9. Clutch Fluid Air BleedingA: PROCEDURE

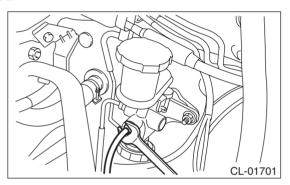
1. NON-TURBO MODEL

NOTE:

Bleed air from the oil line with help of co-worker.

- 1) Remove the air cleaner case and air intake duct. <Ref. to IN(H4SO)-6, REMOVAL, Air Cleaner Case.> and <Ref. to IN(H4SO)-7, REMOVAL, Air Intake Duct.>
- 2) Attach one end of a vinyl tube into the air bleeder of master cylinder and put the other end into a brake fluid container.
- 3) Slowly depress the clutch pedal and keep it. Then open the air bleeder to discharge air together with the fluid.

Release the air bleeder for 1 or 2 seconds. Next, with the bleeder closed, slowly release the brake pedal.



4) Repeat the above steps until there are no more air bubbles in the vinyl tube.

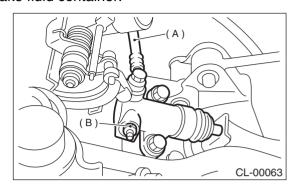
CAUTION:

Cover the bleeder with waste cloth when loosening it, to prevent brake fluid from being splashed over surrounding parts.

5) Tighten the air bleeder.

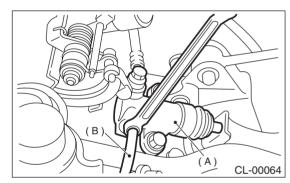
Tightening torque: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf-m, 5.8 ft-lb)

6) Fit one end of a vinyl tube into the air bleeder of operating cylinder and put the other end into a brake fluid container.



- (A) Clutch hose
- (B) Air bleeder
- 7) Slowly depress the clutch pedal and keep it depressed. Then open the air bleeder to discharge air together with the fluid.

Release the air bleeder for 1 or 2 seconds. Next, with the bleeder closed, slowly release the clutch pedal.



- (A) Operating cylinder
- (B) Vinyl tube

8) Repeat these steps until there are no more air bubbles in the vinvl tube.

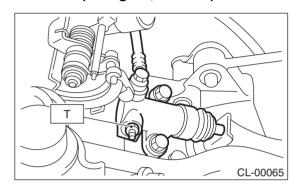
CAUTION:

Cover the bleeder with waste cloth when loosening it, to prevent brake fluid from being splashed over surrounding parts.

9) Tighten the air bleeder.

Tightening torque:

T: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf-m, 5.8 ft-lb)



- 10) After depressing the clutch pedal, make sure that there are no leaks evident in the entire system.
- 11) After bleeding air from the system, ensure that clutch operates properly.

2. TURBO MODEL

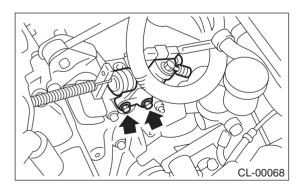
NOTE:

Bleed air from the oil line with help of a co-worker.

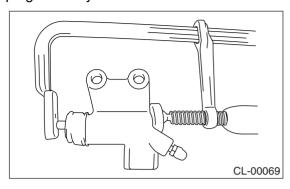
- 1) Remove the intercooler. <Ref. to IN(H4DOTC)-
- 10, REMOVAL, Intercooler.>
- 2) Remove the operating cylinder.

NOTE:

Do not remove the clutch hose.



3) Fix the piston with clamp to avoid the piston from jumping out of cylinder.

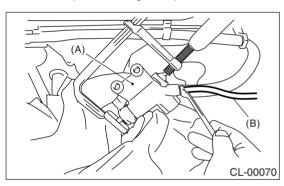


- 4) Fit one end of a vinyl tube into the air bleeder of operating cylinder and put the other end into a brake fluid container.
- 5) Slowly depress the clutch pedal and keep it depressed. Then open the air bleeder to discharge air together with the fluid.

Release the air bleeder for 1 or 2 seconds. Next, with the bleeder closed, slowly release the clutch pedal.

NOTE:

Set the air breather part higher than tip of operating cylinder when performing this procedure.



- (A) Operating cylinder
- (B) Vinyl tube
- 6) Repeat these steps until there are no more air bubbles in the vinyl tube.

CAUTION:

Cover the bleeder with waste cloth when loosening it, to prevent brake fluid from being splashed over surrounding parts.

7) Tighten the air bleeder.

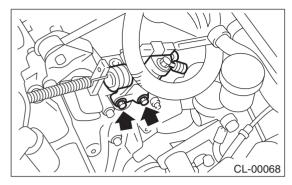
Tightening torque:

T: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf-m, 5.8 ft-lb)

8) Install the operation clylinder.

Tightening torque:

T: 37 N·m (3.8 kgf-m, 27.5 ft-lb)



- 9) After depressing the clutch pedal, make sure that there are no leaks evident in the entire system.
- 10) After bleeding air from the system, ensure that the clutch operates properly.
- 11) Install the intercooler. <Ref. to IN(H4DOTC)-
- 11, INSTALLATION, Intercooler.>