

COOLING



1. General Description

A: SPECIFICATION

Reservoir tank	Capacity		ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)	0.45 (0.48, 0.40)
	Fins			Corrugated fin type
		Radiator side	kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)	Above only: 137±14.7 (1.40±0.15, 20±2.1)
Radiator	Pressure range in which cap valve is open	Coolant filler tank side	kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)	Above: 108±15 (1.1±0.15, 16±2) Below: -1.0 to -4.9 (-0.01 0.05, -0.10.7)
	Core dimensions	Width × Height × Thickness	mm (in)	687.4 × 340 × 16 (27.06 × 13.39 × 0.63)
	Туре			Down flow
		Sub fan		318.5 mm (12.54 in)/11
	Fan diameter / Blade	Main fan		318.5 mm (12.54 in)/9
Radiator fan		Sub fan	W	120
	Motor input	Main fan	W	120
	Valve bore	35 (1.38)		
	Valve lift	9.0 (0.354) or more		
Thermostat	Fully opens	91°C (196°F)		
	Starting temperature to c	76 — 80°C (169 — 176°F)		
	Туре			Wax pellet type
	Clearance between impeller and case	Standard	mm (in)	0.5 — 1.5 (0.020 — 0.059)
	Pump pulley diameter	-	mm (in)	60 (2.36)
	Number of impeller vane	S	mm (in)	8
	Impeller diameter	76 (2.99)		
	performance III	Pump speed — Discharge pu Engine coolant temperature	ressure	(23.0 mAq) 80°C (176°F)
	Discharge	Discharge rate	ℓ (US gal, Imp gal) /min	200 (52.8, 44.0) 6,000 rpm — 225.4 kPa
Water pump		Engine coolant temperature		80°C (176°F)
	Discharge performance II	Pump speed — Discharge p	ressure	3,000 rpm — 49.0 kPa (5.0 mAq)
		Discharge rate	ℓ (US gal, Imp gal) /min	100 (26.4, 22.0)
		Engine coolant temperature		80°C (176°F)
	Discharge performance I	Pump speed — Discharge p	ressure	760 rpm — 2.9 kPa (0.3 mAq)
		Discharge rate	ℓ (US gal, Imp gal) /min	20 (5.3, 4.4)
	Туре			Centrifugal impeller type
Total engine co	olant capacity		ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)	MT: approx. 7.5 (7.9, 6.6) AT: approx. 7.4 (7.8, 6.5)
Cooling system	1			Electric fan + Forced engine coolant circulation system

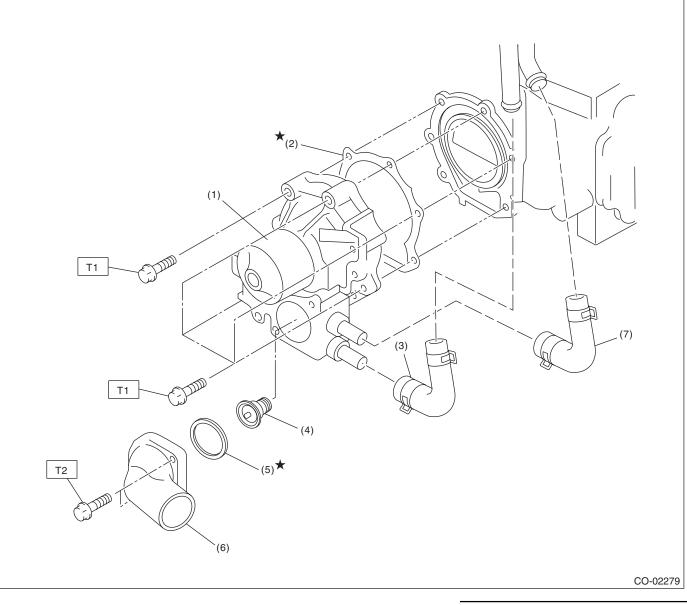
Coolant	Recommended materials	Item number	Alternative
Coolant	SUBARU coolant	000016218	Phosphoric acid (non-amine) type
Water for dilution	Distilled water		Soft water or tap water
Cooling system protective agent	Cooling system conditioner	SOA345001	None

General Description

General Description					Vo
		F	ngine coolant temperatu	^{ردي} م re	LE Studios
Vehicle speed	A/C compressor load	Increase: 94°C (201°F) or less Decrease: 91°C (196°F) or less	Increase: 95 — 96°C (203 — 205°F) Decrease: 92 — 94°C (198 — 201°F)	Increase: 97°C (207°F) or more Decrease: 95°C (203°F) or more	
During acceleration:	OFF	Radiator fan operation OFF	Radiator fan operation Low-Speed	Radiator fan operation High-Speed	
19 km/h (12 MPH) or less During deceleration:	Low	Low-Speed	Low-Speed	High-Speed	
10 km/h (6 MPH) or less	High	High-Speed	High-Speed	High-Speed	
During acceleration:	OFF	OFF	Low-Speed	High-Speed	
20 — 69 km/h (12 — 43 MPH)	Low	High-Speed	High-Speed	High-Speed	
During deceleration: 11 — 64 km/h (7 — 40 MPH)	High	High-Speed	High-Speed	High-Speed	
During acceleration:	OFF	OFF	Low-Speed	High-Speed	
70 — 105 km/h (43 — 65 MPH)	Low	High-Speed	High-Speed	High-Speed	
During deceleration: 65 — 103 km/h (40 — 64 MPH)	High	High-Speed	High-Speed	High-Speed	
During acceleration:	OFF	OFF	High-Speed	High-Speed	
106 km/h (66 MPH) or more	Low	High-Speed	High-Speed	High-Speed	
During deceleration: 104 km/h (65 MPH) or more	High	High-Speed	High-Speed	High-Speed	

B: COMPONENT

1. WATER PUMP



General Description

(1) Water pump ASSY

- (2) Gasket
- (3) Heater by-pass hose
- (4) Thermostat

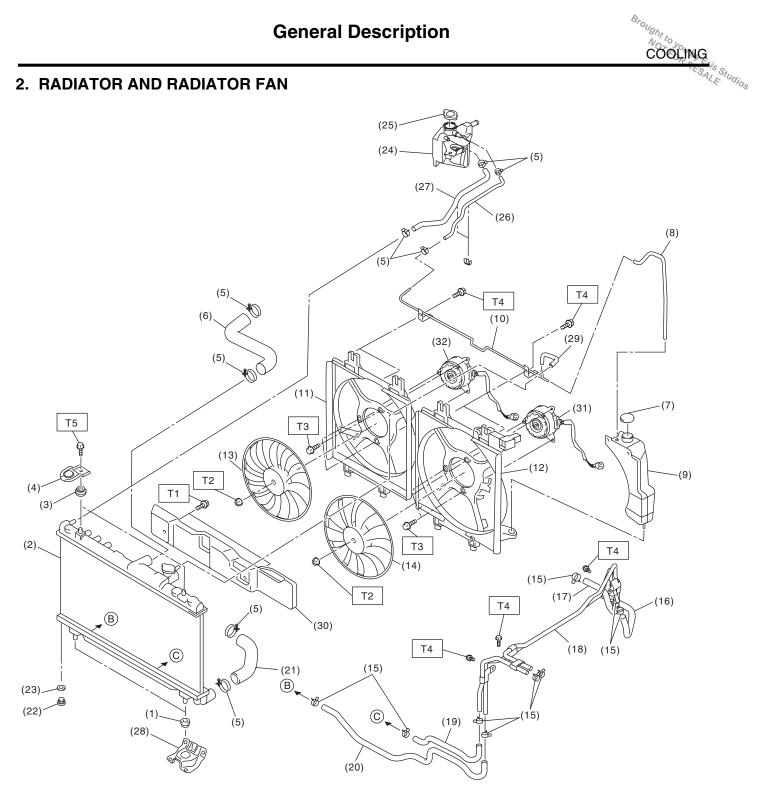
- (5) Gasket
- (6) Thermostat cover
- (7) Coolant filler tank by-pass hose
- Tightening torque:N⋅m (kgf-m, ft-lb)

Brought to you by East Studios

- T1: First 12 (1.2, 8.9)
- Second 12 (1.2, 8.9)
- T2: 12 (1.2, 8.9)

General Description

2. RADIATOR AND RADIATOR FAN



CO-02363

Brought to you by Exis Studios COOLING (1) Radiator lower cushion (15) ATF hose clamp (AT model) (27) Coolant filler tank hose B Radiator (16) ATF hose A (AT model) (2) (28) Radiator lower bracket (3) Radiator upper cushion (17) ATF hose B (AT model) (29) Over flow hose B (4) Radiator upper bracket (18) ATF pipe (AT model) (30) Heat shield cover (AT model) (5) Clamp (19) ATF hose C (AT model) (31) Main fan motor (6) Radiator hose A (20) ATF hose D (AT model) (32) Sub fan motor (21) Radiator hose B (7) Engine coolant reservoir tank cap Tightening torque:N⋅m (kgf-m, ft-lb) (8) Over flow hose A (22) Radiator drain plug (9) Engine coolant reservoir tank (23) O-ring T1: 3 (0.3, 2.2) T2: 3.4 (0.35, 2.5) (10) Over flow pipe (24) Engine coolant filler tank (25) Radiator cap T3: 4.41 (0.45, 3.25) (11) Radiator sub fan shroud (Engine coolant filler tank cap) (12) Radiator main fan shroud T4: 7.5 (0.76, 5.5) (13) Radiator sub fan ASSY Coolant filler tank hose A T5: 12 (1.2, 8.9) (26)(14) Radiator main fan ASSY

C: CAUTION

 Wear appropriate work clothing, including a cap, protective goggles and protective shoes when performing any work.

- Remove contamination including dirt and corrosion before removal, installation or disassembly.
- Keep the disassembled parts in order and protect them from dust and dirt. ٠

Before removal, installation or disassembly, be sure to clarify the failure. Avoid unnecessary removal, in-• stallation, disassembly and replacement.

- Vehicle components are extremely hot after driving. Be wary of receiving burns from heated parts.
- Be sure to tighten fasteners including bolts and nuts to the specified torgue. ٠
- Place shop jacks or rigid racks at the specified points. •

 Before disconnecting connectors of sensors or units, be sure to disconnect the ground cable from the battery.

D: PREPARATION TOOL

ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	499207400	CAM SPROCKET WRENCH	Used for removing and installing exhaust cam sprocket.
ST-499207400			
	499977100	CRANK PULLEY WRENCH	Used to stop rotation of the crank pulley when loosening or tightening crank pulley bolts. (MT model)
ST-499977100			

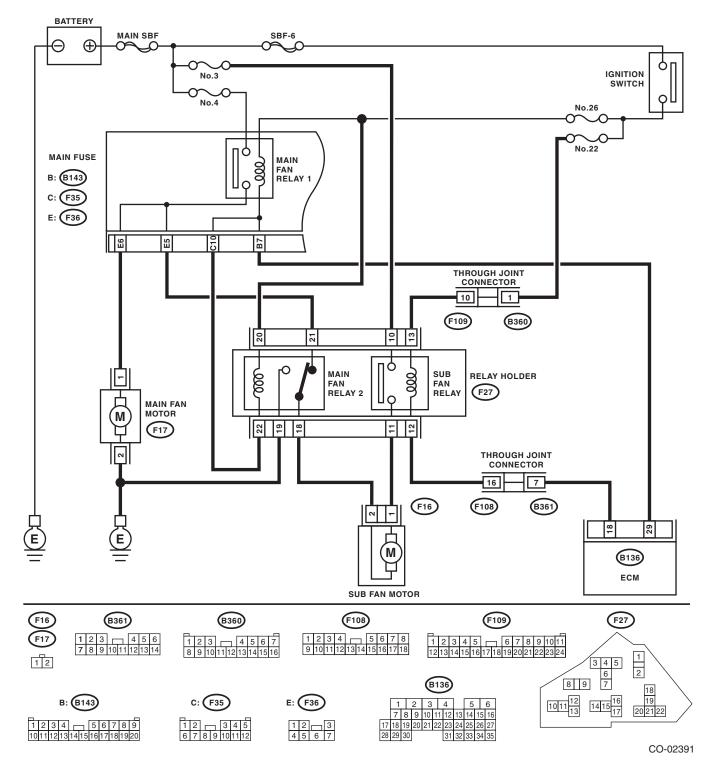
General Description

	Gene	eral Descriptio	COOLING	
ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	EUU
ON S	499977400	CRANK PULLEY WRENCH	Used to stop rotation of the crank pulley when loosening or tightening crank pulley bolts. (AT model)	
ST-499977400				
ST-499977500	499977500	CAM SPROCKET WRENCH	Used for removing and installing intake cam sprocket.	
	1B021XU0	SUBARU SELECT MONITOR III KIT	Used for troubleshooting for electrical system.	
ST1B021XU0				



2. Radiator Fan System

A: WIRING DIAGRAM



Radiator Fan System

B: INSPECTION

DETECTING CONDITION:

- Engine coolant temperature is 96°C (205°F) or more.
- Vehicle speed is 19 km/h (12 MPH) or less.

TROUBLE SYMPTOMS:

Radiator main fan and sub fan do not rotate under the above conditions.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR FAN. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Using the Subaru Select Monitor, check the forced operation of the radiator fan relay. NOTE: When performing a forced operation radiator fan relay check using the Subaru Select Monitor, the radiator main fan and sub fan will repeat low speed revolution → high speed revolution → OFF in this order. Subaru Select Monitor Refer to Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode for detailed procedures. <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.> 		Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	 CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR FAN. 1) Connect the test mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Perform the compulsory operation check for the radiator fan relay using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: When performing a forced operation radiator fan relay check using the Subaru Select Monitor, the radiator main fan and sub fan will repeat low speed revolution → high speed revolution → OFF in this order. Subaru Select Monitor Refer to Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode for detailed procedures. <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.> 		Radiator main fan system is normal.	Go to step 27.
3	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RE-LAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the sub fan relay from the relay holder. 3) Measure the voltage between the sub fan relay terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
4	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between the sub fan relay terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 7 .	Go to step 6.



Radiator Fan System

COOL	CHECK FUSE				
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
5	 CHECK FUSE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuse No. 3. 3) Check the condition of fuse. 	Is the fuse blown out?	Replace the fuse.	Repair the power supply line.	
6	 CHECK FUSE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuse No. 22. 3) Check the condition of fuse. 	Is the fuse blown out?	Replace the fuse.	Repair the power supply line.	
7	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between sub fan relay terminals. Terminals No. 10 — No. 11: 	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 8.	Replace the sub fan relay.	
8	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1) Connect the battery to terminals No. 12 and No. 13 of the sub fan relay. 2) Measure the resistance between sub fan relay terminals. Terminals No. 10 — No. 11: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 9 .	Replace the sub fan relay.	
9	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY TERMINAL AND SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from the sub fan motor. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between the sub fan relay terminal and sub fan motor connector. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 1 — (F27) No. 11: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 10 .	Repair the open circuit of harness between sub fan relay terminal and sub fan motor con- nector.	
10	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN MO- TOR CONNECTOR AND MAIN FAN RELAY 2 CONNECTOR. 1) Remove the main fan relay 2 from the relay holder. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and main fan relay 2 connector. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 — (F27) No. 18: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 11.	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between sub fan motor connec- tor and main fan relay 2 connector.	
11	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in the sub fan motor connector?	Repair the poor contact of sub fan motor connector.	Go to step 12.	
12	CHECK SUB FAN MOTOR. Connect the battery positive (+) terminal to ter- minal No. 1 of the sub fan motor, and the ground (–) terminal to terminal No. 2.	Does the sub fan rotate?	Go to step 13 .	Replace the sub fan motor.	
13	CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY 2. Measure the resistance of main fan relay 2. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 21 — No. 18:</i>	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 14.	Replace the main fan relay 2.	

Radiator Fan System



	Radiator Fan System				
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
14	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY 2 AND MAIN FAN MOTOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from the main fan motor. 2) Measure the resistance of the harness between main fan relay 2 terminal and main fan motor connector. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 1 — (F27) No. 2: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 15 .	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between main fan relay 2 terminal and main fan motor connec- tor.	
15	CHECK MAIN FAN MOTOR AND GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between main fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 16 .	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between main fan motor connector and chassis ground.	
16	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of main fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in the main fan motor connector?	Repair the poor contact of main fan motor connector.	Go to step 17.	
17	CHECK MAIN FAN MOTOR. Connect the battery positive (+) terminal to ter- minal No. 1 of the main fan motor, and the ground (–) terminal to terminal No. 2.	Does the main fan rotate?	Go to step 18 .	Replace the main fan motor.	
18	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY AND ECM. 1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 2) Measure the resistance between the sub fan relay terminal and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 18 — (F27) No. 12: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 19 .	Repair the open circuit of harness between sub fan relay terminal and ECM.	
19	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Check the DTC. Repair the trouble cause. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-43, Read Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).></ref.>	
20	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY 1. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove main fan relay 1 from the main fuse box. 3) Measure the resistance of terminal in main fan relay 1 switch. 	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 21.	Replace the main fan relay 1.	
21	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY 1. 1) Connect the main fan relay 1 coil side terminal to the battery. 2) Measure the resistance between terminals of main fan relay 1 switch. 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 22.	Replace the main fan relay 1.	
22	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY 1 AND MAIN FAN MOTOR CONNEC- TOR. 1) Disconnect the connector from the main fan motor. 2) Measure the resistance of the harness between main fan relay 1 terminal and main fan motor connector. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 1 — (F36) No. 6: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 23 .	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between main fan relay 1 terminal and main fan motor connec- tor.	

Radiator Fan System

COOL	Step Check Yes No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
23	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY 1 AND ECM. 1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 2) Measure the resistance between main fan relay 1 terminal and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 29 — (B143) No. 7: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 24.	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between main fan relay 1 terminal and ECM.	
24	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY 2 AND ECM. Measure the resistance between main fan relay 2 terminal and ECM connector. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 29 — (F27) No. 22:	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 25.	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between main fan relay 2 terminal and ECM.	
25	 CHECK FUSE. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the fuse No. 4 and 26. 3) Check the condition of fuse. 	Is the fuse blown out?	Replace the fuse.	Go to step 26 .	
26	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the power supply circuit to the main fuse box.	
27	CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR FAN. If the both fans do not rotate at high speed in the condition of step 2, check whether the sub fan is rotating.	Does the sub fan rotate?	Go to step 20.	Go to step 28 .	
28	 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF MAIN FAN RELAY 2. 1) Remove the main fan relay 2 from the relay holder. 2) Measure the resistance between main fan relay 2 terminal and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F27) No. 19 — Chassis ground: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 29.	Repair the open circuit of harness between main fan relay 2 and chassis ground.	
29	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RELAY 2. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between main fan relay 2 terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 30.	Repair the power supply line.	
30	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY 2. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the main fan relay 2. 3) Measure the resistance of main fan relay 2. Terminals (F27) No. 18 — (F27) No. 19: 	Is the resistance 1 M Ω or more?	Go to step 31.	Replace the main fan relay 2.	
31	 CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY 2. 1) Connect the battery to main fan relay 2 terminals No. 20 and No. 22. 2) Measure the resistance of main fan relay 2. <i>Terminals</i> (F27) No. 18 — (F27) No. 19: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 23.	Replace the main fan relay 2.	



3. Engine Coolant

A: REPLACEMENT

1. DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT

1) Set the vehicle on a lift.

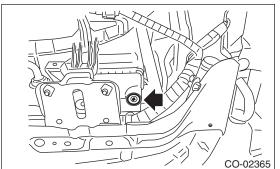
2) Lift up the vehicle.

3) Remove the under cover.

4) Remove the drain plug to drain engine coolant into container.

NOTE:

Remove the coolant filler tank cap so that engine coolant will drain faster.



5) Install the drain plug.

2. FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT

1) Pour cooling system conditioner through the filler neck.

Cooling system protective agent:

Refer to "SPECIFICATION" for the cooling system protective agent. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-2, SPECIFICATION, General Description.>

2) Fill the engine coolant into coolant filler tank up to the filler neck position.

Recommended engine coolant:

Refer to "SPECIFICATION" for the recommended engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-2, SPECIFICATION, General Description.>

Coolant level:

Refer to "SPECIFICATION" for the recommended engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-2, SPECIFICATION, General Description.>

CAUTION:

Do not confuse the cap of coolant filler tank and cap of radiator.

NOTE:

When pouring the engine coolant, the radiator side cap must not be removed.

3) Fill engine coolant into the reservoir tank up to "FULL" level.

4) Close the coolant filler tank cap, and start the en- $^{\sim}$ gine. Race 5 to 6 times at 3,000 rpm or less, then stop the engine. (Complete this operation within 40 seconds.)

5) Wait for one minute after the engine stops, then open the coolant filler tank cap. If the engine coolant level drops, add engine coolant into the coolant filler tank up to the filler neck position.

6) Perform the procedures 4) and 5) again.

7) Install the coolant filler tank cap and reservoir tank cap properly.

8) Start the engine and operate the heater at maximum hot position and the blower speed setting to "LO".

9) Run the engine at 2,000 rpm or less until radiator fan starts and stops.

NOTE:

Be careful with the engine coolant temperature gauge to prevent overheating.

10) Stop the engine and wait until the engine coolant temperature lowers to 30°C (86°F) or less.

11) Open the coolant filler tank cap. If the engine coolant level drops, add engine coolant into the coolant filler tank up to the filler neck position and the reservoir tank to "FULL" level.

12) Install the coolant filler tank cap and reservoir tank cap properly.

13) Set the heater setting to maximum hot position and the blower speed setting to "LO" and start the engine. Perform racing at 3,000 rpm or less. If the flowing sound is heard from heater core, repeat the procedures from step 9) again.

B: INSPECTION

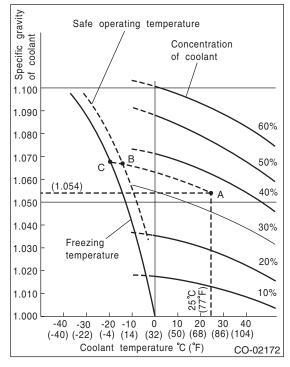
1. RELATIONSHIP OF ENGINE COOLANT CONCENTRATION AND FREEZING TEMPERATURE

The concentration and safe operating temperature of engine coolant is shown in the diagram 1. Measuring the temperature and specific gravity of the coolant will provide this information.

[Example]

If the coolant temperature is 25° C (77°F) and its specific gravity is 1.054, the concentration is 35% (point A), the safe operating temperature is -14° C (7°F) (point B), and the freezing temperature is -20° C (-4° F) (point C).

• Diagram 1



2. PROCEDURE TO ADJUST THE CONCENTRATION OF THE COOLANT

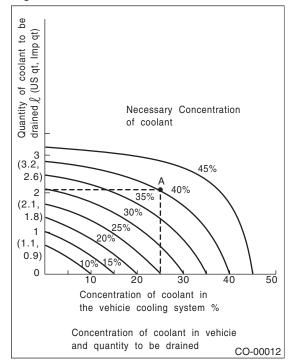
To adjust the concentration of coolant according to temperature, find the proper engine coolant concentration in the diagram 1 and replace the necessary amount of coolant with an undiluted solution of engine coolant (concentration 50%).

The amount of engine coolant that should be replaced can be determined using the diagram 2. [Example]

Assume that the engine coolant concentration must be increased from 25% to 40%. Find point A, where the 25% line of engine coolant concentration intersects with the 40% curve of the necessary engine coolant concentration, and read the scale on the vertical axis of the graph at height A. The quantity of coolant to be drained is 2.1 ℓ (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt). Drain 2.1 ℓ (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt) of coolant from the cooling system and add 2.1 ℓ (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt) undiluted engine coolant solution.

If a coolant concentration of 50% is needed, drain all the coolant and refill with the undiluted solution only.

• Diagram 2



4. Water Pump

A: REMOVAL

1) Remove the radiator. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-19, REMOVAL, Radiator.>

2) Remove the V-belts. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-41, REMOVAL, V-belt.>

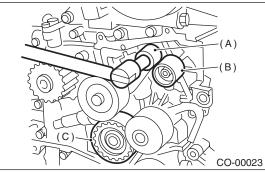
3) Remove the crank pulley. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-48, REMOVAL, Crank Pulley.>

4) Remove the timing belt cover. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-50, REMOVAL, Timing Belt Cover.> 5) Remove the timing belt. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-

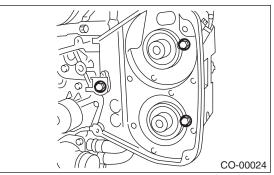
51, REMOVAL, Timing Belt.>

6) Remove the automatic belt tension adjuster (A).

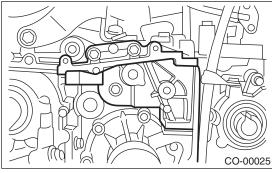
- 7) Remove the belt idler (B).
- 8) Remove the belt idler No. 2 (C).



9) Remove the cam sprocket LH. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-60, REMOVAL, Cam Sprocket.> 10) Remove the belt cover LH No. 2.

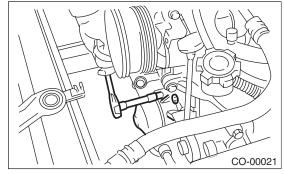


11) Remove the tensioner bracket.



12) Disconnect the hose from water pump.

13) Remove the water pump.



B: INSTALLATION

1) Install the water pump onto cylinder block (LH). NOTE:

• Use a new gasket.

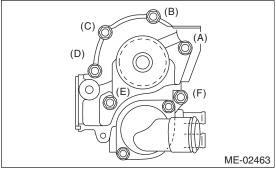
• When installing the water pump, tighten the bolts in two stages in alphabetical sequence as shown in figure.

Tightening torque:

First:

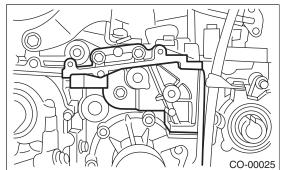
12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.9 ft-lb) Second: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.9 ft-lb)





- 2) Install the hose to water pump.
- 3) Install the tensioner bracket.

Tightening torque: 24.5 N⋅m (2.5 kgf-m, 18.1 ft-lb)

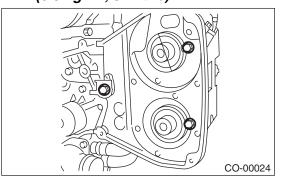




Studios

4) Install the belt cover No. 2 (LH).

Tightening torque: 5 N⋅m (0.5 kgf-m, 3.7 ft-lb)



5) Install the cam sprocket LH. <Ref. to
ME(H4DOTC)-60, INSTALLATION, Cam Sprocket.>
6) Install the belt idler No. 2 (C).

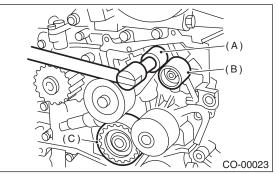
Tightening torque: 39 N⋅m (4.0 kgf-m, 28.8 ft-lb)

7) Install the belt idler (B).

Tightening torque:

39 N·m (4.0 kgf-m, 28.8 ft-lb)

8) Install an automatic belt tension adjuster (A) with the tension rod held by a pin. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-53, AUTOMATIC BELT TENSION ADJUSTER ASSEMBLY AND BELT IDLER, IN-STALLATION, Timing Belt.>



9) Install the timing belt. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-54, TIMING BELT, INSTALLATION, Timing Belt.>

10) Install the timing belt cover. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-50, INSTALLATION, Timing Belt Cover.>

11) Install the crank pulley. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-48, INSTALLATION, Crank Pulley.>

12) Install the V-belts. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-41, INSTALLATION, V-belt.>

13) Install the radiator. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-20, INSTALLATION, Radiator.>

C: INSPECTION

1) Check the water pump bearing for smooth rotation.

Brought to you by E NOT FOR ACS

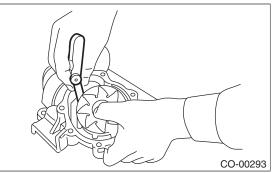
SALE Studios

2) Check the water pump pulley for abnormalities.3) Make sure the impeller is not deformed or damaged.

4) Inspect the clearance between impeller and pump case.

Clearance between impeller and pump case: Standard

0.5 — 1.5 mm (0.020 — 0.059 in)



5) After water pump installation, check pulley shaft for engine coolant leaks or noise. If leaks or noise are noted, replace the water pump assembly.



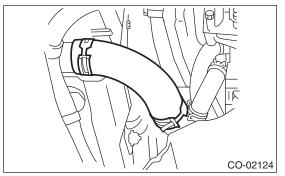
A: REMOVAL

1) Set the vehicle on a lift.

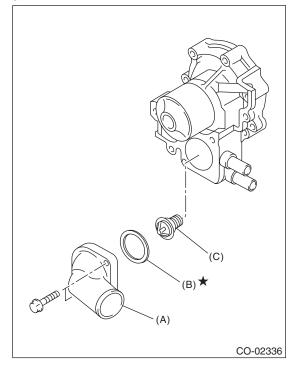
- 2) Lift up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove the under cover.
- 4) Drain engine coolant completely.

<Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, DRAINING OF EN-GINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

5) Disconnect the radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover.



6) Remove the thermostat cover, and then remove the gasket and thermostat.



- (A) Thermostat cover
- (B) Gasket
- (C) Thermostat

B: INSTALLATION

1) Install a gasket to thermostat.

NOTE:

Use a new gasket.

2) Install the thermostat and thermostat cover.

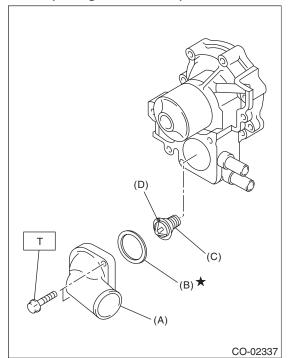
NOTE:

The thermostat must be installed with the jiggle pin facing upward.

Brought to

COOLING

Tightening torque: 12 N⋅m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.9 ft-lb)



- (A) Thermostat cover
- (B) Gasket
- (C) Thermostat
- (D) Jiggle pin

3) Connect the radiator outlet hose to thermostat cover.

4) Install the under cover.

5) Lower the vehicle.

6) Fill engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACE-MENT, Engine Coolant.>



Brought to you by Exis NOT FOR FEEALE Studios

C: INSPECTION

Replace the thermostat if the valve does not close completely at an ambient temperature or if the following test shows unsatisfactory results.

Inspection method

Immerse the thermostat and a thermometer in water. Raise water temperature gradually, and measure the temperature and valve lift when the valve begins to open and when the valve is fully opened. During the test, agitate the water for even temperature distribution. The measured value should meet the specification.

NOTE:

• Leave the thermostat in the boiling water for five minutes or more before measuring the valve lift.

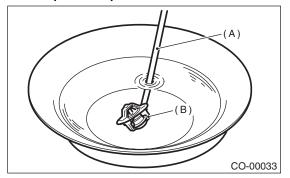
• Hold the thermostat with a wire or the like to avoid contacting with container bottom.

Opening start temperature: 76 — 80°C (169 — 176°F)

Full open temperature: 91°C (196°F)

Valve lift:

9.0 mm (0.354 in) or more



- (A) Thermometer
- (B) Thermostat

Brought to young

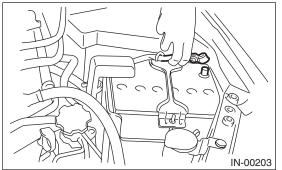
6. Radiator

A: REMOVAL

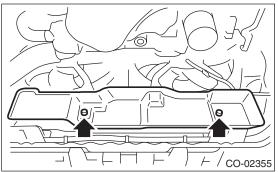
CAUTION:

The radiator is pressurized. Wait until engine cools down before working on the radiator.

- 1) Set the vehicle on a lift.
- 2) Disconnect the ground cable from the battery.

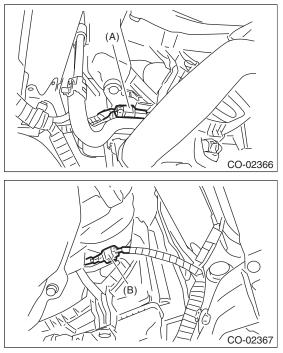


- 3) Lift up the vehicle.
- 4) Remove the under cover.
- 5) Remove the heat shield cover from radiator. (AT model)

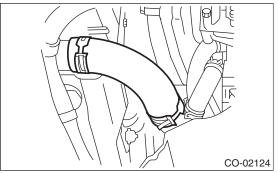


6) Drain engine coolant completely.

<Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, DRAINING OF EN-GINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.> 7) Disconnect the connectors of radiator main $fan^{4/e^{-4}/6}$ (A) and sub fan motor (B).

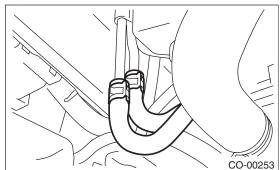


8) Disconnect the radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover.



9) Disconnect the ATF cooler hoses from ATF pipes.

Plug the ATF pipe to prevent ATF from leaking. (AT model)

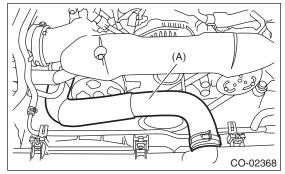


10) Lower the vehicle.

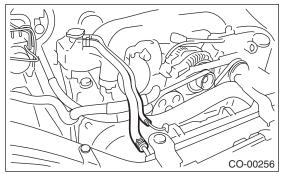
11) Remove the air intake duct. <Ref. to IN(H4DOTC)-9, REMOVAL, Air Intake Duct.>12) Disconnect the over flow hose.

Brought to you by Exis Studios

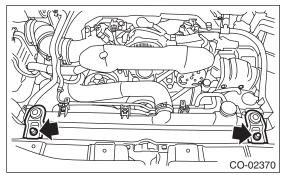
13) Remove the reservoir tank. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-28, REMOVAL, Reservoir Tank.>14) Disconnect the radiator inlet hose (A) from the radiator.



15) Disconnect the two coolant filler tank hoses from the radiator.



16) Remove the radiator upper brackets.

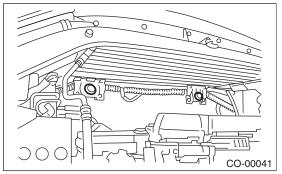


17) Move the radiator to the left while lifting it upward.

18) Lift the radiator up and away from vehicle.

B: INSTALLATION

1) Attach the radiator lower cushion to the hole on the radiator lower bracket.



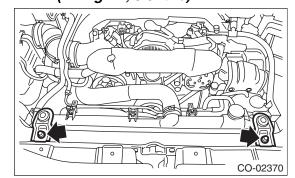
2) Install the radiator to vehicle.

NOTE:

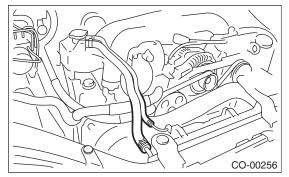
Make pins on the lower side of radiator be fitted into the radiator lower cushions on body side.

3) Install the radiator upper brackets and tighten the bolts.

Tightening torque: 12 N⋅m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.9 ft-lb)



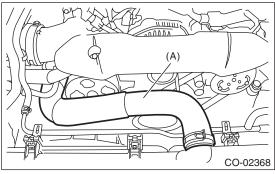
4) Connect the two coolant filler tank hoses to the radiator.



Radiator

Brought to young

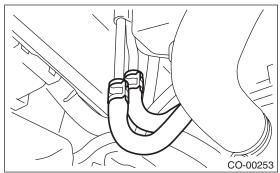
5) Connect the radiator inlet hose (A).



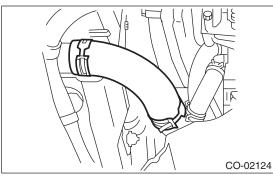
- 6) Install the reservoir tank. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-28, INSTALLATION, Reservoir Tank.>
- 7) Connect the over flow hose.
- 8) Install the air intake duct.

<Ref. to IN(H4DOTC)-9, INSTALLATION, Air Intake Duct.>

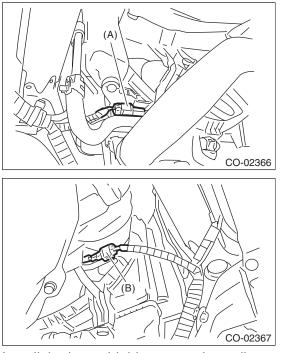
- 9) Lift up the vehicle.
- 10) Connect the ATF cooler hoses. (AT model)



11) Connect the radiator outlet hose.

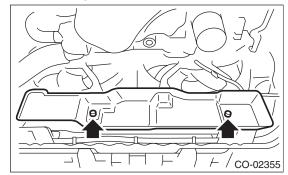


12) Connect the connectors to the radiator main $\frac{1}{2}$ fan motor (A) and sub fan motor (B).

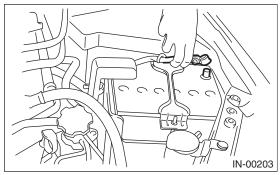


13) Install the heat shield cover to the radiator. (AT model)

Tightening torque: 3 N⋅m (0.3 kgf-m, 2.2 ft-lb)



- 14) Install the under cover.
- 15) Lower the vehicle.
- 16) Connect the battery ground cable to battery.



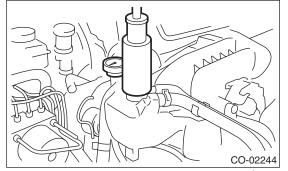
17) Fill engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

Brought to you by Exis NOT FOR FEEALE Studios

18) Check the ATF level. <Ref. to 4AT-26, IN-SPECTION, Automatic Transmission Fluid.>

C: INSPECTION

1) Remove the coolant filler tank cap, fill the coolant filler tank with engine coolant, then install the tester to the installation position of the cap.



2) Apply a pressure of 122 kPa (1.2 kg/cm², 18 psi) to the radiator and check the following points:

- Leakage from the radiator or its vicinity
- Leakage from the hose or its connections

CAUTION:

• Inspection must be carried out at the side of coolant filler tank, not at the side of radiator.

• Engine should be turned off.

• Wipe engine coolant from check points in advance.

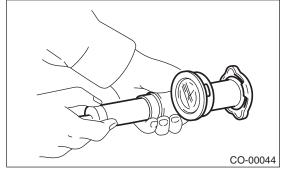
• Be careful of the spurt of engine coolant when removing the tester.

• Be careful not to deform the filler neck of the coolant filler tank when installing and removing the tester.

7. Radiator Cap

A: INSPECTION

1) Attach the radiator cap to tester.



2) Increase pressure until the tester gauge pointer stops. Radiator cap is functioning properly if it holds the service limit pressure for five to six seconds. Remove the cap if it is opened under a pressure less than the service limit value

Coolant filler tank side

Specification: 93 — 123 kPa (0.95 — 1.25 kg/cm², 14 — 18 psi) Service limit: 83 kPa (0.85 kg/cm², 12 psi)

Radiator side

Specification: 122 — 152 kPa (1.24 — 1.55 kg/cm², 18 — 22 psi) Service limit: 112 kPa (1.14 kg/cm², 16 psi)

CAUTION:

• Be sure to remove foreign matter and rust from the cap in advance. Otherwise, results of pressure test will be incorrect.

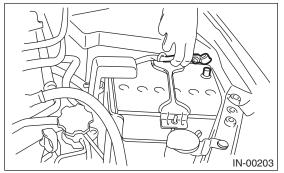
• Do not confuse the cap of coolant filler tank and cap of radiator.



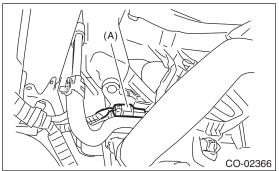


A: REMOVAL

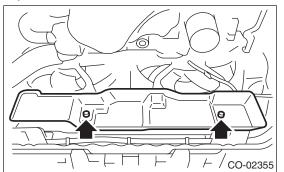
- 1) Set the vehicle on a lift.
- 2) Disconnect the ground cable from the battery.



- 3) Lift up the vehicle.
- 4) Remove the under cover.
- 5) Disconnect the main fan motor connector (A).

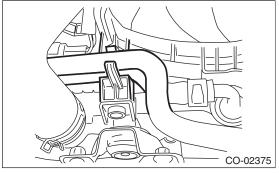


6) Remove the heat shield cover from radiator. (AT model)



7) Drain approximately 1 & (1.06 US qt, 0.88 Imp qt) of coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

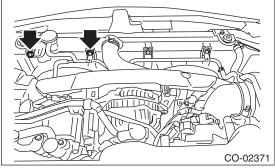
and Fan Motor NOT FOULD 8) Remove the ATF hose from the clip of the radiator main fan motor assembly. (AT model)



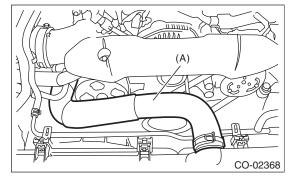
- 9) Lower the vehicle.
- 10) Remove the air intake duct.
- 11) Disconnect the over flow hose.
- 12) Remove the over flow pipe.

13) Remove the reservoir tank. <Ref. to

CO(H4DOTC)-28, REMOVAL, Reservoir Tank.> 14) Remove the mounting bolts from radiator main fan motor assembly.



15) Disconnect the radiator inlet hose (A) from the radiator.



16) Remove the radiator main fan motor assembly from vehicle.

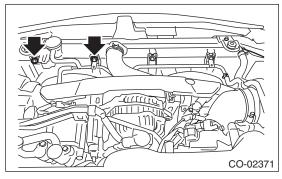


B: INSTALLATION

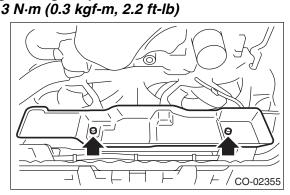
Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque:

7.5 N·m (0.76 kgf-m, 5.5 ft-lb)



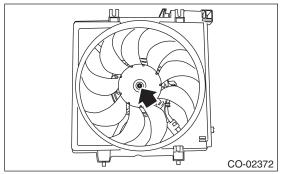
Tightening torque:



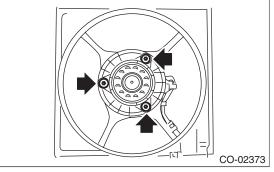
C: DISASSEMBLY

1) Remove the clip which holds the fan motor connector onto the shroud.

2) Remove the nuts which hold the fan to the fan motor.



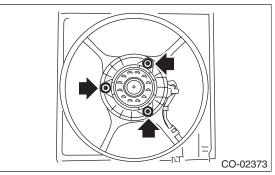
3) Remove the bolts which hold fan motor onto



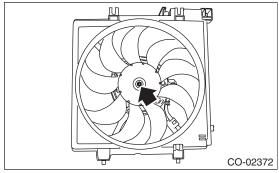
D: ASSEMBLY

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

Tightening torque: 4.41 N·m (0.45 kgf-m, 3.25 ft-lb)



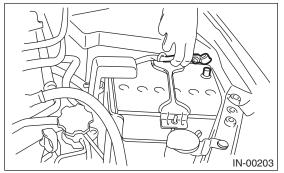
Tightening torque: 3.4 N·m (0.35 kgf-m, 2.5 ft-lb)



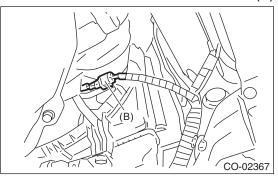
9. Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor

A: REMOVAL

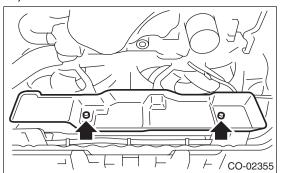
- 1) Set the vehicle on a lift.
- 2) Disconnect the ground cable from the battery.



- 3) Lift up the vehicle.
- 4) Remove the under cover.
- 5) Disconnect the sub fan motor connector (B).



6) Remove the heat shield cover from radiator. (AT model)

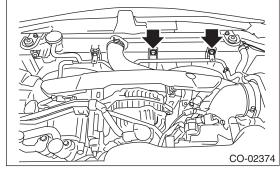


7) Drain approximately 1 ℓ (1.06 US qt, 0.88 Imp qt) of coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

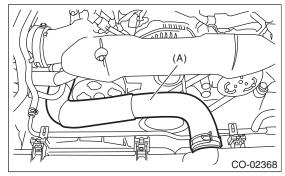
- 8) Lower the vehicle.
- 9) Remove the air intake duct.
- 10) Disconnect the over flow hose.
- 11) Remove the over flow pipe.
- 12) Remove the reservoir tank. <Ref. to
- CO(H4DOTC)-28, REMOVAL, Reservoir Tank.>

13) Remove the mounting bolts from the radiator sub fan motor assembly.

irought to you by



14) Disconnect the radiator inlet hose (A) from the radiator.



15) Remove the radiator sub fan motor assembly from the vehicle.

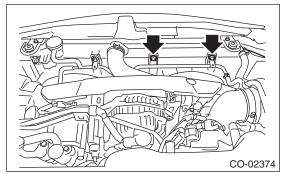


B: INSTALLATION

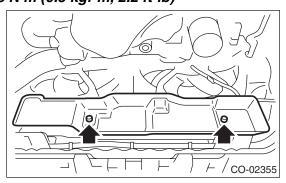
Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque:

7.5 N·m (0.76 kgf-m, 5.5 ft-lb)



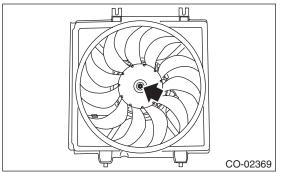
Tightening torque: 3 N⋅m (0.3 kgf-m, 2.2 ft-lb)



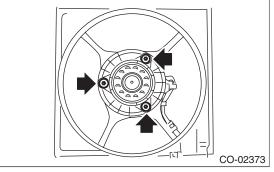
C: DISASSEMBLY

1) Remove the clip which holds the fan motor connector onto the shroud.

2) Remove the nuts which hold the fan to the fan motor.



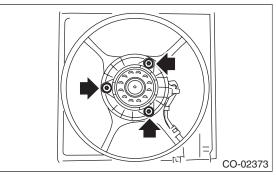
3) Remove the bolts which hold fan motor onto



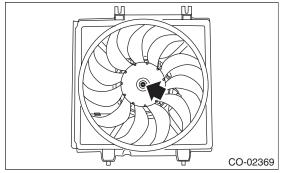
D: ASSEMBLY

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

Tightening torque: 4.41 N·m (0.45 kgf-m, 3.25 ft-lb)



Tightening torque: 3.4 N·m (0.35 kgf-m, 2.5 ft-lb)



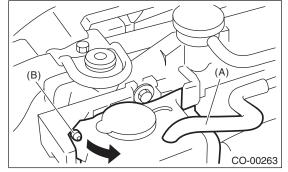
Brought to you by Exis Studios

10.Reservoir Tank

A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect the over flow hose (A).

2) Pull out the reservoir tank to the arrow direction while pushing the claw (B).



B: INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

C: INSPECTION

Make sure the engine coolant level is between "FULL" and "LOW".



11.Coolant Filler Tank

A: REMOVAL

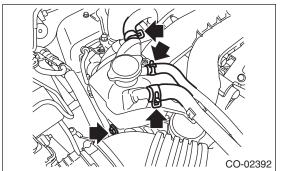
WARNING:

The radiator is pressurized. Wait until engine cools down before working on the radiator.

1) Drain approximately 3.0 ℓ (3.2 US qt, 2.6 Imp qt) of coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

2) Disconnect the engine coolant hoses from coolant filler tank.

3) Remove the bolts which install the coolant filler tank.



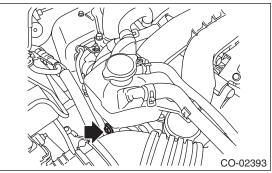
4) Disconnect the engine coolant hose which connects the under side of coolant filler tank.5) Remove the coolant filler tank.

B: INSTALLATION

1) Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque:

16 N·m (1.6 kgf-m, 11.8 ft-lb)



2) Fill engine coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-13, FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACE-MENT, Engine Coolant.>





12.Engine Cooling System Trouble in General

A: INSPECTION

Trouble	Possible cause	Corrective action
	a. Insufficient engine coolant	Replenish engine coolant, inspect for leakage, and repair it if necessary.
	b. Loose timing belt	Repair or replace timing belt tensioner.
	c. Oil on timing belt	Replace.
	d. Malfunction of thermostat	Replace.
	e. Malfunction of water pump	Replace.
	f. Clogged engine coolant passage	Clean.
	g. Improper ignition timing	Inspect and repair ignition control system. <ref. basic="" diagnos-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-2,="" procedure,="" to="">tic Procedure.></ref.>
	h. Clogged or leaking radiator	Clean, repair or replace.
Over-heating	i. Engine oil mixed in engine coolant	Replace the engine coolant. If it is ineffective, inspect and repair the engine side.
	j. Air/fuel mixture ratio too lean	Inspect and repair the fuel injection system. <ref. basic="" diagnos-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-2,="" procedure,="" to="">tic Procedure.></ref.>
	k. Excessive back pressure in exhaust system	Clean or replace.
	I. Insufficient clearance between piston and cylin- der	Adjust or replace.
	m. Slipping clutch	Correct or replace.
	n. Dragging brake	Adjust.
	o. Defective radiator fan	Inspect the radiator fan relay, engine coolant tempera- ture sensor or fan motor and replace them.
	a. Ambient temperature extremely low	Partly cover radiator front area.
Over-cooling	b. Defective thermostat	Replace.
	a. Loosened or damaged connecting units on hoses	Correct or replace.
	b. Leakage from water pump	Replace.
En sin e se stant	c. Leakage from water pipe	Correct or replace.
Engine coolant leaks	d. Leakage around cylinder head gasket	Retighten cylinder head bolts or replace gasket.
ICANS	e. Damaged or cracked cylinder head and cylinder block	Correct or replace.
	f. Damaged or cracked thermostat case	Correct or replace.
	g. Leakage from radiator	Correct or replace.
	a. Timing belt problem	Replace.
Noise	b. Defective radiator fan	Replace.
110126	c. Defective water pump bearing	Replace water pump.
	d. Defective water pump mechanical seal	Replace water pump.