## 7. Repair Instructions for Colored PP Bumper

All PP bumpers are provided with a grained surface, and if the surface is damaged, it cannot normally be restored to its former condition. Damage limited to shallow scratches that cause only a change in the lustre of the base material or coating, can be almost fully restored. Before repairing a damaged area, explain this point to the customer and get an understanding about the matter.

Repair methods are outlined below, based on a classification of the extent of damage.

## A: MINOR DAMAGE CAUSING ONLY A CHANGE IN THE LUSTRE OF THE BUMPER DUE TO A LIGHT TOUCH

It is almost restorable as follows:

| Process<br>No. | Process name | Job contents   |  |
|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| 1              | Cleaning     | Clean the area to be repaired using water.   |  |
| 2              | Sanding      | Grind the repairing area with #500 sand paper in a "feathering" motion.  |  |
| 3              | Finish       | Resin section  | Coated section   |
|                |              | Repeatedly apply wax to the affected area<br>using a soft cloth (such as flannel).<br>Recommended wax: NITTO KASEI Soft<br>99 TIRE WAX BLACK, or equivalent. | Perform either the same operation as fo<br>the resin section or process No. 18 and<br>subsequent operations in the "3." section<br>depending on the degree and nature of |
|                |              | Polish the waxed area with a clean cloth after 5 to 10 minutes.  | damage. Polish the waxed area with a clean cloth after 5 to 10 minutes.  |

## **B: DEEP DAMAGE CAUSED BY SCRATCHING FENCES, ETC.**

A dent cannot be repaired but a whitened or swelled part can be removed.

| Process<br>No. | Process name            | Job contents  |   |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|---|
| 1              | Cleaning                | Clean damaged area with water.  |   |
| 2              | Removal of damaged area | Cut off protruding area, if any, due to collision, using a putty knife. |   |
| 3              | Sanding                 | Grind the affected area with #100 to #500 sand paper.                   |   |
| 4              | Finish                  | Resin section   | Coated section  |
|                |                         | Same as process No. 3 in the "1." section.                              | Perform process No. 12 and subsequent operations in the "3." section. |

## C: DEEP DAMAGE SUCH AS A BREAK OR HOLE THAT REQUIRES FILLING

Much of the peripheral grained surface must be sacrificed for repair, and the degree of restoration is not really worth the expense. (The surface, however, will become almost flush with adjacent areas.) Recommended repair kit: PP Part Repair Kit (NRM)

| Process<br>No. | Process name        | Job contents  |   |
|----------------|---------------------|---|---|
| 1              | Bumper removal      | Remove bumper as required.  |   |
| 2              | Parts removal       | Place bumper on a paint work table as required.   |   |
| 3              | Bumper placement    | Place bumper on a paint work table as<br>required. It is recommended that contour<br>of work table accommodates internal<br>shape of bumper.              | Bumper<br>Set bumper section<br>G5M0164 |
| 4              | Surface preparation | Remove dust, oil, etc. from areas to be repaired and surrounding areas, using a suit-<br>able solvent (NRM No. 900 precleno, white gasoline, or alcohol). |   |

SERVICE PROCEDURE [w7co] 5-1 7. Repair Instructions for Colored PP Bumper

| Process<br>No. | Process name      | Job contents   |  |
|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
| 5              | Cutting           | If nature of damage are cracks or holes,<br>cut a guide slit of 20 to 30 mm (0.79 to<br>1.18 in) in length along the crack or hole<br>up to the bumper's base surface. Then,<br>bevel or "vee- out" the affected area using<br>a knife or grinder.                                   | Unit: mm (<br>20-30 (0.79-1.18)<br>Paint surface<br>3 (0.12)<br>PP base<br>surface |
|                |                   | Cried have lad as face with and noner (#40   | G5M0165  |
| 6              | Sanding (I)       | Grind beveled surface with sand paper (#40   |  |
| 7              | Cleaning          | Clean the sanded surface with the same so  | •  |
| 8              | Temporary welding | Grind the side just opposite the beveled area with sand paper (#40 to #60) and clean<br>using a solvent.<br>Temporarily spot-weld the side, using a PP welding rod and heater gun.<br>Welded spot (Use heater gun<br>and PP welding rod)<br>PP base surface<br>Beveled section       |  |
|                |                   | NOTE:<br>• Do not melt welding rod until it flows out.   | G5M0166  |
| 9              | Welding           | <ul> <li>Leave the welded spot unattended until it<br/>Using a heater gun and PP welding rod, we<br/>and damaged area.</li> <li>Welding<br/>rod</li> <li>Welding<br/>rod</li> <li>Melt hatched<br/>area</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Melt the sections indicated by hatched ar</li> </ul> | ea.  |
|                |                   |  | ea.<br>in order to provide strength.<br>.4 to 0.8 in) away from the welding spot.  |

5-1 [w7c0] SERVICE PROCEDURE 7. Repair Instructions for Colored PP Bumper

| Process<br>No. | Process name            | Job c   | ontents   |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|---|
|                |                         | Remove excess part of weld with a putty knife. If a drill or disc wheel is used instead of the knife, operate it at a rate lower than 1,500 rpm and grind the excess part little by little. A higher rpm will cause the PP substrate to melt from the heat.   |   |
| 10             | Sanding (II)            |   |   |
|                |                         |   | G5M0168   |
|                |                         | Sand the welded spot smooth with #240 sand paper.   |   |
| 11             | Masking                 | Mask the black substrate section using ma<br>Recommended masking tape: Nichiban No  | . 533 or equivalent   |
| 12             | Cleaning/ degreasing    | Completely clean the entire coated area, using solvent similar to that used in process No. 4.   |   |
| 13             | Primer coating          | Apply a coat of primer to the repaired surface and its surrounding areas. Mask these areas, if necessary.<br>Recommended primer: Mp/ 364 PP primer<br>NOTE:<br>Be sure to apply one coat of primer at a spraying pressure of 245 to 343 kPa (2.5 to 3.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 36 to 50 psi) with a spray gun.  |   |
| 14             | Leave unattended.       | Leave the repaired area unattended at 20°C (68°F) for 10 to 15 minutes until primer is half-dry.<br>NOTE:<br>If dirt or dust comes in contact with the coated area, wipe it off with a cloth dampended with alcohol. (Do not use thinner since the coated area tends to melt.)  |   |
| 15             | Primer surfacer coating | <ul> <li>Apply a coat of primer surfacer to the repaired area two or three times at an interval of 3 to 5 minutes.</li> <li>Recommended surfacer:</li> <li>UPS 300 Flex primer</li> <li>No. 303 UPS 300 Exclusive hardener</li> <li>NPS 725 Exclusive reducer (thinner)</li> <li>Mixing ratio: 2 : 1 (UPS 300: No. 303)</li> <li>Viscosity: 12 — 14 sec/20°C (68°F)</li> <li>Coated film thickness: 40 — 50μ</li> </ul> |   |
| 16             | Drying                  | Allow the coated surface to dry for 60 minu (140°F)].   | utes at 20°C (68°F) [or 30 minutes at 60°C  |
| 17             | Sanding (III)           |   | ng areas using #400 sand paper and water.   |
| 18             | Cleaning/ degreasing    | Same as process No. 12.   |   |
| 19             | Top coat                | Solid color<br>Use a "block" coating method.<br>• Recommended paint:<br>Suncryl (SC)<br>No. 307 Flex hardener<br>SC reducer (thinner)<br>• Mixing ratio: 3 : 1<br>Suncryl (SC) vs. No. 307 Flex hardener<br>• Viscosity: 11 — 13 sec/20°C (68°F)<br>• Coated film thickness: 40 — 50µ<br>• Spraying thickness: 245 — 343 kPa<br>(2.5 — 3.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 36 — 50 psi)  | Metallic color<br>Use a "block" coating method.<br>• Recommended paint:<br>Suncryl (SC)<br>No. 307 Flex hardener<br>SC Reducer (thinner)<br>• Mixing ratio: 3 : 1<br>Suncryl (SC) vs. No. 307 Flex Hardener<br>• Viscosity: 11 — 13 sec/20°C (68°F)<br>• Coated film thickness: 20 — 30µ<br>• Spraying thickness: 245 — 343 kPa<br>(2.5 — 3.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 36 — 50 psi) |
| 20             | Leave unattended.       | Not required.   | Leave unattended at 20°C (68°F) for at<br>least 10 minutes until the top coated area<br>is half-dry.<br>NOTE:<br>Be careful to keep dust or dirt from com-<br>ing in contact with the affected area.  |

SERVICE PROCEDURE [W7C0] 5-1 7. Repair Instructions for Colored PP Bumper

| Process<br>No. | Process name        | Job contents  |   |
|----------------|---------------------|---|---|
| 21             | Top coat (II)       | Not required.   | <ul> <li>Apply a clear coat three times at an interval of 3 to 5 minutes.</li> <li>Recommended paint:<br/>Suncryl (SC)</li> <li>No. 307 Flex hardener</li> <li>SC Reducer (thinner)</li> <li>Mixing ratio: 3 : 1</li> <li>Suncryl (SC) vs. No. 307 Flex Hardener</li> <li>Viscosity: 11 — 13 sec/20°C (68°F)</li> <li>Coated film thickness: 20 — 30µ</li> <li>Spraying thickness: 245 — 343 kPa</li> <li>(2.5 — 3.5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 36 — 50 psi)</li> </ul> |
| 22             | Drying              | Allow the coated surface to dry at 20°C (68°F) for two hours or 60°C (140°F) for 30 minutes.<br>NOTE:<br>Do not allow the temperature to exceed 80°C (176°F) since this will deform the PP substrate. |   |
| 23             | Inspection          | Carefully check the condition of the repaired area.   |   |
| 24             | Masking removal     | Remove masking tape applied in process No. 11 and 13.   |   |
| 25             | Parts installation  | Install parts on bumper in reverse order of removal.  |   |
| 26             | Bumper installation | Install bumper.   |   |