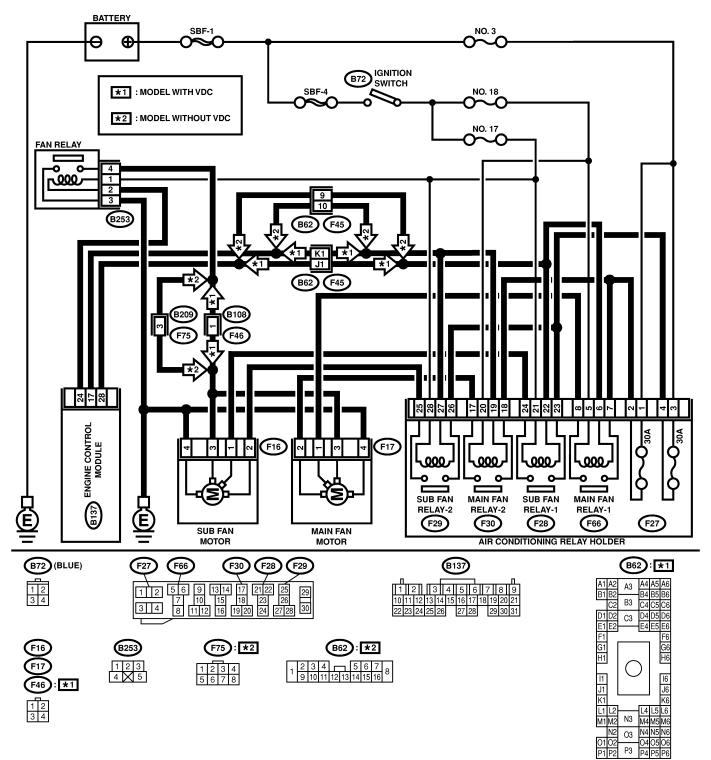
3. Radiator Sub Fan System 5146733

A: SCHEMATIC S146733A21



B2M4755

B: INSPECTION S146733A10

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Radiator sub fan does not rotate in low speed under the following conditions:

- (1) Coolant temperature 95°C (203°F) or more.
- (2) A/C switch set to OFF.
- Radiator sub fan does not rotate in middle speed under the following conditions:
- (1) Coolant temperature 94°C (201°F) or less.
- (2) A/C switch set to ON and A/C temperature at the lowest position.
- Radiator sub fan does not rotate in high speed under the following conditions:
 - (1) Coolant temperature 95°C (203°F) or more.
 - (2) A/C switch set to ON and A/C temperature
 - at the lowest position.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	 CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR FAN. 1) Run the engine at idle (Vehicle stationary) 2) Turn the A/C switch to ON, set temperature at the lowest position. 3) Inspect while coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less. 	When A/C compressor is operating, does the radiator sub fan rotate in middle speed?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 4.
2	 CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR FAN. 1) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 2) Warm the engine until coolant temperature is over 95°C (203°F). 	When A/C compressor is operating, does the radiator sub fan rotate in low speed?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 18.
3	CHECK OPERATION OF RADIATOR FAN. 1) Turn the A/C switch to ON, set temperature at the lowest position.	When A/C compressor is operating, does the radiator sub fan rotate in high speed?	Radiator sub fan system is okay.	Go to step 31 .
4	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN MOTOR. CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during repair. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from sub fan motor. 3) Start the engine, keep coolant temperature below 94°C (201°F). 4) Turn the A/C switch to ON, set temperature at the lowest position. 5) Measure voltage while A/C compressor is rotating. 6) Measure voltage between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F16) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10V?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 8.
5	 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF SUB FAN MOTOR. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure resistance between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 4 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 6.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground.
6	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in sub fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Go to step 7.
7	CHECK SUB FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 2 and negative (-) terminal to terminal No. 4 of sub fan motor connector.	Does the sub fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Replace sub fan motor with a new one.

Cooling

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No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY 2. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove sub fan relay 2 from A/C relay holder. 3) Measure voltage between sub fan relay 2 terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F29) No. 26 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 9.	Go to step 10.
9	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY 2. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between sub fan relay 2 terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F29) No. 28 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 13.	Go to step 12.
10	CHECK 30 A FUSE.1) Remove 30 A fuse from A/C relay holder.2) Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 30 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 30 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between 30 A fuse and sub fan relay 2 terminal.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between main fuse box connec- tor and 30 A fuse terminal.
12	CHECK FUSE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove fuse No. 18 from joint box. 3) Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between sub fan relay 2 and igni- tion switch.
13	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY 2. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove sub fan relay 2. 3) Measure resistance of sub fan relay 2. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 25 — No. 26:</i> 	Is the resistance more than 1 $M\Omega$?	Go to step 14.	Replace sub fan relay 2.
14	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY 2. 1) Connect battery to terminals No. 27 and No. 28 of sub fan relay 2. 2) Measure resistance of sub fan relay 2. <i>Terminal</i> No. 25 — No. 26: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 15.	Replace sub fan relay 2.
15	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RELAY 2 TERMINAL AND SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay 2 ter- minal. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 — (F29) No. 25:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 16.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay 2 terminal.

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No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
16	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RELAY 2 AND ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between sub fan relay 2 connector and ECM connec- tor. Connector & terminal (F29) No. 27 — (B137) No. 17: 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 17.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between sub fan relay 2 and ECM.
17	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between sub fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in connector between sub fan motor and ECM.	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with SOA (distributor) ser- vice.
18	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN MOTOR. CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during repair. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Turn A/C switch to OFF. 3) Disconnect sub fan motor connector. 4) Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 95°C (203°F). 5) Measure voltage between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F16) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 19 .	Go to step 21 .
19	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in sub fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Go to step 20.
20	CHECK SUB FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 1, and negative (–) terminal to termi- nal No. 4 of sub fan motor connector.	Does the sub fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Replace sub fan motor with a new one.
21	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY 1. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove sub fan relay 1 from A/C relay holder. 3) Measure voltage between sub fan relay 1 terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 22 .	Go to step 23.
22	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RELAY 1. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between sub fan relay 1 terminal and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F28) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Go to step 26 .	Go to step 25 .
23	CHECK 30 A FUSE. 1) Remove 30 A fuse from A/C relay holder. 2) Check condition of fuse.	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 24.

No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
24	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 30 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 30 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage more than 10 V?	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between 30 A fuse and sub fan relay 1 terminal.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between main fuse box connec- tor and 30 A fuse terminal.
25	 CHECK FUSE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove fuse No. 18 from joint box. 3) Check condition of fuse. 	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between sub fan relay 1 and igni- tion switch.
26	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY 1. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove sub fan relay 1. 3) Measure resistance of sub fan relay 1. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 23 — No. 24:</i> 	Is the resistance more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 27.	Replace sub fan relay 1.
27	 CHECK SUB FAN RELAY. 1) Connect battery to terminals No. 21 and No. 22 of sub fan relay 1. 2) Measure resistance of sub fan relay 1. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 23 — No. 24:</i> 	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 28.	Replace sub fan relay 1.
28	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RELAY TERMINAL AND SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay 1 ter- minal. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 1 — (F28) No. 24:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 29.	Replace open cir- cuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay 1 terminal.
29	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RELAY 1 AND ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between sub fan relay 1 connector and ECM connec- tor. Connector & terminal (F28) No. 22 — (B137) No. 28:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 30 .	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between sub fan relay and ECM.
30	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between sub fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in connector between sub fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with SOA (distributor) ser- vice.
31	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR AND CHASSIS GROUND. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect sub fan motor connector. 3) Measure resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F16) No. 3 — Chassis ground: 	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω ?	Go to step 32.	Go to step 33 .
32	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in sub fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Replace sub fan motor with a new one.

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No.	Step	Check	Yes	No
33	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN AND FAN RELAY. 1) Disconnect fan relay connector. 2) Measure resistance between sub fan motor connector and fan relay connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (F16) No. 3 — (B253) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 34.	Repair open cir- cuit between sub fan motor connec- tor and fan relay connector.
34	 CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FAN RELAY. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure voltage between fan relay terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B253) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): 	Is the voltage more than 10V?	Go to step 36 .	Go to step 35.
35	 CHECK FUSE. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove fuse No. 18 from joint box. 3) Check condition of fuse. 	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between fan relay and ignition switch.
36	 CHECK FAN RELAY. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove fan relay. 3) Measure resistance of fan relay. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 4 — No. 5:</i> 	Is resistance more than 1 M Ω ?	Go to step 37.	Replace fan relay.
37	 CHECK FAN RELAY. 1) Connect battery to terminals No. 1 and No. 3 of fan relay. 2) Measure resistance of fan relay. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 4 — No. 5:</i> 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 38.	Replace fan relay.
38	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FAN RELAY TERMINAL AND CHASSIS GROUND. Measure resistance of harness between fan relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B253) No. 3 — Chassis ground:	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 39.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between fan relay connector and chassis ground.
39	 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FAN RELAY AND ECM. 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect connector from ECM. 3) Measure resistance of harness between fan relay connector and ECM connector. <i>Connector & terminal</i> (B253) No. 2 — (B137) No. 24: 	Is resistance less than 1 Ω ?	Go to step 40.	Repair open cir- cuit in harness between fan relay connector and ECM.
40	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between fan relay and ECM.	Is there poor contact in connector between fan relay and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with SOA (distributor) ser- vice.

NOTE:

Inspection by SOA (distributor) service is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.