# COOLING

# CO(H4SO)

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# 1. General Description

# A: SPECIFICATIONS

Cooling system	n		Electric fan + Forced engine coolant circula- tion system	
Total engine coolant capacity $\ell$ (US qt, Imp qt)		MT: Approx. 6.8 (7.2, 6.0) AT: Approx. 6.7 (7.1, 5.9)		
Туре		Centrifugal impeller type		
		Discharge	18 ℓ (4.8 US gal, 4.0 Imp gal)/min.	
	Discharge performance I	Pump speed—pressure leak	1,000 rpm — 0.7 mAq (2.3 ftAq)	
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)	
		Discharge	70 ℓ (18.5 US gal, 15.4 Imp gal)/min.	
	Discharge performance II	Pump speed—pressure leak	3,000 rpm — 5.6 mAq (18.4 ftAq)	
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)	
Watar pump		Discharge	153 ℓ (40.4 US gal, 33.7 Imp gal)/min.	
water pump	Discharge performance III	Pump speed—pressure leak	6,000 rpm — 22.1 mAq (72.5 ftAq)	
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)	
	Impeller diameter		74 mm (2.91 in)	
	Number of impeller vanes		8	
	Pump pulley diameter		60 mm (2.36 in)	
	Clearance between impeller	Standard	0.5 — 0.7 mm (0.020 — 0.028 in)	
	and case	Limit	1.0 mm (0.039 in)	
	"Thrust" runout of impeller end		0.5 mm (0.020 in)	
	Туре		Wax pellet type	
	Starts to open		76 — 80°C (169 — 176°F)	
Thermostat	Fully opened		91°C (196°F)	
	Valve lift		9.0 mm (0.354 in) or more	
	Valve bore		35 mm (1.38 in)	
	Motor		75 W (main fan) 75 W (sub fan)	
Radiator fan	Fan diameter $\times$ Blade		$300 \text{ mm} (11.81 \text{ in}) \times 5 (\text{main fan})$	
			$300 \text{ mm} (11.81 \text{ in}) \times 4 \text{ (sub fan)}$	
	Туре		Down flow, pressure type	
	Core dimensions		$691.5 \times 340 \times 16 \text{ mm}$	
			(27.22 $\times$ 13.39 $\times$ 0.63 in)	
Badiator			Above: 108±15 kPa	
Παυιαιοί	Pressure range in which cap va	live is open or closed	(1.1±0.15 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 16±2 psi)	
	Thessure range in which cap valve is open of closed		Below: -1.0 to -4.9 kPa	
			(-0.01 to -0.05 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , -0.1 to -0.7 psi)	
	Fins		Corrugated fin type	
Reservoir tank	Capacity		0.5 ℓ (0.5 US qt, 0.4 Imp qt)	

# **B: COMPONENT**

1. WATER PUMP



- (1) Water pump ASSY
- (2) Gasket
- (3) Heater by-pass hose
- (4) Thermostat

- (5) Gasket
- (6) Thermostat cover

Tightening torque: N⋅m (kgf-m, ft-lb) T1: First 12 (1.2, 8.7) Second 12 (1.2, 8.7)

T2: 6.5 (0.66, 4.8)

#### 2. RADIATOR AND RADIATOR FAN



- (1) Radiator lower cushion
- (2) Radiator
- (3) Radiator upper cushion
- (4) Radiator upper bracket
- (5) Clamp
- (6) Radiator inlet hose
- (7) Engine coolant reservoir tank cap
- (8) Overflow hose
- (9) Engine coolant reservoir tank
- (10) Sub fan shroud
- (11) Radiator sub fan and sub fan motor ASSY
- (12) Main fan shroud

- (13) Radiator main fan and main fan motor ASSY
- (14) ATF hose clamp (AT vehicles only)
- (15) ATF inlet hose (AT vehicles only)
- (16) ATF outlet hose (AT vehicles only)
- (17) ATF pipe (AT vehicles except U5 only)
- (18) ATF outlet hose B (AT vehicles only)
- (19) ATF inlet hose B (AT vehicles only)
- (20) Radiator outlet hose

- (21) Radiator drain plug
- (22) O-ring
- (23) Radiator lower bracket
- (24) ATF pipe (AT vehicles for U5 only)

Tighte	ening torque: N⋅m (kgf-m, ft-lb)
T1:	4.4 (0.45, 3.3)
T2:	12 (1.2, 8.7)
Т3:	18 (1.8, 13.0)
T4:	3.4 (0.35, 2.5)
T5:	4.9 (0.50, 3.6)

# CO(H4SO)-4

## **C: CAUTION**

• Wear working clothing, including a cap, protective goggles, and protective shoes during operation.

• Remove contamination including dirt and corrosion before removal, installation or disassembly.

• Keep the disassembled parts in order and protect them from dust or dirt.

• Before removal, installation or disassembly, be sure to clarify the failure. Avoid unnecessary removal, installation, disassembly, and replacement.

#### **D: PREPARATION TOOL**

• Be careful not to burn your hands, because each part in the vehicle is hot after running.

• Be sure to tighten fasteners including bolts and nuts to the specified torque.

• Place shop jacks or safety stands at the specified points.

• Before disconnecting electrical connectors of sensors or units, be sure to disconnect ground cable from battery.

ILLUSTRAT	ION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
		499977100	CRANK PULLEY WRENCH	Used for fixing crankshaft pulley when loos- ening and tightening crankshaft pulley bolts.
S	T-499977100			
		18231AA010	CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH	<ul> <li>Used for removing and installing camshaft sprocket.</li> <li>Camshaft sprocket wrench (499207100) is also available.</li> </ul>
ST	18231AA010			

- 2. Radiator Main Fan System
- A: SCHEMATIC



EN-02171

# **B: INSPECTION**

DETECTING CONDITION: Condition:

- Engine coolant temperature is above 95°C (203°F).
- Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH).

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Radiator main fan does not rotate under the above conditions.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN MO-	Is the measured value more	Go to step 2.	Go to step 5.
	TOR.	than 10 V?		
	CAUTION:			
	Be careful not to overheat engine during re-			
	pair.			
	1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.			
	2) Disconnect connector from main fan motor.			
	3) Start the engine, and warm it up until			
	95°C (203°F)			
	4) Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to			
	ON.			
	5) Measure voltage between main fan motor			
	connector and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(F17) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
2	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF MAIN FAN	Is the measured value less	Go to step 3.	Repair open circuit
	1) Turn ignition switch to OEE	than 5 \$2?		In namess
	<ol> <li>Measure resistance between main fan</li> </ol>			motor connector
	motor connector and chassis ground.			and chassis
	Connector & terminal			ground.
	(F17) No. 1 — Chassis ground:			-
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT.	Is there poor contact in main	Repair poor con-	Go to step 4.
	Check poor contact in main fan motor connec-	fan motor connector?	tact in main fan	
	tor.		motor connector.	
4		Does the main fan rotate?	Repair poor con-	Replace main fan
	connect ballery positive (+) terminal to terminal		tact in main tan	motor with a new
	No. 1 of main fan motor connector.			one.
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RE-	Is the measured value more	Go to step 6.	Go to step 7.
	LAY.	than 10 V?		•
	<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> </ol>			
	2) Remove main fan relay from A/C relay			
	noider.			
	terminal and chassis ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(F27) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO MAIN FAN RE-	Is the measured value more	Go to step 10.	Go to step 9.
	LAY.	than 10 V?		
	1) Turn ignition switch to ON.			
	terminal and chassis ground			
	Connector & terminal			
	(F27) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
7	CHECK 20 A FUSE.	Is the fuse blown out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 8.
	1) Remove 20 A fuse from A/C relay holder.			
	<ol><li>Check condition of fuse.</li></ol>			

#### COOLING

# **RADIATOR MAIN FAN SYSTEM**

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 20 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 20 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (F27) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair open circuit in harness between 20 A fuse and main fan relay terminal.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fuse box connector and 20 A fuse terminal.
9	<ol> <li>CHECK FUSE.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove fuse No. 18 from joint box.</li> <li>3) Check fuse.</li> </ol>	Is the fuse blown out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan relay and ignition switch.
10	<ol> <li>CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure resistance of main fan relay. Terminal No. 8 — No. 9:</li> </ol>	Is the measured value more than 1 M $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 11.	Replace main fan relay.
11	<ul> <li>CHECK MAIN FAN RELAY.</li> <li>1) Connect battery to terminals No. 5 and No. 7 of main fan relay.</li> <li>2) Measure resistance of main fan relay.</li> <li><i>Terminal</i></li> <li><i>No. 8 - No. 9:</i></li> </ul>	Is the measured value less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 12.	Replace main fan relay.
12	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY TERMINAL AND MAIN FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay termi- nal. Connector & terminal (F17) No. 2 — (F27) No. 9:	Is the measured value less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 13.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan motor connector and main fan relay terminal.
13	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN MAIN FAN RELAY AND ECM.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure resistance of harness between main fan relay connector and ECM connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (F27) No. 7 — (B134) No. 14:</li> </ul>	Is the measured value less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 14.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fan relay and ECM.
14	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between main fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with SOA (distributor) ser- vice.

#### NOTE:

Inspection by SOA (distributor) service is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

3. Radiator Sub Fan System

# A: SCHEMATIC



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# **B: INSPECTION**

NOTE:

Radiator sub fan system is for model with A/C.

#### **DETECTING CONDITION:**

#### Condition (1):

- Engine coolant temperature is below 95°C (203°F).
- A/C switch is turned ON.
- Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH).

#### Condition (2):

- Engine coolant temperature is above 100°C (212°F).
- A/C switch is turned OFF.
- Vehicle speed is below 19 km/h (12 MPH).

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

• Radiator sub fan does not rotate under conditions (1) and (2) above.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN MOTOR.</li> <li>CAUTION: Be careful not to overheat engine during repair.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect connector from sub fan motor and main fan motor.</li> <li>3) Start the engine, and warm it up until engine coolant temperature increases over 100°C (212°F).</li> <li>4) Stop the engine and turn ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>5) Measure voltage between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground.</li> </ul>	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 5.
_	Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
2	<ul> <li>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF SUB FAN MOTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure resistance between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (F16) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the measured value less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan motor connector and chassis ground.
3	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in sub fan motor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact in sub fan motor connector?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK SUB FAN MOTOR. Connect battery positive (+) terminal to termi- nal No. 2, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of sub fan motor connector.	Does the sub fan rotate?	Repair poor con- tact in sub fan motor connector.	Replace sub fan motor with a new one.
5	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RE-LAY.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove sub fan relay from A/C relay holder.</li> <li>3) Measure voltage between sub fan relay terminal and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (F27) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 7.

# **RADIATOR SUB FAN SYSTEM**

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO SUB FAN RE- LAY. 1) Turn ignition switch to ON.	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Go to step 10.	Go to step 9.
	<ul> <li>2) Measure voltage between sub fan relay terminal and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (F27) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>			
7	<ol> <li>CHECK 20 A FUSE.</li> <li>1) Remove 20 A fuse from A/C relay holder.</li> <li>2) Check condition of fuse.</li> </ol>	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO A/C RELAY HOLDER 20 A FUSE TERMINAL. Measure voltage of harness between A/C relay holder 20 A fuse terminal and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (F27) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Repair open circuit in harness between 20 A fuse and sub fan relay terminal.	Repair open circuit in harness between main fuse box connector and 20 A fuse terminal.
9	<ol> <li>CHECK FUSE.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove fuse No. 17 from joint box.</li> <li>3) Check condition of fuse. Is the fuse blown-out?</li> </ol>	Is the fuse blown-out?	Replace fuse.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ignition switch.
10	<ol> <li>CHECK SUB FAN RELAY.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure resistance of sub fan relay. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 20 — No. 21:</i></li> </ol>	Is the measured value more than 1 MΩ?	Go to step 11.	Replace sub fan relay.
11	<ol> <li>CHECK SUB FAN RELAY.</li> <li>1) Connect battery to terminals No. 22 and No. 24 of sub fan relay.</li> <li>2) Measure resistance of sub fan relay. <i>Terminal</i> <i>No. 20 — No. 21:</i></li> </ol>	Is the measured value less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 12.	Replace sub fan relay.
12	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY TERMINAL AND SUB FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR. Measure resistance of harness between sub fan motor connector and sub fan relay termi- nal. Connector & terminal (F16) No. 2 — (F27) No. 20:	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>13</b> .	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan motor and sub fan relay connector.
13	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN SUB FAN RE- LAY AND ECM.</li> <li>1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure resistance of harness between sub fan relay connector and ECM connec- tor.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (F27) No. 22 — (B134) No. 13:</li> </ul>	Is the measured value less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 14.	Repair open circuit in harness between sub fan relay and ECM.
14	CHECK POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact in connector between sub fan and ECM.	Is there poor contact in con- nector between sub fan motor and ECM?	Repair poor con- tact connector.	Contact with SOA (distributor) ser- vice.

#### NOTE:

Inspection by SOA (distributor) service is required, because probable cause is deterioration of multiple parts.

# 4. Engine Coolant

# A: REPLACEMENT

#### 1. DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT

- 1) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 2) Remove under cover.



3) Remove drain cock to drain engine coolant from radiator.

#### NOTE:

Remove radiator cap so that engine coolant will drain faster.



#### 2. FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT

1) Fill engine coolant into radiator up to filler neck position.

Engine coolant amount for refill:

MT model;

Approx. 6.8 0 (7.2 US qt, 6.0 Imp qt) AT model;

Approx. 6.7 ℓ (7.1 US qt, 5.9 Imp qt)

#### CAUTION:

The SUBARU Genuine Coolant containing antifreeze and anti-rust agents is especially made for SUBARU engine, which has an aluminum crankcase. Always use SUBARU Genuine Coolant, since other coolant may cause corrosion. 2) Fill engine coolant into reservoir tank up to upper level.



3) Attach radiator cap and reservoir tank cap properly.

4) Warm-up engine completely for more than five minutes at 2,000 to 3,000 rpm.

5) If engine coolant level drops in radiator, add engine coolant to filler neck position.

6) If engine coolant level drops from upper level of reservoir tank, add engine coolant to upper level.

7) Attach radiator cap and reservoir tank cap properly.

#### **B: INSPECTION**

#### 1. RELATIONSHIP OF SUBARU COOLANT CONCENTRATION AND FREEZING TEM-PERATURE

The concentration and safe operating temperature of the SUBARU coolant is shown in the diagram. Measuring the temperature and specific gravity of the coolant will provide this information.

[Example]

If the coolant temperature is  $25^{\circ}$ C ( $77^{\circ}$ F) and its specific gravity is 1.054, the concentration is  $35^{\circ}$  (point A), the safe operating temperature is  $-14^{\circ}$ C ( $7^{\circ}$ F) (point B), and the freezing temperature is  $-20^{\circ}$ C ( $-4^{\circ}$ F) (point C).



#### 2. PROCEDURE TO ADJUST THE CON-CENTRATION OF THE COOLANT

To adjust the concentration of the coolant according to temperature, find the proper fluid concentration in the above diagram and replace the necessary amount of coolant with an undiluted solution of SUBARU genuine coolant (concentration 50).

The amount of coolant that should be replaced can be determined using the diagram.

#### [Example]

Assume that the coolant concentration must be increased from 25% to 40%. Find point A, where the 25% line of coolant concentration intersects with the 40% curve of the necessary coolant concentration, and read the scale on the vertical axis of the graph at height A. The quantity of coolant to be drained is 2.1 liters (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt). Drain 2.1 liters (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt) of coolant from the cooling system and add 2.1 liters (2.2 US qt, 1.8 Imp qt) of the undiluted solution of SUBARU coolant.

If a coolant concentration of 50% is needed, drain all the coolant and refill with the undiluted solution only.



# 5. Water Pump

# A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect ground cable from battery.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Drain engine coolant completely.

<Ref. to CO(H4SO)-12, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.> 5) Disconnect connectors from radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motors.



6) Disconnect radiator outlet hose and heater bypass hose from water pump.



- 7) Lower the vehicle.
- 8) Remove air intake duct.



9) Disconnect overflow hose.



10) Remove reservoir tank.



11) Remove radiator main fan and sub fan assemblies. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-25, REMOVAL, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-27, REMOVAL, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.>

# CO(H4SO)-14

- 12) Remove V-belts.
- <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-43, REMOVAL, V-belt.>
- 13) Remove timing belt.

<Ref. to ME(H4SO)-47, TIMING BELT, REMOV-AL, Timing Belt Assembly.>

14) Remove automatic belt tension adjuster.



15) Remove belt idler No. 2.



16) Remove left-hand camshaft sprocket by using ST.

ST 18231AA010 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH

#### NOTE:

Camshaft sprocket wrench (499207100) is also available.



17) Remove left-hand belt cover No. 2.



18) Remove tensioner bracket.



19) Remove water pump.



# **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Install water pump onto left-hand cylinder block. NOTE:

• Replace gasket with a new one.

• When installing water pump, tighten bolts in two stages in alphabetical sequence as shown in figure.

#### Tightening torque:

First:

12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.7 ft-lb) Second: 12 N·m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.7 ft-lb)



2) Install tensioner bracket.

#### Tightening torque: 25 N⋅m (2.5 kgf-m, 18.1 ft-lb)



3) Install left-hand belt cover No. 2.

#### Tightening torque: 5 N⋅m (0.5 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



4) Install left-hand camshaft sprockets by using ST. ST 18231AA010 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH

#### NOTE:

Camshaft sprocket wrench (499207100) is also available.

#### Tightening torque: 78 N·m (8.0 kgf-m, 57.9 ft-lb)



5) Install belt idler No. 2.

Tightening torque: 39 N⋅m (4.0 kgf-m, 28.9 ft-lb)



6) Install automatic belt tension adjuster which tension rod is held with pin. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-48, AUTOMATIC BELT TENSION ADJUSTER AS-SEMBLY AND BELT IDLER, INSTALLATION, Timing Belt Assembly.>

7) Install timing belt. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-49, TIM-ING BELT, INSTALLATION, Timing Belt Assembly.>

8) Install V-belts. <Ref. to ME(H4SO)-43, INSTAL-LATION, V-belt.>

9) Install radiator main fan and sub fan motor assemblies. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-25, INSTALLATION, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.> and <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-27, INSTALLATION, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.> 10) Install reservoir tank.



11) Connect overflow hose.



12) Install air intake duct.



13) Lift-up the vehicle.

14) Connect radiator outlet hose and heater bypass hose to water pump.



15) Connect connectors to radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motors.



16) Install under cover.



- 17) Lower the vehicle.
- 18) Connect battery ground cable.



19) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-12, FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

# C: INSPECTION

- 1) Check water pump bearing for smooth rotation.
- 2) Check water pump pulley for abnormalities.
- 3) Using a dial gauge, measure impeller runout in thrust direction while rotating the pulley.

#### "Thrust" runout limit: 0.5 mm (0.020 in)



4) Check clearance between impeller and pump case.

# Clearance between impeller and pump case: Standard

0.5 — 0.7 mm (0.020 — 0.028 in) Limit

1.0 mm (0.039 in)



5) After water pump installation, check pulley shaft for engine coolant leaks. If leaks are noted, replace water pump assembly.

# 6. Thermostat

#### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 2) Remove under cover.



3) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-12, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOL-ANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>
4) Disconnect radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover.



5) Remove thermostat cover and gasket, and pull out the thermostat.



# **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Install the thermostat in the water pump, and install the thermostat cover together with a gasket.

#### NOTE:

- Replace gasket with a new one.
- Thermostat must be installed with jiggle pin (A) facing the front side.

# Tightening torque:

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6.5 N⋅m (0.66 kgf-m, 4.8 ft-lb)
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2) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-12, FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

# **C: INSPECTION**

Replace the thermostat if the valve does not close completely at an ambient temperature or if the following test shows unsatisfactory results.

Immerse the thermostat and a thermometer in water. Raise water temperature gradually, and measure the temperature and valve lift when the valve begins to open and when the valve is fully opened. During the test, agitate the water for even temperature distribution. If the measured temperature is within the specified range, the condition of thermostat is normal.

#### Specified value:

Starts to open: 76.0 — 80.0°C (169 — 176°F) Fully opens: 91°C (196°F)



- (A) Thermometer
- (B) Thermostat

# CO(H4SO)-19

# 7. Radiator

# A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-12, DRAINING OF ENGINE COOL-ANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

5) Disconnect connectors of radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motor.



6) Disconnect radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover.



7) Disconnect ATF cooler hoses from radiator. (AT vehicles only)



- (A) Clip
- 8) Lower the vehicle.
- 9) Remove air intake duct.



10) Disconnect overflow hose.



11) Remove reservoir tank.



12) Disconnect radiator inlet hose from engine.



13) Remove radiator upper brackets.



14) Detach power steering hose from the clip on the radiator.



15) While slightly lifting radiator, slide it to left.

16) Lift radiator up and away from vehicle.



# **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Attach radiator mounting cushions to holes on the vehicle.



2) Install radiator while fitting radiator pins to cushions.

#### NOTE:

Fit pins on lower side of radiator into cushions on body side.



3) Install radiator brackets and tighten bolts.

# Tightening torque:

18 N·m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 ft-lb)



4) Attach power steering hose to the radiator.



5) Connect radiator inlet hose.



- 6) Install reservoir tank.
- Tightening torque: 4.9 N⋅m (0.50 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



7) Install air intake duct.



- 8) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 9) Connect ATF cooler hoses. (AT vehicles only)



- (A) Clip
- 10) Connect connectors to radiator main fan motor (A) and sub fan motor (B).



11) Connect radiator outlet hose.



#### 12) Install under cover.



- 13) Lower the vehicle.
- 14) Connect battery ground cable.



15) Fill coolant. <Ref. to CO(H4SO)-12, FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT, REPLACEMENT, Engine Coolant.>

16) Check ATF level. <Ref. to 4AT-31, INSPEC-TION, Automatic Transmission Fluid.>

#### **C: INSPECTION**

1) Remove radiator cap, top off radiator, and attach tester to radiator in place of cap.



2) Apply a pressure of 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi) to radiator to check if:

- (1) Engine coolant leaks at/around radiator.
- (2) Engine coolant leaks at/around hoses or connections.

#### CAUTION:

- Engine should be off.
- Wipe engine coolant from check points in advance.

• Be careful to prevent engine coolant from spurting out when removing tester.

• Be careful not to deform filler neck of radiator when installing or removing tester.

# 8. Radiator Cap

#### **A: INSPECTION**

1) Attach radiator cap to tester.



2) Increase pressure until tester gauge pointer stops. Radiator cap is functioning properly if it holds the service limit pressure for five to six seconds.

#### Standard pressure:

93 — 123 kPa (0.95 — 1.25 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 14 — 18 psi)

Service limit pressure: 83 kPa (0.85 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 12 psi)

#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to remove foreign matter and rust from the cap before installing tester. Otherwise, results of pressure test will be incorrect.

# 9. Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor

# A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Disconnect connector of main fan motor.



- 5) Lower the vehicle.
- 6) Remove air intake duct.



7) Disconnect overflow hose.



8) Remove reservoir tank.



9) Remove radiator main fan motor assembly.



# **B: INSTALLATION**

Install in the reverse order of removal.

#### NOTE:

When the main fan motor assembly cannot be installed as is, loosen the sub fan motor assembly securing bolts to install it.



# CO(H4SO)-25

#### Tightening torque:

4.9 N⋅m (0.50 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



# C: DISASSEMBLY

1) Remove clip which holds motor connector onto shroud.



2) Remove nut which holds fan itself onto fan motor and shroud assembly.



3) Remove bolts which install fan motor onto shroud.



# **D: ASSEMBLY**

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

Tightening torque: 4.4 N·m (0.45 kgf-m, 3.3 ft-lb)



Tightening torque: 3.4 N·m (0.35 kgf-m, 2.5 ft-lb)



# **E: INSPECTION**

1) Connect battery positive (+) terminal to terminal No. 2, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of main fan motor connector.

2) Make sure the main fan motor operates properly. Replace it if it doesn't.



# 10.Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor

# A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Disconnect connector of sub fan motor.



- 5) Lower the vehicle.
- 6) Remove air intake duct.



7) Remove bolts which hold sub fan shroud to radiator.

8) Remove radiator sub fan shroud through the under side of vehicle.



# **B: INSTALLATION**

Install in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque: 4.9 N⋅m (0.50 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



# C: DISASSEMBLY

1) Remove clip which holds motor harness onto shroud.



2) Remove nut which holds fan itself onto fan motor and shroud assembly.



3) Remove bolts which install fan motor onto shroud.



# **D: ASSEMBLY**

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

#### Tightening torque:

4.4 N·m (0.45 kgf-m, 3.3 ft-lb)



Tightening torque: 3.4 N⋅m (0.35 kgf-m, 2.5 ft-lb)



# **E: INSPECTION**

1) Connect battery positive (+) terminal to terminal No. 2, and negative (–) terminal to terminal No. 1 of sub fan motor connector.

2) Make sure the sub-fan motor operates properly. Replace it if it doesn't.



# **11.Reservoir Tank**

# A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect overflow hose from radiator filler neck position.

2) Remove bolts which install reservoir tank onto radiator main fan shroud.

3) Remove reservoir tank.



# **B: INSTALLATION**

Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque: 4.9N⋅m (0.50 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



# **C: INSPECTION**

Make sure the engine coolant level is between full and low.

# 12.Engine Cooling System Trouble in General

# A: INSPECTION

Trouble		Corrective action
	a. Insufficient engine coolant	Replenish engine coolant, inspect for leakage, and repair.
	b. Loose timing belt	Repair or replace timing belt tensioner.
	c. Oil on drive belt	Replace.
	d. Malfunction of thermostat	Replace.
	e. Malfunction of water pump	Replace.
	f. Clogged engine coolant passage	Clean.
	g. Improper ignition timing	Inspect and repair ignition control system. <ref. basic<br="" en(h4so)-2,="" engine,="" procedure,="" to="">Diagnostic Procedure.&gt;</ref.>
Over-beating	h. Clogged or leaking radiator	Clean or repair, or replace.
Over-neating	i. Engine oil mixed in engine coolant	Replace engine coolant.
	j. Air/fuel mixture ratio too lean	Inspect and repair fuel injection system. <ref. basic<br="" en(h4so)-2,="" engine,="" procedure,="" to="">Diagnostic Procedure.&gt;</ref.>
	k. Excessive back pressure in exhaust system	Clean or replace.
	I. Insufficient clearance between piston and cylinder	Adjust or replace.
	m. Slipping clutch	Repair or replace.
	n. Dragging brake	Adjust.
	o. Improper transmission oil	Replace.
	p. Malfunction of electric fan	Inspect radiator fan relay, engine coolant temperature sensor or radiator motor and replace there.
Over-cooling	a. Atmospheric temperature extremely low	Partly cover radiator front area.
Over-cooling	b. Malfunction of thermostat	Replace.
	a. Loosened or damaged connecting units on hoses	Repair or replace.
	b. Leakage from water pump	Replace.
Engine coolent	c. Leakage from water pipe	Repair or replace.
Engine coolant leaks	d. Leakage around cylinder head gasket	Retighten cylinder head bolts or replace gasket.
icano.	e. Damaged or cracked cylinder head and crankcase	Repair or replace.
	f. Damaged or cracked thermostat case	Repair or replace.
	g. Leakage from radiator	Repair or replace.
	a. Defective drive belt	Replace.
Noise	b. Defective radiator fan	Replace.
110156	c. Defective water pump bearing	Replace water pump.
	d. Defective water pump mechanical seal	Replace water pump.