#### **ENGINE2 SECTION**

This service manual has been prepared to provide SUBARU service personnel with the necessary information and data for the correct maintenance and repair of SUBARU vehicles.

This manual includes the procedures for maintenance, disassembling, reassembling, inspection and adjustment of components and diagnostics for guidance of experienced mechanics.

Please peruse and utilize this manual fully to ensure complete repair work for satisfying our customers by keeping their vehicle in optimum condition. When replacement of parts during repair work is needed, be sure to use SUBARU genuine parts.

FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)	FU(SOHCw/oOBD)
EMISSION CONTROL (AUX. EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES)	EC(SOHCw/oOBD)
EXHAUST	EX(SOHCw/oOBD)
IGNITION	IG(SOHCw/oOBD)
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	EN(SOHCw/oOBD)
FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)	FU(DOHC TURBO)
EMISSION CONTROL (AUX. EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES)	EC(DOHC TURBO)
INTAKE (INDUCTION)	IN(DOHC TURBO)
MECHANICAL	ME(DOHCTURBO)
EXHAUST	EX(DOHC TURBO)
IGNITION	IG(DOHC TURBO)
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	EN(DOHC TURBO)

All information, illustration and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication approval.

**FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD.** 

## **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

# EN(DOHC TURBO)

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## 1. Basic Diagnostic Procedure

S088501

#### A: PROCEDURE SOBB501E45

#### 1. ENGINE S088501E4501

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ENGINE START FAILURE.  1) Ask the customer when and how the trouble occurred using the interview check list. <ref. check="" check,="" en(dohc="" for="" interview.="" list="" to="" turbo)-4,=""> 2) Start the engine.</ref.>	Does the engine start?	Go to step 2.	Inspection using "Diagnostics for Engine Start Fail- ure". <ref. diagnostics="" en(dohc="" engine="" failure.="" for="" starting="" to="" turbo)-63,=""></ref.>
2	CHECK ILLUMINATION OF CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL).	Does CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp illuminate?	Go to step 3.	Inspection using "General Diagnos- tics Table". <ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-344, General Diagnos- tic Table.&gt;</ref. 
3	CHECK INDICATION OF DTC ON DISPLAY.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool to data link connector.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON and the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool switch to ON.  4) Read DTC on the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC?	Record diagnostic trouble code. Repair the trouble cause. <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> Go to step 4.</ref.>	Repair the related parts.  NOTE:  If DTC is not shown on display although the MIL illuminates, perform diagnostics of MIL (CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp) circuit or combination meter. <ref. (mil).="" en(dohc="" engine="" indicator="" lamp="" malfunction="" to="" turbo)-50,=""></ref.>
4	PERFORM THE DIAGNOSIS.  1) Perform the clear memory mode. <ref. clear="" en(dohc="" memory="" mode.="" to="" turbo)-47,="">  2) Perform the inspection mode. <ref. en(dohc="" inspection="" mode.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.></ref.>	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC?	Inspect using "Diagnostics Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-90,="" with=""></ref.>	Complete the diagnosis.

#### 2. AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION SOBB501E4502

When trouble code about automatic transmission is shown on display, carry out the following basic check. After that, carry out the replacement or repair work.

- 1) ATF level check <Ref. to AT-9, Automatic Transmission Fluid.>
- 2) Differential gear oil level check <Ref. to AT-11, Differential Gear Oil.>
- 3) ATF leak check < Ref. to AT-9, Automatic Transmission Fluid.>
- 4) Differential gear oil leak check <Ref. to AT-11, Differential Gear Oil.>
- 5) Stall test <Ref. to AT-11, Differential Gear Oil.>
- 6) Line pressure test <Ref. to AT-16, Line Pressure Test.>
- 7) Transfer clutch pressure test <Ref. to AT-18, Transfer Clutch Pressure Test.>
- 8) Time lag test <Ref. to AT-15, Time Lag Test.>
- 9) Road test <Ref. to AT-12, Road Test.>
- 10) Shift characteristics <Ref. to AT-18, Transfer Clutch Pressure Test.>

## 2. Check List for Interview SORBESOZ

A: CHECK S088502A04

1. CHECK LIST NO. 1 S088502A0401

Check the following items when problem has occurred.

NOTE:

Use copies of this page for interviewing customers.

Customer's name		Engine no.	
Date of sale		Fuel brand	
Date of repair		Odometer reading	km
Vin no.			miles
Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Cloudy ☐ Rainy ☐ Snowy ☐ Various/Others:		
Outdoor temperature	°C (°F)		
	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool ☐ Cold		
Place	☐ Highway ☐ Suburbs ☐ Inner city ☐ Uphill ☐ Downhill ☐ Rough road ☐ Others:		
Engine temperature	☐ Cold ☐ Warming-up ☐ After warming-up ☐ Any temperature ☐ Others:		
Engine speed	rpm		
Vehicle speed	MPH		
Driving conditions	<ul> <li>□ Not affected</li> <li>□ At starting</li> <li>□ While idling</li> <li>□ At racing</li> <li>□ While accelerating</li> <li>□ While cruising</li> <li>□ While decelerating</li> <li>□ While turning (RH/LH)</li> </ul>		
Headlight	□ ON/□ OFF	Rear defogger	□ ON/□ OFF
Blower	□ ON/□ OFF	Radio	□ ON/□ OFF
A/C compressor	□ ON/□ OFF	CD/Cassette	□ ON/□ OFF
Cooling fan	□ ON/□ OFF	Car phone	□ ON/□ OFF
Front wiper	□ ON/□ OFF	СВ	□ ON/□ OFF
Rear wiper	□ ON/□ OFF		

#### **CHECK LIST FOR INTERVIEW**

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### 2. CHECK LIST NO. 2 SOBB502A0402

NOTE:

Check the following items about the vehicle's state when MIL turns on.

Use copies of this page for interviewing customers.

a) Other warning lights or indicators turn on. □ Yes/□ No
☐ Low fuel warning light
☐ Charge indicator light
☐ AT diagnostics indicator light
□ ABS warning light
☐ Engine oil pressure warning light
b) Fuel level
Lack of gasoline: □ Yes/□ No
Indicator position of fuel gauge:
c) Intentional connecting or disconnecting of harness connectors or spark plug cords: ☐ Yes/☐ No
What:
d) Intentional connecting or disconnecting of hoses: ☐ Yes/☐ No
What:
e) Installing of parts other than genuine parts: □ Yes/□ No
What:
Where:
f) Occurrence of noise: ☐ Yes/☐ No
• From where:
What kind:
g) Occurrence of smell: □ Yes/□ No
From where:
What kind:
h) Intrusion of water into engine compartment or passenger compartment: ☐ Yes/☐ No
i) Troubles occurred
☐ Engine does not start.
☐ Engine stalls during idling.
☐ Engine stalls while driving.
☐ Engine speed decreases.
☐ Engine speed does not decrease.
□ Rough idling
☐ Poor acceleration
□ Back fire
□ After fire
□ No shift
□ Excessive shift shock

## 3. General Description SOBBOOT

#### A: CAUTION SOBBOO1A03

1) Airbag system wiring harness is routed near the engine control module (ECM), main relay and fuel pump relay.

#### **CAUTION:**

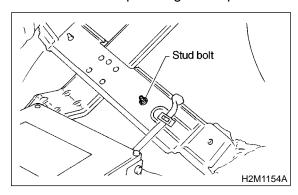
- All Airbag system wiring harness and connectors are colored yellow. Do not use electrical test equipment on these circuit.
- Be careful not to damage Airbag system wiring harness when servicing the engine control module (ECM), transmission control module (TCM), main relay and fuel pump relay.
- 2) Never connect the battery in reverse polarity.
- The ECM will be destroyed instantly.
- The fuel injector and other part will be damaged in just a few minutes more.
- 3) Do not disconnect the battery terminals while the engine is running.
- A large counter electromotive force will be generated in the alternator, and this voltage may damage electronic parts such as ECM, etc.
- 4) Before disconnecting the connectors of each sensor and the ECM, be sure to turn OFF the ignition switch.
- 5) Poor contact has been identified as a primary cause of this problem. To measure the voltage and/or resistance of individual sensors or all electrical control modules at the harness side connector, use a tapered pin with a diameter of less than 0.64 mm (0.025 in). Do not insert the pin more than 5 mm (0.20 in) into the part.
- 6) Before removing ECM from the located position, disconnect two cables on battery.
- Otherwise, the ECM may be damaged.

#### **CAUTION:**

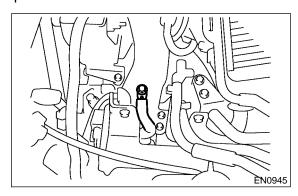
When replacing ECM, be careful not to use the wrong spec. ECM to avoid any damage on fuel injection system.

7) The connectors to each sensor in the engine compartment and the harness connectors on the engine side and body side are all designed to be waterproof. However, it is still necessary to take care not to allow water to get into the connectors when washing the vehicle, or when servicing the vehicle on a rainy day.

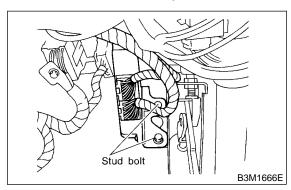
8) Use ECM mounting stud bolts at the body head grounding point when measuring voltage and resistance inside the passenger compartment.



9) Use engine grounding terminal or engine proper as the grounding point to the body when measuring voltage and resistance in the engine compartment.



10) Use TCM mounting stud bolts at the body head grounding point when measuring voltage and resistance inside the passenger compartment.



- 11) Every MFI-related part is a precision part. Do not drop them.
- 12) Observe the following cautions when installing a radio in MFI equipped models.

#### **CAUTION:**

• The antenna must be kept as far apart as possible from the control unit.

(The ECM is located under the steering column, inside of the instrument panel lower trim panel.)

- The antenna feeder must be placed as far apart as possible from the ECM and MFI harness.
- Carefully adjust the antenna for correct matching.
- When mounting a large power type radio, pay special attention to the three items above mentioned.
- Incorrect installation of the radio may affect the operation of the ECM.
- 13) Before disconnecting the fuel hose, disconnect the fuel pump connector and crank the engine for more than five seconds to release pressure in the fuel system. If engine starts during this operation, run it until it stops.
- 14) Problems in the electronic-controlled automatic transmission may be caused by failure of the engine, the electronic control system, the transmission proper, or by a combination of these. These three causes must be distinguished clearly when performing diagnostics.
- 15) Diagnostics should be conducted by rotating with simple, easy operations and proceeding to complicated, difficult operations. The most important thing in diagnostics is to understand the customer's complaint, and distinguish between the three causes.
- 16) On ABS vehicle, when performing driving test in jacked-up or lifted-up position, sometimes the warning light may be lit, but this is not a malfunction of the system. The reason for this is the speed difference between the front and rear wheels. After diagnosis of engine control system, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system.

#### B: INSPECTION SORROUTATO

Before performing diagnostics, check the following items which might affect engine problems:

#### 1. BATTERY S088001A1001

1) Measure battery voltage and specific gravity of electrolyte.

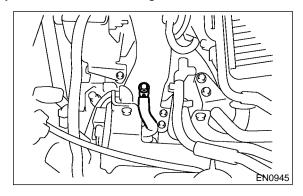
#### Standard voltage: 12 V

#### Specific gravity: Above 1.260

2) Check the condition of the main and other fuses, and harnesses and connectors. Also check for proper grounding.

#### 2. ENGINE GROUNDING SOBBOO1A1002

Make sure the engine grounding terminal is properly connected to the engine.



#### C: NOTE S088001A15

#### 1. DESCRIPTION SORBOO1A1501

- The on-board diagnostics (OBD) system detects and indicates a fault in various inputs and outputs of the complex electronic control. CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) in the combination meter indicates occurrence of a fault or trouble.
- Further, against such a failure or sensors as may disable the drive, the fail-safe function is provided to ensure the minimal driveability.
- The OBD system incorporated with the vehicles within this engine family complies with Section 1968.1, California Code of Regulations (OBD-II regulation). The OBD system monitors the components and the system malfunction listed in Engine Section which affects on emissions.
- When the system decides that a malfunction occurs, MIL illuminates. At the same time of the MIL illumination or blinking, a diagnostic trouble code (DTC) and a freeze frame engine conditions are stored into on-board computer.
- The OBD system stores freeze frame engine condition data (engine load, engine coolant temperature, fuel trim, engine speed and vehicle speed, etc.) into on-board computer when it detects a malfunction first.
- If the OBD system detects the various malfunctions including the fault of fuel trim or misfire, the OBD system first stores freeze frame engine conditions about the fuel trim or misfire.
- When the malfunction does not occur again for three consecutive driving cycles, MIL is turned off, but DTC remains at on-board computer.
- The OBD-II system is capable of communication with a general scan tool (OBD-II general scan tool) formed by ISO 9141 CARB.
- The OBD-II diagnostics procedure is different from the usual diagnostics procedure. When troubleshooting OBD-II vehicles, connect Subaru

Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool to the vehicle.

## 2. ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM SOBBOO1A1502

• The Multipoint Fuel Injection (MFI) system is a system that supplies the optimum air-fuel mixture to the engine for all the various operating conditions through the use of the latest electronic technology.

With this system fuel, which is pressurized at a constant pressure, is injected into the intake air passage of the cylinder head. The injection quantity of fuel is controlled by an intermittent injection system where the electro-magnetic injection valve (fuel injector) opens only for a short period of time, depending on the quantity of air required for one cycle of operation. In actual operation, the injection quantity is determined by the duration of an electric pulse applied to the fuel injector and this permits simple, yet highly precise metering of the fuel.

• Further, all the operating conditions of the engine are converted into electric signals, and this results in additional features of the system, such as large improved adaptability, easier addition of compensating element, etc.

The MFI system also has the following features:

- Reduced emission of harmful exhaust gases.
- Reduced in fuel consumption.
- Increased engine output.
- Superior acceleration and deceleration.
- Superior startability and warm-up performance in cold weather since compensation is made for coolant and intake air temperature.

## 3. AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND ELECTRONIC-HYDRAULIC CONTROL SYSTEM SOBBOOTA 1503

The electronic-hydraulic control system consists of various sensors and switches, a transmission control module (TCM) and the hydraulic controller including solenoid valves. The system controls the transmission proper including shift control, lock-up control, overrunning clutch control, line pressure control and shift timing control. It also controls the AWD transfer clutch. In other words, the system detects various operating conditions from various input signals and sends output signals to shift solenoids 1, 2 and low clutch timing solenoid and 2-4 brake timing solenoid, line pressure duty solenoid, lock-up duty solenoid (a total of eight solenoids).

#### D: PREPARATION TOOL SORROOTATE

		I	T
ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
B2M3876	24082AA150 (New adopted tool)	CARTRIDGE	Troubleshooting for electrical systems.
B2M3877	22771AA030	SELECT MONITOR KIT	Troubleshooting for electrical systems.  • English: 22771AA030 (Without printer)  • German: 22771AA070 (Without printer)  • French: 22771AA080 (Without printer)  • Spanish: 22771AA090 (Without printer)

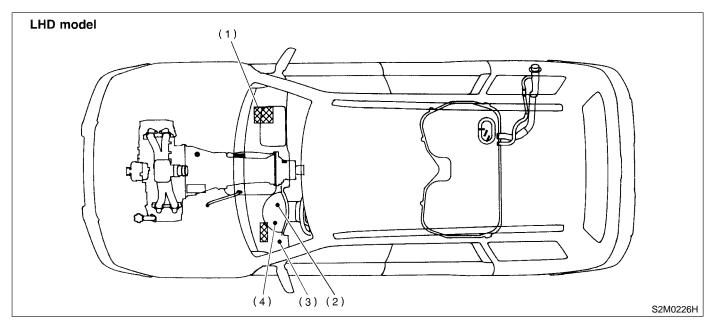
MEMO:

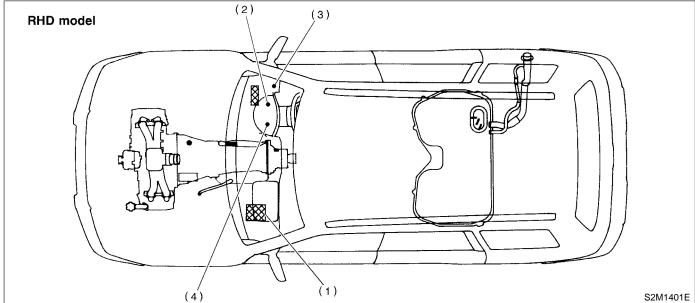
## **4. Electrical Components Location SORREGIO**

A: LOCATION SOBB507A13

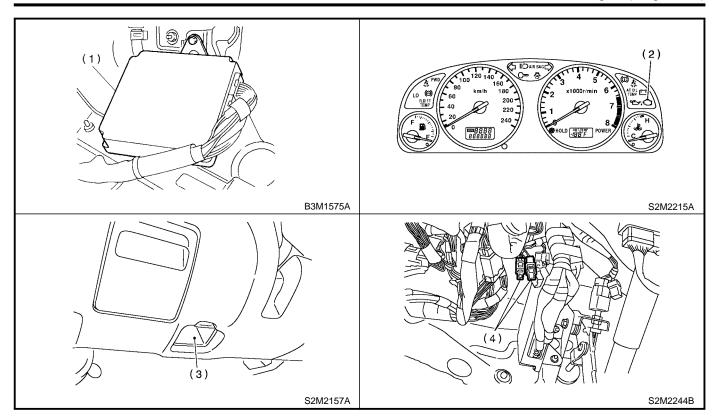
1. ENGINE S088507A1301

MODULE

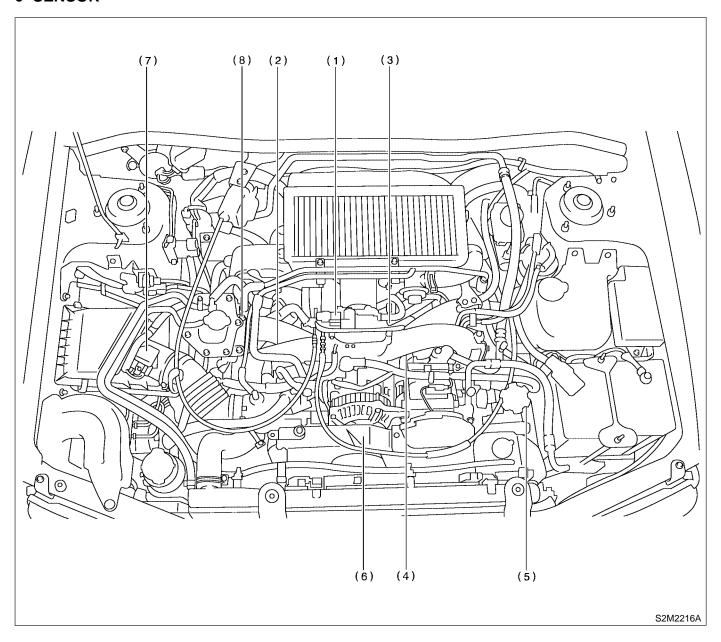




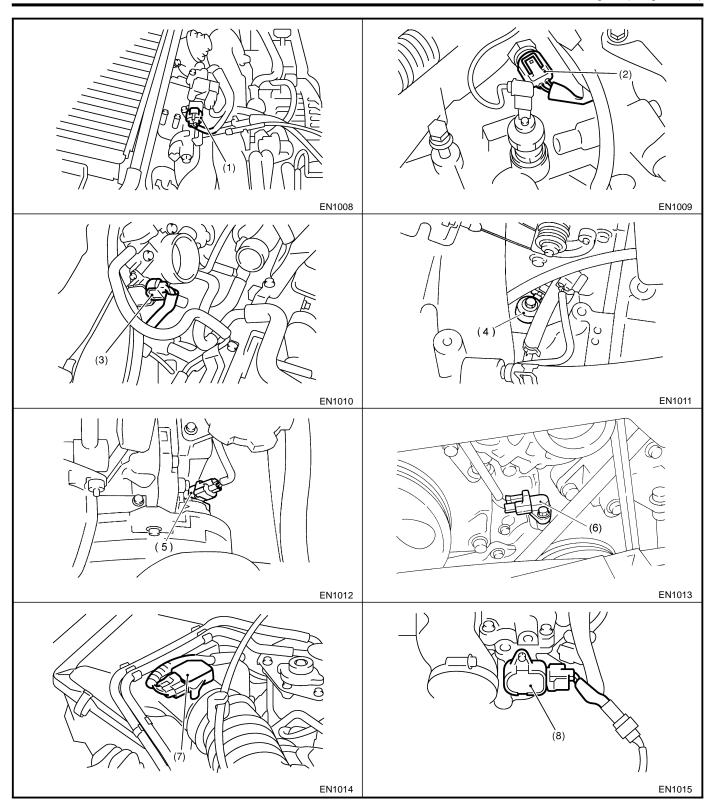
- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp (MIL)
- (3) Data link connector
- (4) Test mode connector



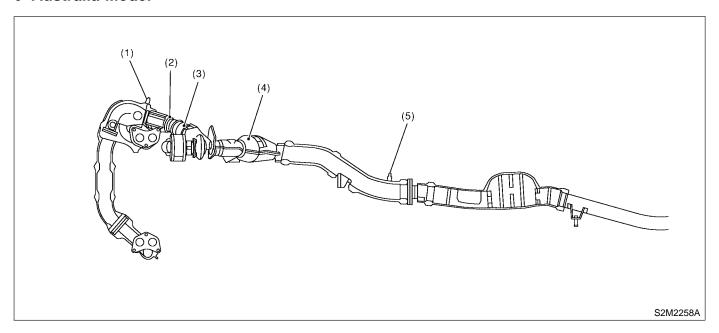
#### SENSOR



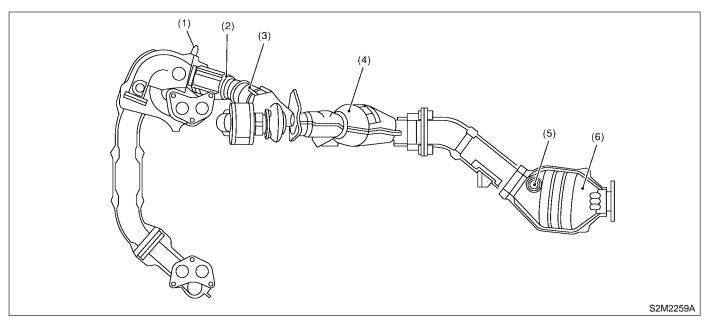
- (1) Pressure sensor
- (2) Engine coolant temperature sensor
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Knock sensor
- (5) Camshaft position sensor
- (6) Crankshaft position sensor
- (7) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
- (8) Tumble generator valve position sensor



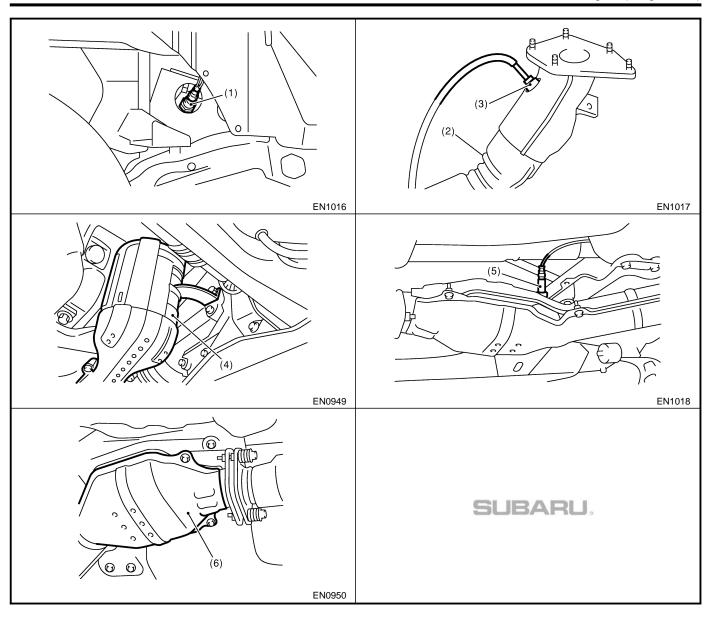
#### Australia Model

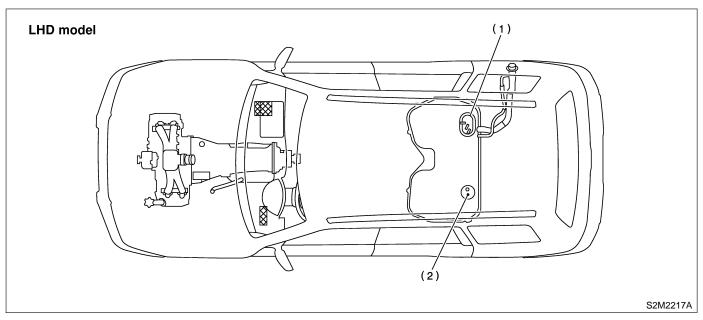


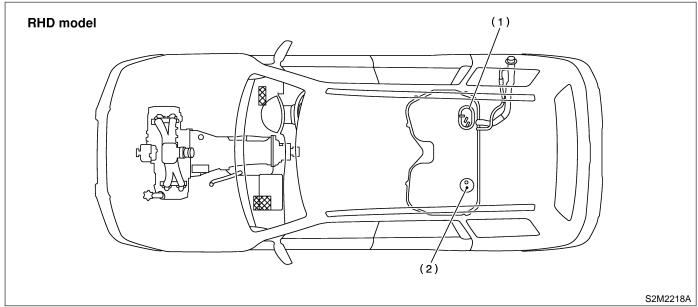
#### • Except Australia Model



- (1) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor
- (2) Precatalytic converter
- (3) Exhaust temperature sensor
- (4) Front catalytic converter
- (5) Rear oxygen sensor
- (6) Rear catalytic converter (Except Australia model)

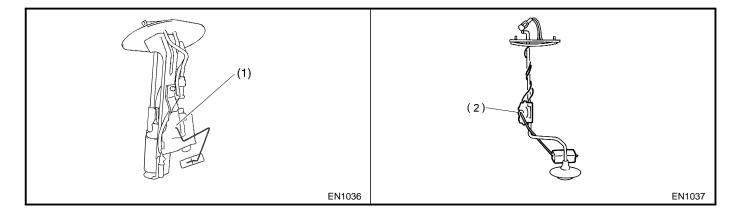






(1) Fuel level sensor

(2) Fuel sub level sensor

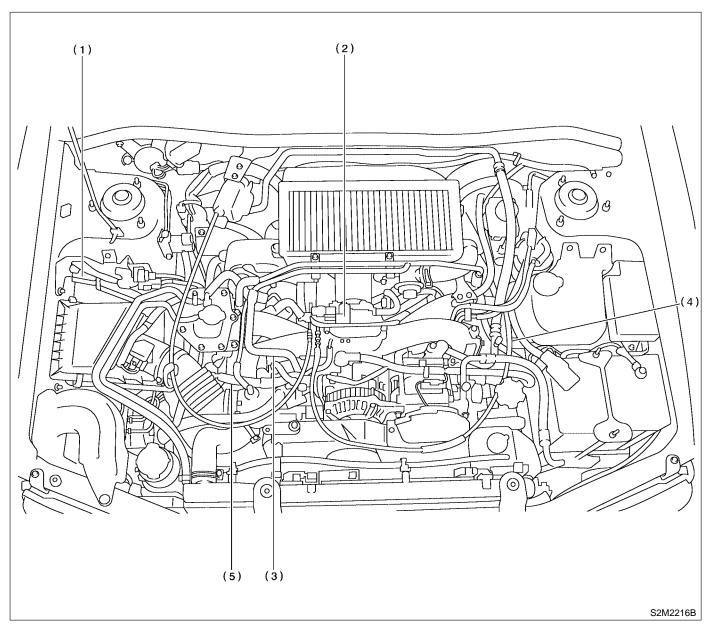


### **ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS LOCATION**

Engine (Diagnostics)

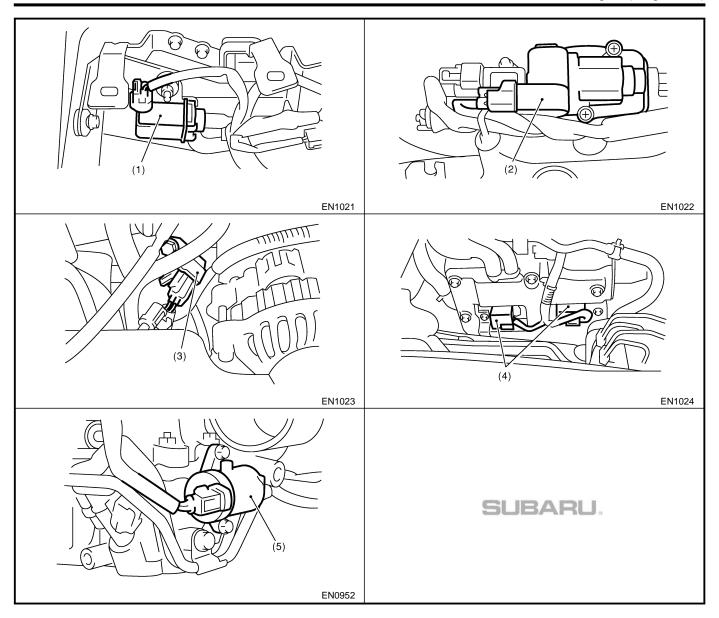
MEMO:

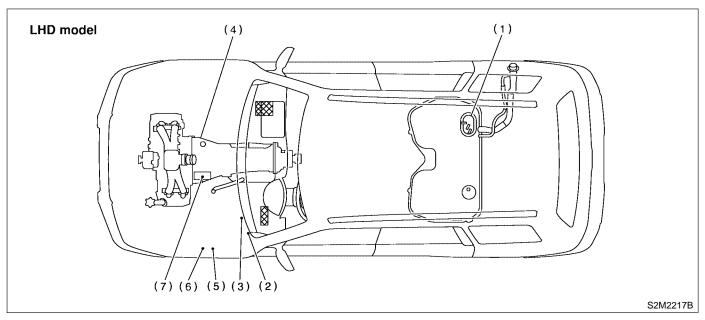
## • SOLENOID VALVE, ACTUATOR, EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PARTS AND IGNITION SYSTEM PARTS

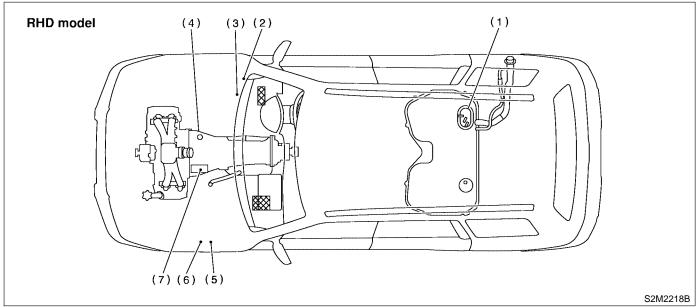


- (1) Wastegate control solenoid valve
- (2) Idle air control solenoid valve
- (3) Purge control solenoid valve
- (4) Ignition coil

(5) Tumble generator valve actuator



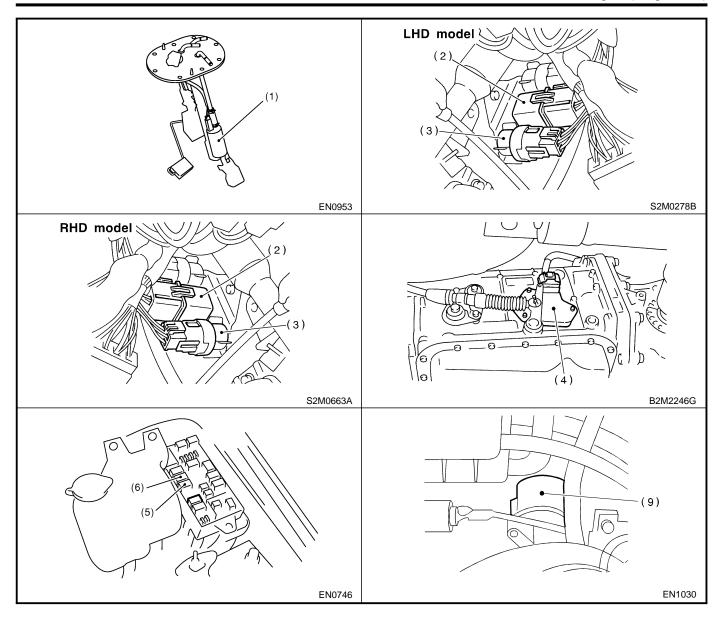




- (1) Fuel pump
- (2) Main relay
- (3) Fuel pump relay

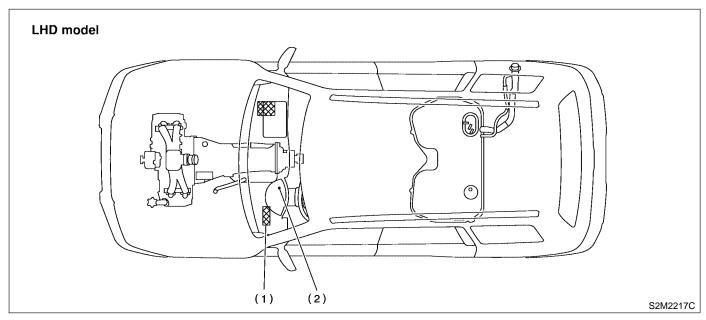
- (4) Inhibitor switch
- (5) Radiator main fan relay
- (6) Radiator sub fan relay

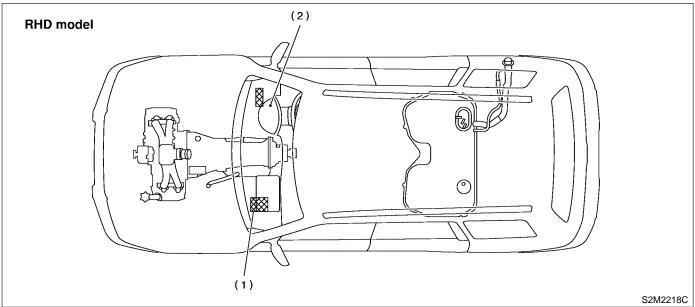
(7) Starter



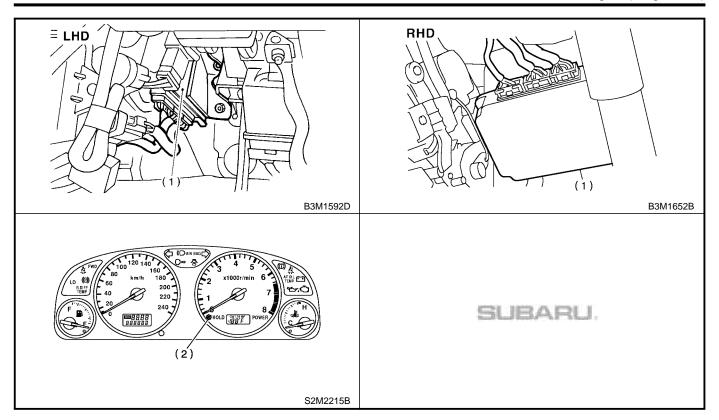
#### 2. TRANSMISSION SOBB507A1302

#### MODULE

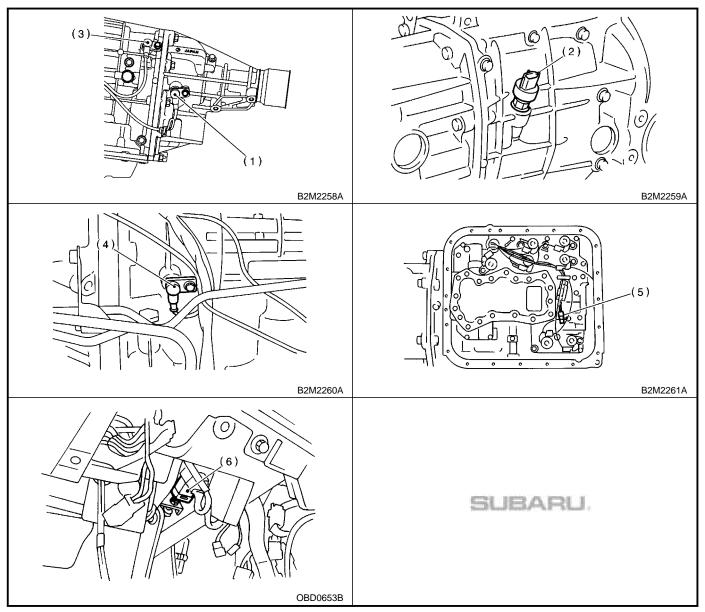




- (1) Transmission Control Module (TCM) (for AT vehicles)
- (2) AT diagnostic indicator light (for AT vehicles)



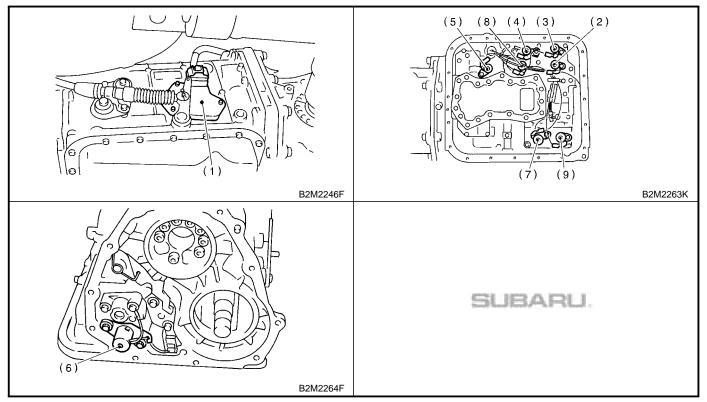
#### SENSOR



- (1) Rear vehicle speed sensor (for AT vehicles)
   (2) Front vehicle speed sensor (for MT vehicles)
   (3) Front vehicle speed sensor (for AT vehicles)
   (4) Torque converter turbine speed sensor

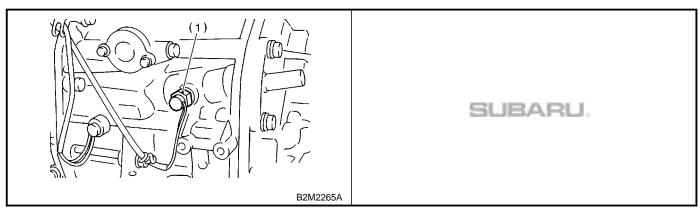
- (5) ATF temperature sensor (for AT vehicles)(6) Brake light switch

#### • SOLENOID VALVE AND SWITCH (AT VEHICLES)



- (1) Inhibitor switch
- (2) Shift solenoid valve 1
- (3) Shift solenoid valve 2(4) Line pressure duty solenoid
- (5) Lock-up duty solenoid
- (6) Transfer duty solenoid
- (7) 2-4 brake duty solenoid
- (8) Low clutch timing solenoid valve
- (9) 2-4 brake timing solenoid valve

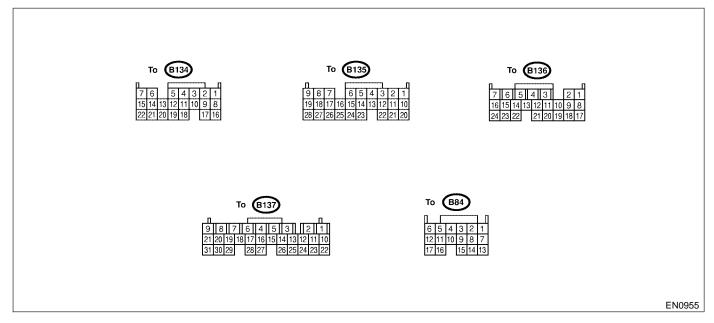
#### • SOLENOID VALVE AND SWITCH (MT VEHICLES)



(1) Neutral position switch

## 5. Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal SORRESSE

#### A: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION SOBB526A08



Content		Con-	Tormi	Signa	I (V)	
		nector No.	Termi- nal No.	Ignition SW ON (Engine OFF)	Engine ON (Idling)	Note
Crankshaft	Signal (+)	B135	2	0	-7 — +7	Sensor output waveform
position	Signal (-)	B135	11	0	0	_
sensor	Shield	B135	21	0	0	_
Camshaft	Signal (+)	B135	1	0	-7 — +7	Sensor output waveform
position	Signal (-)	B135	10	0	0	_
sensor	Shield	B135	21	0	0	_
Tl 441 -	Signal	B135	7	Fully closed: Fully opened		_
Throttle position sensor	Power sup- ply	B135	9	5	5	_
Serisor	GND (sen- sor)	B135	19	0	0	_
	Signal	B135	17	0	0 — 0.9	_
Rear oxy-	Shield	B135	26	0	0	_
gen sensor	GND (sen- sor)	B135	19	0	0	_
Front oxy- gen (A/F)	Signal 1	B137	4	0 — 1.0	0 — 1.0	_
sensor heater	Signal 2	B137	5	0 — 1.0	0 — 1.0	_
Rear oxygen sensor heater signal		B136	13	0 — 1.0	0 — 1.0	_
Engine coolant	Signal	B135	18	1.0 — 1.4	1.0 — 1.4	After warm-up the engine.
tempera- ture sensor	GND (sen- sor)	B135	19	0	0	After warm-up the engine.
Vehicle spee	ed signal	B134	1	0 or 5	0 or 5	"5" and "0" are repeatedly displayed when vehicle is driven.

Con Signal (V)						
Content		nector No.	Termi- nal No.	Ignition SW ON (Engine OFF)	Engine ON (Idling)	Note
Signal		B84	13	<u> </u>	0.3 — 4.5	_
Mass air flow sensor	Shield	B84	8	0	0	_
now sensor	GND	B84	7	0	0	_
Intake air te sensor signa		B135	27	_	_	_
Exhaust	Signal	B135	16	_		_
gas tem- perature sensor	GND (sensor)	B135	19	0	0	_
Tumble	Signal	B84	23	Fully closed: Fully opened		_
generator valve posi- tion sensor	Power sup- ply	B135	9	5	5	_
RH	GND (sensor)	B135	19	0	0	_
Tumble generator	Signal	B84	13	Fully closed: Fully opened		_
valve posi- tion sensor	Power sup- ply	B135	9	5	5	_
LH	GND (sensor)	B135	19	0	0	_
RH (open)	Tumble generator valve RH (open)		4	0 or 5	0 or 5	_
Tumble general RH (close)		B84	5	0 or 5	0 or 5	_
Tumble general LH (open)		B84	11	0 or 5	0 or 5	_
Tumble general LH (close)		B84	10	0 or 5	0 or 5	_
Wastegate on noid valve	control sole-	B137	24	10 — 13	13 — 14	_
Starter switch	h	B134	16	0	0	Cranking: 8 — 14
A/C switch		B134	6	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 13 — 14 OFF: 0	_
Ignition swite	ch	B134	14	10 — 13	13 — 14	_
Neutral position	MT	B135	8	ON: 12 OFF		Switch is ON when gear is in neutral position.
I -		B135	8	ON: 0 OFF: 12±0.5		Switch is ON when shift is in "N" or "P" position.
Test mode of		B134	5	5	5	When connected: 0
		B135	4	2.8	2.8	_
sor Shield		B135	22	0	0	_
Back-up power supply		B137	10	10 — 13	13 — 14	Ignition switch "OFF": 10 — 13
Control unit power sup-		B137	2	10 — 13	13 — 14	_
ply		B137 B135	3	10 — 13	13 — 14	_
	Sensor power supply		9	5	5	_
Line end che		B134	10	0	0	
	#1	B136	24	0	13 — 14	Waveform
Ignition	#2	B136	23	0	13 — 14	Waveform
control	#3	B136	22	0	13 — 14	Waveform
	#4	B136	21	0	13 — 14	Waveform

	0: 100							
		Con-	Termi-	Signa	II (V)			
Cor	ntent	nector No.	nal No.	Ignition SW ON (Engine OFF)	Engine ON (Idling)	Note		
#1		B137	1	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform		
Fuel injec-	#2	B136	6	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform		
tor	#3	B136	5	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform		
	#4	B136	4	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform		
Idle air control solenoid valve	Signal	B136	10	0 or 13 — 14	0 or 13 — 14	Waveform		
A/C relay co	ontrol	B137	27	ON: 0.5, or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5, or less OFF: 13 — 14	_		
Radiator fan control	relay 1	B137	17	ON: 0.5, or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5, or less OFF: 13 — 14	_		
Radiator fan control	relay 2	B137	28	ON: 0.5, or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5, or less OFF: 13 — 14	With A/C vehicles only		
Malfunction lamp	indicator	B137	15	_	_	Light "ON": 1, or less Light "OFF": 10 — 14		
Engine spee		B136	9	_	0 — 13, or more	Waveform		
Purge contro valve	ol solenoid	B137	16	ON: 1, or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1, or less OFF: 13 — 14	_		
	Signal	B135	8	1.7 — 2.4	1.1 — 1.6			
Pressure	Power sup- ply	B135	9	5	5	_		
sensor	GND (sen- sor)	B135	19	0	0			
Fuel level se	ensor	B135	25	0.12 — 4.75	0.12 — 4.75	_		
Small light s	Small light switch		17	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 13 — 14	_		
Blower fan s	switch	B134	9	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 13 — 14	_		
Rear defogg	ger switch	B134	3	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 13 — 14			
Power steer sure switch	ing oil pres-	B135	24	10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 13 — 14	_		
Front oxyge sor signal (+		B137	19	2.8 — 3.2	2.8 — 3.2	_		
Front oxyge sor signal (-		B137	29	2.4 — 2.7	2.4 — 2.7	_		
Front oxyge sor shield	n (A/F) sen-	B136	7	0	0	_		
SSM/GST communication line		B134	21	Less than 1 ←→ More than 4	Less than 1 ←→ More than 4	_		
GND (sensors)		B135	19	0	0	_		
GND (injectors)		B136	8	0	0	_		
GND (ignition	n system)	B136	18	0	0	_		
GND (power	r sunnly)	B136	17	0	0	_		
Chowe	i suppiy)	B134	22	0	0	_		
GND (contro	al evetama)	B134	7	0	0	_		
טואט (כטוונונ	מוושופעס וע	B134	15	0	0			
GND (oxyge heater 1)		B137	9	0	0	_		
GND (oxyge heater 2)	en sensor	B137	8	0	0	_		

## 6. Engine Condition Data 5088530

#### A: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

S088530A08

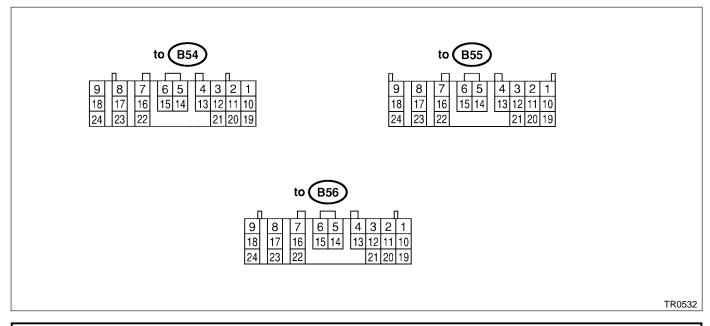
Content	Specified data				
Engine load	1.6 — 2.9 (%): Idling				
	6.4 — 12.8 (%): 2,500 rpm racing				

#### Measuring condition:

- After warm-up the engine.
- Gear position is in neutral position.
- A/C is turned OFF.
- All accessory switches are turned OFF.

## 7. Engine Condition Data SORRESON

### A: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION SOBBSOGAOB



			Che	ck with ignition switch ON.		
Content		Con- nector No.	Termi- nal No.	Measuring conditions	Voltage (V)	Resistance to body (ohms)
Back-up pov	ver supply	B56	1	Ignition switch OFF	10 — 16	_
Ignition pow	er supply	B54 B54	23 24	Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF)	10 — 16	_
				Select lever in "P" range	Less than 1	
"P" range switch		B55	1	Select lever in any other than "P" range (except "N" range)	More than 8	_
				Select lever in "N" range	Less than 1	
"N" range switch		9   855	14	Select lever in any other than "N" range (except "P" range)	More than 8	_
	"R" range	2000	3	Select lever in "R" range	Less than 1	
	switch	B55		Select lever in any other than "R" range	More than 8	_
Inhibitor	"D" ******	D" ****		Select lever in "D" range	Less than 1	
switch	"D" range switch	B55	4	Select lever in any other than "D" range	More than 8	_
	"0" ***	0.11		Select lever in "3" range	Less than 1	
	"3" range switch	B55	5	Select lever in any other than "3" range	More than 8	_
	"2" range			Select lever in "2" range	Less than 1	
	switch	B55	6	Select lever in any other than "2" range	More than 8	_
	"1" range			Select lever in "1" range	Less than 1	
"1" range switch		e B55	7	Select lever in any other than "1" range	More than 8	_
Brake switch	Proko oviteh		12	Brake pedal depressed.	More than 10.5	
שומגב אוונו		B55	12	Brake pedal released.	Less than 1	

	Check with ignition switch ON.								
Content	Con- nector No.	Termi- nal No.	Measuring conditions	Voltage (V)	Resistance to body (ohms)				
ABS signal	B55	21	ABS switch ON ABS switch OFF	Less than 1 6.5 — 15	_				
Hold switch	B55	16	Hold switch ON Hold switch OFF	Less than 1 More than 8	_				
Power switch	B55	23	Power switch ON Power switch OFF	Less than 1  More than 10	_				
Kick-down switch	B55	11	Throttle fully opened. Throttle fully closed.	Less than 1  More than 6.5	_				
POWER indicator light	B56	11	Light ON	Less than 1  More than 9	_				
AT OIL TEMP indicator light	B56	10	Light OFF Light OFF	Less than 1	_				
Throttle position sensor	B54	3	Light OFF Throttle fully closed.	More than 9 0.3 — 0.7	_				
Throttle position sensor power supply	B54	2	Throttle fully open. Ignition switch ON (With engine OFF)	4.0 — 4.6 4.8 — 5.3	_				
			ATF temperature 20°C (68°F)	1.6 — 2.0	2.1 — 2.9 k				
ATF temperature sensor	B54	11	ATF temperature 80°C (176°F)	0.4 — 0.9	275 — 375				
Rear vehicle speed sensor	B55	24	Vehicle stopped.  Vehicle speed at least 20 km/h (12 MPH)	0 More than 1 (AC range)	450 — 650				
Front vehicle speed sensor	B55	18	Vehicle speed at least 20 km/h (12 MPH)	More than 1 (AC range)	450 — 650				
Torque converter turbine speed sensor	B55	8	Engine idling after warm-up. (D range)	0	450 — 650				
speed sensor			Engine idling after warm-up. (N range)	More than 1 (AC range)					
Vehicle speed output signal	B56	17	Vehicle speed at most 10 km/h (6 MPH)	Less than 1← →More than 4	_				
Engine speed signal	B55	17	Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF)	More than 10.5	_				
<u> </u>		·	Ignition switch ON (with engine ON)	8 — 11					
Cruise set signal	B55	22	When cruise control is set (SET lamp ON)  When cruise control is not	Less than 1  More than 6.5	_				
Torque control signal 1	B56	5	set (SET lamp OFF) Ignition switch ON (with engine ON)	4	_				
Torque control signal 2	B56	14	Ignition switch ON (with engine ON)	4	_				
Torque control cut signal	B55	10	Ignition switch ON	8					
Mass air flow signal	B54	1	Engine idling after warm-up.	0.5 — 1.2	_				
Shift solenoid 1	B54	22	1st or 4th gear 2nd or 3rd gear	More than 9 Less than 1	10 — 16				
Shift solenoid 2	B54	5	1st or 2nd gear 3rd or 4th gear	More than 9 Less than 1	10 — 16				

Check with ignition switch ON.					
Content	Con- nector No.	Termi- nal No.	Measuring conditions	Voltage (V)	Resistance to body (ohms)
Line pressure duty solenoid	DEA	9	Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF) Throttle fully closed after warm-up.	1.5 — 4.0	2.0 — 4.5
	B54		Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF) Throttle fully open after warm-up.	Less than 0.5	
	DE 4	_	When lock up occurs.	More than 8.5	10 — 17
Lock-up duty solenoid	B54	7	When lock up is released.	Less than 0.5	
			Fuse on FWD switch	More than 8.5	
Transfer duty solenoid	B54	6	Fuse removed from FWD switch (with throttle fully open and with select lever in 1st gear).	Less than 0.5	10 — 17
2-4 brake duty solenoid	B54	18	Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF) Throttle fully closed after warm-up.	1.5 — 4.0	2.0 — 4.5
			Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF) Throttle fully open after warm-up.	Less than 0.5	
O 4 harder diaria a colonalid	D.E.4	16	1st gear	Less than 1	10 — 16
2-4 brake timing solenoid	B54		3rd gear	More than 9	
	B54	15	2nd gear	Less than 1	40 40
Low clutch timing solenoid			4th gear	More than 9	10 — 16
Sensor ground line 1	B54	20	_	0	Less than 1
Sensor ground line 2	B55	9	_	0	Less than 1
Sensor ground line 3	B54	10	_	0	Less than 1
Sensor ground line 4	B54	19	_	0	Less than 1
	B56	19			1
System ground line	B54	21	] -	0 Le	Less than 1
TMD quitab	B55	20	Fuse removed.	6 — 9.1	
FWD switch			Fuse installed.	Less than 1	
FWD indicator light	B56	2	Fuse ONFWD switch	Less than 1	
			Fuse removed from FWD switch	More than 9	
Data link signal (Subaru	B56	15	_		_
Select Monitor)	630	6	_	_	

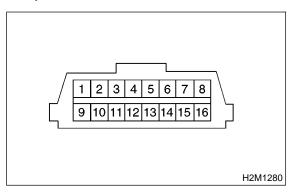
#### 8. Data Link Connector SORBESOS

#### A: NOTE S088505A15

This connector is used both for OBD-II general scan tools and the Subaru Select Monitor.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect any scan tools other than the OBD-II general scan tools and the Subaru Select Monitor, because the circuit for the Subaru Select Monitor may be damaged.



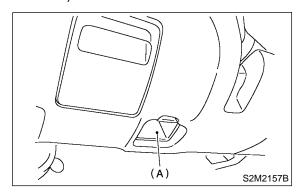
Terminal No.	Contents	Terminal No.	Contents
1	Power supply	9	Blank
2	Blank	10	K line of ISO 9141 CARB
3	Blank	11	Blank
4	Blank	12	Ground
5	Blank	13	Ground
6	Line end check signal 1	14	Blank
7	Blank	15	Blank
8	Line end check signal 2	16	Blank

#### 9. OBD-II General Scan Tool SORBEZT

#### A: OPERATION SOBB527A16

## 1. HOW TO USE OBD-II GENERAL SCAN TOOL SOBBS27A1601

- 1) Prepare a general scan tool (OBD-II general scan tool) required by SAE J1978.
- 2) Open the cover and connect the OBD-II general scan tool to the data link connector (A) located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).



- 3) Using the OBD-II general scan tool, call up diagnostic trouble code(s) and freeze frame data. OBD-II general scan tool functions consist of:
  - (1) MODE \$01: Current powertrain diagnostic data
  - (2) MODE \$02: Powertrain freeze frame data
  - (3) MODE \$03: Emission-related powertrain diagnostic trouble codes
  - (4) MODE \$04: Clear/Reset emission-related diagnostic information

Read out data according to repair procedures. (For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Operation Manual.)

#### NOTE:

For details concerning diagnostic trouble codes, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

#### 2. MODE \$01 (CURRENT POWERTRAIN DIAGNOSTIC DATA) S088527A1602

Refers to data denoting the current operating condition of analog input/output, digital input/output and/or the powertrain system.

A list of the support data and PID (Parameter Identification) codes are shown in the following table.

PID	Data	Unit of measure
01	Number of emission-related powertrain trouble codes and MIL status	ON/OFF
03	Fuel system control status	_
04	Calculated engine load value	%
05	Engine coolant temperature	°C
06	Short term fuel trim	%
07	Long term fuel trim	%
0B	Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa
0C	Engine revolution	rpm
0D	Vehicle speed	km/h
0E	Ignition timing advance	o
0F	Intake air temperature	°C
10	Air flow rate from pressure sensor	g/sec
11	Throttle valve opening angle	%
13	Check whether oxygen sensor is installed.	_
15	Oxygen sensor output voltage and short term fuel trim associated with oxygen sensor—bank 2	V and %
24	A/F sensor 1 output voltage and short term fuel trim associated with A/F sensor 1	V and %
1C	On-board diagnosis system	

#### NOTE:

Refer to OBD-II general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access generic OBD-II PIDs (MODE \$01).

#### 3. MODE \$02 (POWERTRAIN FREEZE FRAME DATA) S088527A1603

Refers to data denoting the operating condition when trouble is sensed by the on-board diagnosis system. A list of the support data and PID (Parameter Identification) codes are shown in the following table.

PID	Data	Unit of measure
02	Trouble code that caused CARB required freeze frame data storage	
03	Fuel system control status	
04	Calculated engine load value	%
05	Engine coolant temperature	°C
06	Short term fuel trim	%
07	Long term fuel trim	%
0B	Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa
0C	Engine revolution	rpm
0D	Vehicle speed	km/h

#### NOTE:

Refer to OBD-II general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access freeze frame data (MODE \$02).

#### 4. MODE \$03 (EMISSION-RELATED POWERTRAIN DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE) S088527A1604

Refer to Read Diagnostic Trouble Code for information about data denoting emission-related powertrain diagnostic trouble codes. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-43, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code.>

#### 5. MODE \$04 (CLEAR/RESET EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION) S088527A1605

Refers to the mode used to clear or reset emission-related diagnostic information (OBD-II trouble diagnostic information).

#### NOTE:

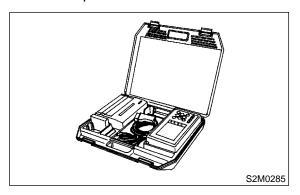
Refer to OBD-II general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to clear or reset emission-related diagnostic information (MODE \$04).

## 10. Subaru Select Monitor SORREGOS

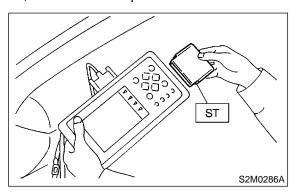
A: OPERATION SOBB503A16

# 1. HOW TO USE SUBARU SELECT MONITOR SOBBSOJA1601

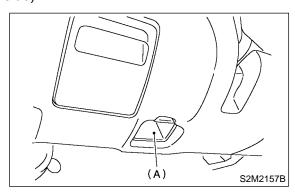
1) Prepare Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-8, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



- 2) Connect diagnosis cable to Subaru Select Monitor.
- 3) Insert cartridge into Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-8, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



- 4) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.
  - (1) Data link connector located (A) in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).

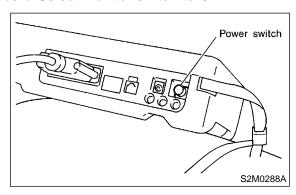


(2) Connect diagnosis cable to data link connector.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and OBD-II general scan tool.

5) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF) and Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.



6) Using Subaru Select Monitor, call up diagnostic trouble code(s) and various data, then record them.

# 2. READ DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) FOR ENGINE. (NORMAL MODE)

S088503A1602

Refer to Read Diagnostic Trouble Code for information about how to indicate DTC. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-43, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code.>

# 3. READ DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) FOR ENGINE. (OBD MODE) \$008503A1603

Refer to Read Diagnostic Trouble Code for information about how to indicate DTC. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-43, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code.>

#### 4. READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE. (NORMAL MODE) S088503A1604

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {Current Data Display & Save} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the ≪Data Display Menu≫ display screen, select the {Data Display} and press the [YES] key.
- 6) Using the scroll key, move the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
Battery voltage	Battery Voltage	V
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C or °F
Ignition timing signal	Ignition Timing	deg
Throttle position signal	Throttle Opening Angle	%
Throttle position signal	Throttle Sensor Voltage	V
Injection pulse width	Fuel Injection #1 Pulse	ms
Idle air control signal	ISC Valve Duty Ratio	%
Alternator duty control signal	ALT Duty	%
Fuel pump duty control signal	Fuel Pump Duty	%
A/F sensor current	A/F Sensor #1 Current	mA
A/F sensor resistance	A/F Sensor #1 Resistance	Ω
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor output signal	A/F Sensor #1	_
Rear oxygen sensor output signal	Rear O2 Sensor	V
Short term fuel trim	A/F Correction #1	%
Knock sensor signal	Knocking Correction	deg
Atmospheric absolute pressure signal	Atmosphere Pressure	mmHg or kPa or inHg or psi
Intake manifold relative pressure signal	Mani. Relative Pressure	mmHg or kPa or inHg or psi
Intake manifold absolute pressure signal	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg or kPa or inHg or psi
A/F correction (short term fuel trim) by rear oxygen sensor	A/F Correction #3	%
Long term whole fuel trim	A/F Learning #1	%
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current	A/F Heater Current 1	A
Rear oxygen sensor heater voltage	Rear O2 Heater Voltage	V
Canister purge control solenoid valve duty ratio	CPC Valve Duty Ratio	%
Primary supercharged pressure control signal	Primary Control	%
Tumble generator valve position sensor signal (right side)	TGV Position Sensor R	V
Tumble generator valve position sensor signal (left side)	TGV Position Sensor L	V
Tumble generator valve drive signal	TGV Drive	OPEN or CLOSE
Fuel level signal	Fuel Level	V
Intake air temperature signal	Intake Air Temp.	°C or °F
Learned ignition timing	Learned Ignition Timing	deg
Mass air flow sensor signal	Mass Air Flow	g/s
Mass air flow sensor signal	Air Flow Sensor Voltage	V
Ignition switch signal	Ignition Switch	ON or OFF
Test mode connector signal	Test Mode Signal	ON or OFF
Neutral position switch signal	Neutral Position Switch	ON or OFF
Air conditioning switch signal	A/C Switch	ON or OFF
Air conditioning signal	A/C Compressor Signal	ON or OFF

## **SUBARU SELECT MONITOR**

### Engine (Diagnostics)

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
Radiator main fan relay signal	Radiator Fan Relay #1	ON or OFF
Fuel pump relay signal	Fuel Pump Relay	ON or OFF
Knocking signal	Knocking Signal	ON or OFF
Radiator sub fan relay signal	Radiator Fan Relay #2	ON or OFF
Power steering switch signal	P/S Switch	ON or OFF
Engine torque control signal #1	Torque Control Signal #1	ON or OFF
Engine torque control signal #2	Torque Control Signal #2	ON or OFF
Engine torque control permission signal	Torque Permission Signal	ON or OFF
Rear oxygen sensor rich signal	Rear O2 Rich Signal	ON or OFF
Starter switch signal	Starter Switch	ON or OFF
Idle switch signal	Idle Switch	ON or OFF
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Crankshaft Position Sig.	ON or OFF
Camshaft position sensor signal	Camshaft Position Sig.	ON or OFF
Rear defogger switch signal	Rear Defogger SW	ON or OFF
Blower fan switch signal	Blower Fan SW	ON or OFF
Small light switch signal	Light Switch	ON or OFF
Tumble generator valve output signal	TGV Output	ON or OFF

## NOTE:

#### 5. READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE. (OBD MODE) S088503A1605

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the ≪OBD Menu≫ display screen, select the {Current Data Display & Save} and press the [YES] key.
- 6) On the ≪Data Display Menu≫ display screen, select the {Data Display} and press the [YES] key.
- 7) Using the scroll key, move the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
Number of diagnosis code	Number of Diagnosis Code	_
Malfunction indicator lamp status	MI (MIL)	Complete or incomplete
Monitoring test of misfire	Misfire monitoring	Complete or incomplete
Monitoring test of fuel system	Fuel system monitoring	Complete or incomplete
Monitoring test of comprehensive component	Component monitoring	Complete or incomplete
Test of catalyst	Catalyst Diagnosis	No support
Test of heated catalyst	Heated catalyst	No support
Test of evaporative emission purge control system	Evaporative purge system	No support
Test of secondary air system	Secondary air system	No support
Test of air conditioning system refrigerant	A/C system refrigerant	No support
Test of oxygen sensor	Oxygen sensor	Complete or incomplete
Test of oxygen sensor heater	O2 Heater Diagnosis	Complete or incomplete
Test of EGR system	EGR system	No support
Air fuel ratio control system for bank 1	Fuel System for Bank 1	_
Engine load data	Calculated load value	%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C or °F
Short term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor	Short term fuel trim B1	%
Long term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor	Long term fuel trim B1	%
Intake manifold absolute pressure signal	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg or kPa or inHg or psi
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH
Ignition timing advance for #1 cylinder	Ignition timing adv. #1	0
Intake air temperature signal	Intake Air Temp.	°C or °F
Intake air amount	Mass Air Flow	g/s
Throttle position signal	Throttle Opening Angle	%
A/F sensor equipment	A/F sensor	ON or OFF
Rear oxygen sensor output signal	Oxygen Sensor #12	V
Air fuel ratio correction by rear oxygen sensor	Short term fuel trim #12	%
On-board diagnostic system	OBD System	_

#### NOTE:

#### 6. READ FREEZE FRAME DATA FOR ENGINE. (OBD MODE) S088503A1606

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the ≪OBD Menu≫ display screen, select the {Freeze Frame Data} and press the [YES] key.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
Diagnostic trouble code (DTC) for freeze frame data	Freeze frame data	DTC
Air fuel ratio control system for bank 1	Fuel system for Bank1	ON or OFF
Engine load data	Engine Load	%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C or °F
Short term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor	Short term fuel trim B1	%
Long term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor	Long term fuel trim B1	%
Intake manifold absolute pressure signal	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg or kPa or inHg or psi
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH

#### NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

# 7. READ OXYGEN SENSOR MONITORING TEST RESULTS DATA FOR ENGINE. (OBD MODE) \$3088503A1607

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the ≪OBD Menu≫ display screen, select the {O2 Sensor Monitor} and press the [YES] key.
- 6) On the ≪O2 Sensor Select≫ display screen, select the {Bank 1-Sensor1} or {Bank 1-Sensor2} and press the [YES] key.
- Bank 1-Sensor1 indicates the front oxygen or A/F sensor, and Bank 1-Sensor2 indicates the rear oxygen sensor.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
Oxygen sensor for monitoring test	<o2 ()="" monitor="" sensor=""></o2>	_
Rich to lean oxygen sensor threshold voltage	Rich to lean sensor volt	V
Lean to rich oxygen sensor threshold voltage	Lean to rich sensor volt	V
Low oxygen sensor voltage for switch time calculation	Low sensor voltage	V
High oxygen sensor voltage for switch time calculation	High sensor voltage	V
Rich to lean oxygen sensor switch time	Rich to lean switch time	sec
Lean to rich oxygen sensor switch time	Lean to rich switch time	sec
Maximum oxygen sensor voltage for test cycle	Maximum sensor Voltage	V
Minimum oxygen sensor voltage for test cycle	Minimum sensor Voltage	V

#### NOTE

#### 8. LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE SOBBEOGRAPHOR

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {Current Data Display & Save} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the ≪Data Display Menu≫ display screen, select the {Data & LED Display} and press the [YES] key.
- 6) Using the scroll key, move the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Message	LED "ON" requirements
Ignition switch signal	Ignition Switch	ON or OFF	When ignition switch is turned ON.
Test mode connector signal	Test Mode Signal	ON or OFF	When test mode connector is connected.
Neutral position switch signal	Neutral SW	ON or OFF	When neutral position signal is entered.
Air conditioning switch signal	A/C SW	ON or OFF	When air conditioning switch is turned ON.
Air conditioning relay signal	A/C Relay	ON or OFF	When air conditioning relay is in function.
Radiator main fan relay signal	Radiator Fan Relay #1	ON or OFF	When radiator main fan relay is in function.
Knocking signal	Knocking Signal	ON or OFF	When knocking signal is entered.
Radiator sub fan relay signal	Radiator Fan Relay #2	ON or OFF	When radiator sub fan relay is in function.
Engine torque control signal #1	Torque Control Signal #1	ON or OFF	When engine torque control signal 1 is entered.
Engine torque control signal #2	Torque Control Signal #2	ON or OFF	When engine torque control signal 2 is entered.
Engine torque control permission signal	Torque Control Permit	ON or OFF	When engine torque control permission signal is entered.
Rear oxygen sensor rich signal	Rear O2 Rich Signal	ON or OFF	When rear oxygen sensor mixture ratio is rich.
Starter switch signal	Starter Switch Signal	ON or OFF	When starter switch signal is entered.
Idle switch signal	Idle Switch Signal	ON or OFF	When idle switch signal is entered.
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Crankshaft Position Sig.	ON or OFF	When crankshaft position sensor signal is entered.
Camshaft position sensor signal	Camshaft Position Sig.	ON or OFF	When camshaft position sensor signal is entered.
Power steering switch signal	P/S SW	ON or OFF	When power steering switch is entered.
Rear defogger switch signal	Rear Defogger SW	ON or OFF	When rear defogger switch is turned ON.
Blower fan switch signal	Blower Fan SW	ON or OFF	When blower fan switch is turned ON.
Light switch signal	Light SW	ON or OFF	When small light switch is turned ON.
Tumble generator valve actuator signal	TGV Signal	ON or OFF	When TGV actuator signal is entered.
Tumble generator valve drive signal	TGV Drive	ON or OFF	When TGV moves and valve opens.

#### NOTE:

#### 9. READ CURRENT DATA FOR AT. S088503A1609

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Transmission Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of transmission type.
- 4) On the ≪Transmission Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {Current Data Display & Save} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the ≪Data Display Menu≫ display screen, select the {Data Display} and press the [YES] key.
- 6) Using the scroll key, move the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
Battery voltage	Battery Voltage	V
Rear vehicle speed sensor signal	Vehicle Speed #1	km/h or MPH
Front vehicle speed sensor signal	Vehicle Speed #2	km/h or MPH
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm
Automatic transmission fluid temperature signal	ATF Temp.	°C or °F
Throttle position signal	Throttle Sensor Voltage	V
Gear position	Gear Position	_
Line pressure control duty ratio	Line Pressure Duty Ratio	%
Lock up clutch control duty ratio	Lock Up Duty Ratio	%
Transfer clutch control duty ratio	Transfer Duty Ratio	%
Power supply for throttle position sensor	Throttle Sensor Power	V
Torque converter turbine speed signal	AT Turbine Speed	rpm
2-4 brake timing pressure control duty ratio	2-4B Duty Ratio	%
Intake manifold pressure sensor voltage	Mani. Pressure Voltage	V
2 wheel drive switch signal	2WD Switch	ON or OFF
Kick down switch signal	Kick Down Switch	ON or OFF
Stop lamp switch signal	Stop Lamp Switch	ON or OFF
Anti lock brake system signal	ABS Signal	ON or OFF
Cruise control system signal	Cruise Control Signal	ON or OFF
Neutral/Parking range signal	N/P Range Signal	ON or OFF
Reverse range signal	R Range Signal	ON or OFF
Drive range signal	D Range Signal	ON or OFF
3rd range signal	3rd Range Signal	ON or OFF
2nd range signal	2nd Range Signal	ON or OFF
1st range signal	1st Range Signal	ON or OFF
Shift control solenoid A	Shift Solenoid #1	ON or OFF
Shift control solenoid B	Shift Solenoid #2	ON or OFF
Torque control output signal #1	Torque Control Signal #1	ON or OFF
Torque control output signal #2	Torque Control Signal #2	ON or OFF
Torque control cut signal	Torque Control Cut Sig.	ON or OFF
2-4 brake timing control solenoid valve	2-4 Brake Timing Sol.	ON or OFF
Low clutch timing control solenoid valve	Low Clutch Timing Sol.	ON or OFF
Automatic transmission diagnosis indicator lamp	AT Diagnosis Lamp	ON or OFF

#### NOTE:

# 11. Read Diagnostic Trouble Code 5008508

#### A: OPERATION SOBB508A16

# 1. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (NORMAL MODE) SOBBSOBA1601

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the System Selection Menu display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {Diagnostic Code(s) Display} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the ≪Diagnostic Code(s) Display≫ display screen, select the {Current Diagnostic Code(s)} or {History Diagnostic Code(s)} and press the [YES] key.

#### NOTE:

- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.
- For detailed concerning diagnostic trouble codes, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# 2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (OBD MODE) S088508A1602

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- On the ≪Engine Diagnosis > display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the 

  OBD Menu⇒ display screen, select
  the {Diagnosis Code(s) Display} and press the
  [YES] kev.
- 6) Make sure that a diagnostic trouble code (DTC) is shown on the display screen.

#### NOTE:

- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.
- For detailed concerning diagnostic trouble codes, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

#### 3. OBD-II GENERAL SCAN TOOL SOBB50BA1603

Refers to data denoting emission-related power-train diagnostic trouble codes.

For details concerning diagnostic trouble codes, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

#### NOTE:

Refer to OBD-II general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access emission-related powertrain diagnostic trouble codes (MODE \$03).

## 12. Inspection Mode SOBBSTO

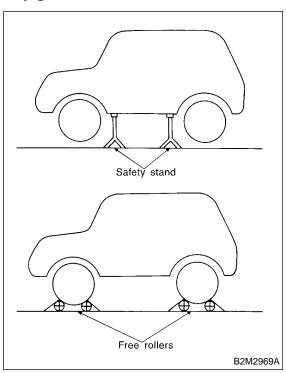
#### A: OPERATION SOBB510A16

# 1. PREPARATION FOR THE INSPECTION MODE $_{S088510A1601}$

Raise the vehicle using a garage jack and place on safety stands or drive the vehicle onto free rollers.

#### WARNING:

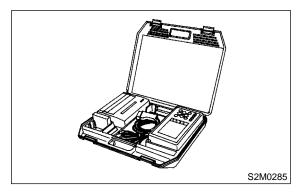
- Before raising the vehicle, ensure parking brakes are applied.
- Do not use a pantograph jack in place of a safety stand.
- Secure a rope or wire to the front and rear towing or tie-down hooks to prevent the lateral runout of front wheels.
- Do not abruptly depress/release clutch pedal or accelerator pedal during works even when engine is operating at low speeds since this may cause vehicle to jump off free rollers.
- In order to prevent the vehicle from slipping due to vibration, do not place any wooden blocks or similar items between the safety stands and the vehicle.
- Since the rear wheels will also rotate, do not place anything near them. Also, make sure that nobody goes in front of the vehicle.



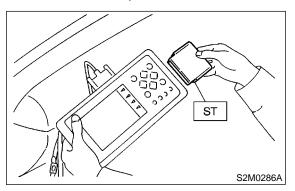
#### 2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR S088510A1602

After performing diagnostics and clearing the memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data.

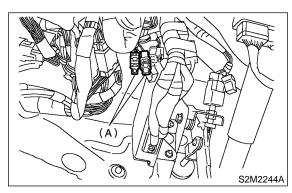
1) Prepare Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-8, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



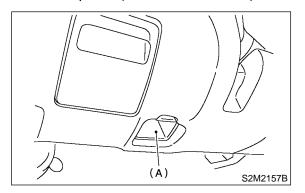
- 2) Connect diagnosis cable to Subaru Select Monitor.
- 3) Insert cartridge into Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-8, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



4) Connect test mode connector (A) at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side), to the side of the center console box.



- 5) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.
  - (1) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector (A) located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).

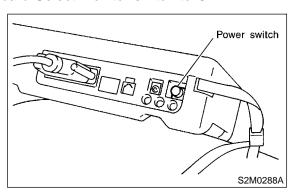


(2) Connect diagnosis cable to data link connector.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and OBD-II general scan tool.

6) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF) and Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.



- 7) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 8) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 9) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 10) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {Dealer Check Mode Procedure} and press the [YES] key.
- 11) When the "Perform Inspection (Dealer Check) Mode?" is shown on the display screen, press the [YES] key.
- 12) Perform subsequent procedures as instructed on the display screen.
- If trouble still remains in the memory, the corresponding diagnostic trouble code (DTC) appears on the display screen.

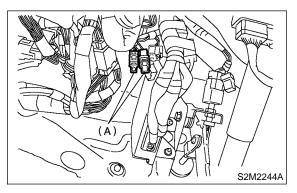
#### NOTE:

- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.
- For detailed concerning diagnostic trouble codes, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
- Release the parking brake.
- The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light either the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunctions. When engine control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system.

#### 3. OBD-II GENERAL SCAN TOOL S088510A1603

After performing diagnostics and clearing the memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data:

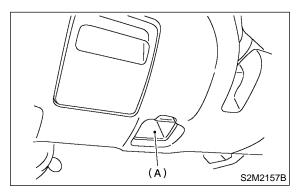
1) Connect test mode connector (A) at the lower side of the instrument panel (on the driver's side), to the side of the center console box.



2) Connect the OBD-II general scan tool to its data link connector (A) in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and OBD-II general scan tool.



3) Start the engine.

#### NOTE:

 Ensure the selector lever is placed in the "P" position before starting. (AT vehicles)

- Depress clutch pedal when starting the engine. (MT vehicles)
- 4) Using the selector lever or shift lever, turn the "P" position switch and the "N" position switch to ON.
- 5) Depress the brake pedal to turn the brake switch ON. (AT vehicles)
- 6) Keep engine speed in the 2,500 3,000 rpm range for 40 seconds.

#### NOTE:

On models without tachometer, use the tachometer (Secondary pickup type).

7) Place the selector lever or shift lever in the "D" position (AT vehicles) or "1st" gear (MT vehicles) and drive the vehicle at 5 to 10 km/h (3 to 6 MPH).

#### NOTE:

- On AWD vehicles, release the parking brake.
- The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunctions. When engine control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system.
- 8) Using the OBD-II general scan tool, check for diagnostic trouble code(s) and record the result(s).

#### NOTE

- For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.
- For detailed concerning diagnostic trouble codes, refer to the List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## 13. Clear Memory Mode SOBB513

#### A: OPERATION SOBB513A16

# 1. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (NORMAL MODE) 5088513A1601

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis → display screen, select the {Clear Memory} and press the [YES] kev.
- 5) When the 'Done' and 'Turn Ignition Switch OFF' are shown on the display screen, turn the Subaru Select Monitor and ignition switch to OFF.

#### NOTE:

 For detailed operation procedure, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

# 2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (OBD MODE) S088513A1602

- 1) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 2) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 3) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 4) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis > display screen, select the {OBD System} and press the [YES] key.
- 5) On the 

  OBD Menu
  > display screen, select
  the {4. Diagnosis Code(s) Cleared} and press the [YES] key.
- 6) When the 'Clear Diagnostic Code?' is shown on the display screen, press the [YES] key.
- 7) Turn Subaru Select Monitor and ignition switch to OFF.

#### NOTE:

 For detailed operation procedure, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

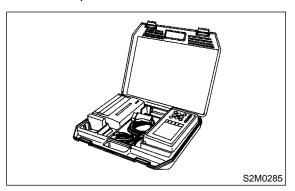
#### 3. OBD-II GENERAL SCAN TOOL S088513A1603

For clear memory procedures using the OBD-II general scan tool, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.

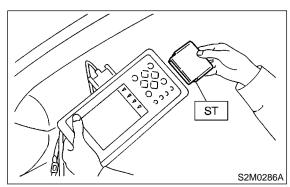
# 14. Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode 5008528

#### A: OPERATION S088528A16

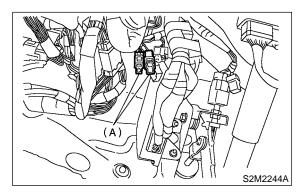
1) Prepare Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-8, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



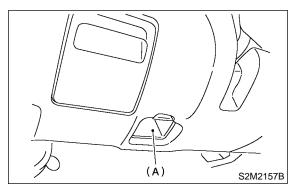
- 2) Connect diagnosis cable to Subaru Select Monitor.
- 3) Insert cartridge into Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-8, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>



4) Connect test mode connector (A) at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side), to the side of the center console box.



- 5) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.
  - (1) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector (A) located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).

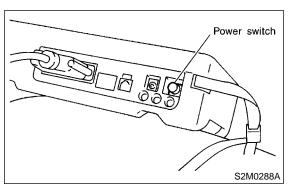


(2) Connect diagnosis cable to data link connector.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and OBD-II general scan tool.

6) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF) and Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.



- 7) On the ≪Main Menu≫ display screen, select the {2. Each System Check} and press the [YES] key.
- 8) On the ≪System Selection Menu≫ display screen, select the {Engine Control System} and press the [YES] key.
- 9) Press the [YES] key after displayed the information of engine type.
- 10) On the ≪Engine Diagnosis≫ display screen, select the {System Operation Check Mode} and press the [YES] key.
- 11) On the ≪System Operation Check Mode> display screen, select the {Actuator ON/OFF Operation} and press the [YES] key.
- 12) Select the desired compulsory actuator on the ≪Actuator ON/OFF Operation by display screen and press the [YES] key.
- 13) Pressing the [NO] key completes the compulsory operation check mode. The display will then return to the ≪Actuator ON/OFF Operation≫ screen.

## **COMPULSORY VALVE OPERATION CHECK MODE**

Engine (Diagnostics)

• A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display
Compulsory fuel pump relay operation check	Fuel Pump Relay
Compulsory radiator fan relay operation check	Radiator Fan Relay
Compulsory air conditioning relay operation check	A/C Compressor Relay
Compulsory purge control solenoid valve operation check	CPC Solenoid Valve

#### NOTE:

• The following parts will be displayed but not functional because they are not installed on the vehicle.

Display
EGR Solenoid Valve
ASV Solenoid Valve
PCV Solenoid Valve
Vent Control Solenoid Valve
FICD Solenoid
Pressure Switching Sol. 1
Pressure Switching Sol. 2
AAI Solenoid Valve
Fuel Tank Sensor Control Valve

## **ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL)**

**Engine (Diagnostics)** 

## 15. Engine Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) some

## A: PROCEDURE S088653E45

1. Activation of check engine malfunction indicator lamp (MIL). <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-51, ACTIVATION OF CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL), Engine Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL).>

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2. Check engine malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) does not come on. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-52, CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) DOES NOT COME ON., Engine Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL).>

- 1

3. Check engine malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) does not go off. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-55, CHECK ENGINE MAL-FUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) DOES NOT GO OFF., Engine Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL).>

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4. Check engine malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) does not blink at a cycle of 3 Hz. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-56, CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) DOES NOT BLINK AT A CYCLE OF 3 HZ., Engine Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL).>

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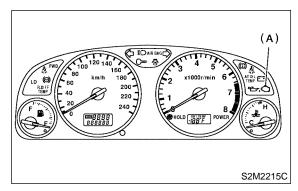
5. Check engine malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) remains blinking at a cycle of 3 Hz. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-60, CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) REMAINS BLINKING AT A CYCLE OF 3 Hz., Engine Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL).>

# B: ACTIVATION OF CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) SOBBESSEED

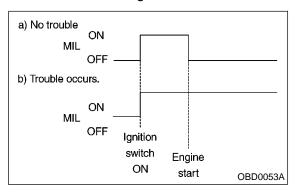
1) When ignition switch is turned to ON (engine off), the CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) (A) in the combination meter illuminates.

#### NOTE:

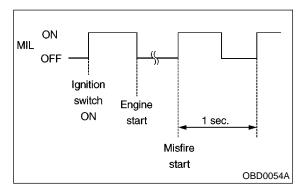
If the MIL does not illuminate, perform diagnostics of the CHECK ENGINE light circuit or the combination meter circuit. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-52, CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) DOES NOT COME ON., Engine Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL).>



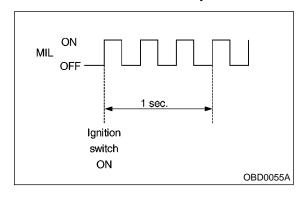
2) After starting the engine, the MIL goes out. If it does not, either the engine or the emission control system is malfunctioning.



3) If the diagnosis system senses a misfire which could damage the catalyzer, the MIL will blink at a cycle of 1 Hz.

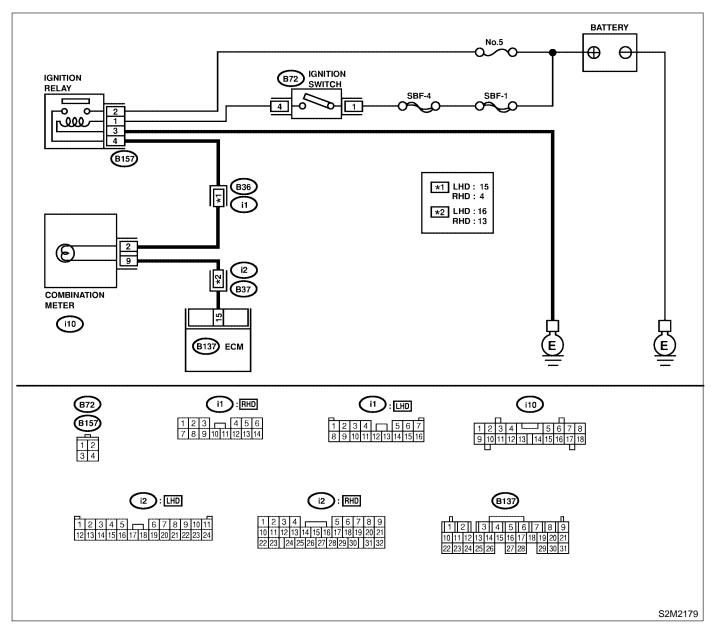


4) When ignition switch is turned to ON (engine off) or to "START" with the test mode connector connected, the MIL blinks at a cycle of 3 Hz.



# C: CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) DOES NOT COME ON. 5088655290

- DIAGNOSIS:
  - The CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) circuit is open or shorted.
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - When ignition switch is turned ON (engine OFF), MIL does not come on.
- WIRING DIAGRAM:



# ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) Engine (Diagnostics)

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT.	Does the MIL come on when shaking or pulling ECM connector and harness?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK ECM CONNECTOR.	Is ECM connector correctly connected?	Replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.>	Repair connection of ECM connector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINATION METER AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove combination meter. <ref. 15,="" assembly.="" combination="" idi-="" meter="" to="">  3) Disconnect connector from ECM and combination meter.  4) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and combination meter connector.  Connector &amp; terminal  (B137) No. 15 — (i10) No. 9:</ref.>	Is resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and combination meter connector Poor contact in coupling connector
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in combination meter connector.	Is there poor contact in combination meter connector?	Repair poor contact in combination meter connector.	Go to step 6.

# **ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL)**

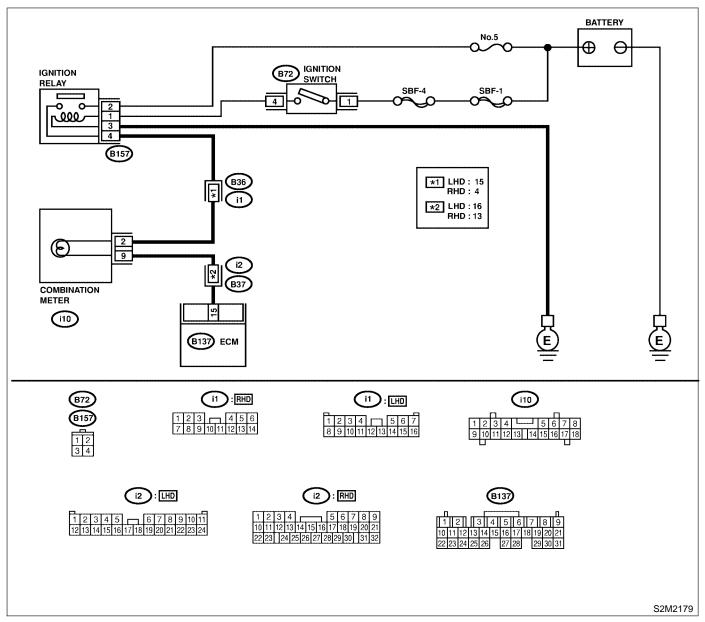
Engine (Diagnostics)

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINATION METER AND IGNITION SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (i10) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Check the following and repair if necessary. NOTE:  Broken down ignition relay.  Blown out fuse (No. 5).  If replaced fuse (No. 5) blows easily, check the harness for short circuit of harness between fuse (No. 5) and ignition relay connector.  Open or short circuit in harness between fuse (No. 5) and battery terminal  Open circuit in harness between fuse (No. 5) and ignition relay connector  Poor contact in ignition relay connector  Poor contact in ignition switch connector
7	CHECK LAMP BULB. Remove engine malfunction indicator lamp bulb.	Is lamp bulb condition OK?	Repair combination meter connector.	Replace lamp bulb.

# D: CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) DOES NOT GO OFF. SOBBESSEE1

#### • DIAGNOSIS:

- The CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) circuit is shorted.
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Although MIL comes on when engine runs, trouble code is not shown on Subaru select monitor or OBD-II general scan tool display.
- WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA-	Does the MIL come on?	Repair short cir-	Replace ECM.
	TION METER AND ECM CONNECTOR.		cuit in harness	<ref. th="" to<=""></ref.>
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.		between combina-	FU(DOHC
	2) Disconnect connector from ECM.		tion meter and	TURBO)-47,
	3) Turn ignition switch to ON.		ECM connector.	Engine Control
				Module.>

## **ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL)**

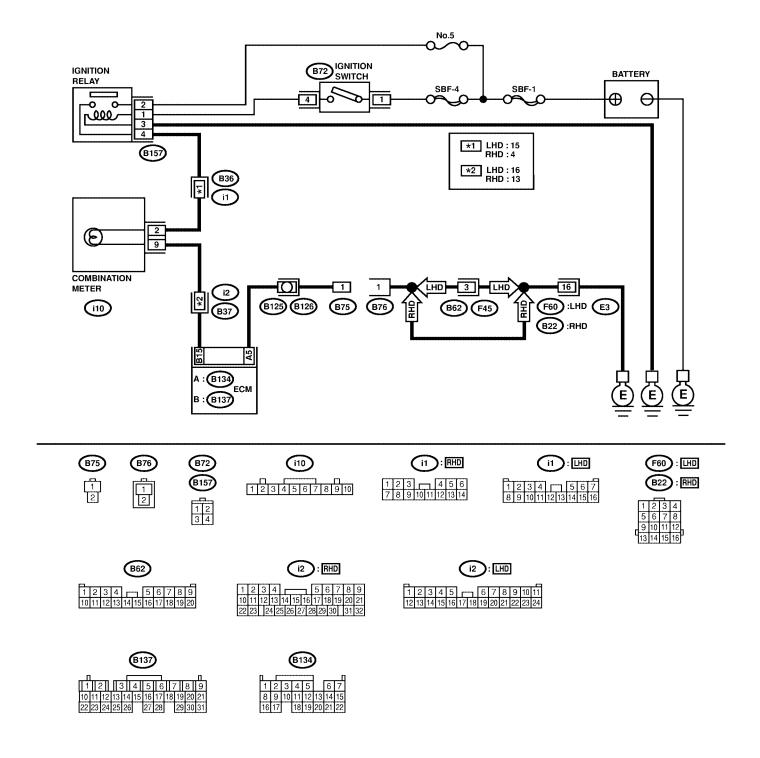
Engine (Diagnostics)

# E: CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) DOES NOT BLINK AT A CYCLE OF 3 Hz. SORBESSEES

#### • DIAGNOSIS:

- The CHECK ENGINE malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) circuit is open or shorted.
- Test mode connector circuit is in open.
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - When inspection mode, MIL does not blink at a cycle of 3 Hz.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2180

# **ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL)**

Engine (Diagnostics)

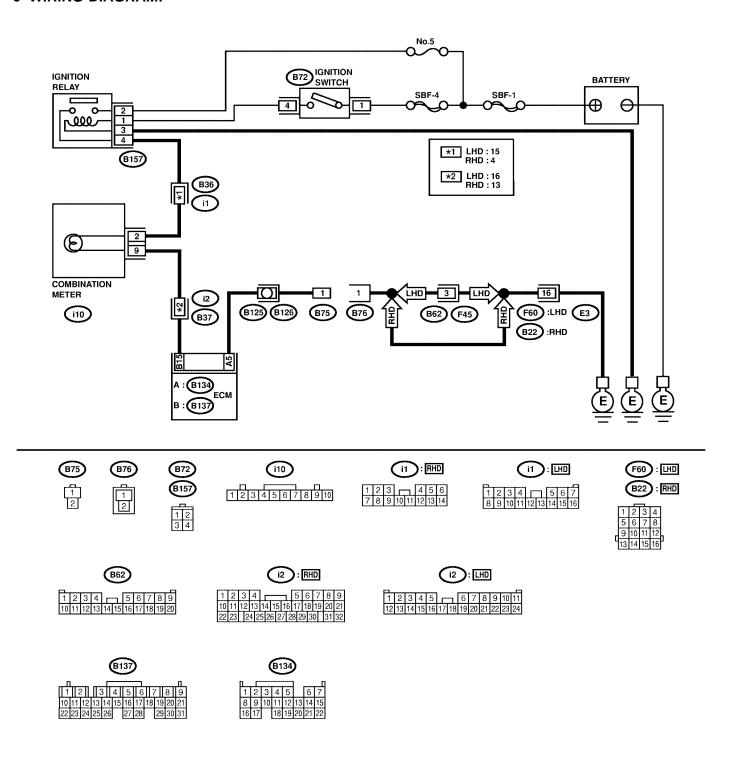
No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK STATUS OF CHECK ENGINE MAL- FUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL).  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect test mode connector.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON. (engine OFF)	Does the MIL come on?	Go to step 2.	Repair the MIL circuit. <ref. (mil)="" (mil).="" check="" come="" does="" en(dohc="" engine="" indicator="" lamp="" malfunction="" not="" on.,="" to="" turbo)-52,=""></ref.>
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA- TION METER AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from ECM.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.	Does the MIL come on?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between combination meter and ECM connec- tor.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TEST MODE CONNECTOR AND CHASSIS GROUND.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between test mode connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B76) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between test mode connector and chassis ground
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TEST MODE CONNECTOR.  1) Connect test mode connector.  2) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:	Is resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and test mode connector.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>

# ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) Engine (Diagnostics)

MEMO:

# F: CHECK ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) REMAINS BLINKING AT A CYCLE OF 3 Hz. SORBBESSERS

- DIAGNOSIS:
  - Test mode connector circuit is shorted.
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - MIL blinks at a cycle of 3 Hz when ignition switch is turned to ON.
- WIRING DIAGRAM:



# ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL) Engine (Diagnostics)

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK TEST MODE CONNECTOR.  1) Disconnect test mode connector.  2) Turn ignition switch to ON.	Does MIL flash on and off?	Go to step 2.	System is in good order. NOTE: MIL blinks at a cycle of 3 Hz when test mode connector is connected.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM CONNECTOR AND ENGINE GROUNDING TERMINAL.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:	Is resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Repair short circuit in harness between ECM and test mode connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>

# **ENGINE MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL)**

Engine (Diagnostics)

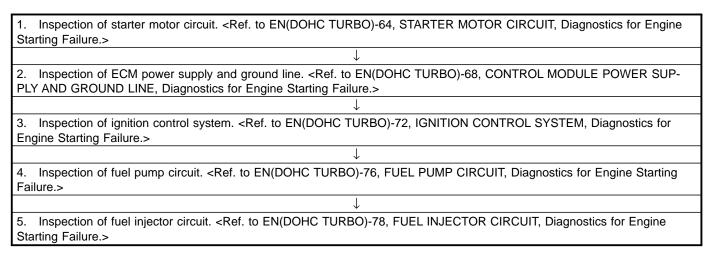
MEMO:

### DIAGNOSTICS FOR ENGINE STARTING FAILURE

Engine (Diagnostics)

## 16. Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure SORRESS

### A: PROCEDURE SOBB533E45

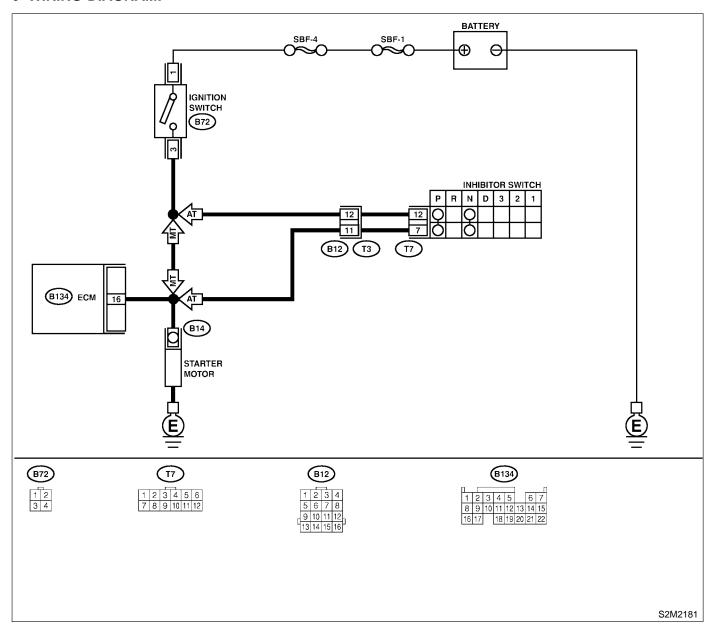


## B: STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT SORRESISTED

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR.	Does starter motor operate when the switch starts?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK DTC. <ref. code.="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" operation,="" read="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-43,=""></ref.>	Is the trouble code stored in memory? <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" list,="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Record DTC. Repair the trouble case. <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diag-="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" nostic="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-90,="" with=""></ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR STARTER MOTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from starter motor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ST. 4) Measure power supply voltage between starter motor connector terminal and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (B14) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-): NOTE: On AT vehicles, place the selector lever in the "P" or "N" position.	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
4	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF STARTER MOTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect terminal from starter motor. 3) Measure resistance of ground cable between ground cable terminal and engine ground.	Is resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Check starter motor. <ref. to<br="">SC-5, Starter.&gt;</ref.>	Repair open circuit of ground cable.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between starter motor and ECM.  Connector & terminal  (B14) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT.  1) Turn ignition switch to START.  2) Measure resistance of fuse.  Connector & terminal  (B14) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Repair ground short circuit.
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN BATTERY AND IGNITION SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from ignition switch.  3) Measure power supply voltage between ignition switch connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B72) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ignition switch and battery.
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN BATTERY AND IGNITION SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Connect connector to ignition switch. 2) Turn ignition switch to START. 3) Measure voltage between ignition switch and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B72) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 9.	Replace ignition switch.

## **DIAGNOSTICS FOR ENGINE STARTING FAILURE**

Engine (Diagnostics)

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
9	CHECK TRANSMISSION TYPE.	Is the vehicle AT?	Go to step 10.	Repair open cir- cuit between igni- tion switch and starter motor cir- cuit.
10	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH CIRCUIT.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Place the selector lever in the "P" or "N" position.  3) Separate transmission harness connector.  4) Measure resistance between transmission harness connector receptacle's terminals.  Connector & terminal  (T3) No. 11 — No. 12:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair open circuit in harness between starter motor and ignition switch connector.	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK TRANSMISSION HARNESS.  1) Disconnect connector from inhibitor switch.  2) Measure resistance of harness between transmission harness and inhibitor switch connector.  Connector & terminal  (T3) No. 11 — (T7) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 12.	Repair open circuit in harness between transmission harness and inhibitor switch connector.
12	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in inhibitor switch connector.	Is there poor contact in inhibitor switch connector?	Repair poor contact in inhibitor switch connector.	Replace inhibitor switch.

## DIAGNOSTICS FOR ENGINE STARTING FAILURE

Engine (Diagnostics)

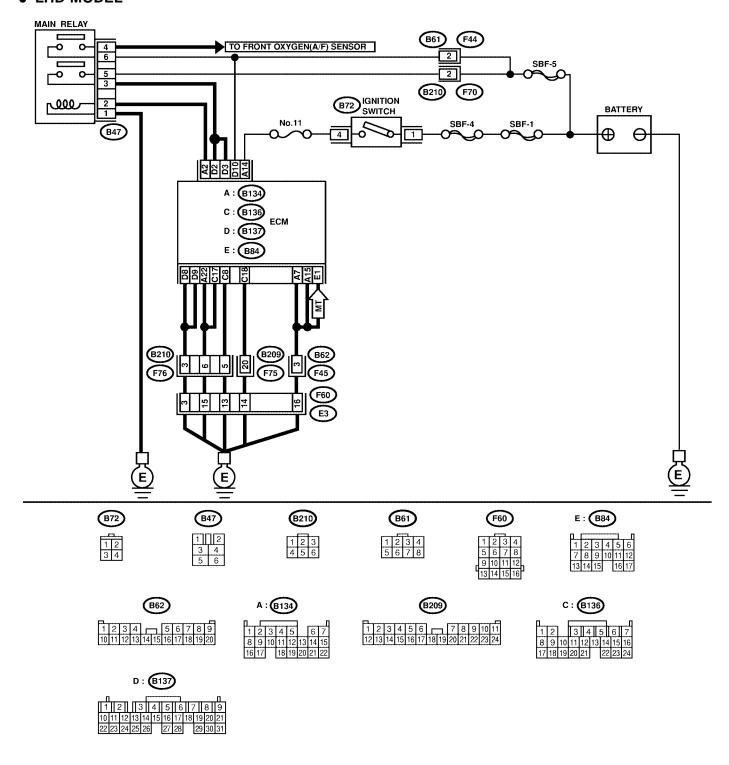
MEMO:

#### C: CONTROL MODULE POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND LINE SOBBESSIEST

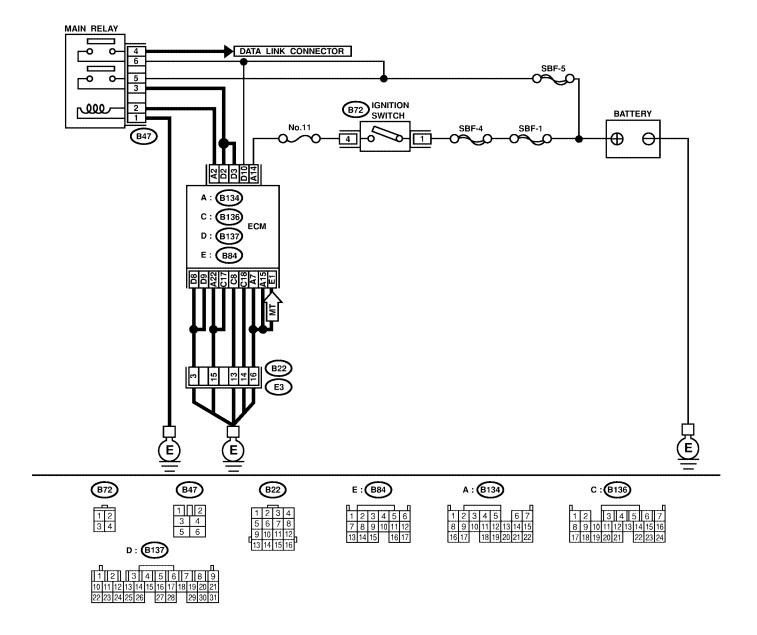
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



#### RHD MODEL



S2M2183

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK MAIN RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove main relay.  3) Connect battery to main relay terminals No.  1 and No. 2.  4) Measure resistance between main relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 3 — No. 5:  No. 4 — No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Replace main relay.
2	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF ECM.  1) Disconnect connector from ECM.  2) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 7 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 15 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 22 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 17 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 9 — Chassis ground: (B34) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B34) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B34) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM connector and engine grounding terminal.
3	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):  (B134) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MAIN RELAY CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM connector and main relay connector, then replace ECM.
5	CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE FROM ECM.  1) Connect connector to ECM.  2) Turn ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 6.	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>
6	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF MAIN RELAY. Check voltage between main relay connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B47) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM connector and main relay connector.
7	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF MAIN RELAY.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between main relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B47) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit between main relay and chassis ground.

# DIAGNOSTICS FOR ENGINE STARTING FAILURE

Engine (Diagnostics)

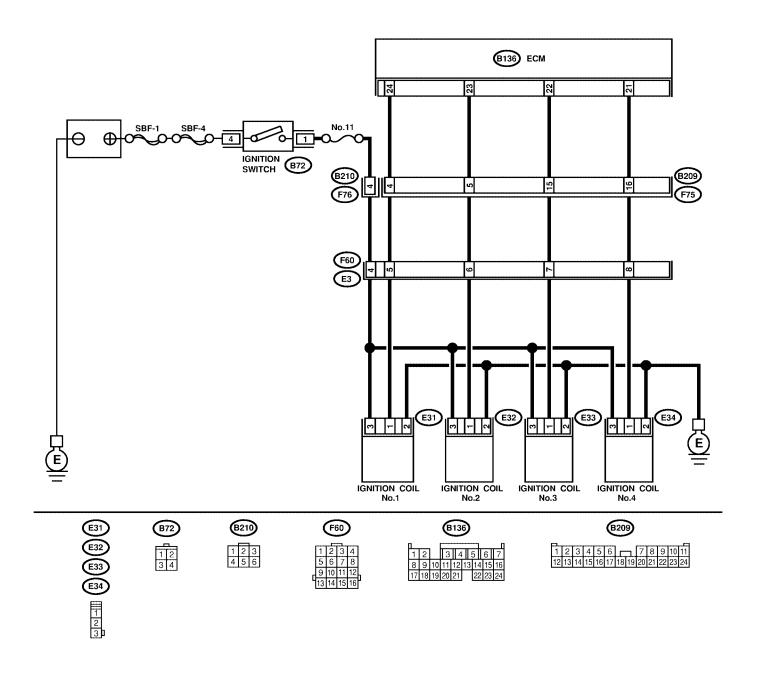
No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF MAIN RELAY.  Measure voltage between main relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B47) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B47) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 9.	Repair open or ground short cir- cuit in harness of power supply cir- cuit.
9	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  1) Connect main relay connector.  2) Turn ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Check ignition control system. <ref. to<br="">EN(DOHC TURBO)-72, IGNI- TION CONTROL SYSTEM, Diag- nostics for Engine Starting Failure.&gt;</ref.>	Repair open or ground short circuit in harness between ECM connector and main relay connector.

#### D: IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM SORRESSIEDS

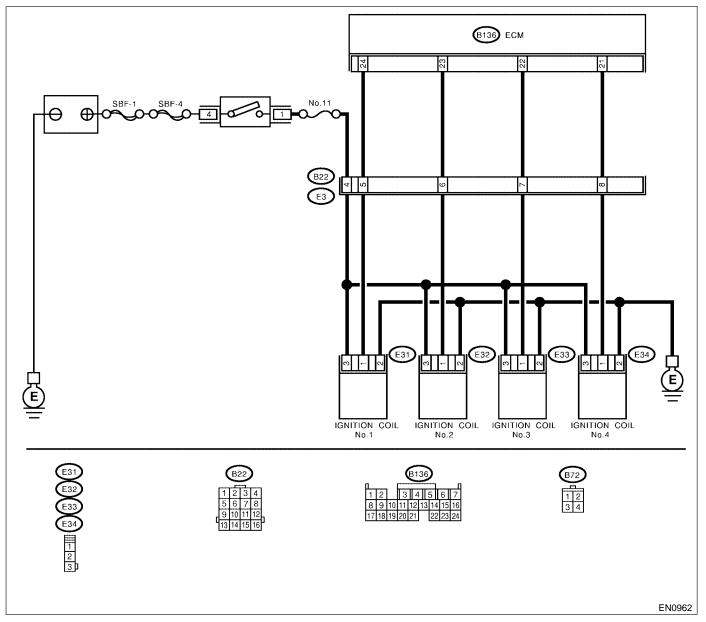
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



#### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK SPARK PLUG CONDITION.  1) Remove spark plug. <ref. ig(dohc="" plug.="" spark="" to="" turbo)-4,="">  2) Check spark plug condition. <ref. ig(dohc="" plug.="" spark="" to="" turbo)-4,=""></ref.></ref.>	Is spark plug's status OK?	Go to step 2.	Replace spark plug
2	CHECK IGNITION SYSTEM FOR SPARKS.  1) Connect spark plug to ignition coil.  2) Release fuel pressure. <ref. fu(dohc="" fuel="" fuel.="" of="" operation,="" pressure,="" releasing="" to="" turbo)-50,="">  3) Contact spark plug's thread portion on engine.  4) While opening throttle valve fully, crank engine to check that spark occurs at each cylinder.</ref.>	Does spark occur at each cylinder?	Check fuel pump system. <ref. to<br="">EN(DOHC TURBO)-76, FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT, Diag- nostics for Engine Starting Failure.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 3.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR	Is the voltage more than 10		Repair harness
	IGNITION COIL & IGNITOR ASSEMBLY.	V?		and connector.
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	2) Disconnect connector from ignition coil &			In this case,
	ignitor assembly.			repair the follow-
	3) Turn ignition switch to ON.			ing:
	4) Measure power supply voltage between			<ul> <li>Open circuit in</li> </ul>
	ignition coil & ignitor assembly connector and			harness between
	engine ground.			ignition coil & igni-
	Connector & terminal			tor assembly, and
	(E31) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):			ignition switch
	(E32) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):			connector
	(E33) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):			<ul> <li>Poor contact in</li> </ul>
	(E34) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):			coupling connec-
				tors
4	CHECK HARNESS OF IGNITION COIL &	Is the resistance between	Go to step 5.	Repair harness
	IGNITOR ASSEMBLY GROUND CIRCUIT.	less than 5 Ω?		and connector.
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	2) Measure resistance between ignition coil &			In this case,
	ignitor assembly connector and engine			repair the follow-
	ground.			ing:
	Connector & terminal			<ul> <li>Open circuit in</li> </ul>
	(E31) No. 2 — Engine ground:			harness between
	(E32) No. 2 — Engine ground:			ignition coil & igni-
	(E33) No. 2 — Engine ground:			tor assembly con-
	(E34) No. 2 — Engine ground:			nector and engine
				grounding termi-
<u> </u>	CUEOK HADNEGO DETWEEN FOM AND		0- 44 0	nal
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IGNITION COIL & IGNITOR ASSEMBLY	Is the resistance less than $1 \Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair harness and connector.
	CONNECTOR.	1 22 !		NOTE:
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.			In this case,
	2) Disconnect connector from ECM.			repair the follow-
	3) Disconnect connector from ignition coil &			ing:
	ignitor assembly.			Open circuit in
	4) Measure resistance of harness between			harness between
	ECM and ignition coil & ignitor assembly con-			ECM and ignition
	nector.			coil & ignitor
	Connector & terminal			assembly connec-
	(B136) No. 21 — (E34) No. 1:			tor
	(B136) No. 22 — (E33) No. 1:			<ul> <li>Poor contact in</li> </ul>
	(B136) No. 23 — (E32) No. 1:			coupling connec-
	(B136) No. 24 — (E31) No. 1:			tor
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance more than	Go to step 7.	Repair ground
	IGNITION COIL & IGNITOR ASSEMBLY	1 ΜΩ?		short circuit in
	CONNECTOR.			harness between
	Measure resistance of harness between ECM			ECM and ignition
	and engine ground.			coil & ignitor
	Connector & terminal:			assembly connec-
	(B136) No. 21 — Engine ground:			tor.
	(B136) No. 22 — Engine ground:			
	(B136) No. 23 — Engine ground:			
	(B136) No. 24 — Engine ground:			
7	CHECK POOR CONTACT.	Is there poor contact in	Repair poor con-	Replace ignition
	Check poor contact in ECM connector.	ECM connector?	tact in ECM con-	coil and ignitor
			nector.	assembly.

#### DIAGNOSTICS FOR ENGINE STARTING FAILURE

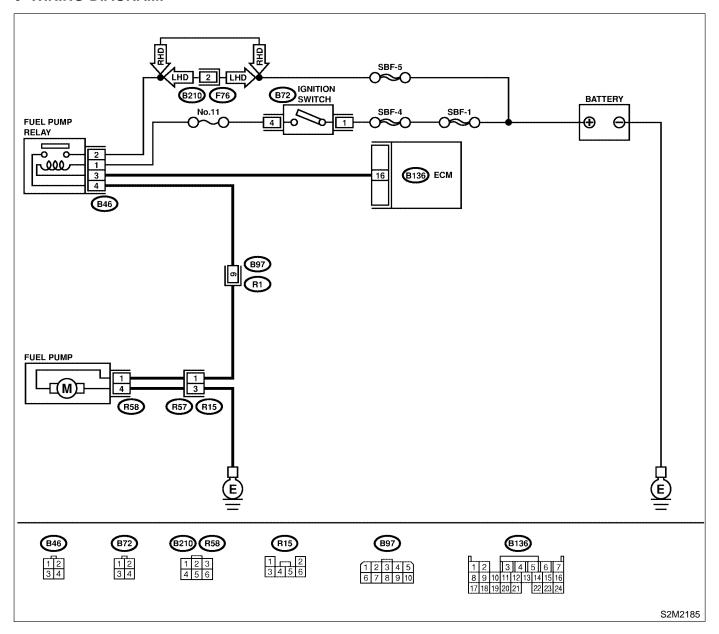
Engine (Diagnostics)

MEMO:

#### E: FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT SORRESSINGER

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



#### DIAGNOSTICS FOR ENGINE STARTING FAILURE

Engine (Diagnostics)

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATING SOUND OF FUEL PUMP.  Make sure that fuel pump is in operation for two seconds when turning ignition switch to ON.  NOTE: Fuel pump operation can also be executed using Subaru Select Monitor (Function mode: FD01).  For the procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(dohc="" mode.="" operation="" to="" turbo)-48,="" valve=""></ref.>	Does fuel pump produce operating sound?	Check fuel injector circuit. <ref. circuit,="" diagnostics="" en(dohc="" engine="" failure.="" for="" fuel="" injector="" starting="" to="" turbo)-78,=""></ref.>	Record DTC. Repair the trouble case. <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-90,="" with=""></ref.>

#### DIAGNOSTICS FOR ENGINE STARTING FAILURE

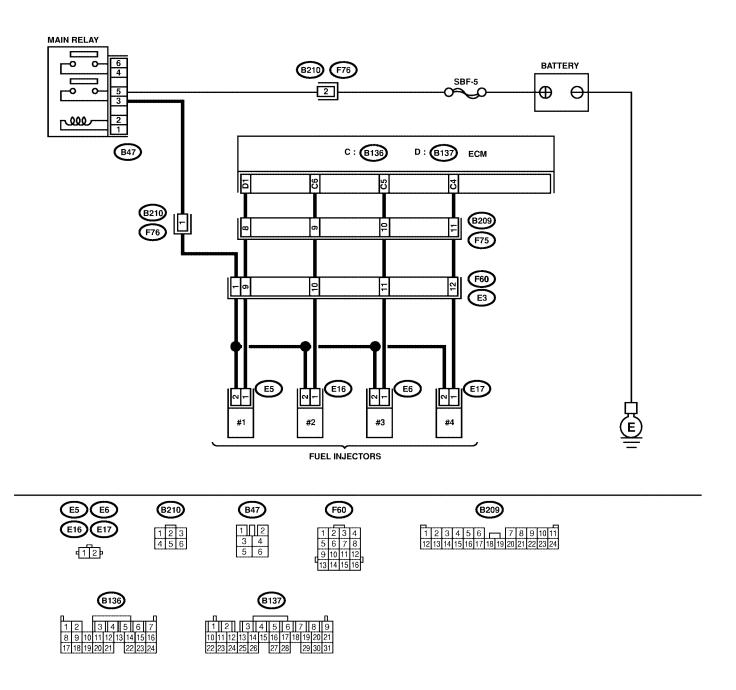
Engine (Diagnostics)

#### F: FUEL INJECTOR CIRCUIT SOBB533E97

#### **CAUTION:**

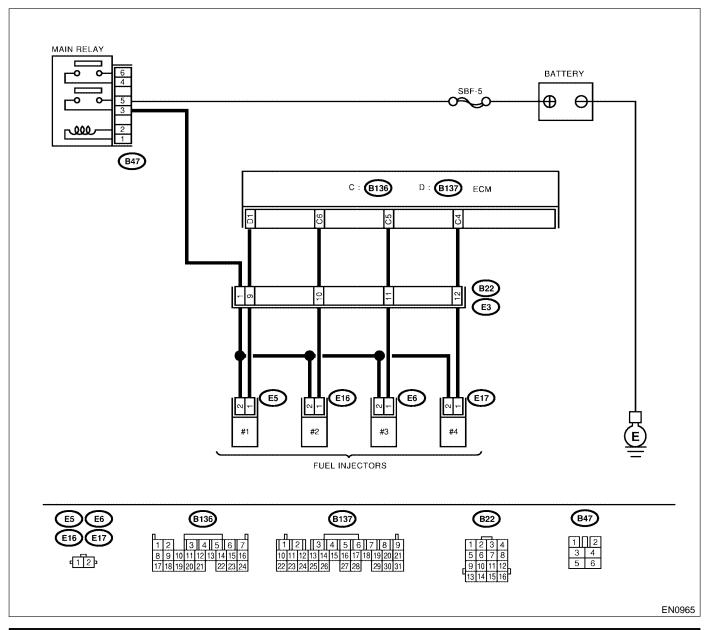
- Check or repair only faulty parts.
   After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, Clear Memory Mode.> and INSPECTION MODE. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspec-</li> tion Mode.>

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



S2M2186

#### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF EACH FUEL INJECTOR. While cranking the engine, check that each fuel injector emits "operating" sound. Use a sound scope or attach a screwdriver to injector for this check.	Is the fuel injector emits "operating" sound?	Check fuel pres- sure. <ref. to<br="">ME(DOHC TURBO)-27, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO EACH FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from #1 cylinder fuel injector.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure power supply voltage between the fuel injector terminal and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between main relay and fuel injector connector Poor contact in main relay connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in fuel injector connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR.  1) Disconnect connector from ECM. 2) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 1 — (E5) No. 1:  (B136) No. 6 — (E16) No. 1:  (B136) No. 5 — (E6) No. 1:  (B136) No. 4 — (E6) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:  (B136) No. 6 — Chassis ground:  (B136) No. 5 — Chassis ground:  (B136) No. 4 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK EACH FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between each fuel injector terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 5 and 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Replace faulty fuel injector.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Inspection using "General Diagnostic Table". <ref. diagnostic="" en(dohc="" general="" inspection,="" table.="" to="" turbo)-344,=""></ref.>

# 17. List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) 5088525

**A: LIST** S088525A12

DTC No.	Item	Index
P0031	Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater circuit low input	<ref. (a="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)<="" front="" oxygen="" p="" p0031="" to="" turbo)-90,="" —=""> SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0032	Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater circuit high input	<ref. (a="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)<="" front="" oxygen="" p="" p0032="" to="" turbo)-94,="" —=""> SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0037	Rear oxygen sensor heater circuit malfunction	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" oxygen="" p0037="" rear="" sen-<br="" to="" turbo)-96,="" —="">SOR HEATER CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0038	Rear oxygen sensor heater circuit high input	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" oxygen="" p0038="" rear="" sen-<br="" to="" turbo)-100,="" —="">SOR HEATER CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0101	Mass air flow sensor circuit range/ performance problem (high input)	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(dohc="" flow="" mass="" p0101="" sen-<br="" to="" turbo)-102,="" —="">SOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (HIGH INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit low input	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(dohc="" flow="" mass="" p0102="" sen-<br="" to="" turbo)-104,="" —="">SOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit high input	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(dohc="" flow="" mass="" p0103="" sen-<br="" to="" turbo)-108,="" —="">SOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0106	Pressure sensor circuit range/ performance problem (low input)	<ref. (dtc).="" (low="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input)="" p0106="" performance="" pressure="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-110,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0107	Pressure sensor circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" low="" p0107="" pressure="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-114,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0108	Pressure sensor circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" p0108="" pressure="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-118,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0111	Intake air temperature sensor circuit range/performance problem	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" intake="" p0111="" performance="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-122,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0112	Intake air temperature sensor circuit low input	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(dohc="" intake="" p0112="" tempera-<br="" to="" turbo)-124,="" —="">TURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0113	Intake air temperature sensor circuit high input	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(dohc="" intake="" p0113="" tempera-<br="" to="" turbo)-126,="" —="">TURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0117	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" coolant="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" engine="" input="" low="" p0117="" procedure="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-130,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0118	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" coolant="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" engine="" high="" input="" p0118="" procedure="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-132,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0121	Throttle position sensor circuit range/performance problem (high input)	<ref. (dtc).="" (high="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input)="" p0121="" performance="" position="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-136,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0122	Throttle position sensor circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" low="" p0122="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-138,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>

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P0123	Throttle position sensor circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" p0123="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-142,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0125	Insufficient coolant temperature for closed loop fuel control	<ref. cool-<br="" dtc="" en(dohc="" insufficient="" p0125="" to="" turbo)-146,="" —="">ANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL —, Diag- nostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0131	Front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit range/performance problem (low input)	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" (low="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)="" front="" input)="" oxygen="" p0131="" performance="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-148,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0132	Front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit range/performance problem (high input)	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" (high="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)="" front="" input)="" oxygen="" p0132="" performance="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-150,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0133	Front oxygen (A/F) sensor circuit slow response	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)="" front="" oxygen="" p0133="" procedure="" response="" sensor="" slow="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-152,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0136	Rear oxygen sensor circuit malfunction	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" oxygen="" p0136="" rear="" sen-<br="" to="" turbo)-154,="" —="">SOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0139	Rear oxygen sensor circuit slow response	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" oxygen="" p0139="" rear="" sen-<br="" to="" turbo)-158,="" —="">SOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0171	Fuel trim malfunction (A/F too lean)	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f="" fuel="" lean)="" malfunc-tion="" p0171="" procedure="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" turbo)-160,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0172	Fuel trim malfunction (A/F too rich)	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f="" fuel="" malfunc-tion="" p0172="" procedure="" rich)="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" turbo)-161,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0244	Wastegate control solenoid valve malfunction (high input)	<ref. (dtc).="" (high="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input)="" malfunction="" p0244="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-164,="" valve="" wastegate="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0245	Wastegate control solenoid valve circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" low="" p0245="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-166,="" valve="" wastegate="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0246	Wastegate control solenoid valve circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" p0246="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-170,="" valve="" wastegate="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0301	Cylinder 1 misfire detected	<ref. (dtc).="" 1="" code="" cylinder="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" misfire="" p0301="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-172,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0302	Cylinder 2 misfire detected	<ref. (dtc).="" 2="" code="" cylinder="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" misfire="" p0302="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-172,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0303	Cylinder 3 misfire detected	<ref. (dtc).="" 3="" code="" cylinder="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" misfire="" p0303="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-172,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0304	Cylinder 4 misfire detected	<ref. (dtc).="" 4="" code="" cylinder="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" misfire="" p0304="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-172,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0327	Knock sensor circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" cir-cuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" knock="" low="" p0327="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-182,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0328	Knock sensor circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" cir-cuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" knock="" p0328="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-184,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0335	Crankshaft position sensor circuit malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" crankshaft="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" malfunction="" p0335="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-186,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>

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No. P0336	Crankshaft position sensor circuit range/performance problem	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" crankshaft="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" p0336="" performance="" position="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-188,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0340	Camshaft position sensor circuit malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" malfunction="" p0340="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-190,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0341	Camshaft position sensor circuit range/performance problem	<ref. camshaft="" dtc="" en(dohc="" p0341="" position<br="" to="" turbo)-192,="" —="">SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0420	Catalyst system efficiency below threshold	<ref. (dtc).="" below="" catalyst="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" efficiency="" en(dohc="" p0420="" procedure="" system="" threshold="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-196,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0444	Evaporative emission control system purge control valve circuit low input	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(dohc="" evaporative="" p0444="" to="" turbo)-198,="" —="">SION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0445	Evaporative emission control system purge control valve circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" en(dohc="" evaporative="" high="" input="" p0445="" procedure="" purge="" system="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-202,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0461	Fuel level sensor circuit range/ performance problem	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" fuel="" level="" p0461="" performance="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-206,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0462	Fuel level sensor circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" fuel="" input="" level="" low="" p0462="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-210,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0463	Fuel level sensor circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" fuel="" high="" input="" level="" p0463="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-214,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0464	Fuel level sensor intermittent input	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" fuel="" input="" intermittent="" level="" p0464="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-218,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0480	Cooling fan relay 1 circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" 1="" circuit="" code="" cooling="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" fan="" input="" low="" p0480="" procedure="" relay="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-222,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0483	Cooling fan function problem	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" cooling="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" fan="" function="" p0483="" problem="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-226,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0500	Vehicle speed sensor malfunction	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" p0500="" sen-<br="" speed="" to="" turbo)-230,="" vehicle="" —="">SOR MALFUNCTION —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0506	Idle control system RPM lower than expected	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" expected="" idle="" lower="" p0506="" procedure="" rpm="" system="" than="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-232,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0507	Idle control system RPM higher than expected	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" expected="" higher="" idle="" p0507="" procedure="" rpm="" system="" than="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-234,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0508	Idle control system circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" idle="" input="" low="" p0508="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-236,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0509	Idle control system circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" idle="" input="" p0509="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-238,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0512	Starter switch circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" p0512="" procedure="" starter="" switch="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-240,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0153	Incorrect immobilizer key	<ref. (use="" chart="" code.="" diagnostics="" dtc="" im-34,="" immobilizer="" incorrect="" key="" key)="" of="" p0153="" to="" trouble="" unregistered="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>

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P0545	Exhaust gas temperature sensor circuit low input	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" exhaust="" gas="" p0545="" tem-<br="" to="" turbo)-242,="" —="">PERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0546	Exhaust gas temperature sensor circuit high input	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" exhaust="" gas="" p0546="" tem-<br="" to="" turbo)-244,="" —="">PERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0604	Internal control module memory check sum error	<ref. (dtc).="" check="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" error="" internal="" memory="" module="" p0604="" procedure="" sum="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-248,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0703	Brake switch input malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" brake="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" malfunction="" p0703="" procedure="" switch="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-252,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0705	Transmission range sensor circuit malfunction	<ref. at-122,="" check="" code.="" diagnostic="" for="" inhibitor="" no-trouble="" procedure="" switch.,="" to=""></ref.>
P0710	Transmission fluid temperature sensor circuit malfunction	<ref. 27="" at-46,="" atf="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" procedure="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0715	Torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit malfunction	<ref. 36="" at-64,="" code="" converter="" to="" torque="" trouble="" tur-<br="" —="">BINE SPEED SENSOR —, Diagnostic Procedure with Trouble Code.&gt;</ref.>
P0720	Output speed sensor (vehicle speed sensor 2) circuit malfunction	<ref. 33="" at-58,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" front="" procedure="" sen-sor="" speed="" to="" trouble="" vehicle="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0725	Engine speed input circuit malfunction	<ref. 11="" at-42,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" engine="" procedure="" signal="" speed="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0731	Gear 1 incorrect ratio	<ref. (dtc).="" 1="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" gear="" incorrect="" p0731="" procedure="" ratio="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-254,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0732	Gear 2 incorrect ratio	<ref. (dtc).="" 2="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" gear="" incorrect="" p0732="" procedure="" ratio="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-254,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0733	Gear 3 incorrect ratio	<ref. (dtc).="" 3="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" gear="" incorrect="" p0733="" procedure="" ratio="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-254,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0734	Gear 4 incorrect ratio	<ref. (dtc).="" 4="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" gear="" incorrect="" p0734="" procedure="" ratio="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-255,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0741	Torque converter clutch system mal- function	<ref. (dtc).="" clutch="" code="" converter="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" malfunction="" p0741="" procedure="" system="" to="" torque="" trouble="" turbo)-256,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0743	Torque converter clutch system (Lock-up duty solenoid) electrical	<ref. 77="" at-96,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" duty="" lock-up="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0748	Pressure control solenoid (Line pressure duty solenoid) electrical	<ref. 75="" at-88,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" duty="" line="" pressure="" procedure="" sole-noid="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0753	Shift solenoid A (Shift solenoid 1) electrical	<ref. 1="" 71="" at-72,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" procedure="" shift="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0758	Shift solenoid B (Shift solenoid 2) electrical	<ref. 2="" 72="" at-76,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" procedure="" shift="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0778	2-4 brake pressure control solenoid valve circuit malfunction	<ref. 2-="" 76="" at-92,="" brake="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" duty="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P0785	2-4 brake timing control solenoid valve circuit malfunction	<ref. 2-4="" 74="" at-84,="" brake="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" procedure="" solenoid="" timing="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1086	Tumble generator valve #2 (LH) position sensor circuit low input	<ref. #2="" (dtc).="" (lh)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" input="" low="" p1086="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-258,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1087	Tumble generator valve #2 (LH) position sensor circuit high input	<ref. #2="" (dtc).="" (lh)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" high="" input="" p1087="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-262,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1088	Tumble generator valve #1 (RH) position sensor circuit low input	<ref. #1="" (dtc).="" (rh)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" input="" low="" p1088="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-266,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>

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P1089	Tumble generator valve #1 (RH) position sensor circuit high input	<ref. #1="" (dtc).="" (rh)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" high="" input="" p1089="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-270,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1090	Tumble generator valve #1(RH) malfunction (stuck open)	<ref. #1="" (dtc).="" (rh)="" (stuck="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" malfunction="" open)="" p1090="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-273,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1091	Tumble generator valve #1(RH) malfunction (stuck close)	<ref. #1="" (dtc).="" (rh)="" (stuck="" close)="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" malfunction="" p1091="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-274,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1092	Tumble generator valve #2(LH) mal- function (stuck open)	<ref. #2="" (dtc).="" (lh)="" (stuck="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" malfunction="" open)="" p1092="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-275,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1093	Tumble generator valve #2(LH) mal- function (stuck close)	<ref. #2="" (dtc).="" (lh)="" (stuck="" close)="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" malfunction="" p1093="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-276,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1094	Tumble generator valve circuit #1 (opencircuit)	<ref. #1="" (dtc).="" (open="" circuit="" circuit)="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" p1094="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-278,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1095	Tumble generator valve circuit #1 (overcurrent)	<ref. #1="" (dtc).="" (overcurrent)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" p1095="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-280,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1096	Tumble generator valve circuit #2 (opencircuit)	<ref. #2="" (dtc).="" (open="" circuit="" circuit)="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" p1096="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-282,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1097	Tumble generator valve circuit #2 (overcurrent)	<ref. #2="" (dtc).="" (overcurrent)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" generator="" p1097="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" tumble="" turbo)-284,="" valve="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1110	Atmospheric pressure sensor low input	<ref. (dtc).="" atmospheric="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" low="" p1110="" pressure="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-286,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1111	Atmospheric pressure sensor high input	<ref. (dtc).="" atmospheric="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" p1111="" pressure="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-286,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1112	Atmospheric pressure sensor range/ performance problem	<ref. (dtc).="" atmospheric="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" p1112="" performance="" pressure="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-287,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1130	Front oxygen sensor circuit malfunction (open circuit)	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" (open="" circuit="" circuit)="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)="" front="" malfunction="" oxygen="" p1130="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-288,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1131	Front oxygen sensor circuit malfunction (short circuit)	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" (short="" circuit="" circuit)="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)="" front="" malfunction="" oxygen="" p1131="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-290,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1134	Front oxygen (A/F) sensor micro- computer problem	<ref. (a="" (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)="" front="" micro-computer="" oxygen="" p1134="" problem="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-292,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1139	Front oxygen (A/F) sensor #1 heater circuit perfomance/range problem	<ref. #1="" (a="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f)="" front="" heater="" oxygen="" p1139="" performance="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-294,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1141	Mass air flow sensor circuit range/ perfomance problem (low input)	<ref. (dtc).="" (low="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" flow="" input)="" mass="" p1141="" performance="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sen-sor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-296,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1142	Throttle position sensor circuit range/performance problem (low input)	<ref. (dtc).="" (low="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input)="" p1142="" performance="" position="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-298,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1146	Pressure sensor circuit range/ performance problem (high input)	<ref. (dtc).="" (high="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input)="" p1146="" performance="" pressure="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-300,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>

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P1244	Wastegate control solenoid valve malfunction (low input)	<ref. (dtc).="" (low="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input)="" p1244="" performance="" problem="" procedure="" range="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-304,="" valve="" wastegate="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1245	Wastegate control solenoid valve malfunction (fail-safe)	<ref. (dtc).="" (fail-safe)="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" malfunction="" p1245="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-306,="" valve="" wastegate="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1301	Fire due to increased exhaust temperature	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" due="" en(dohc="" exhaust="" fire="" increased="" p1301="" procedure="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-308,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1312	Exhaust temperature sensor mal- function	<ref. dtc="" en(dohc="" exhaust="" gas="" p1312="" tem-<br="" to="" turbo)-310,="" —="">PERATURE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P1480	Cooling fan relay 1 circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" 1="" circuit="" code="" cooling="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" fan="" high="" input="" p1480="" procedure="" relay="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-312,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1507	Idle control system malfunction (fail-safe)	<ref. (dtc).="" (fail-safe)="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" idle="" malfunction="" p1507="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-316,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1518	Starter switch circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" low="" p1518="" procedure="" starter="" switch="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-318,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1544	High exhaust temperature detected	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" exhaust="" high="" p1544="" procedure="" tem-perature="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-320,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1560	Back-up voltage circuit malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" back-up="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" malfunction="" p1560="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-322,="" voltage="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1570	Antennna	<ref. antenna="" chart="" code.="" diagnostics="" dtc="" im-35,="" p1570="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1571	Reference code incompatibility	<ref. chart="" code="" code.="" diagnostics="" dtc="" im-26,="" incompatibility="" p1571="" reference="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1572	IMM circuit failure except antenna circuit	<ref. (except="" antenna="" chart="" circuit="" circuit)="" code.="" diagnostics="" dtc="" failure="" im-27,="" imm="" p1572="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1574	Key communication failure	<ref. communication="" dtc="" failure="" im-33,="" key="" p1574="" to="" —="" —,<br="">Diagnostics Chart with Trouble Code.&gt;</ref.>
P1576	EGI control module EEPROM	<ref. control="" dtc="" eeprom="" egi="" im-34,="" module="" p1576="" to="" —="" —,<br="">Diagnostics Chart with Trouble Code.&gt;</ref.>
P1577	IMM control module EEPROM	<ref. control="" dtc="" eeprom="" im-34,="" imm="" module="" p1577="" to="" —="" —,<br="">Diagnostics Chart with Trouble Code.&gt;</ref.>
P1590	Neutral position switch circuit high input (AT model)	<ref. (at="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" model)="" neutral="" p1590="" position="" procedure="" switch="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-326,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1591	Neutral position switch circuit low input (AT model)	<ref. (at="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" low="" model)="" neutral="" p1591="" position="" procedure="" switch="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-330,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1594	Automatic transmission diagnosis input signal circuit malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" automatic="" circuit="" code="" diagnosis="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" malfunction="" p1594="" procedure="" signal="" to="" trans-mission="" trouble="" turbo)-332,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1595	Automatic transmission diagnosis input signal circuit low input	<ref. (dtc).="" automatic="" circuit="" code="" diagnosis="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input="" low="" p1595="" procedure="" signal="" to="" trans-mission="" trouble="" turbo)-334,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1596	Automatic transmission diagnosis input signal circuit high input	<ref. (dtc).="" automatic="" circuit="" code="" diagnosis="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" high="" input="" p1596="" procedure="" signal="" to="" trans-mission="" trouble="" turbo)-336,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1700	Throttle position sensor circuit mal- function for automatic transmission	<ref. 31="" at-50,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>

### LIST OF DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

#### Engine (Diagnostics)

DTC No.	Item	Index
P1701	Cruise control set signal circuit mal- function for automatic transmission	<ref. (dtc).="" automatic="" circuit="" code="" control="" cruise="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" for="" malfunction="" p1701="" procedure="" set="" signal="" to="" transmission="" trouble="" turbo)-338,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1703	Low clutch timing control solenoid valve circuit malfunction	<ref. 73="" at-80,="" clutch="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" low="" procedure="" sole-noid="" timing="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1711	Engine torque control signal 1 circuit malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" 1="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" engine="" malfunction="" p1711="" procedure="" signal="" to="" torque="" trouble="" turbo)-340,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
P1712	Engine torque control signal 2 circuit malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" 2="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" engine="" malfunction="" p1712="" procedure="" signal="" to="" torque="" trouble="" turbo)-342,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>

#### LIST OF DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

Engine (Diagnostics)

MEMO:

#### 18. Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) 5008521

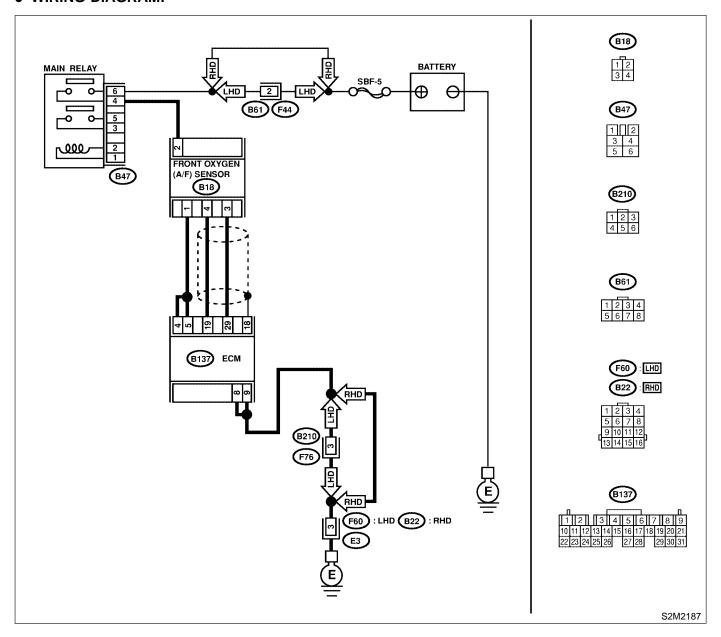
A: DTC P0031 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — \$008821F83

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0031 and P0037 at the same time?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 5.
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FRONT OXY-GEN (A/F) SENSOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B18) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Repair power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector Poor contact in main relay connector
3	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF ECM.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 8 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 9 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine ground terminal Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine 2) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 0.2 A?	Repair poor contact in connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Start and idle the engine. 2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1.0 V?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 6.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change less than 1.0 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 7.
7	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals.  Terminals  No. 2 — No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open or ground short circuit in harness between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and ECM connector  Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector  Poor contact in ECM connector	Replace front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <ref. (a="" f)="" front="" fu(dohc="" oxygen="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-42,=""></ref.>

MEMO:

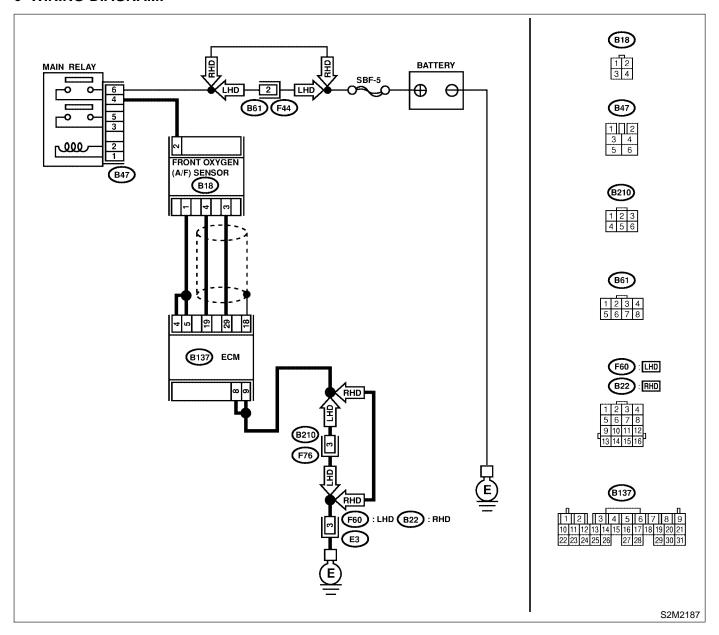
### B: DTC P0032 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — 5088521F84

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 8 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR HEATER CURRENT.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 2.3 A?	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	END
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM. Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change more than 8 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	END

#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### C: DTC P0037 — REAR OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

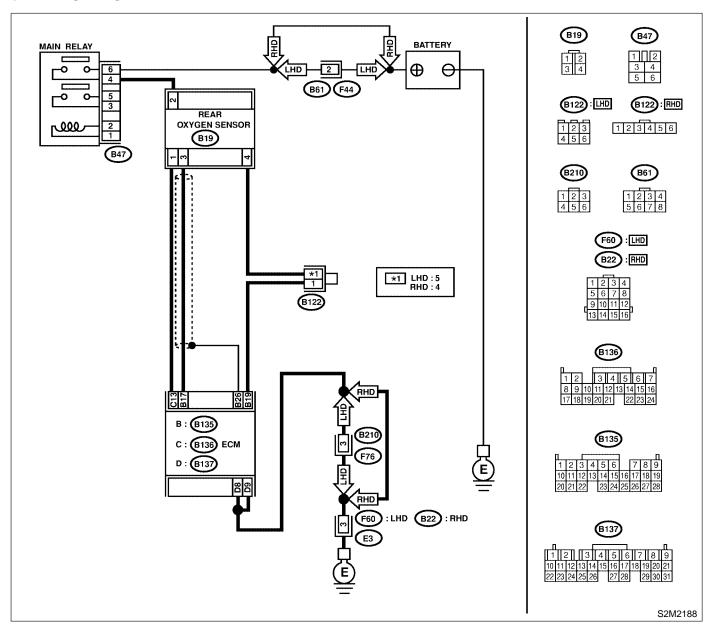
S088521F85

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from ECM.  3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 8 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 9 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine ground terminal Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) Read data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 0.2 A?	Repair connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connecting harness connector • Poor contact in ECM connector	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Start and idle the engine.  2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 1.0 V?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Does the voltage change less than 1.0 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor.  2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 1.0 V?	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and engine ground or chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B19) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between main relay and rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact in coupling connector
7	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 30 $\Omega$ ?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector poor contact in coupling connector	Replace rear oxygen sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.>

MEMO:

#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### D: DTC P0038 — REAR OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT —

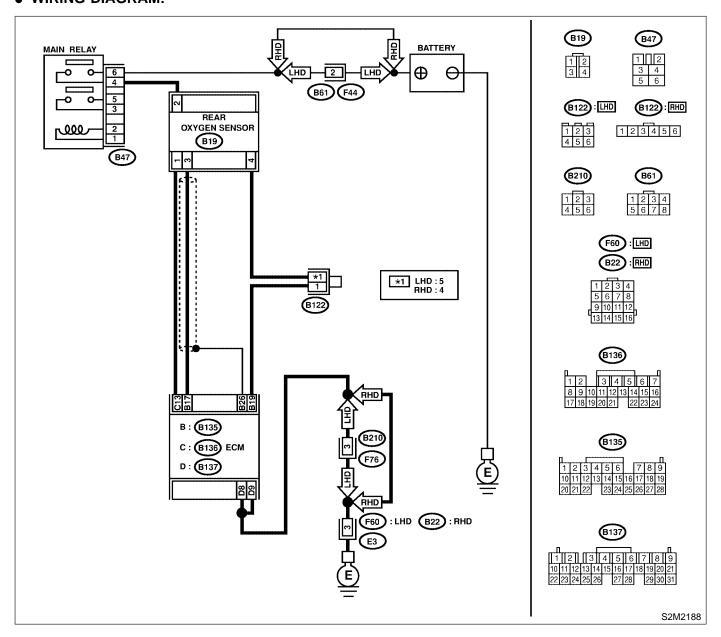
S088521F86

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 8 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Read data of rear oxygen sensor heater current using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE".  Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-36, Subaru Select Monitor.>  OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II general Scan Tool Instruction Manual.	Is the value more than 7 A?	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	END
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT.	Is there poor contact in	Repair poor con-	END
	Check poor contact in ECM connector.	ECM connector?	tact in ECM con- nector.	

#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

Engine (Diagnostics)

### E: DTC P0101 — MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (HIGH INPUT) — 5088521808

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

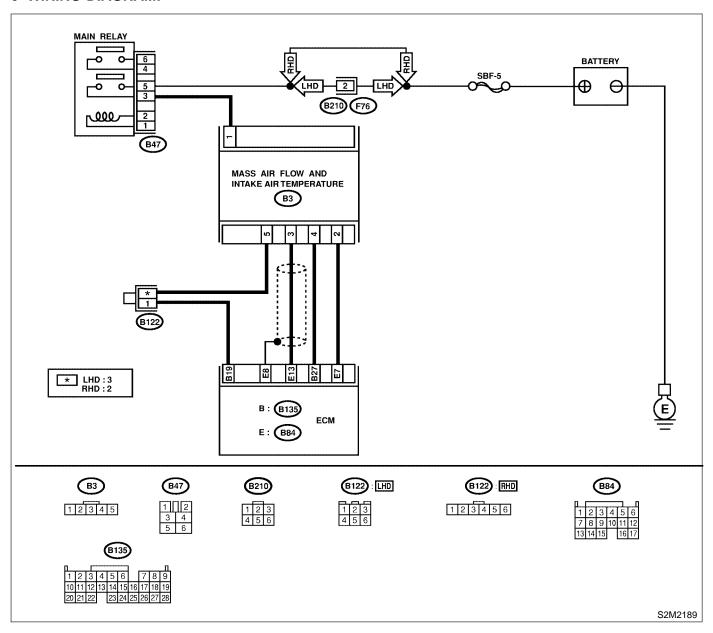
• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



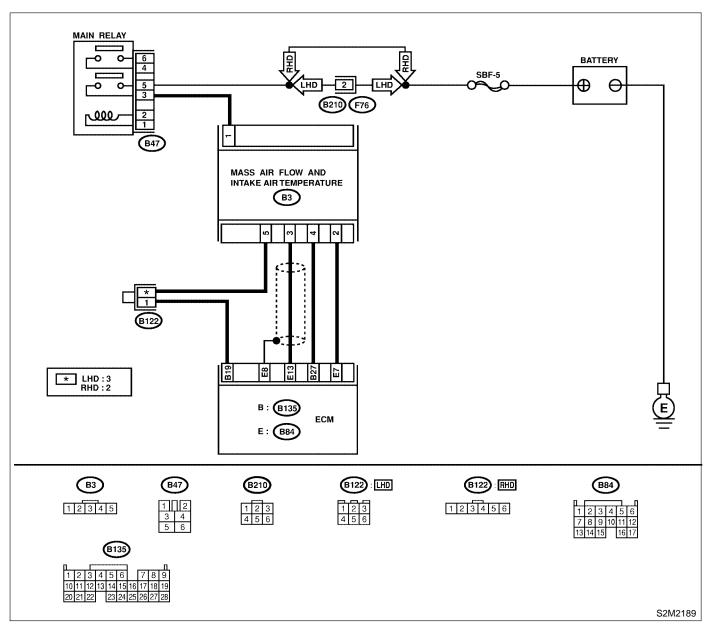
No. Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLA		Inspect DTC P0102 or P0103 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0101.</ref.>	Replace mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(dohc="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-34,=""></ref.>

#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC)

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### F: DTC P0102 — MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — SOBBES 1809

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance



No.	Ston	Check	Yes	No
1 No.	Step  CONNECT SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OR	Is the value equal to or	Even if MIL lights	Go to step 2.
1	CONNECT SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OR THE OBD-II GENERAL SCAN TOOL, AND READ DATA.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool to data link connector. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON and Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool switch to ON. 4) Start engine. 5) Read data of mass air flow sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value equal to or more than 1.3 g/sec (0.172 lb/min) or 0.3 V and equal to or less than 240 g/sec (32 lb/min) or 4.58 V?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector or harness may be the cause. Repair harness or connector in the mass air flow sensor.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open or ground short circuit in harness between mass air flow sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in mass air flow sensor or ECM connector	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while engine is idling.  Connector & terminal  (B84) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR).  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while engine is idling.	Does the voltage change more than 0.2 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with Subaru select monitor?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.
4	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between mass air flow sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B3) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10V?	Go to step 5.	Repair open cir- cuit between mass air flow sen- sor and main relay

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from ECM.  3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and mass air flow sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B84) No. 13 — (B3) No. 3:  (B135) No. 27 — (B3) No. 4:  (B135) No. 19 — (B3) No. 5:	Is the resistance less than $1\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit between ECM and mass air flow sensor connector.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B84) No. 13 — Chassis ground:  (B135) No. 27 — Chassis ground:  (B135) No. 19 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than $1M\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Repair ground short circuit between ECM and mass air flow sensor connector.
7	CHECK POOR CONTACT Check poor contact in mass air flow sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in mass air flow sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in mass air flow sensor connector.	Replace mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(dohc="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-34,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### G: DTC P0103 — MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SOBBEZIBIO

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

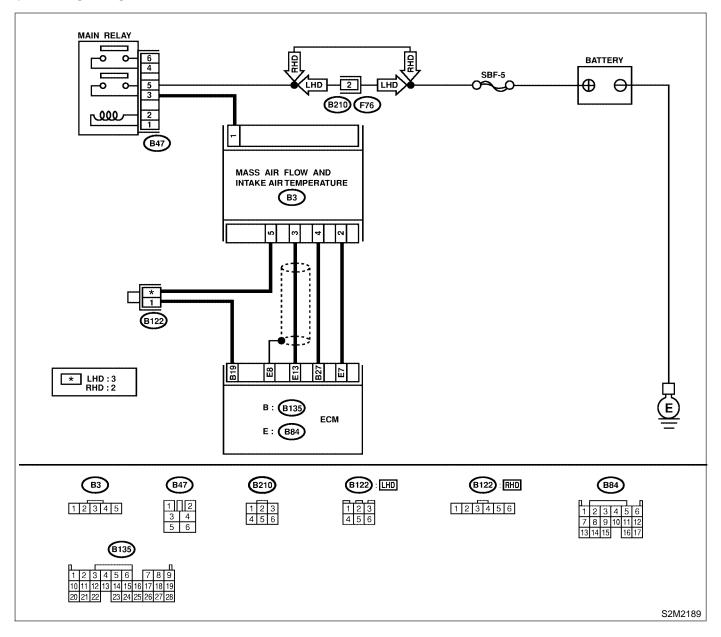
#### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CONNECT SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OR THE OBD-II GENERAL SCAN TOOL, AND READ DATA.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool to data link connector. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON and Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool switch to ON. 4) Start engine. 5) Read data of mass air flow sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value equal to or more than 1.3 g/sec (0.172 lb/min) or 0.3 V and equal to or less than 240 g/sec (32 lb/min) or 4.58 V?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF and Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON and Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool switch to ON.  4) Read data of mass air flow sensor signal using Subaru select monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 240 g/sec (32 lb/min) or 4.58 V in function mode F06?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between mass air flow sensor and ECM connector. After repair, replace ECM.	Replace mass air flow sensor.

Engine (Diagnostics)

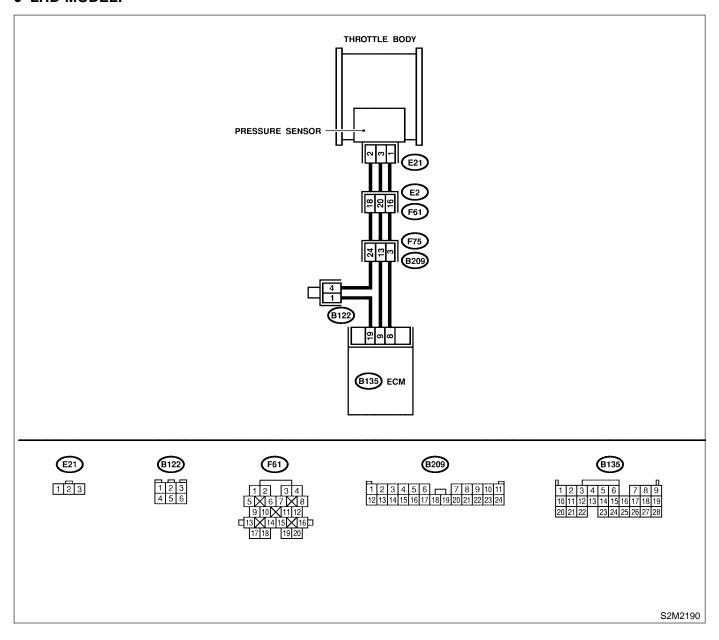
### H: DTC P0106 — PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (LOW INPUT) — SOBBES21F90

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Failure of engine to start

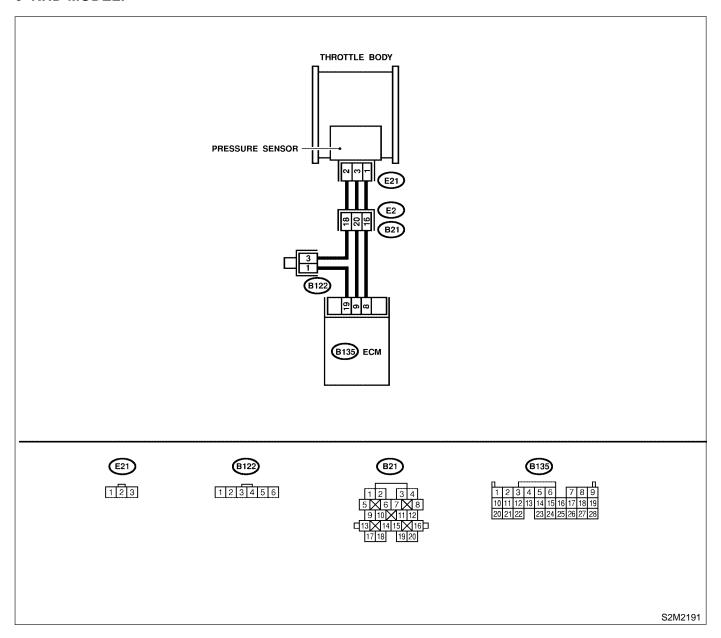
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### • LHD MODEL:



#### • RHD MODEL:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK IDLE SWITCH SIGNAL.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine using Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,=""></ref.>	Does the LED of {Idle Switch Signal} come on?	Go to step 2.	Check throttle position sensor circuit. <ref. (dtc).="" (high="" -="" -,="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" input)="" p0121="" performance="" position="" problem="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-136,="" with=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0106.</ref.>
2	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0107 or P0108?	Inspect DTC P0107 or P0108 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0106.</ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK CONDITION OF INTAKE MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSOR.	Is the pressure sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 4.	Tighten pressure sensor installation bolt securely.
4	CHECK CONDITION OF THROTTLE BODY.	Is the throttle body installation bolt tightened securely?	Replace pressure sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-35, Pres- sure Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Tighten throttle body installation bolt securely.

Engine (Diagnostics)

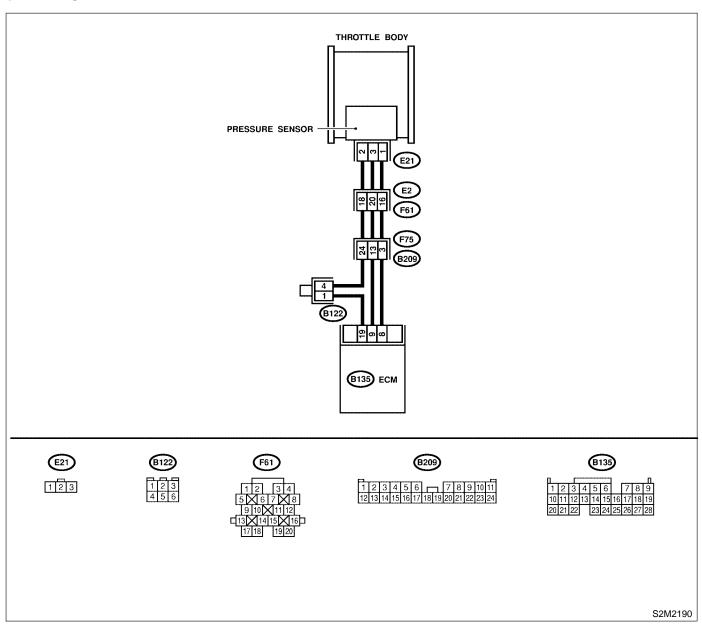
#### I: DTC P0107 — PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — SOBBEZIBIZ

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition

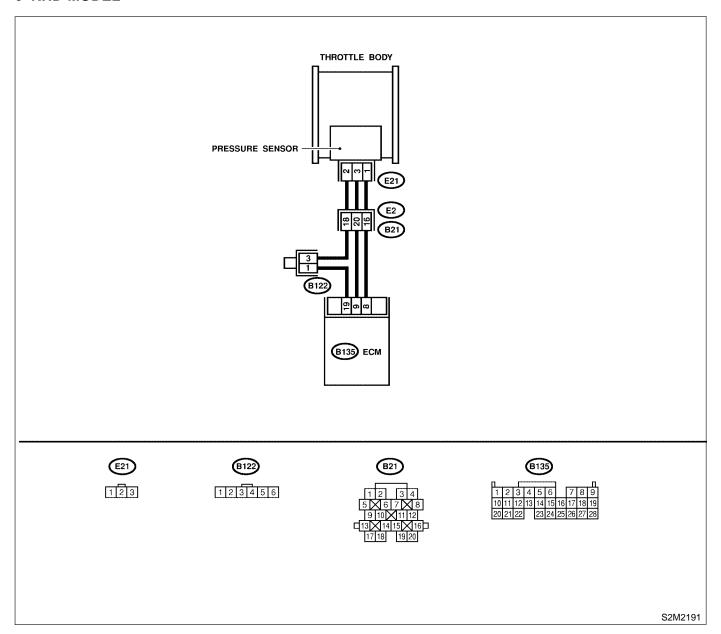
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



#### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than -7.2 kPa (-54 mmHg, -2.1 inHg)?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM and pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or pressure sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM or pressure sensor connector.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change more than 4.5 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.7 V?	Go to step 6.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from pressure sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between pressure sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and intake manifold pressure sensor connector.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from ECM.  3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and intake manifold pressure sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 19 — (E21) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and intake manifold pressure sensor connector.
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between intake manifold pressure sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E21) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and intake manifold pressure sensor connector.
9	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in pressure sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in pressure sensor connector.	Replace pressure sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-35, Pres- sure Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

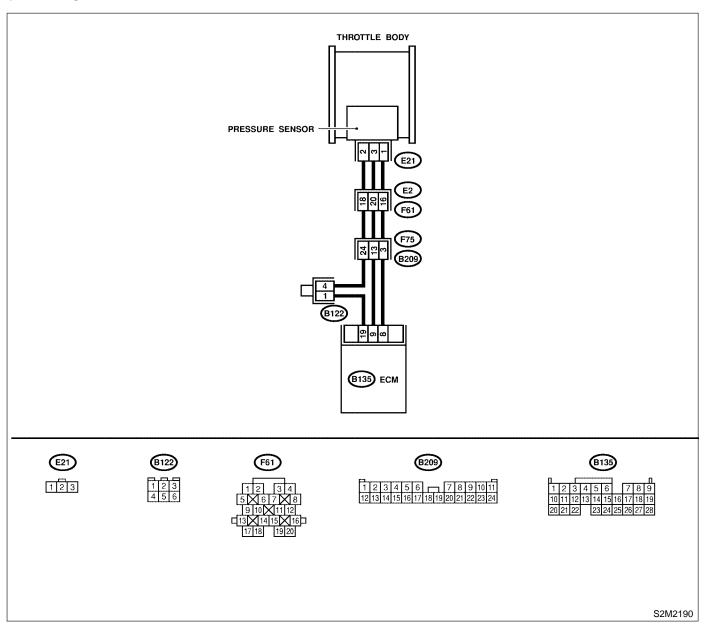
#### J: DTC P0108 — PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — S0088521813

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition

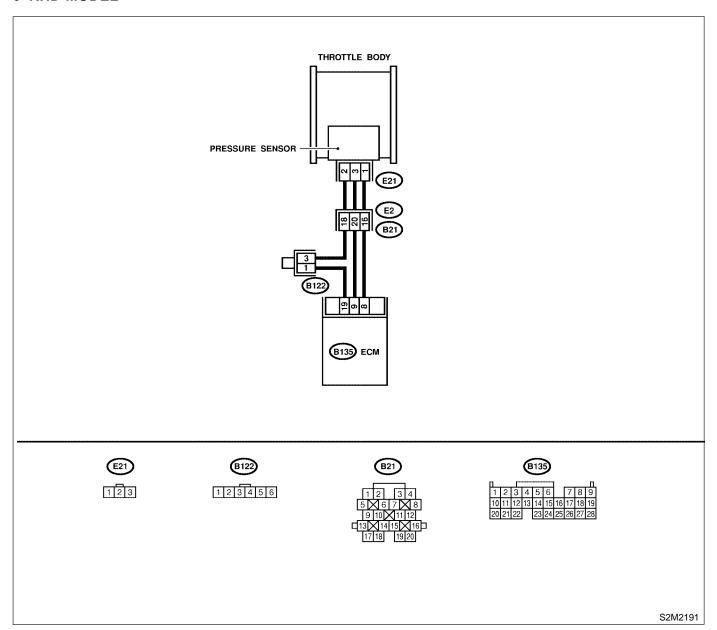
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



#### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the value more than 282	Go to step 9.	Go to step 2.
	1) Start engine.	kPa (2,121 mmHg, 83.50	-	
	2) Read the data of intake manifold absolute	inHg)?		
	pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.			
	NOTE:			
	Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedure, refer to the			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE".			
	<pre><ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,=""></ref.></pre>			
	OBD-II general scan tool			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.			
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.	Is the voltage more than	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
	Measure voltage between ECM connector	4.5 V?		
	and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal			
	(B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):			
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.	Does the voltage change	Repair poor con-	Contact your
	Measure voltage between ECM connector	more than 4.5 V by shaking	tact in ECM con-	Subaru distributor.
	and chassis ground.	harness and connector of	nector.	NOTE:
	Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	ECM while monitoring the		Inspection by DTM is required,
	(B133) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-).	value with voltage meter?		because probable
				cause is deterio-
				ration of multiple
				parts.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.	Is the voltage less than 0.7	Go to step 5.	Contact your
	Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.	V?		Subaru distributor. NOTE:
	Connector & terminal			Inspection by
	(B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):			DTM is required,
				because probable
				cause is deterio-
				ration of multiple parts.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the voltage more than	Go to step 6.	Repair open cir-
	PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.	4.5 V?		cuit in harness
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.			between ECM
	2) Disconnect connector from pressure sen-			and pressure sen-
	SOr.			sor connector.
	<ul><li>3) Turn ignition switch to ON.</li><li>4) Measure voltage between pressure sensor</li></ul>			
	connector and engine ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):			
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance less than	Go to step 7.	Repair open cir-
	PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.	1 Ω?		cuit in harness between ECM
	Turn ignition switch to OFF.     Disconnect connector from ECM.			and pressure sen-
	3) Measure resistance of harness between			sor connector.
	ECM and pressure sensor connector.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(B135) No. 8 — (E21) No. 1:			

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND INTAKE MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 19 — (E21) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.
8	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in pressure sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in pressure sensor connector.	Replace intake manifold pressure sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-35, Pres- sure Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
9	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF and Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from pressure sensor.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON and Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool switch to ON.  4) Read data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 282 kPa (2,121 mmHg, 83.50 inHg)?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and pressure sensor connector.	Replace pressure sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-35, Pres- sure Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### K: DTC P0111 — INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM — SORBEZIB14

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

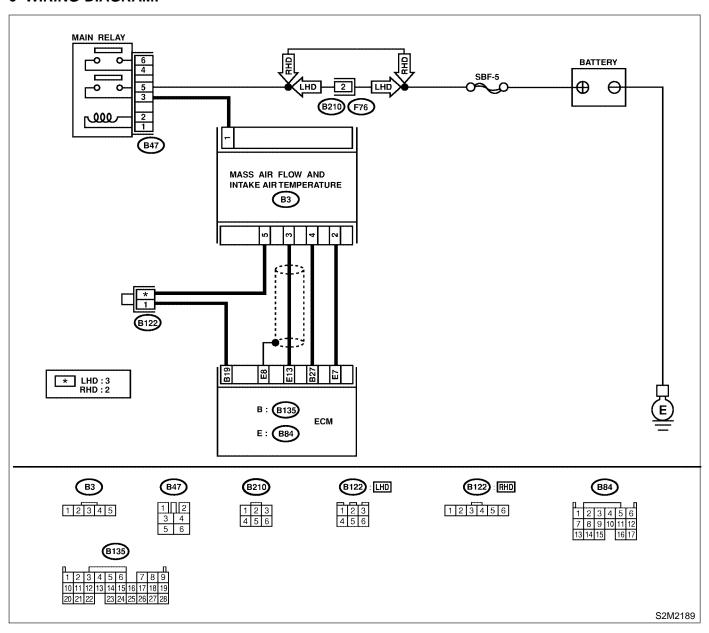
#### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0112, P0113, P0117, P0118 or P0125?	Inspect DTC P0112, P0113, P0117, P0118 or P0125 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0111.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE.  1) Start the engine and warm it up completely. 2) Measure engine coolant temperature using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the engine coolant temperature between 75°C (167°F) and 95°C (203°F)?	Replace mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-34, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Tem- perature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Inspect DTC P0125 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### L: DTC P0112 — INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

S088521B15

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

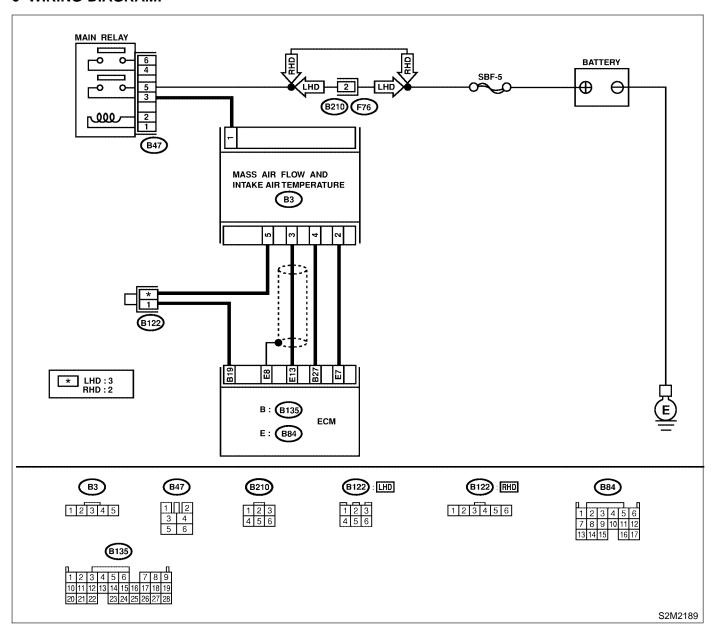
#### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine.  2) Read data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value greater than 55°C (131°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Read data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than –36°C (–33°F)?	Replace mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(dohc="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-34,=""></ref.>	Repair ground short circuit in harness between mass air flow and intake air tem-

Engine (Diagnostics)

### M: DTC P0113 — INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SORREST 1816

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

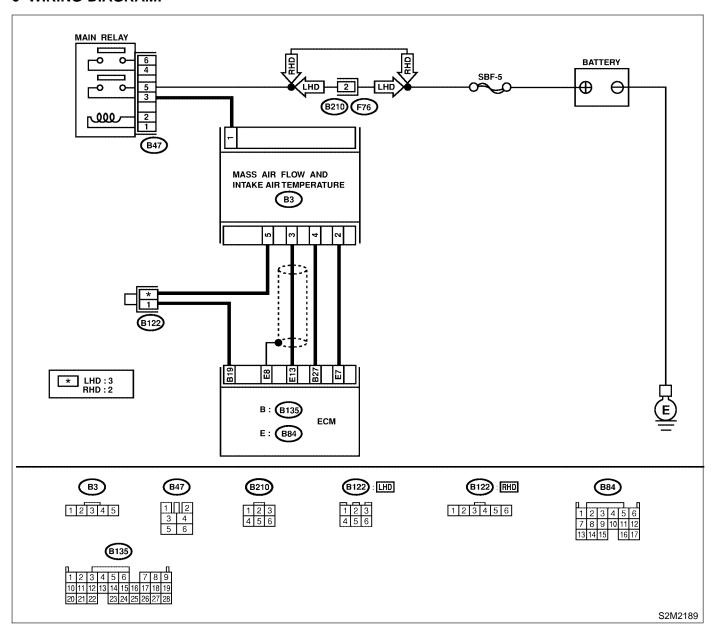
#### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) Read data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or the OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than –36°C (–33°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor Poor contact in ECM Poor contact in joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. 3) Measure voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B3) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between mass air flow and intake air tem- perature sensor and ECM connec- tor.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE AND PRESSURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B3) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between mass air flow and intake air tem- perature sensor and ECM connec- tor.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and pressure sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B3) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 3 V?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and ECM connector  Poor contact in mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor Poor contact in ECM Poor contact in joint connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance of harness between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B3) No. 5 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Replace mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(dohc="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-34,=""></ref.>	NOTE: In this case, repair the follow-

Engine (Diagnostics)

### N: DTC P0117 — ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — S088521F91

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

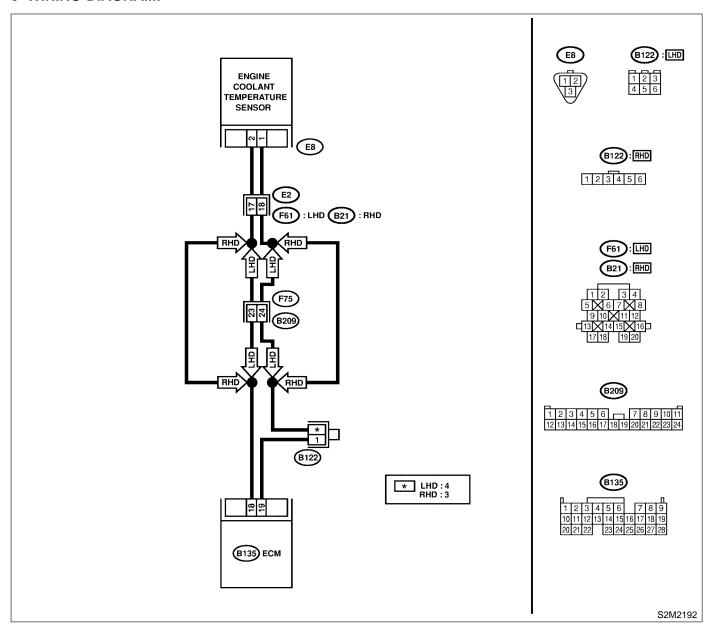
#### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine.  2) Read data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value greater than 150°C (302°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in ioint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from engine coolant temperature sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Read data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than –40°C (–40°F)?	Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. <ref. coolant="" engine="" fu(dohc="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-29,=""></ref.>	Repair ground short circuit in harness between engine coolant temperature sensor and ECM connector.

Engine (Diagnostics)

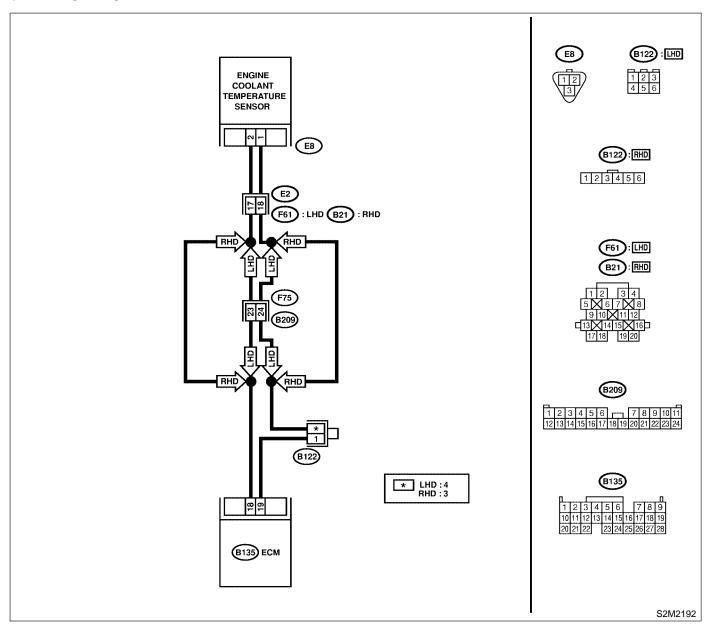
### O: DTC P0118 — ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — 5088521592

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Hard to start
  - Erroneous idling
  - Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine.  2) Read data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than –40°C (–40°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in coupling connector • Poor contact in joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from engine coolant temperature sensor. 3) Measure voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E8) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and engine coolant tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E8) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and engine coolant tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure voltage between engine coolant temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E8) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4 V?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector Poor contact in engine coolant temperature sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in coupling connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ENGINE	Is the resistance less than	Replace engine	Repair harness
	COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND	5 Ω?	coolant tempera-	and connector.
	ECM CONNECTOR.		ture sensor. <ref.< td=""><td>NOTE:</td></ref.<>	NOTE:
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.		to FU(DOHC	In this case,
	2) Measure resistance of harness between		TURBO)-29,	repair the follow-
	engine coolant temperature sensor connector		Engine Coolant	ing:
	and engine ground.		Temperature Sen-	Open circuit in
	Connector & terminal		sor.>	harness between
	(E8) No. 1 — Engine ground:			ECM and engine
				coolant tempera
				ture sensor con-
				nector
				<ul> <li>Poor contact in</li> </ul>
				engine coolant
				temperature sen
				sor connector
				<ul> <li>Poor contact in</li> </ul>
				ECM connector
				Poor contact is
				coupling connec
				tor
				Poor contact is
				joint connector

Engine (Diagnostics)

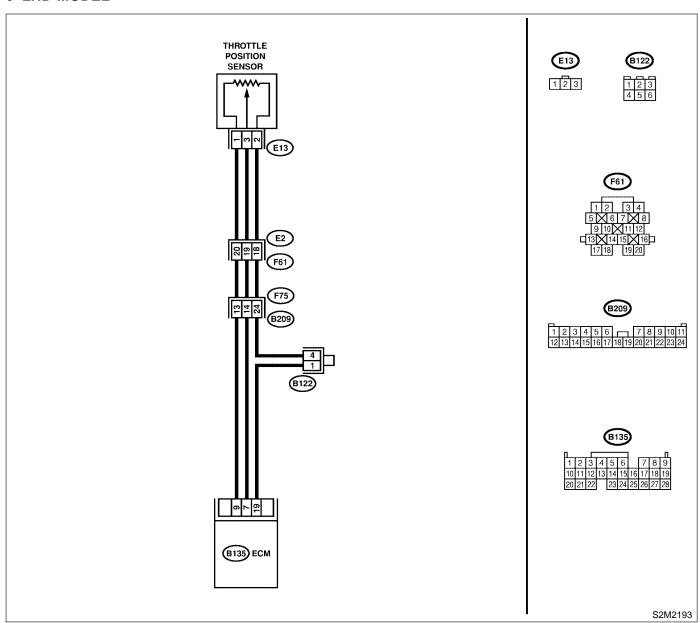
### P: DTC P0121 — THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (HIGH INPUT) — 50088521819

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance
  - Fuel is cut.

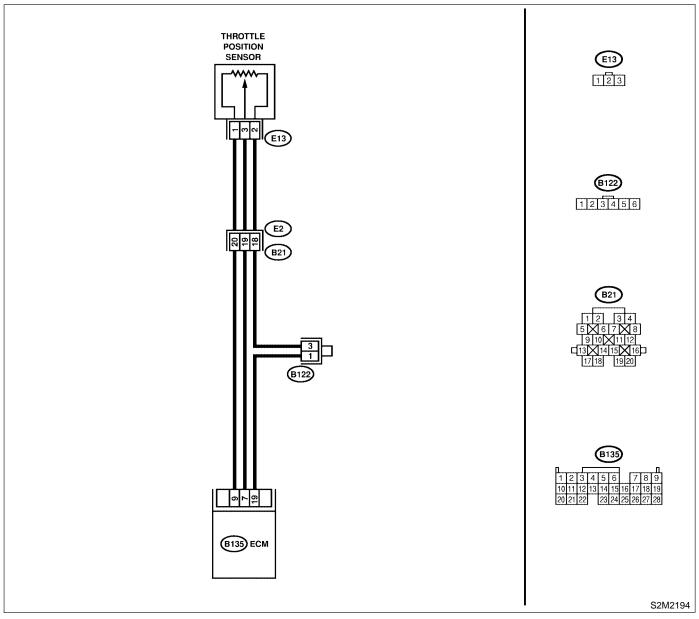
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



#### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0122, P0123 or P1507?	Inspect DTC P0122, P0123 or P1507 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0121.</ref.>	Replace throttle position sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" throttle="" to="" turbo)-33,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### Q: DTC P0122 — THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT —

S088521B20

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

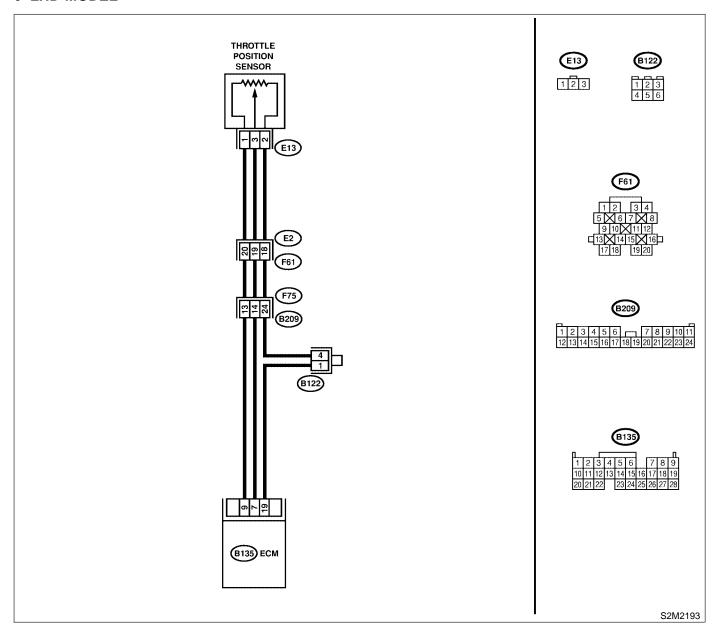
- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

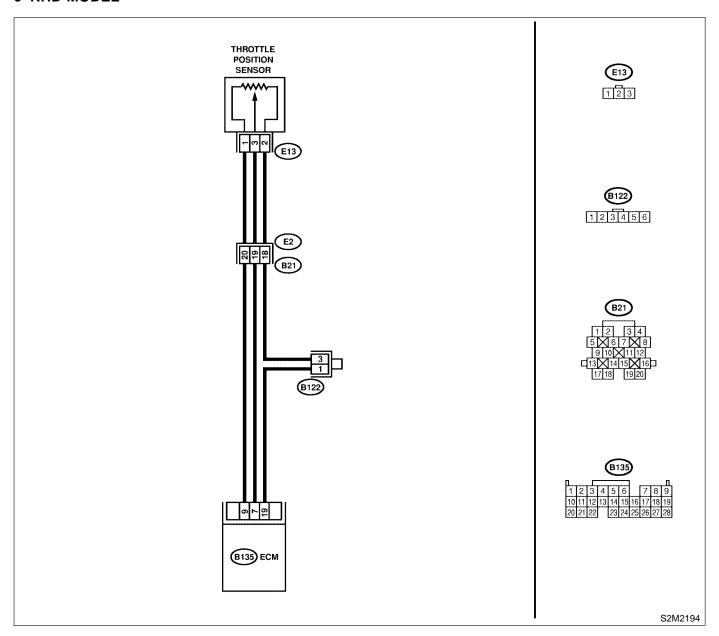
After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

LHD MODEL



#### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) Read data of throttle position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than 0.1 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while throttle valve is fully closed.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change more than 4.5 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.1 V?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.	Does the voltage change more than 0.1 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with Subaru Select Monitor?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 6.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from throttle position sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E13) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in joint connector
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and throttle position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 7 — (E13) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector  Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector  Poor contact in coupling connector
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E13) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in throttle position sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in throttle position sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in throttle position sensor connector.	Replace throttle position sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" throttle="" to="" turbo)-33,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

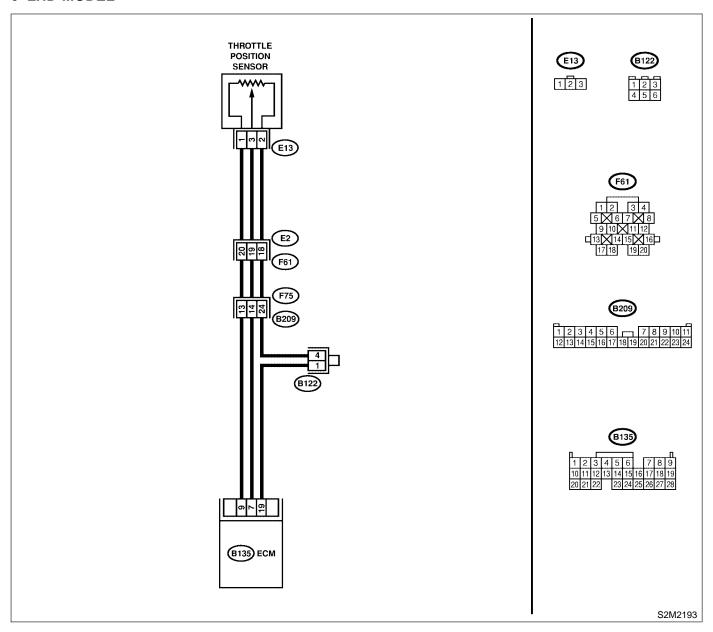
### R: DTC P0123 — THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SOBBEST 1821

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

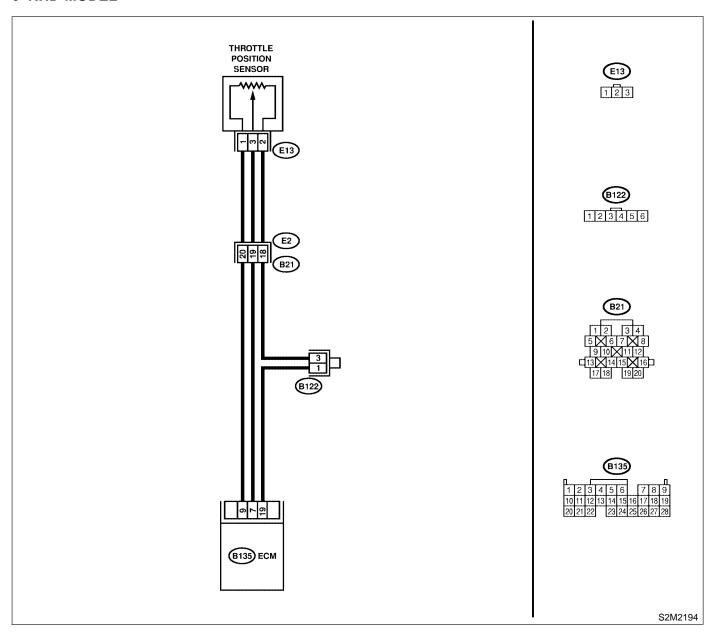
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



#### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) Read data of throttle position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 4.9 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from throttle position sensor. 3) Measure resistance of harness between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E13) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in joint connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between throttle position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E13) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.9 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between throttle position sensor and ECM connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Replace throttle position sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" throttle="" to="" turbo)-33,=""></ref.>

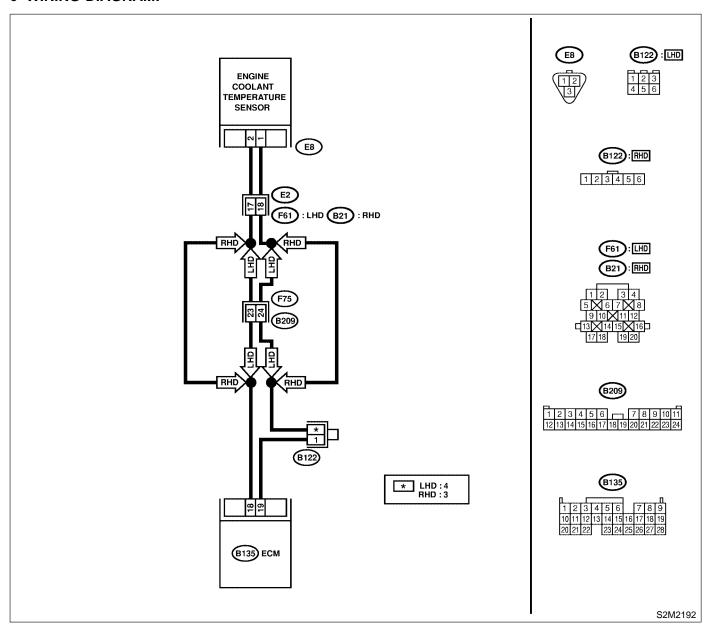
Engine (Diagnostics)

# S: DTC P0125 — INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL — 5088521822

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Engine would not return to idling.

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0117 or P0118?	Inspect DTC P0117 or P0118 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0125.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM.  NOTE: Check the following items.  Thermostat open stuck  Coolant level  Coolant freeze  Tire diameter	Is there a fault in engine cooling system?	Replace thermo- stat. <ref. to<br="">CO-23, Thermo- stat.&gt;</ref.>	Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. <ref. coolant="" engine="" fu(dohc="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-29,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

# T: DTC P0131 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (LOW INPUT) — SOBBES 1824

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0132. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-150, DTC P0132 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (HIGH INPUT) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

**Engine (Diagnostics)** 

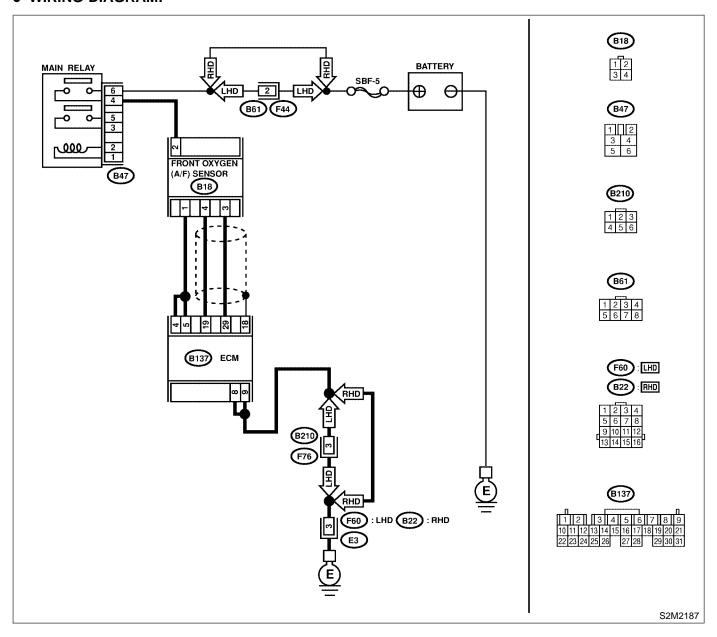
# U: DTC P0132 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (HIGH INPUT) — 5088521825

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0031, P0032, P1131, P1134 or P1139?	Inspect DTC P0031, P0032, P1131, P1134 or P1139 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT (A/F) OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) While observing the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool screen, warm-up the engine until coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F).  If the engine is already warmed-up, operate at idle speed for at least 1 minute. 3) Read data of front oxygen (A/F) sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  ■ Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  ■ OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value equal to or more than 0.85 and equal to less than 1.15 in idling?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL.  1) Race engine at speeds from idling to 5,000 rpm for a total of 5 cycles.  NOTE:  To increase engine speed to 5,000 rpm, slowly depress accelerator pedal, taking approximately 5 seconds, and quickly release accelerator pedal to decrease engine speed.  2) Operate the LED operation mode for engine.  NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "LED OPERATION MODE FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,=""></ref.>	Does the LED of {Rear O2 Rich Signal} blink?	Repair poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor connector.	Check rear oxygen sensor circuit. <ref. fu(dohc="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.>
4	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Loose installation of portions • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness of front oxygen (A/F) sensor • Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	Is there a fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <ref. (a="" f)="" front="" fu(dohc="" oxygen="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-42,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

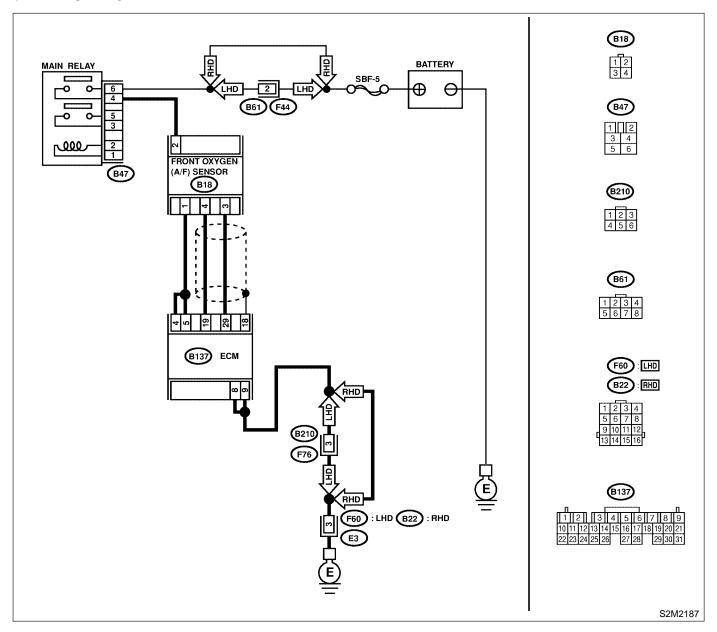
# V: DTC P0133 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE — SORBEZ 1826

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0031, P0032, P0131, P0132, P1130, P1131, P1134 or P1139?	Inspect DTC P0031, P0032, P0131, P0132, P1130, P1131, P1134 or P1139 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0133.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following items.</li> <li>Loose installation of front portion of exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads</li> <li>Loose connection between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter</li> <li>Damage of exhaust pipe resulting in a hole</li> </ul>	Is there a fault in exhaust system?	Repair exhaust system.	Replace front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <ref. (a="" f)="" front="" fu(dohc="" oxygen="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-42,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

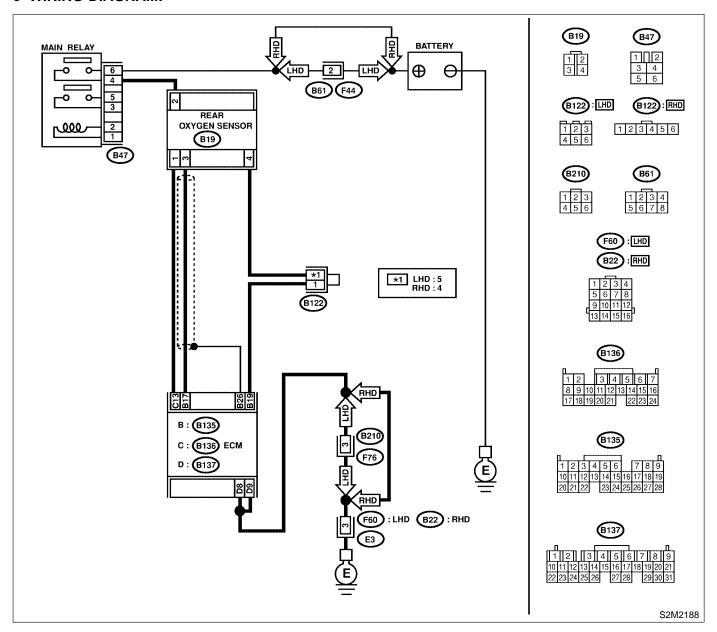
### W: DTC P0136 — REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION — SOBBES 1828

### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0131 or P0132?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK FAILURE CAUSE OF P0131 or P0132. Inspect DTC P0131 or P0132 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Is the failure cause of P0131 or P0132 in the fuel system?	Check fuel system. NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0136.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 70°C (158°F), and keep the engine speed at 2,000 rpm to 3,000 rpm for two minutes.  2) Read data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA SHOWN ON DISPLAY FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Does the value fluctuate?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA. Read data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II General Scan Tool.	Is the value fixed between 0.2 and 0.4 V?	Go to step 5.	Replace rear oxygen sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.>
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connectors from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.  3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 26 — (B19) No. 4:	Is the resistance more than 3 $\Omega$ ?	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN REAR OXY-GEN SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure voltage between rear oxygen sensor harness connector and engine ground or chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B19) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 0.2 V?	Replace rear oxygen sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between rear oxygen sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Loose installation of portions • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Looseness and ill fitting of parts between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	Is there a fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace rear oxygen sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

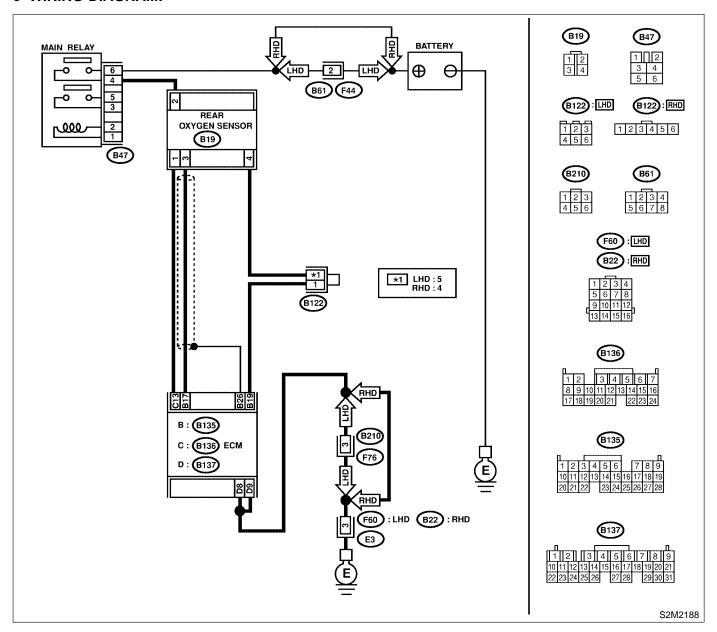
### X: DTC P0139 — REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE — S08852 1829

### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0136?	Inspect DTC P0136 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. en(dohc="" list<="" td="" to="" turbo)-82,=""><td>Replace rear oxygen sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.></td></ref.>	Replace rear oxygen sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-44,=""></ref.>
			of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0139.	

Engine (Diagnostics)

### Y: DTC P0171 — FUEL TRIM MALFUNCTION (A/F TOO LEAN) — S088521B33

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0172. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-161, DTC P0172 — FUEL TRIM MALFUNCTION (A/F TOO RICH) —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Engine (Diagnóstics)

### Z: DTC P0172 — FUEL TRIM MALFUNCTION (A/F TOO RICH) — S088521B32

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair exhaust system.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?		Go to step 3.
3	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING:  Place "NO FIRE" signs near the working area.  Be careful not to spill fuel on the floor.  Release fuel pressure.  (1) Disconnect connector from fuel pump relay.  (2) Start the engine and run it until it stalls.  (3) After the engine stalls, crank it for five more seconds.  (4) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  Connect connector to fuel pump relay.  Disconnect fuel delivery hose from fuel filter, and connect fuel pressure gauge.  Install fuel filler cap.  Start the engine and idle while gear position is neutral.  Measure fuel pressure while disconnecting pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold.  WARNING:  Before removing fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure.  NOTE:  If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.	Is fuel pressure between 284 and 314 kPa (2.9 — 3.2 kg/cm², 41 — 46 psi)?	Go to step 4.	Repair the following items.  Fuel pressure too high  Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure too low  Improper fuel pump discharge  Clogged fuel supply line

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
4	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.  After connecting pressure regulator vacuum hose, measure fuel pressure.  WARNING:  Before removing fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure.  NOTE:  If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.  If out of specification as measured at this step, check or replace pressure regulator and pressure regulator vacuum hose.	Is fuel pressure between 206 and 235 kPa (2.1 — 2.4 kg/cm², 30 — 34 psi)?	Go to step 5.	Repair the following items.  Fuel pressure too high  Faulty pressure regulator  Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure too low  Faulty pressure regulator  Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line
5	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is temperature greater than 60°C (140°F)?	Go to step 6.	Replace engine coolant tempera- ture sensor. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref. 
6	CHECK INTAKE MANIFOLD PRESSURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).  2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.  3) Turn A/C switch to OFF.  4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF.  5) Read data of intake manifold pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. Specification:  Intake manifold absolute pressure Ignition ON  73.3 — 106.6 kPa (550 — 800 mmHg, 21.65 — 31.50 inHg)  Idling  24.0 — 41.3 kPa (180 — 310 mmHg, 7.09 — 12.20 inHg)</ref.>	Is the value within the specifications?	Go to step 7.	Replace mass air flow and intake manifold pressure sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(dohc="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-34,=""></ref.>

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).  2) Place the shift lever in neutral position.  3) Turn A/C switch to OFF.  4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF.  5) Open front hood.  6) Measure ambient temperature.  7) Read data of intake manifold pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is value obtained when ambient temperature is subtracted from intake air temperature greater than –10°C (14°F) and less than 50°C (122°F)?	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.	Check mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(dohc="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-34,=""></ref.>

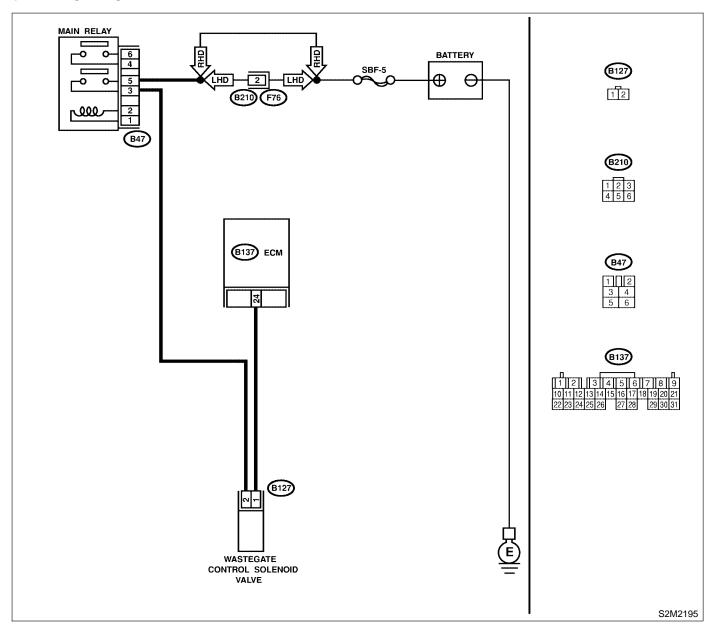
Engine (Diagnostics)

# AA: DTC P0244 — WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT) — SORBES 11H65

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



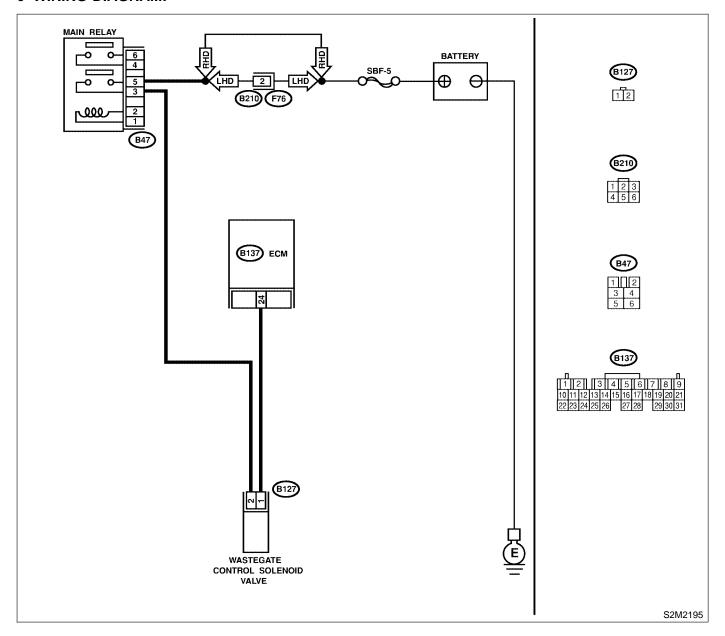
No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0245 or P0246?	Inspect DTC P0245 or P0246 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0121.</ref.>	Replace waste- gate control sole- noid valve. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref. 

## AB: DTC P0245 — WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — SORRES 1466

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Contact with your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from wastegate control solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between wastegate control solenoid valve connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B127) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and waste- gate control sole- noid valve con- nector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve of harness connector.  Connector & terminal (B137) No. 24 — (B127) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  • Open circuit in harness between ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve connector
4	CHECK WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLE-NOID VALVE.  1) Remove wastegate control solenoid valve. 2) Measure resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 30 and 34 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Replace waste- gate control sole- noid valve. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref. 
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between wastegate control solenoid valve and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (B127) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 6.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between main relay and waste- gate control sole- noid valve con- nector.

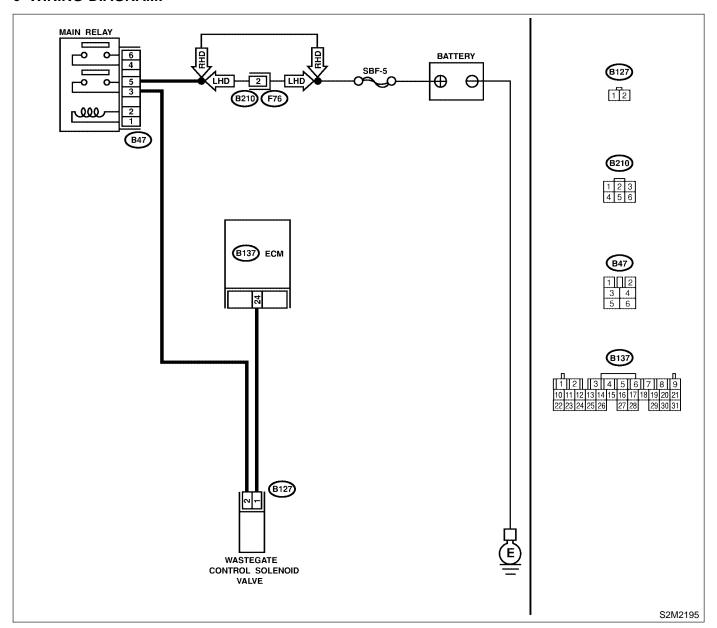
No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in wastegate control solenoid valve connector.	Is there poor contact in wastegate control solenoid valve connector?	Repair poor contact in wastegate control solenoid valve connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.

## AC: DTC P0246 — WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SORRES 1467

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling

#### CAUTION

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from wastegate control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B137) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLE-NOID VALVE.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between wastegate control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace waste- gate control sole- noid valve <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt; and ECM <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.></ref. 	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### AD: DTC P0301 — CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED — S088521B37

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-172, DTC P0304 — CYL-INDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### AE: DTC P0302 — CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED — S088521B38

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-172, DTC P0304 — CYL-INDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### AF: DTC P0303 — CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED — SOBBEZ 1839

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-172, DTC P0304 — CYL-INDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### AG: DTC P0304 — CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED — 5088521840

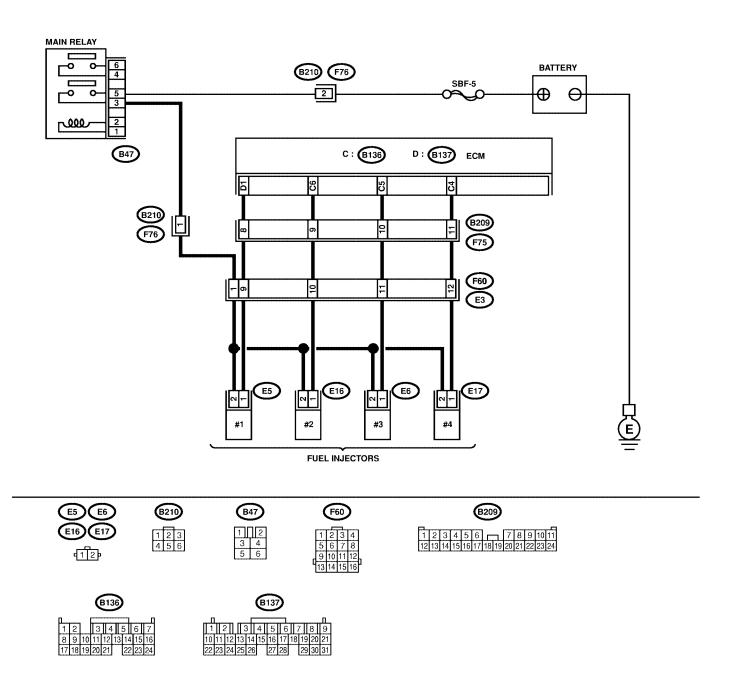
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
  - Immediately at fault recognition (A misfire which could damage catalyst occurs.)
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Engine stalls.
  - Erroneous idling
  - Rough driving

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

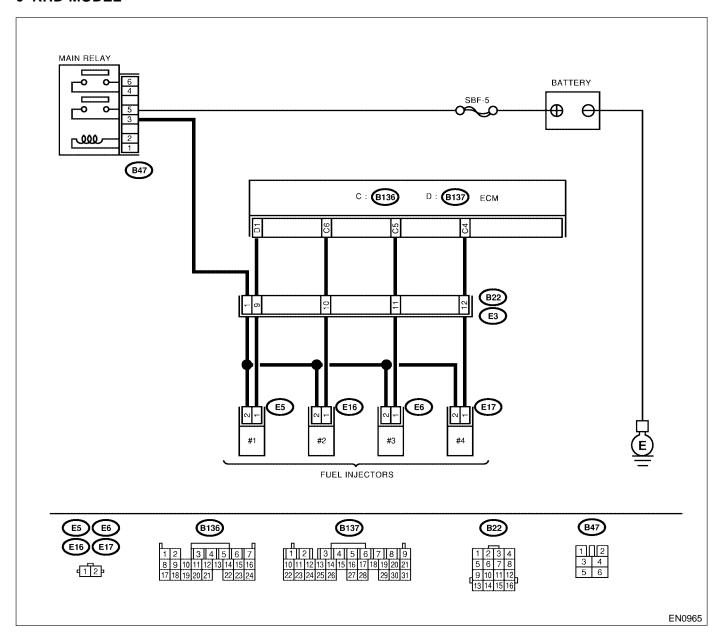
- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



S2M2186

Engine (Diagnostics)

### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0106, P0107, P0108, P0117, P0118 or P0125?	Inspect DTC P0106, P0107, P0108, P0117, P0118 or P0125 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0301, P0302, P0303 and P0304.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):  #2 (B136) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):  #3 (B136) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):  #4 (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders. 3) Disconnect connector from ECM. 4) Measure voltage between ECM connector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground: #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground: #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground: #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between fuel injector and ECM connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness connector between ECM connector and fuel injector on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 1 — (E5) No. 1:  #2 (B136) No. 6 — (E16) No. 1:  #3 (B136) No. 5 — (E6) No. 1:  #4 (B136) No. 4 — (E17) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector Poor contact in coupling connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.  Measure resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 5 and 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Replace faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-37, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between fuel injector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground  (-):  #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair poor contact in all connectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  • Open circuit in harness between main relay and fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders  • Poor contact in coupling connector  • Poor contact in main relay connector  • Poor contact in fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL INJECTOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinder.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):  #2 (B136) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):  #3 (B136) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):  #4 (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and fuel injector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace faulty fuel injector <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-37, Fuel Injector.&gt; and ECM <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.></ref. 	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor.	Go to step 10.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	CHECK CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET. Remove timing belt cover.	Is crankshaft sprocket rusted or does it have broken teeth?	Replace crank- shaft sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(DOHC TURBO)-57, Crankshaft Sprocket.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT.  Turn crankshaft using ST, and align alignment mark on crankshaft sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block.  ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <ref. to<br="">ME(DOHC TURBO)-48, Tim- ing Belt Assem- bly.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 12.
12	CHECK FUEL LEVEL.	Is the fuel meter indication higher than the "Lower" level?	Go to step 13.	Replenish fuel so fuel meter indica- tion is higher than the "Lower" level. After replenishing fuel, Go to step 13.
13	CHECK STATUS OF CHECK ENGINE MAL- FUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP (MIL).  1) Clear memory using Subaru Select Moni- tor. <ref. clear<br="" en(dohc="" to="" turbo)-47,="">Memory Mode.&gt; 2) Start engine, and drive the vehicle more than 10 minutes.</ref.>	Is the MIL coming on or blinking?	Go to step 15.	Go to step 14.
14	CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE DIAGNOSED.	Was the cause of misfire diagnosed when the engine is running?	Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality. NOTE: Ex. Remove spark plug cord, etc.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in ignitor connector Poor contact in ignition coil connector Poor contact in fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
15	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Is there a fault in air intake system?	Repair air intake system. NOTE: Check the following items: • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnection of hoses?	Go to step 16.
16	CHECK MISFIRE SYMPTOM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Read diagnostic trouble code (DTC).  • Subaru Select Monitor <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Operation Manual. NOTE:  Perform diagnosis according to the items listed below.</ref.>	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate only one DTC?	Go to step 21.	Go to step 17.
17	CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0301 and P0302?	Go to step 22.	Go to step 18.
18	CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0303 and P0304?	Go to step 23.	Go to step 19.
19	CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0301 and P0303?	Go to step 24.	Go to step 20.
20	CHECK DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0302 and P0304?	Go to step 25.	Go to step 26.
21	ONLY ONE CYLINDER	Is there a fault in that cylinder?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Compression ratio	Go to DTC P0171 and P0172. <ref. (a="" (dtc).="" -="" -,="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f="" fuel="" function="" lean)="" mal-="" p0171="" procedure="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" turbo)-160,="" with=""></ref.>

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
22	GROUP OF #1 AND #2 CYLINDERS	Are there faults in #1 and #2 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE:  Check the following items. Spark plugs Fuel injectors Ignition coil Compression ratio If no abnormal is discovered, check for "IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #1 and #2 cylinders side. <ref. control="" diagnostics="" en(dohc="" engine="" failure.="" for="" ignition="" starting="" system,="" to="" turbo)-72,=""></ref.>	Go to DTC P0171 and P0172. <ref. (a="" (dtc).="" -="" -,="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f="" fuel="" lean)="" malfunction="" p0171="" procedure="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" turbo)-160,="" with=""></ref.>
23	GROUP OF #3 AND #4 CYLINDERS	Are there faults in #3 and #4 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE:  Check the following items. Spark plugs Fuel injectors Ignition coil If no abnormal is discovered, check for "16. D: IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #3 and #4 cylinders side. <ref. control="" diagnostics="" en(dohc="" engine="" failure.="" for="" ignition="" starting="" system,="" to="" turbo)-72,=""></ref.>	Go to DTC P0171 and P0172. <ref. (a="" (dtc).="" -="" -,="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f="" fuel="" lean)="" malfunction="" p0171="" procedure="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" turbo)-160,="" with=""></ref.>
24	GROUP OF #1 AND #3 CYLINDERS	Are there faults in #1 and #3 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plugs • Fuel injectors • Skipping timing belt teeth	Go to DTC P0171 and P0172. <ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-160, DTC P0171 — FUEL TRIM MAL- FUNCTION (A/F TOO LEAN) —, Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref. 

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
25	GROUP OF #2 AND #4 CYLINDERS	Are there faults in #2 and #4 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plugs • Fuel injectors • Compression ratio • Skipping timing belt teeth	Go to DTC P0171 and P0172. <ref. (a="" (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f="" fuel="" function="" lean)="" mal-="" p0171="" procedure="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" turbo)-160,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>
26	CYLINDER AT RANDOM	Is the engine idle rough?	Go to DTC P0171 and P0172. <ref. (a="" (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(dohc="" f="" fuel="" lean)="" malfunction="" p0171="" procedure="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" turbo)-160,="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. Spark plugs Fuel injectors Compression ratio

Engine (Diagnostics)

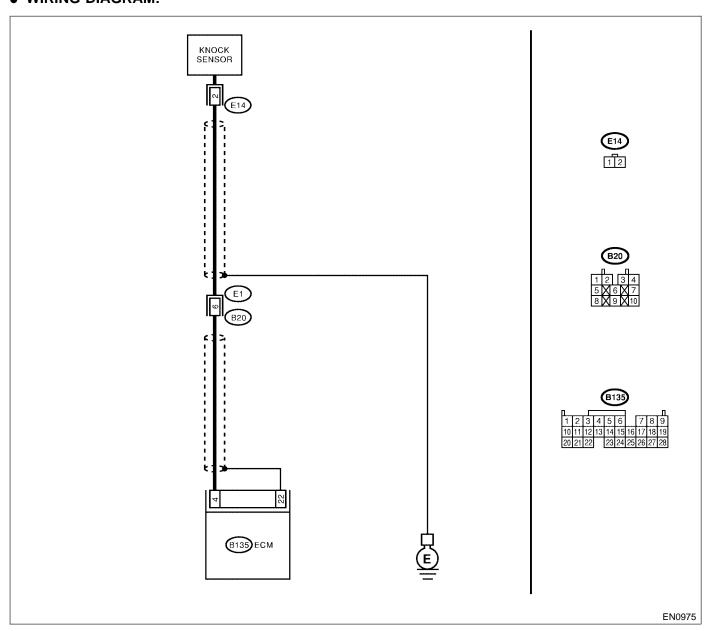
## AH: DTC P0327 — KNOCK SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — S088521F94

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Poor driving performance
  - Knocking occurs.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance between ECM harness connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 700 kΩ?	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between knock sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in knock sensor connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.  1) Disconnect connector from knock sensor.  2) Measure resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground.  Terminal  No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance more than 700 kΩ?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between knock sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in knock sensor connector Poor contact in coupling connector
3	CHECK CONDITION OF KNOCK SENSOR INSTALLATION.	Is the knock sensor instal- lation bolt tightened securely?	Replace knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-32, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Tighten knock sensor installation bolt securely.

Engine (Diagnostics)

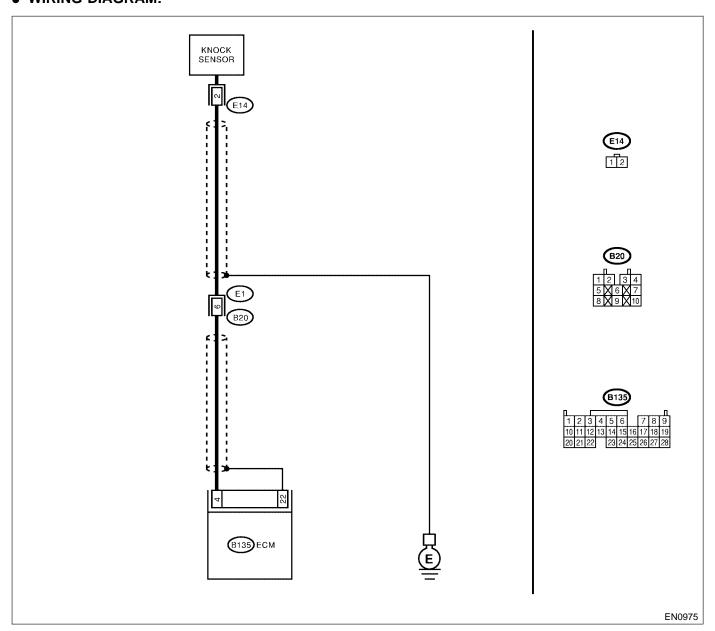
#### AI: DTC P0328 — KNOCK SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SOBBEST 1F95

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Poor driving performance
  - Knocking occurs.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN KNOCK SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 400 k $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.  1) Disconnect connector from knock sensor.  2) Measure resistance between knock sensor connector terminal and engine ground.  Terminal  No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 400 kΩ?	Replace knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-32, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair ground short circuit in harness between knock sensor connector and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors is shielded. Repair short circuit of harness together with shield.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Connect connectors to ECM and knock sensor.  2) Turn ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 2 V?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. (However, the possibility of poor contact still remains.) NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in knock sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.

Engine (Diagnostics)

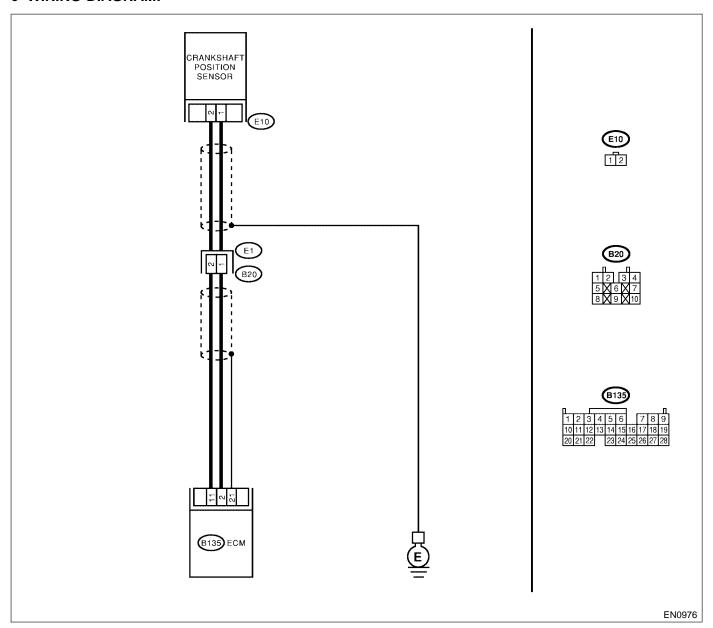
## AJ: DTC P0335 — CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION — 5088521842

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Engine stalls.
  - Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANK-SHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from crankshaft position sensor. 3) Measure resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E10) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance more than 100 k $\Omega$ ?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANK-SHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E10) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair ground short circuit in harness together with shield.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CRANK-SHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between crankshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E10) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between crankshaft position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 5.	Tighten crankshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
5	CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.  1) Remove crankshaft position sensor.  2) Measure resistance between connector terminals of crankshaft position sensor.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 1 and 4 $k\Omega?$	Repair poor contact in crankshaft position sensor connector.	Replace crank- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-30, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

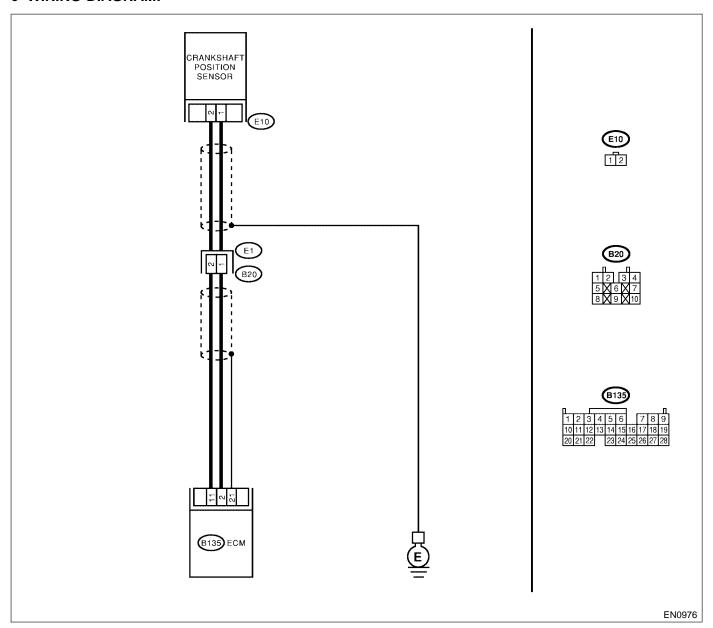
## AK: DTC P0336 — CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM — 5088521843

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Engine stalls.
  - Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0335?	Inspect DTC P0335 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Turn ignition switch to OFF.	Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 3.	Tighten crankshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
3	CHECK CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET. Remove front belt cover.	Are crankshaft sprocket teeth cracked or damaged?	Replace crank- shaft sprocket. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-30, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT.  Turn crankshaft using ST, and align alignment mark on crankshaft sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block.  ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <ref. to<br="">ME(DOHC TURBO)-48, Tim- ing Belt Assem- bly.&gt;</ref.>	Replace crank- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-30, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### AL: DTC P0340 — CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

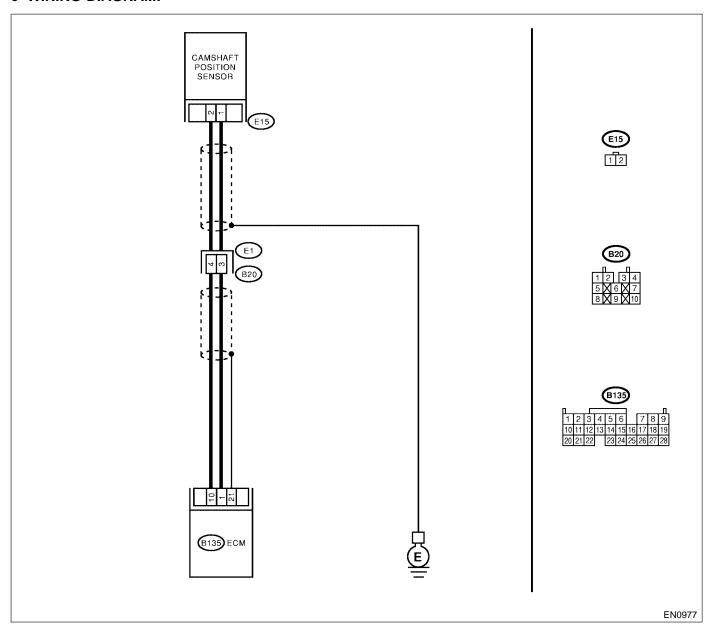
S088521B44

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Engine stalls.
  - Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance more than 100 k $\Omega$ ?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair ground short circuit in harness together with shield.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E15) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 5.	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
5	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.  1) Remove camshaft position sensor.  2) Measure resistance between connector terminals of camshaft position sensor.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 1 and 4 $k\Omega?$	Repair poor contact in camshaft position sensor connector.	Replace camshaft position sensor. <ref. camshaft="" fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-31,=""></ref.>

**Engine (Diagnostics)** 

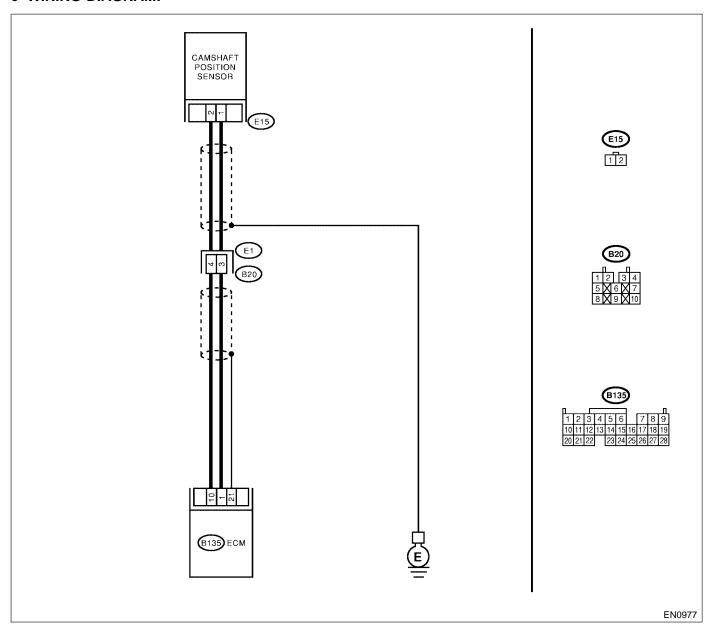
## AM: DTC P0341 — CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM — \$008521845

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Engine stalls.
  - Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0340?	Inspect DTC P0340 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from camshaft position sensor. 3) Measure resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance more than 100 k $\Omega$ ?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E15) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector. NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded. Repair ground short circuit in harness together with shield.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E15) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between camshaft position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 6.	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
6	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.  1) Remove camshaft position sensor.  2) Measure resistance between connector terminals of camshaft position sensor.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 1 and 4 $k\Omega?$	Go to step 7.	Replace camshaft position sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-31, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
7	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Turn ignition switch to OFF.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 8.	Tighten camshaft position sensor installation bolt securely.
8	CHECK CAMSHAFT SPROCKET. Remove front belt cover. <ref. belt="" cover.="" me(dohc="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Are camshaft sprocket teeth cracked or damaged?	Replace camshaft sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(DOHC TURBO)-56, Camshaft Sprocket.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT.  Turn camshaft using ST, and align alignment mark on camshaft sprocket with alignment mark on timing belt cover LH.  ST 499207400 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH	Is timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair installation condition of timing belt. <ref. to<br="">ME(DOHC TURBO)-48, Tim- ing Belt Assem- bly.&gt;</ref.>	Replace camshaft position sensor. <ref. camshaft="" fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-31,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### AN: DTC P0420 — CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD

S088521B46

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

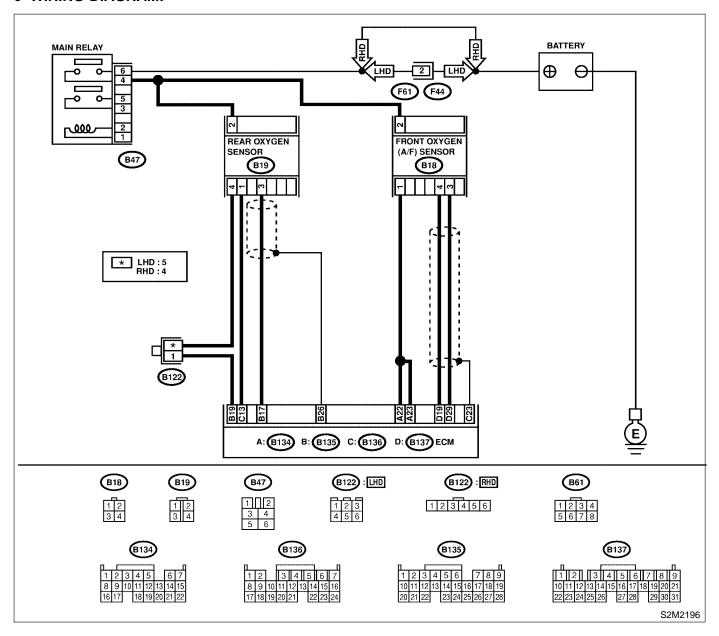
#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Idle mixture is out of specifications.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0031, P0032, P0131, P0132, P0133, P1130, P1131, P1134, P1139, P0037, P0038, P0136 and P0139?	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0420.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes. NOTE: Check the following positions.  Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter  Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter	Is there a fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace exhaust system. <ref. to<br="">EX(DOHC TURBO)-2, Gen- eral Description.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK REAR CATALYTIC CONVERTER. Separate rear catalytic converter from rear exhaust pipe.	Is there damage at rear face of rear catalyst?	Replace front catalytic converter <ref. catalytic="" converter.="" ec(dohc="" front="" to="" turbo)-3,=""> and rear catalytic converter. <ref. catalytic="" converter.="" ec(dohc="" rear="" to="" turbo)-4,=""></ref.></ref.>	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK FRONT CATALYTIC CONVERTER. Remove front catalytic converter.	Is there damage at rear face or front face of front catalyst?	Replace front catalytic con- verter. <ref. to<br="">EC(DOHC TURBO)-3, Front Catalytic Con- verter.&gt;</ref.>	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

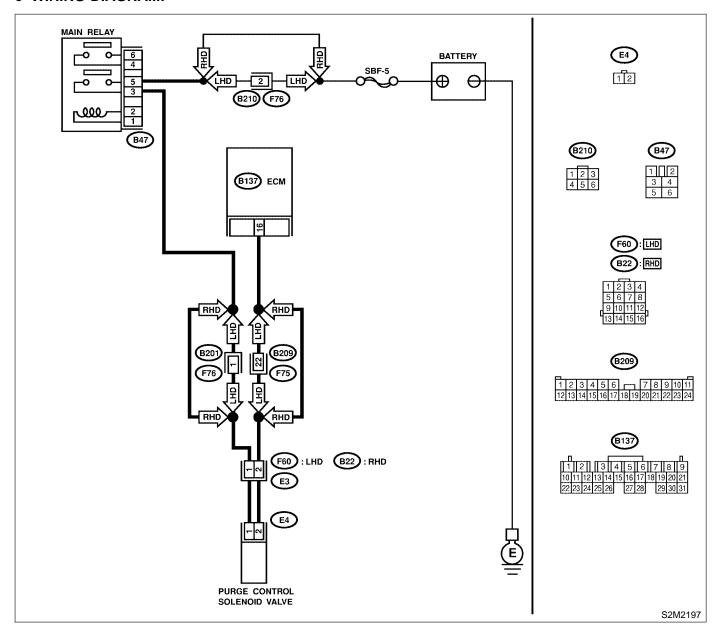
## AO: DTC P0444 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — \$100,000 STATE OF THE PURGE STATE O

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling

#### CAUTION

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from purge control solenoid valve and ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between purge control solenoid valve connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E4) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve of harness connector.  Connector & terminal (B137) No. 16 — (E4) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Remove purge control solenoid valve. 2) Measure resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 10 and 100 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(DOHC TURBO)-7, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between purge control solenoid valve and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E4) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit in harness between main relay and purge control solenoid valve connector.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connector.	Is there poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connector?	Repair poor contact in purge control solenoid valve connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

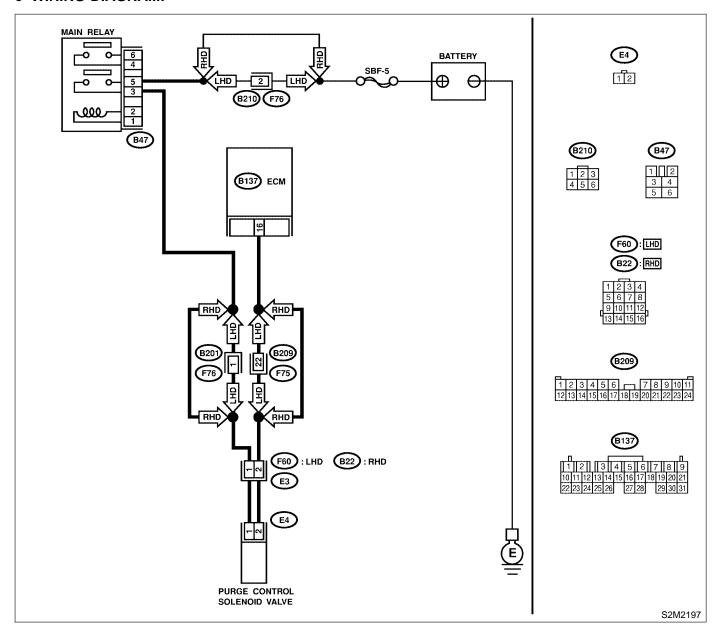
## AP: DTC P0445 — EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — 5088521G48

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling

#### CAUTION

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Connect test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side), to the side of the center console box.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) While operating purge control solenoid valve, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  NOTE:  Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(dohc="" mode.="" operation="" to="" turbo)-48,="" valve="">  Connector &amp; terminal  (B137) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</ref.>	Does voltage change between 0 and 10 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL light up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.
2	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from purge control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace purge control solenoid valve <ref. control="" ec(dohc="" purge="" solenoid="" to="" turbo)-7,="" valve.=""> and ECM <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.></ref.>	Go to step 6.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47, Engine Control</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

## AQ: DTC P0461 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM — S088521854

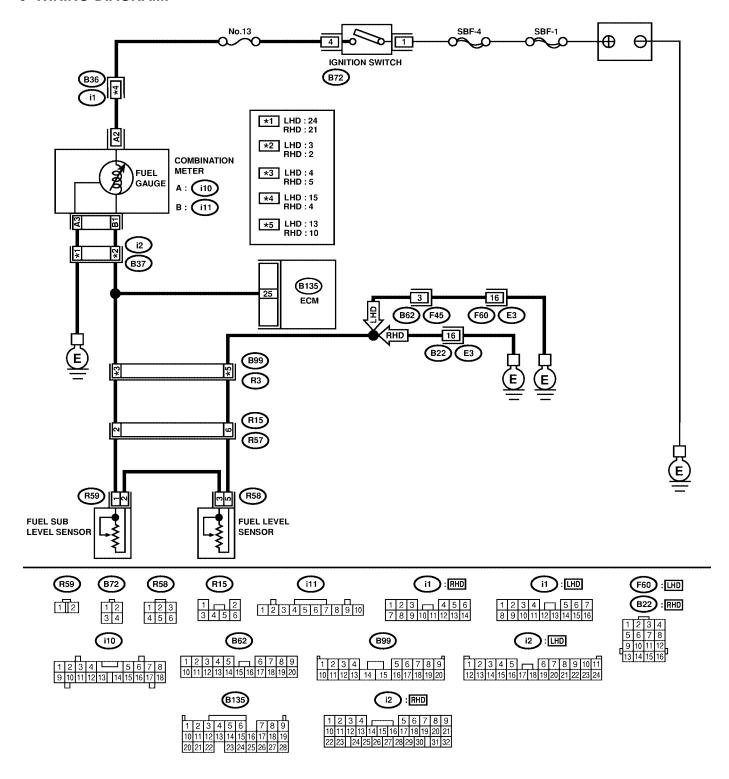
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2198

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select	Inspect DTC	Replace fuel level
		Monitor or OBD-II general	P0462 or P0463	sensor <ref. th="" to<=""></ref.>
		scan tool indicate DTC	using "List of	FU(DOHC
		P0462 or P0463?	Diagnostic	TURBO)-62, Fuel
			Trouble Code	Level Sensor.>
			(DTC)". <ref. th="" to<=""><th>and fuel sub level</th></ref.>	and fuel sub level
			EN(DOHC	sensor <ref. th="" to<=""></ref.>
			TURBO)-82, List	FU(DOHC
			of Diagnostic	TURBO)-63, Fuel
			Trouble Code	Sub Level Sen-
			(DTC).>	sor.>
			NOTE:	
			In this case, it is	
			not necessary to	
			inspect this	
			trouble.	

Engine (Diagnostics)

## AR: DTC P0462 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — S088521B55

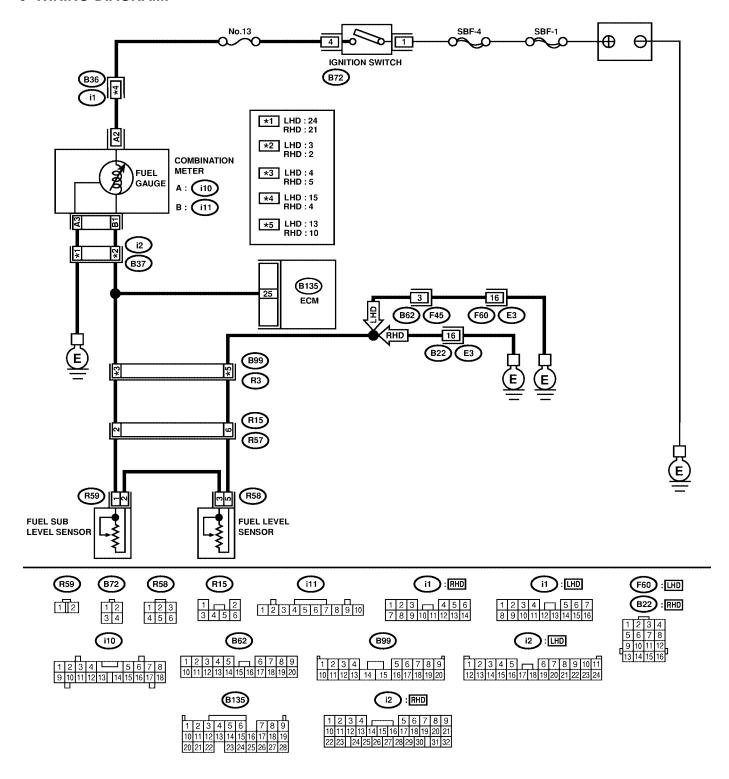
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2198

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK SPEEDOMETER AND TACHOMETER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER.	Does speedometer and tachometer operate normally?	Go to step 2.	Repair or replace combination meter. <ref. to<br="">IDI-4, Combina- tion Meter Sys- tem.&gt;</ref.>
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. (Engine OFF)  2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.12 V?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Read data of fuel level sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,=""></ref.>	Does the value change less than 0.12 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with Subaru Select Monitor?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in combination meter connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connectors
4	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Separate fuel tank cord connector (R57) and rear wiring harness connector (R15).  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure voltage of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 0.12 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 7.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from connector (i10), (i12) and ECM connector. 3) Measure resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 25 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 $\mbox{M}\Omega\mbox{?}$	Go to step 6.	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and combi- nation meter con- nector.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER.  Measure resistance between ECM and combination meter connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 25 — (i11) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair or replace combination meter. <ref. to<br="">IDI-4, Combina- tion Meter Sys- tem.&gt;</ref.>	Repair open circuit between ECM and combination meter connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in coupling connector
7	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from fuel sub level sensor.  3) Measure resistance between fuel sub level sensor and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R59) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair ground short circuit in fuel tank cord.
8	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD.  1) Disconnect connector from fuel pump assembly.  2) Measure resistance between fuel pump assembly and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R59) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Repair ground short circuit in fuel tank cord.
9	CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR.  1) Remove fuel pump assembly. <ref. fu(dohc="" fuel="" pump.="" to="" turbo)-60,="">  2) Measure resistance between fuel level sensor and terminals with its float set to the full position.  Terminals  No. 3 — No. 5:</ref.>	Is the resistance between 0.5 and 2.5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 10.	Replace fuel level sensor.
10	CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR.  1) Remove fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" fuel="" level="" sensor.="" sub="" to="" turbo)-63,="">  2) Measure resistance between fuel sub level sensor and terminals with its float set to the full position.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:</ref.>	Is the resistance between 0.5 and 2.5 $\Omega$ ?	Repair poor contact in harness between ECM and combination meter connector.	Replace fuel sub level sensor.

Engine (Diagnostics)

## AS: DTC P0463 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — S088521B56

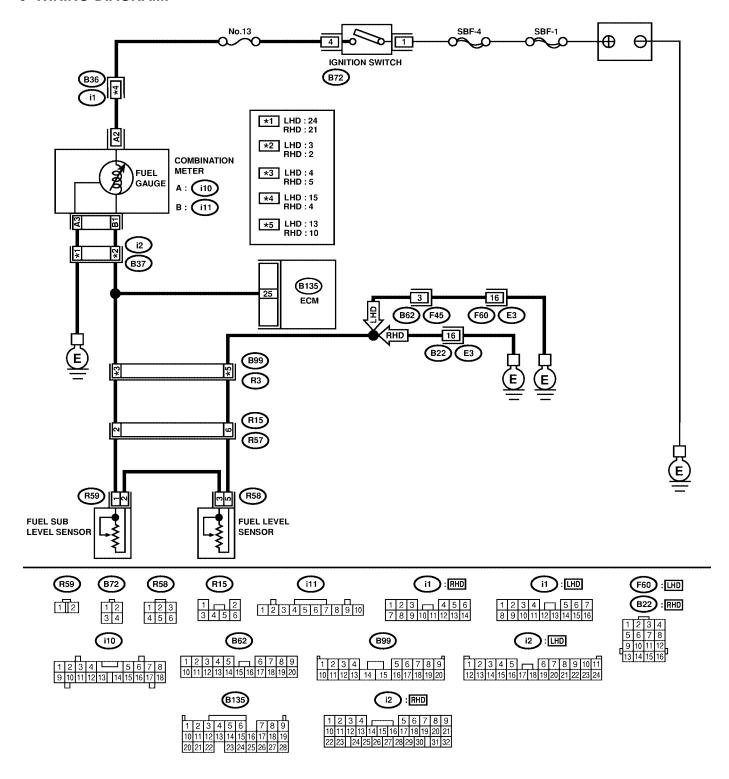
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode<Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2198

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK SPEEDOMETER AND TACHOMETER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER.	Does speedometer and tachometer operate normally?	Go to step 2.	Repair or replace combination meter. <ref. to<br="">IDI-4, Combina- tion Meter Sys- tem.&gt;</ref.>
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. (Engine OFF)  2) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.75 V?	Go to step 3.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in fuel pump connector Poor contact in coupling connector
3	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect combination meter connector (i10) and ECM connector.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure voltage of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 25 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.75 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair battery short circuit between ECM and combination meter connector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK CORD.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Separate fuel tank cord connector (R57) and rear wiring harness connector (R15). 3) Measure resistance between ECM and fuel tank cord.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 25 — (R15) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair open cir- cuit between ECM and fuel tank cord.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL TANK CORD AND CHASSIS GROUND.  Measure resistance between fuel tank cord and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R15) No. 6 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit between fuel tank cord and chassis ground. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Poor contact in coupling connectors

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD.  1) Disconnect connector from fuel level sensor.  2) Measure resistance between fuel level sensor and coupling connector.  Connector & terminal  (R57) No. 6 — (R58) No. 5:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Repair open circuit between coupling connector and fuel level sensor.
7	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD.  1) Disconnect connector from fuel sub level sensor.  2) Measure resistance between fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sensor.  Connector & terminal  (R58) No. 3 — (R59) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit between fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sensor.
8	CHECK FUEL TANK CORD.  Measure resistance between fuel sub level sensor and coupling connector.  Connector & terminal  (R57) No. 2 — (R59) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Repair open circuit between coupling connector and fuel sub level sensor.
9	CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR.  1) Remove fuel pump assembly. <ref. fu(dohc="" fuel="" pump.="" to="" turbo)-60,="">  2) While moving fuel level sensor float up and down, measure resistance between fuel level sensor terminals.  Terminals  No. 3 — No. 5:</ref.>	Is the resistance more than 53 $\Omega$ ?	Replace fuel level sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR.  1) Remove fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" fuel="" level="" sensor.="" sub="" to="" turbo)-63,="">  2) While moving fuel sub level sensor float up and down, measure resistance between fuel sub level sensor terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:</ref.>	Is the resistance more than 45 $\Omega$ ?	Replace fuel sub level sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-63, Fuel Sub Level Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Replace combination meter. <ref. assembly.="" combination="" idi-15,="" meter="" to=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

## AT: DTC P0464 — FUEL LEVEL SENSOR INTERMITTENT INPUT— S088521G01

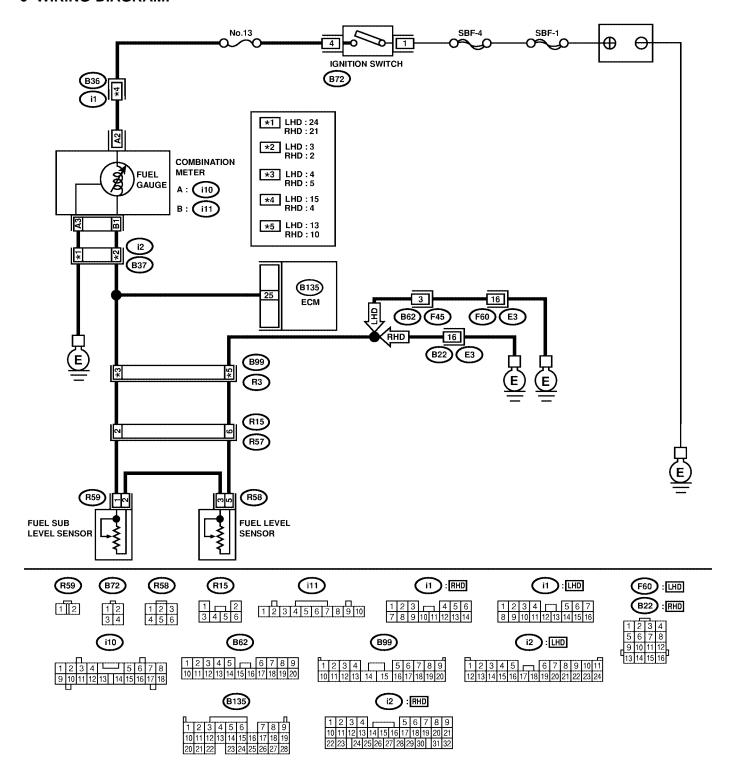
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2198

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0462 or P0463?	Inspect DTC P0462 or P0463 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR.  1) Remove fuel pump assembly. <ref. fu(dohc="" fuel="" pump.="" to="" turbo)-60,=""> 2) While moving fuel level sensor float up and down, make sure that the resistance between fuel level sensor terminals changes smoothly. Terminals  No. 3 — No. 5:</ref.>	Does the resistance change smoothly between approx. 0.5 $\Omega$ and approx. 52 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Replace fuel level sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-62, Fuel Level Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK FUEL SUB LEVEL SENSOR.  1) Remove fuel sub level sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" fuel="" level="" sensor.="" sub="" to="" turbo)-63,="">  2) While moving fuel sub level sensor float up and down, make sure that the resistance between fuel level sensor terminals changes smoothly.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:</ref.>	Does the resistance change smoothly between approx. 0.5 $\Omega$ and approx. 44 $\Omega$ ?	Repair poor contact in ECM, combination meter and coupling connectors.	Replace fuel sub level sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-63, Fuel Sub Level Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### AU: DTC P0480 — COOLING FAN RELAY 1 CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — S088521857

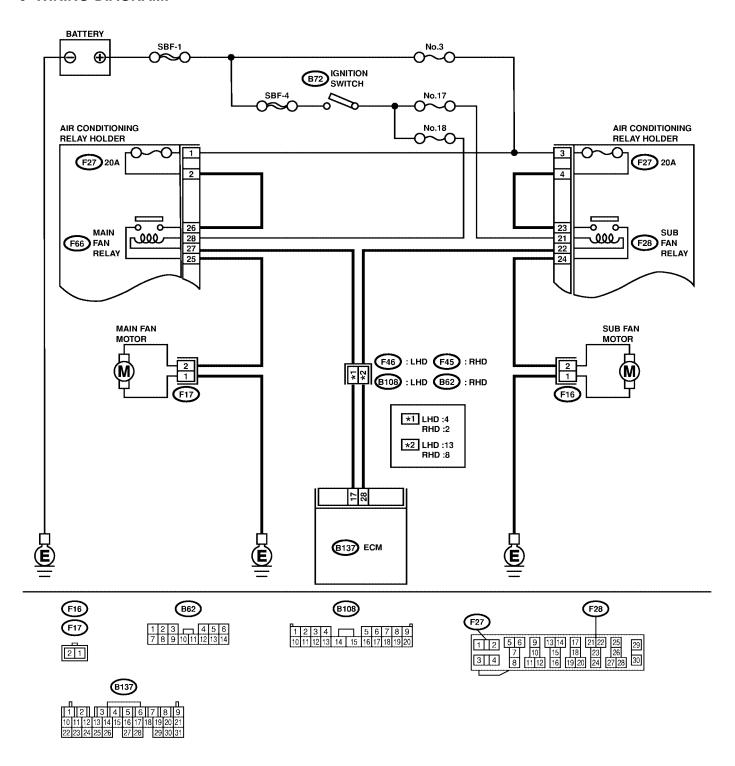
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Radiator fan does not operate properly.
  - Overheating

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2199

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side), to the side of the center console box. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating radiator fan relay, measure voltage between ECM terminal and ground. NOTE: Radiator fan relay operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-36, Subaru Select Monitor.> Connector & terminal (B137) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does voltage change between 0 and 10 V?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK GROUND SHORT CIRCUIT IN RADIATOR MAIN FAN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 17 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in radiator fan relay control circuit.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR RELAY.  1) Remove main fan relay from A/C relay holder.  2) Turn ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure voltage between fuse and relay box (F/B) connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (F66) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair open circuit in harness between ignition switch and fuse and relay box (F/B) connector.
4	CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove main fan relay.  3) Measure resistance of main fan relay.  Terminal  No. 26 — No. 25:	Is the resistance more than 1 $\mbox{M}\Omega\mbox{?}$	Go to step 5.	Replace main fan relay.
5	CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY.  1) Connect battery to terminals No. 27 and No. 28 of main fan relay.  2) Measure resistance of main fan relay.  Terminal  No. 26 — No. 25:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Replace main fan relay.
6	CHECK OPEN CIRCUIT IN MAIN FAN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and main fan relay connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 17 — (F66) No. 27:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and main fan relay connector Poor contact in coupling connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM or main fan relay connector.	ECM or main fan relay con-	' '	Contact your Subaru distributor.
	Confidence.	HECIOI:	connector.	

Engine (Diagnostics)

### AV: DTC P0483 — COOLING FAN FUNCTION PROBLEM — S088521B58

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Occurrence of noise
  - Overheating

### **CAUTION:**

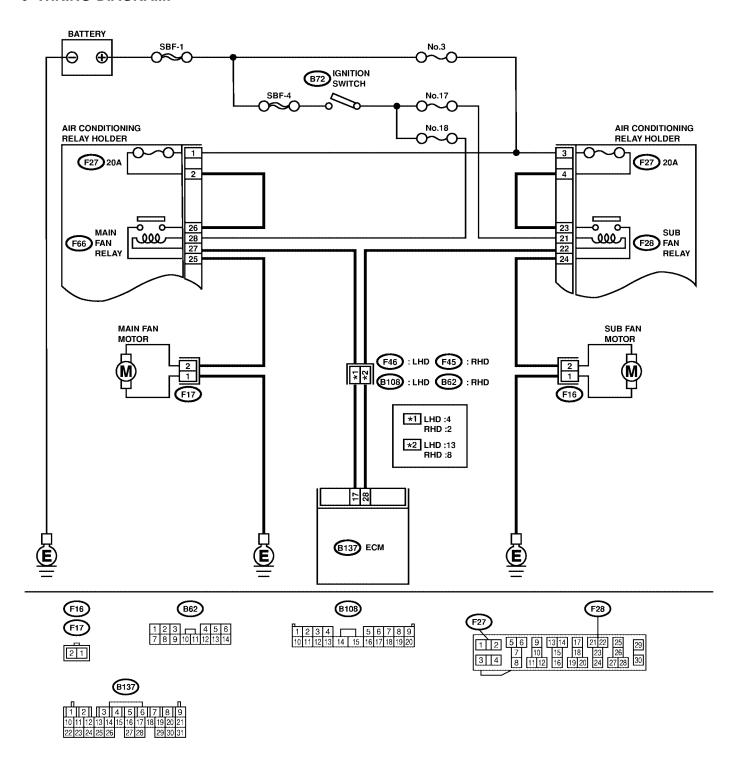
After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### NOTE:

If the vehicle, with the engine idling, is placed very close to a wall or another vehicle, preventing normal cooling function, the OBD system may detect malfunction.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2199

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is there any other DTC on display?	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. en(dohc<="" th="" to=""><th>Check radiator fan, fan motor and thermostat. <ref. to CO-8, Radiator Main Fan Sys- tem.&gt; and <ref.< th=""></ref.<></ref. </th></ref.>	Check radiator fan, fan motor and thermostat. <ref. to CO-8, Radiator Main Fan Sys- tem.&gt; and <ref.< th=""></ref.<></ref. 
			TURBO)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>	to CO-11, Radia- tor Sub Fan Sys- tem.> If thermo- stat is stuck, replace thermo- stat.

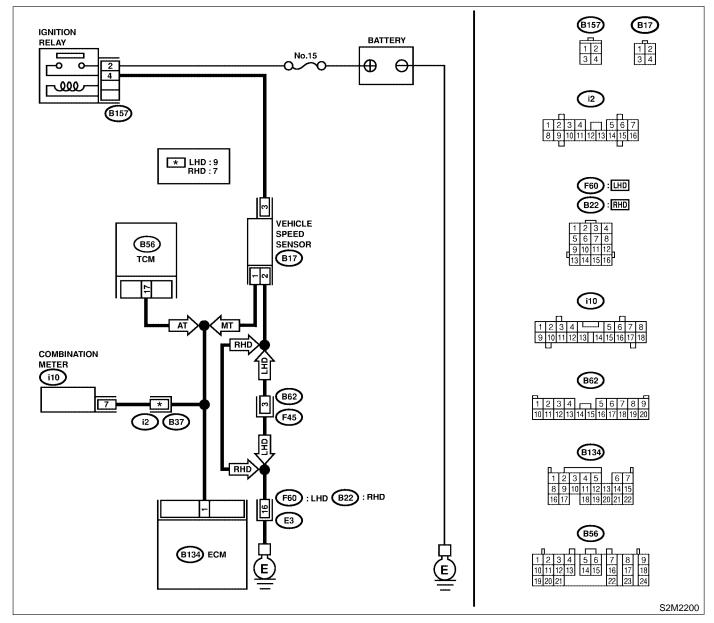
### AW: DTC P0500 — VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR MALFUNCTION — S088521859

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK TRANSMISSION TYPE.	Is the transmission type AT?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	CHECK DTC P0720 ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0720?	Check front vehicle speed sensor signal cir- cuit. <ref. 33="" at-58,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" front="" procedure="" sensor="" speed="" to="" trouble="" vehicle="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK SPEEDOMETER OPERATION IN COMBINATION METER.	Does speedometer operate normally?	Go to step 4.	Check speedometer and vehicle speed sensor. <ref. idi-17,="" speedometer.="" to=""> and <ref. at-32,="" front="" sensor.="" speed="" to="" vehicle=""> and <ref. at-36,="" rear="" sensor.="" speed="" to="" vehicle=""> and <ref. at-37,="" converter="" sensor.="" speed="" to="" torque="" turbine=""></ref.></ref.></ref.></ref.>
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from combination meter. 3) Measure resistance between ECM and combination meter. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 24 — (i10) No. 7:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and combination meter connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in combination meter connector Poor contact in combination meter connector Poor contact in coupling connector

### AX: DTC P0506 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED

S088521B61

### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

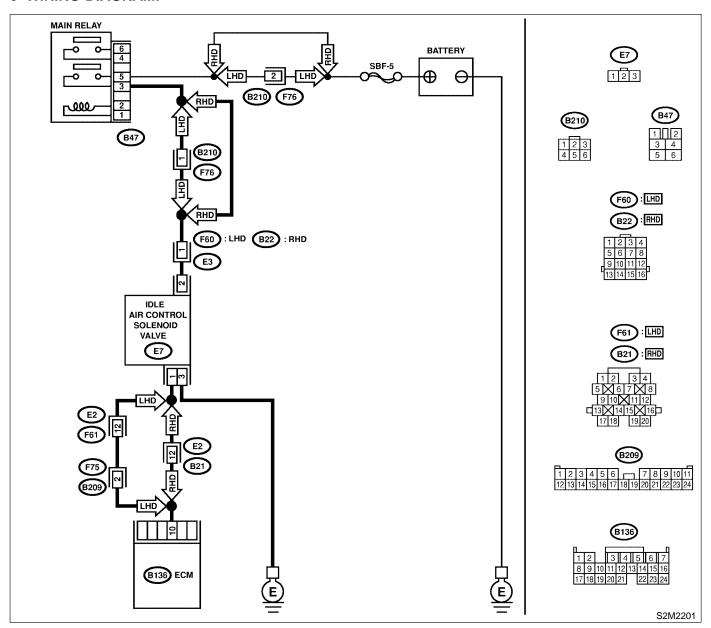
### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine is difficult to start.
- Engine does not start.
- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0508 or P0509	Inspect DTC P0505 or P1505 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0506.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body. <ref. air="" control="" fu(dohc="" idle="" removal,="" solenoid="" to="" turbo)-36,="" valve.=""> 3) Using an air gun, force air into idle air control solenoid valve by-pass air inlet. Confirm that forced air subsequently escapes from both main air passage and assist air passage.</ref.>	Does air flow out?	Go to step 4.	Replace idle air control solenoid valve. <ref. air="" control="" fu(dohc="" idle="" solenoid="" to="" turbo)-36,="" valve.=""> After replace, Go to step 3.</ref.>
3	CHECK IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID  VALVE DUTY RATIO.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Start engine, and warm-up the engine. 3) Turn all accessory switches to OFF. 4) Read data of idle air control solenoid valve duty ratio using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,=""> • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 60%?	Go to step 4.	END.
4	CHECK BY-PASS AIR LINE.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body. <ref. air="" control="" fu(dohc="" idle="" removal,="" solenoid="" to="" turbo)-36,="" valve.="">  3) Remove throttle body to intake manifold. <ref. body.="" fu(dohc="" removal,="" throttle="" to="" turbo)-14,="">  4) Using an air gun, force air into solenoid valve installation area and throttle valve interior. Confirm that forced air subsequently escapes from both these areas.</ref.></ref.>	Does air flow out?	Replace idle air control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-36, Idle Air Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>	Replace throttle body. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-14, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### AY: DTC P0507 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED

S088521B62

### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

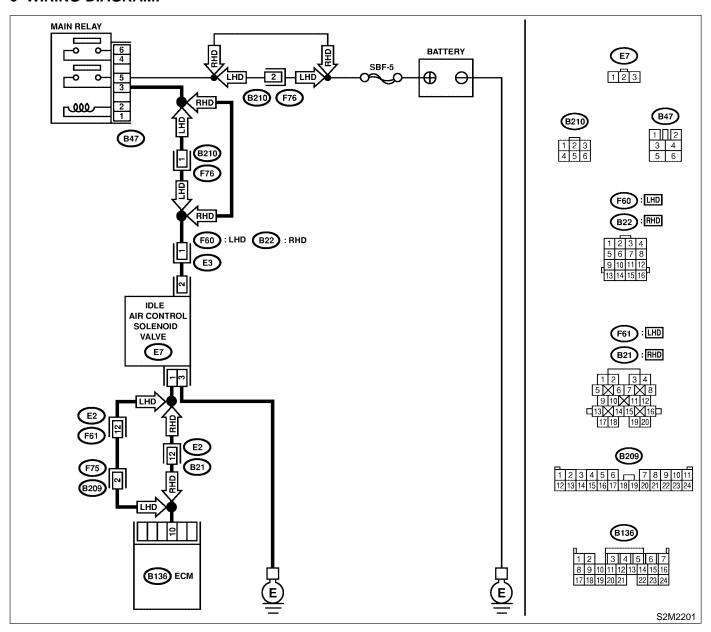
### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Engine keeps running at higher revolution than specified idling revolution.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode < Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0508 or P0509	Inspect DTC P0508 or P0509 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0507.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK THROTTLE CABLE.	Does throttle cable have play for adjustment?	Go to step 3.	Adjust throttle cable. <ref. to<br="">SP-12, INSTALLATION, Accelerator Con- trol Cable.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Start engine, and idle it. 3) Check the following items.  • Loose installation of intake manifold, idle air control solenoid valve and throttle body  • Cracks of intake manifold gasket, idle air control solenoid valve gasket and throttle body gasket  • Disconnections of vacuum hoses	Is there a fault in air intake system?	Repair air suction and leaks.	Replace idle air control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-36, Idle Air Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

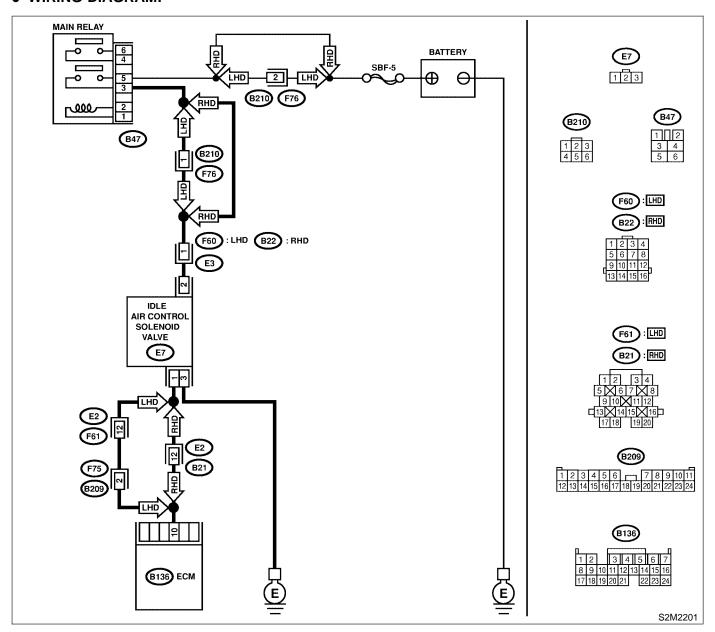
# AZ: DTC P0508 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — S088521H68

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Engine breathing

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 3 V?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from idle air control solenoid valve. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between idle air control solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E7) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between idle air control solenoid valve and main relay connector Poor contact in coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector.  Connector & terminal (B136) No. 10 — (E7) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact in coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 10 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF IDLE AIR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure resistance of harness between idle air control solenoid valve connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E7) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit in harness between idle air control solenoid valve connector and engine ground terminal.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connectors.	Is there poor contact in ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connectors?	Repair poor contact in ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connectors.	Replace idle air control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-36, Idle Air Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

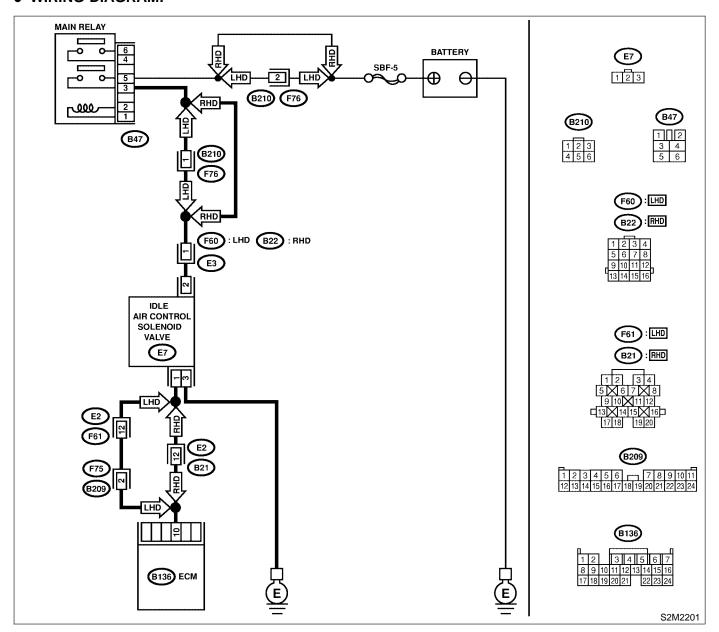
### BA: DTC P0509 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SOBBES21H10

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Engine breathing

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK THROTTLE CABLE.	Does throttle cable have play for adjustment?	Go to step 2.	Adjust throttle cable. <ref. to<br="">SP-12, INSTALLATION, Accelerator Con- trol Cable.&gt;</ref.>
2	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from idle air control solenoid valve.  3) Turn ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Replace idle air control solenoid valve <ref. air="" control="" fu(dohc="" idle="" solenoid="" to="" turbo)-36,="" valve.=""> and ECM <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,="">.</ref.></ref.>
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Does the voltage change more than 10 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and idle air control solenoid valve connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.

Engine (Diagnostics)

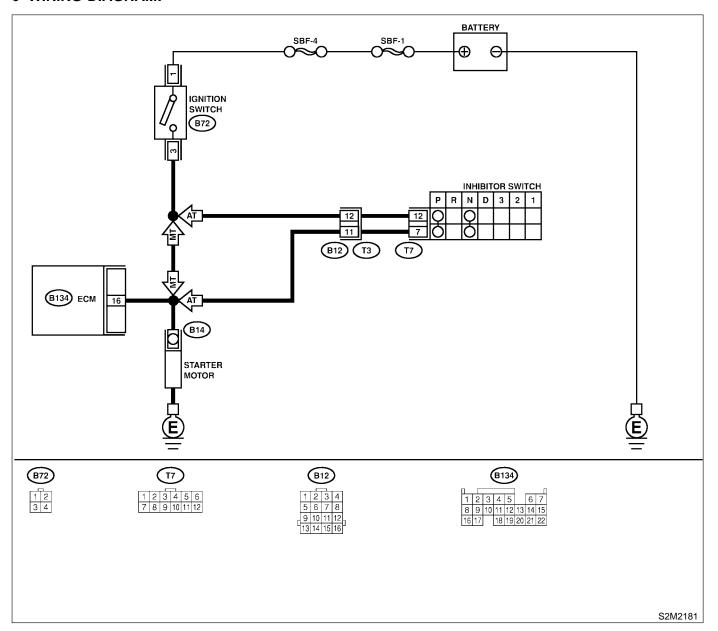
## BB: DTC P0512 — STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — S088521G02

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. NOTE: Place the inhibitor switch in each position. (AT model)	Does starter motor operate when ignition switch to "ON"?	Repair battery short circuit in starter motor cir- cuit.	Check starter motor circuit. <ref. circuit,="" diagnostics="" en(dohc="" engine="" failure.="" for="" motor="" starter="" starting="" to="" turbo)-64,=""></ref.>

# BC: DTC P0545 — EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — SORRES 1489

### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

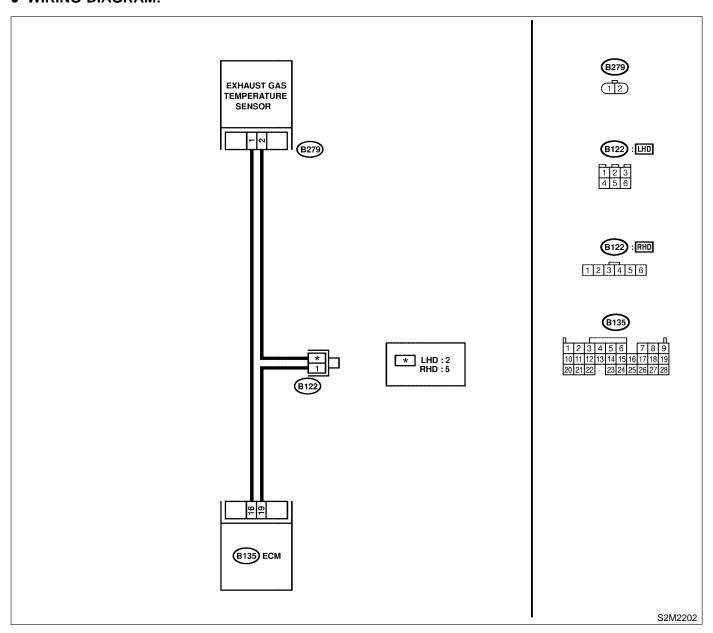
### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Erroneous idling
- Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine.  2) Read data of exhaust gas temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value greater than 1200°C (2192°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Poor contact in exhaust gas temperature sensor • Poor contact in ECM • Poor contact in joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from exhaust gas temperature sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Read data of exhaust gas temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than 372°C (702°F)?	Replace exhaust gas temperature sensor. <ref. exhaust="" fu(dohc="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-46,=""></ref.>	Repair ground short circuit in harness between exhaust gas temperature sensor and ECM connector.

Engine (Diagnostics)

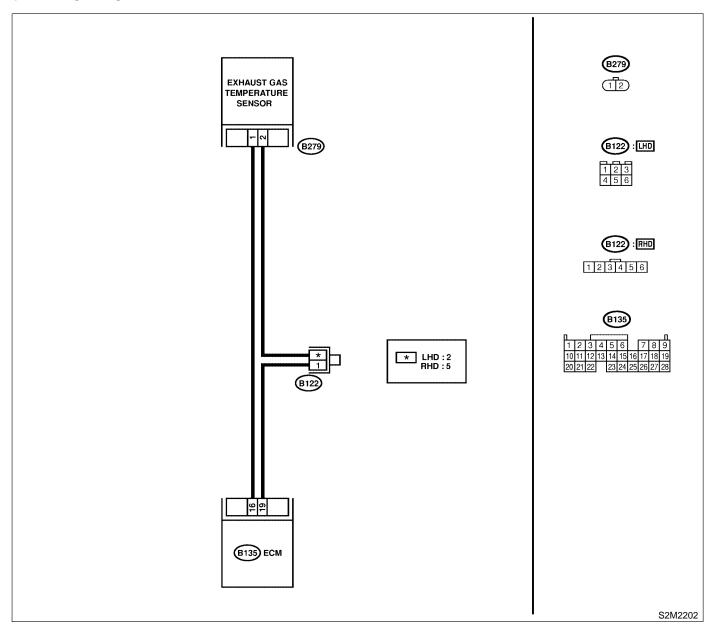
# BD: DTC P0546 — EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SORRESTHER

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Hard to start
  - Erroneous idling
  - Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the value less than	Go to step 2.	Repair poor con-
1	1) Start engine. 2) Read data of exhaust gas temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	372°C (702°F)?	Go to step 2.	Repair poor contact.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in exhaust gas temperature sensor Poor contact in ECM Poor contact in joint connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from exhaust gas temperature sensor. 3) Measure voltage between exhaust gas temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B279) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and exhaust gas temperature sensor connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between exhaust gas temperature sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (B279) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and exhaust gas temperature sensor connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  Measure voltage between exhaust gas temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (B279) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4 V?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and exhaust gas temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in exhaust gas temperature sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact in in ECM connector

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance of harness between exhaust gas temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B279) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Replace exhaust gas temperature sensor. <ref. exhaust="" fu(dohc="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-46,=""></ref.>	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between ECM and exhaust gas temperature sensor connector Poor contact in exhaust gas temperature sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in in ECM connector Poor contact in joint connector

Engine (Diagnostics)

# BE: DTC P0604 — INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE MEMORY CHECK SUM ERROR — 5088521003

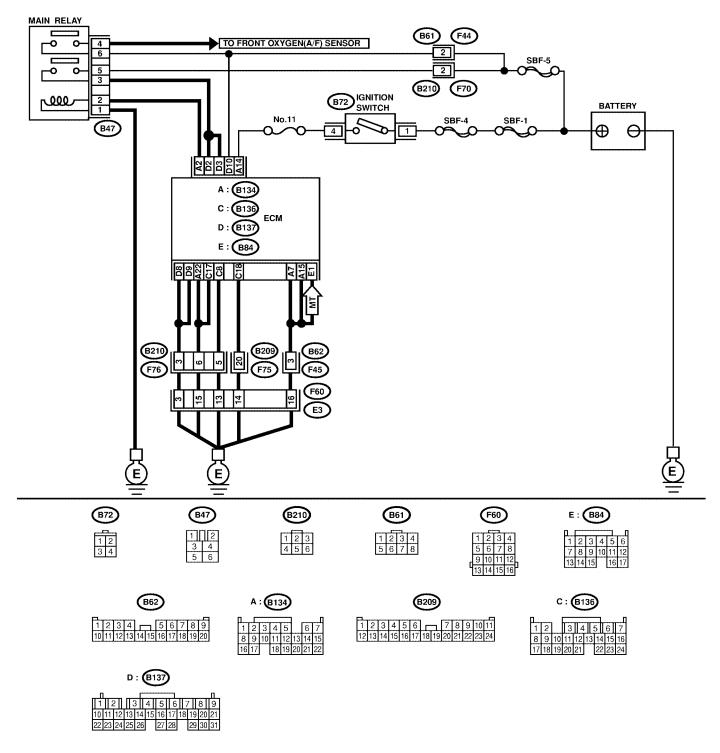
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Engine does not start.
  - Engine stalls.

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

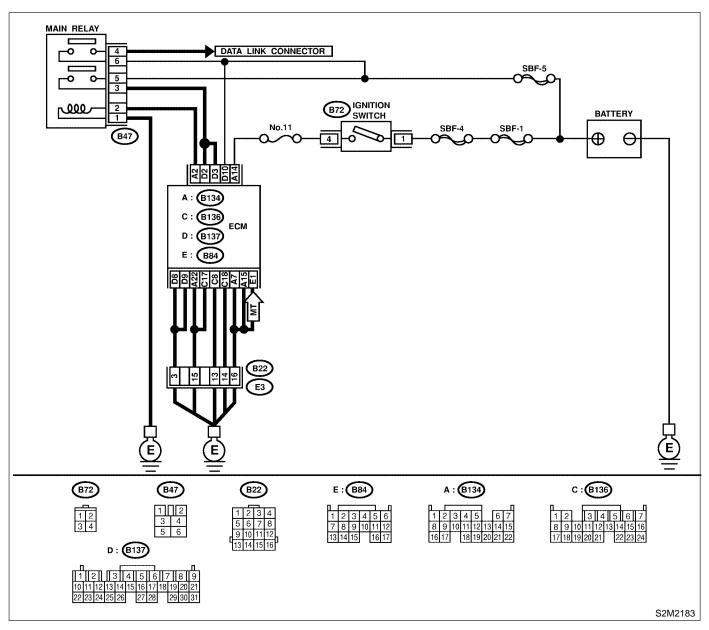
- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



S2M2182

Engine (Diagnostics)

### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general	Replace ECM. <ref. th="" to<=""><th>It is not necessary to inspect DTC</th></ref.>	It is not necessary to inspect DTC
		scan tool indicate DTC P0604?	FU(DOHC TURBO)-47,	P0604.
			Engine Control Module.>	

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BF: DTC P0703 — BRAKE SWITCH INPUT MALFUNCTION — SOBBER 1 BEA

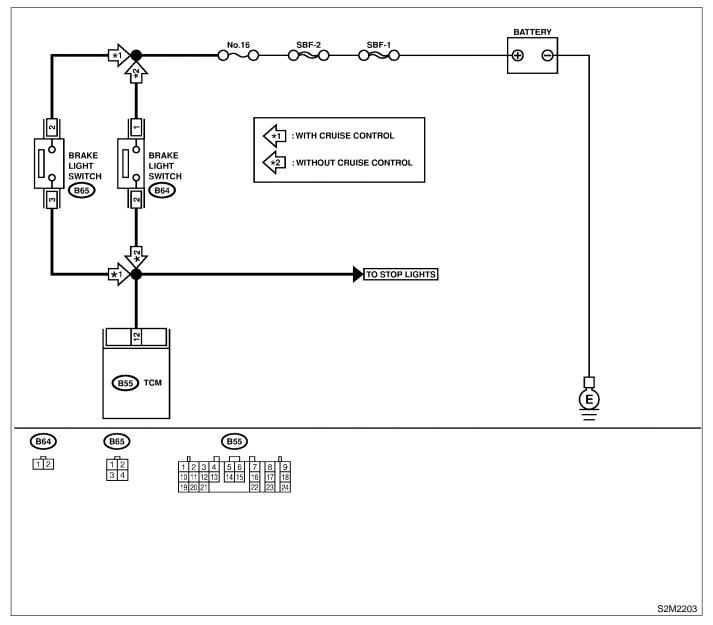
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF BRAKE LIGHT.	Does brake light come on when depressing the brake pedal?	Go to step 2.	Repair or replace brake light circuit.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Disconnect connectors from TCM and brake light switch.  2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and brake light switch connector.  Connector & terminal  Without cruise control  (B55) No. 12 — (B64) No. 2:  With cruise control  (B55) No. 12 — (B65) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair or replace harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between TCM and brake light switch connector Poor contact in TCM connector Poor contact in brake light switch connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B55) No. 12 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and brake light switch con- nector.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.  1) Connect connectors to TCM and brake light switch.  2) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B55) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V when releasing the brake pedal?	Go to step 5.	Adjust or replace brake light switch. <ref. li-31,<br="" to="">STOP LIGHT SWITCH, INSPECTION, Stop Light Sys- tem.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.  Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B55) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V when depressing the brake pedal?	Go to step 6.	Adjust or replace brake light switch. <ref. li-31,<br="" to="">STOP LIGHT SWITCH, INSPECTION, Stop Light Sys- tem.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in TCM connector.	Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

BG: DTC P0731 — GEAR 1 INCORRECT RATIO — SOBB521B70

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0734. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-255, DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BH: DTC P0732 — GEAR 2 INCORRECT RATIO — SOBB521B71

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0734. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-255, DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

BI: DTC P0733 — GEAR 3 INCORRECT RATIO — SOBBES 1872

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0734. <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-255, DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO —, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

Engine (Diagnóstics)

### BJ: DTC P0734 — GEAR 4 INCORRECT RATIO — SOBB521B73

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Shift point too high or too low; engine brake not effected in "3" range; excessive shift shock; excessive tight corner "braking"

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is there any other DTC on display?	Inspect relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check throttle position sensor circuit. <ref. 31="" at-50,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in throttle position sensor circuit?	Repair or replace throttle position sensor circuit.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK FRONT VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check front vehicle speed sensor circuit. <ref. 33="" at-58,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" front="" procedure="" sensor="" speed="" to="" trouble="" vehicle="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit?	Repair or replace vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK TORQUE CONVERTER TURBINE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit. <ref. 36="" at-64,="" code="" code.="" converter="" diagnostic="" procedure="" sensor="" speed="" to="" torque="" trouble="" turbine="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit?	Repair or replace torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in TCM connector.	Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK MECHANICAL TROUBLE. Check mechanical trouble in automatic transmission.	Is there any mechanical trouble in automatic transmission?	Repair or replace automatic trans- mission. <ref. to<br="">AT-12, INSPECTION, Road Test.&gt;</ref.>	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### **BK: DTC P0741 — TORQUE CONVERTER CLUTCH SYSTEM MALFUNCTION**

S088521G04

### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- No lock-up (after engine warm-up)
- No shift or excessive tight corner "braking"

### **CAUTION:**

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is there any other DTC on display?	Inspect the relevant DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK LOCK-UP DUTY SOLENOID CIRCUIT.  Check lock-up duty solenoid circuit. <ref. 77="" at-96,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" duty="" lock-up="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in lock-up duty solenoid circuit?	Repair or replace lock-up duty sole-noid circuit.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check throttle position sensor circuit. <ref. 31="" at-50,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in throttle position sensor circuit?	Repair or replace throttle position sensor circuit.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK TORQUE CONVERTER TURBINE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit. <ref. 36="" at-64,="" code="" code.="" converter="" diagnostic="" procedure="" sensor="" speed="" to="" torque="" trouble="" turbine="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit?	Repair or replace torque converter turbine speed sensor circuit.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK ENGINE SPEED INPUT CIRCUIT. Check engine speed input circuit. <ref. 11="" at-42,="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" engine="" procedure="" signal="" speed="" to="" trouble="" with="" —="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in engine speed input circuit?	Repair or replace engine speed input circuit.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH CIRCUIT. Check inhibitor switch circuit. <ref. at-122,="" check="" code.="" diagnostic="" for="" inhibitor="" no-trouble="" procedure="" switch.,="" to=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in inhibitor switch circuit?	Repair or replace inhibitor switch circuit.	Go to step 7.
7	CHECK BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH CIRCUIT. Check brake light switch circuit. <ref. at-111,="" brake="" check="" code.="" diagnostic="" for="" no-trouble="" procedure="" switch.,="" to=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in brake light switch circuit?	Repair or replace brake light switch circuit.	Go to step 8.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT. Check ATF temperature sensor circuit. <ref. -="" 27="" at-46,="" atf="" code="" code.="" diagnostic="" procedure="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" with="" —,=""></ref.>	Is there any trouble in ATF temperature sensor circuit?	Repair or replace ATF temperature sensor circuit.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in TCM connector.	Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK MECHANICAL TROUBLE. Check mechanical trouble in automatic transmission.	Is there any mechanical trouble in automatic transmission?	Repair or replace automatic trans- mission. <ref. to<br="">AT-12, INSPECTION, Road Test.&gt;</ref.>	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BL: DTC P1086 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE #2 (LH) POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — SOBBEZ 1477

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

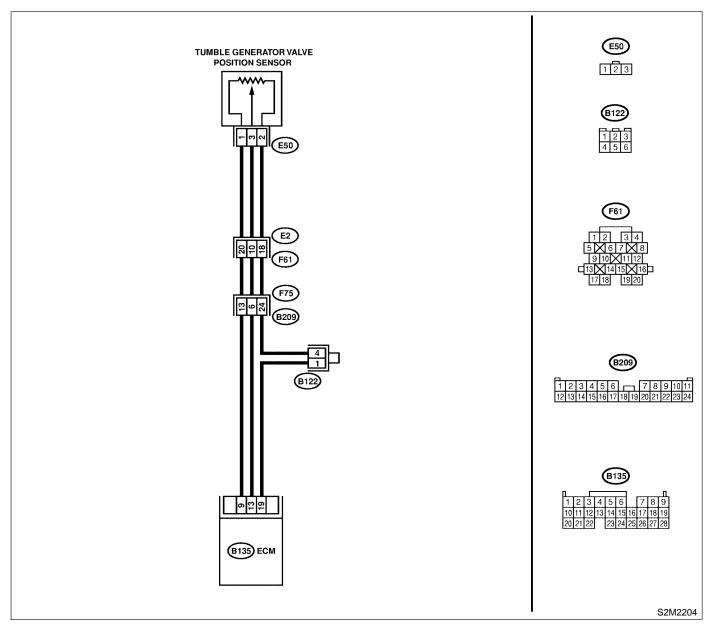
- Erroneous idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

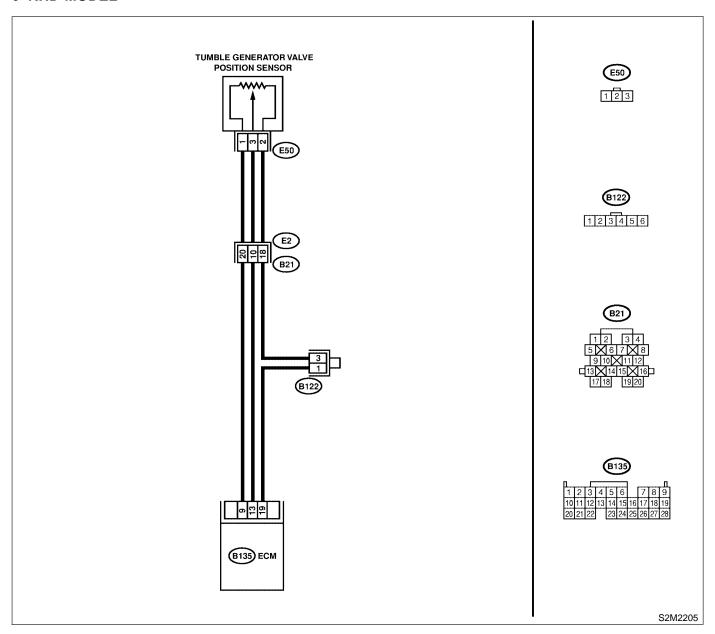
After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

LHD MODEL



### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine.  2) Read data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than 0.1 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while tumble generator valve is fully closed.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change more than 4.5 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.1 V?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.	Does the voltage change more than 0.1 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with Subaru Select Monitor?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 6.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from tumble generator valve position sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E50) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in ecupling connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in coupling connector
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and tumble generator valve position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 13 — (E50) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector  Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector  Poor contact in coupling connector
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E50) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector.	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 

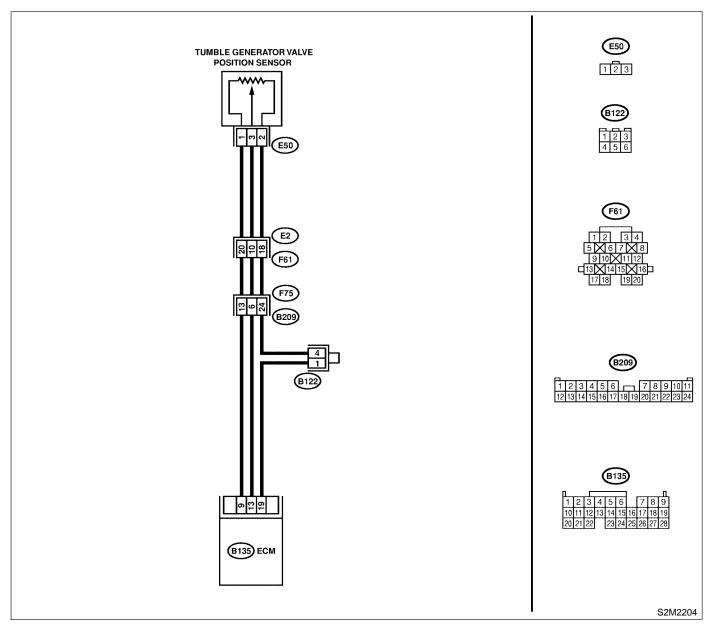
Engine (Diagnostics)

### BM: DTC P1087 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE #2 (LH) POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SOBBEZIHTZ

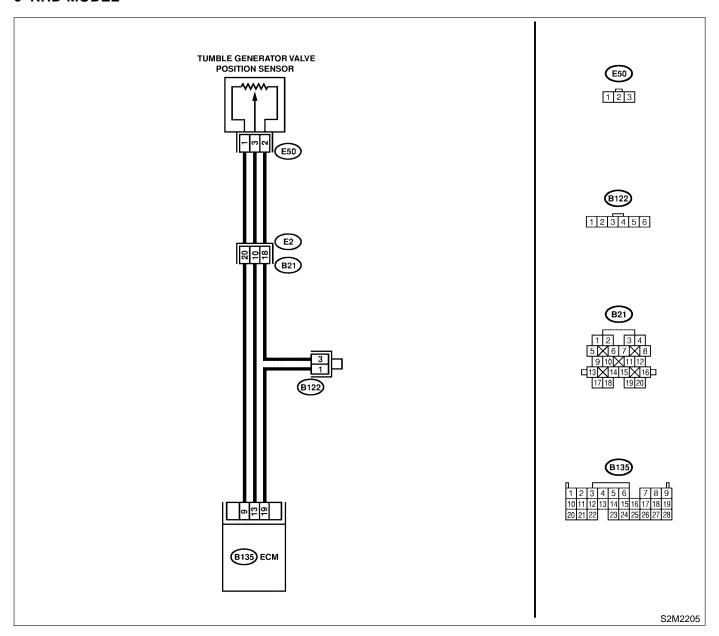
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



### RHD MODEL



No.	Ston	Check	Yes	No
1	Step  CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine.  2) Read data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 4.9 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from tumble generator valve position sensor. 3) Measure resistance of harness between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E50) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in joint connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E50) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.9 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 

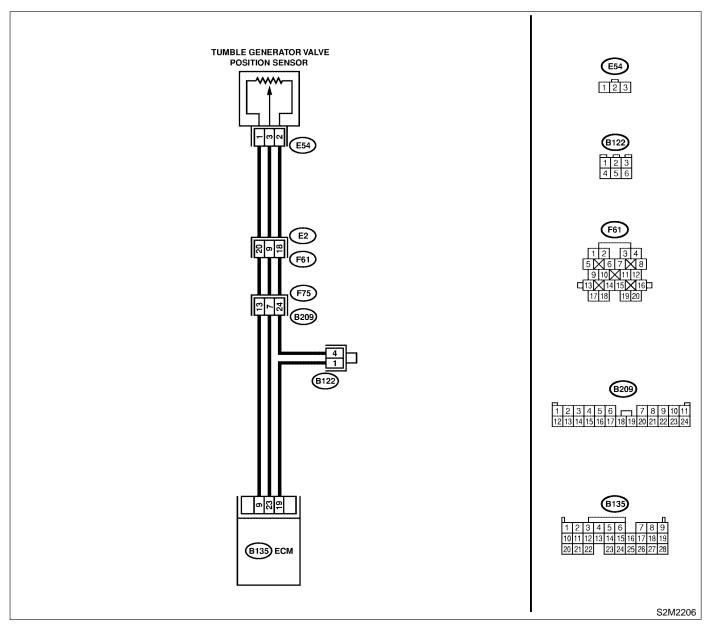
**Engine (Diagnostics)** 

### BN: DTC P1088 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE #1 (RH) POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — SOBBEZ 11475

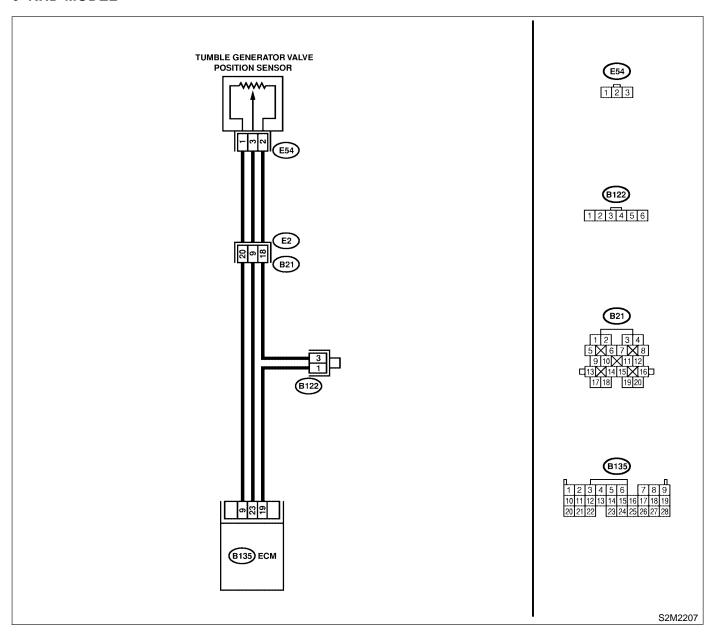
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) Read data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value less than 0.1 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground while throttle valve is fully closed.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage change more than 4.5 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 0.1 V?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. (USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.	Does the voltage change more than 0.1 V by shaking harness and connector of ECM while monitoring the value with Subaru Select Monitor?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 6.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from tumble generator valve position sensor. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure voltage between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E54) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in throttle position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in coupling connector
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and tumble generator valve position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 23 — (E54) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	joint connector  Repair harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector Poor contact in coupling connector
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E54) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector.	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 

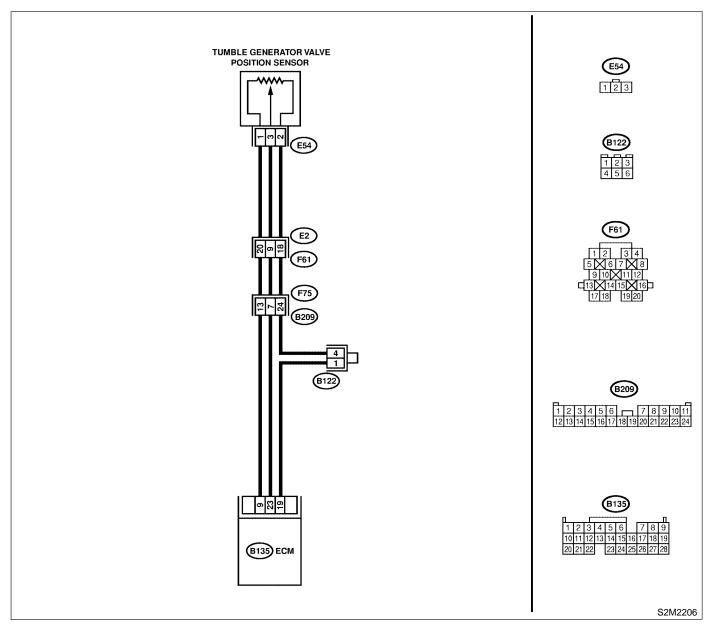
Engine (Diagnostics)

### BO: DTC P1089 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE #1 (RH) POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SOBBEST 1176

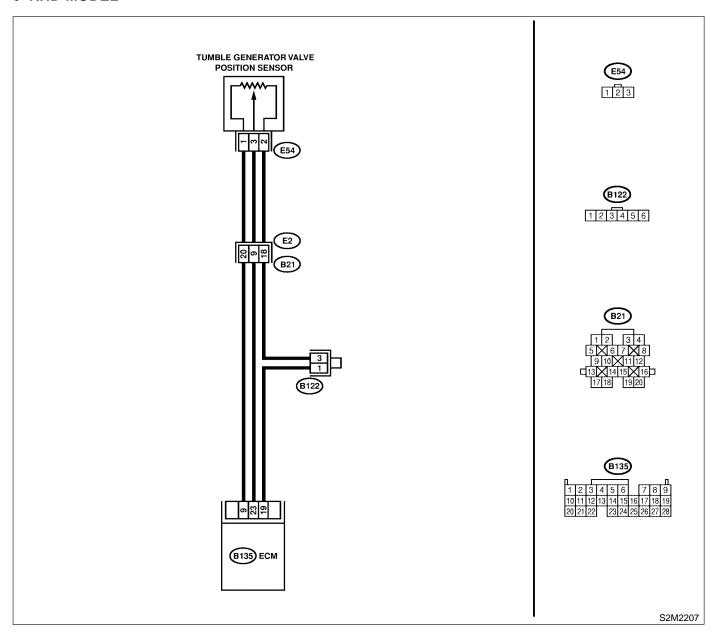
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start engine. 2) Read data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is the value more than 4.9 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector may be the cause.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in tumble generator valve position sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from tumble generator valve position sensor. 3) Measure resistance of harness between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E54) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in joint connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE POSITION SENSOR AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between tumble generator valve position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E54) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.9 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between tumble generator valve position sensor and ECM connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 

Engine (Diagnóstics)

### BP: DTC P1090 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE SYSTEM #1 (RH) MALFUNCTION (STUCK OPEN) — \$008521H77

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition

### **CAUTION:**

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate P1088, P1089, P1094 or P1095?	Inspect DTC P1088, P1089, P1094 or P1095 using List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE RH  1) Remove tumble generator valve assembly.  2) Check tumble generator valve body.	Does tumble generator valve move smoothly? (No dirt or foreign materials clogged)	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Clean tumble generator valve.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BQ: DTC P1091 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE SYSTEM #1 (RH) MALFUNCTION (STUCK CLOSE) — SOBBES21H78

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition

### **CAUTION:**

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate P1088, P1089, P1094 or P1095?	Inspect DTC P1088, P1089, P1094 or P1095 using List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE RH  1) Remove tumble generator valve assembly. 2) Check tumble generator valve body.	Does tumble generator valve move smoothly? (No dirt or foreign materials clogged)	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Clean tumble generator valve.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

### BR: DTC P1092 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE SYSTEM #2 (LH) MALFUNCTION (STUCK OPEN) — \$008521H79

• DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

### **CAUTION:**

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate P1086, P1087, P1096 or P1097?	Inspect DTC P1086, P1087, P1096 or P1097 using List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE RH  1) Remove tumble generator valve assembly.  2) Check tumble generator valve body.	Does tumble generator valve move smoothly? (No dirt or foreign materials clogged)	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Clean tumble generator valve.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BS: DTC P1093 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE SYSTEM #2 (LH) MALFUNCTION (STUCK CLOSE) — SOBBES21HBO

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition

### **CAUTION:**

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate P1086, P1087, P1096 or P1097?	Inspect DTC P1086, P1087, P1096 or P1097 using List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE RH  1) Remove tumble generator valve assembly.  2) Check tumble generator valve body.	Does tumble generator valve move smoothly? (No dirt or foreign materials clogged)	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Clean tumble generator valve.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BT: DTC P1094 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE CIRCUIT #1 (OPEN CIRCUIT) — SOBBEZ1HB1

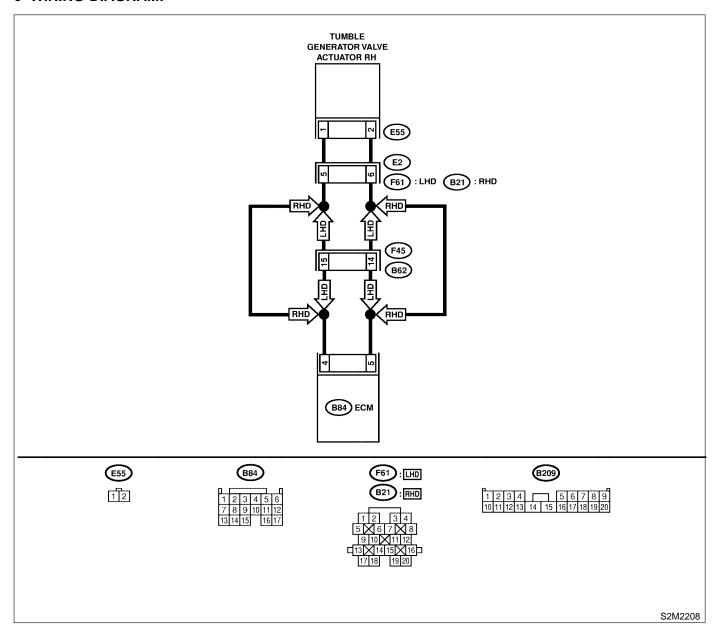
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ACTUATOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from tumble generator valve actuator and ECM connector. 3) Measure resistance between tumble generator valve actuator and ECM connector.  Connector & terminal  (E55) No. 1 — (B84) No. 4:  (E55) No. 2 — (B84) No. 5:	Is the resistance less than $1\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair open circuit between ECM and tumble generator valve connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve actuator connector.  Poor contact in coupling connector.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in tumble generator valve actuator connector.	Is there poor contact in tumble generator valve actuator connector.	Repair poor contact in tumble generator valve actuator connector.	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BU: DTC P1095 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE CIRCUIT #1 (OVERCURRENT) — SOBBES 11HB2

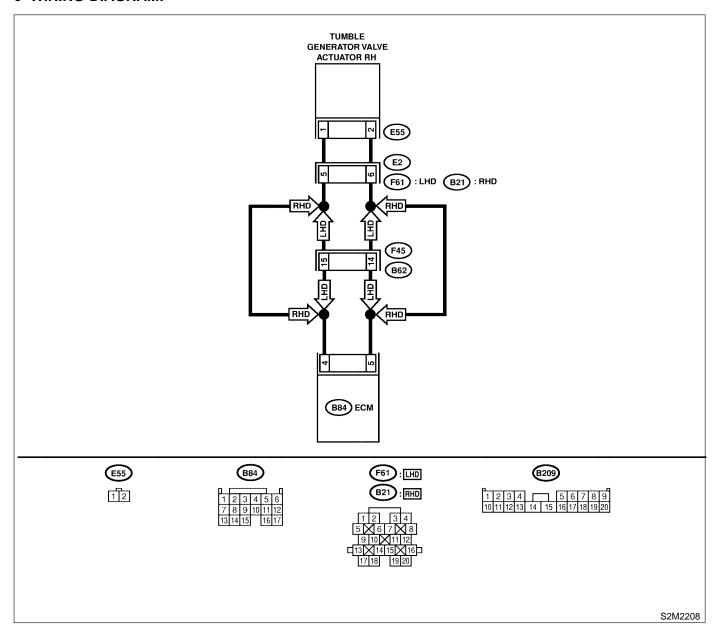
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ACTUATOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from tumble generator valve connector. 3) Measure voltage between tumble generator valve actuator and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (E55) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (E55) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 5V?	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Repair battery short circuit between ECM and tumble gen- erator valve actuator.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BV: DTC P1096 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE CIRCUIT #2 (OPEN CIRCUIT) — SOBB521HB3

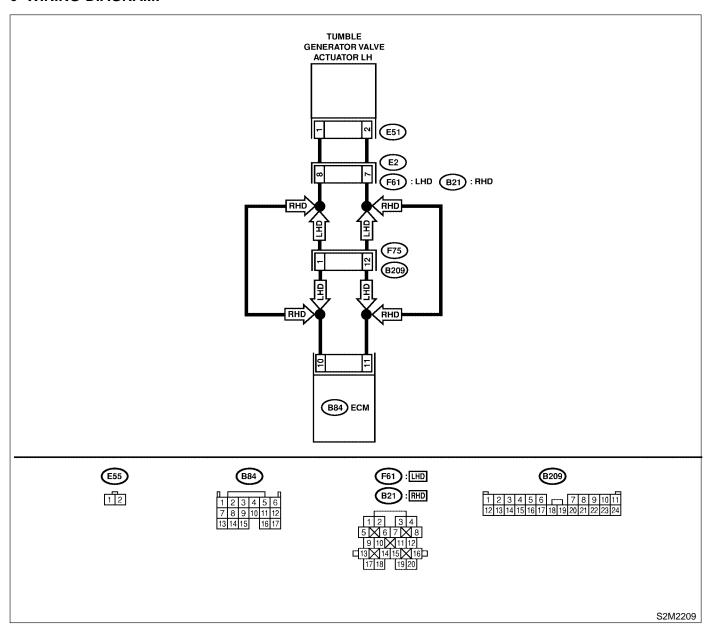
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ACTUATOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from tumble generator valve and ECM connector. 3) Measure resistance between tumble generator valve actuator and ECM connector.  Connector & terminal (E51) No. 1 — (B84) No. 10: (E51) No. 2 — (B84) No. 11:	Is the resistance less than $1\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair open circuit between ECM and tumble generator valve connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve actuator connector.  Poor contact in coupling connector.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in tumble generator valve actuator connector.	Is there poor contact in tumble generator valve actuator connector.	Repair poor contact in tumble generator valve actuator connector.	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BW: DTC P1097 — TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE CIRCUIT #2 (OVERCURRENT) — S008521H84

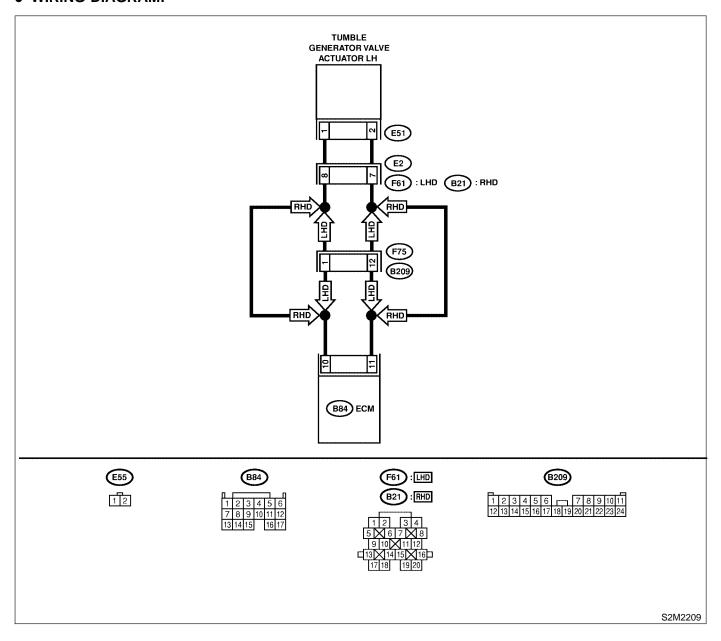
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ACTUATOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from tumble generator valve connector. 3) Measure voltage between tumble generator valve actuator and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (E51) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (E51) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 5V?	Replace tumble generator valve assembly. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-40, Tumble Generator Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Repair battery short circuit between ECM and tumble gen- erator valve actuator.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BX: DTC P1110 — ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — SORRESTIBRA

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select	Replace ECM.	It is not necessary
		Monitor or OBD-II general	<ref. th="" to<=""><th>to inspect DTC</th></ref.>	to inspect DTC
		scan tool indicate DTC	FU(DOHC	P1110.
		P1110?	TURBO)-47,	
			Engine Control	
1			Module.>	
1			NOTE:	
1			Atmospheric pres-	
			sure sensor is	
			built into ECM.	

### BY: DTC P1111 — ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — SORREST 1885

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P1111?	<ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47,</ref.>	It is not necessary to inspect DTC P1111.
			Engine Control Module.> NOTE: Atmospheric pres- sure sensor is built into ECM.	

Engine (Diagnostics)

### BZ: DTC P1112 — ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM — SOBBEST 1886

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0106, P0107, P0108,	Inspect DTC P0106, P0107, P0108, P1110 or P1111 using "List	Replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47,</ref.>
		P1110 or P1111?	of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Engine Control Module.> NOTE: Atmospheric pres- sure sensor is built into ECM.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### CA: DTC P1130 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (OPEN CIRCUIT) — SOBBEZ 1B92

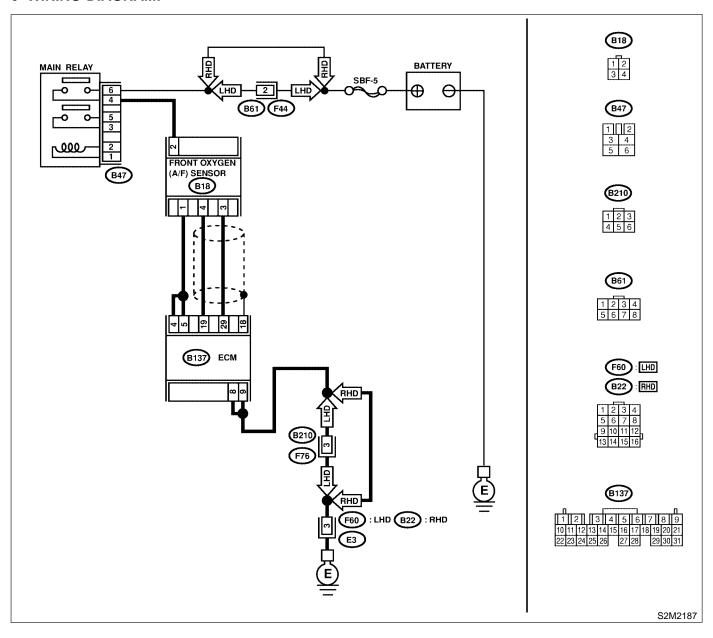
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 — (B18) No. 3: (B137) No. 19 — (B18) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector Poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector Connector Connector
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <ref. (a="" f)="" front="" fu(dohc="" oxygen="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-42,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### CB: DTC P1131 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (SHORT CIRCUIT) — 5089521893

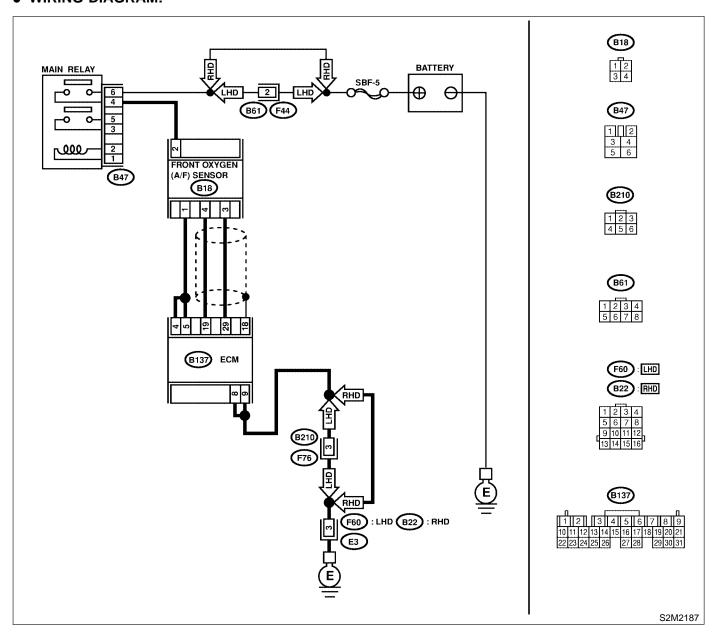
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 19 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 29 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance more than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Connect connector to ECM.  2) Turn ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.95 V?	Go to step 6.	Replace front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <ref. (a="" f)="" front="" fu(dohc="" oxygen="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-42,=""></ref.>
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### CC: DTC P1134 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR MICRO-COMPUTER PROBLEM — SOBBELIBER OF SOBBE

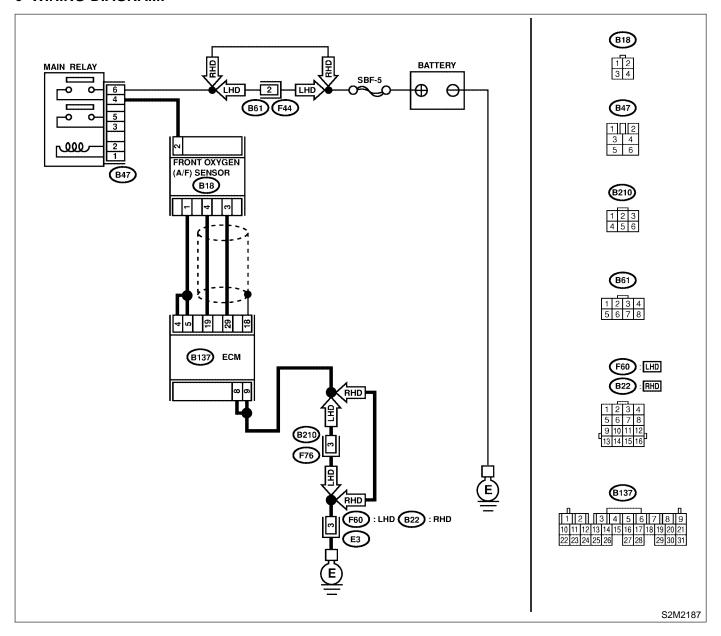
### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P1134?	Replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.>	It is not necessary to inspect DTC P1134.

### CD: DTC P1139 — FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR #1 HEATER CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM — SORBEST 1897

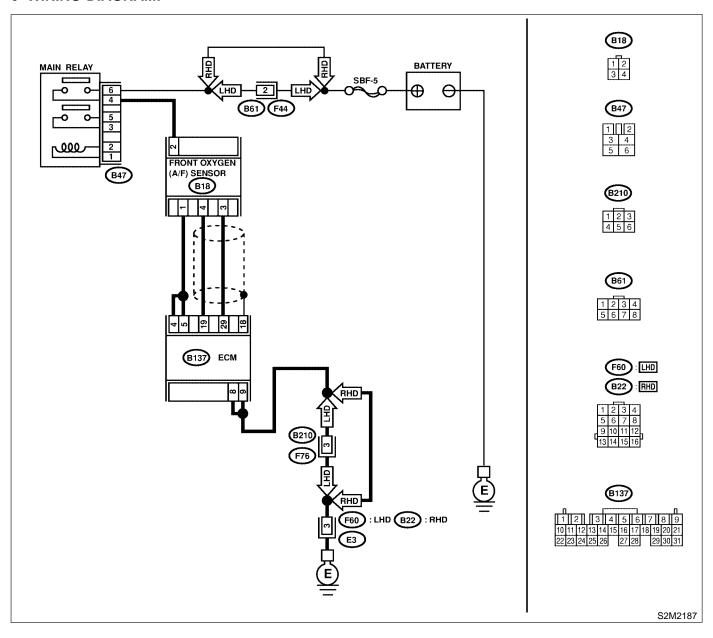
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Start engine, and warm-up the engine. 2) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 4) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal (B137) No. 5 — (B18) No. 1: (B137) No. 4 — (B18) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 19 — (B18) No. 4:  (B137) No. 29 — (B18) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between main relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B47) No. 4 — (B18) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
4	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.  Measure resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals.  Terminals  No. 2 — No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <ref. (a="" f)="" front="" fu(dohc="" oxygen="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-42,=""></ref.>
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace front oxygen (A/F) sensor. <ref. (a="" f)="" front="" fu(dohc="" oxygen="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-42,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

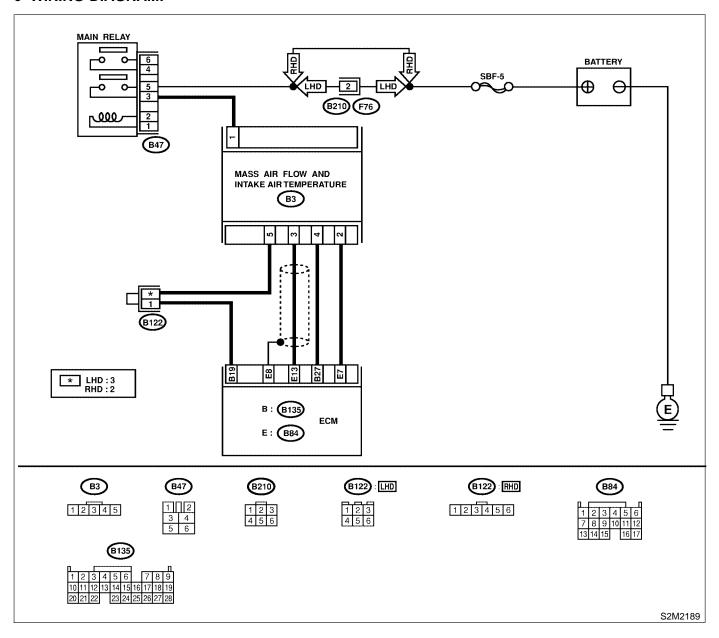
### CE: DTC P1141 — MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (LOW INPUT) — SOBBES 1898

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does Subaru select moni-	Inspect DTC	Replace mass air
		tor or OBD-II general scan	P0102 or P0103	flow and intake air
		tool indicate DTC P0102 or	using "List of	temperature sen-
		P0103?	Diagnostic	sor.
			Trouble Code	
			(DTC)". <ref. th="" to<=""><th></th></ref.>	
			EN(DOHC	
			TURBO)-82, List	
			of Diagnostic	
			Trouble Code	
			(DTC).>	
			NOTE:	
			In this case, it is	
			not necessary to	
			inspect DTC	
			P1141.	

Engine (Diagnostics)

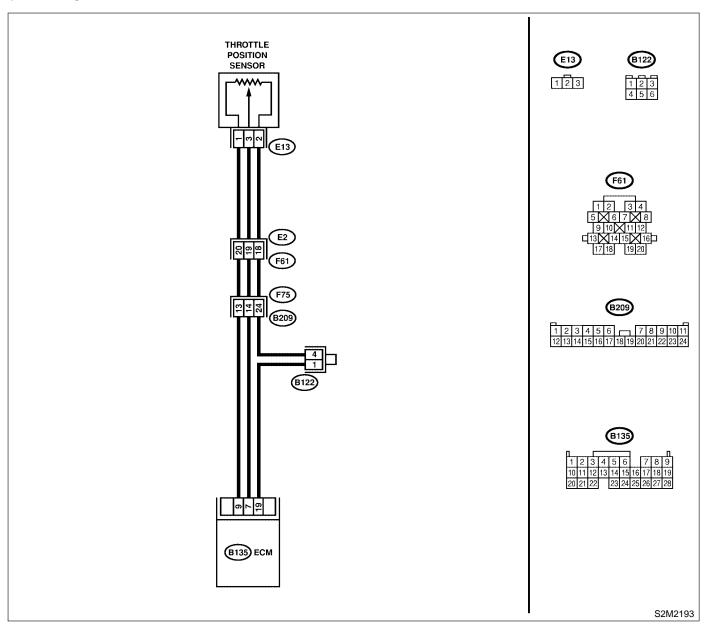
### CF: DTC P1142 — THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (LOW INPUT) — \$008621899

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls.
  - Poor driving performance

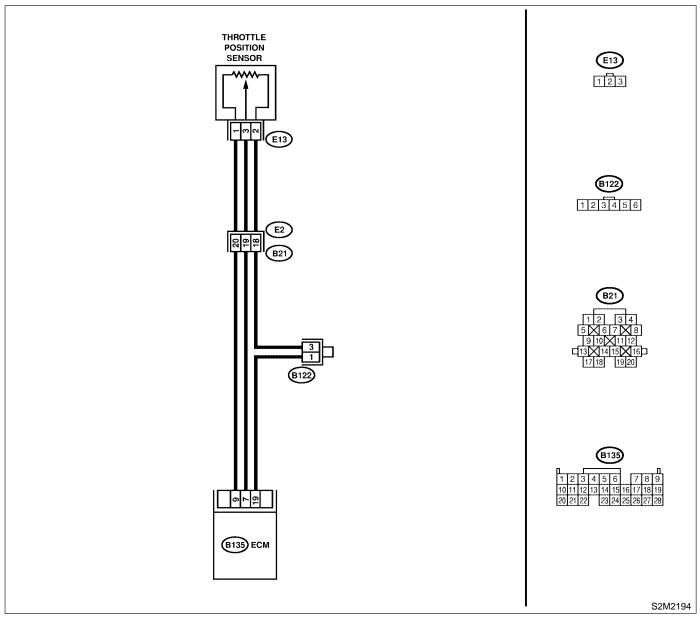
#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0122 or P0123?	Inspect DTC P0122 or P0123 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P1142.</ref.>	Replace throttle position sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" throttle="" to="" turbo)-33,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

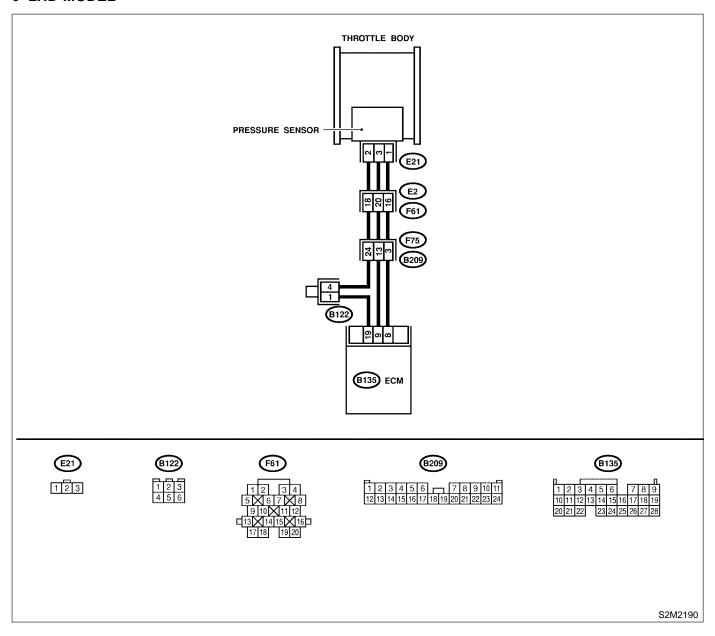
### CG: DTC P1146 — PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (HIGH INPUT) — \$008521007

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

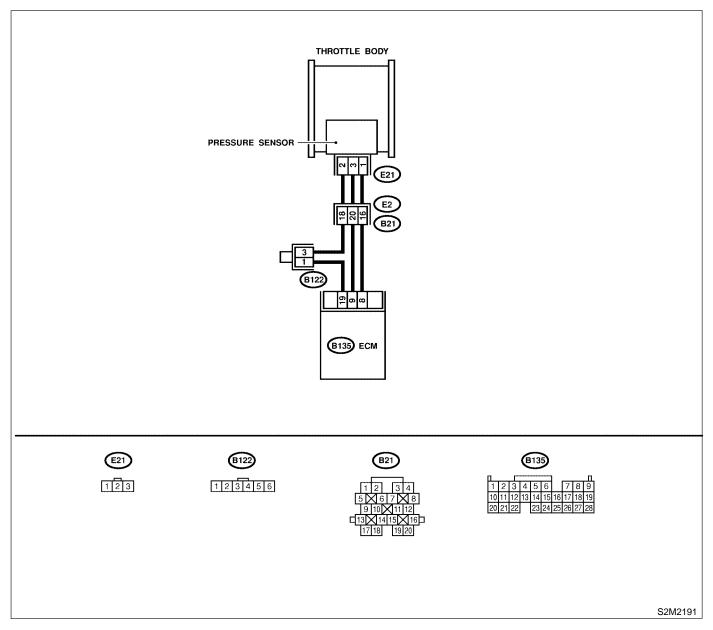
### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



### RHD MODEL



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.  NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0106.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0107, P0108 or P1112?	Inspect DTC P0107, P0108 or P1112 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?		Go to step 3.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	CHECK PRESSURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is greater than 60°C (140°F).  2) Place the shift lever in the selector lever in "N" or "P" position.  3) Turn A/C switch to OFF.  4) Turn all accessory switches to OFF.  5) Read data of intake manifold pressure sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool  For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual. Specification:  • Intake manifold absolute pressure Ignition ON  73.3 — 106.6 kPa (550 — 800 mmHg, 21.65 — 31.50 inHg)  Idling  20.0 — 46.7 kPa (150 — 350 mmHg, 5.91 — 13.78 inHg)</ref.>	Is the value within the specifications?	Go to step 4.	Replace pressure sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" pressure="" sensor.="" to="" turbo)-35,=""></ref.>
4	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION. Read data of throttle position signal using Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(dohc="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="" turbo)-36,="">  • OBD-II general scan tool For detailed operation procedure, refer to the OBD-II General Scan Tool Instruction Manual.</ref.>	Is throttle positioning ratio equal to or less than 5% when throttle is fully closed?	Go to step 5.	Replace throttle position sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" throttle="" to="" turbo)-33,=""></ref.>
5	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION.	Is throttle positioning ratio equal to or more than 85% when throttle is fully open?	Replace pressure sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-35, Pres- sure Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Replace throttle position sensor. <ref. fu(dohc="" position="" sensor.="" throttle="" to="" turbo)-33,=""></ref.>

### CH: DTC P1244 — WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM (LOW INPUT) — 5008852 1/186

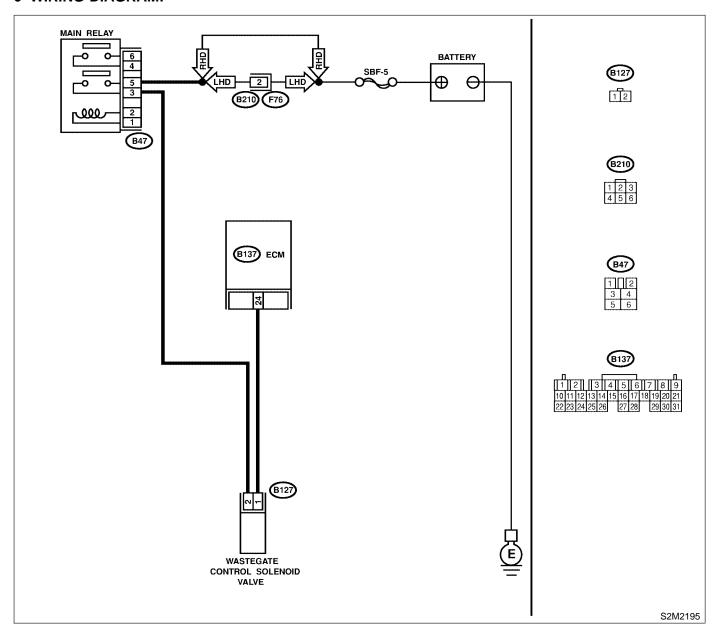
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0245 or P0246?	Inspect DTC P0245 or P0246 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P1142.</ref.>	Replace waste- gate control sole- noid valve. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref. 

### CI: DTC P1245 — WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE MALFUNCTION (FAIL-SAFE) — SORBEZ 1/HB7

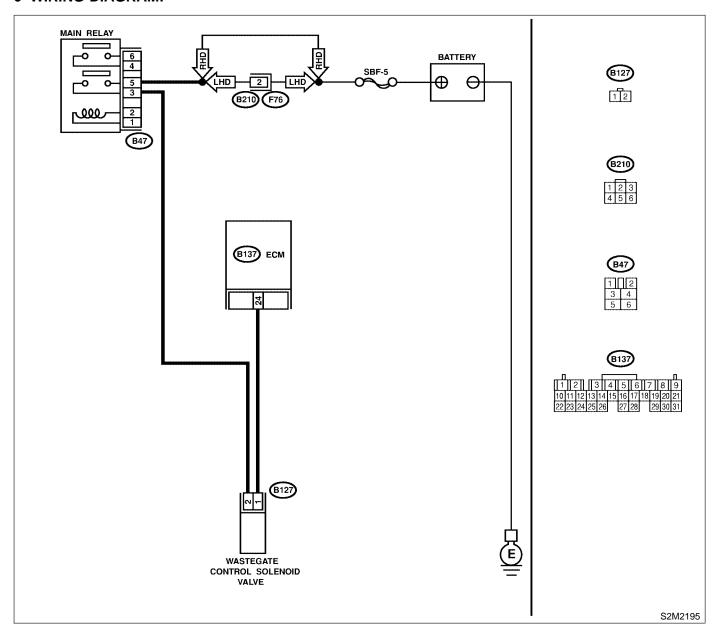
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0244, P0245, P0246 or P1244?	Inspect DTC P0244, P0245, P0246 or P1244 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0507.</ref.>	Replace waste- gate control sole- noid valve. <ref. to FU(DOHC TURBO)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref. 

Engine (Diagnostics)

### CJ: DTC P1301 — FIRE DUE TO INCREASED EXHAUST TEMPERATURE —

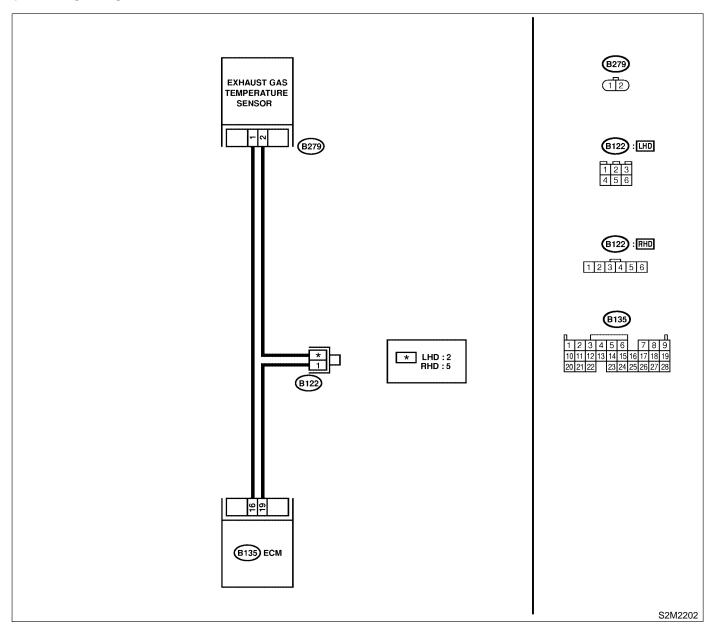
S088521H88

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Engine stalls
  - Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC. Conduct troubleshooting for all DTC P0301, P0302, P0303 and P0304. <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""></ref.>	Does failure for repair or replacement exist?	Repair or replace failure, then replace precata- lytic converter.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

### CK: DTC P1312 — EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

S088521H89

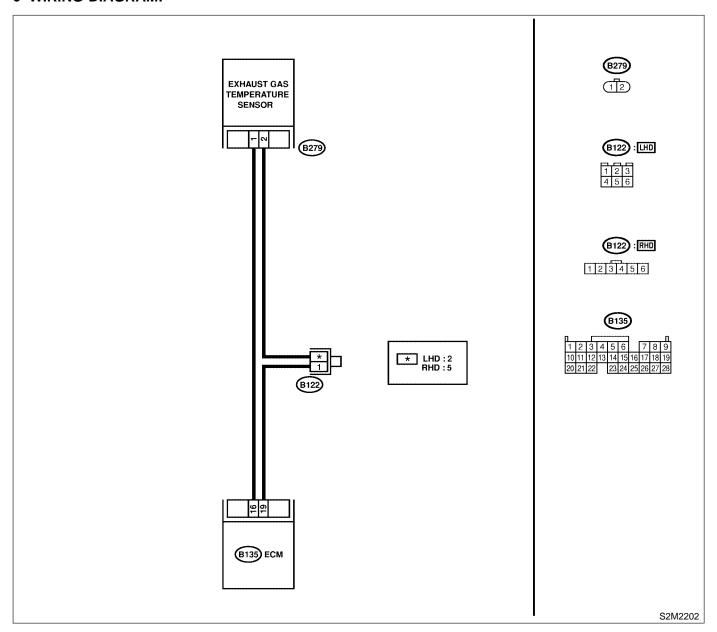
### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0545, P0546 or P1544?	Inspect DTC P0545, P0546 or P1544 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P1312.</ref.>	Replace exhaust gas temperature sensor. <ref. exhaust="" fu(dohc="" sensor.="" temperature="" to="" turbo)-46,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### CL: DTC P1480 — COOLING FAN RELAY 1 CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — S088521G08

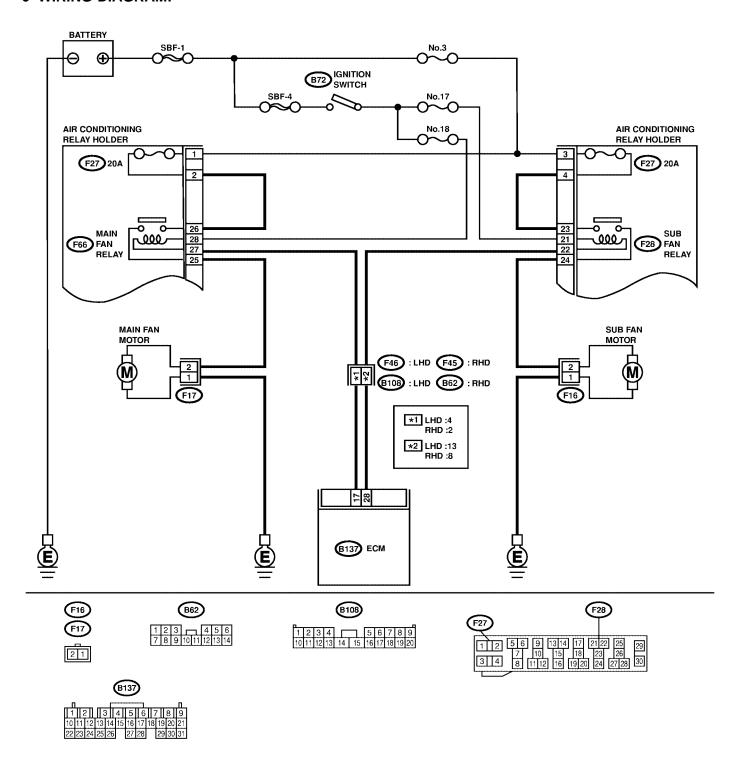
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Radiator fan does not operate properly.
  - Overheating

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



S2M2199

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect test mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side), to the side of the center console box. 3) Turn ignition switch to ON. 4) While operating radiator fan relay, measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground. NOTE: Radiator fan relay operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. For procedure, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(dohc="" mode.="" operation="" to="" turbo)-48,="" valve=""> Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</ref.>	Does voltage change between 0 and 10 V?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. In this case, repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT IN RADIATOR FAN RELAY CONTROL CIRCUIT.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove main fan relay and sub fan relay. (with A/C models)  3) Disconnect test mode connector.  4) Turn ignition switch to ON.  5) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B137) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B137) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in radiator fan relay control circuit. After repair, replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove main fan relay.  3) Measure resistance of main fan relay.  Terminal  No. 26 — No. 25:	Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Replace main fan relay and ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>
4	CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY.  1) Connect battery to terminals No. 27 and No. 28 of main fan relay.  2) Measure resistance of main fan relay.  Terminal  No. 26 — No. 25:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace main fan relay and ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK SUB FAN RELAY.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure resistance of main fan relay.  Terminal  No. 17 — No. 18:	Is the resistance more than 1 $\text{M}\Omega?$	Go to step 6.	Replace sub fan relay and ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-47, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.>

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK SUB FAN RELAY.  1) Connect battery to terminals No. 20 and No. 19 of sub fan relay.  2) Measure resistance of main fan relay.  Terminal  No. 17— No. 18:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Replace sub fan relay and ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>
7	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. control="" engine="" fu(dohc="" module.="" to="" turbo)-47,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

### CM: DTC P1507 — IDLE CONTROL SYSTEM MALFUNCTION (FAIL-SAFE) —

S088521C16

### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

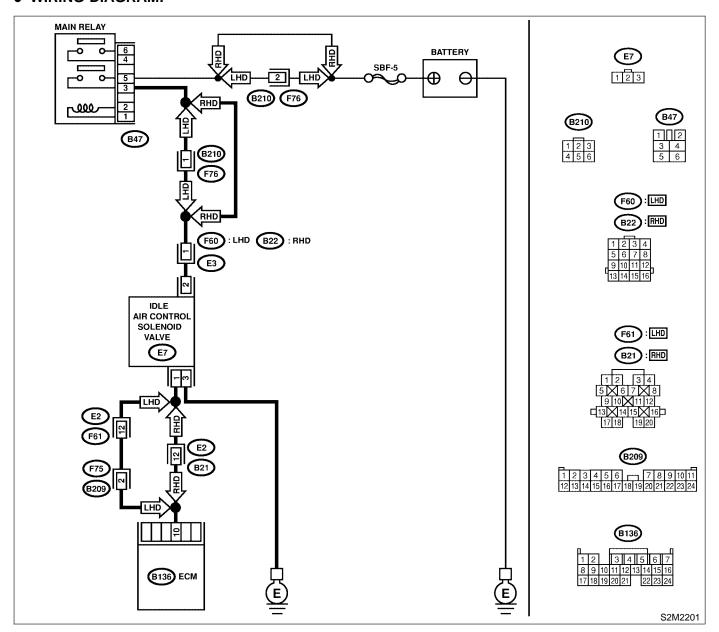
### • TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine keeps running at higher revolution than specified idling revolution.
- Fuel is cut according to fail-safe function.

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0506, P0507, P0508, P0509 or P1142?	Inspect DTC P0506, P0507, P0508, P0509 or P1142 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P0507.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Start engine, and idle it. 3) Check the following items.  • Loose installation of intake manifold, idle air control solenoid valve and throttle body  • Cracks of intake manifold gasket, idle air control solenoid valve gasket and throttle body gasket  • Disconnections of vacuum hoses	Is there a fault in air intake system?	Repair air suction and leaks.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK THROTTLE CABLE.	Does throttle cable have play for adjustment?	Go to step 4.	Adjust throttle cable. <ref. accelerator="" cable.="" control="" sp-12,="" to=""></ref.>
4	CHECK AIR BY-PASS LINE.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body. <ref. air="" control="" fu(dohc="" idle="" solenoid="" to="" turbo)-36,="" valve.="">  3) Confirm that there are no foreign particles in by-pass air line.</ref.>	Are foreign particles in by- pass air line?	Remove foreign particles from by-pass air line.	Replace idle air control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-36, Idle Air Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

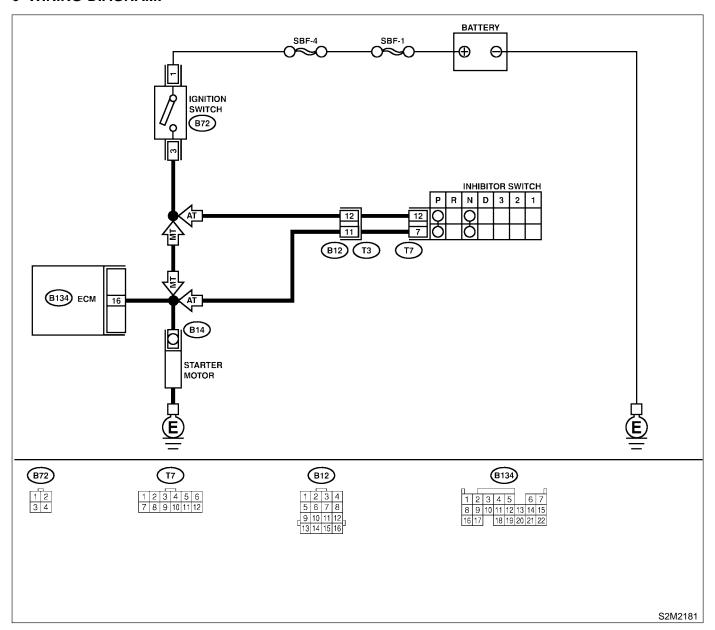
### CN: DTC P1518 — STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — S088521G09

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Failure of engine to start

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR. NOTE: Place the inhibitor switch in the "P" or "N" position (AT model).	Does starter motor operate when ignition switch to "ST"?	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open or ground short circuit in harness between ECM and starter motor connector. Poor contact in ECM connector.	Check starter motor circuit. <ref. circuit,="" diagnostics="" en(dohc="" engine="" failure.="" for="" motor="" starter="" starting="" to="" turbo)-64,=""></ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

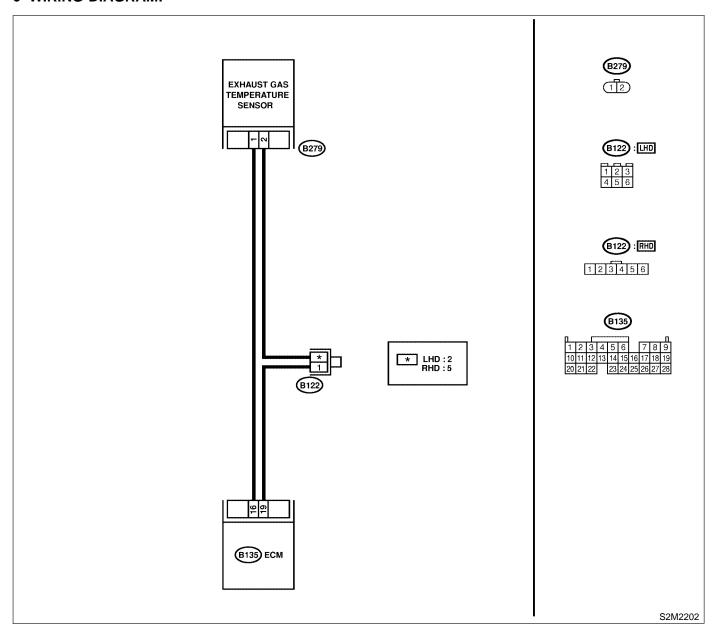
### CO: DTC P1544 — HIGH EXHAUST TEMPERATURE DETECTED — 5088521H90

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Immediately at fault recognition
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling
  - Poor driving performance

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

### • WIRING DIAGRAM:



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0335, P0336, P0340, P0341, P0545, P0546, P1312, P0102, P0103, P0101, P1141, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P1301, P0171, P0133, P1134, P0131, P0132, P1130, P1131, P1139, P0031, P0032, P0139, P0136, P0039 or P0037?	Inspect DTC P0335, P0336, P0340, P0341, P0545, P0546, P1312, P0102, P0103, P0101, P1141, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P1301, P0171, P0133, P1134, P0131, P0132, P1130, P1131, P1139, P0031, P0032, P0139, P0136, P0039 or P0037 using List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC). <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(dohc="" list="" of="" to="" trouble="" turbo)-82,=""> NOTE: In this case, it is not necessary to inspect DTC P1544.</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. Loose installation of exhaust manifold Cracks or hole of exhaust manifold Loose installation of front oxygen (A/F) sensor	Is there a fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace failure, then replace precata- lytic converter.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

Engine (Diagnostics)

### CP: DTC P1560 — BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION — S008521C27

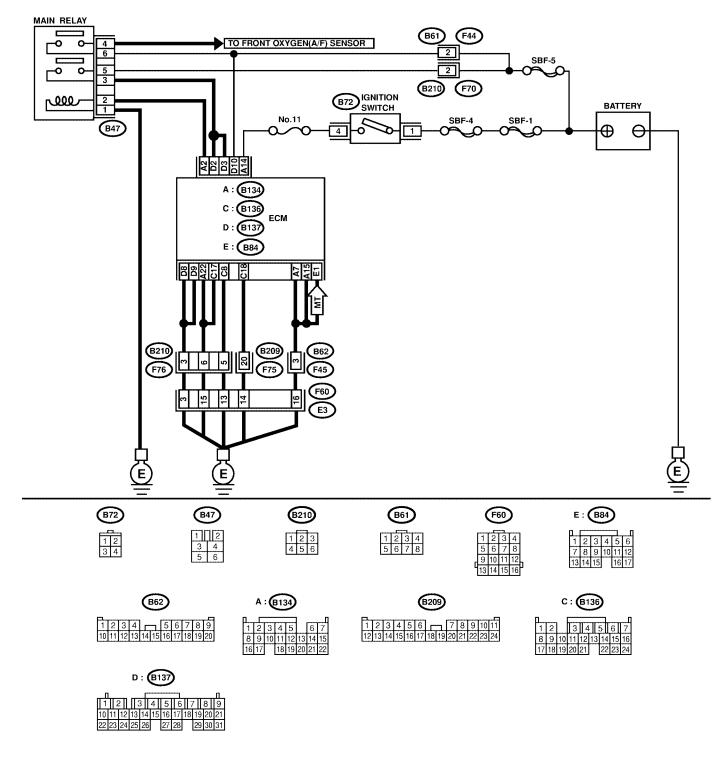
- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(DOHC TURBO)-44, Inspection Mode.>.

Engine (Diagnóstics)

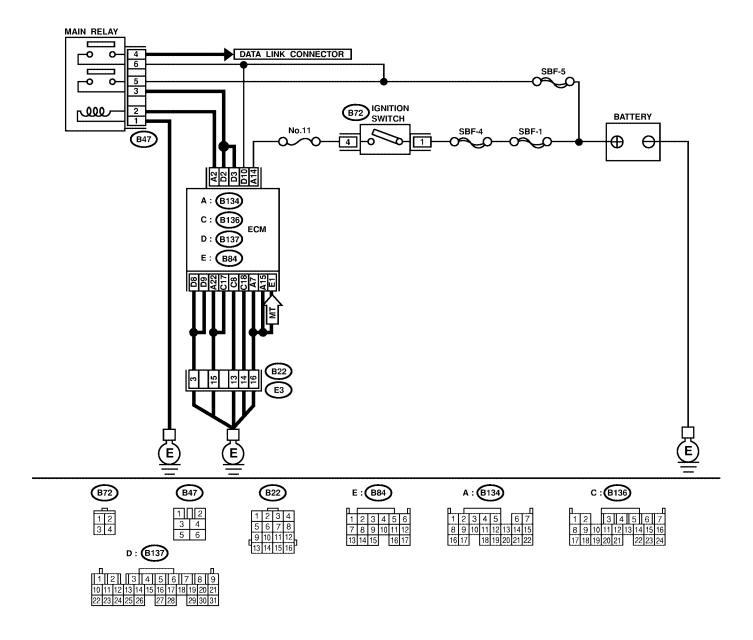
- WIRING DIAGRAM:
- LHD MODEL



S2M2182

Engine (Diagnostics)

#### RHD MODEL



S2M2183

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MAIN FUSE BOX CONNECTOR.  1) Disconnect connector from ECM. 2) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 10 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM connector and battery termi- nal.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK FUSE SBF-5.	Is fuse blown?	Replace fuse.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and battery Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in battery terminal

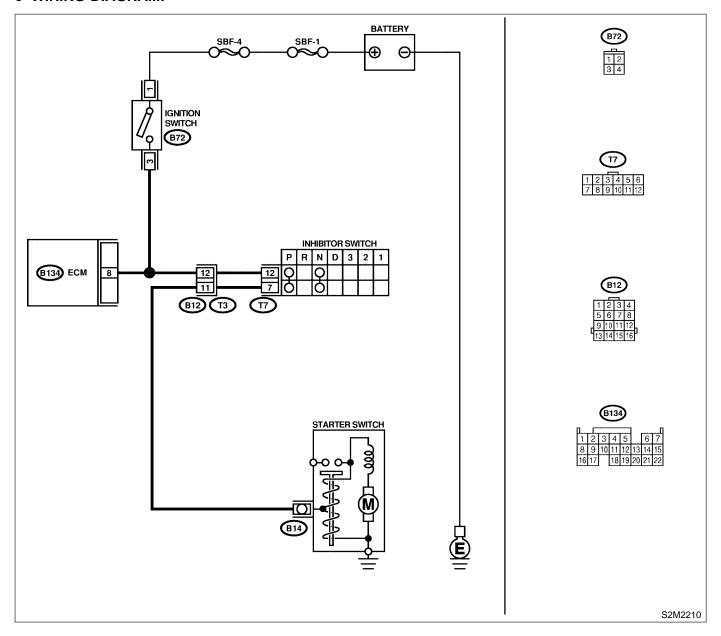
Engine (Diagnostics)

# CQ: DTC P1590 — NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT (AT MODEL) — 5088521G83

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK DTC P0705 ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0705?	Inspect DTC P0705 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(sohc)-82,="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground in selector lever "N" and "P" positions.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 5.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground in selector lever except for "N" and "P" positions.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage between 4.5 and 5.5 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.
5	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from ECM and inhibitor switch. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 8 — (T7) No. 12:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Repair harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following: Open circuit in harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector Poor contact in coupling connector Poor contact in inhibitor switch connector Poor contact in inhibitor switch connector Poor contact in ECM connector

Engine (Diagnostics)

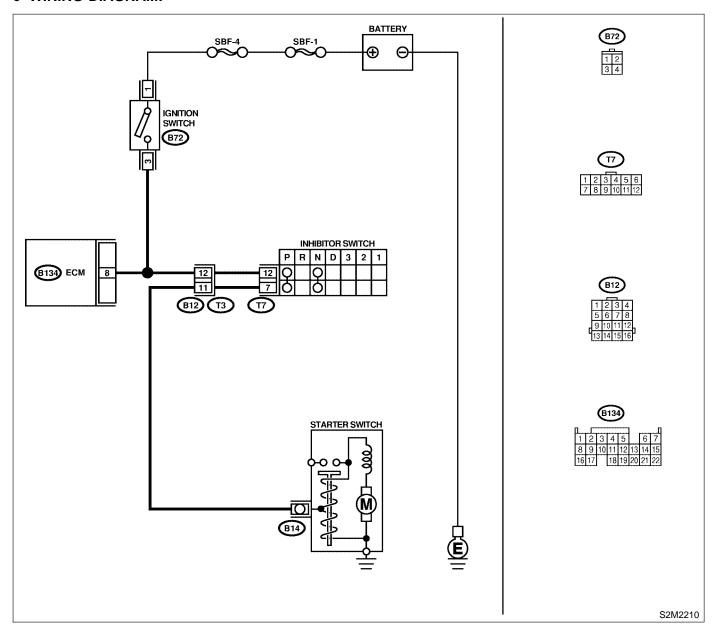
No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH GROUND LINE.  Measure resistance of harness between inhibitor switch connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (T7) No. 7 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor ground line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor ground line Poor contact in starter motor connector Poor contact in starter motor ground Starter motor ground Starter motor
8	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.  Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals in selector lever "N" and "P" positions.  Terminals  No. 7 — No. 12:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Replace inhibitor switch. <ref. to<br="">AT-28, Inhibitor Switch.&gt;</ref.>
9	CHECK SELECTOR CABLE CONNECTION.	Is there any fault in selector cable connection to inhibitor switch?	Repair selector cable connection. <ref. cs-10,<br="" to="">Select Cable.&gt;</ref.>	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterio- ration of multiple parts.

## CR: DTC P1591 — NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW INPUT (AT MODEL) — \$0088521GB4

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Erroneous idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK DTC P0705 ON DISPLAY.	Does the Subaru Select Monitor or OBD-II general scan tool indicate DTC P0705?	Inspect DTC P0705 using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(sohc)-82,="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage between 4.5 and 5.5 V at except "N" and "P" positions?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connectors from ECM and transmission harness connector (T3).  3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 8 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and trans- mission harness connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR.  1) Disconnect connector from inhibitor switch. 2) Measure resistance of harness between transmission harness connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (T3) No. 12 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between transmission har- ness and inhibitor switch connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.  Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals in selector lever except for "N" position.  Terminals  No. 7 — No. 12:	Is the resistance more than 1 $\text{M}\Omega$ at except "N" and "P" positions?	Go to step 6.	Replace inhibitor switch. <ref. to<br="">AT-28, Inhibitor Switch.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK SELECTOR CABLE CONNECTION.	Is there any fault in selector cable connection to inhibitor switch?	Repair selector cable connection. <ref. cs-10,<br="" to="">Select Cable.&gt;</ref.>	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

Engine (Diagnostics)

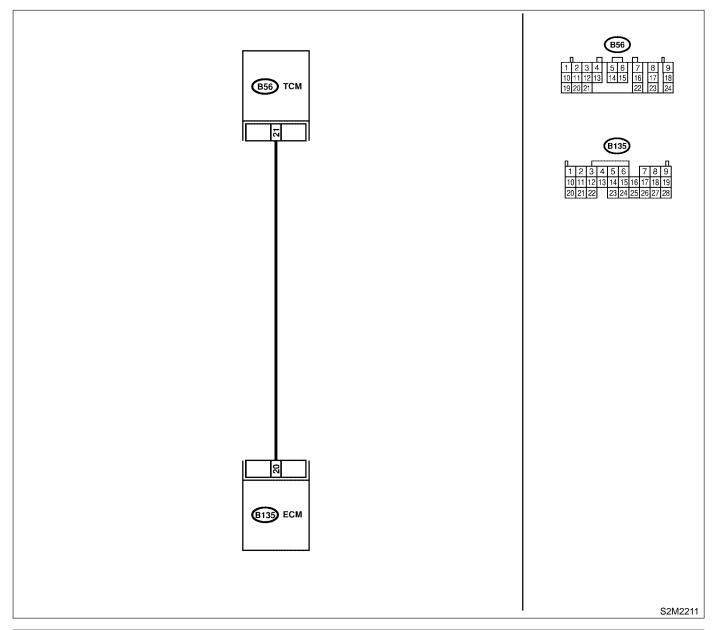
### CS: DTC P1594 — AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION DIAGNOSIS INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION — $_{508821612}$

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK DRIVING CONDITION.  1) Start and warm-up the engine until the radiator fan makes one complete rotation.  2) Drive the vehicle.	Is AT shift control functioning properly?	Go to step 2.	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	CHECK ACCESSORY.	installed on vehicle?	1 5	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

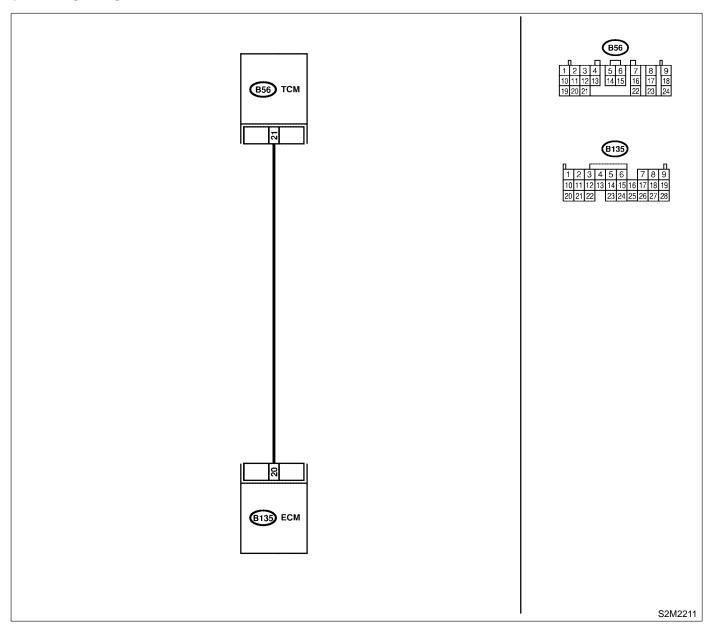
### CT: DTC P1595 — AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION DIAGNOSIS INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT LOW INPUT — 8088521613

#### • DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in TCM connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connector from ECM and TCM.  3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 20 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Connect connector to ECM.  2) Turn ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 5 V?	Go to step 4.	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.
4	CHECK TROUBLE CODE FOR AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION. Read trouble code for automatic transmission. <ref. at-22,="" code.="" diagnostic="" read="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Does trouble code appear for automatic transmission?	Inspect trouble code for automatic transmission. <ref. at-42,="" code.="" diagnostic="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

Engine (Diagnostics)

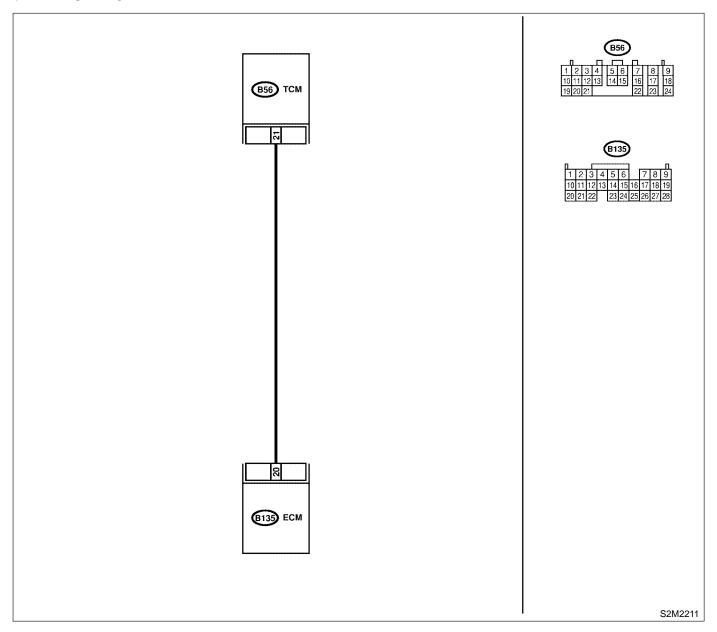
### CU: DTC P1596 — AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION DIAGNOSIS INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT — 5088521614

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 4 V?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  Measure voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Does the voltage change from 1 V to 4 V while monitoring the value with voltage meter?	Even if MIL lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following:  Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact in TCM connector	Contact your Subaru distributor. NOTE: Inspection by DTM is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B56) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 4 V?	Go to step 6.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in TCM connector.	Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Check TCM power supply line and grounding line.

Engine (Diagnostics)

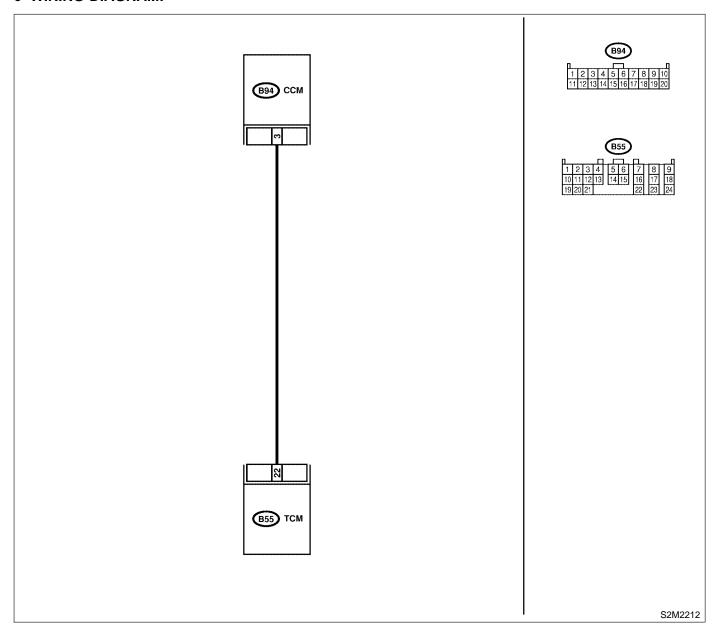
### CV: DTC P1701 — CRUISE CONTROL SET SIGNAL CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION FOR AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION — $_{5088521C29}$

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Two consecutive driving cycles with fault

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND CCM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and CCM.  3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and CCM connector.  Connector & terminal  (B55) No. 22 — (B94) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and CCM connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN TCM AND CCM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B55) No. 22 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and CCM connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.  1) Connect connector to TCM and CCM.  2) Lift-up the vehicle or set the vehicle on free rollers.  CAUTION:  On AWD models, raise all wheels off ground.  3) Start the engine.  4) Cruise control main switch to ON.  5) Move selector lever to "D" and slowly increase vehicle speed to 50 km/h (31 MPH).  6) Cruise control command switch to ON.  7) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B55) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the resistance less than 1 V?	Go to step 4.	Check cruise control command switch circuit. <ref. cc-10,="" command="" control="" cruise="" switch.="" to=""></ref.>
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in TCM connector.	Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

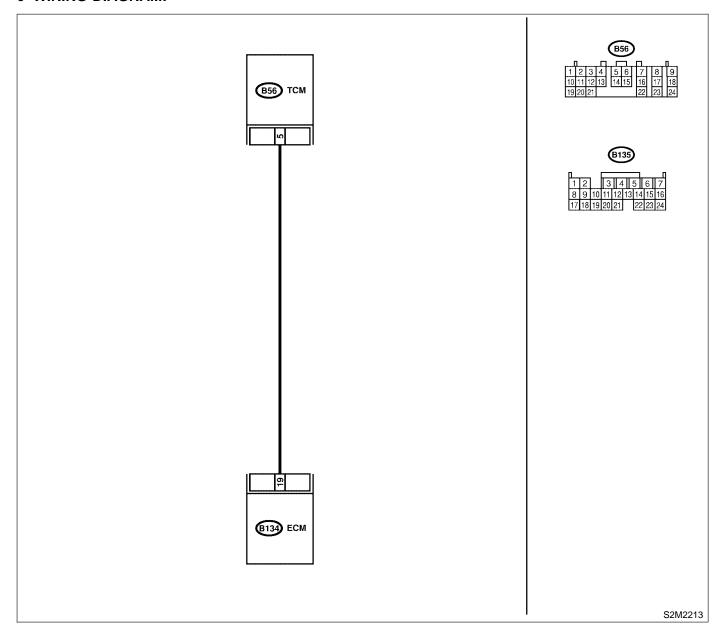
Engine (Diagnostics)

# CW: DTC P1711 — ENGINE TORQUE CONTROL SIGNAL 1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION — 5088521G17

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Excessive shift shock

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-49, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.>
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from ECM and TCM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and TCM connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — (B56) No. 5:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in TCM connector.	Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

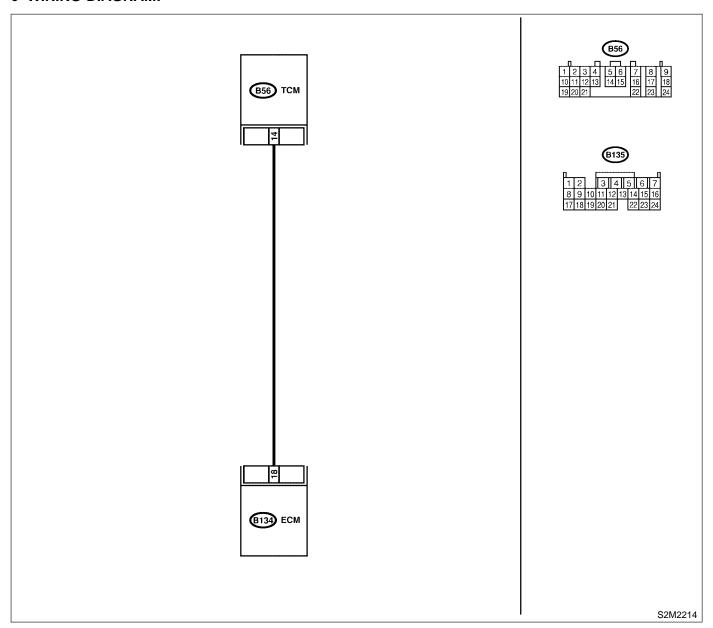
Engine (Diagnostics)

### CX: DTC P1712 — ENGINE TORQUE CONTROL SIGNAL 2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION — SOBBEZ 1G18

- DTC DETECTING CONDITION:
  - Two consecutive driving cycles with fault
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
  - Excessive shift shock

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, conduct Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-47, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(SOHC)-44, OPERATION, Inspection Mode.>.



No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Turn ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 4.5 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground  (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair battery short circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(DOHC TURBO)-49, Engine Control Module.&gt;</ref.>
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connectors from ECM and TCM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between ECM and TCM connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 18 — (B56) No. 14:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair open circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TCM CONNECTOR.  Measure resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 10 $\Omega$ ?	Repair ground short circuit in harness between ECM and TCM connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in TCM connector.	Is there poor contact in TCM connector?	Repair poor contact in TCM connector.	Replace TCM. <ref. at-48,<br="" to="">Transmission Control Module (TCM).&gt;</ref.>

### 19. General Diagnostic Table SOBBEST

### A: INSPECTION SOBB257A10

### 1. ENGINE S088257A1001

NOTE:

Malfunction of parts other than those listed is also possible. <Ref. to ME(DOHC TURBO)-91, Engine Trouble in General.>

Symptom	Problem parts
-	Il Idle air control solenoid valve
	2) Pressure sensor
	3) Mass air flow and intake temperature sensor
1. Engine stalls during idling.	4) Ignition parts (*1)
1. Engine stalls during falling.	5) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	6) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	7) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	8) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	1) Idle air control solenoid valve
	2) Pressure sensor
	Mass air flow and intake temperature sensor     Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	5) Ignition parts (*1)
	6) Air intake system (*5)
2. Rough idling	7) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	8) Throttle position sensor
	9) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	10) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	11) Oxygen sensor
	12) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
	1) Idle air control solenoid valve
	2) Engine coolant temperature sensor
3. Engine does not return to idle.	3) Accelerator cable (*6)
	Throttle position sensor     Pressure sensor
	6) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
	Pressure sensor
	Mass air flow and intake temperature sensor
	3) Throttle position sensor
	4) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	5) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
4. Poor acceleration	6) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	7) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	8) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	9) A/C switch and A/C cut relay
	10) Engine torque control signal circuit
	11) Ignition parts (*1)
	1) Pressure sensor
	<ul><li>2) Mass air flow and intake temperature sensor</li><li>3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)</li></ul>
	4) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
5. Engine stalls or engine sags or hesitates at	5) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
acceleration.	6) Purge control solenoid valve
	7) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	8) Throttle position sensor
	9) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay

Symptom	Problem parts
6. Surge	1) Pressure sensor
	2) Mass air flow and intake temperature sensor
	3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	4) Crankshaft position sensor (*3)
	5) Camshaft position sensor (*3)
	6) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	7) Throttle position sensor
	8) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
7. Spark knock	1) Pressure sensor
	2) Mass air flow and intake temperature sensor
	3) Engine coolant temperature sensor
	4) Knock sensor
	5) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	6) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
8. After burning in exhaust system	1) Pressure sensor
	2) Mass air flow and intake temperature sensor
	3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)
	4) Fuel injection parts (*4)
	5) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay

<sup>\*1:</sup> Check ignition coil & ignitor assembly and spark plug.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Indicate the symptom occurring only in cold temperatures.

<sup>\*3:</sup> Ensure the secure installation.
\*4: Check fuel injector, fuel pressure regulator and fuel filter.
\*5: Inspect air leak in air intake system.

<sup>\*6:</sup> Adjust accelerator cable.

### **GENERAL DIAGNOSTIC TABLE**

Engine (	(Diagnostics)
9	Diagnoonoo,

MEMO: