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NOT FOR RESALE

# **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

Brought to you by Ens Studios

# 1. Basic Diagnostic Procedure

## A: PROCEDURE

## 1. ENGINE

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ENGINE START FAILURE.  1) Ask the customer when and how the trouble occurred using the interview check list. <ref. check="" check,="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-3,="" for="" interview.="" list="" to="">  2) Start the engine.</ref.>	Does the engine start?	Go to step 2.	Inspection using "Diagnostics for Engine Start Fail- ure". <ref. -69,="" diagnostics="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" engine="" failure.="" for="" starting="" to=""></ref.>
2	CHECK ILLUMINATION OF MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT.	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Go to step 3.	Inspection using "General Diagnostic Table" <ref. -367,="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" general="" table.="" to=""></ref.>
3	CHECK INDICATION OF DTC ON SCREEN.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Connect the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool to data link connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON, and run the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. 4) Read DTC using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor Refer to "Read Diagnostic Trouble Code" for detailed operation procedure. <ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-43,="" read="" to="" trouble=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is DTC displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool?	, , ,	Repair the related parts.  NOTE: If DTC is not shown on display although the malfunction indicator light illuminates, perform the diagnosis of malfunction indicator light circuit or combination meter. <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-60,="" indicator="" light.="" malfunction="" to=""></ref.>
4	PERFORM DIAGNOSIS.  1) Perform the Clear Memory Mode. <ref. clear="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-55,="" memory="" mode.="" to=""> 2) Perform the Inspection Mode. <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-44,="" inspection="" mode.="" to=""></ref.></ref.>	Is DTC displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool?	Inspect using "Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -90,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>	Finish the diagnosis.

## 2. Check List for Interview

## A: CHECK

## 1. CHECK LIST NO. 1

Check the following item when problem has occurred.

NOTE:

Use copies of this page for interviewing customers.

Customer's name		Engine No.	
Date of purchase		Fuel type	
Date of repair			km
V.I.N.		Odometer reading	miles
Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Cloudy ☐ Rainy ☐ Snowy ☐ Various/Others:		
Ambient air temperature	°C ( °F)		
	☐ Hot☐ Warm☐ Cool☐ Cold		
Place	☐ Highway ☐ Suburbs ☐ Inner city ☐ Uphill ☐ Downhill ☐ Rough road ☐ Others:		
Engine temperature	☐ Cold ☐ Warming-up ☐ After warming-up ☐ Any temperature ☐ Others:		
Engine speed	rpm		
Vehicle speed	km/h (MPH)		
Driving conditions	<ul> <li>Not affected</li> <li>At starting</li> <li>While idling</li> <li>At racing</li> <li>While accelerating</li> <li>While cruising</li> <li>While decelerating</li> <li>While turning (RH/LH)</li> </ul>		
Headlight	ON/OFF	Rear defogger	ON/OFF
Blower	ON/OFF	Audio	ON/OFF
A/C compressor	ON/OFF	CD/Cassette	ON/OFF
Radiator fan	ON/OFF	Car phone	ON/OFF
Front wiper	ON/OFF	Wireless device	ON/OFF
Rear wiper	ON/OFF		

## **Check List for Interview**

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

## 2. CHECK LIST NO. 2

Brought to you by Ess Studios Check the following item about the vehicle's state when malfunction indicator light illuminates.

NOTE:

Use copies of this page for interviewing customers.

a) Other warning lights or indicators illuminate.   Area / No
Low fuel warning light
Charge indicator light
AT diagnostic indicator light
ABS warning light
Oil pressure indicator light
b) Fuel level
Lack of gasoline:      Yes /      No
Indicator position of fuel gauge:
Experienced running out of fuel:  \( \sumsymbol{\text{Yes}} \) Yes / \( \sumsymbol{\text{No}} \) No
c) Intentional connecting or disconnecting of harness connectors or spark plug cords:   Yes /   No
What:
d) Intentional connecting or disconnecting of hoses:   Yes /  No
What:
e) Installing of parts other than genuine parts:   Yes /   No
What:
Where:
f) Occurrence of noise:  Yes / No
From where:
What kind:
g) Occurrence of smell:  Yes / No
From where:
What kind:
h) Intrusion of water into engine compartment or passenger compartment:  Yes /  No
i) Troubles occurred
☐ Engine does not start.
☐ Engine stalls during idling.
Engine stalls while driving.
Engine speed decreases.
Engine speed does not decrease.
Rough idling
Poor acceleration
Back fire
After fire
Does not shift.
Excessive shift shock

# 3. General Description

#### A: CAUTION

1) Airbag system wiring harness is routed near the ECM, main relay and fuel pump relay.

#### **CAUTION:**

- All the airbag system wiring harnesses and connectors are colored yellow. Do not use electrical test equipment on these circuits.
- Be careful not to damage the airbag system wiring harness when servicing the ECM, TCM, main relay and fuel pump relay.
- 2) Never connect the battery in reverse polarity. Doing so will damage the ECM instantly, and the fuel injector and other parts will also be damaged.
- 3) Do not disconnect the battery terminals while the engine is running. A large counter electromotive force will be generated in the generator, and this voltage may damage electronic parts such as ECM etc.
- 4) Before disconnecting the connectors of each sensor and ECM, be sure to turn the ignition switch to OFF. Perform the Clear Memory Mode after connecting the connectors. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.>
- 5) Measure the voltage or resistance of individual sensor or all electrical control modules using a tapered pin with a diameter of less than 0.6 mm (0.024 in). Do not insert the pin 4 mm (0.16 in) or more into the part.

#### **CAUTION:**

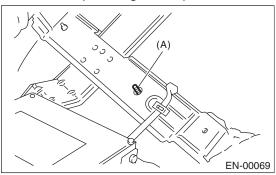
When replacing the ECM, be careful not to use the wrong spec. ECM to avoid any damage on the fuel injection system.

#### NOTE:

When replacing the ECM of the models with Immobilizer, immobilizer system must be registered. To do so, all ignition keys and ID cards need to be prepared. Refer to the "IMMOBILIZER TEACHING OPERATION MANUAL".

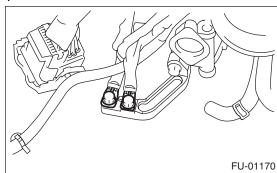
6) Take care not to allow water to get into the connectors when servicing or washing the vehicle in rainy weather. Avoid exposure to water even if the connectors are waterproof.

7) Use ECM mounting stud bolts at the body side grounding point when measuring voltage and resistance inside the passenger compartment.



(A) Stud bolt

8) Use the engine ground terminal or engine assembly as the grounding point to chassis when measuring the voltage and resistance in engine compartment.



- 9) Every MFI-related part is a precision part. Do not drop them.
- 10) Observe the following cautions when installing a radio in MFI equipped models.

#### **CAUTION:**

- The antenna must be kept as far apart as possible from control module. (ECM is installed under the passenger's side floor mat.)
- The antenna feeder must be placed as far apart as possible from the ECM and MFI harness.
- Carefully adjust the antenna for correct matching.
- When mounting a large power type radio, pay special attention to the three items mentioned above.
- Incorrect installation of the radio may affect the operation of ECM.
- 11) When disconnecting the fuel hose, release the fuel pressure. <Ref. to FU(H4DOTC)-50, RELEAS-ING OF FUEL PRESSURE, PROCEDURE, Fuel.>

12) For the model with ABS, the ABS warning light may illuminate when performing driving test with jacked-up or lifted-up condition, but this is not a system malfunction. The reason for this is the speed difference between the front and rear wheels. After diagnosis of engine control system, perform the ABS memory clear procedure of self-diagnosis function.

#### **B: INSPECTION**

Before performing diagnostics, check the following item which might affect engine problems.

#### 1. BATTERY

1) Measure the battery voltage and specific gravity of the electrolyte.

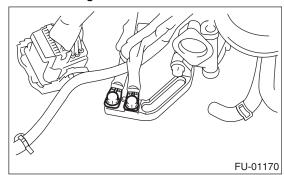
#### Standard voltage: 12 V

## Specific gravity: 1.260 or more

2) Check the condition of the main and other fuses, and harnesses and connectors. Also check for proper grounding.

#### 2. ENGINE GROUND

Check if the engine ground terminal is properly connected to engine.



## C: NOTE

#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- The on-board diagnostic (OBD) system detects and indicates a fault in various inputs and outputs of the complex electronic control. Malfunction indicator light in the combination meter indicates occurrence of a fault or trouble.
- Further, against such a failure or sensors as may disable the drive, the fail-safe function is provided to ensure the minimal driveability.
- The OBD system incorporated with the vehicles within this type of engine complies with OBD-II regulations. The OBD system monitors the components and the system malfunction listed in "Engine Section" which affects on emissions.

- When the system decides that a malfunction occurs, malfunction indicator light illuminates. At the same time of the malfunction indicator light illumination or blinking, a DTC and a freeze frame engine conditions are stored into on-board computer.
- The OBD system stores freeze frame engine condition data (engine load, engine coolant temperature, fuel trim, engine speed and vehicle speed, etc.) into on-board computer first when it detects a malfunction.
- If the OBD system detects malfunctions such as the fault of fuel trim or misfire, the OBD system first stores freeze frame engine conditions about the fuel trim or misfire.
- When the malfunction does not occur again for three consecutive driving cycles, malfunction indicator light is turned off, but DTC remains at onboard computer.
- When troubleshooting the vehicle which complies with OBD-II regulations, connect the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool to the vehicle.

# 2. ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

• The Multipoint Fuel Injection (MFI) system is a system that supplies the optimum air-fuel mixture to the engine for all the various operating conditions through the use of the latest electronic technology.

With this system, the fuel which is pressurized at a constant pressure is injected into the intake air passage of the cylinder head. The injection quantity of fuel is controlled by an intermittent injection system, where the electro-magnetic injection valve (fuel injector) opens for a short period of time depending on the quantity of air required for one cycle of operation. In actual operation, the injection quantity is determined by the duration of an electric pulse applied to the fuel injector and this permits simple, yet highly precise metering of the fuel.

• Furthermore, all operating conditions of the engine are converted into electronic signals, and this enables additional system features with greatly improved adaptability, making it easier to add compensation features.

The MFI system also has the following features:

- Reduced emission of harmful exhaust gases.
- Reduction in fuel consumption
- · Increased engine output.
- Superior acceleration and deceleration.
- Superior startability and warm-up performance in cold weather since compensation is made for engine coolant and intake air temperature.

# D: PREPARATION TOOL

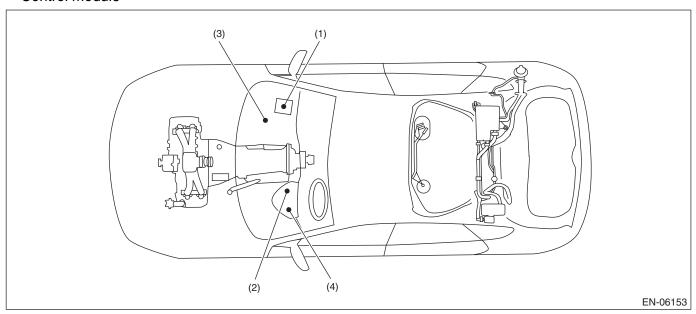
ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	1B021XU0	SUBARU SELECT MONITOR III KIT	Used for troubleshooting the electrical system.
ST1B021XU0			
	499987500	CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Used for rotating crankshaft.
ST-499987500			

# 4. Electrical Component Location

## A: LOCATION

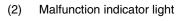
## 1. ENGINE

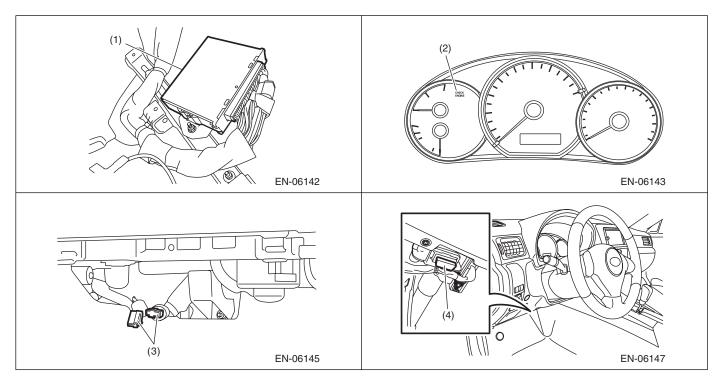
· Control module



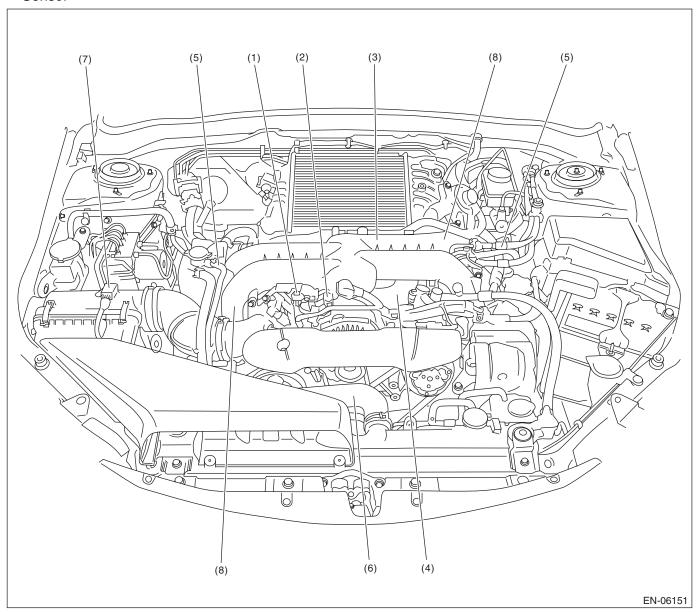
- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Delivery (test) mode connector
- (4) Data link connector

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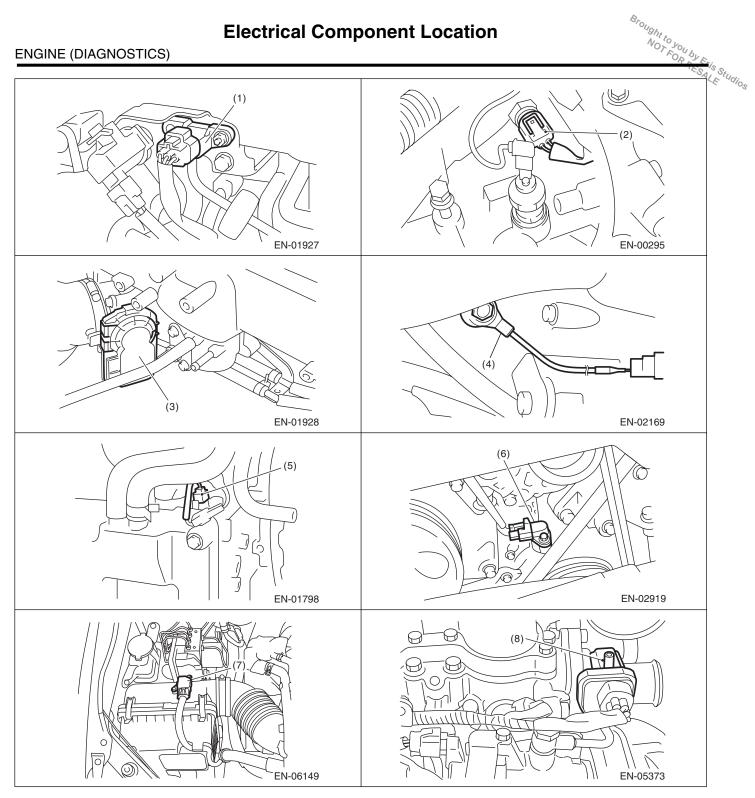


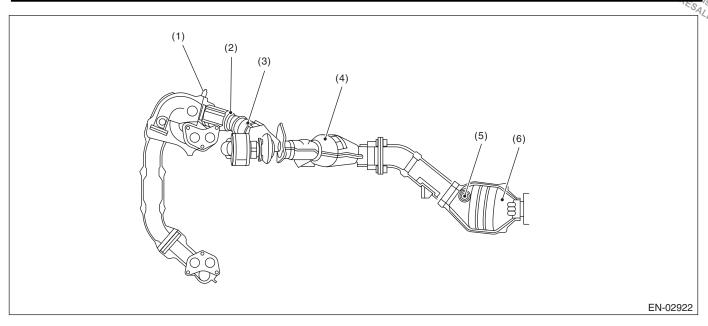


#### Sensor

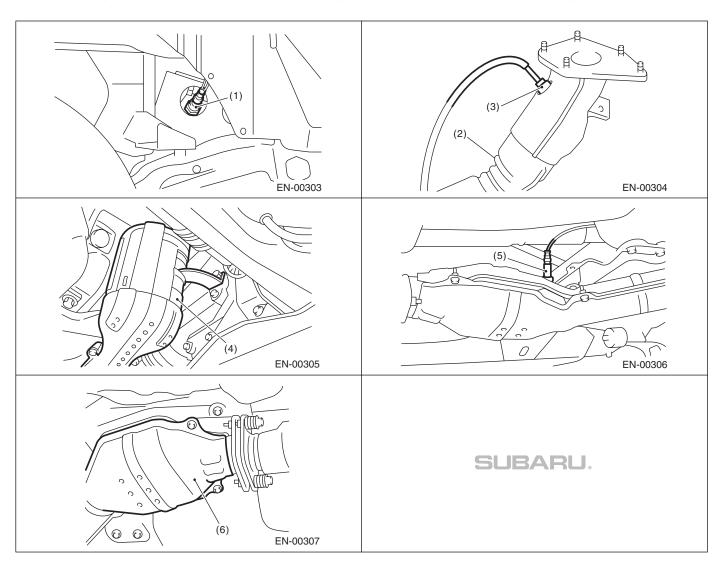


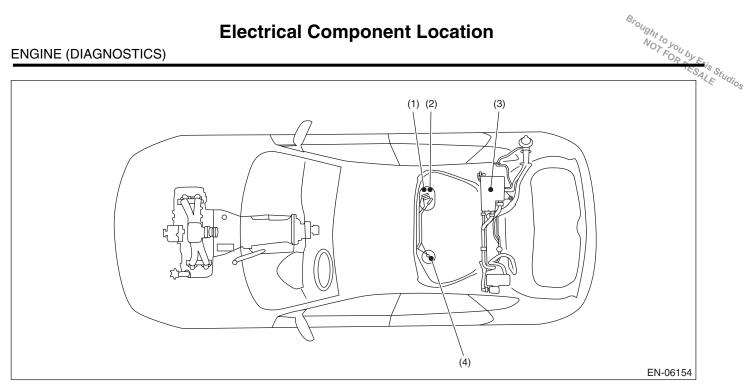
- (1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor
- (2) Engine coolant temperature sensor
- (3) Electronic throttle control
- (4) Knock sensor
- (5) Intake camshaft position sensor
- (6) Crankshaft position sensor
- (7) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor
- (8) Tumble generator valve ASSY





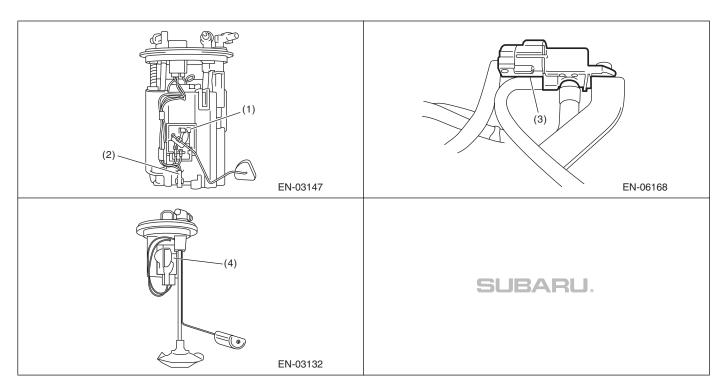
- (1) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor
- (2) Precatalytic converter
- (3) Exhaust temperature sensor
- (4) Front catalytic converter
- (5) Rear oxygen sensor
- (6) Rear catalytic converter



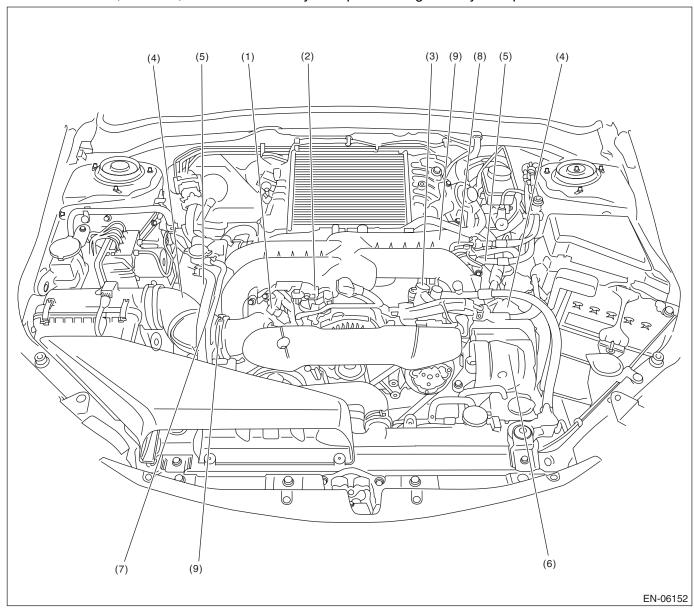


- (1) Fuel level sensor
- (3) Fuel tank pressure sensor
- (4) Fuel sub level sensor

(2) Fuel temperature sensor

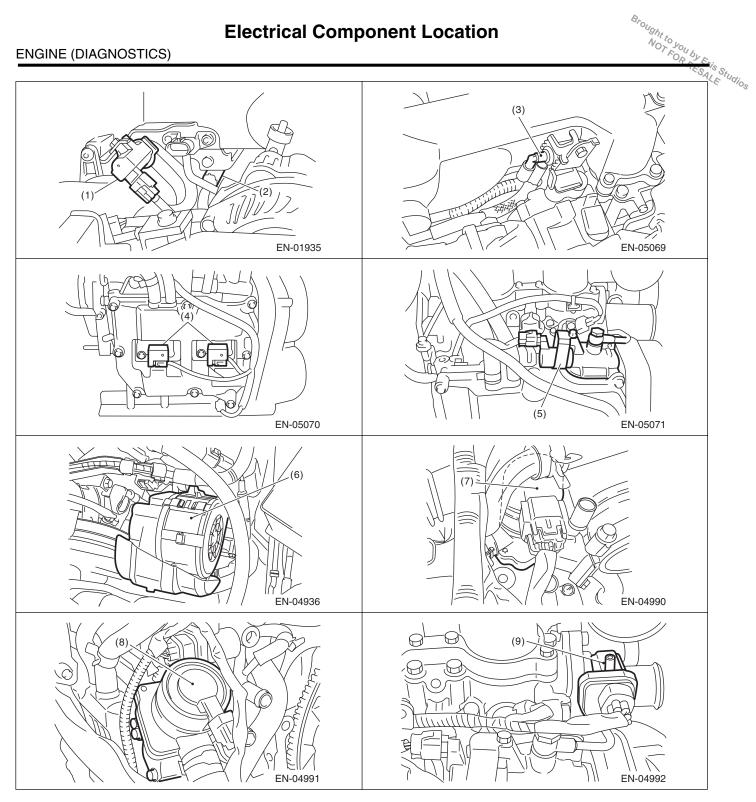


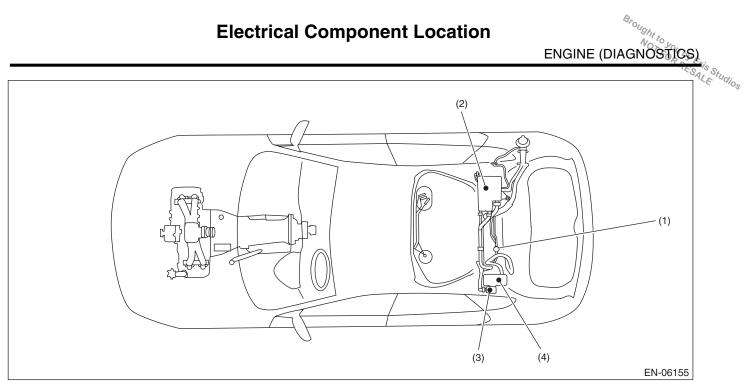
· Solenoid valve, actuator, emission control system parts and ignition system parts



- (1) Wastegate control solenoid valve
- (2) Purge control solenoid valve 2
- (3) Purge control solenoid valve 1
- (4) Ignition coil

- (5) Intake oil flow control solenoid valve
- (6) Secondary air pump
- (7) Secondary air combination valve RH
- (8) Secondary air combination valve LH
- (9) Tumble generator valve ASSY

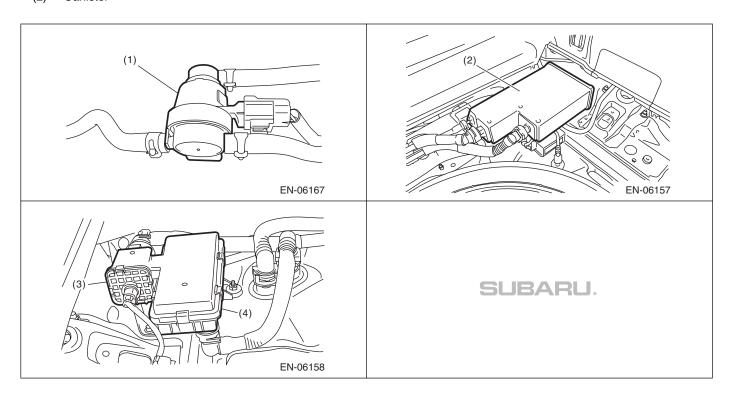


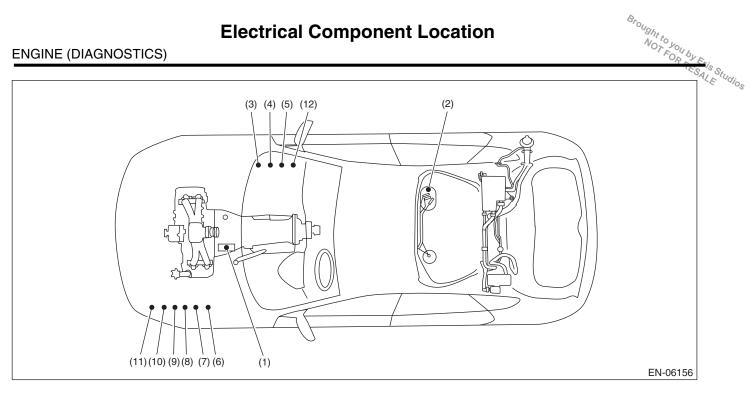


- (1) Pressure control solenoid valve
- (3) Drain valve

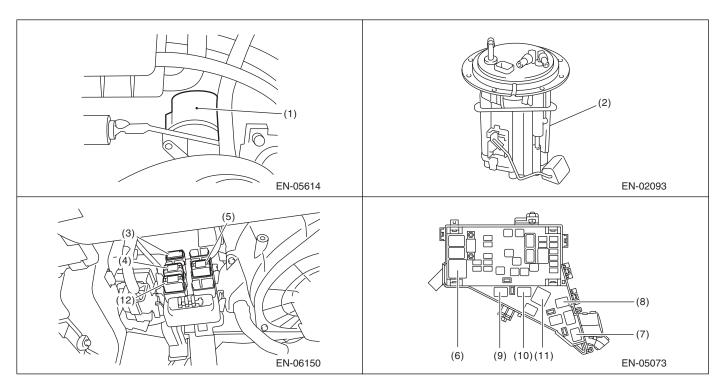
Drain filter (4)

(2) Canister



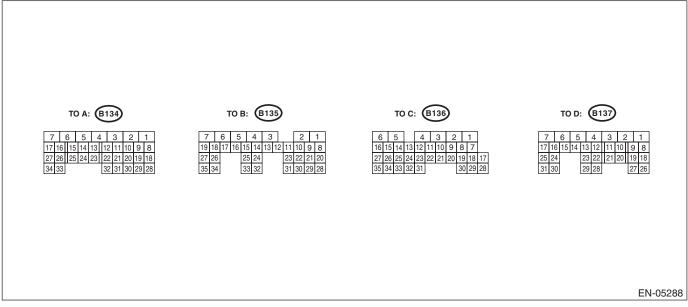


- Starter (1)
- (2) Fuel pump
- (3) Main relay
- (4) Fuel pump relay
- (5) Electronic throttle control relay
- (6) Radiator main fan relay 1
- (7) Radiator sub fan relay
- Radiator main fan relay 2 (8)
- (9) Secondary air combination valve relay 1
- (10)Secondary air combination valve relay 2
- Secondary air pump relay (11)
- (12) A/F, oxygen sensor relay



# 5. Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal

## **A: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION**



		Campastan	Ta was in al	Signa	al (V)		
Content	s	Connector No.	Terminal No.	Ignition SW ON (engine OFF)	Engine ON (idling)	Note	
0 1 1 6 33	Signal (+)	B134	13	0	<b>−7 — +7</b>	Waveform	
Crankshaft position sensor	Signal (-)	B134	14	0	0	_	
361301	Shield	B134	24	0	0	_	
	Signal	B135	4	0	0 — 0.9	_	
Rear oxygen sensor	Shield	B135	B135 1 0		0	_	
near oxygen sensor	GND (sensor)	B135	30	0	0	_	
Front oxygen (A/F)	Signal 1	B136	3	_	_	Waveform	
sensor heater	Signal 2	B136	2	_	_	Waveform	
Rear oxygen sensor h	eater signal	B136	4	0 — 13	12 — 14	Waveform	
Engine coolent	Signal	B134	34	1.0 — 1.4	1.0 — 1.4	After engine is warmed-up.	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	After engine is warmed-up.	
	Signal	B135	26	_	0.3 — 4.5	_	
Air flow sensor	Shield	B135	35	0	0	_	
	GND	B135	34	0	0	_	
Intake air temperature	sensor signal	B135	18	0.3 — 4.6	0.3 — 4.6	_	
Wastegate control sole	enoid valve	B137	27	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	Waveform	
Starter switch		B136	32	0	0	Cranking: 8 — 14	
A/C switch		B136	24	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 12 — 14 OFF: 0	_	
Ignition switch		B135	19	10 — 13	12 — 14	_	
Neutral position switch		B136	31	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_	
Delivery (test) mode connector		B135	27	10 — 13	13 — 14	When connected: 0	
Knock sensor	Signal	B134	15	2.8	2.8	_	
KHOCK SENSOR	Shield	B134	25	0	0		
Back-up power supply		B135	5	10 — 13	12 — 14	Ignition switch "OFF": 10 — 13	

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Content	s	Connector No.	Terminal No.	Ignition SW ON (engine OFF)	al (V) Engine ON (idling)	Srought to you by NOT FOR TE.
Sambual maadula massaa		B134	7	10 — 13	12 — 14	_
Control module power	supply	B135	2	10 — 13	12 — 14	_
Sensor power supply		B134	19	5	5	_
	#1	B137	18	0	12 — 14	Waveform
anition control	#2	B137	19	0	12 — 14	Waveform
gnition control	#3	B137	20	0	12 — 14	Waveform
	#4	B137	21	0	12 — 14	Waveform
	#1	B137	8	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
to all talls of	#2	B137	9	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
Fuel injector	#3	B137	10	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
	#4	B137	11	10 — 13	1 — 14	Waveform
Fuel pump control	Signal 1	B135	33	10 — 13	12 — 14	_
init	Signal 2	B136	12	0 or 5	0 or 5	Waveform
A/C relay control		B136	9	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Radiator fan relay 1 cc	ontrol	B136	18	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Radiator fan relay 2 control		B136	29	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0.5 or less OFF: 12 — 14	Model with A/C only
Malfunction indicator light		B136	11	_	_	Light "ON": 1 or less Light "OFF": 10 — 14
Engine speed output		B136	22	_	0 — 13 or more	Waveform
Purge control solenoid	l valve 1	B137	29	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1 or less OFF: 12 — 14	Waveform
Purge control solenoid	l valve 2	B136	7	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1 or less OFF: 12 — 14	Waveform
	Signal	B134	6	1.7 — 2.4	1.1 — 1.6	
Manifold absolute	Power supply	B134	19	5	5	_
ressure sensor	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	
Power steering oil pres	ssure switch	B134	33	10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
ront oxygen (A/F) ser	nsor signal (+)	B135	9	2.8 — 3.2	2.8 — 3.2	_
ront oxygen (A/F) ser	nsor signal (–)	B135	8	2.4 — 2.7	2.4 — 2.7	_
ront oxygen (A/F) ser	nsor shield	B135	1	0	0	_
SSM/GST communication line		B136	16	1 or less ←→ 4 or more	1 or less ←→ 4 or more	_
ntake camshaft positio	on sensor (LH)	B134	21	0 or 5	0 or 5	Waveform
Intake camshaft position sensor (RH)		B134	11	0 or 5	0 or 5	Waveform
ntake camshaft position	on sensor	B134	22	0	0	_
	Main	B134	18	0.64 — 0.72 Fully opened: 3.96	0.64 — 0.72 (After engine is warmed-up.)	Fully closed: 0.6 Fully opened: 3.96
Electronic throttle control	Sub	B134	28	1.51 — 1.58 Fully opened: 4.17	1.51 — 1.58 (After engine is warmed-up.)	Fully closed: 1.48 Fully opened: 4.17
	Power supply	B134	19	5	5	
	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	_
Electronic throttle cont	rol motor (+)	B137	5	Duty waveform	Duty waveform	Drive frequency: 500 Hz

# **Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal**

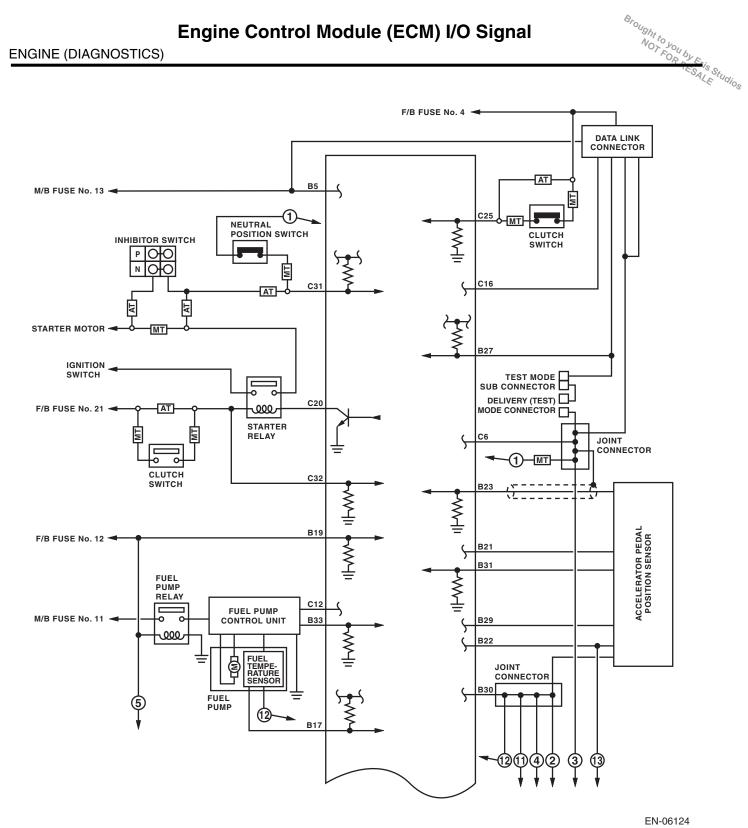
	Engi	ne Cont	rol Mod	dule (ECM) l	/O Signal	Srought to MOSTICS
						Traine (Birtaines)
Content	S	Connector No.	Terminal No.	Ignition SW ON (engine OFF)	Engine ON (idling)	Note
Electronic throttle cont	rol motor (–)	B137	4	Duty waveform	Duty waveform	Drive frequency: 500 Hz
Electronic throttle cont cower supply	rol motor	B136	1	10 — 13	12 — 14	_
Electronic throttle cont	rol motor relay	B136	21	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	When ignition switch is turned to ON: ON
Intake oil flow control solenoid valve (LH)	Signal (+)	B137	15	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 12 — 14 OFF: 0	_
Soleriola valve (Li i)	Signal (–)	B137	14	0	0	_
ntake oil flow control	Signal (+)	B137	17	ON: 10 — 13 OFF: 0	ON: 12 — 14 OFF: 0	_
solenoid valve (RH)	Signal (-)	B137	16	0	0	_
	Main sensor signal	B135	23	Fully closed: 1 Fully opened: 3.3	Fully closed: 1 Fully opened: 3.3	_
	Main power supply	B135	21	5	5	_
<b>A</b>     -	GND (main sensor)	B135	29	0	0	_
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Shield	B136	6	0	0	_
osition sensor	Sub sensor signal	B135	31	Fully closed: 1 Fully opened: 3.3	Fully closed: 1 Fully opened: 3.3	_
	Sub power supply	B135	22	5	5	_
	GND (sub sensor)	B135	30	0	0	_
Starter relay		B136	20	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	ON: cranking
A/C middle pressure s	witch	B136	33	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
Clutch switch		B136	25	When clutch pedal is depressed: 0 When clutch pedal is released: 10 — 13	When clutch pedal is depressed: 0 When clutch pedal is released: 12 — 14	_
Brake switch 1		B135	20	When brake pedal is depressed: 0 When brake pedal is released: 10 — 13	When brake pedal is depressed: 0 When brake pedal is released: 12 — 14	_
Brake switch 2		B135	28	When brake pedal is depressed: 10 — 13 When brake pedal is released: 0	When brake pedal is depressed: 12 — 14 When brake pedal is released: 0	_

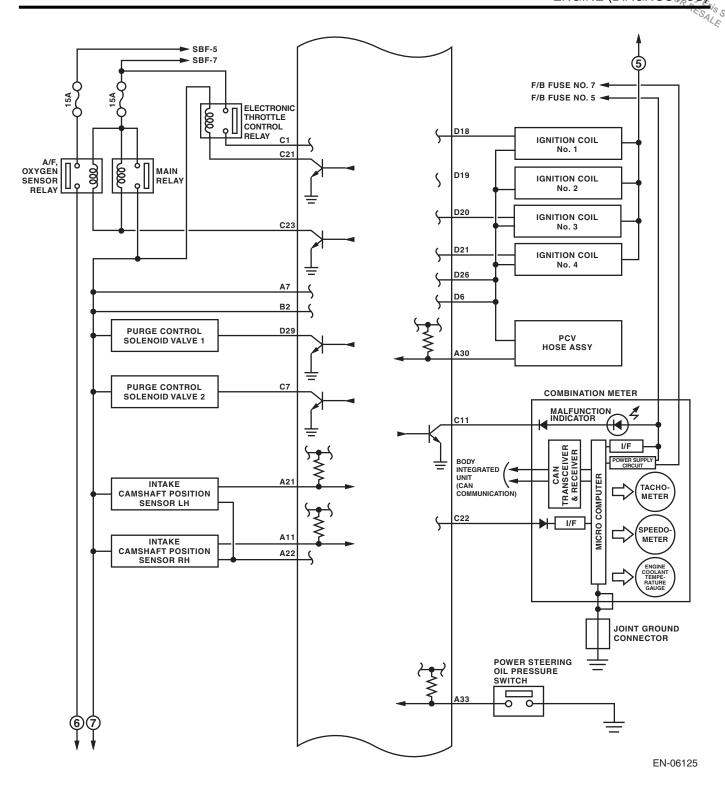
		1	1			.63
		Connector	Terminal	Signa	<del>' ' '</del>	Srought to you by Note
Contents	S	No.	No.	Ignition SW ON (engine OFF)	Engine ON (idling)	Note
Cruise control commar	nd switch	B135	24	When operating nothing: 3.5 — 4.5 When operating RES/ACC: 2.5 — 3.5 When operating SET/COAST: 0.5 — 1.5 When operating cancel: 0 — 0.5	When operating nothing: 3.5 — 4.5 When operating RES/ACC: 2.5 — 3.5 When operating SET/COAST: 0.5 — 1.5 When operating cancel: 0 — 0.5	_
Cruise control main sw	vitch	B135	12	ON: 0 OFF: 5	ON: 0 OFF: 5	_
Fuel tank pressure ser	nsor	B135	32	2.3 — 2.7	2.3 — 2.7	_
Pressure control solen	oid valve	B136	28	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Drain valve		B136	17	ON: 1 or less OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 1 or less OFF: 12 — 14	_
Fuel temperature sens	or	B135	17	2.5 — 3.8	2.5 — 3.8	Ambient temperature: 25°C (77°F)
Immobilizer	Signal 1	B136	26	_	_	_
	Signal 2	B136	34	_	_	_
CAN communication (+	•	B136	27	_	_	_
CAN communication (-	-)	B136	35	_	_	_
AT/MT identification		B136	15	0	0	_
Blow-by leak diagnosis	3	B134	30	0	0	At the time of open circuit (fault): 5
Tumble generator valve sensor signal (RH)	e position	B134	26	Fully closed: 0.4 — 1.2 Fully opened: 2.8 — 4.6	Fully closed: 0.4 — 1.2 Fully opened: 2.8 — 4.6	_
Tumble generator valve position sensor signal (LH)		B134	16	Fully closed: 0.4 — 1.2 Fully opened: 2.8 — 4.6	Fully closed: 0.4 — 1.2 Fully opened: 2.8 — 4.6	_
Tumble generator valve RH (closed)		B137	23	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	_
Tumble generator valve LH (closed)		B137	13	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	_
Tumble generator valve RH (open)		B137	22	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	_
Tumble generator valve	e ∟H (open) 	B137	12	0 or 10 — 13	0 or 12 — 14	M/han seesed it
Secondary air pipe pressure sensor	Signal	B134	27	2.2 — 2.8	2.2 — 2.8	When secondary air is inducted: 3.2 — 4.9
	Power supply	B134	19	5.12	5.12	_
	GND (sensor)	B134	29	0	0	_
Secondary air combination valve relay 1		B135	15	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
Secondary air combinati	ion valve relay 2	B135	14	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
Secondary air pump re	elay	B136	8	ON: 0 OFF: 10 — 13	ON: 0 OFF: 12 — 14	_
Self-shutoff control		B136	23	10 — 13	12 — 14	_

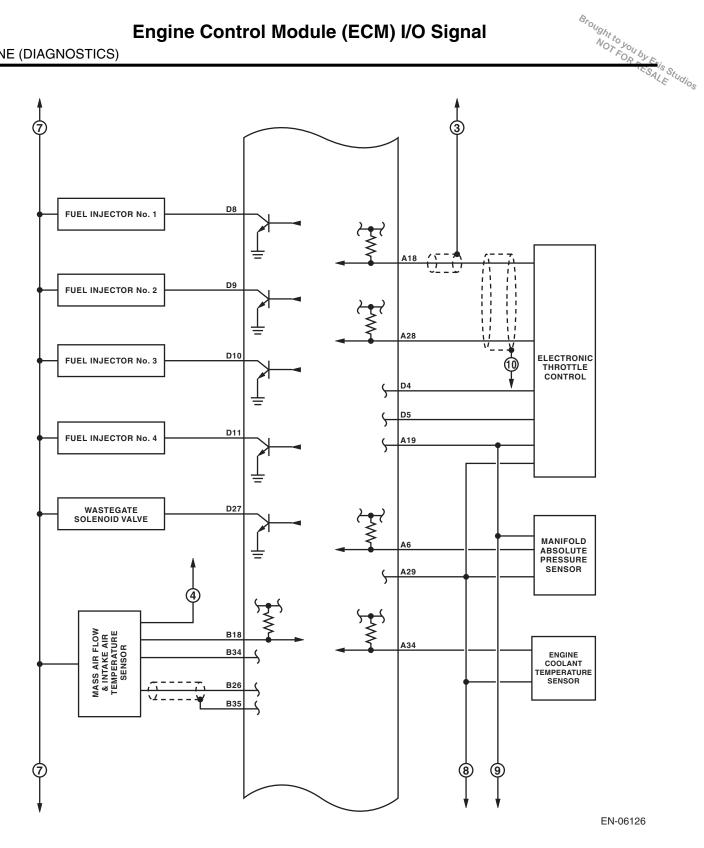
# **Engine Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal**

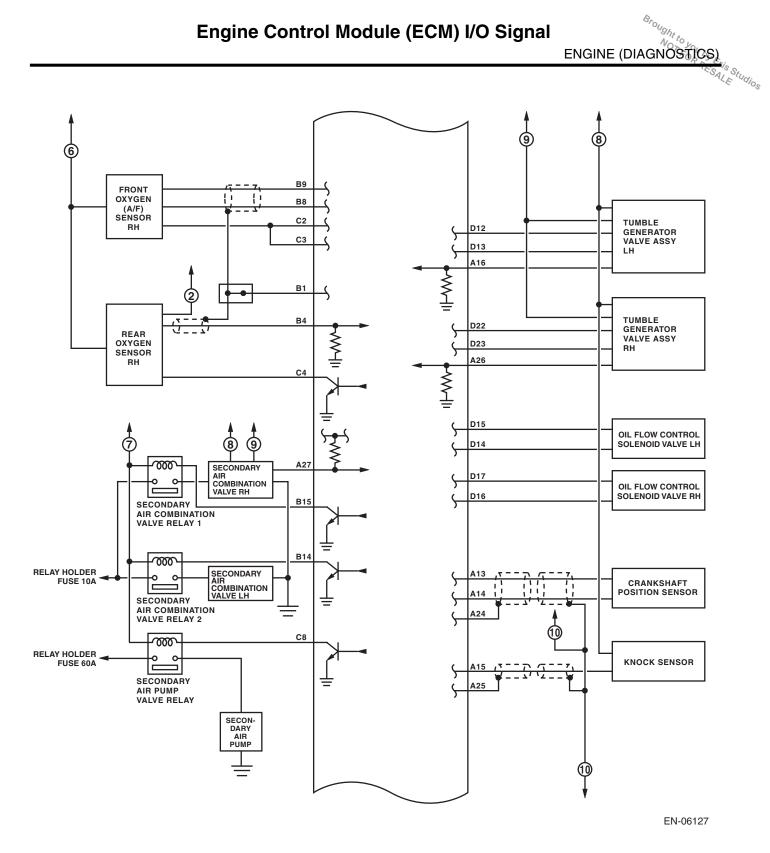
	Engine Cont	rol Mod	dule (ECM) l	/O Signal	ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	Sty
	Commontor	Tawasiaal	Signa	al (V)	LE	Studios
Contents	Connector No.	Terminal No.	Ignition SW ON (engine OFF)	Engine ON (idling)	Note	
CND (ignition avetem)	B137	26	0	0	_	
GND (ignition system)	B137	6	0	0	_	
Ground (engine 1)	B134	5	0	0	_	
Ground (engine 2)	B137	7	0	0	_	
Ground (engine 3)	B137	2	0	0	_	
Ground (engine 4)	B137	1	0	0	_	
Ground (engine 5)	B137	3	0	0	_	
Ground (body)	B136	6	0	0	_	

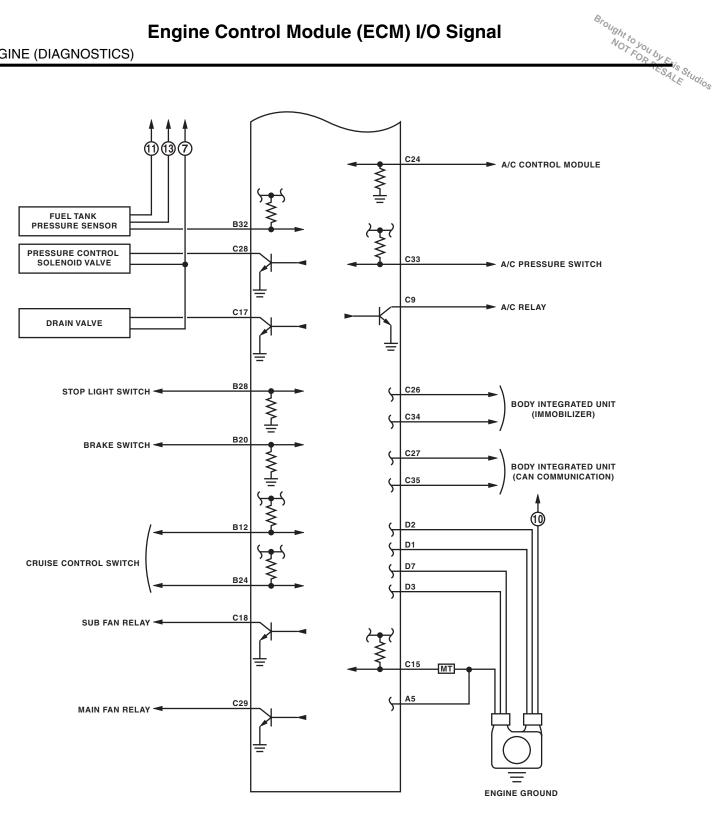
Input/output name	Measuring condition	Waveform
1. Crankshaft position sensor	During idling	ONE CRANK ROTATION  EN-05322
2. Camshaft position sensor	During idling	ONE CAM ROTATION  ONE CAM ROTATION  ONE CAM ROTATION  FN-05359











EN-05718

# 6. Engine Condition Data

## **A: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION**

Contents	Specification		
Engine Load	17.6 — 35.64 (%): Idling		
Engine Load	13.2 — 26.73 (%): 2,500 rpm racing		

#### Measuring condition:

- After engine is warmed-up.
- Set the select lever in "P" range or "N" range, or the shift lever in neutral.
- Turn the A/C to OFF.
- Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.

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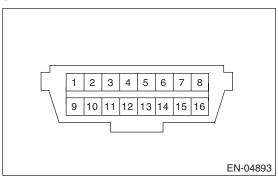
## 7. Data Link Connector

## A: NOTE

This connector is used for Subaru Select Monitor.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect any scan tools except Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool because the circuit for Subaru Select Monitor may be damaged.



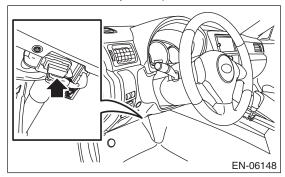
Terminal No.	Contents	Terminal No.	Contents
1	Power supply	9	Blank
2	Blank	10	Blank
3	Blank	11	Blank
4	Ground	12	Blank
5	Ground	13	Blank
6 CAN communication (+)		14	CAN communication (-)
7	Subaru Select Monitor signal	15	Blank
8 Blank		16	Power supply

## 8. General Scan Tool

#### A: OPERATION

#### 1. HOW TO USE GENERAL SCAN TOOL

- 1) Prepare a scan tool (general scan tool) required by SAE J1978.
- 2) Open the cover and connect the general scan tool to the data link connector located in the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side).



3) Using the general scan tool, call up DTC and freeze frame data.

General scan tool functions consist of:

- (1) MODE \$01: Current powertrain diagnostic data
- (2) MODE \$02: Powertrain freeze frame data
- (3) MODE \$03: Emission-related powertrain DTC
- (4) MODE \$04: Clear/Reset emission-related diagnostic information
- (5) MODE \$06: Request on-board monitoring test results for intermittently monitored systems (6) MODE \$07: Request on-board monitoring test results for continuously monitored systems (7) MODE \$00: Request vehicle information
- (7) MODE \$09: Request vehicle information Read out the data according to repair procedures. (For detailed operation procedure, refer to the general scan tool instruction manual.)

#### NOTE:

For details concerning DTC, refer to "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## 2. MODE \$01 (CURRENT POWERTRAIN DIAGNOSTIC DATA)

Brought to you by Esta Studios Refer to data denoting the current operating condition of analog input/output, digital input/output or the powertrain system.

A list of the support data and PID (Parameter Identification) codes are shown in the following table.

PID	Data	Unit of measure
\$01	Number of emission-related powertrain DTC, and malfunction indicator light status and diagnosis support information	_
\$03	Fuel system control status	_
\$04	Calculated engine load value	%
\$05	Engine coolant temperature	°C
\$06	Short term fuel trim	%
\$07	Long term fuel trim	%
\$0B	Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa
\$0C	Engine speed	rpm
\$0D	Vehicle speed	MPH
\$0E	Ignition timing advance	0
\$0F	Intake air temperature	°C
\$10	Air flow rate from mass air flow sensor	gm/s
\$11	Throttle valve absolute opening angle	%
\$12	Secondary air control status	_
\$13	Check whether oxygen sensor is installed.	_
\$15	Oxygen sensor output voltage and short term fuel trim associated with oxygen sensor	V and %
\$1C	Supporting OBD system	_
\$1F	Elapsed time after starting the engine	sec
\$21	Running distance after MIL turns on	miles
\$24	A/F value and A/F sensor output voltage	— and V
\$2E	Evaporative purge	%
\$2F	Fuel level	%
\$30	Number of warm ups after DTC clear	_
\$31	Travel distance after DTC clear	km
\$32	Fuel tank pressure	mmHg
\$33	Atmospheric pressure	mmHg
\$34	A/F sensor λ value, current	—, A
\$3C	Catalyzer temperature	°C
\$41	Diagnostic monitor of each drive cycle	_
\$42	ECM power voltage	V
\$43	Absolute load	%
\$44	A/F target lambda	_
\$45	Relative throttle opening angle	%
\$46	Ambient temperature	°C
\$47	Absolute throttle opening angle 2	%
\$49	Absolute accelerator opening angle 1	%
\$4A	Absolute accelerator opening angle 2	%
\$4C	Target throttle opening angle	%
\$4D	Engine operation time during MIL on	min
\$4E	Elapsed time after DTC clear	min
\$51	Fuel used	_
\$5A	Relative accelerator opening angle	%

#### NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access generic OBD-II PIDs (MODE \$01).

#### 3. MODE \$02 (POWERTRAIN FREEZE FRAME DATA)

Refer to data denoting the operating condition when trouble is detected by on-board diagnosis system. A list of the support data and PID (Parameter Identification) codes are shown in the following table.

PID	Data	Unit of measure	
\$02	DTC that caused the freeze frame data storage required by CARB.	_	
\$03	Fuel system control status	_	
\$04	Calculated engine load value	%	
\$05	Engine coolant temperature	°C	
\$06	Short term fuel trim	%	
\$07	Long term fuel trim	%	
\$0B	Intake manifold absolute pressure	kPa	
\$0C	Engine speed	rpm	
\$0D	Vehicle speed	MPH	
\$0E	Ignition timing advance	٥	
\$0F	Intake air temperature	°C	
\$10	Air flow rate from mass air flow sensor	gm/s	
\$11	Throttle valve absolute opening angle	%	
\$12	Secondary air control status	_	
\$13	Air fuel ratio sensor	_	
\$15	Rear oxygen sensor voltage, compensation value	V, —	
\$1C	Supporting OBD system	_	
\$1F	Elapsed time after starting the engine	sec	
\$2E	Evaporative purge	%	
\$2F	Fuel level	%	
\$32	Fuel tank pressure	mmHg	
\$33	Atmospheric pressure	mmHg	
\$42	ECM power voltage	V	
\$43	Absolute load	%	
\$44	A/F target lambda	_	
\$45	Relative throttle opening angle	%	
\$46	Ambient temperature	°C	
\$47	Absolute throttle opening angle 2	%	
\$49	Absolute accelerator opening angle 1	%	
\$4A	Absolute accelerator opening angle 2	%	
\$4C	Target throttle opening angle	%	

#### NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access freeze frame data (MODE \$02).

#### 4. MODE \$03 (EMISSION-RELATED POWERTRAIN DTC)

Refer to "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)" for information about data denoting emission-related powertrain DTC. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## 5. MODE \$04 (CLEAR/RESET EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION)

Refer to the mode used to clear or reset emission-related diagnostic information (OBD-II trouble diagnostic information).

#### NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to clear the emission-related diagnostic information (MODE \$04).

## 6. MODE \$06

Brought to you by Esis Studios Refer to test value of troubleshooting and data of test limit indicated on the support data bit sequence table. A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

OBDMID	TID	SID	Diagnostic item	
	\$81	\$0A		
\$01	\$82	\$8D	A/F sensor conduction abnormal (B1S1)	
	\$83	\$14		
	\$84	\$1E	A/E concor range abnormal (P1S1)	
	\$85	\$1E	A/F sensor range abnormal (B1S1)	
	\$86	\$20	A/F sensor response abnormal (B1S1)	
	\$87	\$0B	One control of the control (D400)	
	\$88	\$0B	Oxygen sensor circuit abnormal (B1S2)	
	\$07	\$0B		
\$02	\$08	\$0B	Oxygen sensor drop abnormal (B1S2)	
·	\$A5	\$0B		
	\$05	\$10		
-	\$06	\$10	Oxygen sensor response abnormal (B1S2)	
\$21	\$89	\$20	Catalyst degradation diagnosis (B1)	
\$39	\$93	\$FE	Evaporative emission control system leak detected (Fuel filler cap off)	
ψυσ	\$93 \$94	\$FE	Evaporative emission control system leak detected (I del mier cap on)	
\$3B	\$95	\$FE	Evaporative emission control system (0.04 inch leak)	
		+		
\$3C	\$96	\$FE	Evaporative emission control system (0.02 inch leak)	
Φ0.D	\$97	\$FE		
\$3D	\$98	\$FE	Evaporative emission control system (Purge flow)	
<u>.</u>	\$99	\$24	A/F sensor heater abnormal (B1S1)	
\$41	\$9A	\$24		
	\$9B	\$14	A/F sensor heater characteristic abnormal (B1S1)	
\$42	\$9C	\$24	Oxygen sensor heater abnormal (B1S2)	
<b>*</b> · -	\$9D	\$24	(2.52)	
	\$9E	\$17		
	\$9F	\$0B	Secondary air system (whole system)	
	\$A0	\$0B		
	\$B0	\$17		
	\$B1	\$0B		
	\$B1	\$17		
\$71	\$B2	\$0B		
	\$B2	\$17	Secondary air system (relay 2 — combination valve 2)	
	\$B3	\$0B	Geografia y all System (relay 2 — combination valve 2)	
Γ	\$B4	\$0B		
	\$B5	\$0B		
	\$B6	\$31		
	\$B7	\$31		
0.4.4	\$0B	\$24	ACC (ALL III )	
\$A1	\$0C	\$24	Misfire monitoring (All cylinders)	
4	\$0B	\$24		
\$A2	\$0C	\$24	Misfire monitoring (#1 cylinder)	
	\$0B	\$24	Misfire monitoring (#2 cylinder)	
\$A3	\$0C	\$24		
	\$0B	\$24	Misfire monitoring (#3 cylinder)	
\$A4	\$0D	\$24		
	φυυ	<b>⊅</b> ∠4		

## **General Scan Tool**

			General Scan Tool  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS	S).
OBDMID	TID	SID	Diagnostic item	SALE Studios
\$A5	\$0B	\$24	Misfire manitering (#4 aylinder)	
ФАЭ	\$0C	\$24	Misfire monitoring (#4 cylinder)	
\$E1	\$A6	\$FE	Purge control solenoid valve 2 close seized	

## 7. MODE \$07

Refer to the data of DTC (pending code) for troubleshooting result about emission in the first time.

## 8. MODE \$09

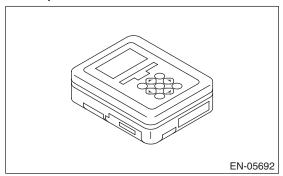
Refer to the data of vehicle specification (V.I.N., calibration ID, etc.).

## 9. Subaru Select Monitor

## A: OPERATION

# 1. HOW TO USE THE SUBARU SELECT MONITOR

1) Prepare the Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

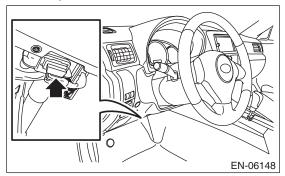


- 2) Prepare the personal computer which has been installed the Subaru Select Monitor.
- 3) Connect the USB cable between SDI (Subaru Diagnosis Interface) and USB port on the personal computer (dedicated port for the Subaru Select Monitor).

#### NOTE:

The dedicated port fot the Subaru Select Monitor means the USB port which was used to install the Subaru Select Monitor.

- 4) Connect the diagnosis cable to the SDI.
- 5) Connect the SDI to data link connector located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).



#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.

- 6) Start up the personal computer.
- 7) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF), and run the "PC application for Subaru Select Monitor".
- 8) Call up DTC and data, then record them.

### NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".

# 2. READ DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) FOR ENGINE (NORMAL MODE)

Refer to "Read Diagnostic Trouble Code" for information about how to display a DTC. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-43, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# 3. READ DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) FOR ENGINE (OBD MODE)

Refer to "Read Diagnostic Trouble Code" for information about how to display a DTC. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-43, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## 4. READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE (NORMAL MODE)

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Current Data Display & Save}.
- 5) On the «Current Data Display & Save» display screen, select the {Normal Measurement}.
- 6) Using the scroll key, scroll the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure	Note (at idling)
Engine Load	Engine Load	%	21.0%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C or °F	80 — 100°C or 176 — 212°F
A/F correction 1	A/F Compensation #1	%	-10 — +10%
A/F learning 1	A/F Learning #1	%	-15 — +15%
Intake manifold absolute pressure	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	220 — 275 mmHg, 29.5 — 37 kPa, 8.7 — 10 inHg or 4.2 — 5.3 psig
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm	630 — 770 rpm (Agree with the tachometer indication)
Meter vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH	0 km/h or 0 MPH (at parking)
Ignition timing signal	Ignition Timing	deg	10 — 15 deg
Intake air temperature signal	Intake Air Temp.	°C or °F	20 — 50°C or 68 — 122°F
Amount of intake air	Mass Air Flow	g/s or lb/m	2.1 — 3.1 g/s or 0.35 — 0.40 lb/m
Throttle opening angle signal	Throttle Opening Angle	%	2.0 — 2.4%
Rear oxygen sensor voltage	Rear O2 Sensor	V	0 — 1.0 V
Battery voltage	Battery Voltage	V	12 — 15 V
Mass air flow voltage	Air Flow Sensor Voltage	V	1.0 — 1.7 V
Injection 1 pulse width	Fuel Injection #1 Pulse	ms	1.2 — 2.2 ms
Barometric pressure	Atmosphere pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	_
Intake manifold relative pressure	Mani. Relative Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	(Intake manifold absolute pressure — atmosphere pressure)
Ignition learning value	Learned Ignition Timing	deg	0 deg
Acceleration opening angle signal	Accel. Opening Angle	%	0.0%
Fuel temperature signal	Fuel Temp	°C or °F	+28°C or 82°F
Primary supercharged pressure control signal	Primary Control	%	0.0%
Purge control solenoid duty ratio	CPC Valve Duty Ratio	%	0 — 25%
Tumble generator valve RH opening signal	TGV Position Sensor R	V	0.81 V
Tumble generator valve LH opening signal	TGV Position Sensor L	V	0.81 V
Fuel pump duty ratio	Fuel Pump Duty	%	30 — 40%
AVCS advance angle amount RH	VVT advance angle amount R	deg	5 deg
AVCS advance angle amount LH	VVT advance angle amount L	deg	5 deg
Oil flow control solenoid valve duty RH (AVCS)	OCV duty R	%	0 — 20%
Oil flow control solenoid valve duty LH (AVCS)	OCV duty L	%	0 — 20%
Oil flow control solenoid valve current RH	OCV current R	mA	40 — 100 mA
Oil flow control solenoid valve current LH	OCV current L	mA	40 — 100 mA
A/F sensor current value 1	A/F Sensor #1 Current	mA	−20 — 20 mA
A/F sensor resistance value 1	A/F Sensor #1 Resistance	Ω	27 — 35 mA
A/F sensor output lambda 1	A/F Sensor #1	_	1.0

S ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	ubaru Select Moni	tor	Note (at idling)
,			N. S. S.
Contents	Display	Unit of measure	Note (at idling)
A/F correction 3	A/F Correction #3	%	0.00%
A/F learning 3	A/F Learning #3	%	0.00%
Throttle motor duty	Throttle Motor Duty	%	-5%
Throttle power supply voltage	Throttle Motor Voltage	V	12 — 15 V
Sub throttle sensor voltage	Sub-throttle Sensor	V	1.5 V
Main throttle sensor voltage	Main-throttle Sensor	V	0.6 V
Sub accelerator sensor voltage	Sub-accelerator Sensor	V	1.1 V
Main accelerator sensor voltage	Main-accelerator Sensor	V	1.0 V
Secondary air supply piping pressure signal	Sec. Air Piping Pressure Signal	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	765 mmHg, 102 kPa, 30.1 inHg or 14.8 psig
Secondary airflow signal	Sec. Air flow Signal	g/s or lb/m	0.00 g/s or 0.00 lb/m
Memory vehicle speed	Memorized Cruise Speed	km/h or MPH	_
Fuel level sensor resistance	Fuel level resistance	Ω	4 — 96 Ω
Odometer Odometer	Odometer	km	
1 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #1	_	0
2 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #2	_	0
#3 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #3	_	0
4 cylinder roughness monitor	Roughness Monitor #4	_	0
Knock sensor compensation	Knock Correction	deg	0.0 deg
Fuel tank pressure signal	Fuel Tank Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig	+8.8 mmHg, +1.2 kPa, +0.4 inHg or +0.2 psig
AT/MT identification terminal	AT Vehicle ID Signal	—	AT/MT
Delivery (test) mode terminal	Test Mode Terminal		U check
check request flag	D-check Require Flag	_	OFF
Delivery (test) mode terminal	Delivery Mode Connector (Test Mode Connector)	_	OFF
Moutral position awitch aignal	,		Noutral
Neutral position switch signal	Neutral SW Soft idle SW		Neutral At idle
Soft idle switch signal			
gnition switch signal	Ignition SW	_	ON input
Power steering switch signal	P/S Switch A/C SW	<del>  </del>	OFF input (At OFF)
Air conditioning switch signal Starter switch signal	Starter Switch	<del>  </del>	OFF input (At OFF)
		<del>  </del>	OFF input
Rear oxygen monitor  Knocking signal	Rear O2 Rich Signal	<del>  </del>	Rich/Lean None
	Knock Signal	<del>                                     </del>	Provided
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Crankshaft angle signal	_	Provided
Camshaft position sensor signal	Camshaft angle signal	<del>  </del>	
Rear defogger switch signal	Rear Defogger SW	<del></del> +	OFF input (At OFF)
Blower fan switch signal	Blower fan SW	<del>-</del> -	OFF input (At OFF)
ight switch signal	Light SW	_	OFF input (At OFF)
A/C middle pressure switch signal	A/C Mid Pressure Switch		OFF input (At OFF)
Air conditioner compressor relay output signal	A/C Compressor Signal		OFF output (At OFF)
Radiator fan relay 1 signal	Radiator Fan Relay #1		OFF output (At OFF)
Radiator fan relay 2 signal	Radiator Fan Relay #2		OFF output (At OFF)
PCV hose assembly diagnosis signal	Blow-by Leak Connector		Connected
Pressure control solenoid valve signal	PCV Solenoid Valve		OFF output (At OFF)
Tumble generator valve output signal	TGV Output		None
Tumble generator valve drive signal	TGV Drive		Opening direction
Orain valve signal	Vent. Solenoid Valve		OFF output (At OFF)
Purge control solenoid valve 2 signal	CPC Solenoid 2		OFF (At OFF)

# **Subaru Select Monitor**

Subaru Select Monitor			ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)
Contents	Display	Unit of measure	Note (at idling)
AT coordinate retard angle demand signal	Retard Signal from AT	_	None
AT coordinate fuel cut demand signal	Fuel Cut Signal from AT	_	None
Vehicle dynamics control (VDC) torque down prohibition output	Ban of Torque Down	_	Permission
Vehicle dynamics control (VDC) torque down demand	Request Torque Down VDC	_	None
AT coordinate permission signal	Torque Permission Signal	_	ON/OFF
ETC motor relay signal	ETC Motor Relay	_	ON
Clutch switch signal	Clutch SW	_	OFF (At OFF)
Stop light switch signal	Stop Light SW	_	OFF (At OFF)
SET/COAST switch signal	SET/CST SW	_	OFF (At OFF)
RES/ACC switch signal	RES/ACC SW	_	OFF (At OFF)
Brake switch signal	Brake SW	_	OFF (At OFF)
Main switch signal	Main SW	_	OFF (At OFF)
Body int. unit data reception	Body Int. Unit Data	_	Provided
Body integrated unit counter update	Body Int. Unit Count	_	Provided
Secondary air combination valve relay 2 signal	Sec. Air Combi V Relay 2	_	OFF (At OFF)
Secondary air pump relay signal	Sec. Air Pump Relay		OFF (At OFF)
Secondary air combination valve relay 1 signal	Sec. Air Combi V Relay 1		OFF (At OFF)
Cruise control cancel switch signal	CC Cancel SW	_	OFF (At OFF)
Malfunction indicator light signal	MIL On Flag	_	Off (when unlit)

# NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".

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# 5. READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE (OBD MODE)

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD System}.
- 5) On the «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {Current Data Display & Save}.
- 6) On the «Current Data Display & Save» display screen, select the {All Data Display}.
- 7) Using the scroll key, scroll the display screen up or down until the desired data is shown.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Referential value (at idling)	Unit of measure
Number of diagnosis code	Number of Diag. Code	0	_
Condition of malfunction indicator light	MI (MIL)	OFF	_
Monitoring test of misfire	Misfire Monitoring (Supp)	YES	_
Monitoring test of misfire	Misfire Monitoring (Rdy)	YES	_
Monitoring test of fuel system	Fuel system monitoring (Supp)	YES	_
Monitoring test of fuel system	Fuel system monitoring (Rdy)	YES	_
Monitoring test of comprehensive component	Component monitoring (Supp)	YES	_
Monitoring test of comprehensive component	Component monitoring (Rdy)	YES	_
Test of catalyst	Catalyst Diagnosis (Supp)	YES	_
Test of catalyst	Catalyst Diagnosis (Rdy)	NO	_
Test of heating-type catalyst	Heated catalyst (Supp)	NO	_
Test of heating-type catalyst	Heated catalyst (Rdy)	N/A	_
Test of evaporative emission purge control system	Evaporative purge system (Supp)	YES	_
Test of evaporative emission purge control system	Evaporative purge system (Rdy)	NO	_
Secondary air system test	Secondary air system (Supp)	YES	_
Secondary air system test	Secondary air system (Rdy)	NO	_
Test of air conditioning system refrigerant	A/C system refrigerant (Supp)	NO	_
Test of air conditioning system refrigerant	A/C system refrigerant (Rdy)	N/A	_
Test of oxygen sensor	Oxygen sensor (Supp)	YES	_
Test of oxygen sensor	Oxygen sensor (Rdy)	NO	_
Test of oxygen sensor heater	O2 Heater Diagnosis (Supp)	YES	_
Test of oxygen sensor heater	O2 Heater Diagnosis (Rdy)	YES	_
Test of EGR system	EGR system (Supp)	NO	_
Test of EGR system	EGR system (Rdy)	N/A	_
Air fuel ratio control system for bank 1	Fuel System for Bank 1	Normal CLOSE	_
Engine load data	Calculated load value	19.2	%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	96	°C
Short term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1)	Short term fuel trim B1	17.2	%
Long term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1)	Long term fuel trim B1	5.5	%
Intake manifold absolute pressure signal	Mani. Absolute Pressure	248	mmHg
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	846	rpm
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	0	km/h
#1 Cylinder ignition timing	Ignition timing adv. #1	13.5	0
Intake air temperature signal	Intake Air Temp.	44	°C
Amount of intake air	Mass Air Flow	3.6	g/s
Throttle position signal	Throttle Opening Angle	13	%
Secondary air control status	Secondary air system	Stop	_
Oxygen sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	Oxygen Sensor #12	0.1 — 0.7	V
A/F correction (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	A/F Correction #12	0.0	%

Subaru	Select Monitor		AGNOSTICS)
		ENGINE (DI	AGNOSTICS)
Contents	Display	Referential value (at idling)	Unit of measure
On-board diagnostic system	OBD System	OBD/OBD2	_
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	Oxygen Sensor #11	Support	_
Oxygen sensor (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	Oxygen Sensor #12	Support	_
Fime elapsed after engine start	Time Since Engine Start	_	sec
Driving distance after the malfunction indicator light illuninates	Lighted MI lamp History	_	km
A/F lambda signal (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11	0.951	_
VF sensor output signal (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11	2.468	V
Evaporative purge	Commanded Evap Purge	0	%
Fuel level signal	Fuel Level	_	%
Number of warm ups after DTC clear	Number of warm-ups	_	_
Driving distance after DTC clear	Meter since DTC cleared	_	km
Fuel tank pressure signal	Fuel Tank Pressure	9.664	mmHg
Barometric pressure signal	Atmosphere pressure	Barometric pressure	mmHg
VF lambda signal (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11	0.957	
A/F sensor output signal (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	A/F sensor #11	-0.18	mA
Catalyst temperature #1	Catalyst Temperature #11	_	°C
Monitoring test of misfire	Misfire Monitoring (Enable)	YES	
Nonitoring test of misfire	Misfire Monitoring (Comp)	YES	
Monitoring test of fuel system	Fuel system monitoring (Enable)	YES	_
Monitoring test of fuel system	Fuel system monitoring (Comp)	NO	_
Monitoring test of comprehensive component	Component monitoring (Enable)	NO	_
Monitoring test of comprehensive component	Component monitoring (Comp)	NO	_
Test of catalyst	Catalyst Diagnosis (Enable)	YES	_
Fest of catalyst	Catalyst Diagnosis (Comp)	NO	_
est of heating-type catalyst	Heated catalyst (Enable)	N/A	_
Test of heating-type catalyst	Heated catalyst (Comp)	N/A	_
Test of evaporative emission purge control system	Evaporative purge system (Enable)	YES	_
Test of evaporative emission purge control system	Evaporative purge system (Comp)	NO	_
Secondary air system test	Secondary air system (Enable)	YES	_
Secondary air system test	Secondary air system (Comp)	NO	_
Test of air conditioning system refrigerant	A/C system refrigerant (Enable)	N/A	_
Test of air conditioning system refrigerant	A/C system refrigerant (Comp)	N/A	
Test of oxygen sensor	Oxygen sensor (Enable)	YES	
Fest of oxygen sensor	Oxygen sensor (Comp)	NO	_
Fest of oxygen sensor heater	O2 Heater Diagnosis (Enable)	YES	_
Test of oxygen sensor heater	O2 Heater Diagnosis (Comp)	YES	_
Fest of EGR system	EGR system (Enable)	N/A	_
Fest of EGR system	EGR system (Comp)	N/A	_
ECM power voltage	Control module voltage	13.848	V
Absolute load	Absolute Load value	21	%
NF ratio target lambda	Target Equivalence Ratio	0.993	

# **Subaru Select Monitor**

# **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

Subar ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	u Select Monitor		Brought to you by ESA  Unit of	Vs o
Contents	Display	Referential value (at idling)	Unit of measure	LESTUDIOS
Relative throttle opening angle	Relative Throttle Pos.	2	%	
Ambient temperature	Ambient Temperature	Ambient temperature	°C	
Absolute throttle opening angle 2	Absolute Throttle Pos. 2	31	%	
Absolute accelerator opening angle 1	Accelerator Pos. #1	13	%	
Absolute accelerator opening angle 2	Accelerator Pos. #2	13	%	
Target throttle opening angle	Target Throt. Act. Cont.	0	%	
Engine operating time while malfunction indicator lit	Time while MIL lighted	_	min	
Time elapsed after DTC clear	Time since DTC cleared	_	min	
Fuel used	Type of fuel	GAS	_	
Relative accelerator opening angle	Relative Accelera. Pos.	0	%	

# NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".

# 6. READ FREEZE FRAME DATA FOR ENGINE (OBD MODE)

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD System}.
- 5) On the «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {Freeze Frame Data Display}.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Contents	Display	Unit of measure
DTC of freeze frame data	Freeze frame data	Diagnostic code
Air fuel ratio control system for bank 1	Fuel system for Bank1	_
Engine load data	Calculated load value	%
Engine coolant temperature signal	Coolant Temp.	°C or °F
Short term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1)	Short term fuel trim B1	%
Long term fuel trim by front oxygen (A/F) sensor (Bank 1)	Long term fuel trim B1	%
Intake manifold absolute pressure signal	Mani. Absolute Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psi
Engine speed signal	Engine Speed	rpm
Vehicle speed signal	Vehicle Speed	km/h or MPH
Ignition timing #1	Ignition timing adv. #1	0
Intake air temperature	Intake Air Temp.	°C
Amount of intake air	Mass Air Flow	g/s
Throttle opening angle	Throttle Opening Angle	%
Secondary air control status	Secondary air system	_
Oxygen sensor #12	Oxygen sensor #12	V
A/F correction #12	A/F correction #12	%
OBD system	OBD System	_
Oxygen sensor #11	Oxygen sensor #11	Support
Oxygen sensor #12	Oxygen sensor #12	Support
Elapsed time after starting the engine	Time Since Engine Start	sec
Evaporative purge	Commanded Evap Purge	%
Fuel level	Fuel Level	%
Fuel tank pressure	Fuel Tank Pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig
Atmospheric pressure	Atmosphere pressure	mmHg, kPa, inHg or psig
ECM power voltage	Control module voltage	V
Absolute load	Absolute Load Value	%
A/F target lambda	Target Equivalence Ratio	_
Relative throttle opening angle	Relative Throttle Pos.	%
Ambient temperature	Ambient Temperature	°C or °F
Absolute throttle opening angle 2	Absolute Throttle Pos. #2	%
Absolute accelerator opening angle 1	Accelerator Pos. #1	%
Absolute accelerator opening angle 2	Accelerator Pos. #2	%
Target throttle opening angle	Target Throt. Act. Cont.	%

# NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the «PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor».

# **Subaru Select Monitor**

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# **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

# 7. V.I.N. REGISTRATION

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {V.I.N. Registration}.
- 5) Perform the procedures shown on the display screen.

#### NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".

# 10.Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

# A: OPERATION

# 1. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (NORMAL MODE)

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Diagnostic Code(s) Display}.
- 5) On the "Diagnostic Code(s) Display" screen, select the {Temporary Code} or {Memory Code}.

## NOTE:

- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".
- For details concerning DTC, refer to "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# 2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (OBD MODE)

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD System}.
- 5) On the «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {Diagnostic Code(s) Display}.
- 6) Make sure DTC is shown on the screen.

### NOTE:

- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".
- For details concerning DTC, refer to "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### 3. GENERAL SCAN TOOL

Refer to data denoting emission-related powertrain DTC.

For details concerning DTC, refer to "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## NOTE:

Refer to general scan tool manufacturer's instruction manual to access powertrain DTC (MODE \$03).

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# 11.Inspection Mode

# A: PROCEDURE

Perform the diagnosis shown in the following DTC table.

When performing the diagnosis not listed in "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)", refer to the item on the drive cycle. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-49, Drive Cycle.>

DTC	Item	Condition
P0011	Intake Camshaft Position - Timing Over-Advanced Or System Performance (Bank 1)	
P0016	Crankshaft Position - Camshaft Position Correlation (Bank 1)	_
P0018	Crankshaft Position - Camshaft Position Correlation (Bank 2)	
P0021	Intake Camshaft Position - Timing Over-Advanced or System Performance (Bank 2)	_
P0031	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	
P0032	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	_
P0037	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	
P0038	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	_
P0102	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Low Input	
P0103	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit High Input	_
P0107	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit Low Input	_
P0108	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit High Input	_
P0112	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit Low	_
P0113	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit High	_
P0117	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit Low	_
20118	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit High	_
P0122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit Low	_
P0123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit High	_
20131	O2 Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	_
P0132	O2 Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	_
P0137	O2 Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	_
P0138	O2 Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	_
P0140	O2 Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank1 Sensor2)	_
P0182	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low Input	_
P0183	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High Input	_
P0222	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit Low	_
P0223	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit High	_
P0230	Fuel Pump Primary Circuit	_
P0245	Turbo/Super Charger Wastegate Solenoid "A" Low	_
P0327	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit Low (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	_
P0328	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit High (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	_
P0335	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit	_
P0336	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	_
P0340	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	_
P0345	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit (Bank 2)	_
P0413	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "A" Circuit Open	_
P0416	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "B" Circuit Open	_
P0418	Secondary Air Injection System Control "A" Circuit	_
P0447	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Open	_
P0448	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Shorted	_
P0452	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor Low Input	_
P0453	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor High Input	_
P0458	Evaporative Emission System Purge Control Valve Circuit Low	_
P0462	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit Low	

	Inspection Mode	ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	<u>)</u>
DTC	Item	Condition	E IS Stug
P0463	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit High	_	1
P0500	Vehicle Speed Sensor "A"	_	1
P0512	Starter Request Circuit	_	1
P0513	Incorrect Immobilizer Key	_	1
P0600	Serial Communication Link	_	1
P0604	Internal Control Module Random Access Memory (RAM) Error	_	1
P0605	Internal Control Module Read Only Memory (ROM) Error	_	1
P0607	Control Module Performance	_	1
P0638	Throttle Actuator Control Range/Performance (Bank 1)	_	1
P0700	Transmission Control System (MIL Request)	_	1
P0851	Park/Neutral Switch Input Circuit Low	_	1
P0852	Park/Neutral Switch Input Circuit High	_	1
P1152	O2 Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (Low) (Bank1 Sensor1)	_	†
P1153	O2 Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (High) (Bank1 Sensor1)	_	1
P1160	Return Spring Failure	_	1
P1400	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Circuit Low	_	-
P1410	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Open	_	-
P1420	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Sol. Valve Circuit High	_	-
P1491	Positive Crankcase Ventilation (Blow-by) Function Problem		-
P1560	Back-up Voltage Circuit Malfunction		1
P1570	Antenna	<u>_</u>	1
P1571	Reference Code Incompatibility	<u>_</u>	1
P1572	IMM Circuit Failure (Except Antenna Circuit)	<u>_</u>	1
P1574	Key Communication Failure		-
P1576	EGI Control Module EEPROM	_	+
P1577	IMM Control Module EEPROM		-
P1578	Meter Failure		-
P2006	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Closed (Bank 1)		-
P2007	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Closed (Bank 1)		-
P2008	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit / Open (Bank 1)	_	1
P2009	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit Low (Bank 1)	_	-
2009 P2011	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit / Open (Bank 2)		-
P2012	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit Low (Bank 2)	_	-
P2012	Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit Low (Bank 1)	_	+
P2010	Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit Low (Bank 1)	_	+
P2017 P2021		_	+
	Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit Low (Bank 2)  Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit High (Bank 2)	_	-
P2022 P2088			-
	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit Low (Bank 1)	_	-
P2089	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit High (Bank 1)		-
2092	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit Low (Bank 2)		-
P2093	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit High (Bank 2)		-
P2101	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Range/Performance		4
P2102	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Low		4
P2109	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor "A" Minimum Stop Performance		-
P2122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit Low Input		-
P2123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit High Input		4
P2127	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit Low Input		4
P2128	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit High Input		1
P2135	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A"/"B" Voltage Correlation	_	

ENGINE (D	Inspection Mode	Brought to you by Early	S
DTC	Item	Condition	EUdios
P2419	Evaporative Emission System Switching Valve Control Circuit Low	_	
P2420	Evaporative Emission System Switching Valve Control Circuit High	_	
P2431	Secondary Air Injection System Air Flow /Pressure Sensor Circuit Range/Performance	_	
P2432	Secondary Air Injection System Air Flow /Pressure Sensor Circuit Low	_	
P2433	Secondary Air Injection System Air Flow /Pressure Sensor Circuit High	_	
P2444	Secondary Air Injection System Pump Stuck On	_	

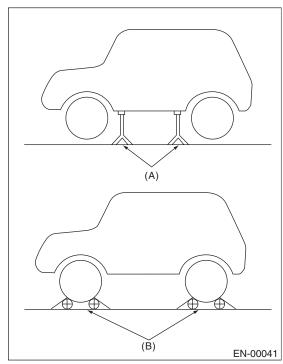
# 1. PREPARATION FOR THE INSPECTION MODE

- 1) Check that the battery voltage is 12 V or more and fuel remains approx. half [20 — 40 ℓ (5.3 — 10.6 US gal, 4.4 — 8.8 lmp gal)].
- 2) Lift up the vehicle using a garage jack and place it on rigid racks, or drive the vehicle onto free rollers.

### **WARNING:**

- Before raising the vehicle, ensure parking brakes are applied.
- · Do not use a pantograph jack in place of a rigid rack.
- Secure a rope or wire to the front or rear towing hooks to prevent the lateral runout of front
- Before rotating the wheels, make sure that there is no one in front of the vehicle. Besides while the wheels are rotating, make sure that no one approaches the vehicle front side.
- Make sure that there is nothing around the wheels. For AWD model, pay special attention to all four wheels.
- While servicing, do not depress or release the clutch pedal or accelerator pedal quickly regardless of the engine speed. Quick operation may cause the vehicle to drop off the free roller.

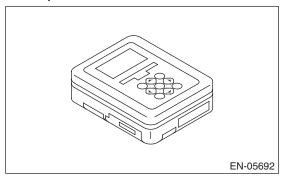
 To prevent the vehicle from slipping due to vibration, do not place anything between rigid rack and the vehicle.



- (A) Rigid racks
- (B) Free rollers

## 2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR

- 1) After clearing the memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.>
- 2) Warm-up the engine.
- 3) Prepare the Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

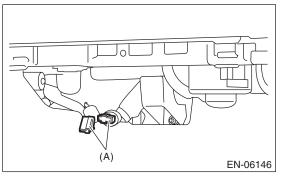


- 4) Prepare the personal computer which has been installed the Subaru Select Monitor.
- 5) Connect the USB cable between SDI (Subaru Diagnosis Interface) and USB port on the personal computer (dedicated port for the Subaru Select Monitor).

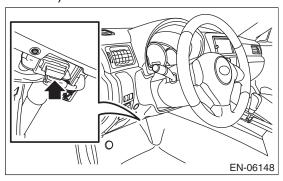
## NOTE:

The dedicated port fot the Subaru Select Monitor means the USB port which was used to install the Subaru Select Monitor.

- 6) Connect the diagnosis cable to the SDI.
- 7) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector (A) located under the glove box.



8) Connect the SDI to data link connector located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).



### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.

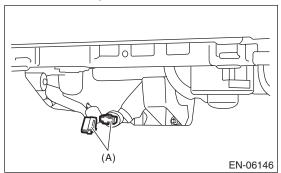
- 9) Start up the personal computer.
- 10) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF), and run the "PC application for Subaru Select Monitor"
- 11) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 12) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 13) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 14) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {D Check}.
- 15) When the «Perform Inspection (Dealer Check) Mode» is shown on the screen, click the [Next] button
- 16) Perform subsequent procedures as instructed on the display screen.
- If trouble still remains in the memory, the corresponding DTC appears on the display screen.

## NOTE:

- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".
- For details concerning DTC, refer to "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)".
- <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>
- · Release the parking brake.
- The speed difference between front and rear wheels may illuminate the ABS warning light, but this does not indicate a malfunction. When engine control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of the self-diagnosis system. <Ref. to ABS(diag)-23, Clear Memory Mode.>

# 3. GENERAL SCAN TOOL

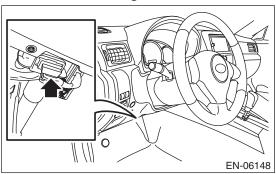
- 1) After clearing the memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.>
- 2) Warm-up the engine.
- 3) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector (A) located under the glove box.



4) Connect the general scan tool to data link connector located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).

## **CAUTION:**

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.



5) Start the engine.

# NOTE:

- Make sure the select lever is placed in the "P" position before starting. (AT model)
- Depress the clutch pedal when starting engine. (MT model)
- 6) Turn the neutral position switch to ON using select lever or shift lever.
- 7) Depress the brake pedal to turn the brake switch ON. (AT model)
- 8) Keep the engine speed in 2,500 3,000 rpm range for 40 seconds.

9) Place the select lever or shift lever in "D" position (AT model) or "1st gear" (MT model) and drive the vehicle at 5 to 10 km/h (3 to 6 MPH).

#### NOTE

- For AWD model, release the parking brake.
- The speed difference between front and rear wheels may illuminate the ABS warning light, but this indicates no malfunctions. When engine control diagnosis is finished, perform the ABS memory clearance procedure of self-diagnosis system. <Ref. to ABS(diag)-23, Clear Memory Mode.> 10) Using the general scan tool, check DTC and record the result(s).

### NOTE:

- For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.
- For details concerning DTC, refer to "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)".
- <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-82, List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# 12.Drive Cycle

# A: PROCEDURE

For the troubleshooting, there are driving patterns described below. Driving in the specified pattern allows to diagnose malfunctioning items listed below. After the repair of the following trouble items, be sure to drive the vehicle with the specified drive patterns to check whether the function is resumed correctly.

## 1. PREPARATION FOR DRIVE CYCLE

- 1) Check that the battery voltage is 12 V or more and fuel remains approx. half  $[20-40 \ 0 \ (5.3-10.6 \ US \ gal, 4.4-8.8 \ Imp \ gal)]$ .
- 2) After performing the diagnostics and clearing the memory, check for any remaining unresolved trouble data. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.>
- 3) Disconnect the delivery (test) mode connector.

#### NOTE

- Perform the diagnosis after warming up the engine except when the engine coolant temperature at starting is specified.
- Perform the diagnosis twice if the DTC marked with \*. After completing the first diagnosis, stop the engine and perform second diagnosis in same condition.

# Brought to you by Eis Studios 2. DRIVE CYCLE A — DRIVE THE VEHICLE WITH 80 KM/H (50 MPH) FOR 20 MINUTES, AND THEN IDLE THE ENGINE FOR A MINUTE.

DTC	Item	Condition
*P0125	Insufficient Coolant Temperature for Closed Loop Fuel Control	Engine coolant temperature at engine start is less than 20°C (68°F).
*P0126	Insufficient Engine Coolant Temperature for Stable Operation	_
*P0128	Coolant Thermostat (Engine Coolant Temperature Below Thermostat Regulating Temperature)	Engine coolant temperature at engine start is less than 55°C (131°F).
*P0133	O2 Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	_
*P0171	System Too Lean (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0172	System Too Rich (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P0420	Catalyst System Efficiency Below Threshold (Bank 1)	_
*P0441	Evaporative Emission System Incorrect Purge Flow	_
*P0442	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Small Leak)	Engine coolant temperature at engine start is less than 25°C (77°F).
*P0451	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor	_
*P0456	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Very Small Leak)	Engine coolant temperature at engine start is less than 25°C (77°F).
*P0457	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Fuel Cap Loose/Off)	Engine coolant temperature at engine start is less than 25°C (77°F).
P0459	Evaporative Emission System Purge Control Valve Circuit High	_
P1443	Vent Control Solenoid Valve Function Problem	_
*P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
*P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle B or C as well.

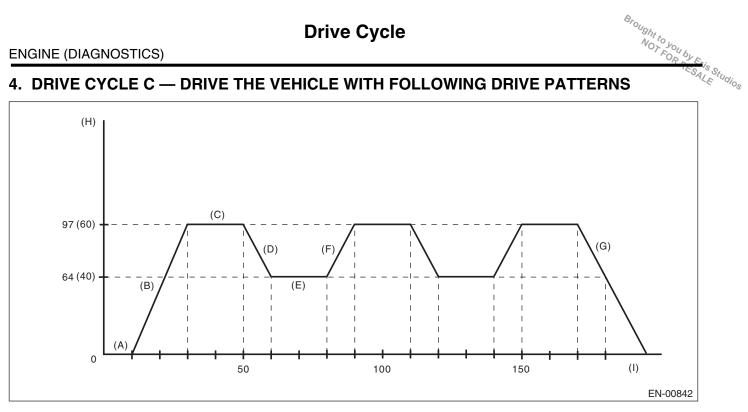
# 3. DRIVE CYCLE B - 10 MINUTES IDLING

# NOTE:

Drive the vehicle at 10 km/h (6 MPH) or faster before diagnosis.

DTC	ltem	Condition
*P0171	System Too Lean (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0172	System Too Rich (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P0464	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Intermittent	_
*P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
*P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or C as well.

# 4. DRIVE CYCLE C — DRIVE THE VEHICLE WITH FOLLOWING DRIVE PATTERNS



- (A) Idle the engine for 10 seconds or
- Accelerate to 97 km/h (60 MPH) (B) within 20 seconds.
- Drive the vehicle at 97 km/h (C) (60 MPH) for 20 seconds.
- (D) Decelerate with fully closed throttle to 64 km/h (40 MPH).
- Drive the vehicle at 64 km/h (E) (40 MPH) for 20 seconds.
- Accelerate to 97 km/h (60 MPH) (F) within 10 seconds.
- (G) Stop the vehicle with throttle fully closed.
- Vehicle speed km/h (MPH) (H)
- (I) Sec.

DTC	Item	Condition
*P0030	HO2S Heater Control Circuit (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	_
P0068	MAP/MAF - Throttle Position Correlation	_
*P0101	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Range/Performance	_
P0134	O2 Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	_
*P0139	O2 Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	_
*P0171	System Too Lean (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0172	System Too Rich (Bank 1)	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0244	Turbo/Super Charger Wastegate Solenoid "A" Range/Performance	_
P0246	Turbo/Super Charger Wastegate Solenoid "A" High	_
*P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
P2004	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Open (Bank 1)	_
P2005	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Open (Bank 2)	_
*P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
*P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	Diagnosis completes in drive cycle A or B as well.

## 5. DRIVE CYCLE D

## **DRIFT DIAGNOSIS**

- 1) Check that the engine coolant temperature at engine start is less than 30°C (86°F).
- 2) Make sure that fuel remains 10  $\,\ell$  (2.6 US gal, 2.2 Imp gal) or more and the battery voltage is 10.9 V or more.
- 3) Start the engine, and check that the engine coolant temperature increases by 10°C (18°F) or more, and reaches 75°C (167°F) or more, when the engine is warmed up.
- 4) Idle the engine for 120 seconds or more in the condition of step 3.

# STUCK DIAGNOSIS

- 1) Make sure that the battery voltage is 10.9 V or more.
- 2) Perform the Clear Memory Mode. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.>
- 3) Drive the vehicle for the distance equal to the fuel of 50 & (13.2 US gal, 11 Imp gal).

### NOTE:

- It is acceptable to drive the vehicle intermittently.
- Do not disconnect the battery terminals while diagnosing. (Data will be cleared by disconnecting the battery terminals.)

DTC	Item	Condition
P0181	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	_

## 6. DRIVE CYCLE E

- 1) Make sure that the battery voltage is 10.9 V or more.
- 2) Perform the Clear Memory Mode. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.>
- 3) Drive the vehicle for the distance equal to the fuel of 30 Q (7.9 US gal, 6.6 Imp gal).

#### NOTE:

- It is acceptable to drive the vehicle intermittently.
- Do not disconnect the battery terminals while diagnosing. (Data will be cleared by disconnecting the battery terminals.))

DTC	Item	Condition
P0461	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	_

## 7. DRIVE CYCLE F

- 1) Check that the engine coolant temperature at engine start is less than 30°C (86°F).
- 2) Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 95°C (203°F).
- 3) After the engine has reached the state of procedure 2), idle the engine for 10 minutes or more.

## NOTE:

Do not disconnect the battery terminals while diagnosing. (Data will be cleared by disconnecting the battery terminals.))

DTC	Item	Condition
P0111	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit Range/Performance	_

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# 8. DRIVE CYCLE G

- 1) Remove the battery negative terminal, and reconnect after 10 seconds have passed.
- 2) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is 80°C (176°F).
- 3) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is 40°C (104°F) or less.

#### NOTF:

Do not let engine coolant temperature drop below 5°C (41°F).

- 4) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is 80°C (176°F).
- 5) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is 40°C (104°F) or less.

### NOTE:

Do not let engine coolant temperature drop below 5°C (41°F).

6) Start and idle the engine.

DTC	Item	Condition
*P0410	Secondary Air Injection System	
*P0411	Secondary Air Injection System Incorrect Flow Detected	
P0414	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "A" Circuit Shorted	
P0417	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "B" Circuit Shorted	
P1418	Secondary Air Injection System Control "A" Circuit Shorted	
*P2440	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Open (Bank1)	
*P2441	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Closed (Bank1)	
*P2442	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Open (Bank2)	
*P2443	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Closed (Bank2)	_

# 9. DRIVE CYCLE H

- 1) Perform the Clear Memory Mode. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.>
- 2) With the ignition switch ON, read the engine coolant temperature, intake air temperature and fuel temperature. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-35, READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE (NORMAL MODE), OPERATION, Subaru Select Monitor.>
- 3) If the values from step 2) satisfy the following two conditions, start the engine.

# Condition:

|Engine coolant temperature — intake air temperature |  $\leq 5$ °C (41°F) |Engine coolant temperature — fuel temperature |  $\leq 2$ °C (36°F)

### NOTE:

- If the conditions are not satisfied, turn the ignition switch to OFF and wait until the parameters are satisfied.
- Start AT vehicles in the P range, and MT vehicles in the N position.
- 4) Idle the engine for 1 minute under the conditions in step 3).

DTC	Item	Condition
*P1602	Control Module Programming Error	_

# 13.Clear Memory Mode A: OPERATION

# 1. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (NORMAL MODE)

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {Clear Memory}.
- 5) When the «Clear Memory?» is shown on the screen, click the [Yes] button.
- 6) When "Done" and "Turn ignition switch to OFF" is shown on the display screen, turn the ignition switch to OFF.

### NOTE:

- Initial diagnosis of electronic throttle control is performed after memory clearance. For this reason, start the engine after 10 seconds or more have elapsed since the ignition switch was turned to ON.
- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".

# 2. SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (OBD MODE)

- 1) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 2) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 3) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 4) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {OBD System}.
- 5) On the «OBD Menu» display screen, select the {Clear Diagnostic Code?}.
- 6) When the «Clear Diagnostic Code?» is shown on the screen, click the [Yes] button.
- 7) When "Done" and "Turn ignition switch to OFF" is shown on the display screen, turn the ignition switch to OFF.

### NOTE:

- Initial diagnosis of electronic throttle control is performed after memory clearance. For this reason, start the engine after 10 seconds or more have elapsed since the ignition switch was turned to ON.
- For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".

# 3. GENERAL SCAN TOOL

For procedures clearing memory using the general scan tool, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.

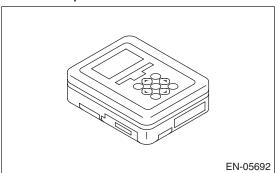
### NOTE:

Initial diagnosis of electronic throttle control is performed after memory clearance. For this reason, start the engine after 10 seconds or more have elapsed since the ignition switch was turned to ON.

# 14. Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode

# A: OPERATION

1) Prepare the Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

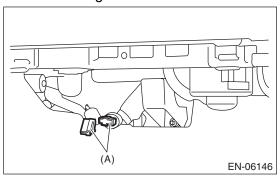


- 2) Prepare the personal computer which has been installed the Subaru Select Monitor.
- 3) Connect the USB cable between SDI (Subaru Diagnosis Interface) and USB port on the personal computer (dedicated port for the Subaru Select Monitor).

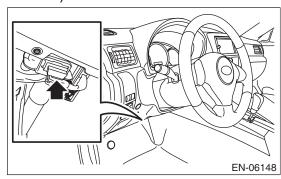
## NOTE:

The dedicated port fot the Subaru Select Monitor means the USB port which was used to install the Subaru Select Monitor.

- 4) Connect the diagnosis cable to the SDI.
- 5) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector (A) located under the glove box.



6) Connect the SDI to data link connector located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).



### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.

- 7) Start up the personal computer.
- 8) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF), and run the "PC application for Subaru Select Monitor".
- 9) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 10) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 11) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.
- 12) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {System Operation Check Mode}.
- 13) On the «System Operation Check Mode» display screen, select the {Actuator ON/OFF Operation}.
- 14) Select the desired compulsory actuator on the «Actuator ON/OFF Operation» display screen and click the [Next] button.

- 15) Clicking the [Finished] button completes the compulsory valve operation check mode. The display will then return to the "Actuator ON/OFF Operation" screen.
- A list of the support data is shown in the following table.

Description	Display
Compulsory fuel pump relay operation check	Fuel Pump
Compulsory purge control solenoid valve operation check	CPC Solenoid
Compulsory purge control solenoid valve 2 operation check	CPC Solenoid 2
Compulsory radiator fan relay operation check	Radiator Fan Relay
Compulsory air conditioning relay operation check	A/C Compressor Relay
Compulsory wastegate control solenoid valve operation check	Turbocharger Wastegate Solenoid
Compulsory pressure control solenoid valve operation check	PCV Solenoid Valve
Compulsory drain valve operation check	Vent. Control Solenoid Valve
Compulsory secondary air combination valve 1 operation check	Secondary Air Combi Valve 1
Compulsory secondary air combination valve 2 operation check	Secondary Air Combi Valve 2
Compulsory secondary air pump relay operation check	Secondary Air Pump Relay

#### NOTE:

• The following parts will be displayed but not functional.

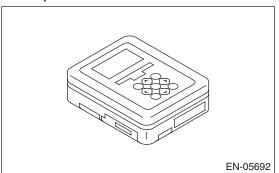
Display
EGR Solenoid Valve
ASV Solenoid Valve
FICD Solenoid
Pressure Switching Sol.1
Pressure Switching Sol.2
AAI Solenoid Valve
Tank Sensor Cntl Valve
EXH. Bypass Control Permit Flag

• For detailed operation procedure, refer to the "PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor".

# 15.System Operation Check Mode

# A: OPERATION

1) Prepare the Subaru Select Monitor kit. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-7, PREPARATION TOOL, General Description.>

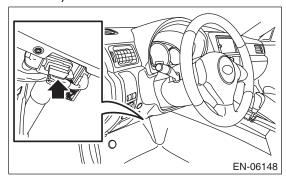


- 2) Prepare the personal computer which has been installed the Subaru Select Monitor.
- 3) Connect the USB cable between SDI (Subaru Diagnosis Interface) and USB port on the personal computer (dedicated port for the Subaru Select Monitor).

# NOTE:

The dedicated port fot the Subaru Select Monitor means the USB port which was used to install the Subaru Select Monitor.

- 4) Connect the diagnosis cable to the SDI.
- 5) Connect the SDI to data link connector located in the lower portion of the instrument panel (on the driver's side).



## **CAUTION:**

Do not connect the scan tools except for Subaru Select Monitor and general scan tool.

- 6) Start up the personal computer.
- 7) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF), and run the "PC application for Subaru Select Monitor".
- 8) On the «Main Menu» display screen, select the {Each System Check}.
- 9) On the «System Selection Menu» display screen, select the {Engine Control System}.
- 10) Click the [OK] button after the information of engine type has been displayed.

- 11) On the «Engine Diagnosis» display screen, select the {System Operation Check Mode}.
- 12) The following items will be displayed on screen.

Display
Actuator ON/OFF Operation
Immobilizer System
Fuel Pump Control
Fixed Idle Ignition Timing
Idle Speed Control
Injector Control

# 1. FUEL PUMP CONTROL (OFF DRIVE)

## **CAUTION:**

After executing the operation check mode, execute the Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>.

- 1) On the «System Operation Check Mode» display, select the {Fuel Pump Control}.
- 2) On the «Fuel Pump Control» display screen, select the {OFF Operation}.
- 3) On the «Start the Engine» display screen, start the engine and click the [OK] button.
- 4) Click the [Cancel] button to end the OFF drive. The screen will return to the "Fuel Pump Control" screen.

## NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the «PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor».

# 2. FUEL PUMP CONTROL (ON/OFF DRIVE) CAUTION:

After executing the operation check mode, execute the Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>.

- 1) On the «System Operation Check Mode» display, select the {Fuel Pump Control}.
- 2) On the «Fuel Pump Control» display screen, select the {ON/OFF Operation}.
- 3) On the «Turn Ignition Switch ON with Engine Stalled» display screen, turn the ignition switch to ON and click the [OK] button.
- 4) Click the [Cancel] button to end the ON/OFF drive. The screen will return to the «Fuel Pump Control» screen.

### NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the «PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor».

# 3. IDLING IGNITION TIMING FIXED

## **CAUTION:**

After executing the operation check mode, execute the Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC) (diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>.

- 1) On the «System Operation Check Mode» display screen, select the {Fixed Idle Ignition Timing}.
- 2) On the «Start the Engine» display screen, start the engine and click the [OK] button.
- 3) Click the [Cancel] button to end the idle ignition timing fixed. The screen will return to the «System Operation Check Mode» screen.

### NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the «PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor».

# 4. IDLE SPEED CONTROL

## **CAUTION:**

After executing the operation check mode, execute the Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC) (diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>.

- 1) On the «System Operation Check Mode» display screen, select the {Idle Speed Control}.
- 2) On the «Start the Engine» display screen, start the engine and click the [OK] button.
- 3) In the «Idle Engine Speed Control» screen, click the  $[\triangle]$  button or the  $[\nabla]$  button to change the setting values, then click the [OK] button.
- Setting is possible in a range between 500 rpm 2,000 rpm, in increments of 50 rpm. However, the engine speed that can actually be controlled will vary depending on the vehicle.
- 4) Click the [Cancel] button to end the idle speed control. The screen will return to the «System Operation Check Mode» screen.

#### NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the «PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor».

# 5. INJECTOR CONTROL. (INJECTION STOP MODE)

# **CAUTION:**

After executing the operation check mode, execute the Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC) (diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>.

- 1) On the «System Operation Check Mode» display, select the {Injector Control}.
- 2) On the «Injector Control» display screen, select the {Injection Stop Mode}.
- 3) Select the desired injector number on the «Injection Stop Mode» screen, and click the [OK] button.
- 4) On the «Start the Engine» display screen, start the engine and click the [OK] button.
- 5) Click the [Cancel] button to return the «Injection Stop Mode» display screen.
- 6) On the «Injection Stop Mode» display screen, click the [Return] button to end the «Injection Stop Mode». The screen will return to the «Injector Control» screen.

# NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the «PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor».

# 6. INJECTOR CONTROL. (INJECTION QUANTITY CONTROL)

### CAUTION:

After executing the operation check mode, execute the Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC) (diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>.

- 1) On the «System Operation Check Mode» display, select the {Injector Control}.
- 2) On the «Injector Control» display screen, select the {Injection Quantity Control}.
- 3) On the «Start the Engine» display screen, start the engine and click the [OK] button.
- 4) In the «Injection Quantity Control» screen, click the  $[\triangle]$  button or the  $[\nabla]$  button to change the setting values, then click the [OK] button.

Setting is possible in a range between 0 — 20%, in increments of 1%.

5) Click the [Cancel] button to end the injection quantity control. The screen will return to the «Injector Control» screen.

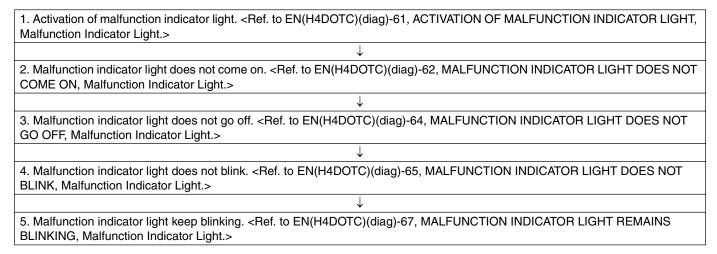
## NOTE:

For detailed operation procedure, refer to the «PC application help for Subaru Select Monitor».

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# 16.Malfunction Indicator Light

# A: PROCEDURE

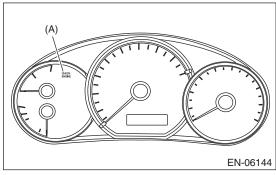


# B: ACTIVATION OF MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT

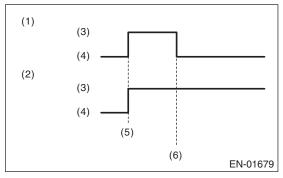
1) When the ignition switch is turned to ON (engine OFF), the malfunction indicator light (A) in the combination meter illuminates.

# NOTE:

If the malfunction indicator light does not illuminate, perform diagnostics of the malfunction indicator light circuit or the combination meter circuit. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-62, MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT COME ON, Malfunction Indicator Light.>

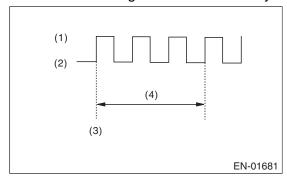


2) After starting the engine, the malfunction indicator light goes out. If it does not go off, either the engine or emission control system has malfunction.



- (1) No DTC
- (2) Trouble occurs
- (3) ON
- (4) OFF
- (5) Ignition switch ON
- (6) Engine start

- 3) Turn the ignition switch to OFF and connect the delivery (test) mode connector.
  - (1) When the ignition switch is turned to ON (engine OFF), the malfunction indicator light illuminates.
  - (2) After the engine starts, malfunction indicator light blinks in a cycle of 0.5 Hz. (During diagnosis)
  - (3) Malfunction indicator light blinks at a cycle of 3 Hz after diagnosis if there is no trouble. Malfunction indicator light illuminates if faulty.



- (1) ON
- (2) OFF
- (3) Ignition switch ON
- (4) 1 second

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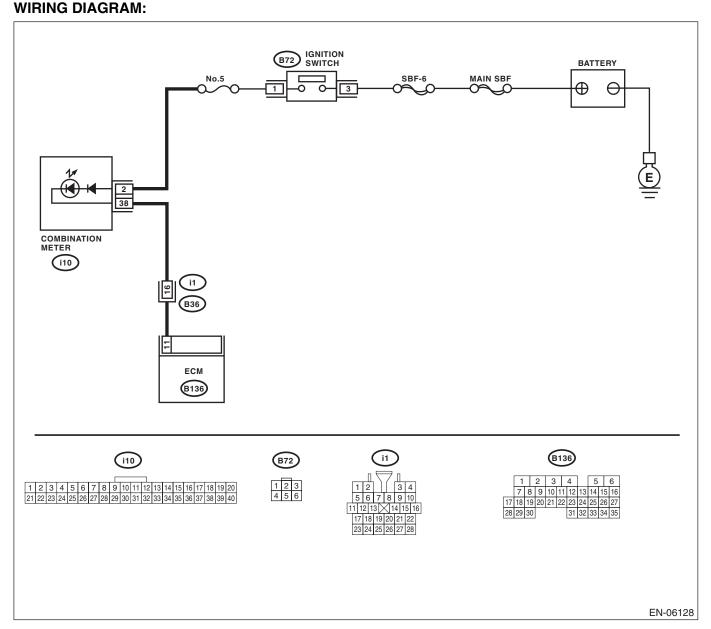
# **C: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT COME ON**

# **DIAGNOSIS:**

The malfunction indicator light circuit is open or shorted.

# TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

When the ignition switch is turned to ON (engine OFF), malfunction indicator light does not come on.



	Malfuncti	on Indicator Light	ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS)
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor connection by shaking or pulling ECM connector and harness.	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK ECM CONNECTOR. Check the connection of ECM connector.	Is the ECM connector correctly connected?	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-45, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the connection of ECM connector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINATION METER AND ECM CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove the combination meter. <ref. combination="" idi-14,="" meter.="" to="">  3) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and combination meter.  4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and combination meter connector.  Connector &amp; terminal  (B136) No. 11 — (i10) No. 38:</ref.>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and combination meter connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check poor contact of combination meter connector.	Is there poor contact in combination meter connector?	Repair the poor contact of combination meter connector.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINATION METER AND IGNITION SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between combination meter connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (i10) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Replace the combination meter circuit board. <ref. combination="" idi-14,="" meter.="" to=""></ref.>	Check the following item and repair if necessary.  NOTE:  Blown out of fuse (No. 5)  Open or short circuit in harness between fuse (No. 5) and battery terminal  Poor contact of ignition switch connector

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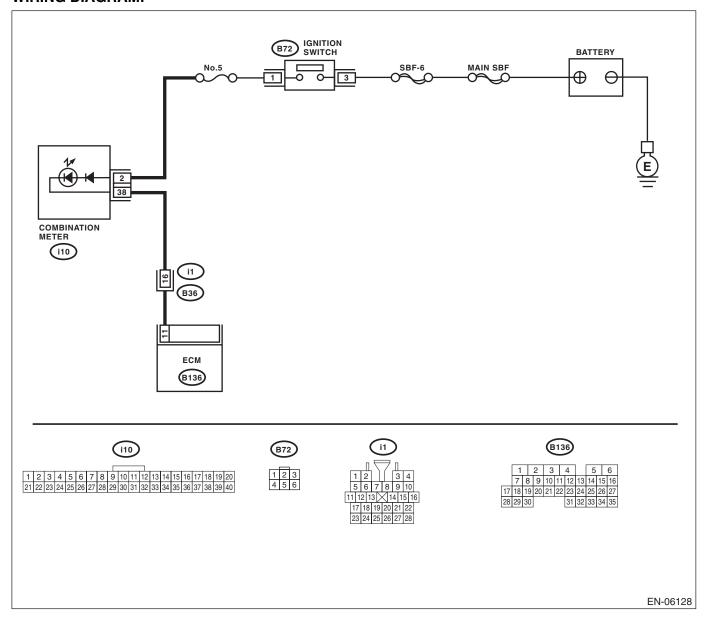
# D: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT GO OFF

# **DIAGNOSIS:**

The malfunction indicator light circuit is shorted.

# TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Although malfunction indicator light illuminates when the engine runs, DTC is not shown on the Subaru Select Monitor display.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN COMBINA-	Does the malfunction indicator	Repair the ground	Replace the ECM.
	TION METER AND ECM.	light illuminate?	short circuit of har-	<ref. th="" to<=""></ref.>
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> </ol>		ness between	FU(H4DOTC)-45,
	<ol><li>Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.</li></ol>		combination meter	Engine Control
	3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.		and ECM connec-	Module (ECM).>
			tor.	·

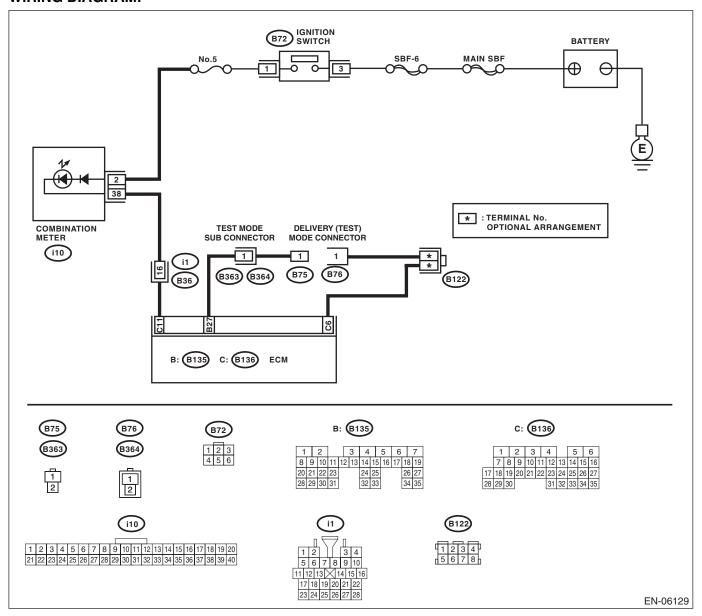
# **E: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT DOES NOT BLINK**

### DIAGNOSIS:

- The malfunction indicator light circuit is open or shorted.
- The delivery (test) mode connector circuit is open.

# TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Malfunction indicator light does not blink during Inspection Mode.



Malfunction Indicator Light ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			Yes No		
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
1	CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the delivery (test) mode connector. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. (engine OFF)	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Go to step 2.	Repair the malfunction indicator light circuit. <ref. -62,="" come="" does="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" indicator="" light="" light.="" malfunction="" not="" on,="" to=""></ref.>	
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND COMBINATION METER CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate?	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and combination meter connector.	Go to step 3.	
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND DE-LIVERY (TEST) MODE CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and delivery (test) mode connector.  Connector & terminal  (B76) No. 1 — (B136) No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and delivery (test) mode connector  Poor contact of joint connector	
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 5.	
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND DE- LIVERY (TEST) MODE CONNECTOR.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM terminals.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 27 — (B136) No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and delivery (test) mode connector.	
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor contact of the ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-45, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	

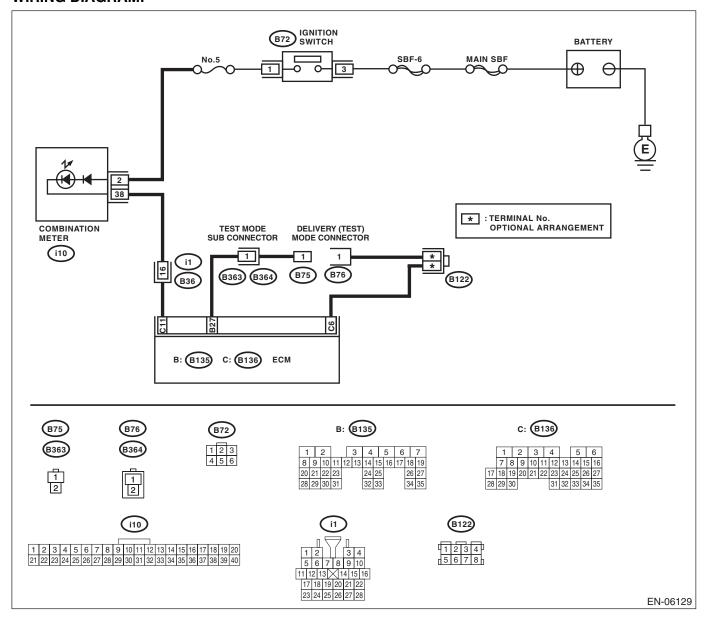
# F: MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT REMAINS BLINKING

# **DIAGNOSIS:**

The delivery (test) mode connector circuit is shorted.

# TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Malfunction indicator light blinks when delivery (test) mode connector is not connected.

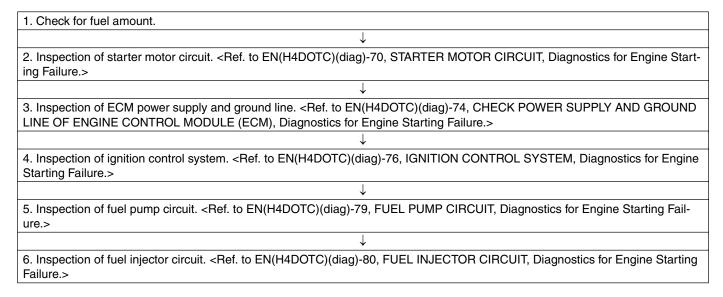


# **Malfunction Indicator Light**

# **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

Malfunction Indicator Light  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Malfunction Indicator Light				Brought to you by Eris	is Sec.
	Step	Check	Yes	No	E "Udios
1	<ul> <li>CHECK DELIVERY (TEST) MODE CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the delivery (test) mode connector.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> </ul>	Does the malfunction indicator light blink?	Go to step 2.	System is normal.  NOTE: Malfunction indicator light blinks when delivery (test) mode connector is connected.	
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CHASSIS GROUND TERMINAL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 27 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and delivery (test) mode con- nector.	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-45, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	

# 17. Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure A: PROCEDURE

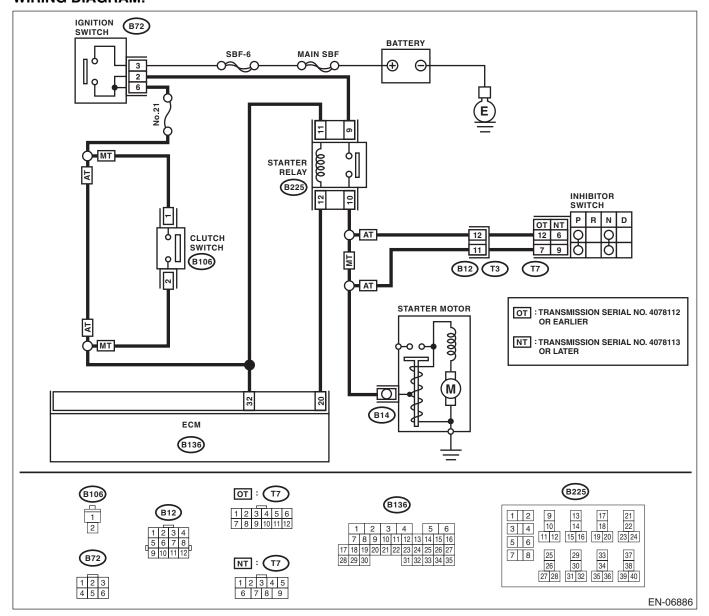


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# **B: STARTER MOTOR CIRCUIT**

# **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



# **Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure**

			ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
İ	CHECK BATTERY. Check the battery voltage.	Is the voltage 12 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Charge or replace the battery.
2	CHECK OPERATION OF STARTER MOTOR.	Does the starter motor operate?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 4.
3	CHECK DTC.	Is DTC displayed? <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-43, OPERATION, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>		The circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
4	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL FOR STARTER MOTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Check the starter motor. <ref. to<br="">SC(H4SO)-6,</ref.>	Go to step 5.
	<ol> <li>Disconnect the connector from starter motor.</li> <li>On AT models, set the select lever to the "P" range or "N" range, and on MT models, depress the clutch pedal.</li> <li>Turn the ignition switch to START.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between the starter motor connector and the engine ground.         Connector &amp; terminal         (B14) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):     </li> </ol>		Starter.>	
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN BATTERY AND IGNITION SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ignition switch. 3) Measure the voltage between ignition switch connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B72) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 6.	Check the following item and repair if necessary.  Blown out of fuse  Open or ground short circuit of harness between ignition switch connector and battery
6	CHECK IGNITION SWITCH.  Measure the resistance between ignition switch terminals after turning the ignition switch to START position.  Terminals  No. 3 — No. 2:  No. 3 — No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Replace the ignition switch. <ref. ignition="" key="" lock.="" replace-ment,="" sl-47,="" to=""></ref.>
7	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF STARTER RELAY.  1) Remove the starter relay. 2) Connect the connector to ignition switch. 3) Measure the voltage between starter relay connector and chassis ground after turning the ignition switch to START position.  Connector & terminal  (B225) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 8.	Repair open circuit of harness between starter relay connector and ignition switch connector.

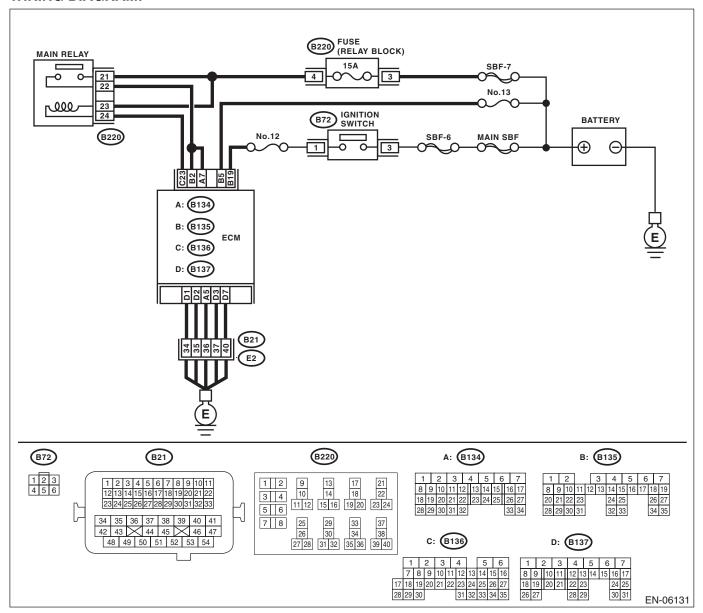
Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check Yes No  Replace the starting Failure				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK STARTER RELAY.  1) Connect the battery to starter relay terminals No. 11 and No. 12.  2) Measure the resistance between starter relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 9 — No. 10:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Replace the starter relay.
9	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and starter relay connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 20 — (B225) No. 12:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 10.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and starter relay connector.
10	CHECK TRANSMISSION TYPE.	Is the transmission type AT?	Go to step 16.	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF STARTER RE- LAY.  1) Depress the clutch pedal. 2) Turn the ignition switch to START. 3) Measure the voltage between starter relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B225) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between starter relay con- nector and starter motor.	Go to step 12.
12	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF CLUTCH SWITCH.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the clutch switch connector.  3) Turn the ignition switch to START.  4) Measure the voltage between the clutch switch connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B106) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 13.	Check the following item and repair if necessary.  Blown out of fuse Open or ground short circuit of harness between ignition switch connector and clutch switch connector
13	CHECK CLUTCH SWITCH.  Measure the resistance between clutch switch terminals while depressing the clutch pedal.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 14.	Replace the clutch switch. <ref. to<br="">CL-26, Clutch Switch.&gt;</ref.>
14	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN CLUTCH SWITCH AND STARTER RELAY CONNEC- TOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between clutch switch connector and starter relay con- nector.  Connector & terminal (B106) No. 2 — (B225) No. 11:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>15</b> .	Repair the open circuit of harness between clutch switch connector and starter relay connector.
15	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CLUTCH SWITCH.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and clutch switch connector.  Connector & terminal (B136) No. 32 — (B106) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Check the ECM power supply and ground line. <ref. (ecm),="" -74,="" and="" check="" control="" diagnostics="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" engine="" failure.="" for="" ground="" line="" module="" of="" power="" starting="" supply="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and clutch switch connector.

	Diagnostics for	Engine Starting Fa	ilure ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
			T	,68
	Step	Check	Yes	
16	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF STARTER RE-LAY.  1) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.  2) Turn the ignition switch to START.  3) Measure the voltage between starter relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B225) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 17.	Check the following item and repair if necessary.  Blown out of fuse Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between ignition switch connector and starter relay connector
17	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IGNITION SWITCH.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between the ECM and ignition switch connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 32 — (B72) No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 18.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and ignition switch connector.
18	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF INHIBITOR SWITCH.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from inhibitor switch.  3) Connect the starter relay and ECM.  4) Measure the input voltage between inhibitor switch connector and engine ground after turning the ignition switch to START position.  Connector & terminal  Transmission serial No. 4078112 or earlier (T7) No. 12 (+) — Engine ground (-):  Transmission serial No. 4078113 or later (T7) No. 7 (+) — Engine ground (-):		Go to step 19.	Repair the open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter relay connector.
19	<ul> <li>CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH.</li> <li>1) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between inhibitor switch terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>Transmission serial No. 4078112 or earlier No. 7 — No. 12:</li> <li>Transmission serial No. 4078113 or later No. 6 — No. 9:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 20.	Replace the inhibitor switch. <ref. 4at-47,="" inhibitor="" switch.="" to=""></ref.>
20	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN INHIBITOR SWITCH AND STARTER MOTOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between the inhibitor switch connector and starter motor.  Connector & terminal  Transmission serial No. 4078112 or earlier (T7) No. 7 — (B14) No. 1:  Transmission serial No. 4078113 or later (T7) No. 9 — (B14) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Check the ECM power supply and ground line. <ref. (ecm),="" -74,="" and="" check="" control="" diagnostics="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" engine="" failure.="" for="" ground="" line="" module="" of="" power="" starting="" supply="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor  Poor contact of coupling connector

## Brought to you by Eris Studios C: CHECK POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND LINE OF ENGINE CONTROL **MODULE (ECM)**

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



## **Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure**

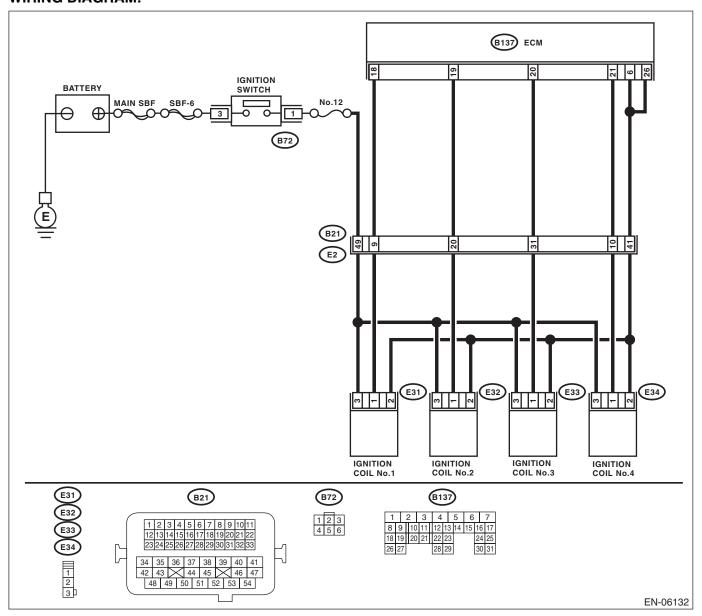
	Diagnostics for	Engine Starting Fa	ilure	E (DIAGNOSTICS)
			ENGINE	- (DIAGINOSIDA)
	Step	Check	Yes	
1	<ol> <li>CHECK MAIN RELAY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the main relay.</li> <li>3) Connect the battery to main relay terminals No. 23 and No. 24.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance between main relay terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 21 — No. 22:</li> </ol>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Replace the main relay. <ref. -8,="" component="" electrical="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" location.="" to=""></ref.>
2	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and engine ground Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B135) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
4	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF MAIN RELAY.  Measure the voltage between main relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B220) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of harness of power supply circuit.
5	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  1) Install the main relay. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Check ignition control system. <ref. -76,="" control="" diagnostics="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" engine="" failure.="" for="" ignition="" starting="" system,="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the open or ground short circuit of harness between ECM and main relay connector.

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### D: IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostics for		ENGINE	Srought to VOIS
	Step	Check	Yes	No No
1	CHECK SPARK PLUG CONDITION.	Is the spark plug condition nor-		Replace the spark
•	Remove the spark plug. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>mal?</td><td>GO to Stop 2.</td><td>plug. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.></td></ref.>	mal?	GO to Stop 2.	plug. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
	IG(H4DOTC)-4, REMOVAL, Spark Plug.>			IG(H4DOTC)-4,
	2) Check the spark plug condition. <ref. td="" to<=""><td></td><td></td><td>Spark Plug.&gt;</td></ref.>			Spark Plug.>
	IG(H4DOTC)-5, INSPECTION, Spark Plug.>			
	CHECK IGNITION SYSTEM FOR SPARKS.	Does spark occur at each cylin-	Check fuel pump	Go to step 3.
	<ol> <li>Connect the spark plug to ignition coil.</li> </ol>	der?	system. <ref. td="" to<=""><td></td></ref.>	
	<ol><li>Release the fuel pressure. <ref. li="" to<=""></ref.></li></ol>		EN(H4DOTC)(diag)	
	FU(H4DOTC)-50, RELEASING OF FUEL		-79, FUEL PUMP	
	PRESSURE, PROCEDURE, Fuel.>		CIRCUIT, Diagnos-	
	3) Contact the spark plug thread portion to		tics for Engine	
	engine.		Starting Failure.>	
	4) While opening the throttle valve fully, crank			
	the engine to check that spark occurs at each			
	cylinder.			
	CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR IG-	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness
	NITION COIL.			and connector.
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	2) Disconnect the connector from ignition coil.			In this case, repai
	3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.			the following item:
	4) Measure the power supply voltage between			Open circuit in
	ignition coil connector and engine ground.			harness between ig
	Connector & terminal			nition coil connecto
	(E31) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):			and ignition switch
	(E32) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–): (E33) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–):			connector
	(E34) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–):			<ul> <li>Poor contact o coupling connecto</li> </ul>
ļ	CHECK HARNESS OF IGNITION COIL	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to stop 5	Repair the harness
	GROUND CIRCUIT.	is the resistance less than 1 12?	Go to step 3.	and connector.
	Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	2) Measure the resistance between ECM and			In this case, repair
	ignition coil connector.			the following item:
	Connector & terminal			Open circuit o
	(E31) No. 2 — (B137) No. 6:			harness between
	(E32) No. 2 — (B137) No. 6:			the ECM and igni-
	(E33) No. 2 — (B137) No. 6:			tion coil connector
	(E34) No. 2 — (B137) No. 6:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
	(E31) No. 2 — (B137) No. 26:			coupling connector
	(E32) No. 2 — (B137) No. 26:			
	(E33) No. 2 — (B137) No. 26:			
	(E34) No. 2 — (B137) No. 26:			
;	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG-	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair the harness
	NITION COIL CONNECTOR.			and connector.
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	Disconnect the connector from ECM and			In this case, repai
	ignition coil.			the following item:
	3) Measure the resistance of harness between			<ul> <li>Open circuit o</li> </ul>
	the ECM and ignition coil connector.			harness between
	Connector & terminal			the ECM and igni-
	(B137) No. 18 — (E31) No. 1:			tion coil connector
	(B137) No. 19 — (E32) No. 1:			Poor contact or
	(B137) No. 20 — (E33) No. 1:			coupling connector
	(B137) No. 21 — (E34) No. 1:		I	

## **Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure**

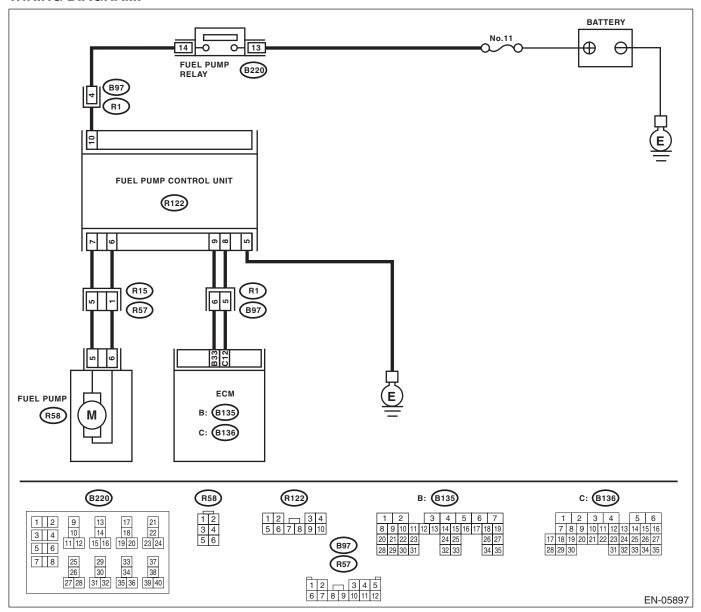
### **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

ENGII	Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure  Srought North			//Or //O <sub>1</sub> .	
	Step	Check	Yes	No	E. 4108
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IGNITION COIL CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 18 — Engine ground:  (B137) No. 19 — Engine ground:  (B137) No. 20 — Engine ground:  (B137) No. 21 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 7.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between the ECM and ignition coil connector.	
7	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the ignition coil. <ref. coil.="" ig(h4dotc)-7,="" ignition="" to=""></ref.>	

### **E: FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT**

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



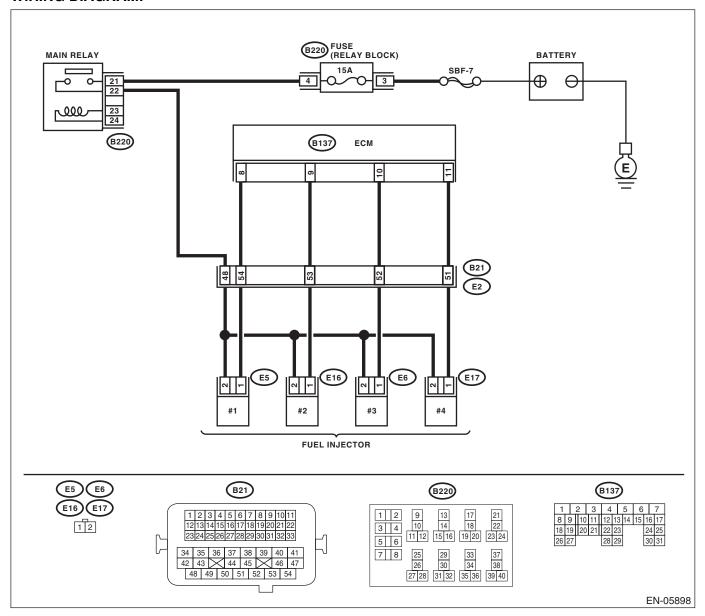
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OPERATING SOUND OF FUEL	Does the fuel pump emit oper-	Check the fuel injec-	Display the DTC.
	PUMP.	ating sound?	tor circuit. <ref. th="" to<=""><th><ref. th="" to<=""></ref.></th></ref.>	<ref. th="" to<=""></ref.>
	Make sure that the fuel pump operates for two		EN(H4DOTC)(diag)	EN(H4DOTC)(diag)
	seconds when turning the ignition switch to ON.		-80, FUEL INJEC-	-43, OPERATION,
	NOTE:		TOR CIRCUIT,	Read Diagnostic
	Fuel pump operation can be executed using the		Diagnostics for	Trouble Code
	Subaru Select Monitor.		Engine Starting Fail-	(DTC).>
	Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulso-		ure.>	
	ry Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. th="" to<=""><th></th><th></th><th></th></ref.>			
	EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-56, Compulsory Valve Op-			
	eration Check Mode.>			

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#### F: FUEL INJECTOR CIRCUIT

#### **CAUTION:**

- Check or repair only faulty parts.
- After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostics for	er Engine Starting Failure  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICE		
	_		T	,63
	Step	Check	Yes	
1	CHECK OPERATION OF EACH FUEL INJECTOR.  While cranking the engine, check each fuel injector emits operating sound. Use a sound scope or attach a screwdriver to the injector for this check.	Does the fuel injector emit operating sound?	Check the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-26, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO EACH FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the power supply voltage between fuel injector terminal and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between main relay connector and fuel injector connector  Poor contact of main relay connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 8 — (E5) No. 1:  (B137) No. 9 — (E16) No. 1:  (B137) No. 10 — (E6) No. 1:  (B137) No. 11 — (E17) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 8 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 9 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 10 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 11 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and fuel injector connector.
5	CHECK EACH FUEL INJECTOR.  Measure the resistance between each fuel injector terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 5 — $20~\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 35, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the ECM connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM connector?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Inspection using "General Diagnostic Table" <ref. -367,="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" general="" inspec-="" table.="" tion,="" to=""></ref.>

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## **18.List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)**

## A: LIST

DTC	Item	Reference
P0011	Intake Camshaft Position - Timing Over- Advanced Or System Performance (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" -="" 1),="" camshaft="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-90,="" intake="" or="" over-advanced="" p0011="" performance="" position="" procedure="" system="" timing="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0016	Crankshaft Position - Camshaft Position Correlation (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank1),="" (dtc).="" -="" camshaft="" code="" correlation="" crankshaft="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-91,="" p0016="" position="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0018	Crankshaft Position - Camshaft Position Correlation (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank2),="" (dtc).="" -="" camshaft="" code="" correlation="" crankshaft="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-92,="" p0018="" position="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0021	Intake Camshaft Position - Timing Over- Advanced or System Performance (Bank 2)	<ref. camshaft<br="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-93,="" intake="" p0021="" to="">POSITION - TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFOR- MANCE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0030	HO2S Heater Control Circuit (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-94,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0030="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0031	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-96,="" heater="" ho2s="" low="" p0031="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0032	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-98,="" heater="" high="" ho2s="" p0032="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0037	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-100,="" heater="" ho2s="" low="" p0037="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0038	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-102,="" heater="" high="" ho2s="" p0038="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0068	MAP/MAF - Throttle Position Correlation	<ref. -="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-104,="" maf="" map="" p0068="" throt-<br="" to="">TLE POSITION CORRELATION, Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0101	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Range/ Performance	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-106,="" mass="" or="" p0101="" to="" volume<br="">AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0102	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Low Input	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-108,="" flow="" input,="" low="" mass="" or="" p0102="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" volume="" with=""></ref.>
P0103	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit High Input	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-110,="" flow="" high="" input,="" mass="" or="" p0103="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" volume="" with=""></ref.>
P0107	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit Low Input	<ref. abso-<br="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-112,="" manifold="" p0107="" to="">LUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0108	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit High Input	<ref. abso-<br="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-114,="" manifold="" p0108="" to="">LUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0111	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-116,="" intake="" p0111="" tem-<br="" to="">PERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diag- nostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0112	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit Low	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-118,="" intake="" p0112="" tem-<br="" to="">PERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>

		tic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS
DTC	Item	Reference
P0113	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit High	<ref. air="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-120,="" intake="" p0113="" tem-<br="" to="">PERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0117	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit Low	<ref. coolant<br="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-122,="" engine="" p0117="" to="">TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnos tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0118	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit High	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" coolant="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-124,="" engine="" high,="" p0118="" procedure="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit Low	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-126,="" low,="" p0122="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit High	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" dure="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-128,="" high,="" p0123="" pedal="" position="" proce="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0125	Insufficient Coolant Temperature for Closed Loop Fuel Control	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-130,="" insufficient<br="" p0125="" to="">COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0126	Insufficient Engine Coolant Temperature for Stable Operation	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" coolant="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-131,="" engine="" for="" insufficient="" operation,="" p0126="" procedure="" stable="" temperature="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0128	Coolant Thermostat (Engine Coolant Temperature Below Thermostat Regulating Temperature)	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-132,="" p0128="" thermo-<br="" to="">STAT (ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE), Diagnostic Procedure with Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0131	O2 Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-133,="" low="" o2="" p0131="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage="" with=""></ref.>
P0132	O2 Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-135,="" high="" o2="" p0132="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage="" with=""></ref.>
P0133	O2 Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-137,="" o2="" p0133="" procedure="" response="" sensor="" slow="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0134	O2 Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 1),="" activity="" circuit="" code="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-139,="" no="" o2="" p0134="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0137	O2 Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-141,="" low="" o2="" p0137="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage="" with=""></ref.>
P0138	O2 Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-143,="" high="" o2="" p0138="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage="" with=""></ref.>
P0139	O2 Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-145,="" o2="" p0139="" procedure="" response="" sensor="" slow="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0140	O2 Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank1 Sensor2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" 2),="" activity="" circuit="" code="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-147,="" no="" o2="" p0140="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0171	System Too Lean (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-149,="" lean="" p0171="" procedure="" system="" to="" too="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0172	System Too Rich (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-150,="" p0172="" procedure="" rich="" system="" to="" too="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>

### **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

ENGINE (	List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  NGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  DTC   Item   Reference  P0181   Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Bange/ Ref. to EN/H/DOTC/(diag)-153, DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERA-				
DTC	Item	Reference			
P0181	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Range/ Performance	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-153,="" fuel="" p0181="" tempera-<br="" to="">TURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0182	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-155,="" fuel="" p0182="" tempera-<br="" to="">TURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0183	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-157,="" fuel="" p0183="" tempera-<br="" to="">TURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0222	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit Low	<ref. "b"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-159,="" low,="" p0222="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			
P0223	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit High	<ref. "b"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-161,="" high,="" p0223="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			
P0230	Fuel Pump Primary Circuit	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-163,="" fuel="" p0230="" pri-<br="" pump="" to="">MARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0244	Turbo/Super Charger Wastegate Solenoid "A" Range/Performance	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" charger="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-166,="" p0244="" performance,="" procedure="" range="" solenoid="" super="" to="" trouble="" turbo="" wastegate="" with=""></ref.>			
P0245	Turbo/Super Charger Wastegate Solenoid "A" Low	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" charger="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-168,="" low,="" p0245="" procedure="" solenoid="" super="" to="" trouble="" turbo="" wastegate="" with=""></ref.>			
P0246	Turbo/Super Charger Wastegate Solenoid "A" High	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" charger="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-170,="" high,="" p0246="" procedure="" solenoid="" super="" to="" trouble="" turbo="" wastegate="" with=""></ref.>			
P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	<ref. 1="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-171,="" mis-<br="" p0301="" to="">FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	<ref. 2="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-171,="" mis-<br="" p0302="" to="">FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	<ref. 3="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-171,="" mis-<br="" p0303="" to="">FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	<ref. 4="" cylinder="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-172,="" mis-<br="" p0304="" to="">FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>			
P0327	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit Low (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-178,="" knock="" low="" or="" p0327="" procedure="" sensor="" sensor),="" single="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			
P0328	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit High (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-180,="" high="" knock="" or="" p0328="" procedure="" sensor="" sensor),="" single="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			
P0335	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" circuit,="" code="" crankshaft="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-182,="" p0335="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			
P0336	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" crankshaft="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-184,="" p0336="" performance,="" position="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			
P0340	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. "a"="" (bank="" (dtc).="" 1="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-186,="" or="" p0340="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" sensor),="" single="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			
P0345	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit (Bank 2)	<ref. "a"="" (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-188,="" p0345="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>			

		Reference
DTC	Item	Reference
P0410	Secondary Air Injection System	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-190,="" injection="" p0410="" procedure="" secondary="" system,="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0411	Secondary Air Injection System Incorrect Flow Detected	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" code="" detected,="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-194,="" flow="" incorrect="" injection="" p0411="" procedure="" secondary="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0413	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "A" Circuit Open	<ref. air<br="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-197,="" p0413="" secondary="" to="">INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "A" CIRCUIT OPEN, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0414	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "A" Circuit Shorted	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-200,="" injection="" p0414="" procedure="" secondary="" shorted,="" switching="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P0416	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "B" Circuit Open	<ref. "b"="" (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-203,="" injection="" open,="" p0416="" procedure="" secondary="" switching="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P0417	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve "B" Circuit Shorted	<ref. "b"="" (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-206,="" injection="" p0417="" procedure="" secondary="" shorted,="" switching="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P0418	Secondary Air Injection System Control "A" Circuit	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" air="" circuit,="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-209,="" injection="" p0418="" procedure="" secondary="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0420	Catalyst System Efficiency Below Threshold (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" below="" catalyst="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" efficiency="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-212,="" p0420="" procedure="" system="" threshold="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0441	Evaporative Emission System Incorrect Purge Flow	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-216,="" evaporative="" p0441="" to="">SION SYSTEM INCORRECT PURGE FLOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0442	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Small Leak)	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-217,="" evaporative="" p0442="" to="">SION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diag- nostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0447	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Open	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-220,="" evaporative="" open,="" p0447="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" vent="" with=""></ref.>
P0448	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Shorted	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-222,="" evaporative="" p0448="" procedure="" shorted,="" system="" to="" trouble="" vent="" with=""></ref.>
P0451	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-224,="" evaporative="" p0451="" to="">SION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR, Diagnostic Pro- cedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0452	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor Low Input	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-226,="" evaporative="" p0452="" to="">SION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0453	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor High Input	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-228,="" evaporative="" p0453="" to="">SION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0456	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Very Small Leak)	<ref. (dtc).="" (very="" code="" control="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-230,="" evaporative="" leak="" leak),="" p0456="" procedure="" small="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0457	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Fuel Cap Loose/Off)	<ref. (dtc).="" (fuel="" cap="" code="" control="" detected="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-233,="" evaporative="" leak="" loose="" off),="" p0457="" procedure="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0458	Evaporative Emission System Purge Control Valve Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-236,="" evaporative="" low,="" p0458="" procedure="" purge="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P0459	Evaporative Emission System Purge Control Valve Circuit High	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-238,="" evaporative="" high,="" p0459="" procedure="" purge="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>

### **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

INGINE (	DIAGNOSTICS)	Reference  Reference
DTC	Item	Reference
P0461	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit Range/ Performance	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-240,="" fuel="" level="" p0461="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0462	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit Low	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-240,="" fuel="" level="" p0462="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0463	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit High	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-240,="" fuel="" level="" p0463="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trou- ble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0464	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Intermittent	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-241,="" fuel="" level="" p0464="" sen-<br="" to="">SOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0500	Vehicle Speed Sensor "A"	<ref. "a",="" (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-241,="" p0500="" procedure="" sensor="" speed="" to="" trouble="" vehicle="" with=""></ref.>
P0512	Starter Request Circuit	<ref. (dtc).="" circuit,="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-242,="" p0512="" procedure="" request="" starter="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0513	Incorrect Immobilizer Key	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" im(diag)-16,="" immobilizer="" incorrect="" key,="" p0513="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0600	Serial Communication Link	<ref. communi-<br="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-243,="" p0600="" serial="" to="">CATION LINK, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P0604	Internal Control Module Random Access Memory (RAM) Error	<ref. (dtc).="" (ram)="" access="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-244,="" error,="" internal="" memory="" module="" p0604="" procedure="" random="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0605	Internal Control Module Read Only Memory (ROM) Error	<ref. (dtc).="" (rom)="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-245,="" error,="" internal="" memory="" module="" only="" p0605="" procedure="" read="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0607	Control Module Performance	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-246,="" module="" p0607="" performance,="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0638	Throttle Actuator Control Range/ Performance (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" actuator="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-247,="" p0638="" performance="" procedure="" range="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0700	Transmission Control System (MIL Request)	<ref. (dtc).="" (mil="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-247,="" p0700="" procedure="" request),="" system="" to="" transmission="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0851	Park/Neutral Switch Input Circuit Low (AT Model)	<ref. (at="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-248,="" input="" low="" model),="" neutral="" p0851="" park="" procedure="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0851	Neutral Switch Input Circuit Low (MT Model)	<ref. (dtc).="" (mt="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-250,="" input="" low="" model),="" neutral="" p0851="" procedure="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0852	Park/Neutral Switch Input Circuit High (AT Model)	<ref. (at="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-252,="" high="" input="" model),="" neutral="" p0852="" park="" procedure="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P0852	Neutral Switch Input Circuit High (MT Model)	<ref. (dtc).="" (mt="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-254,="" high="" input="" model),="" neutral="" p0852="" procedure="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1152	O2 Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (Low) (Bank1 Sensor1)	<ref. (bank1="" (dtc).="" (low)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-256,="" o2="" p1152="" performance="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" sensor1),="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1153	O2 Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (High) (Bank1 Sensor1)	<ref. (bank1="" (dtc).="" (high)="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-258,="" o2="" p1153="" performance="" procedure="" range="" sensor="" sensor1),="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>

		tic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS
DTC	Item	Reference
P1160	Return Spring Failure	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-259,="" failure,="" p1160="" procedure="" return="" spring="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1400	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Circuit Low	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-260,="" fuel="" p1400="" pres-<br="" tank="" to="">SURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P1410	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Open	<ref. air<br="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-262,="" p1410="" secondary="" to="">INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN, Diagnos- tic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P1418	Secondary Air Injection System Control "A" Circuit Shorted	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-265,="" injection="" p1418="" procedure="" secondary="" shorted,="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1420	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Sol. Valve Circuit High	<ref. dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-268,="" fuel="" p1420="" pres-<br="" tank="" to="">SURE CONTROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P1443	Vent Control Solenoid Valve Function Problem	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-270,="" function="" p1443="" problem,="" procedure="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve="" vent="" with=""></ref.>
P1491	Positive Crankcase Ventilation (Blow-by) Function Problem	<ref. (blow-by)="" (dtc).="" code="" crank-case="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-272,="" function="" p1491="" positive="" problem,="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" ventilation="" with=""></ref.>
P1560	Back-up Voltage Circuit Malfunction	<ref. (dtc).="" back-up="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-274,="" malfunction,="" p1560="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" voltage="" with=""></ref.>
P1570	Antenna	<ref. (dtc).="" antenna,="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" im(diag)-17,="" p1570="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1571	Reference Code Incompatibility	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" im(diag)-19,="" incompati-bility,="" p1571="" procedure="" reference="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1572	IMM Circuit Failure (Except Antenna Circuit)	<ref. (dtc).="" (except="" antenna="" circuit="" circuit),="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" failure="" im(diag)-20,="" imm="" p1572="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1574	Key Communication Failure	<ref. communication="" dtc="" failure,<br="" im(diag)-22,="" key="" p1574="" to="">Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P1576	EGI Control Module EEPROM	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" eeprom,="" egi="" im(diag)-23,="" module="" p1576="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1577	IMM Control Module EEPROM	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" eeprom,="" im(diag)-23,="" imm="" module="" p1577="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1578	Meter Failure	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" failure,="" im(diag)-24,="" meter="" p1578="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P1602	Control Module Programming Error	<ref. (dtc).="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-276,="" error,="" module="" p1602="" procedure="" programming="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2004	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Open (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-286,="" intake="" manifold="" open="" p2004="" procedure="" runner="" stuck="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2005	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Open (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-286,="" intake="" manifold="" open="" p2005="" procedure="" runner="" stuck="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2006	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Closed (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" closed="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-287,="" intake="" manifold="" p2006="" procedure="" runner="" stuck="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2007	Intake Manifold Runner Control Stuck Closed (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" closed="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-287,="" intake="" manifold="" p2007="" procedure="" runner="" stuck="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>

### **ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)**

	DIAGNOSTICS)	Reference  Reference  Reference
DTC	Item	Reference
P2008	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit / Open (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-288,="" intake="" manifold="" open="" p2008="" procedure="" runner="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2009	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit Low (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-290,="" intake="" low="" manifold="" p2009="" procedure="" runner="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2011	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit / Open (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-292,="" intake="" manifold="" open="" p2011="" procedure="" runner="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2012	Intake Manifold Runner Control Circuit Low (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-294,="" intake="" low="" manifold="" p2012="" procedure="" runner="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2016	Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit Low (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-296,="" intake="" low="" manifold="" p2016="" position="" procedure="" runner="" sensor="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2017	Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit High (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-298,="" high="" intake="" manifold="" p2017="" position="" procedure="" runner="" sensor="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2021	Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit Low (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-300,="" intake="" low="" manifold="" p2021="" position="" procedure="" runner="" sensor="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2022	Intake Manifold Runner Position Sensor / Switch Circuit High (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-302,="" high="" intake="" manifold="" p2022="" position="" procedure="" runner="" sensor="" switch="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2088	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit Low (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" actuator="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-304,="" intake="" low="" p2088="" position="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2089	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit High (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" actuator="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-306,="" high="" intake="" p2089="" position="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2092	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit Low (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" actuator="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-308,="" intake="" low="" p2092="" position="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2093	Intake Camshaft Position Actuator Control Circuit High (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 2),="" actuator="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-310,="" high="" intake="" p2093="" position="" procedure="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	<ref. (dtc).="" 1,="" bank="" catalyst="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-311,="" fuel="" lean="" p2096="" post="" procedure="" system="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	<ref. (dtc).="" 1,="" bank="" catalyst="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-312,="" fuel="" p2097="" post="" procedure="" rich="" system="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2101	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. (dtc).="" actuator="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-319,="" motor="" p2101="" performance,="" procedure="" range="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2102	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc).="" actuator="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-324,="" low,="" motor="" p2102="" procedure="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	<ref. (dtc).="" actuator="" circuit="" code="" control="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-326,="" high,="" motor="" p2103="" procedure="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2109	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor "A" Minimum Stop Performance	<ref. "a"="" (dtc).="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-327,="" minimum="" p2109="" pedal="" performance,="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" stop="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit Low Input	<ref. "d"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-328,="" input,="" low="" p2122="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>

	List of Diagnost	tic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Reference
	5. 5.ag50	ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)
5.70		
DTC	Item	
P2123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit High Input	<ref. "d"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-330,="" high="" input,="" p2123="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2127	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit Low Input	<ref. "e"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-332,="" input,="" low="" p2127="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2128	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit High Input	<ref. "e"="" (dtc).="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-334,="" high="" input,="" p2128="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2135	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A"/ "B" Voltage Correlation	<ref. "a"="" "b"="" (dtc).="" code="" correlation,="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-336,="" p2135="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" voltage="" with=""></ref.>
P2138	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D"/ "E" Voltage Correlation	<ref. "d"="" "e"="" (dtc).="" code="" correlation,="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-339,="" p2138="" pedal="" position="" procedure="" sensor="" switch="" throttle="" to="" trouble="" voltage="" with=""></ref.>
P2419	Evaporative Emission System Switching Valve Control Circuit Low	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-341,="" evaporative="" p2419="" to="">SION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P2420	Evaporative Emission System Switching Valve Control Circuit High	<ref. dtc="" emis-<br="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-343,="" evaporative="" p2420="" to="">SION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
P2431	Secondary Air Injection System Air Flow / Pressure Sensor Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-345,="" flow="" injection="" p2431="" performance,="" pressure="" procedure="" range="" secondary="" sensor="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2432	Secondary Air Injection System Air Flow / Pressure Sensor Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-348,="" flow="" injection="" low,="" p2432="" pressure="" procedure="" secondary="" sensor="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2433	Secondary Air Injection System Air Flow / Pressure Sensor Circuit High	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" circuit="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-351,="" flow="" high,="" injection="" p2433="" pressure="" procedure="" secondary="" sensor="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
P2440	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Open (Bank1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" air="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-354,="" injection="" open="" p2440="" procedure="" secondary="" stuck="" switching="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P2441	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Closed (Bank1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" 1),="" air="" closed="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-358,="" injection="" p2441="" procedure="" secondary="" stuck="" switching="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P2442	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Open (Bank2)	<ref. (bank2),="" (dtc).="" air="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-359,="" injection="" open="" p2442="" procedure="" secondary="" stuck="" switching="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P2443	Secondary Air Injection System Switching Valve Stuck Closed (Bank2)	<ref. (bank2),="" (dtc).="" air="" closed="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-363,="" injection="" p2443="" procedure="" secondary="" stuck="" switching="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve="" with=""></ref.>
P2444	Secondary Air Injection System Pump Stuck On	<ref. (dtc).="" air="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-364,="" injection="" on,="" p2444="" procedure="" pump="" secondary="" stuck="" system="" to="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

## 19. Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

# Brought to you by Eris Studios A: DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR **SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-9, DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION TIM-</li> ING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine and let it idle.  2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subaru Select Monitor.>  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.		Go to step 2.	Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary.  Oil pipe (clog)  Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring)  Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)
2	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Drive (accelerate or decelerate) the vehicle at 80 km/h (50 MPH) or less.  NOTE: Drive the vehicle so that duty output of the oil flow control solenoid valve increases.  2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary.  Oil pipe (clog)  Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring)  Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)	and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# B: DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK1)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-12, DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the AVCS system operating	Perform the follow-	Check the follow-
	<ol> <li>Start the engine and let it idle.</li> </ol>	angle approx. 0°, and oil flow	ing procedures,	ing item and repair
	2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle	control solenoid valve duty out-	and clean the oil	or replace if neces-
	and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output	put approx. 10%?	routing.	sary.
	using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan		Replace the engine	<ul> <li>Oil pipe (clog)</li> </ul>
	tool.		oil and idle the	<ul> <li>Oil flow control</li> </ul>
	NOTE:		engine for 5 min-	solenoid valve
	<ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> </ul>		utes, then replace	(clog or dirt of oil
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to		the oil filter and	routing, setting of
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.		engine oil. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>spring)</td></ref.>	spring)
	to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subaru Select Moni-		LU(H4DOTC)-8,	<ul> <li>Intake camshaft</li> </ul>
	tor.>		REPLACEMENT,	(dirt, damage of
	<ul> <li>General scan tool</li> </ul>		Engine Oil.> <ref.< td=""><td>camshaft)</td></ref.<>	camshaft)
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the		to LU(H4DOTC)-	<ul> <li>Timing belt</li> </ul>
	general scan tool operation manual.		19, Engine Oil Fil-	(matching of timing
1			ter.>	mark)

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**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

# C: DTC P0018 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK2)

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-14, DTC P0018 CRANKSHAFT POSITION CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the AVCS system operating	Perform the follow-	Check the follow-
	<ol> <li>Start the engine and let it idle.</li> </ol>	angle approx. 0°, and oil flow	ing procedures,	ing item and repair
	2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle	control solenoid valve duty out-	and clean the oil	or replace if neces-
	and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output	put approx. 10%?	routing.	sary.
	using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan		Replace the engine	<ul> <li>Oil pipe (clog)</li> </ul>
	tool.		oil and idle the	<ul> <li>Oil flow control</li> </ul>
	NOTE:		engine for 5 min-	solenoid valve
	Subaru Select Monitor		utes, then replace	(clog or dirt of oil
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to		the oil filter and	routing, setting of
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.		engine oil. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>spring)</td></ref.>	spring)
	to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subaru Select Moni-		LU(H4DOTC)-8,	<ul> <li>Intake camshaft</li> </ul>
	tor.>		REPLACEMENT,	(dirt, damage of
	<ul> <li>General scan tool</li> </ul>		Engine Oil.> <ref.< td=""><td>camshaft)</td></ref.<>	camshaft)
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the		to LU(H4DOTC)-	<ul> <li>Timing belt</li> </ul>
	general scan tool operation manual.		19, Engine Oil Fil-	(matching of timing
			ter.>	mark)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## D: DTC P0021 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 2)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-14, DTC P0021 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- · Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine and let it idle.  2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subaru Select Monitor.>  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.		Go to step 2.	Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary.  Oil pipe (clog)  Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring)  Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)
2	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Drive (accelerate or decelerate) the vehicle at 80 km/h (50 MPH) or less.  NOTE: Drive the vehicle so that duty output of the oil flow control solenoid valve increases.  2) Measure the AVCS system operating angle and oil flow control solenoid valve duty output using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	10%, is the AVCS system operating angle approx. 0°?	Check the following item and repair or replace if necessary.  Oil pipe (clog)  Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring)  Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)	and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, then replace the oil filter and engine oil.

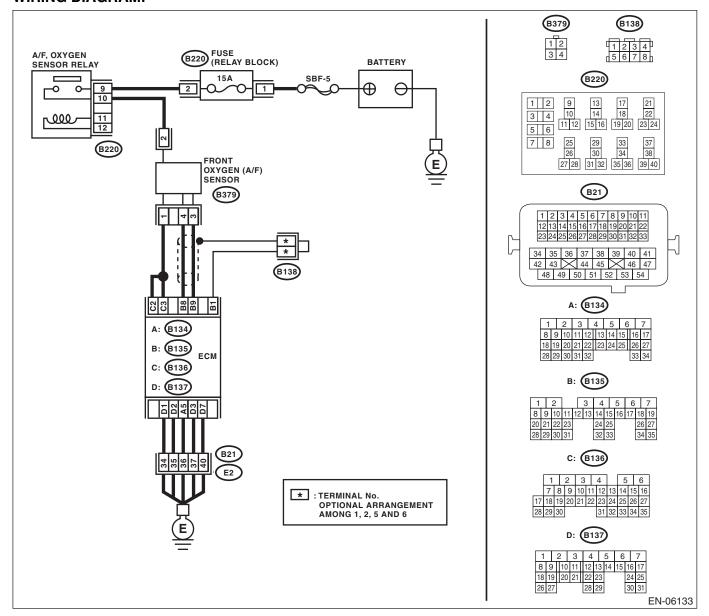
# Brought to you by Eris Studios E: DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-15, DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



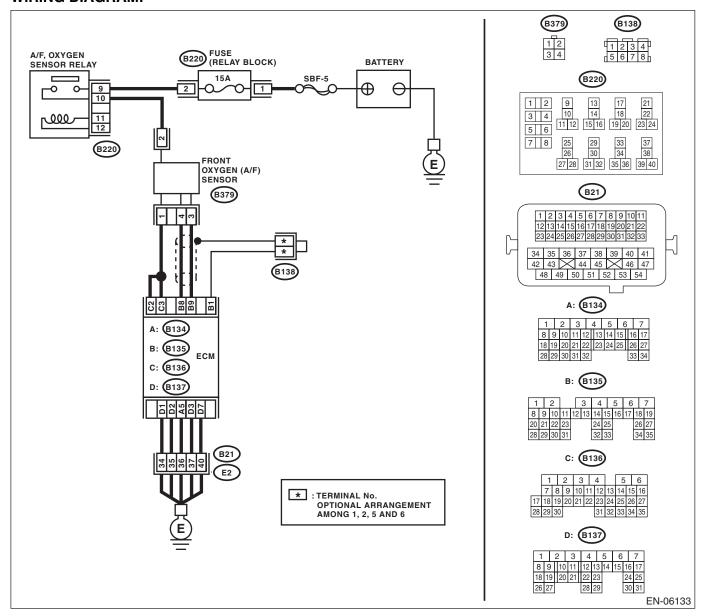
	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troub		C) No. No.
	Step	Check	Yes	No
I	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Start and warm-up the engine. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 3 — (B379) No. 1:  (B136) No. 2 — (B379) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
!	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 — (B379) No. 3:  (B135) No. 8 — (B379) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.  Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor terminals.  Terminals  No. 2 — No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 2 — 3 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
ı	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## Brought to you by Eris Studios F: DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-17, DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT</li> LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



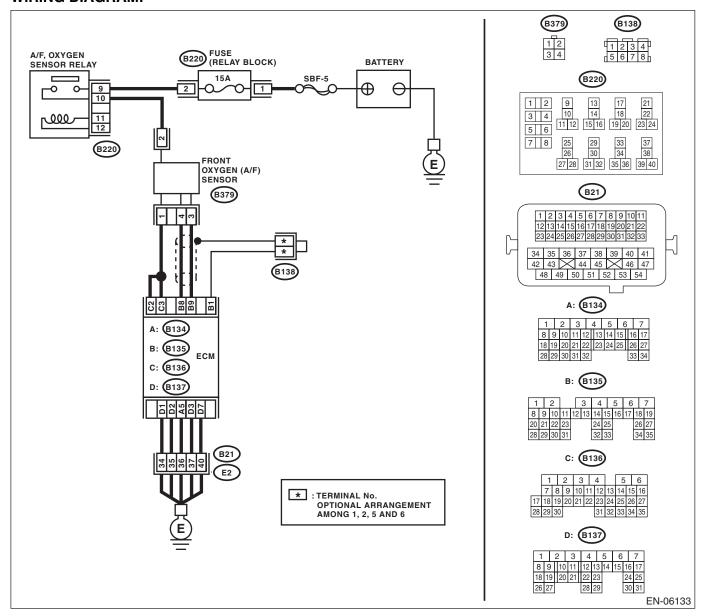
Diagnostic Pro	ocedure with Diag	nostic Troub	le Code (DT ENGINI	E (DIAGNOSTICS)
Step		Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK POWER SUPPLY T GEN (A/F) SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to 2) Disconnect the connector (A/F) sensor.  3) Turn the ignition switch to 4) Measure the voltage betw (A/F) sensor connector and e Connector & terminal (B379) No. 2 (+) — Engin	OFF. from front oxygen ON. veen front oxygen engine ground.	age 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply line or replace the main relay.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between A/F, oxygen sensor relay and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector Poor contact of A/F, oxygen sensor relay connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWE FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SEN 1) Turn the ignition switch to 2) Disconnect the connector 3) Measure the resistance b front oxygen (A/F) sensor cor Connector & terminal (B136) No. 3 — (B379) N (B136) No. 2 — (B379) N	SOR. OFF. rs from the ECM. etween ECM and nnector.	stance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
3 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT Measure the resistance of ha ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 5 — Chassis (B137) No. 1 — Chassis (B137) No. 2 — Chassis (B137) No. 3 — Chassis (B137) No. 7 — Chassis	FOR ECM. Is the resistance of	stance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact of coupling connector
4 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (AMEASURE the resistance betwood (A/F) sensor terminals.  Terminals  No. 2 — No. 1:		stance between 2 —	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## Brought to you by Eris Studios G: DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-19, DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT</li> HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



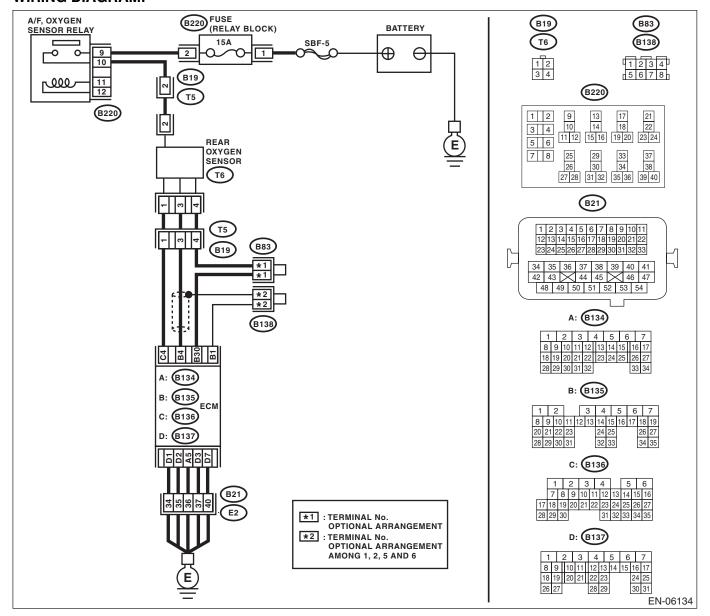
	Diagnostic Procedure wit		ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact of coupling connector

## Brought to you by Eris Studios H: DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-21, DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT</li> LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



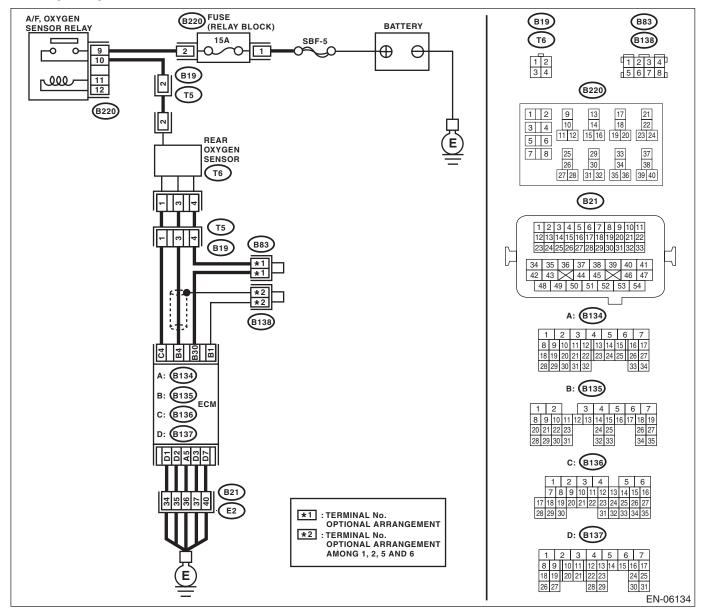
			ENGIN	IE (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
GEN SENSO  1) Turn the i  2) Disconne gen sensor.  3) Turn the i  4) Measure sensor conne Connector	VER SUPPLY TO REAR OXY- PR. gnition switch to OFF. ct the connector from the rear oxy- gnition switch to ON. the voltage between rear oxygen ector and engine ground. & terminal P(+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply line or replace the main relay.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item:  Open circuit ir harness betweer A/F, oxygen sen sor relay and rea oxygen senso connector Poor contact of A/F, oxygen sen sor relay connector Poor contact of coupling connector
1) Turn the i 2) Disconne 3) Measure oxygen sense Connector	RNESS BETWEEN ECM AND GEN SENSOR. Ignition switch to OFF. Ict the connectors from the ECM. Ithe resistance between ECM and or connector. Ithe terminal In the terminal In the terminal of the	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item: • Open circuit ir harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact o coupling connecto
Measure the ECM and char Connector (B134) No (B137) No (B137) No (B137) No	OUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM. resistance of harness between assis ground. & terminal b. 5 — Chassis ground: b. 1 — Chassis ground: b. 2 — Chassis ground: b. 3 — Chassis ground: b. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item:  Open circuit o harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact o coupling connecto
		Is the resistance between 5 — 7 $\Omega$ ?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

## Brought to you by Eris Studios DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-23, DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT</li> HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground  • Poor contact of coupling connector

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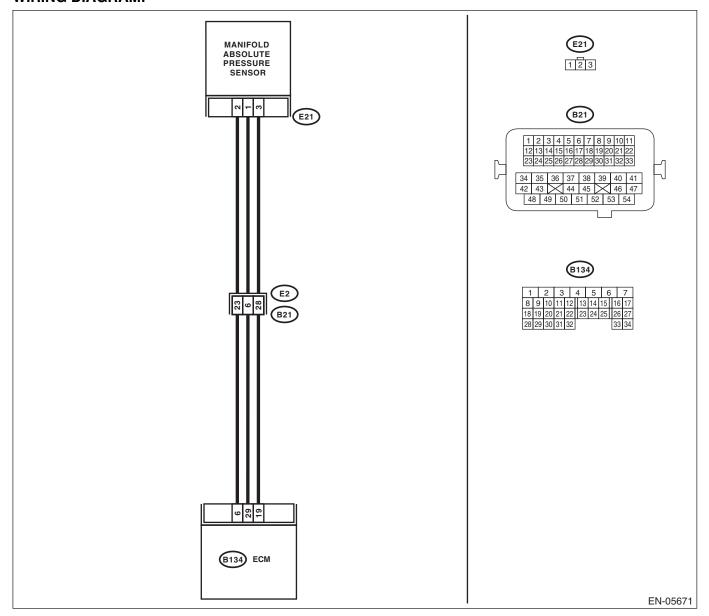
#### J: DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-25, DTC P0068 MAP/MAF THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHE	CK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 2.
SENS 1) So coolar (167° 2) For coolar (167° 2) For coolar (167° 2) For coolar (167° 2) For coolar (167° 4) Tu 5) R sensor gene NOTI • Sul For coolar "REA to EN tor.> • Ge For do	tart the engine and warm-up engine until nt temperature is higher than 75°C F).  F).  or AT models, set the select lever to "P" or "N" range, and for MT models, place nift lever in the neutral position.  urn the A/C switch to OFF.  urn all the accessory switches to OFF.  ead the data of intake manifold pressure or signal using Subaru Select Monitor or real scan tool.	106.6 kPa (550 — 800 mmHg, 21.65 — 31.50 inHg) when the ignition is turned ON, and 20.0 — 46.7 kPa (150 — 350 mmHg, 5.91 — 13.78 inHg) during idling?	Go to step 3.	Replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor. <ref. absolute="" fu(h4dotc)-34,="" manifold="" pressure="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.>
Read Suba NOTI • Sul For o "REA to EN tor.> • Ge For d	CK THROTTLE OPENING ANGLE.  the data of throttle position signal using ru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  E: paru Select Monitor detailed operation procedures, refer to D CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref. (H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subaru Select Monimeral scan tool etailed operation procedures, refer to the eral Scan Tool Instruction Manual".		Go to step 4.	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
4 CHE	CK THROTTLE OPENING ANGLE.	Is the measured value 85% or more when throttle is fully open?	Replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor. <ref. absolute="" fu(h4dotc)-34,="" manifold="" pressure="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.>	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>

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**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

## K: DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

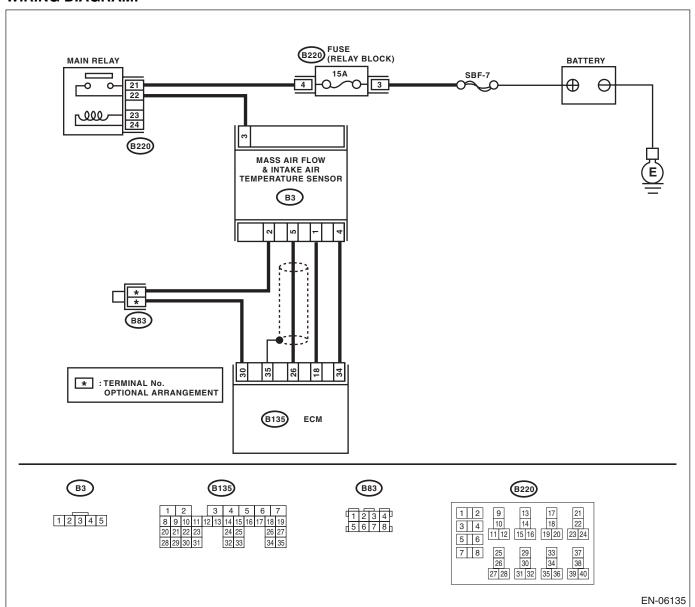
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-28, DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIR-CUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- · Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	ate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag)</ref.>		

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### L: DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

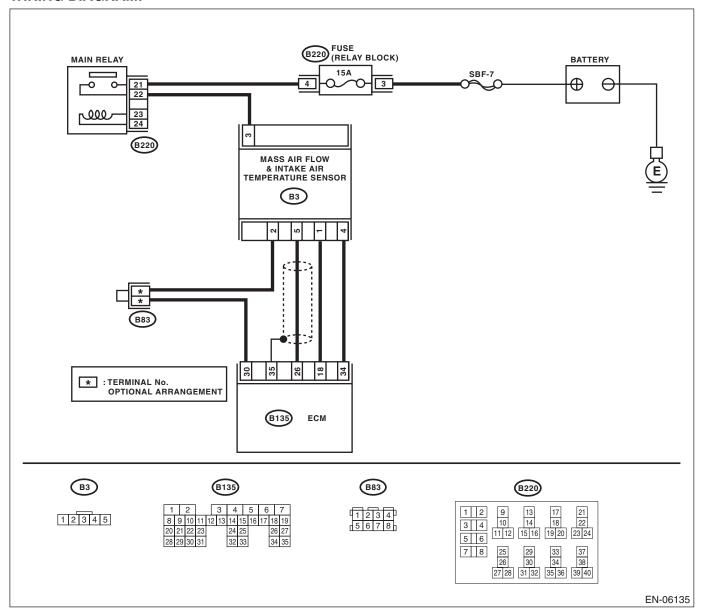
- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-31, DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIR-CUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of air flow sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if the mal- function indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a nor- mal condition at this time. Repro- duce the fault con- dition, and reperform the check. NOTE: In this case, there may be a tempo- rary connector con- tact failure.
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B3) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit in harness between main relay connector and mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector  • Poor contact of main relay connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTORS.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 26 — (B3) No. 5:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit of harness between the ECM and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR CONNECTORS. Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 26 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between the ECM and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for any poor contact in the ECM or the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Is there poor contact in the ECM or the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors?	Repair any poor contact in the ECM or the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-33, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

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#### M: DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

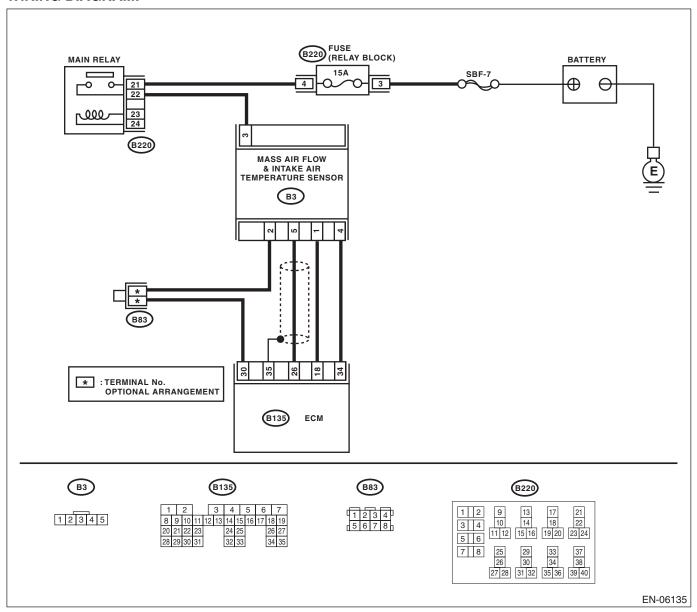
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-33, DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIR-CUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



		ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of air flow sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR CONNECTORS.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. 3) Start the engine. 4) Read the data of air flow sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Go to step 3.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTORS.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B3) No. 4 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  OPEN CIRCUIT OF HARNESS BETWEEN ECM MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTORS.  Poor contact in ECM connector
CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for any poor contact between the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Is there poor contact in the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connectors?	Repair any poor contact of the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-33, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

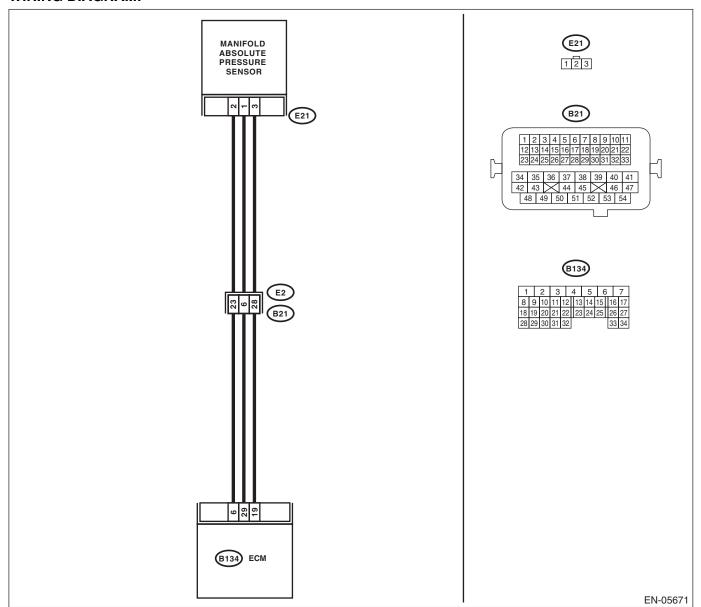
## Brought to you by Eris Studios N: DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-35, DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/</li> BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure wit	in Diagnostic Troub	ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of intake manifold absolute pressure signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the measured value less than 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 inHg) ?		Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF THE MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from manifold absolute pressure sensor.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between manifold absolute pressure sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact of coupling connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 6 — (E21) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.  Poor contact of coupling connector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor contact between the ECM and manifold pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in the ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact in the ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor. <ref. absolute="" fu(h4dotc)-34,="" manifold="" pressure="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.>

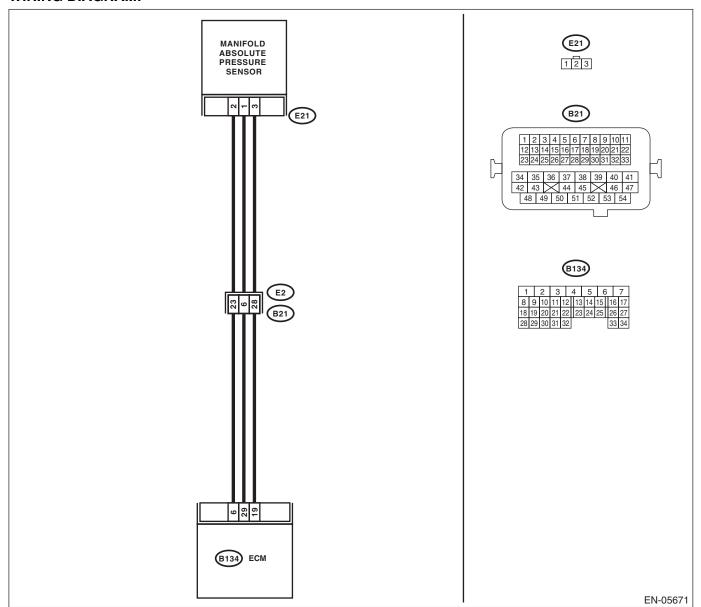
## Brought to you by Eris Studios O: DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE **CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-37, DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/</li> BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Di	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
<ul> <li>1) Start</li> <li>2) Read pressure general s</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>Subart</li> </ul> </li> <li>For deta</li> <li>"READ C to EN(H4 tor.&gt;</li> <li>General s</li> </ul>	Step CURRENT DATA. the engine. the data of intake manifold absolute signal using Subaru Select Monitor or can tool.  I Select Monitor ailed operation procedures, refer to EURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. dotc)(diag)-34,="" led="" monial="" operation="" procedures,="" refer="" scan="" select="" subaru="" td="" the<="" to="" tool=""><td></td><td>Yes Go to step 2.</td><td>No  Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector con-</td></ref.>		Yes Go to step 2.	No  Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector con-
general s  CHECK I  MANIFO SOR CO  1) Turn t 2) Disco absolute 3) Start 4) Read pressure general s NOTE: • Subart For deta "READ C to EN(H4 tor.> • General For detai general s	HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENNECTOR. The ignition switch to OFF. Innect the connector from manifold pressure sensor. The engine. The data of intake manifold absolute signal using Subaru Select Monitor or	Is the measured value 119.5 kPa (896.5 mmHg, 35.29 inHg) or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	dact failure.  Go to step 3.
MANIFO SOR CO 1) Turn t 2) Meas manifold and engir	HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENNECTOR. The ignition switch to OFF. The resistance of harness between absolute pressure sensor connector the ground. The ignition switch to OFF. The i	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact of coupling connector.
Check for	POOR CONTACT. r poor contact of the manifold absolute sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in manifold absolute pressure sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Replace the manifold absolute pressure sensor. <ref. absolute="" fu(h4dotc)-34,="" manifold="" pressure="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.>

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## P: DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

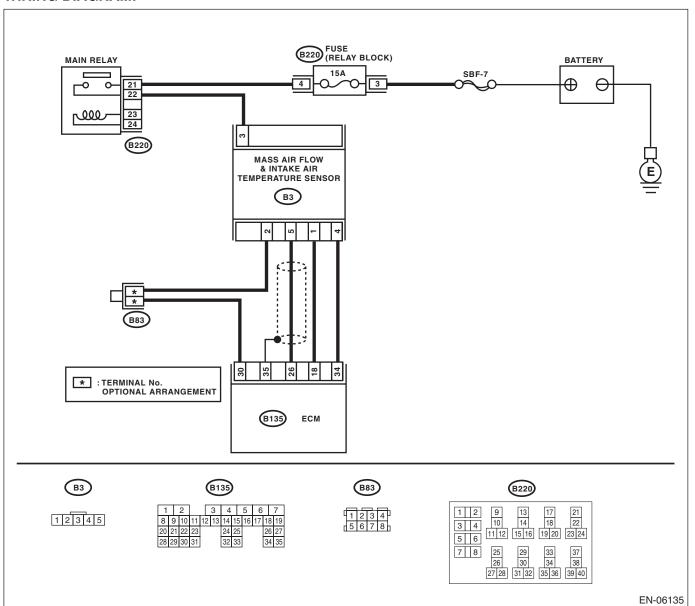
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-39, DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SEN-SOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)			
Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE.  1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Measure the engine coolant temperature using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-33, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Check DTC P0125 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag) -82, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios Q: DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

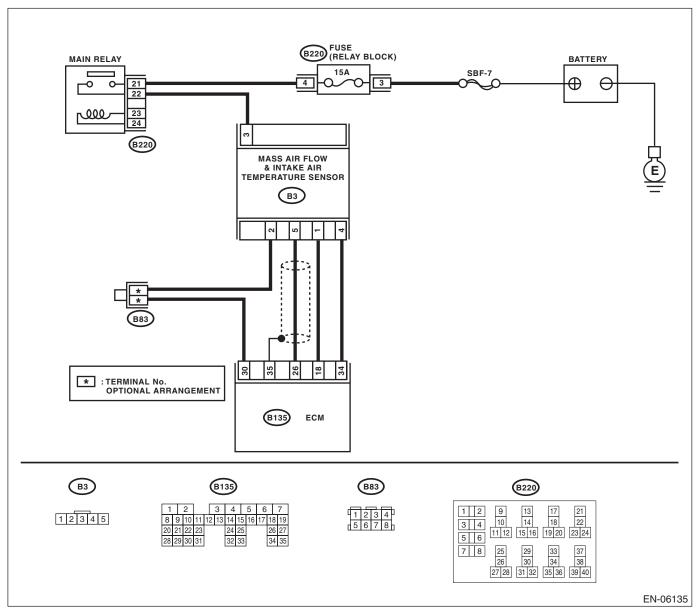
- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-41, DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SEN-</li> SOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



			LIVAIIVE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine.  2) Read the data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the intake air temperature 120°C (248°F) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTORS.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 18 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-33, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between the ECM and the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.

# Brought to you by Eris Studios R: DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

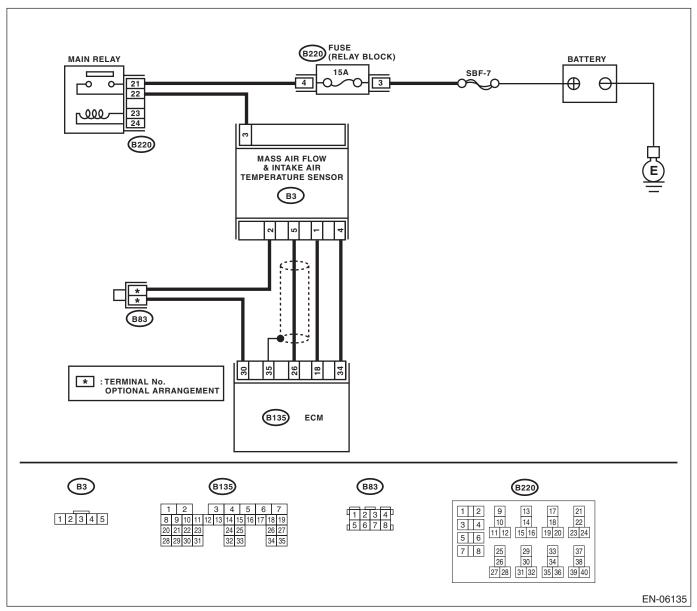
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-43, DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SEN-</li> SOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troub	le Code (DT ENGINE	C) CONTRACTOR
				100
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the intake air temperature less than -40°C (-40°F)?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Repair any poor contact between the ECM and the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Is there poor contact in the ECM or the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors?	Repair any poor contact between the ECM and the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTORS.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 18 — (B3) No. 1:  (B135) No. 30 — (B3) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit of harness between the ECM and mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTORS.  1) Connect all connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and the mass air flow & intake air temperature sensor connectors.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-33, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

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#### S: DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

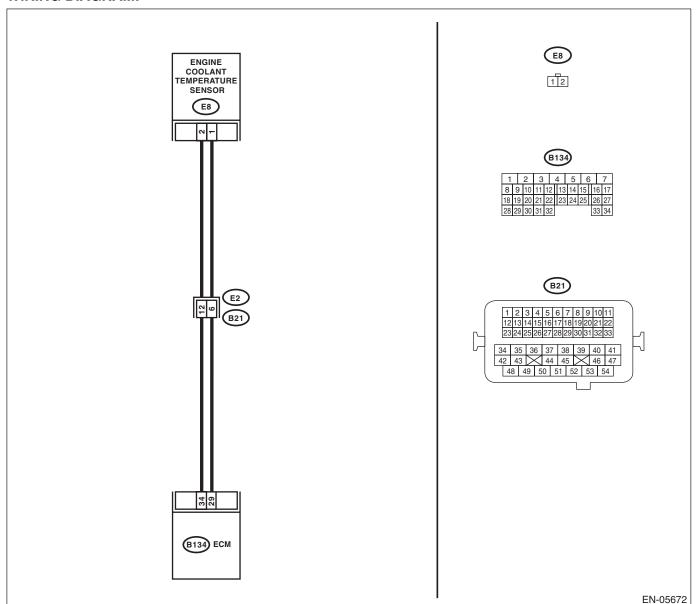
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-45, DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 34 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Replace the engine coolant tempera- ture sensor. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 28, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref. 	cuit in harness to ground between ECM and engine

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#### T: DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

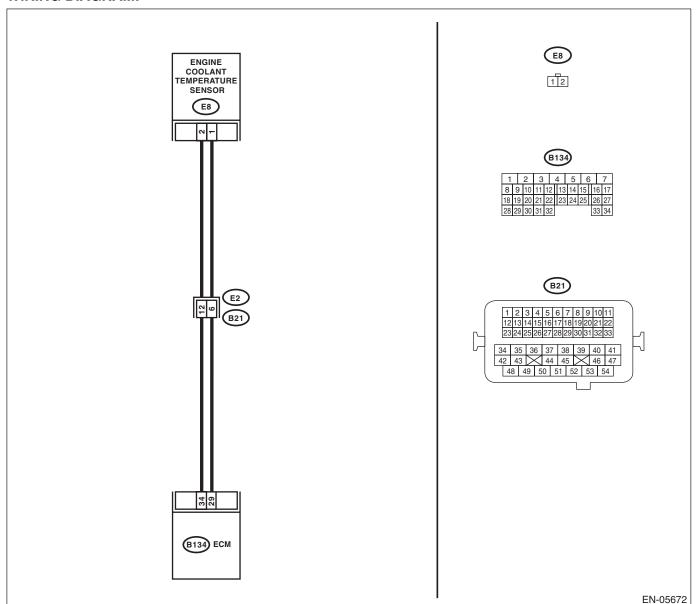
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-47, DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Improper idling
- · Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the engine coolant temperature less than –40°C (–40°F)?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Repair any poor contact between the ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connectors.	Is there poor contact in the ECM or engine coolant temperature sensor connectors?	Repair any poor contact between the ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connectors.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of the harness between the ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 34 — (E8) No. 2:  (B134) No. 29 — (E8) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Connect all connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 34 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor connector.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <ref.< td=""></ref.<>

## Brought to you by Eris Studios U: DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

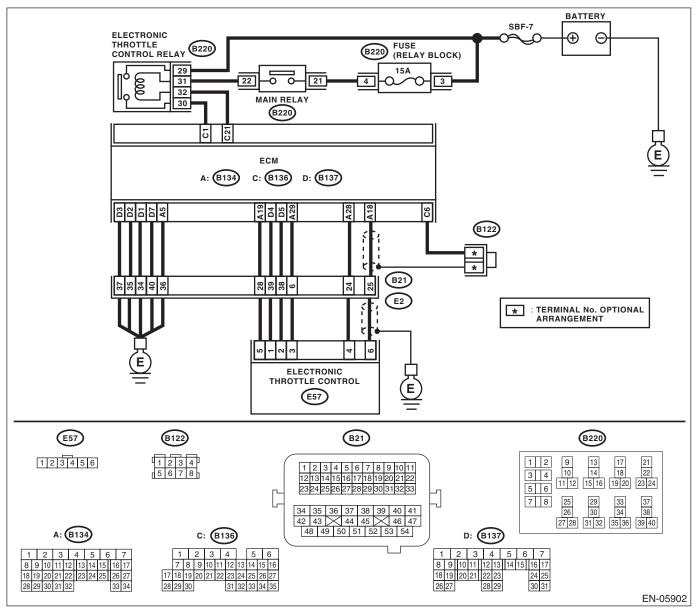
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-49, DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



Step Check Yes No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
ELEC 1) Tu 2) Di electr 3) M chass Con (B (B	CK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  Jurn the ignition switch to OFF.  Jurn the ignition switch the Information	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and electronic throt- tle control connec- tor.
1) Co 2) M throttl <b>Co</b> n	CK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM. onnect the ECM. leasure the resistance between electronic le control connector and engine ground. nnector & terminal e134) No. 18 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. (ecm).="" control="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" module="" to=""></ref.>

## Brought to you by Eris Studios V: DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

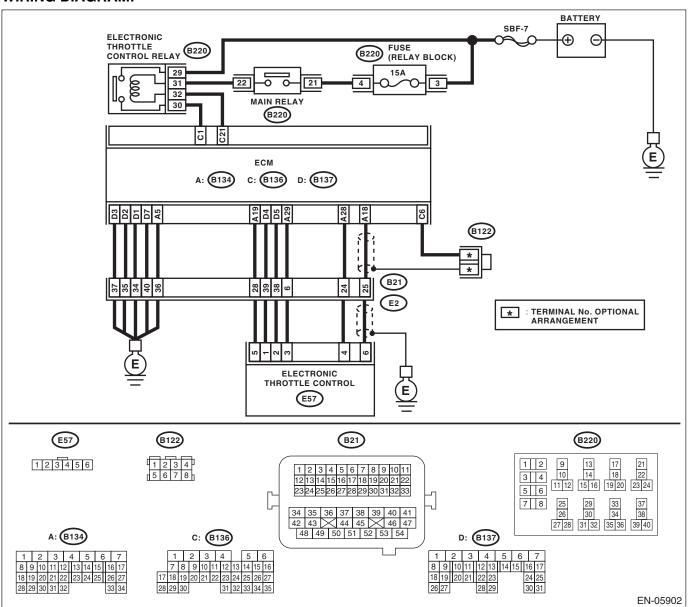
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-51, DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.85 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 18:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair poor contact of the electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

## W: DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-53, DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPER-ATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Engine does not return to idle.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK TIRE SIZE.	Is the tire size as specified? and the same size as other three wheels?	Go to step 2.	Replace the tire.
2	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT. Check the following items:	Is the engine coolant normal?	Go to step 3.	Fill or replace the engine coolant. <ref. co(h4dotc)-14,="" coolant.="" engine="" inspection,="" to=""></ref.>
3	CHECK THERMOSTAT.	Does the thermostat remain opened?	Replace the ther- mostat. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4DOTC)-17, Thermostat.&gt;</ref.>	Replace the engine coolant tempera- ture sensor. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 28, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref. 

## X: DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STABLE OPERATION

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

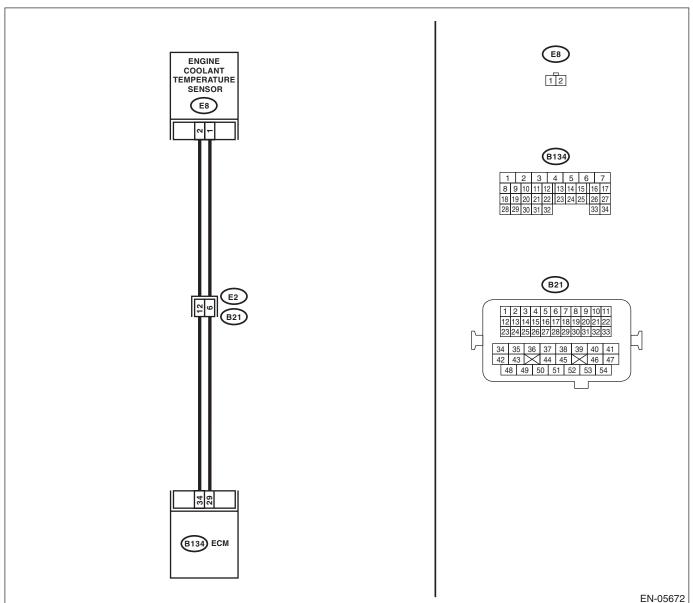
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-56, DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STABLE OPERATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Improper idling
- · Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-DURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGIN	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troub	le Code (DT	C) Srought to NOT FOR SES	is Str.
	Step	Check	Yes	No	LE YOIOS
1	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  Measure the resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals when the engine coolant is cold and after warmed-up.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance of engine cool- ant temperature sensor differ- ent between when engine coolant is cold and after warmed-up?	connector.	Replace the engine coolant tempera- ture sensor. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 28, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref. 	

#### Y: DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE **BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE)**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-58, DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (ENGINE</li> COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Thermostat remains open.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT.	Are the coolant level and mix- ture ratio of engine coolant to anti-freeze solution correct?	Go to step 2.	Replace the engine coolant. <ref. co(h4dotc)-13,="" coolant.="" engine="" replacement,="" to=""></ref.>
2	CHECK RADIATOR FAN.  1) Start the engine.  2) Check the radiator fan operation.	Does the radiator fan continuously rotate for 3 minutes or more during idling?	Repair radiator fan circuit. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4DOTC)-24, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.&gt;and <ref. to<br="">CO(H4DOTC)-26, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.&gt;</ref.></ref.>	Replace the ther- mostat. <ref. to<br="">CO(H4DOTC)-17, Thermostat.&gt;</ref.>

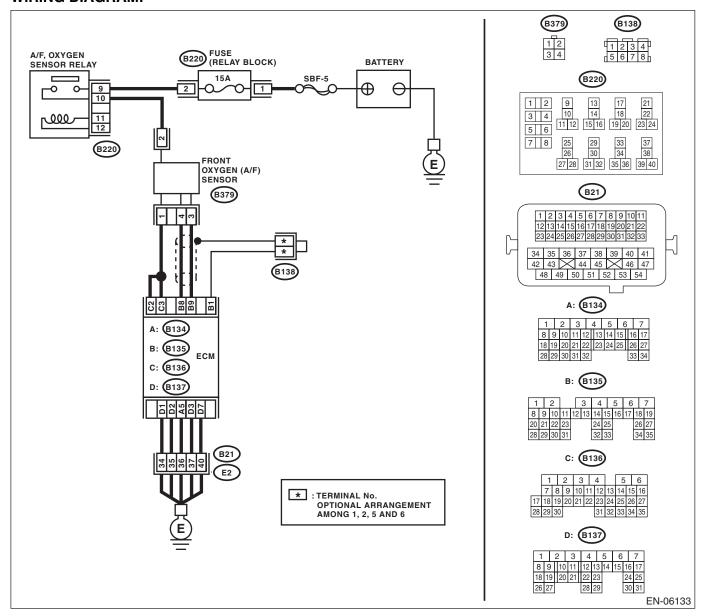
## ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) Z: DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-60, DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLT-</li> AGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No					
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.	
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.	
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	

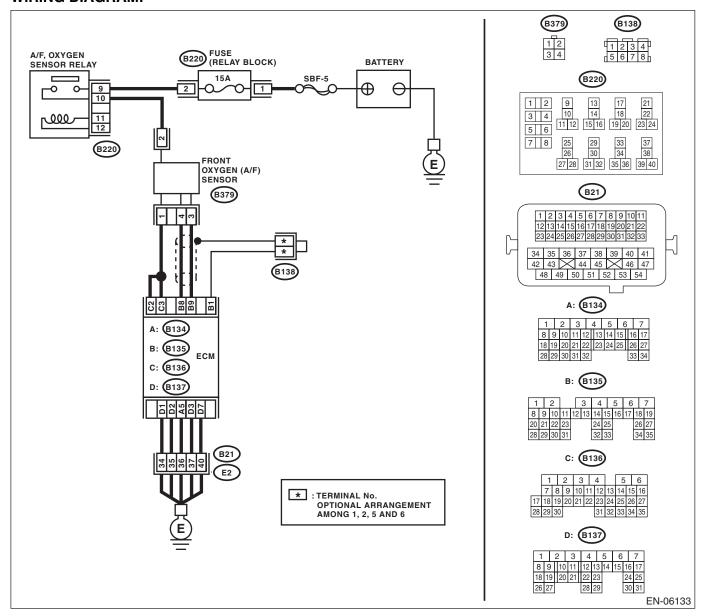
## ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) AA: DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-62, DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLT-</li> AGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



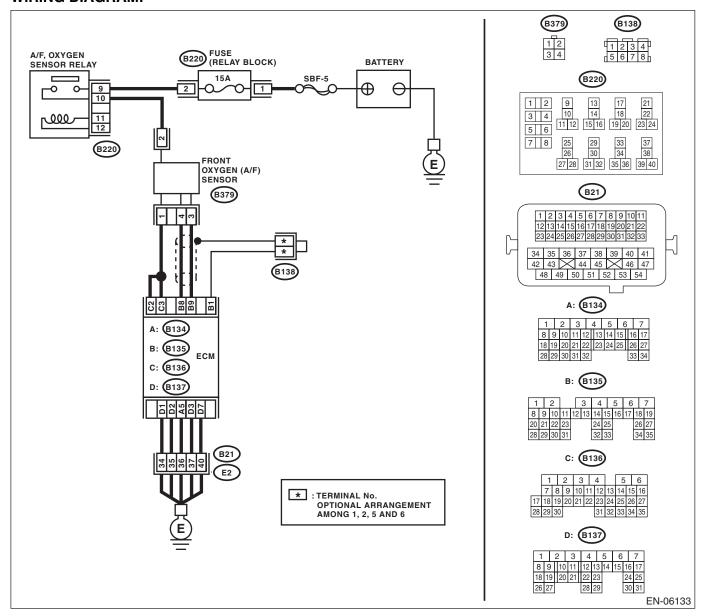
Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  Step  Check  Yes  No			
Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	harness between	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) AB:DTC P0133 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1) **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-64, DTC P0133 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RE-SPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGII	Diagnostic Procedure wit	h Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No	- '0
1	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.  NOTE: Check the following items.  Loose installation of front portion of exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads  Loose connection between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter  Damage of exhaust pipe resulting in a hole		Repair the exhaust system.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	

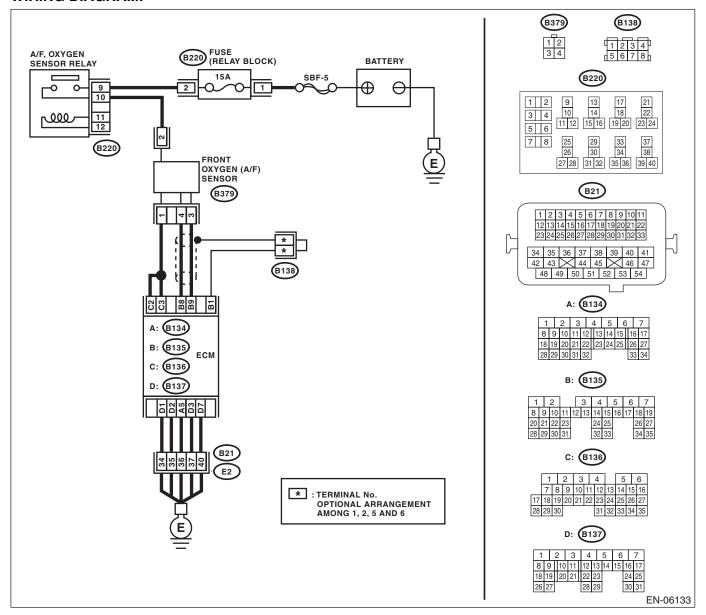
## AC:DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-67, DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENG	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  NGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 — (B379) No. 3:  (B135) No. 8 — (B379) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
1	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

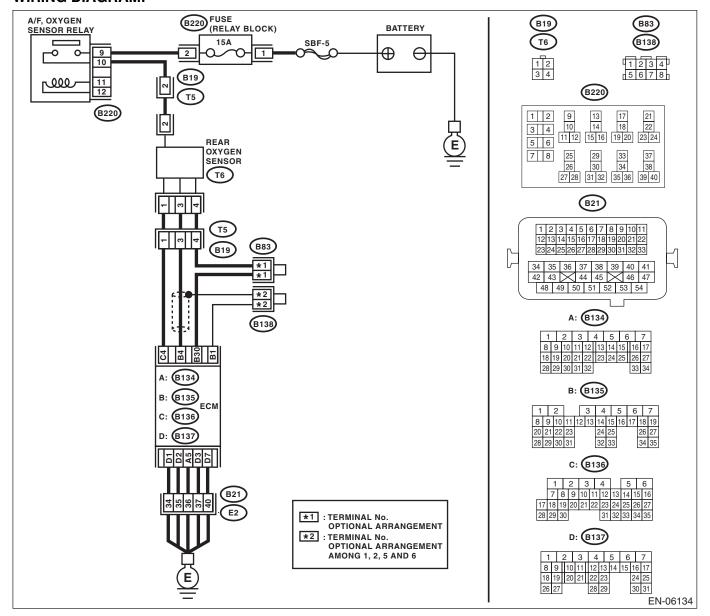
## ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) AD:DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-69, DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLT-</li> AGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



			<u> </u>	No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)  2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 490 mV or more?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 2.
	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 — (T6) No. 3:  (B135) No. 30 — (T6) No. 4:		Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact of coupling connector
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (T6) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts.  NOTE: Check the following items.  • Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system  • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts  • Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	Is there any fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

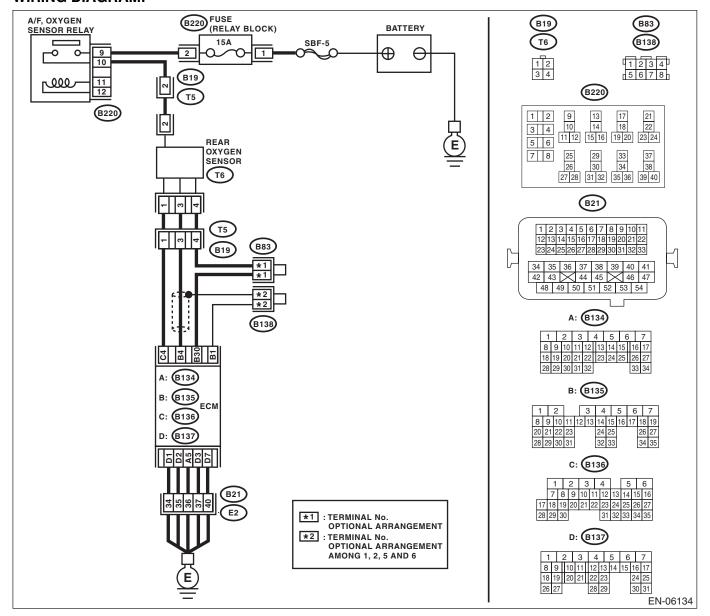
## ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) **AE:DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-72, DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLT-</li> AGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



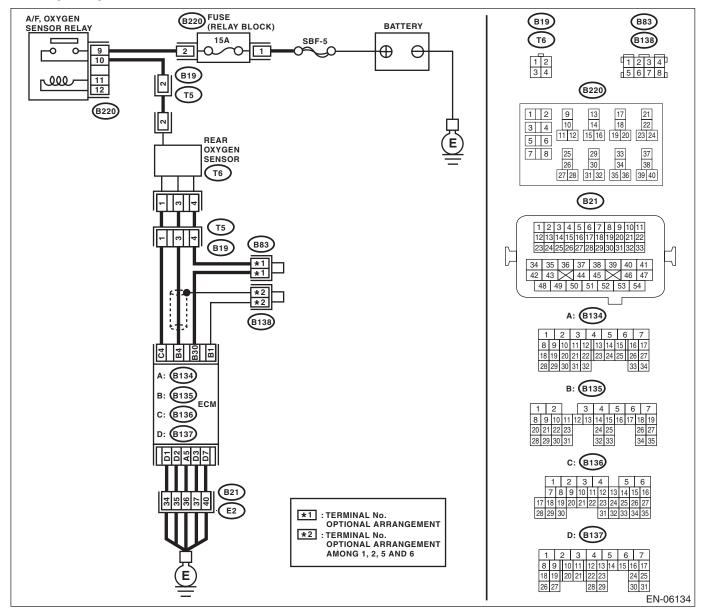
				No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
I	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.  2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 250 mV or less?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 — (T6) No. 3:  (B135) No. 30 — (T6) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact of coupling connector
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (T6) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
5	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts.  NOTE: Check the following items.  • Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system  • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts  • Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor	Is there any fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

# ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) AF:DTC P0139 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2) **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-73, DTC P0139 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RE-SPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 — (T6) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector  Poor contact o coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (T6) No. 3 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.  Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor terminals.  Terminals  No. 3 — No. 4	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.

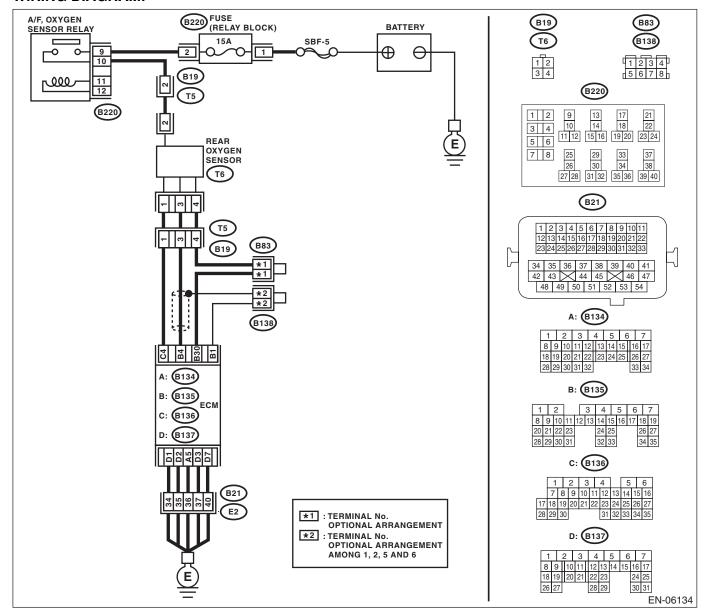
# AG:DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-80, DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	NE (DIAGNOSTICS)			No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is above 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)  2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</ref.>	Is the voltage 490 mV or more?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 2.
2	general scan tool operation manual.  CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.  2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 250 mV or less?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 — (T6) No. 3:  (B135) No. 30 — (T6) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxy gen sensor connector  Poor contact o coupling connecto

	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troul	•	C) Stoleghi (O) (DIAGNOSTICS)
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (T6) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. fu(h4dotc)-44,="" oxygen="" rear="" sensor.="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector  • Poor contact in ECM connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
6	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check exhaust system parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Loose part and incomplete installation of exhaust system • Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts • Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor		Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

### **AH:DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)**

Refer to DTC P0172 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-150, DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

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**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

### **AI: DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- · Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-83, DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. Measure the fuel pressure while disconnecting pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4dotc)-26,="" pressure.="" to=""> CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge. NOTE: If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze the fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.</ref.>		Go to step 4.	Repair the following item. Fuel pressure is too high: Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure is too low: Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line
4	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.  After connecting the pressure regulator vacuum hose, measure fuel pressure. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4dotc)-26,="" pressure.="" to="">  CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.  NOTE:  If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.  If the measured value at this step is out of specification, check or replace pressure regulator and pressure regulator vacuum hose.</ref.>		Go to step 5.	Repair the following item. Fuel pressure is too high: Faulty pressure regulator Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure is too low: Faulty pressure regulator Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line

Step	Check	Yes	NE (DIAGNOSTICS
CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE		Go to step 6.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <ref. coolant="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-28,="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>
	Is the measured value 2.0 — 5.0 g/s (0.26 — 0.66 lb/m)?	Go to step 7.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(h4dotc)-33,="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>

Step	Check	Yes	C) Srought to you by
CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).  2) For AT models, set the select lever to "P" range or "N" range, and for MT models, place the shift lever in the neutral position.  3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.  4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.  5) Open the front hood.  6) Measure the ambient temperature.  7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(h4dotc)-33,="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>

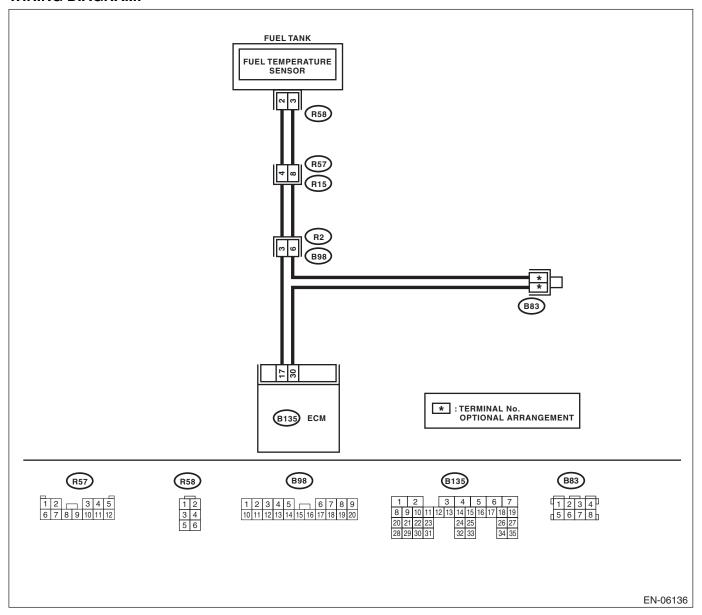
# AJ:DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-85, DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENG	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Ves  No.				Eris Studios
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	ate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. th="" to<=""><th>Replace the fuel temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-15, Fuel Temperature Sensor.&gt;</ref.></th><th></th></ref.>	Replace the fuel temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-15, Fuel Temperature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	

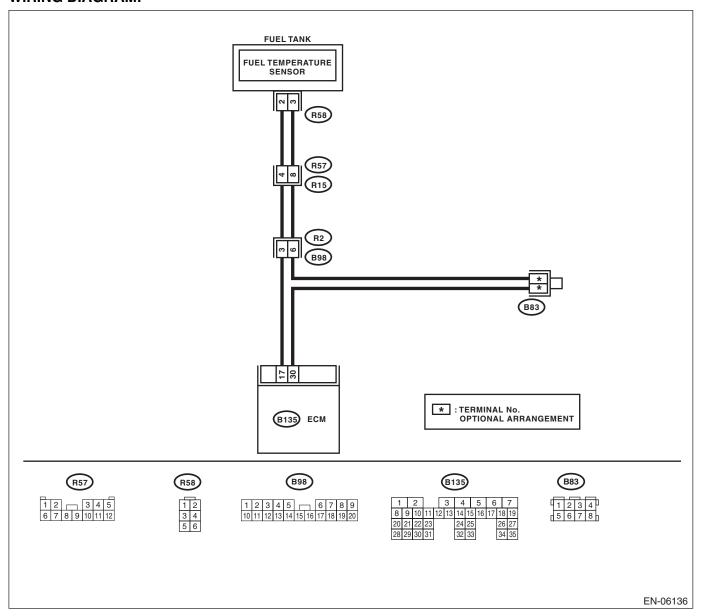
### **AK:DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-88, DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subaru Select Monitor.>	Is the temperature 120°C (248°F) or higher?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and fuel temperature sensor. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 17 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Replace the fuel temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-15, Fuel Temperature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and fuel pump connector.

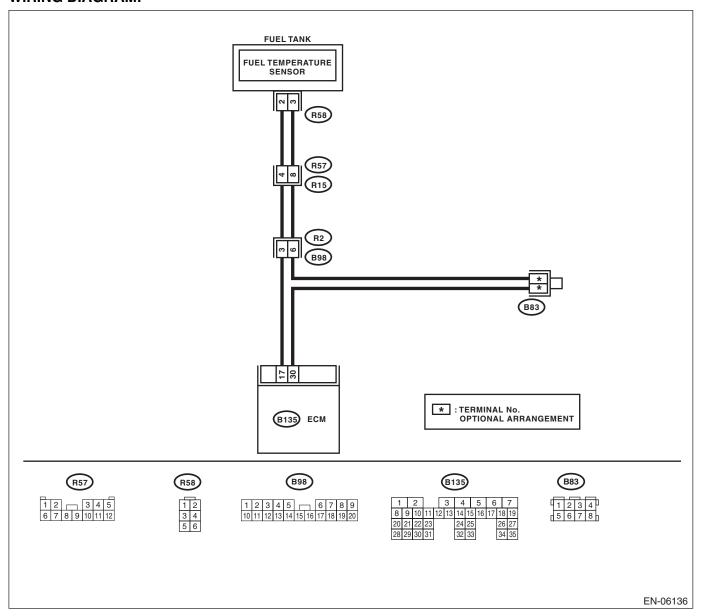
## AL:DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-90, DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	C) Srought to you by l
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of fuel temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	Is the temperature less than –40°C (–40°F)?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Repair any poor contact between the ECM and fuel temperature sensor connectors.	Is there poor contact in the ECM or fuel temperature sensor connectors?	Repair any poor contact between the ECM and fuel temperature sensor connectors.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and fuel temperature sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of the harness between the ECM and fuel temperature sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 17 — (R58) No. 2:  (B135) No. 30 — (R58) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel temperature sensor connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Connect all connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short cir- cuit to power in the harness between the ECM and fuel temperature sen- sor connector.	

# ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) AM: DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

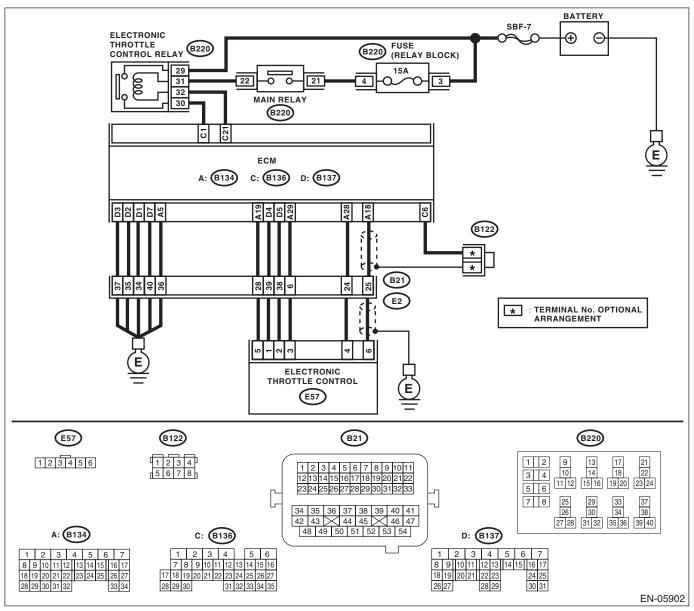
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-92, DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:  (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $\mbox{M}\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.
	<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. (ecm).="" control="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" module="" to=""></ref.>

## ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS) AN: DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

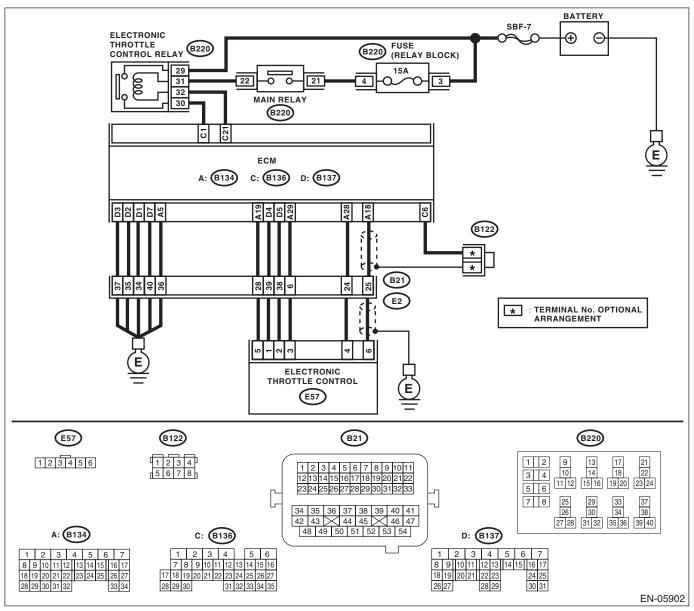
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-94, DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



Diagnostic Procedure wit	h Diagnostic Troub	le Code (DT	No
Step	Check	Yes	No.
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4:  (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?		Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector Poor contact of coupling connector
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.85 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair poor contact of the electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.

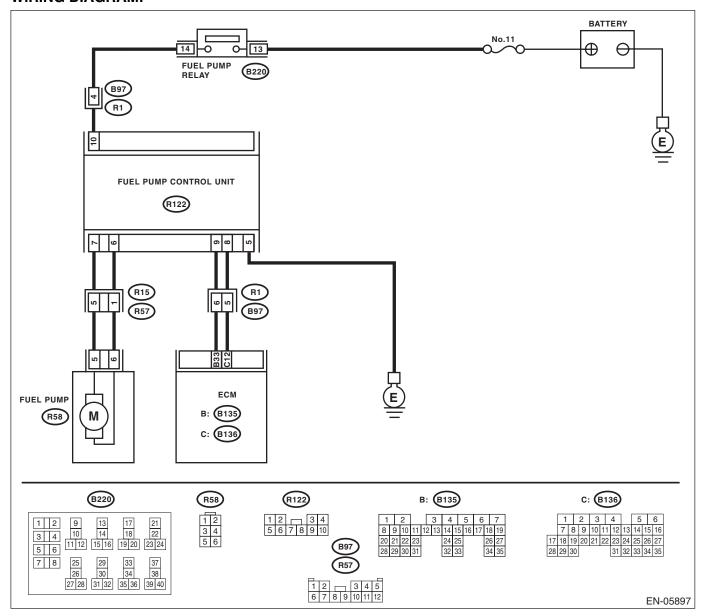
#### **AO:DTC P0230 FUEL PUMP PRIMARY CIRCUIT**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-96, DTC P0230 FUEL PUMP PRIMARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



			No
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT TO FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump control unit.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R122) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply circuit.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between fuel pump relay connector and fuel pump controunit connector  • Poor contact of fuel pump relay connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF FUEL PUMP	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to sten 3	Repair the open
CONTROL UNIT.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R122) No. 5 — Chassis ground:			circuit in harness between fuel pump control unit con- nector and chassis ground.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND FUEL PUMP CONNECTOR.  1) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and fuel pump connector.  Connector & terminal  (R122) No. 7 — (R58) No. 5:  (R122) No. 6 — (R58) No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between fuel pump control unit connector and fuel pump connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND FUEL PUMP CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between fuel pump control unit connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R122) No. 7 — Chassis ground:  (R122) No. 6 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between fuel pump control unit connector and fuel pump connector.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance of the harness between the ECM and fuel pump control unit.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 33 — (R122) No. 9:  (B136) No. 12 — (R122) No. 8:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and fuel pump control unit Poor contact of coupling connector

	ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.  Measure the resistance between fuel pump control unit connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R122) No. 9 — Chassis ground:  (R122) No. 8 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 7.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and fuel pump control unit connector.
7	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check poor contact of ECM and fuel pump control unit connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or fuel pump control unit connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or fuel pump control unit connector.	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK EXPERIENCE OF RUNNING OUT OF FUEL.	Has the vehicle experienced running out of fuel?	Finish the diagnosis.  NOTE:  DTC may be recorded as a result of fuel pump idling while running out of fuel.	Fuel Pump Control

# Brought to you by Eris Studios AP:DTC P0244 TURBO/SUPER CHARGER WASTEGATE SOLENOID "A" RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

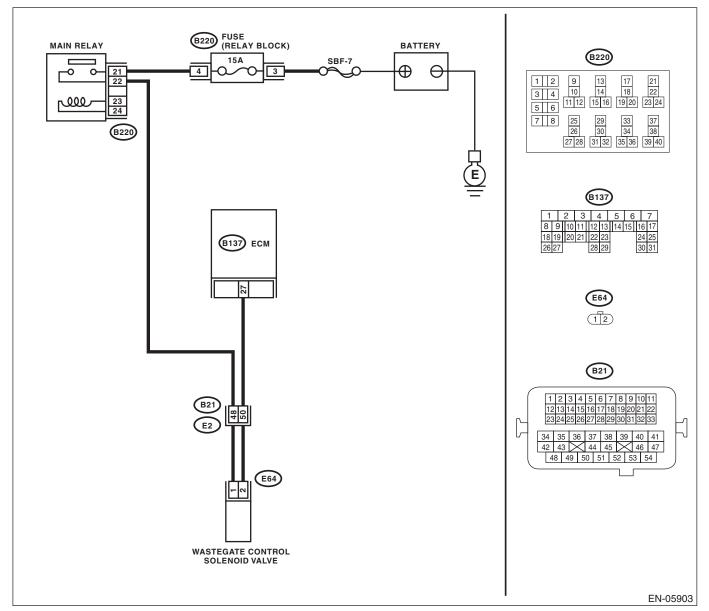
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-98, DTC P0244 TURBO/SUPER CHARGER WASTE-</li> GATE SOLENOID "A" RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				
Step	Check	Yes	No	
1 CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Replace the waste- gate control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>	

# Brought to you by Eris Studios AQ:DTC P0245 TURBO/SUPER CHARGER WASTEGATE SOLENOID "A" LOW **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

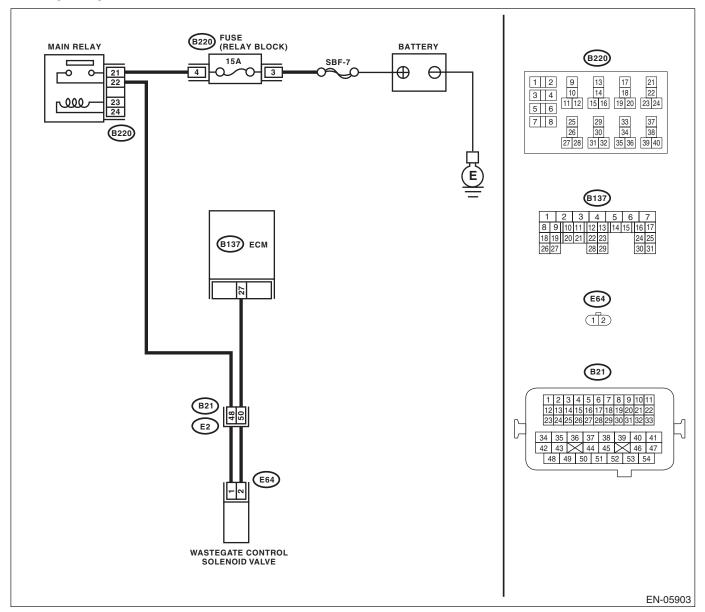
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-100, DTC P0245 TURBO/SUPER CHARGER</li> WASTEGATE SOLENOID "A" LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



				(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve. 3) Measure the resistance between wastegate control solenoid valve connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E64) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair ground short circuit of harness between ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve con- nector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 27 — (E64) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLE-NOID VALVE.  1) Remove the wastegate control solenoid valve.  2) Measure the resistance between wastegate control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 10 — 100 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the waste- gate control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between wastegate control solenoid valve and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E64) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair poor contact in wastegate control solenoid valve connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between main relay connector and wastegate control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector  Poor contact of main relay connector

# Brought to you by Eris Studios AR:DTC P0246 TURBO/SUPER CHARGER WASTEGATE SOLENOID "A" HIGH **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

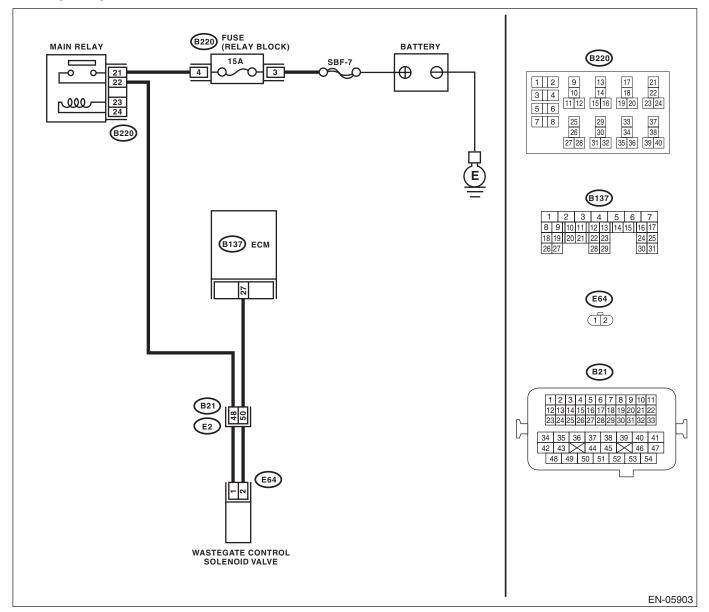
- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-102, DTC P0246 TURBO/SUPER CHARGER</li> WASTEGATE SOLENOID "A" HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No.			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and wastegate control solenoid valve. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair short circuit to power in the har- ness between ECM and wastegate con- trol solenoid valve connector.	·
2	CHECK WASTEGATE CONTROL SOLE-NOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance between wastegate control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the waste- gate control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-41, Wastegate Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>	contact of the ECM

#### AS:DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-172, DTC P0304 CYLIN-DER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

#### AT:DTC P0302 CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-172, DTC P0304 CYLIN-DER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

#### **AU:DTC P0303 CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED**

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0304. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-172, DTC P0304 CYLIN-DER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

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**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

#### **AV:DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

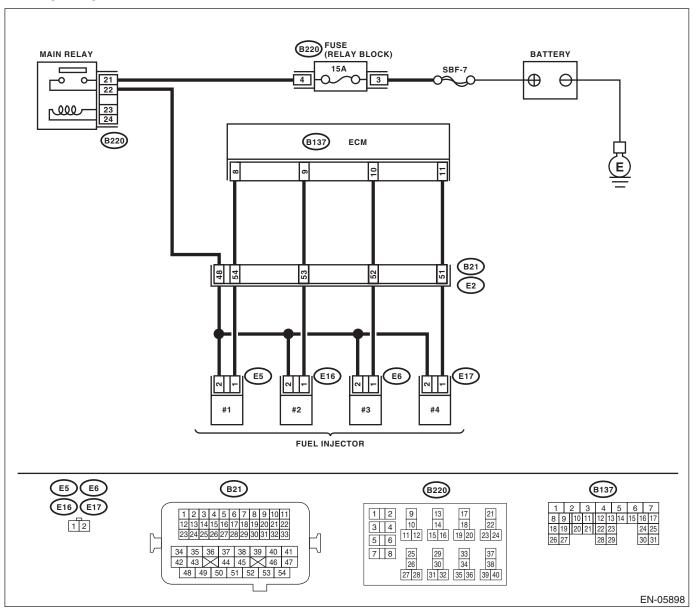
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- Immediately at fault recognition (A misfire which could damage catalyst occurs.)
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-110, DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling
- Rough driving

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



		ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between the ECM and chassis ground for faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B137) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 2.
FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.  3) Measure the resistance between the fuel injector connector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground:  #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground:  #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground:  #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between the ECM and fuel injector on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 8 — (E5) No. 1:  #2 (B137) No. 9 — (E16) No. 1:  #3 (B137) No. 10 — (E6) No. 1:  #4 (B137) No. 11 — (E17) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
	Is the resistance between 5 — $20 \Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 35, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of all connectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between the main relay connector and fuel injector connector or faulty cylinders  Poor contact or coupling connector  Poor contact or main relay connector

	IE (DIAGNOSTICS)			No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between the ECM and chassis ground for faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  #2 (B137) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  #3 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.	Go to step 7.
7	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 35, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor or crankshaft position sensor.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK CRANK SPROCKET. Remove the timing belt cover.	Is the crank sprocket rusted or does it have damaged teeth?	Replace the crank sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-62, Crank Sprocket.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT.  Turn the crankshaft, and align alignment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block.  ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair the installa- tion condition of timing belt. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-51, Timing Belt.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK FUEL LEVEL.	Is the fuel meter indication higher than the "Lower" level?	Go to step 12.	Replenish fuel so that fuel meter indi- cation is higher than the "Lower" level. After replenishing fuel, Go to step 12.
12	CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT.  1) Clear the memory using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, Clear Memory Mode.&gt; 2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle 10 minutes or more.</ref.>	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate or blink?	Go to step 14.	Go to step 13.

			ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE.	Was the cause of misfire identified when the engine is running?	operation, if the engine has no abnormality.	Repair the poor contact of connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Poor contact or ignition coil connector • Poor contact or fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact or connector on contact or connector on contact or connector connector connector on contact or coupling connector
14	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Is there any fault in air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.  NOTE: Check the following items.  • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts?  • Are there cracks or any disconnection of hoses?	
15	CHECK MISFIRE SYMPTOM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Read the DTC.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Go to step 20.	Go to step 16.
16	CHECK DTC.	Are DTCs P0301 and P0302 displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool?	Go to step 21.	Go to step 17.
17	CHECK DTC.	Are DTCs P0303 and P0304 displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool?	Go to step 22.	Go to step 18.
18	CHECK DTC.	Are DTCs P0301 and P0303 displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool?	Go to step 23.	Go to step 19.
19	CHECK DTC.	Are DTCs P0302 and P0304 displayed on the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool?	Go to step 24.	Go to step 25.

	Ctor-	Charle	Vac	No
20	Step ONLY ONE CYLINDER.	Check  Is there any fault in the cylin-	Yes Repair or replace	Go to DTC P0171.
	ONET ONE OTEMBEN.	der?	faulty parts.  NOTE: Check the following items.  Spark plug Spark plug cord Fuel injector Compression ratio	<ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag)</ref.>
:1	GROUP OF #1 AND #2 CYLINDERS.	Are there any faults in #1 and #2 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts.  NOTE:  Check the following items.  Spark plug  Fuel injector  Ignition coil  Compression ratio  If any fault are not found, check the "IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #1 and #2 cylinders side.  Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-76, IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM, Diagnostics for Engine Starting Failure.>	Go to DTC P0171. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag)</ref.>
22	GROUP OF #3 AND #4 CYLINDERS.	Are there any faults in #3 and #4 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts.  NOTE: Check the following items. Spark plug Fuel injector Ignition coil Compression ratio If any fault are not found, check the "IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM" of #3 and #4 cylinders side. <ref. control="" diagnostics="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-76,="" engine="" for="" ignition="" starting<="" system,="" td="" to=""><td>SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</td></ref.>	SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).>

	Diagnostic Procedure	with Diagnostic Troul	ole Code (DT ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS)
	Step	Check	Yes	No
23	GROUP OF #1 AND #3 CYLINDERS.	Are there any faults in #1 and #3 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts.  NOTE: Check the following items. Spark plug Fuel injector Compression ratio Skipping timing belt teeth	Go to DTC P0171. <ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" -149,="" 1),="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" lean="" p0171="" procedure="" system="" to="" too="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>
24	GROUP OF #2 AND #4 CYLINDERS.	Are there any faults in #2 and #4 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts.  NOTE: Check the following items.  Spark plug Fuel injector Compression ratio Skipping timing belt teeth	SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code
25	CYLINDER AT RANDOM.	Is the engine idle rough?	Go to DTC P0171. <ref. (bank="" (dtc).="" -149,="" 1),="" code="" diagnostic="" dtc="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" lean="" p0171="" procedure="" system="" to="" too="" trouble="" with=""></ref.>	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the following items. • Spark plug • Fuel injector • Compression ratio

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# AW:DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

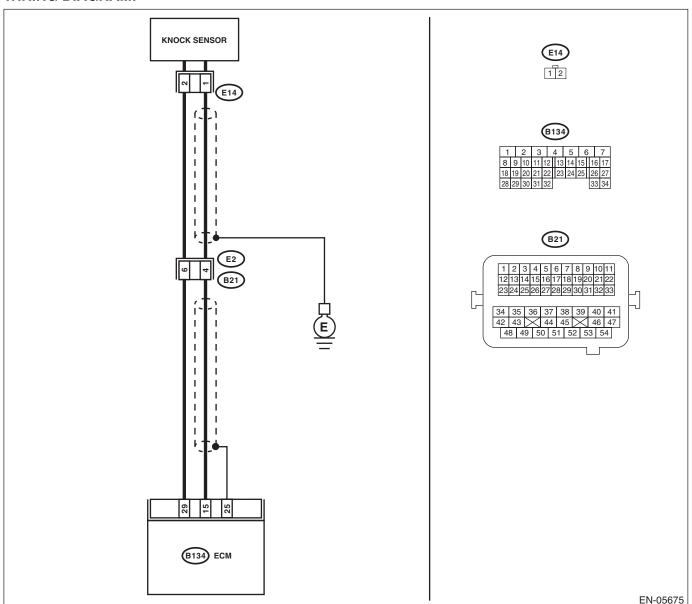
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-111, DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step Check Yes No			
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND KNOCK SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 15 — (B134) No. 29:	Check Is the resistance 600 kΩ or more?	Yes Go to step 2.	No Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.
	CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.  1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor.  2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance 600 $k\Omega$ or more?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-31, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item:  Open circuit ir harness between ECM and knock sensor connector  Poor contact oknock sensor connector  Poor contact ocupling connector

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# AX:DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

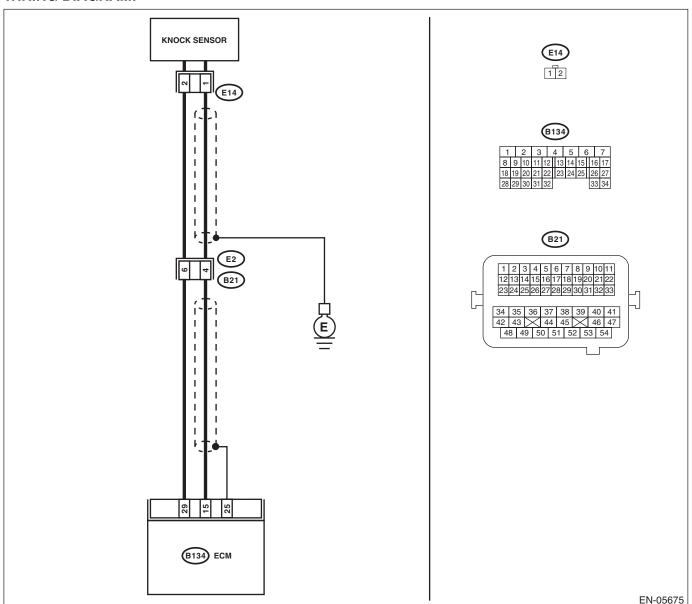
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-113, DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure w	vith Diagnostic Trou		C) Srought O
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND KNOCK SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM 3) Measure the resistance between ECM conectors.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 15 — (B134) No. 29:	I	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.  1) Disconnect the connector from knock sensor.  2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connectors.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 500 k $\Omega$ ?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-31, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between the ECM and knock sensor connector.  NOTE: The harness between both connectors are shielded Remove the shield and repair the shor circuit of the harness circuit.
CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-)	Is the voltage 2 V or more?	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.	tact of the ECM connector.

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#### **AY:DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

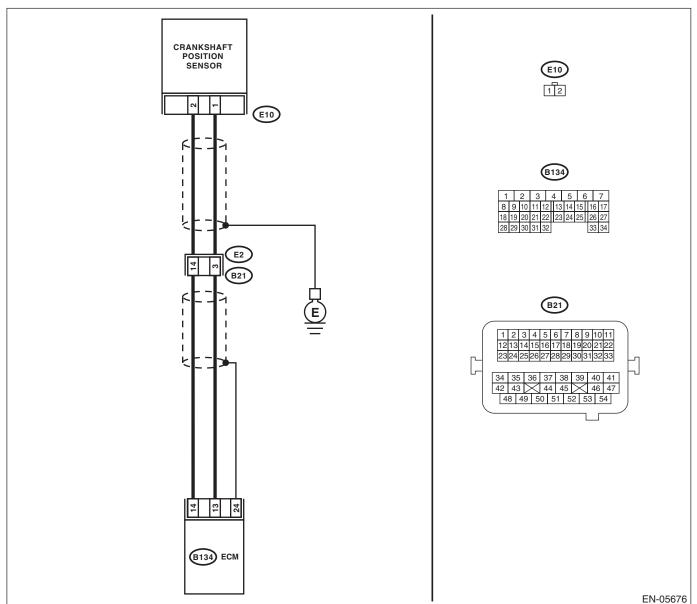
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-115, DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR</li>
   "A" CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- · Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



				(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR.	Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 2.	Tighten the crank- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the crankshaft position sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between terminals of crankshaft position sensor.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance between 1 — 4 k $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Replace the crank- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-29, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CRANK SHAFT POSITION SENSOR.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between the ECM and crankshaft position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 13 — (E10) No. 1:  (B134) No. 14 — (E10) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM and crankshaft position sensor connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and crankshaft position sensor connector  Poor contact of coupling connector

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## AZ:DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

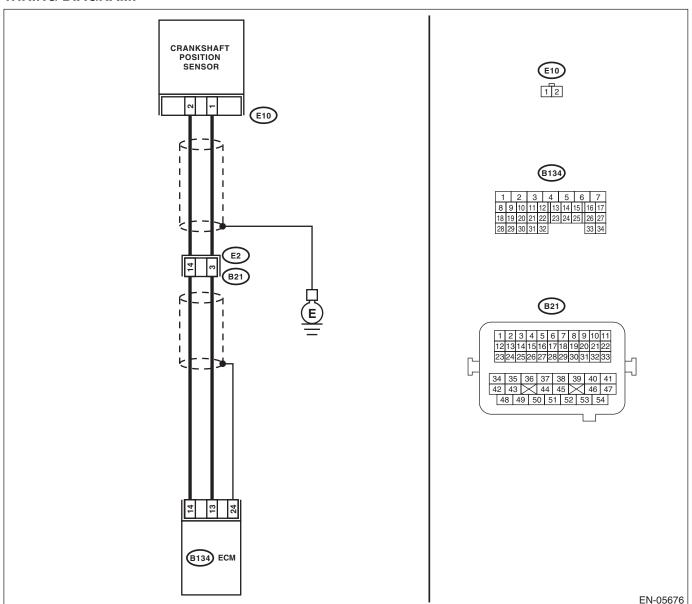
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-117, DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troub	•	C) No. No.
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR. Turn the ignition switch to OFF.	Is the crankshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 2.	Tighten the crank- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely.
2	CHECK CRANK SPROCKET. Remove the timing belt cover.	Are crank sprocket teeth cracked or damaged?	Replace the crank sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-62, Crank Sprocket.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT.  Turn the crankshaft, and align alignment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block.	Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair the installation condition of timing belt. <ref. belt.="" me(h4dotc)-51,="" timing="" to=""></ref.>	Replace the crank- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-29, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

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## BA:DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

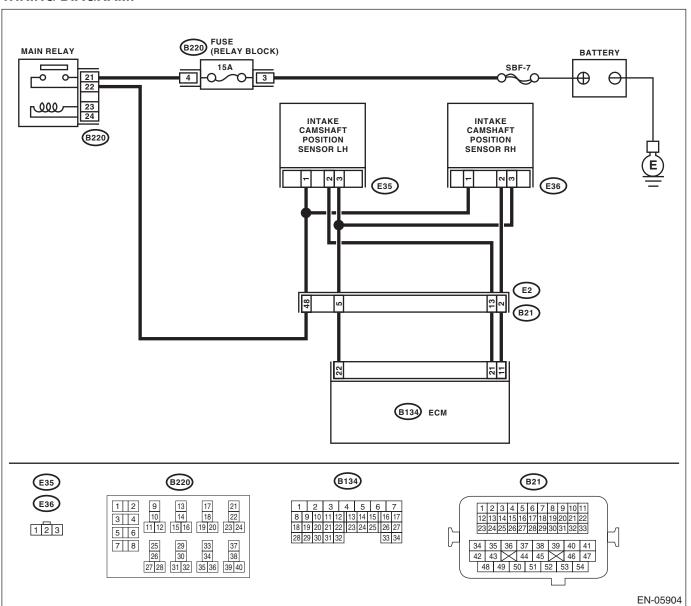
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-119, DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the camshaft position sensor.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E36) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between main relay connector and camshaft position sensor connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between the ECM and camshaft position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal (B134) No. 11 — (E36) No. 2: (B134) No. 22 — (E36) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and camshaft position sensor connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E36) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and camshaft position sensor connector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E36) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short cir- cuit to power in the harness between ECM and camshaft position sensor connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 6.	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely.
	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check the waveform of the camshaft position sensor. <ref. (ecm)="" control="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-17,="" engine="" i="" module="" o="" signal.="" to=""></ref.>	Is there any abnormality in waveform?	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-30, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the following item.  Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of camshaft position sensor connector Poor contact of coupling connector

# Brought to you by Eris Studios **BB:DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 2)**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

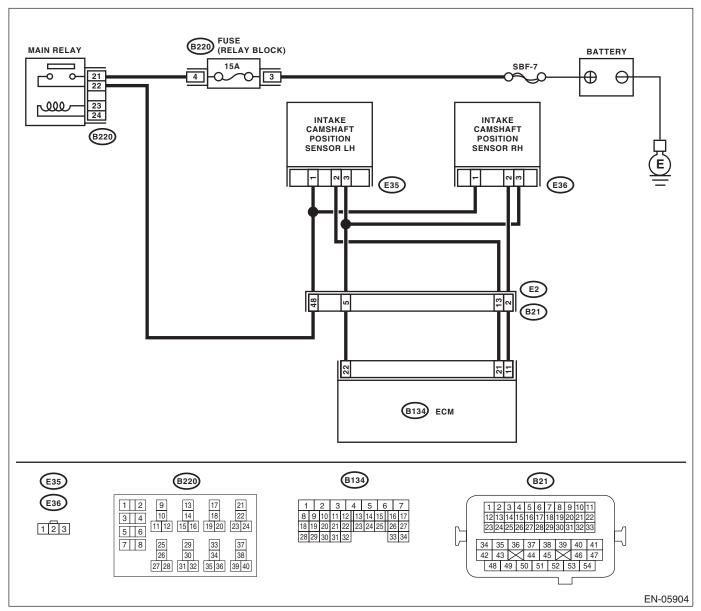
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-121, DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR</li> "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- · Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



		ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the camshaft position sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E35) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Check Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Yes Go to step 2.	No Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between main relay connector and camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between the ECM and camshaft position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 21 — (E35) No. 2:  (B134) No. 22 — (E35) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	coupling connector Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E35) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and camshaft position sensor connector.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E35) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and camshaft position sensor connector.	Go to step 5.
CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 6.	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely.
CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check the waveform of the camshaft position sensor. <ref. (ecm)="" control="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-17,="" engine="" i="" module="" o="" signal.="" to=""></ref.>	Is there any abnormality in waveform?	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-30, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the following item.  Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of camshaft position sensor connector Poor contact of coupling connector

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**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

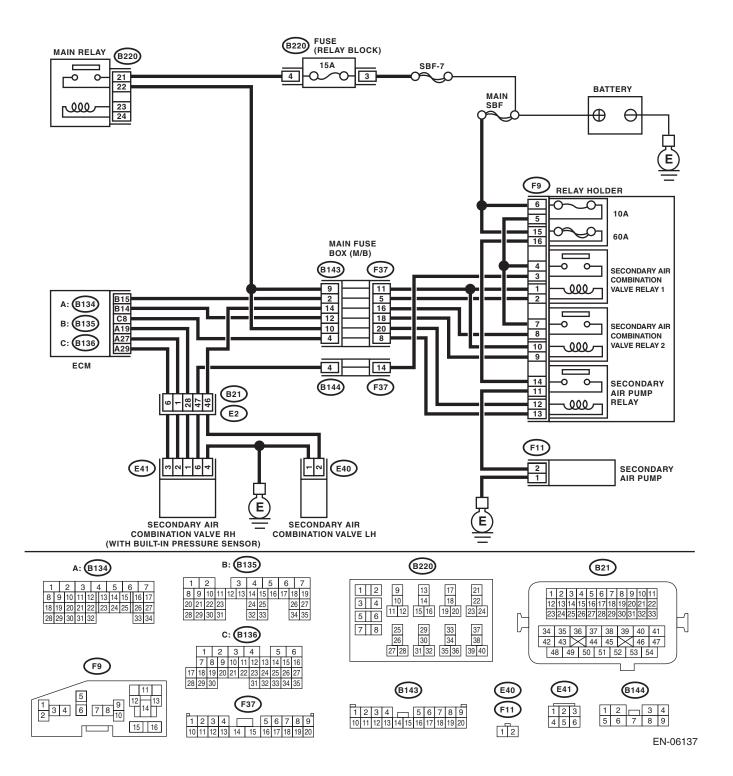
#### **BC:DTC P0410 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-122, DTC P0410 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



1	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK SECONDARY AIR PUMP FUSE.  Check if the secondary air pump fuse (60 A) is blown out.	Is the fuse blown out?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUSE BOX AND SECONDARY AIR PUMP.  1) Remove the secondary air pump fuse from the fuse box.  2) Disconnect the secondary air pump con- nector.  3) Measure the resistance between the sec- ondary air pump fuse and secondary air pump connector, and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (F9) No. 16 — Chassis ground: (F11) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Replace the fuse with a new part, and connect the secondary air pump connector. Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between fuse box and the secondary air pump connector.
3	CHECK SECONDARY AIR PUMP OPERATION.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Perform the Clear Memory Mode.  4) Perform operation check for the secondary air pump using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  Refer to "Clear Memory Mode" <ref. clear="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-55,="" memory="" mode.="" to=""> and "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""> for more operation procedures.  • The compulsory operation using the Subaru Select Monitor is performed only for 5 seconds in order to protect the secondary air pump. When operating again, perform the Clear Memory Mode.</ref.></ref.>		Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
l	CHECK DUCT BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR PUMP AND COMBINATION VALVE. Check the duct between the secondary air pump and combination valve.	Is there damage, clog or dis- connection of the duct?	Replace, clean or connect the duct.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina tion valve RH. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)- 24, Secondary Air Combination Valve.&gt;</ref. 
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SECONDARY AIR PUMP.  1) Perform the Clear Memory Mode. 2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect the secondary air pump connector. 4) In the condition of step 3, measure the voltage between the secondary air pump connector and the chassis ground.  NOTE: For detailed procedures, refer to "Clear Memory Mode". <ref. clear="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-55,="" memory="" mode.="" to="">  Connector &amp; terminal  (F11) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</ref.>		Replace the sec- ondary air pump. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-23, Secondary Air Pump.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 6.

	Diagnostic Procedure wit	Diagnostic Troub		E (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY AND SECONDARY AIR PUMP CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the secondary air pump relay. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between secondary air pump relay connector and secondary air pump connector.  Connector & terminal  (F9) No. 11 — (F11) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 7.	Repair the open circuit in harness between secondary air pump relay connector and secondary air pump connector.
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR PUMP CONNECTOR AND CHASSIS GROUND.  Measure the resistance of the harness between secondary air pump connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (F11) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between sec- ondary air pump connector and chassis ground.
8	CHECK SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY.  1) Connect the battery to terminals No. 12 and No. 13 of the secondary air pump relay.  2) Measure the resistance between secondary air pump relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 14 — No. 11:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Replace the sec- ondary air pump relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag -8, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
9	CHECK SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY POWER SOURCE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between the secondary air pump relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (F9) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (F9) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 10.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
10	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector of ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and secondary air pump relay connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 8 — (F9) No. 13:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Repair the oper circuit in harness be tween ECM connector and secondary air pump relay connector. • Poor contact or coupling connector.

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

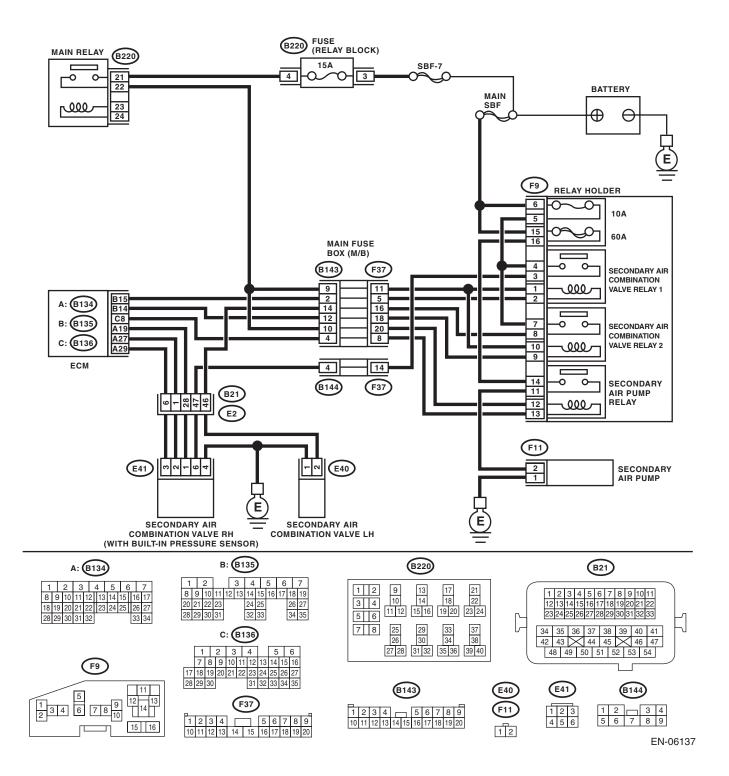
## Brought to you by Eris Studios **BD:DTC P0411 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM INCORRECT FLOW** DETECTED

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-132, DTC P0411 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYS-TEM INCORRECT FLOW DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGI	Diagnostic Procedure with NE (DIAGNOSTICS)	th Diagnostic Troub	ole Code (DT	NOT YOU BY	Stis Studio
	Step	Check	Yes	No	1.6 A10
1	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE. Inspection of the pipe between the secondary air combination valve and cylinder head.	Is there damage or disconnection of the pipe?	Replace the pipe between second- ary air combination valve and cylinder head.	Go to step 2.	
2	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE.  Race the engine at 2,000 rpm to check whether or not the exhaust leak is heard.	Is there any exhaust leak?	Replace the pipe between second- ary air combination valve and cylinder head.	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

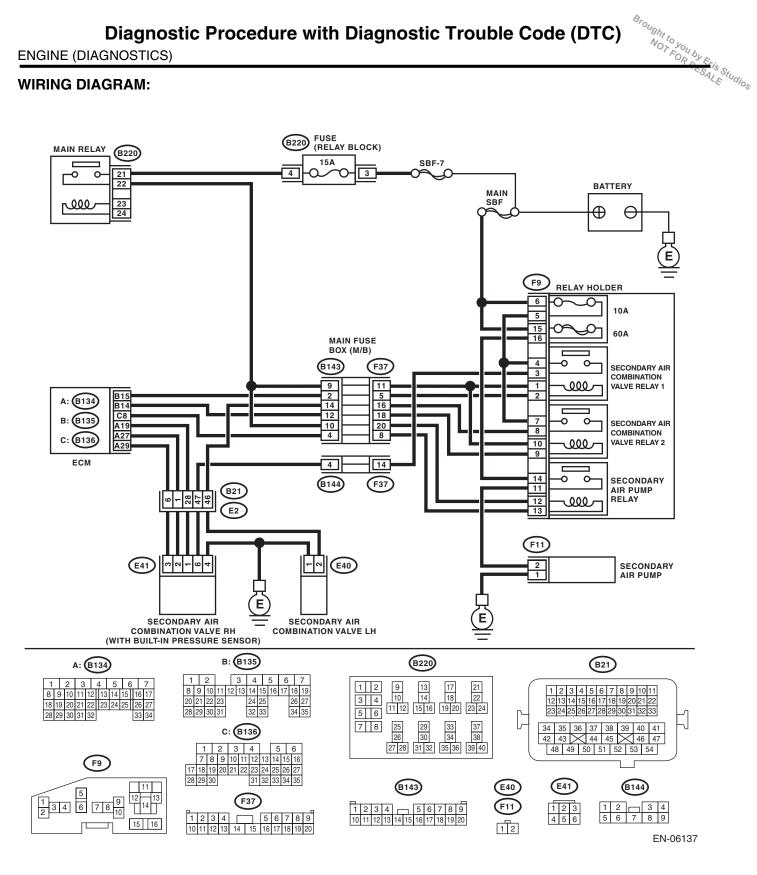
## BE:DTC P0413 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "A" CIRCUIT OPEN

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-133, DTC P0413 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "A" CIRCUIT OPEN, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 15 — (F9) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 15 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector.

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

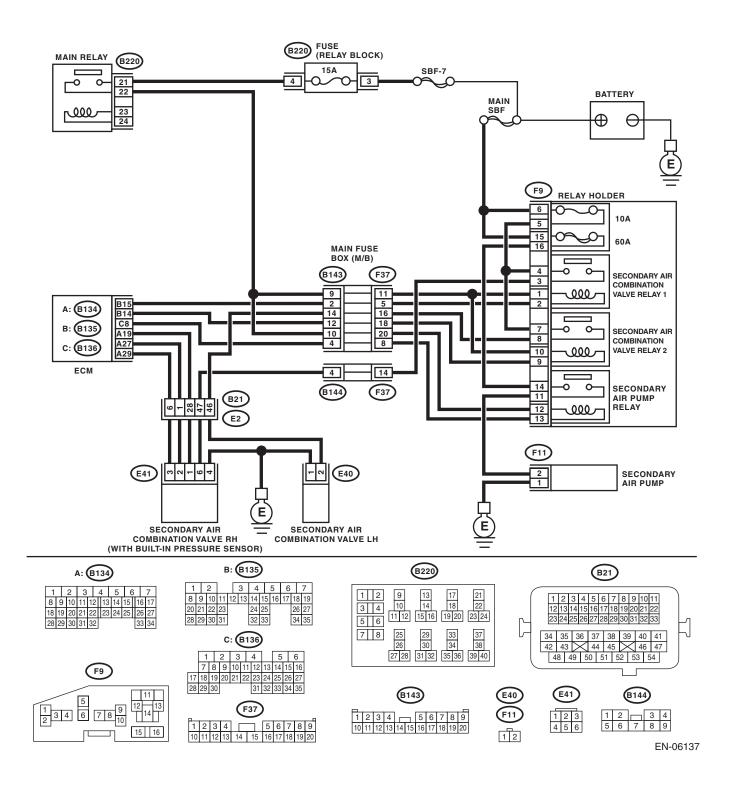
## BF:DTC P0414 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "A" CIRCUIT SHORTED

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-134, DTC P0414 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "A" CIRCUIT SHORTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGI	Diagnostic Procedure wi	th Diagnostic Troul	ble Code (DT	C) Brought to NOT FOR DESAL	is Studi
1	Step  CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and	Check Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Yes  Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector.	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	
	chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-):		nector.		

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

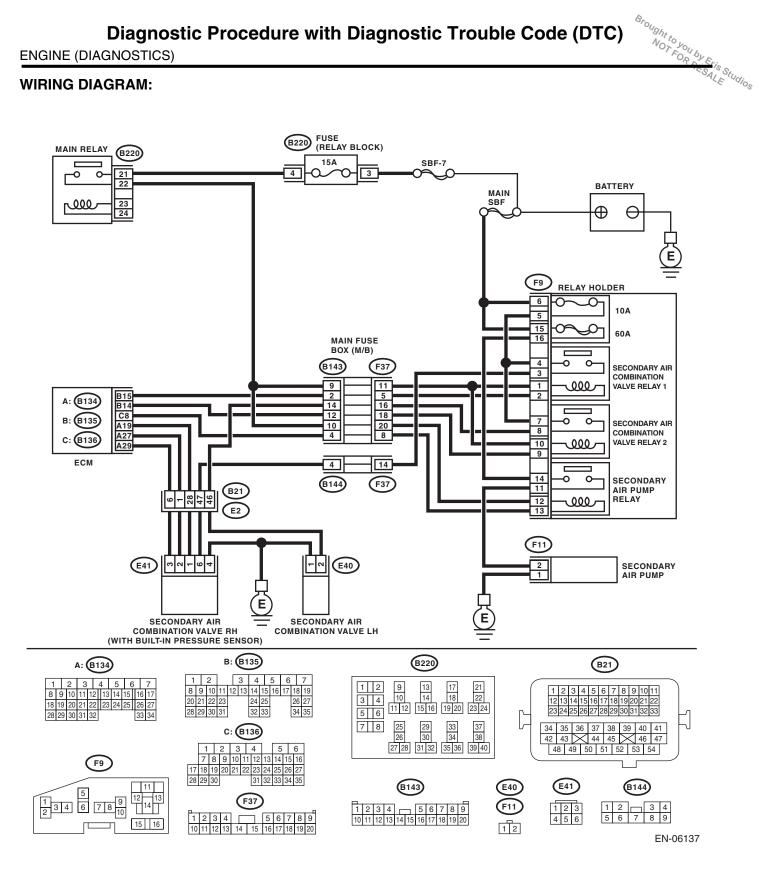
## BG:DTC P0416 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "B" CIRCUIT OPEN

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-135, DTC P0416 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "B" CIRCUIT OPEN, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step Check Yes No			
Step	Check	Yes		
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 2. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 2.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 14 — (F9) No. 9:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 2 connector  Poor contact of coupling connector	
	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	tion indicator light illuminates, the cir-	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 2 connector.	

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

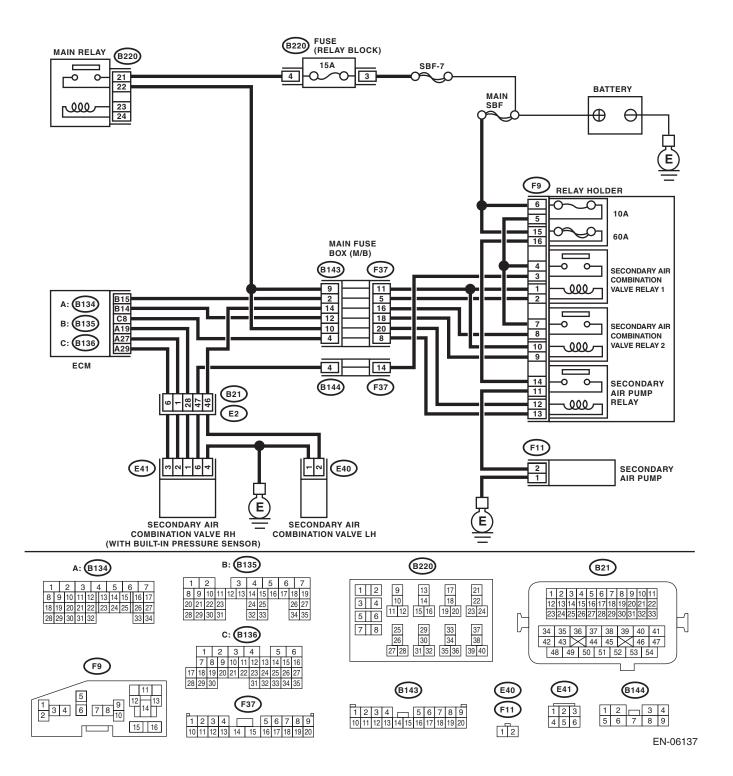
## BH:DTC P0417 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "B" CIRCUIT SHORTED

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-135, DTC P0417 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE "B" CIRCUIT SHORTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGI	Diagnostic Procedure wi	th Diagnostic Troul	ble Code (DT	C) Brought to you by Est	is Studi
1	Step CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Check Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Yes Repair the short	No Repair the poor	
1	SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2.	is the voltage to v of more:	circuit to power in	contact of the ECM connector.	
	Turn the ignition switch to OFF.		ECM and second-	Commodion.	
	<ol><li>Disconnect the connector from ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 2.</li></ol>		ary air combination valve relay 2 con-		
	<ol><li>Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.</li></ol>		nector.		
	Connector & terminal				
	(B135) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (–):				

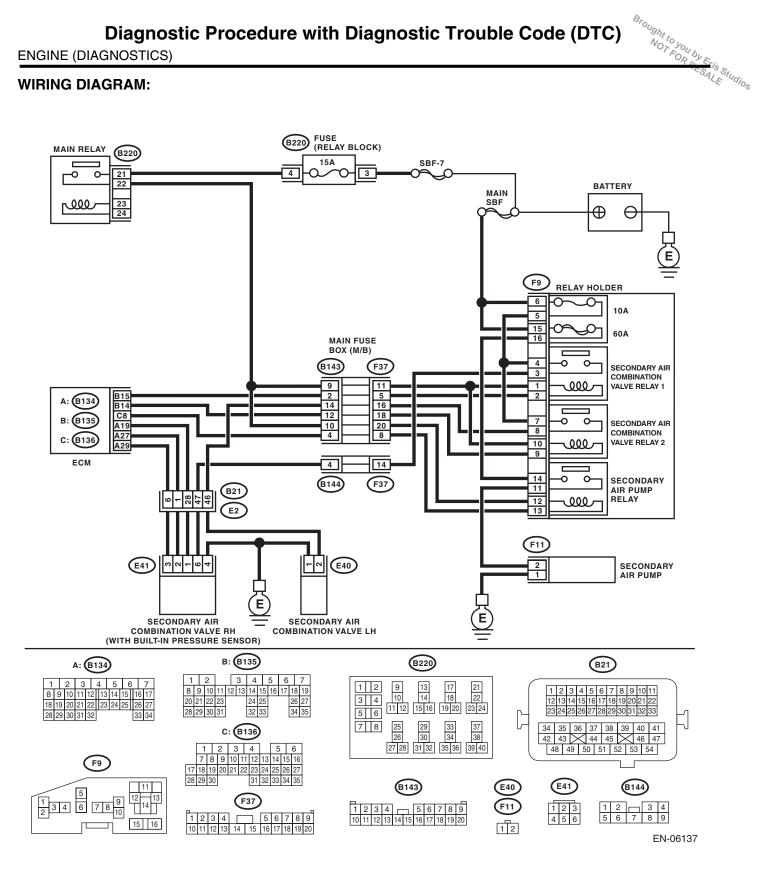
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## BI: DTC P0418 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM CONTROL "A" CIRCUIT DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-136, DTC P0418 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM CONTROL "A" CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and secondary air pump relay.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and secondary air pump relay connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 8 — (F9) No. 13:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and secondary air pump relay connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 8 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and second- ary air pump relay connector.

## Brought to you by Eris Studios BJ:DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1)

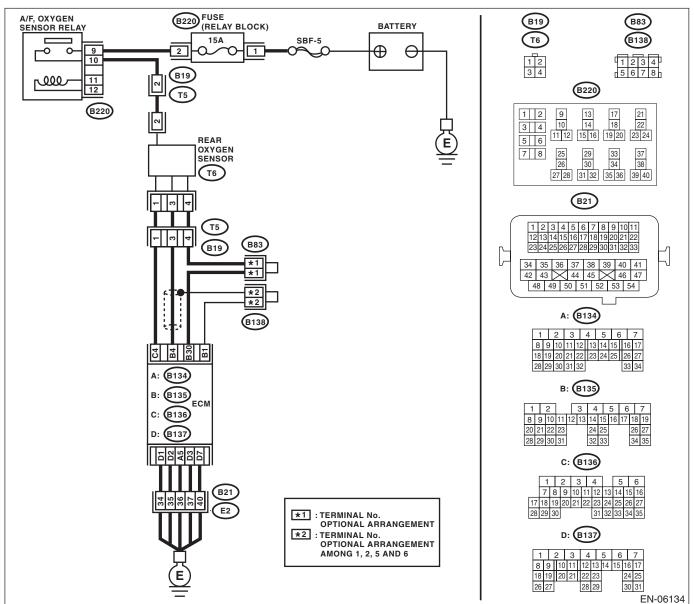
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-137, DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Idle mixture is out of specifications.

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes.  NOTE: Check the following positions.  • Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe  • Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter  • Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter  • Loose or improperly attached front oxygen (A/F) sensor or rear oxygen sensor  CHECK WAVEFORM DATA ON THE SUBA-RU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE DRIVING).  1) Drive at a constant speed between 80— 112 km/h (50—70 MPH).  2) After 5 minutes have elapsed in the condition of step 1), use the Subaru Select Monitor	Check Is there any fault in exhaust system?  Is a normal waveform displayed?	Yes  Repair or replace the exhaust system. <ref. description.="" ex(h4dotc)-2,="" general="" to="">  Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to</ref.>	No Go to step 2.
CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM. Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes. NOTE: Check the following positions. • Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe • Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter • Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter • Loose or improperly attached front oxygen (A/F) sensor or rear oxygen sensor  CHECK WAVEFORM DATA ON THE SUBA-RU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE DRIVING).  1) Drive at a constant speed between 80— 112 km/h (50—70 MPH). 2) After 5 minutes have elapsed in the condition of step 1), use the Subaru Select Monitor	Is there any fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace the exhaust system. <ref. description.="" ex(h4dotc)-2,="" general="" to="">  Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the cir-</ref.>	Go to step 2.
Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes.  NOTE: Check the following positions.  • Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe  • Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter  • Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter  • Loose or improperly attached front oxygen (A/F) sensor or rear oxygen sensor  CHECK WAVEFORM DATA ON THE SUBARU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE DRIVING).  1) Drive at a constant speed between 80—  112 km/h (50—70 MPH).  2) After 5 minutes have elapsed in the condition of step 1), use the Subaru Select Monitor	system?	the exhaust system. <ref. description.="" ex(h4dotc)-2,="" general="" to="">  Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the cir-</ref.>	
CHECK WAVEFORM DATA ON THE SUBA- RU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE DRIVING).  1) Drive at a constant speed between 80 — 112 km/h (50 — 70 MPH).  2) After 5 minutes have elapsed in the condition of step 1), use the Subaru Select Monitor		tion indicator light illuminates, the cir-	Go to step 3.
RU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE DRIVING).  1) Drive at a constant speed between 80 — 112 km/h (50 — 70 MPH).  2) After 5 minutes have elapsed in the condition of step 1), use the Subaru Select Monitor		tion indicator light illuminates, the cir-	Go to step 3.
A/F LAMBDA 1  RrO2 SENSOR  A/F LAMBDA 1		a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, temporary poor contact of connector may be the cause.	

E (DIAGNOSTICS)	with Diagnostic Troub		No
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK WAVEFORM DATA ON THE SUB RU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE IDLING).  1) Run the engine at idle.  2) In the condition of step 1), use the Subal Select Monitor to read the waveform data.	played?	Go to step 4.	Go to step 5.
RrO2 SENSOR			
RrO2 SENSOR			
EN-048	96		
CHECK CATALYTIC CONVERTER.	Is the catalytic converter damaged?	Replace the catalytic converter. <ref. catalytic="" converter.="" ec(h4dotc)-5,="" front="" to=""></ref.>	Go to step 5.
CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNE TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 6.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.  3) Measure the resistance of harness betwee ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 4 — (T6) No. 3:  (B135) No. 30 — (T6) No. 4:		Go to step 7.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: Repair the following locations.  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector  Poor contact of

 ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (T6) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Go to step 8.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: Repair the following locations. • Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact in ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
<ol> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SHIELD.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Expose the rear oxygen sensor connector body side harness sensor shield.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between the sensor shield and chassis ground.</li> </ol>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the open circuit in the rear oxygen sensor harness.

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

## BK:DTC P0441 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM INCORRECT PURGE FLOW DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-139, DTC P0441 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM INCORRECT PURGE FLOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK PURGE LINE OF THE PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.		Repair or replace the purge line of purge control sole- noid valve 2.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Operate the purge control solenoid valve 2 using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve 2 can be operated using the Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>		Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve 2. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

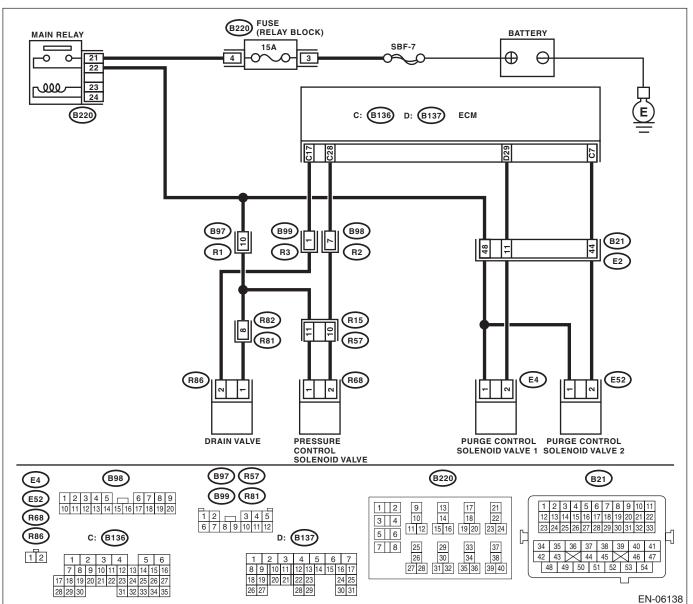
## BL:DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK)

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-140, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	NE (DIAGNOSTICS)			No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Check the fuel filler cap.  NOTE:  The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain has caught while tightening.	Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Go to step 2.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap genuine?	Go to step 3.	Replace with a genuine fuel filler cap.
3	CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE GASKET.	Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-59, Fuel Filler Pipe.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK DRAIN VALVE.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Operate the drain valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  Drain valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the drain valve operate?	Go to step 5.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-21, Drain Valve.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Operate the purge control solenoid valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the purge control sole- noid valve operate?	Go to step 6.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Operate the pressure control solenoid valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  The pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using the Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the pressure control sole- noid valve operate?	Go to step 7.	Replace the pressure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-18, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
7	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the delivery (test) mode connector.	Is there any hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. on evaporation line?	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-71, Fuel Delivery, Return and Evapo- ration Lines.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 8.

Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
8 CHE	CK CANISTER.	Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the canister. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)-7, Canister.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 9.
Rem	CCK FUEL TANK. nove the fuel tank. <ref. fu(h4dotc)-<br="" to="">Fuel Tank.&gt;</ref.>	Is the fuel tank damaged or is there any hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 52, Fuel Tank.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 10.
BLE	CK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROU- IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- DL SYSTEM.	Is there any hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia., crack, clogging, or disconnections, bend, misconnection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.

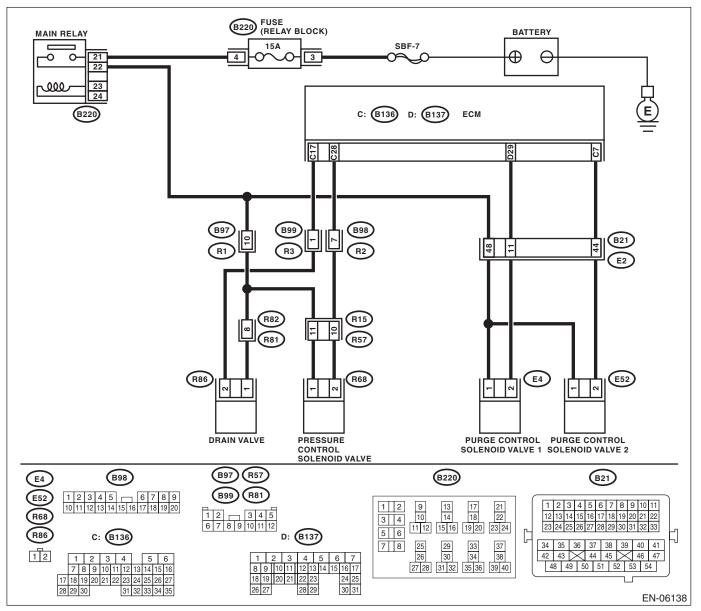
## Brought to you by Eris Studios BM:DTC P0447 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT OPEN

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-156, DTC P0447 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON-TROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT OPEN, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



		ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND DRAIN VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and drain valve.  3) Measure the resistance between the drain valve connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R86) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and drain valve connector.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND DRAIN VALVE.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and drain valve connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 17 — (R86) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and drain valve connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
CHECK DRAIN VALVE.  Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 10 — 100 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-21, Drain Valve.&gt;</ref.>
CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO DRAIN VALVE  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between drain valve and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R86) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	E. Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of drain valve connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between main relay connector and drain valve connector  Poor contact or coupling connector  Poor contact or main relay connector

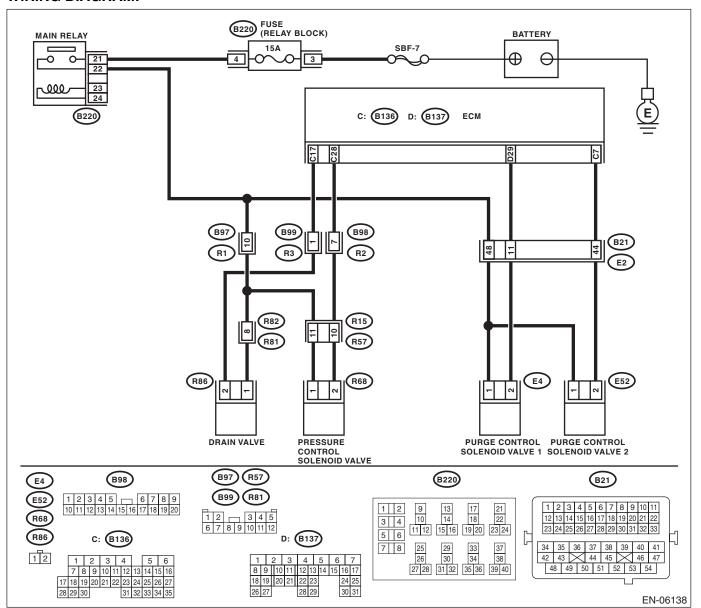
## Brought to you by Eris Studios **BN:DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL** CIRCUIT SHORTED

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-158, DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON-TROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND DRAIN VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and drain valve.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and drain valve connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK DRAIN VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance between drain valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-21, Drain Valve.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.

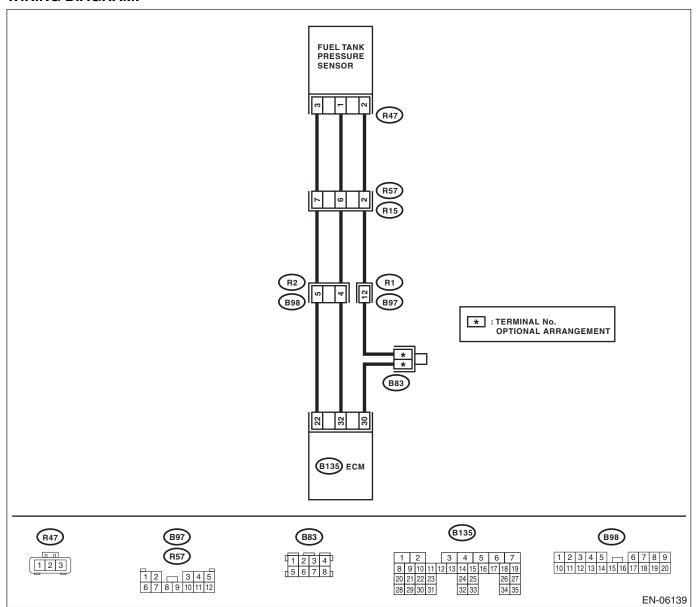
## Brought to you by Eris Studios **BO:DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-160, DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON-TROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check Yes No			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Open the fuel flap.	Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Go to step 2.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
CHECK PRESSURE VACUUM LINE.  NOTE: Check the following items.  • Disconnection, leakage and clogging of the vacuum hoses and pipes between fuel tank pressure sensor and fuel tank  • Disconnection, leakage and clogging of air ventilation hoses and pipes between fuel filler pipe and fuel tank		Repair or replace the hoses and pipes.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-17, Fuel Tank Pres- sure Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

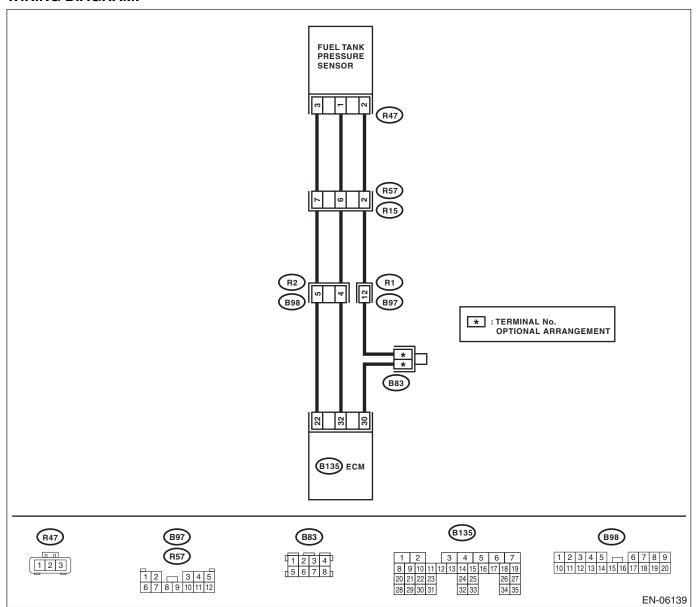
## Brought to you by Eris Studios **BP:DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE** SENSOR LOW INPUT

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-162, DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON-TROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	Is the measured value less than –7.45 kPa (–55.89 mmHg, –2.2003 inHg) ?		Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there
	<ul> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>			may be a tempo- rary connector con- tact failure.
2	CHECK FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SOURCE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the fuel tank pressure sensor.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between the fuel tank pressure sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R47) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector  • Poor contact in ECM connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between the ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 32 — (R47) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 32 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact between the ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in the ECM or fuel tank pressure sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact in the ECM or fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-17, Fuel Tank Pres- sure Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

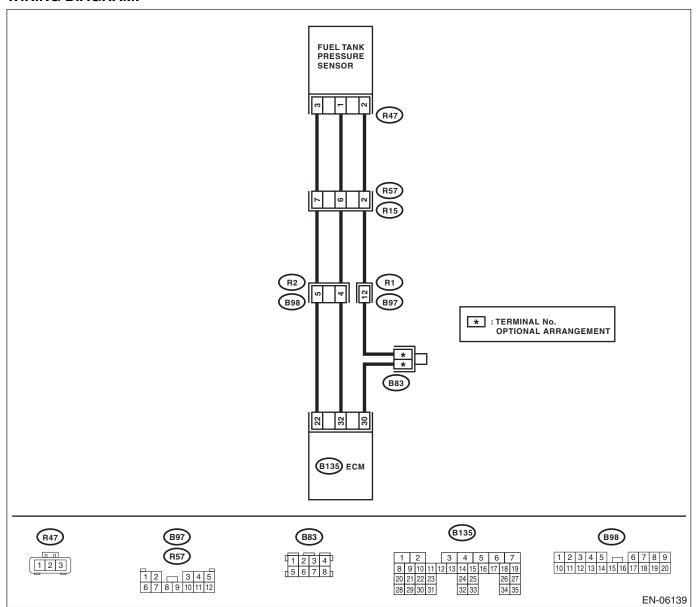
## Brought to you by Eris Studios **BQ:DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE** SENSOR HIGH INPUT

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-164, DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON-TROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	C) White Company of the Company of t
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the measured value 7.95 kPa (59.6 mmHg, 2.347 inHg) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the fuel tank pressure sensor. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of fuel tank pressure sensor signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the measured value 7.95 kPa (59.6 mmHg, 2.347 inHg) or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel tank pressure sensor connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (R47) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel tank pressure sensor connector Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor contact of the fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact in fuel tank pressure sensor connector.	Replace the fuel tank pressure sensor. <ref. ec(h4dotc)-17,="" fuel="" pres-<="" tank="" td="" to=""></ref.>

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## BR:DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK)

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

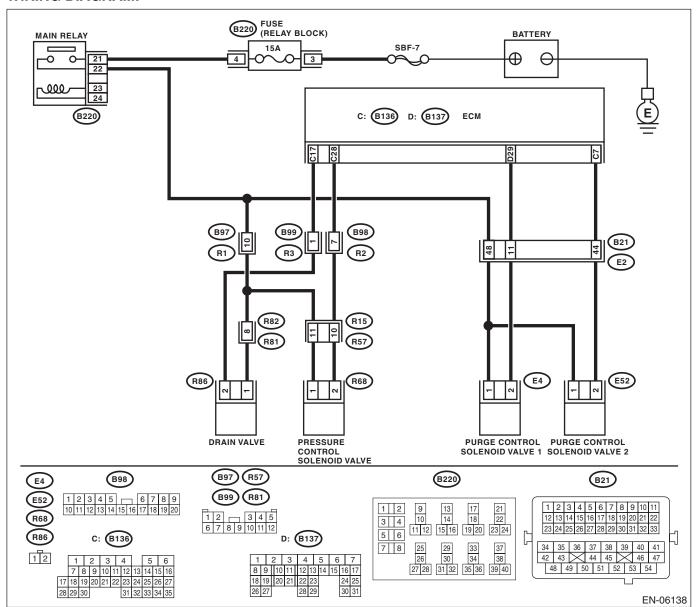
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-165, DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (VERY SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
I	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.	Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Go to step 2.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
	2) Check the fuel filler cap.  NOTE: The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain has caught while tightoning.			
<u> </u>	tightening.  CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap genuine?	Go to step 3.	Replace with a genuine fuel filler cap.
3	CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE GASKET.	Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-59, Fuel Filler Pipe.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 4.
	CHECK DRAIN VALVE.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Operate the drain valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  Drain valve can be operated using the Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>		Go to step 5.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-21, Drain Valve.&gt;</ref.>
	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Operate the purge control solenoid valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the purge control sole- noid valve operate?	Go to step 6.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Operate the pressure control solenoid valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  The pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using the Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>		Go to step 7.	Replace the pressure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-18, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
7	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the delivery (test) mode connector.	Is there any hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. on evaporation line?	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-71, Fuel Delivery, Return and Evapo- ration Lines.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 8.
ł	CHECK CANISTER.	Is the canister damaged or is there a hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the canister. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)-7, Canister.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 9.

ENGIN	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  NE (DIAGNOSTICS)			Tis Studios	
	Step	Check	Yes	No	LE GIOS
9	CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <ref. 52,="" fu(h4dotc)-="" fuel="" tank.="" to=""></ref.>	Is the fuel tank damaged or is there any hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. in it?	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 52, Fuel Tank.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 10.	
10	CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM.	Is there any hole of more than 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia., crack, clogging, or disconnections, bend, misconnection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	

## BS:DTC P0457 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF)

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

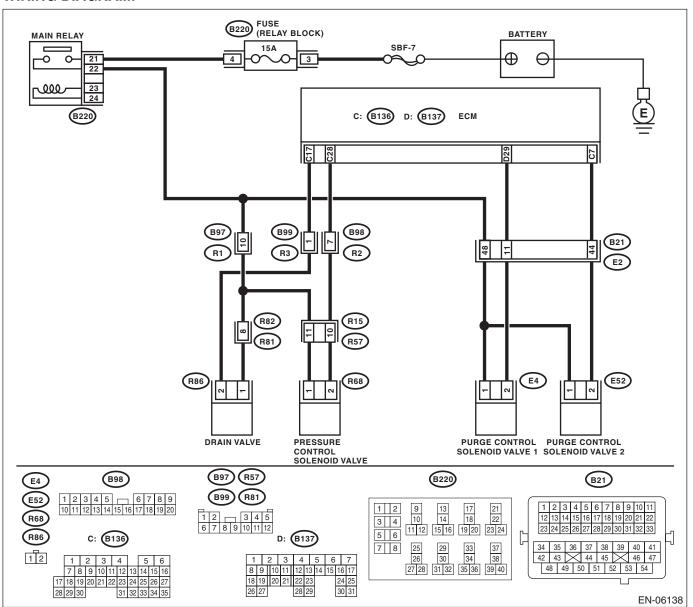
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-165, DTC P0457 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Fuel odor
- Fuel filler cap loose or lost

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



				'5'
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Check the fuel filler cap.  NOTE:  The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain has caught while tightening.	Is the fuel filler cap tightened securely?	Go to step 2.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
2	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap genuine?	Go to step 3.	Replace with a genuine fuel filler cap.
3	CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE GASKET.	Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-59, Fuel Filler Pipe.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 4.
1	CHECK DRAIN VALVE.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Operate the drain valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  Drain valve operation can be executed using the Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the drain valve operate?	Go to step 5.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-21, Drain Valve.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Operate the purge control solenoid valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  Purge control solenoid valve operation can be executed using Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the purge control sole- noid valve operate?	Go to step 6.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Operate the pressure control solenoid valve using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE:  The pressure control solenoid valve operation can be executed using the Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the pressure control sole- noid valve operate?	Go to step 7.	Replace the pressure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-18, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
7	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the delivery (test) mode connector.	Is there any disconnection, damage or clogging on the evaporation line?	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-71, Fuel Delivery, Return and Evapo- ration Lines.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 8.

	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK CANISTER.	Is the canister damaged?	Repair or replace the canister. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)-7, Canister.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <ref. 52,="" fu(h4dotc)-="" fuel="" tank.="" to=""></ref.>	Is the fuel tank damaged?	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 52, Fuel Tank.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROUBLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM.	Are there holes, cracks, clog- ging, or disconnections, mis- connection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.

## Brought to you by Eris Studios BT:DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

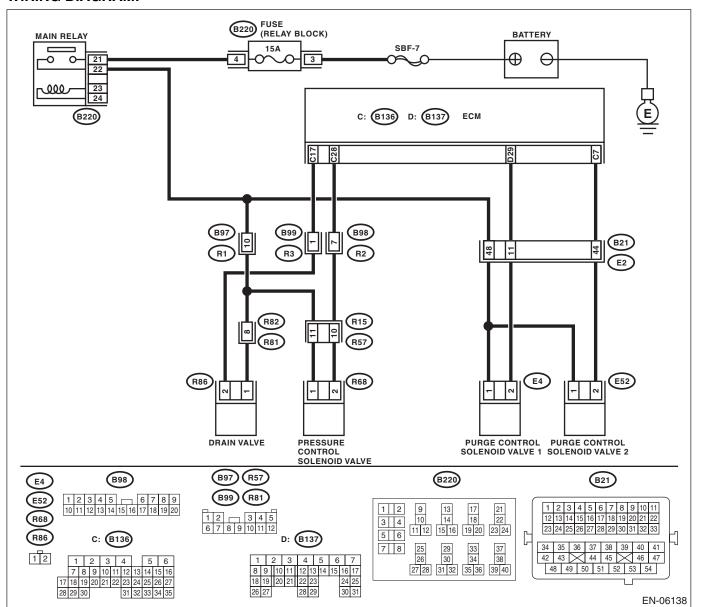
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-166, DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYS-TEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



			ENGINE	C) White Company of the Company of t
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1) - 2)   cha: <i>Co</i>	ECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. Turn the ignition switch to ON. Measure the voltage between ECM and ssis ground. connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2 CHE PUF 1) - 2)   pure 3)   conf	ECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND RGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Turn the ignition switch to OFF. Disconnect the connectors from ECM and ge control solenoid valve. Measure the resistance between the purge trol solenoid valve connector and engine	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector.
PUF Mea ECM Co	ECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND RGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. assure the resistance of harness between M and purge control solenoid valve. connector & terminal (B137) No. 29 — (E4) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
<b>VAL</b> 1)   2)   trol : <i>Te</i>	ECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID  LVE.  Remove the purge control solenoid valve.  Measure the resistance between purge consolenoid valve terminals.  erminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 10 — 100 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
1) - 1) - 2)   sole <i>Co</i>	ECK POWER SUPPLY TO PURGE CONDL SOLENOID VALVE. Turn the ignition switch to ON. Measure the voltage between purge control enoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E4) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of purge control solenoid valve connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between main relay connector and purge control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector  Poor contact of main relay connector

## Brought to you by Eris Studios **BU:DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH**

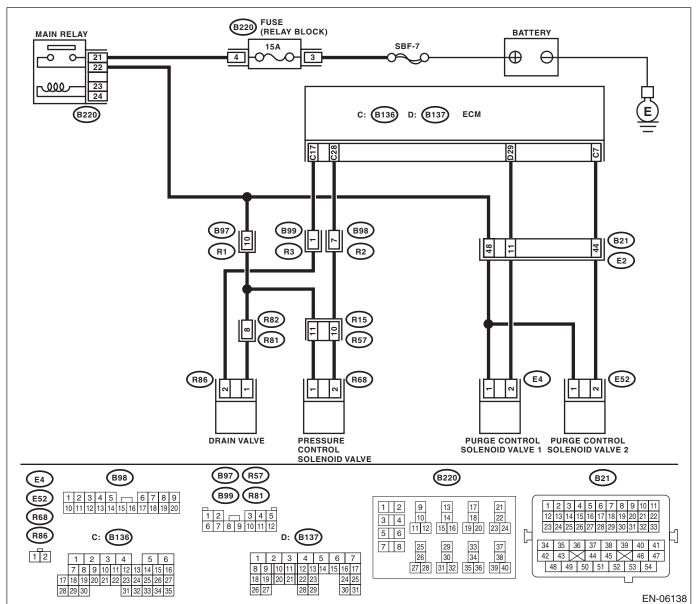
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-168, DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYS-TEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and purge control solenoid valve.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short cir- cuit to power in the harness between the ECM and purge control solenoid valve connector.	Go to step 2.
<ul> <li>CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

## Brought to NOT FOR SET IS Studios **BV:DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-170, DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT</li> RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE.** Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. -82,="" code<="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" th="" to="" trouble=""><th>Replace the fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-65, Fuel Level Sen-</ref.></th></ref.>	Replace the fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-65, Fuel Level Sen-</ref.>
			(= /	Sensor.>

#### **BW:DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW**

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0463. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-240, DTC P0463 FUEL LEV-EL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

#### **BX:DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-174, DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT</li> HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is DTC P0462 or P0463 dis-	Check the combi-	Even if the malfunc-
		played on the Subaru Select	nation meter. <ref.< th=""><th>tion indicator light</th></ref.<>	tion indicator light
		Monitor?	to IDI-7, CHECK	illuminates, the cir-
			FUEL LEVEL SEN-	cuit has returned to
			SOR., INSPEC-	a normal condition
			TION, Combination	at this time. Repro-
			Meter System.>	duce the fault condi-
				tion, and reperform
				the check.
1				NOTE:
1				In this case, there
				may be a tempo-
				rary connector con-
				tact failure.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

#### BY:DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-176, DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is DTC P0464 displayed on the	Check the combi-	Even if the malfunc-
		display?	nation meter. <ref.< th=""><th>tion indicator light</th></ref.<>	tion indicator light
			to IDI-7, CHECK	illuminates, the cir-
			FUEL LEVEL SEN-	cuit has returned to
			SOR., INSPEC-	a normal condition
			TION, Combination	at this time. Repro-
			Meter System.>	duce the fault condi-
				tion, and reperform
				the check.
				NOTE:
				In this case, there
				may be a tempo-
				rary connector con-
				tact failure.

#### **BZ:DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR "A"**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-180, DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR "A", Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK DTC OF ABS. Check DTC of ABS.	Is DTC of ABS displayed?	Perform the diagnosis according to DTC. <ref. (dtc).="" abs(diag)-29,="" code="" diagnostic="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	nector.

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**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

#### **CA:DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

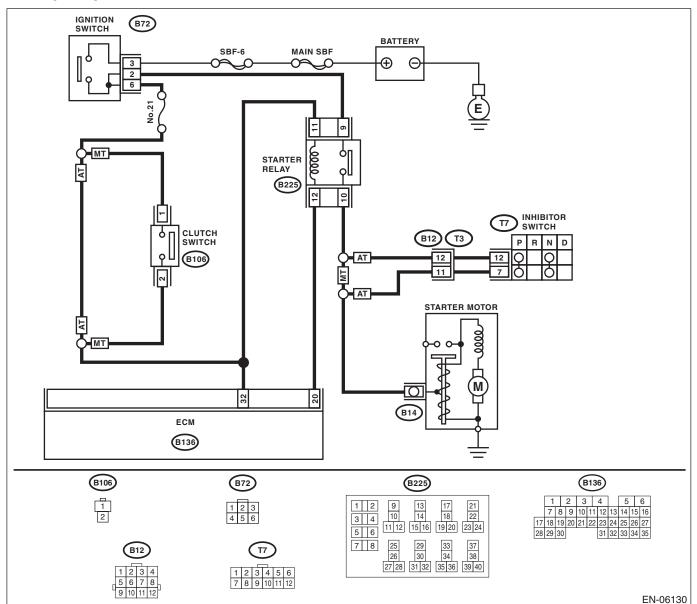
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-182, DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Ves  No.			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IGNITION SWITCH.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and ignition switch connector.	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.

### **CB:DTC P0600 SERIAL COMMUNICATION LINK**

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

## Brought to you by Eris Studios CC:DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

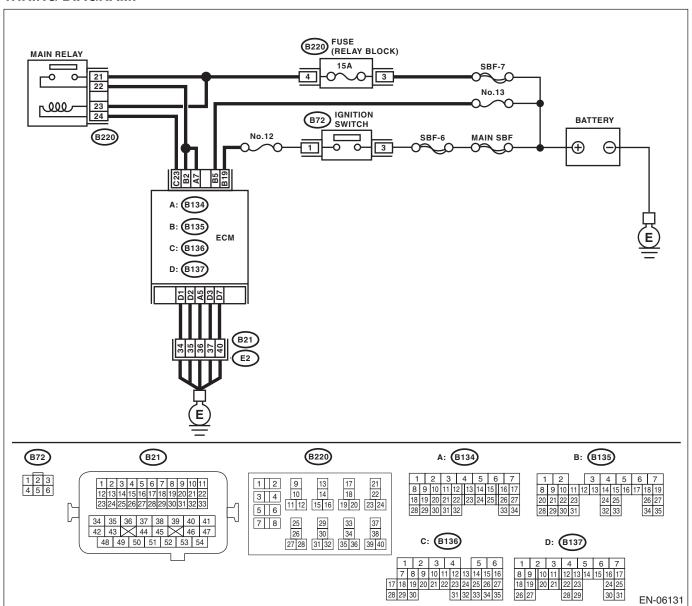
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-186, DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine does not start.
- · Engine stalls.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step.  Check Ves. No.			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.

### CD:DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) **ERROR**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0607. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-246, DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

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**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

#### CE:DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

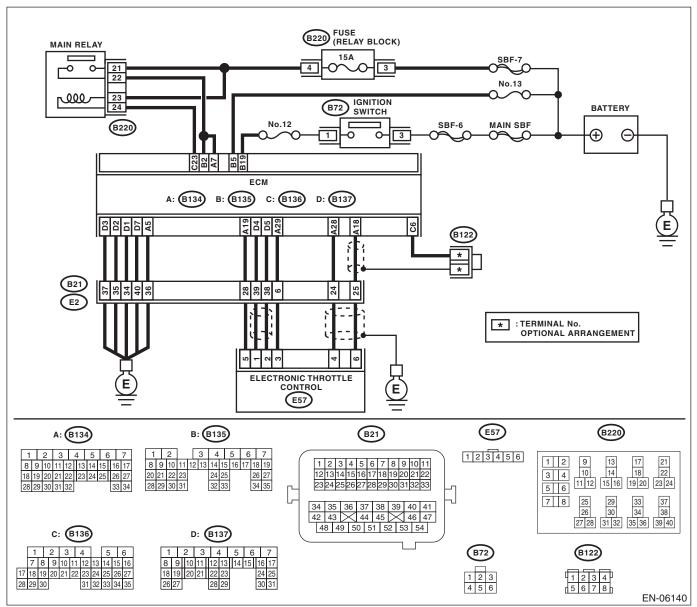
- Depending on the content of malfunction, adapt either of the followings.
  - Immediately at fault recognition
  - Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-189, DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFOR-MANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)				
Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 — 13 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
2	CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.  1) Start the engine.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 13 — 15 V?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — (E57) No. 5:  (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.
4	CHECK ECM GROUND HARNESS.  1) Connect all connectors.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the following item.  Open circuit in ground circuit Further tightening of the engine ground terminal Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector

### CF:DTC P0638 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-319, DTC P2101 THROT-TLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### CG:DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST)

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to AT section. <Ref. to 4AT(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

## Brought to you by Eris Studios CH:DTC P0851 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (AT MODEL) **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

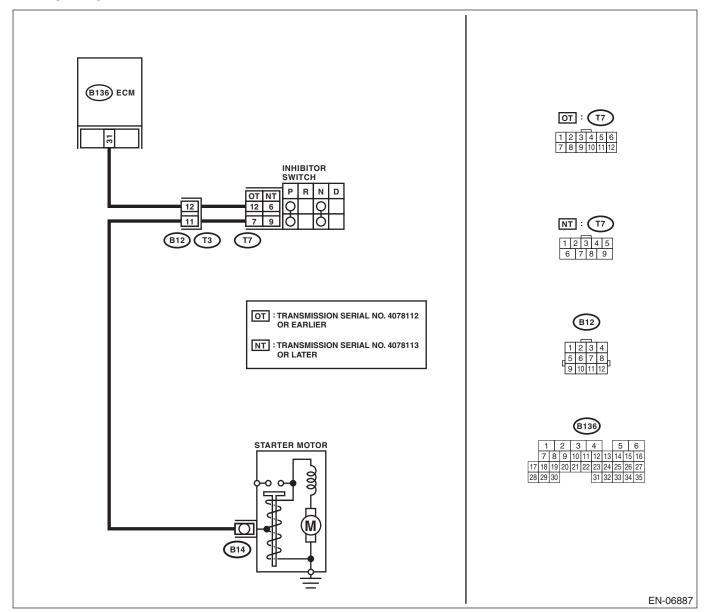
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-196, DTC P0851 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT</li> CIRCUIT LOW (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



		<u> </u>	.,	N -
	Step	Check	Yes	NO
1	CHECK SELECT CABLE.	Are there any faults in the select cable?	Repair or adjust the select cable. <ref. cs-29,<br="" to="">Select Cable.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in other than "P" range and "N" range.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and transmission harness connector (T3).  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 31 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and transmission harness connector.
4	CHECK TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR.  1) Disconnect the connector from inhibitor switch.  2) Measure the resistance between the transmission harness connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (T3) No. 12 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Replace the inhibitor switch. <ref. 4at-47,="" inhibitor="" switch.="" to=""></ref.>	Repair short circuit to ground in harness between transmission harness connector and inhibitor switch connector.

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

# Brought to you by Eris Studios CI: DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (MT MODEL)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

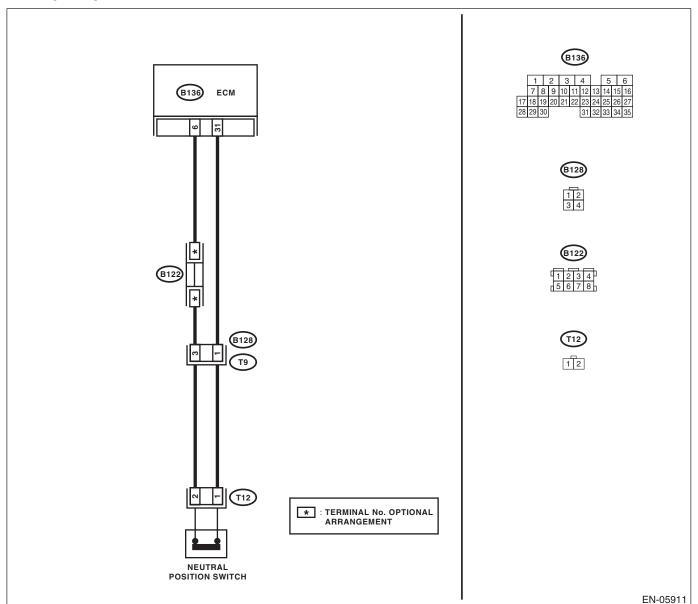
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-197, DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT</li> LOW (MT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Place the shift lever in a position except for neutral.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and neutral position switch. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 31 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Replace the neutral position switch.	Repair the short circuit to ground harness between ECM and neutral position switch connector.

# Brought to you by Eris Studios CJ:DTC P0852 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (AT MODEL)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

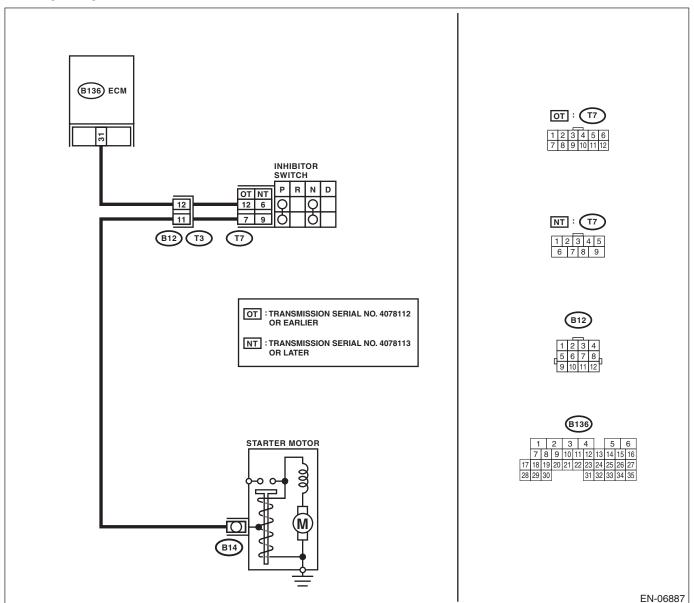
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-199, DTC P0852 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT</li> CIRCUIT HIGH (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



		ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
	Are there any faults in the select cable?	Repair or adjust the select cable. <ref. cs-29,<br="" to="">Select Cable.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground with select lever at "P" range and "N" range.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Go to step 3.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IN- HIBITOR SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and inhibitor switch. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector.  Connector & terminal  Transmission serial No. 4078112 or earlier (B136) No. 31 — (T7) No. 12:  Transmission serial No. 4078113 or later (B136) No. 31 — (T7) No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and inhibitor switch connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH GROUND LINE.  Measure the resistance of harness between inhibitor switch connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  Transmission serial No. 4078112 or earlier  (T7) No. 7 — Engine ground:  Transmission serial No. 4078113 or later  (T7) No. 9 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between inhibitor switch connector and starter motor  Poor contact of coupling connector  Poor contact in starter motor ground

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

# Brought to you by Eris Studios CK:DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT MODEL)

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

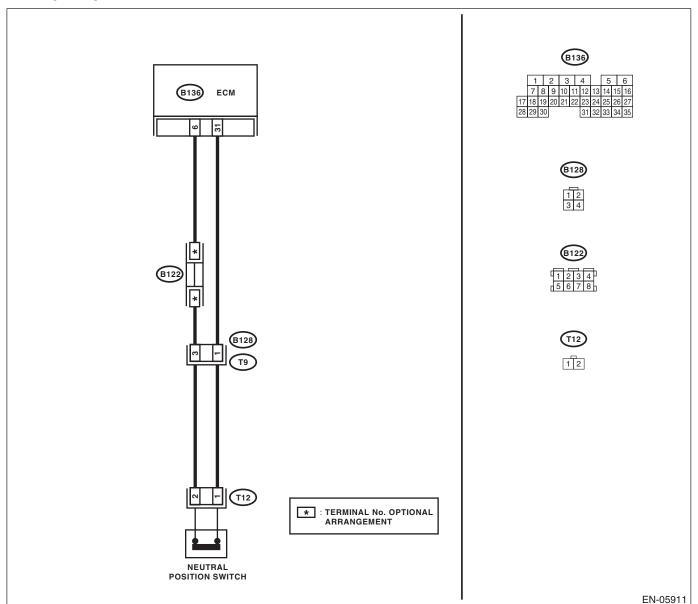
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-200, DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT</li> HIGH (MT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Place the shift lever in neutral.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and neutral position switch. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and neutral position switch connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 31 — (T12) No. 1:  (B136) No. 6 — (T12) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and neutra position switch connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH.  1) Place the shift lever in neutral.  2) Measure the resistance between neutral position switch terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair poor contact in ECM connector.	Replace the neutral position switch

Brought to you by Eris Studios

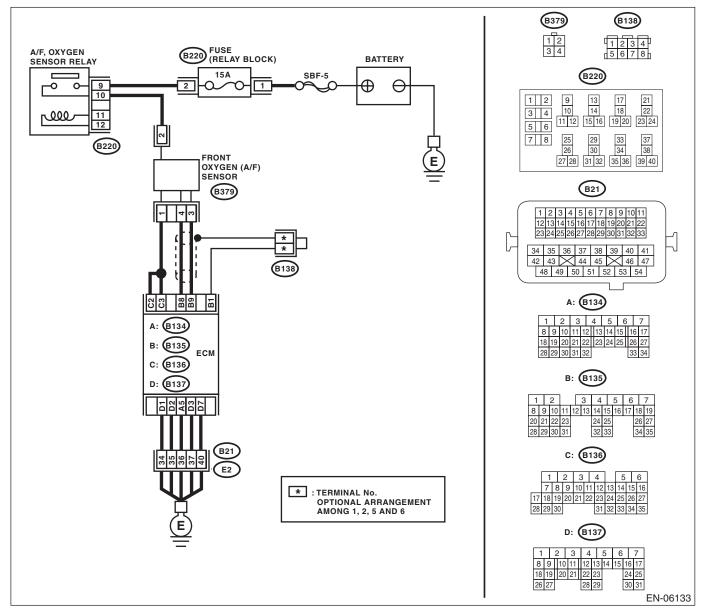
## CL:DTC P1152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK1 SENSOR1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-202, DTC P1152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK1 SENSOR1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS	
	Step Check Yes No				
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.	
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 — (B379) No. 3:  (B135) No. 8 — (B379) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact in front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	

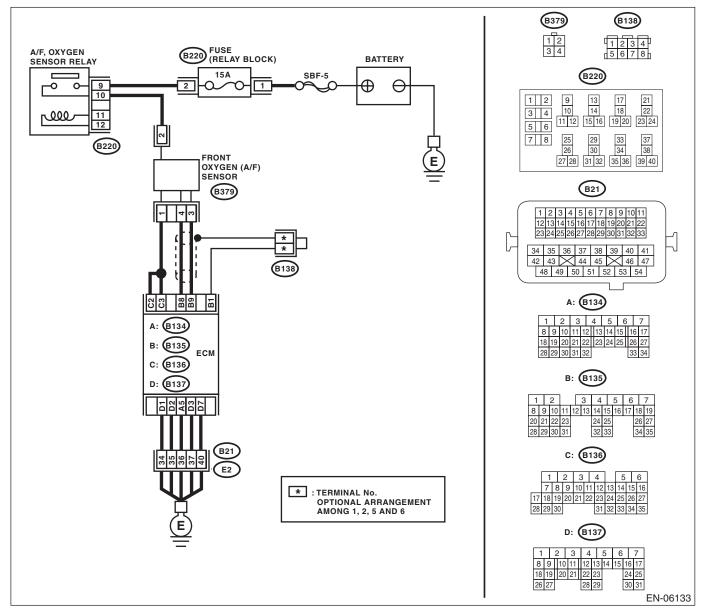
## Brought to you by Eris Studios CM:DTC P1153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK1 SENSOR1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-205, DTC P1153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK1 SENSOR1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS  Step. Check Yes No.			
			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground:  (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and front oxygen (A F) sensor connec- tor.
3	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Connect the connector to ECM.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 5.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. (ecm).="" control="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" module="" to=""></ref.>	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.

### **CN:DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE**

### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-319, DTC P2101 THROT-TLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

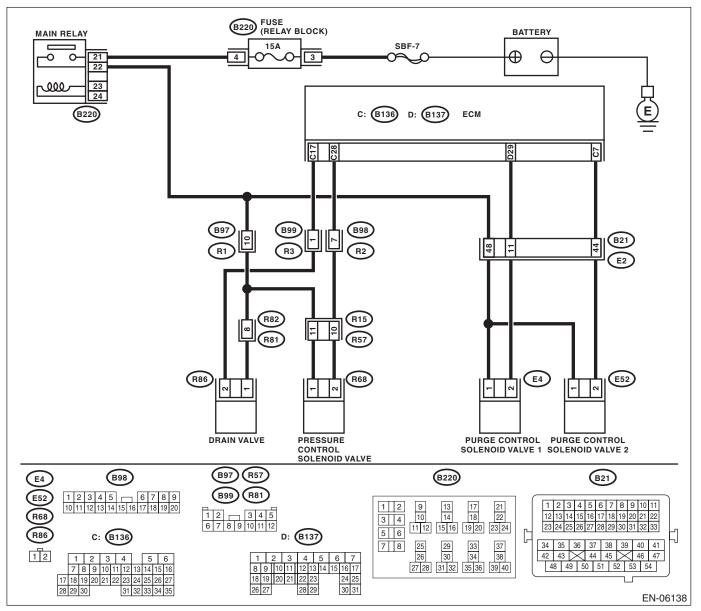
## Brought to you by Eris Studios CO:DTC P1400 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-210, DTC P1400 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL</li> SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	C) White Company of the Company of t
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and pressure control solenoid valve.  3) Measure the resistance between pressure control solenoid valve and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R68) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and pressure con- trol solenoid valve connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 28 — (R68) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance between pressure control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 10 — 100 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the pres- sure control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-18, Pressure Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO THE PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between pressure control solenoid valve and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (R68) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of pressure control solenoid valve connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between main relay connector and pressure control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector  Poor contact of main relay connector

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

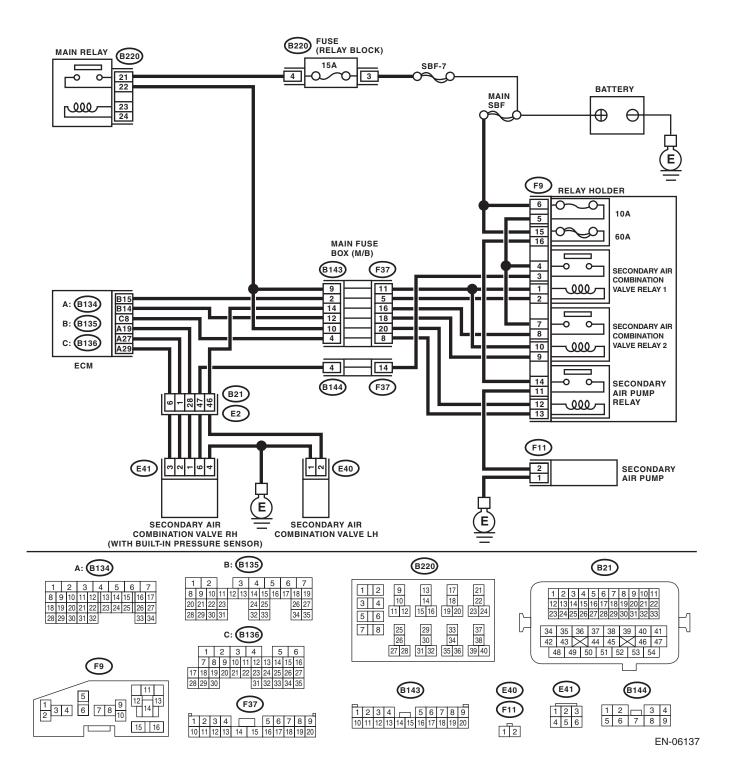
## Brought to you by Eris Studios CP:DTC P1410 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-212, DTC P1410 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYS-TEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  NE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE.  1) Remove the secondary air combination valve. <ref. air="" combination="" ec(h4dotc)-24,="" secondary="" to="" valve.="">  2) Blow in air from the secondary air combination valve air inlet, and check whether there are leaks at the pipe connections.</ref.>	Are there air leaks from the pipe connections?	<ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-24,</ref.>	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

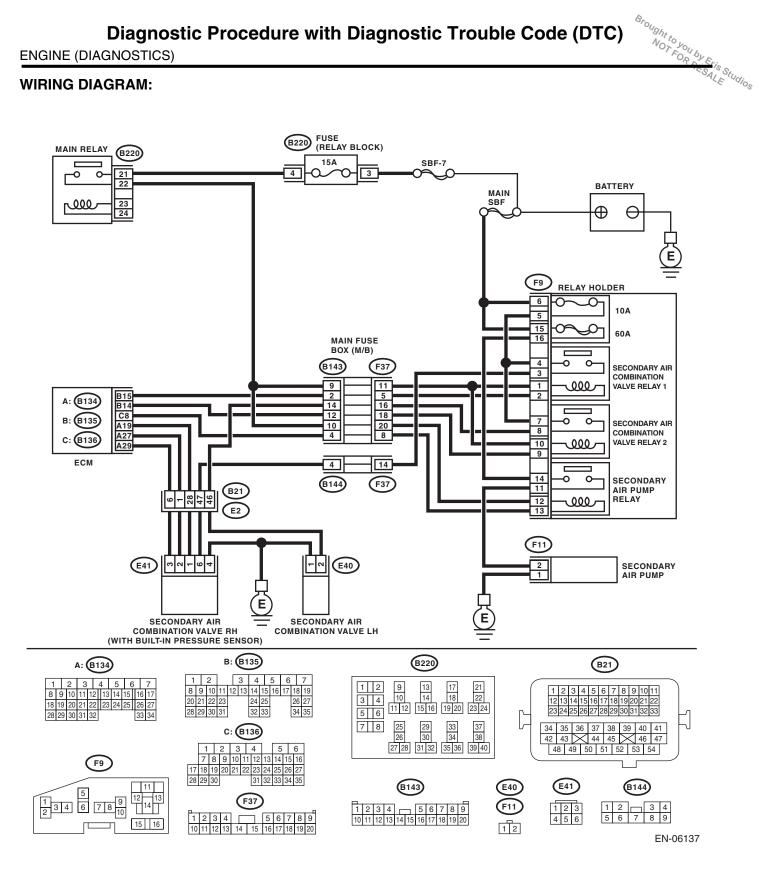
## CQ:DTC P1418 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM CONTROL "A" CIRCUIT SHORTED

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-214, DTC P1418 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM CONTROL "A" CIRCUIT SHORTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



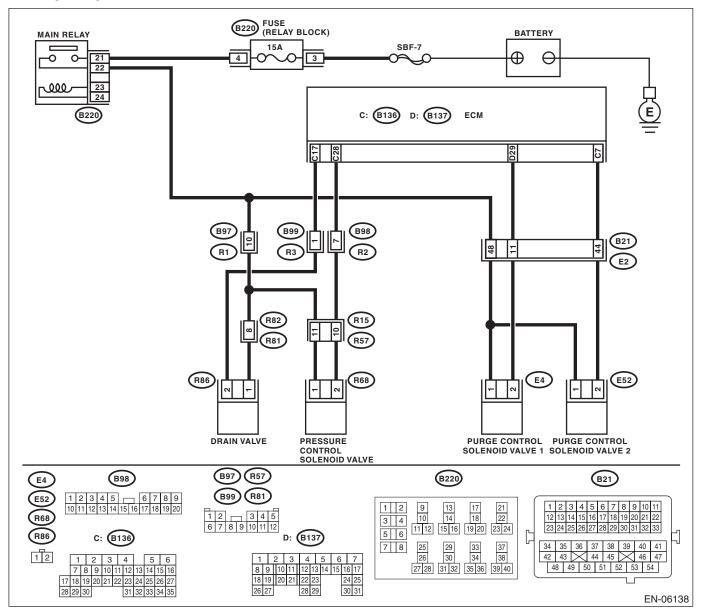
Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and secondary air pump relay.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and secondary air pump relay connector.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again NOTE: In this case, temporary poor contact of connector may be the cause.

## Brought to you by Eris Studios CR:DTC P1420 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-215, DTC P1420 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step				
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and pressure control solenoid valve.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and pressure control solenoid valve connector.		
2	CHECK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance between pressure control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	sure control sole-	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	

# Brought to you by Eris Studios CS:DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM

## **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

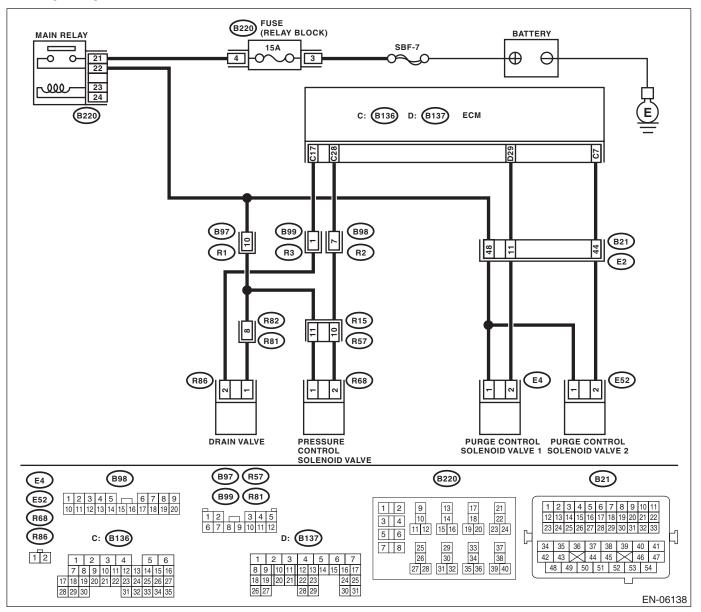
- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-217, DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID</li> VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper fuel supply

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.	
2	CHECK DRAIN HOSE. Check the drain hose for clogging.	Is there clogging in the drain hose?	Replace the drain hose.	Go to step 3.	
3	CHECK DRAIN VALVE OPERATION.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector at the lower portion of instrument panel (on the driver's side).  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Operate the drain valve.  NOTE:  Drain valve operation can be executed using the Subaru Select Monitor. Regarding the procedures, refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode". <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>	Does the drain valve operate?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the drain valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-21, Drain Valve.&gt;</ref.>	

## Brought to you by Eris Studios CT:DTC P1491 POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (BLOW-BY) FUNCTION PROBLEM

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

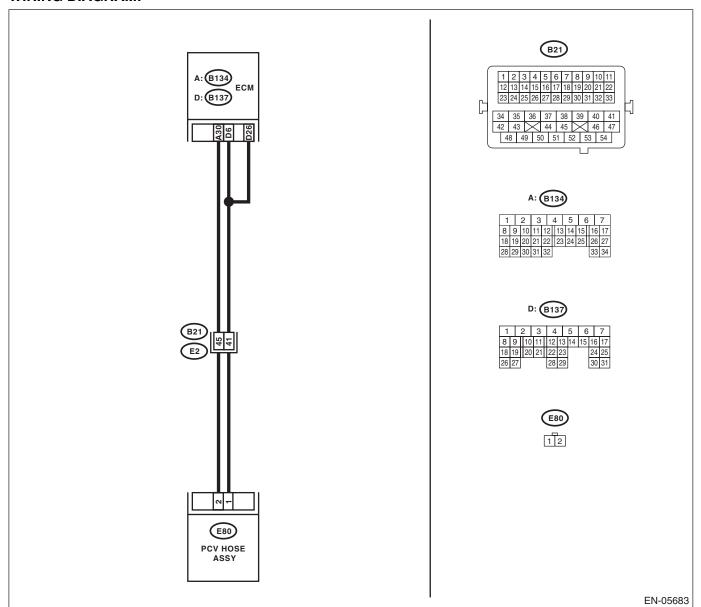
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-219, DTC P1491 POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILA-</li> TION (BLOW-BY) FUNCTION PROBLEM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troub	•	C)  STOLE (DIAGNOSTICS)
		-	ENGINE	L (DIAGIVOOTIOS)
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK BLOW-BY HOSE. Check the blow-by hose condition.	Is there any disconnection or crack in blow-by hose?	Repair or replace the blow-by hose.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PCV HOSE ASSEMBLY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and PCV hose assembly.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and PCV hose assembly connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 30 — (E80) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and PCV hose assembly connector Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PCV HOSE ASSEMBLY.  Measure the resistance between PCV hose assembly connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 30 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and PCV hose assembly connector.
4	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF PCV HOSE ASSEMBLY.  Measure the resistance of harness between PCV hose assembly connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal (E80) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the open circuit in harness between PCV hose assembly connector and engine ground.
5	CHECK THE PCV HOSE ASSEMBLY.  Measure the resistance between the PCV hose assembly terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact in ECM and PCV hose assembly connector.	Replace the PCV hose assembly.

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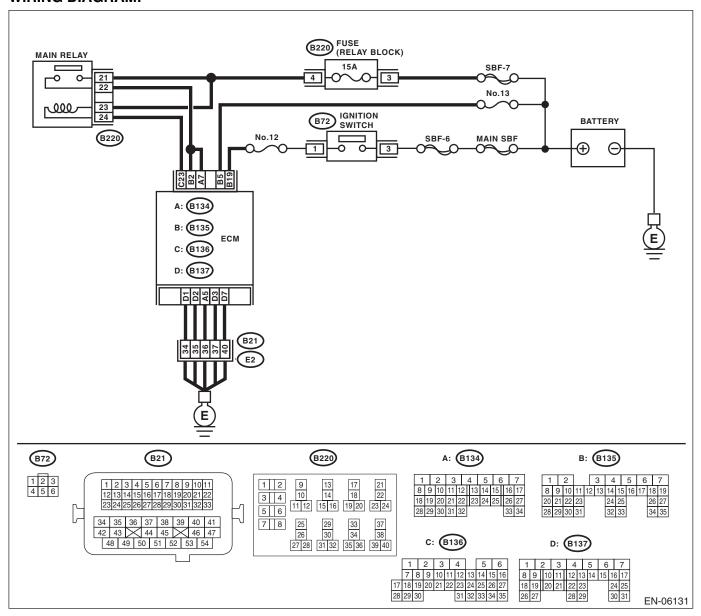
### CU:DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-221, DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MAL-FUNCTION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Step	Check	Yes	No
<ol> <li>Turn the interpretation</li> <li>Measure chassis ground Connector</li> </ol>	JT SIGNAL OF ECM. gnition switch to OFF. the voltage between ECM and and.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
MAIN FUSE 1) Disconne 2) Measure chassis groun Connector		Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and battery termi- nal.
CHECK FUS		Is the fuse blown out?	Replace the fuse.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit or harness between ECM and battery Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact or battery terminal

Brought to you by Eris Studios

### CV:DTC P1602 CONTROL MODULE PROGRAMMING ERROR

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

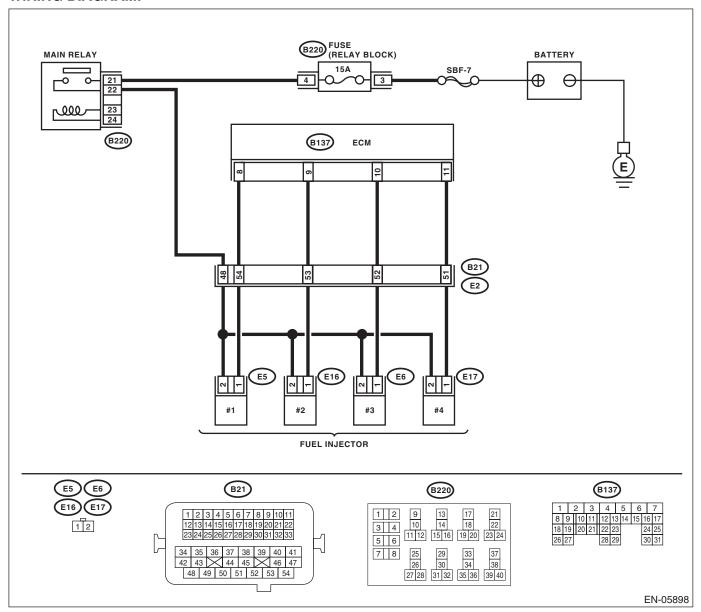
- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-223, DTC P1602 CONTROL MODULE PROGRAM-MING ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

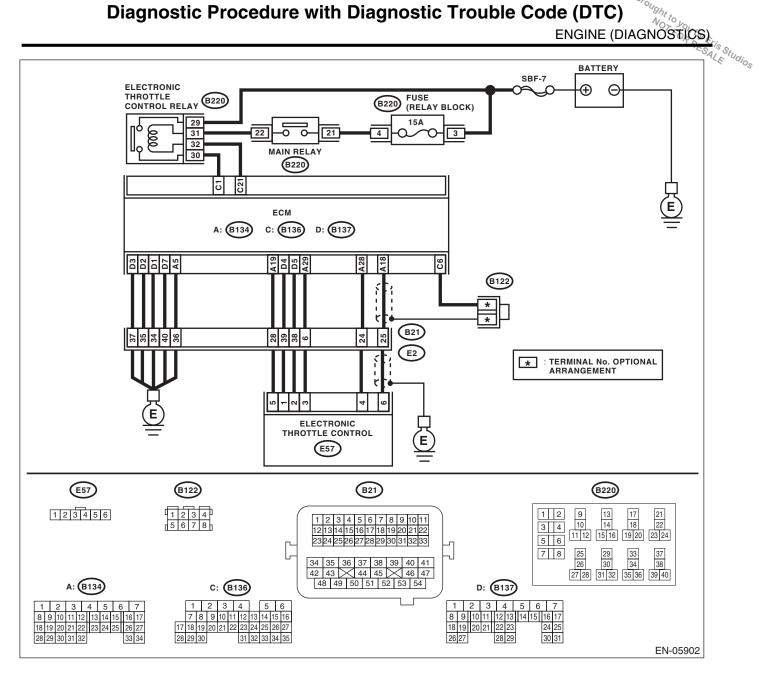
### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine keeps running at higher speed than specified idle speed.
- Engine keeps running at a lower speed than the specified idle speed.
- Engine stalls.

### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.





	NE (DIAGNOSTICS)	T	T	C) Brought to Nor FOR the
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to Step 2.
2	CHECK ENGINE OIL.	Is there a proper amount of engine oil?	Go to step 3.	Replace engine oi <ref. to<br="">LU(H4DOTC)-8, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	•
4	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.  WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area.  CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel.  Measure the fuel pressure while disconnecting pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4dotc)-26,="" pressure.="" to="">  CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.  NOTE: If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze the fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.  CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.</ref.>		Go to step 6.	Repair the following item. Fuel pressure is too high: Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure is too low: Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line
		33 — 38 psi)?	Go to step 7.	Repair the following item. Fuel pressure is too high: Faulty pressure regulator Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure is too low: Faulty pressure regulator Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel

			ENGI	NE (DIAGNOSTICS
Step		Check	Yes	No
CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-u 2) Read the data of engine coo ture sensor signal using Subaru or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation proced "READ CURRENT DATA FOR E to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subator.>  • General scan tool For detailed operation procedur general scan tool operation man	ture p completely. lant tempera- Select Monitor  lures, refer to ENGINE". < Ref. ru Select Moni- es, refer to the	e engine coolant tempera- 75°C (167°F) or higher?	Go to step 8.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <ref. coolant="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-28,="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>
CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-ucoolant temperature is higher the (167°F).  2) For AT models, set the select range or "N" range, and for MT in the shift lever in the neutral position of the shift lever in the accessory switch to OFF.  4) Turn all the accessory switch so the mass air flow temperature sensor signal using Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-34, Subator.>  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures detailed operation proced	p engine until an 75°C  t lever to "P" nodels, place ion.  les to OFF. v and intake air Subaru Select  lures, refer to ENGINE". < Ref. ru Select Moni-	e measured value 2.0 — g/s (0.26 — 0.66 lb/m)?	Go to step 9.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(h4dotc)-33,="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>

	NE (DIAGNOSTICS)			1,68
	Step	Check	Yes	No
9	CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).  2) For AT models, set the select lever to "P" range or "N" range, and for MT models, place the shift lever in the neutral position.  3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.  4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.  5) Open the front hood.  6) Measure the ambient temperature.  7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</ref.>		Go to step 10.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(h4dotc)-33,="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>
	general scan tool operation manual.			
10	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between the ECM and chassis ground for faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  #2 (B137) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  #3 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):		Go to step 15.	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.  3) Measure the resistance between the fuel injector connector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground:  #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground:  #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground:  #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 12.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.
12	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal #1 (B137) No. 8 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B137) No. 9 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B137) No. 10 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B137) No. 11 — (E17) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 13.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector  Poor contact of coupling connector

			ENGINE	C) No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.  Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 14.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 35, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
14	CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of all connectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit in harness between the main relay connector and fuel injector connector on faulty cylinders  • Poor contact of coupling connector.  • Poor contact of main relay connector.
15	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between the ECM and chassis ground for faulty cylinders.  Connector & terminal  #1 (B137) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B137) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B137) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-):		Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and fuel injector connector.	Go to step 16.
16	<ul> <li>CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 35, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 17.
17	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor or crankshaft position sensor.	Go to step 18.
18	CHECK CRANK SPROCKET.  Remove the timing belt cover. <ref. belt="" cover.="" me(h4dotc)-50,="" removal,="" timing="" to=""></ref.>	Is the crank sprocket rusted or does it have damaged teeth?	Replace the crank sprocket. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-62, Crank Sprocket.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 19.
19	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING BELT.  Turn the crankshaft, and align alignment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylinder block.  ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing belt dislocated from its proper position?	Repair the installation condition of timing belt. <ref. belt.="" me(h4dotc)-51,="" timing="" to=""></ref.>	Go to step 20.

	Step	Check	Yes	C) Srought to you by
20	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.  3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 31 and No. 32 of electronic throttle control relay.  4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 29 — No. 30:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 21.	Replace the electronic throttle control relay. <ref. control="" electronic="" fu(h4dotc)-48,="" relay.="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
21	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 22.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
22	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B220) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.	Go to step 23.
23	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 32 — Chassis ground:  (B220) No. 30 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step <b>24</b> .	Repair the short cir- cuit in harness to ground between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.
24	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  Measure the resistance between the ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 21 — (B220) No. 32:  (B136) No. 1 — (B220) No. 30:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>25</b> .	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.
25	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:  (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground:  (B134) No. 18 — (B136) No. 6:  (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step <b>26</b> .	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and electronic throt- tle control connec- tor.

			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
26	CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.  1) Connect the connector to ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (B57) No. 6 — Engine ground:  (B57) No. 4 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 27.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. control<="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" td="" to=""></ref.>
27	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6:  (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4:  (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 28.	Module (ECM).> Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
28	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 29.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
29	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):  (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.85 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 30.
30	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 18:  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 31.	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.

		<u> </u>		No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
31	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT.  1) Connect all connectors. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	Is the voltage 0.81 — 0.87 V?	Go to step 32.	Repair poor contact of the electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
32	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	Is the voltage 1.64 — 1.70 V?	Go to step 33.	Repair poor contact of the electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
33	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 5 — (E57) No. 2:  (B137) No. 4 — (E57) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 34.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
34	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR.  1) Connect the connector to ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  (E57) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	·
35	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 2 — Engine ground:  (E57) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 36.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector.
36	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR HARNESS.  Measure the resistance between the electronic throttle control connector terminals.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 2 — (E57) No. 1:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 37.	Repair the short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.

			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS)
	Step	Check	Yes	No
37	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE GROUND CIRCUIT.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact of coupling connector
38	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  Measure the resistance between electronic throttle terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance 50 $\Omega$ or less?	Go to step 39.	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
39	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  Move the throttle valve to the fully open and fully closed positions with fingers.  Check that the valve returns to the specified position when releasing fingers.	Does the valve return to the specified position? Standard value: 3 mm (0.12 in) from fully closed position	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

## CW:DTC P2004 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK OPEN (BANK 1) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-225, DTC P2004 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK OPEN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	·
2	CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE.  1) Remove the tumble generator valve assembly RH.  2) Check the tumble generator valve body.	Is there any dirt or clogging with foreign objects in the tumble generator valve?	Clean the tumble generator valve.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly RH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

## CX:DTC P2005 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK OPEN (BANK 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-226, DTC P2005 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK OPEN (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	·
2	CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE.  1) Remove the tumble generator valve assembly LH.  2) Check the tumble generator valve body.	1.5	Clean the tumble generator valve.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly LH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

## CY:DTC P2006 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK CLOSED (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-227, DTC P2006 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK CLOSED (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	·
2	CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE.  1) Remove the tumble generator valve assembly RH.  2) Check the tumble generator valve body.	Is there any dirt or clogging with foreign objects in the tumble generator valve?	Clean the tumble generator valve.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly RH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

## CZ:DTC P2007 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK CLOSED (BANK 2)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-228, DTC P2007 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL STUCK CLOSED (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.</li>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	·
2	<ul> <li>CHECK TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE.</li> <li>1) Remove the tumble generator valve assembly LH.</li> <li>2) Check the tumble generator valve body.</li> </ul>	1.5	Clean the tumble generator valve.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly LH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

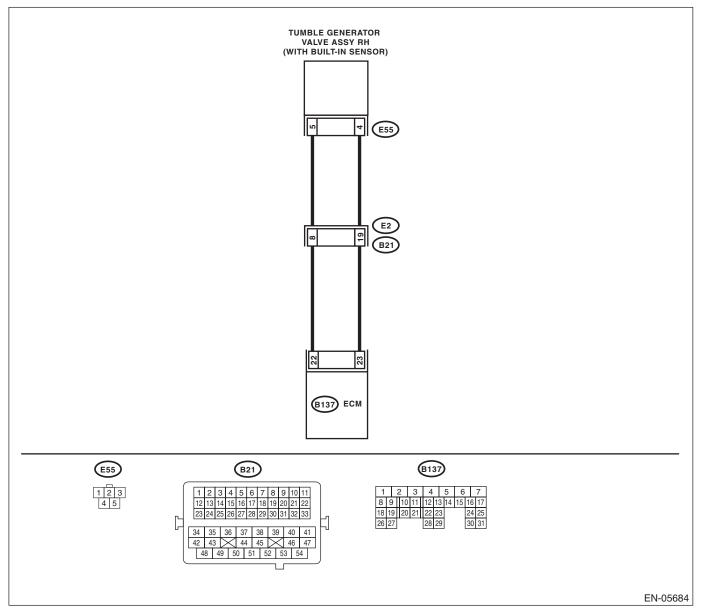
## Brought to you by Eris Studios DA: DTC P2008 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT / OPEN (BANK 1)

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-229, DTC P2008 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CON-TROL CIRCUIT / OPEN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Step Check Yes No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 22 — (E55) No. 5:  (B137) No. 23 — (E55) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 22 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 23 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Is there poor contact in the tum- ble generator valve assembly RH connector?	Repair the poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly RH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

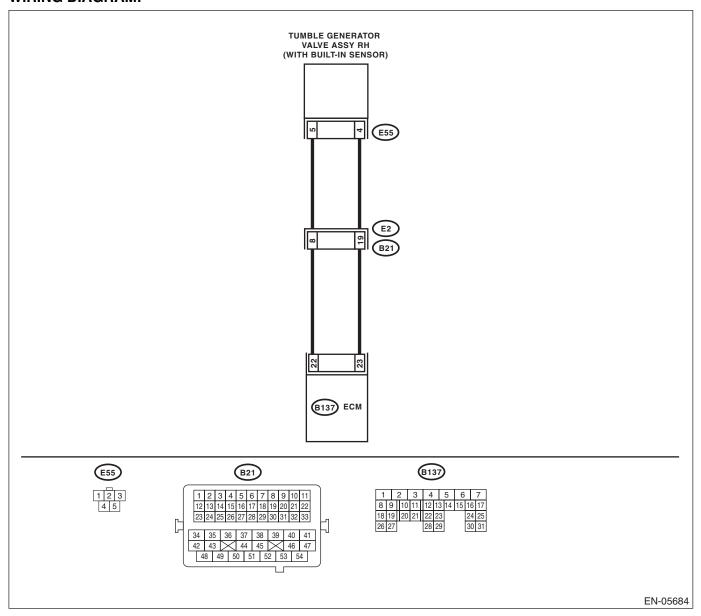
## DB:DTC P2009 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- · Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-231, DTC P2009 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			10× 10.
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly RH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

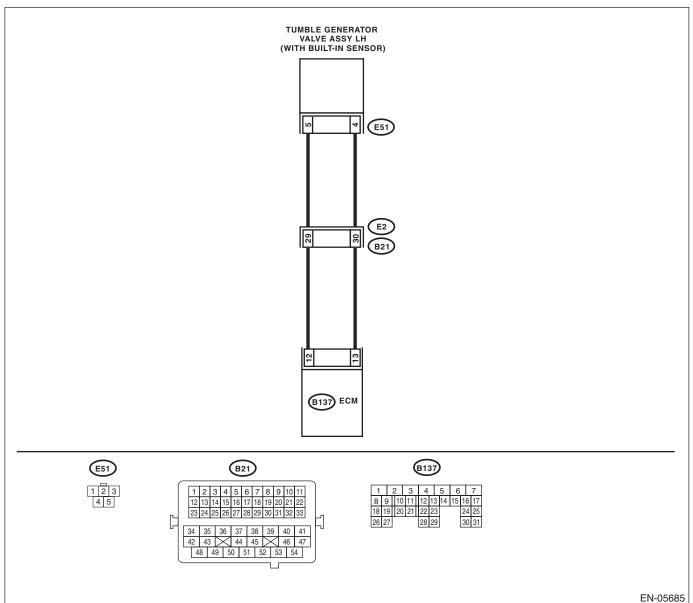
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DC:DTC P2011 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT / OPEN (BANK 2)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-233, DTC P2011 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CON-TROL CIRCUIT / OPEN (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Step Check Yes No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY LH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 12 — (E51) No. 5:  (B137) No. 13 — (E51) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY LH CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 12 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 13 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Is there poor contact in the tum- ble generator valve assembly LH connector?	Repair the poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly LH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

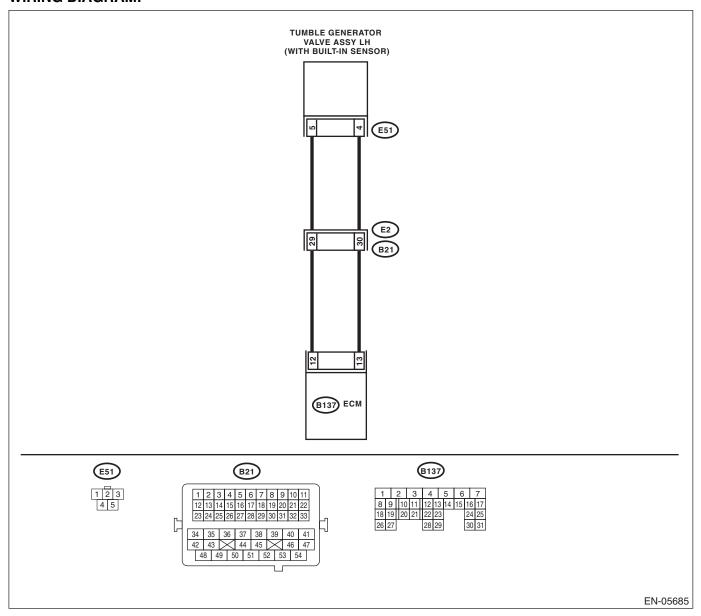
**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

# DD:DTC P2012 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2) DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-235, DTC P2012 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



С	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			10× 10.
	Step	Check	Yes	No
TUMBI LH CO 1) Turn 2) Dis 3) Me chassis Conn (B1	K HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY NNECTOR. In the ignition switch to OFF. connect the connectors from the ECM. asure the voltage between ECM and a ground. sector & terminal 37) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 37) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly LH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

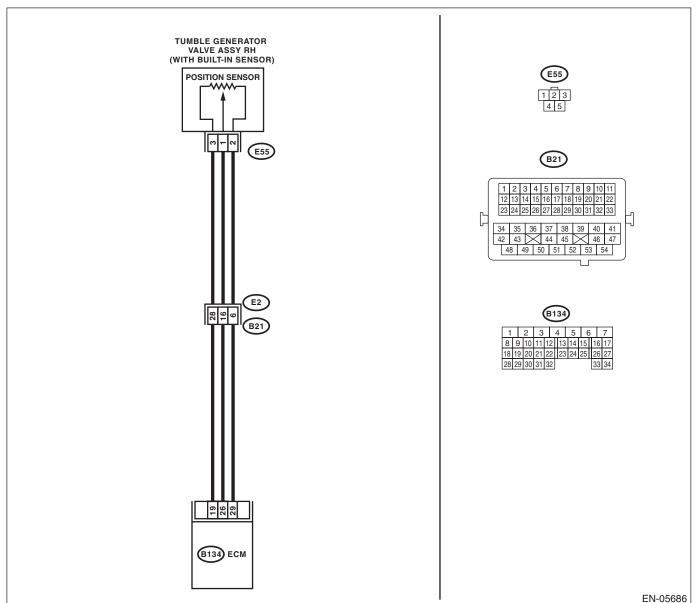
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DE:DTC P2016 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER POSITION SENSOR / SWITCH **CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-237, DTC P2016 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER PO-</li> SITION SENSOR / SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



			LINGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine.  2) Read the data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal (RH) using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from tumble generator valve assembly RH.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between tumble generator valve assembly RH connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E55) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact o coupling connector
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 26 — (E55) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
ļ	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 26 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.
	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or the tumble generator valve assembly RH connector?	Repair the poor contact in ECM or tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly RH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

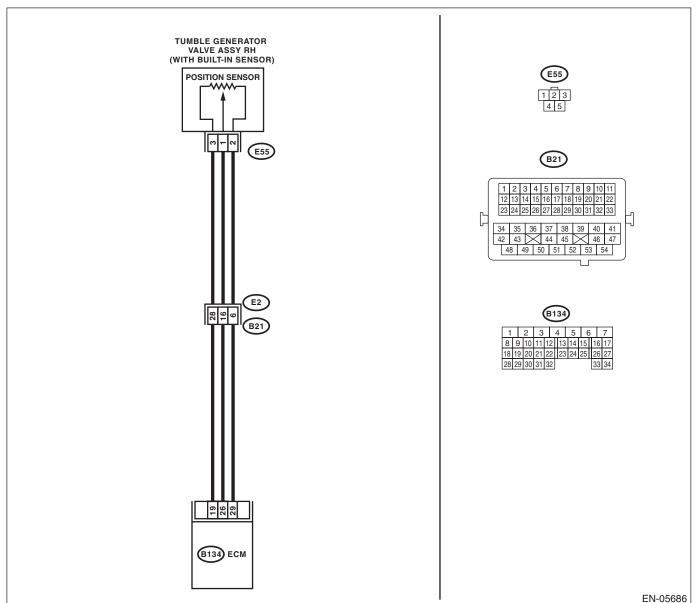
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DF:DTC P2017 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER POSITION SENSOR / SWITCH **CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1)**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-239, DTC P2017 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER PO-</li> SITION SENSOR / SWITCH CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



			ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal (RH) using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
•	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from tumble generator valve assembly RH. 3) Start the engine. 4) Read the data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal (RH) using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between tumble generator valve assembly RH connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E55) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly RH connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Is there poor contact in the tumble generator valve assembly RH connector?	Repair the poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly RH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly RH. < Ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.>

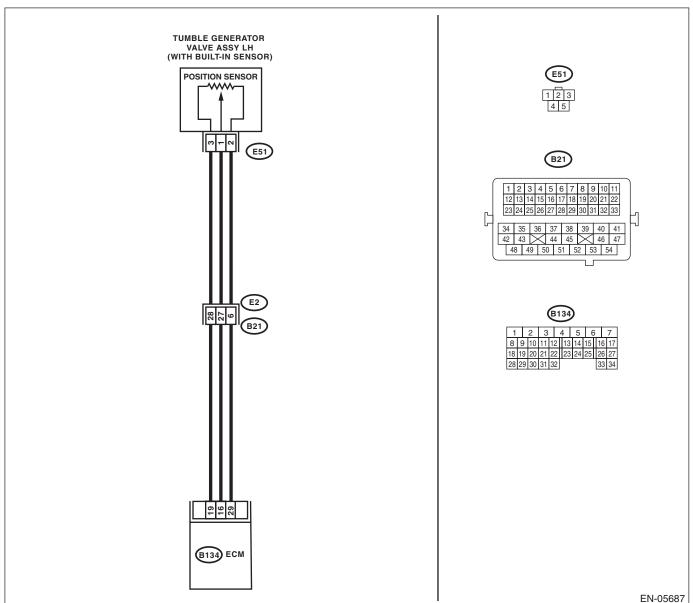
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DG:DTC P2021 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER POSITION SENSOR / SWITCH **CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-241, DTC P2021 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER PO-</li> SITION SENSOR / SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



			LIVOINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine.  2) Read the data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal (LH) using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY LH.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from tumble generator valve assembly LH.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between tumble generator valve assembly LH connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E51) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY LH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 16 — (E51) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector Poor contact or coupling connector
l	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY LH CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 16 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.
	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM or the tumble generator valve assembly LH connector?	Repair the poor contact in ECM or tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly LH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

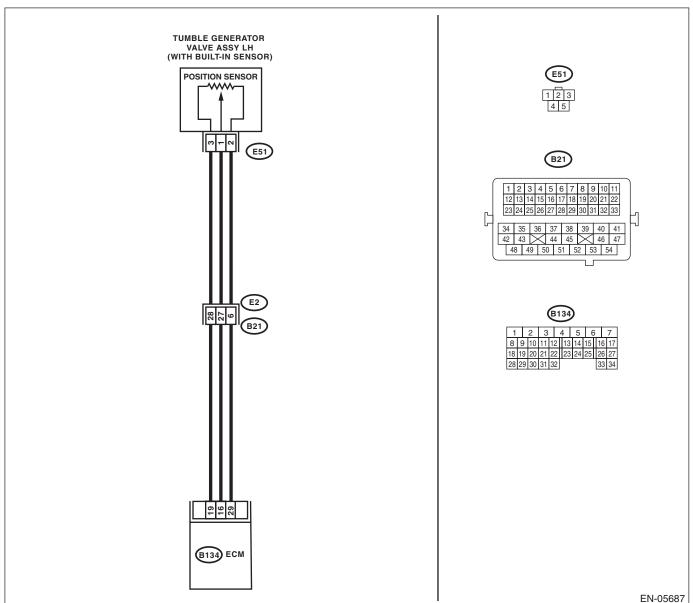
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DH:DTC P2022 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER POSITION SENSOR / SWITCH **CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2)**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-243, DTC P2022 INTAKE MANIFOLD RUNNER PO-</li> SITION SENSOR / SWITCH CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



		ENGINE	E (DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Start the engine. 2) Read the data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal (LH) using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY LH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from tumble generator valve assembly LH. 3) Start the engine. 4) Read the data of tumble generator valve position sensor signal (LH) using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Go to step 3.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND TUMBLE GENERATOR VALVE ASSEMBLY LH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between tumble generator valve assembly LH connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E51) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and tumble generator valve assembly LH connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Is there poor contact in the tum- ble generator valve assembly LH connector?	Repair the poor contact of tumble generator valve assembly LH connector.	Replace the tumble generator valve assembly LH. <ref. to FU(H4DOTC)- 38, Tumble Genera- tor Valve Assem- bly.&gt;</ref. 

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DI: DTC P2088 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

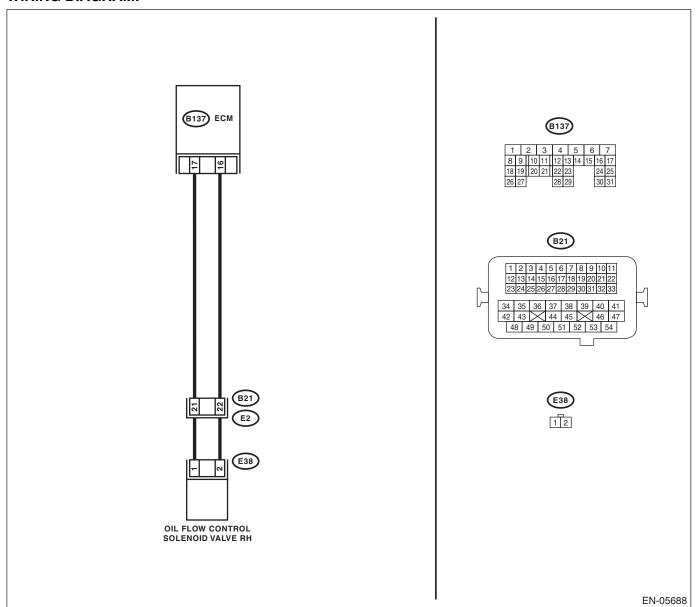
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-245, DTC P2088 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-</li> TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



	ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 17 — (E38) No. 1:  (B137) No. 16 — (E38) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of the harness between the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 17 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 16 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $\mbox{M}\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.
<b>,</b>	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-63, Camshaft.&gt;</ref.>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DJ:DTC P2089 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1)

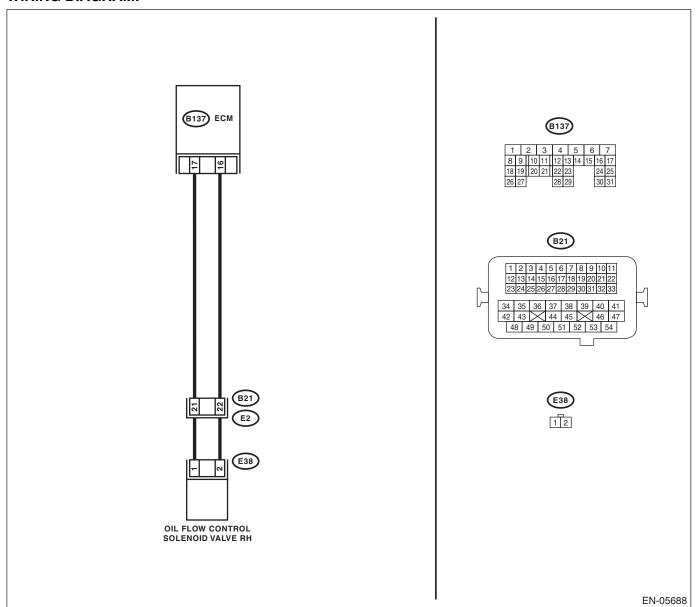
#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-247, DTC P2089 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-</li> TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 17 — (E38) No. 1:  (B137) No. 16 — (E38) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit of the harness between the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-63, Camshaft.&gt;</ref.>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DK:DTC P2092 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

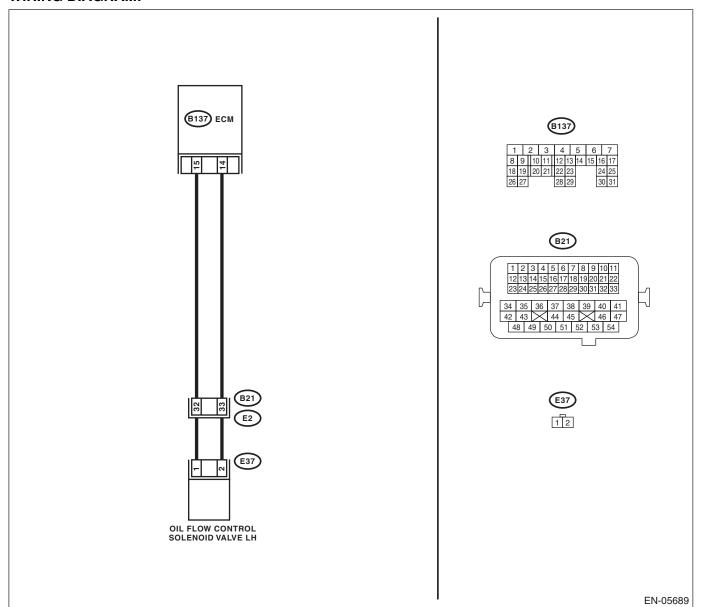
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-248, DTC P2092 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-</li> TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 15 — (E37) No. 1:  (B137) No. 14 — (E37) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of the harness between the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 15 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 14 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve. <ref. to<br="">ME(H4DOTC)-63, Camshaft.&gt;</ref.>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DL:DTC P2093 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2)

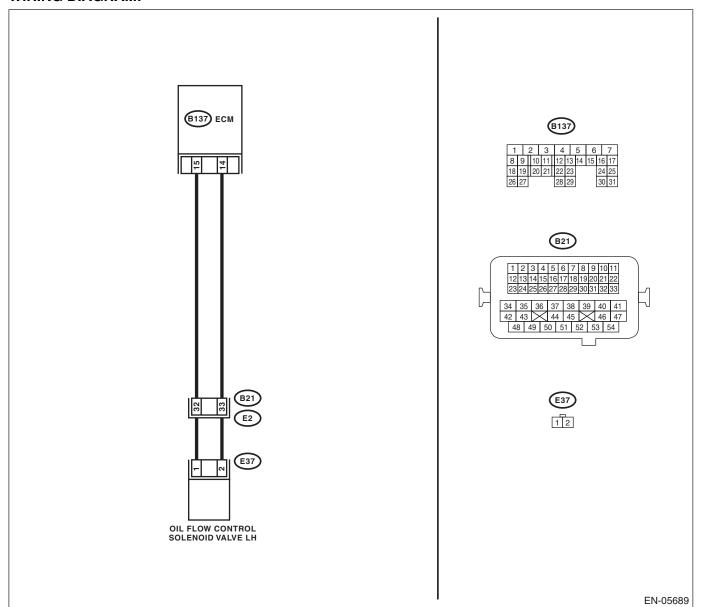
#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-248, DTC P2093 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-</li> TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE, Inspection Mode.>.** 



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve.  3) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B137) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 15 — (E37) No. 1:  (B137) No. 14 — (E37) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit of the harness between the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.  Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals.  Terminals  No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve connector.	

#### DM:DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN BANK 1

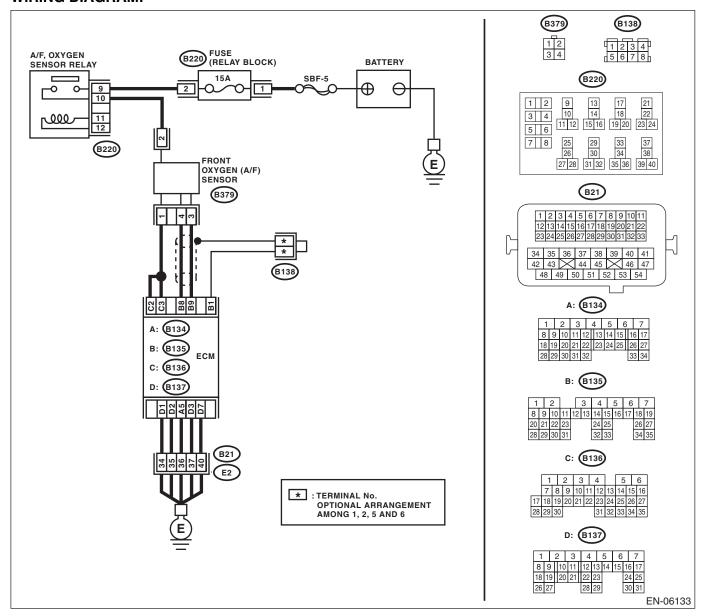
Refer to DTC P2097 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-312, DTC P2097 POST CATA-LYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

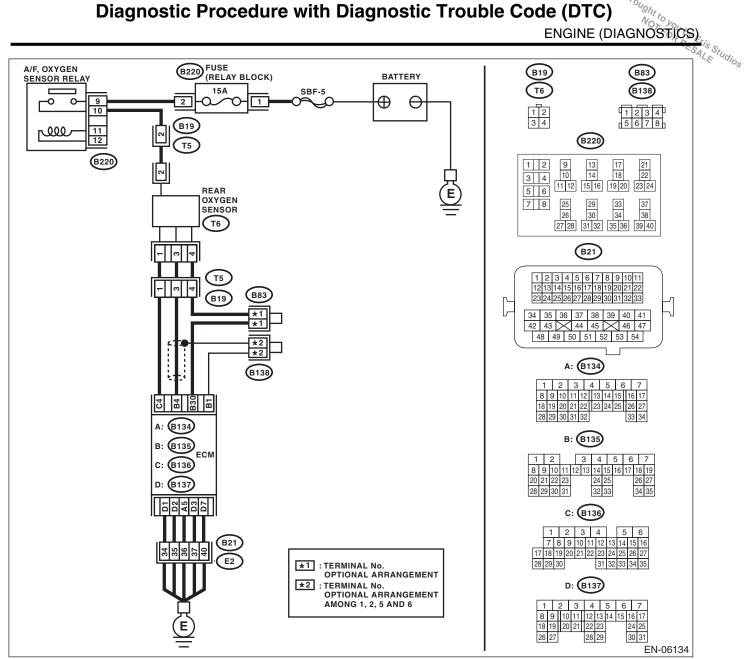
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DN:DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 1 **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-251, DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYS-TEM TOO RICH BANK 1, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.





	IE (DIAGNOSTICS)			76
	Step	Check	Yes	C) Srought to you by
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 — (B379) No. 3: (B135) No. 8 — (B379) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 9 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B379) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 6.
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B379) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 8.
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.  Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B379) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (B379) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between the ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. (ecm).="" control="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" module="" to=""></ref.>	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.
8	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 10.

			Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICE)  Step  Check  Yes  No		
	Step	Check	Yes	No	
10	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.  WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area.  CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel.  1) Connect the front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.  2) Measure the fuel pressure while disconnecting pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4dotc)-26,="" pressure.="" to="">  CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.  NOTE: If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze the fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.</ref.>		Go to step 11.	Repair the following item. Fuel pressure is too high: Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure is too low: Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line	
11	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.  After connecting the pressure regulator vacuum hose, measure fuel pressure. <ref. fuel="" inspection,="" me(h4dotc)-26,="" pressure.="" to="">  CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.  NOTE:  If fuel pressure does not increase, squeeze fuel return hose 2 to 3 times, then measure fuel pressure again.  If the measured value at this step is out of specification, check or replace pressure regulator and pressure regulator vacuum hose.</ref.>		Go to step 12.	Repair the following item. Fuel pressure is too high: Faulty pressure regulator Clogged fuel return line or bent hose Fuel pressure is too low: Faulty pressure regulator Improper fuel pump discharge Clogged fuel supply line	
12	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up completely. 2) Read the data of engine coolant temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>		Go to step 13.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor. <ref. coolant="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-28,="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>	

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).  2) For AT models, set the select lever to "P" range or "N" range, and for MT models, place the shift lever in the neutral position.  3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.  4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.  5) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the measured value 2.0 — 5.0 g/s (0.26 — 0.66 lb/s) ?	Go to step 14.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(h4dotc)-33,="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>
	CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).  2) For AT models, set the select lever to "P" range or "N" range, and for MT models, place the shift lever in the neutral position.  3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.  4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.  5) Open the front hood.  6) Measure the ambient temperature.  7) Read the data of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</ref.>		Go to step 15.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. air="" and="" flow="" fu(h4dotc)-33,="" intake="" mass="" sensor.="" temperature="" to=""></ref.>

			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
15	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)  2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Depress the clutch pedal. (MT model)	Is the voltage 490 mV or more?	Go to step 16.	Go to step 17.
	<ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor         For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">         General scan tool         For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.     </ref.></li> </ul>			
16	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.  2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Depress the clutch pedal. (MT model)  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the voltage 250 mV or less?	Go to step 18.	Go to step 17.
17	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connector?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 19.
18	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.  1) Warm-up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), then keep the engine idling for 5 minutes or more.  2) Read the data of rear oxygen sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor<="" select="" subaru="" td="" to=""><td></td><td>Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.></td><td>Go to step 19.</td></ref.>		Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-42, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 19.
	<ul><li>tor.&gt;</li><li>General scan tool</li><li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li></ul>			

Step		Check	Yes	C) Srought to you by
19 CHECK HARNESS BETWE REAR OXYGEN SENSOR C 1) Turn the ignition switch to 2) Disconnect the connector rear oxygen sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of ECM and rear oxygen sensor. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (T6) No. (B135) No. 30 — (T6) No.	connector. OFF. r from ECM and f harness between r connector.	s the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 20.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
CHECK HARNESS BETWE REAR OXYGEN SENSOR C  1) Connect the connector to 2) Turn the ignition switch to 3) Measure the voltage between sensor connector and chassing Connector & terminal (T6) No. 3 (+) — Chassis	CONNECTOR. ECM. ON. veen rear oxygen s ground.	s the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H4DOTC)-44, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and rear oxygen sensor connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact or coupling connector

## DO:DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

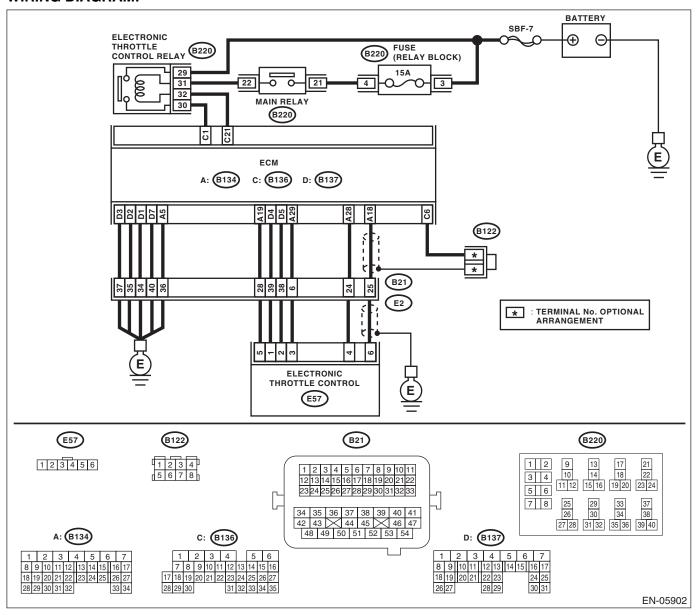
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-253, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- · Poor driving performance
- · Engine stalls.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-DURE, Inspection Mode.>.



IE (DIAGNOSTICS)			No
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.  3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 31 and No. 32 of electronic throttle control relay.  4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 29 — No. 30:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega ?$	Go to step 2.	Replace the electronic throttle control relay. <ref. control="" electronic="" fu(h4dotc)-48,="" relay.="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B220) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay con- nector.	Go to step 4.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 32 — Chassis ground:  (B220) No. 30 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit in harness to ground between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  Measure the resistance between the ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 21 — (B220) No. 32:  (B136) No. 1 — (B220) No. 30:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:  (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground:  (B134) No. 18 — (B136) No. 6:  (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 7.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and electronic throt- tle control connec- tor.

			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground:  (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 8.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. control<="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" td="" to=""></ref.>
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6:  (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4:  (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Module (ECM).> Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repai the following item: • Open circuit ir harness betweer ECM and electron ic throttle contro connector • Poor contact o coupling connector
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 10.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit or harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact or coupling connector
0	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):  (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.85 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 18:  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 12.	Repair the short cir- cuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control con- nector.

			I	No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
12	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT.  1) Connect all connectors.  2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  3) Read the data of main throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	Is the voltage 0.81 — 0.87 V?	Go to step 13.	Repair poor contact of the electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
13	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the data of sub throttle sensor signal using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	Is the voltage 1.64 — 1.70 V?	Go to step 14.	Repair poor contact of the electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
14	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal  (B137) No. 5 — (E57) No. 2:  (B137) No. 4 — (E57) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 15.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle controconnector  Poor contact of coupling connector
15	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR.  1) Connect the ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):  (E57) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 16.
16	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 2 — Engine ground:  (E57) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 17.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector.
17	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR HARNESS.  Measure the resistance between the electronic throttle control connector terminals.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 2 — (E57) No. 1:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 18.	Repair the short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.

	ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
18	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE GROUND CIRCUIT.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 2 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:  (B137) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector
19	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  Measure the resistance between electronic throttle terminals.  Terminals  No. 2 — No. 1:	Is the resistance 50 $\Omega$ or less?	Go to step 20.	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
20	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  Move the throttle valve to the fully open and fully closed positions with fingers.  Check that the valve returns to the specified position when releasing fingers.	Does the valve return to the specified position? Standard value: 3 mm (0.12 in) from fully closed position	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Replace the electronic throttle control. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DP:DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

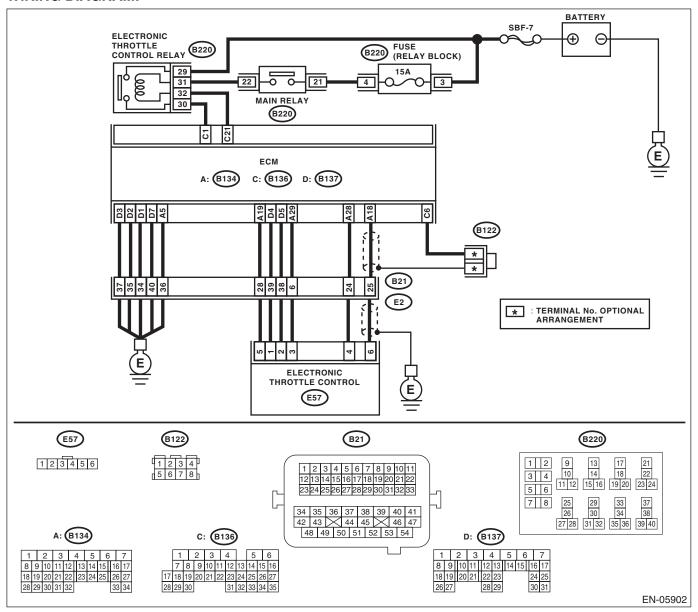
- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-255, DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL</li> MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



		ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.  3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 31 and No. 32 of electronic throttle control relay.  4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 29 — No. 30:  CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?		Replace the electronic throttle control relay. <ref. control="" electronic="" fu(h4dotc)-48,="" relay.="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 29 (+) — Chassis ground (-):			of power supply circuit.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B220) No. 32 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.	·
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 32 — Chassis ground:  (B220) No. 30 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short cir- cuit in harness to ground between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  Measure the resistance between the ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 21 — (B220) No. 32:  (B136) No. 1 — (B220) No. 30:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.

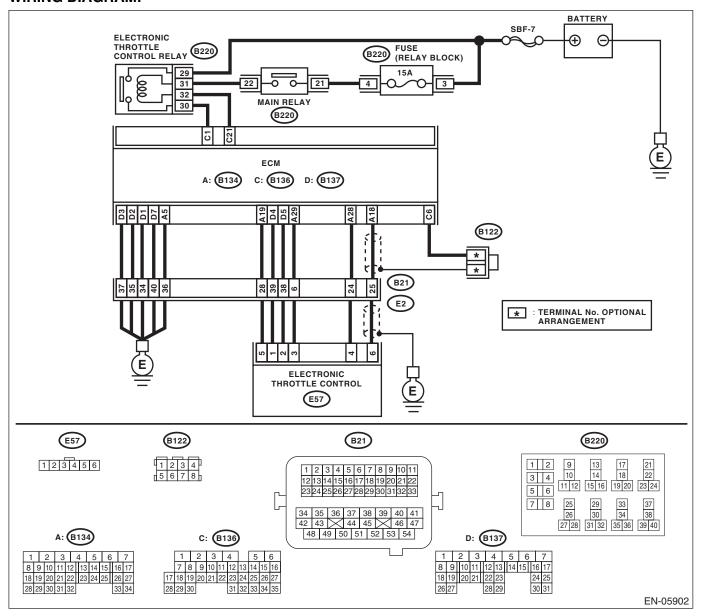
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DQ:DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-257, DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



			ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.  3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 29 — No. 30:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 2.	Replace the electronic throttle control relay. <ref. control="" electronic="" fu(h4dotc)-48,="" relay.="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>
2	CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY POWER SUPPLY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B220) No. 30 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-LAY.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 21 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the short circuit in harness to ground between ECM and electronic throttle control relay connector.

### DR:DTC P2109 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR "A" MINIMUM STOP **PERFORMANCE**

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-319, DTC P2101 THROT-TLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DS:DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT **LOW INPUT**

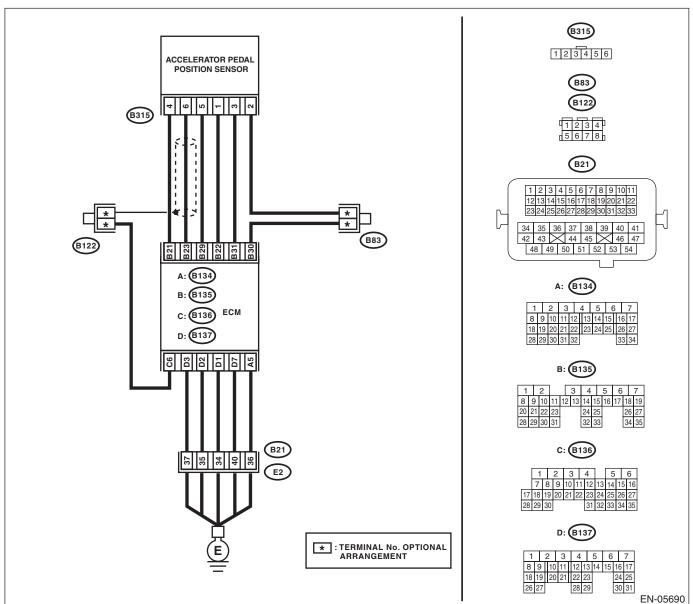
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-261, DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No				
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 21 — Chassis ground:  (B135) No. 23 — Chassis ground:  (B135) No. 23 — (B136) No. 6:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the ground short of the har- ness between the ECM and accelera- tor pedal position sensor connector.
	CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B315) No. 6 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Replace the accelerator pedal. <ref. accelerator="" pedal.="" sp(h4so)-3,="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Replace the ECM idefective. <ref. (ecm).="" control="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" module="" to=""></ref.>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DT:DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT **HIGH INPUT**

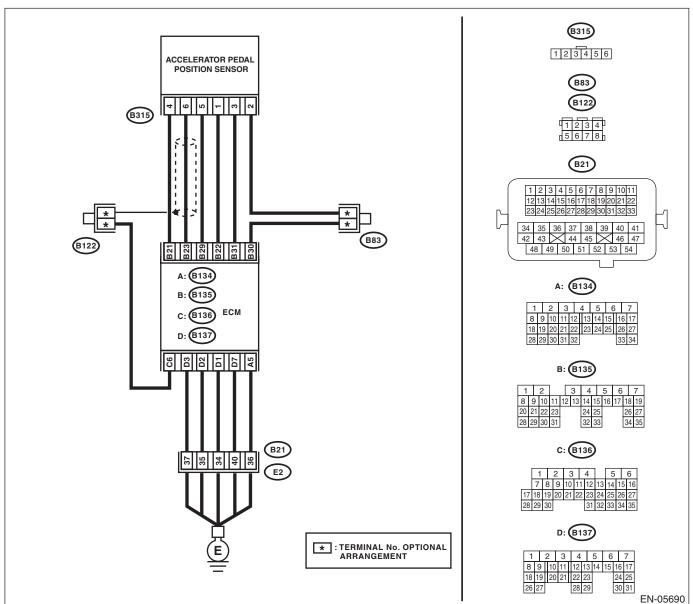
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-263, DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure wi	th Diagnostic Troub	ole Code (DT ENGINE	C) NO NO STICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 23 — (B315) No. 6: (B135) No. 29 — (B315) No. 5:		Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit of the har- ness between the ECM and accelera- tor pedal position sensor connector.
2 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Connect the ECM. 2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B315) No. 5 — Chassis ground:		Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
3 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B315) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	- Is the voltage 4.85 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power source in the harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.	Go to step 4.
4 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 21 — (B135) No. 23:	more?	Repair the poor contact of accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Replace the accelerator pedal if defective. <ref. accelerator="" pedal.="" sp(h4so)-3,="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power source in the harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DU: DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT **LOW INPUT**

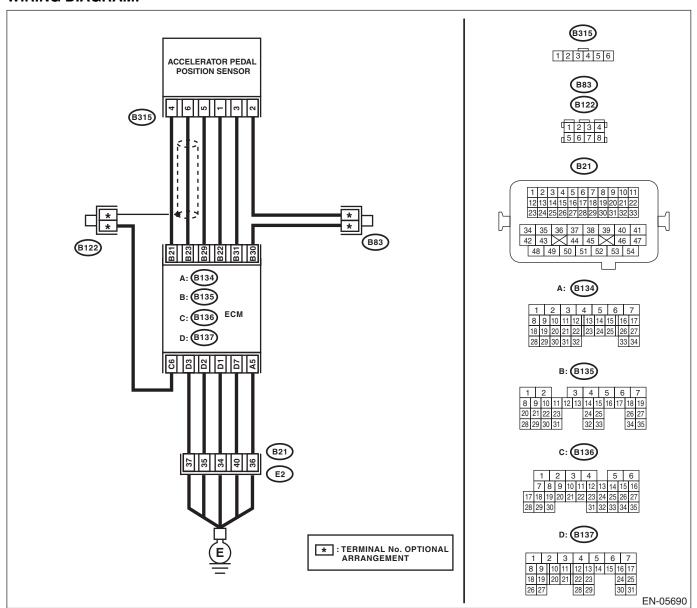
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-265, DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor. 3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 22 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 31 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the ground short of the har- ness between the ECM and accelera- tor pedal position sensor connector.
2	CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B315) No. 3 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Replace the accelerator pedal. <ref. accelerator="" pedal.="" sp(h4so)-3,="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. (ecm).="" control="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" module="" to=""></ref.>

# Brought to you by Eris Studios DV:DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT **HIGH INPUT**

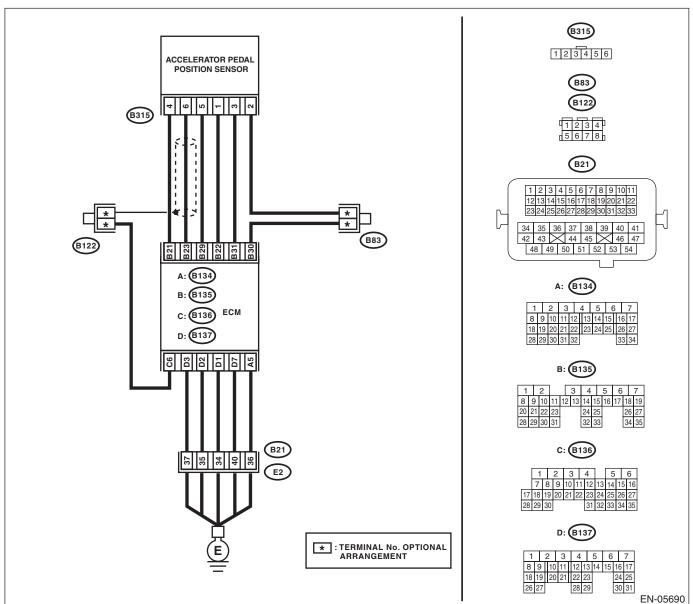
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-267, DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troub	le Code (DT ENGINE	C) SPOLUSINE SE (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.  3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 31 — (B315) No. 3:  (B135) No. 30 — (B315) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit of the harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B315) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B315) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.85 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power source in the harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B135) No. 22 — (B135) No. 31:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair the poor contact of accelerator pedal position sensor connector. Replace the accelerator pedal if defective. <ref. accelerator="" pedal.="" sp(h4so)-3,="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power source in the harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.

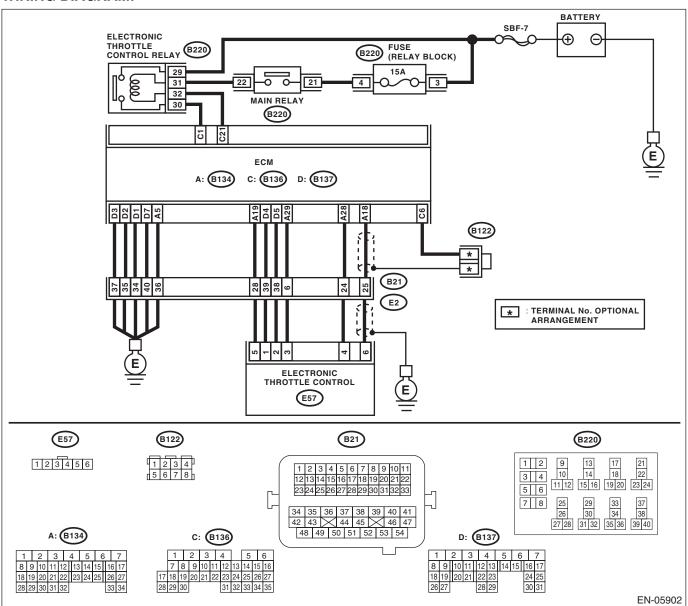
# Brought to you by Eris Studios DW:DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" **VOLTAGE CORRELATION**

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-269, DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLTAGE CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode. > and Inspection Mode < Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



		ENGINE	(DIAGNOSTICS
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:  (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground:  (B134) No. 18 — (B136) No. 6:  (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.
CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground:  (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. (ecm).="" control="" engine="" fu(h4dotc)-45,="" module="" to=""></ref.>
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6:  (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4:  (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and electronic throttle controconnector  Poor contact or coupling connector
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Connect the ECM.  2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item:  Open circuit o harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector Poor contact o coupling connector
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):  (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.85 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 6.

ENGI	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				is Studi
	Step	Check	Yes	No	.C. 4108
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM.  3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 18:  (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair poor contact of the electronic throttle control connector. Replace the electronic throttle control if defective. <ref. body.="" fu(h4dotc)-14,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and electronic throttle control connector.	

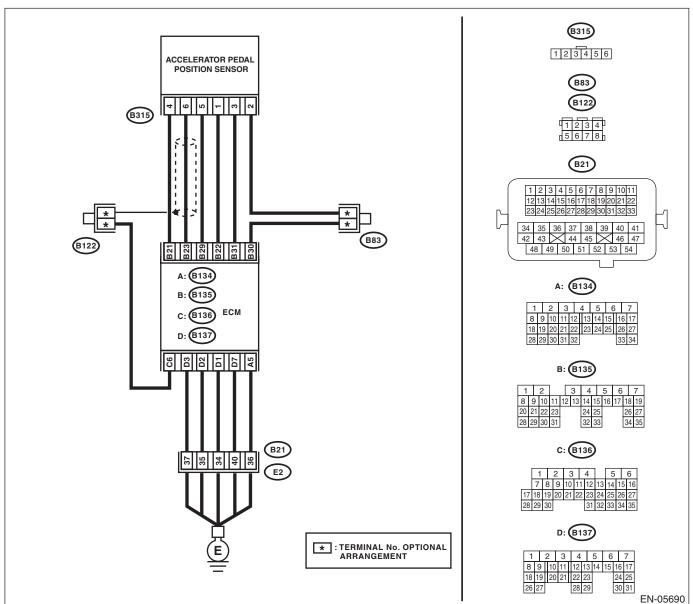
## DX:DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE CORRELATION

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-271, DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Improper idling
- · Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



GINE (DIAGNOSTICS)			No
Step	Check	Yes	No
SENSOR OUTPUT.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and	Is the difference in measured values for the main accelerator pedal position sensor signal and the sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal 0 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT.  1) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis	Is the difference in measured values for the main accelerator pedal position sensor signal and the sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal 0 V?	Replace the accelerator pedal. < Ref. to SP(H4SO)-3, Accelerator Pedal.>	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit of harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.  • Ground short circuit of harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connectors.  • Poor contact of coupling connectors.
CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance of harness between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B315) No. 5 — Chassis ground:  (B315) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Repair poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between the ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.  Open circuit of harness between ECM and engine ground Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact of

## DY:DTC P2419 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW

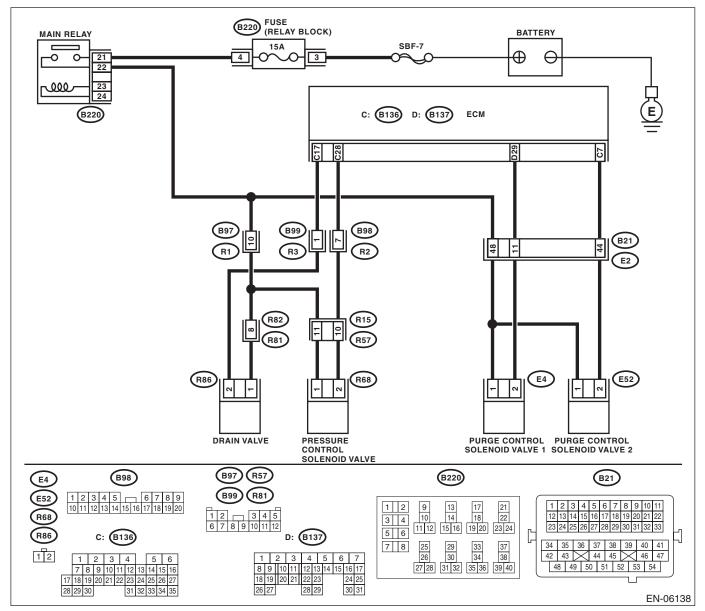
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-273, DTC P2419 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



ENGI	NE (DIAGNOSTICS)			No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and purge control solenoid valve 2.  3) Measure the resistance between the purge control solenoid valve 2 connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E52) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve 2 connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.  Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve 2.  Connector & terminal  (B136) No. 7 — (E52) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit of harness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve 2 connector  Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.  1) Remove the purge control solenoid valve 2. 2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve 2 terminals.  Terminals No. 1 — No. 2:	Is the resistance between 10 — 100 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve 2. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between purge control solenoid valve 2 and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E52) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact in the purge control sole-noid valve 2 connector.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  • Open circuit in harness between the main relay and purge control solenoid valve 2 connector  • Poor contact of coupling connector  • Poor contact of main relay connector

## DZ:DTC P2420 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH

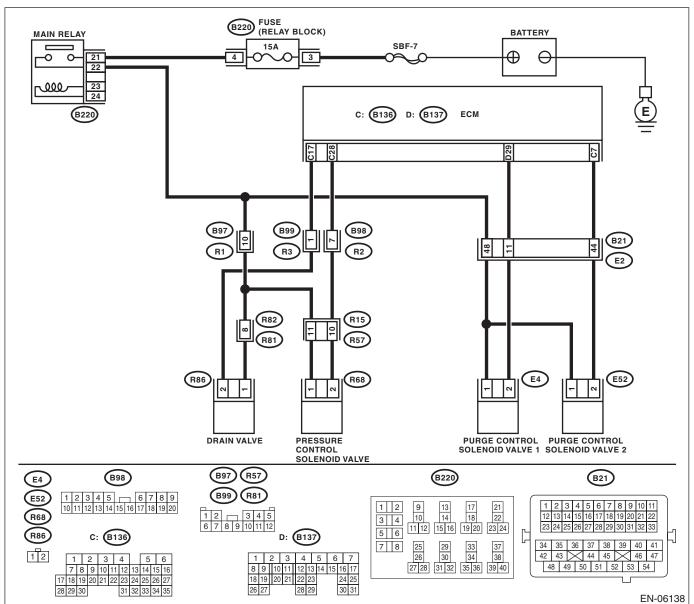
#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-274, DTC P2420 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  NGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)  Step  Check  Yes  No			
Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and purge control solenoid valve 2. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B136) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short to power in the har- ness between ECM and purge control solenoid valve 2 connector.	Go to step 2.
<ul> <li>CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve 2 terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the purge control solenoid valve 2. <ref. to<br="">EC(H4DOTC)-11, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

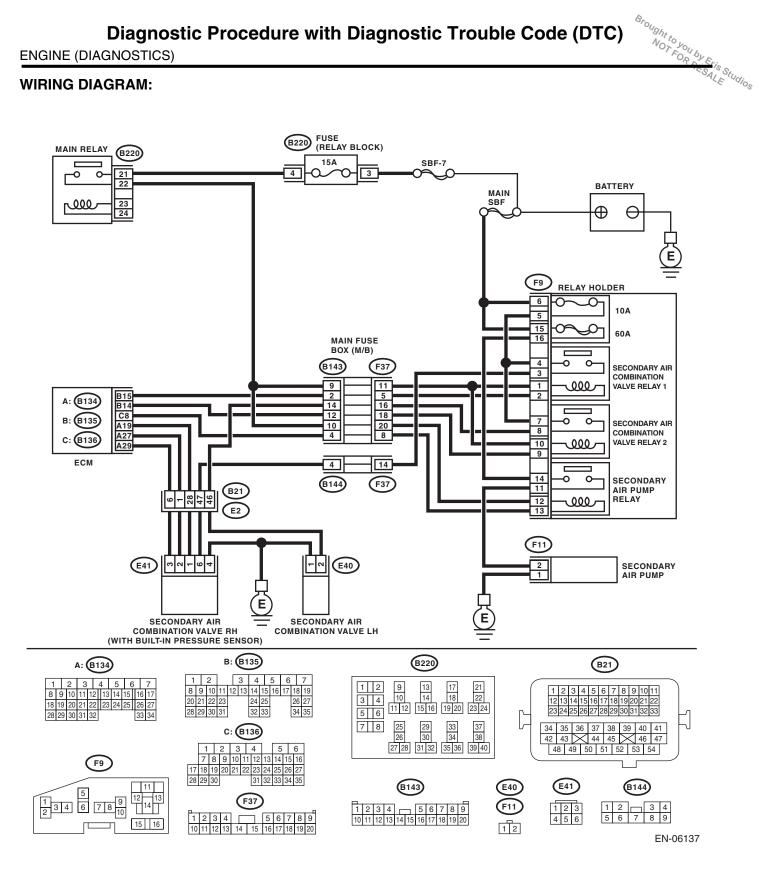
## EA:DTC P2431 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM AIR FLOW /PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-275, DTC P2431 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM AIR FLOW /PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



Step Check Yes No			
Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appropriate DTC using the "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. (dtc).="" -82,="" code="" diagnostic="" en(h4dotc)(diag)="" list="" of="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	Go to step 2.
CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).  2) Using the Subaru Select Monitor, read secondary air piping pressure, intake pipe absolute pressure and atmospheric pressure, and compare with the actual atmospheric pressure.  NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	(27 kPa, 8 inHg, 3.9 psig) or more?	ondary air combina-	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

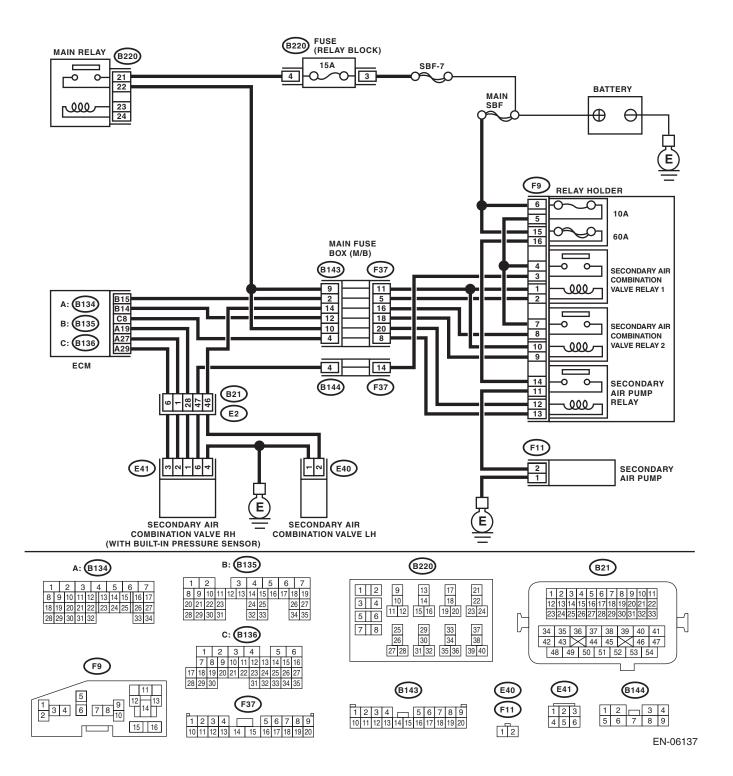
## EB:DTC P2432 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM AIR FLOW /PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-276, DTC P2432 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM AIR FLOW / PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



NGIN	Diagnostic Procedure wit	th Diagnostic Troub	le Code (DT	No
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Read the data of secondary air pipe pressure signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the measured value less than 53.3 kPa (400 mmHg, 15.8 inHg) ?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH POWER SOURCE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Disconnect the connector from the secondary air combination valve RH.  3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  4) Measure the voltage between the secondary air combination valve RH connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (E41) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve RH connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of the harness between the ECM and secondary air combination valve RH connector.  Connector & terminal  (B134) No. 27 — (E41) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repai the following item:  Open circuit ir harness betweer ECM and secondary air combinatior valve RH connector  Poor contact o coupling connector
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between ECM and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (B134) No. 27 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and second- ary air combination valve RH connec- tor.
5	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor contact in the ECM and secondary air combination valve RH connector.	Is there poor contact in the ECM or secondary air combination valve RH connector?	Repair the poor contact in the ECM or secondary air combination valve RH connector.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina tion valve RH. <ref to EC(H4DOTC)- 24, Secondary Air Combination Valve.&gt;</ref 

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

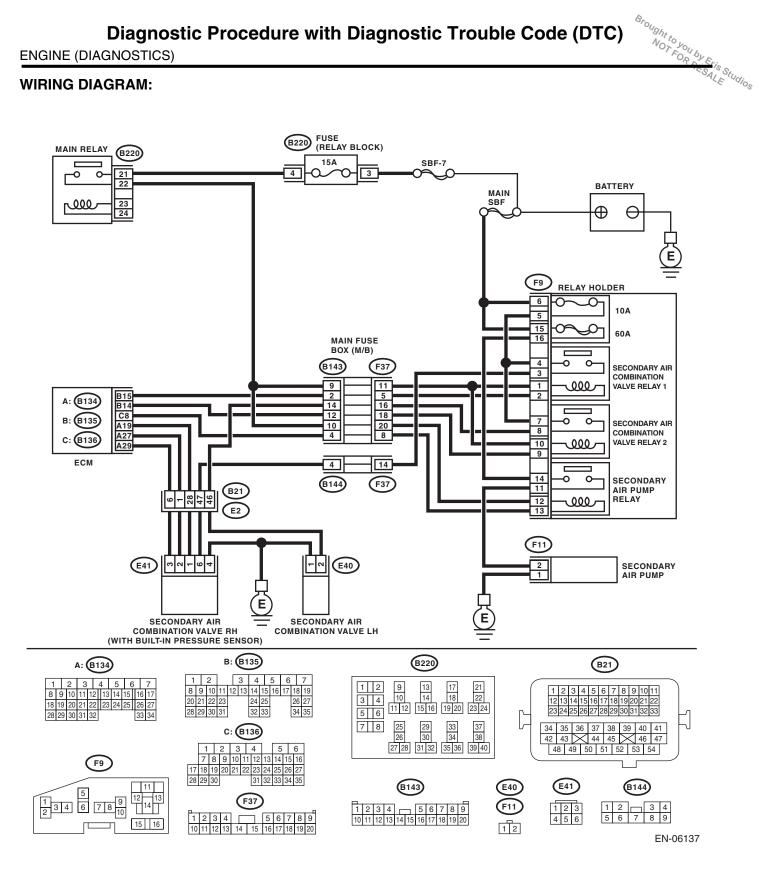
## EC:DTC P2433 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM AIR FLOW /PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-277, DTC P2433 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM AIR FLOW /PRESSURE SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS  Step			
	Step	Check	Yes	No
	CHECK CURRENT DATA.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.  2) Read the data of secondary air pipe pressure signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE:  • Subaru Select Monitor  For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to="">  • General scan tool  For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the measured value 133.3 kPa (1000 mmHg, 39.4 inHg) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from the secondary air combination valve RH. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Read the data of secondary air pipe pressure signal using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool.  NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""> • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</ref.>	Is the measured value 133.3 kPa (1000 mmHg, 39.4 inHg) or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve RH connectors.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of the harness between the secondary air combination valve RH connector and engine ground.  Connector & terminal  (E41) No. 3 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector.  NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:  Open circuit in harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve RH connector  Poor contact in ECM connector  Poor contact or coupling connector
1	CHECK POOR CONTACT.  Check for poor contact of the secondary air combination valve RH connector.	Is there poor contact of the sec- ondary air combination valve RH connector?	Repair the poor contact of the sec- ondary air combi- nation valve RH connector.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina tion valve RH. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)- 24, Secondary Air Combination Valve.&gt;</ref. 

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

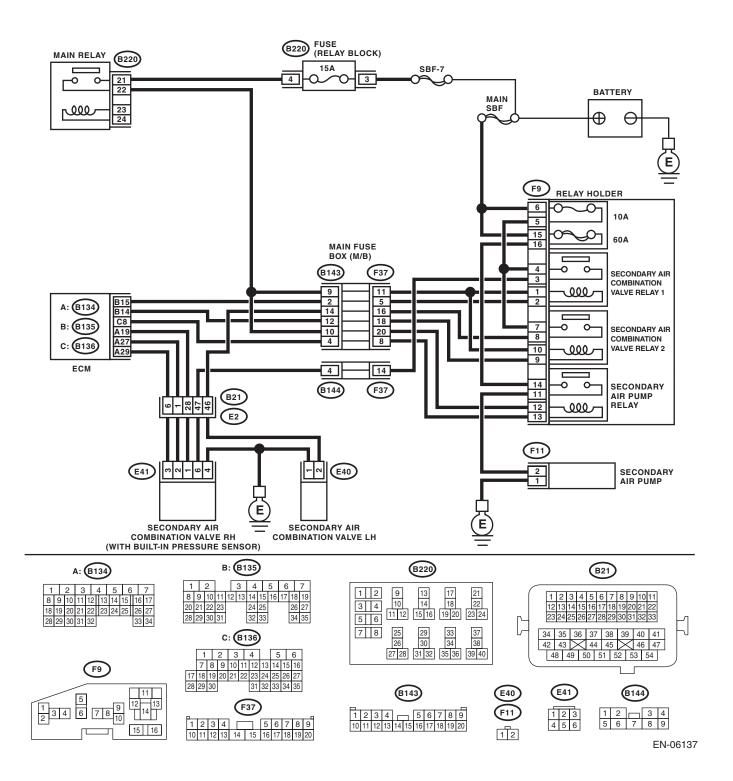
# Brought to you by Eris Studios ED:DTC P2440 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE **STUCK OPEN (BANK 1)**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-278, DTC P2440 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYS-TEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



	Cton	Chask	Vaa	C) Srought to you by
1	Step  CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION	Check Is the fuse blown out?	Yes	No Co to stop 2
ı	VALVE FUSE. Check if the secondary air combination valve	is the fuse blown out?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
	fuse (10 A) is blown out.			
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUSE BOX AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH.  1) Remove the secondary air combination valve fuse (10 A) from the fuse box.  2) Disconnect the connector from the secondary air combination valve RH.  3) Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve fuse and secondary air combination valve RH connector, and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (F9) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (E41) No. 6 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Replace the fuse with a new part, and connect the secondary air combination valve RH connector. Go to step 3.	harness between the fuse box and
3	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH OPERATION.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Perform operation check for the secondary air combination valve RH using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for more operation procedures. <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>		Go to step 4.	Go to step 6.
4	CHECK DUCT BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR PUMP AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH.  Check the duct between the secondary air pump and secondary air combination valve RH.	Is there damage, clog or disconnection of the duct?	Replace, clean or connect the duct.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK PIPE BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH AND CYLINDER HEAD. Check the pipe between the secondary air combination valve RH and cylinder head.	Is there damage, clog or disconnection of the pipe?	Replace, clean or connect the pipe.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH.  1) Disconnect the connector from the secondary air combination valve RH.  2) In the condition of step 3, measure the voltage between secondary air combination valve RH connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (E41) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage repeatedly change between 10 V and 0 V?	Replace the sec- ondary air combina- tion valve RH. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)- 24, Secondary Air Combination Valve.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 7.

			Litai	NE (DIAGNOSTICS
	Step	Check	Yes	No
•	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH AND CHAS- SIS GROUND.  Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve RH connector and chas- sis ground.  Connector & terminal  (E41) No. 4 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair the open circuit in harness between secondary air combination valve RH connector and chassis ground.
	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1 AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the secondary air combination valve relay 1 from the relay box. 3) Measure the resistance of the harness between secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector and secondary air combination valve RH connector.  Connector & terminal (F9) No. 3 — (E41) No. 6:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 9.	Repair the open circuit in harness between secondary air combination valve relay 1 and secondary air combination valve RH connector.
	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1.  1) Connect the battery to terminals No. 1 and No. 2 of the secondary air combination valve relay 1.  2) Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve relay 1 terminals.  Terminals No. 3 — No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 10.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina- tion valve relay 1. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag) -8, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
0	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1.  Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve relay 1 terminals with the battery disconnected.  Terminals  No. 3 — No. 4:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 11.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina- tion valve relay 1. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag) -8, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
1	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1 POWER SOURCE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between the secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (F9) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (F9) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 12.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1 CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector of ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 15 — (F9) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 13.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector.

ENGI	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  Srought No Footby Engine (DIAGNOSTICS)					
	Step	Check	Yes	No	: 10/03	
13	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 1 CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (F9) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 1 connector.		

### **EE:DTC P2441 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK CLOSED (BANK 1)**

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2440. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-354, DTC P2440 SECOND-ARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

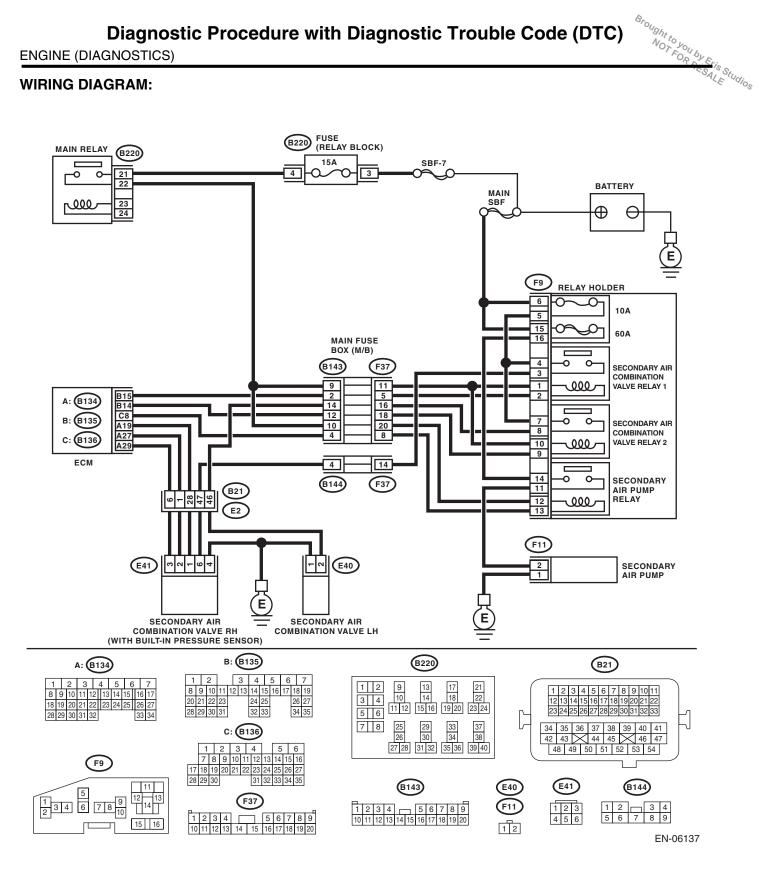
# EF:DTC P2442 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN (BANK2)

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-278, DTC P2442 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN (BANK2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.



	ENGINE (DIAGNOSTIC			
	Step	Check	Yes	No No
I	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE FUSE.  Check if the secondary air combination valve fuse (10 A) is blown out.	Is the fuse blown out?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUSE BOX AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE LH.  1) Remove the secondary air combination valve fuse (10 A) from the fuse box.  2) Disconnect the connector from the secondary air combination valve LH.  3) Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve fuse and secondary air combination valve LH connector, and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (F9) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (E40) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Replace the fuse with a new part, and connect the secondary air combination valve LH connector. Go to step 3.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between the fuse box and the secondary air combination valve LH connector.
	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE LH OPERATION.  1) Connect the delivery (test) mode connector. 2) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 3) Perform operation check for the secondary air combination valve LH using the Subaru Select Monitor.  NOTE: Refer to "Compulsory Valve Operation Check Mode" for more operation procedures. <ref. check="" compulsory="" en(h4dotc)(diag)-56,="" mode.="" operation="" to="" valve=""></ref.>		Go to step 4.	Go to step 6.
4	CHECK DUCT BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR PUMP AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE LH.  Check the duct between the secondary air pump and secondary air combination valve LH.	Is there damage, clog or dis- connection of the duct?	Replace, clean or connect the duct.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK PIPE BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE LH AND CYLINDER HEAD. Check the pipe between the secondary air com- bination valve LH and cylinder head.	Is there damage, clog or disconnection of the pipe?	Replace, clean or connect the pipe.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE LH.  1) Disconnect the connector from the secondary air combination valve LH.  2) In the condition of step 3, measure the voltage between secondary air combination valve LH connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (E40) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Does the voltage repeatedly change between 10 V and 0 V?	Replace the sec- ondary air combina- tion valve LH. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)- 24, Secondary Air Combination Valve.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 7.

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	Step	Check	Yes	No
7	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE LH AND CHAS- SIS GROUND.  Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve LH connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal (E40) No. 1 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair the open circuit in harness between secondary air combination valve LH connector and chassis ground.
3	AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2 AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE LH CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the secondary air combination valve relay 2 from the relay box. 3) Measure the resistance of the harness between the secondary air combination valve relay 2 and secondary air combination valve LH connector.  Connector & terminal (F9) No. 8 — (E40) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the open circuit in harness between secondary air combination valve relay 2 connector and secondary air combination valve LH connector.
9	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2.  1) Connect the battery to terminals No. 10 and No. 9 of the secondary air combination valve relay 2.  2) Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve relay 2 terminals.  Terminals  No. 7 — No. 8:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega ?$	Go to step 10.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina- tion valve relay 2. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag) -8, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
10	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2.  Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve relay 2 terminals with the battery disconnected.  Terminals  No. 7 — No. 8:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 11.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina- tion valve relay 2. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag) -8, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
11	CHECK SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2 POWER SOURCE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between the secondary air combination valve relay 2 connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (F9) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):  (F9) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 12.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
12	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2 CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector of ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 2 connector.  Connector & terminal (B135) No. 14 — (F9) No. 9:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 13.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM and secondary air combination valve relay 2 connector.

	Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)				
	Step	Check	Yes	No	LETUDIO
13	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR COMBINATION VALVE RELAY 2 CONNECTOR.  Measure the resistance between the secondary air combination valve relay 2 connector and chassis ground.  Connector & terminal  (F9) No. 9 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair the poor contact of the ECM connector.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM and second- ary air combination valve relay 2 con- nector.	

### EG:DTC P2443 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK CLOSED (BANK2)

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2442. <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-359, DTC P2442 SECOND-ARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE STUCK OPEN (BANK2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

**ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)** 

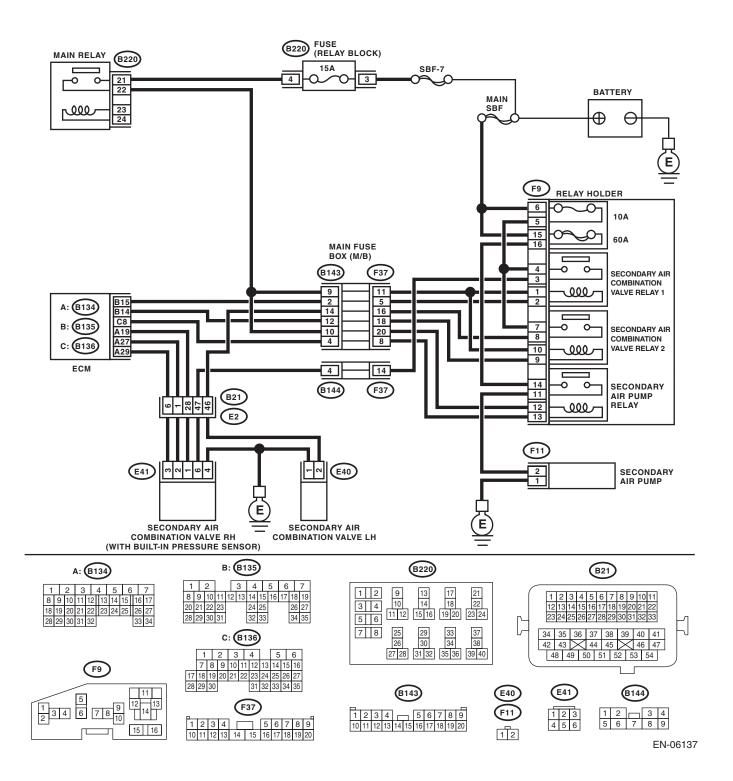
# Brought to you by Eris Studios EH:DTC P2444 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYSTEM PUMP STUCK ON

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H4DOTC)-279, DTC P2444 SECONDARY AIR INJECTION SYS-TEM PUMP STUCK ON, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After repair or replacement of faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-55, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.> and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H4DOTC)(diag)-44, PROCE-**DURE**, Inspection Mode.>.



				No
	Step	Check	Yes	NO
1	CHECK SECONDARY AIR PIPING PRESSURE.  1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Using the Subaru Select Monitor, read secondary air piping pressure data, and compare with the actual barometric pressure.  NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h4dotc)(diag)-34,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.>	Is the actual difference with atmospheric pressure 50 mmHg (6.7 kPa, 2.0 inHg, 0.97 psig) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if the malfunction indicator light illuminates, the circuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Reproduce the fault condition, and reperform the check.  NOTE: In this case, there may be a temporary connector contact failure.
2	CHECK SECONDARY AIR PUMP.  1) Start the engine and warm-up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).  2) Check whether or not the secondary air pump is operating.	Is the secondary air pump operating?	Go to step 3.	Replace the sec- ondary air combina- tion valve LH. <ref. to EC(H4DOTC)- 24, Secondary Air Combination Valve.&gt;</ref. 
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY CONNECTOR.  1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.  2) Remove the secondary air pump relay from the relay box.  3) Measure the resistance between the secondary air pump relay connector and engine ground terminals.  Connector & terminal  (F9) No. 13 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the ground short circuit of harness between ECM and secondary air pump relay connector.
4	CHECK SECONDARY AIR PUMP RELAY.  Measure the resistance between the secondary air pump relay terminals.  Terminals  No. 14 — No. 11:	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between secondary air pump relay and secondary air pump connector.	Replace the sec- ondary air pump relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H4DOTC)(diag) -8, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>

## 20.General Diagnostic Table

### A: INSPECTION

### 1. ENGINE

NOTE:

Malfunction of parts other than those listed is also possible. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-105, Engine Trouble in General.>

Symptom	Problem parts
1. Engine stalls during idling.	1) Electronic throttle control 2) Manifold absolute pressure sensor 3) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor 4) Ignition parts (*1) 5) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2) 6) Crankshaft position sensor (*3) 7) Camshaft position sensor (*3) 8) Fuel injection parts (*4)
2. Rough idling	1) Electronic throttle control 2) Manifold absolute pressure sensor 3) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor 4) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2) 5) Ignition parts (*1) 6) Air intake system (*5) 7) Fuel injection parts (*4) 8) Crankshaft position sensor (*3) 9) Camshaft position sensor (*3) 10) Oxygen sensor 11) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
3. Engine does not return to idle.	Electronic throttle control     Engine coolant temperature sensor     Manifold absolute pressure sensor     Mass air flow sensor
4. Poor acceleration	1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor 2) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor 3) Electronic throttle control 4) Fuel injection parts (*4) 5) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay 6) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2) 7) Crankshaft position sensor (*3) 8) Camshaft position sensor (*3) 9) A/C switch and A/C cut relay 10) Engine torque control signal circuit 11) Ignition parts (*1)
5. Engine stalls, hesitates, or sputters at acceleration.	1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor 2) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor 3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2) 4) Crankshaft position sensor (*3) 5) Camshaft position sensor (*3) 6) Purge control solenoid valve 7) Fuel injection parts (*4) 8) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay
6. Surging	1) Manifold absolute pressure sensor 2) Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor 3) Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2) 4) Crankshaft position sensor (*3) 5) Camshaft position sensor (*3) 6) Fuel injection parts (*4) 7) Throttle position sensor 8) Fuel pump and fuel pump relay

## **General Diagnostic Table**

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	Brought to you by Er is Studios	
Symptom	Problem parts	E .0108
7. Spark knock	<ol> <li>Manifold absolute pressure sensor</li> <li>Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>Knock sensor</li> <li>Fuel injection parts (*4)</li> <li>Fuel pump and fuel pump relay</li> </ol>	
8. After burning in exhaust system	<ol> <li>Manifold absolute pressure sensor</li> <li>Mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor (*2)</li> <li>Fuel injection parts (*4)</li> <li>Fuel pump and fuel pump relay</li> </ol>	

<sup>\*1:</sup> Check ignition coil and spark plug.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Indicate the symptom occurring only in cold temperatures.

<sup>\*3:</sup> Ensure the secure installation.

<sup>\*4:</sup> Check fuel injector, fuel pressure regulator and fuel filter.

<sup>\*5:</sup> Inspect air leak in air intake system.