INSTRUMENTATION/DRIVER INFO

2. Combination Meter System

A: SCHEMATIC

1. COMBINATION METER

<Ref. to WI-68, SCHEMATIC, Combination Meter.>

2. OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE INDICATOR

<Ref. to WI-144, SCHEMATIC, Outside Temperature Display System.>

B: INSPECTION

CAUTION:

• When measuring voltage and resistance of the ECM, TCM, or each sensor, use a tapered pin with a diameter of less than 0.64 mm (0.025 in) in order to avoid poor contact. Do not insert the pin more than 2 mm (0.08 in).

1. SYMPTOM CHART

Symptom	Repair order	Reference
Combination meter assembly does not operate.	(1) Power supply(2) Ground circuit	<ref. and<br="" check="" idi-5,="" power="" supply="" to="">GROUND CIRCUIT, INSPECTION, Combination Meter System.></ref.>
Speedometer does not operate.	(1) (MT) Vehicle speed sensor(AT) Transmission control module(2) Harness	MT: <ref. check="" idi-6,="" speed<br="" to="" vehicle="">SENSOR, INSPECTION, Combination Meter Sys- tem.></ref.>
	(3) Speedometer	AT: <ref. check="" idi-7,="" to="" transmission<br="">CONTROL MODULE, INSPECTION, Combina- tion Meter System.></ref.>
Tachometer does not operate.	(1) Engine control module(2) Harness(3) Tachometer	<ref. check="" control="" engine="" idi-8,="" mod-<br="" to="">ULE, INSPECTION, Combination Meter System.></ref.>
Fuel gauge does not operate.	(1) Fuel level sensor(2) Harness(3) Fuel gauge	<ref. check="" fuel="" idi-9,="" level="" sensor,<br="" to="">INSPECTION, Combination Meter System.></ref.>
Water temperature gauge does not operate.	(1) Engine coolant temperature sensor(2) Harness(3) Water temperature gauge	<ref. check="" coolant<br="" engine="" idi-11,="" to="">TEMPERATURE SENSOR, INSPECTION, Com- bination Meter System.></ref.>
Outside temperature indicator does not operate.	(1) Ambient sensor(2) Harness(3) Combination meter	<ref. check="" idi-12,="" outside="" tempera-<br="" to="">TURE INDICATOR, INSPECTION, Combination Meter System.></ref.>

2. CHECK POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

<u> </u>	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR COMBINA- TION METER. 1) Remove combination meter. <ref. idi-<br="" to="">13, REMOVAL, Combination Meter Assem- bly.></ref.> 2) Disconnect combination meter harness connector. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (<i>i12</i>) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 2.	Check harness for open or short between ignition relay and combi- nation meter.
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR COMBINA- TION METER. Measure voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (i12) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Check harness for open or short between fuse and combination meter.
3	 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF COMBINA- TION METER. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance of harness between combination meter connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (i10) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair wiring har- ness.
4	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF COMBINA- TION METER. Measure resistance of harness between com- bination meter connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (i11) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω ?	Replace combina- tion meter.	Repair wiring har- ness.

3. CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR. 1) Lift-up the vehicle and support it with safety stands. 2) Remove the combination meter with harness connector. 3) Drive the vehicle at a speed greater than 20 km/h (12 MPH). Warning: 	Is the measured value less than 1 V or more than 5 V?	Check speedome- ter. <ref. idi-15,<br="" to="">REMOVAL, Speedometer.></ref.>	Go to step 2.
	 Warning: Be careful not to get caught in the running wheels. 4) Measure voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (i10) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 			
2	 CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR POWER SUPPLY. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect vehicle speed sensor harness connector. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between vehicle speed sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B17) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Check harness for open or short between ignition relay and vehicle speed sensor.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR AND ENGINE GROUND. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance between vehicle speed sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B17) No. 2 — Engine ground: 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Go to step 4 .	Repair wiring har- ness.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR AND COMBINATION METER. 1) Disconnect connector from combination meter. 2) Measure resistance between vehicle speed sensor harness connector and combination meter harness connector. Connector & terminal (B17) No. 1 — (i10) No. 13: 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Replace vehicle speed sensor.	Repair wiring har- ness.

4. CHECK TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE

T	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK TRANSMISSION CONTROL MOD- ULE SIGNAL. 1) Lift-up the vehicle and support it with safety stands. 2) Drive the vehicle faster than 10 km/h (6 MPH). 	Is the measured value less than 1 V or more than 5 V?	Go to step 2.	Check transmis- sion control mod- ule. <ref. 4at-<br="" to="">2, Basic Diagnos- tic Procedure.> or <ref. 4at(d)-2,<="" td="" to=""></ref.></ref.>
	 Warning: Be careful not to get caught in the running wheels. 3) Measure voltage between transmission control module connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal TURBO model: (B56) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): NON-TURBO model: (B55) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 			Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TRANSMIS- SION CONTROL MODULE AND COMBINA- TION METER. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from transmission control module and combination meter. 3) Measure resistance between transmission control module harness connector and combination meter harness connector. Connector & terminal TURBO model: (B56) No. 1 – (i10) No. 13: NON-TURBO model: (B55) No. 13 – (i10) No. 13: 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Check speed meter. <ref. idi-<br="" to="">15, REMOVAL, Speedometer.></ref.>	Repair wiring har- ness.

5. CHECK ENGINE CONTROL MODULE

<u> </u>	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK ENGINE CONTROL MODULE SIG- NAL. 1) Start the engine. 2) Measure voltage between engine control module connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal TURBO model: (B134) No. 23 (+) — Engine ground (-): NON-TURBO model: (B134) No. 10 (+) — Engine ground (-): 	Is the measured value within 0 V to 14 V?		Check engine con- trol module. <ref. to EN(H4SO)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.> or <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.></ref.></ref.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA- TION METER AND ENGINE CONTROL MOD- ULE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from engine control module and combination meter. 3) Measure resistance between engine con- trol module harness connector and combi- nation meter harness connector. Connector & terminal TURBO model: (B134) No. 23 — (i11) No. 7: NON-TURBO model: (B134) No. 10 — (i11) No. 7: 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Check tachome- ter. <ref. idi-16,<br="" to="">REMOVAL, Tachometer.></ref.>	Repair wiring har- ness.

6. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ENGINE MODEL.	Is the engine with TURBO?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 2.
2	 sor.> 2) Measure the resistance between the fuel level sensor terminals when setting the float to FULL and EMPTY position. <i>Terminals</i> 	Is the measured value 0.5 to 2.5 Ω at FULL or 52.5 to 54.5 Ω at EMPTY?	Go to step 3.	Replace the fuel level sensor.
	No. 3 — No. 6			
3	 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(h4so)-69,="" fuel="" level="" removal,="" sensor.="" sub="" to=""></ref.> 2) Measure the resistance between the fuel sub level sensor terminals when setting the float to FULL and EMPTY position. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2 	Is the measured value 0.5 to 2.5 Ω at FULL or 39.5 to 41.5 Ω at EMPTY?	Go to step 4.	Replace the fuel sub level sensor.
4	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR AND COMBINATION METER. 1) Disconnect the connector from the combination meter. 2) Measure the resistance between the fuel sub level sensor harness connector terminal and combination meter harness connector terminal. Connector & terminal (R59) No. 1 — (i10) No. 3: 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Go to step 5 .	Repair wiring har- ness.
5		Is the measured value less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 6 .	Repair wiring har- ness.
6	CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between the fuel level sensor harness connector terminal and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 3 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Check the fuel gauge. <ref. to<br="">IDI-17, REMOVAL, Fuel Gauge.></ref.>	Repair wiring har- ness.
7	 CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel level sensor. <ref. fu(h4dotc)-70,="" fuel="" level="" removal,="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.> 2) Measure the resistance between fuel level sensor terminals when setting the float to FULL and EMPTY position. Terminals No. 2 - No. 3: 	Is the resistance 0.5 to 2.5 Ω (FULL) and 50 to 52 Ω (EMPTY)?	Go to step 8.	Replace the fuel level sensor.

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	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	 CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR. 1) Remove the fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(h4dotc)-71,="" fuel="" level="" removal,="" sensor.="" sub="" to=""></ref.> 2) Measure the resistance between fuel sub level sensor terminals when setting the float to FULL and EMPTY position. Terminals No. 1 — No. 2: 	Is the resistance 0.5 to 2.5 Ω (FULL) and 42 to 44 Ω (EMPTY)?	Go to step 9 .	Replace the fuel sub level sensor.
9	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR AND COMBINATION METER. 1) Disconnect the connector from combination meter. 2) Measure the resistance between fuel sub level sensor harness connector terminal and combination meter harness connector terminal. Connector & terminal (R58) No. 2 — (i10) No. 3: 	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 10.	Repair the wiring harness.
10		Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Go to step 11.	Repair the wiring harness.
11	CHECK FUEL LEVEL SUB SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between fuel level sub sensor harness connector terminal and chas- sis ground. Connector & terminal (R59) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 Ω ?	Check the fuel gauge. <ref. to<br="">IDI-17, Removal.></ref.>	Repair the wiring harness.

7. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR. Check engine coolant temperature sensor. <ref. basic="" diagnostic="" en(h4so)-2,="" proce-<br="" to="">dure.> or <ref. basic="" diag-<br="" en(h4dotc)-2,="" to="">nostic Procedure.></ref.></ref.>		Go to step 2.	Replace engine coolant tempera- ture sensor.
2	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND COMBINATION METER. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from engine coolant temperature sensor and combination meter. 3) Measure resistance between engine cool- ant temperature sensor harness connector and combination meter harness connector. Connector & terminal Normal meter: (E8) No. 3 — (i12) No. 8: 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Go to step 3 .	Repair wiring har- ness.
3	CHECK WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure resistance between combination meter harness connector terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (i12) No. 9 — Chassis ground:	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Check water tem- perature gauge. <ref. idi-18,<br="" to="">REMOVAL, Water Temperature Gauge.></ref.>	Repair wiring har- ness.

8. CHECK OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE INDICATOR

1	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR AMBIENT SENSOR. 1) Turn ignition switch OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ambient sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch ON. 4) Measure voltage between ambient sensor harness connector terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F78) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the measured value more than 4 V?	Go to step 2.	Check harness for open or short between ambient sensor and combi- nation meter.
2	 CHECK AMBIENT SENSOR. 1) Turn ignition switch OFF. 2) Remove ambient sensor. 3) Check ambient sensor. <ref. ambient="" idi-19,="" inspection,="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.> 	Is the ambient sensor OK?	Go to step 3.	Replace the ambi- ent sensor.
3	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN AMBIENT SENSOR AND COMBINATION METER. 1) Disconnect connector from combination meter. 2) Measure resistance between ambient sen- sor harness connector terminal and combi- nation meter harness connector terminal. Connector & terminal (F78) No. 2 — (i10) No. 22: 	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair wiring har- ness.
4	 CHECK OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE INDICATOR. 1) Connect combination meter harness connector. 2) Connect a resistor (1.7 kΩ) between terminals of ambient sensor harness connector. 3) Turn ignition switch ON and check the outside temperature indicator display. 	Is the outside temperature indi- cator indicating 25°C (77°F)?	Outside tempera- ture indicator is OK.	Replace combina- tion meter printed circuit.