# A: DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIMING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-13, DTC P0011 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIM-ING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Read the value of «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount R» using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 	Is the value of «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount R» approx. 0 deg?	Go to step 2.	Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)
2	CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Drive with acceleration and deceleration at 80 km/h (50 MPH) or less. NOTE: Drive to an extent that the duty output of oil flow control solenoid valve increases. 2) Read the values of «OCV Duty R» and «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount R» using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 		Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)	Perform the follow- ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt; <ref. to LU(H6DO)-16, Engine Oil Filter.&gt;</ref. </ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# B: DTC P0014 EXHAUST AVCS SYSTEM 1 (RANGE/PERFORMANCE)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-15, DTC P0014 EXHAUST AVCS SYSTEM 1 (RANGE/ PERFORMANCE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Read the value of «Exh. VVT Retard Ang. R» using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 		Go to step 2.	Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Exhaust cam- shaft (dirt, dam- age of camshaft)
2	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Drive with acceleration and deceleration at 80 km/h (50 MPH) or less.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Drive to an extent that the duty output of oil flow control solenoid valve increases.</li> <li>2) Read the values of «Exh. OCV Duty R» and «Exh. VVT Retard Ang. R» using the Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>		Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Exhaust cam- shaft (dirt, dam- age of camshaft)	Perform the follow- ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt; <ref. to LU(H6DO)-16, Engine Oil Filter.&gt;</ref. </ref.>

# C: DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELA-TION (BANK1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-17, DTC P0016 CRANKSHAFT POSITION CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	Step         CHECK CURRENT DATA.         1) Start the engine and let it idle.         2) Read the values of «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount R» and «OCV Duty R» using the Subaru Select Monitor.         NOTE:         For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" moni-<="" select="" subaru="" td="" to=""></ref.>	Is the value of «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount R» approx. 0 deg, and the value of «OCV Duty R» approx. 10%?	Yes Perform the follow- ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter	No Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of
	tor.>		and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt; <ref. to LU(H6DO)-16, Engine Oil Filter.&gt;</ref. </ref.>	spring) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft) • Timing chain (matching of timing mark)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# D: DTC P0017 CRANK AND CAM TIMING B SYSTEM FAILURE (BANK 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-19, DTC P0017 CRANK AND CAM TIMING B SYSTEM FAILURE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### CAUTION:

Step	Check	Yes	No
<ol> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.         <ol> <li>Start the engine and let it idle.</li> <li>Read the values of «Exh. VVT Retard Ang. R» and «Exh. OCV Duty R» using the Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref </li> </ol> </li> </ol>		ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT,</ref.>	Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Exhaust cam- shaft (dirt, dam- age of camshaft) • Timing chain (matching of timing mark)

# E: DTC P0018 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELA-TION (BANK2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-21, DTC P0018 CRANKSHAFT POSITION - CAMSHAFT POSITION CORRELATION (BANK2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

### CAUTION:

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CURRENT DATA.	Is the value of «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount L» approx. 0 deg, and the value of «OCV Duty L» approx. 10%?	Yes Perform the follow- ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt; <ref. to LU(H6DO)-16,</ref. </ref.>	No Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft) • Timing chain (matching of timing

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# F: DTC P0019 CRANK AND CAM TIMING B SYSTEM FAILURE (BANK 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-21, DTC P0019 CRANK AND CAM TIMING B SYSTEM FAILURE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

### CAUTION:

Step	Check	Yes	No
<ol> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.         <ol> <li>Start the engine and let it idle.</li> <li>Read the values of «Exh. VVT Retard Ang. L» and «Exh. OCV Duty L» using the Subaru Select Monitor.             <li>NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref </li> </li></ol> </li> </ol>		ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT,</ref.>	Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Exhaust cam- shaft (dirt, dam- age of camshaft) • Timing chain (matching of timing mark)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-21, DTC P0021 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION - TIM-ING OVER-ADVANCED OR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Read the value of «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount L» using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 	Is the value of «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount L» approx. 0 deg?	Go to step 2.	Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Intake camshaft (dirt, damage of camshaft)
2	CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Drive with acceleration and deceleration at 80 km/h (50 MPH) or less. NOTE: Drive to an extent that the duty output of oil flow control solenoid valve increases. 2) Read the values of «OCV Duty L» and «VVT Adv. Ang. Amount L» using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 		or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring)	Perform the follow- ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt; <ref. to LU(H6DO)-16, Engine Oil Filter.&gt;</ref. </ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# H: DTC P0024 EXHAUST AVCS SYSTEM 2 (RANGE/PERFORMANCE)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-21, DTC P0024 EXHAUST AVCS SYSTEM 2 (RANGE/ PERFORMANCE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine and let it idle. 2) Read the value of «Exh. VVT Retard Ang. L» using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 	Is the value of «Exh. VVT Retard Ang. L» approx. 0 deg?	Go to step 2.	Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Exhaust cam- shaft (dirt, dam- age of camshaft)
2	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Drive with acceleration and deceleration at 80 km/h (50 MPH) or less.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Drive to an extent that the duty output of oil flow control solenoid valve increases.</li> <li>2) Read the values of «Exh. OCV Duty L» and «Exh. VVT Retard Ang. L» using the Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>		Check the follow- ing item and repair or replace if neces- sary. • Oil pipe (clog) • Oil flow control solenoid valve (clog or dirt of oil routing, setting of spring) • Exhaust cam- shaft (dirt, dam- age of camshaft)	Perform the follow- ing procedures, and clean the oil routing. Replace the engine oil and idle the engine for 5 minutes, and then replace the oil filter and engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt; <ref. to LU(H6DO)-16, Engine Oil Filter.&gt;</ref. </ref.>

# I: DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-22, DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

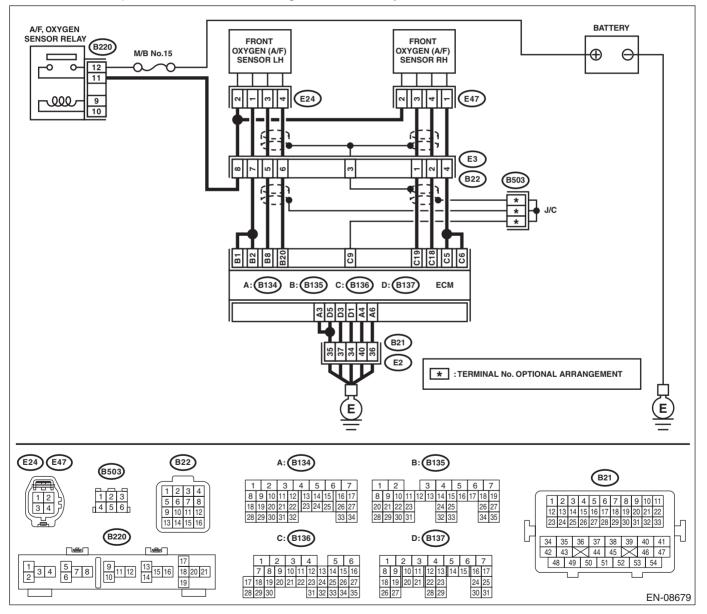
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Start and warm up the engine.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B136) No. 5 — (E47) No. 1:</li> <li>(B136) No. 6 — (E47) No. 3:</li> <li>(B136) No. 18 — (E47) No. 4:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 2 — 3 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# J: DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-24, DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

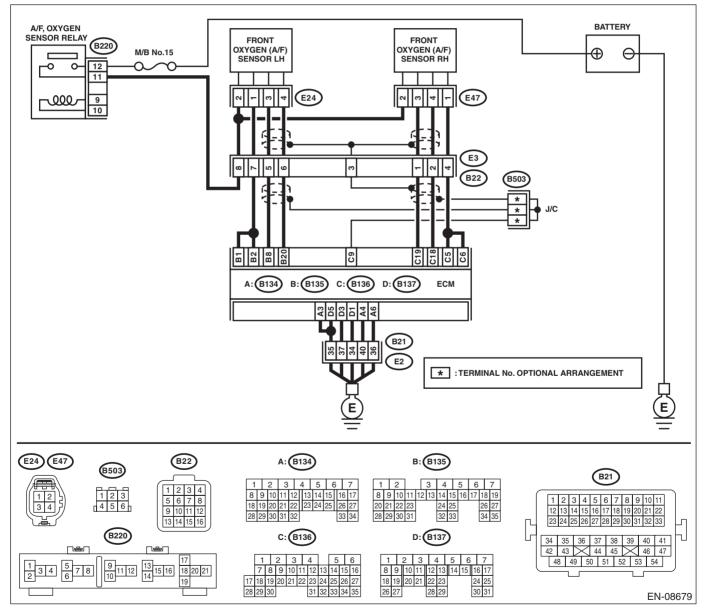
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FRONT OXY-GEN (A/F) SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from front oxy-gen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E47) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector • Poor contact of A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Malfunction of A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 5 — (E47) No. 1: (B136) No. 6 — (E47) No. 1:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of
3	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	coupling connector Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 2 — 3 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# K: DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-26, DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

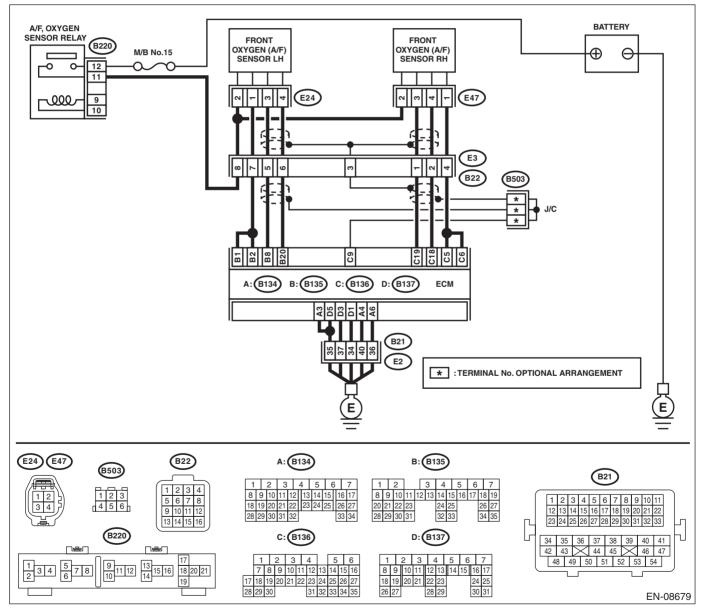
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal</li> <li>(B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector

# L: DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-28, DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

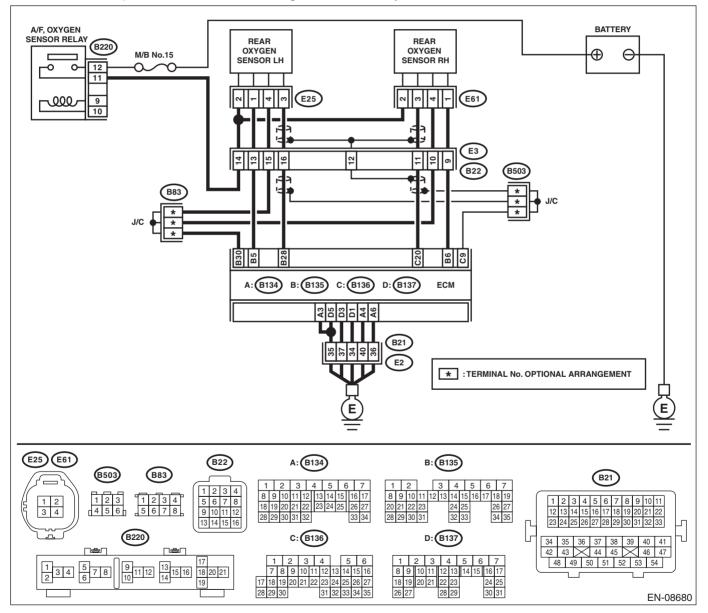
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO REAR OXY-GEN SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E61) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Malfunction of A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and oxygen sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 6 — (E61) No. 1:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	sor relay Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 5 — 7 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

# M: DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-30, DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

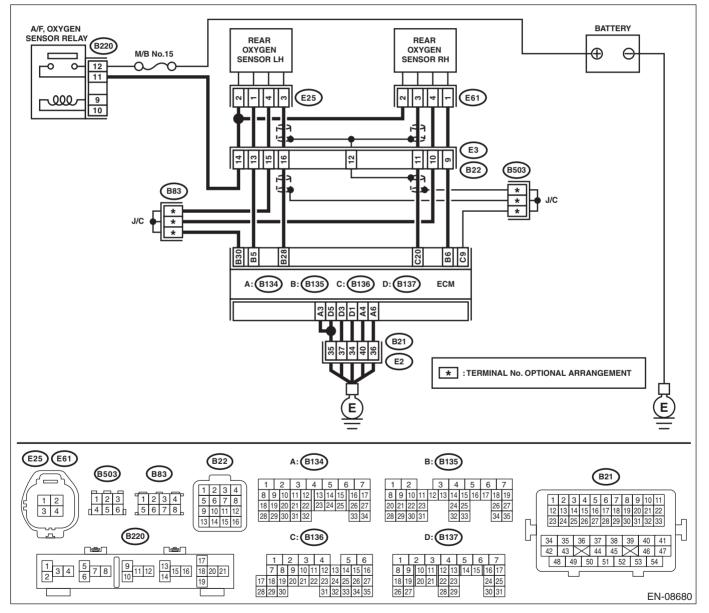
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and rear oxygen sensor connector.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector

# N: DTC P0050 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-32, DTC P0050 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

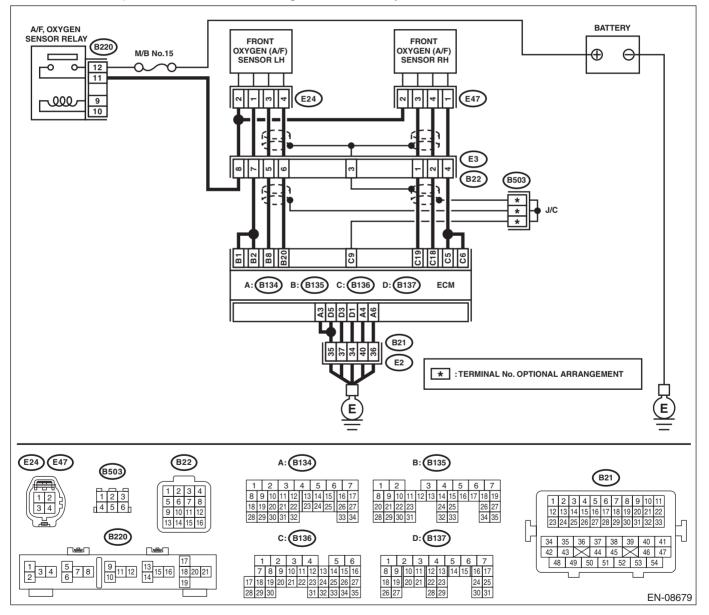
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Start and warm up the engine.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B135) No. 1 — (E24) No. 1:</li> <li>(B135) No. 2 — (E24) No. 3:</li> <li>(B135) No. 20 — (E24) No. 4:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 2 — 3 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# O: DTC P0051 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-32, DTC P0051 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

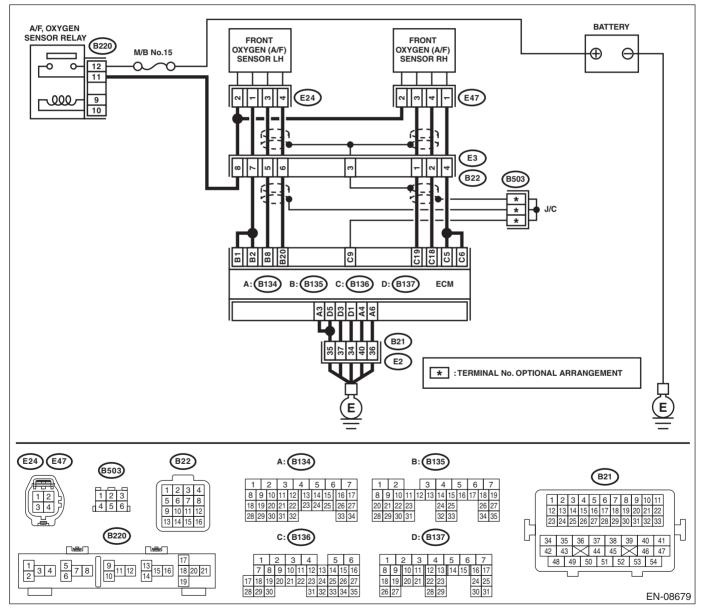
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FRONT OXY-GEN (A/F) SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from front oxy-gen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E24) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector • Poor contact of A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Malfunction of A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 1 — (E24) No. 1: (B135) No. 2 — (E24) No. 1:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of
3	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	coupling connector Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR. Measure the resistance between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 2 — 3 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# P: DTC P0052 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-32, DTC P0052 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

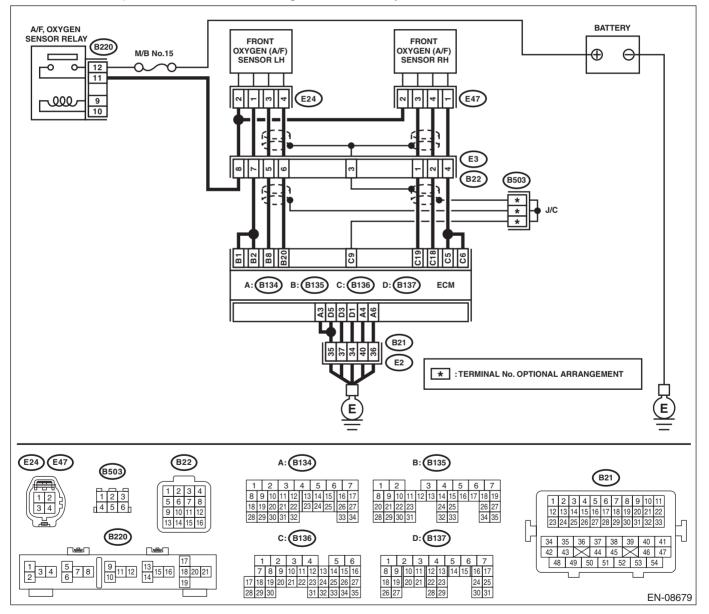
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B134) No. 4 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector

# Q: DTC P0057 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-32, DTC P0057 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

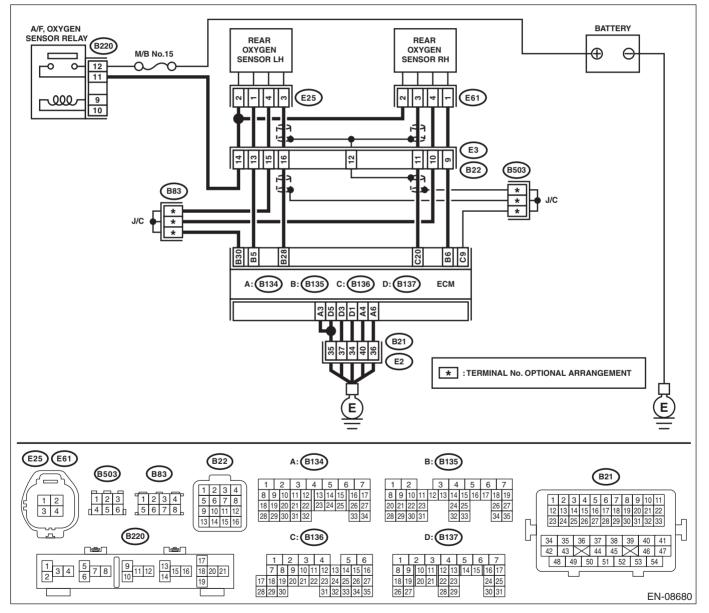
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO REAR OXY-GEN SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E25) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply line. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of A/F, oxygen sen- sor relay connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Malfunction of A/F, oxygen sen- por relay.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and oxygen sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 5 — (E25) No. 1:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	sor relay Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 5 — 7 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

# R: DTC P0058 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-32, DTC P0058 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

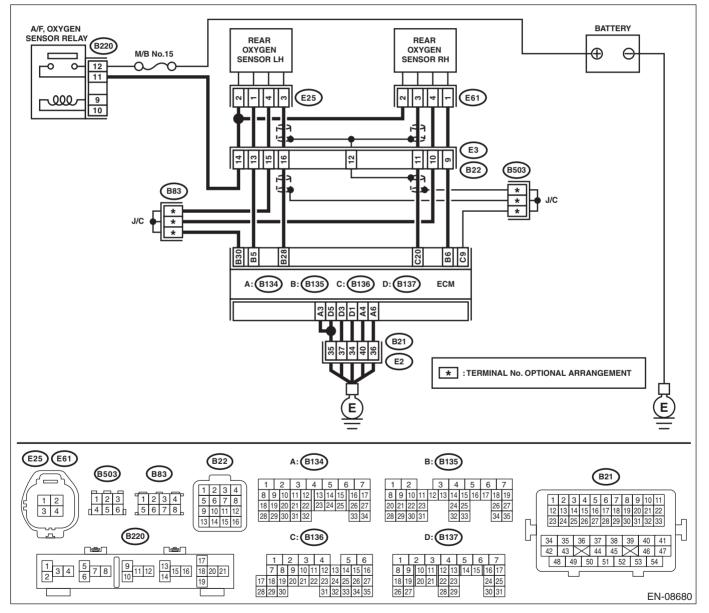
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and rear oxygen sensor connector.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector

# S: DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-33, DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mani. Absolute Pressure» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the "General Scan Tool Instruction Manual".</li> </ul>	Is the value in «Mani. Absolute Pressure» 73.3 — 106.6 kPa (550 — 800 mmHg, 21.65 — 31.50 inHg) when the ignition is turned ON, and 20.0 — 46.7 kPa (150 — 350 mmHg, 5.91 — 13.78 inHg) during idling?	Go to step 3.	Replace the mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-39, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.&gt;</ref. 
3	<ul> <li>CHECK THROTTLE OPENING ANGLE.</li> <li>Using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool, read the value in «Throttle Opening Angle».</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the "General Scan Tool Instruction Manual".</li> </ul>	Is the value in «Throttle Open- ing Angle» with the throttle fully closed less than 5%?	Go to step 4.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>
4	CHECK THROTTLE OPENING ANGLE.	Is the value in «Throttle Open- ing Angle» with the throttle fully open 85% or more?	Replace the mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-39, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.&gt;</ref. 	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# T: DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-35, DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

### **CAUTION:**

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. th="" to<=""><th>Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.></th></ref.>	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# U: DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-37, DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

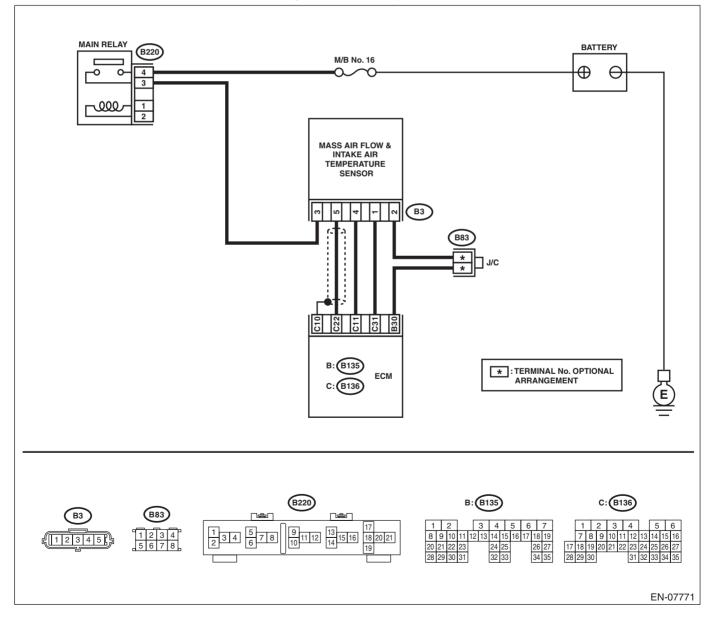
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Air Flow Sensor Voltage» using Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Voltage» less than 0.2 V?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B3) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and intake air tempera- ture sensor con- nector • Poor contact of main relay connec- tor
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEM- PERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 22 — (B3) No. 5:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM con- nector and the mass air flow and intake air tempera- ture sensor con- nector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEM- PERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 22 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor connector.
5	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact of ECM or mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or mass air flow and intake air tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# V: DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-39, DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

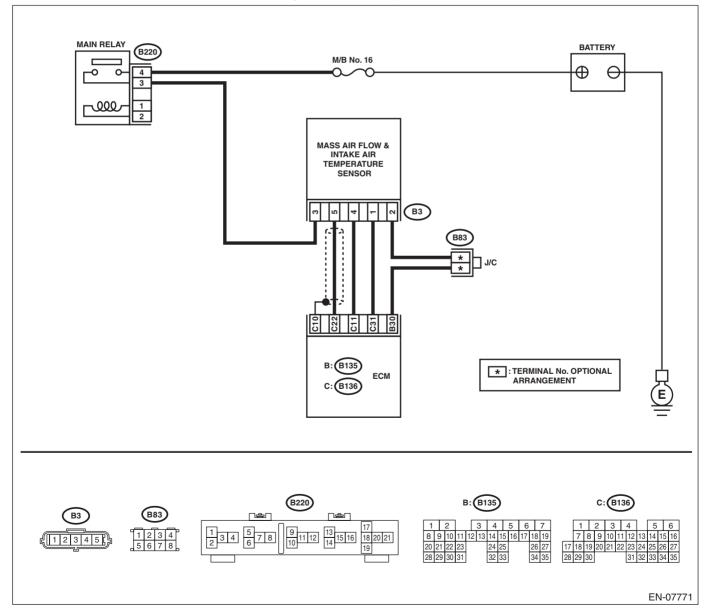
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Air Flow Sensor Voltage» using Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>		Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEM- PERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor.</li> <li>3) Start the engine.</li> <li>4) Read the value of «Air Flow Sensor Volt- age» using Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> </ul>		Repair the short circuit of harness to power supply between ECM con- nector and the mass air flow and intake air tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEM- PERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance of harness between mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B3) No. 4 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector
4	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of mass air flow and intake air tempera- ture sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor connector.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# W: DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-41, DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/ BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

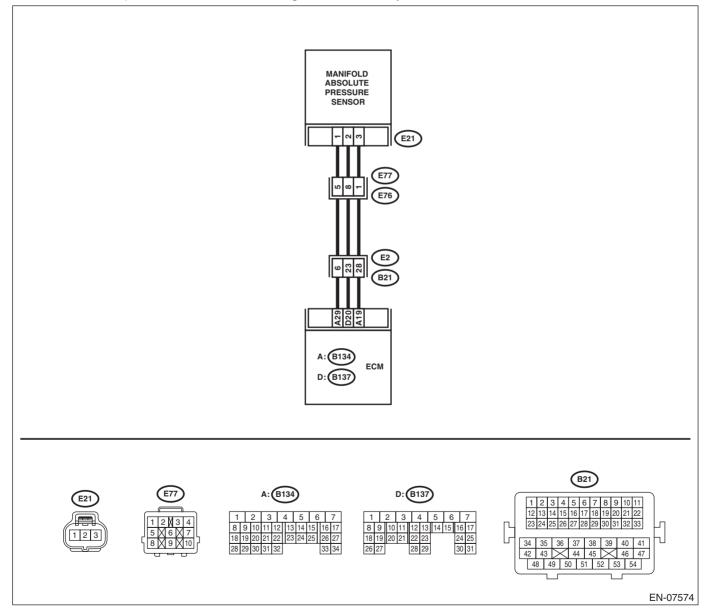
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Using the Subaru Select Monitor, read the value in «Mani. Absolute Pressure».</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from manifold absolute pressure sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between manifold absolute pressure sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E21) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and manifold abso- lute pressure sen- sor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SEN- SOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 20 — (E21) No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and manifold abso- lute pressure sen- sor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SEN- SOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B137) No. 20 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair short cir- cuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and manifold abso- lute pressure sen- sor connector.
5	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Replace the mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-39, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.&gt;</ref. 

## X: DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-43, DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/ BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

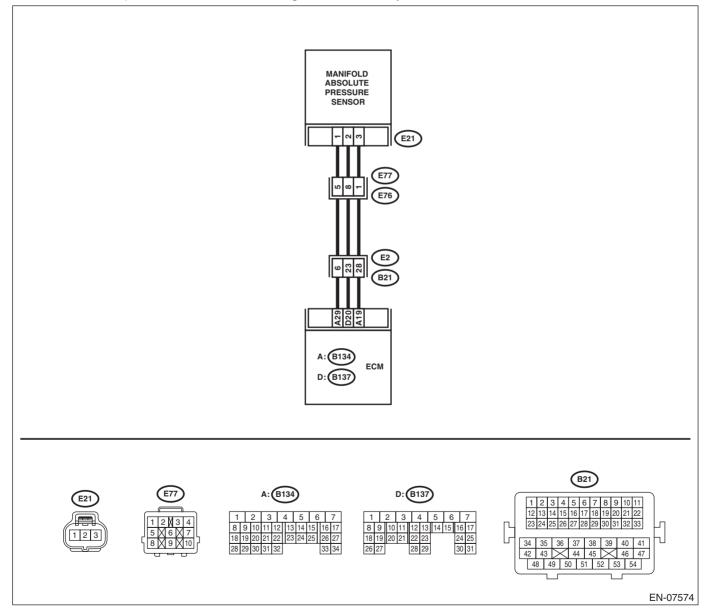
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Mani. Absolute Pressure» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the value of «Mani. Absolute Pressure» 119.5 kPa (896.5 mmHg, 35.29 inHg) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SEN- SOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from manifold absolute pressure sensor.</li> <li>3) Start the engine.</li> <li>4) Read the value of «Mani. Absolute Pres- sure» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a gen- eral scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>• Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>• General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Mani. Absolute Pressure» 119.5 kPa (896.5 mmHg, 35.29 inHg) or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and manifold abso- lute pressure sen- sor connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SEN- SOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between manifold absolute pressure sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E21) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and manifold abso- lute pressure sen- sor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of manifold absolute pressure sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of mani- fold absolute pressure sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor connector.	coupling connector Replace the mani- fold absolute pres- sure sensor. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-39, Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor.&gt;</ref. 

## Y: DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-45, DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE PROBLEM, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERA- TURE. 1) Start the engine and warm up completely. 2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt; • General scan tool</ref. 	Is the value of «Coolant Temp.» 75°C (167°F) or more?	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and</ref.>	Check for DTC P0125. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 161, DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT</ref.>
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.			

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## Z: DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-47, DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

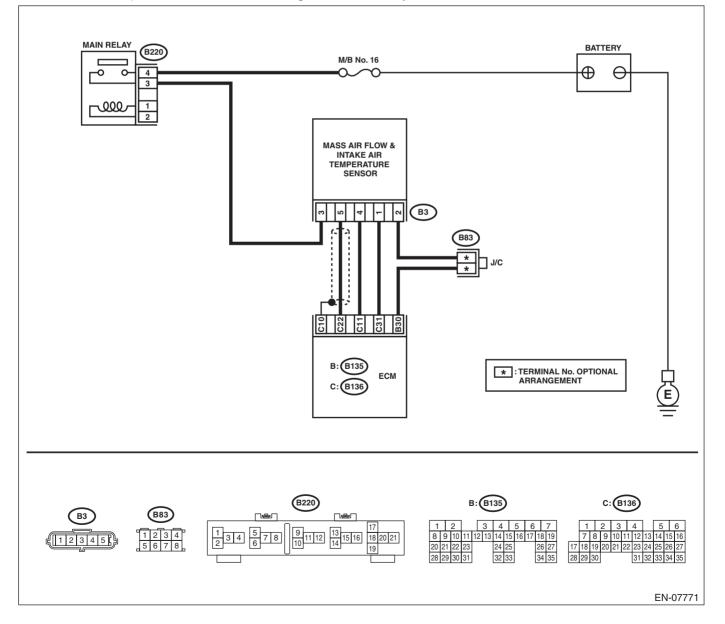
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEM- PERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 31 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor connector.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## AA:DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-49, DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR
   1 CIRCUIT HIGH. Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

## Improper idling

Poor driving performance

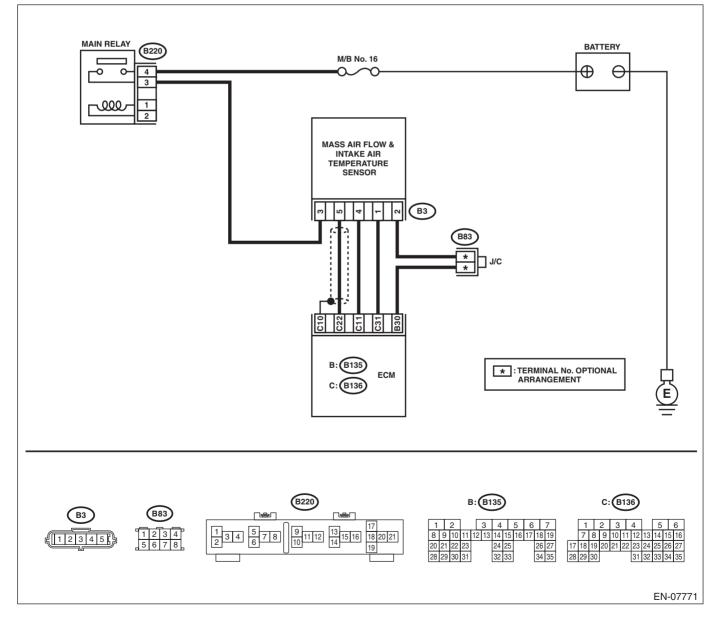
## CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connec- tor.	Is there poor contact of ECM or mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or mass air flow and intake air tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEM- PERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 31 – (B3) No. 1: (B135) No. 30 – (B3) No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	IGO TO STEP 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor connector • Poor contact of joint connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEM- PERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect all connectors.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Disconnect the connectors from the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 31 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit of harness to power supply between ECM con- nector and the mass air flow and intake air tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## AB:DTC P0116 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when 2 consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-51, DTC P0116 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE

SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connectors from the engine coolant temperature sensor.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals when the engine coolant is cold and after warmed up. <i>Terminals</i> No. 1 - No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance of engine cool- ant temperature sensor differ- ent between when engine coolant is cold and after warmed up?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## AC:DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-53, DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- · Hard to start
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

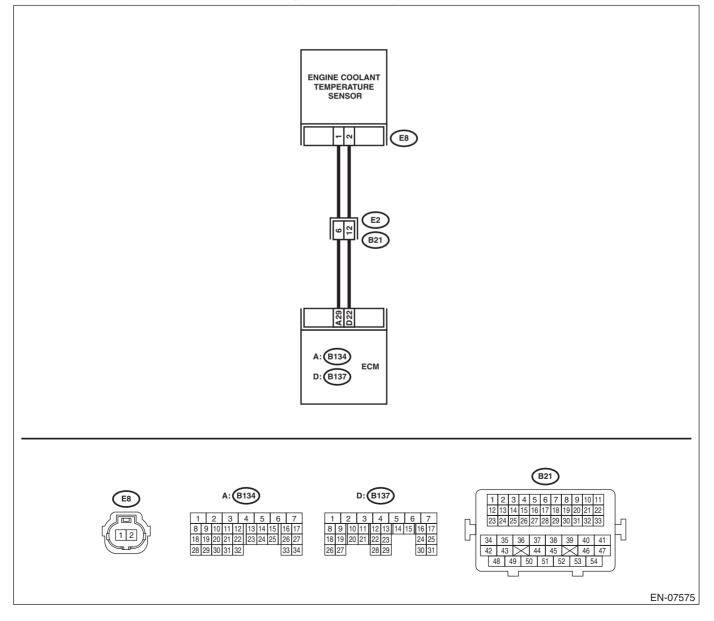
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the value of «Coolant Temp.» 150°C (302°F) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 22 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and engine coolant temperature sen- sor connector.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## AD:DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-55, DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- · Hard to start
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

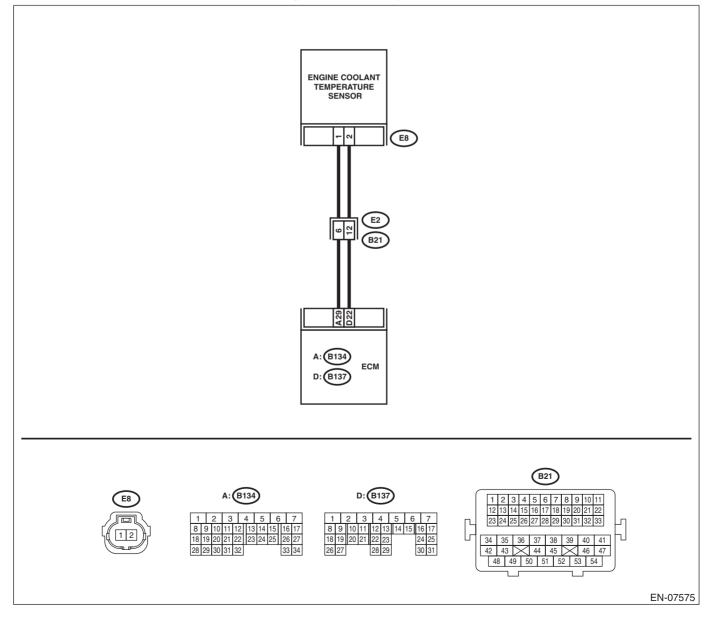
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Coolant Temp.» less than –40°C (–40°F)?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and engine cool- ant temperature sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or engine coolant temperature sensor connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or engine coolant temperature sen- sor connector.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND EN- GINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and engine coolant tempera- ture sensor connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 29 — (E8) No. 1: (B137) No. 22 — (E8) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and engine coolant temperature sen- sor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR</li> <li>CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect all connectors.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal</li> <li>(B137) No. 22 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit of harness to power supply between ECM con- nector and engine coolant tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen-

# AE:DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-57, DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

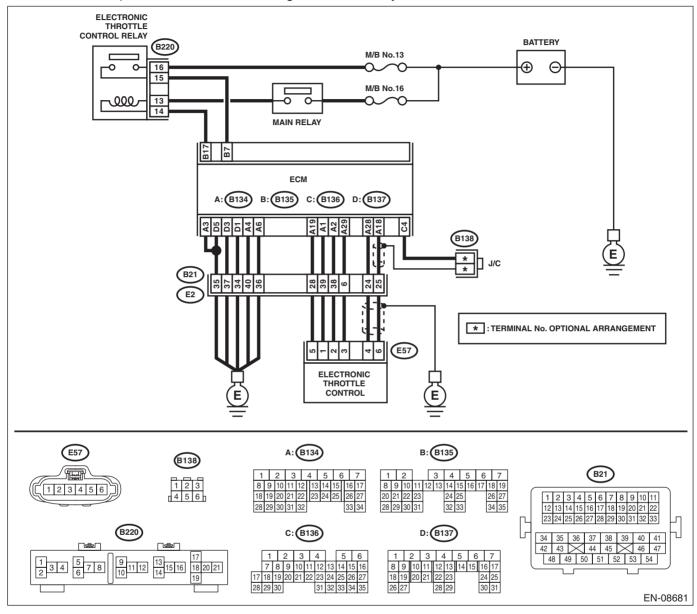
After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



Step	Check	Yes	No
	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?		Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>

## AF:DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-59, DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

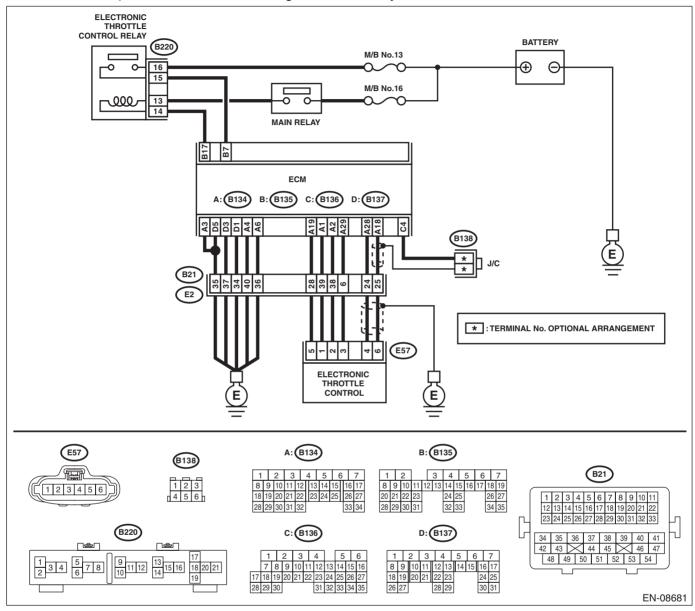
#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



Step	Check	Yes	No
<ol> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.         <ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.</li> <li>Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?		Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 4.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 18:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Repair the poor contact of elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector. Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.

## AG:DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-61, DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERA-

TURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

Engine does not return to idle.

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK TIRE SIZE.	Is the tire size as specified and the same size as three other wheels?	Go to step 2.	Replace the tire.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT.</li> <li>Check the following items:</li> <li>Amount of engine coolant</li> <li>Engine coolant freeze</li> <li>Contamination of engine coolant</li> </ul>	Is the engine coolant normal?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Fill or replace the engine coolant. <ref. to<br="">CO(H6DO)-12, Engine Coolant.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK THERMOSTAT.	Does the thermostat remain opened?	Replace the ther- mostat. <ref. to<br="">CO(H6DO)-15, Thermostat.&gt;</ref.>	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## AH:DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when 2 consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-63, DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

Thermostat remains open.

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ENGINE COOLANT.	Is the engine coolant amount normal?	Go to step 3.	Refill the engine coolant. <ref. to<br="">CO(H6DO)-12, Engine Coolant.&gt;</ref.>
3	<ul> <li>CHECK RADIATOR FAN.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Check the radiator fan operation.</li> </ul>	Does the radiator fan continu- ously rotate for 3 minutes or more during idling?	Repair radiator fan circuit. <ref. to<br="">CO(H6DO)-21, Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor.&gt; and <ref. to<br="">CO(H6DO)-24, Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor.&gt;</ref.></ref.>	Replace the ther- mostat. <ref. to<br="">CO(H6DO)-15, Thermostat.&gt;</ref.>

## AI: DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-67, DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

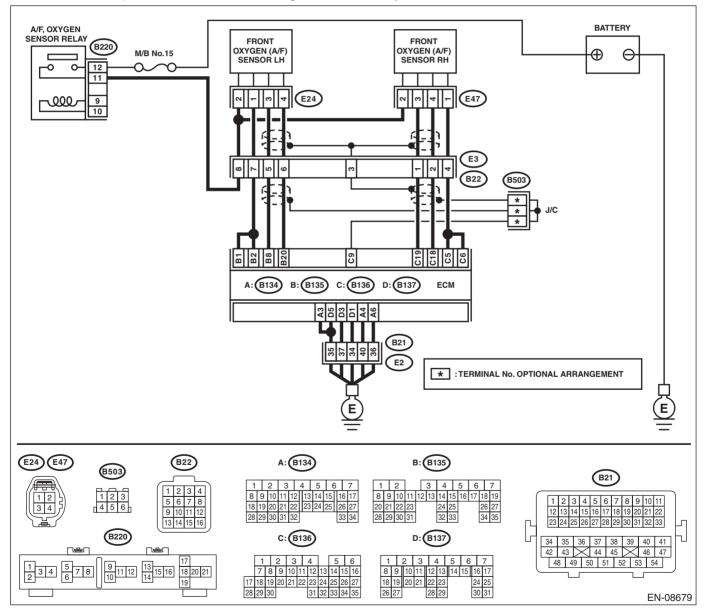
#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 19 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connec- tor?	Repair the poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## AJ:DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-69, DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

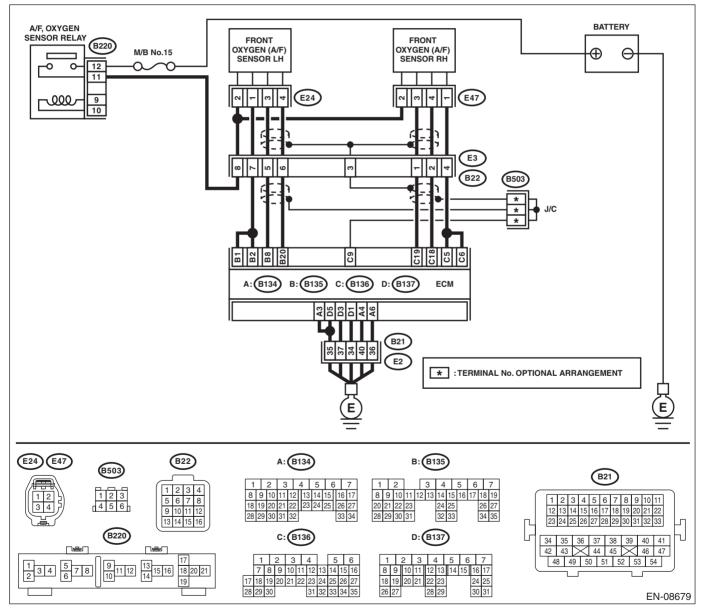
#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from front oxy- gen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## AK:DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-71, DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DE-TECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

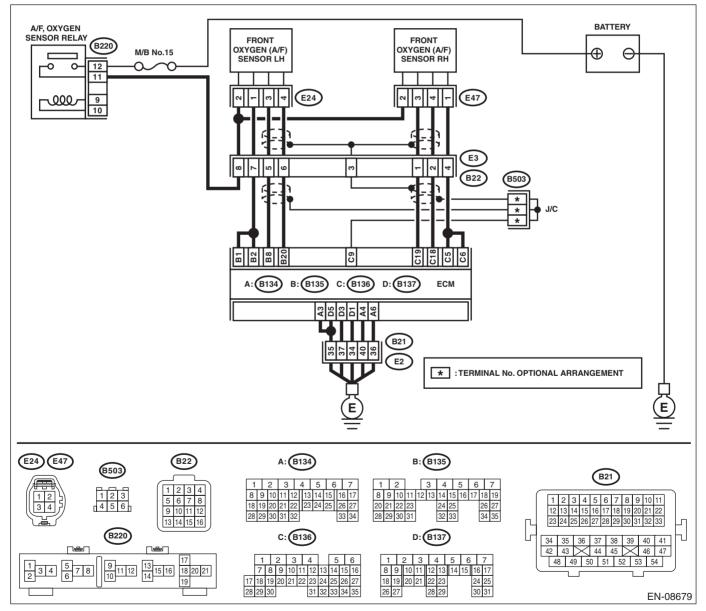
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 19 — (E47) No. 3: (B136) No. 18 — (E47) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## AL:DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-73, DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

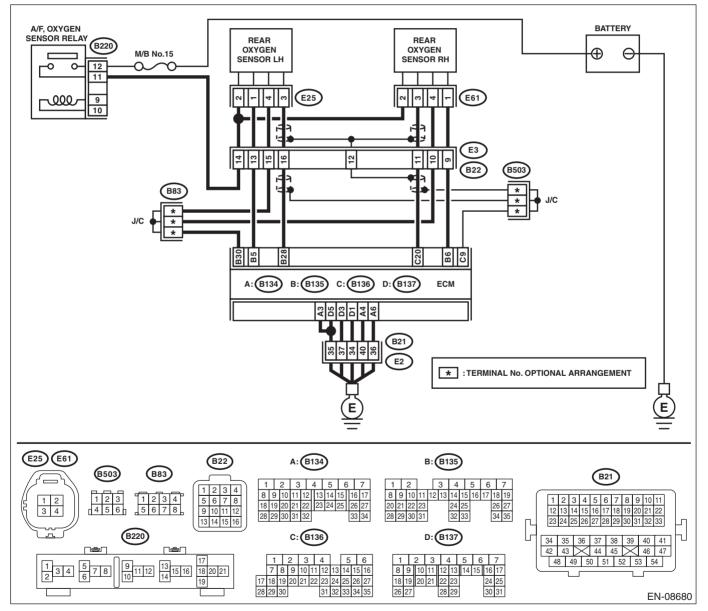
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step 5.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	sor.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
5	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>Check exhaust system parts.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following items.</li> <li>Looseness and improper fitting of exhaust system parts</li> <li>Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts</li> <li>Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor</li> </ul>		Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

## AM:DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-75, DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

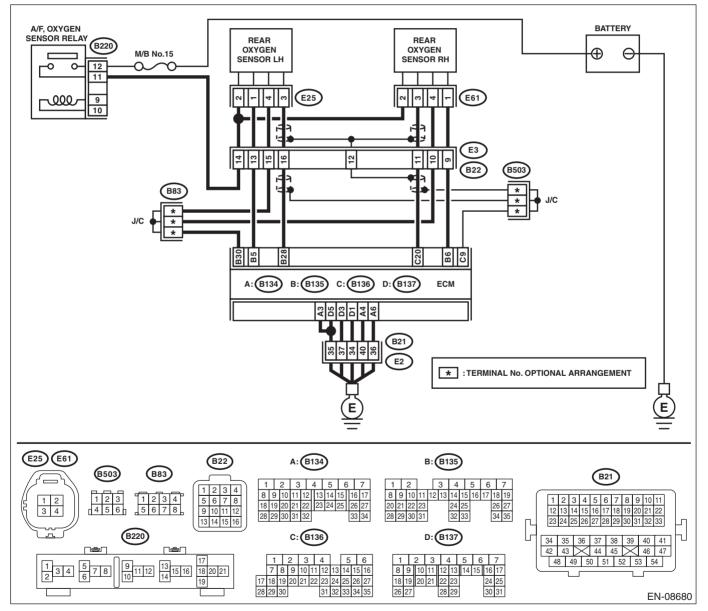
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool</li> </ul>		Go to step 5.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
5	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>Check exhaust system parts.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following items.</li> <li>Looseness and improper fitting of exhaust system parts</li> <li>Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts</li> <li>Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor</li> </ul>		Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

## AN:DTC P013A O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-76, DTC P013A O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

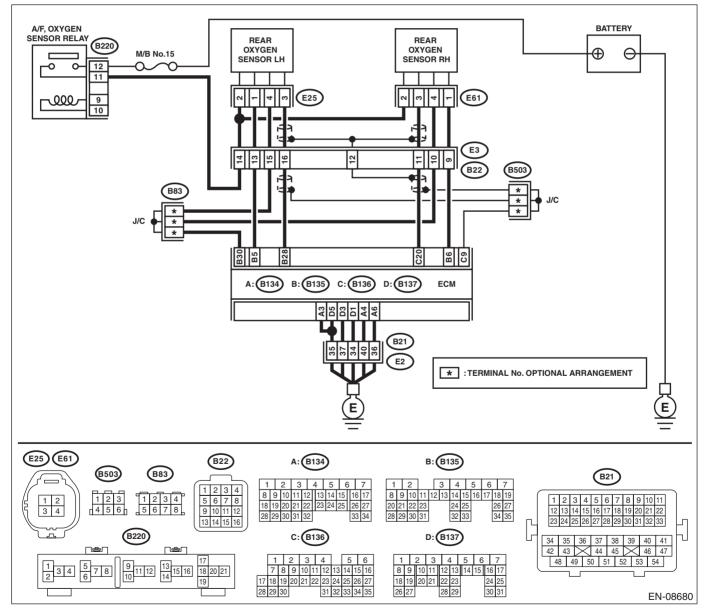
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E61) No. 3 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 4</i>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.

## AO:DTC P013B O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P013A. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-173, DTC P013A O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## AP:DTC P013C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SEN-SOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-80, DTC P013C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

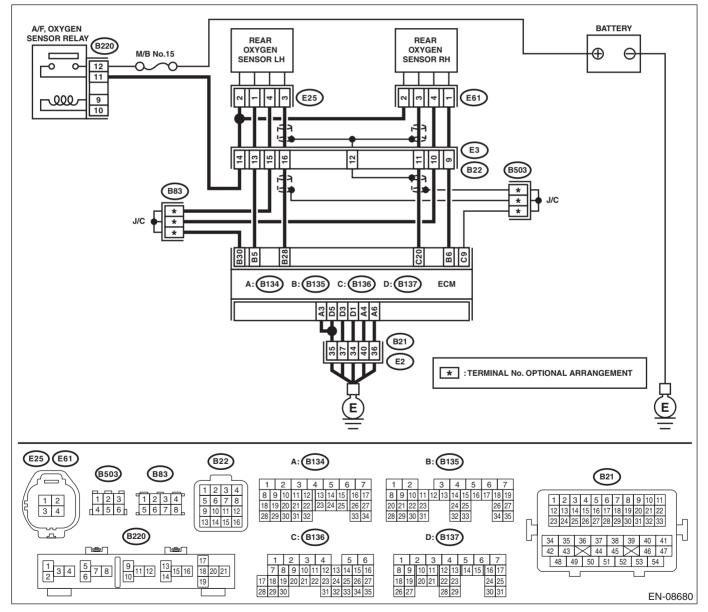
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR. Measure the resistance between rear oxygen sensor terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 3 — No. 4</i>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.

## AQ:DTC P013D O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 2 SEN-SOR 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P013C. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-175, DTC P013C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## AR:DTC P013E O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P013A. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-173, DTC P013A O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## AS:DTC P013F O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P013A. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-173, DTC P013A O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# AT:DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK1 SENSOR2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-85, DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DE-TECTED (BANK1 SENSOR2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

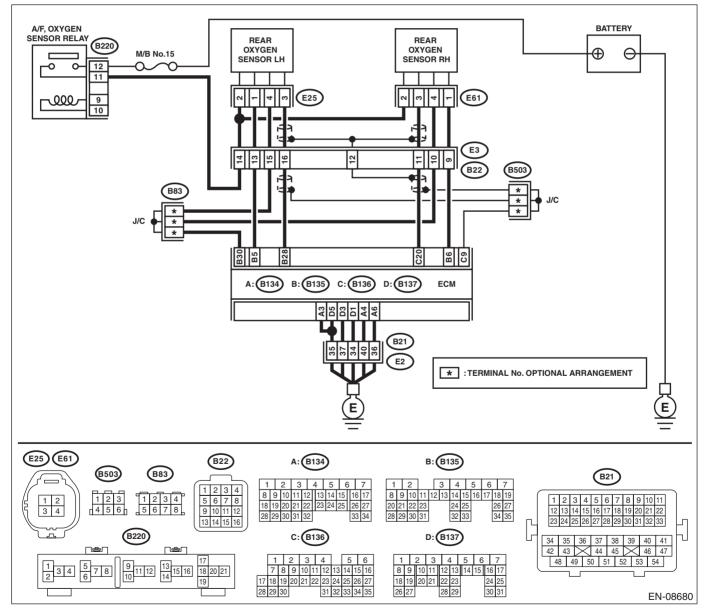
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 4.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
6	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>Check exhaust system parts.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following items.</li> <li>Looseness and improper fitting of exhaust system parts</li> <li>Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts</li> <li>Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor</li> </ul>		Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

# AU:DTC P0141 O2 SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT (BANK1 SENSOR2)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P0037 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-121, DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# AV:DTC P014A O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P013C. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-175, DTC P013C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# AW:DTC P014B O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P013C. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-175, DTC P013C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# AX:DTC P014C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 1)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-89, DTC P014C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1		system?		Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# AY:DTC P014D O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P014C. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-180, DTC P014C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# AZ:DTC P014E O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SEN-SOR 1)

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-92, DTC P014E O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1		system?		Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# BA:DTC P014F O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 2 SEN-SOR 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P014E. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-181, DTC P014E O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# BB:DTC P0151 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-92, DTC P0151 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

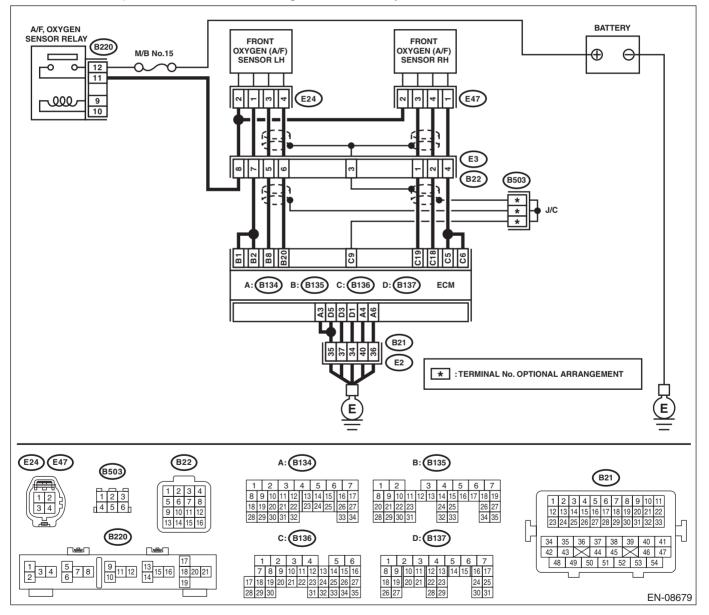
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 20 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connec- tor?	Repair the poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# BC:DTC P0152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-92, DTC P0152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

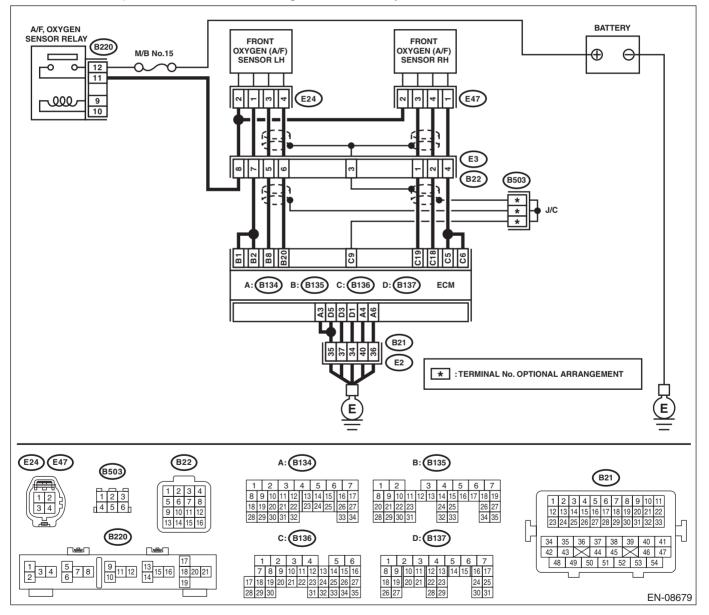
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from front oxy- gen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# BD:DTC P0154 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 2 SEN-SOR 1)

# DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-92, DTC P0154 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DE-TECTED (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

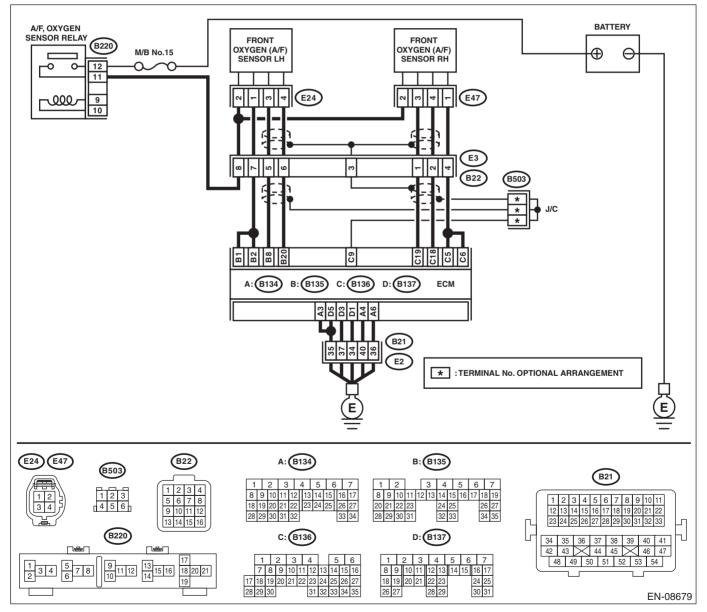
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E24) No. 3: (B135) No. 20 — (E24) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# BE:DTC P0157 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-92, DTC P0157 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

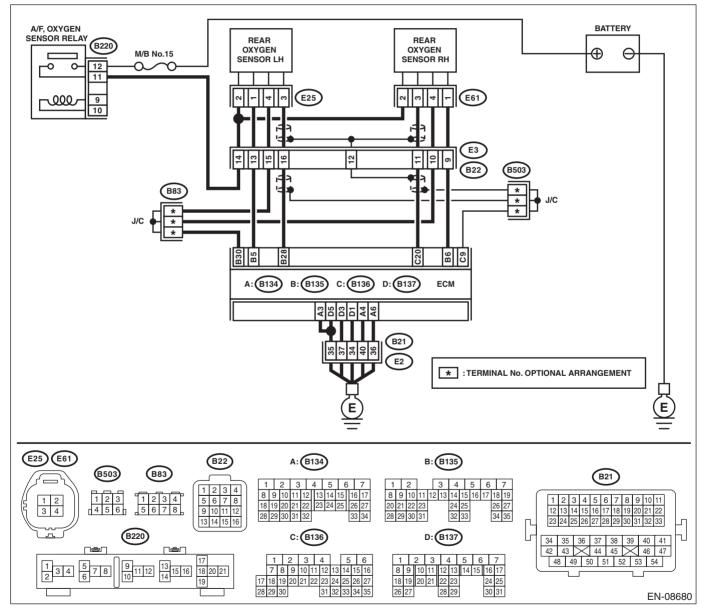
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Front O2 Sen- sor #2» 0.490 V or more?	Go to step 5.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
5	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>Check exhaust system parts.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following items.</li> <li>Looseness and improper fitting of exhaust system parts</li> <li>Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts</li> <li>Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor</li> </ul>	Is there any fault in exhaust system?	Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

# BF:DTC P0158 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-92, DTC P0158 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

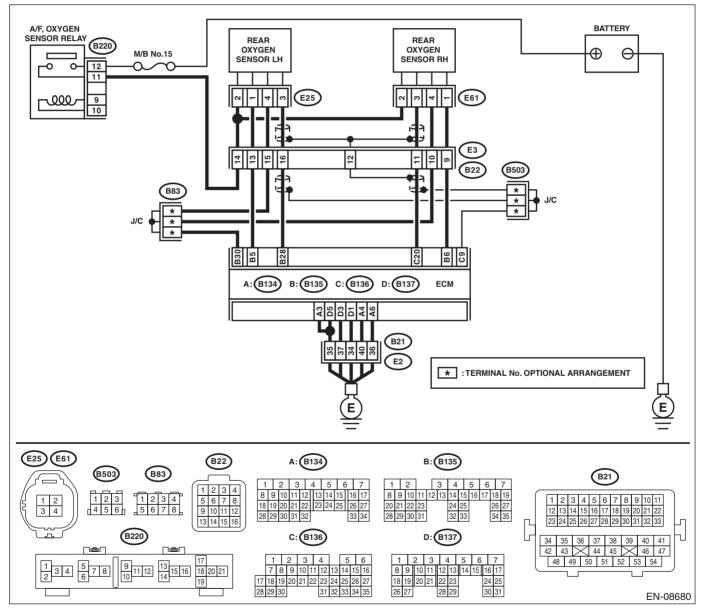
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step 5.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>3</b> .
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>4</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	sor.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
5	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>Check exhaust system parts.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following items.</li> <li>Looseness and improper fitting of exhaust system parts</li> <li>Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts</li> <li>Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor</li> </ul>		Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

## BG:DTC P015A O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P014C. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-180, DTC P014C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## BH:DTC P015B O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P014C. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-180, DTC P014C O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# BI: DTC P015C O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P014E. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-181, DTC P014E O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# BJ:DTC P015D O2 SENSOR DELAYED RESPONSE - LEAN TO RICH (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P014E. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-181, DTC P014E O2 SENSOR SLOW RESPONSE - RICH TO LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# BK:DTC P0160 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK2 SENSOR2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-97, DTC P0160 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DE-TECTED (BANK2 SENSOR2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

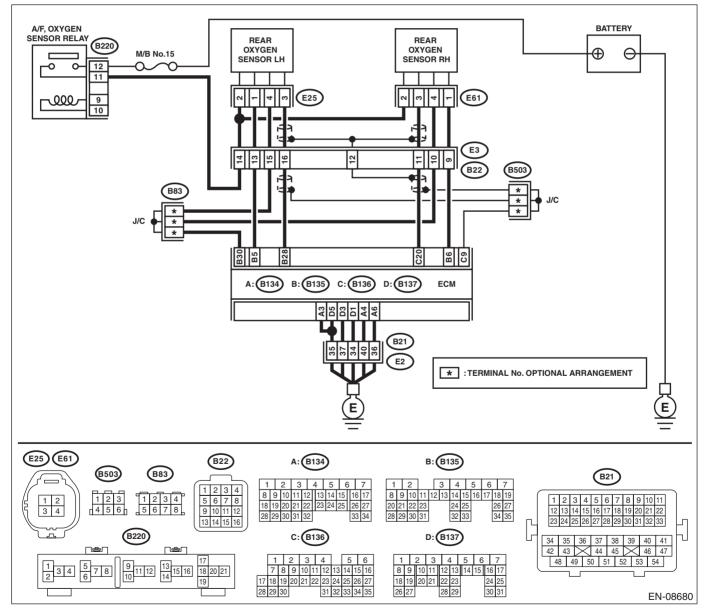
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 3.
3		Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 4.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
6	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>Check exhaust system parts.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following items.</li> <li>Looseness and improper fitting of exhaust system parts</li> <li>Damage (crack, hole etc.) of parts</li> <li>Loose part and improper installation between front oxygen (A/F) sensor and rear oxygen sensor</li> </ul>		Repair or replace faulty parts.	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

# BL:DTC P0161 O2 SENSOR HEATER CIRCUIT (BANK2 SENSOR2)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P0057 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-131, DTC P0057 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# BM:DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P0175 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-196, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# **BN:DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)**

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P0175 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-196, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# BO:DTC P0174 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 2)

NOTE:

Refer to DTC P0175 for diagnostic procedure. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-196, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# **BP:DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2)**

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-100, DTC P0175 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.
- Poor driving performance

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step <b>3</b> .
3	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>		Go to step 4.	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 
4	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up completely.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>5</b> .	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
5	<ul> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR SIGNAL.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Mass Air Flow» 2.0 — 5.0 g/s (0.26 — 0.66 lb/m)?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
6	<ul> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Open the front hood.</li> <li>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</li> <li>7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> </ul>	Subtract ambient temperature from «Intake Air Temp.». Is the obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18 — 90°F)?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

# BQ:DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-101, DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SEN-

SOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

## TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble	Replace the engine oil tempera- ture sensor. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-49, Oil Temperature Sensor.&gt;</ref. 

# **BR:DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR LOW**

## **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-103, DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

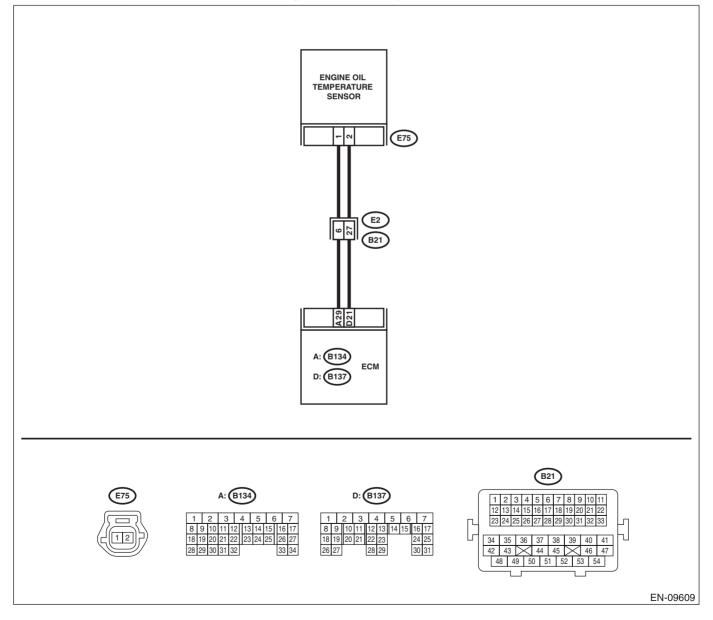
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Oil Temperature» using Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Is the value of «Oil Tempera- ture» 215°C (419°F) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and engine oil temperature sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal</li> <li>(B137) No. 21 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the engine oil tempera- ture sensor. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-49, Oil Temperature Sensor.&gt;</ref. 	Repair the short circuit to ground in the harness between the ECM connector and engine oil tempera- ture sensor con- nector.

# **BS:DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR HIGH**

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-104, DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Hard to start
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

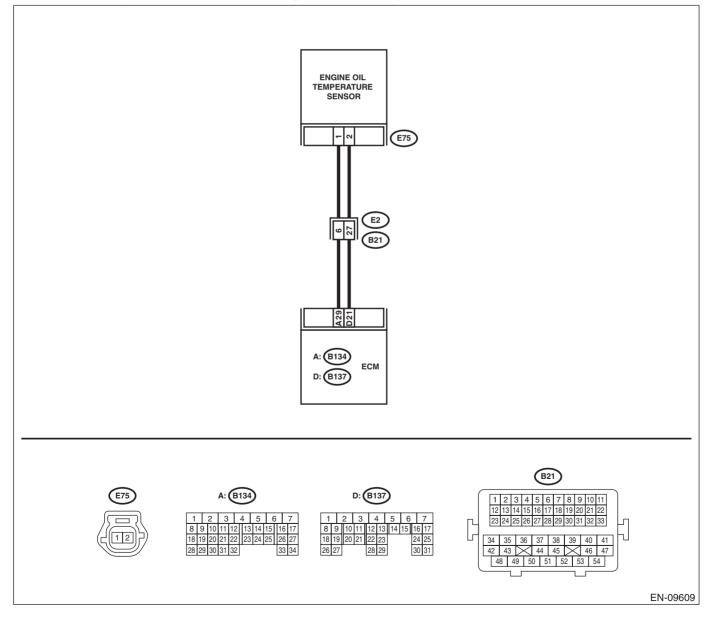
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CURRENT DATA. 1) Start the engine. 2) Read the value of «Oil Temperature» using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 	Is the value of «Oil Tempera- ture» less than –40°C (–40°F)?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact between the ECM and engine oil temperature sensor connectors.	Is there poor contact of the ECM or engine oil temperature sensor connectors?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or engine oil tempera- ture sensor con- nector.	Go to step <b>3</b> .
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from the ECM and engine oil temperature sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of the harness between the ECM connector and engine oil temperature sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B134) No. 29 — (E75) No. 1:</li> <li>(B137) No. 21 — (E75) No. 2:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and engine oil tem- perature sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect all connectors.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 21 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and engine oil tem- perature sensor connector.	Replace the engine oil tempera- ture sensor. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-49, Oil Temperature Sensor.&gt;</ref. 

# BT:DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1

## **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION < Ref. to GD(H6DO)-105, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

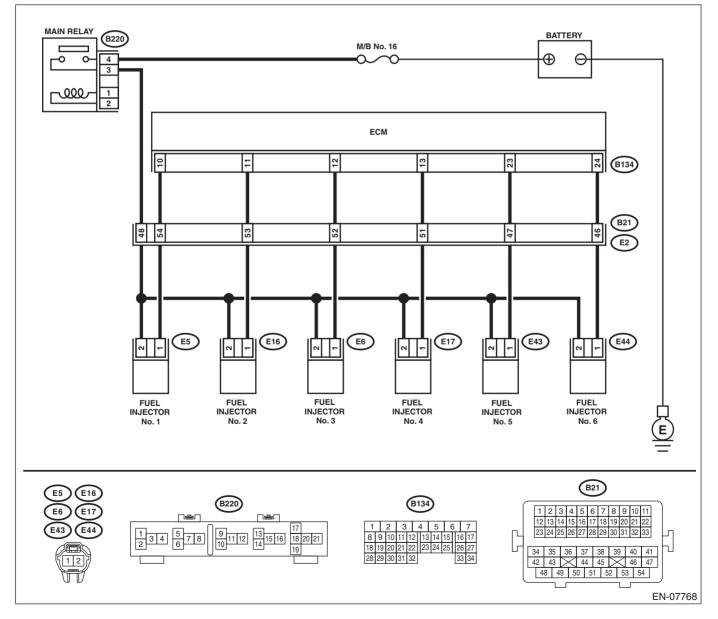
## CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start) <Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start) <Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between fuel injector connector and the engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal DTC P0201; (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): DTC P0202; (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): DTC P0203; (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): DTC P0204; (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): DTC P0205; (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): DTC P0205; (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): DTC P0205; (E44) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-) </li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between main relay and fuel injector connector • Poor contact of main relay connec- tor • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	ground (-): CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance between fuel injec- tor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal DTC P0201; (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0202; (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0203; (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0204; (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0205; (E43) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0206; (E44) No. 1 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> DTC P0201; (B134) No. 10 — (E5) No. 1: DTC P0202; (B134) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1: DTC P0203; (B134) No. 12 — (E6) No. 1: DTC P0204; (B134) No. 13 — (E17) No. 1: DTC P0205; (B134) No. 23 — (E43) No. 1: DTC P0206; (B134) No. 24 — (E44) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on the corresponding cylinder. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the fuel injector. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Go to step <b>6</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	<ul> <li>CHECK FUEL INJECTOR OPERATION.</li> <li>1) Connect all connectors.</li> <li>2) Start the engine.</li> <li>3) Check if the corresponding fuel injector emits operating sound.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Use a sound scope to check the operating sound.</li> </ul>	Does the fuel injector emit operating sound?	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.	

# **BU:DTC P0202 INJECTOR #2**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-203, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **BV:DTC P0203 INJECTOR #3**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-203, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **BW:DTC P0204 INJECTOR #4**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-203, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **BX:DTC P0205 INJECTOR #5**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-203, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **BY:DTC P0206 INJECTOR #6**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0201. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-203, DTC P0201 INJECTOR #1, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# BZ:DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-107, DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

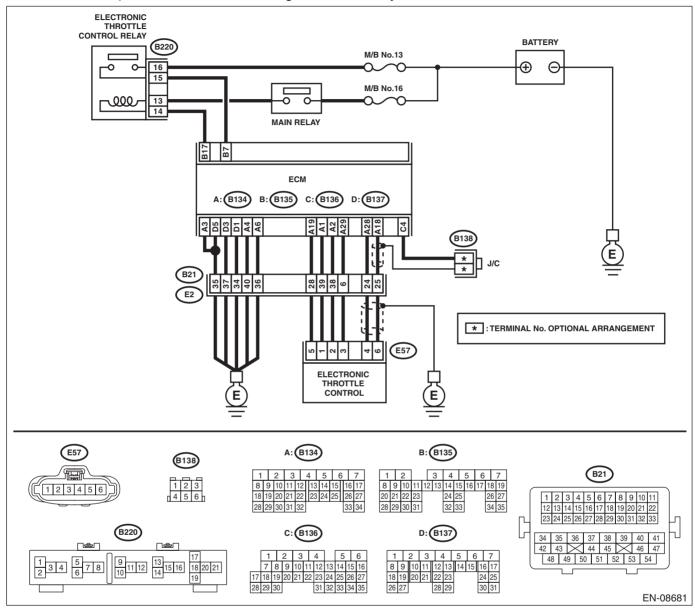
#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.

Step	Check	Yes	No
<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE E         <ol> <li>Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between elect throttle control connector and engine grout Connector &amp; terminal</li></ol></li></ul>	more? tronic	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>

## CA:DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-109, DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- · Engine stalls.

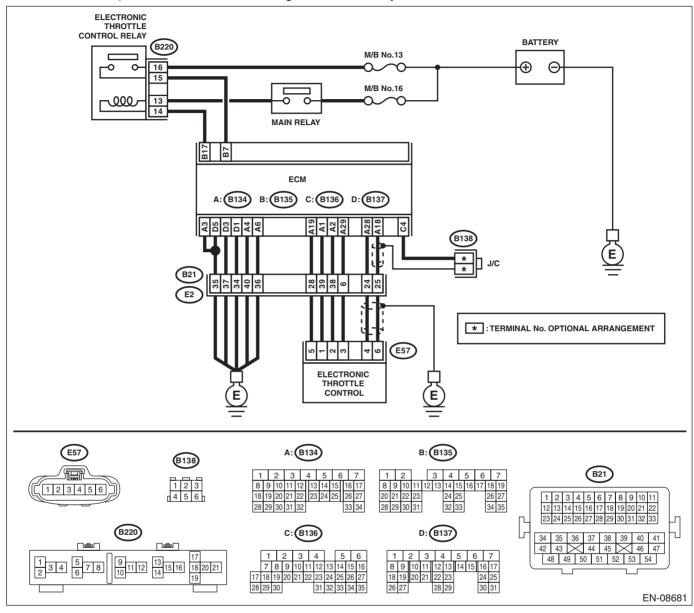
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega?$	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 4.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Repair the poor contact of elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector. Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.

# **CB:DTC P0230 FUEL PUMP PRIMARY CIRCUIT**

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-111, DTC P0230 FUEL PUMP PRIMARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

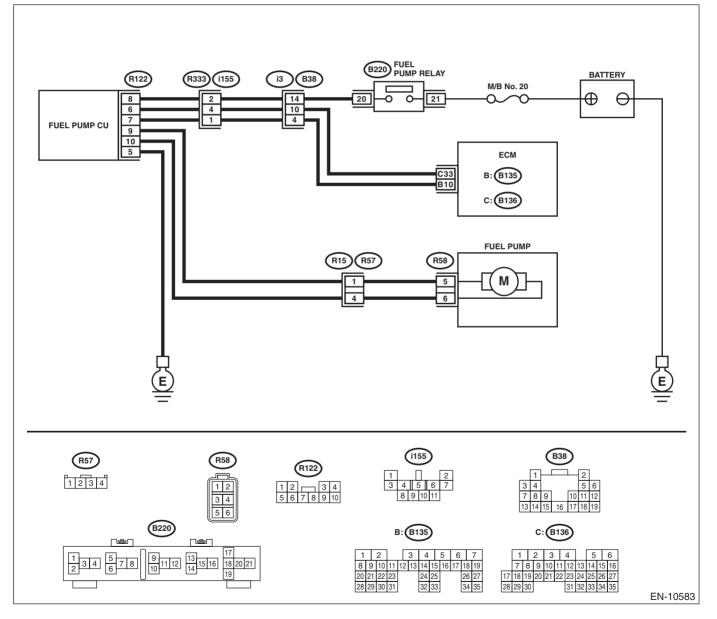
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT TO FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump control unit.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R122) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the power supply circuit. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between fuel pump relay connector and fuel pump con- trol unit connector • Poor contact of fuel pump relay connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	<ul> <li>CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT OF FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R122) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit in harness between fuel pump control unit con- nector and chassis ground.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND FUEL PUMP CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from fuel pump.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance of harness between fuel pump control unit and fuel pump connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R122) No. 9 — (R58) No. 5: (R122) No. 10 — (R58) No. 6:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between fuel pump control unit connector and fuel pump connec- tor • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT AND FUEL PUMP CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (R122) No. 9 — Chassis ground: (R122) No. 10 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between fuel pump control unit connector and fuel pump connec- tor.
5	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and fuel pump control unit.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B136) No. 33 — (R122) No. 6: (B135) No. 10 — (R122) No. 7:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and fuel pump con- trol unit connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL PUMP CONTROL UNIT. Measure the resistance between fuel pump control unit and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (R122) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (R122) No. 7 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 7.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and fuel pump con- trol unit connector.
7	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and fuel pump control unit connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM or fuel pump control unit connec- tor?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or fuel pump control unit connector.	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK EXPERIENCE OF RUNNING OUT OF FUEL.	Has the vehicle experienced running out of fuel?	Finish the diagno- sis. NOTE: DTC may be re- corded as a result of fuel pump idling while running out of fuel.	Fuel Pump Control Unit.>

## CC:DTC P0300 RANDOM/MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE DETECTED

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- Immediately at fault recognition (A misfire which could damage catalyst occurs.)
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-112, DTC P0300 RANDOM/MULTIPLE CYLINDER MIS-

FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling
- Rough driving

#### CAUTION:

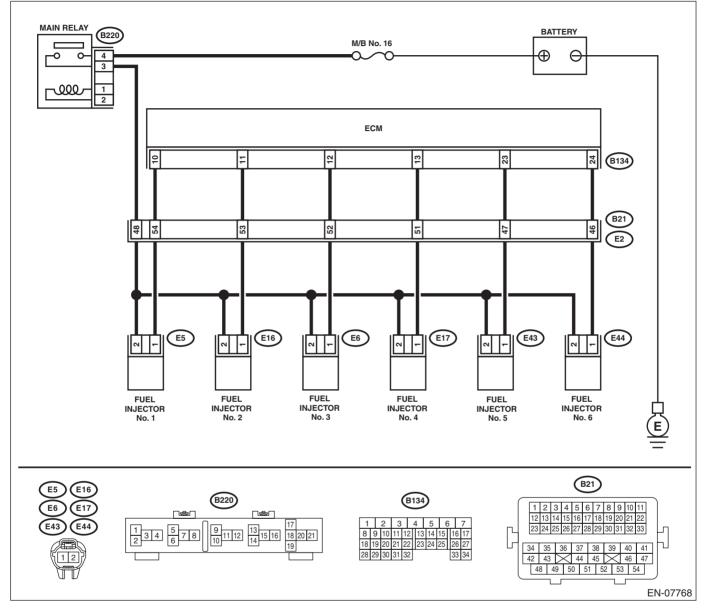
After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 2.
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> </ol>			
	2) Measure the voltage between ECM and			
	chassis ground on all cylinders.			
	Connector & terminal			
	#1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			

	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from all fuel injectors.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between all fuel injector connectors and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground: #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground: #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground: #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground: #5 (E43) No. 1 — Engine ground: #6 (E44) No. 1 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector connector on all cylin- ders. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> #1 (B134) No. 10 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B134) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B134) No. 12 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B134) No. 13 — (E17) No. 1: #5 (B134) No. 23 — (E43) No. 1: #6 (B134) No. 24 — (E44) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>4</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance between all fuel injector terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
5	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between all fuel injector connectors and the engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> <ul> <li>#1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#5 (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#6 (E44) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of all con- nectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between the main relay and fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of main relay connec- tor

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from all fuel injectors.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground on all cylinders.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal #1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> </ul>		Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connectors.	Go to step <b>7</b> . Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to EI (HEDO)-44</ref. 
	<ol> <li>Measure the resistance between all fuel injector terminals.</li> <li>Terminals No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ol>			to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.>
8	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor or crankshaft position sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-35, INSTALLATION, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt; <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-32, INSTALLATION, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.></ref.>	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK CRANK PLATE.	Is the crank sprocket rusted or the teeth of crank plate broken?	Replace the crank plate. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-105, Cylinder Block.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step <b>10</b> .
10	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align the alignment mark on crank sprocket with align- ment mark on cylinder block. ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position?	Correct the instal- lation condition of timing chain. <ref. to ME(H6DO)-62, Timing Chain Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK FUEL LEVEL.	Is the fuel meter indication lower than the "Lower" level?	Refill the fuel so that the fuel meter indication is higher than the "Lower" level, and proceed to the next step. Go to step <b>13</b> .	Go to step 12.
12	<ul> <li>CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT.</li> <li>1) Clear the memory using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, Clear Memory Mode.&gt;</ref.></li> <li>2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle 10 minutes or more.</li> </ul>	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate or blink?	Go to step 14.	Go to step 13.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE.	Was the cause of misfire identi- fied when the engine is run- ning?	Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality.	Repair the poor contact of connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Poor contact of ignition coil con- nector • Poor contact of fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
14	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Is there any fault in air intake system?	Repair the air intake system. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnec- tion of hoses?	
15	CHECK ALL CYLINDERS.	Is there a fault in any cylinder?	Repair or replace the faulty part of the faulty cylinder. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio • Skipping timing chain teeth	LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# CD:DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-221, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **CE:DTC P0302 CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-221, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### **CF:DTC P0303 CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-221, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **CG:DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-221, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## CH:DTC P0305 CYLINDER 5 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0306. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-221, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **CI: DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED**

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- Immediately at fault recognition (A misfire which could damage catalyst occurs.)
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-120, DTC P0306 CYLINDER 6 MISFIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling
- Rough driving

#### **CAUTION:**

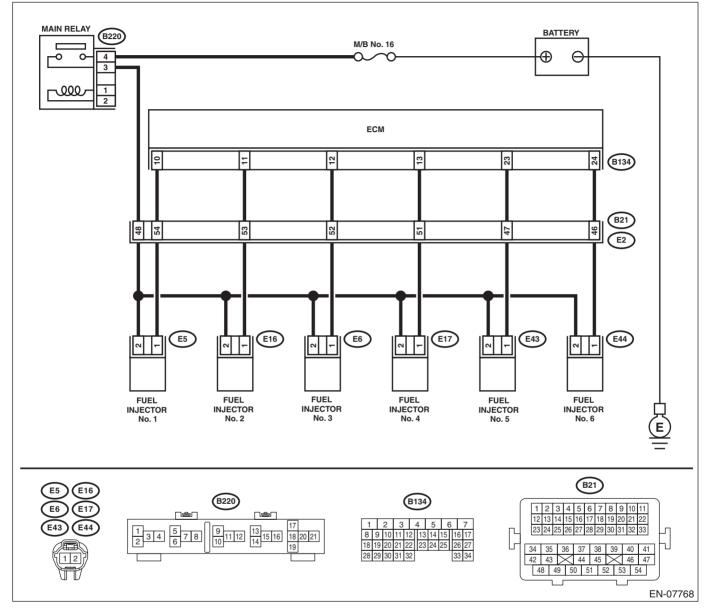
After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 6.	Go to step 2.
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> </ol>			
	2) Measure the voltage between ECM and			
	chassis ground on faulty cylinders.			
	Connector & terminal			
	#1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			

	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> </ol>			harness between
	2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector			ECM connector
	on faulty cylinders.			and fuel injector
	3) Measure the resistance between fuel injec-			connector.
	tor connector and engine ground on faulty cylin-			
	ders.			
	Connector & terminal			
	#1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#5 (E43) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#6 (E44) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness
	FUEL INJECTOR.			and connector.
	Measure the resistance of harness between			NOTE:
	ECM and fuel injector connector on faulty cylin-			In this case, repair
	ders.			the following item:
	Connector & terminal			<ul> <li>Open circuit in</li> </ul>
	#1 (B134) No. 10 — (E5) No. 1:			harness between
	#2 (B134) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1:			ECM connector
	#3 (B134) No. 12 — (E6) No. 1:			and fuel injector
	#4 (B134) No. 13 — (E17) No. 1:			connector
	#5 (B134) No. 23 — (E43) No. 1:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
	#6 (B134) No. 24 — (E44) No. 1:			coupling connector
4	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Replace the faulty
	Measure the resistance between fuel injector			fuel injector. <ref.< td=""></ref.<>
	terminals on faulty cylinder.			to FU(H6DO)-44,
	Terminals			Fuel Injector.>
	No. 1 — No. 2:			
5	CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor	Repair the harness
	1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.		contact of all con-	and connector.
	2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector		nectors in fuel	NOTE:
	connector and engine ground on faulty cylin-		injector circuit.	In this case, repair
	ders.			the following item:
	Connector & terminal			Open circuit in
	#1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–): #2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):			harness between
	#2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):			the main relay and
	#3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–): #4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):			fuel injector con-
	#4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–): #5 (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):			nector on faulty
	#5 (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–): #6 (E44) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):			<ul><li>cylinders</li><li>Poor contact of</li></ul>
	$\pi o (\Box q q) = 0.2 (T) - Engine ground (-).$			<ul> <li>Poor contact of coupling connector</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
				main relay connec- tor

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground on faulty cylinders.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal #1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>		Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connectors.	Go to step <b>7</b> . Replace the faulty
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.</li> <li><i>Terminals</i></li> <li><i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i></li> </ol>			fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
8	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor or crankshaft position sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-35, INSTALLATION, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt; <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-32, INSTALLATION, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.></ref.>	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK CRANK PLATE.	Is the crank sprocket rusted or the teeth of crank plate broken?	Replace the crank plate. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-105, Cylinder Block.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 10.
10	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align the alignment mark on crank sprocket with align- ment mark on cylinder block. ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position?	Correct the instal- lation condition of timing chain. <ref. to ME(H6DO)-62, Timing Chain Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK FUEL LEVEL.	Is the fuel meter indication lower than the "Lower" level?	Refill the fuel so that the fuel meter indication is higher than the "Lower" level, and proceed to the next step. Go to step <b>13</b> .	Go to step <b>12</b> .
12	<ul> <li>CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT.</li> <li>1) Clear the memory using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, Clear Memory Mode.&gt;</ref.></li> <li>2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle 10 minutes or more.</li> </ul>	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate or blink?	Go to step 14.	Go to step 13.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE.	Was the cause of misfire identi- fied when the engine is run- ning?	Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality.	Repair the poor contact of connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Poor contact of ignition coil con- nector • Poor contact of fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
14	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Is there any fault in air intake system?	Repair the air intake system. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnec- tion of hoses?	Go to step 15.
15	CHECK CYLINDER.	Is there any fault in the cylin- der?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio • Skipping timing chain teeth	SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# CJ:DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SEN-SOR)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-121, DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs

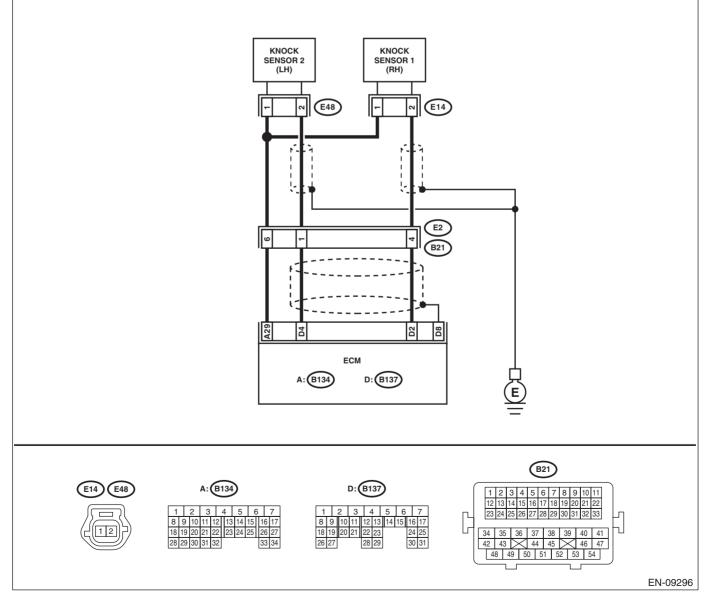
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND KNOCK SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 2 – (B134) No. 29:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 500 $k\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from the knock sensor.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connectors.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 500 kΩ?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-37, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and knock sensor connector. NOTE: The harness be- tween both con- nectors are shielded. Remove the shield and re- pair the short cir- cuit of harness.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 2 V or more?	a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con-	and knock sensor connector. NOTE: The harness be- tween both con- nectors are shielded. Remove the shield and re- pair the short cir- cuit of harness.

## CK:DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SEN-SOR)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-123, DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Poor driving performance
- Knocking occurs

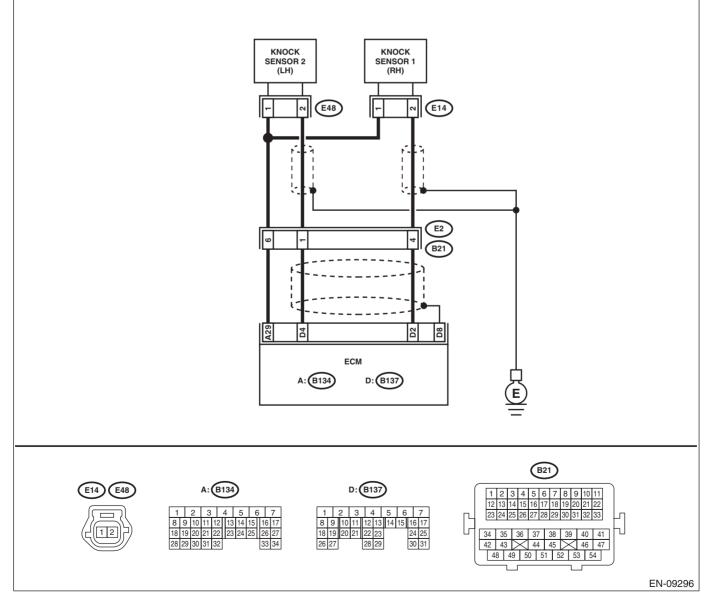
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND KNOCK SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 2 — (B134) No. 29:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 600 kΩ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from the knock sensor.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor terminals.</li> <li><i>Terminals</i></li> <li><i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i></li> </ul>	Is the resistance 600 kΩ or more?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-37, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and knock sensor connector • Poor contact of knock sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector

# CL:DTC P0332 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-124, DTC P0332 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Driving performance problem
- Knocking is occurred.

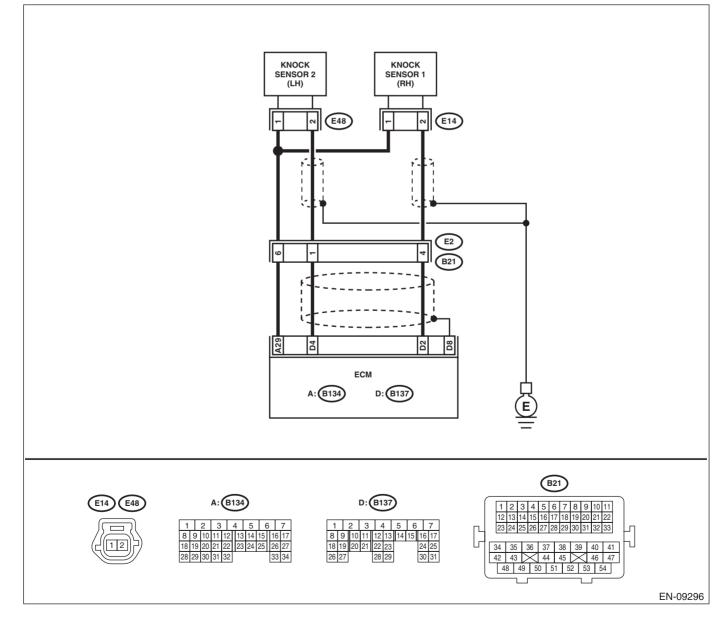
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND KNOCK SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 4 – (B134) No. 29:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 500 $k\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from the knock sensor.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor connectors.</li> <li><i>Terminals</i></li> <li><i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i></li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 500 kΩ?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-37, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and knock sensor connector. NOTE: The harness be- tween both con- nectors are shielded. Remove the shield and re- pair the short cir- cuit of harness.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 2 V or more?	a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con-	and knock sensor connector. NOTE: The harness be- tween both con- nectors are shielded. Remove the shield and re- pair the short cir- cuit of harness.

# CM:DTC P0333 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2)

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-124, DTC P0333 KNOCK SENSOR 2 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Driving performance problem
- Knocking occurs

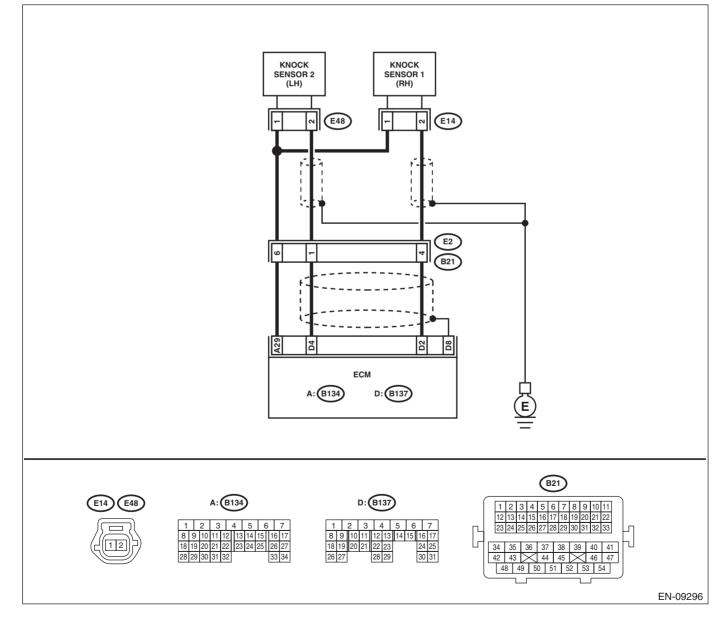
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

## WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND KNOCK SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 4 — (B134) No. 29:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 600 kΩ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK KNOCK SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from the knock sensor.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between knock sensor terminals.</li> <li><i>Terminals</i></li> <li><i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i></li> </ul>	Is the resistance 600 kΩ or more?	Replace the knock sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-37, Knock Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and knock sensor connector • Poor contact of knock sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector

# **CN:DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT**

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-125, DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>
- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
- Engine stalls.
- · Failure of engine to start

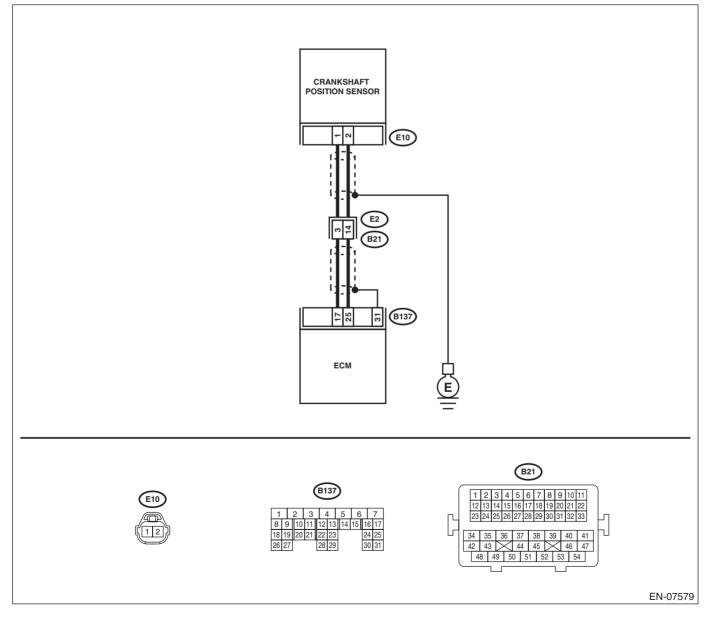
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR.	Is the crankshaft position sen- sor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step <b>2</b> .	Tighten the crank- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the crankshaft position sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between terminals of crankshaft position sensor connector.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 - No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance between 1 and 4 kΩ?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Replace the crank- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-31, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CON- NECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and crankshaft position sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 17 — (E10) No. 1: (B137) No. 25 — (E10) No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Repair the poor contact of ECM and crankshaft position sensor connector.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and crankshaft po- sition sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## CO:DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when 2 consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-127, DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK CONDITION OF CRANKSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR. Turn the ignition switch to OFF.	Is the crankshaft position sen- sor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 2.	Tighten the crank- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-32, INSTALLATION, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
2	CHECK CRANKSHAFT PLATE.	Is there crack or damage in the crankshaft plate teeth?	Replace the crank- shaft plate.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft, and align alignment mark on crank sprocket with alignment mark on cylin- der block. ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position?	Correct the instal- lation condition of timing chain. <ref. to ME(H6DO)-62, Timing Chain Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Replace the crank- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-31, Crankshaft Posi- tion Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## CP:DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SIN-GLE SENSOR)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

 GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-129, DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

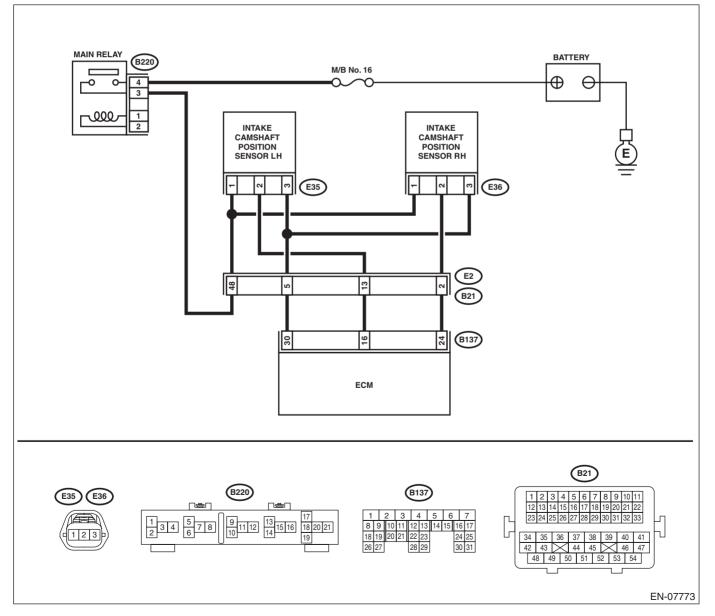
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector &amp; terminal (E36) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between main re- lay connector and camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and camshaft position sensor connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B137) No. 24 — (E36) No. 2: (B137) No. 30 — (E36) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E36) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair short cir- cuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the voltage between camshaft posi- tion sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E36) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and cam- shaft position sensor connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSI- TION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-35, INSTALLATION, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check the waveform of the camshaft position sensor. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-22,="" engine<br="" to="">Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal.&gt;</ref.>	Is there any abnormality in waveform?	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-34, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the follow- ing item. • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## CQ:DTC P0341 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0340. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-237, DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# CR:DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 2)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-132, DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

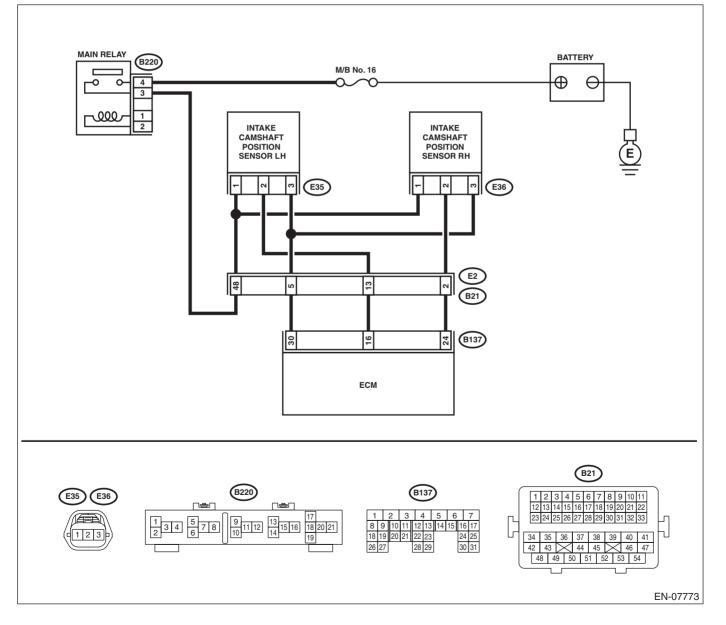
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E35) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between main re- lay connector and camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and camshaft position sensor connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B137) No. 16 – (E35) No. 2: (B137) No. 30 – (E35) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E35) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair short cir- cuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the voltage between camshaft posi- tion sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E35) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and cam- shaft position sensor connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSI- TION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-35, INSTALLATION, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check the waveform of the camshaft position sensor. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-22,="" engine<br="" to="">Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal.&gt;</ref.>	Is there any abnormality in waveform?	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-34, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the follow- ing item. • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## CS:DTC P0346 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE (BANK 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0345. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-240, DTC P0345 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **CT:DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT**

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

 GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-133, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECOND-ARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

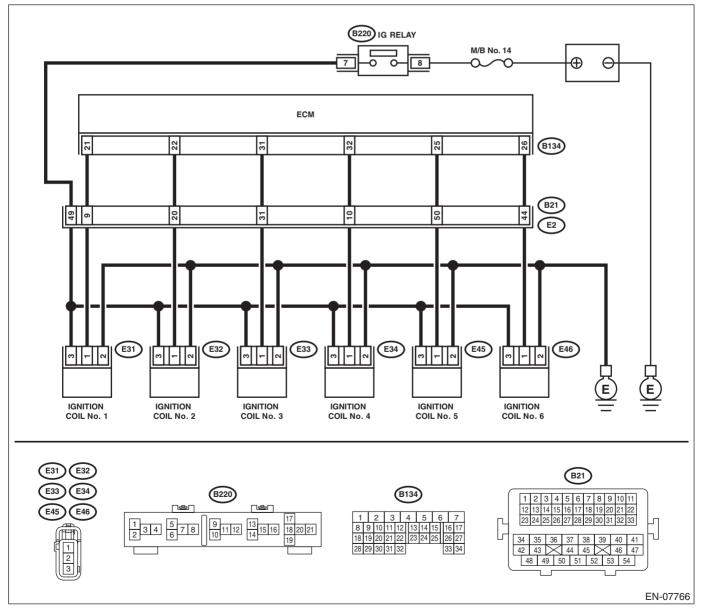
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start) <Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start) <Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector.
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	2) Disconnect the connector from ignition coil.			In this case, repair
	3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.			the following item:
	<ul><li>4) Measure the voltage between ignition coil</li></ul>			<ul> <li>Open circuit or</li> </ul>
	connector and engine ground.			
	Connector & terminal			short circuit to
				ground in harness
	DTC P0351; (E31) No. 3 (+) — Engine			of power supply
	ground (–):			circuit
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 3 (+) — Engine			Blown out of fuse
	ground (–):			(M/B No. 14)
	DTC P0353; (E33) No. 3 (+) — Engine			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
	ground (–):			IG relay connector
	DTC P0354; (E34) No. 3 (+) — Engine			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
	ground (–):			coupling connector
	DTC P0355; (E45) No. 3 (+) — Engine			<ul> <li>Faulty IG relay</li> </ul>
	ground (–):			
	DTC P0356; (E46) No. 3 (+) — Engine			
	ground (–):			
2	CHECK HARNESS OF IGNITION COIL	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open
	GROUND CIRCUIT.			circuit in harness
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			between ignition
	2) Measure the resistance of harness between			coil connector and
	ignition coil connector and engine ground.			engine grounding
	Connector & terminal			terminal.
	DTC P0351; (E31) No. 2 — Engine ground:			terminal.
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 2 — Engine ground: DTC P0352; (E32) No. 2 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 2 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 2 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0353; (E33) No. 2 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 2 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0355; (E45) No. 2 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 2 — Engine ground:			
3		Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or	Go to step 4.	Repair the ground
	NITION COIL CONNECTOR.	more?		short circuit of har-
	1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.			ness between
	<ol> <li>Measure the resistance between ignition</li> </ol>			ECM connector
	coil connector and engine ground.			and ignition coil
	Connector & terminal			connector.
				connector.
	DTC P0351; (E31) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG-	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Repair the harness
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR.		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector.
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE:
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and ignition coil connector.		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repai
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and ignition coil connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i>		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and ignition coil connector.		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item:
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and ignition coil connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i>		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit o
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and ignition coil connector. Connector & terminal DTC P0351; (B134) No. 21 — (E31) No. 1:		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground:           DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground:           DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground:           DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground:           DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground:           OTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground:           CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG-           NITION COIL CONNECTOR.           Measure the resistance of harness between           ECM connector and ignition coil connector.           Connector & terminal           DTC P0351; (B134) No. 21 — (E31) No. 1:           DTC P0352; (B134) No. 22 — (E32) No. 1:           DTC P0353; (B134) No. 31 — (E33) No. 1:		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repai the following item: • Open circuit o harness between ECM connecto
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground:         CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG-         NITION COIL CONNECTOR.         Measure the resistance of harness between         ECM connector and ignition coil connector.         Connector & terminal         DTC P0351; (B134) No. 21 — (E31) No. 1:         DTC P0352; (B134) No. 22 — (E32) No. 1:         DTC P0353; (B134) No. 31 — (E33) No. 1:         DTC P0354; (B134) No. 32 — (E34) No. 1:		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit o harness between ECM connecto and the ignition coi
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground:         CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG-         NITION COIL CONNECTOR.         Measure the resistance of harness between         ECM connector and ignition coil connector.         Connector & terminal         DTC P0351; (B134) No. 21 — (E31) No. 1:         DTC P0352; (B134) No. 31 — (E33) No. 1:         DTC P0353; (B134) No. 32 — (E34) No. 1:         DTC P0355; (B134) No. 25 — (E45) No. 1:		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repain the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and the ignition coi connector
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground:         CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG-         NITION COIL CONNECTOR.         Measure the resistance of harness between         ECM connector and ignition coil connector.         Connector & terminal         DTC P0351; (B134) No. 21 — (E31) No. 1:         DTC P0352; (B134) No. 22 — (E32) No. 1:         DTC P0353; (B134) No. 31 — (E33) No. 1:         DTC P0354; (B134) No. 32 — (E34) No. 1:		Go to step <b>5</b> .	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit o harness betweer ECM connecto and the ignition coi connector • Poor contact o
	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground: DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG- NITION COIL CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and ignition coil connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> DTC P0351; (B134) No. 21 — (E31) No. 1: DTC P0352; (B134) No. 22 — (E32) No. 1: DTC P0353; (B134) No. 31 — (E33) No. 1: DTC P0354; (B134) No. 32 — (E34) No. 1: DTC P0355; (B134) No. 25 — (E45) No. 1: DTC P0356; (B134) No. 26 — (E46) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?		and connector. NOTE: In this case, repain the following item: • Open circuit or harness between ECM connector and the ignition coi connector • Poor contact or coupling connector
4	DTC P0352; (E32) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0353; (E33) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0354; (E34) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0355; (E45) No. 1 — Engine ground:         DTC P0356; (E46) No. 1 — Engine ground:         CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND IG-         NITION COIL CONNECTOR.         Measure the resistance of harness between         ECM connector and ignition coil connector.         Connector & terminal         DTC P0351; (B134) No. 21 — (E31) No. 1:         DTC P0352; (B134) No. 31 — (E33) No. 1:         DTC P0353; (B134) No. 32 — (E34) No. 1:         DTC P0355; (B134) No. 25 — (E45) No. 1:		Go to step <b>5</b> . Repair the poor contact of ECM	and connector. NOTE: In this case, repain the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and the ignition coi connector • Poor contact of

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	<ul> <li>CHECK SPARK PLUG CONDITION.</li> <li>1) Remove the spark plug of the corresponding cylinder. <ref. ig(h6do)-4,="" plug.="" removal,="" spark="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>2) Check the spark plug condition. <ref. ig(h6do)-5,="" inspection,="" plug.="" spark="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Is the spark plug condition nor- mal?	tion coil. <ref. to<br="">IG(H6DO)-7, Igni-</ref.>	Replace the spark plug. <ref. to<br="">IG(H6DO)-4, Spark Plug.&gt;</ref.>

## **CU:DTC P0352 IGNITION COIL B PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-243, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **CV:DTC P0353 IGNITION COIL C PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-243, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **CW:DTC P0354 IGNITION COIL D PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-243, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### CX:DTC P0355 IGNITION COIL E PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-243, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## **CY:DTC P0356 IGNITION COIL F PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0351. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-243, DTC P0351 IGNITION COIL A PRIMARY/SECONDARY CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# CZ:DTC P0365 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "B" CIRCUIT (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-135, DTC P0365 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "B" CIRCUIT (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

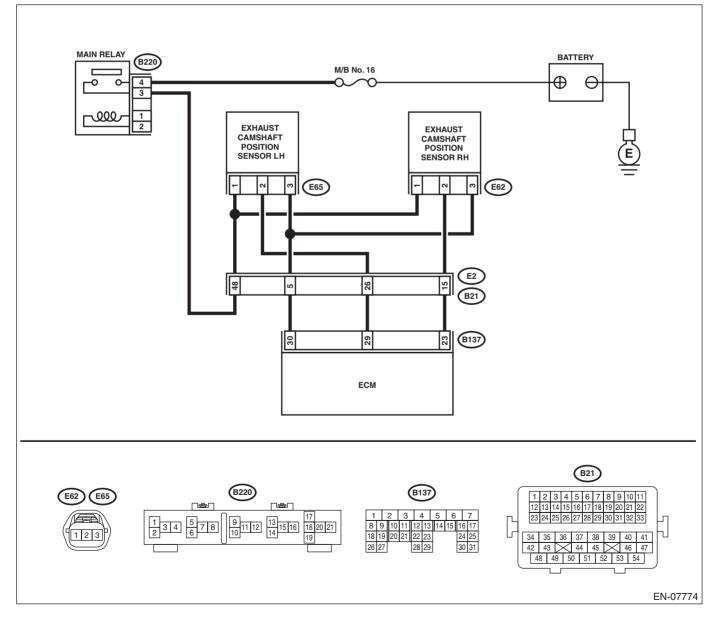
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E62) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between main re- lay connector and camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and camshaft position sensor connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B137) No. 23 — (E62) No. 2: (B137) No. 30 — (E62) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E62) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair short cir- cuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the voltage between camshaft posi- tion sensor connector and engine ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E62) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and cam- shaft position sensor connector.	Go to step 5.
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSI- TION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step 6.	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-35, INSTALLATION, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check the waveform of the camshaft position sensor. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-22,="" engine<br="" to="">Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal.&gt;</ref.>	Is there any abnormality in waveform?	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-34, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the follow- ing item. • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## DA:DTC P0366 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR B CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE (BANK 1)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0365. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-246, DTC P0365 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "B" CIRCUIT (BANK 1), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## DB:DTC P0390 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "B" CIRCUIT (BANK 2)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-138, DTC P0390 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "B" CIRCUIT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

- **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**
- Engine stalls.
- Failure of engine to start

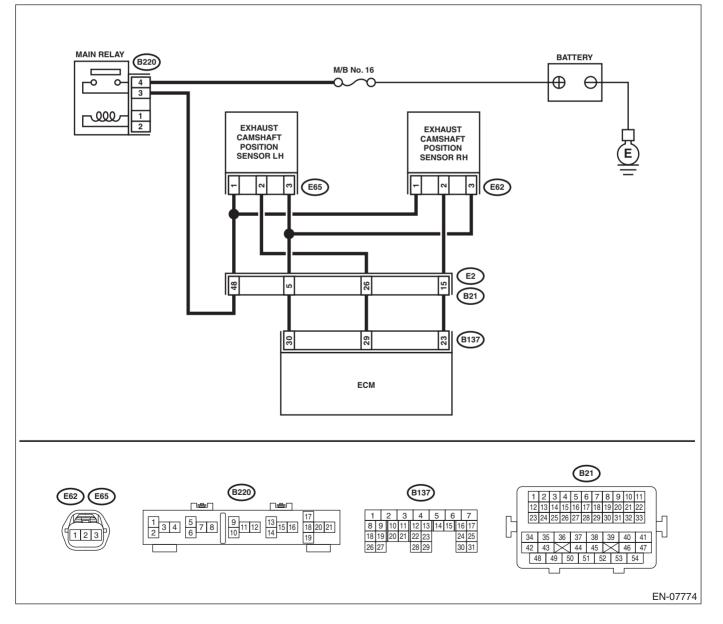
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from camshaft position sensor.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector &amp; terminal (E65) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit or short circuit to ground in harness between main re- lay connector and camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and camshaft position sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 29 — (E65) No. 2: (B137) No. 30 — (E65) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between camshaft position sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E65) No. 2 — Engine ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair short cir- cuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and camshaft posi- tion sensor con- nector.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the voltage between camshaft posi- tion sensor connector and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E65) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and cam- shaft position sensor connector.	Go to step <b>5</b> .
5	CHECK CONDITION OF CAMSHAFT POSI- TION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor installation bolt tightened securely?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor installation bolt securely. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-35, INSTALLATION, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
6	CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR. Check the waveform of the camshaft position sensor. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-22,="" engine<br="" to="">Control Module (ECM) I/O Signal.&gt;</ref.>	Is there any abnormality in waveform?	Replace the cam- shaft position sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-34, Camshaft Position Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the follow- ing item. • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of camshaft position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## DC:DTC P0391 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR B CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE (BANK 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0390. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-249, DTC P0390 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "B" CIRCUIT (BANK 2), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## DD:DTC P0400 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION FLOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-139, DTC P0400 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION FLOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Movement performance problem when engine is low speed.
- Improper idling
- Movement performance problem

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Mani. Absolute Pressure» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Make sure that the EGR control valve, manifold absolute pressure sensor and throttle body are installed securely.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK EGR CONTROL VALVE. Remove the EGR control valve.	Are there any holes, clogged lines or foreign matters in the EGR system?	Repair the EGR system.	Replace EGR con- trol valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-42, EGR Valve.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## DE:DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-142, DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BE-
- LOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>
- TROUBLE SYMPTOM:
- Engine stalls.
- Idle mixture is out of specifications.

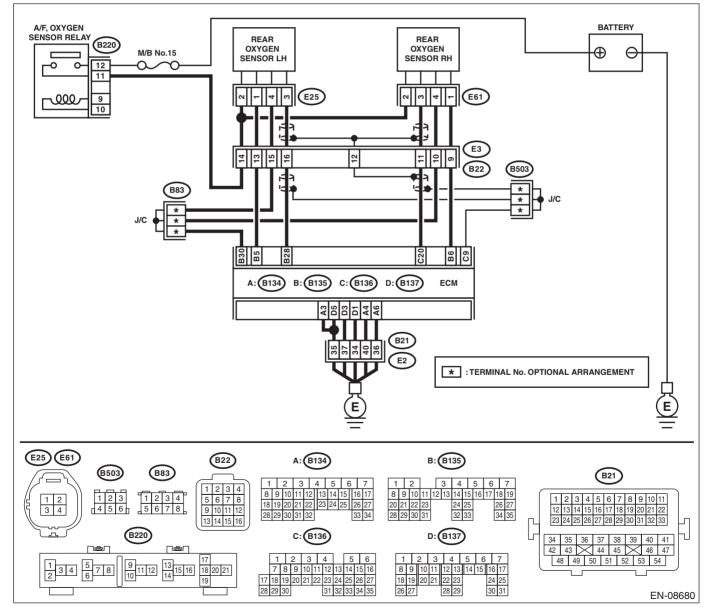
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



## EN(H6DO)(diag)-253

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.</li> <li>Check for gas leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts, and open hole at exhaust pipes.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Check the following positions.</li> <li>Between cylinder head and front exhaust pipe</li> <li>Between front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter</li> <li>Between front catalytic converter and rear catalytic converter</li> <li>Loose or improperly attached front oxygen (A/F) sensor or rear oxygen sensor</li> </ul>		Repair or replace the exhaust sys- tem. <ref. to<br="">EX(H6DO)-2, Gen- eral Description.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK WAVEFORM DATA ON THE SUBA- RU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE DRIVING). 1) Drive at a constant speed between 80 — 112 km/h (50 — 70 MPH). 2) After 5 minutes have elapsed in the condi- tion of step 1), use the Subaru Select Monitor while still driving to read the waveform data. • At normal condition Image: Check Waveform data         Image: Check Waveform data         Imag	Is a normal waveform displayed?	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.	Go to step 3.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	CHECK WAVEFORM DATA ON THE SUBA- RU SELECT MONITOR (WHILE IDLING). 1) Run the engine at idle. 2) In the condition of step 1), use the Subaru Select Monitor to read the waveform data. • At normal condition	Is a normal waveform dis- played?	Go to step 4.	<ul> <li>The waveform is displayed at abnormal condition 1:Go to step 4.</li> <li>The waveform is displayed at abnormal condition 2:Go to step 5.</li> </ul>
	REAR OXYGEN SENSOR VOLTAGE (V)			
	10 sec/div EN-06668			
	At abnormal condition 1 (numerous inversion)			
	REAR OXYGEN SENSOR VOLTAGE (V)			
	10 sec/div EN-06669			
	At abnormal condition 2 (noise input)			
	REAR OXYGEN SENSOR VOLTAGE (V) 0			
	10 sec/div EN-06670			
4	CHECK CATALYTIC CONVERTER.	Is the catalytic converter dam- aged?	Replace the cata- lytic converter. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-3, Front Catalytic Converter.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step <b>5</b> .
5	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>6</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4: (B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?		Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
7	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SHIELD.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Expose the rear oxygen sensor connector body side harness sensor shield.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between sensor shield and chassis ground.</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 8.	Repair the open circuit of rear oxy- gen sensor har- ness.
8	CHECK ENGINE OIL AMOUNT AND EX- HAUST GAS. 1) Check the engine oil amount. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, INSPECTION, Engine Oil.&gt; 2) Check exhaust gas during idling.</ref.>	Does the engine oil amount drop or white smoke emit from the muffler?	Check the engine, and repair the defective part. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-132, INSPECTION, Engine Trouble in General.&gt; After repairing the engine, replace the catalytic con- verter. <ref. to<br="">EX(H6DO)-5, Front Exhaust Pipe.&gt; After the catalytic converter is replaced, perform step 2 to check the normal waveform is displayed, and then exit the proce- dure.</ref.></ref.>	Go to step 9.
9	<ul> <li>CHECK IGNITION SYSTEM.</li> <li>1) Check the spark plug. <ref. ig(h6do)-5,="" inspection,="" plug.="" spark="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>2) Check the status of the ignition coil connector and the spark plug terminal.</li> </ul>	Is there any fault in the ignition system?	After repairing the ignition system, replace the cata- lytic converter. <ref. to<br="">EX(H6DO)-5, Front Exhaust Pipe.&gt; After the catalytic converter is replaced, perform step 2 to check the normal waveform is displayed, and then exit the proce- dure.</ref.>	Go to step 10.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	<ul> <li>CHECK FUEL SYSTEM.</li> <li>1) Refer to and check the items in "Insufficient fuel supply to fuel injector (except for "a. Fuel pump does not operate.")" and "Leakage or blow out of fuel". <ref. fu(h6do)-86,="" fuel="" general.="" in="" inspection,="" system="" to="" trouble=""></ref.></li> <li>2) Check throttle body. <ref. body.="" fu(h6do)-20,="" inspection,="" throttle="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>3) Check intake manifold. <ref. fu(h6do)-28,="" inspection,="" intake="" manifold.="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Is there any fault in the fuel sys- tem?	After repairing the fuel system, replace the cata- lytic converter. <ref. to<br="">EX(H6DO)-5, Front Exhaust Pipe.&gt; After the catalytic converter is replaced, perform step 2 to check the normal waveform is displayed, and then exit the proce- dure.</ref.>	Go to step 11.
11	CHECK DTC.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt; After checking the DTC, replace the catalytic con- verter. <ref. to<br="">EX(H6DO)-5, Front Exhaust Pipe.&gt; After the catalytic converter is replaced, perform step 2 to check the normal waveform is displayed, and then exit the proce- dure.</ref.></ref.>	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>

DF:DTC P0441 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS. INCORRECT PURGE FLOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when 2 consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-144, DTC P0441 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT.

SYS. INCORRECT PURGE FLOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

**TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** 

Improper idling

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Operate the purge control solenoid valve using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed procedures, refer to "System Oper- ation Check Mode". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-<br="" to="">65, System Operation Check Mode.&gt;</ref.>	Does the purge control sole- noid valve operate?	Go to step 3.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-10, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
3	<ul> <li>CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LINE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Check the delivery (test) mode fuse is removed.</li> </ul>	Are there holes, cracks, clog- ging, or disconnection, miscon- nection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	Repair or replace the hoses or pipes.	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

## DG:DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/ SWITCH RANGE/PERFORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-147, DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/SWITCH RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).</li> <li>2) Using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool, read the value in «Atmosphere Pressure» and «Mani. Absolute Pressure», and compare them with the actual atmospheric pressure.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>• Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>• General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>• To read the actual atmospheric pressure, connect the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool to the other known good vehicle.</li> </ul>	Is the difference with the actual atmospheric pressure 2.4 kPa (17.8 mmHg, 0.7 inHg) or more?	deviation from the actual atmospheric pressure than the other. • If deviations in value for «Atmo- sphere Pressure» is larger: Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.</td></ref.>	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.

DH:DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/ SWITCH LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-149, DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/SWITCH LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

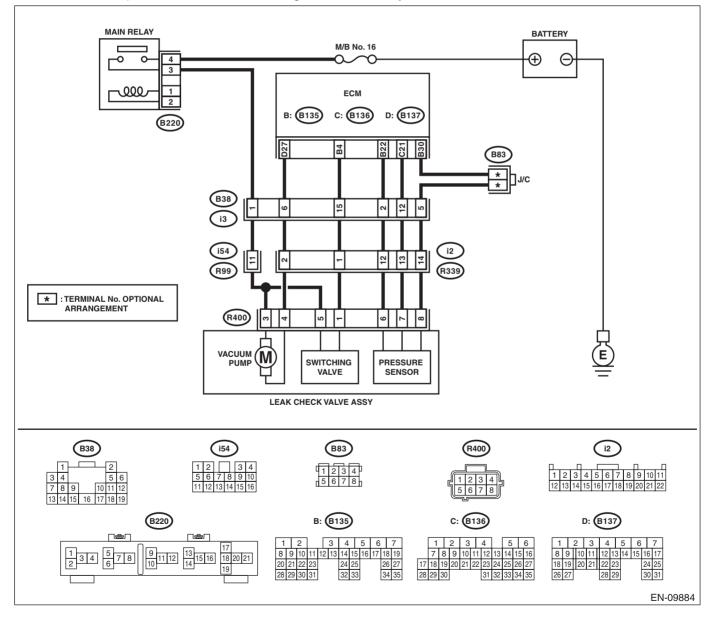
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Atmosphere Pressure» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value in «Atmosphere Pressure» 34 kPa (255 mmHg, 10 inHg) or less?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from the leak check valve assembly.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between the leak check valve assembly connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R400) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 21 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and leak check valve assembly connector.
4	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of leak check valve assembly connector.	Is there poor contact in the leak check valve assembly connec- tor?	Repair the poor contact in the leak check valve assembly connec- tor.	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>

## DI: DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/ SWITCH HIGH

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-151, DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR/SWITCH HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

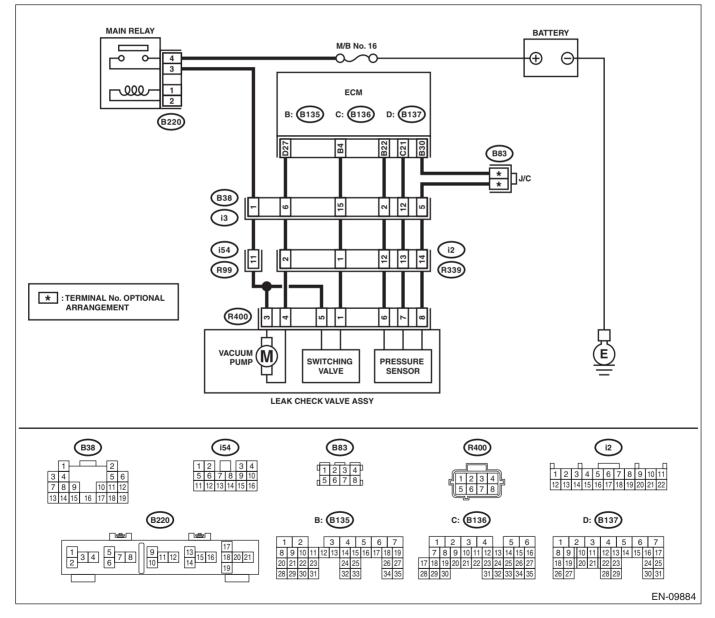
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK CURRENT DATA.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Atmosphere Pressure» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>• Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>• General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value in «Atmosphere Pressure» 125 kPa (938 mmHg, 36.9 inHg) or more?	Go to step 2.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and the leak check valve assembly.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 21 — (R400) No. 7: (B135) No. 30 — (R400) No. 8:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of joint connector
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM and the leak check valve assembly connector.	Is there poor contact in ECM and the leak check valve assembly connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM and the leak check valve assembly connector.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY. Check the pressure sensor of the leak check valve assembly. <ref. ec(h6do)-17,<br="" to="">CHECK PRESSURE SENSOR, INSPECTION, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>	Is the pressure sensor of the leak check valve assembly OK?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and leak check valve assembly connector.	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

# DJ:DTC P0455 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when 2 consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-153, DTC P0455 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Fuel odor
- There is a hole of more than 1.0 mm (0.04 in) dia. in evaporation system or fuel tank.
- Fuel filler cap loose or lost

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Check the fuel filler cap.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The DTC is stored in memory if fuel filler cap is or was loose or if the cap chain has caught while tightening.</li> </ul>		Go to step 2.	Tighten fuel filler cap securely.
2	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP.	Is the fuel filler cap genuine?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Replace with a genuine fuel filler cap.
3	CHECK FUEL FILLER PIPE GASKET.	Is there any damage to the seal between fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe?	Repair or replace the fuel filler cap and fuel filler pipe. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-68, Fuel Filler Pipe.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Check air-tightness of the purge control sole- noid valve. <ref. ec(h6do)-11,="" inspec-<br="" to="">TION, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>	Is the purge control solenoid valve OK?	Go to step 5.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-10, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- TROL SYSTEM LINE.	Are there holes on the evapora- tion line?	Repair or replace the evaporation line. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-80, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step <b>6</b> .
6	CHECK CANISTER.	Are there holes on the canis- ter?	Replace the canis- ter. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-6, Can- ister.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 7.
7	CHECK LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY.	Are there damage or holes on the leak check valve assembly?	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 8.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK FUEL TANK. Remove the fuel tank. <ref. fu(h6do)-61,<br="" to="">Fuel Tank.&gt;</ref.>	Are there damage or holes on the fuel tank?	Repair or replace the fuel tank. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-61, Fuel Tank.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step <b>9</b> .
9	CHECK ANY OTHER MECHANICAL TROU- BLE IN EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- TROL SYSTEM.	Are there holes, cracks, clog- ging, or disconnection, miscon- nection of hoses or pipes in evaporative emission control system?	the hoses or pipes.	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

## DK:DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (VERY SMALL LEAK)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0455. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-264, DTC P0455 EVAPORA-TIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (LARGE LEAK), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).> ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## DL:DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-160, DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

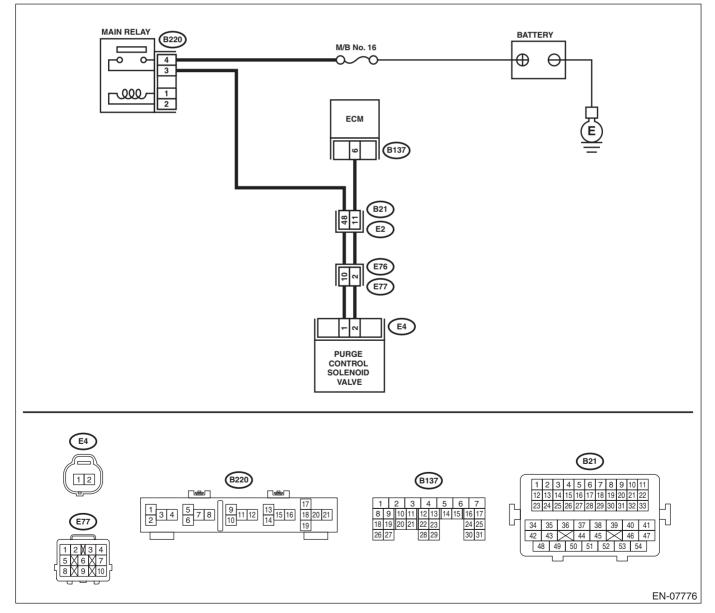
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



## EN(H6DO)(diag)-266

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal</li> <li>(B137) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Go to step 3.
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary open or short circuit of har- ness or temporary poor contact of connector may be the cause.
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO PURGE CON- TROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the voltage between purge control solenoid valve and engine ground. Connector & terminal (E4) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the power supply circuit.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CON- NECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and purge control solenoid valve.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between the purge control solenoid valve connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E4) No. 2 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and purge control solenoid valve con- nector.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CON- NECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and purge control solenoid valve. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 6 — (E4) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and purge control solenoid valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	<ul> <li>CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID</li> <li>VALVE.</li> <li>1) Remove the purge control solenoid valve.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance $10 - 100 \Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of purge control solenoid valve connector.	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-10, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

## DM:DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH

## DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-162, DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

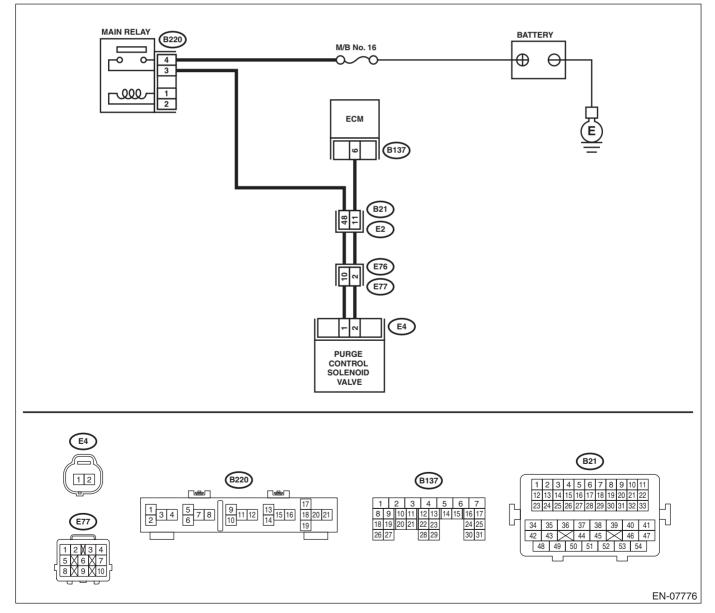
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



## EN(H6DO)(diag)-269

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and purge control solenoid valve.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and purge control solenoid valve connector.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID</li> <li>VALVE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between purge control solenoid valve terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 - No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Replace the purge control solenoid valve. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-10, Purge Control Solenoid Valve.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

## DN:DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-164, DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos-</ref.>	Replace the fuel level sensor and fuel sub level sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-73, Fuel Level Sen- sor.&gt; <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-75, Fuel Sub Level Sensor.&gt;</ref.></ref.>

## DO:DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0463. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-272, DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## DP:DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-168, DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	Step CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check the combi- nation meter. <ref. to IDI-14, INSPEC- TION, Combina- tion Meter System.&gt;</ref. 	Even if DTC is detected, the cir-
				short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.

## DQ:DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR "A"

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-170, DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR "A", Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

Step	Check	Yes	No
CHECK DTC OF VDC. Check DTC of VDC.	Is DTC of VDC displayed?	nosis according to	connector.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## DR:DTC P0506 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-171, DTC P0506 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Hard to start the engine.
- Engine does not start.
- Improper idling
- Engine stalls.

#### **CAUTION:**

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul><li>CHECK AIR CLEANER ELEMENT.</li><li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li><li>2) Check the air cleaner element.</li></ul>	Is there excessive clogging on air cleaner element?	Replace the air cleaner element. <ref. to<br="">IN(H6DO)-4, Air Cleaner Element.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Remove the electronic throttle control.</li> <li>2) Check the electronic throttle control.</li> </ul>	Are foreign matter found inside electronic throttle control?	Remove foreign matter from elec- tronic throttle con- trol.	Perform the diag- nosis of DTC P2101. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 358, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CON- TROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## DS:DTC P0507 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-172, DTC P0507 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

Engine keeps running at higher speed than specified idle speed.

#### **CAUTION:**

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.</li> <li>1) Start and idle the engine.</li> <li>2) Check the following items.</li> <li>Loose installation of intake manifold and throttle body</li> <li>Cracks of intake manifold gasket and throttle body gasket</li> <li>Disconnection of vacuum hoses</li> </ul>	Is there any fault in air intake system?	Repair air suction and leaks.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the electronic throttle control.</li> <li>3) Check the electronic throttle control.</li> </ul>	Are foreign matter found inside electronic throttle control?	Remove foreign matter from elec- tronic throttle con- trol.	Perform the diag- nosis of DTC P2101. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 358, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CON- TROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Proce- dure with Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## DT:DTC P050A COLD START IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-173, DTC P050A COLD START IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Engine keeps running at higher speed than specified idle speed.
- Engine keeps running at a lower speed than the specified idle speed.
- Engine stalls.

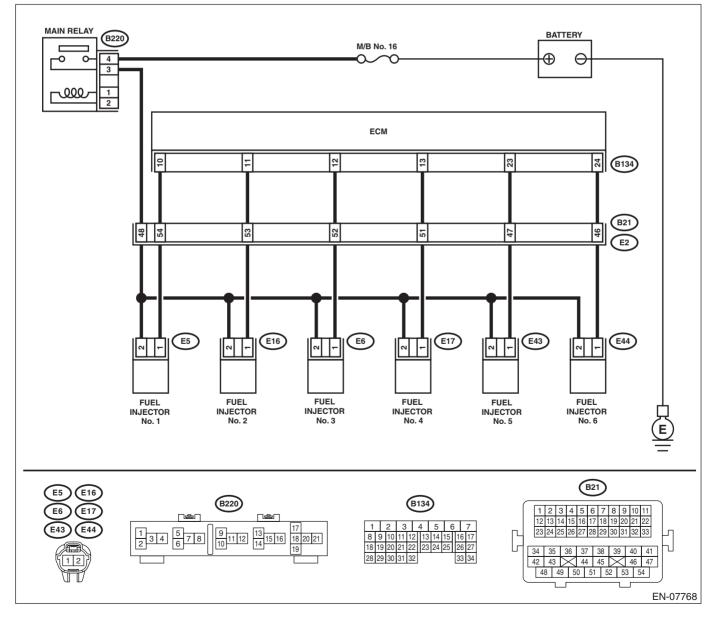
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

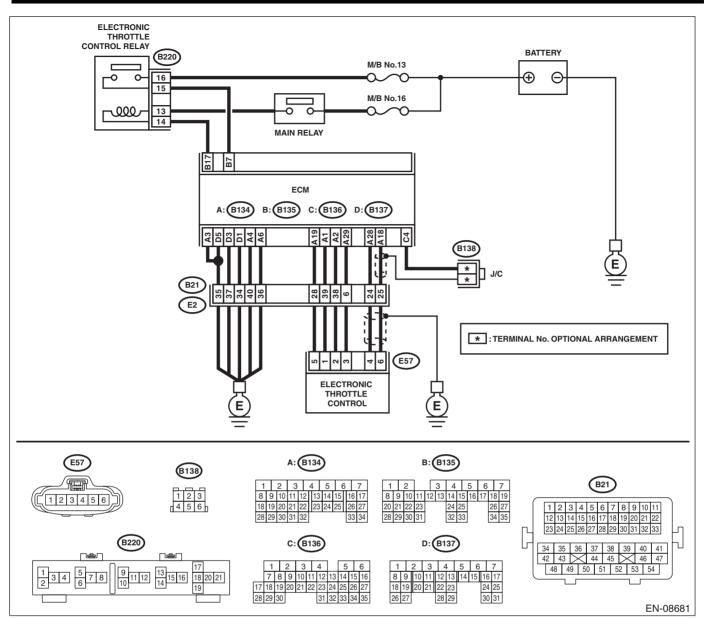
• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



## EN(H6DO)(diag)-275

## **Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)** ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ENGINE OIL.	Is there a proper amount of engine oil?	Go to step 3.	Replace engine oil. <ref. to<br="">LU(H6DO)-10, REPLACEMENT, Engine Oil.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step <b>4</b> .

## EN(H6DO)(diag)-276

	Step	Check	Yes	No
4	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step <b>5</b> .
5	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>	Is the measured value 340 — 400 kPa (3.5 — 4.1 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , 49 — 58 psi)?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 
6	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up completely.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Coolant Temp.» 75°C (167°F) or more?	Go to step 7.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>
7	<ul> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>• Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>• General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Mass Air Flow» 2.0 — 5.0 g/s (0.26 — 0.66 lb/m)?	Go to step 8.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
9	CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR. 1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F). 2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range. 3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF. 4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF. 5) Open the front hood. 6) Measure the ambient temperature. 7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool. NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt; • General scan tool For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual. CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground on faulty cylinders. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> #1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</ref. 	Subtract ambient temperature from «Intake Air Temp.». Is the obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18 — 90°F)?	Go to step <b>1</b> 4.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
10	<ul> <li>#6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between fuel injec- tor connector and engine ground on faulty cylin- ders.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground: #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground: #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground: #4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground: #5 (E43) No. 1 — Engine ground: #6 (E44) No. 1 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 11.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
11	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM and fuel injector on faulty cylinders. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> #1 (B134) No. 10 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B134) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B134) No. 12 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B134) No. 13 — (E17) No. 1: #5 (B134) No. 23 — (E43) No. 1: #6 (B134) No. 24 — (E44) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?		Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
12	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>13</b> .	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
13	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector and engine ground on faulty cylinders.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> <ul> <li>#1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#5 (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#6 (E44) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of all con- nectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between the main relay and fuel injector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of main relay connec- tor
14	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground on faulty cylinders. Connector & terminal #1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):		Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector.	Go to step 15.
15	<ul> <li>CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 — No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>16</b> .	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
16	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor or crankshaft position sensor.	Go to step <b>17</b> .

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	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	CHECK CRANK PLATE.	Is the crank sprocket rusted or the teeth of crank plate broken?	Replace the crank plate. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-105, Cylinder Block.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 18.
18	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align the alignment mark on crank sprocket with align- ment mark on cylinder block. ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position?	Correct the instal- lation condition of timing chain. <ref. to ME(H6DO)-62, Timing Chain Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step <b>19</b> .
19	<ul> <li>CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.</li> <li>3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 13 and No. 14 of electronic throttle control relay.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.</li> <li><i>Terminals</i></li> <li><i>No. 15 — No. 16:</i></li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 20.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 9, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
20	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B220) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 21.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
21	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B220) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control relay.	Go to step 22.
22	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B220) No. 14 — Chassis ground: (B220) No. 15 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 23.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control relay.
23	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and electronic throttle control relay connec- tor. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 17 — (B220) No. 14: (B135) No. 7 — (B220) No. 15:	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 24.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control relay.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
24	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i></li> <li>(B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground:</li> <li>(B134) No. 18 — (B136) No. 4:</li> <li>(B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>25</b> .	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.
25	<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(E57) No. 6 — Engine ground:</li> <li>(E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>26</b> .	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>
26	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 27.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
27	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 28.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
28	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 29.

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	Step	Check	Yes	No
29	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 18: (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>30</b> .	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.
30	<ul> <li>CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT.</li> <li>1) Connect all connectors.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Read the value of «Main-Throttle Sensor» using Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Is the value of «Main-Throttle Sensor» 0.81 — 0.87 V?	Go to step 31.	Repair the poor contact of elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector. Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>
31	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the value of «Sub-Throttle Sensor» using Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. 	Is the value of «Sub-Throttle Sensor» 1.64 — 1.70 V?	Go to step 32.	Repair the poor contact of elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector. Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>
32	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 1 — (E57) No. 1: (B134) No. 2 — (E57) No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 33.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control • Poor contact of coupling connector
33	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MO- TOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control.	Go to step 34.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
34	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MO- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 2 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 1 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>35</b> .	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control.
35	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL MOTOR HARNESS. Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connectors. Connector & terminal (E57) No. 2 — (E57) No. 1:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step <b>36</b> .	Repair the short circuit in harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control.
36	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 4 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground: (B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 37.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of coupling connector
37	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL. Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 50 $\Omega$ or less?	Go to step <b>38</b> .	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>
38	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL. Move the throttle valve to the fully open and fully closed positions with fingers. Check that the valve returns to the specified position when releasing fingers.	Does the valve return to the specified position? Standard value: 3 mm (0.12 in) from fully closed position	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>

## **DU:DTC P050B COLD START IGNITION TIMING PERFORMANCE**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P050A. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-275, DTC P050A COLD START IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## **DV:DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT**

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-177, DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

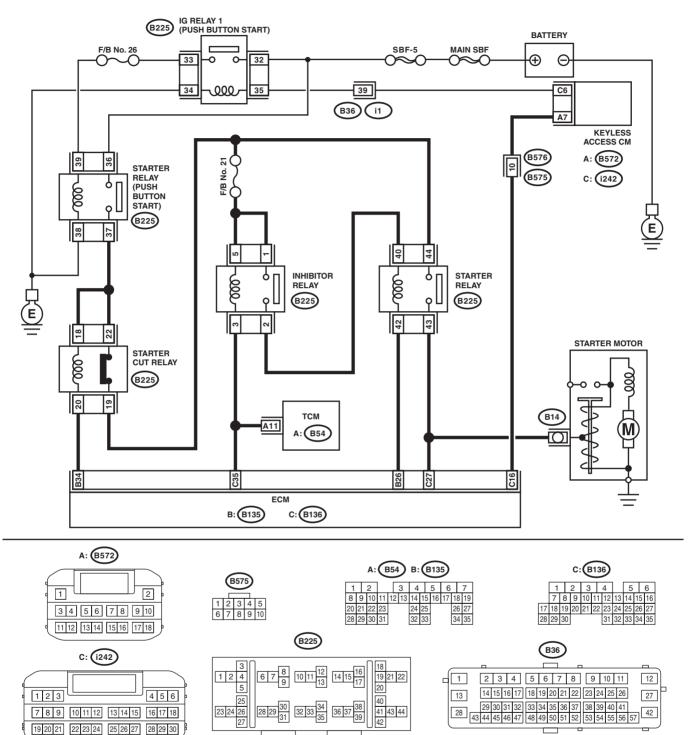
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

#### CAUTION:

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



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EN-09881

(B)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK PUSH BUTTON IGNITION SWITCH. Operate the push button ignition switch.	Does it operate smoothly with- out catch?	Go to step 2.	Replace the push button ignition switch. <ref. to<br="">SL-109, Push But- ton Ignition Switch.&gt;</ref.>
2	<ul> <li>CHECK DTC.</li> <li>1) Clear the memory using the Subaru Select Monitor. <ref. clear<br="" en(h6do)(diag)-64,="" to="">Memory Mode.&gt;</ref.></li> <li>2) Start and idle the engine for three minutes or more.</li> </ul>	Is the same DTC as current diagnosis output?	Go to step 3.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND KEYLESS ACCESS CM.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM con- nector and keyless access CM con- nector.	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

## DW:DTC P0560 SYSTEM VOLTAGE

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

• Immediately at fault recognition

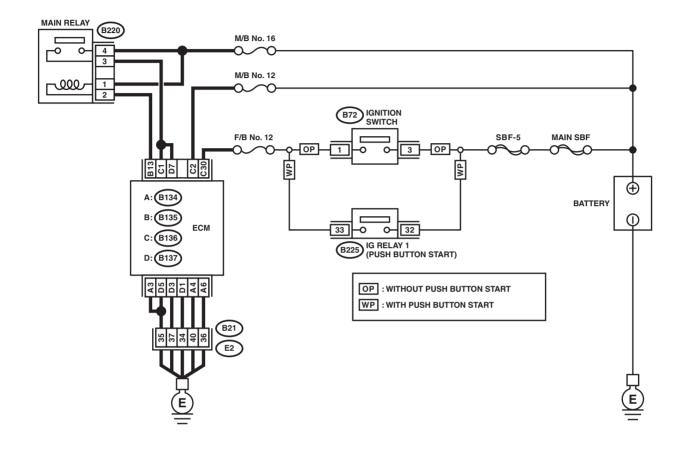
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-178, DTC P0560 SYSTEM VOLTAGE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

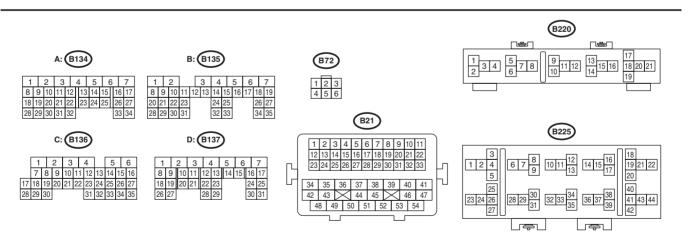
#### CAUTION:

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>





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	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK INPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal</li> <li>(B136) No. 2 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND MAIN FUSE BOX CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 2 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and battery termi- nal.
3	CHECK M/B FUSE NO. 12.	Is the fuse blown out?	Replace the fuse.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and battery • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of battery terminal

## DX:DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

 GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-179, DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RAN-DOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine does not start.
- Engine stalls.

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary poor con- tact of connector, temporary open or short circuit of har- ness may be the cause.

### DY:DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0606. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-291, DTC P0606 CONTROL MODULE PROCESSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

# DZ:DTC P0606 CONTROL MODULE PROCESSOR

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-181, DTC P0606 CONTROL MODULE PROCESSOR, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

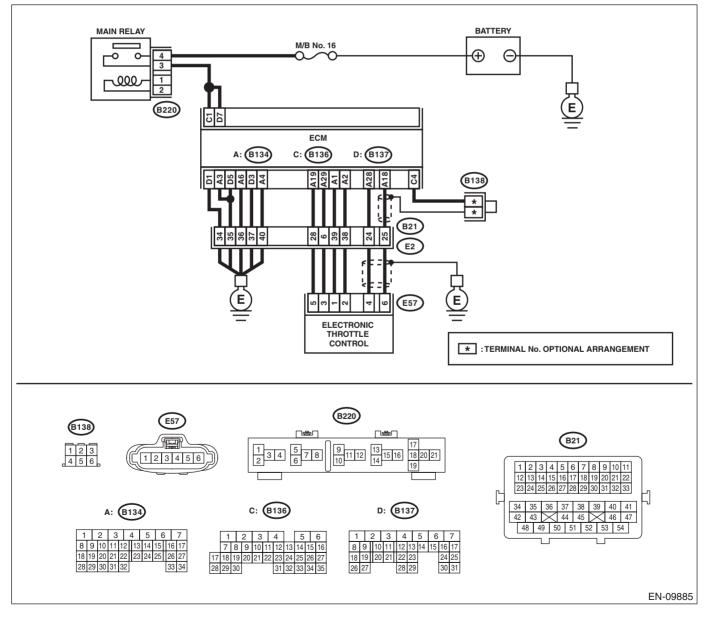
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal</li> <li>(B136) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>(B137) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 — 13 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK INPUT VOLTAGE OF ECM.</li> <li>1) Start the engine.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B136) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>(B137) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the voltage 13 — 15 V?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 19 — (E57) No. 5: (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK ECM GROUND HARNESS.</li> <li>1) Connect all connectors.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>(B134) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>(B134) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>(B137) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>(B137) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> <li>(B137) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in ground circuit • Loose engine ground terminal • Poor contact of coupling connector

### EA:DTC P060A INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE MONITORING PROCESSOR PERFORMANCE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0606. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-291, DTC P0606 CONTROL MODULE PROCESSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### EB:DTC P060B INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE A/D PROCESSING PERFOR-MANCE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0606. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-291, DTC P0606 CONTROL MODULE PROCESSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### ENGINE (DIAGN

## EC:DTC P0616 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT LOW

### 1. MODEL WITHOUT PUSH BUTTON START

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

· Failure of engine to start

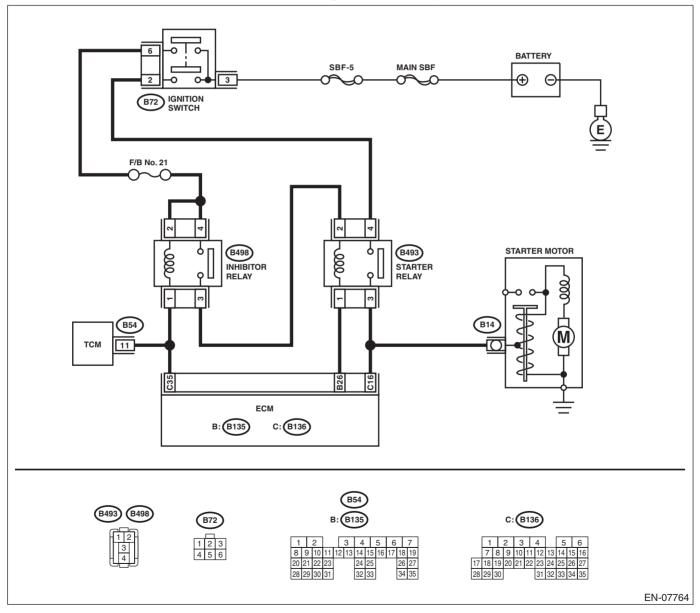
• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-187, DTC P0616 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITHOUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the starter relay.</li> <li>3) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and starter motor.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 16 — (B493) No. 3:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM con- nector and starter relay connector.
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 16 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector.

### 2. MODEL WITH PUSH BUTTON START

**DTC DETECTING CONDITION:** Immediately at fault recognition

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

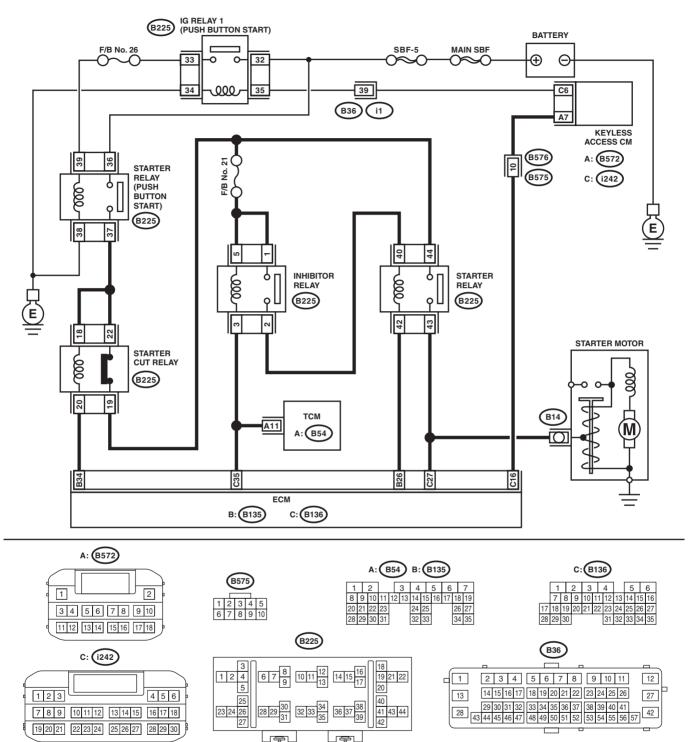
• Failure of engine to start

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-293, DTC P0616 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

#### CAUTION:

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



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	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Remove the starter relay.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 27 — (B225) No. 43:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM con nector and starter relay connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from starter motor.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 27 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector.

ED:DTC P0617 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT HIGH

### 1. MODEL WITHOUT PUSH BUTTON START

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

 GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-188, DTC P0617 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

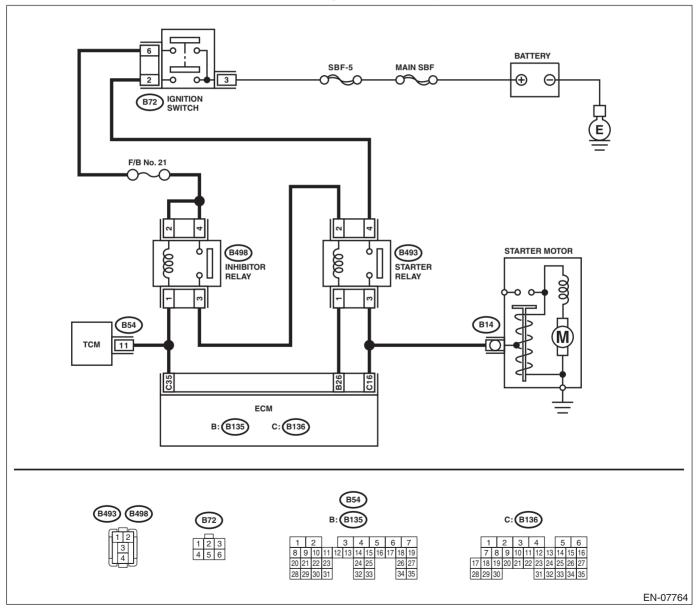
Failure of engine to start

#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITHOUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector.	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

### 2. MODEL WITH PUSH BUTTON START

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-188, DTC P0617 STARTER RELAY CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

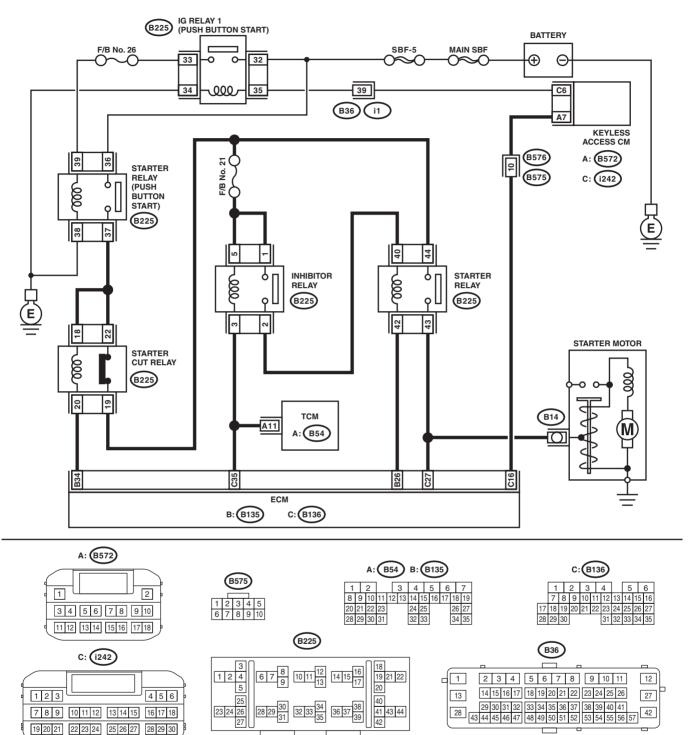
#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

Failure of engine to start

#### CAUTION:

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



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(B)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK STARTER MOTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition to ON.</li> <li>2) Check the starter motor condition.</li> </ul>	Is the starter motor rotating?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to power supply. NOTE: In this case, repair the following har- nesses: • Short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector • Short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM connector and starter motor • Short circuit to power supply in harness between starter relay con- nector and starter motor
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN STARTER CUT RELAY CONNECTOR AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from starter motor.</li> <li>3) Remove the starter cut relay, starter relay and inhibitor relay.</li> <li>4) Turn the ignition to ON.</li> <li>5) Measure the voltage between starter relay connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B225) No. 44 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power supply in harness between starter cut relay connector and starter relay connector.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK STARTER CUT RELAY.</li> <li>1) Connect the battery to starter cut relay terminals No. 18 and No. 20.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between starter cut relay terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 19 — No. 22:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 6.	Replace the starter cut relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 9, LOCATION, Electrical Compo- nent Location.&gt; Go to step <b>4</b>.</ref.>
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal</li> <li>(B135) No. 26 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or more?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector.
5	CHECK STARTER RELAY. Measure the resistance between starter relay terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 43 — No. 44:</i>	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Replace the starter relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 9, LOCATION, Electrical Compo- nent Location.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

Step	Check	Yes	No
<ul> <li>6 CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM, START- ER RELAY CONNECTOR AND STARTER MOTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>		Repair the short circuit to power supply. NOTE: In this case, repair the following har- nesses: • Short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM connector and starter relay connector • Short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM connector and starter motor • Short circuit to power supply in harness between starter relay con- nector and starter motor	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

# EE:DTC P062F INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE EEPROM ERROR

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0606. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-291, DTC P0606 CONTROL MODULE PROCESSOR, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## EF:DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to AT section. <Ref. to 5AT(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

## EG:DTC P081A STARTER DISABLE CIRCUIT LOW

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-192, DTC P081A STARTER DISABLE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

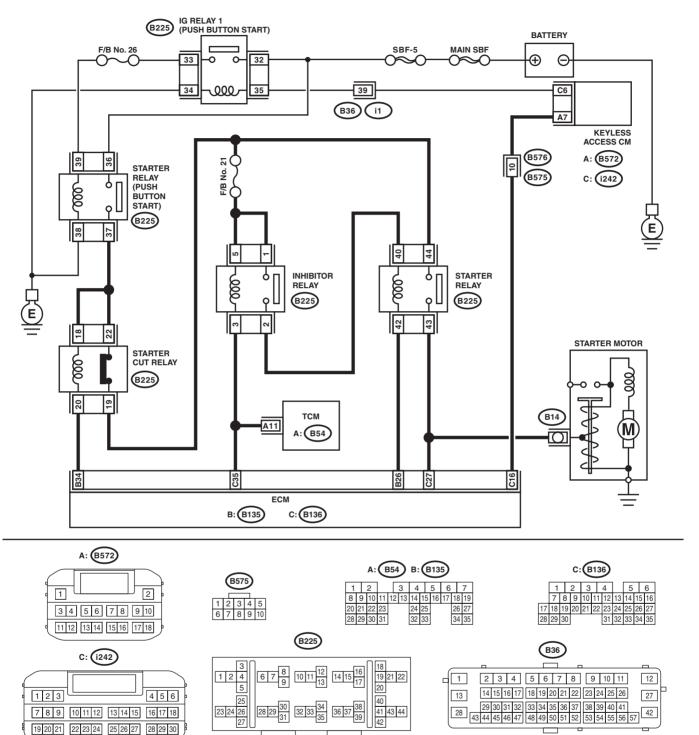
TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Failure of engine to start

#### CAUTION:

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



EN-09881

(B)

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN STARTER RE- LAY (PUSH BUTTON START) CONNECTOR AND STARTER CUT RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the starter relay (push button start) and starter cut relay.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between starter relay (push button start) connector and starter cut relay connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B225) No. 37 — (B225) No. 18:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit in harness between starter relay (push button start) connector and starter cut relay connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND STARTER CUT RELAY CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and starter cut relay connector. Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 34 — (B225) No. 20:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM con- nector and starter cut relay connec- tor.
3	<ol> <li>CHECK STARTER CUT RELAY.</li> <li>1) Connect the battery to starter cut relay terminals No. 18 and No. 20.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between starter cut relay terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 19 — No. 22:</li> </ol>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the starter cut relay. <ref. to<br="">SL-121, Starter Cut Relay.&gt;</ref.>

# **EH:DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE**

#### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-358, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### EI: DTC P1449 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS. AIR FILTER CLOG

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-195, DTC P1449 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS. AIR FILTER CLOG, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK CANISTER TUBE ASSEMBLY AND DRAIN TUBE ASSEMBLY BETWEEN CANIS- TER AND DRAIN FILTER.	Is the canister tube assembly and/or the drain tube assembly clogged between canister and drain filter?	Replace the canis- ter tube assembly and/or the drain tube assembly between canister and drain filter. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-6, Can- ister.&gt; <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-14, Drain Filter.&gt;</ref.></ref.>	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK DRAIN FILTER.	Is the drain filter clogged?	Replace the drain filter. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-14, Drain Filter.&gt;</ref.>	Replace the canis- ter. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-6, Can- ister.&gt;</ref.>

## EJ:DTC P1451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS.

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when 2 consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-197, DTC P1451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONT. SYS., Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK DRAIN TUBE BETWEEN CANISTER AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY.	Is the drain tube between canis- ter and leak check valve assembly clogged?	Replace the drain tube between the canister and leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-6, Can- ister.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK HOSES BETWEEN CANISTER AND FUEL TANK.	Are the hoses between the can- ister and fuel tank clogged?	Replace the hoses between the canis- ter and fuel tank. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-6, Can- ister.&gt; <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-61, Fuel Tank.&gt;</ref.></ref.>	ter. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-6, Can- ister.&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON- TROL SYSTEM. Perform drive cycle I. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-<br="" to="">61, DRIVE CYCLE H, PROCEDURE, Drive Cycle.&gt;</ref.>	Is DTC P1451 displayed on the display?	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>	End.

## EK:DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

### NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1498. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-310, DTC P1498 EGR SOLE-NOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## EL:DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1499. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-313, DTC P1499 EGR SOLE-NOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### EM:DTC P1494 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1498. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-310, DTC P1498 EGR SOLE-NOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## EN:DTC P1495 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1499. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-313, DTC P1499 EGR SOLE-NOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## EO:DTC P1496 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1498. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-310, DTC P1498 EGR SOLE-NOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## EP:DTC P1497 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1499. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-313, DTC P1499 EGR SOLE-NOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### EQ:DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-198, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-202, DTC P1494 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW IN-PUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-202, DTC P1496 EGR SO-LENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-202, DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

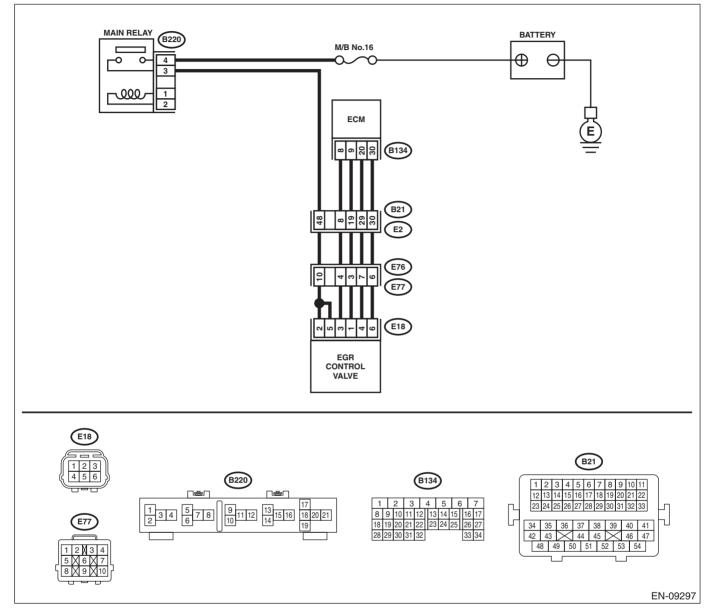
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine breathing

#### CAUTION:

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



Step		Check	Yes	No
<ol> <li>CHECK POWER SUP TROL VALVE.         <ol> <li>Turn the ignition sw</li> <li>Disconnect the con control valve.</li> <li>Turn the ignition sw</li> <li>Measure the voltag valve connector and er <i>Connector &amp; termin</i> (E18) No. 2 (+) — E</li> <li>(E18) No. 5 (+) — E</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	ritch to OFF. Inector from the EGR ritch to ON. le between EGR control ngine ground. al Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between EGR control valve connector and main relay connec- tor • Poor contact of coupling connector

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND EGR CONTROL VALVE CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and EGR control valve connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal DTC P1492; (B134) No. 8 — (E18) No. 3: DTC P1494; (B134) No. 9 — (E18) No. 1: DTC P1496; (B134) No. 20 — (E18) No. 4: DTC P1498; (B134) No. 30 — (E18) No. 6:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and EGR control valve connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND EGR CONTROL VALVE CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal DTC P1492; (B134) No. 8 — Chassis ground: DTC P1494; (B134) No. 9 — Chassis ground: DTC P1496; (B134) No. 20 — Chassis ground: DTC P1498; (B134) No. 30 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and EGR control valve connector.
4	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check poor contact of ECM and EGR control valve connectors.	Is there poor contact in ECM or EGR control valve connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM or EGR control valve connector.	Replace EGR con- trol valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-42, EGR Valve.&gt;</ref.>

## ER:DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-200, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-202, DTC P1495 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH IN-PUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-202, DTC P1497 EGR SO-LENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-202, DTC P1497 EGR SO-LENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.> <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-202, DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

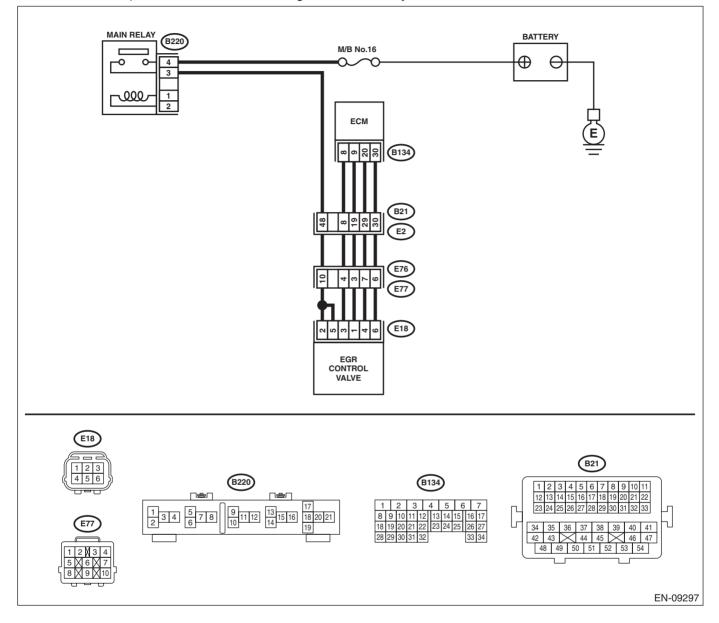
- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine breathing

#### CAUTION:

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND EGR CONTROL VALVE CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and EGR control valve. 3) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 4) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal DTC P1493; (B134) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): DTC P1495; (B134) No. 9 (+) — Chassis ground (-): DTC P1497; (B134) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-): DTC P1499; (B134) No. 30 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power supply in the har- ness between the ECM connector and EGR control valve connector.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK EGR CONTROL VALVE. Measure the resistance between EGR control valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>DTC P1493; No. 2 — No. 3:</i> <i>DTC P1495; No. 2 — No. 1:</i> <i>DTC P1497; No. 5 — No. 4:</i> <i>DTC P1499; No. 5 — No. 6:</i>	Is the resistance 20 $\Omega$ or more?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace EGR con- trol valve. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-42, EGR Valve.&gt;</ref.>

## ES:DTC P2088 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-203, DTC P2088 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTU-ATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

**TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** 

Improper idling

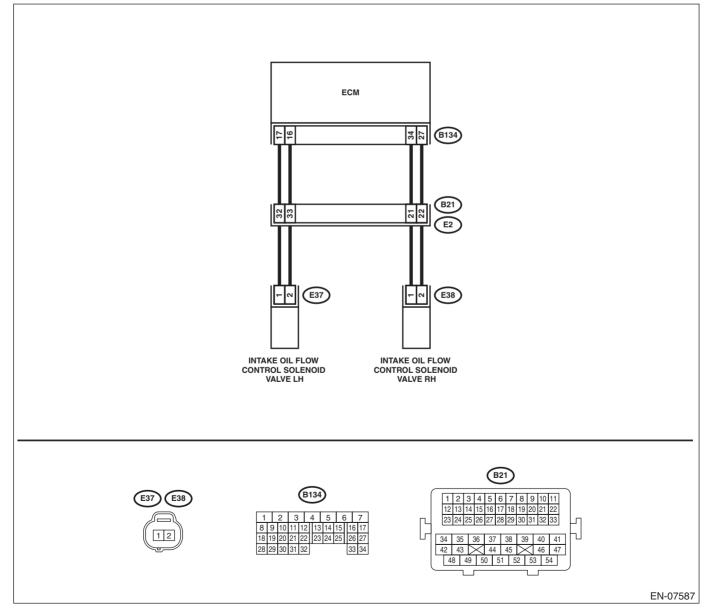
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve RH.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 34 — (E38) No. 1: (B134) No. 27 — (E38) No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?		Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 34 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 27 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector.
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve RH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

## ET:DTC P2089 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-204, DTC P2089 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTU-ATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

Improper idling

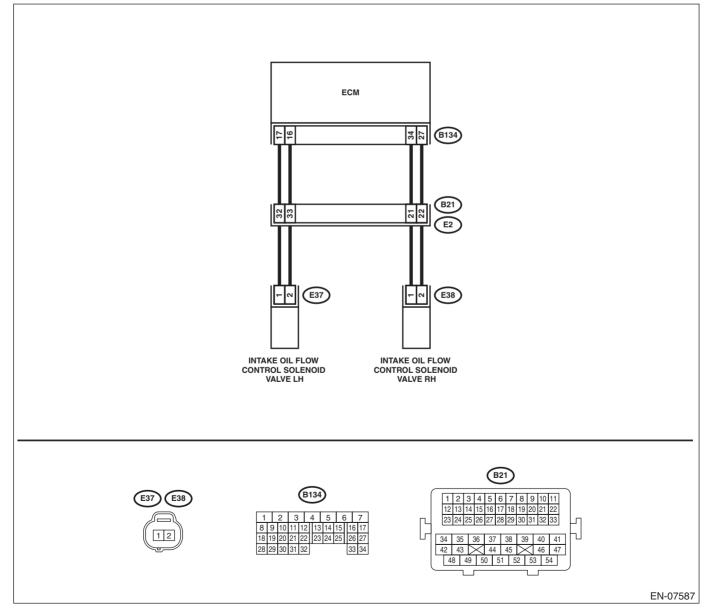
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve RH.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 34 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B134) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 34 — (E38) No. 1: (B134) No. 27 — (E38) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?		Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve RH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

## EU:DTC P2090 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIR-CUIT LOW (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-205, DTC P2090 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

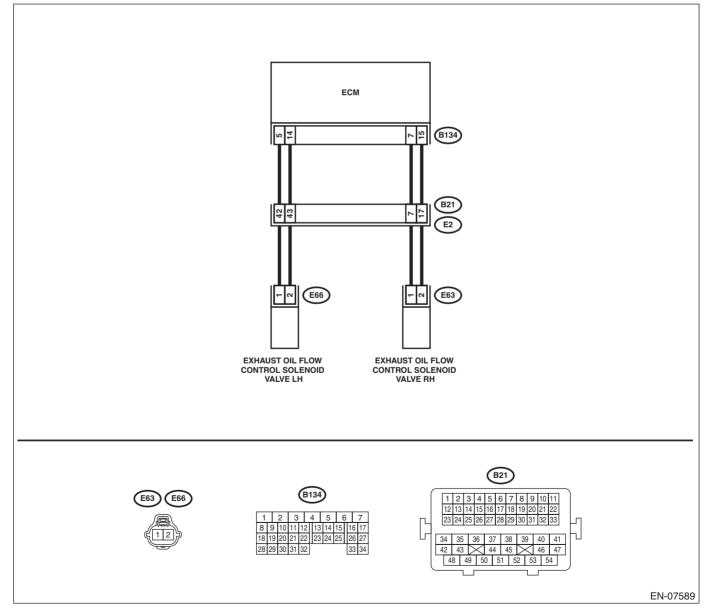
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve RH. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 7 — (E63) No. 1: (B134) No. 15 — (E63) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?		Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 7 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 15 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector.
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?		Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve RH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

## EV:DTC P2091 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIR-CUIT HIGH (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-206, DTC P2091 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

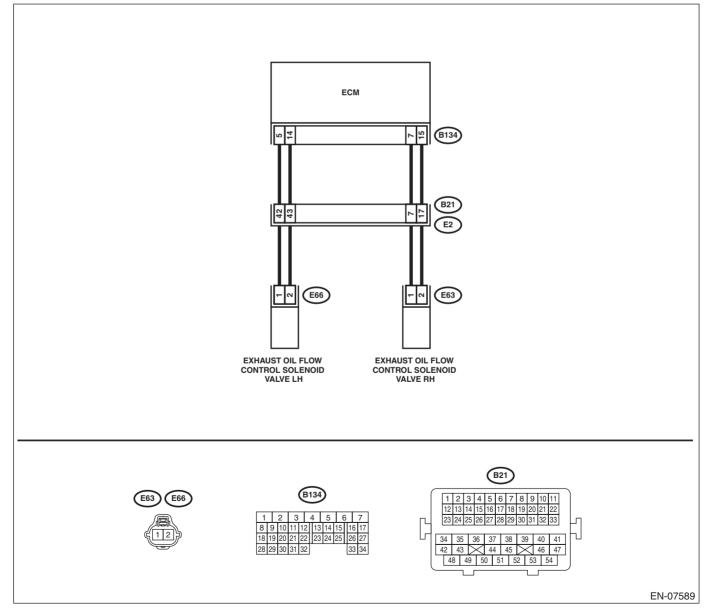
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve RH.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 7 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B134) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE RH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 7 — (E63) No. 1: (B134) No. 15 — (E63) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve RH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?		Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve RH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

### EW:DTC P2092 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-207, DTC P2092 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTU-ATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

**TROUBLE SYMPTOM:** 

Improper idling

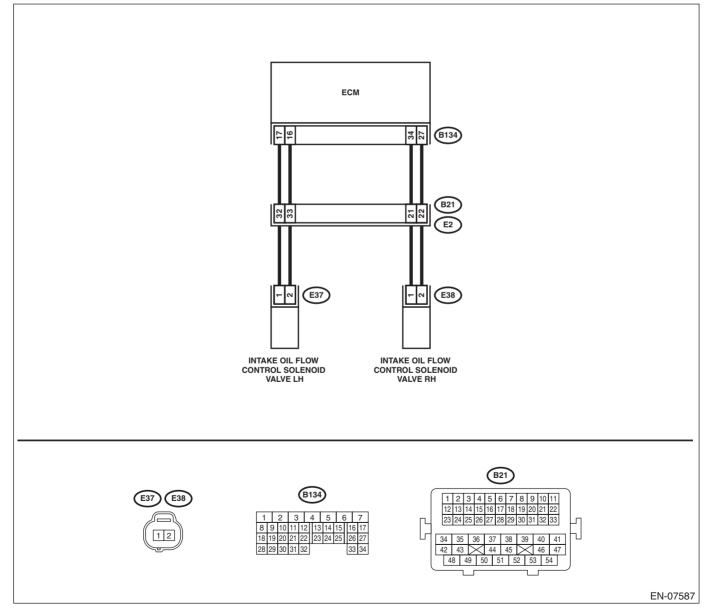
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



# EN(H6DO)(diag)-324

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 17 — (E37) No. 1: (B134) No. 16 — (E37) No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 17 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 16 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve LH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

### EX:DTC P2093 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2)

DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-207, DTC P2093 INTAKE CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTU-ATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

Improper idling

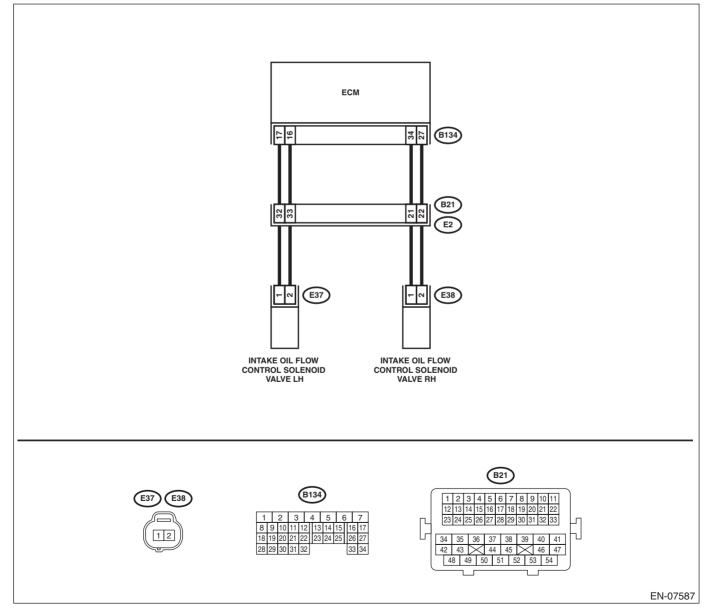
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



# EN(H6DO)(diag)-326

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 17 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B134) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 17 — (E37) No. 1: (B134) No. 16 — (E37) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve LH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

### EY:DTC P2094 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIR-CUIT LOW (BANK 2)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-207, DTC P2094 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

Improper idling

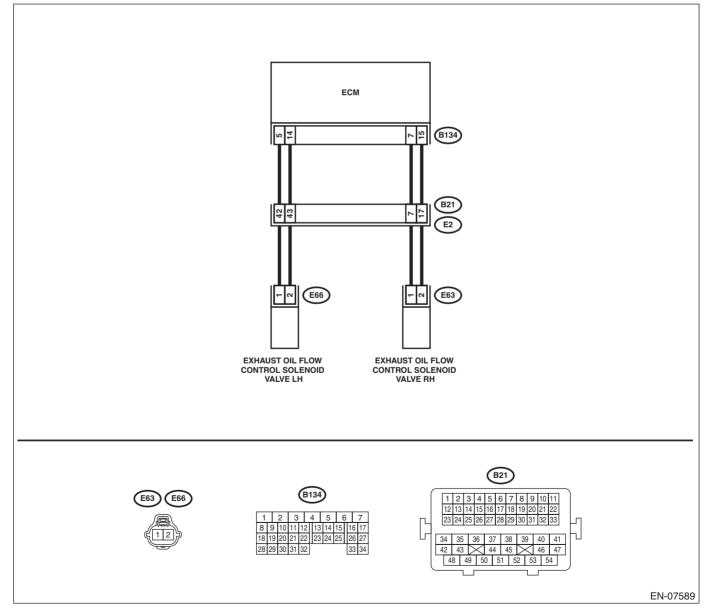
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



# EN(H6DO)(diag)-328

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 5 — (E66) No. 1: (B134) No. 14 — (E66) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 14 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve LH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

### EZ:DTC P2095 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION ACTUATOR CONTROL CIR-CUIT HIGH (BANK 2)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-207, DTC P2095 EXHAUST CAMSHAFT POSITION AC-TUATOR CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

Improper idling

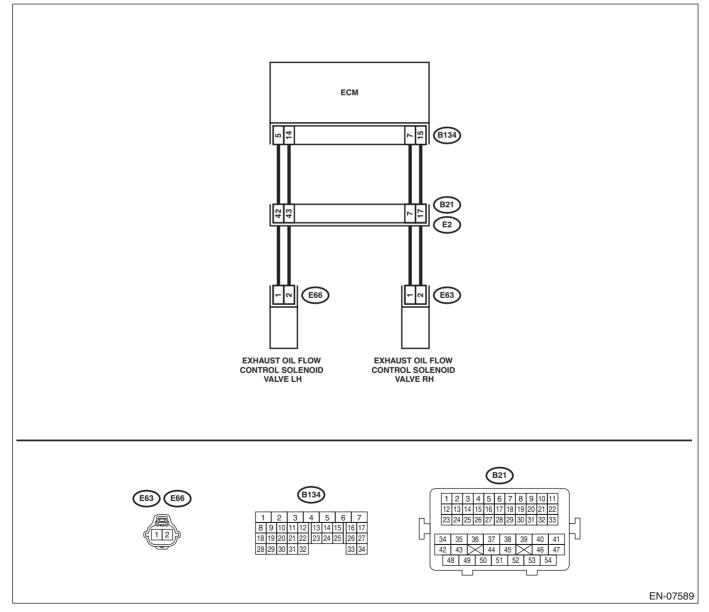
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



# EN(H6DO)(diag)-330

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B134) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage less than 1 V?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE LH CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 5 — (E66) No. 1: (B134) No. 14 — (E66) No. 2:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK OIL FLOW CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE. Measure the resistance between oil flow control solenoid valve terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 6 — 12 $\Omega$ ?	Repair the poor contact of ECM and oil flow control solenoid valve LH connector.	Replace the oil flow control sole- noid valve LH. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-47, Oil Flow Control Sole- noid Valve.&gt;</ref.>

### FA:DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-208, DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

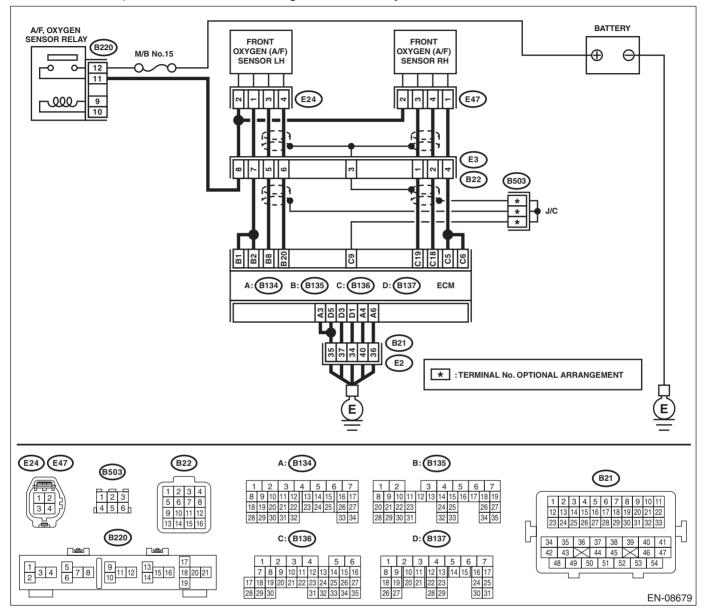
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

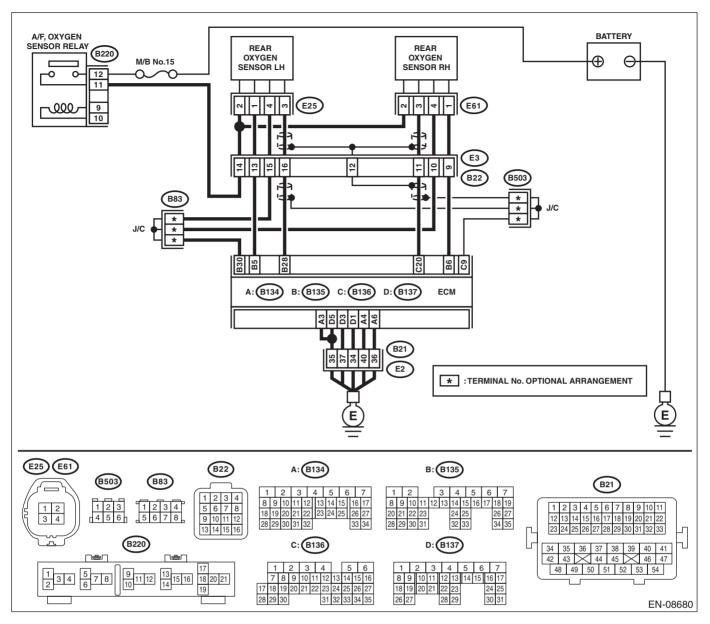
#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



### **Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)** ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	-	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 19 — (E47) No. 3: (B136) No. 18 — (E47) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B136) No. 19 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 18 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
5	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E47) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step <b>6</b> .
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E47) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step 8.
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E47) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–): (E47) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
8	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step <b>9</b> .
9	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 10.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. 1) Connect the front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector. 2) Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>		Go to step 11.	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 
11			Go to step 12.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>
12	<ul> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>13</b> .	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	<ul> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Open the front hood.</li> <li>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</li> <li>7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>• Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>• General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</li> </ul>	Subtract ambient temperature from «Intake Air Temp.». Is the obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18 — 90°F)?	Go to step 14.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
14	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Front O2 Sen- sor #1» 0.490 V or more?	Go to step <b>15</b> .	Go to step 16.
15	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>17</b> .	Go to step <b>16</b> .
16	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 18.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	<ul> <li>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR US- ING REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), then keep the engine idling for 5 minutes or more.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value in «Front O2 Sen- sor #1» kept at 0.250 V or less for 5 minutes or more?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 18.
18	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>19</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
19	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

### FB:DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-210, DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

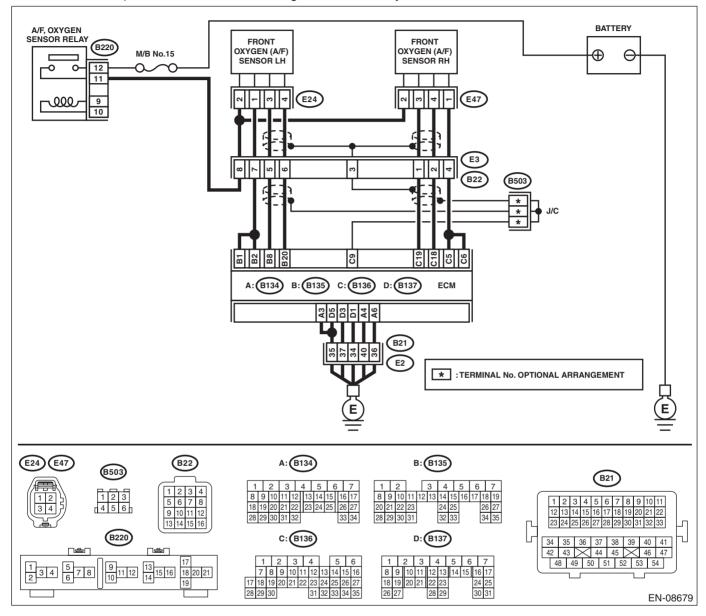
#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

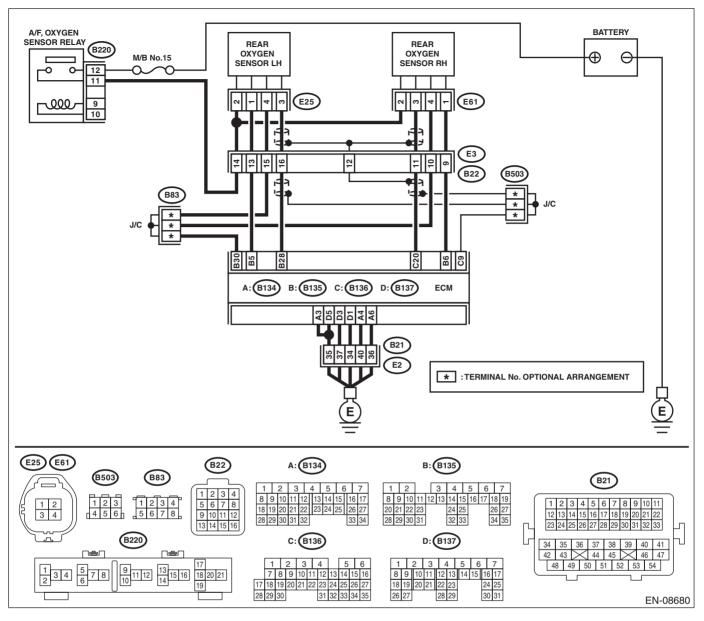
#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.		Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>3</b> .

EN(H6DO)(diag)-341

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 19 — (E47) No. 3: (B136) No. 18 — (E47) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B136) No. 19 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 18 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
5	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E47) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step <b>6</b> .
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E47) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step <b>8</b> .
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E47) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (E47) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
8	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step <b>9</b> .
9	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step <b>10</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. 1) Connect the front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector. 2) Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>		Go to step 11.	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 
11	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up completely.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</li> </ul>		Go to step 12.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>
12	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>13</b> .	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR	Subtract ambient temperature	Go to step 14.	Check the mass air
	TEMPERATURE SENSOR.	from «Intake Air Temp.». Is the		flow and intake air
	<ol> <li>Start the engine and warm up engine until</li> </ol>	obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18		temperature sen-
	coolant temperature is higher than 75°C	— 90°F)?		sor. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
	(167°F).			FU(H6DO)-41,
	<ol><li>Place the select lever in "P" range or "N"</li></ol>			Mass Air Flow and
	range.			Intake Air Temper-
	3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.			ature Sensor.>
	4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.			
	5) Open the front hood.			
	<ul><li>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</li></ul>			
	7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using			
	the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan			
	tool.			
	NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			
	to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
	General scan tool			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	general scan tool operation manual.			
14	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.	Is the value of «Front O2 Sen-	Go to step 15.	Go to step 16.
	1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant	sor #1» 0.490 V or more?		
	temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and			
	keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes			
	maximum)			
	2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1»			
	using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general			
	scan tool.			
	NOTE:			
	Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref.< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></ref.<>			
	to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
	General scan tool			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	general scan tool operation manual.			
	<b>.</b>		<u> </u>	
15	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.	Is the value of «Front O2 Sen-	Go to step 17.	Go to step 16.
	1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant	sor #1» 0.250 V or less?		
	temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and			
	rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000			
	rpm.			
	2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1»			
	using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general			
	scan tool.			
	NOTE:			
	Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			
	to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
	General scan tool			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	general scan tool operation manual.			
16		Has water entered the serves	Completely	Go to stop 19
10	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC-		Completely	Go to step 18.
	TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	tor?	remove any water	
			inside.	

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	<ul> <li>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR US- ING REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), then keep the engine idling for 5 minutes or more.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	sor #1» kept at 0.8 V or more for 5 minutes or more?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 18.
18	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>19</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
19	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## FC:DTC P2098 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN BANK 2

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-211, DTC P2098 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN BANK 2, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

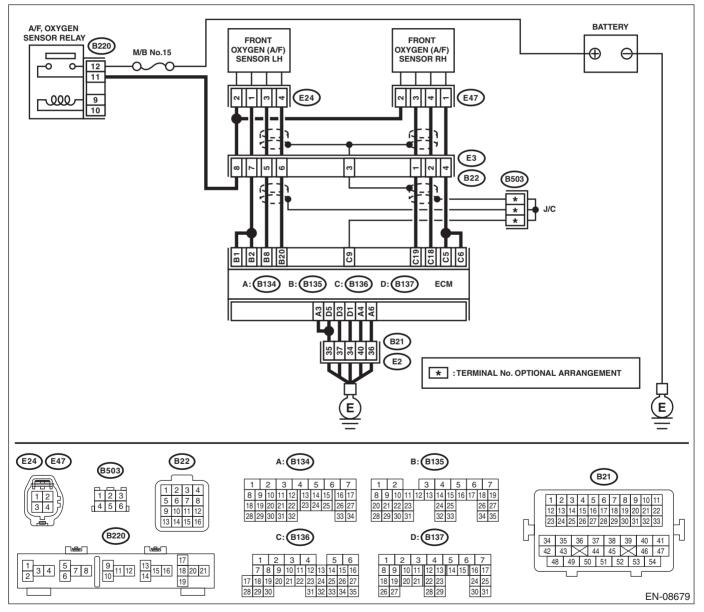
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

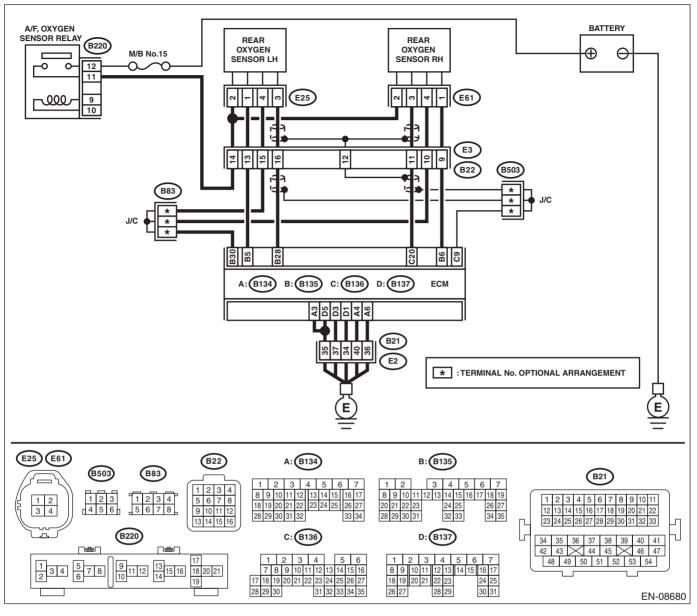
### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



EN(H6DO)(diag)-346



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	-	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 3.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E24) No. 3: (B135) No. 20 — (E24) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 20 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
5	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E24) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step <b>6</b> .
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E24) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step <b>8</b> .
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E24) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (E24) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
8	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step 10.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. 1) Connect the front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector. 2) Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>		Go to step 11.	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 
11	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up completely.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</li> </ul>		Go to step 12.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>
12	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>13</b> .	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR	Subtract ambient temperature	Go to step 14.	Check the mass air
	TEMPERATURE SENSOR.	from «Intake Air Temp.». Is the		flow and intake air
	<ol> <li>Start the engine and warm up engine until</li> </ol>	obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18		temperature sen-
	coolant temperature is higher than 75°C	— 90°F)?		sor. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
	(167°F).			FU(H6DO)-41,
	<ol><li>Place the select lever in "P" range or "N"</li></ol>			Mass Air Flow and
	range.			Intake Air Temper-
	3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.			ature Sensor.>
	4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.			
	5) Open the front hood.			
	<ul><li>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</li></ul>			
	7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using			
	the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan			
	tool.			
	NOTE: • Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			
	to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
	General scan tool			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	general scan tool operation manual.			
14	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.	Is the value of «Front O2 Sen-	Go to step 15.	Go to step 16.
	<ol> <li>Warm up the engine until engine coolant</li> </ol>	sor #2» 0.490 V or more?		
	temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and			
	keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes			
	maximum)			
	2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2»			
	using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general			
	scan tool.			
	NOTE:			
	Subaru Select Monitor			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			
	to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
	General scan tool			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	general scan tool operation manual.			
15	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.	Is the value of «Front O2 Sen-	Co to stop <b>17</b>	Co to otop <b>16</b>
15	<ol> <li>Warm up the engine until engine coolant</li> </ol>	sor #2» 0.250 V or less?	Go to step 17.	Go to step 16.
	temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and	301 #2" U.23U V UI 1855 !		
	rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000			
	rpm.			
	2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2»			
	using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general			
	scan tool.			
	NOTE:			
	<ul> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> </ul>			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			
	to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni-			
	tor.>			
	<ul> <li>General scan tool</li> </ul>			
			1	
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the			
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.			
16	general scan tool operation manual.	Has water entered the connec-	Completelv	Go to step 18.
16		Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water	Go to step 18.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	<ul> <li>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR US- ING REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), then keep the engine idling for 5 minutes or more.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	sor #2» kept at 0.250 V or less for 5 minutes or more?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 18.
18	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>19</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
19	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## FD:DTC P2099 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 2

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-211, DTC P2099 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 2, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

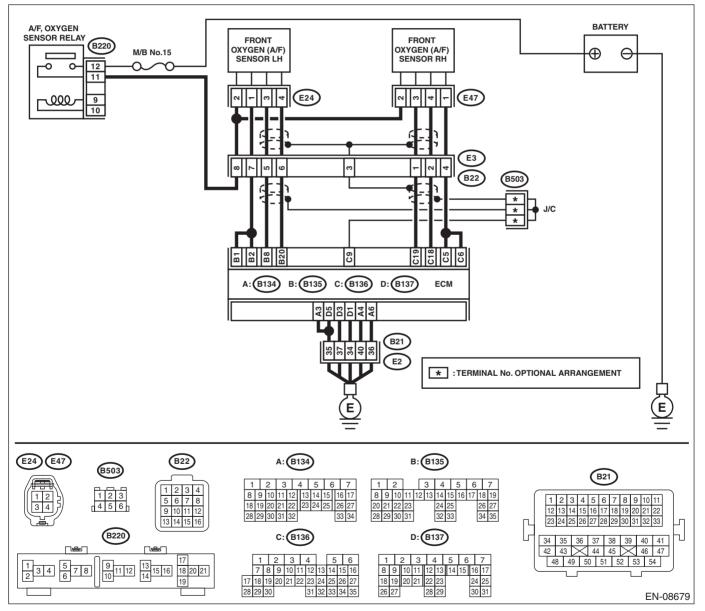
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

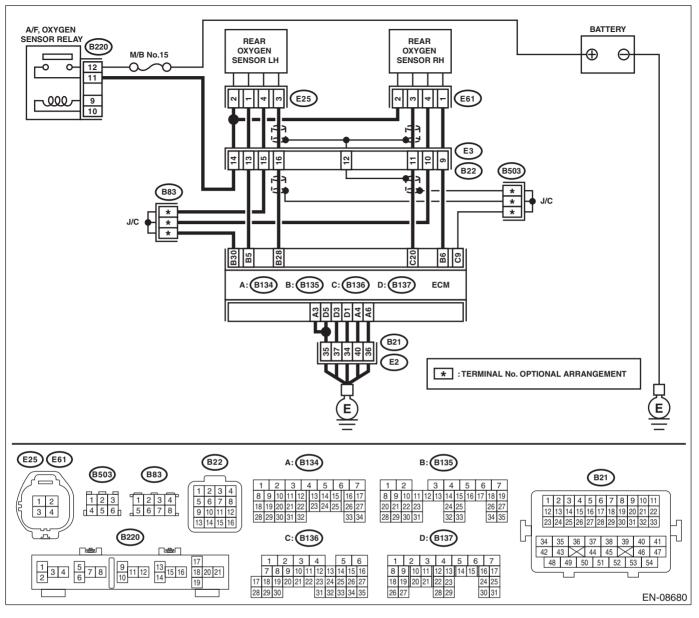
### WIRING DIAGRAM:

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



EN(H6DO)(diag)-352



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is any other DTC displayed?	Check DTC using "List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>3</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E24) No. 3: (B135) No. 20 — (E24) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 20 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
5	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E24) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step <b>6</b> .
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E24) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 7.	Go to step <b>8</b> .
7	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E24) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (E24) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
8	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 9.
9	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step <b>10</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. 1) Connect the front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector. 2) Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>		Go to step 11.	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 
11	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up completely.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</li> </ul>		Go to step 12.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>
12	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step 13.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	<ul> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Open the front hood.</li> <li>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</li> <li>7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</li> </ul>	Subtract ambient temperature from «Intake Air Temp.». Is the obtained value –10 — 50°C (–18 — 90°F)?	Go to step 14.	No Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
14	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Front O2 Sen- sor #2» 0.490 V or more?	Go to step 15.	Go to step 16.
15	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step 17.	Go to step <b>16</b> .
16	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>18</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	<ul> <li>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR US- ING REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), then keep the engine idling for 5 minutes or more.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	sor #2» kept at 0.8 V or more for 5 minutes or more?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 18.
18	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and rear oxygen sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con- nector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>19</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
19	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear oxygen sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-52, Rear Oxygen Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor connector • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

### FE:DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-212, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

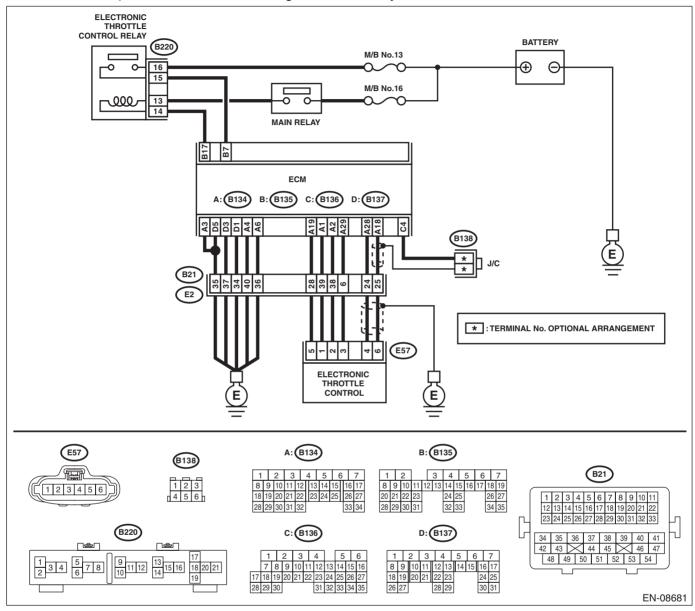
#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.</li> <li>3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 13 and No. 14 of electronic throttle control relay.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 15 - No. 16:</li> </ul>		Go to step 2.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 9, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open or
	THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.			ground short circuit
	Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.			of power supply circuit.
	Connector & terminal			circuit.
	(B220) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short	Go to step 4.
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-		circuit to power in	
	LAY.		the harness	
	<ol> <li>Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> </ol>		between ECM con- nector and elec-	
	<ul><li>3) Measure the voltage between electronic</li></ul>		tronic throttle	
	throttle control relay connector and chassis		control relay.	
	ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
_	(B220) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (–):		-	
4		Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or	Go to step 5.	Repair the short
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY.	more?		circuit to ground in harness between
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> </ol>			ECM connector
	2) Measure the resistance between electronic			and electronic
	throttle control relay connector and chassis			throttle control
	ground.			relay.
	Connector & terminal			
	(B220) No. 14 — Chassis ground: (B220) No. 15 — Chassis ground:			
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 6.	Repair the open
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE-			circuit in harness
	LAY.			between ECM con-
	Measure the resistance between ECM connec-			nector and elec-
	tor and electronic throttle control relay connec- tor.			tronic throttle control relay.
	Connector & terminal			control relay.
	(B135) No. 7 — (B220) No. 15:			
	(B135) No. 17 — (B220) No. 14:			
6	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or	Go to step 7.	Repair the ground
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.	more?		short circuit of har-
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect the connectors from electronic</li> </ol>			ness between ECM connector
	throttle control.			and electronic
	3) Measure the resistance between ECM con-			throttle control
	nector and chassis ground.			connector.
	Connector & terminal			
	(B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground:			
	(B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B124) No. 18 — (B126) No. 4;			
	(B134) No. 18 — (B136) No. 4: (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:			
7	CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or	Go to step 8.	Repair the ground
	1) Connect the connector to ECM.	more?		short circuit of har-
	2) Measure the resistance between electronic			ness between
	throttle control connector and engine ground.			ECM connector
	Connector & terminal			and electronic
	(E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:			throttle control connector.
				Replace the ECM if
				defective. <ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
				FU(H6DO)-54,
				Engine Control
				Module (ECM).>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>9</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
9	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step <b>10</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
10	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 11.
11	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B134) No. 19 – (B134) No. 18: (B134) No. 19 – (B134) No. 28:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>12</b> .	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.
12	<ul> <li>CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT.</li> <li>1) Connect all connectors.</li> <li>2) Start the engine and warm up completely.</li> <li>3) Stop the engine, and then turn the ignition switch to ON (engine OFF).</li> <li>4) Read the value of «Main-Throttle Sensor» using Subaru Select Monitor.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Is the value of «Main-Throttle Sensor» 0.81 — 0.87 V?	Go to step <b>13</b> .	Repair the poor contact of elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector. Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	CHECK SENSOR OUTPUT. Read the value of «Sub-Throttle Sensor» using	Is the value of «Sub-Throttle Sensor» 1.64 — 1.70 V?	Go to step 14.	Repair the poor contact of elec-
	Subaru Select Monitor.			tronic throttle con-
	NOTE:			trol connector.
	For detailed operation procedures, refer to			Replace the elec-
	"READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". < Ref.			tronic throttle con-
	to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni-			trol if defective.
	tor.>			<ref. td="" to<=""></ref.>
				FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.>
14	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>15</b>	Repair the harness
· ·	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MO-			and connector.
	TOR.			NOTE:
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> </ol>			In this case, repair
	2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and			the following item:
	electronic throttle control.			Open circuit in
	3) Measure the resistance between ECM con-			harness between
	nector and electronic throttle control connector. Connector & terminal			ECM connector and electronic
	(B134) No. 1 — (E57) No. 1:			throttle control
	(B134) No. 2 — (E57) No. 2:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
				coupling connector
15	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short	Go to step 16.
	ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MO-		circuit to power in	
	TOR.		the harness	
	1) Connect the connector to ECM.		between ECM con-	
	<ul><li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li><li>3) Measure the voltage between electronic</li></ul>		nector and elec- tronic throttle	
	throttle control connector and engine ground.		control.	
	Connector & terminal		oon non	
	(E57) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (–):			
	(E57) No. 1 (+) — Engine ground (–):			
16	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL MO-	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Go to step 17.	Repair the short circuit to ground in
	TOR.			harness between
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> </ol>			ECM connector
	2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.			and electronic
	3) Measure the resistance between electronic			throttle control.
	throttle control connector and engine ground.			
	Connector & terminal			
	(E57) No. 2 — Engine ground:			
17	(E57) No. 1 — Engine ground: CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON-	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or	Go to step 18.	Repair the short
''	TROL MOTOR HARNESS.	more?		circuit in harness
	Measure the resistance between electronic			between ECM con-
	throttle control connectors.			nector and elec-
	Connector & terminal			tronic throttle
	(E57) No. 2 — (E57) No. 1:			control.
18	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON-	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>19</b> .	Repair the harness
	TROL GROUND CIRCUIT. Measure the resistance between ECM connec-			and connector.
	tor and chassis ground.			NOTE: In this case, repair
	Connector & terminal			the following item:
	(B134) No. 3 — Chassis ground:			<ul> <li>Open circuit of</li> </ul>
	(B134) No. 4 — Chassis ground:			harness between
	(B134) No. 6 — Chassis ground:			ECM connector
	(B137) No. 1 — Chassis ground:			and engine ground
	(B137) No. 3 — Chassis ground:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
I	(B137) No. 5 — Chassis ground:			coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
19	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL. Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control terminals. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 2 — No. 1:</i>	Is the resistance 50 $\Omega$ or less?	Go to step <b>20</b> .	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>
20	CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CON- TROL. Move the throttle valve to the fully open and fully closed positions with fingers. Check that the valve returns to the specified position when releasing fingers.	Does the valve return to the specified position? Standard value: 3 mm (0.12 in) from fully closed position	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>

## FF:DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-214, DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance
- Engine stalls.

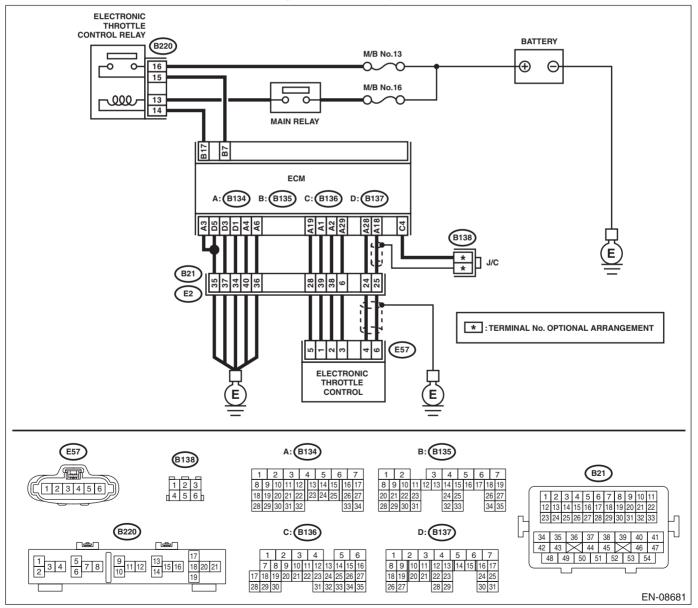
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.</li> <li>3) Connect the battery to terminals No. 13 and No. 14 of electronic throttle control relay.</li> <li>4) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 15 - No. 16:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 9, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
2	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY. Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B220) No. 16 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the open or ground short circuit of power supply circuit.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY.</li> <li>1) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B220) No. 14 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control relay.	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B220) No. 14 — Chassis ground: (B220) No. 15 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control relay.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and electronic throttle control relay connec- tor. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 7 — (B220) No. 15: (B135) No. 17 — (B220) No. 14:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the open circuit in harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control relay.

## FG:DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-216, DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

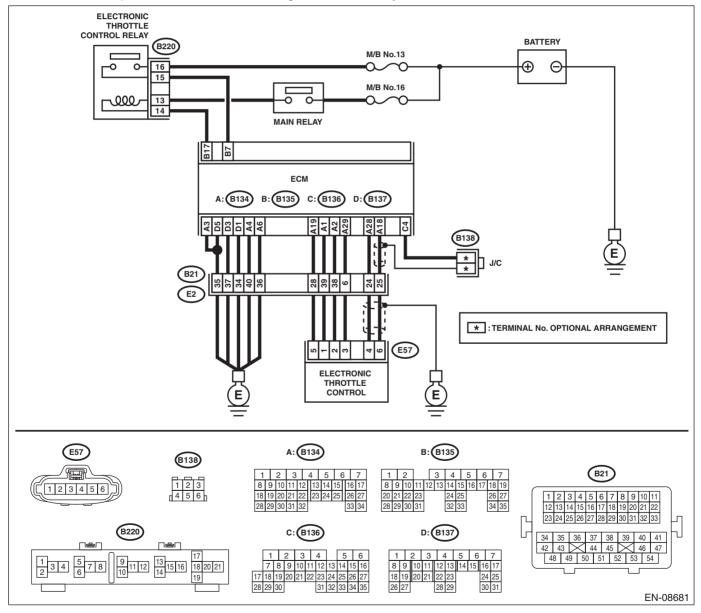
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Remove the electronic throttle control relay.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control relay terminals.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 15 — No. 16:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 2.	Replace the elec- tronic throttle con- trol relay. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 9, Electrical Com- ponent Location.&gt;</ref.>
2	<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT OF ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RELAY POWER SUP- PLY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control relay connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B220) No. 15 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control relay.	Go to step 3.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL RE- LAY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 17 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control relay.

### FH:DTC P2109 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR "A" MINIMUM STOP PERFORMANCE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-358, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

### FI: DTC P2119 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL THROTTLE BODY RANGE/ PERFORMANCE

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P2101. <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-358, DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).>

## FJ: DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-222, DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

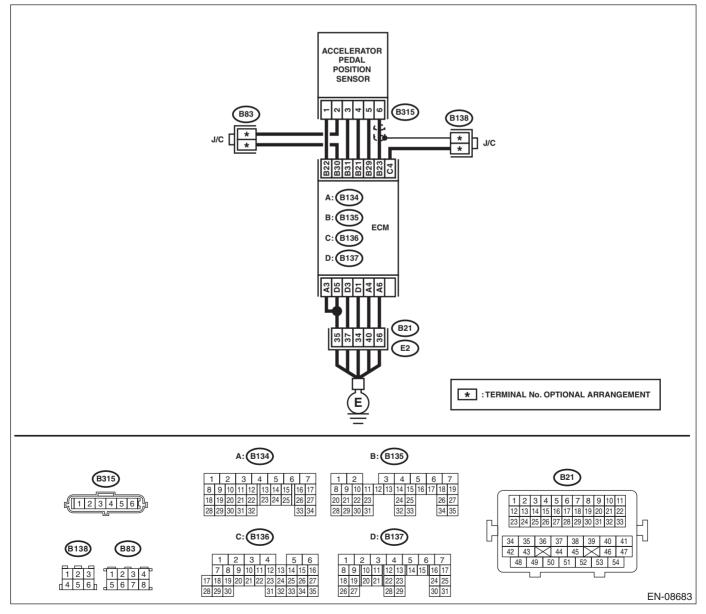
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 21 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 23 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 23 — (B136) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sen- sor connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal         <ul> <li>(B315) No. 6 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4DO)-4, Accelerator Pedal.&gt;</ref. 	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sen- sor connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>

## FK:DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-224, DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

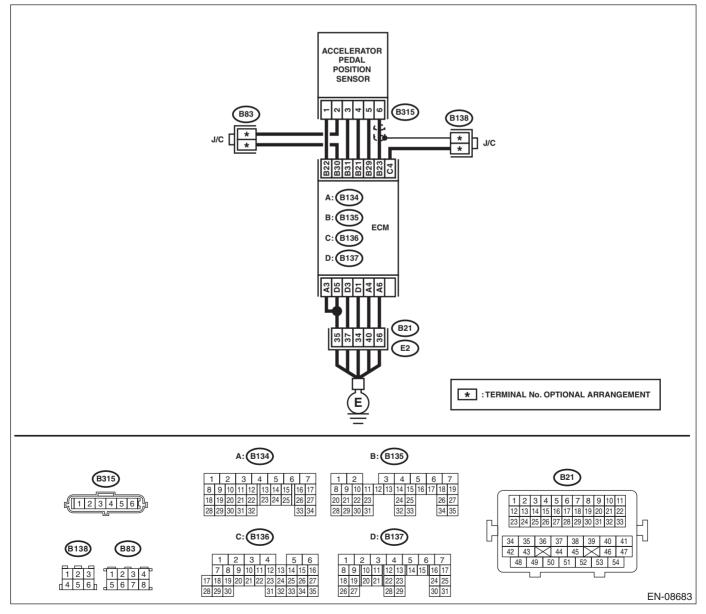
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 23 — (B315) No. 6: (B135) No. 29 — (B315) No. 5:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM con- nector and accel- erator pedal position sensor connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between accelera- tor pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B315) No. 5 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega?$	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-):		Repair the short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM con- nector and accel- erator pedal position sensor connector.	Go to step 4.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 21 — (B135) No. 23:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Repair the poor contact of acceler- ator pedal position sensor connector. Replace the accel- erator pedal if defective. <ref. to<br="">SP(H4DO)-4, Accelerator Pedal.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM con- nector and accel- erator pedal position sensor connector.

## FL:DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-226, DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

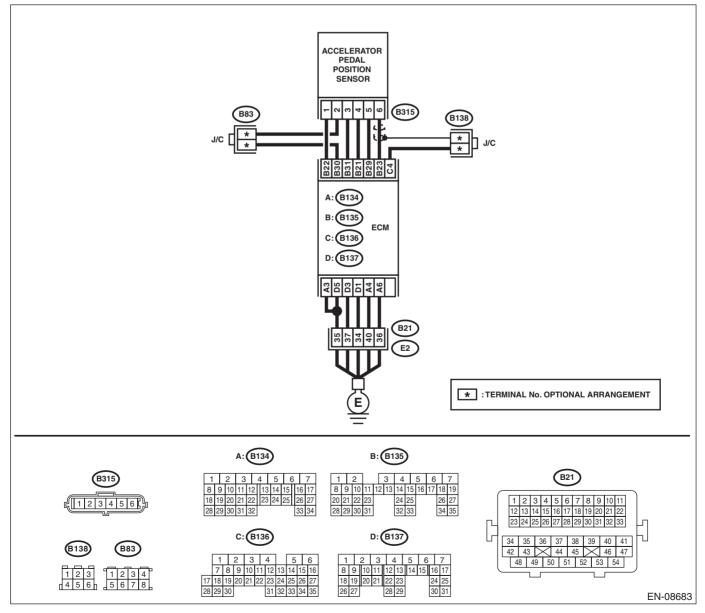
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 22 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 31 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sen- sor connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B315) No. 3 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4DO)-4, Accelerator Pedal.&gt;</ref. 	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sen- sor connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>

## FM:DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-228, DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

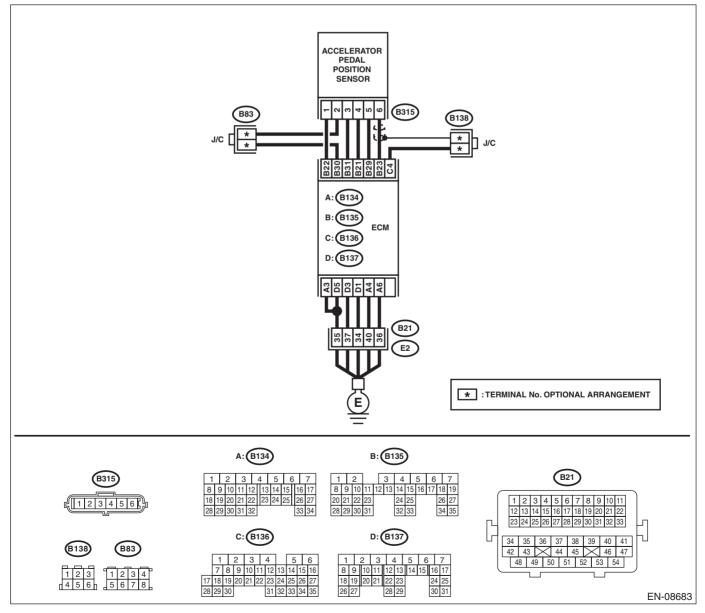
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC-CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 31 — (B315) No. 3: (B135) No. 30 — (B315) No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 2.	Repair the open circuit of harness between ECM con- nector and accel- erator pedal position sensor connector.
2	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Connect the connector to ECM. 2) Measure the resistance between accelera- tor pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. 2) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):		Repair the short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM con- nector and accel- erator pedal position sensor connector.	Go to step 4.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 22 — (B135) No. 31:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	sensor connector. Replace the accelerator pedal if	Repair the short circuit to power supply in harness between ECM con- nector and accel- erator pedal position sensor connector.

## FN:DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLT-AGE CORRELATION

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-230, DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLTAGE CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **TROUBLE SYMPTOM:**

- Improper idling
- Poor driving performance

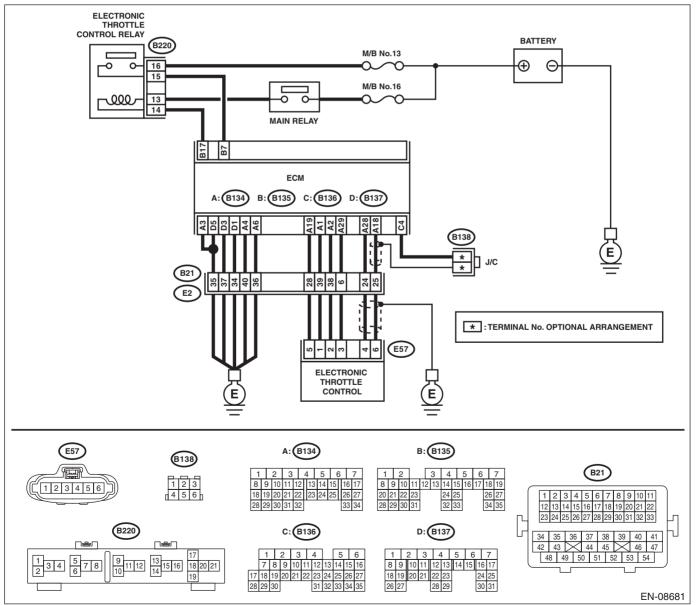
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and electronic throttle control.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 19 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 18 — Chassis ground: (B134) No. 18 — (B136) No. 4: (B134) No. 28 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 2.	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT INSIDE THE ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 — Engine ground: (E57) No. 4 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>3</b> .	Repair the ground short circuit of har- ness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. Replace the ECM if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL. 1) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 2) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B134) No. 18 — (E57) No. 6: (B134) No. 28 — (E57) No. 4: (B134) No. 29 — (E57) No. 3:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and electronic throttle control connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 3 — Engine ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 5 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 5.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
5	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between electronic throttle control connector and engine ground.</li> <li><i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (E57) No. 6 (+) — Engine ground (-): (E57) No. 4 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 5 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle control connector.	Go to step 6.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND ELECTRONIC THROTTLE CONTROL.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM connectors.</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or more?	Repair the poor contact of elec- tronic throttle con- trol connector. Replace the elec- tronic throttle con-	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and elec- tronic throttle
	Connector & terminal (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 18: (B134) No. 19 — (B134) No. 28:		trol if defective. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-19, Throttle Body.&gt;</ref.>	control connector.

### FO:DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLT-AGE CORRELATION

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-232, DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SEN-SOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE CORRELATION, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

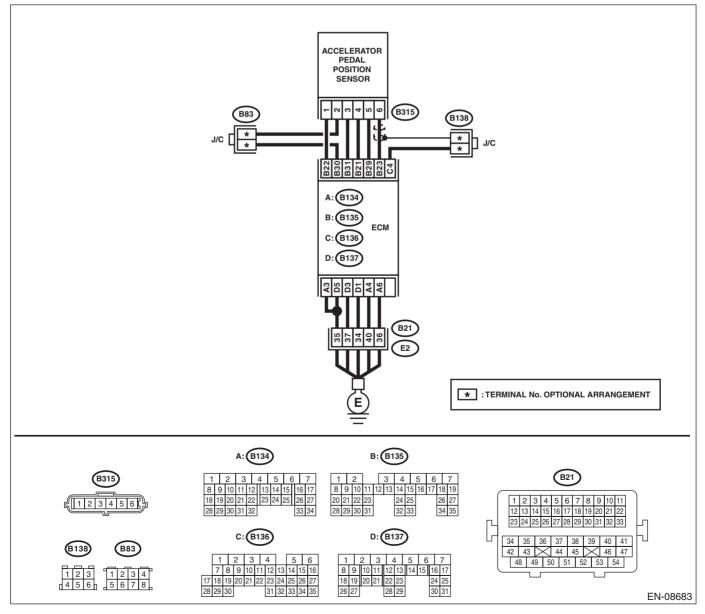
Improper idling

Poor driving performance

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal Main accelerator pedal position sensor signal         <ul> <li>(B135) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): Sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal</li></ul></li></ul>	position sensor signal 0 V?	Go to step 3.	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR OUTPUT. 1) Measure the voltage between accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B315) No. 6 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B315) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the difference in measured values for the main accelerator pedal position sensor signal and the sub accelerator pedal position sensor signal 0 V?	Replace the accel- erator pedal. <ref. to SP(H4DO)-4, Accelerator Pedal.&gt;</ref. 	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sen- sor connector. • Short circuit to ground in harness between ECM con- nector and accel- erator pedal position sensor connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND AC- CELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR. Measure the resistance of harness between the accelerator pedal position sensor connector and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B315) No. 5 — Chassis ground: (B315) No. 2 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance less than 5 Ω?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and accelerator pedal position sen- sor connector. • Open circuit of harness between ECM connector and engine ground • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## FP:DTC P2195 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK LEAN (BANK 1 SEN-SOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-234, DTC P2195 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK LEAN (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

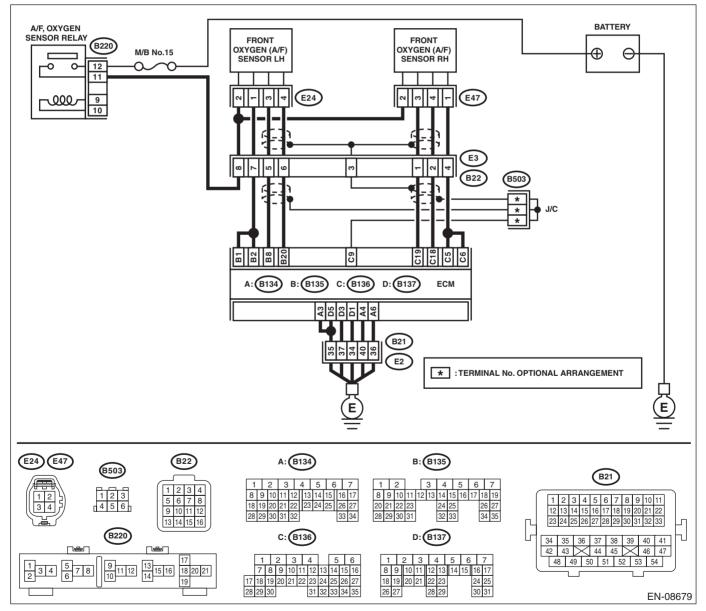
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 19 — (E47) No. 3: (B136) No. 18 — (E47) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connec- tor?	Repair the poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

### FQ:DTC P2196 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-236, DTC P2196 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK RICH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

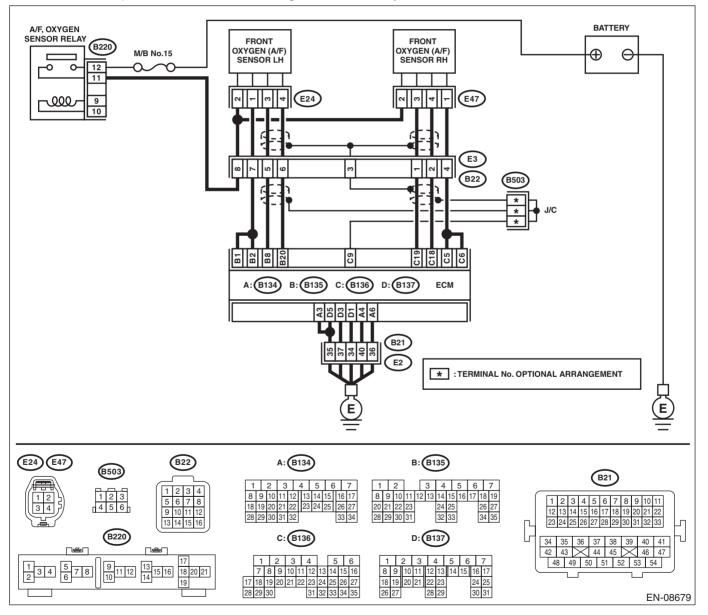
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 19 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 18 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Go to step <b>4</b> .
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 5.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B136) No. 19 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B136) No. 18 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

## FR:DTC P2197 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK LEAN (BANK 2 SEN-SOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-238, DTC P2197 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK LEAN (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

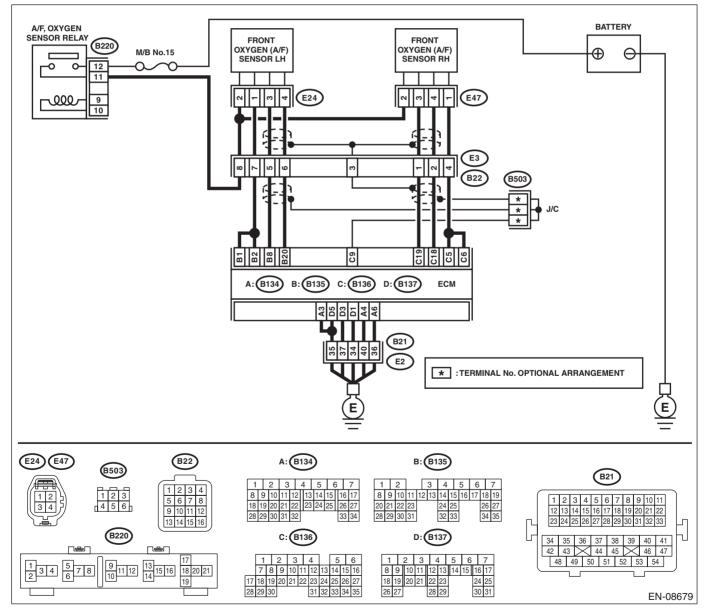
### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E24) No. 3: (B135) No. 20 — (E24) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector
3	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.	Is there poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sensor connec- tor?	Repair the poor contact of front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

### FS:DTC P2198 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK RICH (BANK 2 SENSOR 1)

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-238, DTC P2198 O2 SENSOR SIGNAL BIASED/STUCK RICH (BANK 2 SENSOR 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

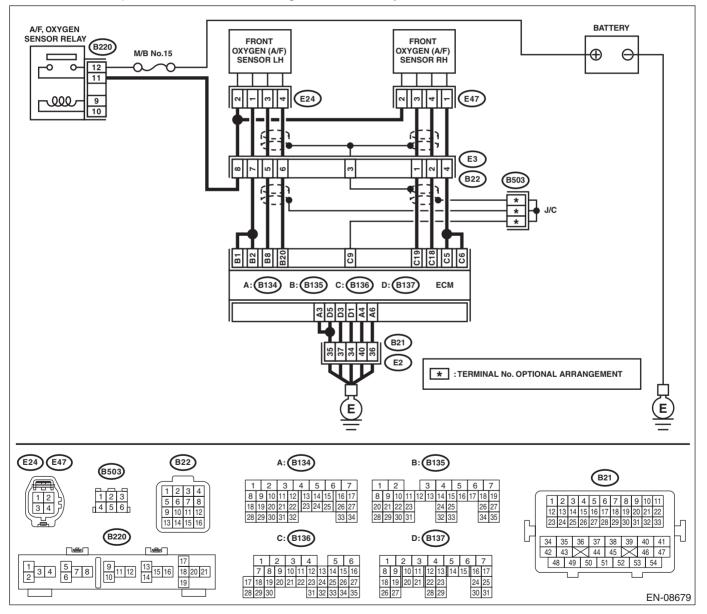
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between ECM con- nector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 20 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 3.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
3	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Go to step 4.
4	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step 5.	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 8 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (B135) No. 20 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.

## FT: DTC P219A BANK 1 AIR-FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-239, DTC P219A BANK 1 AIR-FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

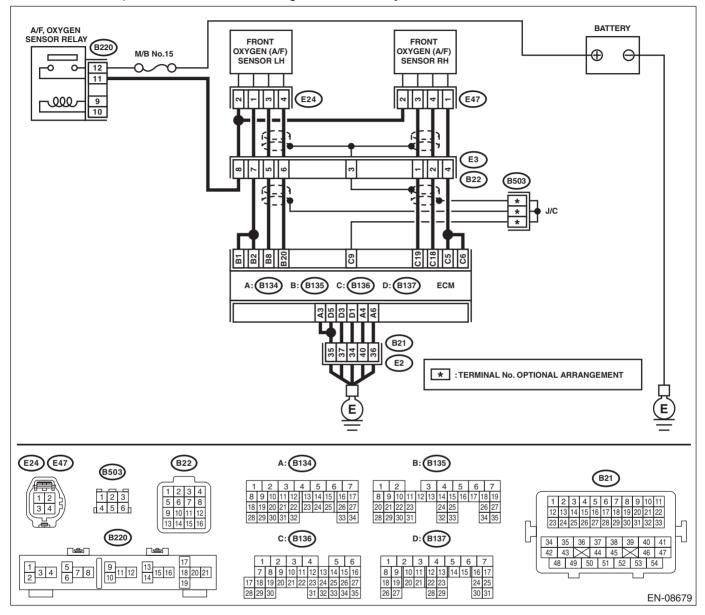
#### CAUTION:

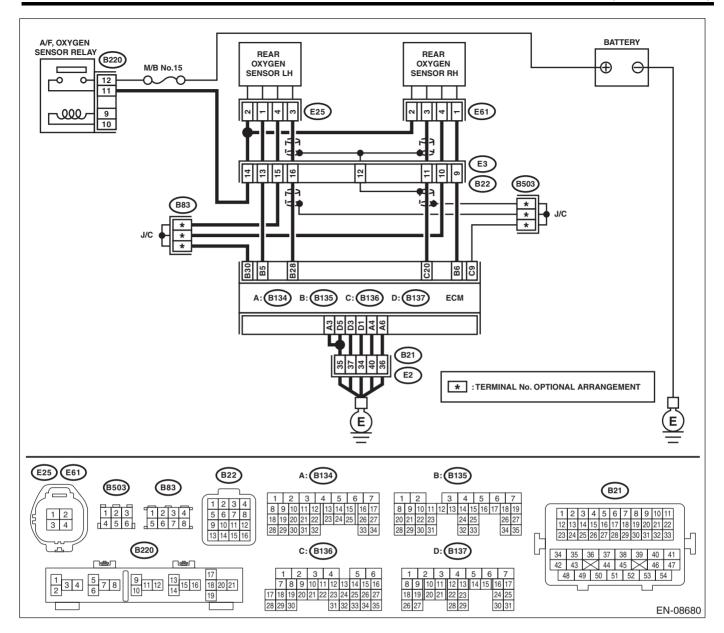
After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

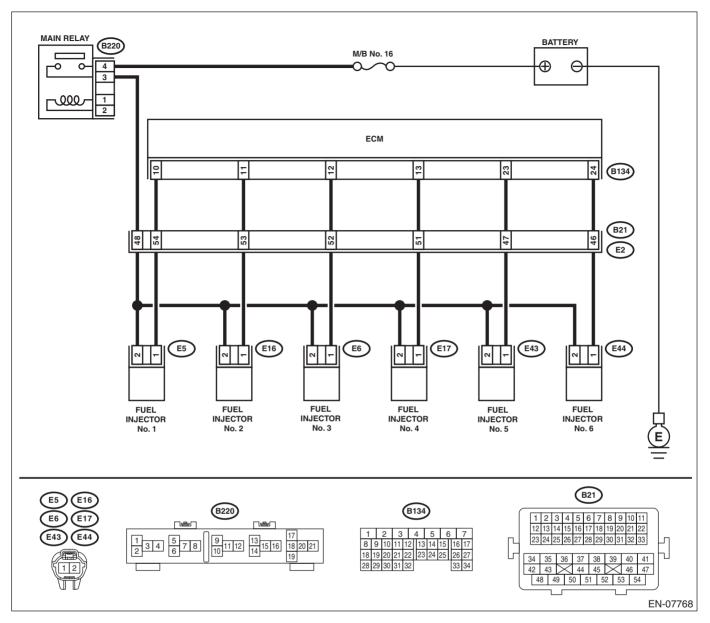
• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>





## **Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)** ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B136) No. 19 — (E47) No. 3: (B136) No. 18 — (E47) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B136) No. 19 — Chassis ground: (B136) No. 18 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E47) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step <b>5</b> .
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E47) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 7.
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E47) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (E47) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
7	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step <b>9</b> .
9	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. 1) Connect the front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector. 2) Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>		Go to step 10.	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10		Is the value of «Coolant Temp.» 75°C (167°F) or more?	Go to step 11.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>
11	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Mass Air Flow» 2.0 — 5.0 g/s (0.26 — 0.66 lb/m)?	Go to step 12.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
12	<ul> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Open the front hood.</li> <li>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</li> <li>7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step 13.	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step 14.	Go to step 15.
14	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>16</b> .	Go to step <b>15</b> .
15	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 17.
16	<ul> <li>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR US- ING REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), then keep the engine idling for 5 minutes or more.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #1» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	sor #1» kept at 0.250 V or less for 5 minutes or more?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 17.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 18.	Repair the harness and connector.
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and			In this case, repair
	rear oxygen sensor.			the following item:
	3) Measure the resistance of harness between			Open circuit in
	ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con-			harness between
	nector.			ECM connector
	Connector & terminal			and rear oxygen
	(B136) No. 20 — (E61) No. 3:			sensor connector
	(B135) No. 30 — (E61) No. 4:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
10				coupling connector
18	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.	Is the voltage 0.2 — 0.5 V?	Replace the rear	Go to step 19.
	1) Connect the connector to ECM.		oxygen sensor. <ref. td="" to<=""><td></td></ref.>	
	2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.		FU(H6DO)-52,	
	<ol> <li>Measure the voltage between rear oxygen</li> </ol>		Rear Oxygen Sen-	
	sensor connector and chassis ground.		sor.>	
	Connector & terminal			
	(E61) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
19	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 24.	Go to step 20.
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> </ol>			
	<ol><li>Measure the voltage between ECM and</li></ol>			
	chassis ground on faulty cylinders.			
	Connector & terminal			
	#1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-):			
	#4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (–): #5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#6 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (–): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
20	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or	Go to step 21.	Repair the short
-	FUEL INJECTOR.	more?		circuit to ground in
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			harness between
	2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector			ECM connector
	on faulty cylinders.			and fuel injector
	3) Measure the resistance between fuel injec-			connector.
	tor connector and engine ground on faulty cylin-			
	ders.			
	Connector & terminal #1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#1 (E3) No. 1 — Engine ground: #2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#2 (E10) No. 1 — Engine ground: #3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#5 (E43) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#6 (E44) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
21	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 22.	Repair the harness
	FUEL INJECTOR.			and connector.
	Measure the resistance of harness between			NOTE:
	ECM and fuel injector connector on faulty cylin-			In this case, repair
	ders.			the following item:
	Connector & terminal #1 (B124) No. 10 (E5) No. 1:			Open circuit in
	#1 (B134) No. 10 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B134) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1:			harness between
	#2 (B134) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1: #3 (B134) No. 12 — (E6) No. 1:			ECM connector
	#3 (B134) No. 12 — (E0) No. 1. #4 (B134) No. 13 — (E17) No. 1:			and fuel injector connector
	#5 (B134) No. 23 — (E43) No. 1:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
	#6 (B134) No. 24 — (E44) No. 1:			coupling connected

	Step	Check	Yes	No
22	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 23.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
23	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector connector of faulty cylinders and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>#1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#5 (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#6 (E44) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of all con- nectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between the main relay and fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of main relay connec- tor
24	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground on faulty cylinders.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal #1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>		Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connectors.	Go to step 25.
25	<ul> <li>CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 - No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 26.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
26	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor or crankshaft position sensor.	Go to step 27.
27	CHECK CRANK PLATE.	Is the crank sprocket rusted or the teeth of crank plate broken?	Replace the crank plate. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-105, Cylinder Block.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 28.
28	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align the alignment mark on crank sprocket with align- ment mark on cylinder block. ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position?	Correct the instal- lation condition of timing chain. <ref. to ME(H6DO)-62, Timing Chain Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step <b>29</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
29	CHECK FUEL LEVEL.	Is the fuel meter indication lower than the "Lower" level?	Refill the fuel so that the fuel meter indication is higher than the "Lower" level, and proceed to the next step. Go to step <b>30</b> .	Go to step <b>30</b> .
30	<ul> <li>CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT.</li> <li>1) Clear the memory using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, Clear Memory Mode.&gt;</ref.></li> <li>2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle 10 minutes or more.</li> </ul>	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate or blink?	Go to step <b>32</b> .	Go to step <b>31</b> .
31	CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE.	Was the cause of misfire identi- fied when the engine is run- ning?	Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality.	Repair the poor contact of connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Poor contact of ignition coil con- nector • Poor contact of fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
32	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Is there any fault in air intake system?	Repair the air intake system. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnec- tion of hoses?	
33	<ul> <li>CHECK MISFIRE SYMPTOM.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Check for DTC. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-<="" li="" to=""> <li>48, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</li> </ref.></li></ul>	Does the Subaru Select Moni- tor or general scan tool indicate only one DTC?	Go to step <b>36</b> .	Go to step <b>34</b> .
34	CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is DTC P0301, P0303 and P0305 displayed?	Go to step 37.	Go to step <b>35</b> .
35	CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is DTC P0302, P0304 and P0306 displayed?	Go to step <b>38</b> .	Go to step <b>39</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
36	ONLY ONE CYLINDER.	Is there any fault in the cylin- der?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio	Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
37	GROUP OF #1, #3 AND #5 CYLINDERS.	Is there any fault in #1, #3 and #5 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio • Skipping timing chain teeth	nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code</ref.>
38	GROUP OF #2, #4 AND #6 CYLINDERS.	Is there any fault in #2, #4 and #6 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio • Skipping timing chain teeth	Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
39	CYLINDER AT RANDOM.	Is the engine idle rough?	Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## FU:DTC P219B BANK 2 AIR-FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-241, DTC P219B BANK 2 AIR-FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

### TROUBLE SYMPTOM:

- Engine stalls.
- Improper idling

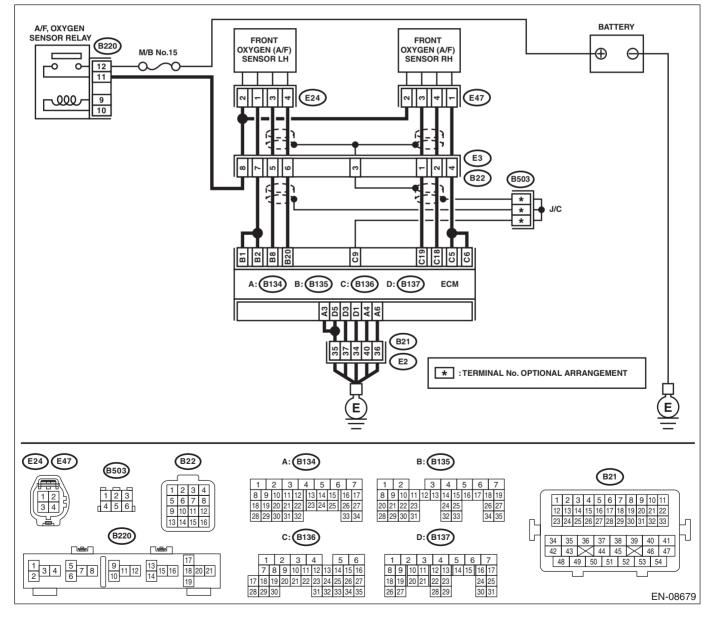
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

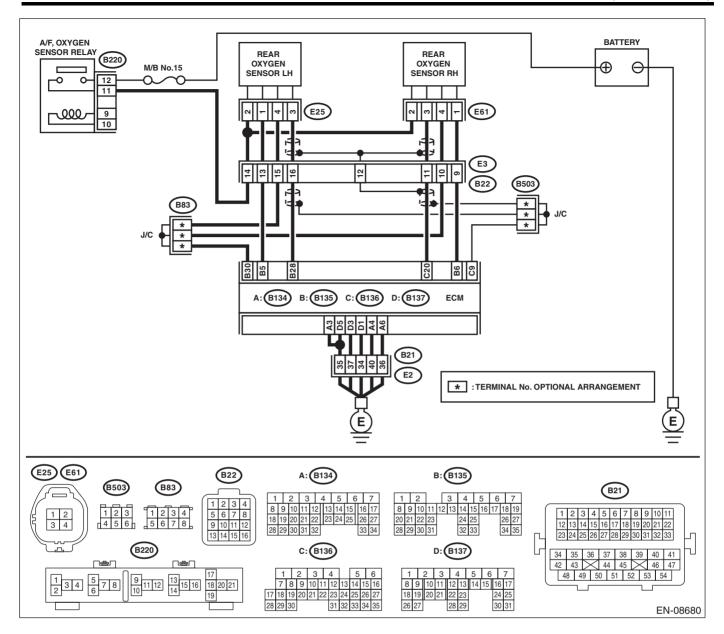
### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

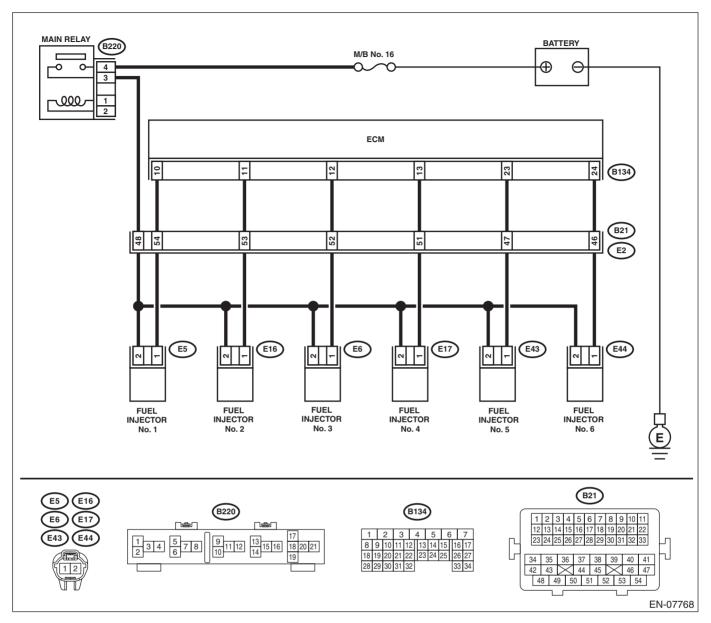
 Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



# EN(H6DO)(diag)-400



### **Diagnostic Procedure with Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)** ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNECTOR AND COUPLING CONNEC- TOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step <b>2</b> .
2	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connectors from ECM and front oxygen (A/F) sensor.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 8 — (E24) No. 3: (B135) No. 20 — (E24) No. 4:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 3.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector • Poor contact of coupling connector

## EN(H6DO)(diag)-402

	Step	Check	Yes	No
3	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (B135) No. 8 — Chassis ground: (B135) No. 20 — Chassis ground:	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM.</li> <li>1) Connect the connector to ECM.</li> <li>2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>3) Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/F) sensor connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (E24) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 4.5 V or more?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step <b>5</b> .
5	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E24) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (–):	Is the voltage 4.95 V or more?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 7.
6	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL FOR ECM. Measure the voltage between front oxygen (A/ F) sensor connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E24) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (-): (E24) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the voltage 8 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in the harness between ECM con- nector and front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor connector. After repair, replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt;</ref.>	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.
7	CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM.	Are there holes or loose bolts on exhaust system?	Repair the exhaust system.	Go to step 8.
8	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Are there holes, loose bolts or disconnection of hose on air intake system?	Repair the air intake system.	Go to step <b>9</b> .
9	CHECK FUEL PRESSURE. WARNING: Place "NO OPEN FLAMES" signs near the working area. CAUTION: Be careful not to spill fuel. 1) Connect the front oxygen (A/F) sensor con- nector. 2) Measure the fuel pressure. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-31, INSPECTION, Fuel Pressure.&gt; CAUTION: Release fuel pressure before removing the fuel pressure gauge.</ref.>		Go to step 10.	Check the fuel pump and fuel delivery line. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-72, INSPECTION, Fuel Pump.&gt; <ref. to FU(H6DO)-85, INSPECTION, Fuel Delivery and Evaporation Lines.&gt;</ref. </ref. 

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
10	<ul> <li>CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up completely.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Coolant Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the</li> </ul>	Is the value of «Coolant Temp.» 75°C (167°F) or more?	Go to step 11.	Replace the engine coolant temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-29, Engine Coolant Temperature Sen- sor.&gt;</ref.>
11	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Read the value of «Mass Air Flow» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool</li> </ul>		Go to step 12.	Replace the mass air flow and intake air temperature sensor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>
12	<ul> <li>general scan tool operation manual.</li> <li>CHECK MASS AIR FLOW AND INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR.</li> <li>1) Start the engine and warm up engine until coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F).</li> <li>2) Place the select lever in "P" range or "N" range.</li> <li>3) Turn the A/C switch to OFF.</li> <li>4) Turn all the accessory switches to OFF.</li> <li>5) Open the front hood.</li> <li>6) Measure the ambient temperature.</li> <li>7) Read the value of «Intake Air Temp.» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>13</b> .	Check the mass air flow and intake air temperature sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-41, Mass Air Flow and Intake Air Temper- ature Sensor.&gt;</ref.>

## EN(H6DO)(diag)-404

	Step	Check	Yes	No
13	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and keep the engine speed at 3,000 rpm. (2 minutes maximum)</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step 14.	Go to step 15.
14	<ul> <li>CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR DATA.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), and rapidly reduce the engine speed from 3,000 rpm.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-40,="" monitor.="" select="" subaru="" to=""></ref.></li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>		Go to step <b>16</b> .	Go to step <b>15</b> .
15	CHECK REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNEC- TOR AND COUPLING CONNECTOR.	Has water entered the connec- tor?	Completely remove any water inside.	Go to step 17.
16	<ul> <li>CHECK FRONT OXYGEN (A/F) SENSOR US- ING REAR OXYGEN SENSOR SIGNAL.</li> <li>1) Warm up the engine until engine coolant temperature is higher than 75°C (167°F), then keep the engine idling for 5 minutes or more.</li> <li>2) Read the value of «Front O2 Sensor #2» using the Subaru Select Monitor or a general scan tool.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Subaru Select Monitor</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to "READ CURRENT DATA FOR ENGINE". <ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-40, Subaru Select Moni- tor.&gt;</ref. </li> <li>General scan tool</li> <li>For detailed operation procedures, refer to the general scan tool operation manual.</li> </ul>	sor #2» kept at 0.250 V or less for 5 minutes or more?	Replace the front oxygen (A/F) sen- sor. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-50, Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 17.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
17	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 18.	Repair the harness and connector.
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			NOTE:
	2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and			In this case, repair
	rear oxygen sensor.			the following item:
	3) Measure the resistance of harness between			<ul> <li>Open circuit in</li> </ul>
	ECM connector and rear oxygen sensor con-			harness between
	nector.			ECM connector
	Connector & terminal			and rear oxygen
	(B135) No. 28 — (E25) No. 3:			sensor connector
	(B135) No. 30 — (E25) No. 4:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
				coupling connector
18	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the voltage $0.2 - 0.5$ V?	Replace the rear	Go to step 19.
	REAR OXYGEN SENSOR CONNECTOR.		oxygen sensor.	
	1) Connect the connector to ECM.		<ref. td="" to<=""><td></td></ref.>	
	2) Turn the ignition switch to ON.		FU(H6DO)-52,	
	3) Measure the voltage between rear oxygen		Rear Oxygen Sen-	
	sensor connector and chassis ground.		sor.>	
	Connector & terminal (E25) No. 3 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
19	CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL OF ECM.	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 24.	Co to stop <b>20</b>
19	1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.	is the voltage to v or more?	Go to step <b>24</b> .	Go to step 20.
	<ol> <li>Measure the voltage between ECM and</li> </ol>			
	chassis ground on faulty cylinders.			
	Connector & terminal			
	#1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
	#6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			
20	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance 1 $M\Omega$ or	Go to step 21.	Repair the short
	FUEL INJECTOR.	more?		circuit to ground in
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			harness between
	2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector			ECM connector
	on faulty cylinders.			and fuel injector
	3) Measure the resistance between fuel injec-			connector.
	tor connector and engine ground on faulty cylin- ders.			
	Connector & terminal			
	#1 (E5) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#2 (E16) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#3 (E6) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#4 (E17) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#5 (E43) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
	#6 (E44) No. 1 — Engine ground:			
21	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 22.	Repair the harness
	FUEL INJECTOR.			and connector.
	Measure the resistance of harness between			NOTE:
	ECM and fuel injector connector on faulty cylin-			In this case, repair
	ders.			the following item:
	Connector & terminal			Open circuit in
	#1 (B134) No. 10 — (E5) No. 1: #2 (B124) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1:			harness between
	#2 (B134) No. 11 — (E16) No. 1: #2 (B134) No. 12 — (E6) No. 1:			ECM connector
	#3 (B134) No. 12 — (E6) No. 1: #4 (B134) No. 13 — (E17) No. 1:			and fuel injector
	#4 (B134) No. 13 — (E17) No. 1: #5 (B134) No. 23 — (E43) No. 1:			connector
	#5 (B134) No. 23 — (E43) No. 1: #6 (B134) No. 24 — (E44) No. 1:			<ul> <li>Poor contact of coupling connector</li> </ul>
	#0 (D104) NO. 24 - (E44) NO. 1.			coupling connector

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

	Step	Check	Yes	No
22	CHECK FUEL INJECTOR. Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder. <i>Terminals</i> <i>No. 1 — No. 2:</i>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step 23.	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
23	<ul> <li>CHECK POWER SUPPLY LINE.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between fuel injector connector of faulty cylinders and engine ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal <ul> <li>#1 (E5) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#2 (E16) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#3 (E6) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#4 (E17) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#5 (E43) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> <li>#6 (E44) No. 2 (+) — Engine ground (-):</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the poor contact of all con- nectors in fuel injector circuit.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between the main relay and fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of coupling connector • Poor contact of main relay connec- tor
24	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from fuel injector on faulty cylinders.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between ECM and chassis ground on faulty cylinders.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal #1 (B134) No. 10 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #2 (B134) No. 11 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #3 (B134) No. 12 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #4 (B134) No. 13 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #5 (B134) No. 23 (+) — Chassis ground (-): #6 (B134) No. 24 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>		Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and fuel injector connectors.	Go to step 25.
25	<ul> <li>CHECK FUEL INJECTOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Measure the resistance between fuel injector terminals on faulty cylinder.</li> <li>Terminals</li> <li>No. 1 - No. 2:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 5 — 20 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>26</b> .	Replace the faulty fuel injector. <ref. to FU(H6DO)-44, Fuel Injector.&gt;</ref. 
26	CHECK INSTALLATION OF CAMSHAFT PO- SITION SENSOR/CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.	Is the camshaft position sensor or crankshaft position sensor loosely installed?	Tighten the cam- shaft position sen- sor or crankshaft position sensor.	Go to step 27.
27	CHECK CRANK PLATE.	Is the crank sprocket rusted or the teeth of crank plate broken?	Replace the crank plate. <ref. to<br="">ME(H6DO)-105, Cylinder Block.&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 28.
28	CHECK INSTALLATION CONDITION OF TIMING CHAIN. Turn the crankshaft using ST, and align the alignment mark on crank sprocket with align- ment mark on cylinder block. ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET	Is the timing chain dislocated from its proper position?	Correct the instal- lation condition of timing chain. <ref. to ME(H6DO)-62, Timing Chain Assembly.&gt;</ref. 	Go to step <b>29</b> .

EN(H6DO)(diag)-407

	Step	Check	Yes	No
29	CHECK FUEL LEVEL.	Is the fuel meter indication lower than the "Lower" level?	Refill the fuel so that the fuel meter indication is higher than the "Lower" level, and proceed to the next step. Go to step <b>30</b> .	Go to step <b>30</b> .
30	<ul> <li>CHECK STATUS OF MALFUNCTION INDI- CATOR LIGHT.</li> <li>1) Clear the memory using the Subaru Select Monitor or general scan tool. <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, Clear Memory Mode.&gt;</ref.></li> <li>2) Start the engine, and drive the vehicle 10 minutes or more.</li> </ul>	Does the malfunction indicator light illuminate or blink?	Go to step <b>32</b> .	Go to step <b>31</b> .
31	CHECK CAUSE OF MISFIRE.	Was the cause of misfire identi- fied when the engine is run- ning?	Finish diagnostics operation, if the engine has no abnormality.	Repair the poor contact of connec- tor. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Poor contact of ignition coil con- nector • Poor contact of fuel injector con- nector on faulty cylinders • Poor contact of ECM connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
32	CHECK AIR INTAKE SYSTEM.	Is there any fault in air intake system?	Repair the air intake system. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Are there air leaks or air suction caused by loose or dislocated nuts and bolts? • Are there cracks or any disconnec- tion of hoses?	
33	<ul> <li>CHECK MISFIRE SYMPTOM.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Check for DTC. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-<="" li="" to=""> <li>48, Read Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</li> </ref.></li></ul>	Does the Subaru Select Moni- tor or general scan tool indicate only one DTC?	Go to step <b>36</b> .	Go to step <b>34</b> .
34	CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is DTC P0301, P0303 and P0305 displayed?	Go to step 37.	Go to step <b>35</b> .
35	CHECK DTC ON DISPLAY.	Is DTC P0302, P0304 and P0306 displayed?	Go to step <b>38</b> .	Go to step <b>39</b> .

	Step	Check	Yes	No
36	ONLY ONE CYLINDER.	Is there any fault in the cylin- der?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio	Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
37	GROUP OF #1, #3 AND #5 CYLINDERS.	Is there any fault in #1, #3 and #5 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio • Skipping timing chain teeth	Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
38	GROUP OF #2, #4 AND #6 CYLINDERS.	Is there any fault in #2, #4 and #6 cylinders?	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio • Skipping timing chain teeth	Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>
39	CYLINDER AT RANDOM.	Is the engine idle rough?	Check DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 using "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Repair or replace faulty parts. NOTE: Check the follow- ing items. • Spark plug • Ignition coil • Fuel injector • Compression ra- tio

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

### **FV:DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE**

### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-242, DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		"List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code</ref.>	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt; NOTE: The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.</ref.>

## FW:DTC P2228 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW

#### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

- Immediately at fault recognition
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-243, DTC P2228 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		"List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos-</ref.>	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt; NOTE: The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.</ref.>

### **FX:DTC P2229 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH**

#### **DTC DETECTING CONDITION:**

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-244, DTC P2229 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		"List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt; NOTE: The barometric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.</ref.>

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

### FY:DTC P2401 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

· Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-245, DTC P2401 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

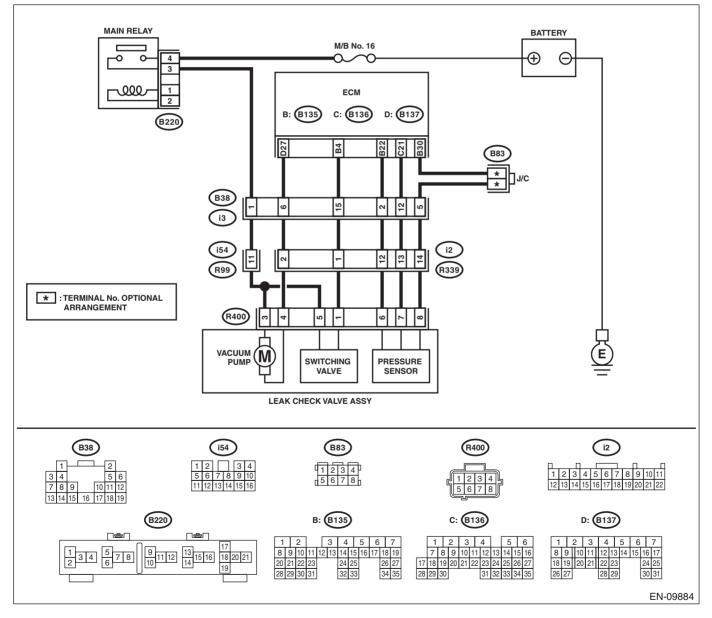
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 27 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Go to step <b>3</b> .
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary open or short circuit of har- ness or temporary poor contact of connector may be the cause.
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY. Measure the voltage between the leak check valve assembly connector and engine ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (R400) No. 3 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the power supply circuit.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and the leak check valve assembly.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between leak check valve assembly and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R400) No. 4 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>		Go to step 5.	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and leak check valve assembly connector.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 27 — (R400) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY. Check the vacuum pump of the leak check valve assembly. <ref. check<br="" ec(h6do)-16,="" to="">VACUUM PUMP, INSPECTION, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>		contact in the leak check valve	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>

### FZ:DTC P2402 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-247, DTC P2402 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

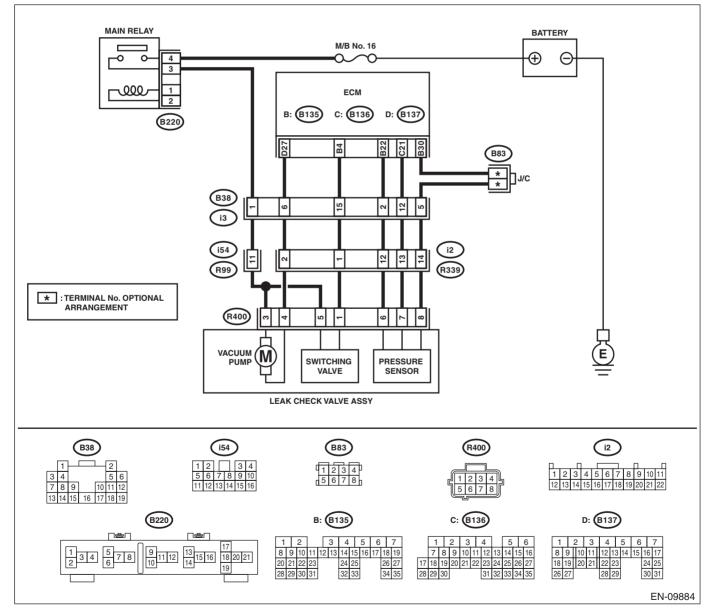
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from the leak check valve assembly.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between leak check valve assembly and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R400) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and leak check valve assembly connector.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Check the vacuum pump of the leak check valve assembly. <ref. assembly.="" check="" ec(h6do)-16,="" inspection,="" leak="" pump,="" to="" vacuum="" valve=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Is the vacuum pump of the leak check valve assembly OK?	Repair the poor contact in the leak check valve assembly connec- tor.	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>

### GA:DTC P2404 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP SENSE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-248, DTC P2404 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM LEAK DETECTION PUMP SENSE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

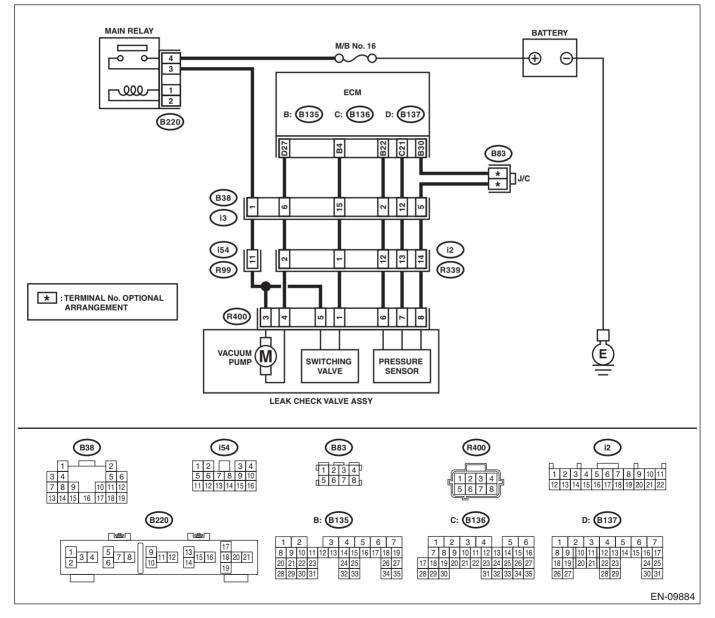
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



# EN(H6DO)(diag)-417

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		Check the appro- priate DTC using the "List of Diag- nostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos- tic Trouble Code (DTC).&gt;</ref.>	Go to step 2.
2	CHECK ELCM PUMP. Operate the ELCM pump using the Subaru Select Monitor. NOTE: For detailed procedures, refer to "System Oper- ation Check Mode". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-<br="" to="">65, System Operation Check Mode.&gt;</ref.>	Does the ELCM pump operate?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Go to step 3.
3		Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between the main relay and the leak check valve assembly connector • Poor contact of main relay connec- tor • Poor contact of coupling connector
4	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from ECM. 3) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector. Connector & terminal (B137) No. 27 — (R400) No. 4:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step 5.	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector • Poor contact of coupling connector
5	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B137) No. 27 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and leak check valve assembly connector.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6	CHECK ELCM SWITCHING VALVE.	Does the ELCM switching valve	Go to step 10.	Go to step 7.
	Operate the ELCM switching valve using the	operate?		
	Subaru Select Monitor.			
	NOTE: For detailed procedures, refer to "System Oper-			
	ation Check Mode". <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-<="" td="" to=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></ref.>			
	65, System Operation Check Mode.>			
7	CHECK POWER SUPPLY OF LEAK CHECK	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 8.	Repair the harness
	VALVE ASSEMBLY.			and connector.
	<ol> <li>Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect the connector from the leak</li> </ol>			NOTE:
	check valve assembly.			In this case, repair the following item:
	3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.			<ul> <li>Open circuit in</li> </ul>
	4) Measure the voltage between the leak			harness between
	check valve assembly connector and chassis			the main relay and
	ground. Connector & terminal			the leak check
	(R400) No. 5 (+) — Chassis ground (–):			valve assembly connector
	(·····)····(·) •························			<ul> <li>Poor contact of</li> </ul>
				main relay connec-
				tor
				<ul> <li>Poor contact of coupling connector</li> </ul>
8	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance less than 1 $\Omega$ ?	Go to step <b>9</b>	Repair the harness
Ŭ	LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC-			and connector.
	TOR.			NOTE:
	1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.			In this case, repair
	<ul><li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM.</li><li>3) Measure the resistance of harness between</li></ul>			the following item:
	ECM connector and the leak check valve			<ul> <li>Open circuit in harness between</li> </ul>
	assembly connector.			ECM connector
	Connector & terminal			and the leak check
	(B135) No. 4 — (R400) No. 1:			valve assembly
				<ul><li>connector</li><li>Poor contact of</li></ul>
				coupling connector
9	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND	Is the resistance 1 M $\Omega$ or	Replace the leak	Repair the short
	LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC-		check valve	circuit to ground in
	TOR.		assembly. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>harness between</td></ref.>	harness between
	1) Measure the resistance of harness between		EC(H6DO)-16,	ECM connector
	ECM connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal		Leak Check Valve Assembly.>	and leak check valve assembly
	(B135) No. 4 — Chassis ground:			connector.
10	CHECK EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CON-	Is DTC P2404 displayed on the	Replace the leak	Even if DTC is
	TROL SYSTEM.	display?	check valve	detected, the cir-
	Perform drive cycle I. <ref. en(h6do)(diag)-<="" td="" to=""><td></td><td>assembly. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>cuit has returned to</td></ref.></td></ref.>		assembly. <ref. td="" to<=""><td>cuit has returned to</td></ref.>	cuit has returned to
	61, DRIVE CYCLE H, PROCEDURE, Drive Cycle.>		EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve	a normal condition at this time. Repro-
			Assembly.>	duce the failure,
				and then perform
				the diagnosis
				again.
				NOTE: In this case, tem-
				porary poor con-
				tact of connector,
				temporary open or
				short circuit of har-
				ness may be the cause.
L				cause.

ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)

## GB:DTC P2419 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CON-TROL CIRCUIT LOW

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-249, DTC P2419 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

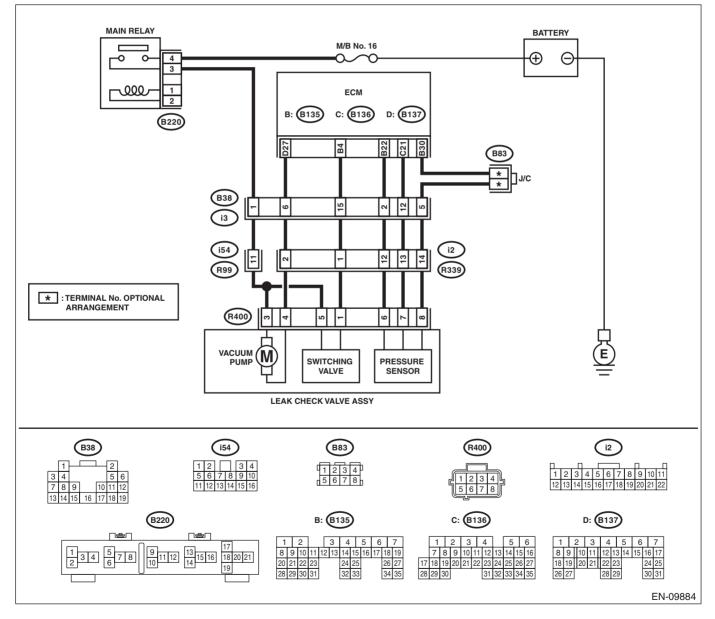
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>2) Measure the voltage between ECM connec- tor and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (B135) No. 4 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 2.	Go to step <b>3</b> .
2	CHECK FOR POOR CONTACT. Check for poor contact of ECM connector.	Is there poor contact of ECM connector?	Repair the poor contact of ECM connector.	Even if DTC is detected, the cir- cuit has returned to a normal condition at this time. Repro- duce the failure, and then perform the diagnosis again. NOTE: In this case, tem- porary open or short circuit of har- ness or temporary poor contact of connector may be the cause.
3	CHECK POWER SUPPLY TO LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY. Measure the voltage between the leak check valve assembly connector and engine ground. <i>Connector &amp; terminal</i> (R400) No. 5 (+) — Engine ground (–):	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Go to step 4.	Repair the power supply circuit.
4	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from ECM and the leak check valve assembly.</li> <li>3) Measure the resistance between leak check valve assembly and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R400) No. 1 — Chassis ground:</li> </ul>	Is the resistance 1 MΩ or more?	Go to step <b>5</b> .	Repair the short circuit to ground in harness between ECM connector and leak check valve assembly connector.
5	CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR. Measure the resistance of harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector. Connector & terminal (B135) No. 4 — (R400) No. 1:	Is the resistance less than 1 Ω?	Go to step <b>6</b> .	Repair the harness and connector. NOTE: In this case, repair the following item: • Open circuit in harness between ECM connector and the leak check valve assembly connector • Poor contact of coupling connector

	Step	Check	Yes	No
6		leak check valve assembly OK?	check valve	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve</ref.>
				Assembly.>

### GC:DTC P2420 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CON-TROL CIRCUIT HIGH

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

Immediately at fault recognition

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION<Ref. to GD(H6DO)-251, DTC P2420 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM SWITCHING VALVE CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

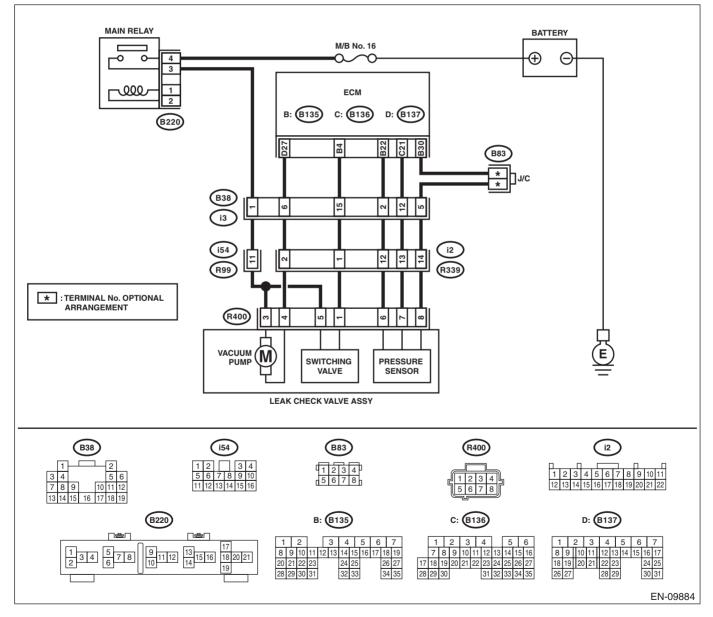
#### CAUTION:

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM:

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (without push button start)<Ref. to WI-150, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH-OUT PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>

• Engine electrical system, 3.6 L model (with push button start)<Ref. to WI-166, 3.6 L MODEL (WITH PUSH BUTTON START), WIRING DIAGRAM, Engine Electrical System.>



	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	<ul> <li>CHECK HARNESS BETWEEN ECM AND LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY CONNEC- TOR.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Disconnect the connector from the leak check valve assembly.</li> <li>3) Turn the ignition switch to ON.</li> <li>4) Measure the voltage between leak check valve assembly and chassis ground.</li> <li>Connector &amp; terminal (R400) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):</li> </ul>	Is the voltage 10 V or more?	Repair the short circuit to power in harness between ECM connector and leak check valve assembly connector.	Go to step 2.
2	<ul> <li>CHECK LEAK CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY.</li> <li>1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF.</li> <li>2) Check the switching valve of the leak check valve assembly. <ref. assembly.="" check="" ec(h6do)-16,="" inspection,="" leak="" switching="" to="" valve="" valve,=""></ref.></li> </ul>	Is the switching valve of the leak check valve assembly OK?	Repair the poor contact in the leak check valve assembly connec- tor.	Replace the leak check valve assembly. <ref. to<br="">EC(H6DO)-16, Leak Check Valve Assembly.&gt;</ref.>

### GD:DTC P2610 ECM/PCM INTERNAL ENGINE OFF TIMER PERFORMANCE

### DTC DETECTING CONDITION:

• Detected when two consecutive driving cycles with fault occur.

• GENERAL DESCRIPTION <Ref. to GD(H6DO)-253, DTC P2610 ECM/PCM INTERNAL ENGINE OFF TIMER PERFORMANCE, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

#### **CAUTION:**

After servicing or replacing faulty parts, perform Clear Memory Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-64, OPERATION, Clear Memory Mode.>, and Inspection Mode <Ref. to EN(H6DO)(diag)-49, PROCEDURE, Inspection Mode.>.

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK FOR ANY OTHER DTC ON DISPLAY.		"List of Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". <ref. to<br="">EN(H6DO)(diag)- 97, List of Diagnos-</ref.>	Replace the ECM. <ref. to<br="">FU(H6DO)-54, Engine Control Module (ECM).&gt; NOTE: The soak timer IC is built into the ECM.</ref.>

## **GE:DTC U0073 CAN FAILURE, BUS 'OFF' DETECTION**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

## GF:DTC U0101 CAN (TCU) DATA NOT LOADED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

## GG:DTC U0122 CAN (VDC) DATA NOT LOADED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

### GH:DTC U0140 CAN (BCU) DATA NOT LOADED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

### GI: DTC U0402 CAN (TCU) DATA ABNORMAL

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

### GJ:DTC U0416 CAN (VDC) DATA ABNORMAL

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

### **GK:DTC U0422 CAN (BCU) DATA ABNORMAL**

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to LAN section. <Ref. to LAN(diag)-2, Basic Diagnostic Procedure.>

## EN(H6DO)(diag)-425