

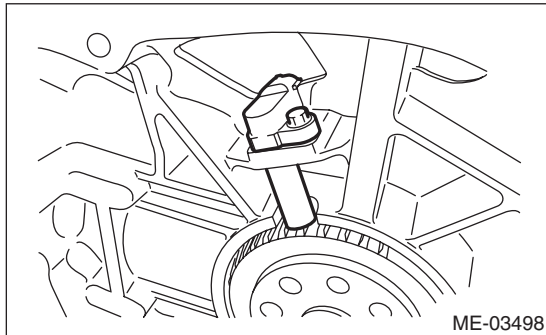
## 20. Cylinder Block

### A: REMOVAL

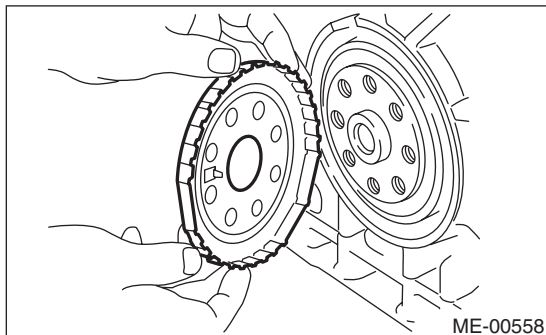
**NOTE:**

Before conducting this procedure, drain the engine oil completely.

- 1) Remove the engine from vehicle. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-36, REMOVAL, Engine Assembly.>
- 2) Remove the crank pulley. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-52, REMOVAL, Crank Pulley.>
- 3) Remove the chain cover. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-53, REMOVAL, Chain Cover.>
- 4) Remove the timing chain assembly. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-63, REMOVAL, Timing Chain Assembly.>
- 5) Remove the cam sprocket. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-81, REMOVAL, Cam Sprocket.>
- 6) Remove the crank sprocket. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-82, REMOVAL, Crank Sprocket.>
- 7) Remove the camshaft. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-83, REMOVAL, Camshaft.>
- 8) Remove the cylinder head. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-92, REMOVAL, Cylinder Head.>
- 9) Remove the drive plate. <Ref. to 5AT-63, REMOVAL, Drive Plate.>
- 10) Remove the crankshaft position sensor.

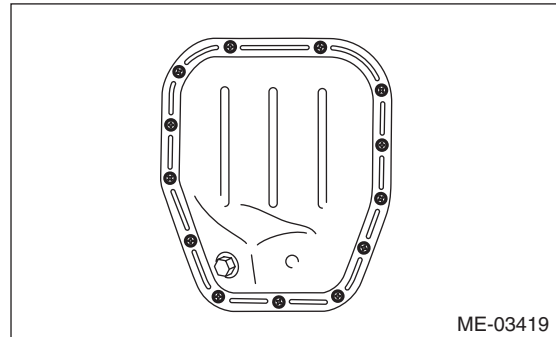


- 11) Remove the crankshaft position sensor plate.



- 12) Rotate the engine to set oil pan upper.

- 13) Remove the bolts which secure oil pan lower to oil pan upper.

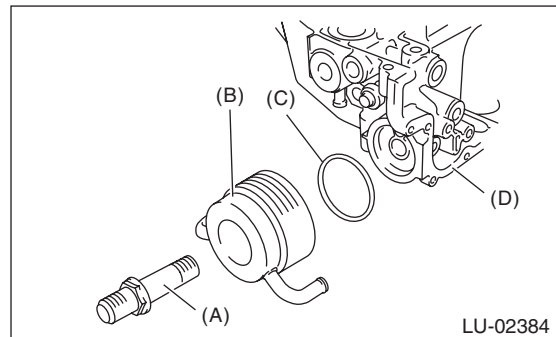


- 14) Insert an oil pan cutter blade into the gap between oil pan upper and oil pan lower, and remove the oil pan lower.

**CAUTION:**

**Do not use a screwdriver or similar tools in place of oil pan cutter.**

- 15) Remove the oil cooler connector and remove the oil cooler.



- (A) Oil cooler connector
- (B) Oil cooler
- (C) O-ring
- (D) Oil pan upper

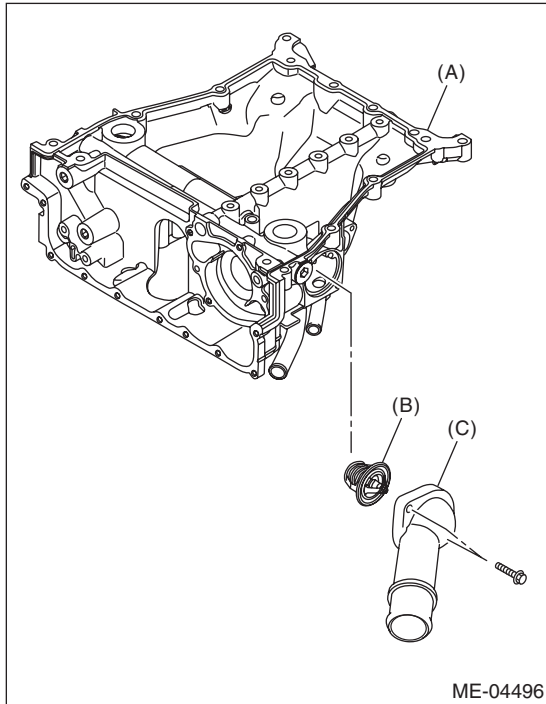
- 16) Remove the oil pump. <Ref. to LU(H6DO)-13, REMOVAL, Oil Pump.>

- 17) Remove the oil level switch. <Ref. to LU(H6DO)-18, REMOVAL, Oil Level Switch.>

# Cylinder Block

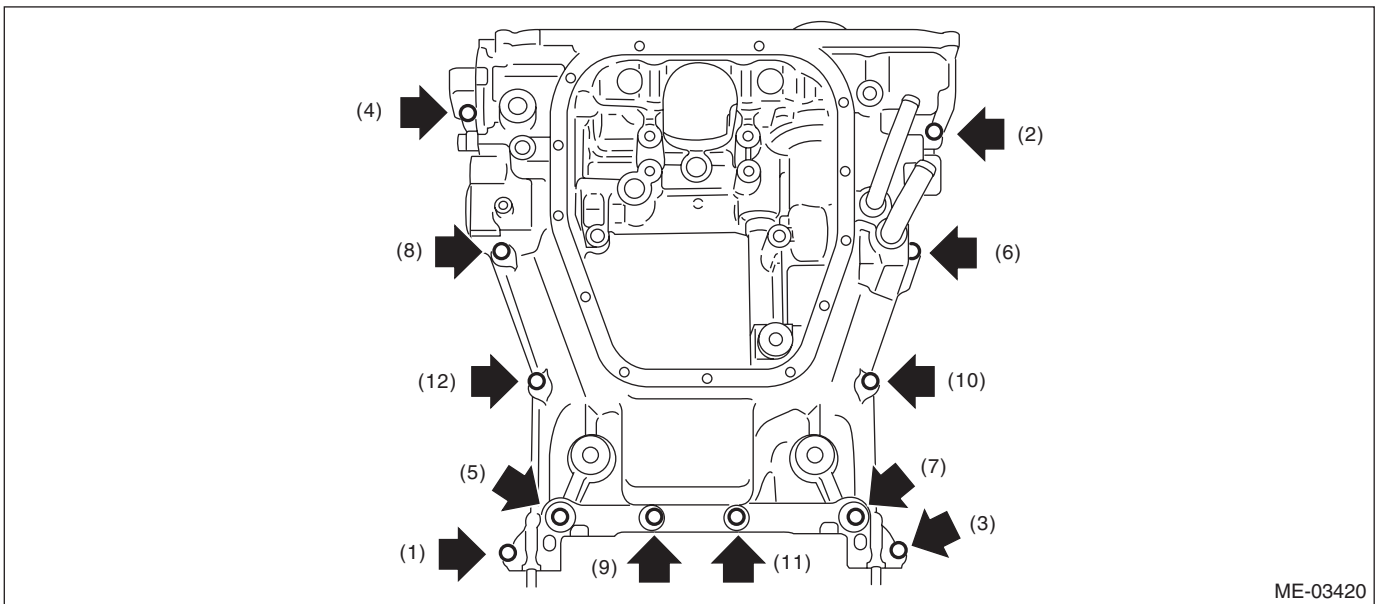
## MECHANICAL

18) Remove the thermostat cover, and then remove the thermostat.



- (A) Oil pan upper
- (B) Thermostat
- (C) Thermostat cover

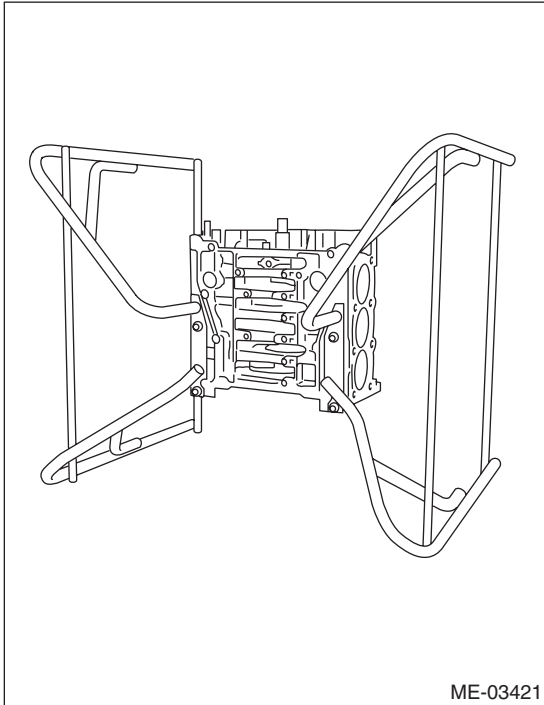
19) Remove the oil pan upper.



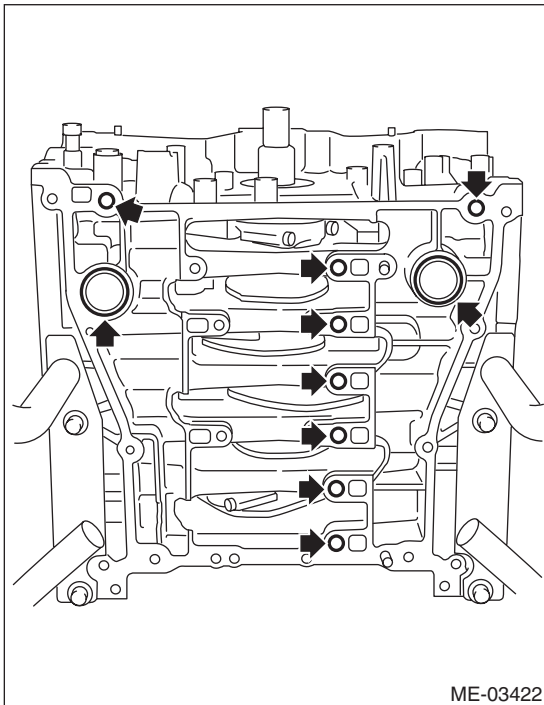
# Cylinder Block

MECHANICAL

20) Face the front of the engine up, standing the engine on one end.



21) Remove ten O-rings from the underside of the cylinder block.



22) Mark the direction of front and the number of connecting rod caps.

23) Remove the #1 and #4 connecting rod caps and pistons from the cylinder block.

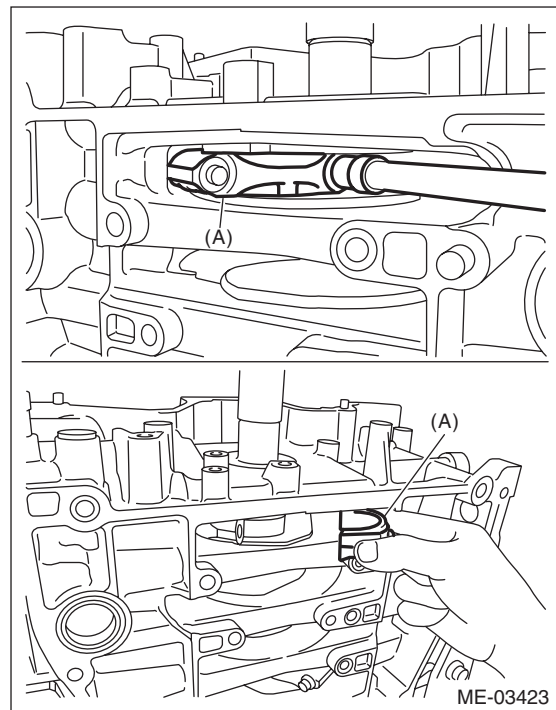
**NOTE:**

- Use 3/8 inch (9.5 sq.) for the extension and TORX® socket (E12).
- After removing the two connecting rod connection bolts, turning the crankshaft (ST) counterclockwise will remove the connecting rod cap.
- Mark each connecting rod cap and piston with connecting rod cap number and piston number.
- The removal of all connecting rod caps and pistons are performed in three separate steps. First, remove the #1 and #4 connecting rod caps and pistons simultaneously, then the #2 and #5 connecting rod caps and pistons simultaneously, and then the #3 and #6 connecting rod caps and pistons simultaneously.

(1) Using the ST, turn the crankshaft and set the #1 piston at the mid point between TDC and BDC.

**ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET**

(2) Remove the two #1 connecting rod cap connection bolts, and remove the connecting rod cap.

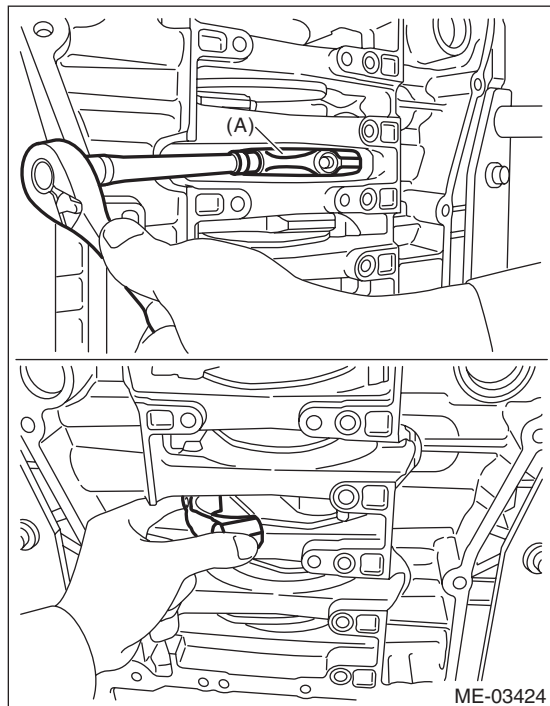


(A) #1 connecting rod cap

# Cylinder Block

## MECHANICAL

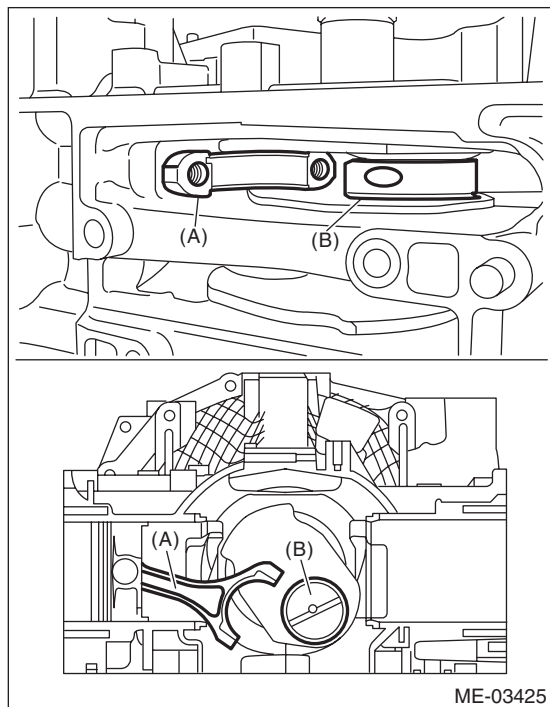
(3) Remove the two #4 connecting rod cap connection bolts, and remove the connecting rod cap.



(A) #4 connecting rod cap

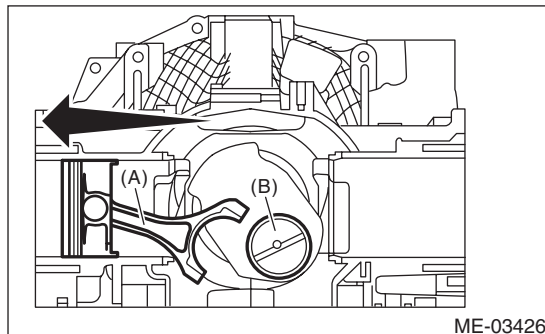
(4) Using the ST, turn the crankshaft and separate the positions of the crank pin and the large end of the #1 connecting rod.

ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET



(A) #1 connecting rod  
(B) Crank pin

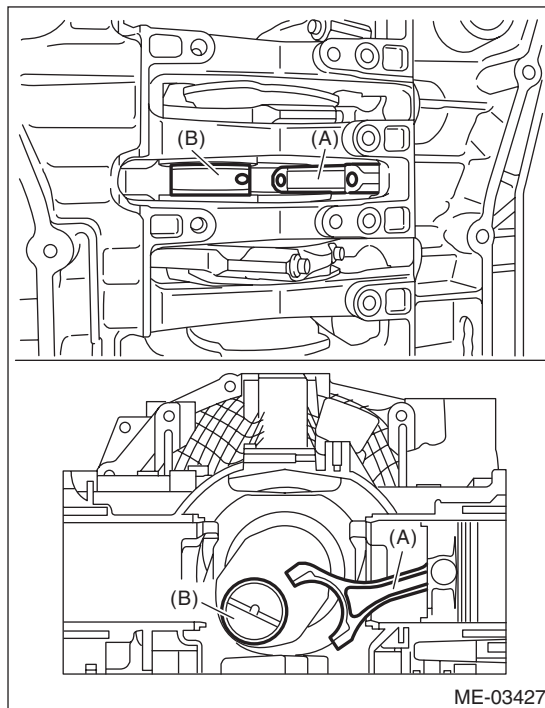
(5) Push the #1 connecting rod in the direction of the arrow, and remove the #1 piston and connecting rod from the cylinder block.



(A) #1 connecting rod  
(B) Crank pin

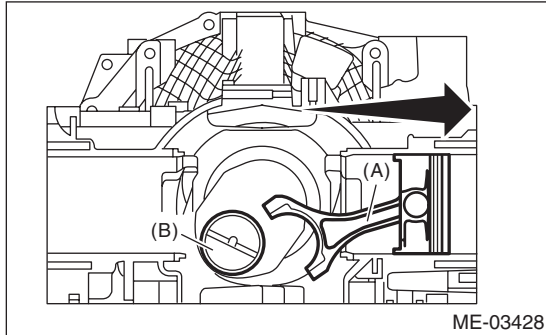
(6) Using the ST, turn the crankshaft and separate the positions of the crank pin and the large end of the #4 connecting rod.

ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET



(A) #4 connecting rod  
(B) Crank pin

(7) Push the #4 connecting rod in the direction of the arrow, and remove the #4 piston and connecting rod from the cylinder block.

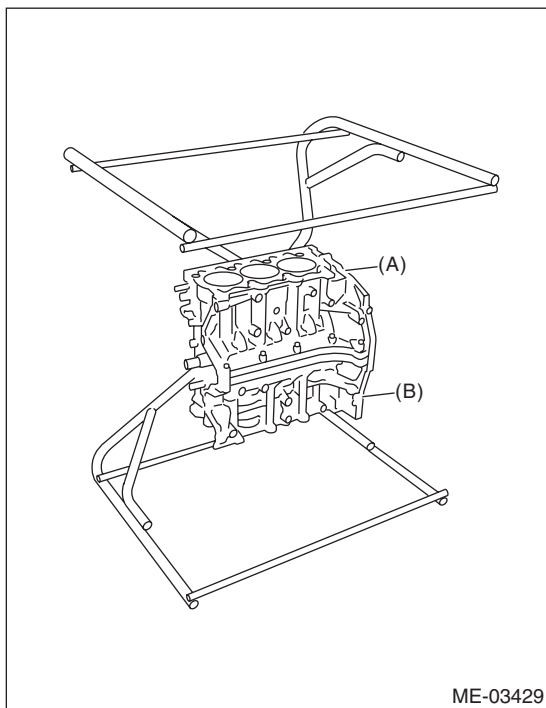


- (A) #4 connecting rod
- (B) Crank pin

24) Remove the #2 and #5 connecting rods and pistons from the cylinder block in the same manner.  
ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET

25) Remove the #3 and #6 connecting rods and pistons from the cylinder block in the same manner.  
ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET

26) Face the cylinder block (RH) up.

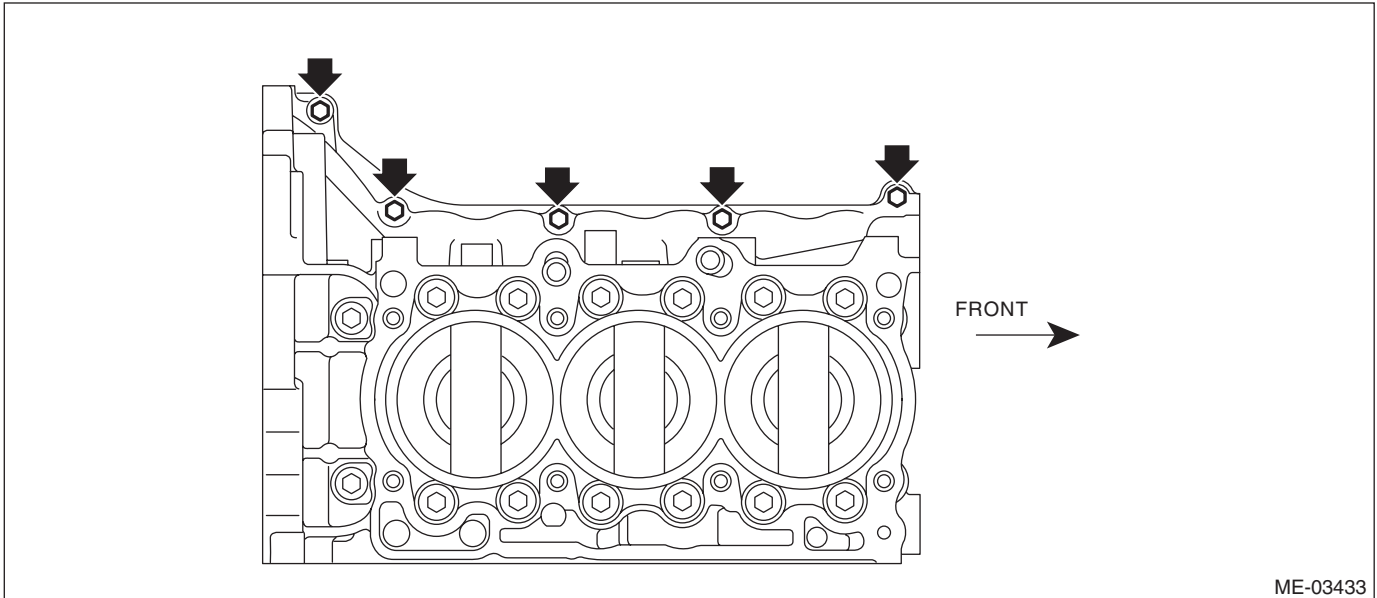


- (A) Cylinder block (RH)
- (B) Cylinder block (LH)

# Cylinder Block

## MECHANICAL

27) Remove the upper bolt.

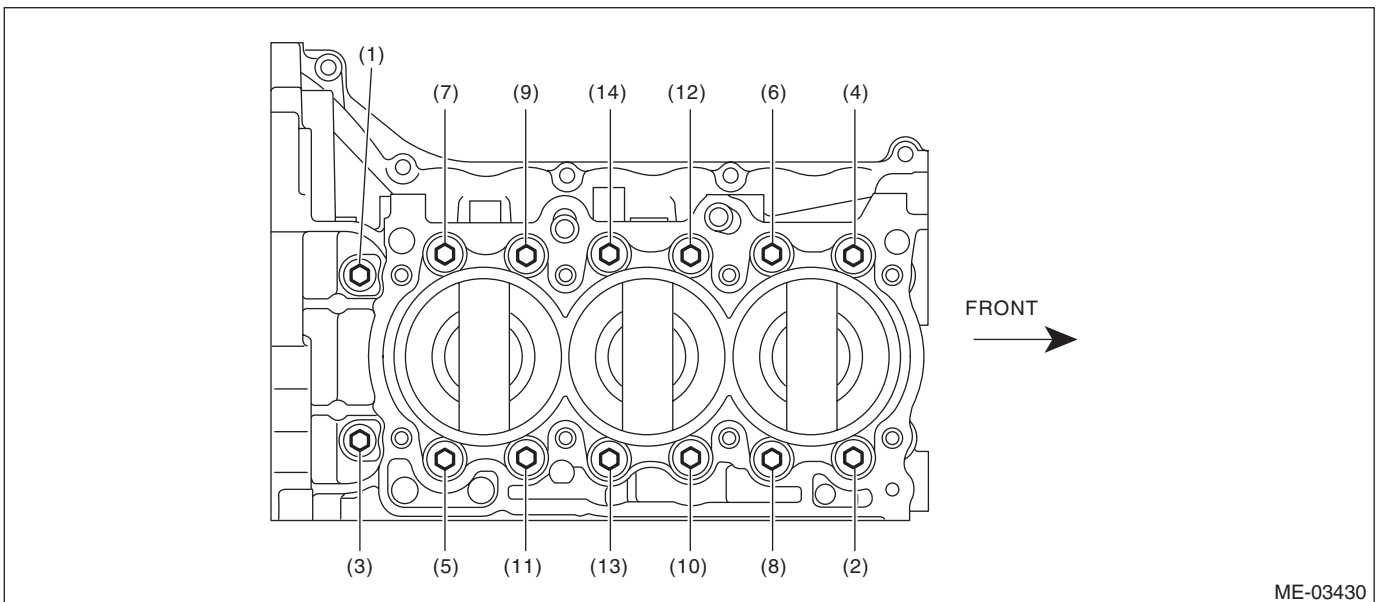


28) Loosen the cylinder block bolts in the order indicated in the figure, and separate cylinder block (RH) and (LH).

### NOTE:

Confirm that the crankshaft is remaining in the cylinder block (LH).

If the cylinder block (RH) is lifted carelessly when separating, the crankshaft may stick to cylinder block (RH), then fall off.



29) Remove the rear oil seal.

30) Remove the crankshaft from cylinder block (LH).

31) Remove the crankshaft bearings from cylinder block using a hammer handle.

### NOTE:

- Do not confuse the combination of crankshaft bearings.
- Press the bearing at the end opposite to locking lip.

## B: INSTALLATION

- 1) After setting the cylinder block to ST, install the crankshaft bearing.  
ST 18232AA000 ENGINE STAND

**NOTE:**

Apply a coat of engine oil to the bearing and crankshaft journal.

- 2) Mount the crankshaft in cylinder block (LH).

- 3) Apply liquid gasket to the mating surfaces of cylinder block (RH).

**CAUTION:**

**Do not allow liquid gasket to run over into oil passages, bearing grooves, etc.**

**NOTE:**

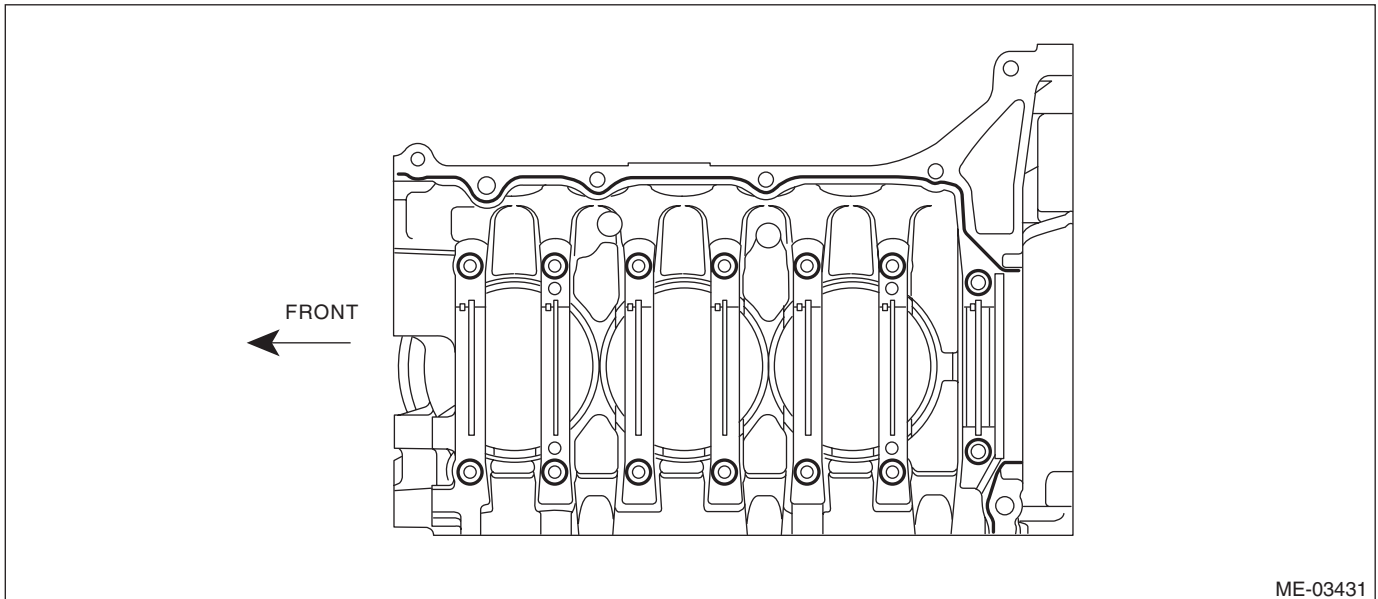
Install within 5 min. after applying liquid gasket.

**Liquid gasket:**

**THREE BOND 1217G (Part No. K0877Y0100) or equivalent**

**Liquid gasket applying diameter:**

**$1.0 \pm 0.2$  mm ( $0.039 \pm 0.008$  in)**



- 4) Attach cylinder block (RH) to cylinder block (LH).
- 5) Apply a coat of engine oil to the washer and bolt thread.



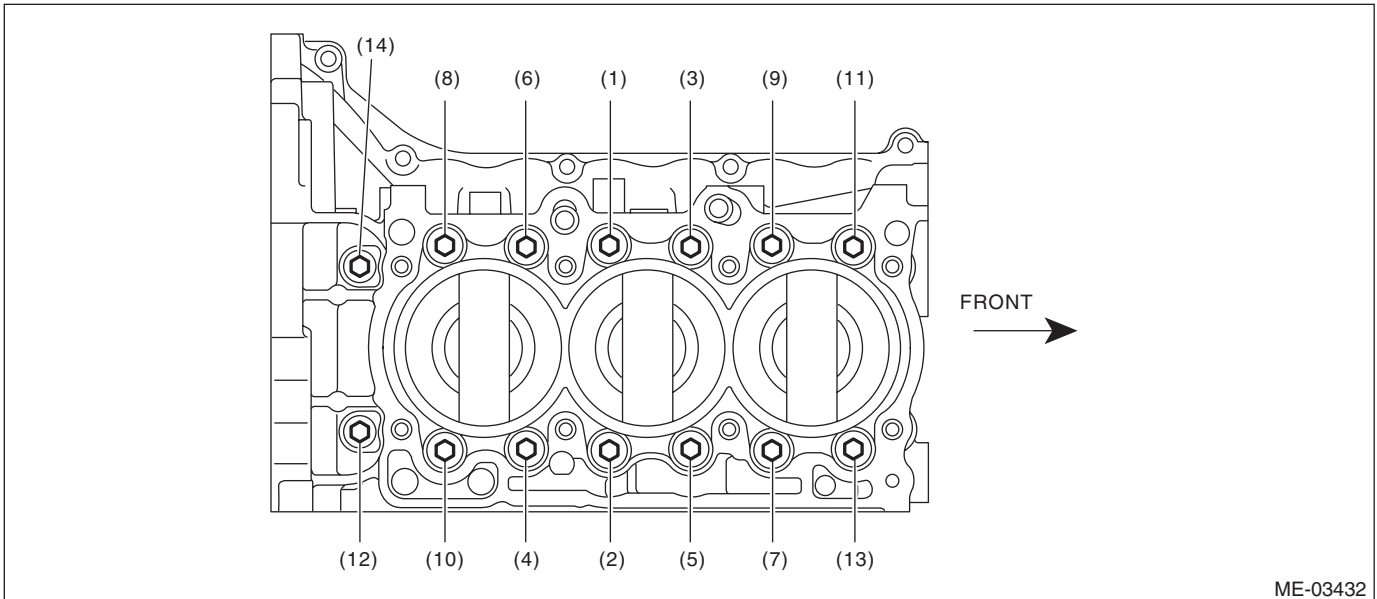
# Cylinder Block

MECHANICAL

6) Tighten all bolts in the numerical order as shown in the figure.

**Tightening torque:**

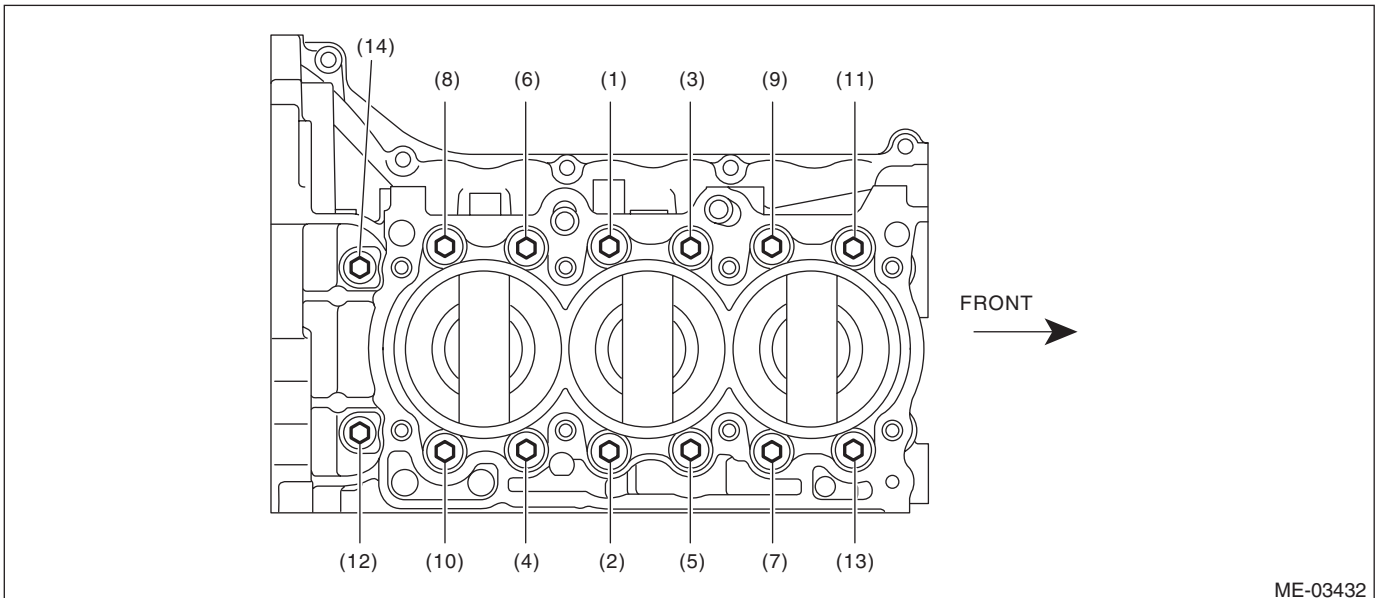
**12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m, 8.9 ft-lb)**



7) Retighten all bolts in the numerical order as shown in the figure.

**Tightening torque:**

**18 N-m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.3 ft-lb)**

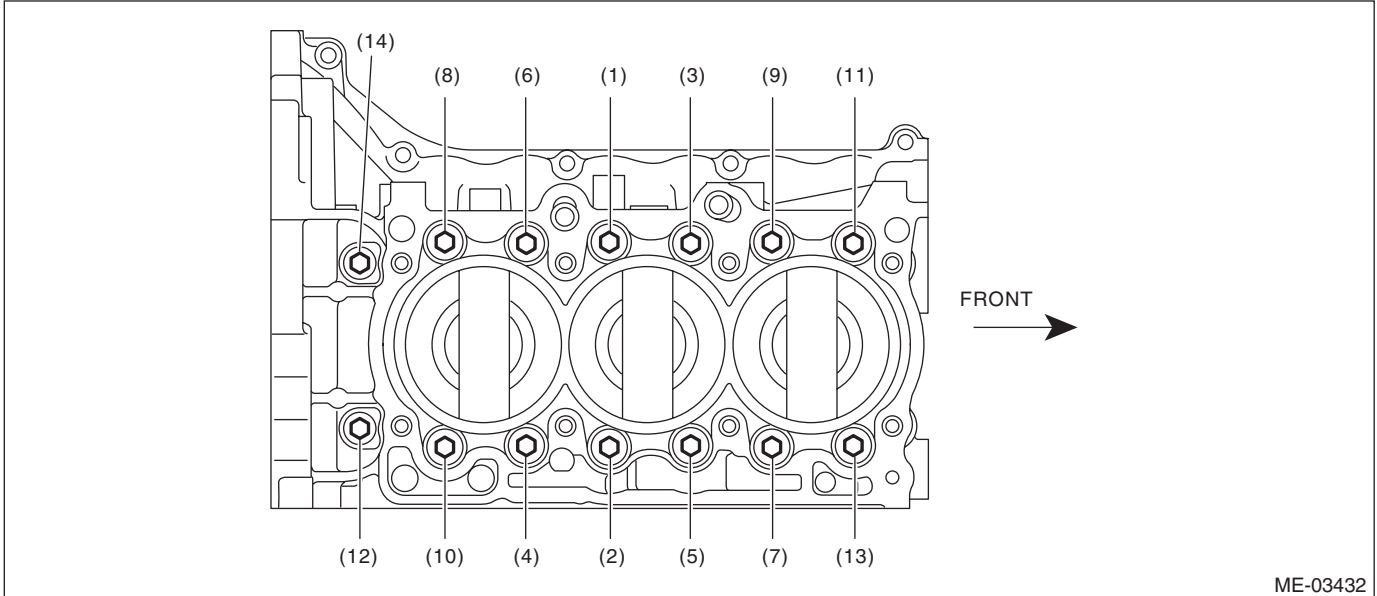




# Cylinder Block

MECHANICAL

8) Tighten all bolts by 90° in numerical order as shown in the figure.



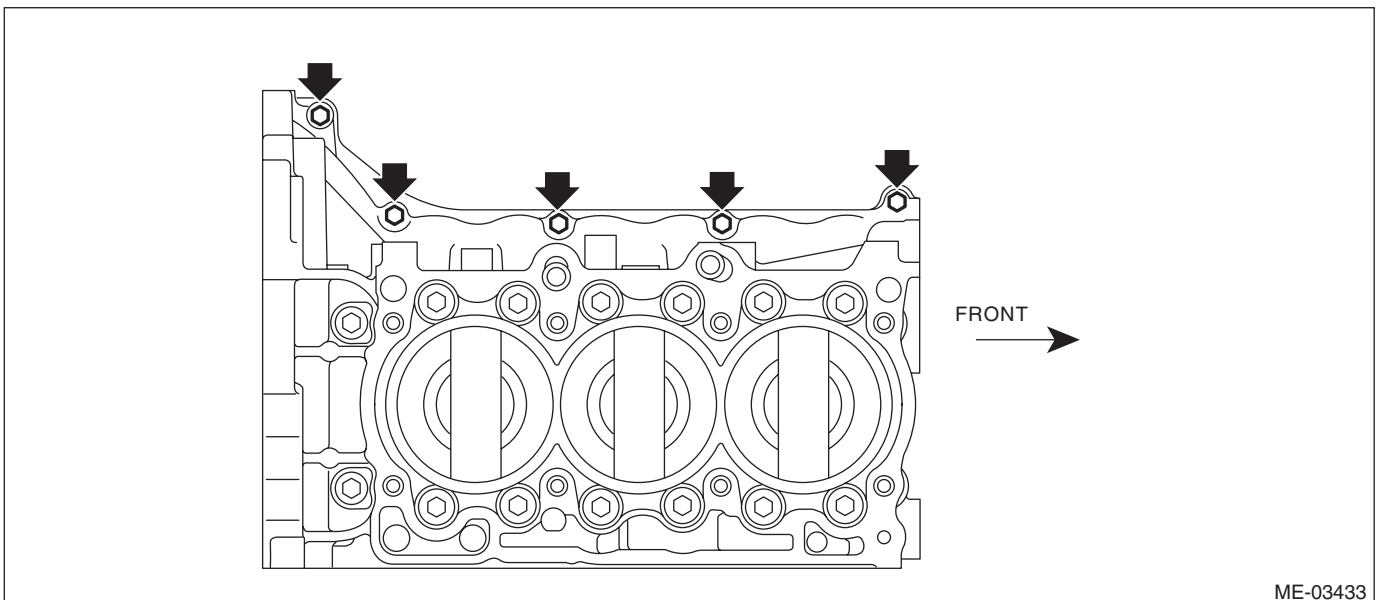
9) Install the upper bolt to cylinder block.

**Tightening torque:**

**25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m, 18.4 ft·lb)**

**NOTE:**

Remove any liquid gasket squeezed out onto the seal surface between the chain cover and oil pan upper, after tightening the cylinder block connecting bolts.



# Cylinder Block

## MECHANICAL

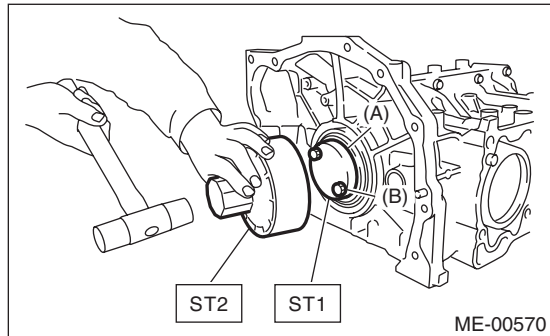
10) Apply a coat of engine oil to the oil seal inner periphery and outer periphery, and install the rear oil seal using ST1 and ST2.

### NOTE:

Use a new rear oil seal.

ST1 499597100 CRANKSHAFT OIL SEAL GUIDE

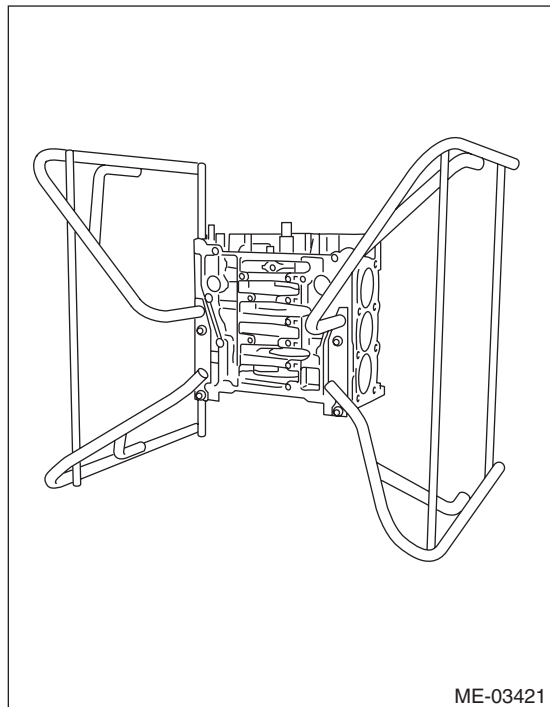
ST2 499587200 CRANKSHAFT OIL SEAL INSTALLER



(A) Rear oil seal

(B) Drive plate installation bolt

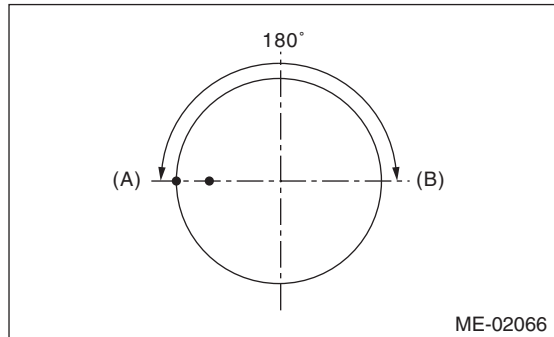
11) Face the front of the engine up, standing the engine on one end.



12) Attach the piston ring and oil ring to the piston.

(1) Position the top ring gap at (A) in the figure.

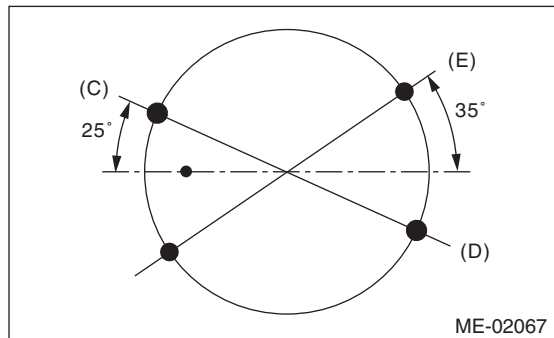
(2) Position the second ring gap at (B).



(3) Position the upper rail gap at (C) in the figure.

(4) Position the expander gap at (D) in the figure.

(5) Position the lower rail gap at (E) in the figure.



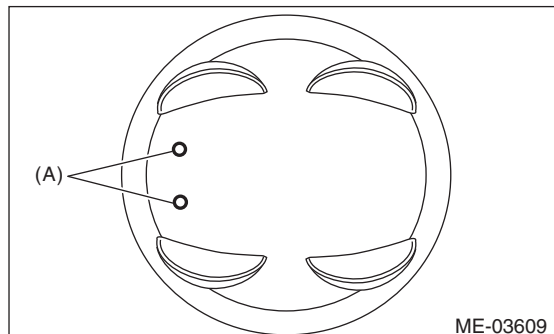
### CAUTION:

- Make sure ring gaps do not face the same direction.
- Make sure ring gaps are not within the piston skirt area.
- Assemble so that the stamp mark N faces towards the top of the piston.

13) Install the #1 piston and connecting rod to the cylinder block.

(1) Apply engine oil to the outer circumference of the piston and in the cylinder block.

(2) Face the front mark of piston (A) towards the front of the engine, and set the piston to the ST.



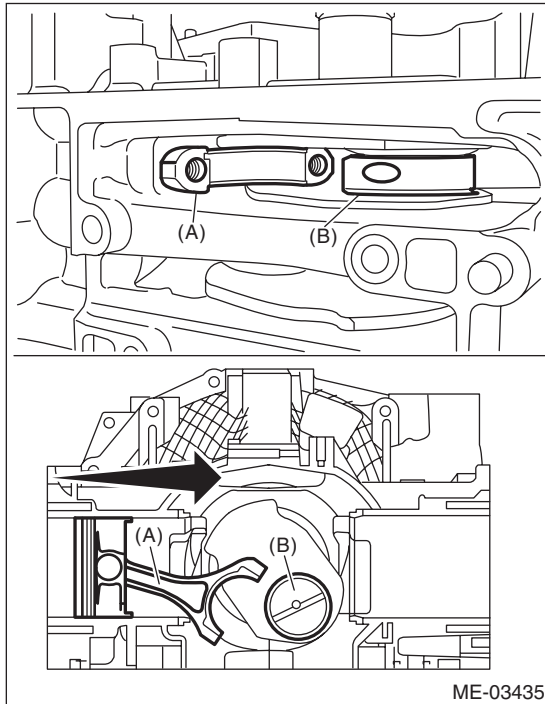
(3) Using ST, press-fit the piston into cylinder block.

**NOTE:**

When inserting the piston into the cylinder block, perform according to the items listed below.

- Insert while lightly tapping the top of the piston with the handle of a plastic hammer.
- Insert while making sure that the large end of the connecting rod does not scratch the cylinder liner.
- Insert while continually making sure that the large end of the connecting rod does not touch the crankshaft.

ST 398744300 PISTON GUIDE



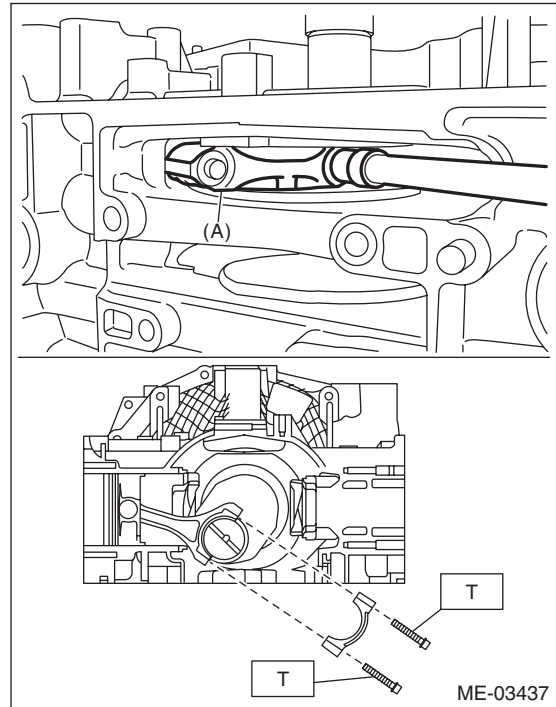
- (A) #1 connecting rod
- (B) Crank pin

(4) Using the ST, turn the crankshaft and match the positions of the crank pin and the large end of the connecting rod.

ST 18252AA000 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET

(5) Install the connecting rod cap.

**Tightening torque:**  
**60 N·m (6.1 kgf·m, 44.3 ft·lb)**



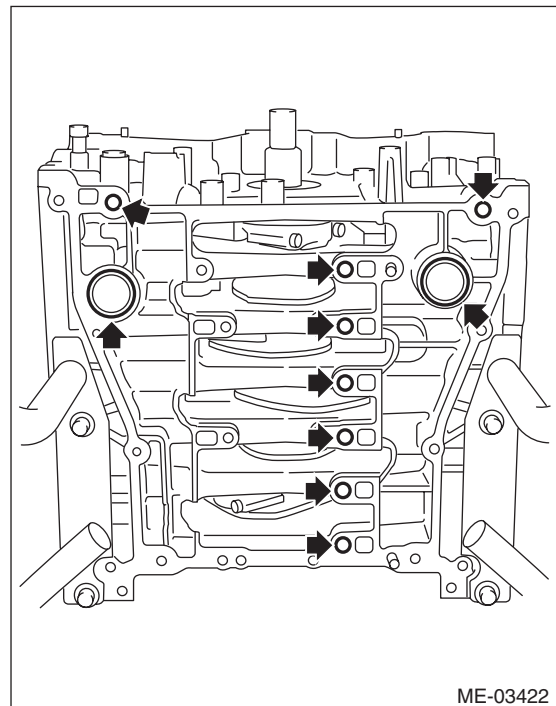
(A) #1 connecting rod

14) In the same procedures as for the #1 piston, install the piston and connecting rods to the cylinder block, in the order of #2, #3, #4, #5 and #6.

15) Install the O-ring to the underside of the cylinder block.

**NOTE:**

Use new O-rings.



ME-03422

# Cylinder Block

## MECHANICAL

16) Apply liquid gasket to the mating surface of oil pan upper.

### NOTE:

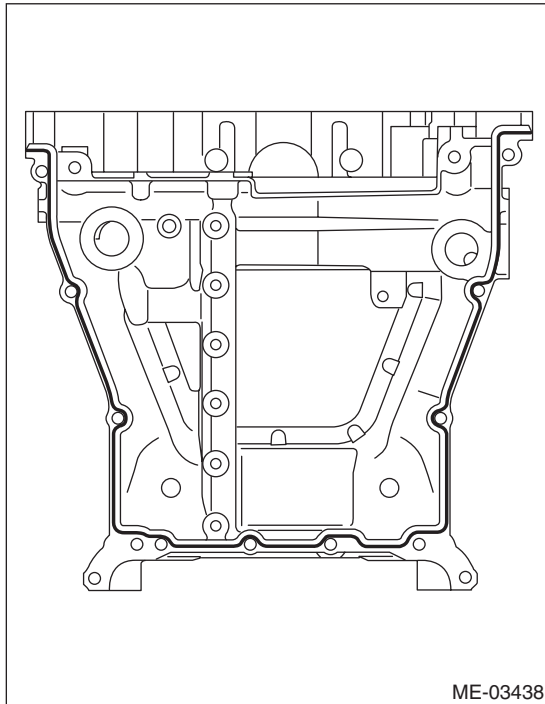
Install within 5 min. after applying liquid gasket.

### Liquid gasket:

**THREE BOND 1217G (Part No. K0877Y0100) or equivalent**

### Liquid gasket applying diameter:

**$5.0 \pm 1.0$  mm ( $0.20 \pm 0.04$  in)**

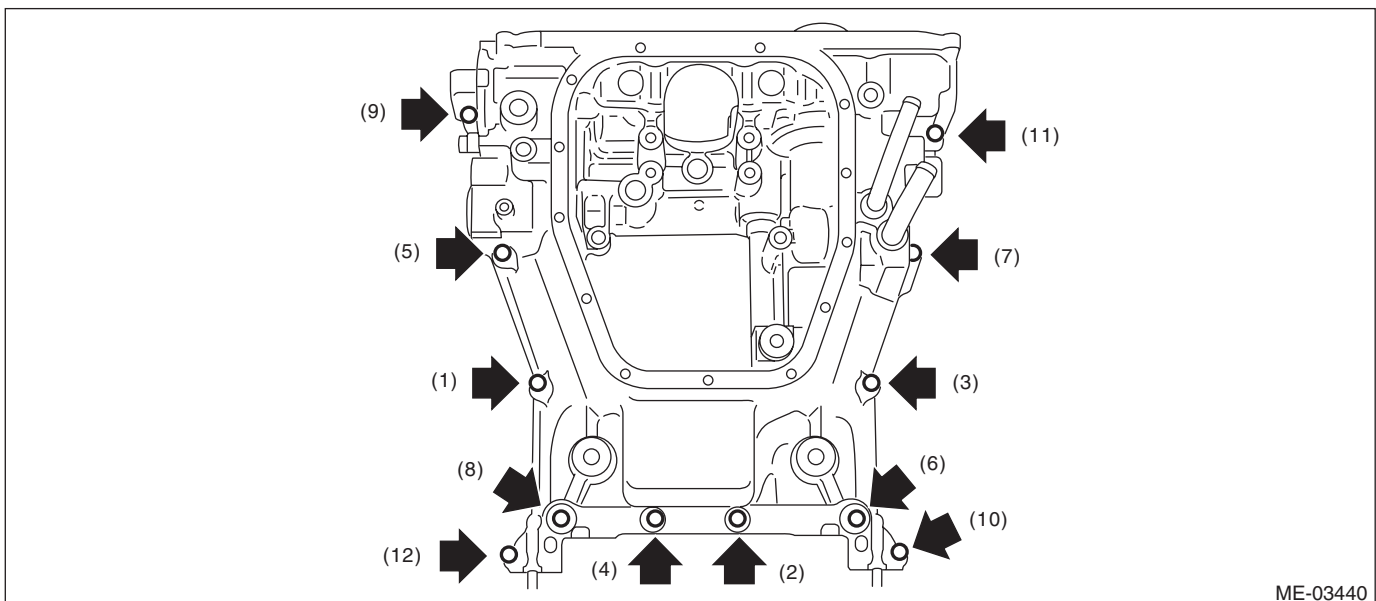


17) Temporarily tighten the oil pan upper.

18) Tighten the oil pan upper installing bolts in the numerical order as shown in the figure.

### Tightening torque:

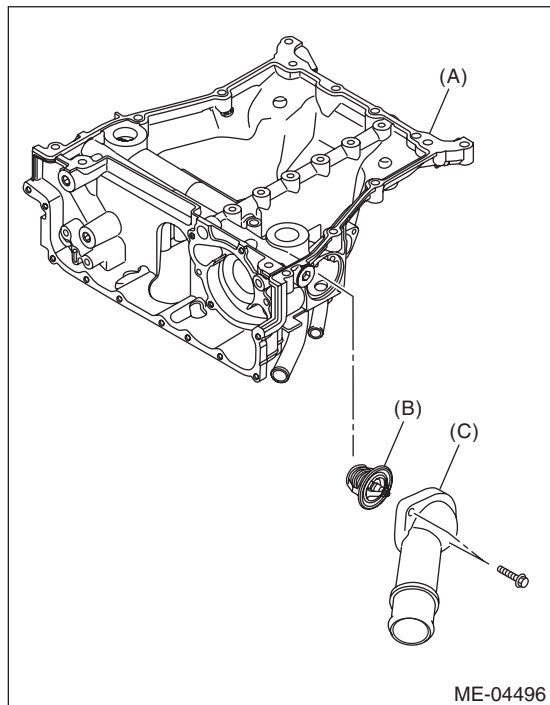
**18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13.3 ft·lb)**



19) Install the thermostat and thermostat cover.

**Tightening torque:**

**6.4 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 4.7 ft·lb)**



- (A) Oil pan upper
- (B) Thermostat
- (C) Thermostat cover

20) Install the oil level switch. <Ref. to LU(H6DO)-18, INSTALLATION, Oil Level Switch.>

21) Install the oil pump. <Ref. to LU(H6DO)-14, INSTALLATION, Oil Pump.>

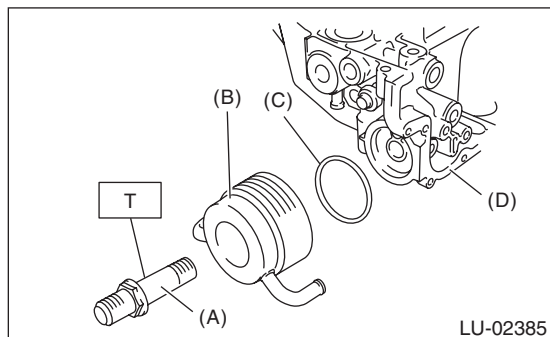
22) Tighten the oil cooler connector to install the oil cooler to the oil pan upper.

**Tightening torque:**

**54 N·m (5.5 kgf·m, 39.8 ft·lb)**

**NOTE:**

Use new O-rings.



- (A) Oil cooler connector
- (B) Oil cooler
- (C) O-ring
- (D) Oil pan upper

23) Apply liquid gasket to the matching surface of oil pan lower.

**NOTE:**

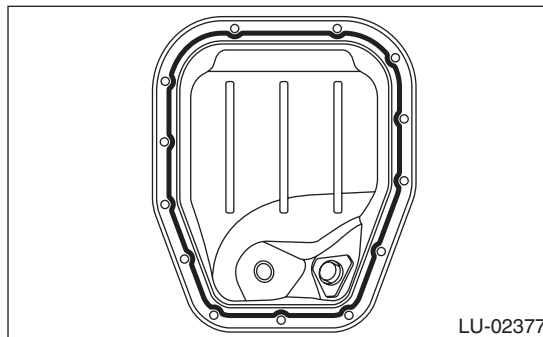
Install within 5 min. after applying liquid gasket.

**Liquid gasket:**

**THREE BOND 1217G (Part No. K0877Y0100) or equivalent**

**Liquid gasket applying diameter:**

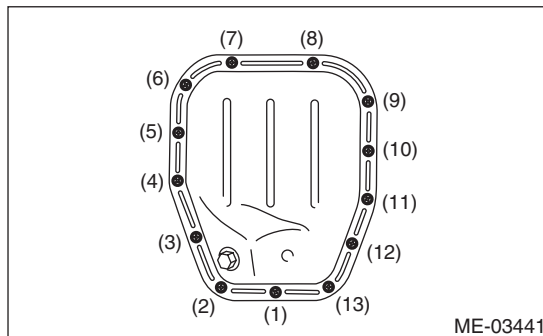
**5.0±1.0 mm (0.20±0.04 in)**



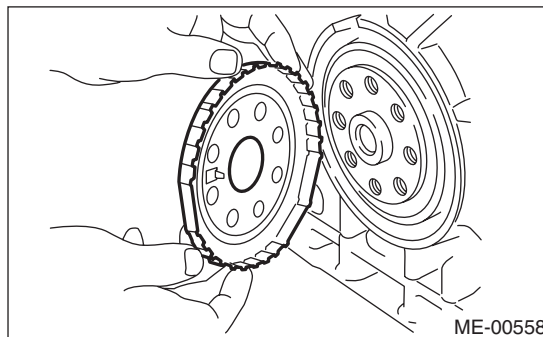
24) Tighten the oil pan lower installing bolts in the numerical order as shown in the figure.

**Tightening torque:**

**6.4 N·m (0.7 kgf·m, 4.7 ft·lb)**



25) Install the crankshaft position sensor plate.



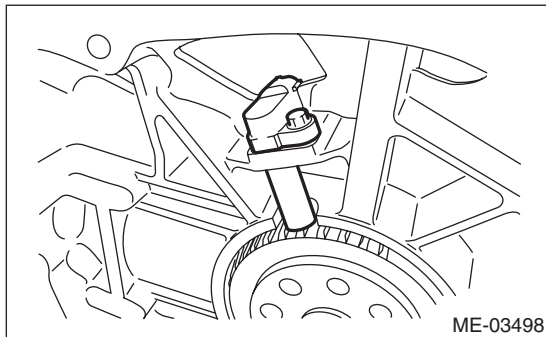
# Cylinder Block

## MECHANICAL

26) Install the crankshaft position sensor.

### Tightening torque:

**6.4 N·m (0.7 kgf-m, 4.7 ft-lb)**



27) Install the drive plate. <Ref. to 5AT-63, INSTALLATION, Drive Plate.>

28) Install the cylinder head. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-93, INSTALLATION, Cylinder Head.>

29) Install the camshaft. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-85, INSTALLATION, Camshaft.>

30) Install the crank sprocket. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-82, INSTALLATION, Crank Sprocket.>

31) Install the cam sprocket. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-81, INSTALLATION, Cam Sprocket.>

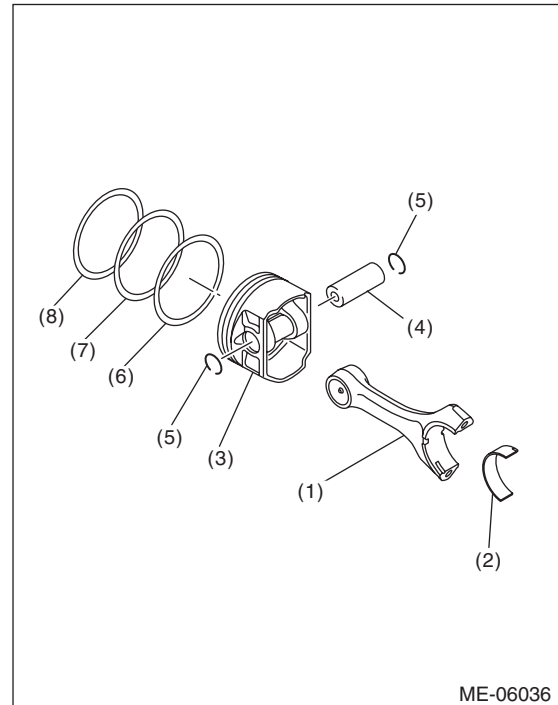
32) Install the timing chain assembly. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-69, INSTALLATION, Timing Chain Assembly.>

33) Install the chain cover. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-56, INSTALLATION, Chain Cover.>

34) Install the crank pulley. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-52, INSTALLATION, Crank Pulley.>

35) Install the engine to the vehicle. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-40, INSTALLATION, Engine Assembly.>

## C: DISASSEMBLY



- (1) Connecting rod
- (2) Connecting rod bearing
- (3) Piston
- (4) Piston pin
- (5) Circlip
- (6) Oil ring
- (7) Second ring
- (8) Top ring

### NOTE:

To prevent confusion of various parts, mark each part.

- 1) Remove the connecting rod bearing.
- 2) Remove the piston rings using piston ring expander.
- 3) Remove the oil ring by hand.

### NOTE:

Arrange the removed piston rings in proper order, to prevent confusion.

- 4) Remove the circlip on one end from the piston using a flat tip screwdriver.

### NOTE:

Be careful not damage the piston, by wrapping the tip of flat tip screwdriver with tape.

- 5) Remove the piston pin from the piston.
- 6) Separate the piston and connecting rod.

### NOTE:

Mark the direction of front side to each connecting rod.

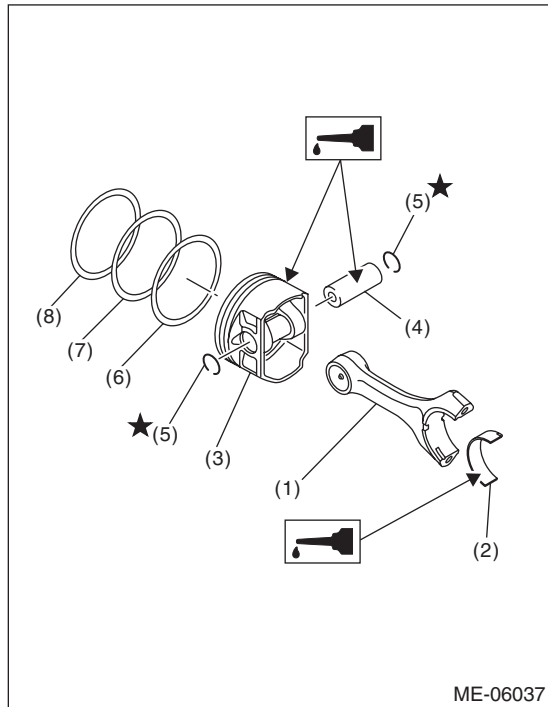
7) Remove the circlip on other end from the piston using a flat tip screwdriver.

**NOTE:**

Be careful not damage the piston, by wrapping the tip of flat tip screwdriver with tape.

8) Remove the plug and orifice from the cylinder block as necessary. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-13, CYLINDER BLOCK, COMPONENT, General Description.>

**D: ASSEMBLY**



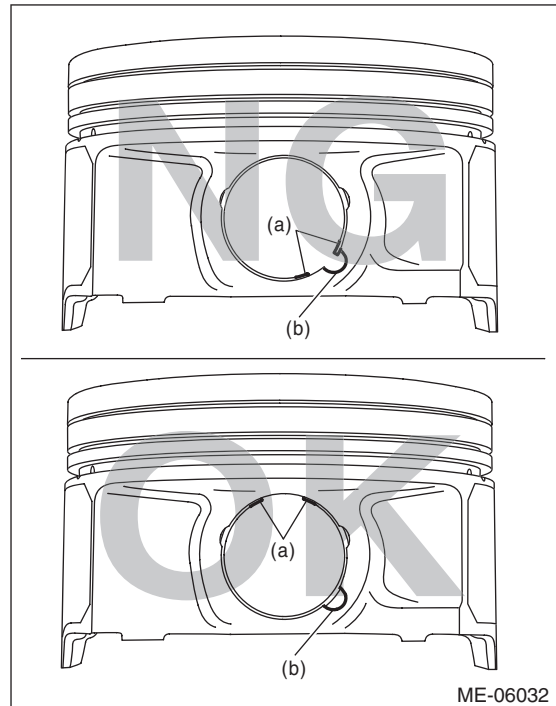
- (1) Connecting rod
- (2) Connecting rod bearing
- (3) Piston
- (4) Piston pin
- (5) Circlip
- (6) Oil ring
- (7) Second ring
- (8) Top ring

1) Apply engine oil to the surface of the connecting rod bearing. Attach the connecting rod bearing to the connecting rod.

2) Install the circlip on one end of the piston using a flat tip screwdriver.

**NOTE:**

- Be careful not damage the piston, by wrapping the tip of flat tip screwdriver with tape.
- Make sure the circlip is firmly inserted into the circlip groove.
- After installing the circlip, rotate the circlip so that its end part (a) and the cutout portion of circlip groove (b) do not match.





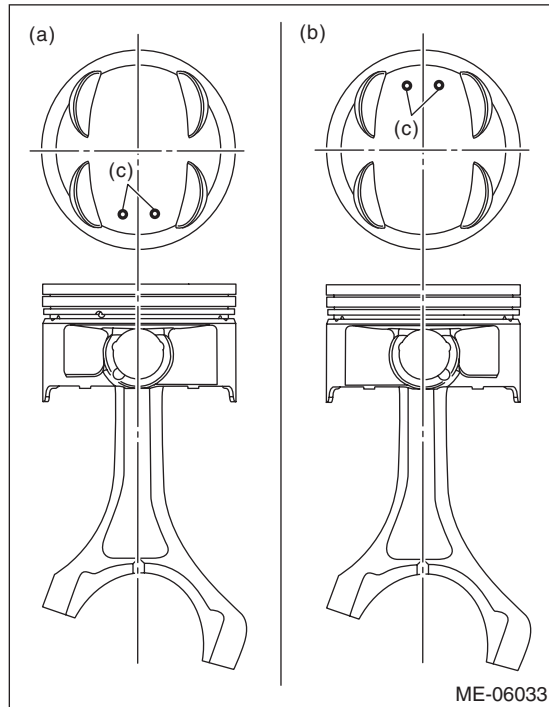
# Cylinder Block

## MECHANICAL

3) Set the piston to the connecting rod.

### NOTE:

Align the front mark of piston and the connecting rod direction correctly as shown in the figure.



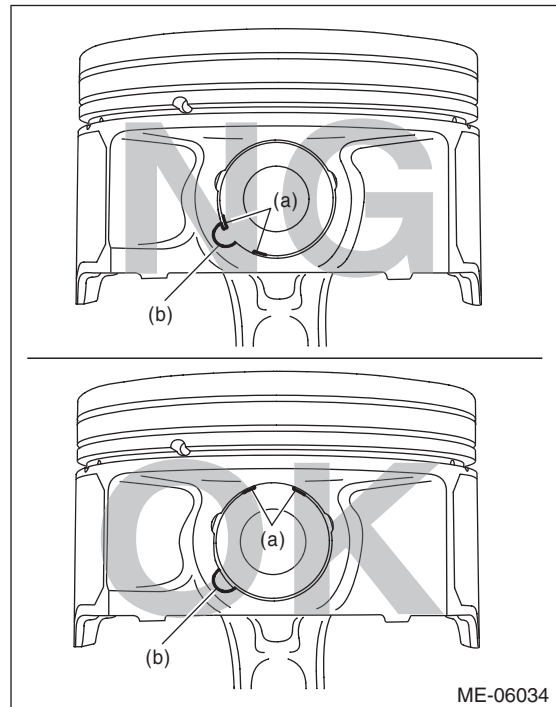
- (a) RH side (#1, #3 and #5)
- (b) LH side (#2, #4 and #6)
- (c) Front mark

4) Apply engine oil to the piston pin, and attach the piston pin.

5) Install the circlip on the piston using a flat tip screwdriver.

### NOTE:

- Be careful not damage the piston and piston pin, by wrapping the tip of flat tip screwdriver with tape.
- Make sure the circlip is firmly inserted into the circlip groove.
- After installing the circlip, rotate the circlip so that its end part (a) and the cutout portion of circlip groove (b) do not match.



6) Install the oil ring upper rail, expander and lower rail by hand.

7) Install the second ring and top ring using piston ring expander.

8) Install the plug and orifice to the cylinder block as necessary. <Ref. to ME(H6DO)-13, CYLINDER BLOCK, COMPONENT, General Description.>

## E: INSPECTION

### 1. CYLINDER BLOCK

1) Visually check for cracks or damage. Use liquid penetrant tester on the important sections for checking. Check that there are no marks of gas leaking or water leaking on gasket installing surface.

2) Check the oil passages for clogging.

3) Inspect the cylinder block surface that mates with cylinder head for warping by using a straight edge. If the warpage exceeds limit, replace the cylinder block.

**Warping limit:**

**0.020 mm (0.0008 in)**

**Standard height of cylinder block:**

**202 mm (7.95 in)**

## 2. CYLINDER AND PISTON

1) The cylinder bore size is stamped on the front upper face of the cylinder block.

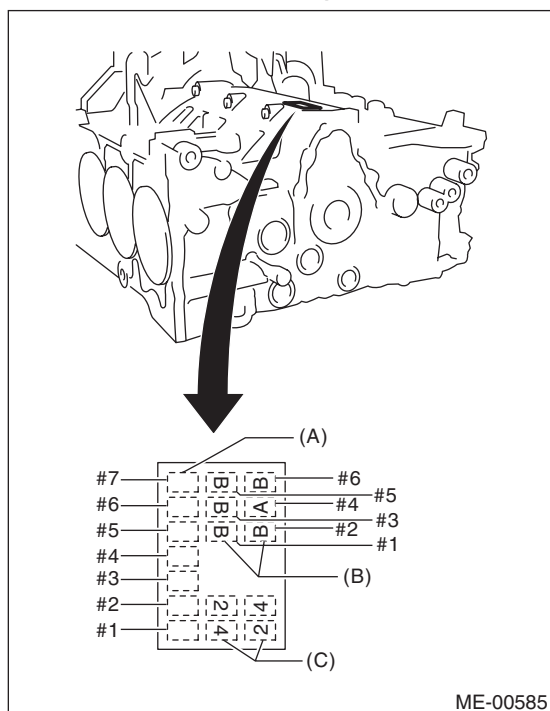
**NOTE:**

- Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).
- Standard sized pistons are classified into two grades, “A” and “B”. These grades should be used as guide lines in selecting a standard piston.

**Standard diameter:**

**A: 92.005 — 92.015 mm (3.6222 — 3.6226 in)**

**B: 91.995 — 92.005 mm (3.6218 — 3.6222 in)**



- (A) Main journal size mark
- (B) Cylinder bore size mark
- (C) Cylinder block (RH) – (LH) combination mark

2) Measure inner diameter of each cylinder. Measure the inner diameter of each cylinder in both the thrust and piston pin directions at the heights as shown in the figure, using a cylinder bore gauge.

**NOTE:**

Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).

**Cylindricity:**

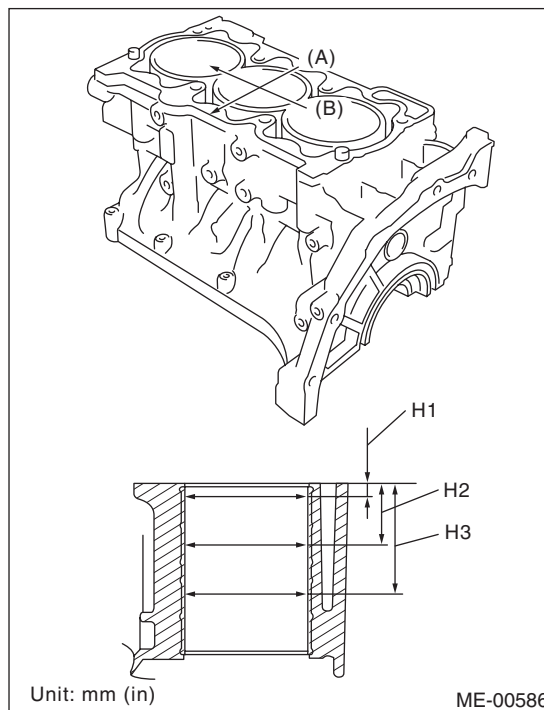
**Limit**

**0.030 mm (0.0012 in)**

**Out-of-roundness:**

**Limit**

**0.010 mm (0.0004 in)**



- (A) Thrust direction
- (B) Piston pin direction
- H1: 10 mm (0.39 in)
- H2: 45 mm (1.77 in)
- H3: 80 mm (3.15 in)

3) When the piston is to be replaced due to general or cylinder wear, select a suitable sized piston by measuring the piston clearance.

# Cylinder Block

## MECHANICAL

4) Measure outer diameter of each piston.  
Measure the outer diameter of each piston at the height as shown in the figure. (Thrust direction)

### NOTE:

Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).

### **Piston grade point H:**

**37.3 mm (1.4685 in)**

### **Piston outer diameter:**

#### **Standard**

**A: 92.005 — 92.015 mm (3.6222 — 3.6226 in)**

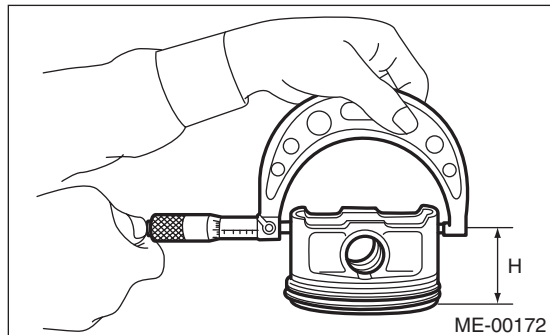
**B: 91.995 — 92.005 mm (3.6218 — 3.6222 in)**

#### **0.25 mm (0.0098 in) oversize**

**92.245 — 92.265 mm (3.6317 — 3.6325 in)**

#### **0.50 mm (0.0197 in) oversize**

**92.495 — 92.515 mm (3.6415 — 3.6423 in)**



5) Calculate the clearance between cylinder and piston.

### NOTE:

Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).

### **Clearance between cylinder and piston at 20°C (68°F):**

#### **Standard**

**-0.010 — 0.010 mm (-0.0004 — 0.0004 in)**

6) Boring and honing:

- (1) If any of the measured value of cylindricality, out-of-roundness or cylinder-to-piston clearance is out of standard or if there is any damage on the cylinder wall, rebores it to replace with an oversize piston.

### CAUTION:

**When any of the cylinders needs reboring, all other cylinders must be bored at the same time, and replaced with oversize pistons.**

- (2) If the cylinder inner diameter exceeds the limit after boring and honing, replace the cylinder block.

### NOTE:

Immediately after reboring, the cylinder diameter may differ from its real diameter due to temperature rise. Thus, when measuring the cylinder diameter, wait until it has cooled to room temperature.

### **Cylinder inner diameter boring limit (diameter):**

**To 92.515 mm (3.6717 in)**

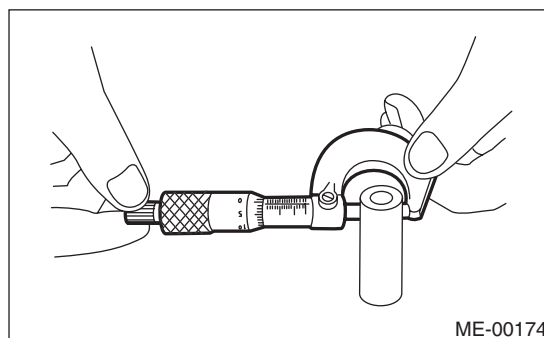
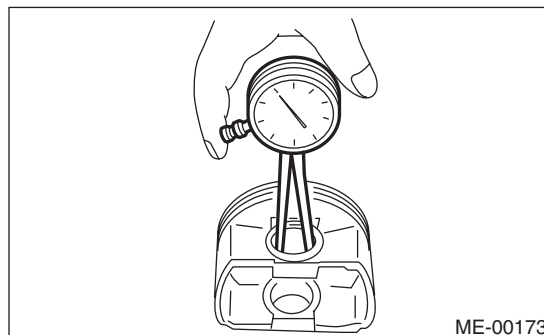
## 3. PISTON AND PISTON PIN

- 1) Check the piston and piston pin for damage, cracks or wear. Replace if faulty.
- 2) Check the piston ring groove for wear or damage. Replace if faulty.
- 3) Make sure that the piston pin can be inserted into the piston pin hole with a thumb at 20°C (68°F). Replace if faulty.

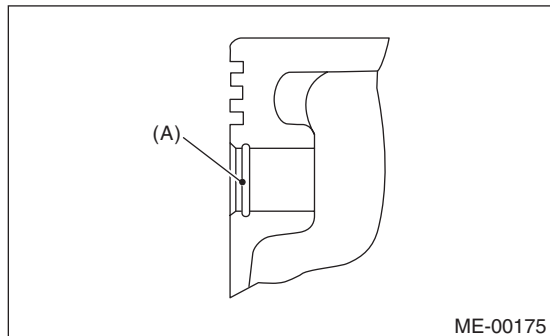
### **Clearance between piston pin hole and piston pin:**

#### **Standard**

**0.004 — 0.008 mm (0.0002 — 0.0003 in)**



4) Check the snap ring installation groove (A) on the piston for burr. If necessary, remove burr from the groove so that the piston pin can lightly move.



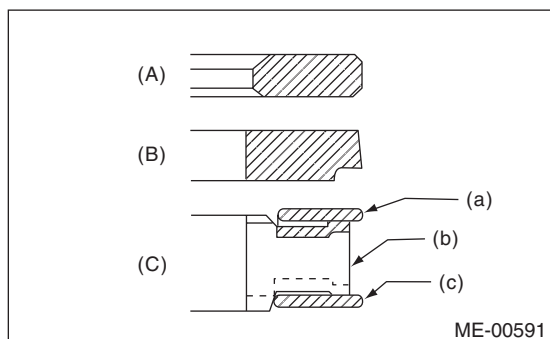
5) Check the piston pin snap ring for distortion, cracks and wear.

## 4. PISTON RING

1) If the piston ring is broken, damaged or worn, or if its tension is insufficient, or when the piston is replaced, replace the piston ring with a new part of the same size as piston.

### NOTE:

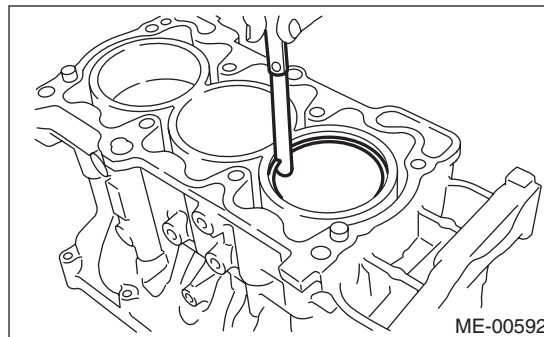
- The top ring and second ring have the mark to determine the direction for installing. When installing the ring to piston, face marks to the top side.
- Oil ring consists of the upper rail, expander and lower rail. When installing to the piston, be careful of the direction of each rail.



- (A) Top ring
- (B) Second ring
- (C) Oil ring
- (a) Upper rail
- (b) Expander
- (c) Lower rail

2) Squarely place the piston ring and oil ring in cylinder, and measure the piston ring gap with a thickness gauge.

		Standard mm (in)
Piston ring gap	Top ring	0.20 — 0.35 (0.0079 — 0.0138)
	Second ring	0.40 — 0.50 (0.0157 — 0.0197)
	Oil ring	0.20 — 0.50 (0.0079 — 0.0197)

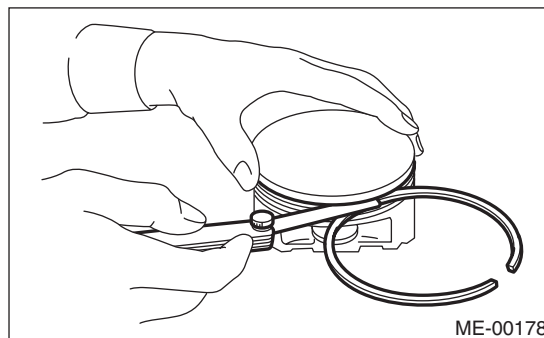


3) Fit the piston ring straight into the piston ring groove, then measure the clearance between piston ring and piston ring groove with a thickness gauge.

### NOTE:

Before measuring the clearance, clean the piston ring groove and piston ring.

		Standard mm (in)
Clearance between piston ring and piston ring groove	Top ring	0.040 — 0.080 (0.0016 — 0.0031)
	Second ring	0.030 — 0.070 (0.0012 — 0.0028)
Clearance between oil ring and oil ring groove		0.065 — 0.165 (0.0026 — 0.0065)



# Cylinder Block

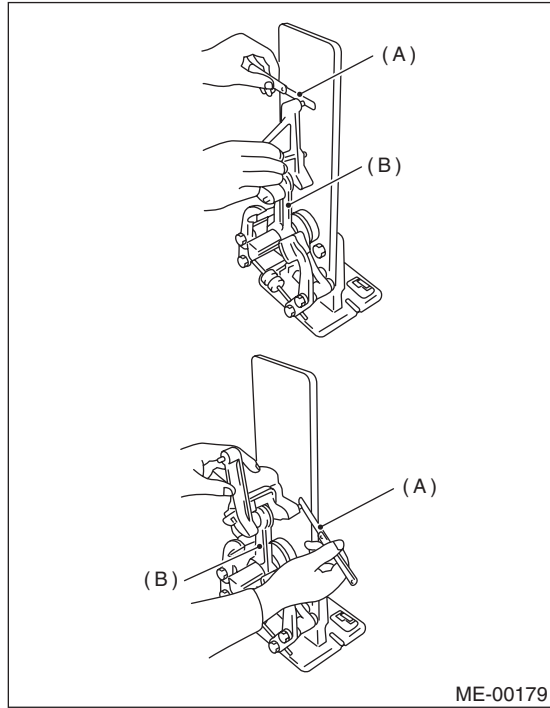
MECHANICAL

## 5. CONNECTING ROD

- 1) Replace the connecting rod, if the large or small end thrust surface is damaged.
- 2) Check for bend or twist using a connecting rod aligner. Replace the connecting rod if the bend or twist exceeds the limit.

**Limit of bend or twist per 100 mm (3.94 in) in length:**

**0.10 mm (0.0039 in)**



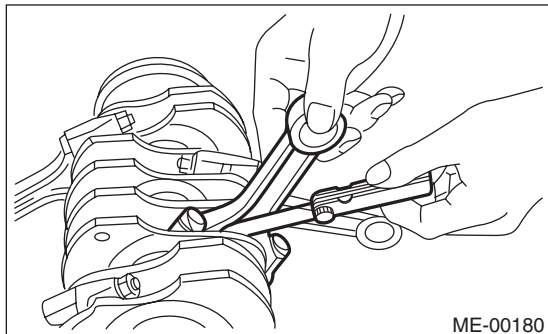
- (A) Thickness gauge  
(B) Connecting rod

- 3) Install the connecting rod with bearings attached to the crankshaft, and using a thickness gauge, measure the thrust clearance. If the thrust clearance exceeds the standard or uneven wear is found, replace the connecting rod.

**Connecting rod thrust clearance:**

**Standard**

**0.070 — 0.330 mm (0.0028 — 0.0130 in)**



- 4) Inspect the connecting rod bearing for scar, peeling, seizure, melting, wear, etc.

- 5) Measure the oil clearance on each connecting rod bearing using plastigauge. If any oil clearance is not within the standard, replace the defective bearing with a new part of standard size or under-size as necessary.

**Connecting rod oil clearance:**

**Standard**

**0.016 — 0.043 mm (0.0006 — 0.0017 in)**

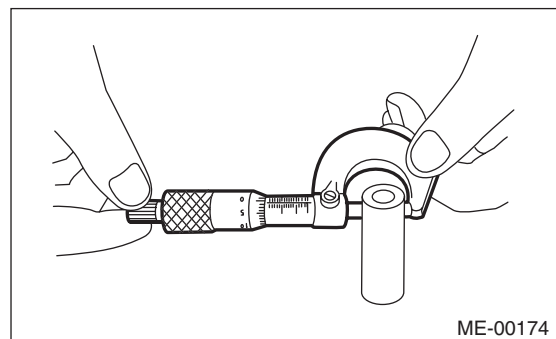
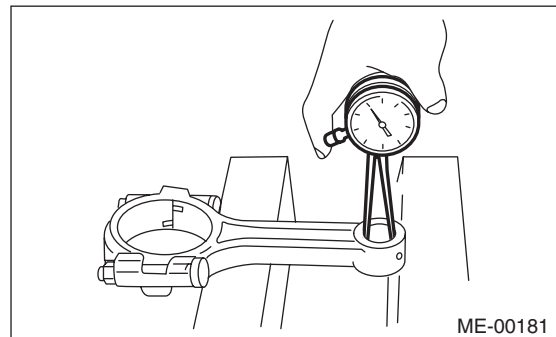
Unit: mm (in)		
Bearing	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	Outer diameter of crank pin
Standard	1.489 — 1.505 (0.0586 — 0.0593)	51.976 — 52.000 (2.0463 — 2.0472)
0.03 (0.0012) Undersize	1.507 — 1.515 (0.0593 — 0.0596)	51.954 — 51.970 (2.0454 — 2.0461)
0.05 (0.0020) Undersize	1.517 — 1.525 (0.0597 — 0.0600)	51.934 — 51.950 (2.0446 — 2.0453)
0.25 (0.0098) Undersize	1.617 — 1.625 (0.0637 — 0.0640)	51.734 — 51.750 (2.0368 — 2.0374)

- 6) Inspect the bushing at connecting rod small end, and replace with a new part if worn or damaged.
- 7) Measure the piston pin clearance at connecting rod small end. If the measured value is not within the standard, replace it with a new part.

**Clearance between piston pin and bushing:**

**Standard**

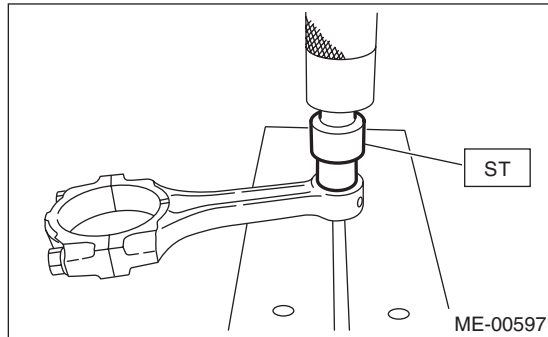
**0 — 0.022 mm (0 — 0.0009 in)**



8) The replacement procedure for the connecting rod small end bushing is as follows.

- (1) Remove the bushing from connecting rod with ST and press.
- (2) Press the bushing with the ST after applying oil on the periphery of new bushing.

ST 18350AA000 CONNECTING ROD BUSHING REMOVER AND INSTALLER



(3) Make two 3 mm (0.12 in) holes in the pressed bushing to match the pre-manufactured holes on the connecting rod, then ream the inside of the bushing.

(4) After completion of reaming, clean the bushing to remove chips.

## 6. CRANKSHAFT AND CRANKSHAFT BEARING

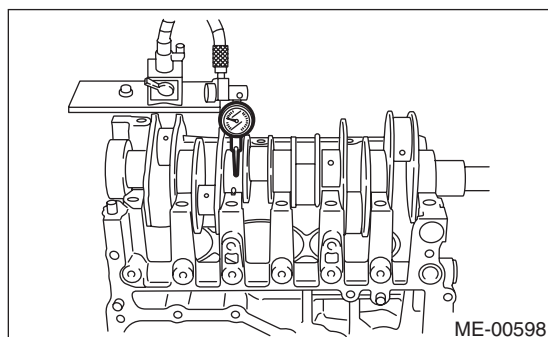
1) Clean the crankshaft completely, and check it for cracks using liquid penetrant tester. If defective, replace the crankshaft.

2) Check the crankshaft for bend, and repair or replace if needed. If it exceeds the limit, correct or replace it.

### NOTE:

If a suitable V-block is not available, using the #1 and #7 crankshaft bearings on cylinder block, position the crankshaft on cylinder block. Then, measure the crankshaft bend using a dial gauge.

**Crankshaft bend limit:**  
**0.035 mm (0.0014 in)**



3) Inspect the crank journal and crank pin for wear. If they are not within the standard, replace the bearing with a suitable (undersize) one, and replace or grind to correct the crankshaft as necessary. When grinding the crank journal or crank pin, finish them to the specified dimensions according to the undersize bearing to be used.

### Crank pin:

#### Out-of-roundness

##### Limit

0.005 mm (0.0002 in)

#### Cylindricity

##### Limit

0.006 mm (0.0002 in)

#### Grinding limit (dia.)

To 51.734 mm (2.0368 in)

### Crank journal:

#### Out-of-roundness

##### Limit

0.005 mm (0.0002 in)

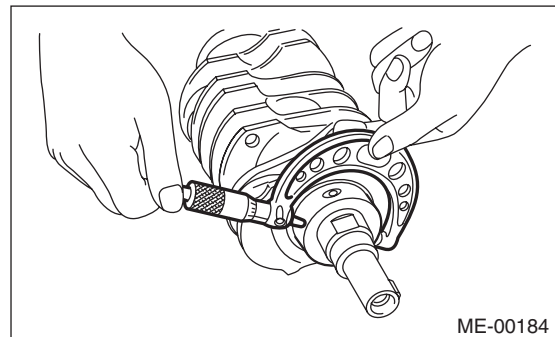
#### Cylindricity

##### Limit

0.006 mm (0.0002 in)

#### Grinding limit (dia.)

To 63.742 mm (2.5095 in)





# Cylinder Block

MECHANICAL

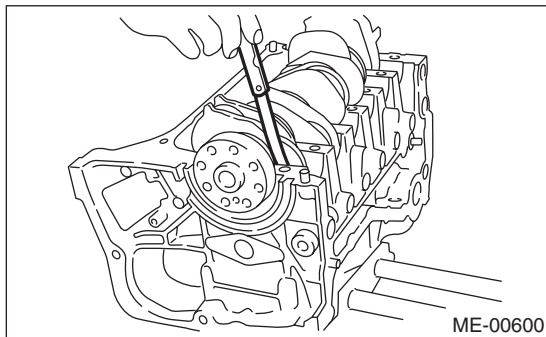
Unit: mm (in)					
		Crank journal diameter			Crank pin outer diameter
		#1, #3, #5	#7	#2, #4, #6	
Standard	Journal O.D.	63.992 — 64.016 (2.5194 — 2.5203)			51.976 — 52.000 (2.0463 — 2.0472)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	1.996 — 2.013 (0.0786 — 0.0793)	1.992 — 2.009 (0.0784 — 0.0791)	1.996 — 2.013 (0.0786 — 0.0793)	1.489 — 1.505 (0.0586 — 0.0593)
0.03 (0.0012) Undersize	Journal O.D.	63.962 — 63.978 (2.5182 — 2.5188)			51.954 — 51.970 (2.0454 — 2.0461)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	2.011 — 2.014 (0.0792 — 0.0793)	2.011 — 2.014 (0.0792 — 0.0793)	2.015 — 2.018 (0.0793 — 0.0794)	1.507 — 1.515 (0.0593 — 0.0596)
0.05 (0.0020) Undersize	Journal O.D.	63.942 — 63.958 (2.5174 — 2.5180)			51.934 — 51.950 (2.0446 — 2.0453)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	2.021 — 2.024 (0.0796 — 0.0797)	2.021 — 2.024 (0.0796 — 0.0797)	2.025 — 2.028 (0.0797 — 0.0798)	1.517 — 1.525 (0.0597 — 0.0600)
0.25 (0.0098) Undersize	Journal O.D.	63.742 — 63.758 (2.5095 — 2.5102)			51.734 — 51.750 (2.0368 — 2.0374)
	Bearing size (Thickness at center)	2.121 — 2.124 (0.0835 — 0.0836)	2.121 — 2.124 (0.0835 — 0.0836)	2.125 — 2.128 (0.0837 — 0.0838)	1.617 — 1.625 (0.0637 — 0.0640)

4) Use a thickness gauge to measure the thrust clearance of crankshaft at center bearing. If clearance exceeds the standard, replace the bearing.

### **Crankshaft thrust clearance:**

#### **Standard**

**0.030 — 0.115 mm (0.0012 — 0.0045 in)**



5) Inspect individual crankshaft bearings for signs of flaking, seizure, melting and wear.

6) Measure the oil clearance on each crankshaft bearing using plastigauge. If the measured value is out of standard, replace the defective bearing with an undersize one, and replace or grind to correct the crankshaft as necessary.

### **Crankshaft oil clearance:**

#### **Standard**

**0.010 — 0.030 mm (0.0004 — 0.0012 in)**