disassembly of The Bottom Engine REMOVAL

1. Install the Tool KV113B0060 (Mot. 582-01).







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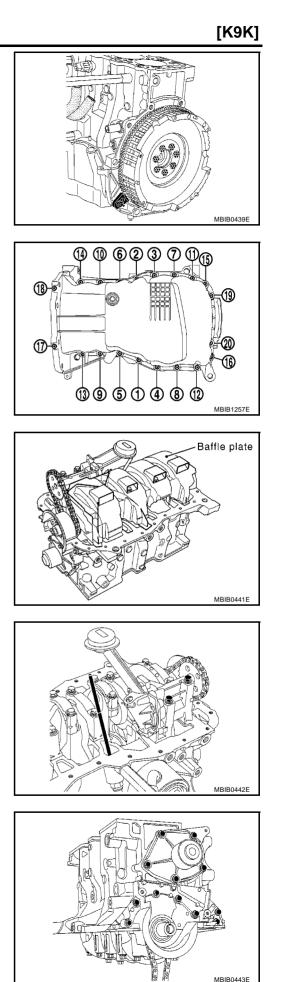
- 2. Remove the clutch housing.
- 3. Remove the flywheel.

4. Remove the oil pan bolt in reverse order as shown.

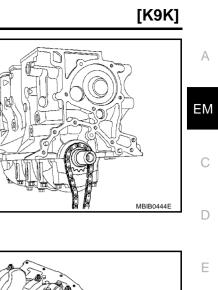
5. Remove the baffle plate.

- 6. Remove the oil level sensor.
- 7. Remove the oil pump.

- 8. Remove the rear oil seal retainer.
- 9. Remove the water pump.



- 10. Remove the oil pump chain.
- 11. Remove the oil pump drive sprocket.



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WARNING:

Do not use a sharp point to mark the bearing caps in relation to their connecting rods to avoid starting a crack in the rod. Use a permanent marker pen.

12. Remove the big end cap bolts and the connecting rod/piston assemblies.

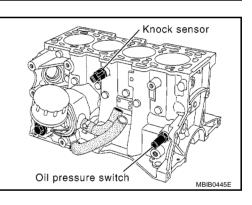
NOTE:

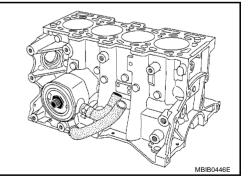
It is essential to mark the position of the main bearing cap, as the category may be different for each bearing.

13. Remove the main bearing caps.

16. Remove the oil cooler connecting bolt.

- 14. Remove the crankshaft.
- 15. Remove the oil pressure switch, the knock sensor and oil filter bracket connecting bolt.

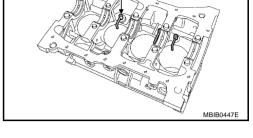




REPLACEMENT OF THE OIL JETS

Removal

1. To remove the oil jets (A), they must be drilled with a 7 mm (0.28 in) diameter drill. This is necessary in order to remove the spring stop (B) and the spring (C).



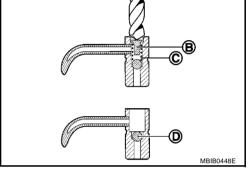
(A)

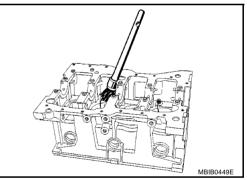
NOTE:

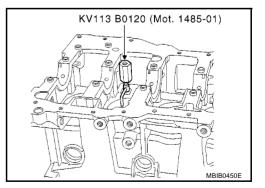
Do not remove the ball (D) to prevent from entering the cooling circuit.

2. Remove the using a suitable brush.

3. Screw Tool KV113B0120 (Mot. 1485-01) in the drilled out jets using a 6 mm (0.24 in) Allen key which must slide into the tool.







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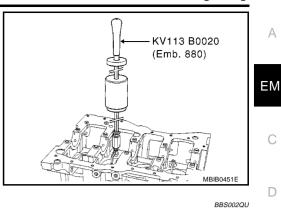
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4. Screw Tool KV113B0020 (Emb. 880) onto KV113B0120 (Mot. 1485-01) and remove the oil jet.

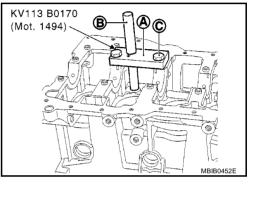


Assembly INSTALLATION OF OIL JETS

• The oil jets must be installed using Tool KV113B0170 (Mot. 1494).

Installation of The Oil Jets For No. 1 and No. 3 Cylinders

- 1. Install plate (A) of Tool KV113B0170 (Mot. 1494) onto the cylinder block (as shown in the figure) without tightening the two bolts (C).
- 2. Position the guide rod (B) in the plate (A) and the end of the guide rod in the hole of the oil jet to center the plate (A).
- 3. Tighten the two bolts (C).
- 4. Remove the guide rod.

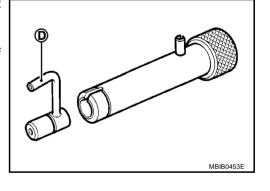


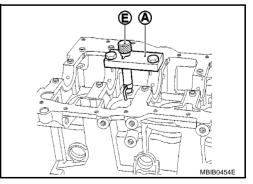
5. Install the push rod instead of the guide rod, then insert the oil jet into the push rod.

NOTE:

Check that the oil jet is correctly oriented with the end of the jet (D) directed towards the center of the cylinder.

6. With a hammer, tap the push rod until the shoulder (E) of the push rod comes into contact with the plate (A).





Installation of The Oil Jets For No. 1 and No. 4 Cylinders

- 1. Fit plate (A) of Tool KV113B0170 (Mot. 1494) onto the cylinder block (as shown in the figure) without tightening the two bolts (C).
- 2. Position the guide rod (B) in the plate (A) and the end of the guide rod in the hole of the oil jet to center the plate (A).
- 3. Tighten the two bolts (C).
- 4. Remove the guide rod.
- 5. Position the push rod instead of the guide rod, then insert the oil jet into the push rod.

NOTE:

Check that the oil jet is correctly oriented with the end of the jet (D) directed towards the center of the cylinder.

6. With a hammer, tap the push rod until the shoulder (E) of the push rod comes into contact with the plate (A).

Orientation Of The Oil Jets (See Diagram Below)

А	Orientation of the oil jets of No. 2 and No. 4 cylinders
В	Orientation of the oil jets of No. 1 and No. 3 cylinders

1. Clean the cylinder block and crankshaft by passing a wire through the lubrication channels.



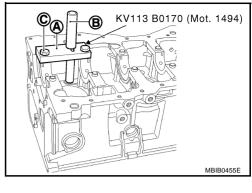
- 1. Install oil cooler. Refer to LU-27, "OIL COOLER" .
- 2. Install oil filter. Refer to LU-25, "OIL FILTER" .

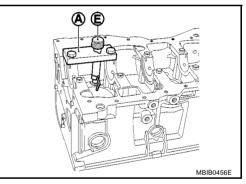
Removing The Piston Pins

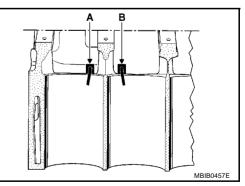
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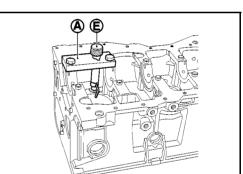
It is imperative to mark the connecting rod to match it to its piston, because the piston height classes in the same engine may be different (see Technical Specifications section).

To remove the piston pin, remove the snap ring using a screwdriver, then release the pin.







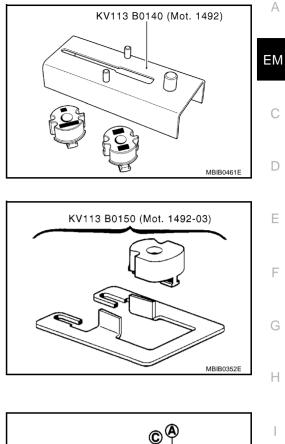




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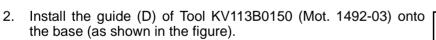
CONNECTING ROD BEARING

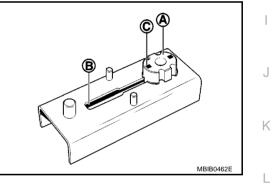
1. The connecting rod bearing are installed using Tool KV113B0140 (Mot. 1492) and Tool KV113B0150 (Mot. 1492-03).

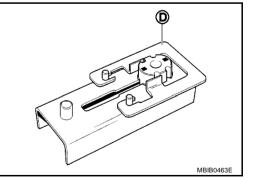


ON THE CONNECTING ROD BODY

1. Slide the connecting rod bearing support (A) of Tool KV113B0150 [Mot. 1492-03 (positioning the engraved mark (B) as shown in the figure)] into the groove (C) of the base of Tool KV113B0140 (Mot. 1492).







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Lay the body of the connecting rod on the base of the tool (as shown in the diagram). Check that the lower part (E) of the small end is touching the centering pin and push the guide (G) in the

4. Lay the connecting rod bearing [with a width of 20.625 mm (0.8120 in)] (F) on the connecting rod bearing support, then push it in the direction of the arrow (as shown in the figure).

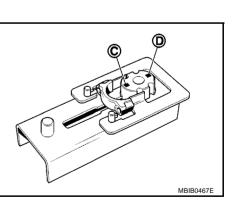
- 5. Bring the connecting rod support up against the base of the connecting rod body.
- 6. Remove the connecting rod body support and repeat the operation for the remaining connecting rod bodies.

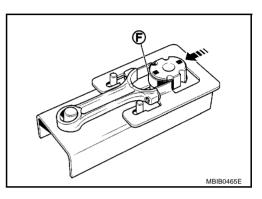
ON THE CONNECTING ROD CAP

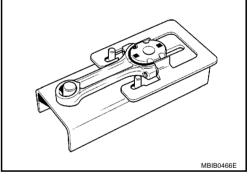
3.

direction of the arrow.

- 1. Position the connecting rod bearing support either on the engraved mark (C) if the width of the connecting rod bearing is equal to 20.625 mm (0.8120 in).
- Position the connecting rod bearing support either on the engraved mark (D) if the width of the connecting rod bearing is equal to 17.625 mm (0.6939 in).





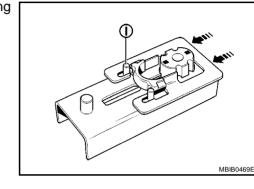


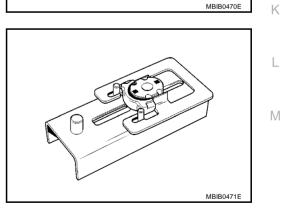
3. Install the connecting rod cap as shown in the figure.

4. Push the guide (in the direction of the arrow) until the connecting rod cap is in contact with the pins (I) on the base of the tool.

5. Install the connecting rod bearing (H) on the bearing support, then push it in the direction of the arrow (as shown in the figure).

- 6. Bring the connecting rod bearing support up against the base of the connecting rod cap.
- 7. Remove the connecting rod bearing support and repeat the operation for the remaining connecting rod caps.







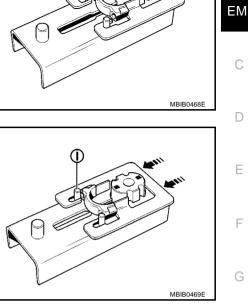
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INSTALLATION OF MAIN BEARING

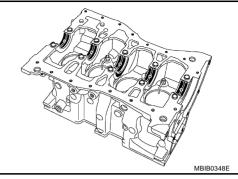
1. Position the grooved main bearing on the cylinder block.

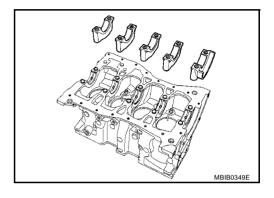
2. Install the smooth bearing cap on the bearings.

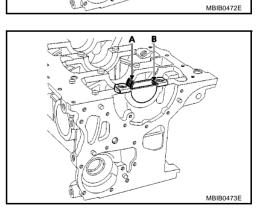
ON THE CYLINDER BLOCK

1. Position tool KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01) on the cylinder block.

2. Install the bearing cap in Tool KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01), then press at (A) until the bearing cap is touching at (B) with KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01).





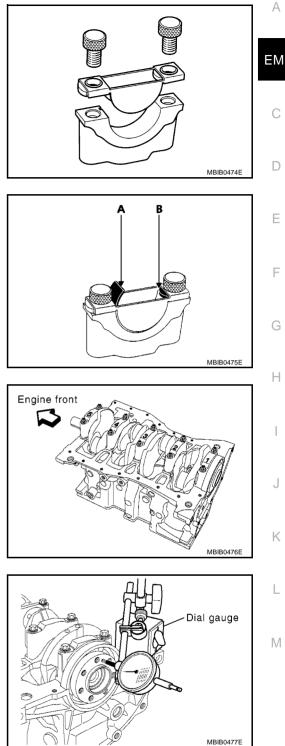




ON THE BEARING CAPS

1. Position Tool KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01) on the bearing cap.

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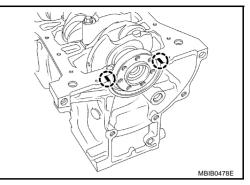


2. Install the main bearing in Tool KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01), then press at (A) until the main bearing is touching at (B) with Tool KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01).

- 3. Oil the main bearing.
- 4. Install the crankshaft.
- 5. Install the lateral shims on bearing No. 3, putting the grooves on the crankshaft side.
- Install the main bearing caps on bearing cap No. 1 (these are numbered from 1 - 5 and these numbers should be positioned opposite the water pump). Then tighten the bolts to a torque of 27 N⋅m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb) plus an angle tightening of 47°±5°.
- Check the lateral clearance of the crankshaft which should be without wear on lateral shims: 0.045 - 0.252 mm (0.0018 -0.0099 in)
- Check the lateral clearance of the crankshaft which should be with wear on the lateral shims: 0.045 - 0.852 mm (0.0018 -0.0335 in)

INSTALLATION OF NO. 1 BEARING

- 1. Degrease the gasket faces (of the cylinder block and bearing No. 1). They should be clean, dry and free from grease (in particular, remove finger marks).
- Lay two beads of liquid sealant with a width of 1 mm (0.04 in) on bearing No. 1 of the cylinder block. Tighten the bolts of bearing cap No. 1 to a torque of 27 N·m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb) plus an angle tightening of 47°±5°.

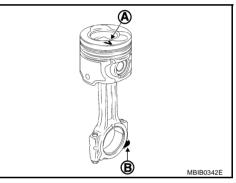


CONNECTING RODS / PISTON ASSEMBLY

- The pistons have a mark engraved on their heads indicating the engine rear side.
- 1. Oil the piston pin.
- 2. Check that the piston pins rotate correctly in the new piston and in the matching connecting rod.

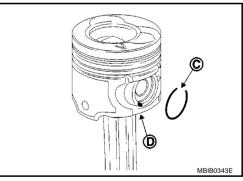
Direction Of Installation Of The Connecting Rod In Relation To The Piston

• Point the mark (A) engraved on the top of the piston upwards and the flat (B) of the big end downwards as shown in the figure.



DIRECTION FOR INSTALLATION THE SNAP RINGS ON THE PISTON

 Position the opening (C) of the snap rings opposite the removal and fitting channel (D).



INSTALLATION OF THE SNAP RINGS

- 1. Rings set to their original adjustment must be free within their channels.
- 2. Ensure the snap rings are fitted the correct way, with the word TOP pointing upwards.

Orientation Of The Piston Rings In The Piston

1. Ensure the break in each piston ring is correctly oriented as shown in the figure.

- 2. Apply new engine oil to the pistons.
- 3 Install the connecting rod/piston assemblies into the cylinder block using the ring, being careful to fit them the right way round (mark towards the flywheel).
- 4. Install the connecting rods onto the oiled crankshaft pins of the crankshaft.
- 5. Install the connecting rod caps, ensuring they are correctly matched.
- Tighten the big end cap bolts to a torque of 20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 15 6. ft-lb), plus an angle tightening of 45°±6°.
- Inspect that the big ends have the correct lateral clearance of 7. 0.205 to 0.467 mm (0.0081 to 0.0184 in).

CHECKING PISTON PROTRUSION

- 1. Clean the piston head.
- 2. Turn the crankshaft one turn in its operating direction to bring piston No. 1 close to TDC.
- 3. Install Tool KV113B0050 (Mot. 252-01) on the piston.
- Install Tool KV113B0040 (Mot. 251-01) equipped with a gauge 4. on support plate KV113B0050 (Mot. 252-01), and find TDC.

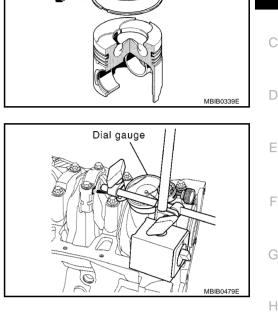
NOTE:

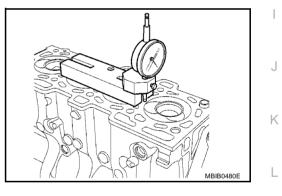
All measurements must be carried out along the longitudinal axis of the engine, in order to eliminate any errors due to tilting of the piston.

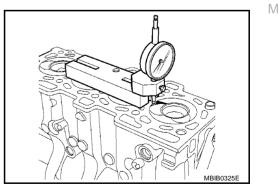
WARNING:

The gauge follower must not be in the valve clearance.

5. Inspect the piston protrusion which must be 0.099 to 0.285 mm (0.0039 to 0.0112 in).







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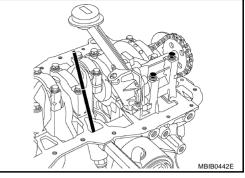
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INSTALLATION OF REAR OIL SEAL RETAINER AND OIL PUMP

- Tighten the knock sensor to a torque of 20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 15 ftlb).
- Tighten the oil pressure switch to a torque of 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb).
- Install the oil pump sprocket and chain to a torque of 25 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 18 ft-lb).

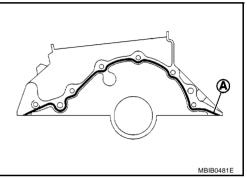


NOTE:

The gasket faces (cylinder block, rear oil seal retainer and water pump) must be clean, dry and free from grease (in particular, remove finger marks).

The rear oil seal retainer should be applied with liquid gasket. The bead (A) must be 1.5 to 2 mm (0.059 to 0.079 in) wide and be applied in accordance with the figure.

• Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

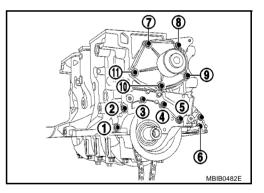


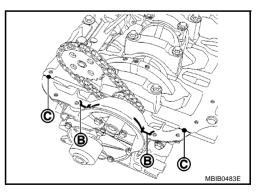
- 4. Install the rear oil seal retainer.
 - Tighten bolts 1 and 6 to a torque of 8 N·m (0.8 kg-m, 71 in-lb).
 - Tighten bolts 2, 3, 4 and 5 to a torque of 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb).
 - Tighten bolts 1 and 6 to a torque of 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb).
- 5. Put a new gasket to water pump face and install the water pump. Put a drop of locking sealant on the bolts, then tighten them to a torque of 11 N·m (1.1 kg-m, 8 ft-lb) in the numerical order.
 - Use Genuine thread locking sealant or equivalent.

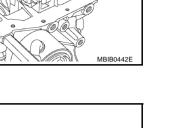
NOTE:

The gasket faces (cylinder block and rear oil seal retainer) must be clean, dry and free from grease (in particular, remove finger marks).

- 6. Apply four beads (B) of liquid gasket, with a diameter of 5 mm (0.20 in).
- Apply two drops (C) of liquid gasket, with a diameter of 7 mm (0.28 in) at the intersection of the rear oil seal retainer and the cylinder block.
 - Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.







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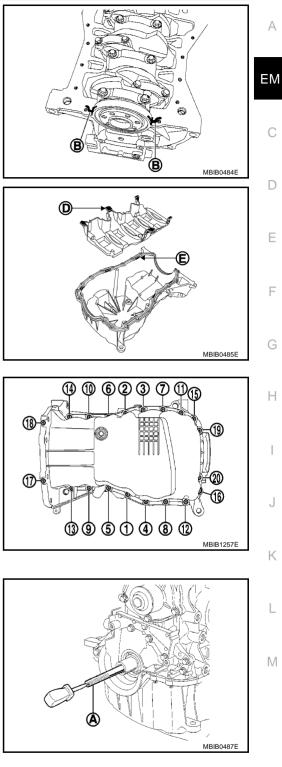
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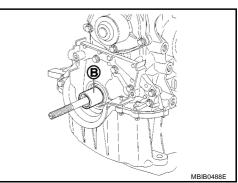


- 8. When installing the oil pan, ensure that the tabs (D) of the baffle plate are correctly positioned in the slots (E).
- 9. When installing the oil pan, ensure that the cylinder block and the oil pan are correctly aligned on the flywheel side, to prevent the clutch housing from being damaged when installing the transaxle.
- 10. Install the baffle plate.
- 11. Install the oil pan and tighten the bolts as follows:
 - Tighten the bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure to a torque of 8 N·m (0.8 kg-m, 71 in-lb).
 - Tighten the mounting bolts of oil pan on the clutch housing without locking.
 - Tighten the bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure to a torque of 15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb).
 - Tighten the mounting bolts of oil pan on the clutch housing to a torque of 44 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 32 ft-lb).

INSTALLATION OF THE CRANKSHAFT SEAL GASKETS

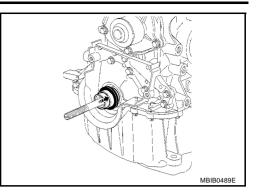
- 1. Crankshaft elastomer seal, timing side.
- 2. Screw the threaded rod (A) of Tool KV113B0220 (Mot. 1586) into the crankshaft.

3. Position the spacer (B) of Tool KV113B0220 (Mot. 1586) on the crankshaft.



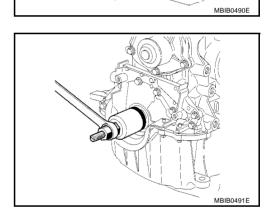
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4. Install the protector complete with the seal onto the spacer, taking care not to touch the seal.



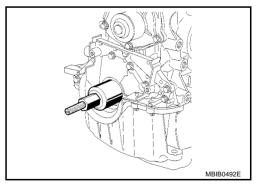
 Install the cover (A) and the nut (B) (putting the threaded part (C) of the nut on the side away from the engine) of Tool KV113B0220 (Mot. 1586).

6. Tighten the nut until the cover touches the spacer.



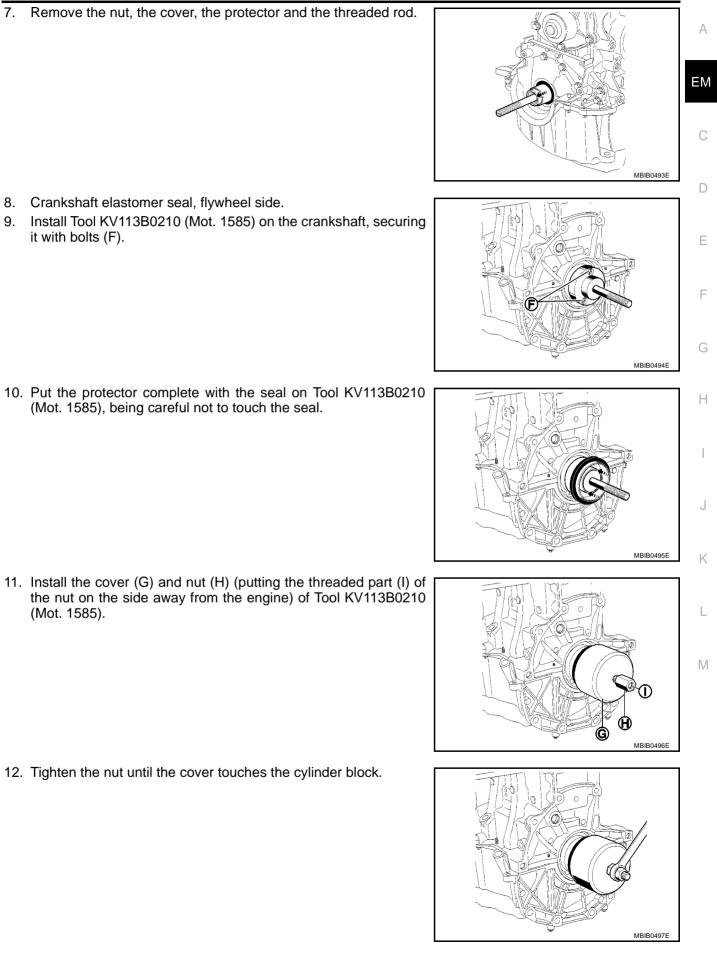
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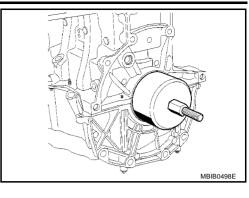
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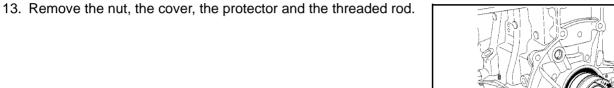
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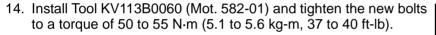


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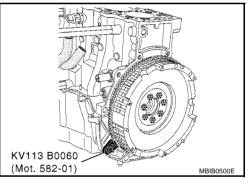
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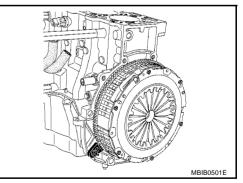






- 15. Install the clutch housing, tightening the bolts to a torque of 8 N·m (0.8 kg-m, 71 in-lb).
- 16. Remove Tool KV113B0060 (Mot. 582-01).





OVERHAUL

INSTALLATION OF THE CYLINDER HEAD

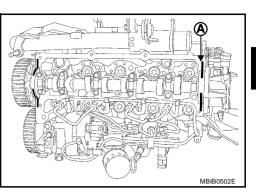
- 1. Position the pistons at mid-stroke.
- 2. Install the cylinder head gasket using the centering dowels of the cylinder block.
- 3. Tighten the cylinder head, Refer to <u>EM-293, "ASSEMBLY OF</u> <u>THE CYLINDER HEAD"</u>.

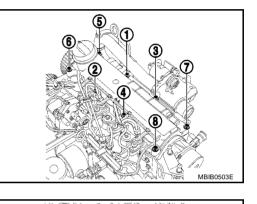
NOTE:

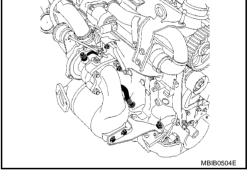
The gasket faces (cylinder head and rocker cover) must be clean, dry and free from grease (in particular, remove finger marks).

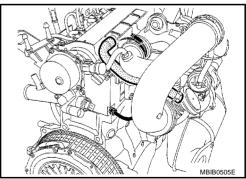
- 4. Lay four beads (A) of liquid gasket, with a diameter of 2 mm (0.08 in).
 - Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
- 5. Install the rocker cover, tightening the bolts to a torque of 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb) in the numerical order as shown.

- 6. Put new seals on the pipe ends and install the turbocharger oil return pipe.
- 7. Install the turbocharger, tightening the nuts and the torx bolt to a torque of 26 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 19 ft-lb).
- 8. Install the catalytic converter bracket.
- 9. Install the turbocharger oil supply pipe.
- 10. Tighten the bolts of the turbocharger oil return pipe to a torque of 9 N·m (0.9 kg-m, 80 in-lb).
- 11. Tighten the nut and the bolt of the turbocharger oil supply pipe to a torque of 23 N·m (2.3 kg-m, 17 ft-lb).
- 12. Install the oil vapor rebreathing pipe.
- 13. Install the new turbocharger air ducts.









[K9K]

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- 14. Install the inner timing cover.
- 15. Install the timing tensioner.

MBIB0400E

[K9K]

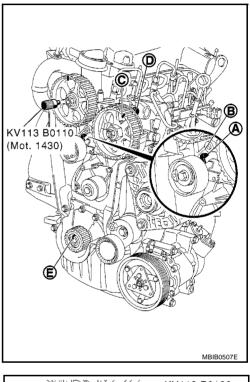
TIMING ADJUSTMENT

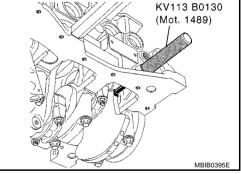
CAUTION:

It is essential to degrease the end of the crankshaft, the bore of the crankshaft sprocket and the bearing faces of the accessories pulley to prevent any slip between the timing and the crankshaft which would risk destroying the engine.

Ensure that the peg (A) of the tension wheel is correctly positioned in the groove (B).

- 1. Insert Tool KV113B0110 (Mot. 1430) in the camshaft pulley and cylinder head holes.
- 2. Check that the mark on the high pressure pump pulley (C) is opposite the bolt head (D).
- 3. Check that the crankshaft is touching Tool KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489) (the crankshaft groove (E) must be facing upwards).

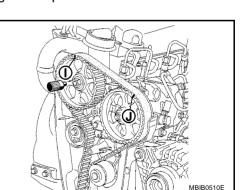


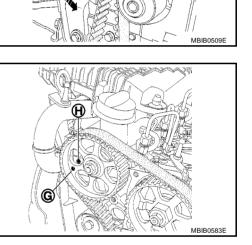


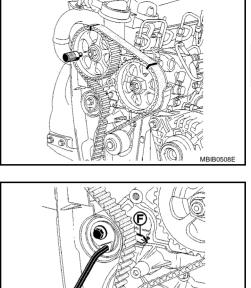
4. Install the timing belt, aligning the marks on the belt with those on the camshaft and fuel injection pump sprockets (19 teeth spaces on the belt between the marks on the camshaft and pump sprockets).

5. Using a 6 mm (0.24 in) Allen key, move the movable index (F) of the tension wheel into the position shown below, by turning the key counterclockwise.

- Tighten the tension wheel bolt to a torque of 25 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 18 ft-lb).
- Install the crankshaft pulley, tightening the M12 bolt to a torque of 60 N·m (6.1 kg-m, 44 ft-lb), then angle tighten to 100°±10°, or M14 bolt to a torque of 120 N·m (12 kg-m, 89 ft-lb), then angle tighten to 95°±15°.
- 8. Remove Tool KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489) and Tool KV113B0110 (Mot. 1430).
- 9. Turn the crankshaft two full turns in a clockwise direction (timing side). Just before the hole (G) of the camshaft pulley is opposite the cylinder head hole (H), insert tool KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489) into the cylinder block.
- 10. Then turn the crankshaft slowly and without jolting it until it is resting on the pin.
- 11. Check that Tool KV113B0110 (Mot. 1430) is correctly inserted in the holes of the camshaft pulley and cylinder head and that there are 19 teeth spaces between the marks on the camshaft (I) and the fuel pump (J) sprockets.
- 12. Remove Tool KV113B0130 (Mot. 1489) and Tool KV113B0110 (Mot. 1430).







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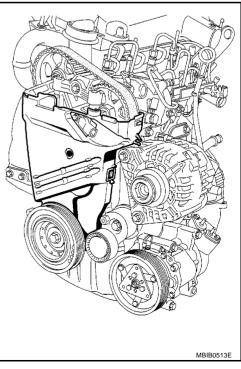
K

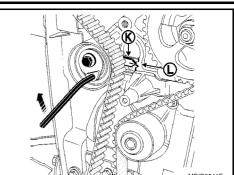
L

Μ

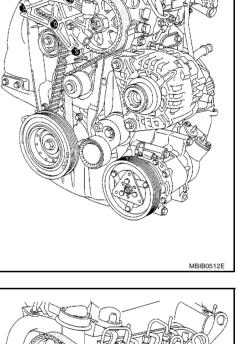
- 13. Undo the tension wheel bolt by a maximum of one turn while holding it using a 6 mm (0.24 in) Allen key, then gradually bring the movable index (K) (by turning the key clockwise) to the center of the timing window (L) and tighten the nut to a torque of 25 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 18 ft-lb).
- 14. Install the cap of the TDC bolt, apply liquid gasket to the thread and tighten to a torque of 20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 15 ft-lb).
- 15. Install the cylinder head suspended bracket. Tighten the bolts to a torque of 21 N·m (2.1 kg-m, 15 ft-lb).

- MBIB0511E
- 16. Install the lower timing cover by positioning the tab (M) into the hole (N) on the inner timing cover.



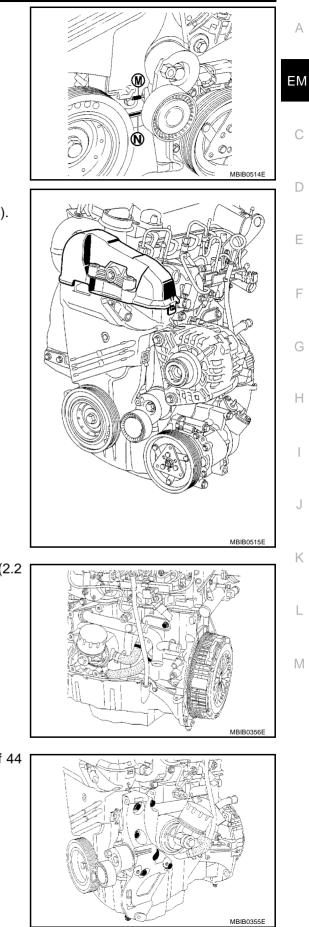


[K9K]



OVERHAUL

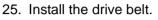
[K9K]



- 17. Install the upper timing cover.
- 18. Remove the engine from the Tool KV113B0070 (Mot. 792-03).

- 19. Install the water pipe. Tighten the bolt to a torque of 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb).
- 20. Install the two water hoses.

21. Install the alternator bracket. Tighten the bolts to a torque of 44 N⋅m (4.5 kg-m, 32 ft-lb).



kg-m, 15 ft-lb).

N·m (2.1 kg-m, 15 ft-lb).

21 N·m (2.1 kg-m, 15 ft-lb).

NOTE:

The accessories belt has five teeth as opposed to the pullevs which have six. It is therefore essential to ensure that tooth "O" remains free when installing the belt.

22. Install the alternator. Tighten the bolts to a torque of 21 N·m (2.1

23. Install the A/C compressor. Tighten the bolts to a torque of 21

24. Install the power steering pump or the washer which replaces

Models With A/C Compressor

NOTE:

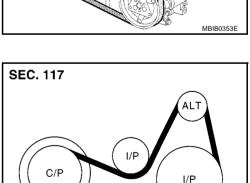
The engine must be turned through two revolutions in order to position the belt correctly.

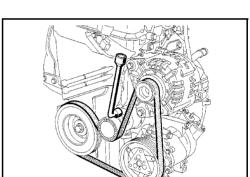
Models Without A/C Compressor

- 1. The belt is tensioned using tool belt tension gauge (commercial service tool) (with the two mounting bolts of the tensioner undone).
- 2. The tension value is 233±5 Hz.

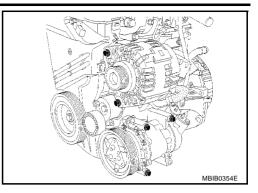
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NOTE:
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The engine must be turned through two revolutions in order to position the belt correctly.





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MBIB0516E

MBIB1066E



BASIC INSPECTION

Cylinder Head CYLINDER HEAD TIGHTENING PROCEDURE

NOTE:

Use a syringe to remove any oil which may have entered the cylinder head mounting bolt holes to achieve correct tightening of the bolts.

- 1. All bolts must always be changed after removal. Do not oil the new bolts.
- 2. Tighten all the bolts in the numerical order as shown.

O: : 25 N-m (2.6 kg-m, 18 ft-lb)

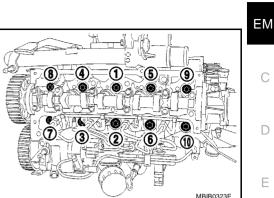
 Check that all the bolts are correctly tightened to 25 N·m (2.6 kgm, 18 ft-lb) then angle tightening of 245 to 265 degrees.

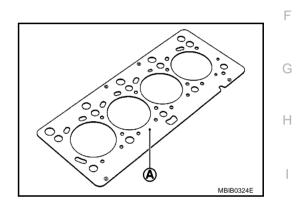
Do not retighten the cylinder head bolts after performing this procedure.

THICKNESS OF THE CYLINDER HEAD GASKET

• The thickness of the cylinder head gasket is measured at (A):

Thickness : 0.75 - 0.81 mm (0.0295 - 0.0319 in)





INSPECTION OF THE PISTON PROTRUSION

- 1. Clean the piston heads in order to eliminate any traces of deposits.
- 2. Turn the crankshaft one turn in its operating direction to bring piston No. 1 close to TDC.
- 3. Install Tool KV113B0040 (Mot. 251-01) equipped with a gauge on its base plate KV113B0050 (Mot. 252-01), and find TDC of the piston.

NOTE:

All measurements must be carried out along the longitudinal axis of the engine, in order to eliminate any errors due to tilting of the piston. **WARNING:**

The gauge follower must not be in the valve clearance. Measure the piston protrusion.

The protrusion must be: 0.099 - 0.285 mm (0.0039 - 0.0112 in).

Height of the cylinder head:

H = 127 mm (5.00 in)

Gasket face bow:

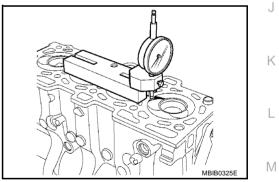
 Cylinder head
 : 0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

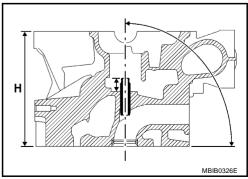
 Cylinder
 : 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

 block
 : 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

NO REGRINDING IS AUTHORIZED

Test the cylinder head to detect possible cracks using the cylinder head test container (comprising a tray and a kit suited to the cylinder head, plug, sealing plate and blanking plate).





[K9K]

A

VALVE Valve Dimensions

Stem diameter:	
Intake	: 5.969 - 5.985 mm (0.2350 - 0.2356 in)
Exhaust	: 5.955 - 5.971 mm (0.2344 - 0.2351 in)
Face angle:	
Intake and exhaust	: 90 °
Head diameter:	
Intake	: 33.38 - 33.62 mm (1.3142 - 1.3236 in)
Exhaust	: 28.88 - 29.12 mm (1.1370 - 1.1465 in)
Valve length:	
Intake	: 100.73 - 101.17 mm (3.9657 - 3.9831 in)
Exhaust	: 100.53 - 100.97 mm (3.9579 - 3.9752 in)
Max. valve lift:	
Intake	: 8.015 mm (0.3156 in)
Exhaust	: 8.595 mm (0.3384 in)
Protrusion of valves in	relation to the cylinder head gasket face:
Intake and exhaust	: −0.7 to 0.7 mm (−0.028 to 0.028 in)

VALVE SEAT

Seat angle (α): Intake : 89°30' and exhaust Contacting width (X): Intake : 1.8 mm (0.071 in) and exhaust Seat outer diameter (D): Intake : 34.444 - 34.460 mm (1.3561 - 1.3567 in) : 30.034 - 30.050 mm (1.1824 - 1.1831 in) Exhaust Diameter of the housing in the cylinder head: : 34.444 - 34.474 mm (1.3561 - 1.3572 in) Intake Exhaust : 29.955 - 29.985 mm (1.1793 - 1.1805 in)

VALVE GUIDE

```
Length:

Intake and : 40.35 - 40.65 mm (1.5886 - 1.6004 in)

exhaust

Guide outer diameter:

Standard : 11.044 - 11.062 mm (0.4348 - 0.4355 in)

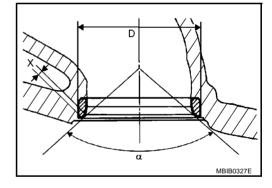
Guide inner diameter:

Intake and exhaust

Not : 5.50 - 5.62 mm (0.2165 - 0.2213 in)

machined

Machined* : 6.000 - 6.018 mm (0.2362 - 0.2369 in)
```



EM-322

А



Diameter of the housing in the cylinder head:

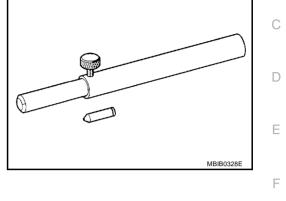
Standard : 10.9925 - 11.0075 mm (0.4328 - 0.4334 in)

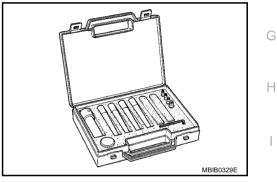
The intake and exhaust guides have valve stem seals which must be changed each time the valves are EM removed.

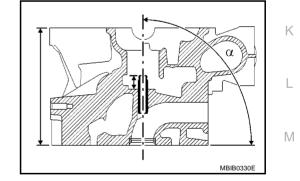
It is imperative to fit the valve stem seals using Tool KV113B0180 (Mot. 1511-01) or suitable tool.

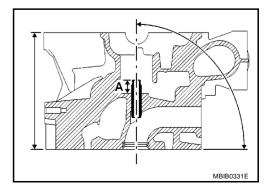
NOTE:

Do not lubricate the valve stem seals before fitting them.









Angle of the intake and exhaust guides (in degrees)Intake and exhaust: α = 90

Position of the intake and exhaust valve guides

: A = 14 mm (0.55 in)

: A = 14.2 mm (0.559 in)

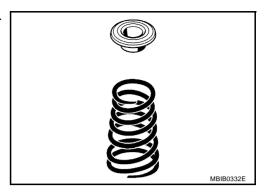
Intake

Exhaust

VALVE SPRING

The valve springs are tapered (ensure the correct direction of fitting).

Free height:	: 43.31 mm (1.7051 in)
Length under a load of	
230 N (23.5 kg, 51.7 lb)	: 33.80 mm (1.3307 in)
500 N (51.0 kg, 112.4 lb)	: 24.80 mm (0.9764 in)
Joined spires:	: 23.40 mm (0.9213 in)
Wire diameter:	: 3.45 mm (0.1358 in)
Inner diameter:	
Bottom	: 18.78 - 18.82 mm
	(0.7394 - 0.7409 in)
Тор	: 13.90 - 14.30 mm
	(0.5472 - 0.5630 in)
Outer diameter:	
Bottom	: 25.50 - 25.90 mm
	(1.0039 - 1.0197 in)
Тор	: 20.8 - 21.2 mm
	(0.819 - 0.835 in)



WARNING:

This engine does not have any valve spring lower washers.

PISTON

 Piston outer diameter
 : 34.965 - 34.985 mm (1.3766 - 1.3774 in)

 Diameter of the housing in the cylinder head
 : 35.00 - 35.04 mm (1.3780 - 1.3795 in)

INSPECTION OF VALVE CLEARANCE

 Place the valves of the cylinder concerned at the "end of exhaust - beginning of intake" position and inspect the clearance (X).

NOTE:

Dimension (Y) corresponds to the tappet thickness sizes (there are 25 sizes at the service parts).

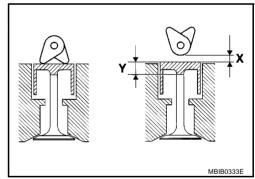
1	4
3	2
4	1
2	3

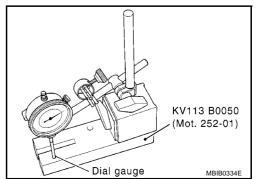
2. Compare the values recorded with the values specified, then replace the tappets which are not within tolerance.

Clearance, when the engine is cold:

Intake : 0.125 - 0.25 mm (0.0049 - 0.0098 in) Exhaust : 0.325 - 0.45 mm (0.0128 - 0.0177 in)

- 3. The camshaft must be removed to replace the tappets. **Determining dimension "Y".**
- 4. Set up the following assembly using Tool KV113B0050 (Mot. 252-01) and dial gauge, then calibrate the gauge.



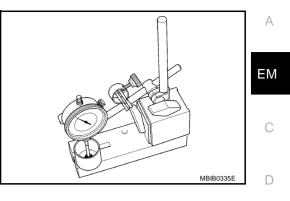


[K9K]

5. Raise the gauge extension (without modifying the position of the magnetic support/gauge assembly), then slide in the tappet to be measured.

Note dimension (Y) and repeat the operation for the tappets where the valve clearance is not within tolerance.

Refer to the Replacement Parts Catalogue for the vehicle concerned to select the various thicknesses of the tappet(s). The service parts supplies 25 sizes of single-piece tappets.



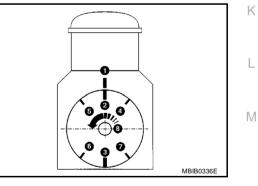
CAMSHAFT

End play	: 0.08 - 0.178 mm (0.0031 - 0.0070 in)	Е
Number of bearings	: 6	L
Diameter of the camshaft bearings		
On the camshaft:		F
Bearings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	: 24.979 - 24.999 mm (0.9834 - 0.9842 in)	
Bearing 6	: 27.979 - 27.999 mm (1.1015 - 1.1023 in)	
On the cylinder head:		G
Bearings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	: 25.04 - 25.06 mm (0.9858 - 0.9866 in)	
Bearing 6	: 28.04 - 28.06 mm (1.1039 - 1.1047 in)	Н
Timing diagram		
Intake opening retard *	: –9	
Intake closing retard	: 20	I
Exhaust opening advance	: 27	
Exhaust closing advance **	: -7	J

* As the intake opening retard is negative, the valve is opened after TDC.

** As the exhaust closing advance is negative, the valve is closed before TDC.

1	Cylinder block TDC fixed mark
2	Flywheel TDC moving mark
3	Flywheel BDC moving mark
4	Intake Opening Retard
5	Exhaust Closing Advance
6	Intake Closing Retard
7	Exhaust Opening Advance
8	Direction of engine rotation (flywheel end).



Piston

- Install the piston pin in the connecting rod and in the piston.
- The piston pin is retained by circlips.

PISTON MARKING

1	Direction of fitting of the piston mark towards the flywheel
2	Height between the piston pin and the top of the piston (see table below).
3	Used by the supplier only
4	Used by the supplier only
5	Used by the supplier only
6	Piston axis of symmetry
7	Piston pin hole axis
8	Offset between the hole axis (7) and the piston's axis of symmetry (6) is 0.3 mm (0.012 in)

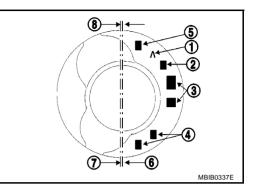


TABLE OF PISTON PIN HEIGHT

 Mark on piston
 Piston pin height

 K
 41.667 (1.6404)

 L
 41.709 (1.6421)

 M
 41.751 (1.6437)

 N
 41.793 (1.6454)

 P
 41.835 (1.6470)

The tolerance on the piston pin heights is ± 0.02 mm (± 0.0008).

* The different piston pin heights are exclusively reserved for the engine assembly plant.

The service parts will only supply piston classes (height) L, M, N.

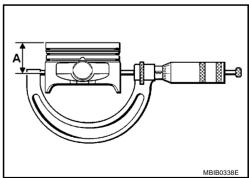
NOTE:

- If the engine is installed with a K class piston, an L class piston must be installed as a replacement.
- If the engine is installed with a P class piston, an N class piston must be installed as a replacement.

MEASURING THE PISTON DIAMETER

The piston diameter must be measured at height A = 56 mm (2.20 in).

Piston diameter	: 75.933 - 75.947 mm (2.9895 - 2.9900 in)
Piston pin:	
Length	: 59.7 - 60.3 mm (2.350 - 2.374 in)
Outer diameter	: 24.8 - 25.2 mm (0.976 - 0.992 in)
Inner diameter	: 13.55 - 13.95 mm (0.5335 - 0.5492 in)



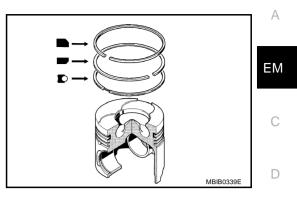
[K9K]

PISTON RING

Thickness:

Top ring	: 1.97 - 1.99 mm (0.0776 - 0.0783 in)
2nd ring	: 1.97 - 1.99 mm (0.0776 - 0.0783 in)
Oil ring	: 2.47 - 2.49 mm (0.0972 - 0.0980 in)

The piston rings are supplied ready adjusted.



PISTON RING END GAP

Top ring	: 0.20 - 0.35 mm (0.0079 - 0.0138 in)
2nd ring	: 0.70 - 0.90 mm (0.0276 - 0.0354 in)
Oil ring	: 0.25 - 0.50 mm (0.0098 - 0.0197 in)

Connecting Rod

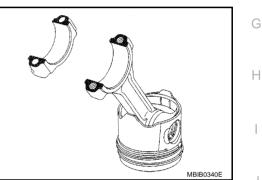
The connecting rod is of the detachable cap type. **WARNING:**

- The bolts must be coated with engine oil under the heads and on the threads when the connecting rods are installed in the engine.
- The big end caps are positioned on the connecting rod by irregularities on the parting line.
- The occurrence of impacts or a foreign body between the body cap mating surfaces will lead to rapid rupture of the connecting rod.

		MBIB0340E
Lateral big end play	: 0.205 - 0.467 mm (0.0081 - 0.0184 in)	
Diametrical big end play	: 0.035 - 0.045 mm (0.0014 - 0.0018 in)	
Center distance between the big end and small end	: 133.75 mm (5.2657 in)	
Diameter of the big end	: 47.610 - 47.628 mm (1.8744 - 1.8751 in)	
Diameter of the small end		
(without ring)	: 27.24 - 27.26 mm (1.0724 - 1.0732 in)	
(with ring)	: 25.013 - 25.025 mm (0.9848 - 0.9852 in)	

NOTE:

The connecting rod small end rings cannot be replaced.



F

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Κ

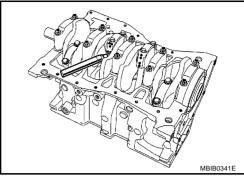
Μ

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The maximum weight difference for the connecting rod, piston and piston pin assemblies for the same engine must be 0.245 N (25 g, 0.88 oz).

WARNING:

- To avoid initiating a crack in the connecting rod, do not use a sharp point to mark the big end caps in relation to their connecting rod.
- Use a permanent marker pen.



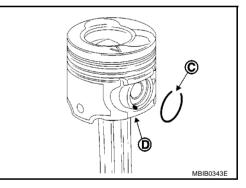
(A)

DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION OF THE CONNECTING ROD IN RELATION TO THE PISTON

 Point the mark (A) engraved on the top of the piston upwards and the machined flat (B) of the big end downwards as shown in the figure.

DIRECTION FOR INSTALLATION THE SNAP RINGS ON THE PISTON

• Position the opening (C) of the snap rings opposite of the removal and installation channel (D).



Crankshaft

Number of main journals	: 5
Crankshaft side clearance:	
Without wear on side shims	: 0.045 - 0.252 mm (0.0018 - 0.0099 in)
With wear on side shims	: 0.045 - 0.852 mm (0.0018 - 0.0335 in)
Crankshaft diametrical clearance:	
Journals	: 0.027 - 0.054 mm (0.0011 - 0.0021 in)
Crankshaft pins	: 0.035 - 0.045 mm (0.0014 - 0.0018 in)
Journal diameter:	: 47.99 - 48.01 mm (1.8894 - 1.8902 in)
Crankshaft pin diameter:	: 43.96 - 43.98 mm (1.7307 - 1.7315 in)

- The lateral shims are located on bearing No. 3.
- No rectifications are allowed.

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BASIC INSPECTION

WORKING OUT THE CLASS OF MAIN BEARING (ORIGINAL FITMENT) Marking (A) On The Crankshaft

Detail of the marking (A): Number of journals

1*	2	3	4	5	Classes of
В	В	С	С	В	journal diameters
					A = D1
					B = D2 C = D3
					0-20

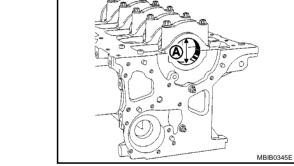
* Flywheel end.

Table Of Journal Diameter Classes

Journal class mark on the crankshaft	Journal diameter
A = D1	47.990 - 47.996 (1.8894 - 1.8896)
B = D2	47.997 - 48.003 (1.8896 - 1.8899)
C = D3	48.004 - 48.010 (1.8899 - 1.8902)

Cylinder Block

The diameters of the bearings (A) of the cylinder block are marked by a hole on the block (B) located above the oil filter.



(A

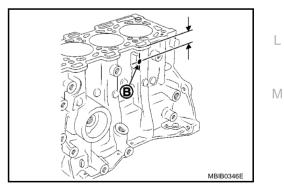


TABLE OF CYLINDER BLOCK MAIN BEARING HOUSING INNER DIAMETERS

Hole position (B)	Class reference	Cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter
X = 33 mm (1.30 in)	1 or blue	51.936 - 51.942 mm (2.0447 - 2.0450 in)
Y = 43 mm (1.69 in)	2 or red	51.942 - 51.949 mm (2.0450 - 2.0452 in)

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Unit: mm (in)

BBS002R0

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• X - Y gives the diameter class of bearings A or B.

MATCHING THE MAIN BEARING

	Journal diameter class		
	D1	D2	D3
1*	C1 1.949 - 1.955 mm (0.0767 - 0.0770 in) yellow	C2 1.946 - 1.952mm (0.0766 - 0.0769 in) blue	C3 1.943 - 1.949mm (0.0765 - 0.0767 in) black
2*	C4 1.953 - 1.959 mm (0.0769 - 0.0771 in) red	C1 1.949 - 1.955 mm (0.0767 - 0.0770 in) yellow	C2 1.946 - 1.952mm (0.0766 - 0.0769 in) blue
		Bearing thickness and class	

* Cylinder block main bearing diameter class.

main bearing on all the bearings.

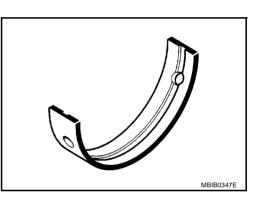
NOTE:

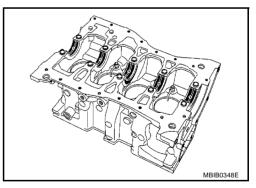
The service parts will only supply class C2 (blue).

Main Bearing and Cap MAIN BEARING

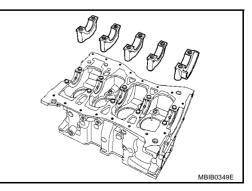
- The engine is installed with main bearing without a locator notch.
- 1. The main bearings are installed on the cylinder block and on the bearings using Tool KV113B0160 (Mot. 1493-01).

2. For direction of installation on the cylinder block, install grooved





3. For direction of installation on the bearing caps, install nongrooved main bearing.



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BASIC INSPECTION

CONNECTING ROD BEARING

The engine is installed with connecting rod bearing without a locator notch.

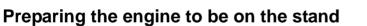
NOTE:

The upper and lower connecting rod bearing are not the same width.

Connecting rod bearing width:

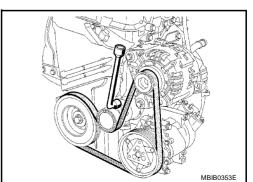
Upper bearing	: 20.625 mm (0.8120 in)
Lower bearing	: 17.625 mm (0.6939 in)

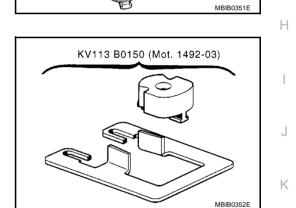
The connecting rod bearing are installed using Tool KV113B0140 (Mot. 1492) and Tool KV113B0150 (Mot. 1492-03).

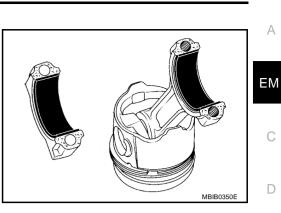


Before the engine is mounted on the Tool KV113B0070 (Mot. 792-03), the engine's electrical harness must be removed and the engine oil drained.

1. Remove the drive belt.







KV113 B0140 (Mot. 1492)

[K9K]

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2. Remove the alternator.

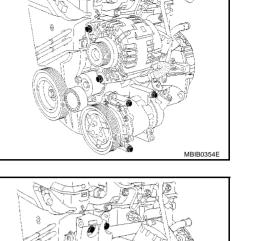
- 3. Remove the air conditioning compressor or idler pulley.
- 4. Remove the multifunction support.

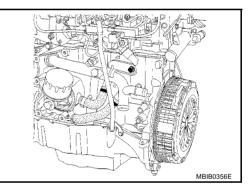
5. Remove the coolant inlet pipe on the water pump.

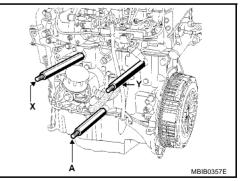
 Place the rods (A), (X), (Y) or Tool KV113B0100 (Mot. 1378) on the cylinder block so that they fit into the holes (20, 32, 33) on the plate of Tool KV113B0070 (Mot. 792-03).

Parts To Be Replaced After Removal

- All gaskets
- Flywheel bolts
- Crankshaft bearing bolts
- Camshaft pulley bolt
- Crankshaft pulley bolts
- Big end cap bolts
- Injector holder copper washers
- Fuel injection tubes







BBS002R3

EM-332

MBIB0355E

BASIC INSPECTION

	[K9K]	
Pipe plugs		
Belts	A	
Timing belt tension wheel		
Oil jets	EM	
Turbocharger plastic pipes		
Installation of Thread Inserts	BBS002R4	
Threaded holes on all engine component parts can be repaired by using thread inserts.	С	
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BASIC INSPECTION