# AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION 3-2

#### Page DIAGNOSTICS Т Supplemental Restraint System "Airbag"......2 1. 2. 3. 4 5. 6. 7. Diagnostics for On-board Diagnostics Failed ......15 8. 9. 10.

## 1. Supplemental Restraint System "Airbag"

Airbag system wiring harness is routed near the transmission control module (TCM).

#### CAUTION:

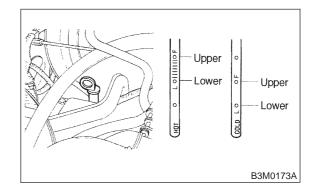
• All Airbag system wiring harness and connectors are colored yellow. Do not use electrical test equipment on these circuit.

• Be careful not to damage Airbag system wiring harness when performing diagnostics and servicing the TCM.

### 2. Pre-inspection

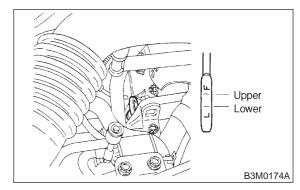
### A: ATF LEVEL

Make sure that ATF level is in the specification.



## B: FRONT DIFFERENTIAL OIL LEVEL

Make sure that front differential oil level is in the specification.



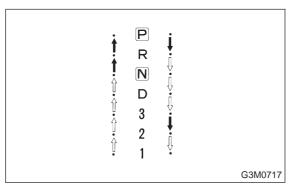
#### C: OPERATION OF SHIFT SELECTOR LEVER

#### WARNING:

Stop the engine while checking operation of selector lever.

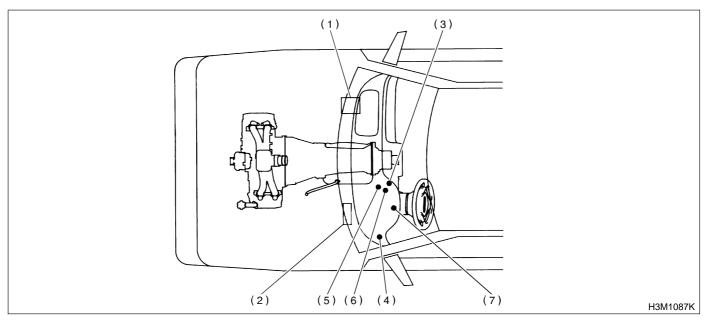
1) Check that selector lever does not move from

- "N" to "R" without pushing the button.
- 2) Check that selector lever does not move from
- "R" to "P" without pushing the button.
- 3) Check that selector lever does not move from
- "P" to "R" without pushing the button.
- 4) Check that selector lever does not move from
- "3" to "2" without pushing the button.



### 3. Electrical Components Location

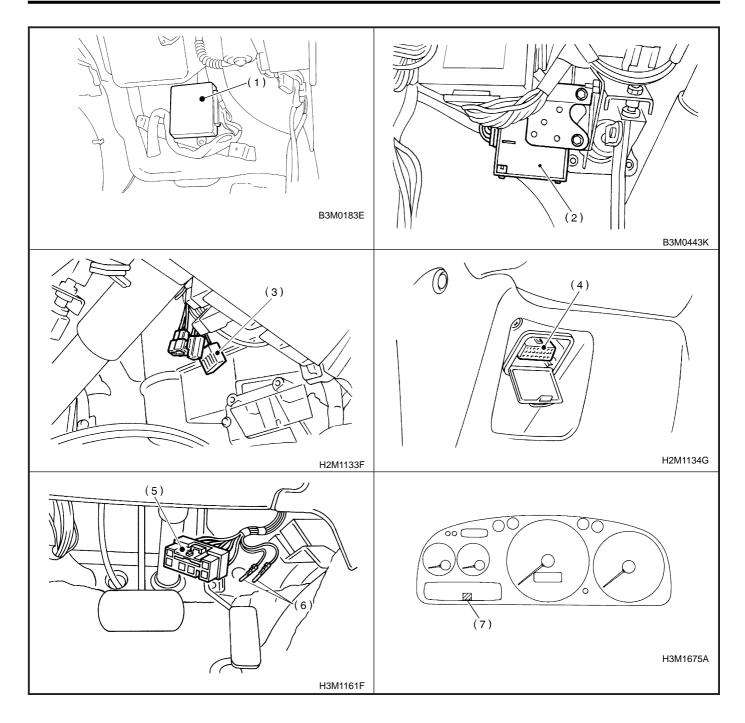
### A: MODULE



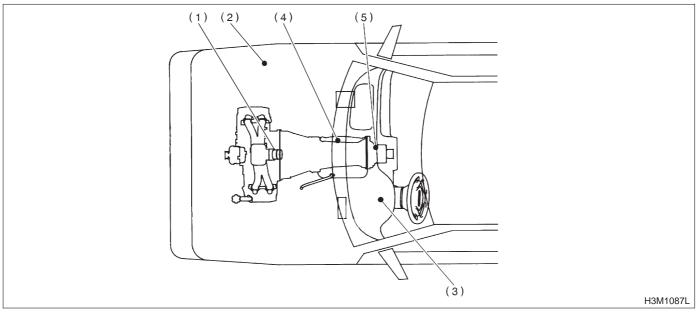
- (1) ECM
- (2) TCM
- (3) Data link connector (for Subaru select monitor only)
- (4) Data link connector (for Subaru select monitor and OBD-II general scan tool)
- (5) Diagnosis connector

- (6) Diagnosis terminal
- (7) AT OIL TEMP indicator light (AT diagnostic indicator light)

## **3-2 [T3A0]** AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL 3. Electrical Components Location



### **B: SENSOR**



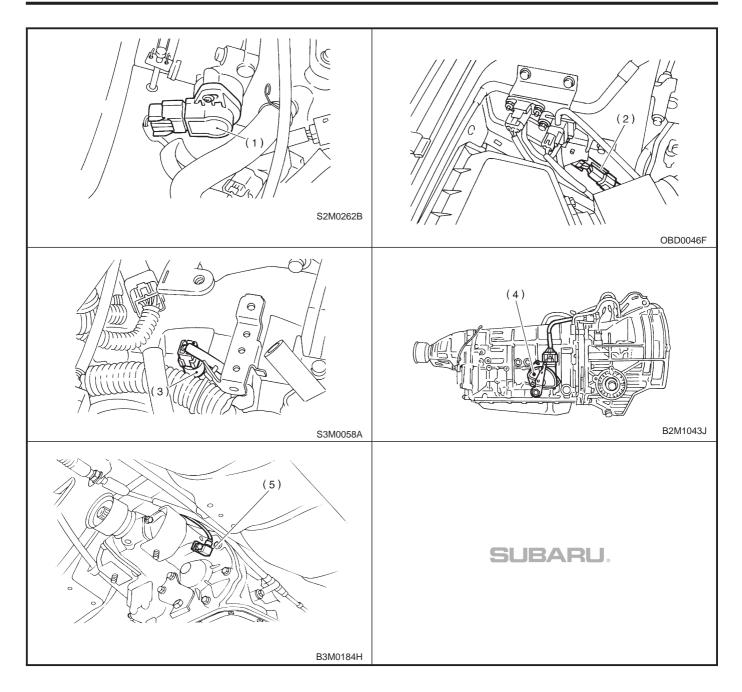
(1) Throttle position sensor Dropping resistor

(2)

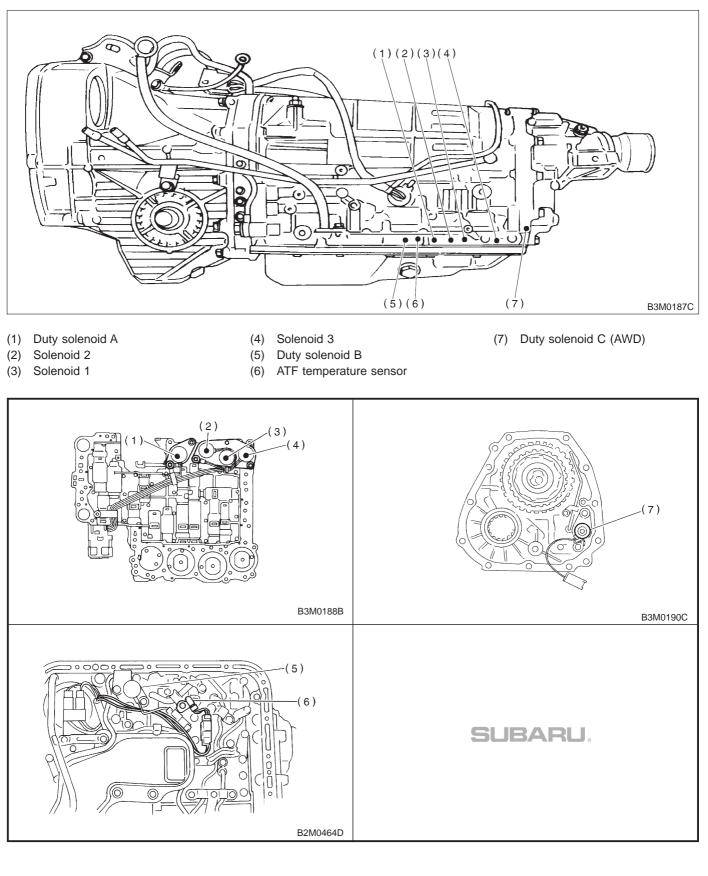
- (3) Vehicle speed sensor 2
- (4) Inhibitor switch

(5) Vehicle speed sensor 1

## **3-2 [T3B0]** AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL 3. Electrical Components Location

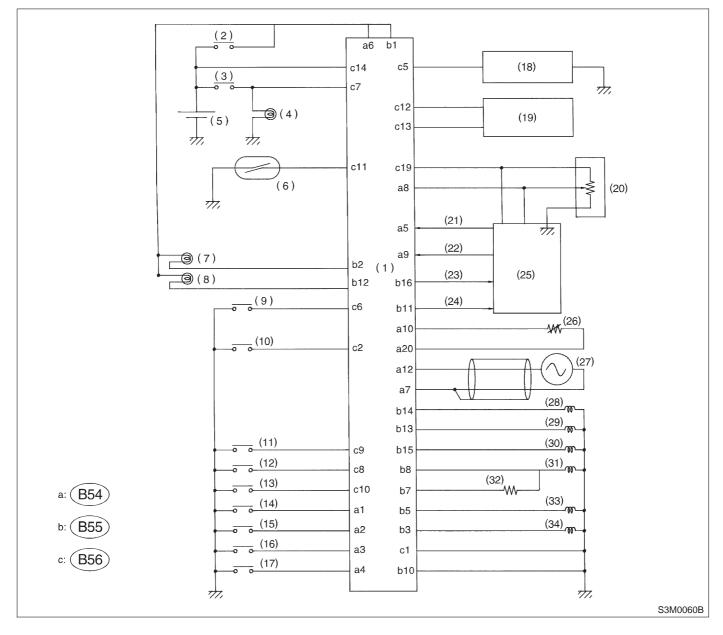


### C: SOLENOID



**3-2 [T400]** 4. Schematic AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL

### 4. Schematic



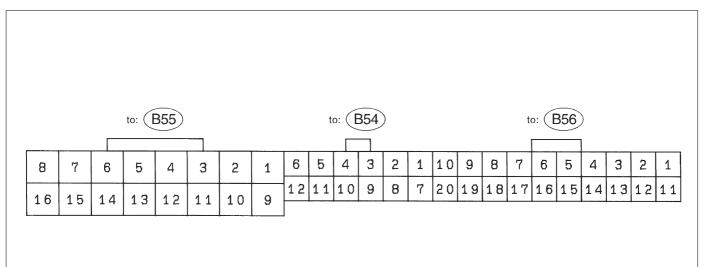
- (1) Transmission control module
- (2) Ignition switch
- (3) Brake switch
- (4) Brake light
- (5) Battery
- (6) Vehicle speed sensor 2
- (7) FWD indicator light
- (8) AT OIL TEMP indicator light
- (9) Diagnosis switch
- (10) FWD switch
- (11) "P" range switch
- (12) "R" range switch

- (13) "N" range switch
- (14) "D" range switch
- (15) "3" range switch
- (16) "2" range switch
- (17) "1" range switch
- (18) ABS control module
- (19) Data link connector
- (20) Throttle position sensor
- (21) Engine speed signal
- (22) Mass air flow signal
- (23) Torque control signal
- (24) AT diagnostics signal

- (25) Engine control module
- (26) ATF temperature sensor
- (27) Vehicle speed sensor 1
- (28) Shift solenoid 1
- (29) Shift solenoid 2
- (30) Shift solenoid 3
- (31) Duty solenoid A
- (32) Dropping resistor
- (33) Duty solenoid B
- (34) Duty solenoid C

5. Transmission Control Module (TCM) I/O Signal

### 5. Transmission Control Module (TCM) I/O Signal



S3M0061A

			Chec	k with ignition switch ON.		
Content		Connec- tor No.	Terminal No.	Measuring conditions	Voltage (V)	Resistance to body (ohms)
Back-up power supply		B56	14	Ignition switch OFF	10 — 16	_
Ignition power supply		B54 B55	6 1	Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF)	10 — 16	_
	"P" range switch	vitch B56	9	Select lever in "P" range Select lever in any other than "P" range (except "N"	Less than 1 More than 8	
				range) Select lever in "N" range	Less than 1	
	"N" range switch			Select lever in in range Select lever in any other than "N" range (except "P" range)	More than 8	
	"R" range switch	B56	10	Select lever in "R" range	Less than 1	
				Select lever in any other than "R" range	More than 6	
Inhibitor switch	"D" range switch	B54	1	Select lever in "D" range	Less than 1	
Switch				Select lever in any other than "D" range	More than 6	
	"3" range switch	B54	2	Select lever in "3" range	Less than 1	
				Select lever in any other than "3" range	More than 6	
	"2" range switch	B54	3	Select lever in "2" range	Less than 1	
				Select lever in any other than "2" range	More than 6	_
	"1" range switch	B54		Select lever in "1" range	Less than 1	
			4	Select lever in any other than "1" range	More than 6	
Diagnosis switch		ritch B56 6	6	Diagnosis connector con- nected	Less than 1	
			0	Diagnosis connector discon- nected	More than 6	

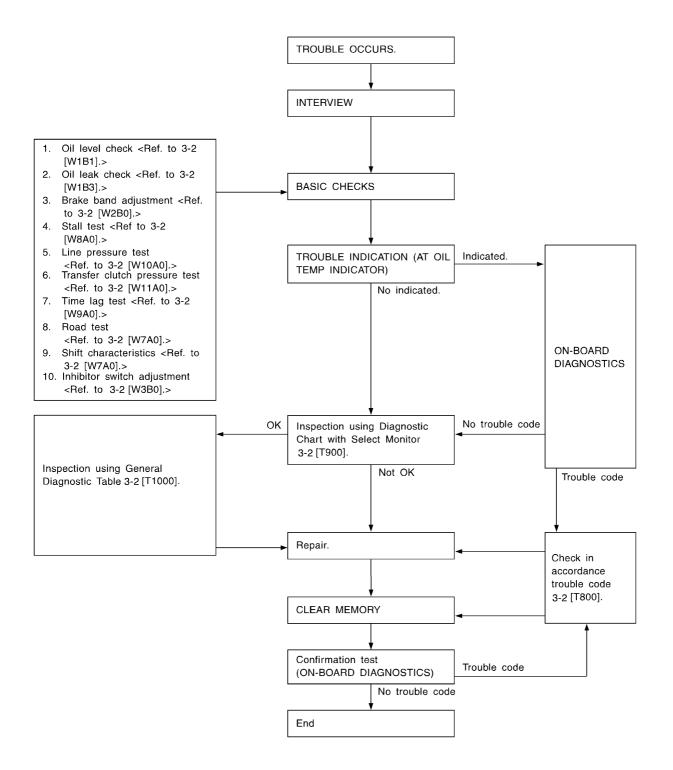
## **3-2 [T500]** AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL 5. Transmission Control Module (TCM) I/O Signal

		1	k with ignition switch ON.		D 1.	
Content Connec- tor No.		Terminal No.	Measuring conditions	Voltage (V)	Resistance to body (ohms)	
Droke ewitch	B56	7	Brake pedal depressed.	More than 10.5		
Brake switch			Brake pedal released.	Less than 1		
	B56	5	ABS switch ON	Less than 1		
ABS signal			ABS switch OFF	More than 6.5		
	B55	11	Ignition switch ON (With engine OFF)	Less than 1		
AT diagnostic signal			Ignition switch ON (With engine ON)	More than 10		
Throttle position concer	B54	8	Throttle fully closed.	0.5±0.2		
Throttle position sensor			Throttle fully open.	4.6±0.3		
Throttle position sensor power supply	B56	19	Ignition switch ON (With engine OFF)	5.05±0.25	_	
		10	ATF temperature 20°C (68°F)	3.45±0.55	2.1 — 2.9 k	
ATF temperature sensor	B54		ATF temperature 80°C (176°F)	1.2±0.2	272 — 374	
			Vehicle stopped.	0		
Vehicle speed sensor 1	B54	12	Vehicle speed at least 20 km/h (12 MPH)	More than 1 (AC range)	450 — 720	
Vehicle speed sensor 2	B56	11	When vehicle is slowly moved at least 2 meters (7ft).	Less than $1 \leftarrow \rightarrow More$ than 9	_	
	B54	5	Ignition switch ON (with engine OFF).	More than 10.5		
Engine speed signal			Ignition switch ON (with engine ON).	8 — 11		
	B56	3	When cruise control is set (SET lamp ON).	Less than 1		
Cruise set signal	600		When cruise control is not set (SET lamp OFF).	More than 6.5		
Torque control signal	B55	16	Ignition switch ON	5±1	_	
Mass air flow signal	B54	9	Engine idling after warm-up	0.5 — 1.2	—	
	DEE		1st or 4th gear	More than 9	- 20 - 32	
Shift solenoid 1	B55	14	2nd or 3rd gear	Less than 1		
			1st or 2nd gear	More than 9		
Shift solenoid 2	B55	13	3rd or 4th gear	Less than 1	20 — 32	
		15	Select lever in "N" range (with throttle fully closed).	Less than 1	20 — 32	
Shift solenoid 3	B55		Select lever in "D" range (with throttle fully closed).	More than 9		
<b>B</b>	B55	8	Throttle fully closed (with engine OFF) after warm-up.	1.5 — 4.0		
Duty solenoid A			Throttle fully open (with engine OFF) after warm-up.	Less than 1	2.0 — 4.5	
Dropping resistor	esistor B55	7	Throttle fully closed (with engine OFF) after warm-up.	More than 8.5	10 40	
Dropping resistor			Throttle fully open (with engine OFF) after warm-up.	Less than 1	12 — 18	
Duty colonoid P	DEF	E	When lock up occurs.	More than 8.5	0 47	
Duty solenoid B	B55	5	When lock up is released.	Less than 0.5	9 — 17	

Check with ignition switch ON.					
Content	Connec- tor No.	Terminal No.	Measuring conditions	Voltage (V)	Resistance to body (ohms)
	B55 3		Fuse on FWD switch	More than 8.5	
Duty solenoid C		3	Fuse removed from FWD switch (with throttle fully open and with select lever in 1st gear).	Less than 0.5	9 — 17
Sensor ground line 1	B54	7		0	Less than 1
Sensor ground line 2	B56	20		0	Less than 1
System ground line	B56	1		0	Less than 1
Power system ground line	B55	10	_	0	Less than 1
FWD switch	B56	2	Fuse removed. Fuse installed.	6 — 9.1 Less than 1	

### 6. Diagnostic Chart for On-board Diagnostics System

### A: BASIC DIAGNOSTICS PROCEDURE



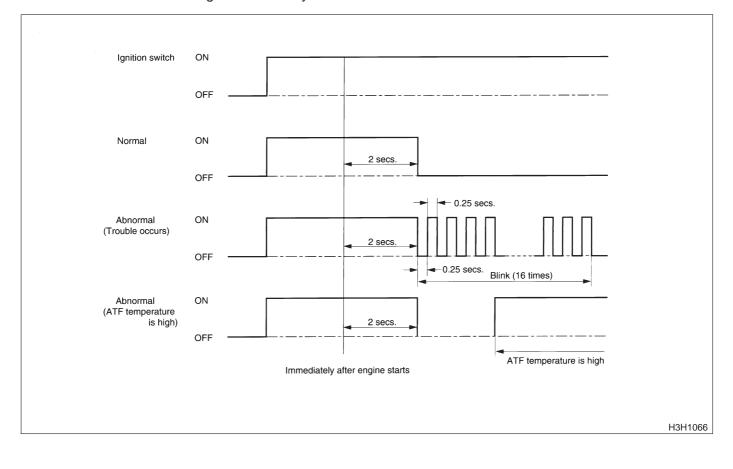
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## B: ABNORMAL DISPLAY ON AT OIL TEMP INDICATOR

When any on-board diagnostics item is malfunctioning, the display on the AT OIL TEMP indicator blinks immediately after the engine starts. The malfunctioning part or unit can be determined by a trouble code during on-board diagnostics operation. Problems which occurred previously can also be identified through the memory function. If the AT OIL TEMP indicator does not show a problem (although a problem is occurring), the problem can be determined by checking the performance characteristics of each sensor using the select monitor. Indicator signal is as shown in the figure.

#### WARNING:

Warning can be noticed only when the engine is initially started.



6. Diagnostic Chart for On-board Diagnostics System

### **C: ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTICS**

Warm-up the engine.			
↓ Turn ignition switch OFF.			
·			
Turn ignition switch ON.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Νο		
Check if indicator light comes ON.	Faulty indicator light circuit or TCM		
v Yes	OT TOM		
Drive vehicle at speeds greater than 20 km/h (12 MPH).			
Stop vehicle at id	gnition switch OFF.		
Existing problem, check procedure.	Previous problem history check procedure.		
Move select lever to "D" and connect diagnosis switch to ON.***	Move select lever to "1" and connect diagnosis switch to ON.***		
↓	↓ 		
Turn ignition switch ON.	Turn ignition switch ON.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Move select lever to "3".	Move select lever to "2".		
•			
Move select lever to "2".	Move select lever to "3".		
Move select lever to "1".	₩ Move select lever to "D".		
Partially depress accelerator pedal.	Partially depress accelerator pedal.		
	L		
Ensure indica	tor light blinks.		
Indicator light blinks at 4-Hz intervals.*Indicator light blinks at 2-Hz intervals.**	Trouble code is outputted. Indicator light remains illuminated.		
Faulty battery Normal	Check problem Check inhibitor switch,		
	corresponding with trouble diagnosis switch, wiring, code. TCM, etc.		
↓ ↓			
Disconnect diagnos	sis switch to OFF.		

\* : Blinks every 0.125 (1/8) seconds (until ignition switch is turned OFF).

\*\* : Blinks every 0.25 (1/4) seconds (until ignition switch is turned OFF).

\*\*\*: Plug in diagnosis terminal to diagnosis connector No.5 located below instrument lower cover.

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### 7. Diagnostics for On-board Diagnostics Failed

### A: AT OIL TEMP INDICATOR LIGHT

#### DIAGNOSIS:

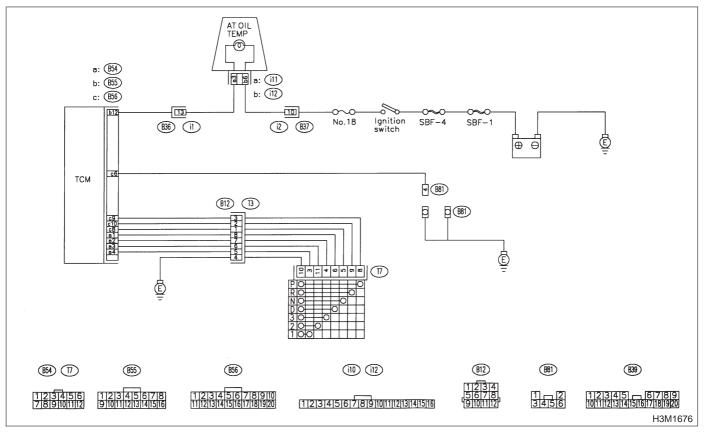
• The AT OIL TEMP indicator light circuit is open or shorted.

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

 When ignition switch is turned to ON (engine OFF), AT OIL TEMP indicator light does not illuminate. ..... TROUBLE 1

When on-board diagnostics is performed, AT OIL TEMP indicator light remains illuminated. ..... TROUBLE

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



#### 7A1 : CHECK AT OIL TEMP INDICATOR LIGHT.

Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

- CHECK : Does AT OIL TEMP indicator light illuminate?
- **YES** : Go to step **7A2**.
- **ND** : Go to step **7A3**.

## 7A2 : CHECK AT OIL TEMP INDICATOR LIGHT.

Perform on-board diagnostics. <Ref. to 3-2 [T6C0].>

- CHECK : Does AT OIL TEMP indicator light blink?
- **YES** : A temporary poor contact of the connector or harness may be the cause. Repair harness or connector in TCM, inhibitor switch and combination meter.
- **NO** : Go to step **7A8**.

### 3-2 [T7A3] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL

7. Diagnostics for On-board Diagnostics Failed

#### 7A3 : CHECK FUSE (NO. 18).

Remove fuse (No. 18).

#### CHECK) : Is the fuse (No. 18) blown out?

- Replace fuse (No. 18). If replaced fuse (No. 18) is blown out easily, repair short circuit in harness between fuse (No. 18) and combination meter.
- **NO** : Go to step **7A4**.

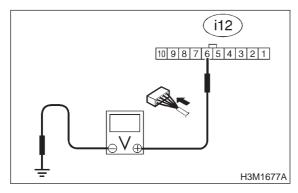
#### 7A4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN COMBINATION METER AND IGNITION SWITCH.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove combination meter.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

4) Measure voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal

```
(i12) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (–):
```



CHECK : YES :

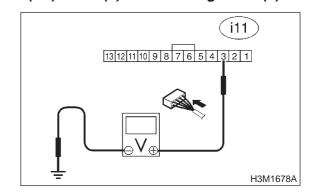
#### : Is voltage more than 10 V?

- : Go to step **7A5**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between combination meter and fuse.

#### 7A5 : CHECK COMBINATION METER.

Measure voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal (i11) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):



- CHECK) : Is voltage less than 1 V?
- **YES** : Go to step **7A6**.
- **NO** : Replace bulb or combination meter.

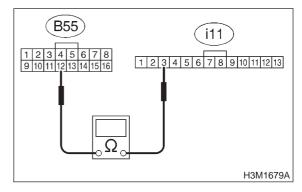
7A6 : CHECK OPEN CIRCUIT OF HAR-NESS.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connector from TCM and combination meter connector.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and combination meter.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 12 — (i11) No. 3:



CHECK

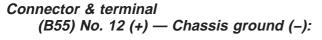
- $\Xi$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **7A7**.
- NO: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and combination meter, and poor contact in coupling connector.

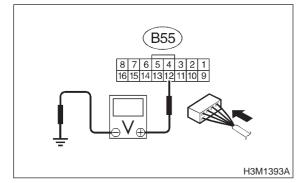
#### 7A7 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Connect connector to TCM and combination meter.

- 3) Install combination meter.
- 4) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 5) Measure voltage between TCM connector and chassis ground.





CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V?

- Even if AT OIL TEMP indicator lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector or harness may be the cause. Repair harness or connector in TCM.
- ο : Replace TCM.

#### 7A8 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.

- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.
- 4) Subaru Select Monitor to ON.
- 5) Read data on Subaru Select Monitor.
- Range switch is indicated in ON  $\Leftrightarrow$  OFF.

**CHECK** : When each range is selected, does LED of Subaru Select Monitor light up?

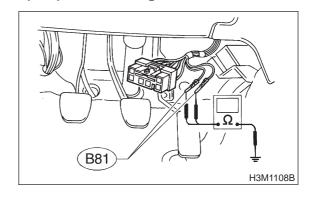
- **YES** : Go to step **7A9**.
- : Check inhibitor switch circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9T0].>

#### 7A9 : CHECK DIAGNOSIS SWITCH GROUND LINE.

Measure resistance of harness connector between diagnosis switch terminal and chassis ground.

#### Terminal

(B81) — Chassis ground:



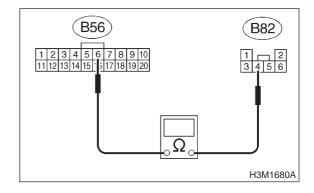
- CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **7A10**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between diagnosis switch and chassis ground.

#### 7A10 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND DIAGNOSIS SWITCH.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connector from TCM.

3) Measure resistance of harness connector between TCM and diagnosis switch.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 6 — (B82) No. 4:



(CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

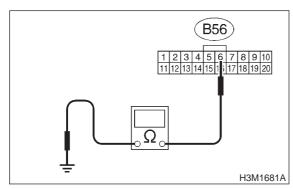
- **YES** : Go to step **7A11**.
- NO: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and diagnosis switch.

#### 7A11 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND DIAGNOSIS SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness connector between TCM and diagnosis switch.

### Connector & terminal

(B56) No. 6 — Chassis ground:



### CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

: Go to step 7A12.

YES

CHECK

YES

 Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and diagnosis switch.

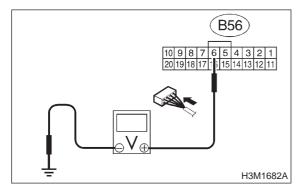
#### 7A12 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Connect connector to TCM.
- 2) Turn ignition switch to ON (with engine OFF).
- 3) Measure signal voltage for TCM while discon-

necting the diagnosis terminal to diagnosis connector.

#### Connector & terminal

#### (B56) No. 6 — Chassis ground:



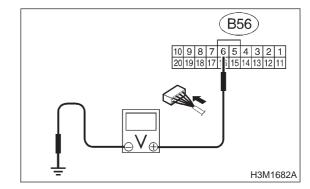
- : Is the voltage more than 6 V?
- : Go to step **7A13**.
- : Repair poor contact in TCM.

#### 7A13 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure signal voltage for TCM while connecting the diagnosis terminal to diagnosis connector.

#### Connector & terminal





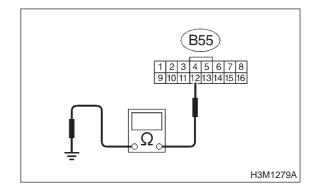
- **CHECK)** : Is the voltage less than 1 V?
- **YES** : Go to step **7A14**.
- : Repair poor contact in diagnosis switch.

7A14 : CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT OF HAR-NESS.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connector from TCM.
- 3) Remove combination meter.
- 4) Disconnect connector from combination meter.
- 5) Measure resistance of harness connector

between TCM and combination meter.

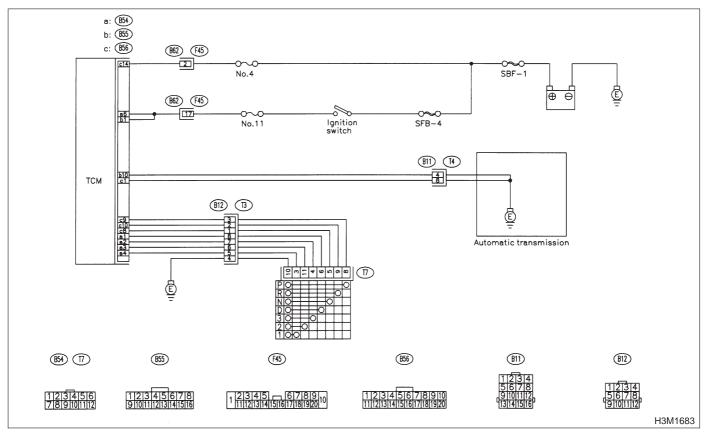
#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 12 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK
- : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Replace TCM.
- Repair short circuit in harness between combination meter connector and TCM connector.

**B: CONTROL MODULE POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND LINE** 

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

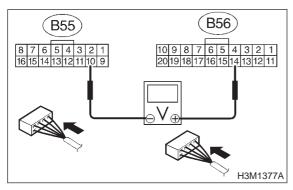


## 7B1 : CHECK BACK-UP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Measure back-up power supply voltage between TCM connector terminal.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 14 (+) — (B55) No. 10 (-):



NO

- : Is the voltage more than 10 V?
- ; Go to step 7B2.
- : Repair harness of back-up power supply circuit.

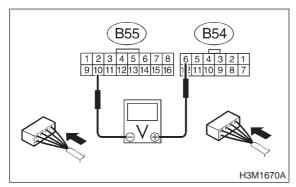
#### 7B2 : CHECK POOR CONTACT IN TCM.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in TCM?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Go to step **7B3**.

7. Diagnostics for On-board Diagnostics Failed

## 7B3 : CHECK IGNITION POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT.

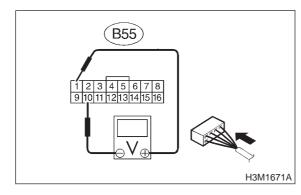
- 1) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 2) Measure ignition power supply voltage between TCM connector terminal.
- Connector & terminal (B54) No. 6 (+) — (B55) No. 10 (–):



- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 10 V?
- Sector Step 7B4.
- Repair harness of ignition power supply circuit.

## 7B4 : CHECK IGNITION POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 2) Measure ignition power supply voltage between TCM connector terminal.
- Connector & terminal (B55) No. 1 (+) — No. 10 (-):



- CHECK) : Is the voltage more than 10 V?
- YES : Go to step 7B5.
- : Repair harness of ignition power supply circuit.

#### 7B5 : CHECK POOR CONTACT IN TCM.

#### **CHECK** : Is there poor contact in TCM?

- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Go to step **7B6**.

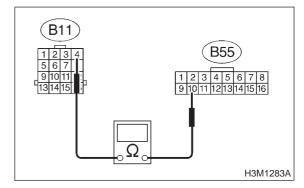
#### 7B6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connector from TCM and transmission.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — (B11) No. 4:



NO

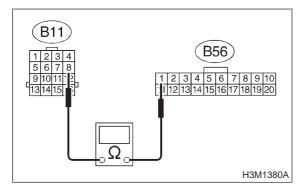
- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 7B7.
- : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission.

#### 7B7: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 1 — (B11) No. 8:



#### (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?

: Go to step 7B8.

YES

NO

CHECK

YES

NO

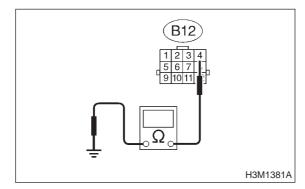
: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission.

#### 7B8 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN INHIBITOR SWITCH AND CHASSIS GROUND.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connector from inhibitor switch.
- 3) Measure resistance of harness between inhibitor switch and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal





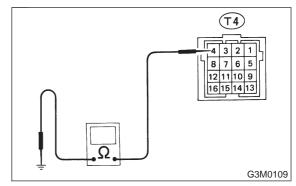
- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 7B9.
- : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission.

#### 7B9 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND TRANSMISSION GROUND.

- 1) Drain automatic transmission fluid.
- 2) Remove oil pan.

3) Measure resistance of harness between transmission and transmission ground.

#### Connector & terminal (T4) No. 4 — Transmission ground:



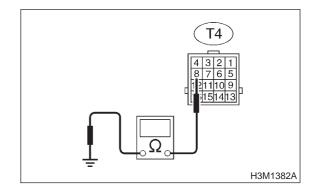
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **7B9**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between transmission and transmission ground.

#### 7B10 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND TRANSMISSION GROUND.

Measure resistance of harness between transmission and transmission ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(T4) No. 8 — Transmission ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Repair transmission ground terminal.
  - Repair open circuit in harness between transmission and transmission ground.

YES

### 8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

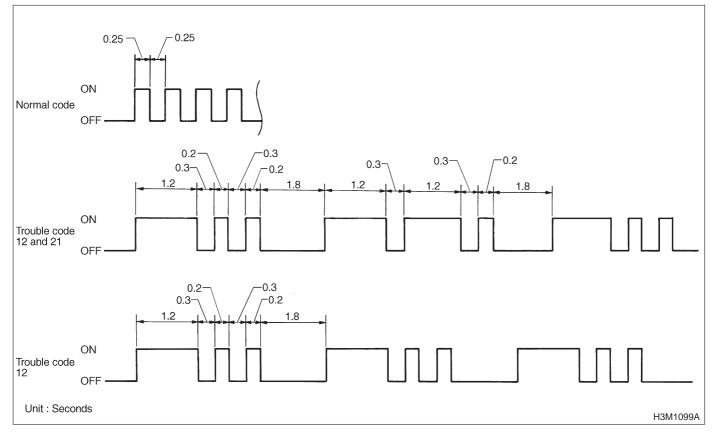
### A: LIST OF TROUBLE CODE

#### 1. TROUBLE CODE

Trouble code	Item	Content of diagnosis	Title index No.
11	Duty solenoid A	Detects open or shorted drive circuit, as well as valve seizure.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8c0].="" to=""></ref.>
12	Duty solenoid B	Detects open or shorted drive circuit, as well as valve seizure.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8d0].="" to=""></ref.>
13	Shift solenoid 3	Detects open or shorted drive circuit, as well as valve seizure.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8e0].="" to=""></ref.>
14	Shift solenoid 2	Detects open or shorted drive circuit, as well as valve seizure.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8f0].="" to=""></ref.>
15	Shift solenoid 1	Detects open or shorted drive circuit, as well as valve seizure.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8g0].="" to=""></ref.>
21	ATF temperature sensor	Detects open or shorted input signal cir- cuit.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8h0].="" to=""></ref.>
22	Mass air flow signal	Detects open or shorted input signal cir- cuit.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8i0].="" to=""></ref.>
23	Engine speed signal	Detects open or shorted input signal cir- cuit.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8j0].="" to=""></ref.>
24	Duty solenoid C	Detects open or shorted drive circuit, as well as valve seizure.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8k0].="" to=""></ref.>
25	Torque control signal	Detects open or shorted input signal cir- cuit.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8l0].="" to=""></ref.>
31	Throttle position sensor	Detects open or shorted input signal cir- cuit.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8m0].="" to=""></ref.>
32	Vehicle speed sensor 1	Detects open or shorted input signal cir- cuit.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8n0].="" to=""></ref.>
33	Vehicle speed sensor 2	Detects open or shorted input signal cir- cuit.	<ref. 3-2="" [t8o0].="" to=""></ref.>

#### 2. HOW TO READ TROUBLE CODE OF INDICATOR LIGHT

The AT OIL TEMP indicator light flashes the code corresponding to the faulty part. The long segment (1.2 sec on) indicates a "ten", and the short segment (0.2 sec on) signifies a "one".



### **B: CLEAR MEMORY**

Current trouble codes shown on the display are cleared by turning the ignition switch OFF after conducting on-board diagnostics operation. Previous trouble codes, however, cannot be cleared since they are stored in the TCM memory which is operating on the back-up power supply. These trouble codes can be cleared by removing the specified fuse (Main fuse box).

#### CLEAR MEMORY:

Removal of No. 4 fuse (for at least one minute)

• The No. 4 fuse is located in the line to the memory back-up power supply of the TCM and ECM (MFI). Removal of this fuse clears the previous trouble codes stored in the TCM memory.

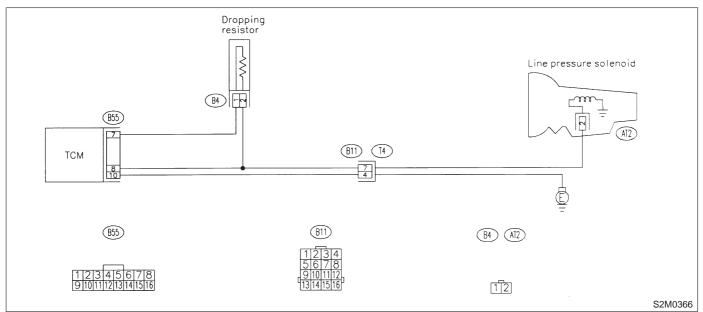
• Be sure to remove the No. 4 fuse for at least the specified length of time. Otherwise, trouble codes may not be cleared.

### C: TROUBLE CODE 11 — DUTY SOLENOID A —

#### **DIAGNOSIS:**

Output signal circuit of duty solenoid A or resistor is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** Excessive shift shock.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



#### 8C1 : CHECK RESISTOR.

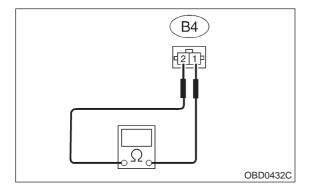
- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connector from dropping resistor.

3) Measure resistance between dropping resistor terminal.

#### Terminals

NO

(B4) No. 1 — No. 2:



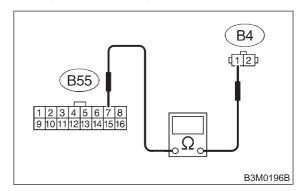
- CHECK : Is the resistance between 9 and 15  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step 8C2.
  - : Replace dropping resistor.

#### 8C2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND DROPPING RESISTOR.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and dropping resistor connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 7 — (B4) No. 1:



(CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

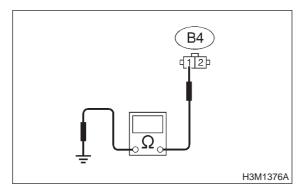
- **YES** : Go to step **8C3**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and dropping resistor connector.

#### 8C3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND DROPPING RESISTOR.

Measure resistance of harness between dropping resistor connector and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal

(B4) No. 1 — Chassis ground:





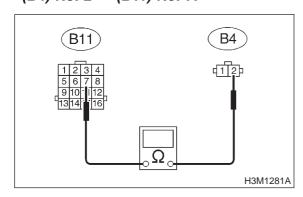
- $_{
  m ack}$  : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8C4.
  - : Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and dropping resistor connector.

#### 8C4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND DROPPING RESISTOR.

- 1) Remove air intake chamber.
- 2) Disconnect connector from transmission.

3) Measure resistance of harness between transmission and dropping resistor connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B4) No. 2 — (B11) No. 7:



- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 8C5.

CHECK)

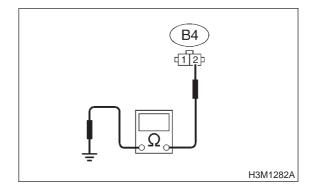
YES

 Repair open circuit in harness between dropping resistor and transmission connector.

#### 8C5 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND DROPPING RESISTOR.

Measure resistance of harness between dropping resistor connector and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal (B4) No. 2 — Chassis ground:

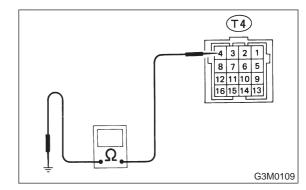


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8C6**.
- **NO** : Repair short circuit in harness between dropping resistor and transmission connector.

## 8C6 : CHECK DUTY SOLENOID A GROUND LINE.

Measure resistance between transmission connector and transmission ground.

#### Connector & terminal (T4) No. 4 — Transmission ground:



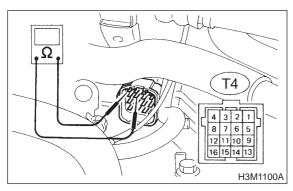
- (CHECK)  $\therefore$  Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- Sector Step 8C7.
- Repair open circuit in transmission harness.

8C7: CHECK DUTY SOLENOID A.

Measure resistance between transmission connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminal

(T4) No. 7 — No. 4:

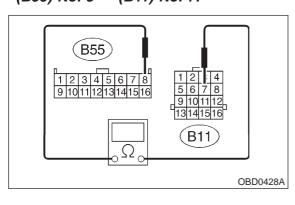


- CHECK : Is the resistance between 1.5 and 4.5  $\Omega$ ?
- (YES) : Go to step 8C8.
- **NO**: Go to step **8C20**.

8C8 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 8 — (B11) No. 7:



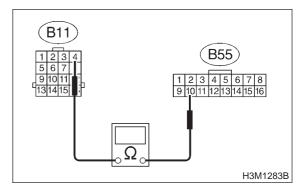


- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 8C9.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8C9: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — (B11) No. 4:

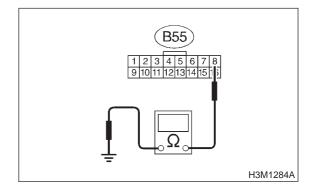


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8C10**.
- **NO** : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8C10 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND CHASSIS GROUND.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 8 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8C11**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8C11 : PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

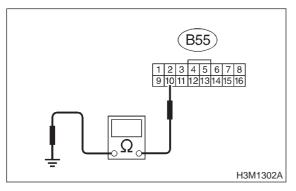
- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- **YES** : Go to step **8C17**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8C12**.

#### 8C12 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND CHASSIS GROUND.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

#### (B55) No. 10 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK YES NO
- $\kappa$  : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8C13.
  - : Repair short circuit harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8C13 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

1) Connect connectors to TCM, transmission and dropping resistor.

2) Start the engine and warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

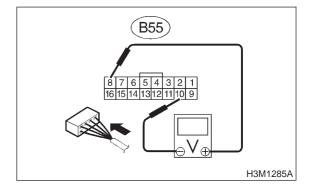
#### NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 4) Move selector lever to "N".

5) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminal.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 8 (+) — No. 10 (-):

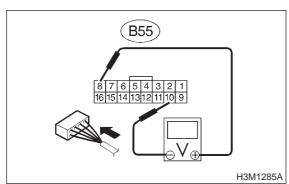


- CHECK : Is the voltage between 1.5 and 4.0 V with throttle fully closed?
- **YES** : Go to step **8C14**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8C19**.

## 8C14 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM connector terminal.

Connector & terminal (B55) No. 8 (+) — No. 10 (-):

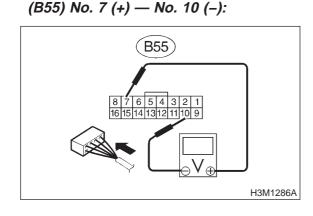


- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V with throttle fully open?
   YES : Go to step 8C15.
  - **NO** : Go to step **8C19**.

8C15 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM connector terminal.

#### Connector & terminal



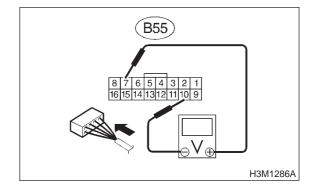
CHECK : Is the voltage more than 8.5 V with throttle fully closed?

- **YES** : Go to step **8C16**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8C19**.

#### 8C16 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM connector terminal.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 7 (+) — No. 10 (–):



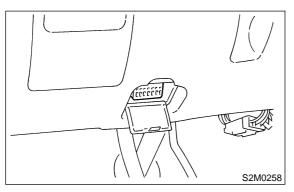
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V with throttle fully open?
- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in TCM.

**NO** : Go to step **8C19**.

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

#### 8C17 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
 Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



3) Start the engine, and turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

4) Warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

5) Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

6) Move selector lever to "N".

7) Read data of duty solenoid A using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Line pressure duty is indicated in "%".

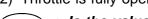
8) Throttle is fully closed.

(CHECK) : Is the value 100%?

- **YES**: Go to step **8C18**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8C19**.

#### 8C18 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

Turn ignition switch to ON (Engine OFF).
 Throttle is fully open.



- CHECK) : Is the value between 10 and 20%?
  - Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in TCM.
- NO
- : Go to step 8C19.

#### 8C19: CHECK POOR CONTACT.

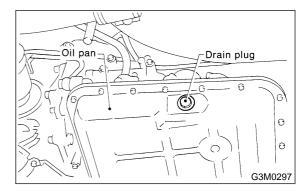
- CHECK : Is there poor contact in duty solenoid A circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- по : Replace TCM.

## 8C20 : CHECK DUTY SOLENOID A (IN TRANSMISSION).

- 1) Remove transmission connector from bracket.
- 2) Drain automatic transmission fluid.

#### CAUTION:

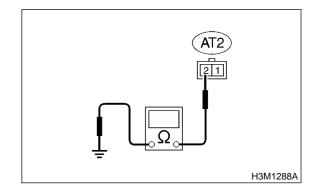
Do not drain the automatic transmission fluid until it cools down.



3) Remove oil pan, and disconnect connector from duty solenoid A.

4) Measure resistance between duty solenoid A connector and transmission ground.

Connector & terminal (AT2) No. 2 — Transmission ground:



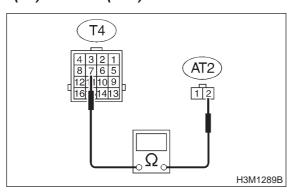
CHECK : Is the resistance between 1.5 and 4.5  $\Omega$ ?

- **YES** : Go to step **8C21**.
- NO: Replace duty solenoid A.

#### 8C21 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND DUTY SOLENOID A.

Measure resistance of harness between duty solenoid A and transmission connector.

```
Connector & terminal
(T4) No. 7 — (AT2) No. 2:
```

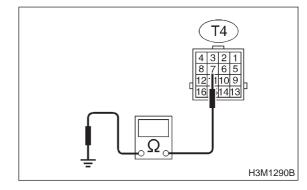


- CHECK YES NO
- $\hat{\kappa}$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8C22.
  - : Repair open circuit in harness between duty solenoid A and transmission connector.

#### 8C22 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND DUTY SOLENOID A.

Measure resistance of harness between transmission connector and transmission ground.

#### Connector & terminal (T4) No. 7 — Transmission ground:



Снеск) : *Is* 

: Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector or harness may be the cause. Repair harness or connector in duty solenoid A and transmission connector.
- Repair short circuit in harness between duty solenoid A and transmission connector.

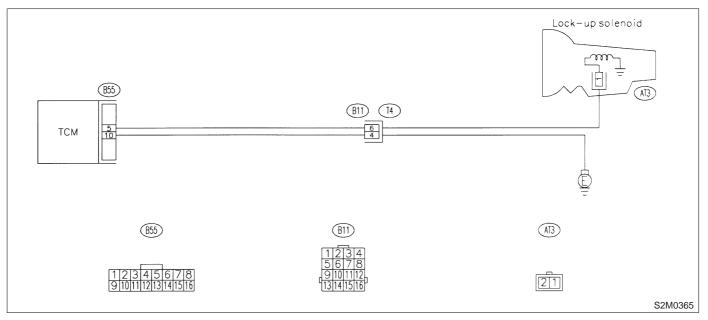
MEMO:

### D: TROUBLE CODE 12 — DUTY SOLENOID B —

#### **DIAGNOSIS:**

Output signal circuit of duty solenoid B is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** No "lock-up" (after engine warm-up).

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



#### CHECK TROUBLE CODE. 8D1:

#### : Do multiple trouble codes appear in CHECK the on-board diagnostics test mode?

- : Go to another trouble code. YES
  - : Go to step 8D2.

NO

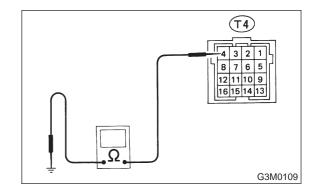
#### CHECK DUTY SOLENOID B GROUND 8D2: LINE.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.
- 3) Disconnect connector from transmission.

4) Measure resistance between transmission connector receptacle's terminals.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(T4) No. 4 — Chassis ground:



CHECK (YES)

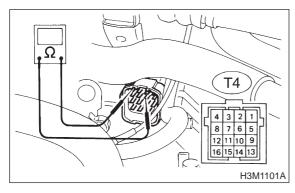
- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 8D3.
- : Repair open circuit in transmission har-NO ness.

#### 8D3: CHECK DUTY SOLENOID B.

Measure resistance between transmission connector receptacle's terminals.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(T4) No. 6 — No. 4:



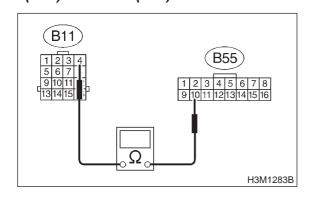
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 8D4.
- **NO** : Go to step **8D14**.

#### 8D4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — (B11) No. 4:





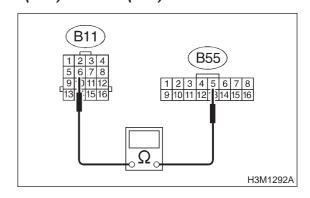
#### : Is the resistance than 1 $\Omega$ ?

- : Go to step 8D5.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8D5 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness connector between TCM and transmission.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 5 — (B11) No. 6:

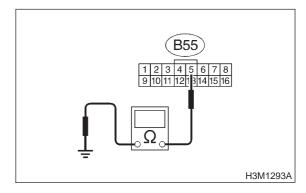


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8D6**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8D6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness connector between TCM and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 5 — Chassis ground:

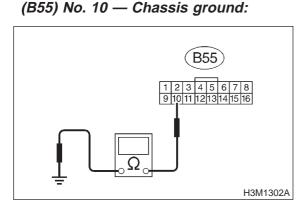


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8D7**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8D7 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness connector between TCM and chassis ground.

### Connector & terminal



#### **CHECK** : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

- YES : Go to step 8D8.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8D8 : PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- **YES** : Go to step **8D11**.
- . Go to step **8D9**.

#### 8D9 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.
- 3) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

#### CAUTION:

#### Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

4) Start the engine and warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

#### NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

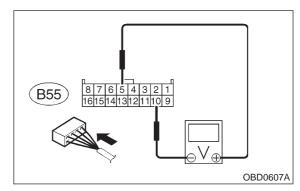
5) Move selector lever to "D" and slowly increase vehicle speed to 75 km/h (47 MPH). Wheels will lock-up.

NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

6) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 5 (+) — No. 10 (-):



(CHECK) : Is the voltage more than 8.5 V?

- **YES** : Go to step **8D10**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8D13**.

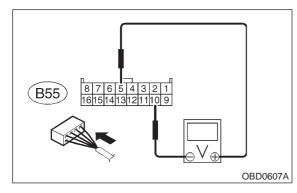
#### 8D10 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

1) Return the engine to idling speed and move selector lever to "N".

2) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(B55) No. 5 (+) — No. 10 (-):





#### : Is the voltage less than 0.5 V?

- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in TCM.
- **NO**: Go to step **8D13**.

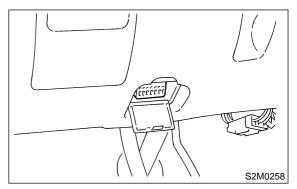
#### 8D11 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.
- 3) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

#### CAUTION:

#### Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

4) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



5) Start the engine, and turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

6) Start the engine and warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

#### NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

7) Read data of duty solenoid B using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Lock-up duty is indicated in "%".

8) Move selector lever to "D" and slowly increase vehicle speed to 75 km/h (47 MPH). Wheels will lock-up.

#### NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

CHECK) : Is the value 95%?

- **FES** : Go to step **8D12**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8D13**.

8D12 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

Return the engine to idling speed and move selector lever to "N".

NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

#### CHECK) : Is the value 5%?

- EVEN if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in TCM.
- **NO** : Go to step **8D13**.

#### 8D13 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

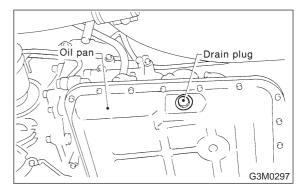
- CHECK : Is there poor contact in duty solenoid B circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- NO : Replace TCM.

## 8D14 : CHECK DUTY SOLENOID B (IN TRANSMISSION).

- 1) Remove transmission connector from bracket.
- 2) Drain automatic transmission fluid.

#### CAUTION:

Do not drain the automatic transmission fluid until it cools down.

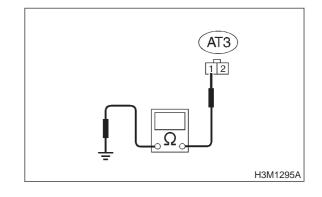


3) Remove oil pan, and disconnect connector from duty solenoid B.

4) Measure resistance between duty solenoid B connector and transmission ground.

#### Connector & terminal

(AT3) No. 1 — Transmission ground:



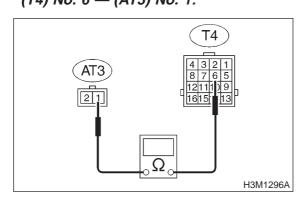
CHECK : Is the resistance between 9 and 17  $\Omega$ ?

- **YES** : Go to step **8D15**.
- : Replace duty solenoid B.

#### 8D15 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN DUTY SOLENOID B AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between duty solenoid B and transmission connector.

Connector & terminal (T4) No. 6 — (AT3) No. 1:



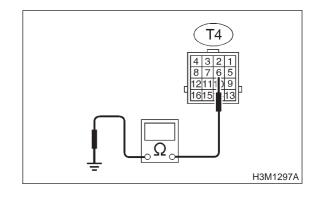
- CHECK YES NO
  - i Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?
    : Go to step 8D16.
  - : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8D16 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN DUTY SOLENOID B AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between transmission connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal

<sup>(</sup>T4) No. 6 — Transmission ground:





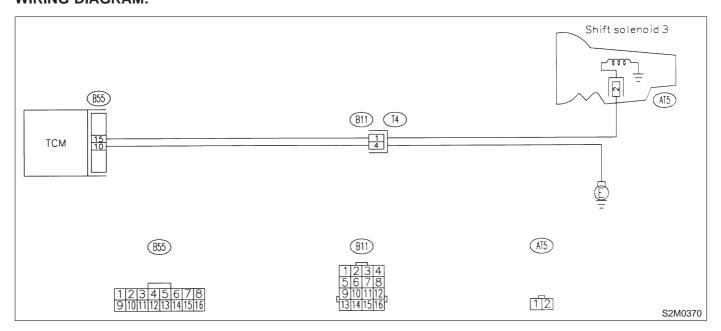
## $_{0}$ : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in duty solenoid B and transmission.
- NO: Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

E: TROUBLE CODE 13 — SHIFT SOLENOID 3 —

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

Output signal circuit of shift solenoid 3 is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** Ineffective engine brake with shift lever in "3". **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 



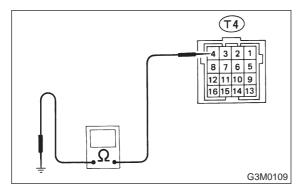
## 8E1 : CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 3 GROUND LINE.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.
- 3) Disconnect connector from transmission.

4) Measure resistance between transmission connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal





 $\Omega$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

: Go to step 8E2.

CHECK

YES

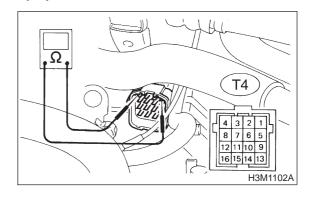
NO

: Repair open circuit in transmission harness.

## 8E2 : CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 3.

Measure resistance between transmission connector terminals.

Connector & terminal (T4) No. 1 — No. 4:



CHECK : Is the resistance between 20 and 32  $\Omega$ ?

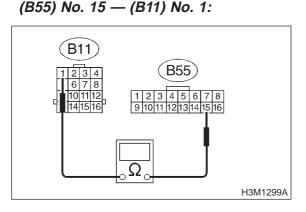
- (YES) : Go to step 8E3.
- **NO** : Go to step **8E10**.

#### 8E3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## Connector & terminal



- $\widehat{\mathbf{CHECK}}$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 8E4.

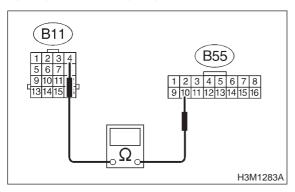
NO

: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8E4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — (B11) No. 4:



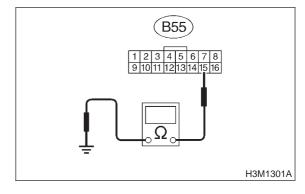


- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 8E5.
  - : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8E5 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 15 — Chassis ground:

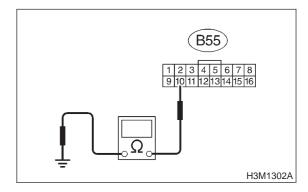


- CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8E6**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8E6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8E7**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

8E7 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Lift-up or raise the vehicle and support with safety stand.

## CAUTION:

## Raise all wheels off ground.

4) Start the engine and warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

## NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

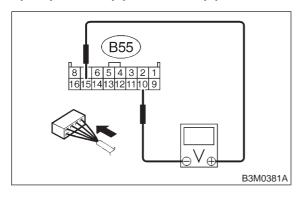
5) Move selector lever to "2", and slowly increase vehicle speed to 35 km/h (22 MPH).

## NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

6) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 15 (+) — No. 10 (-):



- : Is the voltage less than 1 V?
- YES: : Go to step 8E8.
- NO: Go to step 8E9.

CHECK)

## 8E8 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

1) Move selector lever to "D", and slowly increase vehicle speed to 65 km/h (41 MPH).

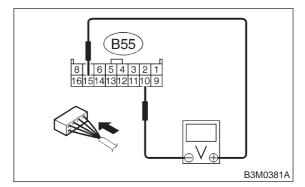
### NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

2) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

## Connector & terminal

(B55) No. 15 (+) — No. 10 (-):



- CHECK
- : Is the voltage more than 10 V?
- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and contact in the TCM.
- **NO**: Go to step **8E9**.

8E9 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in shift solenoid 3 circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- : Replace TCM.

# 8E10 : CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 3 (IN TRANSMISSION).

 Remove transmission connector from bracket.
 Lift-up or raise the vehicle and support with safety stand.

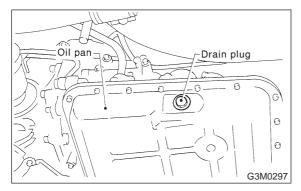
## CAUTION:

## Raise all wheels off ground.

3) Drain automatic transmission fluid.

## CAUTION:

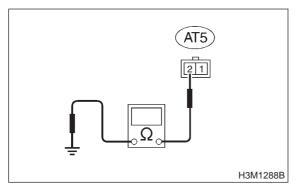
Do not drain the automatic transmission fluid until it cools down.



4) Remove oil pan, and disconnect connector from shift solenoid 3.

5) Measure resistance between shift solenoid 3 connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (AT5) No. 2 — Transmission ground:

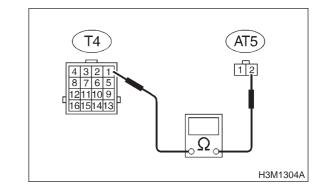


- CHECK : Is the resistance between 20 and 32  $\Omega$ ?
- YES NO
  - : Go to step 8E11.
  - Replace shift solenoid assembly.

## 8E11 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN SHIFT SOLENOID 3 AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between shift solenoid 3 and transmission connector.

Connector & terminal (AT5) No. 2 — (T4) No. 1:





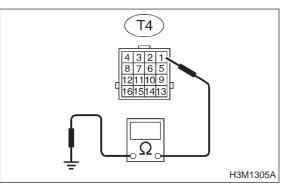
- YES: : Go to step 8E12.
- Repair open circuit in harness between shift solenoid 3 and transmission connector.

#### 8E12 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN SHIFT SOLENOID 3 AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between shift solenoid 3 connector and transmission ground.

**Connector & terminal** 

(T4) No. 1 — Transmission ground:





(CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

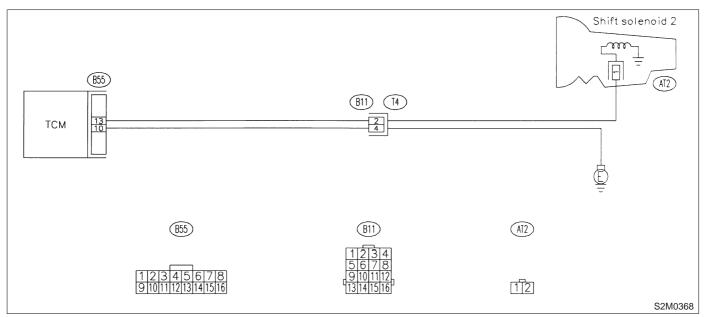
- : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in shift solenoid 3 and transmission.
- Repair short circuit harness between TCM and transmission connector.

MEMO:

## F: TROUBLE CODE 14 — SHIFT SOLENOID 2 —

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

Output signal circuit of shift solenoid 2 is open or shorted. TROUBLE SYMPTOM: Does not shift. WIRING DIAGRAM:



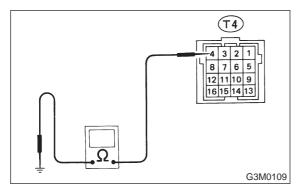
#### **CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 2 GROUND** 8F1: LINE.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.
- 3) Disconnect connector from transmission.

4) Measure resistance between transmission connector and transmission ground.

## **Connector & terminal**





: Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ? CHECK

> Go to step 8F2. 2

YES

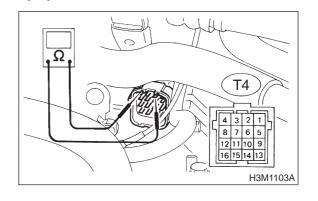
NO

: Repair open circuit in transmission harness.

#### **CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 2.** 8F2:

Measure resistance between transmission connector terminals.

**Connector & terminal** (T4) No. 2 — No. 4:



CHECK

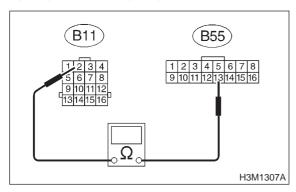
- : Is the resistance between 20 and 32 Ω?
- : Go to step 8F3. YES
- : Go to step 8F9. NO

#### 8F3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and shift solenoid 2 connector.

### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 13 — (B11) No. 2:



- $\widehat{\mathbf{CHECK}}$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 8F4.

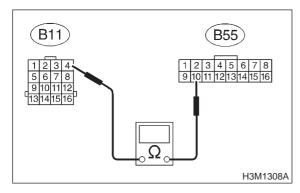
NO

: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8F4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and shift solenoid 2 connector.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — (B11) No. 4:



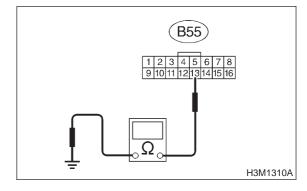


- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 8F5.
  - : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8F5 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 13 — Chassis ground:

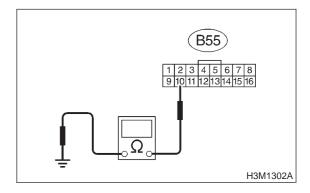


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8F6**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8F6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8F7**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

8F7 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Lift-up or raise the vehicle and support with safety stand.

## CAUTION:

## Raise all wheels off ground.

4) Start the engine, and warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

## NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

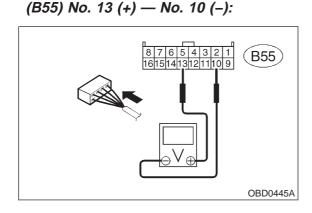
5) Move selector lever to "D", and slowly increase vehicle speed to 50 km/h (31 MPH).

## NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

6) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

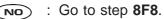
## Connector & terminal





: Is the voltage 9 V  $\rightarrow$  1 V?

Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and contact in the TCM.



## 8F8 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

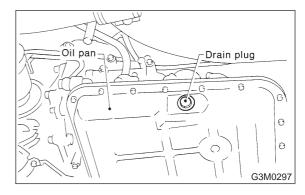
- CHECK : Is there poor contact in shift solenoid 2 circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- ко) : Replace TCM.

# 8F9 : CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 2 (IN TRANSMISSION).

- 1) Remove transmission connector from bracket.
- 2) Drain automatic transmission fluid.

## CAUTION:

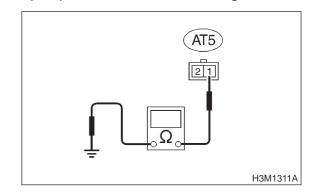
# Do not drain the automatic transmission fluid until it cools down.



# 3) Remove oil pan, and disconnect connector from shift solenoid 2.

4) Measure resistance between shift solenoid 2 connector and transmission ground.

#### Connector & terminal (AT2) No. 1 — Transmission ground:



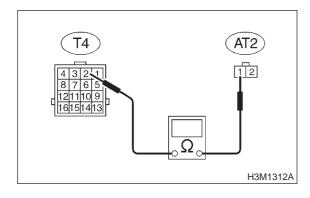
CHECK : Is the resistance between 20 and 32  $\Omega$ ?

- **YES** : Go to step **8F10**.
- **NO** : Replace shift solenoid assembly.

### 8F10 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN SHIFT SOLENOID 2 AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between shift solenoid 2 and transmission connector.

Connector & terminal (AT2) No. 1 — (T4) No. 2:

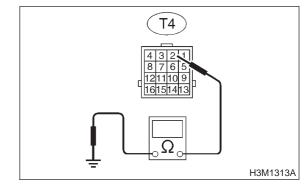


- CHECK YES NO
- $\Sigma$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8F11.
  - : Repair open circuit in harness between shift solenoid 2 and transmission connector.

## 8F11 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN SHIFT SOLENOID 2 AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between shift solenoid 2 connector and transmission ground.







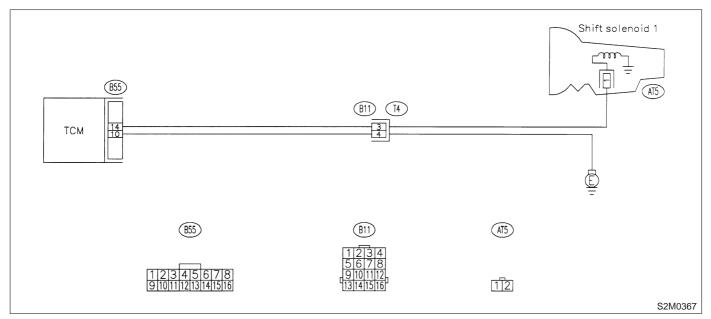
## : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and contact in the TCM.
- **NO** : Repair short circuit harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## G: TROUBLE CODE 15 — SHIFT SOLENOID 1 —

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

Output signal circuit of shift solenoid 1 is open or shorted. TROUBLE SYMPTOM: Does not shift. WIRING DIAGRAM:



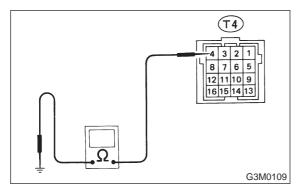
**CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 1** 8G1: **GROUND LINE.** 

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.
- 3) Disconnect connector from transmission.

4) Measure resistance between transmission connector and transmission ground.

## **Connector & terminal**





: Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

Go to step 8G2. 2

CHECK

YES

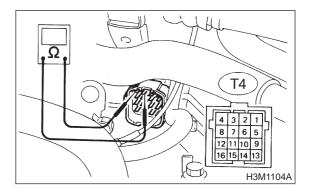
NO

÷ Repair open circuit in transmission harness.

#### **CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 1.** 8G2:

Measure resistance between transmission connector terminals.

**Connector & terminal** (T4) No. 3 — No. 4:



(CHECK)

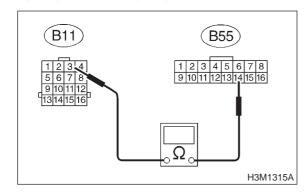
- : Is the resistance between 20 and 32 Ω?
- : Go to step 8G3. YES
- : Go to step 8G9. NO

#### 8G3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and shift solenoid 1 connector.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 14 — (B11) No. 3:



- $\widehat{\mathbf{C}}_{\mathbf{HECK}}$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 8G4.

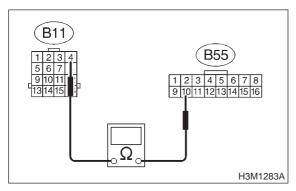
NO

: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8G4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and shift solenoid 1 connector.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — (B11) No. 4:



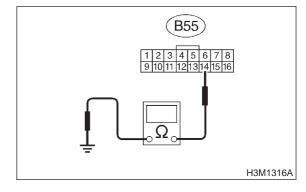


- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 8G5.
  - : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8G5 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 14 — Chassis ground:

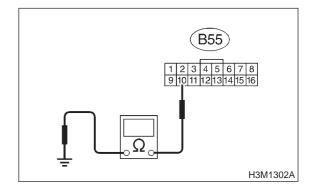


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8G6**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8G6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8G7**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

8G7 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Lift-up or raise the vehicle and support with safety stand.

## CAUTION:

## Raise all wheels off ground.

4) Start the engine and warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

## NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

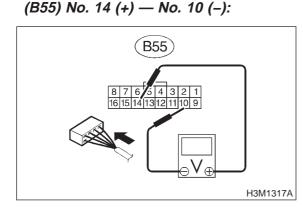
5) Move selector lever to "D", and slowly increase vehicle speed to 50 km/h (31 MPH).

## NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

6) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

## Connector & terminal





## (CHECK) : Is the voltage 1 V $\rightarrow$ 9 V?

- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM.
- (NO) : Go to step 8G8.

## 8G8 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in shift solenoid 1 circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- ко) : Replace TCM.

# 8G9 : CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 1 (IN TRANSMISSION).

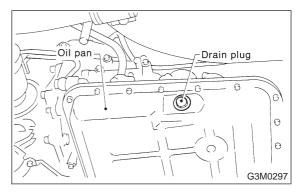
 Remove transmission connector from bracket.
 Lift-up or raise the vehicle and support with safety stand.

#### CAUTION: Raise all wheels off ground.

3) Drain automatic transmission fluid.

## CAUTION:

Do not drain the automatic transmission fluid until it cools down.

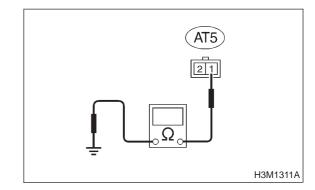


4) Remove oil pan, and disconnect connector from shift solenoid 1.

5) Measure resistance between shift solenoid 1 connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal

(AT5) No. 1 — Transmission ground:

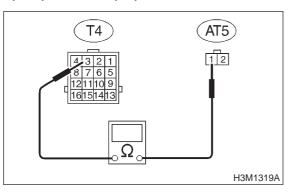


- CHECK : Is the resistance between 20 and 32  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8G10**.
- NO: Replace shift solenoid assembly.

#### 8G10 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN SHIFT SOLENOID 1 AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between shift solenoid 1 and transmission connector.

Connector & terminal (AT5) No. 1 — (T4) No. 3:

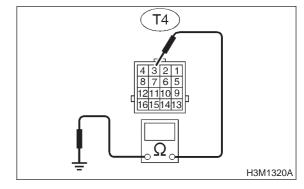


- CHECK YES NO
  - ) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
    - : Go to step 8G11.
    - : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8G11 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN SHIFT SOLENOID 1 AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between shift solenoid 1 connector and transmission ground.





CHECK

## : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

- YES : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in shift solenoid 1 and transmission.
- NO: Repair short circuit harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## H: TROUBLE CODE 21 — ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR —

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

Input signal circuit of TCM to ATF temperature sensor is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** Excessive shift shock. **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 

#### ATF temperature sensor i (B5) i (1) i (1)

## 8H1 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ATF TEMPERA-TURE SENSOR.

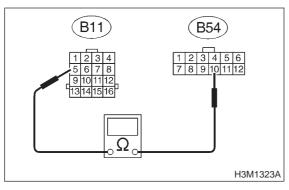
- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.

3) Disconnect connector from transmission and TCM.

4) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 10 — (B11) No. 5:



- CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8H2.

YES)

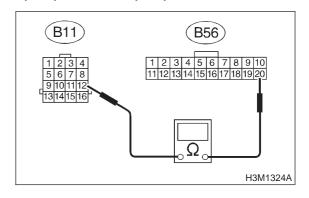
NO

: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8H2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ATF TEMPERA-TURE SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

Connector & terminal (B56) No. 20 — (B11) No. 12:



(CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

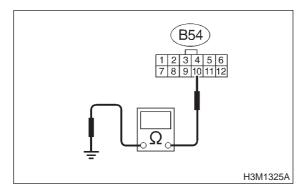
- **YES** : Go to step 8H3.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8H3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ATF TEMPERA-TURE SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 10 — Chassis ground:





 $c\kappa$  : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

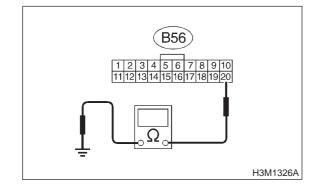
: Go to step 8H4.

: Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8H4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ATF TEMPERA-TURE SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal (B56) No. 20 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 8H5.
- : Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8H5 : CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SEN-SOR.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connectors to transmission and TCM.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON and start engine.

4) Warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature reaches to  $80^{\circ}$ C (176°F).

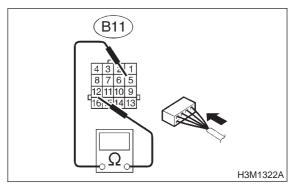
## NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

5) Measure resistance between transmission connector terminals.

## Connector & terminal

(B11) No. 12 — No. 5:



- CHECK : Is the resistance between 272 and 374  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8H6**.

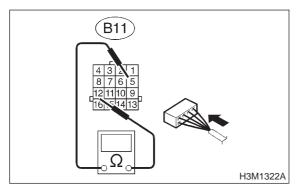
: Go to step **8H13**.

## 8H6 : CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SEN-SOR.

1) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

2) Measure resistance between transmission connector terminals.

## Connector & terminal (B11) No. 12 — No. 5:



- CHECK : Does the resistance value increase while the ATF temperature decreases?
- **YES** : Go to step **8H7**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8H13**.

## 8H7 : PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- (YES) : Go to step 8H10.
- ο : Go to step 8H8.

## 8H8 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

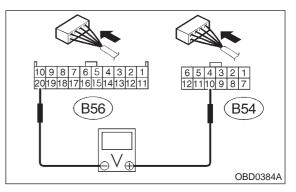
1) Warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is about 80°C (176°F).

### NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

2) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminal.

## Connector & terminal (B54) No. 10 (+) — (B56) No. 20 (–):



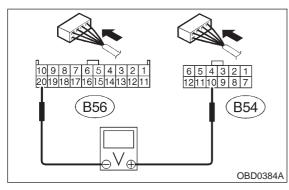
- CHECK) : Is the voltage between 2.9 and 4.0 V?
- **YES** : Go to step 8H9.
- **NO** : Go to step **8H12**.

## 8H9 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

1) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

2) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminal.

Connector & terminal (B54) No. 10 (+) — (B56) No. 20 (–):



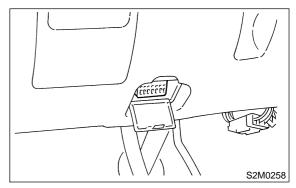
## CHECK : Is the voltage between 1.0 and 1.4 V?

- YES : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and contact in the TCM.
- **NO**: Go to step **8H12**.

## 8H10 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.

3) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



4) Start the engine, and turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

5) Warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

## NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

6) Read data of ATF temperature using Subaru Select Monitor.

- ATF temperature is indicated in "°F" or "°C".
- CHECK : Is the ATF temperature between 70 and 110°C (158 and 230°F)?
- **YES** : Go to step **8H11**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8H12**.

8H11 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

- CHECK : Does the ATF temperature gradually decrease?
- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" light up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the case. Repair harness and contact in the ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.
- NO: Go to step 8H12.

## 3-2 [T8H12] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

## 8H12 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in ATF temperature sensor circuit?
   (YES) : Repair poor contact.
  - : Replace TCM.

### 8H13 : CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SEN-SOR (IN TRANSMISSION).

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connector from transmission.
- 3) Remove transmission connector from bracket.
- 4) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

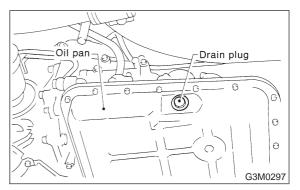
## CAUTION:

#### Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

5) Drain automatic transmission fluid.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not drain the automatic transmission fluid until it cools down.

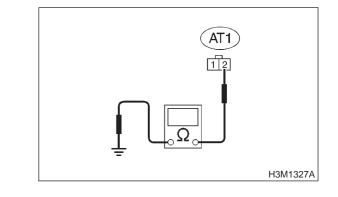


6) Remove oil pan, and disconnect connector from ATF temperature sensor connector.

7) Measure resistance between ATF temperature sensor connector and transmission ground.

#### Connector & terminal

#### (AT1) No. 2 — Transmission ground:



CHECK : Is the resistance between 1.5 and 4.5  $\Omega$ ?

- (YES) : Go to step 8H14.
  - : Replace ATF temperature sensor.

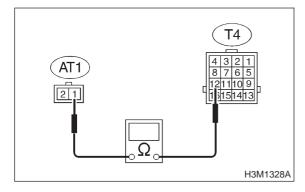
### 8H14 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR.

1) Disconnect connector from transmission.

2) Measure resistance of harness between ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.

## Connector & terminal

(T4) No. 12 — (AT1) No. 1:



## CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?

: Go to step 8H15.

YES

NO

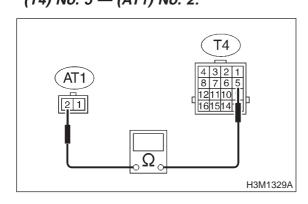
YES)

 Repair open circuit in harness between ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.

```
8H15 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR
BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND
ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR.
```

Measure resistance of harness between ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (T4) No. 5 — (AT1) No. 2:



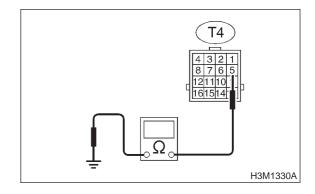
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8H16.
- Repair open circuit in harness between ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.

## 8H16 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between transmission connector and transmission ground.

## Connector & terminal

```
(T4) No. 5 — Transmission ground:
```



- CHECK
- (YES) : Go to step 8H17.
- Repair short circuit in harness between ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.

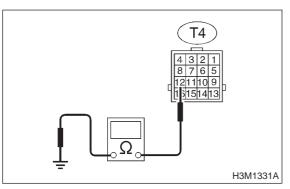
: Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$ ?

## 8H17 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TRANSMISSION AND ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between transmission connector and transmission ground.

Connector & terminal

(T4) No. 12 — Transmission ground:





(CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

- : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and contact in the ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.
- NO : Repair short circuit in harness between ATF temperature sensor and transmission connector.

MEMO:

## I: TROUBLE CODE 22 — MASS AIR FLOW SIGNAL —

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

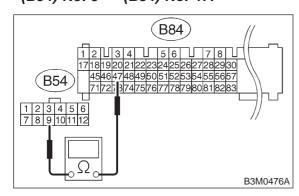
Input signal circuit of TCM from ECM is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** Excessive shift shock. **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 



## 8I1 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and ECM.
- 3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and ECM connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 9 — (B84) No. 47:



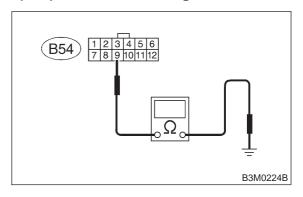


- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 812.
- : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

## 812 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal (B54) No. 9 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK
- $\infty$  : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
  - **YES** : Go to step **813**.
  - Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

- 8I3 : PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.
- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- **YES** : Go to step **815**.
- **NO** : Go to step **814**.

## 8I4 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

1) Connect connectors to TCM and ECM.

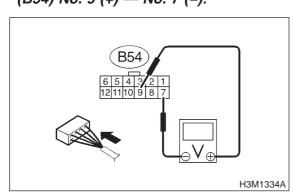
2) Start the engine, and warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

## NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

- 3) Engine idling.
- 4) Measure voltage between TCM connectors.

## Connector & terminal (B54) No. 9 (+) — No. 7 (–):



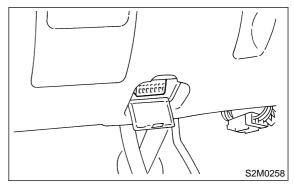
## CHECK) : Is the voltage between 0.5 and 1.2 V?

- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and ECM.
- **NO**: Go to step **816**.

## 815 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and ECM.
- 2) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

3) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



4) Start the engine, and turn Subaru Select monitor switch to ON.

5) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

6) Engine idling.

7) Read data of mass air flow signal using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Display shows mass air flow signal value sent from ECM.

- **CHECK)** : Is the value between 0.5 and 1.2 V?
  - Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and ECM.

**NO** : Go to step **816**.

## 816 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

# CHECK : Is there poor contact in mass air flow signal circuit?

- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
  - : Replace TCM.

## J: TROUBLE CODE 23 — ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL —

## DIAGNOSIS:

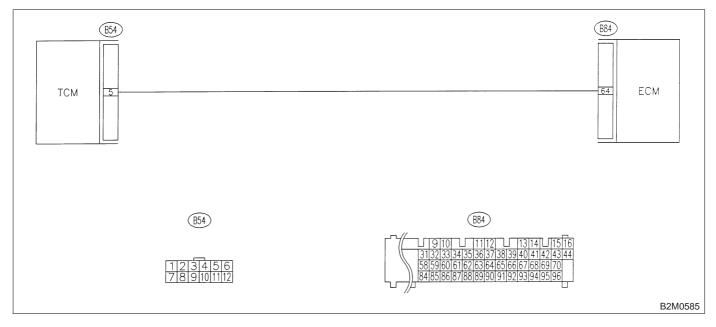
Engine speed input signal circuit is open or shorted.

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• No lock-up (after engine warm-up).

• AT OIL TEMP indicator remains on when vehicle speed is "0".

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

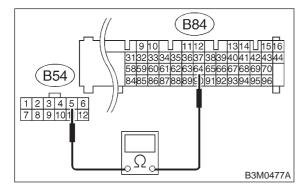


## 8J1 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and ECM.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and ECM connector.

## Connector & terminal (B54) No. 5 — (B84) No. 64:



- $\widehat{\mathbf{CHECK}}$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8J2.

YES)

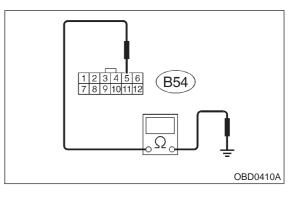
NO

: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

## 8J2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal (B54) No. 5 — Chassis ground:



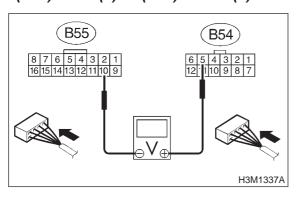
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES**: Go to step 8J3.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

- 8J3 : PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.
- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- **YES** : Go to step **8J5**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8J4**.

## 8J4 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and ECM.
- 2) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 3) Measure voltage between TCM connectors.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 5 (+) — (B55) No. 10 (–):





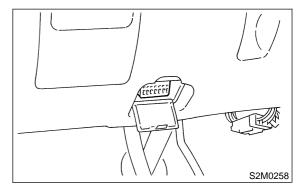
## : Is the voltage more than 10.5 V?

- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and ECM.
- : Go to step 8J6.

## 8J5 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

1) Connect connectors to TCM and ECM.

2) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



3) Start the engine, and turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

4) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

5) Engine idling.

6) Read data of engine speed using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Display shows engine speed signal value sent from ECM.

- CHECK : Is the revolution value the same as the tachometer reading shown on the combination meter?
- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and ECM.
- (NO) : Go to step 8J6.

8J6 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in engine speed signal circuit?
- **(VES)** : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Go to step **8J7**.

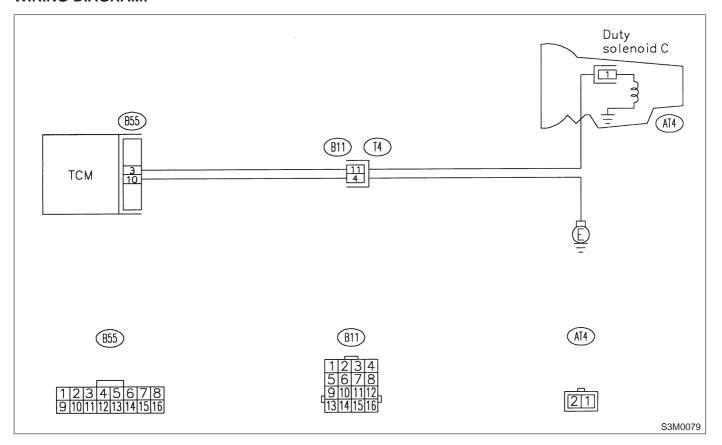
8J7 : CONFIRM TROUBLE CODE 23.

- CHECK : Replace ECM with a new one. Does the trouble code appear again, after the memory has been cleared?
- **YES** : Replace TCM.
- (NO) : Replace ECM.

K: TROUBLE CODE 24 — DUTY SOLENOID C —

## DIAGNOSIS:

Output signal circuit of duty solenoid C is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** Excessive "braking" in tight corners. **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 



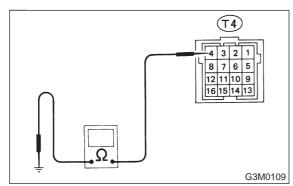
# 8K1 : CHECK DUTY SOLENOID C GROUND LINE.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.
- 3) Disconnect connector from transmission.

4) Measure resistance between transmission connector and transmission ground.

## **Connector & terminal**

(T4) No. 4 — Chassis ground:



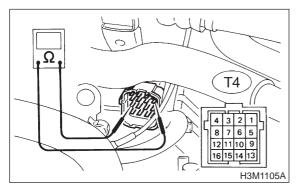
CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

- YES : Go to step 8K2.
- Repair open circuit in transmission harness.

## 8K2 : CHECK DUTY SOLENOID C.

Measure resistance between transmission connector and transmission terminals.

Connector & terminal (T4) No. 11 — No. 4:



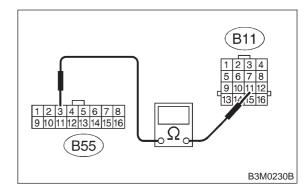
- CHECK : Is the resistance between 9 and 17  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8K3**.
- : Go to step 8K13.

#### 8K3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

Connector & terminal (B55) No. 3 — (B11) No. 11:

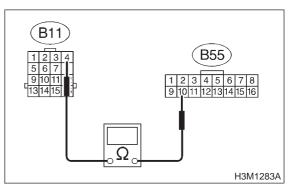


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8K4**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

## 8K4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance harness connector between TCM and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 10 — (B11) No. 4:



(CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

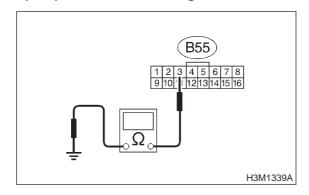
- **YES** : Go to step **8K5**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8K5: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR **BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-**SION.

Measure resistance harness connector between TCM and chassis ground.

## **Connector & terminal**

(B55) No. 3 — Chassis ground:



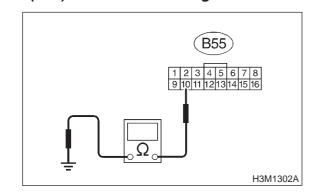


- : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8K6.
  - : Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR 8K6: **BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-**SION.

Measure resistance harness connector between TCM and chassis ground.

## **Connector & terminal** (B55) No. 10 — Chassis ground:



- Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ? CHECK
- : Go to step 8K7. YES
- : Repair short circuit in harness between NO TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8K7: PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

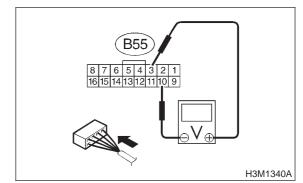
- : Do you have a Subaru Select Moni-CHECK tor?
- : Go to step 8K10. (YES)
- : Go to step 8K8. NO

CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED 8K8: FROM TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 4) Throttle is fully closed.

5) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

## **Connector & terminal** (B55) No. 3 (+) — No. 10 (–):





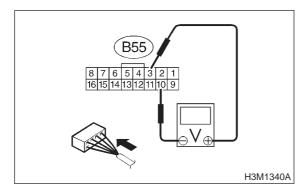
Is the voltage less than 1 V in "P" range?

- : Go to step 8K9. (YES)
- : Go to step 8K12. NO)

## 8K9 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

Connector & terminal (B55) No. 3 (+) — No. 10 (-):

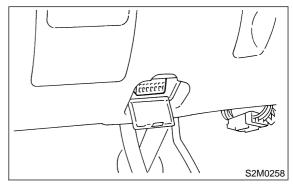


- CHECK : Is the voltage between 5 and 7 V in "D" range?
- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the duty solenoid C and TCM connector.
- **NO** : Go to step **8K12**.

#### 8K10 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



4) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF) and turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

5) Move selector lever to "D" with throttle fully open (vehicle speed 0 km/h or 0 MPH).

6) Read data of duty solenoid C using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Duty solenoid C is indicated in "%".

## **CHECK)** : Is the value between 5 and 10%?

- **FES** : Go to step **8K11**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8K12**.

## 8K11 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

- 1) Set FWD mode.
- 2) Throttle fully closed.
- (CHECK) : Is the value 95%?
- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the duty solenoid C and TCM connector.
- **NO** : Go to step **8K12**.

## 8K12 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in duty solenoid C circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- κο : Replace TCM.

#### **AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL 3-2** [T8K13]

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

#### 8K13: CHECK DUTY SOLENOID C (IN TRANSMISSION).

1) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

## CAUTION:

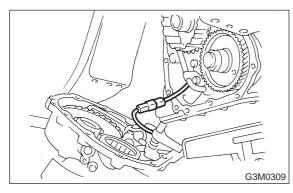
## Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

2) Drain automatic transmission fluid.

## CAUTION:

## Do not drain the automatic transmission fluid until it cools down.

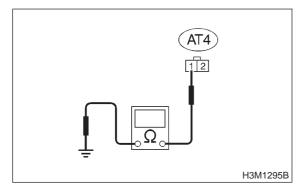
3) Remove extension case, and disconnect connector from duty solenoid C. <Ref. to 3-2 [W6A0].>

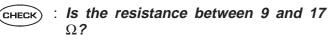


4) Measure resistance between duty solenoid C connector and transmission ground.

## **Connector & terminal**

## (AT4) No. 1 — Transmission ground:



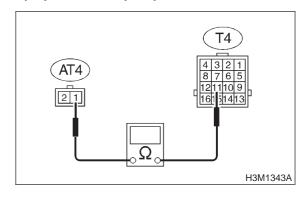


- : Go to step 8K14. YES
- : Replace duty solenoid C. NO

#### 8K14: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR **BETWEEN DUTY SOLENOID C AND** TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between duty solenoid C and transmission connector.

## **Connector & terminal** (T4) No. 11 — (AT4) No. 1:





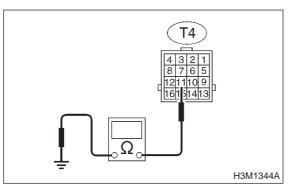
- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ? : Go to step 8K15. YES
- : Repair open circuit in harness between NO duty solenoid C and transmission connector.

#### 8K15 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN DUTY SOLENOID C AND TRANSMISSION.

Measure resistance of harness between transmission connector and transmission ground.

Connector & terminal

(T4) No. 11 — Transmission ground:





(CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

- : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and contact in the duty solenoid C and transmission connector.
- Repair short circuit in harness between duty solenoid C and transmission connector.

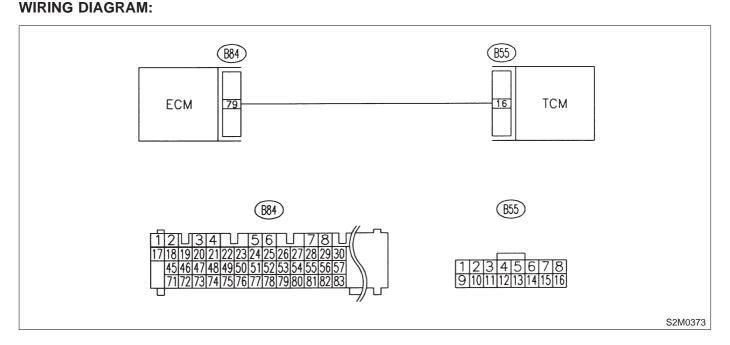
## L: TROUBLE CODE 25 — TORQUE CONTROL SIGNAL —

## DIAGNOSIS:

- Torque control signal is not emitted from TCM.
- The signal circuit is open or shorted.

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

## Excessive shift shock.

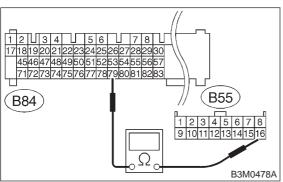


## 8L1 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and ECM.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and ECM connector.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 16 — (B84) No. 79:



- $\widehat{\mathbf{CHECK}}$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8L2.

YES)

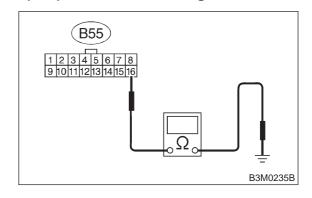
NO

: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

## 8L2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal (B55) No. 16 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- YES: : Go to step 8L3.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

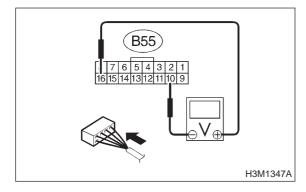
# 8L3 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and ECM.
- 2) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

3) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

## **Connector & terminal**

(B55) No. 16 (+) — No. 10 (-):



## CHECK) : Is the voltage between 4 and 6 V?

- Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and ECM.
- **NO**: Go to step **8L4**.

## 8L4 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in torque control signal circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Go to step **8L5**.

## 8L5 : CONFIRM TROUBLE CODE 25.

- **CHECK** : Replace ECM with a new one. Does the trouble code appear again, after the memory has been cleared?
- **YES** : Replace TCM.
- NO: Replace ECM.

## 3-2 [T8M0] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

## M: TROUBLE CODE 31 — THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR —

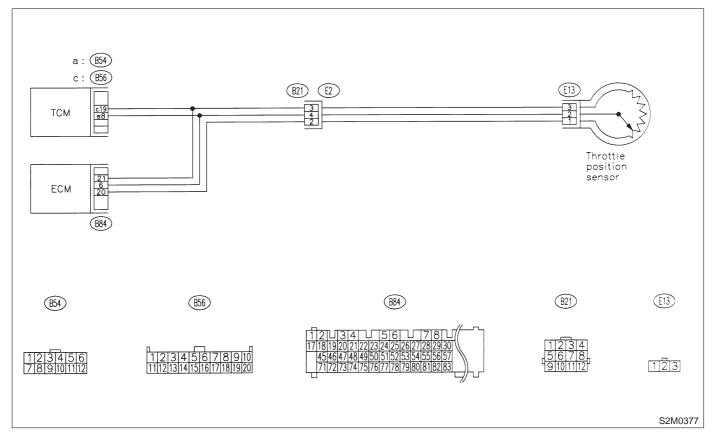
## **DIAGNOSIS:**

Input signal circuit of throttle position sensor is open or shorted.

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Shift point too high or too low; engine brake not effected in "3" range: excessive shift shock; excessive tight corner "braking".

## WIRING DIAGRAM:



#### 8M1 : CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR.

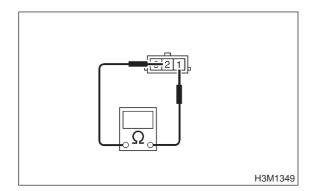
- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.

3) Disconnect connector from throttle position sensor.

4) Measure resistance between throttle position sensor connector receptacle's terminals.

# Terminals

No. 1 — No. 2:



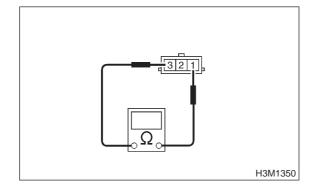
- CHECK : Is the resistance between 0.3 and 0.7  $k\Omega$ ?
- **YES**: Go to step **8M2**.
- : Replace throttle position sensor.

# 8M2 : CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR.

Measure resistance between throttle position sensor connector receptacle's terminals.

# Terminals

No. 1 — No. 3:



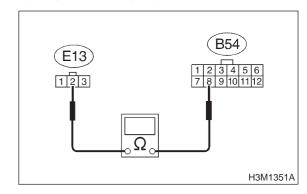
- **CHECK** : Is the resistance between 3.5 and 6.5  $k\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 8M3.
- **NO** : Replace throttle position sensor.

#### 8M3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and throttle position sensor connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 8 — (E13) No. 2:

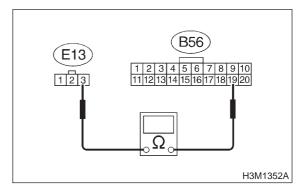


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8M4**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and throttle position sensor connector.

# 8M4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and throttle position sensor connector.

# Connector & terminal (B56) No. 19 — (E13) No. 3:

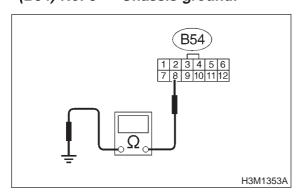


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8M5**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and throttle position sensor connector.

#### 8M5 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 8 — Chassis ground:





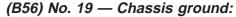
# $\sim$ : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

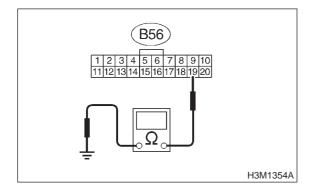
- : Go to step 8M6.
- : Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and throttle position sensor connector.

#### 8M6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM connector and chassis ground.

# Connector & terminal







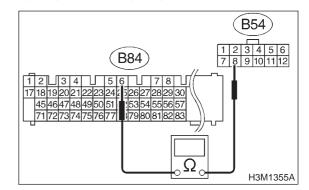
- : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 8M7.
- : Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and throttle position sensor connector.

# 8M7 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

1) Disconnect connector from ECM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and ECM connector.

# Connector & terminal (B54) No. 8 — (B84) No. 6:

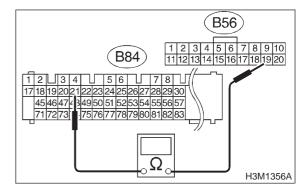


- (CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step 8M8.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

# 8M8 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND ECM.

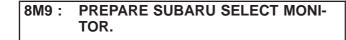
Measure resistance of harness between TCM and ECM connector.

# Connector & terminal (B56) No. 19 — (B84) No. 21:



CHECK

- $\delta_{0}$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- Sector Step 8M9.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and ECM connector.

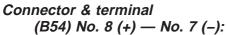


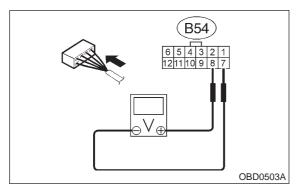
- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- **YES** : Go to step **8M12**.

# 8M10 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

1) Connect connectors to TCM, throttle position sensor and ECM.

- 2) Install air intake chamber.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 4) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.





- CHECK : Is the voltage between 0.3 and 0.7 V in throttle fully closed?
- **YES** : Go to step **8M11**.

NO

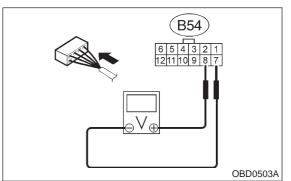
: Go to step 8M16.

# 8M11 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

# Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 8 (+) — No. 7 (–):



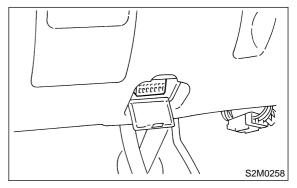
- CHECK : Is the voltage between 4.3 and 4.9 V with throttle fully open?
- (VES) : Go to step 8M14.
- (NO) : Go to step 8М16.

#### 8M12 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

1) Connect connectors to TCM, throttle position sensor and ECM.

2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



- 4) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 5) Turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.
- 6) Throttle fully closed.

7) Read data of throttle position sensor using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Throttle position sensor input signal is indicated.

- CHECK : Is the value voltage between 0.3 and 0.7 V?
- **YES** : Go to step **8M13**.

(NO) : Go to step 8М16.

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

#### 8M13 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

Throttle fully open.

NOTE:

Must be changed correspondingly with accelerator pedal operation (from "released" to "depressed" position).

CHECK	:	Is the value voltage between 4.3 and
$\smile$		4.9 V ?

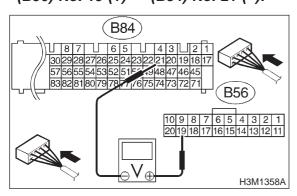
(VES) : Go to step 8M14.

(NO) : Go to step 8M16.

# 8M14 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY).

Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 19 (+) — (B84) No. 21 (-):



- CHECK : Is the voltage between 5.02 and 5.22 V?
- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in throttle position sensor circuit.
- **NO** : Go to step **8M16**.

#### 8M15 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY).

Read data of throttle position sensor power supply using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Throttle position sensor power supply voltage is indicated.

- CHECK : Is the value voltage between 5.02 and 5.22 V?
- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in throttle position sensor circuit.
- **NO** : Go to step **8M16**.

# 8M16 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in throttle position sensor circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- NO: Replace TCM.

MEMO:

# N: TROUBLE CODE 32 — VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 1 —

# **DIAGNOSIS:**

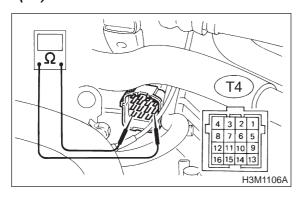
Input signal circuit of TCM is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** No lock-up or excessive tight corner "braking". **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 

# (B) (B) (B) (B) (CM (B) (CM) (CM) (CM) (B) (B) (CM) (CM) (CM) (B) (B) (CM) (CM) (CM) (B) (CM) (CM) (CM) (CM) (B) (CM) <t

# 8N1 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 1.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove air intake chamber.
- 3) Disconnect connector from transmission.
- 4) Measure resistance between transmission connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Connector & terminal (T4) No. 16 — No. 9:



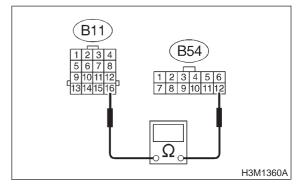
- CHECK : Is the resistance between 450 and 720  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step 8N2.
- : Replace vehicle speed sensor 1.

# 8N2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

1) Disconnect connector from TCM.

2) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 12 — (B11) No. 16:



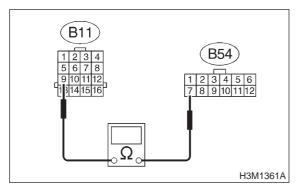
(CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?

- **YES** : Go to step **8N3**.
- NO: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8N3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

Connector & terminal (B54) No. 7 — (B11) No. 9:



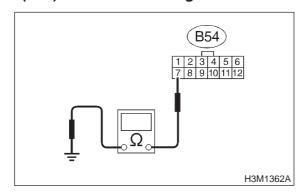


- $\kappa$  : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 8N4.
  - : Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8N4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

# Connector & terminal (B54) No. 7 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- YES: : Go to step 8N5.

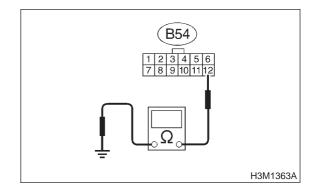
NO

 Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

#### 8N5: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND TRANSMIS-SION.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and transmission connector.

# Connector & terminal (B54) No. 12 — Chassis ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **8N6**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and transmission connector.

# 8N6 : PREPARE OSCILLOSCOPE.

- (CHECK) : Do you have oscilloscope?
- **YES** : Go to step **8N10**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8N7**.

8N7 : PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- **YES**: Go to step 8N9.
- NO: Go to step 8N8.

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

# 8N8 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Lift-up or raise the vehicle and place safety stands.

# CAUTION:

# Raise all wheels off floor.

4) Start the engine and set vehicle in 20 km/h (12MPH) condition.

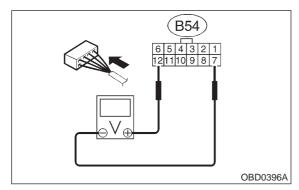
#### NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

5) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

# Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 12 (+) — No. 7 (-):



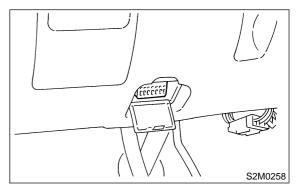


- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and transmission.
- **NO** : Go to step **8N11**.

# 8N9 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



4) Lift-up or raise the vehicle and place safety stands.

# CAUTION: Raise all wheels off floor.

5) Turn ignition switch to ON and turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

6) Start the engine.

7) Read data of vehicle speed using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Compare speedometer with Subaru Select Monitor indications.

Vehicle speed is indicated in "km/h" or "MPH".
 Slowly increase vehicle speed to 60 km/h or 27

8) Slowly increase vehicle speed to 60 km/h or 37 MPH.

# NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

**CHECK** : Does the speedometer indication increase as the Subaru Select Monitor data increases?

**YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and transmission.

**по** : Go to step **8N11**.

# 8N10 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING OSCILLOSCOPE.

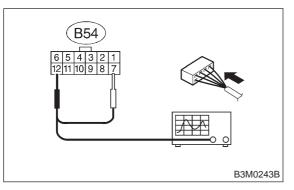
- 1) Connect connectors to TCM and transmission.
- 2) Install air intake chamber.

3) Lift-up or raise the vehicle and place safety stands.

# CAUTION:

# Raise all wheels off floor.

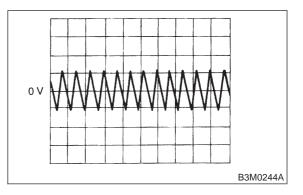
4) Set oscilloscope to TCM connector terminals.Position prove; (B54) No. 12Earth lead; (B54) No. 7



5) Start the engine and set vehicle in 20 km/h (12 MPH) condition.

# NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].> 6) Measure signal voltage indicated on oscilloscope.



# CHECK : Is the signal voltage more than AC 1 V?

**YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM and transmission.

**NO** : Go to step **8N11**.

# 8N11 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- ο : Replace TCM.

O: TROUBLE CODE 33 — VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2 —

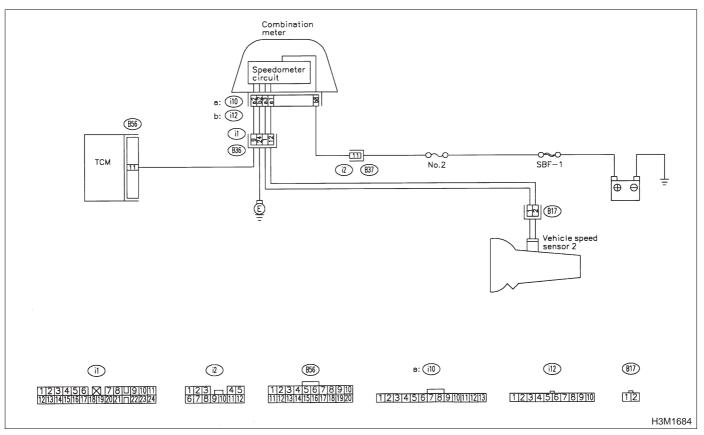
# **DIAGNOSIS:**

- The vehicle speed signal is abnormal.
- The circuit in combination meter is faulty.
- The harness connector between TCM and vehicle speed sensor is in short or open.

# TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Erroneous idling.
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance.

# WIRING DIAĞRAM:



# 801 : CHECK OPERATION OF SPEEDOM-ETER.

- CHECK : Does speedometer operate normally?
- **YES** : Go to step **802**.
- NO : Check speedometer. <Ref. to 6-2 [K2A0].>

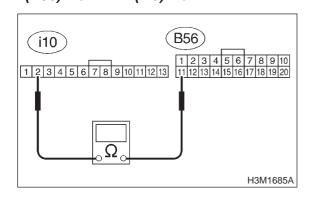
#### 802 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND COMBINATION METER.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove combination meter.

3) Disconnect connectors from TCM and combination meter.

4) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and combination meter connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 11 — (i10) No. 2:

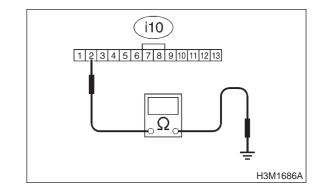


- CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 803.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and combination meter connector, and poor contact in coupling connector.

#### 803 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND COMBINATION METER.

Measure resistance of harness between combination meter and chassis ground.

# Connector & terminal (i10) No. 2 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK
- **YES** : Go to step **804**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and combination meter connector.

: Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$ ?

# 3-2 [T804] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

# 804 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

- 1) Install combination meter.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM.
- 3) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

# **CAUTION:**

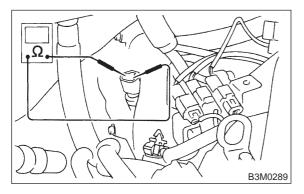
# Raise all wheels off floor.

4) Disconnect connector from vehicle speed sensor 2.

5) Measure resistance between terminals of vehicle speed sensor 2.

#### Terminals

No. 1 — No. 2:



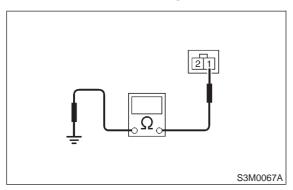
- CHECK : Is the resistance between 350 and 450  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **805**.
- **NO** : Replace vehicle speed sensor 2.

# 805 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

Measure resistance between terminals of vehicle speed sensor 2.

# Terminals

No. 1 — Transmission ground:



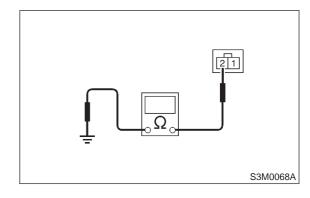
- **CHECK** : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$ ?
  - YES : Go to step 806.
- (NO) : Replace vehicle speed sensor 2.

# 806 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

Measure resistance between terminals of vehicle speed sensor 2.

#### Terminals

No. 2 — Transmission ground:



- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **807**.
- **NO** : Replace vehicle speed sensor 2.

# 807 : PREPARE OSCILLOSCOPE.

- (CHECK) : Do you have oscilloscope?
- **YES** : Go to step **809**.
- (NO) : Go to step 808.

# 808 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

1) Start the engine and set vehicle in 20 km/h (12 MPH) condition.

# NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunctions. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

Measure output signal of vehicle speed sensor
 2.

# WARNING:

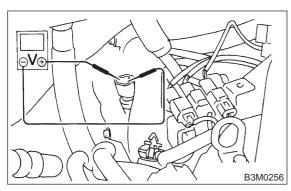
Be careful not to be caught up by the running wheels.

3) Measure voltage between terminals of vehicle speed sensor 2.

# Terminals

NO)

No. 1 — No. 2:



- CHECK) : Is the voltage more than AC 2 V?
- **YES** : Go to step **8010**.
  - : Replace vehicle speed sensor 2.

#### 809 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2 USING OSCILLOSCOPE.

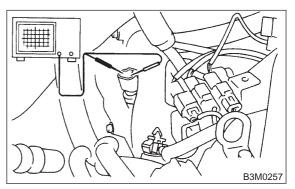
- 1) Install combination meter.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM.
- 3) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

# WARNING:

# Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

4) Set oscilloscope to vehicle speed sensor 2.

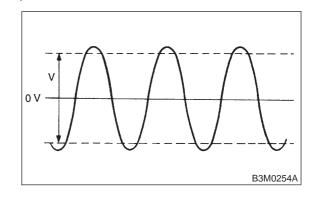
#### Terminals



5) Start the engine, and drive the wheels slowly. NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunctions. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

6) Measure signal voltage indicated on oscilloscope.



CHECK : Is the voltage more than AC 2 V?

- **YES** : Go to step **8013**.
- NO: Replace vehicle speed sensor 2.

8. Diagnostic Chart with Trouble Code

# 8010 : PREPARE SUBARU SELECT MONI-TOR.

- CHECK : Do you have a Subaru Select Monitor?
- **YES** : Go to step **8012**.
- **NO** : Go to step **8011**.

# 8011 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

1) Connect connectors to TCM and combination meter.

- 2) Install combination meter.
- 3) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

# CAUTION:

#### Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

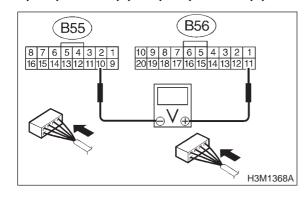
4) Start the engine, and set vehicle in 10 km/h (6 MPH).

#### NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

5) Measure voltage between TCM connector terminals.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 11 (+) — (B55) No. 10 (-):



CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V ⇔ more than 9 V?

- **YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM.
- (NO) : Go to step 8014.

#### 8012 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING SUBARU SELECT MONITOR.

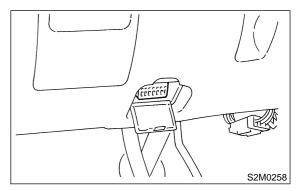
1) Connect connectors to TCM and combination meter.

- 2) Install combination meter.
- 3) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

#### CAUTION:

#### Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

4) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



5) Turn ignition switch to ON and Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

6) Start the engine, and drive all wheels.

7) Read data of vehicle speed using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Compare speedometer with Subaru Select Monitor indications.

• Vehicle speed is indicated in "km/h" or "MPH".

8) Slowly increase vehicle speed to 60 km/h or 37 MPH.

# NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

**CHECK** : Does the speedometer indication increase as the Subaru Select Monitor data increases?

**YES** : Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector and harness may be the cause. Repair harness and connector in the TCM.

**NO** : Go to step **8014**.

# 8013 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM USING OSCILLOSCOPE.

1) Connect connectors to TCM and combination meter.

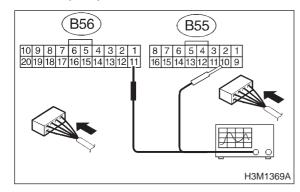
2) Install combination meter.

3) Lift-up or raise the vehicle and place safety stands.

# CAUTION:

# Raise all wheels off floor.

4) Set oscilloscope to TCM connector terminals.Positive prove; (B56) No. 11Earth lead; (B55) No. 10



5) Start the engine.

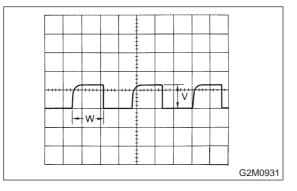
6) Shift on the gear position, and keep the vehicle speed at constant.

7) Measure signal voltage indicated on oscillo-scope.

NOTE:

• If vehicle speed increases, the width of amplitude (W) decreases.

• The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>



YES)

# CHECK) : Is the voltage more than AC 2 V?

 Even if "AT OIL TEMP" lights up, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. A temporary poor contact of the connector or harness may be the cause. Repair harness or connector in the TCM.

**NO** : Go to step **8014**.

# 8014 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- NO: Replace TCM.

# A: BASIC DIAGNOSTIC CHART

If no trouble codes appear in the on-board diagnostics operation (although problems have occurred or are occurring), measure performance characteristics of sensors, actuators, etc., in the Subaru Select Monitor and compare with the "basic data" to determine the cause of problems.

1) Trouble occurs.

2) No trouble codes appear in on-board diagnostics operation.

3) Measure each item using Subaru Select Monitor.

4) Compare measured values with basic data.

5) Determine item which is outside basic data specifications.

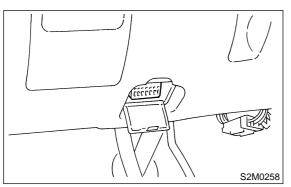
6) Check sensor and actuator affected.

# **B: BATTERY VOLTAGE**

# 9B1 : CHECK BATTERY VOLTAGE.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to data link connector.



3) Start the engine, and engine idling after warm-up.

4) Turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

5) Read data of battery voltage using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Battery voltage applied to TCM.



- (CHECK) : Is voltage between 10 and 16 V?
  - : Go to step VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 1. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9C0].>
- Check battery voltage and specification of electrolyte, regulating voltage under no loads and generator (as a single unit).

# C: CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 1.

# 9C1: CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 1.

1) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

# CAUTION:

# Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

2) Read data of vehicle speed #1 using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Compare speedometer with Subaru Select Monitor indications.

• Vehicle speed is indicated in "MPH" or "km/h".

NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

# **CHECK** : Does the speedometer indication increase as the Subaru Select Monitor data increases?

- (YES) : Go to step VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9D0].>
- NO : Check vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8N0].>

# D: CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

9D1 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

Read data of vehicle speed #2 using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Compare speedometer with Subaru Select Monitor indications.

• Vehicle speed is indicated in "MPH" or "km/h".

NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

CHECK : Does the speedometer indication increase as the Subaru Select Monitor data increases?

- (VES) : Go to step ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9E0].>
- NO : Check vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T800].>

# E: CHECK ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL.

# 9E1 : CHECK ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL.

1) Turn A/C switch to OFF (with A/C models).

2) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above  $80^{\circ}C$  (176°F).

NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

3) Read data of engine speed using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Engine speed is indicated in "rpm".

NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

- CHECK : Does the tachometer revolution increase as the Subaru Select Monitor revolution data increases?
- (YES) : Go to step ATF TEMPERATURE SEN-SOR. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9F0].>
- Check engine speed signal circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8J0].>

# F: CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR.

- 9F1 : CHECK AT OIL TEMP WARNING LIGHT.
- CHECK : Does the AT OIL TEMP warning light remain on 2 seconds after the engine has been started?
- YES : Go to step 9F2.
- Check ATF temperature sensor and combination meter circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8H0].>

### 9F2 : CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SEN-SOR.

1) Read data of ATF temperature using Subaru Select Monitor.

• ATF temperature is indicated in "°F" or "°C".

2) Warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above  $80^{\circ}C$  (176°F).

NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

3) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

- **CHECK** : Does the ATF temperature change from 176°F (80°C)?
- (YES) : Go to step THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9G0].>
- Check ATF temperature sensor circuit.
  <Ref. to 3-2 [T8H0].>

# G: CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR.

9G1: CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Read data of throttle position sensor using Subaru Select Monitor.

- Throttle position sensor input signal is indicated.
- **CHECK** : Is voltage between 0.3 and 0.7 V when the accelerator pedal is completely released?
- (YES) : Go to step 9G2.
- NO: Check throttle position sensor circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8M0].>

9G2 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- CHECK : Is voltage between 4.4 and 4.8 V when the accelerator pedal is completely depressed?
- **YES** : Go to step **9G3**.
- NO : Check throttle position sensor circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8M0].>

# 9G3 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- CHECK : Does voltage decrease smoothly when the accelerator pedal is fully depressed and then fully released?
- (VES) : Go to step GEAR POSITION. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9H0].>
- NO : Check throttle position sensor circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8M0].>

# **H: CHECK GEAR POSITION.**

# 9H1: CHECK GEAR POSITION.

1) Lift-up the vehicle and place safety stand.

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Make sure that all wheels are raised off floor.

- 2) Start the engine.
- 3) Move select lever to "D", and drive vehicle.
- 4) Read data of gear position using Subaru Select Monitor.
- Gear position is indicated.

#### NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

- CHECK : Does the transmission gear correspond to the gear which is shown on display?
- (VES) : Go to step LINE PRESSURE DUTY. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9I0].>
- NO : Check shift solenoid 1 and shift solenoid 2 signal circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8F0].> and <Ref. to 3-2 [T8G0].>

# I: CHECK LINE PRESSURE DUTY.

#### 911 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

1) Warm-up the transmission until ATF temperature is above  $80^{\circ}C$  (176°F).

#### NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

2) Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

3) Move selector lever to "N".

4) Read data of line pressure duty ratio using Subaru Select Monitor.

- Line pressure duty is indicated in "%".
- CHECK : Does the Subaru Select Monitor indicate 100% when the accelerator pedal is completely released?
- **YES** : Go to step **912**.
- **NO** : Go to step **914**.

# 912 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- CHECK : Does the Subaru Select Monitor indicate between 10 and 20% when the accelerator pedal is completely depressed?
- **YES** : Go to step **913**.
- (NO) : Go to step 914.

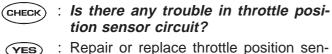
#### 913 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- CHECK : Does the Subaru Select Monitor change smoothly when the accelerator pedal is fully depressed and then fully released?
- (VES) : Go to step LOCK-UP DUTY. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9J0].>
- (NO) : Go to step 914.

# 9I4 : CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on throttle position sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9G0].



- Repair or replace throttle position sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8M0].
- **NO**: Go to step **915**.

# 915 : CHECK ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on engine speed signal circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9E0].

CHECK	: Is there any trouble in engine speed signal circuit?
YES	: Repair or replace engine speed signal circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8J0].

**NO** : Go to step **916**.

# 9I6 : CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on ATF temperature sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9F0].

- CHECK : Is there any trouble in ATF temperature sensor circuit?
- **YES** : Repair or replace ATF temperature sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8H0].
- (NO) : Go to step 917.

# 917 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch and Subaru Select Monitor to ON.

2) Read data of range switch using Subaru Select Monitor.

- Range switch is indicated in  $ON \Leftrightarrow OFF$ .
- CHECK : When each range is selected, does LED of the range switch on Subaru Select Monitor light up?
- (VES) : Go to step LOCK-UP DUTY. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9J0].>
- Check inhibitor switch circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9T0].>

# J: CHECK LOCK-UP DUTY.

# 9J1 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

Read data of lock-up duty ratio using Subaru Select Monitor.

- Lock-up duty ratio is indicated in "%".
- CHECK : Does the Subaru Select Monitor indicate 5%?
- (YES) : Go to step 9J2.
- **NO**: Go to step **9J3**.

9J2 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

Move selector lever to "D" and slowly increase vehicle speed to 75 km/h (47 MPH).

# NOTE:

The speed difference between front and rear wheels may light the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunction. When AT control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of on-board diagnostics system. <Ref. to 4-4 [T6D2].>

- CHECK : Does the Subaru Select Monitor indicate 95%?
- (YES) : Go to step TRANSFER DUTY RATIO. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9K0].>
- **NO** : Go to step **9J3**.

9J3 : CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on throttle position sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9G0].

# CHECK : Is there any trouble in throttle position sensor circuit?

- **YES** : Repair or replace throttle position sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8M0].
- **NO** : Go to step **9J4**.

# 9J4 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 1.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9C0].

- **CHECK** : Is there any trouble in vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit?
- **VES** : Repair or replace vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8N0].
- **NO** : Go to step **9J5**.

# 9J5 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9D0].

- CHECK : Is there any trouble in vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit?
- **VES** : Repair or replace vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8O0].
- (NO) : Go to step 9J6.

# 9J6 : CHECK ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on engine speed signal circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9E0].

- CHECK : Is there any trouble in engine speed signal circuit?
   (YES) : Repair or replace engine speed signal
- circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8J0].
- **NO** : Go to step **9J7**.

# 9J7 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Read data of range switch using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Range switch is indicated in  $ON \Leftrightarrow OFF$ .

- CHECK : When each range is selected, does LED of the range switch on Subaru Select Monitor light up?
- (YES) : Go to step TRANSFER DUTY. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9K0].>
- NO : Check inhibitor switch circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9T0].>

# K: CHECK TRANSFER DUTY.

# 9K1 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- 2) Move selector lever to "D".

3) Read data of transfer duty ratio using Subaru Select Monitor.

- Transfer duty ratio is indicated in "%".
- CHECK : Does the duty ratio change in response to the depress-release motion of the accelerator pedal?
- **YES** : Go to step **9K2**.
- (NO) : Go to step 9K3.

#### 9K2 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Set FWD mode.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).
- CHECK : Does the Subaru Select Monitor indicate 95%?
- (YES) : Go to step THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR POWER SUPPLY. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9L0].>
- (NO) : Go to step 9K3.

# 9K3 : CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on throttle position sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9G0].

- CHECK : Is there any trouble in throttle position sensor circuit?
- **YES** : Repair or replace throttle position sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8M0].
- (NO) : Go to step 9K4.

# 9K4 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 1.

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9C0].

- CHECK : Is there any trouble in vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit?
- **YES** : Repair or replace vehicle speed sensor 1 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8N0].
- **NO** : Go to step **9K5**.

# 9K5 : CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 2.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9D0].

- **CHECK** : Is there any trouble in vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit?
- **VES** : Repair or replace vehicle speed sensor 2 circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8O0].
- **NO** : Go to step **9K6**.

# 9K6 : CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE SEN-SOR.

# NOTE:

For the diagnostics procedure on ATF temperature sensor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T9F0].

CHECK	: Is there any trouble in ATF tempera- ture sensor circuit?
YES	: Repair or replace ATF temperature sen-

- sor circuit, refer to 3-2 [T8H0].
- (NO) : Go to step 9K7.

# 9K7 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Read data of range switch using Subaru Select Monitor.

- Range switch is indicated in  $ON \Leftrightarrow OFF$ .
- **CHECK** : When each range is selected, does LED of range switch on Subaru Select Monitor light up?
- **YES** : Go to step **9K8**.
- : Check inhibitor switch circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9T0].>

# 9K8 : CHECK ABS SIGNAL.

1) Start the engine, and turn Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

2) Read data of ABS signal using Subaru Select Monitor.

ABS switch is indicated in ON ⇔ OFF.



# **CHECK** : Does the LED of ABS switch light up?

- : Check ABS signal circuit. <Ref. to 4-4 [T10A0].> and <Ref. to 4-4 [T10V0].>
- NO : Go to step THROTTLE POSITION SEN-SOR POWER SUPPLY. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9L0].>

# L: CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY.

# 9L1 : CHECK THROTTLE POSITION POWER SUPPLY.

Read data of throttle position sensor power supply using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Throttle position sensor power supply voltage is indicated.

- CHECK : Is the value fixed between 5.02 and 5.22 V?
- (YES) : Go to step MASS AIR FLOW SIGNAL. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9M0].>
- Supply circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8M0].>

# M: CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SIGNAL.

9M1: CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

1) Start the engine.

2) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 80°C (176°F).

# NOTE:

If ambient temperature is below 0°C (32°F), drive the vehicle until the ATF reaches its operating temperature.

- 3) Engine idling after warm-up.
- 4) Move selector lever to "N".
- 5) Read data of mass air flow signal using Subaru Select Monitor.

• Display shows mass air flow signal value sent from ECM.

CHECK : Does voltage change in response to the depress-release motion of the accelerator pedal?

- **YES** : Go to step **9M2**.
- Check mass air flow signal circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8I0].>

# 9M2 : CHECK ECM.

# CHECK : Has trouble been eliminated after ECM replacement?

- **YES** : Replace ECM.
- **NO** : Go to step **9M3**.

# **3-2** [T9M3] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL

9. Diagnostic Chart with Select Monitor

# 9M3 : CHECK TCM.

#### NOTE:

Install former ECM.

- CHECK : Has trouble been eliminated after TCM replacement?
- (YES) : Replace TCM.
- . Go to step FWD SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9N0].>

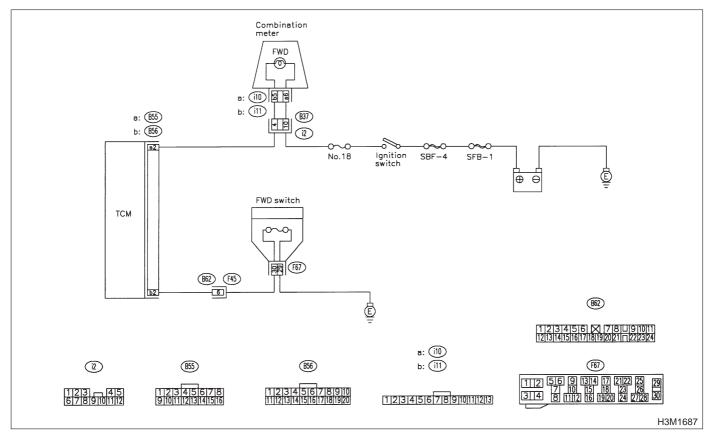
MEMO:

# N: CHECK FWD SWITCH.

# **DIAGNOSIS:**

- LED does not come on even if FWD switch is ON.
- FWD switch circuit is open or short.

# WIRING DIAGRAM:



# 9N1: CHECK FWD SWITCH.

- CHECK : When fuse is inserted to FWD switch, does LED light up?
- (YES) : Go to step KICK-DOWN SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T900].>
- **NO** : Go to step **9N2**.

#### 9N2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND FWD SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connector from TCM and FWD switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and FWD switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 2 — (F67) No. 30:

# CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?

Sector Step 9N3.

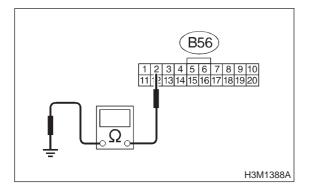
 Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and FWD switch connector and poor contact in coupling connector.

# 9N3: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND FWD SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness connector between TCM and body to make sure that circuit does not short.

# Connector & terminal





- **CHECK** : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 9N4.

YES)

NO

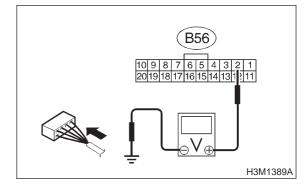
: Repair short circuit in harness connector between TCM and chassis ground.

# 9N4 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and FWD switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure signal voltage for TCM while installing the fuse to FWD switch connector.

# Connector & terminal (B56) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–):

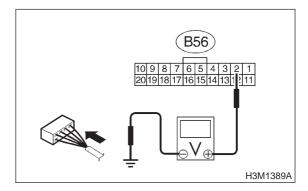


- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in FWD switch while installing?
- **YES** : Go to step **9N5**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9N10**.

9N5 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure signal voltage for TCM while removing the fuse from FWD switch connector.

# Connector & terminal (B56) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–):



CHECK

- : Is the voltage more than 10 V in FWD switch while removing?
- **YES** : Go to step **9N6**.
- NO: Replace TCM.

#### 9N6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND COMBINATION METER.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Remove combination meter.

3) Disconnect connector from TCM and combination meter.

4) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and diagnosis connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B55) No. 2 — (i11) No. 5:

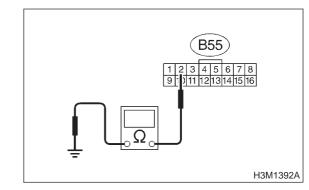
i11 B55 123456789101111213 12345678 91)1111213141516 ΟΩ H3M1688A

- CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 9N7.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and combination meter and poor contact in coupling connector.

# 9N7: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND COMBINATION METER.

Measure resistance of harness connector between TCM and chassis ground to make sure that circuit does not short.

# Connector & terminal (B55) No. 2 — Chassis ground:





- ) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **9N8**.
- Repair short circuit in harness between TCM and combination meter connector.

#### 9N8 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

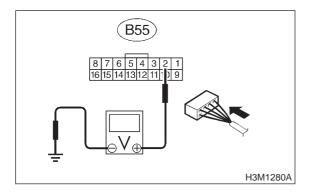
2) Connect connector to TCM and combination meter.

- 3) Install combination meter.
- 4) Turn ignition switch to ON.

5) Measure signal voltage for TCM while installing and removing the fuse to FWD switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal

(B55) No. 2 — Chassis ground:



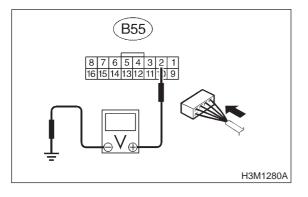
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in FWD switch while installing?
- **YES** : Go to step **9N9**.
- **NO**: Go to step **9N10**.

# 9N9 : CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL EMITTED FROM TCM.

Measure signal voltage for TCM while removing the fuse from FWD switch connector.

# Connector & terminal





- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 10 V in FWD switch while removing?
- **YES** : Go to step **9N10**.
  - : Replace TCM.

NO

# 9N10 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in FWD switch circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- : Replace TCM.

# O: CHECK KICK-DOWN SWITCH.

# 901 : CHECK KICK-DOWN SWITCH.

- CHECK : Does the LED of kick-down switch light up?
- **YES** : Replace TCM.
- So to step BREAK SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9P0].>

# P: CHECK BRAKE SWITCH.

# 9P1: CHECK BRAKE SWITCH.

- CHECK : When the brake pedal is depressed, does LED light up?
- (YES) : Go to step ABS SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9Q0]. >
- NO : Check brake switch circuit. <Ref. to 2-7 [T10BK0]. >

# Q: CHECK ABS SWITCH.

# 9Q1 : CHECK ABS SWITCH.

- (CHECK) : Does the LED of ABS switch light up?
- YES : Check ABS switch circuit. <Ref. to 4-4 [T10A0].> and <Ref. to 4-4 [T10V0].>
- NO : Go to step CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9R0].>

# R: CHECK CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH.

- 9R1: CHECK CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH.
- CHECK : Does the LED of cruise control switch light up?
- (VES) : Check cruise control set circuit. <Ref. to 2-7 [T10DA0].>
- So to step POWER MODE SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9S0].>

# S: CHECK POWER MODE SWITCH.

#### CHECK POWER MODE SWITCH. 9S1 :

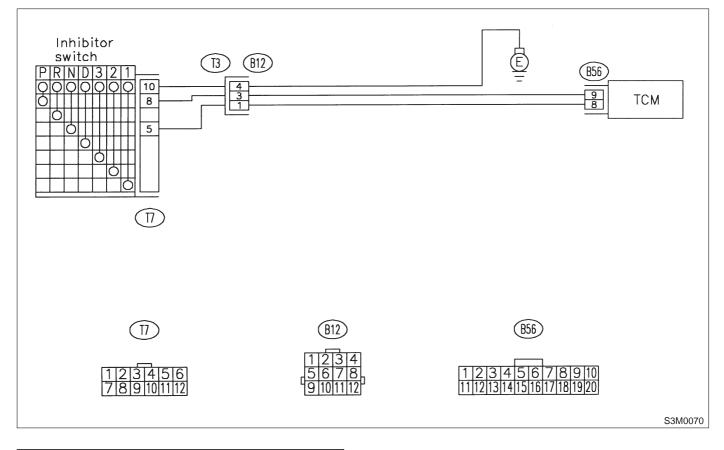
- : Does the LED of power mode switch (CHECK) light up?
- : Replace TCM. (YES)
- : Go to step N/P RANGE SWITCH. < Ref. NO to 3-2 [T9T0].>

MEMO:

# T: CHECK "N/P" RANGE SWITCH.

# **DIAGNOSIS:**

Input signal circuit of "P" or "N" range is open or shorted. **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 



# 9T1: CHECK "P" RANGE SWITCH.

CHECK : When "P" range is selected, does LED light up?

- YES : Go to step 9T2.
- **NO** : Go to step **9T3**.

# 9T2 : CHECK "N" RANGE SWITCH.

- CHECK : When the "N" range is selected, does LED light up?
- (VES) : Go to step "R" RANGE SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9U0].>
- **••••** : Go to step **9T4**.

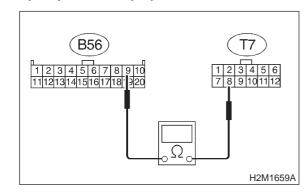
#### 9T3: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and inhibitor switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 9 — (T7) No. 8:



- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- YES : Go to step 9T5.

(CHECK)

NO

: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector, and poor contact in coupling connector.

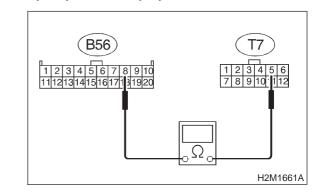
#### 9T4 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and inhibitor switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 8 — (T7) No. 5:

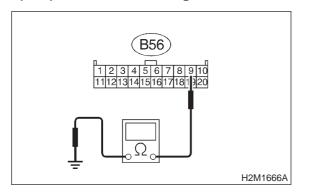


- CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **9T6**.
- Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector, and poor contact in coupling connector.

#### 9T5 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 9 — Chassis ground:





 $_{
m CK}$  : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?

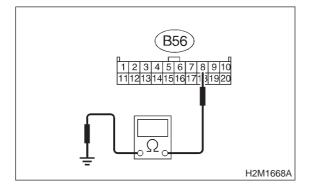
- : Go to step 9T7.
- Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### 9T6 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

# Connector & terminal

(B56) No. 8 — Chassis ground:





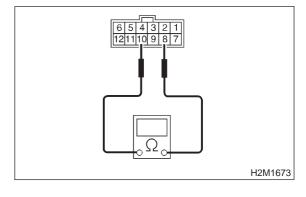
- : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step **9T9**.
- : Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

# 9T7: CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

# Terminals

No. 8 — No. 10



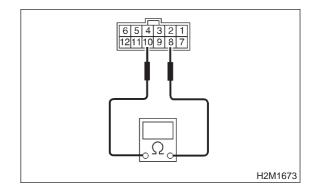
- CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$  in "P" range?
- **YES** : Go to step **9T8**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9T16**.

9T8 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

# Terminals

No. 8 — No. 10



CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$  in other ranges?

**YES** : Go to step **9T11**.

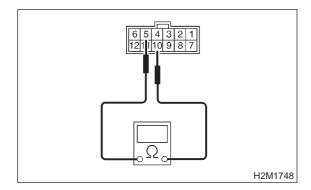
**NO** : Go to step **9T16**.

# 9T9 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

# Terminals

No. 5 — No. 10



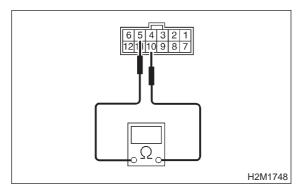
- CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$  in "N" range?
- (YES) : Go to step 9T10.
- Ξο : Go to step **9T16**.

# 9T10 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

# Terminals

No. 5 — No. 10



- CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$  in other ranges?
- YES : Go to step 9T13.
- **NO** : Go to step **9T16**.

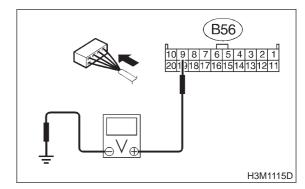
# 9T11 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and inhibitor switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

# Connector & terminal

(B56) No. 9 — Chassis ground:

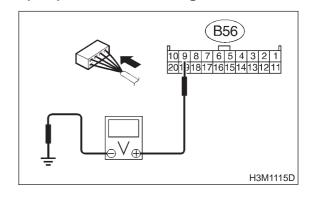


- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in "P" range?
- **YES** : Go to step **9T12**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9T15**.

# 9T12 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 9 — Chassis ground:



CHECK : Is the voltage more than 8 V in other ranges?

- **YES** : Go to step **9T15**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9T16**.

# 3-2 [T9T13] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL

9. Diagnostic Chart with Select Monitor

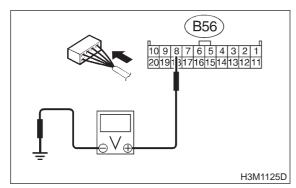
# 9T13 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and inhibitor switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

# **Connector & terminal**

(B56) No. 8 — Chassis ground:



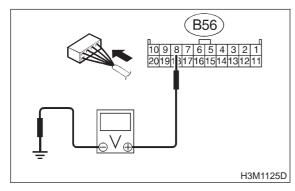
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in "N" range?
- (YES) : Go to step 9T14.
- **NO**: Go to step **9T15**.

# 9T14 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

Connector & terminal

```
(B56) No. 8 — Chassis ground:
```



- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 8 V in other ranges?
- **YES** : Go to step **9T15**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9T16**.

# 9T15 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in "N/P" range switch circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- кора : Replace TCM.

# 9T16 : CHECK SELECTOR CABLE.

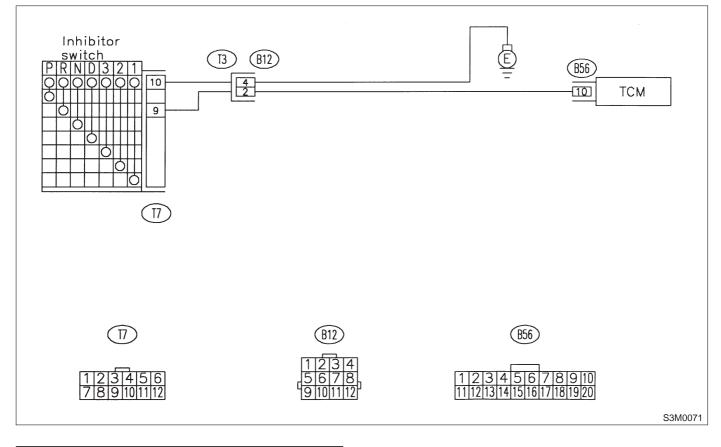
- CHECK : Is there faulty connection in the selector cable?
- **(VES)** : Repair connection of selector cable.
- : Replace inhibitor switch.

MEMO:

# U: CHECK "R" RANGE SWITCH.

# **DIAGNOSIS:**

Input signal circuit of "R" range is open or shorted. **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 



# 9U1: CHECK "R" RANGE SWITCH.

- CHECK : When the "R" range is selected, does LED light up?
- (YES) : Go to step "D" RANGE SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9V0].>
- **NO** : Go to step **9U2**.

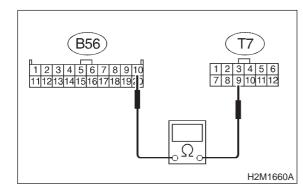
#### 9U2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and inhibitor switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B56) No. 10 — (T7) No. 9:



- : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
- : Go to step 9U3.

(CHECK)

YES)

NO

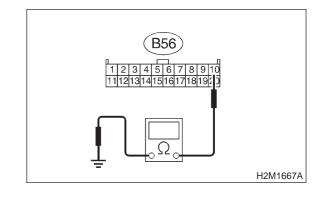
: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector, and poor contact in coupling connector.

#### 9U3: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(B56) No. 10 — Chassis ground:



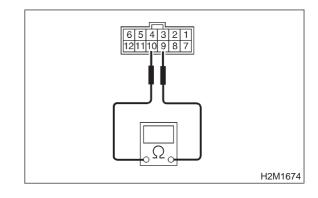
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **9U4**.
- Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

## 9U4 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 9 — No. 10



CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1 Ω in "R" range?

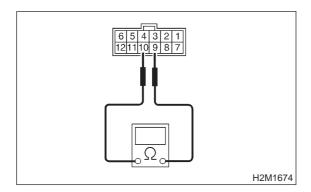
- (YES) : Go to step 9U5.
- **NO** : Go to step **9U9**.

## 9U5 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 9 — No. 10



- CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$  in other ranges?
- **YES**: Go to step **9U6**.
- . Go to step **9U9**.

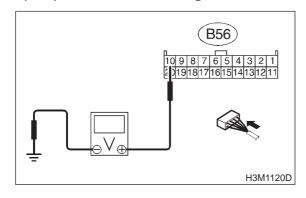
#### 9U6 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and inhibitor switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

```
(B56) No. 10 — Chassis ground:
```



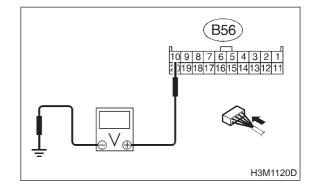
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in "R" range?
- (YES) : Go to step 9U7.
- **NO** : Go to step **9U8**.

## 9U7: CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal

(B56) No. 10 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 6 V in other ranges?
- YES : Go to step 9U8.
- **NO** : Go to step **9U9**.

## 9U8 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in "R" range switch circuit?
- (VES) : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Replace TCM.

## 9U9 : CHECK SELECTOR CABLE.

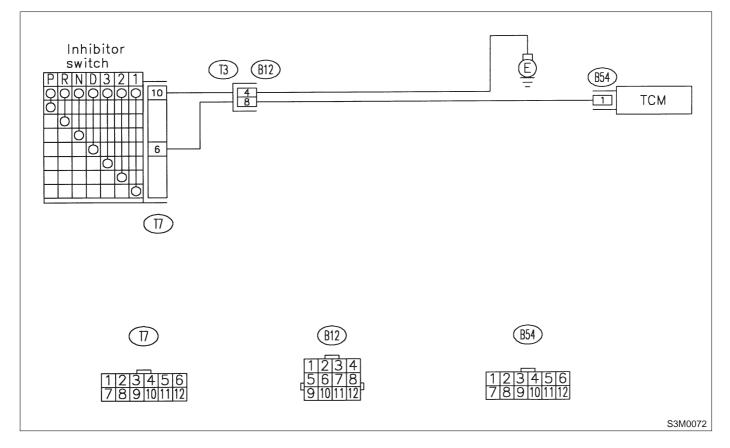
- CHECK : Is there faulty connection in the selector cable?
- **(VES)** : Repair connection of selector cable.
- : Replace inhibitor switch.

MEMO:

## V: CHECK "D" RANGE SWITCH.

#### **DIAGNOSIS:**

Input signal circuit of "D" range is open or shorted. **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** Shift characteristics are erroneous. **WIRING DIAGRAM:** 



## 9V1 : CHECK "D" RANGE SWITCH.

- CHECK : When the "D" range is selected, does LED light up?
- (YES) : Go to step "3" RANGE SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9W0].>
- **••••** : Go to step **9V2**.

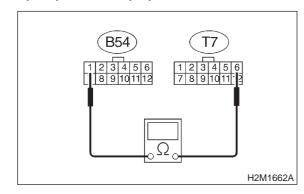
#### 9V2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and inhibitor switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 1 — (T7) No. 6:



- CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 9V3.

YES)

NO

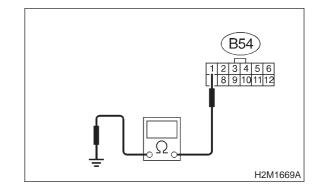
: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector, and poor contact in coupling connector.

#### 9V3: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(B54) No. 1 — Chassis ground:



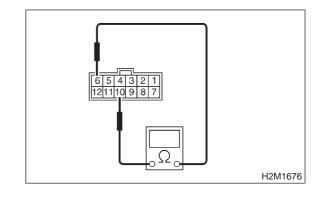
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **9V4**.
- Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

## 9V4 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 6 — No. 10



CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1 Ω in "D" range?

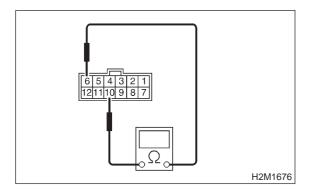
- (YES) : Go to step 9V5.
- **NO** : Go to step **9V9**.

9V5 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 6 — No. 10



- CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$  in other ranges?
- (YES) : Go to step 9V6.
- **NO**: Go to step **9V9**.

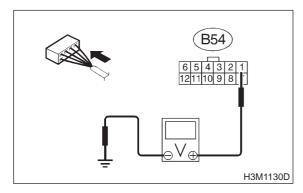
## 9V6 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and inhibitor switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(B54) No. 1 — Chassis ground:



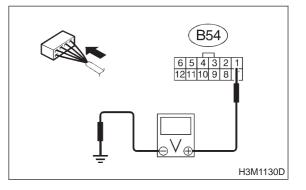
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in "D" range?
- (YES) : Go to step 9V7.
- **NO** : Go to step **9V8**.

## 9V7: CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 1 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 6 V in other ranges?
- **YES** : Go to step **9V8**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9V9**.

## 9V8 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in "D" range switch circuit?
- (VES) : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Replace TCM.

## 9V9 : CHECK SELECTOR CABLE.

- CHECK : Is there faulty connection in the selector cable?
- **(VES)** : Repair connection of selector cable.
- : Replace inhibitor switch.

MEMO:

9. Diagnostic Chart with Select Monitor

## W: CHECK "3" RANGE SWITCH.

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

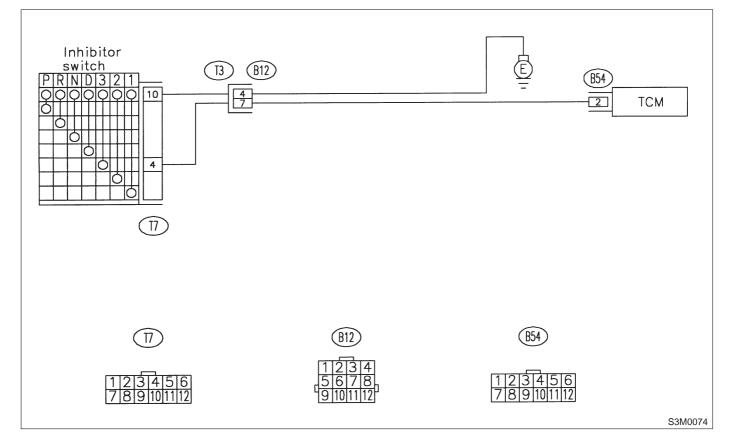
Input signal circuit of "3" range is open or shorted.

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Shift characteristics are erroneous.

• Engine brake is not effected when selector lever is in "3" range.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



#### 9W1 : CHECK "3" RANGE SWITCH.

- CHECK : When the "3" range is selected, does LED light up?
- (YES) : Go to step "2" RANGE SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9X0].>
- **NO**: Go to step **9W2**.

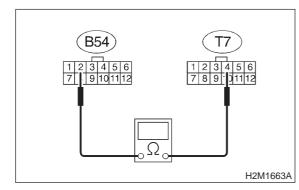
#### 9W2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connector from TCM and inhibitor switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 2 — (T7) No. 4:



- CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 9W3.

YES)

NO

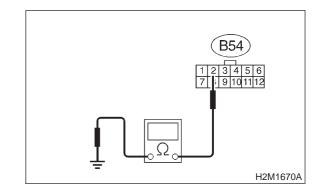
: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector and poor contact in coupling connector.

#### 9W3 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

<sup>(</sup>B54) No. 2 — Chassis ground:



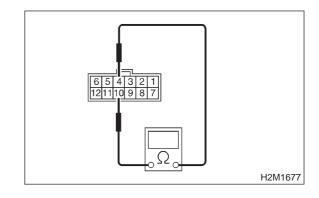
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **9W4**.
- Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

## 9W4 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 4 — No. 10



CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1 Ω in "3" range?

- (YES) : Go to step 9W5.
- (NO) : Go to step 9W9.

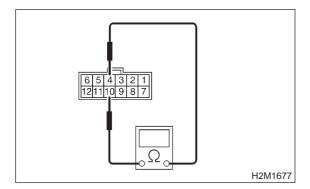
9. Diagnostic Chart with Select Monitor

## 9W5 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 4 — No. 10



- CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$  in other ranges?
- (YES) : Go to step 9W6.
- (NO) : Go to step 9W9.

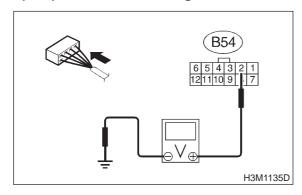
## 9W6 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and inhibitor switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

(B54) No. 2 — Chassis ground:



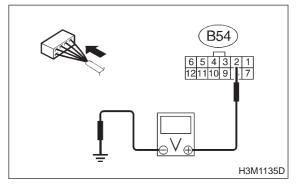
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in "3" range?
- (YES) : Go to step 9W7.
- **NO** : Go to step **9W8**.

## 9W7: CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 2 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 6 V in other ranges?
- YES : Go to step 9W8.
- **NO** : Go to step **9W9**.

## 9W8 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in "3" range switch circuit?
- (VES) : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Replace TCM.

## 9W9 : CHECK SELECTOR CABLE.

- CHECK : Is there faulty connection in the selector cable?
- **YES** : Repair connection of selector cable.
- : Replace inhibitor switch.

MEMO:

9. Diagnostic Chart with Select Monitor

# X: CHECK "2" RANGE SWITCH.

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

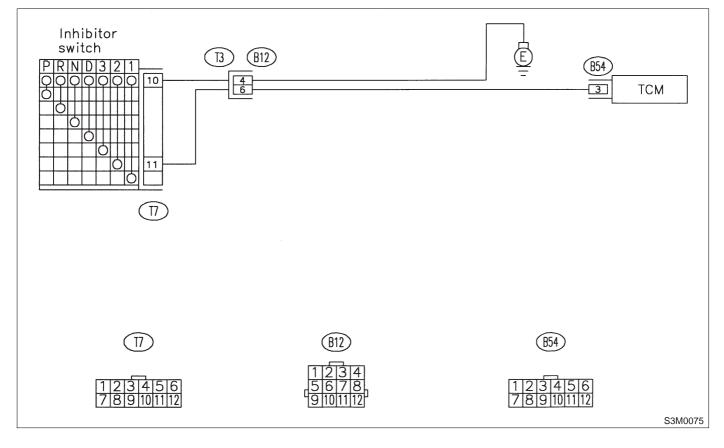
Input signal circuit of "2" range is open or shorted.

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Shift characteristics are erroneous.

• Engine brake is not effected when selector lever is in "2" range.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:



## 9X1 : CHECK "2" RANGE SWITCH.

- CHECK : When the "2" range is selected, does LED light up?
- (YES) : Go to step "1" RANGE SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9Y0].>
- **NO** : Go to step **9X2**.

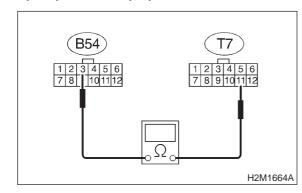
#### 9X2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connector from TCM and inhibitor switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 3 — (T7) No. 11:



- CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 9X3.

YES)

NO

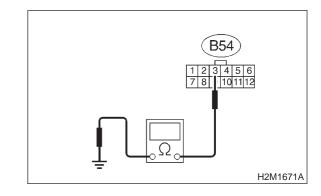
: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector, and poor contact in coupling connector.

#### 9X3: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### **Connector & terminal**

<sup>(</sup>B54) No. 3 — Chassis ground:



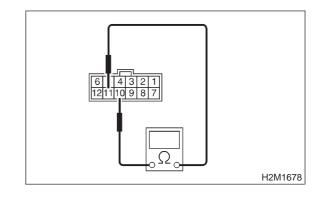
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **9X4**.
- Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### 9X4 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 11 — No. 10



CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1 Ω in "2" range?

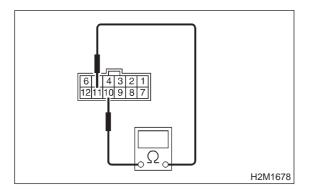
- (YES) : Go to step 9X5.
- **NO** : Go to step **9X9**.

9X5 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 11 — No. 10



- CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$  in other ranges?
- (YES) : Go to step 9X6.
- **NO**: Go to step **9X9**.

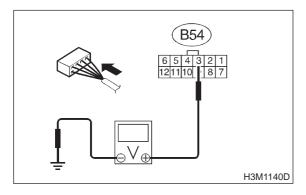
## 9X6 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and inhibitor switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 3 — Chassis ground:



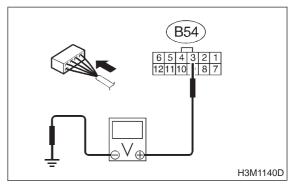
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in "2" range?
- **YES** : Go to step **9X7**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9X8**.

## 9X7: CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 3 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 6 V in other ranges?
- **YES** : Go to step **9X8**.
- **NO** : Go to step **9X9**.

## 9X8 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in "2" range switch circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- **NO** : Replace TCM.

## 9X9 : CHECK SELECTOR CABLE.

- CHECK : Is there faulty connection in the selector cable?
- **YES** : Repair connection of selector cable.
- : Replace inhibitor switch.

MEMO:

9. Diagnostic Chart with Select Monitor

# Y: CHECK "1" RANGE SWITCH.

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

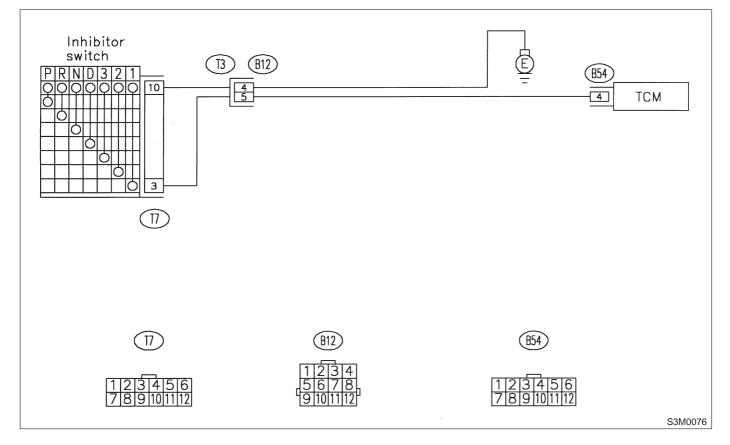
Input signal circuit of "1" range is open or shorted.

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Shift characteristics are erroneous.

• Engine brake is not effected when selector lever is in "1" range.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:



#### 9Y1 : CHECK "1" RANGE SWITCH.

- CHECK : When the "1" range is selected, does LED light up?
- (VES) : Go to step HOLD SWITCH. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9Z0].>
- : Go to step **9Y2**.

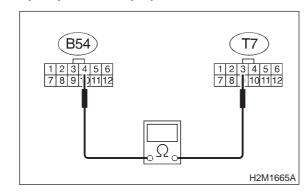
#### 9Y2 : CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.

2) Disconnect connectors from TCM and inhibitor switch.

3) Measure resistance of harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

#### Connector & terminal (B54) No. 4 — (T7) No. 3:



- CHECK) : Is the resistance less than 1  $\Omega$ ?
  - : Go to step 9Y3.

YES)

NO

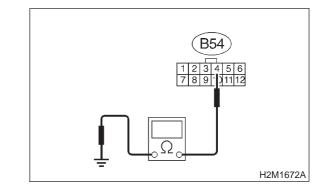
: Repair open circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector and poor contact in coupling connector.

#### 9Y3: CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN TCM AND INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance of harness between TCM and chassis ground.

#### Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 4 — Chassis ground:



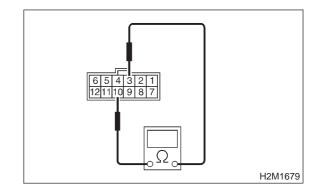
- (CHECK) : Is the resistance more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?
- **YES** : Go to step **9Y4**.
- Repair ground short circuit in harness between TCM and inhibitor switch connector.

## 9Y4 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 3 — No. 10



CHECK : Is the resistance less than 1 Ω in "1" range?

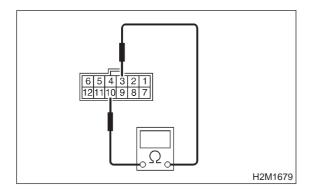
- (YES) : Go to step 9Y5.
- (NO) : Go to step 9Y9.

9Y5 : CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.

Measure resistance between inhibitor switch connector receptacle's terminals.

#### Terminals

No. 3 — No. 10



- CHECK : Is the resistance more than 1  $M\Omega$  in other ranges?
- (YES) : Go to step 9Y6.
- . Go to step **9Ү9**.

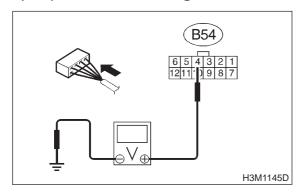
## 9Y6 : CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Connect connector to TCM and inhibitor switch.
- 3) Turn ignition switch to ON.

4) Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 4 — Chassis ground:



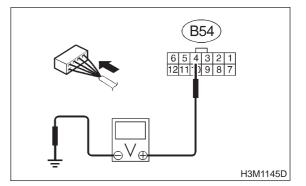
- CHECK : Is the voltage less than 1 V in "1" range?
- (YES) : Go to step 9Y7.
- **NO** : Go to step **9Y8**.

## 9Y7: CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR TCM.

Measure voltage between TCM and chassis ground.

## Connector & terminal

(B54) No. 4 — Chassis ground:



- CHECK : Is the voltage more than 6 V in other ranges?
- (VES) : Go to step 9Y8.
- ο : Go to step 9Y9.

9Y8 : CHECK POOR CONTACT.

- CHECK : Is there poor contact in "1" range switch circuit?
- **YES** : Repair poor contact.
- кора : Replace TCM.

## 9Y9 : CHECK SELECTOR CABLE.

- CHECK : Is there faulty connection in the selector cable?
- **(VES)** : Repair connection of selector cable.
- NO: Replace inhibitor switch.

## Z: CHECK HOLD SWITCH.

## 9Z1 : CHECK HOLD SWITCH.

- CHECK : Does the LED of hold switch mode light up?
- **YES** : Replace TCM.
- Solution : Go to step SHIFT SOLENOID 1. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9AA0].>

## AA: CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 1.

## 9AA1 : CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 1.

- CHECK : Does the LED of shift solenoid 1 light up?
- (VES) : Go to step SHIFT SOLENOID 2. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9AB0].>
- NO : Check shift solenoid 1 circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8G0].>

# AB: CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 2.

## 9AB1 : CHECK SHIFT SOLENOID 2.

- CHECK : Does the LED of shift solenoid 2 light up?
- VES : Go to step OVERRUNNING SOLE-NOID. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9AC0].>
- : Check shift solenoid 2 circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8F0].>

# AC: CHECK OVERRUNNING SOLENOID.

9AC1 : CHECK OVERRUNNING SOLENOID.

- CHECK : Does the LED of overrunning solenoid light up?
- (VES) : Check overrunning solenoid circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8E0].>
- (NO) : Go to step ATF TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9AD0].>

## AD: CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP.

9AD1 : CHECK ATF TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP.

Turn ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).

- CHECK : Does temperature warning lamp light up?
- (YES) : Go to step HOLD LAMP. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9AE0].>
- Check ATF temperature warning lamp circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T7A0].>

# AE: CHECK HOLD LAMP.

## 9AE1 : CHECK HOLD LAMP.

- **CHECK : Does the LED of hold lamp light up?**
- VES : Replace TCM.
- Go to step FWD MODE LAMP. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9AF0].>

# AF: CHECK FWD LAMP.

## 9AF1 : CHECK FWD LAMP.

- (CHECK) : Does the LED of FWD lamp light up?
- YES : Check FWD lamp circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9N0].>
- NO : Go to step TORQUE CONTROL SIG-NAL. <Ref. to 3-2 [T9AG0].>

# AG: CHECK TORQUE CONTROL SIGNAL.

9AG1 : CHECK TORQUE CONTROL SIG-NAL.

Turn ignition switch to ON (engine ON).

- CHECK : Does the LED of torque control signal light up?
- (VES) : Check torque control signal circuit. <Ref. to 3-2 [T8L0].>
- NO : Go to step General Diagnostic Table. <Ref. to 3-2 [T1000].>

# **10. General Diagnostic Table**

Symptom	Problem parts
Starter does not rotate when select lever is in "P" or "N"; starter rotates when select lever is in "R", "D", "3" or "2".	<ol> <li>1) Inhibitor switch</li> <li>2) Select cable</li> <li>3) Select lever</li> <li>4) Starter motor and harness</li> </ol>
Abnormal noise when select lever is in "P" or "N".	<ol> <li>Strainer</li> <li>Duty solenoid C</li> <li>Oil pump</li> <li>Drive plate</li> <li>ATF level too high or too low</li> </ol>
Hissing noise occurs during standing start.	<ol> <li>Strainer</li> <li>ATF level too high or too low</li> </ol>
Noise occurs while driving in "D1".	1) Final gear 2) Planetary gear
Noise occurs while driving in "D2".	<ul><li>3) Reduction gear</li><li>4) Differential gear oil level too high or too low</li></ul>
Noise occurs while driving in "D3".	<ol> <li>Final gear</li> <li>Low &amp; reverse brake</li> <li>Reduction gear</li> <li>Differential gear oil level too high or too low</li> </ol>
Noise occurs while driving in "D4".	<ol> <li>Final gear</li> <li>Low &amp; reverse brake</li> <li>Planetary gear</li> <li>Reduction gear</li> <li>Differential gear oil level too high or too low</li> </ol>
Engine stalls while shifting from one range to another.	<ol> <li>Control valve</li> <li>Lock-up damper</li> <li>Engine performance</li> </ol>
Vehicle moves when select lever is in "N".	<ol> <li>Control unit</li> <li>Inhibitor switch</li> <li>Forward clutch</li> </ol>
Shock occurs when select lever is moved from "N" to "D".	<ol> <li>Control module</li> <li>Accumulator ("N" to "D")</li> <li>Control valve</li> <li>ATF deterioration</li> <li>Dropping resistor</li> </ol>
Excessive time lag occurs when select lever is moved from "N" to "D".	<ol> <li>Control module</li> <li>Control valve</li> <li>Forward clutch</li> <li>Duty solenoid A</li> <li>Forward clutch seal ring</li> <li>Front gasket transmission case</li> </ol>
Shock occurs when select lever is moved from "N" to "R".	<ol> <li>Control module</li> <li>Accumulator (4A)</li> <li>Control valve</li> <li>ATF deterioration</li> <li>Dropping resistor</li> </ol>
Excessive time lag occurs when select lever is moved from "N" to "R".	<ol> <li>Control valve</li> <li>Low &amp; reverse clutch</li> <li>Reverse clutch</li> <li>Duty solenoid A</li> <li>Forward clutch seal ring</li> <li>Front gasket transmission case</li> </ol>
Vehicle does not start in any shift range (engine stalls).	<ol> <li>Parking brake mechanism</li> <li>Planetary gear</li> </ol>

Symptom	Problem ports
Symptom	Problem parts
	1) Strainer 2) Duty solenoid A
	3) Control valve
	4) Drive pinion
	5) Hypoid gear
	6) Axle shaft
	7) Differential gear
Vehicle does not start in any shift range (engine revving up).	8) Oil pump
	9) Input shaft
	10) Output shaft
	11) Planetary gear
	12) Drive plate
	13) ATF level too low
	14) Front gasket transmission case
	1) Select cable
	2) Select lever
Vehicle does not start in "R" range only (engine revving up).	3) Control valve
	4) Low & reverse clutch
	5) Reverse clutch
	1) Forward clutch
Vehicle does not start in "R" range only (engine stalls).	2) Band brake
······································	3) Planetary gear
	4) Parking brake mechanism
Vehicle does not start in "D", "3" or "2" range only (engine rev- ving up).	1) Forward clutch 2) One-way clutch (1-2)
Vehicle does not start in "D", "3", "2" or "1" range only (engine revving up).	1) Forward clutch
Vehicle does not start in "D", "3", "2" or "1" range only (engine stalls).	1) Reverse clutch
Vehicle starts in "R" range only (engine revving up).	1) Control valve
	1) Control valve
	2) Forward clutch
Acceleration during standing starts is poor (high stall rpm).	3) Reverse clutch
	4) ATF level too low
	5) Front gasket transmission case
	1) Oil pump
Acceleration during standing starts is poor (low stall rpm).	2) Torque converter one-way clutch
	3) Engine performance
	1) Control module
Acceleration is poor when select lever is in "D", "3" or "2"	2) Control valve
range (normal stall rpm).	3) High clutch
	4) Brake band
	5) Planetary gear
	1) Control module
Acceleration is poor when select lever is in "R" (normal stall	2) Overrunning clutch
rpm).	3) High clutch
	4) Brake band
	5) Planetary gear
	1) Control module
No shift occurs from 1st to 2nd gear.	2) Vehicle speed sensor 1
	3) Vehicle speed sensor 2
	4) Throttle position sensor
	5) Shift solenoid 1
	<ul><li>6) Shift solenoid 2</li><li>7) Control valve</li></ul>
	8) Brake band

# **3-2 [T1000] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL** 10. General Diagnostic Table

Symptom	Problem parts
No shift occurs from 2nd to 3rd gear.	1) Control module
	2) Control valve
	3) High clutch
	4) One-way clutch (3-4)
	1) Control module
	2) Accumulator (3R)
No shift occurs from 3rd to 4th gear.	3) ATF temperature sensor
	4) Control valve
	5) Band brake
	1) Inhibitor switch
	2) Control module
Engine brake is not effected when select lever is in "3" range.	3) Throttle position sensor
	4) Control valve
	5) Shift solenoid 3
Engine brake is not effected when select lever is in "3" or "2"	1) Control valve
range.	2) Overrunning clutch
Engine brake is not effected when select lever is in "1" range.	1) Control valve
	2) Low & reverse brake clutch
	1) Inhibitor switch
	2) Control module
Shift characteristics are erroneous.	3) Vehicle speed sensor 1
	<ul><li>4) Vehicle speed sensor 2</li><li>5) Throttle position sensor</li></ul>
	6) Control valve
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
	3) ATF temperature sensor
No lock-up occurs.	4) Control valve
	5) Lock-up facing
	6) Engine speed signal
Parking brake is not effected.	1) Select cable
Shift lever cannot be moved or is hard to move from "P"	2) Select lever
range.	3) Parking mechanism
ATF spurts out.	1) ATF level too high
Differential oil spurts out.	1) Differential gear oil too high
	1) Seal pipe
Differential oil level changes excessively.	2) Double oil seal
	1) Transfer clutch
	2) Forward clutch
	3) Overrunning clutch
	4) High clutch
Odor is produced from ATF supply pipe.	5) Band brake
	6) Low & reverse clutch
	7) Reverse clutch
	8) Lock-up facing
	9) ATF deterioration
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
Shock occurs from 1st to 2nd gear.	3) Accumulator (2A)
	4) ATF temperature sensor
	5) Duty solenoid A
	6) Control valve
	7) Band brake
	8) ATF deterioration
	9) Engine performance
	10) Dropping resistor

Symptom	Problem parts
Oymptom	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
	3) Accumulator (2A)
Slippage occurs from 1st to 2nd gear.	4) ATF temperature sensor
Shippage occurs nonn rat to zhu geal.	5) Duty solenoid A
	6) Control valve
	7) Band brake
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
	3) Accumulator (3R)
	4) ATF temperature sensor
Shock occurs from 2nd to 3rd gear.	5) Duty solenoid A
	6) Control valve
	7) High clutch
	8) Band brake
	9) ATF deterioration
	10) Engine performance
	11) Dropping resistor
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
	3) Accumulator (3R)
Oliver and a second former Or date Order and	4) ATF temperature sensor
Slippage occurs from 2nd to 3rd gear.	5) Duty solenoid A
	6) Control valve
	7) High clutch
	8) Band brake
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
	3) Accumulator
	4) ATF temperature sensor
Charly appure from 2rd to 4th goar	5) Duty solenoid A
Shock occurs from 3rd to 4th gear.	6) Control valve
	7) Overrunning clutch
	8) Band brake
	9) ATF deterioration
	10) Engine performance
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
	3) Accumulator
Slippage occurs from 3rd to 4th gear.	4) ATF temperature sensor
	5) Duty solenoid A
	6) Control valve
	7) Band brake
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
	3) ATF temperature sensor
Shock occurs when select lever is moved from "3" to "2"	4) Duty solenoid A
range.	5) Control valve
	6) Overrunning clutch
	7) Band brake
	8) ATF deterioration
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
Shock occurs when select lever is moved from "D" to "1" range.	3) ATF temperature sensor
	4) Duty solenoid A
	5) Control valve
	6) ATF deterioration
	7) Low & reverse brake

# **3-2 [T1000] AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AND DIFFERENTIAL** 10. General Diagnostic Table

Symptom	Problem parts
	1) Control module
	2) Throttle position sensor
Shock occurs when select lever is moved from "2" to "1"	3) ATF temperature sensor
range.	4) Duty solenoid A
	5) Control valve
	<ul><li>6) Low &amp; reverse clutch</li><li>7) ATF deterioration</li></ul>
	1) Control module
	<ul><li>2) Throttle position sensor</li><li>3) ATF temperature sensor</li></ul>
Shock occurs when accelerator pedal is released at medium speeds.	4) Duty solenoid A
	5) Control valve
	6) Lock-up damper
	7) Engine performance
	1) Control module
	2) Duty solenoid B
Vibration occurs during straight-forward operation.	3) Lock-up facing
	4) Lock-up damper
	1) Control module
	2) Vehicle speed sensor 1
	3) Vehicle speed sensor 2
	4) Throttle position sensor
Vibration occurs during turns (tight corner "braking" phenom-	5) ATF temperature sensor
enon).	6) Transfer clutch
	7) Transfer valve
	8) Duty solenoid C
	9) ATF deterioration
	1) Control module
	2) Vehicle speed sensor 2
	3) FWD switch
	4) Throttle position sensor
Front wheel aligners accure during standing starts	5) ATF temperature sensor
Front wheel slippage occurs during standing starts.	<ul><li>6) Control valve</li><li>7) Transfer clutch</li></ul>
	8) Transfer valve
	9) Transfer pipe
	10) Duty solenoid C
	11) Transfer clutch hub
	1) Control module
	2) FWD switch
Vehicle is not set in FWD mode.	3) Transfer clutch
	4) Transfer valve
	5) Duty solenoid C
Select lever is hard to move.	1) Select cable
	2) Select lever
	3) Detent spring
	4) Manual plate
Select lever is too high to move (unreasonable resistance).	1) Detent spring
	2) Manual plate
	1) Select cable
Select lever slips out of operation during acceleration or while driving on rough terrain.	2) Select lever
	3) Detent spring
	4) Manual plate