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# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

Brought to you by Ess Studios

### 1. List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

### A: LIST

DTC	Item	Index
P0026	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-8,="" intake="" p0026="" performance="" range="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P0028	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 2)	<ref. control="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-11,="" intake="" p0028="" solenoid<br="" to="" valve="">CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0030	HO2S Heater Control Circuit (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. circuit<br="" control="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-11,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0030="" to="">(BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0031	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. circuit<br="" control="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-13,="" heater="" ho2s="" p0031="" to="">LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Crite- ria.&gt;</ref.>
P0032	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-15,="" heater="" high="" ho2s="" p0032="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0037	HO2S Heater Control Circuit Low (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-17,="" heater="" ho2s="" low="" p0037="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0038	HO2S Heater Control Circuit High (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-19,="" heater="" high="" ho2s="" p0038="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0068	MAP/MAF - Throttle Position Correlation	<ref. (dtc)="" -="" code="" correlation,="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-21,="" maf="" map="" p0068="" position="" throttle="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0076	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Low (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-24,="" intake="" low="" p0076="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P0077	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit High (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-25,="" high="" intake="" p0077="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P0082	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit Low (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-26,="" intake="" low="" p0082="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P0083	Intake Valve Control Solenoid Circuit High (Bank 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-26,="" high="" intake="" p0083="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P0101	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. (dtc)="" air="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" flow="" gd(h4so)-27,="" mass="" or="" p0101="" performance,="" range="" to="" trouble="" volume=""></ref.>
P0102	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Low Input	<ref. (dtc)="" air="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" flow="" gd(h4so)-30,="" input,="" low="" mass="" or="" p0102="" to="" trouble="" volume=""></ref.>
P0103	Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit High Input	<ref. (dtc)="" air="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" flow="" gd(h4so)-32,="" high="" input,="" mass="" or="" p0103="" to="" trouble="" volume=""></ref.>
P0107	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit Low Input	<ref. <br="" absolute="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-34,="" manifold="" p0107="" pressure="" to="">BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0108	Manifold Absolute Pressure/Barometric Pressure Circuit High Input	<ref. <br="" absolute="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-36,="" manifold="" p0108="" pressure="" to="">BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0111	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. (dtc)="" 1="" air="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-38,="" intake="" p0111="" performance,="" range="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0112	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc)="" 1="" air="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-40,="" intake="" low,="" p0112="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0113	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit High	<ref. (dtc)="" 1="" air="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-42,="" high,="" intake="" p0113="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0117	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" coolant="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" engine="" gd(h4so)-44,="" low,="" p0117="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>

		gnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  GENERAL DESCRIPTION
DTC	Item	Index
P0118	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit High	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" engine="" gd(h4so)-46,="" p0118="" temperature<br="" to="">CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit Low	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-48,="" p0122="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A" Circuit High	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-50,="" p0123="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0125	Insufficient Coolant Temperature for Closed Loop Fuel Control	<ref. coolant="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-52,="" insufficient="" p0125="" tempera-<br="" to="">TURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0126	Insufficient Engine Coolant Temperature for Stable Operation	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" coolant="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" engine="" for="" gd(h4so)-54,="" insufficient="" operation,="" p0126="" stable="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0128	Coolant Thermostat (Engine Coolant Temperature Below Thermostat Reg- ulating Temperature)	<ref. (dtc)="" (engine="" below="" code="" coolant="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-56,="" p0128="" regulating="" temperature="" temperature),="" thermostat="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0131	O2 Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-58,="" low="" o2="" p0131="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage=""></ref.>
P0132	O2 Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 1),="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-60,="" high="" o2="" p0132="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage=""></ref.>
P0133	O2 Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. circuit="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-62,="" o2="" p0133="" sensor="" slow<br="" to="">RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0134	O2 Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank 1 Sensor 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 1),="" activity="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detected="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-65,="" no="" o2="" p0134="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0137	O2 Sensor Circuit Low Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-67,="" low="" o2="" p0137="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage=""></ref.>
P0138	O2 Sensor Circuit High Voltage (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 2),="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-70,="" high="" o2="" p0138="" sensor="" to="" trouble="" voltage=""></ref.>
P0139	O2 Sensor Circuit Slow Response (Bank 1 Sensor 2)	<ref. circuit="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-71,="" o2="" p0139="" sensor="" slow<br="" to="">RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0140	O2 Sensor Circuit No Activity Detected (Bank1 Sensor2)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" 2),="" activity="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detected="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-78,="" no="" o2="" p0140="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0171	System Too Lean (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1),="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-80,="" lean="" p0171="" system="" to="" too="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0172	System Too Rich (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1),="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-82,="" p0172="" rich="" system="" to="" too="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0181	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. "a"="" (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-84,="" p0181="" performance,="" range="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0182	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low Input	<ref. "a"<="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-87,="" p="" p0182="" sensor="" temperature="" to=""> CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P0183	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High Input	<ref. "a"="" (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-89,="" high="" input,="" p0183="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0196	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" engine="" gd(h4so)-91,="" oil="" p0196="" performance,="" range="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0197	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor Low	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" engine="" gd(h4so)-93,="" low,="" oil="" p0197="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P0198	Engine Oil Temperature Sensor High	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" engine="" gd(h4so)-94,="" high,="" oil="" p0198="" sensor="" temperature="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>

### **List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)**

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  GENERAL DESCRIPTION  DTC   Item   Index  P0222   Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch   < Ref. to GD(H4SQ)-95   DTC P0222 THBOTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-			
DTC	Item	Index	
P0222	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit Low	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-95,="" p0222="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>	
P0223	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "B" Circuit High	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-97,="" p0223="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>	
P0301	Cylinder 1 Misfire Detected	<ref. (dtc)="" 1="" code="" criteria.="" cylinder="" detected,="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-99,="" misfire="" p0301="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0302	Cylinder 2 Misfire Detected	<ref. (dtc)="" 2="" code="" criteria.="" cylinder="" detected,="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-105,="" misfire="" p0302="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0303	Cylinder 3 Misfire Detected	<ref. (dtc)="" 3="" code="" criteria.="" cylinder="" detected,="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-105,="" misfire="" p0303="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0304	Cylinder 4 Misfire Detected	<ref. (dtc)="" 4="" code="" criteria.="" cylinder="" detected,="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-105,="" misfire="" p0304="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0327	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit Low (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-106,="" knock="" low="" or="" p0327="" sensor="" sensor),="" single="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0328	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit High (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-108,="" high="" knock="" or="" p0328="" sensor="" sensor),="" single="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0335	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit	<ref. crankshaft="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-110,="" p0335="" position="" sensor<br="" to="">"A" CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>	
P0336	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. "a"="" (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" crankshaft="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-112,="" p0336="" performance,="" position="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0340	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. "a"="" (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-114,="" or="" p0340="" position="" sensor="" sensor),="" single="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0341	Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit Range/Performance (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)	<ref. "a"="" (bank="" (dtc)="" 1="" camshaft="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-116,="" or="" p0341="" performance="" position="" range="" sensor="" sensor),="" single="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0400	Exhaust Gas Recirculation Flow	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" exhaust="" flow,="" gas="" gd(h4so)-118,="" p0400="" recirculation="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0420	Catalyst System Efficiency Below Threshold (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1),="" below="" catalyst="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" efficiency="" gd(h4so)-122,="" p0420="" system="" threshold="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0442	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Small Leak)	<ref. (dtc)="" (small="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detected="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-125,="" leak="" leak),="" p0442="" system="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0447	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Open	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-141,="" open,="" p0447="" system="" to="" trouble="" vent=""></ref.>	
P0448	Evaporative Emission Control System Vent Control Circuit Shorted	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-143,="" p0448="" shorted,="" system="" to="" trouble="" vent=""></ref.>	
P0451	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-145,="" p0451="" pressure="" sensor,="" system="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0452	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor Low Input	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-147,="" input,="" low="" p0452="" pressure="" sensor="" system="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	
P0453	Evaporative Emission Control System Pressure Sensor High Input	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-149,="" high="" input,="" p0453="" pressure="" sensor="" system="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>	

List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  GENERAL DESCRIPTION  DTC Item Index				
DTC	Item	Index		
P0456	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Very Small Leak)	<ref. (dtc)="" (very="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detected="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-150,="" leak="" leak),="" p0456="" small="" system="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0457	Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Fuel Cap Loose/Off)	<ref. (dtc)="" (fuel="" cap="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detected="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-150,="" leak="" loose="" off),="" p0457="" system="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0458	Evaporative Emission System Purge Control Valve Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-151,="" low,="" p0458="" purge="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>		
P0459	Evaporative Emission System Purge Control Valve Circuit High	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" emission="" evaporative="" gd(h4so)-153,="" high,="" p0459="" purge="" system="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>		
P0461	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit Range/ Performance	<ref. "a"="" (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-155,="" level="" p0461="" performance,="" range="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0462	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit Low	<ref. "a"="" (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-157,="" level="" low,="" p0462="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0463	Fuel Level Sensor "A" Circuit High	<ref. "a"="" (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-159,="" high,="" level="" p0463="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0464	Fuel Level Sensor Circuit Intermittent	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-161,="" intermittent,="" level="" p0464="" sensor="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0500	Vehicle Speed Sensor "A"	<ref. "a",="" (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-165,="" p0500="" sensor="" speed="" to="" trouble="" vehicle=""></ref.>		
P0506	Idle Air Control System RPM Lower Than Expected	<ref. (dtc)="" air="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" expected,="" gd(h4so)-167,="" idle="" lower="" p0506="" rpm="" system="" than="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0507	Idle Air Control System RPM Higher Than Expected	<ref. (dtc)="" air="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" expected,="" gd(h4so)-169,="" higher="" idle="" p0507="" rpm="" system="" than="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0512	Starter Request Circuit	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit,="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-171,="" p0512="" request="" starter="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0513	Incorrect Immobilizer Key	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-172,="" immobilizer="" incorrect="" key,="" p0513="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0600	Serial Communication Link	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" communication="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-173,="" link,="" p0600="" serial="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0604	Internal Control Module Random Access Memory (RAM) Error	<ref. control="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-175,="" internal="" module="" p0604="" ran-<br="" to="">DOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>		
P0605	Internal Control Module Read Only Memory (ROM) Error	<ref. (dtc)="" (rom)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" error,="" gd(h4so)-177,="" internal="" memory="" module="" only="" p0605="" read="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0607	Control Module Performance	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-178,="" module="" p0607="" performance,="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0638	Throttle Actuator Control Range/Performance (Bank 1)	<ref. (bank="" (dtc)="" 1),="" actuator="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-181,="" p0638="" performance="" range="" throttle="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0700	Transmission Control System (MIL Request)	<ref. (dtc)="" (mil="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-184,="" p0700="" request),="" system="" to="" transmission="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0851	Park/Neutral Switch Input Circuit Low (AT Model)	<ref. cir-<br="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-185,="" input="" neutral="" p0851="" park="" switch="" to="">CUIT LOW (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>		
P0851	Neutral Switch Input Circuit Low (MT Model)	<ref. (dtc)="" (mt="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-186,="" input="" low="" model),="" neutral="" p0851="" switch="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		
P0852	Park/Neutral Switch Input Circuit High (AT Model)	<ref. cir-<br="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-188,="" input="" neutral="" p0852="" park="" switch="" to="">CUIT HIGH (AT MODEL), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>		
P0852	Neutral Switch Input Circuit High (MT Model)	<ref. (dtc)="" (mt="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-189,="" high="" input="" model),="" neutral="" p0852="" switch="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>		

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

GENER	AL DESCRIPTION	gnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  Index    SPet to GD(H4SO)-191 DTC P1152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT BANGE/PER-
DTC	Item	Index
P1152	O2 Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (Low) (Bank1 Sensor1)	<ref. (bank1="" (dtc)="" (low)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-191,="" o2="" p1152="" per-formance="" range="" sensor="" sensor1),="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1153	O2 Sensor Circuit Range/Performance (High) (Bank1 Sensor1)	<ref. (bank1="" (dtc)="" (high)="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-194,="" o2="" p1153="" per-formance="" range="" sensor="" sensor1),="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1160	Return Spring Failure	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" failure,="" gd(h4so)-197,="" p1160="" return="" spring="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1400	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Solenoid Valve Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-199,="" low,="" p1400="" pressure="" solenoid="" tank="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P1420	Fuel Tank Pressure Control Sol. Valve Circuit High	<ref. (dtc)="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-201,="" high,="" p1420="" pressure="" sol.="" tank="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P1443	Vent Control Solenoid Valve Function Problem	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" function="" gd(h4so)-203,="" p1443="" problem,="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve="" vent=""></ref.>
P1491	Positive Crankcase Ventilation (Blowby) Function Problem	<ref. (blow-by)="" (dtc)="" code="" crankcase="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" function="" gd(h4so)-205,="" p1491="" positive="" problem,="" to="" trouble="" ventilation=""></ref.>
P1492	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #1 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. #1="" (dtc)="" (low="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-207,="" input),="" malfunction="" p1492="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P1493	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #1 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. #1="" (dtc)="" (high="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-209,="" input),="" malfunction="" p1493="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P1494	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #2 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. #2="" (dtc)="" (low="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-211,="" input),="" malfunction="" p1494="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" trouble="" valve=""></ref.>
P1495	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #2 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. #2<br="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-211,="" p1495="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P1496	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #3 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. #3<br="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-211,="" p1496="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P1497	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #3 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. #3<br="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-211,="" p1497="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P1498	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #4 Circuit Malfunction (Low Input)	<ref. #4<br="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-211,="" p1498="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P1499	EGR Solenoid Valve Signal #4 Circuit Malfunction (High Input)	<ref. #4<br="" dtc="" egr="" gd(h4so)-211,="" p1499="" signal="" solenoid="" to="" valve="">CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P1560	Back-up Voltage Circuit Malfunction	<ref. back-up="" circuit="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-212,="" mal-<br="" p1560="" to="" voltage="">FUNCTION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P1570	Antenna	<ref. (dtc)="" antenna,="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-213,="" p1570="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1571	Reference Code Incompatibility	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-213,="" incompatibility,="" p1571="" reference="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1572	IMM Circuit Failure (Except Antenna Circuit)	<ref. (dtc)="" (except="" antenna="" circuit="" circuit),="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" failure="" gd(h4so)-213,="" imm="" p1572="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1574	Key Communication Failure	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" communication="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" failure,="" gd(h4so)-213,="" key="" p1574="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1576	EGI Control Module EEPROM	<ref. control="" dtc="" eeprom,<br="" egi="" gd(h4so)-213,="" module="" p1576="" to="">Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>

### **List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)**

	List of Dia	gnostic Trouble Code (DTC)  GENERAL DESCRIPTION
		GENERAL DESCRIPTION
DTC	Item	Index
P1577	IMM Control Module EEPROM	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" eeprom,="" gd(h4so)-213,="" imm="" module="" p1577="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1578	Meter Failure	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" failure,="" gd(h4so)-213,="" meter="" p1578="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P1602	Control Module Programming Error	<ref. (dtc)="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" error,="" gd(h4so)-214,="" module="" p1602="" programming="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P2096	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Lean Bank 1	<ref. (dtc)="" 1,="" bank="" catalyst="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-216,="" lean="" p2096="" post="" system="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble=""></ref.>
P2097	Post Catalyst Fuel Trim System Too Rich Bank 1	<ref. (dtc)="" 1,="" bank="" catalyst="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" fuel="" gd(h4so)-218,="" p2097="" post="" rich="" system="" to="" too="" trim="" trouble=""></ref.>
P2101	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Range/Performance	<ref. (dtc)="" actuator="" circuit="" code="" control="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-220,="" motor="" p2101="" performance,="" range="" throttle="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P2102	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit Low	<ref. actuator="" control<br="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-222,="" p2102="" throttle="" to="">MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2103	Throttle Actuator Control Motor Circuit High	<ref. actuator="" control<br="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-224,="" p2103="" throttle="" to="">MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2109	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor "A" Minimum Stop Performance	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-226,="" p2109="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR "A" MINIMUM STOP PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2122	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-228,="" p2122="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2123	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-230,="" p2123="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2127	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit Low Input	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-232,="" p2127="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2128	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "E" Circuit High Input	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-234,="" p2128="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2135	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "A"/"B" Voltage Correlation	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-236,="" p2135="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLTAGE CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2138	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor/Switch "D"/"E" Voltage Correlation	<ref. dtc="" gd(h4so)-238,="" p2138="" pedal="" position="" sen-<br="" throttle="" to="">SOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.&gt;</ref.>
P2227	Barometric Pressure Circuit Range/ Performance	<ref. (dtc)="" barometric="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-240,="" p2227="" performance,="" pressure="" range="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P2228	Barometric Pressure Circuit Low	<ref. (dtc)="" barometric="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-241,="" low,="" p2228="" pressure="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>
P2229	Barometric Pressure Circuit High	<ref. (dtc)="" barometric="" circuit="" code="" criteria.="" detecting="" diagnostic="" dtc="" gd(h4so)-242,="" high,="" p2229="" pressure="" to="" trouble=""></ref.>

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

### 2. Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria

# Brought to you by Eis Studios A: DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-**FORMANCE (BANK 1)**

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG with either Low NG or High NG.

A variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch is installed for diagnosis. It is possible to determine whether the intake valve is in high mode (increase the amount of lift) or in low mode (suppressing the amount of lift) when the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch is turned ON or OFF.

#### Normal

Oil switching solenoid valve duty	Intake valve	Variable valve lift diag- nosis oil pressure switch
Large	High mode	ON
Minimum	Low mode	OFF

#### Low NG

When the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch remains OFF even though the intake valve tried to enter high mode (oil switching solenoid valve duty is large), this is judged as a Low NG.

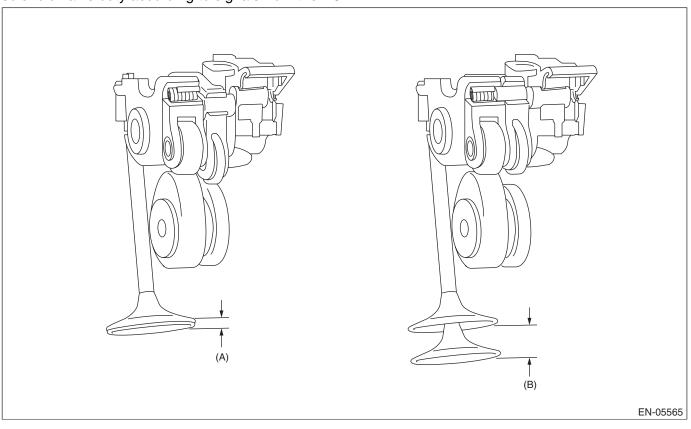
### High NG

When the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch remains ON even though the intake valve tried to enter low mode (oil switching solenoid valve duty is small), this is judged as a High NG.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The variable valve lift system optimizes the intake valve lift by switching between the low lift cam and the high lift cam according to the engine speed. The amount of intake valve lift is varied by controlling the oil switching solenoid valve duty according to signals from the ECM.



(A) Low lift (B) High lift

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	≥ 6000 ms
Engine oil temperature	≥ 15 °C (59 °F)
Variable valve lift control	Operation

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously 6 seconds after engine start while variable valve lift is being controlled

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low	
Duty ratio	≥ 62 %
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch	OFF
High	
Duty ratio	< 33 %
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch	ON

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low side: 784 ms High side: 3000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low	
Duty ratio	≥ 62 %
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch	ON
High	
Duty ratio	< 33 %
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch	OFF

### **Time Needed for Diagnosis:**

Low side: 208 ms High side: 3000 ms

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

### B: DTC P0028 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE (BANK 2)

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

#### NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0026. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-8, DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

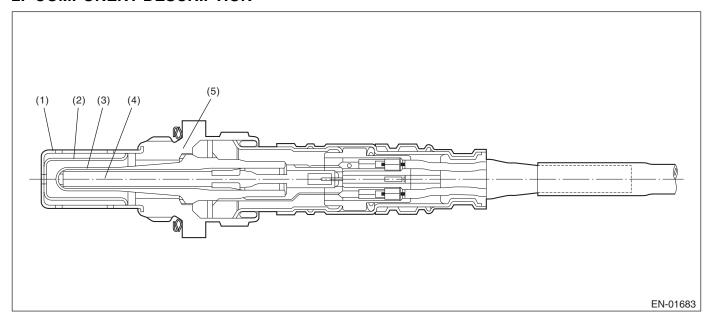
### C: DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect functional errors of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater.

Judge as NG when it is determined that the front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance is large when looking at engine status such as deceleration fuel cut.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Element cover (outer)
- (3) Sensor element
- (4) Ceramic heater

(5) Sensor housing

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Element cover (inner)

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Condition established time	≥ 42000 ms
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Heater current	Permitted
Control duty ≥ 35 %	Experienced
After fuel cut	≥ 20000 ms

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after 42000 ms seconds or more have passed since the engine started.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	> 50 Ω

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	≤ 50 Ω

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10000 ms

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- · Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

### D: DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

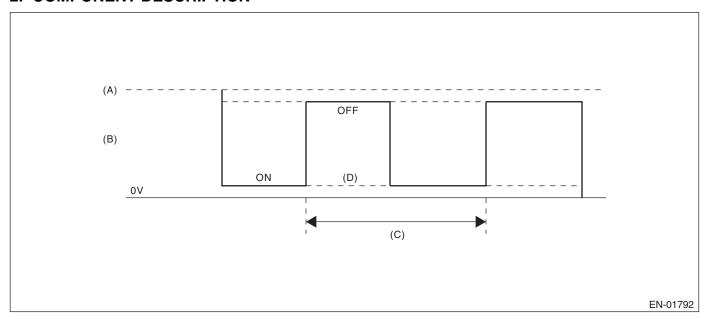
### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater open or short circuit.

The front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains Low.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Battery voltage
- (D) Low error

- (B) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater output voltage
- (C) 128 milliseconds

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	Low
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control	< 87.5 %
duty	

Time Needed for Diagnosis:4 ms × 250 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on the heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

### E: DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

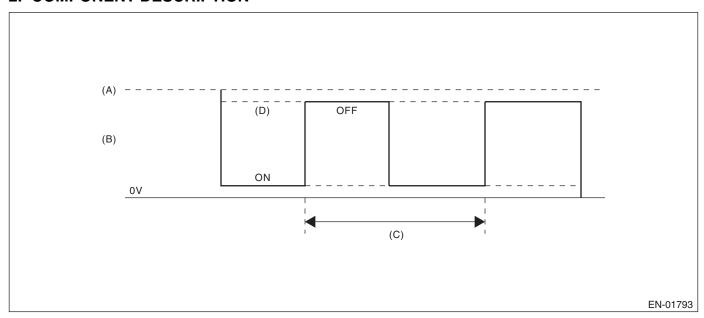
### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater open or short circuit.

The front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains High.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Battery voltage
- (D) High error

- (B) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater output voltage
- (C) 128 milliseconds

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	High
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control	≥ 12.5 %
duty	

Time Needed for Diagnosis:  $4 \text{ ms} \times 500 \text{ time}$ 

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on the heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

### F: DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

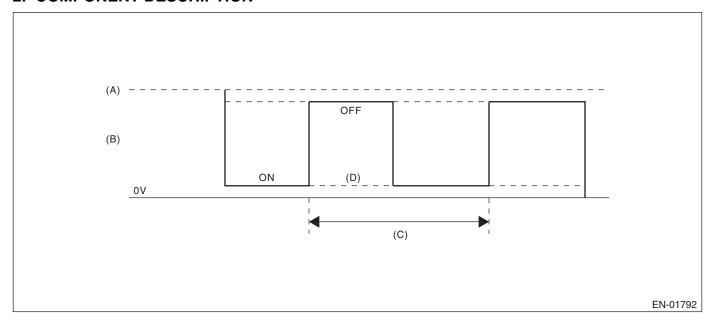
### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the rear oxygen sensor heater open or short circuit.

The rear oxygen sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains Low.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage Low error

(D)

- (B) Output voltage of the rear oxygen sensor heater
- (C) 256 milliseconds (cycles)

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after engine starting	≥ 1 second
Engine speed	< 8000 rpm

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

After starting the engine, perform the diagnosis continuously when engine is low speed.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	Low
Rear oxygen sensor heater control duty	< 75 %

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:8 ms × 320 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

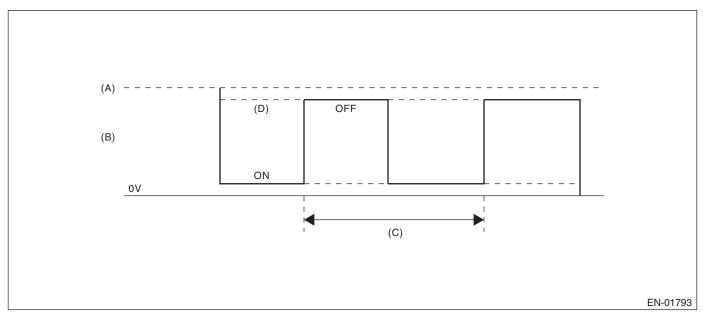
### G: DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the rear oxygen sensor heater open or short circuit.

The rear oxygen sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage. Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains High.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage High error

(D)

- (B) Output voltage of the rear oxygen sensor heater
- (C) 256 milliseconds (cycles)

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after engine starting	≥ 1 second
Engine speed	< 8000 rpm

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

After starting the engine, perform the diagnosis continuously when engine speed is low.

Brought to you by Esis Studios

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	High
Rear oxygen sensor heater control duty	≥ 20 %

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:8 ms × 320 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

SALE

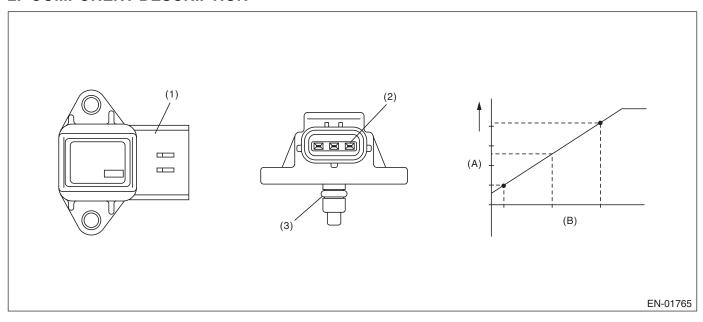
### H: DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect problems in the intake manifold pressure sensor output properties.

Judge as NG when the intake air pressure AD value is Low whereas it seemed to be High from the viewpoint of engine condition, or when it is High whereas it seemed to be Low from the engine condition.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Absolute pressure

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

(3) O-ring

### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after idling.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when Low side or High side becomes NG.

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low	
Engine speed	< 2500 rpm
Throttle position	≥ 12 °
Output voltage	< 1.63 V
Engine load	> 0.6 g/rev (0.02 oz/
	rev)
High	
Engine speed	600 rpm — 900 rpm
Throttle position	< 2.44 °
Output voltage	≥ 3.4 V
Engine load	< 0.4 g/rev (0.01 oz/ rev)

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low side: 3000 ms High side: 7000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cy-

cles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when both Low side and High side become OK.

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as OK.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low	
Engine speed	< 2500 rpm
Throttle position	≥ 12 °
Output voltage	≥ 1.63 V
Engine load	> 0.6 g/rev (0.02 oz/
	rev)
High	
Engine speed	600 rpm — 900 rpm
Throttle position	< 2.44 °
Output voltage	< 3.4 V
Engine load	< 0.4 g/rev (0.01 oz/
	rev)

### **Time Needed for Diagnosis:**

Low side: Less than 1 second High side: Less than 1 second

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Intake manifold pressure sensor process: Estimate the pressure from engine load.
- ISC feedback: Not allowed to calculate the amount of feedback.

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

### I: DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open circuit of the oil switching solenoid valve. Judge as NG when the current is small even though the output duty is large.

### 2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Duty ratio	≥ 30 %
Control current	< 0.026 A

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Oil switching solenoid valve target cur-	< 0.08 A
rent value - Oil switching solenoid valve	
current value	
Target current	≥ 0.11 A

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2000 ms

### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### J: DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect short circuits of the oil switching solenoid valve.

Judge as a short NG when the current is large even though the output duty is small.

### 2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Duty ratio	< 7 %
Control current	≥ 0.465 A

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Oil switching solenoid valve target cur- rent value – Oil switching solenoid valve	< 0.08 A
current value	

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2000 ms

### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# Brought to you by Ess Studios K: DTC P0082 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0076. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-24, DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CON-TROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### L: DTC P0083 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2)

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0077. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-25, DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CON-TROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

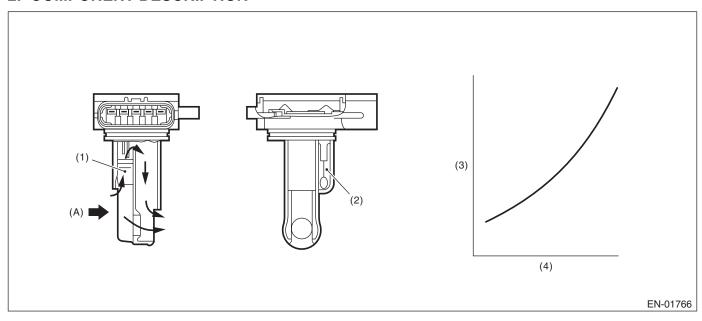
### M: DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of air flow sensor output properties.

Judge as a low side NG when the air flow voltage indicates a small value regardless of running in a state where the air flow voltage increases. Judge as a high side NG when the air flow voltage indicates a large value regardless of running in a state where the air flow voltage decreases. Judge air flow sensor property NG when the Low side or High side becomes NG.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Air
- (1) Air flow sensor

(3) Voltage (V)

(4) Amount of intake air (kg (lb)/s)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after idling.

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#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when Low side or High side becomes NG.

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low	
Output voltage	< 1.49 V
Engine speed	≥ 2000 rpm
Throttle opening angle	≥ 12 °
Intake manifold pressure	≥ 66.7 kPa (500
	mmHg, 19.7 inHg)
High (1)	
Output voltage	≥ 2.66 V
Engine speed	600 rpm — 900 rpm
Throttle opening angle	< 2.44 °
Intake manifold pressure	< 40 kPa (300 mmHg,
	11.8 inHg)
High (2)	
Output voltage	≥ 1.45 V
Engine speed	600 rpm — 900 rpm
Throttle opening angle	< 2.44 °
Intake manifold pressure	< 40 kPa (300 mmHg,
	11.8 inHg)
Fuel system diagnosis	Rich side malfunction

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low: 5000 ms High: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when both Low side and High side become OK.

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low	
Output voltage	≥ 1.49 V
Engine speed	≥ 2000 rpm
Throttle opening angle	≥ 12 °
Intake manifold pressure	≥ 66.7 kPa (500
	mmHg, 19.7 inHg)
High	
Output voltage	< 2.66 V
Engine speed	600 rpm — 900 rpm
Throttle opening angle	< 2.44 °
Intake manifold pressure	< 40 kPa (300 mmHg,
	11.8 inHg)
Fuel system diagnosis	Rich side normal

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low: Less than 1 second High: Less than 1 second

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

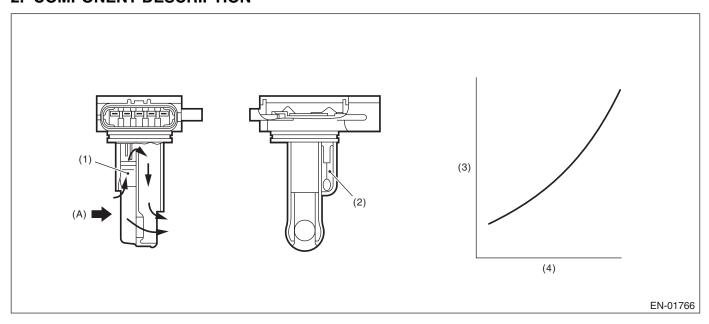
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

### N: DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuits of the air flow sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Air

(2)

Air flow sensor (1)

- Voltage (V) (3)

Amount of intake air (kg (lb)/s)

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### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Intake air temperature sensor

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≤ 0.22 V

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	> 0.22 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

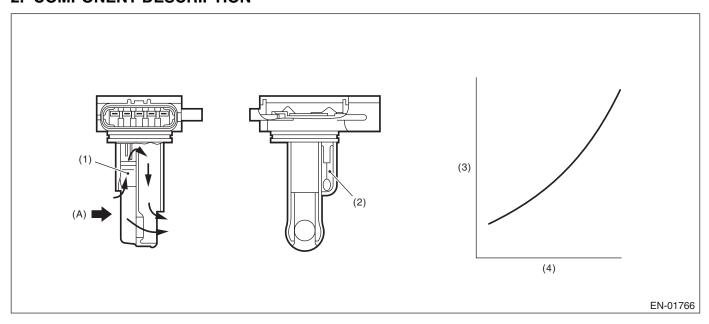
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

### O: DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuits of the air flow sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Air

(2)

Air flow sensor (1)

- Voltage (V) (3)

Amount of intake air (kg (lb)/s)

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### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Intake air temperature sensor

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.179943192 V

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.179943192 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

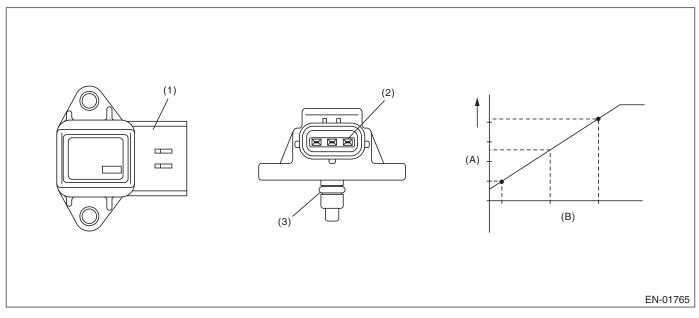
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## P: DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of intake manifold pressure sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Absolute pressure

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

(3) O-ring

### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≤ 0.573 V

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	> 0.573 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

ISC feedback: Not allowed to calculate the amount of feedback.

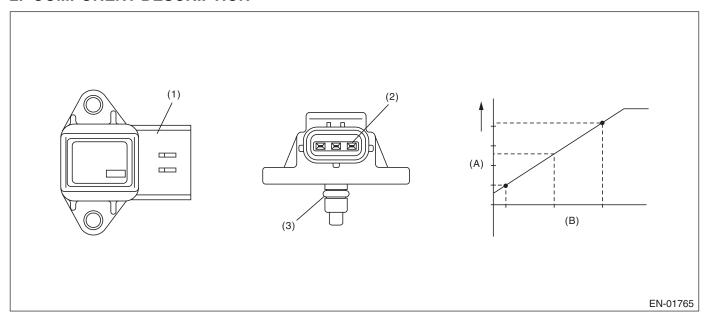
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## Q: DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of intake manifold pressure sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Absolute pressure

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

(3) O-ring

### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.38757221 V

## Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.38757221 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

ISC feedback: Not allowed to calculate the amount of feedback.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

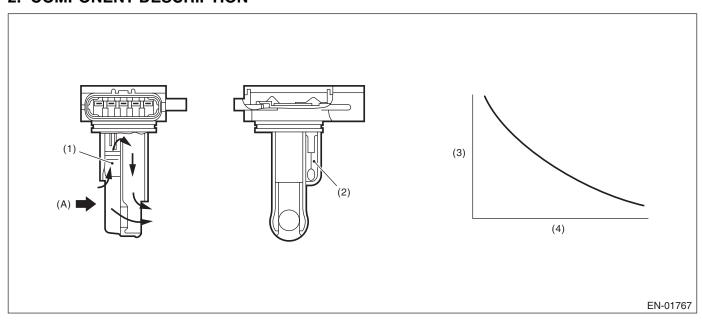
## R: DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of intake air temperature sensor output property.

Judge as NG when the intake air temperature is not varied whereas it seemed to be varied from the viewpoint of engine condition.

## 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Air
- (1) Air flow sensor

- (3) Resistance value ( $\Omega$ )
- (4) Intake air temperature °C (°F)

Intake air temperature sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Engine coolant temperature at engine starting	< 30 °C (86 °F)
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 100 °C (212 °F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Continuous time when the vehicle speed is less than 60 km/h (37.3 MPH)	≥ 600 s

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis when the vehicle speed condition is met after warming up from a cold condition.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
	< 0.02 V(Equivalent to approximately 0.5°C
and wiii.	(0.9°F) near 25°C)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage difference between Max. and Min.	≥ 0.02 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Intake air temperature sensor process: Intake air temperature is fixed at 20°C (68°F).

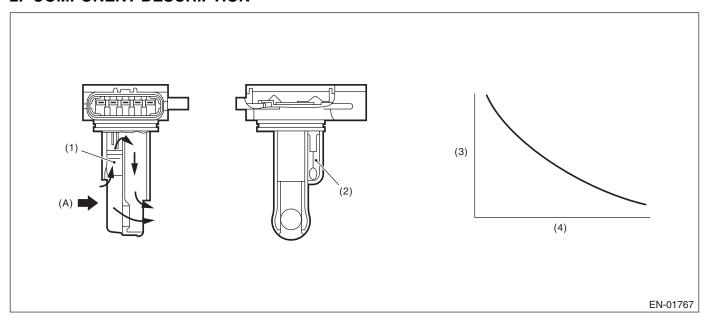
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios S: DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the intake air temperature sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Air
- Air flow sensor (1)

- Resistance value ( $\Omega$ ) (3)
- Intake air temperature °C (°F)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

## 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.230975449 V

## Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 0.230975449 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Intake air temperature sensor process: Intake air temperature is fixed at 20°C (68°F).

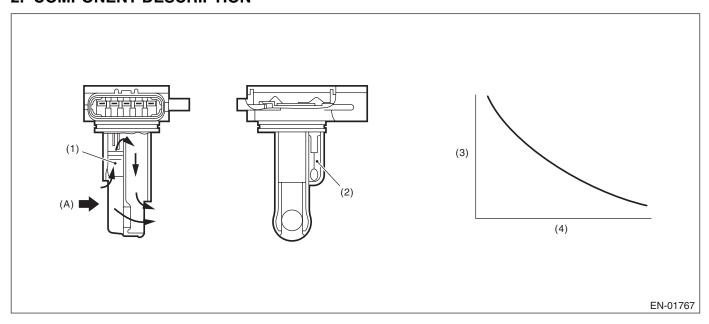
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios T: DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the intake air temperature sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Air
- Air flow sensor (1)

- Resistance value ( $\Omega$ ) (3)
- Intake air temperature °C (°F)

(2) Intake air temperature sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

## 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V

## Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.716 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Intake air temperature sensor process: Intake air temperature is fixed at 20°C (68°F).

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

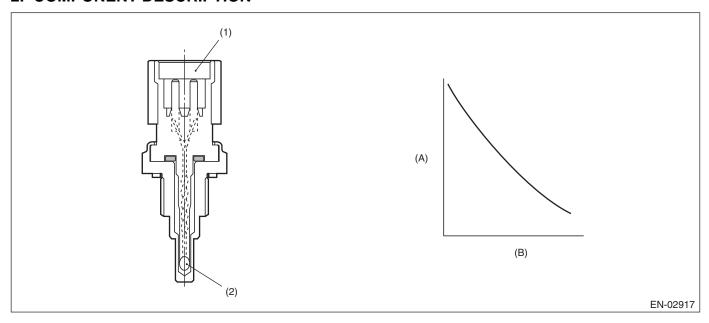
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### **U: DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the engine coolant temperature sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value ( $k\Omega$ )

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.264738528 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 0.264738528 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Engine coolant temperature sensor process: Engine coolant temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)
- ISC Feedback: Calculate target engine speed as engine coolant temperature 70°C (158°F).
- ISC learning: Not allowed to learn.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed to turn the air conditioner to ON.
- Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan turn to ON.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

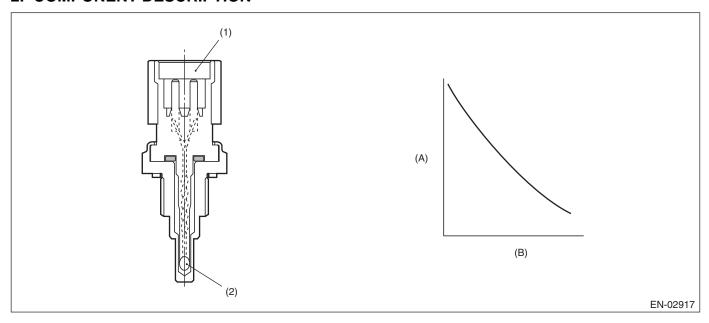
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#### V: DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the engine coolant temperature sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value ( $k\Omega$ )

(B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

## Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.716 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Engine coolant temperature sensor process: Engine coolant temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)
- ISC Feedback: Calculate target engine speed as engine coolant temperature 70°C (158°F).
- ISC learning: Not allowed to learn.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed to turn the air conditioner to ON.
- Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan turn to ON.

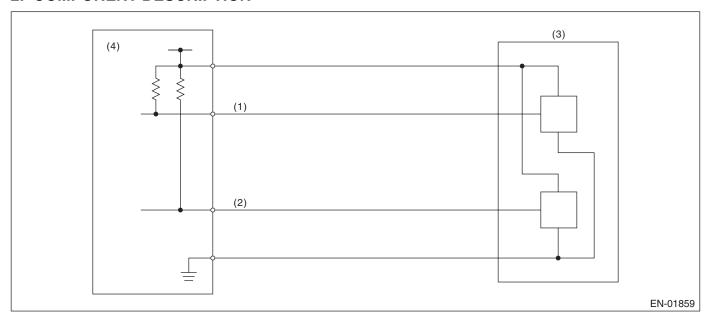
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## Brought to you by Esis Studios W: DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 1. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Throttle position sensor 1 signal (1)
- Throttle position sensor
- Engine control module (ECM) (4)

Throttle position sensor 2 signal (2)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≤ 0.217 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	> 0.217 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

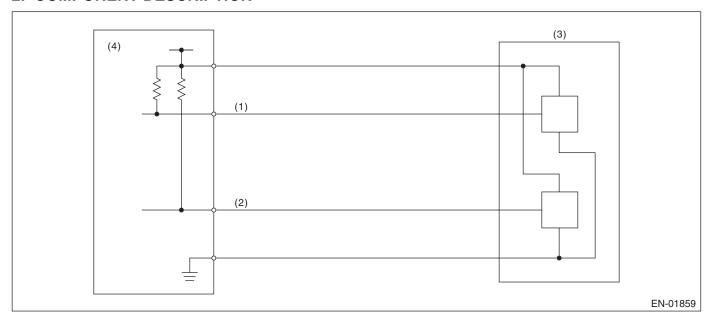
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## Brought to you by Esis Studios X: DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 1. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Throttle position sensor 1 signal (1)
- (3)Throttle position sensor
- Engine control module (ECM) (4)

Throttle position sensor 2 signal (2)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≥ 4.858 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	< 4.858 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

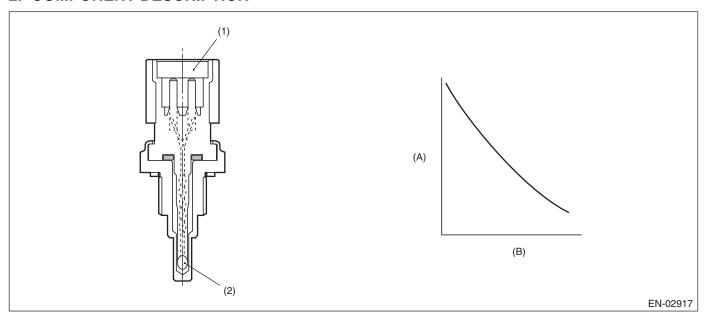
## Y: DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of engine coolant temperature output property.

Judge as NG when the engine coolant temperature does not rise in driving conditions where it should.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Resistance value ( $k\Omega$ )
- (B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Engine speed	≥ Value from Map
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

#### Map

Engine coolant temperature	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30
°C (°F)	(-40)	(–22)	(-4)	(14)	(32)	(50)	(68)	(86)
Engine speed rpm	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110
	(104)	(122)	(140)	(158)	(176)	(194)	(212)	(230)
Engine speed rpm	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after engine start.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG if the criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature	< 20 °C (68 °F)
Timer for diagnosis after engine start	≥ Judgment value of
	timer after engine start

Timer for diagnosis after engine start

a. Timer stop at fuel cut

b. During the driving conditions except a) above, timer counts up as follows.

64 milliseconds + TWCNT milliseconds (at the time of 64 milliseconds)

TWCNT is defined as follows

TWCNT = 0 at idle switch ON

TWCNT show on the following table at idle switch OFF.

		Vehicle speed km/h (MPH)							
		0 (0)	8 (5)	16 (9.9)	24 (14.9)	32 (19.9)	40 (24.9)	48 (29.8)	56 (34.8)
	-20 (-4)	0 ms	32.076 ms	39.977 ms	47.879 ms	82.544 ms	117.209 ms	154.214 ms	185.26 ms
Temper-	-10 (14)	0 ms	25.704 ms	33.606 ms	41.508 ms	68.52 ms	95.532 ms	125.667 ms	155.802 ms
ature	0 (32)	0 ms	17.646 ms	25.548 ms	33.45 ms	53.652 ms	73.855 ms	97.12 ms	120.386 ms
°C (°F)	10 (50)	0 ms	7.901 ms	15.802 ms	23.704 ms	37.941 ms	52.177 ms	68.573 ms	82.538 ms
	20 (68)	0 ms	7.901 ms	15.802 ms	23.704 ms	37.941 ms	52.177 ms	68.573 ms	82.538 ms

Judgment value of timer after engine starting

 $t = 573669 \text{ ms} - 33924 \text{ ms} \times \text{Ti}$ 

Ti: The lowest coolant temperature after engine start

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 20 °C (68 °F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Engine coolant temperature sensor process: Engine coolant temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)
- ISC Feedback: Calculate target engine speed as engine coolant temperature 70°C (158°F).
- ISC learning: Not allowed to learn.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed to turn the air conditioner to ON.
- Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan turn to ON.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

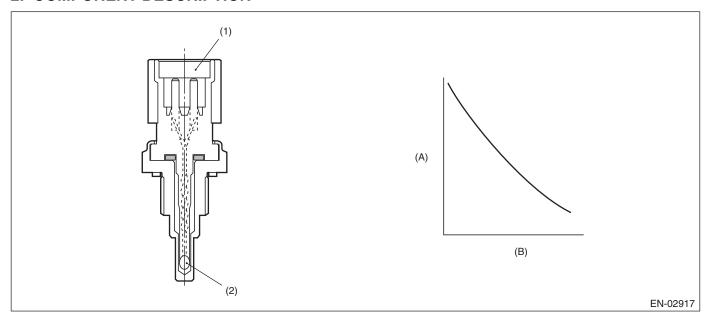
## Z: DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STA-BLE OPERATION

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of the engine coolant temperature sensor characteristics.

Memorize the engine coolant temperature and fuel temperature at the last engine stop, and use them to judge as NG when the engine coolant temperature does not decrease when it should.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Resistance value  $(k\Omega)$
- (B) Temperature °C (°F)

(1) Connector

(2) Thermistor element

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Casandawy Dayamataya	Frakla Canditian
Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Refueling from the last engine stop till	None
the current engine start	
Fuel level	≥ 15 ℓ (3.96 US gal,
	3.3 Imp gal)
Engine coolant temperature at the last	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
engine stop	

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after starting the engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature at the last engine stop — Minimum engine coolant temperature after the engine start	< 2.5 °C (36.5 °F)
Fuel temperature at the last engine stop  — Fuel temperature	≥ 5 °C (41 °F)
Intake air temperature — Fuel temperature	< 2.5 °C (36.5 °F)
Fuel temperature	< 35 °C (95 °F)

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature at the last engine stop — Minimum engine coolant	≥ 2.5 °C (36.5 °F)
temperature after the engine start	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

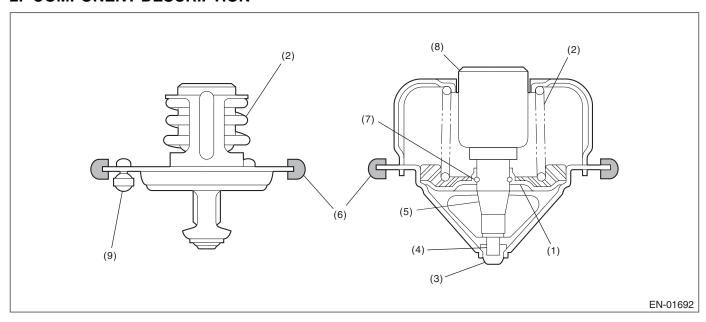
## AA:DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunctions of the thermostat function.

Judge as NG when the engine coolant temperature is lower than the estimated engine coolant temperature and the difference between them is large. Judge as OK when the engine coolant temperature becomes to 75°C (167°F), and the difference is small, before judging NG.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Valve
- (2) Spring
- (3) Stopper

- (4) Piston
- (5) Guide
- (6) Rubber seal

- (7) Stop ring
- (8) Wax element
- (9) Jiggle valve

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Estimate ambient temperature	≥ -7 °C (19.4 °F)
Thermostat malfunction diagnosis	Incomplete
Engine coolant temperature at engine starting	< 55 °C (131 °F)
Estimated coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Engine coolant temperature	≤ 75 °C (167 °F)
(Estimated – measured) Engine coolant temperature	> 30 °C (86 °F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 30 km/h (18.6 MPH)

Time Needed for Diagnosis:64 ms  $\times$  3 time  $\times$  152 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Estimate ambient temperature	≥ -7 °C (19.4 °F)
Thermostat malfunction diagnosis	Incomplete
Engine coolant temperature at engine starting	< 55 °C (131 °F)
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
(Estimated – measured) Engine coolant temperature	≤ 30 °C (86 °F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

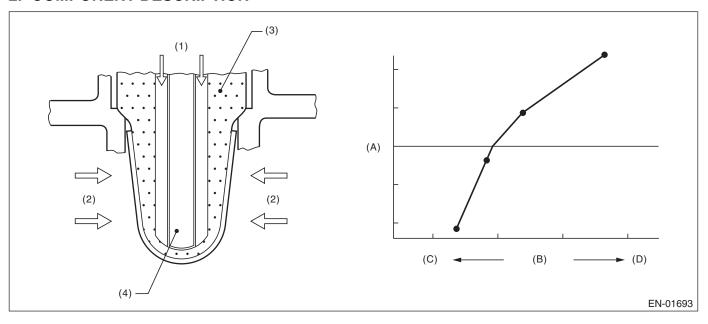
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios AB:DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of sensor. Judge as NG, when the element voltage is out of the specified range.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Electromotive force (A)
- Air fuel ratio (B)

(C) Lean

- (D) Rich
- Atmosphere (1)

(3)  $ZrO_2$  Ceramic heater

(2) Exhaust gas

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage (+)	< 1.128 V
or	
Input voltage (-)	< 0.23 V
or	
Input voltage (+) - Input voltage (-)	< 0.644 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Input voltage (+): 1000 ms Input voltage (-): 1000 ms

|Input voltage (+) - Input voltage (-)|: 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage (+)	≥ 1.128 V
Input voltage (–)	≥ 0.23 V
Input voltage (+) - Input voltage (-)	≥ 0.644 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- · Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

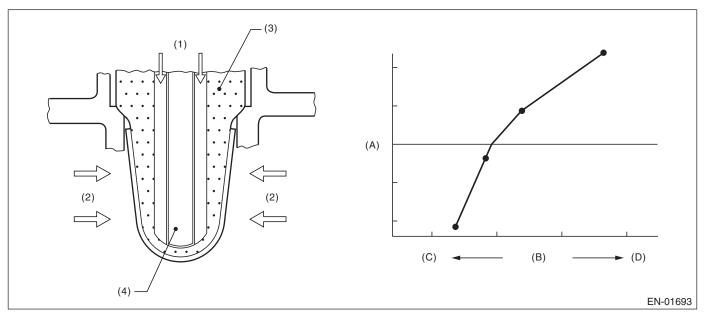
- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

# Brought to you by Esis Studios AC:DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of sensor. Judge as NG, when the element voltage is out of the specified range.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Electromotive force (A)
- Air fuel ratio (B)

(C) Lean

- (D) Rich
- (1) Atmosphere

(3)  $ZrO_2$  Ceramic heater

(2) Exhaust gas

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage (+)	> 3.589 V
or	
Input voltage (-)	> 3.541 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Input voltage (+): 1000 ms Input voltage (-): 1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage (+)	≤ 3.589 V
Input voltage (–)	≤ 3.541 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

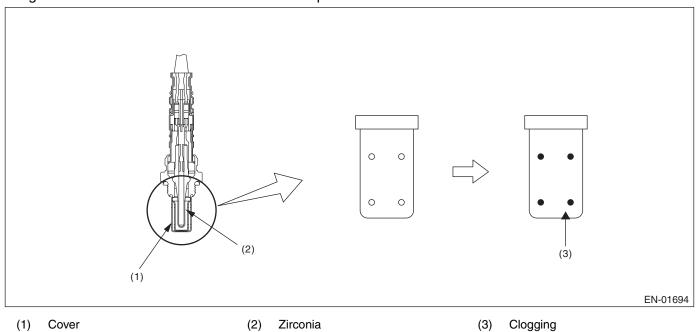
## AD:DTC P0133 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the slow response of front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

Front oxygen (A/F) sensor cover has some ventilation holes for exhaust gas. Clogged ventilation holes are diagnosed.

When the holes are clogged, the A/F output variation becomes slow comparing with the actual A/F variation because oxygen which reaches the zirconia layer is insufficient. Therefore, if the sensor cover holes are clogged, the rich to lean judgment in the ECM is delayed when the actual change from rich to lean occurs. Judge as NG when the actual movement in comparison to the ECM control amount is slow.



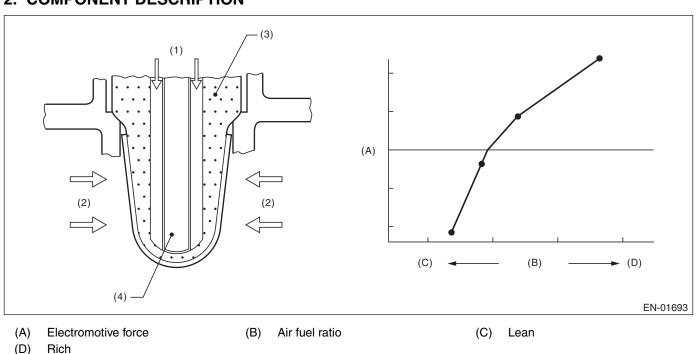
#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

(1)

(2)

Atmosphere

Exhaust gas



Ceramic heater

(3)

ZrO<sub>2</sub>

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Time needed for all secondary parameters to be in enable conditions	≥ 1024 ms
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	> 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Closed loop control with main feedback	Operation
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	0 Ω — 50 Ω
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 120000 ms
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Engine speed	1000 rpm — 3200 rpm
Vehicle speed	10 km/h — 120 km/h (6.2 MPH — 74.6 MPH)
Amount of intake air	10 g/s — 40 g/s (0.35 oz/s — 1.41 oz/s)
Engine load	< 0.02 g/rev (0 oz/rev)
Learning value of EVAP conc. during purge	< 0.2
Total time of operating canister purge	≥ 19.9 s

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis only once at a constant speed of 10 km/h - 120 km/h (6.2 MPH - 74.6 MPH) 120000 ms or more after starting the engine.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Calculate faf difference every 32ms  $\times$  4, and the  $\lambda$  value difference. Calculate the diagnosis value after calculating 1640 time.

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

## **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
parafca = td2faf/td2lmd	> 0.45
where,	
td2faf(N) = td2faf(n-1) +  d2faf(n)	
td2Imd(N) = td2Imd(n-1) +  d2Imd(n)	
add up to 32 ms $\times$ 4 $\times$ 1640 time.	
d2faf (n) = (faf (n) - faf (n-1)) - (faf (n-1) - faf (n-2))	
d2lmd (n) = (lmd (n) – lmd (n–1)) – (lmd $(n-1)$ – lmd $(n-2)$ )	
faf = main feedback compensation coef- ficient every 128 milliseconds	
lmd = output lambda every 128 milliseconds	

Time Needed for Diagnosis:32 ms  $\times$  4  $\times$  1640 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### Normality Judgment

Brought to you by Esis Studios Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
parafca = td2faf/td2lmd	≤ 0.45
where,	
td2faf(N) = td2faf(n-1) +  d2faf(n)	
td2Imd(N) = td2Imd(n-1) +  d2Imd(n)	
add up to 32 ms $\times$ 4 $\times$ 1640 time.	
d2faf (n) = (faf (n) - faf (n-1)) - (faf (n-1) - faf (n-2))	
d2Imd (n) = (Imd (n) - Imd (n-1)) - (Imd (n-1) - Imd (n-2))	
faf = main feedback compensation coef- ficient every 128 milliseconds	
lmd = output lambda every 128 milliseconds	

Time Needed for Diagnosis:32 ms  $\times$  4  $\times$  1640 time

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- A/F sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- · Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

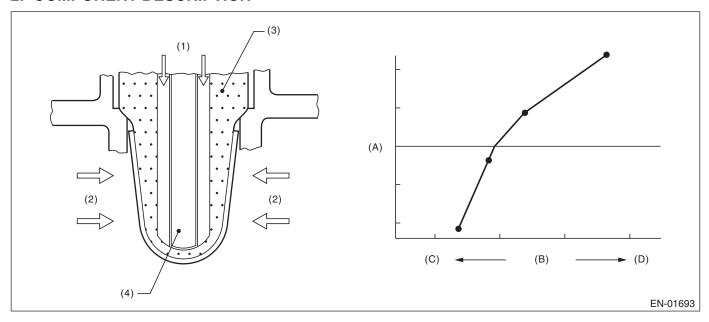
## AE:DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open circuits of the sensor.

Judge as NG when the impedance of the element is large.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

Exhaust gas

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(2)

(1) Atmosphere

(3) ZrO<sub>2</sub>

(4) Ceramic heater

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Brought to you by Esis Studios

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Time of heater control duty at 70 % or	≥ 36000 ms
more	
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance.	> 500 Ω

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:5000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance.	≤ 500 Ω

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

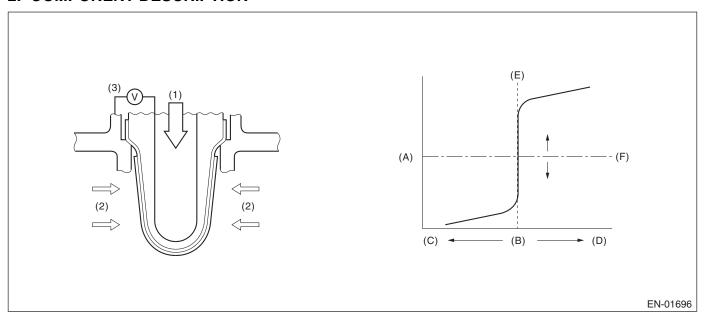
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION AF:DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

## 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect continuity NG of the oxygen sensor. If the oxygen sensor voltage reading is not within the probable range considering the operating conditions, judge as NG.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Electromotive force
- (D) Lean
- (1) Atmosphere

- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (2) Exhaust gas

- (C) Rich
- (F) Comparative voltage
- (3)Electromotive force

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## 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

## Used for abnormality judgment

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
High	
Secondary air system	Not in operation
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 time
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Low (1)	
Secondary air system	Not in operation
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 time
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)
Low (2)	
Secondary air system	Not in operation
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 time
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Amount of intake air	< 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)
Current continuation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	≥ 30000 ms
Low (3)	
Secondary air system	Not in operation
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 time
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Amount of intake air	< 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)
Current continuation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	≥ 30000 ms
Fuel cut	Experienced

## **Used for normality judgment**

occa ici iiciiiiaiii, jaagiiiciii	
Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Secondary air system	Not in operation
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 time
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

After starting the engine, continuously perform the diagnosis with the same engine condition.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
High		P0138
Sensor output voltage	> 1.2 V	
Low		P0137
Sensor output voltage	<0.03 V	

#### **Time Needed for Diagnosis**

High: 2500 ms Low (1): 20000 ms Low (2): 40000 ms Low (3): Value from Map

#### Map

Fuel Cut Time (Second)	0	2000	10000
Time needed for diagnosis (second)	40000	40000	60000

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
High		P0138
Sensor output voltage	≤ 1.2 V	
Low		P0137
Sensor output voltage	≥ 0.03 V	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis

High: Less than 1 second Low (1): Less than 1 second Low (2): Less than 1 second Low (3): Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# Brought to you by Esis Studios AG:DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0137. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-67, DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## AH:DTC P0139 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the slow response of the oxygen sensor.

Judge as NG if either the rich to lean response diagnosis or lean to rich response diagnosis is NG, and Judge as OK if both are OK.

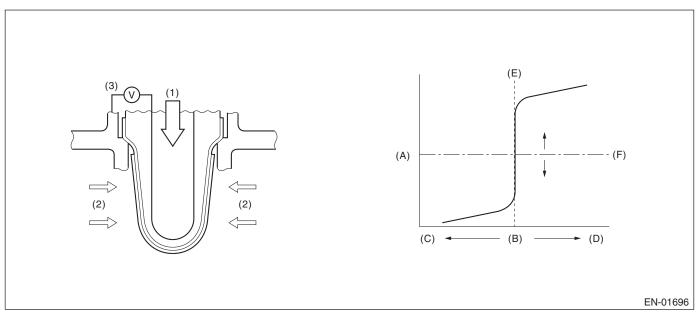
[Rich → lean diagnosis response]

- 1. Measure the response time for oxygen sensor output changes when the A/F ratio changes from rich to lean. If the measured response time is larger than the threshold value, it is NG. If it is smaller, it is OK.
- 2. Judge as NG when the oxygen sensor voltage is large (rich) when recovering from a deceleration fuel cut. [Lean  $\rightarrow$  rich diagnosis response]
- 1. Measure the response time for oxygen sensor output changes when the A/F ratio changes from lean to rich. If the measured response time is larger than the threshold value, it is NG.
- 2. Judge as NG when the oxygen sensor voltage remains small when recovering from a deceleration fuel cut.

#### **Diagnostic method**

Measure the response time of the output change of the oxygen sensor when the A/F ratio changes from rich to lean. And Judge as NG when the measured response time is larger than the threshold value.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

 $\mathsf{Rich} \to \mathsf{lean}$  diagnosis response

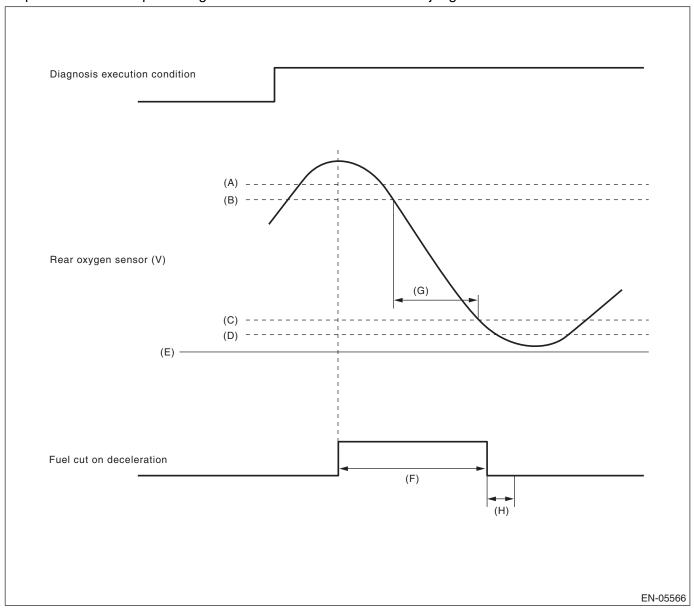
Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
A/F main feedback control condition	Completed
Deceleration fuel cut time is 6000 ms or more.	Experienced
After fuel cut	≥ 2000 ms
Current calculation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	≥ 60000 ms
Current continuation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	≥ 30000 ms
Estimated catalyst temperature	≥ 480 °C (896 °F)
Number of deceleration fuel cut	≥ 1 time

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once when deceleration fuel cut occurs after rapid acceleration. (Pay attention to the oxygen sensor voltage for the timing of the deceleration.)

# 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

When the oxygen sensor output voltage changes from 0.55 V (rich) to 0.15 V (lean), calculate the minimum response time for output change between 0.5 V and 0.2 V for the judgment criteria.



- (A) 0.55 V
- (B) 0.5 V
- (C) 0.2 V
- (D) 0.15 V

- (E) 0 V
- (F) More than 6000 ms
- (G) Measure the response time.
- (H) Execute the malfunction judgment in 2000 ms from the recovery of fuel cut on deceleration.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### Abnormality Judgment

Brought to you by Eis Studios 1) Judge as NG when the judgment value is larger than the threshold value after deceleration fuel cut. Response time (diagnosis value) > Threshold value → abnormal

#### NOTE:

Variation time of rear oxygen sensor output voltage is short during fuel cut in deceleration. NG judgment should be performed after deceleration fuel cut. Even without deceleration fuel cut, judge as OK if the value is below the threshold.

When the deceleration fuel cut time is 6000 ms or more, judge as NG if the following criteria are met 2000 ms after recovering from the deceleration fuel cut.

2) Judge as NG when the oxygen sensor voltage at recovery from a deceleration fuel cut is large.

If the fuel cut time in a deceleration fuel cut is long (6000 ms or more), and even after recovering from a deceleration fuel cut, the oxygen sensor voltage is high (0.55 V or more), judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Shortest time change from rich (0.5 V O <sub>2</sub> output) to lean (0.2 V) when voltage reduces from 0.55 V to 0.15 V	> 491 ms
or	
Longest time over 0.55 V	≥ 2000 ms

# Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

1) Regardless of a deceleration fuel cut, if the response time (diagnosis value) when the oxygen sensor voltage has changed from rich to lean is shorter than the threshold value (judgment value), judge as a normal condition.

Response time (diagnosis value)  $\leq$  Threshold value  $\rightarrow$  normal

2) Do not judge as a normal condition.

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

# Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Shortest time change from rich (0.5 V O <sub>2</sub> output) to lean (0.2 V) when voltage	≤ 491 ms
reduces from 0.55 V to 0.15 V	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

# **10.ENABLE CONDITIONS**

Lean  $\rightarrow$  rich response diagnosis

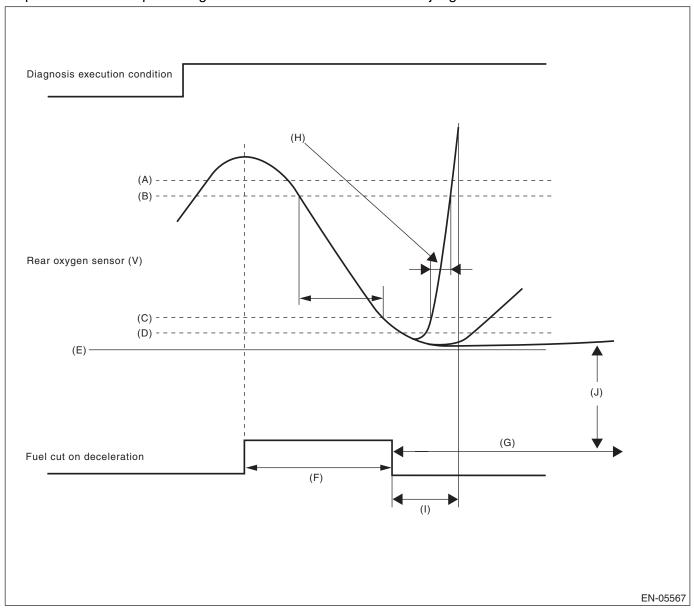
Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition		
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V		
A/F main feedback control condition	Completed		
Deceleration fuel cut time is 6000 ms or	Experienced		
more.			
After fuel cut	≥ 2000 ms		
Current calculation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	≥ 60000 ms		
Current continuation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	≥ 30000 ms		
Estimated catalyst temperature	≥ 450 °C (842 °F)		
Number of deceleration fuel cut	≥ 1 time		

# 11.GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once when deceleration fuel cut occurs after rapid acceleration. (Pay attention to the oxygen sensor voltage for the timing of the deceleration.)

#### 12.DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Brought to you by Esis Studios When the oxygen sensor output voltage changes from 0.25 V (lean) to 0.55 V (rich), calculate the minimum response time for output change between 0.3 V and 0.5 V for the judgment criteria.



- 0.55 V (A)
- (B) 0.5 V
- 0.3 V (C)
- (D) 0.25 V
- (E) 0 V
- (F) More than 5 seconds

- More than 120000 ms (G)
- (H) Measure the response time (diagnostic value).
- (I) Execute the malfunction judgment in 2000 ms from the recovery of fuel cut on deceleration.
- Judge NG when the voltage of (J) rear oxygen sensor is 0.25 V or less for 120000 ms or more after recovery of fuel cut on deceleration.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## Abnormality Judgment

- 1) Judge as NG when the judgment value is larger than the threshold value after deceleration fuel cut. Response time (diagnosis value) > threshold value  $\rightarrow$  abnormal
- 2) If the oxygen sensor voltage is small after recovering from a deceleration fuel cut, and remains small, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value		
Shortest time change from lean (0.3 V O <sub>2</sub> output) to rich (0.5 V) when voltage changes from 0.25 V to 0.55 V	> 2000 ms		
or			
Longest time under 0.25 V	≥ 120000 ms		

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

1) Regardless of a deceleration fuel cut, if the response time (diagnosis value) when the oxygen sensor voltage has changed from rich to lean is shorter than the threshold value (judgment value), judge as a normal condition.

Response time (diagnosis value)  $\leq$  threshold value  $\rightarrow$  normal

2) Do not judge as a normal condition.

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Shortest time change from lean (0.3 V O <sub>2</sub> output) to rich (0.5 V) when voltage changes from 0.25 V to 0.55 V	≤ 2000 ms

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:1 time

#### 13.DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 14.MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 15.FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed

#### 16.ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

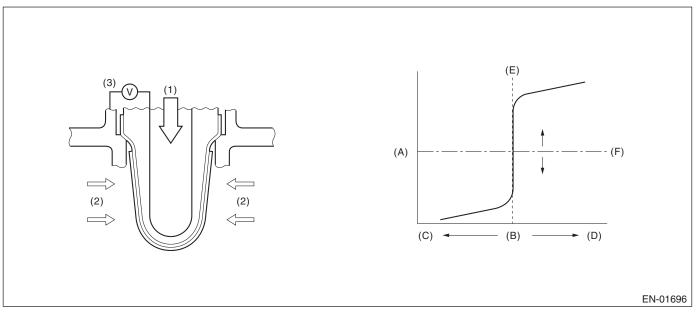
- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

# AI: DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the rear oxygen sensor open or short circuit. Judge as NG when the rear oxygen sensor voltage can be determined to be abnormal considering conditions such as intake air amount, engine coolant temperature, main feedback control and deceleration fuel cut.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere

(2) Exhaust gas

(3) Electromotive force

# 3. ENABLE CONDITION (USED ONLY FOR MALFUNCTION JUDGMENT)

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Closed loop control at the rear oxygen sensor	In operation
Target output voltage of rear oxygen sensor	≥ 0.55 V + 0.05 V
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s)
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 time
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Deceleration fuel cut of 6000 ms or more.	Experienced

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis once after starting the engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value		
Minimum output voltage	> 0.15 V		
or			
Maximum output voltage	< 0.55 V		

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:200000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value			
Diagnosis of the rear oxygen sensor voltage low side	Incomplete			
Minimum output voltage	≤ 0.15 V			
Maximum output voltage	≥ 0.55 V			

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed

## 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# AJ:DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect fuel system malfunction by the amount of main feedback control.

# **Diagnostic method**

Fuel system is diagnosed by comparing the target air fuel ratio calculated by ECM with the actual air fuel ratio measured by sensor.

# 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition			
A/F main learning system	In operation			
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)			
Engine load change	< 0.02 g/rev (0 oz/rev)			
Engine load	≥ Value of Map 1			

## Map1

Engine speed (rpm)	Idling	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500
Measured value (g(oz)/rev) na	na	0.208	0.201	0.185	0.183	0.193	0.206	0.206	0.225	0.245
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling or at a constant speed after warming up the engine.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

# Abnormality Judgment

Compare the diagnosed value (fsobd) with the threshold value, and if a condition meeting the malfunction criteria below continues for  $10 \text{ s} \times 5$  time or more, judge that there is a fault in the fuel system.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	≥ Value of Map 2
In this case: sglmd = measured lambda	
tglmda = target lambda	
faf = main feedback compensation coef- ficient every 64 milliseconds	
flaf = main feedback learning compensation coefficient	

# Map 2

Amount of air (g (oz)/s)	0 (0)	3.2 (0.11)	6.4 (0.23)	9.6 (0.34)	12.8 (0.45)	16 (0.56)	19.2 (0.68)
fsobdL1 (%)	1.4	1.4	1.332	1.265	1.265	1.265	1.265

# Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 s $\times$ 5 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	< 1.2

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:10 s

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

None

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# **AK:DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect fuel system malfunction by the amount of main feedback control.

# **Diagnostic method**

Fuel system is diagnosed by comparing the target air fuel ratio calculated by ECM with the actual air fuel ratio measured by sensor.

# 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
A/F main learning system	In operation
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Engine load change	≤ 0.02 g/rev (0 oz/rev)
Learning value of EVAP conc.	< 0.15
Cumulative time of canister purge after engine start	≥ 20 s
Continuous period after canister purge starting	≥ 29884 ms
Engine load	≥ Value of Map 1

#### Map 1

Engine speed (rpm)	Idling	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500
Measured value (g(oz)/rev)	na	0.208	0.201				0.206	0.206	0.225	0.245
(3(, ), , ,		(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling or at a constant speed after warming up the engine.

## 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Compare the diagnosed value (fsobd) with the threshold value, and if a condition meeting the malfunction criteria below continues for  $10 \text{ s} \times 5$  time or more, judge that there is a fault in the fuel system.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	< Value of Map 2
In this case: sglmd = measured lambda	
tglmda = target lambda	
faf = main feedback compensation coef- ficient every 64 milliseconds	
flaf = main feedback learning compensa- tion coefficient	

#### Map 2

Amount of air (g (oz)/s)	0 (0)	3.2 (0.11)	6.4 (0.23)	9.6 (0.34)	12.8 (0.45)	16 (0.56)	19.2 (0.68)
fsobdL1 (%)	0.6	0.6	0.668	0.735	0.735	0.735	0.735

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 s  $\times$  5 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the malfunction criteria below continues for 10 seconds.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	≥ 0.8

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:10 s

# 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Not allowed to purge.

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# AL:DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect faults in the fuel temperature sensor output properties.

Diagnosis is performed in two methods (drift diagnosis and stuck diagnosis). If either is NG, judge as NG. If both are OK, Judge as OK and clear the NG.

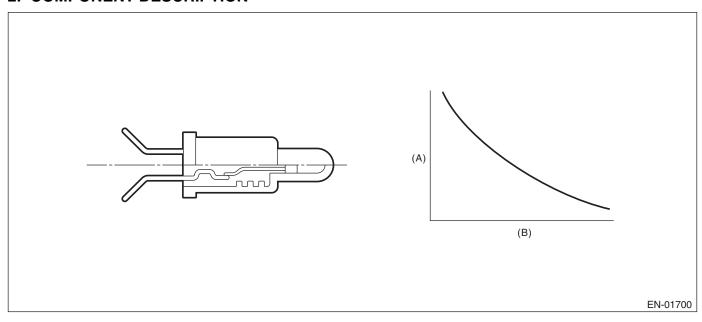
#### **DRIFT DIAGNOSIS**

Normally fuel temperature is lower than engine coolant temperature. When the fuel temperature becomes higher than the engine coolant temperature, the range is considered to be shifted, and judged as NG.

# **Stuck Diagnosis**

As the engine warms up (cumulative amount of intake air after starting is large), if the fuel temperature which should rise does not, determine as being stuck and NG.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value ( $\Omega$ )

(B) Fuel temperature °C (°F)

# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

#### **DRIFT DIAGNOSIS**

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 20 s
Engine coolant temperature – Engine coolant temperature at engine start	> 10 °C (50 °F)
Fuel temperature – Engine coolant temperature	≥ 10 °C (50 °F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 120 s

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 20 s
Engine coolant temperature – Engine coolant temperature at engine start	> 10 °C (50 °F)
Fuel temperature – Engine coolant temperature	< 10 °C (50 °F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature	< 75 °C (167 °F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

#### **10.ENABLE CONDITION**

#### **Stuck Diagnosis**

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 20000 ms
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

Brought to you by Esis Studios

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 11.GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform diagnosis after 20 seconds have passed since the engine started.

#### 12.DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Accumulated amount of intake air	≥ 551043 g (19435.29 oz)
Fuel temperature difference between Max. and Min.	< 2 °C (35.6 °F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel temperature difference between Max. and Min.	≥ 2 °C (35.6 °F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 13.DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 14.MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 15.FAIL SAFE

None

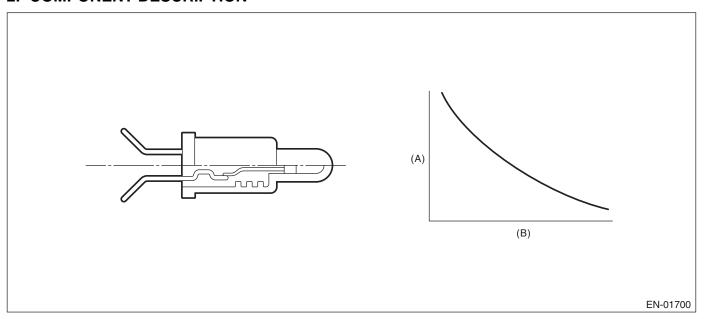
### 16.ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# AM:DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel temperature sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value ( $\Omega$ )

(B) Fuel temperature °C (°F)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition				
None						

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value			
Output voltage	< 0.343951474 V			
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V			

Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value		
Output voltage	≥ 0.343951474 V		
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V		

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Brought to you by Ess Studios

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 8. FAIL SAFE

None

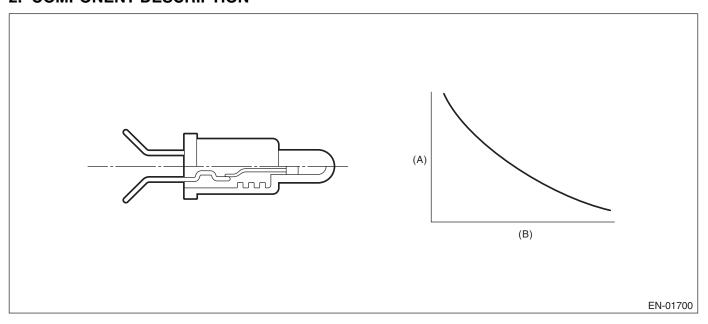
# 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# AN:DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel temperature sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value ( $\Omega$ )

(B) Fuel temperature °C (°F)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition				
None						

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value			
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V			
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V			

Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value			
Output voltage	< 4.716 V			
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V			

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Brought to you by Ess Studios

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 8. FAIL SAFE

None

# 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# AO:DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect for abnormal values in the oil temperature sensor output properties.

Judge as NG when the oil temperature does not rise even though the engine is running under a condition where it should rise.

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition		
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V		
Engine speed	≥ Value from Map		

#### Map

Engine coolant temperature	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30
°C (°F)	(-40)	(–22)	(-4)	(14)	(32)	(50)	(68)	(86)
Engine speed rpm	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110
	(104)	(122)	(140)	(158)	(176)	(194)	(212)	(230)
Engine speed rpm	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine oil temperature	< 15 °C (59 °F)
After engine start oil temperature sensor characteristic diagnosis timer.	≥ Judgment value for after engine start oil temperature sensor characteristic diagnosis timer

After engine start oil temperature sensor characteristic diagnosis timer (timer for diagnosis).

- a. Timer stop at fuel cut
- b. During the driving conditions except a) above, timer counts up as follows.

64 milliseconds + TOILCNT milliseconds (at the time of 64 milliseconds).

Where, TOILCNT is determined as follows.

TOILCNT = 0 at idle switch ON

For TOILCNT at Idle switch off, refer to the following table.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria  Serolughia North Solution										Sie -
						d km/h (MPH)	ı		10,	ALE Studios
		0 (0)	8 (5)	16 (9.9)	24 (14.9)	32 (19.9)	40 (24.9)	48 (29.8)	56 (34.8)	
	-30 (-22)	64 ms	73.2 ms	83.9 ms	96.3 ms	113.2 ms	133.9 ms	160.2 ms	194.6 ms	
Temper-	-20 (-4)	64 ms	73.3 ms	84 ms	96.6 ms	113.7 ms	135 ms	162 ms	197.4 ms	
ature	-10 (14)	64 ms	73.4 ms	84.2 ms	96.9 ms	114.5 ms	136.4 ms	164.4 ms	201.5 ms	
°C (°F)	0 (32)	64 ms	73.5 ms	84.5 ms	97.4 ms	115.6 ms	138.5 ms	168 ms	207.6 ms	]
	10 (50)	102.2 ms	114.8 ms	129.4 ms	146.7 ms	171.7 ms	203.4 ms	245.1 ms	302.1 ms	]

After engine start oil temperature characteristic diagnosis timer judgment value (t).

 $t = 1882940 \text{ ms} - 43302 \text{ ms} \times \text{Ti} (t \ge 2400000)$ 

Ti = The lowest coolant temperature after starting the engine.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value		
Engine oil temperature	≥ 15 °C (59 °F)		

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

Oil temperature sensor process: Engine oil temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F).

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## AP: DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR LOW

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the oil temperature sensor. Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

# 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

# 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

# Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.166 V

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

## **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 0.166 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

Oil temperature sensor process: Engine oil temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F).

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# AQ:DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR HIGH

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the oil temperature sensor. Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

# 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

# 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

# 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V

## Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.716 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

Oil temperature sensor process: Engine oil temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F).

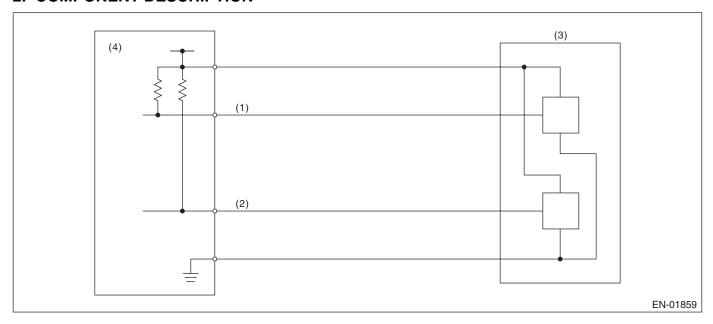
#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# AR:DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 2. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≤ 0.926256 V

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	> 0.926256 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:24 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

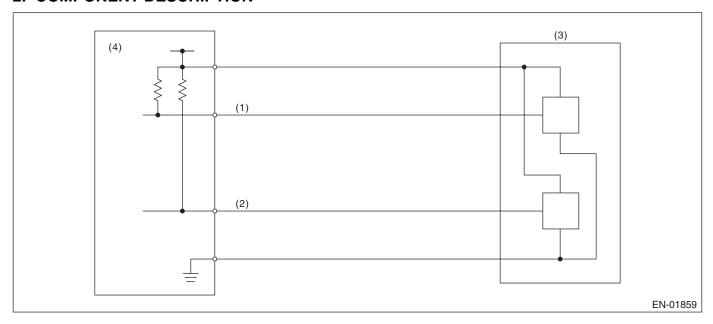
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# AS:DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 2. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≥ 4.858 V

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	< 4.858 V

## Time Needed for Diagnosis:24 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

# 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# AT:DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the presence of misfire occurrence. (Revolution fluctuation method)

Monitoring Misfire which influences exhaust deterioration (1.5 times of FTP) and catalyst damage is made obligatory by the law. Misfire affecting these two has two patterns below. :

- Intermittent misfire (The same cylinder misfires in random, or different cylinders misfire in random.): FTP
   1.5 times misfire
- Every time misfire (The same cylinder misfires every time.): FTP 1.5 times misfire, Catalyst damage misfire

The following detecting methods are adopted for these detection.

- 1) Intermittent misfire: FTP 1.5 times misfire
- 180° Interval Difference Method (MT: 1,800 rpm or less; AT: None)
- 360° Interval Difference Method (whole range)
- 720° Interval Difference Method (3,000 rpm or more)
- 2) Misfire every time: FTP 1.5 times misfire, Catalyst damage misfire
- 360° Interval Difference Method

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
,	
All secondary parameters enable conditions	≥ 1024 ms
Intake manifold pressure change at 180°CA	< Value of Map 1
Throttle position change during 16 milliseconds	< 21 °
Fuel shut-off function	Not in operation
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
Vehicle dynamic control or AT torque control	Not in operation
Evaporative system leak check	Not in operation
Engine speed	460 rpm — 6300 rpm
Intake manifold pressure	≥ Value of Map 2
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Fuel parameter determination	Not extremely low volatility
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 0 ms
Engine load change during 32 milliseconds	< 1000 rpm

#### Map 1

# AT model

rpm	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6300
kPa	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3
(mmHg,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,
inHg)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)

#### MT model

rpm	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6300
kPa	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.3
(mmHg,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,	(100,
inHg)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)	3.9)

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# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

#### Map 2

#### AT model

rpm	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6300
kPa	26	23.9	23.3	23.1	23.6	25.1	26.2	26.6	26.9	30	33.4	37.8	39.5
(mmHg,	(195.0,	(179.5,	(174.7,	(173.2,	(176.8,	(188.0,	(196.9,	(199.6,	(201.5,	(225.0,	(250.4,	(283.5,	(296.0,
inHg)	7.7)	7.1)	6.9)	6.8)	7)	7.4)	7.8)	7.9)	7.9)	8.9)	9.9)	11.2)	11.7)

#### MT model

# Vehicle speed < 64 km/h (39.8 MPH)

-													
rpm	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6300
kPa	24.5	22.7	21.4	21.5	21.5	23.2	24.7	25.8	27.1	28.8	32.3	36.3	37.9
(mmHg,	(184,	(170.3,	(160.2,	(161.6,	(161.4,	(174.4,	(185.5,	(193.3,	(203.2,	(216.3,	(242.2,	(272,	(284.5,
inHg)	7.2)	6.7)	6.3)	6.4)	6.4)	6.9)	7.3)	7.6)	8)	8.5)	9.5)	10.7)	11.2)

#### Vehicle speed ≥ 68 km/h (42.3 MPH)

rpm	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6300
kPa	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.1	31.3	33.1	33.9	28.8	30.1	33.3	36.9	40.1	43.2
(mmHg,	(237,	(237,	(237,	(233,	(235,	(248,	(254,	(216,	(226,	(250,	(277,	(301,	(324,
inHg)	9.3)	9.3)	9.3)	9.2)	9.3)	9.8)	10)	8.5)	8.9)	9.8)	10.9)	11.9)	12.8)

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- If conditions are met, it is possible to detect the misfires from idling to high engine speed. However, in case any engine load or breakage occurs, perform with the engine at idle.
- · Perform the diagnosis continuously.

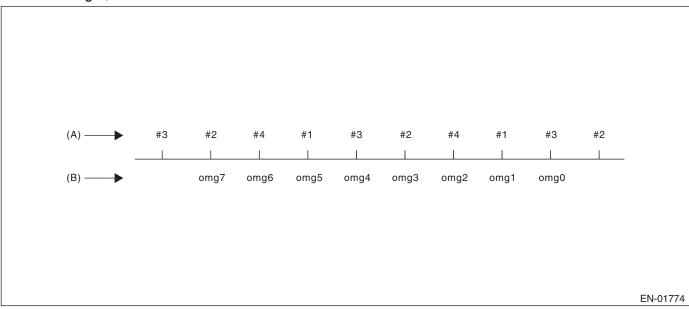
# 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

When a misfire occurs, the engine speed will decreased and the crankshaft position speed will change. Calculate the interval difference value (diagnostic value) from crankshaft position speed by the following formula, and judge whether a misfire is occurring or not comparing the calculated result with judgment value. Count the number of misfires. If the misfire ratio is higher during 1000 revs. or 200 revs., judge corresponding cylinders as NG.

Diagnostic value cal- culation (Calculate from crank- shaft position speed)	$\rightarrow$	Misfire detection every sin- gle ignition (Compare diagnostic value with judgment value)	$\rightarrow$	NG judgment (Misfire occurrence judgment required by the law) (Compare number of misfire with judgment)
		<ul> <li>180° Interval Difference Method</li> <li>360° Interval Difference Method</li> <li>720° Interval Difference Method</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>FTP 1.5 times misfire NG judgment</li> <li>Catalyst damage misfire NG judgment</li> </ul>

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

As shown in the following figure, pick a cylinder as the standard and name it omg 0. And the former crank-haft position speed is named omg 1, the second former crankshaft position speed is named omg 2, the third is named omg 3, etc.



(A) Ignition order

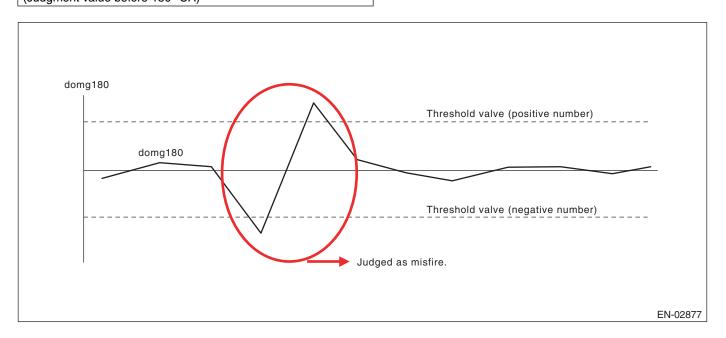
(B) Crankshaft position speed

#### 180° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic domg 180 = (omg 1 - omg 0) - (omg 5 - omg 1)/4 value

Judge as a misfire in the following cases.

- domg 180 > judgment value of positive side
- domg  $180 \le \text{judgment}$  value of negative side (Judgment value before  $180^{\circ}$  CA)

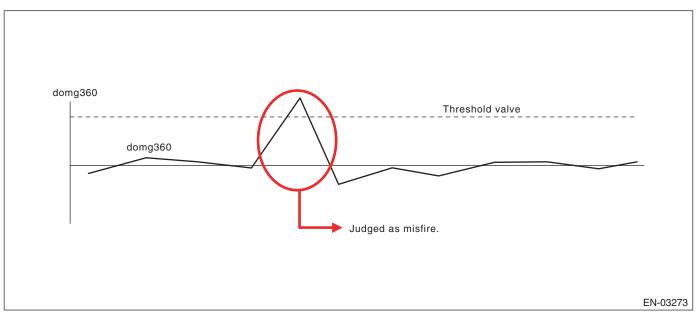


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# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

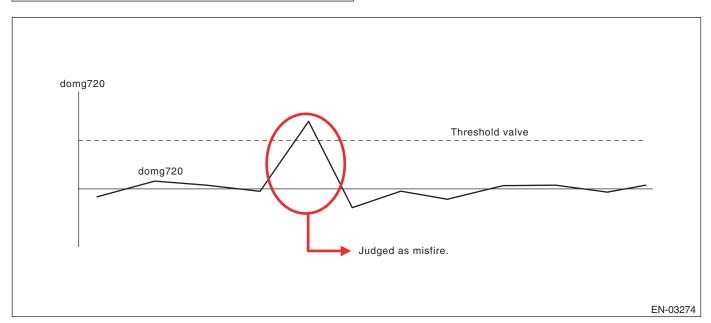
#### 360° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic value	domg $360 = (omg 1 - omg 0) - (omg 3 - omg 2)$
Misfire judg- ment	domg 360 > Judgment value $\rightarrow$ Judge as misfire



# 720° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic value	domg $720 = (omg 1 - omg 0) - (omg 5 - omg 4)$
Misfire judg- ment	domg 720 > Judgment value $\rightarrow$ Judge as misfire



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- FTP 1.5 times misfire (Misfire occurrence level which influences exhaust gas)
- Abnormality Judgment

Judgment Value (Judge that malfunction occurs when the misfire ratio is high in 1000 engine revs.)

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
FTP emission judgment value	≥ 20 × 100/2000% in
	1000 revs.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cy-

cles.

Normality Judgment

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
FTP emission judgment value	< 20 × 100/2000% in 1000 revs.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 engine revs.

- Catalyst damage misfire (Misfire occurrence level damaging catalyst)
- Abnormality Judgment

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Catalyst damage misfire judgment value	≥ Value of Map 3

#### Map 3

		Intake air (g(oz)/rev)							
		0.16 (0.01)	0.28 (0.01)	0.4 (0.01)	0.52 (0.02)	0.64 (0.02)	0.76 (0.03)	0.92 (0.03)	1.1 (0.04)
	700	100	100	100	100	90	80	64	48
	1000	100	100	100	100	90	80	63	44
	1500	100	100	90	80	73	67	54	40
	2000	80	80	80	80	68	57	51	44
	2500	80	80	73	67	62	57	51	44
Engine	3000	67	67	62	57	51	44	44	44
speed	3500	67	67	56	44	40	36	34	31
(rpm)	4000	57	57	44	31	24	20	20	20
	4500	44	44	33	31	20	20	20	20
	5000	44	44	38	31	20	20	20	20
	5500	36	36	31	27	20	20	20	20
	6000	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	6300	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 200 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Catalyst damage misfire judgment value	< Value of Map 3

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 200 engine revs.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

None

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

# **AU:DTC P0302 CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED**

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-99, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

# **AV:DTC P0303 CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED**

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-99, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

# **AW:DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

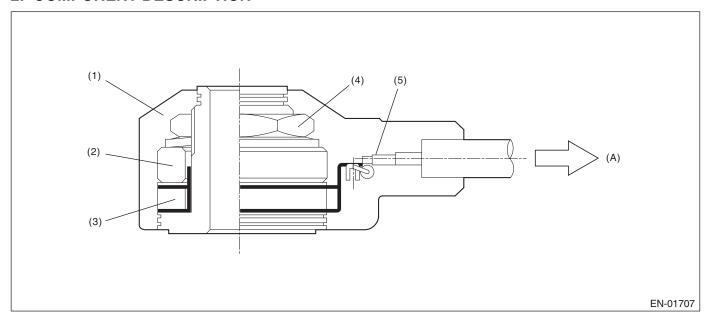
For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-99, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

# Brought to you by Esis Studios AX:DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SEN-SOR)

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of knock sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) To knock sensor harness
- (1) Case

- Piezoelectric element (3)
- Resistance (5)

(2) Weight (4) Nut

# 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.243 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 0.243 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

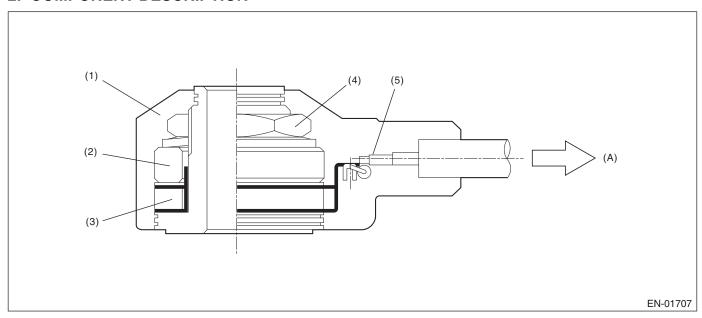
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios AY:DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SEN-SOR)

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of knock sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) To knock sensor harness
- (1) Case

- Piezoelectric element (3)
- Resistance (5)

(2) Weight (4) Nut

# 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.709 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.709 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

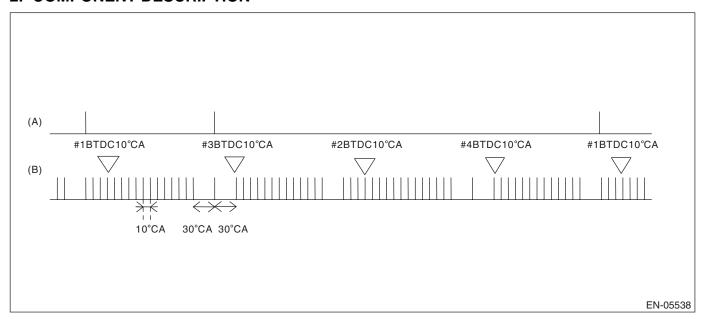
# ria NOTEOR DESALE

# **AZ:DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

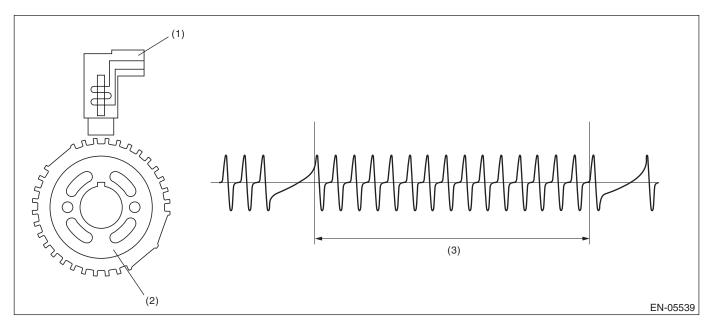
Detect the open or short circuit of the crankshaft position sensor. Judge as NG when the crank signal is not input even though the starter was rotated.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Cam signal

(B) Crankshaft signal



(1) Crankshaft position sensor

(2) Crank sprocket

(3) Crankshaft half-turn

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter switch	ON
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Not detected
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:3000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Input exists
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

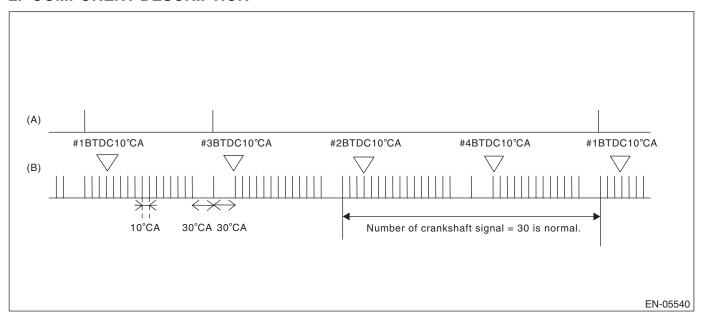
Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

# BA:DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

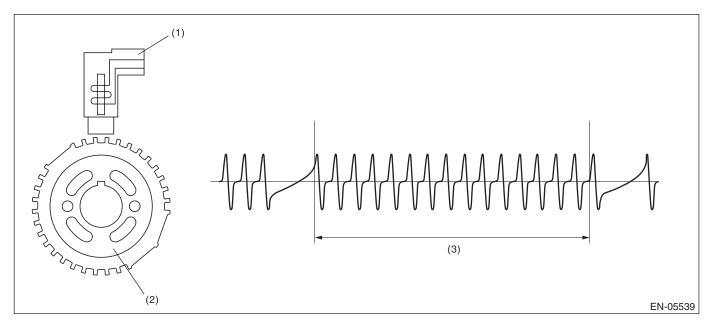
Detect for faults in crankshaft position sensor output properties. Judge as NG when there is a problem in the number of crankshaft signals for every revolution.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Cam signal

(B) Crankshaft signal



(1) Crankshaft position sensor

(2) Crank sprocket

(3) Crankshaft half-turn

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Engine speed	< 4000 rpm

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously under 3000 rpm engine speed.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Cylinder number identification	Completed
Amount of crank sensor signal during 1 rev.	Not = 30

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Cylinder number identification	Completed
Amount of crank sensor signal during 1 rev.	= 30

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

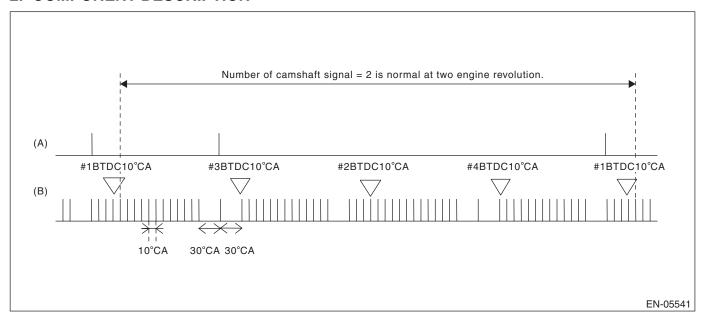
Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

# BB:DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SIN-

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the camshaft position sensor. Judge as NG when the number of camshaft signals remains abnormal.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal

(B) Crankshaft signal

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### **Abnormality Judgment**

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Amount of camshaft sensor signal during	Not = 2
2 revs.	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Engine two revolutions  $\times$  4 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### **Normality Judgment**

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage	≥ 8 V
Amount of camshaft sensor signal during 2 revs.	= 2

**Time Needed for Diagnosis:** Two engine revs.

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

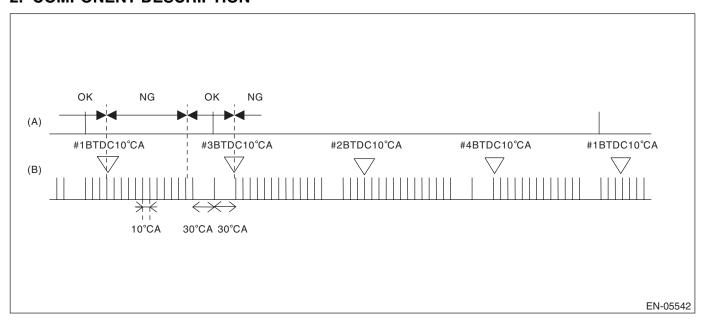
# BC:DTC P0341 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of camshaft position sensor output property.

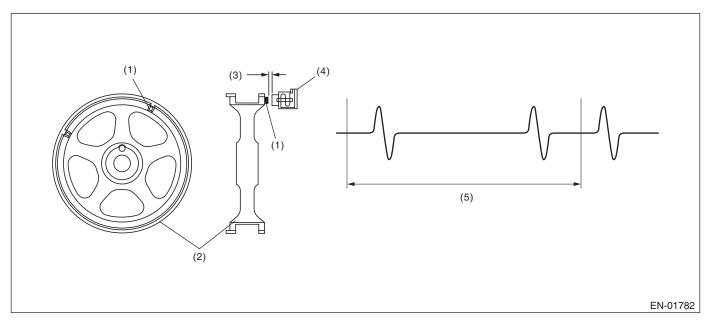
Judge as NG when the camshaft line signal input timing is shifted from the crankshaft signal because of timing belt tooth chip etc.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal

(B) Crankshaft signal



- (1) Boss
- (2) Cam sprocket

- (3) Air gap
- (4) Camshaft position sensor
- (5) One camshaft revolution (two engine revolutions)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Cylinder number identification	Completed
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Engine speed	550 rpm — 1000 rpm
Engine operation	Idling
Misfire	Not detected
Engine load change during 4 milliseconds	≤ 12799.8 rpm

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously at idle speed.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Position of camshaft position sensor sig-	
nal	10°CA and BTDC
	80°CA

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Position of camshaft position sensor sig-	Between BTDC10°CA
nal	and BTDC80°CA

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Engine two revolutions

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

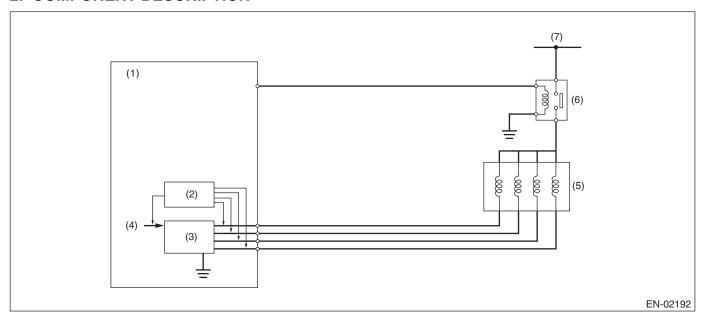
# **BD:DTC P0400 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION FLOW**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect EGR system malfunction.

Intake manifold pressure (negative pressure) is constant because the throttle valve is fully closed during deceleration fuel cut. At this time, when the EGR valve is opened/closed, the intake manifold pressure will change. EGR System OK/NG is judged by the range of this change.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) ECM

(4) CPU

(6) Main relay

(2) Detecting circuit

(5) EGR valve

(7) Battery power supply

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#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition	
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 40 s	
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C(167 °F)	
Engine speed	1200 rpm — 2950 rpm	
Intake manifold pressure (absolute pressure)	< 44 kPa (330 mmHg, 13 inHg)	
Ambient air temperature	≥ 5 °C(41 °F)	
Throttle position	< 0.25 °	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V	
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)	
Vehicle speed	≥58 km/h (36 MPH)	
Fuel shut-off function	In operation	
Neutral switch	OFF	
After neutral switch ON/OFF change	≥ Value from Map	
No load change (A/C, power steering, lighting, rear defogger, heater fan and radiator fan)	≥ 5000 ms	

#### Map

Engine coolant temperature	-40	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30
°C (°F)	(-40)	(–22)	(-4)	(14)	(32)	(50)	(68)	(86)
After neutral switch change msec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110
	(104)	(122)	(140)	(158)	(176)	(194)	(212)	(230)
After neutral switch change msec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

During deceleration fuel cut from 53 km/h (approx. 33 MPH) or more, perform diagnosis once. Be careful of vehicle speed and engine speed. (Diagnosis will not be completed if the vehicle speed and engine speed conditions become out of specification due to deceleration.)

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Measure the pressure values when the enable conditions are established, and perform diagnosis by calculating those results.

- 1. Label the intake manifold pressure value as PMOF1, which is observed when enable conditions are established, and set the EGR target step to 50 steps (nearly full open).
- 2. Label the intake manifold pressure value as PMON, which is observed after one second has passed since EGR target step was set to 50 steps (when the enable conditions were established), and set the EGR target step to 0.
- 3. Label the intake manifold pressure as PMOF2, which is observed after one second has passed since EGR target step was set to 0 (after two seconds have passed since the enable conditions were established).

#### Abnormality Judgment

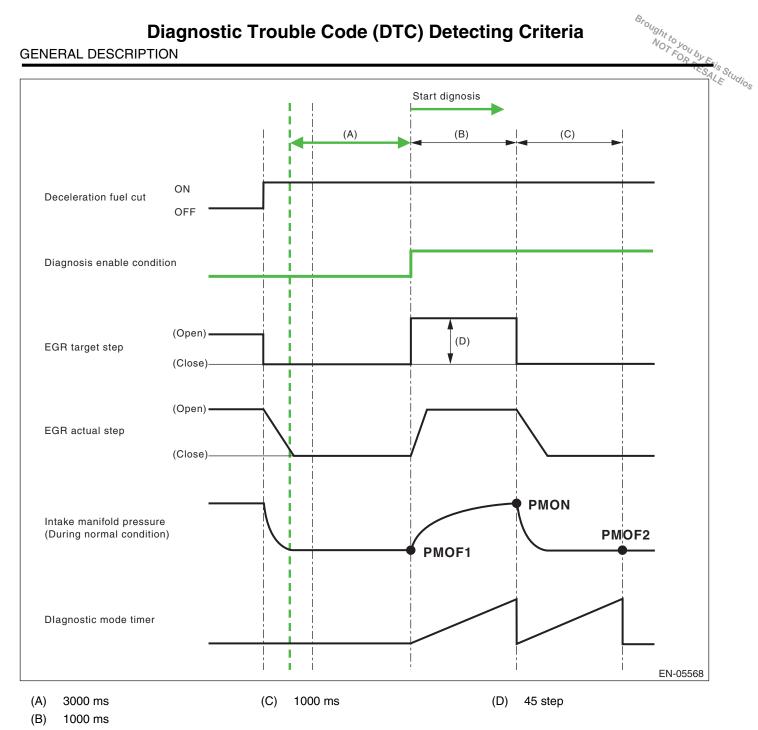
Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
,	< 2.5 kPa (18.63 mmHg, 0.7 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.



# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

## **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
PMON – (PMOF1 + PMOF2)/2	≥ 2.5 kPa (18.63
	mmHg, 0.7 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

A/F main learning = Not allowed. Knock learning = Not allowed. EGR control: Operation prohibited.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

# Brought to you by E. BE:DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1)

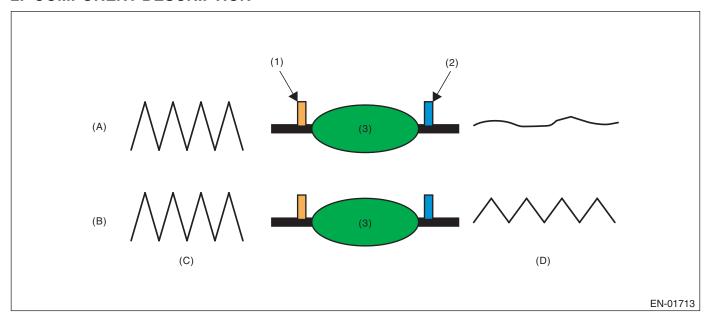
#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the deterioration of the catalyst function.

Though the front oxygen sensor output would change slowly with a new catalyst, the sensor output with a deteriorated catalyst becomes high and the inversion time is shortened.

For this reason, the catalyst diagnosis is carried out by monitoring the front oxygen sensor output and comparing it with the front oxygen (A/F) sensor output.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Normal
- (B) Deterioration
- (1) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor
- (C) Output waveform from the front oxygen (A/F) sensor
- (2) Front oxygen sensor
- (D) Output waveform from the rear oxygen Sensor
- (3)Catalytic converter

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 70 °C (158 °F)
Estimated catalyst temperature	≥ 600 °C (1112 °F)
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 time
Learning value of evaporation gas density	< 0.2
Sub feedback	In operation
Evaporative system diagnosis	Not in operation
Time of difference (< 0.10) between actual lambda and target lambda	≥ 1000 ms
Vehicle speed	> 70 km/h (43.5 MPH)
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/s (0.35 oz/s) and < 40 g/s (1.41 oz/s)
Engine load change every 0.5 engine revs.	< 0.02 g/rev (0 oz/rev)
Rear oxygen output change from 660 mV or less to 660 mV or more	Experienced after fuel cut
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 205 s
Purge execution calculated time	≥ 0 s

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once at a constant 70 km/h (43.5 MPH) or higher.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

After establishing the execution conditions, calculate the front oxygen (A/F) sensor lambda deviation cumulative value per 32 milliseconds  $\times$  4  $~(\Sigma~|(sglmd_n-sglmd_{n-1}~)|)$  and rear oxygen sensor output voltage deviation cumulative value ( $\Sigma~|(ro2sad_n-ro2sad_{n-1})|)$ , and when the front oxygen (A/F) sensor lambda deviation cumulative value ( $\Sigma~|(sglmd_n-sglmd_{n-1})|)$  becomes the predetermined value or more, calculate the diagnostic value.

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is within the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c }\hline \Sigma \mid & (\text{ro2sad}_n - \text{ro2sad}_{n-1}) \mid / \Sigma \mid & (\text{sgImd}_n - \\ & \text{sgImd}_{n-1}) \mid & \end{array} $	> 15.5

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 30 — 55 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is within the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$\Sigma  (\text{ro2sad}_{\text{n}} - \text{ro2sad}_{\text{n-1}})  / \Sigma  (\text{sgImd}_{\text{n}} -$	≤ 15.5
$ \operatorname{sgImd}_{n-1} $	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 30 — 55 seconds

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

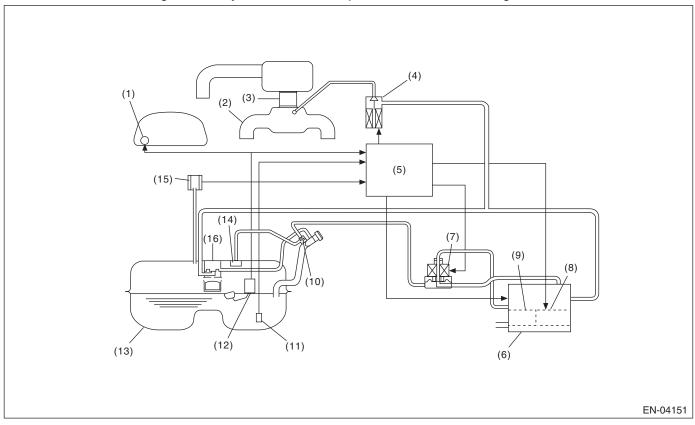
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

# BF:DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (SMALL LEAK)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Check if there is a leakage in fuel system or not, and perform the function diagnosis of valve.

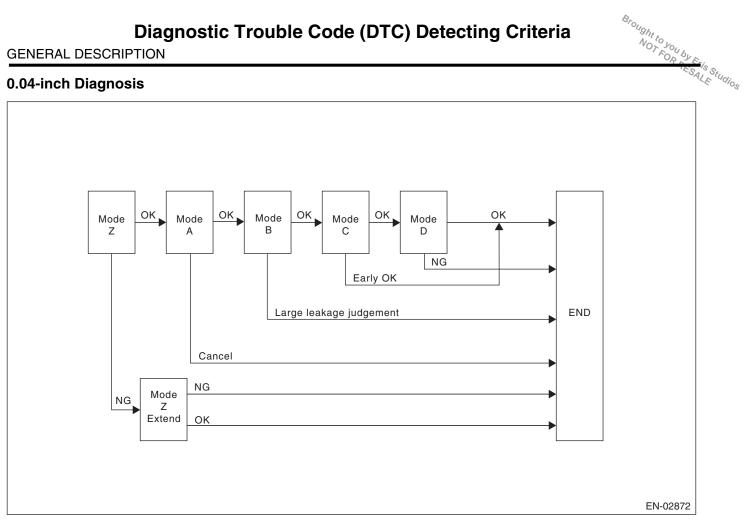


- (1) Fuel gauge
- (2) Intake manifold
- (3) Throttle body
- (4) Purge control solenoid valve
- (5) Engine control module (ECM)
- (6) Canister

- (7) Pressure control valve
- (8) Drain valve
- (9) Drain filter
- (10) Shut-off valve
- (11) Fuel temperature sensor
- (12) Fuel level sensor
- (13) Fuel tank
- (14) Fuel cut valve
- (15) Fuel tank pressure sensor
- (16) Vent valve

In this system diagnosis, check for leakage and valve function is conducted by changing the fuel tank pressure and monitoring the pressure change using the fuel tank pressure sensor. When in 0.04 inch diagnosis, perform in the order of mode  $Z \to \text{mode } A \to \text{mode } B \to \text{mode } C$  and mode D; When in 0.02 inch diagnosis, perform in the order of mode  $A \to \text{mode } B \to \text{mode } C \to \text{mode } D$  and mode E.

## 0.04-inch Diagnosis

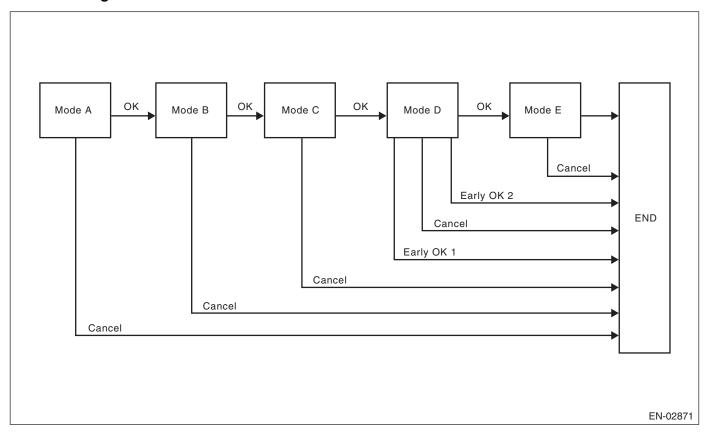


Mode	Mode Description	Diagnosis Period
Mode Z (Purge control solenoid valve opening failure diagnosis)	Perform purge control solenoid valve opening failure diagnosis from the size of tank pressure variation from diagnosis start.	0 ms + 3000 ms — 0 ms + 3000 ms + 13000 ms
Mode A (Estimated evaporation amount)	Calculate the tank pressure change amount (P1).	10000 ms
Mode B (Sealed negative pressure, large leak- age judgment)	Decrease the pressure in the tank to the target value by introducing the intake manifold pressure to the fuel tank.  If the tank pressure cannot be reduced, it is diagnosed as large leak.	0 — 10000 ms + 25000 ms
Mode C (Pressure increase check, advanced OK judgment)	Wait until the tank pressure returns to the target (start level of P2 calculation). If the tank pressure does not become the value, make advanced OK judgment.	0 — 18600 ms
Mode D (Negative pressure variation measure- ment, evaporation leakage diagnosis)	Calculate the tank pressure variation (P2), and obtain the diagnostic value using P1 found in Mode A.  Perform the evaporation diagnosis using the diagnostic value.	0 ms + 10000 ms

## **Mode Table for Evaporative Emission Control System Diagnosis**

Mode	Behavior of tank internal pressure under normal conditions	Diagnostic item	DTC
Mode Z	Roughly the same as barometric pressure (Same as 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg))	Purge control solenoid valve is judged to be open.	P0457
Mode A	Pressure is in proportion to amount of evaporative emission.	_	None
Mode B	Negative pressure is formed due to intake manifold negative pressure	Large leak	P0457
Mode C	Reaches target pressure	_	None
Mode D	Pressure change is small.	EVAP system large leak determination. [1.0 mm (0.04 in)]	P0442

# 0.02-inch Diagnosis



Mode	Mode Description	Diagnosis Period
Mode A (0 point compensation)	When the pressure in the tank is not near 0 mmHg, wait until it returns to 0 point (near 0 mmHg).	0 — Value of Map 1
Mode B (Negative pressure introduced)	Decrease the pressure in the tank to the target value by introducing the intake manifold pressure to the fuel tank.	0 — Value of Map 2
Mode C (Negative pressure maintained)	Wait until the tank pressure returns to the target (start level of P2 calculation).	0 — 25290 ms + 0 + Value of Map 2
Mode D (Negative pressure change calculated)	Calculate the time it takes for the tank pressure to change to the Mode E shifting pressure. If the tank pressure does not change to the Mode E shifting pressure, make advanced OK judgment.	0 — 0 ms + 200000 ms
Mode E (Evaporation generated amount calculation)	Calculate the amount of evaporation (P1).	0 — 0 ms + 200000 ms + Value of Map 3

# Map 1

Fuel level ( $\ell$ , US gal, Imp gal)	0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Time Needed for Diagnosis (ms)	13800	13800	11400	9000	7000	5000	5000

#### Map 2

Fuel level ( $\ell$ , US gal, Imp gal)	0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Time Needed for Diagnosis (ms)	20030	20030	20800	21580	21970	22360	22360

#### Map 3

Fuel level ( & , US gal, Imp gal)	0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Time Needed for Diagnosis (ms)	80000	80000	70000	60000	60000	60000	60000

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(2)

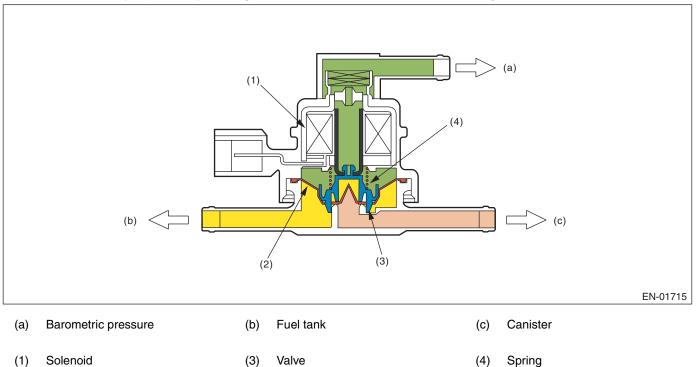
Diaphragm

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

#### Pressure control solenoid valve

PCV controls the fuel tank pressure to be equal to the atmospheric air pressure. Normally, the solenoid is set to OFF. The valve opens and closes mechanically in accordance with the pressure difference between tank and atmospheric air, or tank and canister.

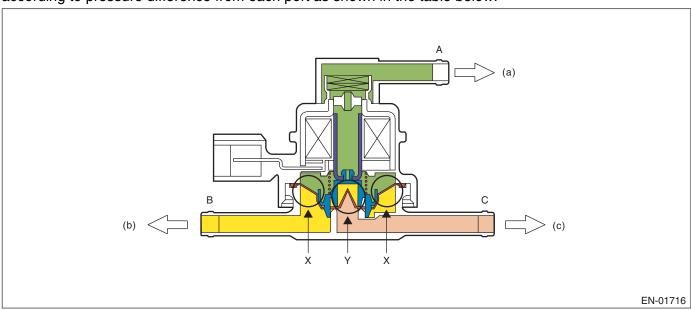
The valve is forcibly opened by setting the solenoid to ON at the time of diagnosis.



#### Valve Operation and Air Flow

In the figure below, divided by the diaphragm, the part above X is charged with atmospheric air pressure, and the part below X is charged with tank pressure. Also, the part above Y is charged with tank pressure, and the part below Y is charged with canister pressure.

If the atmospheric air pressure port is A, tank pressure port is B, and canister pressure port is C, the air flows according to pressure difference from each port as shown in the table below.



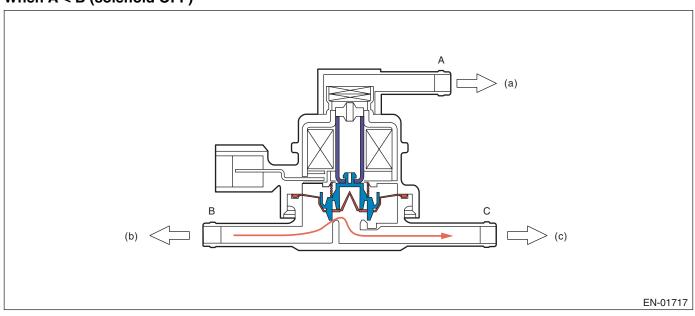
(a) Barometric pressure

(b) Fuel tank

(c) Canister

Condition of pressure	Flow
A < B (solenoid OFF)	$B \rightarrow C$
B < C (solenoid OFF)	C  o B
Solenoid ON	$B \leftarrow \to C$

#### When A < B (solenoid OFF)

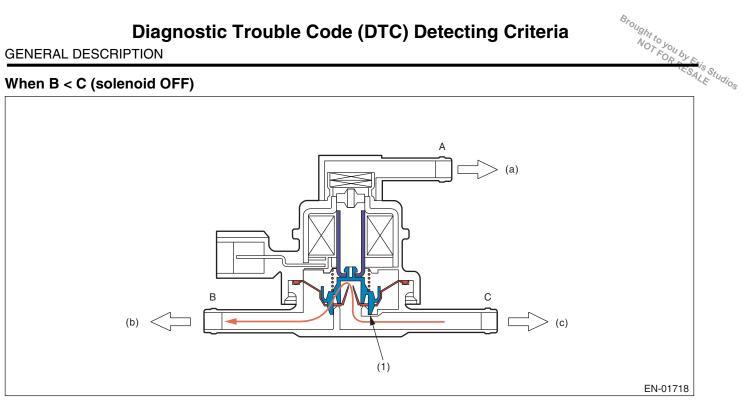


(a) Barometric pressure

(b) Fuel tank

(c) Canister

## When B < C (solenoid OFF)

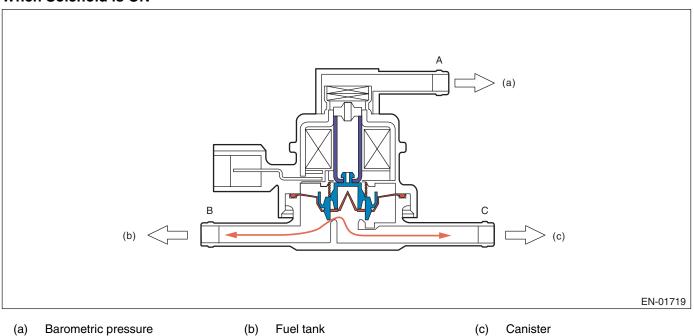


(1) Valve

(a)

#### When Solenoid is ON

Barometric pressure



Fuel tank (b)

(b)

Fuel tank

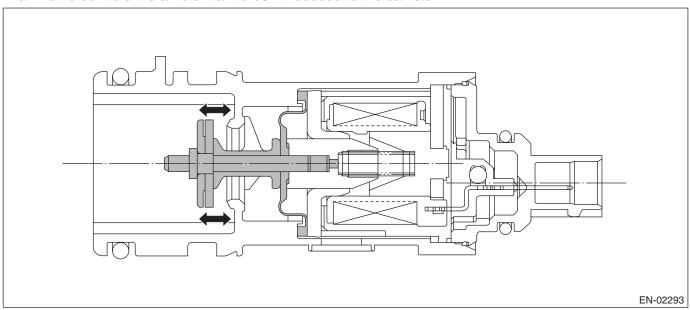
(c) Canister

(c)

Canister

#### **Drain valve**

Drain valve controls the ambient air to be introduced to the canister.



# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

# 0.04-inch Diagnosis

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Total time of canister purge operation	≥ 120000 ms
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 856 s
Learning value of evaporation gas density	< 0.08
Engine speed	1050 rpm — 6000 rpm
Fuel tank pressure	≥ -4 kPa (-30 mmHg, -1.2 inHg)
Intake manifold relative vacuum (relative pressure)	≥ - 26.7 kPa (- 200 mmHg, - 7.9 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≥ 32 km/h (19.9 MPH)
Fuel level	9.6 $ \ell $ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal) — 54.4 $ \ell $ (14.37 US gal, 11.97 Imp gal)
Closed air/fuel ratio control	In operation
Fuel temperature	−10 °C (14 °F) — 45 °C (113 °F)
Intake air temperature	≥-10 °C (14 °F)
Pressure change every one second	< 1.7 mmHg (Mode A)
	< 1.7 mmHg (Mode D)
Minimum pressure change value every one second – Maximum pressure change value every one second	< 1.7 mmHg (Mode A)
	< 1.7 mmHg (Mode D)
Change of fuel level per 128 milliseconds	< 2 0 (0.53 US gal, 0.44 Imp gal)
Air fuel ratio	0.76 — 1.25

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#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

#### 0.02-inch Diagnosis

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
At starting a diagnosis	
Evap. diagnosis	Incomplete
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Time since last incomplete 0.02-inch leakage diagnosis	
When cancelling in mode A	> 120000 ms
When cancelling in other than mode A	> 600000 ms
Total time of canister purge operation	≥ 120000 ms
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 120 s
Fuel temperature	−10 °C (14 °F) — 55 °C (131 °F)
Fuel level	9.6 (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal) — 54.4 (14.37 US gal, 11.97 Imp gal)
Intake manifold relative vacuum (relative pressure)	≥ - 8 kPa (- 60 mmHg, - 2.4 inHg)
Fuel tank pressure	-0.7 kPa (-5 mmHg, -0.2 inHg) — 1.4 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)
Vehicle speed	50 km/h (31.1 MPH) — 510 km/h (316.9 MPH) continues for 125000 ms
Closed air/fuel ratio control	In operation
Engine speed	1050 rpm — 6000 rpm
During diagnosis	
Change of fuel level	≤ Value of Map 4
Pressure change every one second	< 0.1 kPa (0.44 mmhg, 0 inHg)
Minimum pressure change value every one second – Maximum pressure change value every one second	< 0.1 kPa (0.51 mmhg, 0 inHg) (Mode D)
Pressure change in tank every second	≤ 0.1 kPa (0.75 mmhg, 0 inHg)
Barometric pressure change	-0.5 kPa (-3.6 mmhg, -0.1 inHg) — 0.3 kPa (2.4 mmhg, 0.1 inHg) (Mode D)
	-0.3 kPa (-2.4 mmhg, -0.1 inHg) — 0.3 kPa (2.4 mmhg, 0.1 inHg) (Mode E)

#### Map 4

Fuel level ( $\ell$ , US gal, Imp gal)	0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Change ( & , US gal, Imp gal)	5, 1.32, 1.1	5, 1.32, 1.1	5, 1.32, 1.1	5, 1.32, 1.1	5, 1.32, 1.1	5, 1.32, 1.1	5, 1.32, 1.1

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

#### 0.04-inch Diagnosis

- Perform the diagnosis only once in 856 seconds or more after starting the engine, at a constant speed of 32 km/h (20 MPH) or more.
- Pay attention to the fuel temperature and fuel level.

#### 0.02-inch Diagnosis

- Perform the diagnosis 125 seconds or more at a constant engine speed of 50 km/h (31 MPH) or higher to judge as NG or OK.
- If judgment cannot be made, repeat the diagnosis.
- Pay attention to the fuel level.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Purge control solenoid valve stuck open fault diagnosis

DTC

P0457 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Fuel Cap Loose/Off)

#### **Purpose of Mode Z**

When performing the leakage diagnosis of EVAP system, the purge control solenoid valve must operate normally. Therefore, mode Z is used to diagnose the purge control solenoid valve stuck open condition. Note that if a purge control solenoid valve stuck open fault is detected, the EVAP system leakage diagnosis is cancelled.

#### **Diagnostic method**

Purge control solenoid valve functional diagnosis is performed by monitoring the tank pressure in mode Z.

#### Abnormality Judgment

If OK judgment cannot be made, extend Mode Z, and Judge as NG when the following conditions are established after predetermined amount of time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
evptez – evptezha	> 0.9 kPa (6.5 mmHg, 0.3 inHg)	P0457
evptezini	≤ 1.4 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)	
Time of 2 0 (0.53 US gal, 0.44 Imp gal) or more fuel no sloshing	≥ 40000 ms	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:0 ms + 3000 ms + 13000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

When judgment for purge control solenoid valve stuck open NG is made, end the evaporative diagnosis. Cancel the evaporative diagnosis when the OK/NG judgment for purge control solenoid valve stuck open cannot be made in Mode Z.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and change to Mode A when the following conditions are established after predetermined time has passed since Mode Z started.

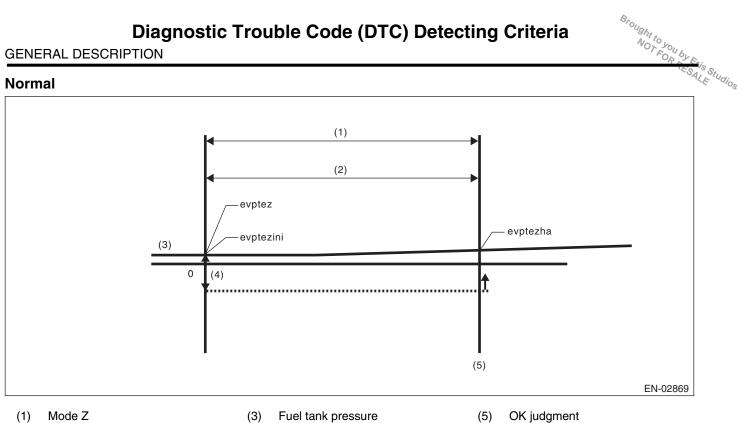
#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
evptez – evptezha	≤ 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.1 inHg)	P0457
	0.1 11119)	

3000 ms

(2)

#### Normal



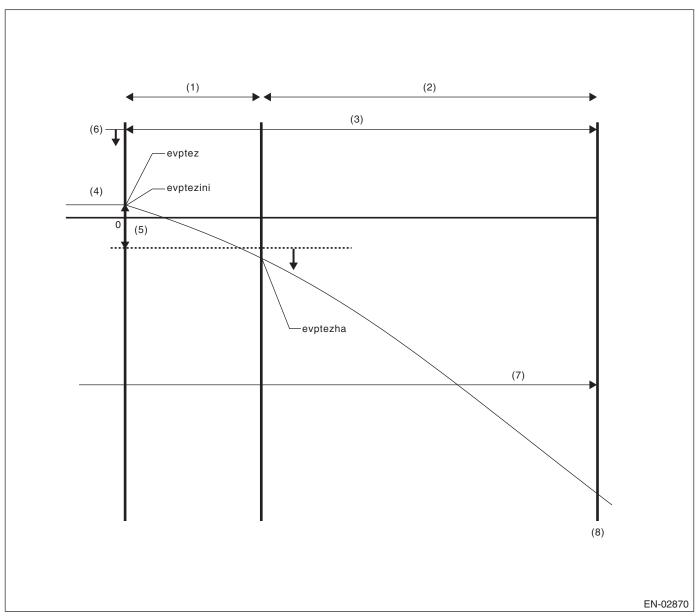
0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.1 inHg)

Normal when evptez – evptezha  $\leq$  0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.1 inHg) is established Time Needed for Diagnosis:0 ms + 3000 ms

(4)

SALE

#### Purge control solenoid valve Open Fixation



- (1) Mode Z
- (2) Extended mode Z
- (3) 3000 ms + 13000 ms
- (4) Fuel tank pressure
- (5) 0.9 kPa (6.5 mmHg, 0.3 inHg)
- (6) 1.4 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)
- (7) 40000 ms no fuel sloshing
- (8) NG judgment

- evptezini ≤ 1.4 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)
- evptez evptezha > 0.9 kPa (6.5 mmHg, 0.3 inHg)
- $\bullet\,$  No fuel sloshing of over 2 & (0.53 US gal, 0.44 lmp gal) lasts for more than 40000 ms Judge as abnormal when all are established.

#### **Leak Diagnosis**

DTC

P0442 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Small Leak)

P0457 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Fuel Cap Loose/Off)

- The diagnostic consists of creating a sealed vacuum in the fuel tank and then determining the presence of leakage from the speed at which the tank internal pressure returns to barometric pressure.
- The diagnosis is divided into the following five phases.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### Mode A: (Estimated evaporation gas amount)

Brought to you by E is Studios Calculate the tank pressure change amount (P1) when using mode A. After calculating P1, switch to mode B.

#### Mode B: (Negative pressure sealed)

Introduce negative pressure in the intake manifold to the tank.

Approx.  $0 \rightarrow -1.4$  kPa  $(0 \rightarrow -10.5$  mmHg,  $0 \rightarrow -0.4$  inHg)

When the pressure above (desired negative pressure) is reached, enters Mode C.

In this case, if the tank pressure does not reach the target negative pressure, judge that there is a large leakage in the system and terminate the evaporative emission control system diagnosis.

#### **Abnormality Judgment**

Judge as NG (large leakage) when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

•		
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Time to reach target negative pressure	≥ 10000 ms + 25000 ms	P0457
or		
Mode B time	≥ 10000 ms	
(Min. pressure value in tank when in	> -0.3 kPa (-2.5	
mode B) – (Tank pressure when mode B	mmHg, –0.1 inHg)	
started)		

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0 ms + 3000 ms + 10000 ms + 10000 ms + 25000 ms **Mode C: (Check pressure rise)**

Stop the introduction of negative pressure. (Wait until the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation.)

Change to Mode D when the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation.

Judge advanced OK and change to Mode E when it does not return in spite of spending the specified time.

Tank pressure when starting cal- culation of P2	Time for advanced OK judgment
-1.4 kPa (-10.5 mmHg, -0.4 inHg)	18600 ms

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0 ms + 3000 ms + 10000 ms + 10000 ms + 25000 ms + 18600 ms Mode D: (Measure amount of negative pressure change)

Monitor the tank pressure change amount when using mode D. In this case, the tank pressure increases. (nears barometric pressure) because evaporation occurs. However, if any leakage exists, the pressure increases additionally in proportion to this leakage. The pressure variation of this tank is P2.

After calculating P2, perform a small leak diagnosis according to the items below.

#### When Mode D is ended

Assign tank variations measured in Mode A and Mode D, P1 and P2, to the formula below, judge small leaks in the system. If the measured judgment value exceeds the threshold value, it is judged to be a malfunction.

#### **Abnormality Judgment**

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established within the predetermined time. Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are not established within the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
P2 – 1.5 – × P1	> Value of Map 5	P0442
P2: Tank pressure that changes every 10000 ms in mode D		
P1: Tank pressure that changes every 10000 ms in mode A		

<sup>\*1.5 -:</sup> Evaporation amount compensation value when below negative pressure (Amount of evaporation occurrence increases as a vacuum condition increases.)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Map	5	Malfunction	criteria	limit	for	evaporation	diagnosis
	_						

Fuel temperature vs. Fuel level	25 °C (77 °F)	30 °C (86 °F)	35 °C (95 °F)	40 °C (104 °F)	45 °C (113 °F)
0 0 (0 US gal, 0 Imp gal)	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa
	(2.1 mmHg,	(2.2 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(2.35 mmHg,	(2.4 mmHg,
	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
10 @ (2.64 US gal, 2.2 Imp gal)	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa
	(2.1 mmHg,	(2.2 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(2.35 mmHg,	(2.4 mmHg,
	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
20 @ (5.28 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(2.3 mmHg,	(2.4 mmHg,	(2.5 mmHg,	(2.6 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
30	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(2.9 mmHg,	(3.05 mmHg,	(3.15 mmHg,	(3.25 mmHg,	(3.35 mmHg,
	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
40 @ (10.57 US gal, 8.8 Imp gal)	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa
	(2.9 mmHg,	(3.15 mmHg,	(3.3 mmHg,	(3.4 mmHg,	(3.5 mmHg,
	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
50 @ (13.21 US gal, 11 Imp gal)	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa
	(3.2 mmHg,	(3.3 mmHg,	(3.5 mmHg,	(3.6 mmHg,	(3.7 mmHg,
	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
60 @ (15.85 US gal, 13.2 Imp gal)	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa
	(3.2 mmHg,	(3.3 mmHg,	(3.5 mmHg,	(3.6 mmHg,	(3.7 mmHg,
	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0 ms + 3000 ms + 10000 ms + 10000 ms + 25000 ms + 18600 ms + 10000 ms Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### **Leak Diagnosis**

**DTC** 

P0456 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (very small leak)

- The diagnostic consists of creating a sealed vacuum in the fuel tank and then determining the presence of leakage from the speed at which the tank internal pressure returns to barometric pressure.
- The diagnosis is divided into the following five phases.

#### Mode A: (0 point compensation)

When the pressure in the tank is not near 0 mmHg, wait until it returns to 0 point (near 0 mmHg). Shift to mode B when returned to the 0 point. Cancel the diagnosis when 0 point does not return in the specified time.

#### Mode B: (Negative pressure introduced)

Introduce negative pressure in the intake manifold to the tank.

Approx.  $0 \rightarrow -2$  kPa  $(0 \rightarrow -15$  mmHg,  $0 \rightarrow -0.6$  inHg)

When the pressure above (desired negative pressure) is reached, enters Mode C.

When the tank internal pressure does not reach the target negative pressure, the diagnosis is cancelled.

#### **Mode C: (Negative pressure maintained)**

Stop the introduction of negative pressure. (Wait until the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation.)

Change to Mode D either when the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation, or when the predetermined amount of time has passed.

#### Mode D: (Calculate the amount of negative pressure change)

Monitor the tank pressure in mode D, calculate the pressure change in the tank (P2), and measure the time (evpdset) for the tank pressure to change to the Mode E shifting pressure. When the Mode E shifting pressure is reached, Mode E is entered. If it does not change to the Mode E shifting pressure after the predetermined amount of time has passed, make advanced OK judgment or cancel the diagnosis according to the value of P2.

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#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

#### **Normality Judgment**

Judge as OK when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Threshold Value
≥ 0 ms + 10000 ms
≤ Value of Map 6
≥ 0 ms + 200000 ms
≤ Value of Map 7

#### Map 6

Fuel level ( \mathcal{Q}, US gal, Imp gal)	0, 0, 0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Tank pressure	-1.9, -14.62,	-1.9, -14.62,	-1.9, -14.59,	-1.9, -14.56,	-1.9, -14.42,	-1.9, -14.28,	-1.9, -14.28,
(kPa, mmHg, inHgl)	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6	-0.6

#### Map 7

Fuel level ( \mathcal{Q}, US gal, Imp gal)	0, 0, 0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Tank pressure (kPa, mmHg, inHgl)	0.9, 7, 0.3	0.9, 7, 0.3	0.9, 7.05, 0.3	0.9, 7.1, 0.3	1.1, 8.2, 0.3	1.3, 9.6, 0.4	1.3, 9.6, 0.4

#### Mode E: (Evaporation occurrence amount calculation)

Calculate the change of tank pressure with the time evpdset (P1) to judge as NG/OK according to the value of P1. (ambiguous determination acceptable).

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
P1	< Value of Map 8

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#### Map 8 Malfunction criteria limit for evaporation diagnosis

Time (evpdset) vs. Fuel level	0 ms	30000 ms	50000 ms	100000 ms	160000 ms	200000 ms
0	0 kPa	0.1 kPa	0.2 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
10 @ (2.64 US gal, 2.2 Imp gal)	0 kPa	0.1 kPa	0.2 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
20 @ (5.28 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)	0 kPa	0.1 kPa	0.2 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
30 0 (7.93 US gal, 6.6 Imp gal)	0 kPa	0.1 kPa	0.2 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
40 @ (10.57 US gal, 8.8 Imp gal)	0 kPa	0.1 kPa	0.2 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa
	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.85 mmHg,	(2.5 mmHg,	(2.5 mmHg,	(2.5 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
50 0 (13.21 US gal, 11 Imp gal)	0 kPa	0.1 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0 kPa
	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(2 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(0 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0 inHg)
60 @ (15.85 US gal, 13.2 Imp gal)	0 kPa	0.1 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.3 kPa	0 kPa
	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(2 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(0 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Value of Map 1+ Value of Map 2+25290 ms +0+ Value of Map 2+0 ms +200000 ms + Value of Map 3+0 ms +200000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

## Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
P1	> Value of Map 9

#### Map 9 Malfunction criteria limit for evaporation diagnosis

<b>Diagno</b> s GENERAL DESCRIPTION	stic Trou	ble Code	(DTC) De	tecting C	riteria	Srought to you
Map 9 Malfunction criteria li	mit for eva	ooration dia	gnosis			•
Time (evpdset) vs. Fuel level	0 ms	30000 ms	50000 ms	100000 ms	160000 ms	200000 ms
0	0.1 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.6 kPa	0.6 kPa	0.6 kPa	0.6 kPa
	(1 mmHg,	(3.5 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)
10	0.1 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.6 kPa	0.6 kPa	0.6 kPa	0.6 kPa
	(1 mmHg,	(3.5 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)
20 & (5.28 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)	0.1 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa
	(1 mmHg,	(3.25 mmHg,	(4.1 mmHg,	(4.1 mmHg,	(4.1 mmHg,	(4.1 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)
30	0.1 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa
	(1 mmHg,	(3 mmHg,	(3.9 mmHg,	(3.9 mmHg,	(3.9 mmHg,	(3.9 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)	0.2 inHg)
40	0.1 kPa	0.3 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa	0.5 kPa
	(1 mmHg,	(2.25 mmHg,	(3.4 mmHg,	(3.4 mmHg,	(3.4 mmHg,	(3.4 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
50	0.1 kPa	0.2 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(1 mmHg,	(1.5 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)
60 & (15.85 US gal, 13.2 Imp gal)	0.1 kPa	0.2 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa	0.4 kPa
	(1 mmHg,	(1.5 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,	(2.9 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)	0.1 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Value of Map 1+ Value of Map 2 + 25290 ms + 0 + Value of Map 2 + 0 ms + 200000 ms + Value of Map 3 + 0 ms + 200000 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

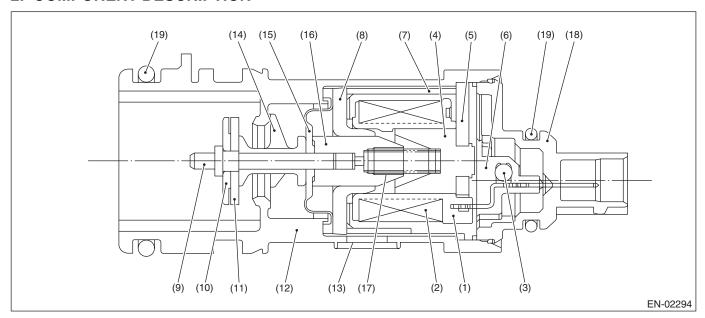
- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

# BG:DTC P0447 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT OPEN

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the drain valve. Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Bobbin
- (2) Coil
- (3) Diode
- (4) Stator core
- (5) End plate
- (6) Body
- (7) Yoke

- (8) Magnetic plate
- (9) Shaft
- (10) Plate
- (11) Valve
- (12) Housing
- (13) Filter

- (14) Retainer
- (15) Diaphragm
- (16) Movable core
- (17) Spring
- (18) Cover
- (19) O-ring

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition			
None					

## 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs OFF signal	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Pressure control solenoid valve control: Open the pressure control solenoid valve.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

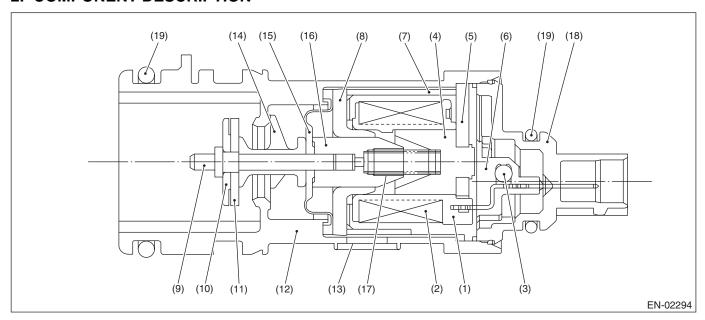
Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

# BH:DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the drain valve. Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Bobbin
- (2) Coil
- (3) Diode
- (4) Stator core
- (5) End plate
- (6) Body
- (7) Yoke

- (8) Magnetic plate
- (9) Shaft
- (10) Plate
- (11) Valve
- (12) Housing
- (13) Filter

- (14) Retainer
- (15) Diaphragm
- (16) Movable core
- (17) Spring
- (18) Cover
- (19) O-ring

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

5	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

Brought to you by Eis Studios

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM out-	High
puts ON signal	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs ON signal	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Pressure control solenoid valve control: Open the pressure control solenoid valve.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

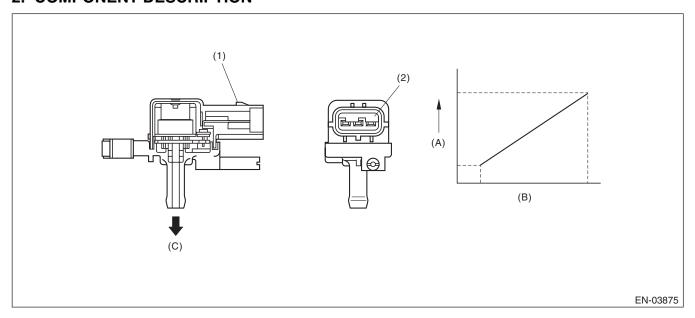
# BI: DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the tank pressure sensor output property abnormality.

Judge as NG when there is no pressure variation, which should exist in the tank, considering the engine status.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Input voltage

(C) To fuel tank

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 60 s
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
Fuel temperature	< 35 °C (95 °F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- Perform the diagnosis continuously after 60 s have passed since the engine started.
- Pay attention to the fuel level and temperature.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Number of times that the difference	≥ 16 time
between the Max. fuel level every 60 s	
and Min. fuel level every 60 s is 2 @	
(0.53 US gal, 0.44 Imp gal) or more (with	
enable condition established)	
Maximum – Minimum tank pressure	< 0 kPa (0.375 mmHg,
(with enable condition completed)	0 inHg)
Maximum – Minimum fuel temperature	≥ 7 °C (44.6 °F)
(with enable condition completed)	

If the difference between the Max. fuel level every 60 s and Min. fuel level every 60 s is less than 2  $\ell$  (0.53 US gal, 0.44 Imp gal), extend 60 s and make judgment with the Max. and Min. values for the fuel level in 60 s  $\times$  2. If a difference does not appear, extend the time (60 s  $\times$  3, 60 s  $\times$  4, 60 s  $\times$  5) and continue the judgment. If the difference between the Max. fuel level every 60 s and Min. fuel level every 60 s is 2  $\ell$  (0.53 US gal, 0.44 Imp gal) or more, the diagnosis counter counts up.

Time Needed for Diagnosis:60 s x 16 time or more

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
	≥ 0 kPa (0.375 mmHg, 0 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 8. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Purge fixed mode is prohibited.

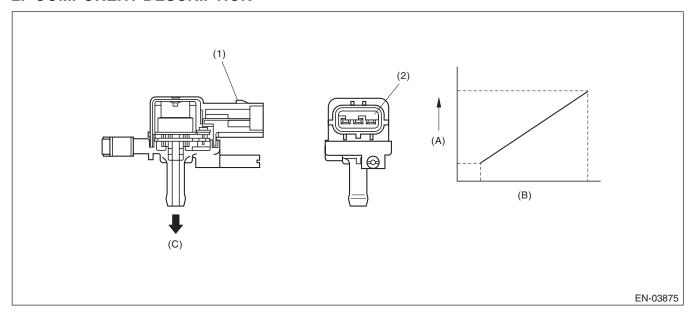
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# BJ:DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR LOW INPUT

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the fuel tank pressure sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Input voltage

(C) To fuel tank

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	< -7.5 kPa (-55.9
	mmHg, -2.2 inHg)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 15000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	≥ -7.5 kPa (-55.9
	mmHg, -2.2 inHg)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Purge fixed mode is prohibited.

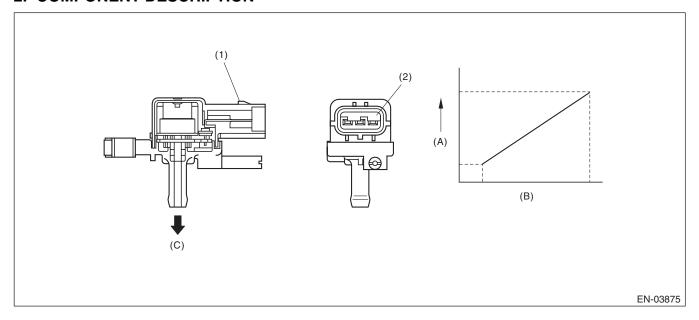
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# BK:DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the fuel tank pressure sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Output voltage

(B) Input voltage

(C) To fuel tank

(1) Connector

(2) Terminals

# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Time needed for all secondary parameters to be in enable conditions	≥ 5000 ms
Vehicle speed	≥ 2 km/h (1.2 MPH)
All conditions of EVAP canister purge	Completed
Learning value of evaporation gas concentration (left and right)	< 0.08
Main feedback compensation coefficient (left and right)	≥ 0.9
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis when purging enable conditions are met without idling.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	≥ 7.9 kPa (59.6 mmHg,
	2.3 inHg)
Fuel temperature	< 35 °C (95 °F)
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 15000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	< 7.9 kPa (59.6
	mmHg, 2.3 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Purge fixed mode is prohibited.

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

# BL:DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (VERY SMALL LEAK)

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

#### NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0442. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-125, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

# BM:DTC P0457 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF)

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

#### NOTE:

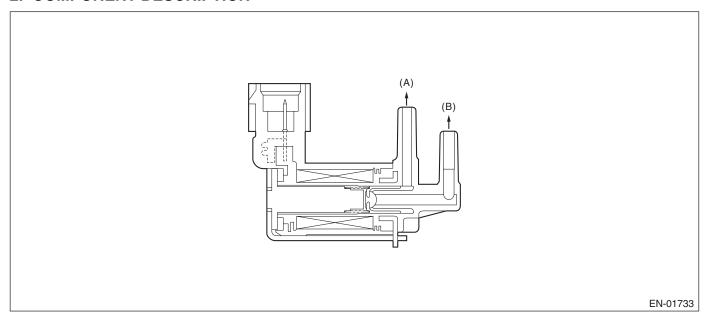
For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0442. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-125, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

# BN:DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the purge control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) To canister

(B) To intake manifold

# 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Duty ratio of "ON"	< 0.75
Terminal output voltage	Low

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output voltage	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

# 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

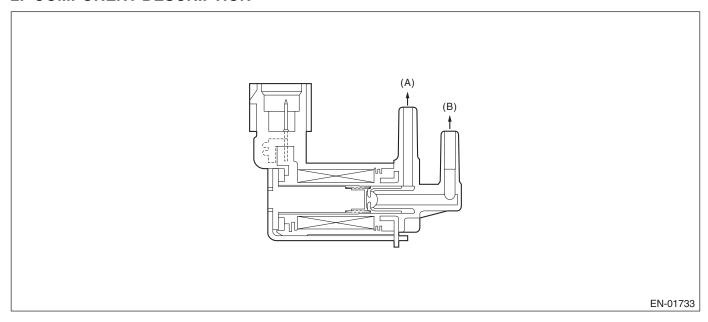
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# BO:DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the purge control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) To canister

(B) To intake manifold

# 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Duty ratio of "ON"	≥ 0.25
Terminal output voltage	High

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output voltage	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

# 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

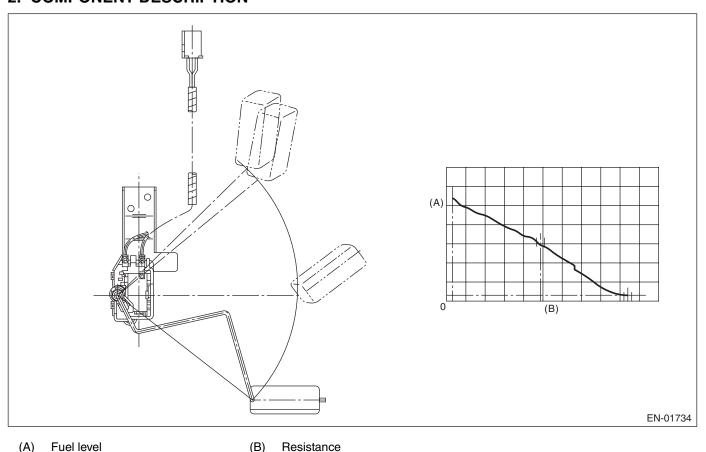
# **BP:DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE**

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunctions of the fuel level sensor output property.

If the fuel level does not vary in a particular driving condition / engine condition where it should, judge as NG.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



# 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

# Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Accumulated amount of intake air	≥ 330957 g (11672.85 oz)
Max. – Min. values of fuel level output	< 2.6 0 (0.69 US gal, 0.57 Imp gal)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine speed	< 6000 rpm
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 5000 ms

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Accumulated amount of intake air	≥ 330957 g (11672.85 oz)
Max. – Min. values of fuel level output	≥ 2.6 ℓ (0.69 US gal, 0.57 Imp gal)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine speed	< 6000 rpm
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 5000 ms

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

# 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 8. FAIL SAFE

None

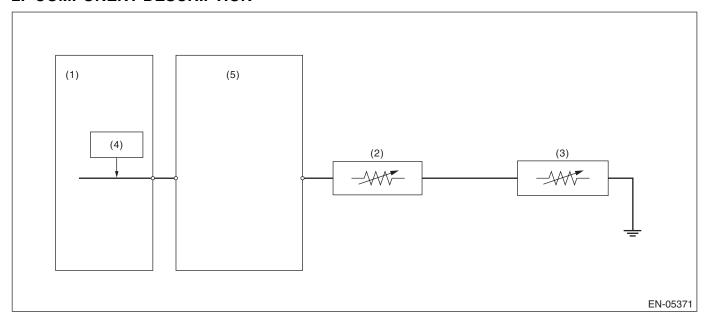
### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# **BQ:DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW**

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel level sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Fuel sub level sensor
- (4) Detecting circuit

(5) Body integrated unit

# 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Fuel level sensor

(2)

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 3000 ms
Output voltage	< 0.173 V

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 3000 ms
Output voltage	≥ 0.173 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

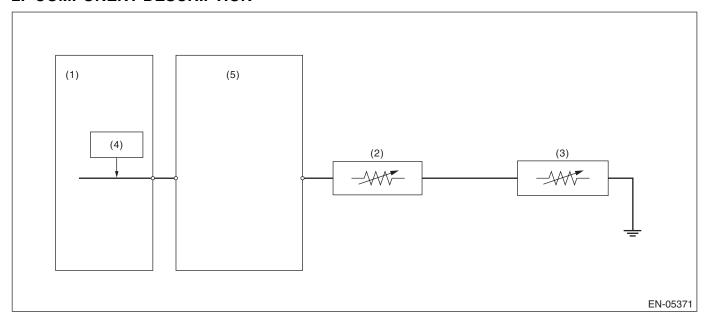
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# **BR:DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH**

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel level sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Fuel sub level sensor
- (4) Detecting circuit

(5) Body integrated unit

# 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Fuel level sensor

(2)

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

# 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 3000 ms
Output voltage	≥ 7.212 V

# Time Needed for Diagnosis:1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 3000 ms
Output voltage	< 7.212 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# **BS:DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT**

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the unstable output faults from the fuel level sensor caused by noise. Judge as NG when the max. value and cumulative value of output voltage variation of the fuel level sensor is larger than the threshold value.

# 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

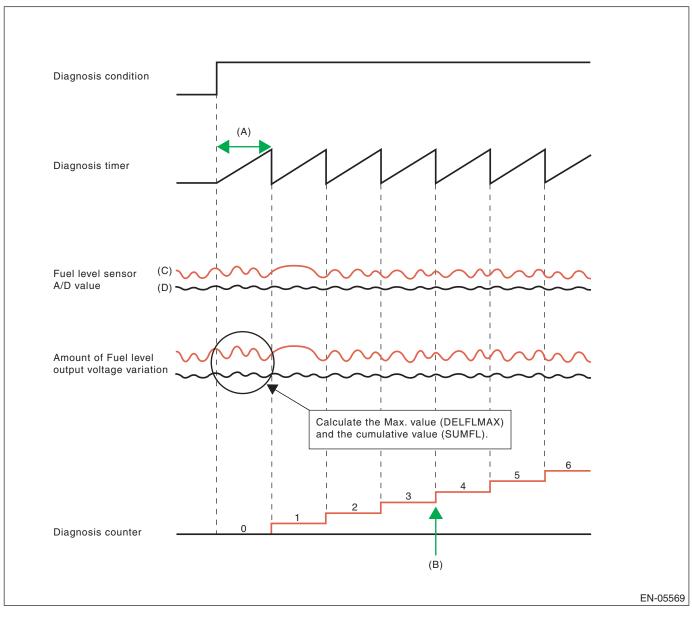
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Idle switch	ON
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal) and < 54.4 ℓ (14.37 US gal, 11.97 Imp gal)
Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH)	≥ 10000 ms

# 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- · Always perform the diagnosis continuously at idle speed.
- Pay attention to the fuel level.

### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Brought to you by Ess Studios Calculate the Max. value (DELFLMAX) and cumulative value (SUMFL) of output voltage variation of fuel level sensor during 12.2 seconds. Judge it normal when both max. and cumulative values are not over the threshold value. Otherwise, when either of them is over the threshold value, the diagnosis counter counts up. Judge as NG if the counter indicated 4 time.



12288 ms

Malfunction

(D) Normal

(B) NG at 4 time counts

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

# Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Integrated times of the condition reaching	≥ 4 time
follows,	
DELFLMAX	≥ Value from Map
or	
SUMFL	≥ 25.92 V
At this time,	
DELFLMAX: Maximum difference of sen-	
sor output for 12288 ms	
SUMFL: Integrated value of the sensor	
output deviation for12288 ms	

### Map

Fuel level ( 0, US gal, Imp gal)	0, 0, 0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Measured voltage (V)	0.27	0.27	0.426	0.582	0.738	0.894	0.894

The diagnosis counter does not count up when the following conditions are completed within 12288 ms.

	≥ 0 kPa (0.375 mmHg, 0 inHg)
Maximum value – Minimum value of battery voltage during 12288 ms	≥ 1.09 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:12288 ms × 4 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
DELFLMAX	< Value from Map
SUMFL	< 25.92 V
At this time, DELFLMAX: Maximum difference of sensor output for 12288 ms SUMFL: Integrated value of the sensor output deviation for 12288 ms	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 12288 ms

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

None

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

# BT:DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR "A"

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

Judge NG when the received data from ABSCM&H/U is abnormal vehicle speed, and the vehicle speed data is impossible.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Vehicle speed signals are taken in to the ABS control module and hydraulic control unit, and normal/erroneous data of the ABS wheel speed sensor is received by CAN communication from the ABS control module and hydraulic control unit.

### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after engine starting	≥ 2000 ms

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform diagnosis more than 2000 ms after starting the engine.

# 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front ABS wheel speed sensor status	Malfunction
Either of the following is established	
Front left wheel speed	≥ 300 km/h (186.4 MPH)
Front right wheel speed	≥ 300 km/h (186.4 MPH)

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front left wheel speed	> 0 km/h (0 MPH)
	and
	< 300 km/h (186.4 MPH)
Front right wheel speed	> 0 km/h (0 MPH)
	and
	< 300 km/h (186.4 MPH)

Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Brought to you by Esis Studios

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When Clear Memory is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When Clear Memory is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Accelerator sensor signal process: Not allowed fully closed point learning. (Hold previous value)
- Vehicle speed sensor signal process: Vehicle speed = 10 km/h (6 MPH)
- Fuel cut control: Not allowed vehicle speed 0 km/h (0 MPH) fuel cut. Normally the high vehicle speed fuel cut performs on vehicle speed condition and engine speed, but perform the fuel cut only on engine speed condition (4,400 rpm or more).
- ISC control: Open loop compensation is set to specified value (1 g (0.04 oz)/s). Not allowed ISC feedback volume calculation.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed air conditioner cut at accelerating.
- · Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan ON
- Gear ratio judgment: Control as fixed in sixth gear

# 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# **BU:DTC P0506 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED**

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction that actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling. Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling.

# 2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 10.49 s
Feedback of ISC	In operation
Lambda value (left and right)	≥ 0.81
	and
	< 1.1
After switching air conditioner to ON/ OFF	≥ 5.1 s
After intake manifold pressure changes by 4 kPa (30 mmHg, 1.2 inHg) or more.	> 5.1 s
Elapsed time after switching neutral position switch to ON/OFF	> 5.1 s
Vehicle speed	0 km/h (0 MPH)

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling after warming up engine.

### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual engine speed — Targeted engine	< -100 rpm
speed	
Feedback value for ISC	Max.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 s  $\times$  3 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual engine speed — Targeted engine speed	≥ -100 rpm
орооч	

Time Needed for Diagnosis:10 s

Brought to you by Ess Studios

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

None

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# **BV:DTC P0507 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED**

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction that actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling. Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling.

# 2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 10.49 s
Feedback of ISC	In operation
Lambda value (left and right)	≥ 0.81
	and
	< 1.1
After switching air conditioner to ON/ OFF	≥ 5.1 s
After intake manifold pressure changes by 4 kPa (30 mmHg, 1.2 inHg) or more.	> 5.1 s
Elapsed time after switching neutral position switch to ON/OFF	> 5.1 s
Vehicle speed	0 km/h (0 MPH)

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling after warming up engine.

### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual – Target engine speed	≥ 200 rpm
Feedback value for ISC	Min.

Time Needed for Diagnosis:  $10 \text{ s} \times 3 \text{ time}$ 

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual – Target engine speed	< 200 rpm

Time Needed for Diagnosis:10 s

Brought to you by Ess Studios

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

None

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# **BW:DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of starter SW. Judge as ON NG when the starter SW signal remains ON.

### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

# 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

# Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine condition	After engine starting
Starter OFF signal	Not detected
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 180000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

# Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter OFF signal	Detected
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Brought to you by Esis Studios

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

# **BX:DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY**

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

DTC	Item	OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS
P0513	Incorrect Immobilizer Key	Incorrect immobilizer key (Use of unregistered key in body integrated unit)
P1570	Antenna	Faulty antenna
P1571	Reference Code Incompatibility	Reference code incompatibility between body integrated unit and ECM
P1572	IMM Circuit Failure (Except Antenna Circuit)	Communication failure between body integrated unit and ECM
P1574	Key Communication Failure	Failure of body integrated unit to verify key (transponder) ID code or transponder failure
P1576	EGI Control Module EEPROM	ECM malfunctioning
P1577	IMM Control Module EEPROM	Body integrated unit malfunctioning
P1578	Meter Failure	Reference code incompatibility between body integrated unit and combination meter

# 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

When starting the engine.

# 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only after starting the engine.

# 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the conditions for the outline of the diagnosis of the top are established.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

# BY:DTC P0600 SERIAL COMMUNICATION LINK

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunction of CAN communication.

When CAN communications is not possible, and CAN communications with AT is not possible, judge as NG if data from the AT is not normal.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

ECM and TCM are connected by high speed CAN.

(Common Specifications)

CAN Protocol 2.0 B (Active)

Frame Format: 11 Bit ID Frame (Standard Frame)

(High speed CAN)

Conforms to ISO11898

Communication Speed: 500 kbps

# 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

# Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Starter switch	OFF
Engine	run
bus off flag or error warning flag	set (error)
or	
ID received from body integrated unit, TCM, ABSCM or VDCCM	None during 500 milli- seconds
or	
Data updated from body integrated unit, TCM, ABSCM or VDCCM	None during 500 milli- seconds

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

### Normality Judgment

Brought to you by Esis Studios Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Starter switch	OFF
Engine	run
bus off flag or error warning flag	clear (No error)
ID received from body integrated unit, TCM, ABSCM and VDCCM	Yes
Data updated from body integrated unit, TCM, ABSCM and VDCCM	Yes

Time Needed for Diagnosis:1000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a rowWhen "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

# 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# BZ:DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of microcomputer (RAM).

When there is a problem in the main CPU normal RAM, or the sub CPU normal RAM, judge as NG. Judge as OK when both are operating properly.

If it is possible to write data to the whole area of RAM in the initial routine, and is possible to read the same data, it is judged as OK, and if not, NG.

### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

Diagnosis with the initial routine.

### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis as soon as the ignition switch is turned to ON.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

# **Abnormality Judgment**

Judge as NG if the criteria below are met.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Main CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5A55A cannot be read.
Write A55A5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A5AA5 cannot be read.
Sub CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5 cannot be read.
Write A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A cannot be read.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Undetermined

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### **Normality Judgment**

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

,	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Main CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5A55A can be read.
And write A55A5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A5AA5 can be read.
Sub CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5 can be read.
And write A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A can be read.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. FAIL SAFE

None

# 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

# CA:DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR

# 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when SUM value of ROM is outside the standard value.

### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Ignition switch	ON

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

### **Abnormality Judgment**

Judge as NG if the criteria below are met.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
SUM value of ROM	Standard

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Undetermined

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

### 7. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

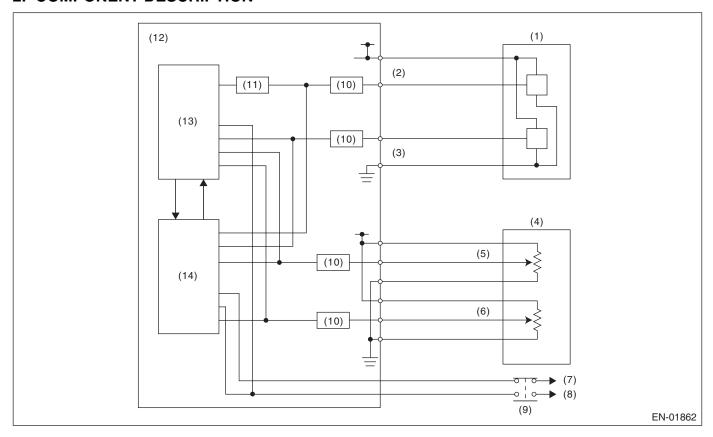
# **CB:DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE**

### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when any one of the followings is established.

- 1) When the read value of throttle position sensor 1 signal is mismatched between main CPU and sub CPU.
- 2) When the read value of accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal is mismatched between main CPU and sub CPU.
- 3) When the sub CPU operates abnormally.
- 4) When the communication between main CPU  $\longleftrightarrow$  sub CPU is abnormal.
- 5) When the input amplifier circuit of throttle position sensor 1 is abnormal.
- 6) When the cruise control cannot be canceled correctly.
- 7) When the signal of brake SW1 and 2 is mismatched.

# 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor
- (2) Throttle position sensor 1
- (3) Throttle position sensor 2
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor
- (5) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1
- (6) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2
- (7) Battery
- (8) Stop light
- (9) Brake switch
- (10) I/F circuit

- (11) Amplifier circuit
- (12) Engine control module (ECM)

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- (13) Sub CPU
- (14) Main CPU

### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
(1) Ignition switch	ON
(2) Ignition switch	ON
(3) None	_
(4) None	_
(5) Throttle opening angle	
(6) Brake switch (only with cruise control)	ON
(7) None	_

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- (1) (4): Always perform the diagnosis continuously.
- (5): Always perform the diagnosis continuously when idling.
- (6): Perform the diagnosis when the brake pedal is depressed.
- (7): Always perform the diagnosis continuously.
- (8): Always perform the diagnosis continuously when the cruise control pedal is not operating.

# 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

# **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(1) Difference of CPU reading value of the throttle position sensor signal	≤ 0.0858 V
(2) Difference of CPU read value of the accelerator pedal position sensor signal	≤ 0.35 V
(3) WD pulse from sub CPU	WD pulse occur
(4) Communication between CPU	Possible to communicate
(5)  Throttle position sensor 1 opening angle — (Throttle position sensor 1 opening angle after passing amplifier) 1/4	< 3°
(6) Cruise control cancel signal at brake ON	Cruise control cancel signal ON
(7) Brake switch 1, 2 signal	SW 1 and 2 are matched

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 1. 600 milliseconds
- 2. 830 milliseconds
- 3. 200 milliseconds
- 4. 200 milliseconds
- 5. 24 milliseconds
- 6. 250 milliseconds
- 7. 200 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

# 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

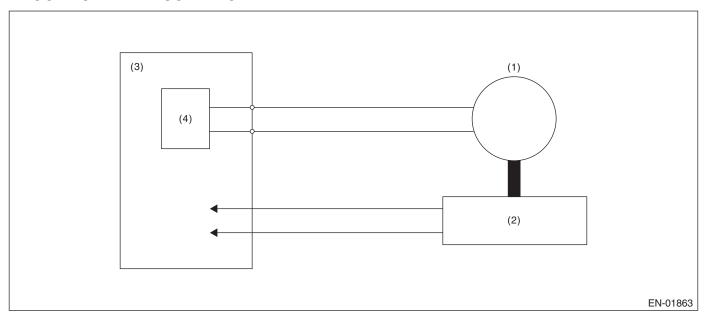
# 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CC:DTC P0638 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the target opening angle and actual opening angle is mismatched or the current to motor is the specified duty or more for specified time continuously.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Motor

- (3) Engine control module (ECM)
- (4) Drive circuit

(2) Throttle position sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Ignition switch	ON
Normal operation of electric throttle control	ON

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously when the electronic throttle control is operating.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

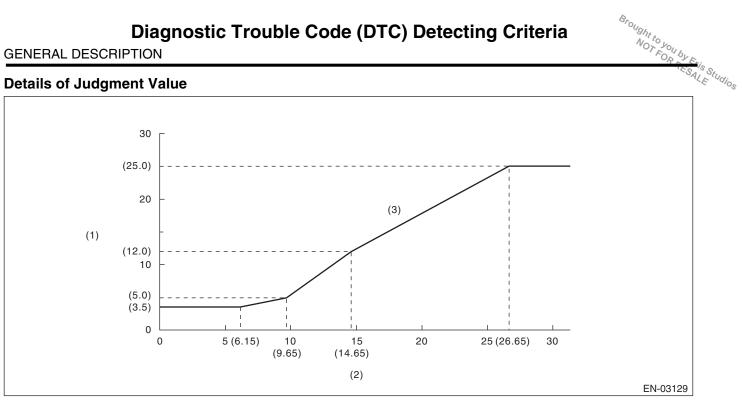
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Difference between target opening angle and actual opening angle	3.5° or less
Output duty to drive circuit	95% or less

#### **Time Needed for Diagnosis:**

- Target opening angle and actual opening angle: 250 milliseconds (For NG) 2000 milliseconds (For OK)
- · Output duty to drive circuit: 2000 milliseconds

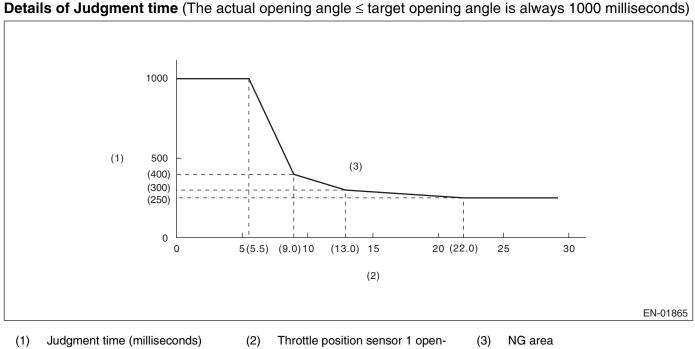
(1)

#### **Details of Judgment Value**



Target throttle opening angle (°)

(2)



Difference between target opening

angle and actual opening angle (°)

ing angle

(3)

NG area

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

### CD:DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when there is CAN communication with the AT and there is a MIL lighting request.

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
MIL lighting request from TCM	Yes

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
MIL lighting request from TCM	None

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### CE:DTC P0851 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (AT MODEL)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge the open or short circuit of the neutral SW.

Judge as NG when the ECM neutral terminal input differs from the reception data from TCM.

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Starter relay	OFF

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal in ECM when "P"/	LOW (ON)
"N" range in TCM are "OFF" and when	
the other switches are "ON"	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal in ECM when "P"/ "N" range in TCM are "OFF" and when	HIGH (OFF)
the other switches are "ON"	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

# Brought to you by Eis Studios **CF:DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (MT MODEL)**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of neutral SW.

Judge as NG when there is no change in the neutral SW even if the driving shift was applied. (There is neutral SW ON/OFF inversion from the vehicle speed and engine speed.)

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Starter relay	OFF

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed determined times or more after the neutral SW change.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal (while changing from a to b below)	LOW (ON) continues.
Driving condition change	From a) to b)
a) Engine speed 600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH)	
b) Engine speed 1600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed ≥ 0 km/h (0 MPH)	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:3 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear NG when there is change in the neutral SW.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal (while changing from a to b below)	Changes to HIGH (OFF).
Driving condition change	From a) to b)
a) Engine speed 600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH)	
b) Engine speed 1600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed ≥ 0 km/h (0 MPH)	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CG:DTC P0852 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (AT MODEL)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge the open or short circuit of the neutral SW.

Judge as NG when the ECM neutral terminal input differs from the reception data from TCM.

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Starter relay	OFF

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
9	HIGH (OFF)
"N" range in TCM are "ON" and when the other switches are "OFF"	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal in ECM when "P"/ "N" range in TCM are "ON" and when the	LOW (ON)
other switches are "OFF"	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### CH:DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT MODEL)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of neutral SW.

Judge as NG when there is no change in the neutral SW even if the driving shift was applied. (There is neutral SW ON/OFF inversion from the vehicle speed and engine speed.)

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Starter relay	OFF

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed determined times or more after the neutral SW change.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal (while changing	HIGH (OFF) contin-
from a to b below)	ues.
Driving condition change	From a) to b)
a) Engine speed 600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH)	
b) Engine speed 1600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed ≥ 0 km/h (0 MPH)	

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:3 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear NG when there is change in the neutral SW.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal (while changing from a to b below)	Changes to LOW (ON).
Driving condition change	From a) to b)
a) Engine speed 600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH)	
b) Engine speed 1600 rpm — 900 rpm & Vehicle speed ≥ 0 km/h (0 MPH)	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CI: DTC P1152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK1 SENSOR1)

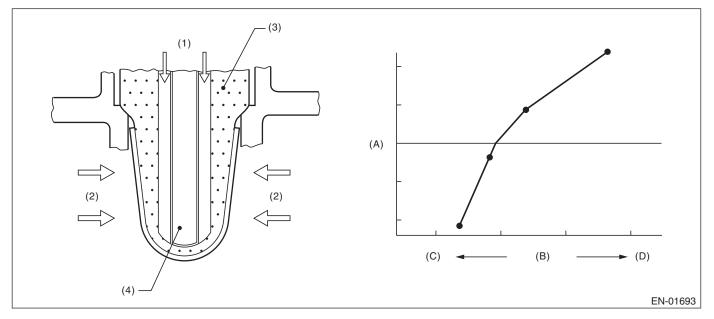
#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect that  $\lambda$  value remains low.

Judge as NG when lambda value is abnormal in accordance with  $\lambda$  value of front oxygen (A/F) sensor and running conditions such as vehicle speed, amount of intake air, engine coolant temperature, sub feedback control, etc.

 $\lambda$  value = Actual air fuel ratio/Theoretical air fuel ratio  $\lambda > 1$ : Lean  $\lambda < 1$ : Rich

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

Exhaust gas

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(2)

(1) Atmosphere

(3) ZrO<sub>2</sub>

(4) Ceramic heater

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#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Time needed for all secondary parameters to be in enable conditions	≥ 4096 ms
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback	Execution
Rear oxygen sensor output voltage – Feedback target voltage	–0.2 V — 0.1 V
or	
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Min.
or	
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Max.
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 60000 ms
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 20 km/h (12.4 MPH)
Amount of intake air	≥ 6 g/s (0.21 oz/s)
Load change at 180°CA	< 0.02 g/rev (0 oz/rev)
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	$0~\Omega-50~\Omega$
Learning value of evaporation gas density	< 0.2
Total time of operating canister purge	≥ 19.9 s
Targeted lambda value load compensation coefficient	-0.03 — 0.000

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis continuously at a constant speed of 20 km/h (12.4 MPH) or more after 60000 ms have passed since the engine started.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

	Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
λ	value	< 0.85

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
λ value	≥ 0.85

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- · Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

## CJ:DTC P1153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK1 SENSOR1)

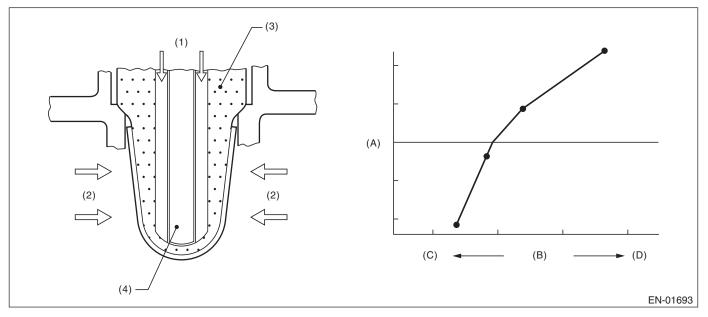
#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect that  $\lambda$  value remains high.

Judge as NG when lambda value is abnormal in accordance with  $\lambda$  value of front oxygen (A/F) sensor and running conditions such as vehicle speed, amount of intake air, engine coolant temperature, sub feedback control, etc.

 $\lambda$  value = Actual air fuel ratio/Theoretical air fuel ratio  $\lambda$  > 1: Lean  $\lambda$  < 1: Rich

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Electromotive force

Exhaust gas

(B) Air fuel ratio

(C) Lean

(D) Rich

(2)

(1) Atmosphere

(3) ZrO<sub>2</sub>

(4) Ceramic heater

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Time needed for all secondary parameters to be in enable conditions	≥ 4096 ms
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback	Execution
Rear oxygen sensor output voltage – Feedback target voltage	-0.2 V — 0.1 V
or	
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Min.
or	
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Max.
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 60000 ms
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75 °C (167 °F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 20 km/h (12.4 MPH)
Amount of intake air	≥ 6 g/s (0.21 oz/s)
Load change at 180°CA	< 0.02 g/rev (0 oz/rev)
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	0 Ω — 50 Ω
Learning value of evaporation gas density	< 0.2
Total time of operating canister purge	≥ 19.9 s
Targeted lambda value load compensation coefficient	-0.03 0.000

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis continuously at a constant speed of 20 km/h (12.4 MPH) or more after 60000 ms have passed since the engine started.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
λ value	> 1.15

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10000 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
λ value	≤ 1.15

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- · Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

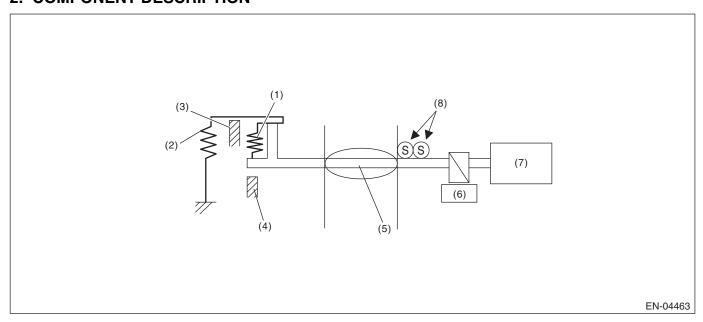
SALE

#### **CK:DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the valve is opened more than the default opening angle, but does not move to the close direction with the motor power stopped.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Opener spring

- (4) Full closed stopper
- (7) DC motor

(2) Return spring

(5) Throttle valve

(8) Main and sub throttle position sen-

- (3) Intermediate stopper
- (6) Gear

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V
Throttle position sensor	Normal

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- Ignition switch ON → OFF
- Ignition switch OFF → ON (Only after clearing memory)

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Opening variation after continuity is set to OFF	< 2 °

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:24 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Opening variation after continuity is set to OFF	≥ 2 °

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:3400 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

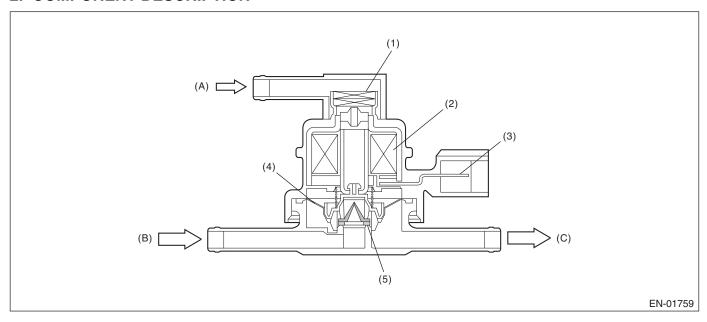
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CL:DTC P1400 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of pressure control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when ECM output level is different from actual terminal level.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Barometric pressure
- (B) Shut-off valve

(C) To fuel tank

(1) Filter

- (3) Connector terminal
- (5) Valve

(2) Coil

(4) Diaphragm

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs OFF signal	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

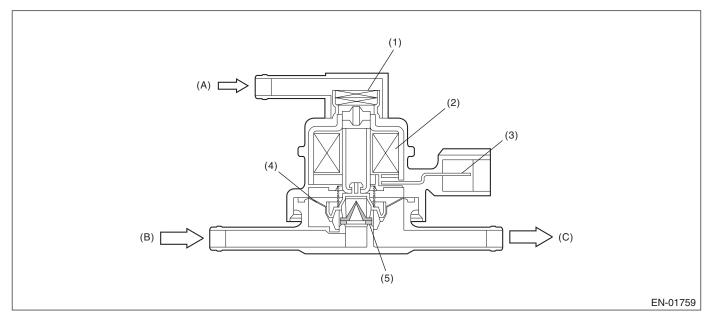
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

### CM:DTC P1420 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of pressure control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when ECM output level is different from actual terminal level.

### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Barometric pressure
- (B) Shut-off valve

(C) To fuel tank

(1) Filter

- (3) Connector terminal
- (5) Valve

(2) Coil

(4) Diaphragm

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs ON signal	High

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs ON signal	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

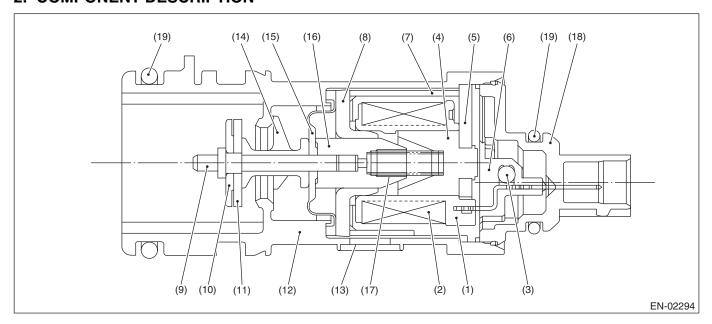
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

### **CN:DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the abnormal function (stuck closed) of the drain valve. Judge as NG when fuel tank pressure is low.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1)	Bobbin	(8)	Magnetic plate
(2)	Coil	(9)	Shaft
(3)	Diode	(10)	Plate
(4)	Stator core	(11)	Valve
(5)	End plate	(12)	Housing
(6)	Body	(13)	Filter
(7)	Yoke	(14)	Retainer

- (15) Diaphragm
- (16) Movable core
- (17) Spring
- (18) Cover
- (19) O-ring

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Drain valve	Open
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Tank pressure when starter is OFF $\rightarrow$ ON	-0.4 kPa (-3.2 mmHg, -0.1 inHg) and 1.4 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	≤ –4 kPa (–30 mmHg, –1.2
	inHg)

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:3000 s

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	> -4 kPa (-30 mmHg, -1.2 inHg)
Cumulative time when all the malfunction criteria below are met.	≥ 30000 s
Purge control solenoid valve duty	Not = 0
Fuel temperature	−10 °C (14 °F) — 70 °C (158 °F)
Intake manifold relative pressure	≥ -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.9 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Pressure control solenoid valve control: Open the pressure control solenoid valve.

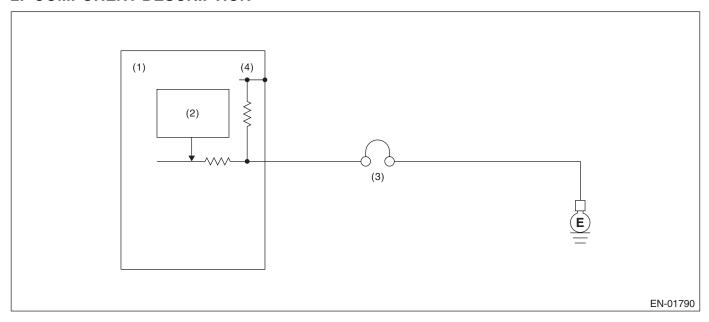
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CO:DTC P1491 POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (BLOW-BY) FUNCTION PROBLEM

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the blow-by hose disconnection abnormality. Judge as NG when the diagnosis terminal voltage is high.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) PCV diagnosis connector
- (4) 5 V

(2) Detecting circuit

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine condition	After engine starting
Positive crankcase ventilation diagnosis voltage	High

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine condition	After engine starting
Positive crankcase ventilation diagnosis voltage	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

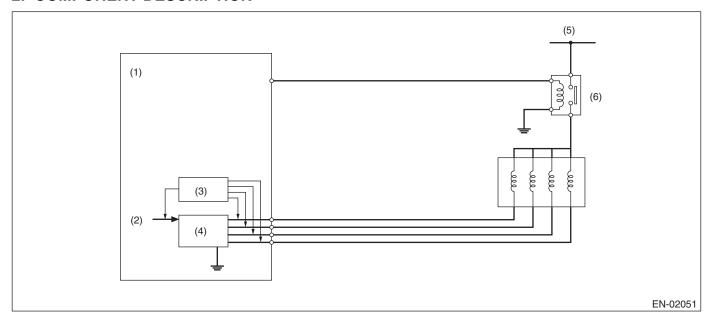
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CP:DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- Detects open or short circuit of EGR.
- Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Engine control module (ECM) (1) Computer unit (CPU)
- (3)Detecting circuit (4)
  - Switch circuit

- Battery voltage (5)
- (6) Main relay

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

(2)

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
EGR valve target position	> 0 step
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis continuously during EGR operation.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low level
or	
Terminal voltage level when EGR operates	Low level

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	High level
Terminal voltage level when EGR operates	High level

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 128 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Knock sensor learning compensation: Calculation prohibited.
- · EGR control: Operation prohibited.

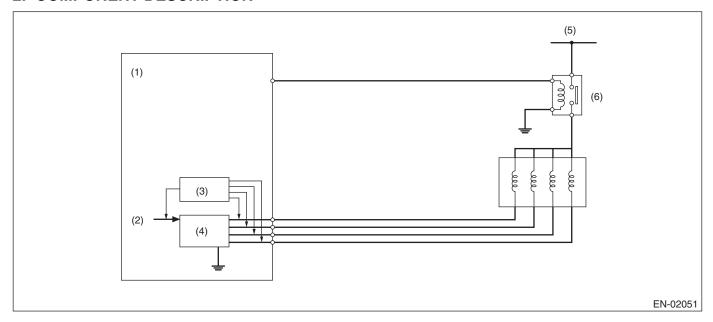
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CQ:DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- · Detects open or short circuit of EGR.
- Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Computer unit (CPU)
- (3) Detecting circuit
- (4) Switch circuit

- (5) Battery voltage
- (6) Main relay

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Elapsed time after starting the engine	≥ 1 second
EGR valve target position	> 0 step
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	High level
or	
Terminal voltage level when EGR operates	High level

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low level
Terminal voltage level when EGR operates	Low level

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 128 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Knock sensor learning compensation: Calculation prohibited.
- · EGR control: Operation prohibited.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

## CR:DTC P1494 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-207, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## CS:DTC P1495 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-209, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## CT:DTC P1496 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-207, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## CU:DTC P1497 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-209, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria >

## CV:DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-207, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## CW:DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-209, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

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#### CX:DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of back-up power supply circuit. Judge as NG when the backup power voltage is low.

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITIONS

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None		

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage of back-up power supply	Low
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine condition	After engine starting

### Time Needed for Diagnosis:2500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage of back-up power supply	High
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine condition	After engine starting

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

None

#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### CY:DTC P1570 ANTENNA

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMO-BILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CZ:DTC P1571 REFERENCE CODE INCOMPATIBILITY

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMO-BILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### DA:DTC P1572 IMM CIRCUIT FAILURE (EXCEPT ANTENNA CIRCUIT)

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMO-BILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **DB:DTC P1574 KEY COMMUNICATION FAILURE**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMO-BILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### DC:DTC P1576 EGI CONTROL MODULE EEPROM

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMO-BILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### DD:DTC P1577 IMM CONTROL MODULE EEPROM

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMO-BILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **DE:DTC P1578 METER FAILURE**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-172, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMO-BILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

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**GENERAL DESCRIPTION** 

#### DF:DTC P1602 CONTROL MODULE PROGRAMMING ERROR

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunctions of the catalyst advanced idling retard angle control.

Judge as NG when ECM is not controlling the angle properly during catalyst advanced idling retard angle control.

Judge as NG if there is exhaust gas temperature diagnosis and idle speed diagnosis and if either of them is NG.

Exhaust gas temperature diagnosis

Judge as NG when the estimated exhausted gas temperature in 14 seconds after the cold start is below the specified value.

• Idle speed diagnosis

Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed after terminating the retard angle control.

#### 2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition	
Barometric pressure	≥ 75 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V	
Cold start diagnosis	Incomplete	
Vehicle speed	< 2 km/h (1.2 MPH)	
Misfire within 200 engine revs.	< 5	
Time after starting	= 14 seconds	

#### 3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis at cold start.

#### 4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Exhaust gas temperature diagnosis

#### **Abnormality Judgment**

Calculate the estimated exhaust gas temperature when the diagnostic enable condition is established. Judge as NG when the following conditions are established after engine starting within the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Estimated exhaust gas temperature	< Value from Map

#### Map

Coolant temperature after starting the engine	-40 °C	–30 °C	–20 °C	–10 °C	0 °C	10 °C	20 °C	30 °C	40 °C	50 °C
	(-40 °F)	(–22 °F)	(–4 °F)	(14 °F)	(32 °F)	(50 °F)	(68 °F)	(86 °F)	(104 °F)	(122 °F)
Threshold value (AT model)	162 °C	154 °C	142 °C	142 °C						
	(323.6 °F)	(309.2 °F)	(287.6 °F)	(287.6 °F)						
Threshold value (MT model)	168 °C	160 °C	145 °C	145 °C						
	(334.4 °F)	(320 °F)	(293 °F)	(293 °F)						

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 14 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### **Normality Judgment**

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Estimated exhaust gas temperature	≥ Value from Map

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### Idle speed diagnosis

#### **Abnormality Judgment**

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established after the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Continuous time of (Target engine speed – Actual engine speed > –300 rpm)	≥ 6000 ms
Continuous time of (actual retard amount > 30 °CA)	≥ 0 ms

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 14 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### **Normality Judgment**

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the following conditions are established.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Continuous time of (Target engine speed – Actual engine speed > –300 rpm)	< 6000 ms
Continuous time of (actual retard amount > 30 °CA)	< 0 ms

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. FAIL SAFE

None

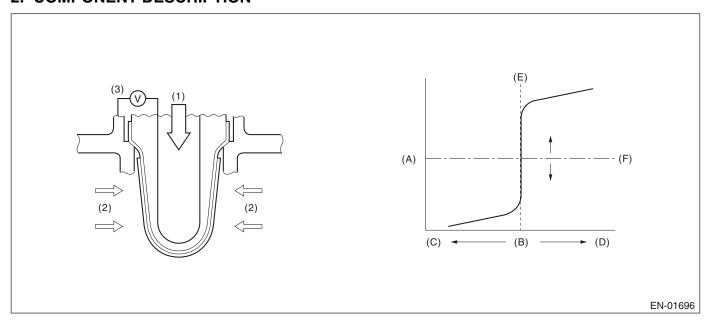
#### 8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios DG:DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN BANK 1

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of fuel system from the size of the sub feedback learning value. Control the sub feedback learning and judge as NG when the learning value is in the lean zone.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Electromotive force
- Air fuel ratio (B)

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere (2)Exhaust gas

Electromotive force (3)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Conditions for carrying out the sub feed-back learning	Completed
Continuous time when all conditions are established.	≥1 s

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously when the vehicle is idling or running at a constant speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	< -0.04

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:5 s $\times$ 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	≥ -0.04 + 0

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:5 s

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

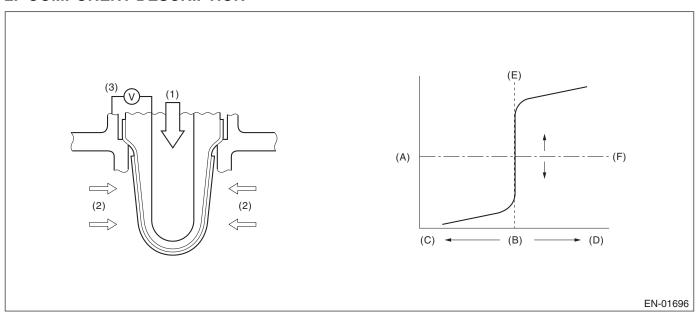
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios DH:DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 1

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of fuel system from the size of the sub feedback learning value. Sub feedback learning is being performed. When the learning value goes to the rich side, judge as NG.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Electromotive force
- Air fuel ratio (B)

(C) Rich

(D) Lean

- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage

(1) Atmosphere (2)Exhaust gas

Electromotive force (3)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Conditions for carrying out the sub feed-back learning	Completed
Continuous time when all conditions are established.	≥1 s

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously when the vehicle is idling or running at a constant speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) or more.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	≥ 0.04

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:5 s $\times$ 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	< 0.04 + -0.002

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:5 s

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

None

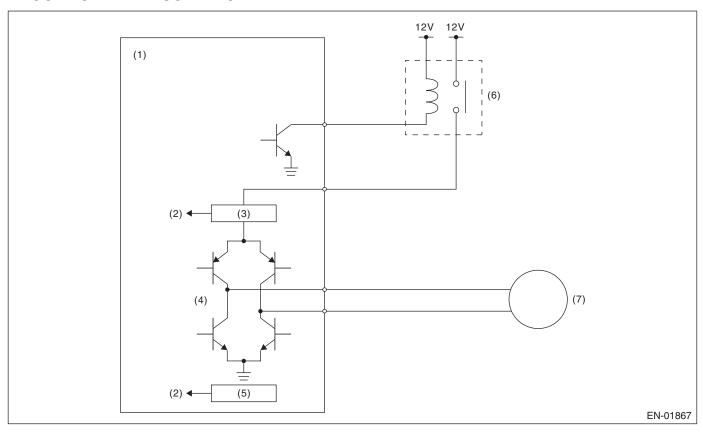
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by E is Studios DI: DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ **PERFORMANCE**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the motor current becomes large or drive circuit is heated.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Detecting circuit
- Overcurrent detection circuit (3)
- Drive circuit (4)
- (5) Temperature detection circuit
- (6) Electronic throttle control relay
- (7) Motor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Under control of electronic throttle control	ON

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor current	≤ 8 A
Drive circuit inner temperature	≤ 175°C (347°F)

#### **Time Needed for Diagnosis:**

- 500 milliseconds (For NG)
- 2000 milliseconds (For OK)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

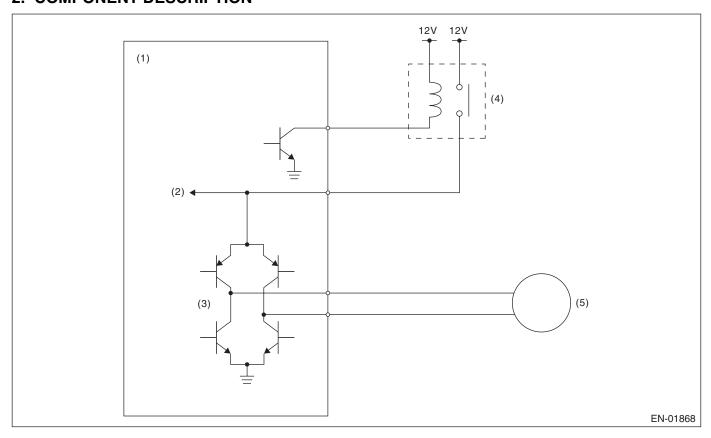
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by E is Studios DJ:DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the electronic throttle control power is not supplied even when ECM sets the electric control throttle relay to ON.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Engine control module (ECM) (1)
- Drive circuit (3)

(5)Motor

- Voltage detection circuit
- (4) Electronic throttle control relay

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Electronic throttle control relay output	ON

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor power voltage	≥ 5 V

#### **Time Needed for Diagnosis:**

- 400 milliseconds (For NG)
- 2000 milliseconds (For OK)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

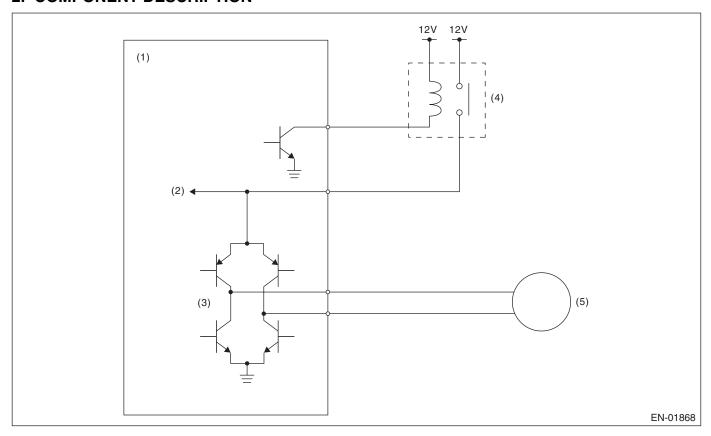
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by E is Studios DK:DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the electronic throttle control power is supplied even when ECM sets the electronic throttle control relay to OFF.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Engine control module (ECM) (1)
- Drive circuit (3)

(5) Motor

- Voltage detection circuit
- (4) Electronic throttle control relay

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Electronic throttle control relay output	OFF

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- When ignition switch  $ON \rightarrow OFF$
- Ignition switch OFF → ON (Only after clearing memory)

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor power voltage	≤ 5 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 600 milliseconds (For NG)
- 400 milliseconds (For OK)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

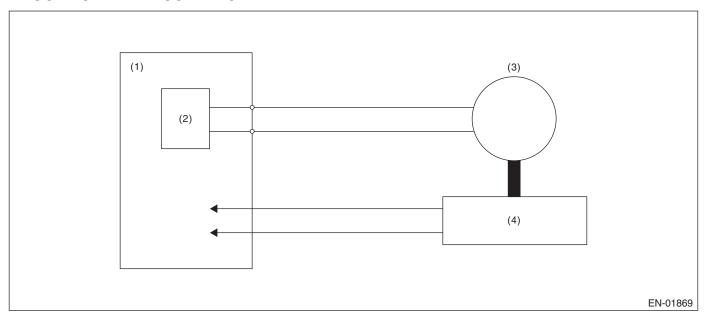
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Eis Studios DL:DTC P2109 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR "A" MINIMUM STOP **PERFORMANCE**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when full close point learning cannot conducted or abnormal value is detected.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3)Motor

(4) Throttle position sensor

Drive circuit (2)

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Ignition switch	$ON \to OFF$
Ignition switch (only after clear memory)	$OFF \to ON$

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis at full closed point learning.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Throttle sensor opening angle at full close point learning	10.127° or more, 19.872° or less
Throttle opening angle when the ignition switch is ON – Throttle minimum stop position	≥ 1.683°

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 8 — 80 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

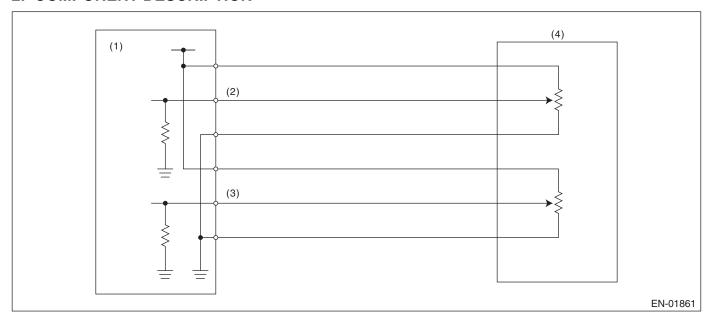
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios DM:DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT **LOW INPUT**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 1. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Engine control module (ECM) (1)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	< 0.217 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≥ 0.217 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

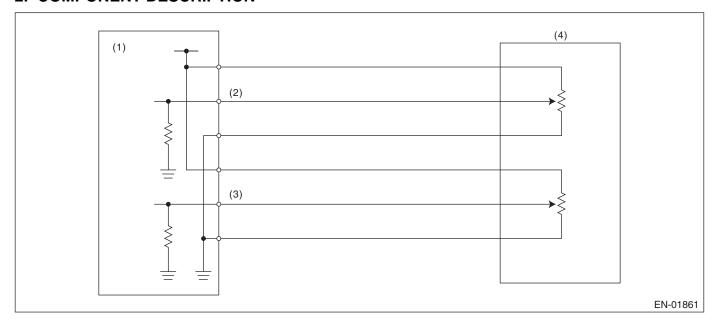
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios DN:DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT **HIGH INPUT**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 1. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Engine control module (ECM) (1)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≥ 4.783 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 32 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	< 4.783 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 32 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

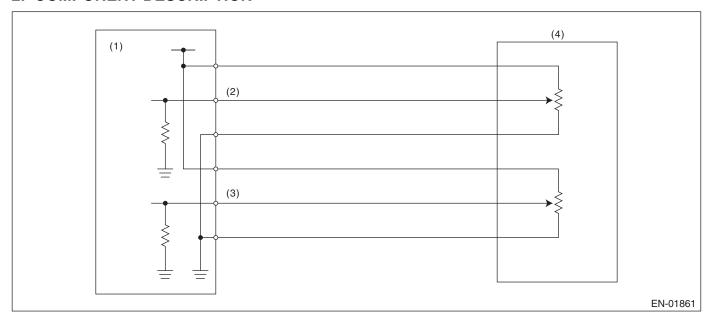
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios DO:DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT **LOW INPUT**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 2. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Engine control module (ECM) (1)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	< 0.217 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≥ 0.217 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

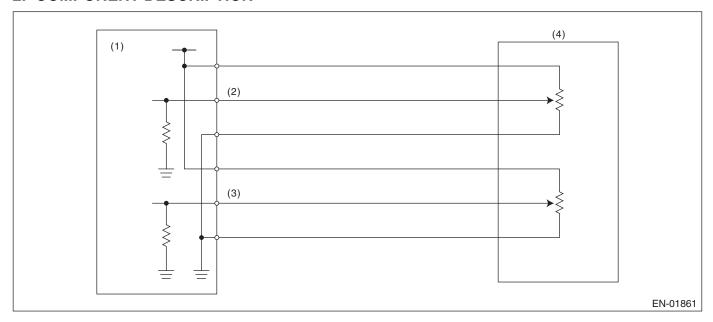
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# Brought to you by Esis Studios DP:DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT **HIGH INPUT**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 2. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Engine control module (ECM) (1)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- Accelerator pedal position sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≥ 4.783 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	< 4.783 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

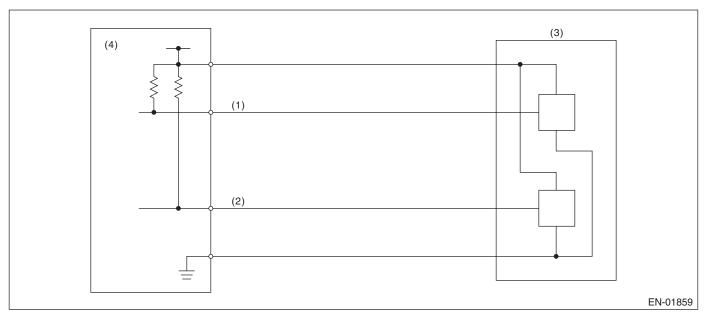
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# DQ:DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLT-

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the signal level of throttle position sensor 1 is different from the throttle position sensor 2.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	> Value from Map

#### Map

Throttle position sensor 1 opening angle (°) = d	0 ≤ d < 2.125 °	2.125 ° ≤ d < 4.25 °	4.25 ° ≤ d < 9 °	9 ° ≤ d < 31.625 °	31.625 ° ≤ d
Sensor output difference (°)	5.15 °	6.15 °	8.28 °	10.4 °	12.4 °

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 212 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	≤ Value from Map

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic throttle control motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.))

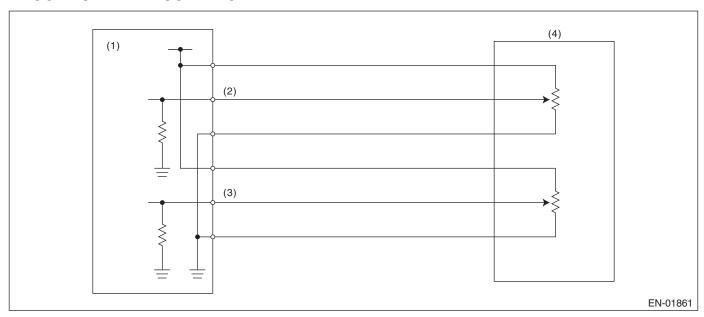
#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

# DR:DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLT-

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the signal level of throttle position sensor 1 is different from the throttle position sensor 2.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 V

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	> Value from Map

#### Map

Throttle position sensor 1 opening angle (°) = d	0 ≤ d < 0.6 °	0.6 ° ≤ d < 1.2 °	1.2 ° ≤ d < 2 °	2 ° ≤ d < 4 °	4 ° ≤ d
Sensor output difference (°)	1.465 °	1.597 °	1.663°	2.455 °	3.116 °

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 116 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	≤ Value from Map

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 116 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

#### DS:DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of barometric pressure sensor output property.

Judge as NG when the barometric pressure sensor output is largely different from the intake manifold pressure at engine start.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
Engine speed	< 300 rpm
Vehicle speed	< 1 km/h (0.6 MPH)

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis once at ignition switch ON.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Barometric pressure – Intake manifold pressure	≥ 26.7 kPa (200 mmHg, 7.9 inHg)
Intake manifold pressure at engine start   - Intake manifold pressure	< 1.3 kPa (9.99 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:328 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Barometric pressure - Intake manifold	< 26.7 kPa (200
pressure	mmHg, 7.9 inHg)

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:262 ms

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Barometric pressure sensor process: Fix the barometric pressure to 101 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.8 inHg).

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### DT:DTC P2228 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of the barometric pressure sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters		Enable Condition
None		

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 1.706646812 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 1.706646812 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Barometric pressure sensor process: Fix the barometric pressure to 101 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.8 inHg).

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### **DU:DTC P2229 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH**

#### 1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of the barometric pressure sensor. Judge as NG if out of specification.

#### 2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.

#### 3. ENABLE CONDITIONS

Secondary Parameters	Enable Condition
None	

#### 4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

#### 5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

#### Abnormality Judgment

If the duration of time while the following conditions are met is longer than the time indicated, judge as NG.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.233789985 V

#### Time Needed for Diagnosis:500 ms

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

#### Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG if the continuous time while the following conditions are established is more than the predetermined time.

#### **Judgment Value**

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.233789985 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Less than 1 second

#### 6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITIONS

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

#### 8. FAIL SAFE

Barometric pressure sensor process: Fix the barometric pressure to 101 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.8 inHg).

#### 9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING