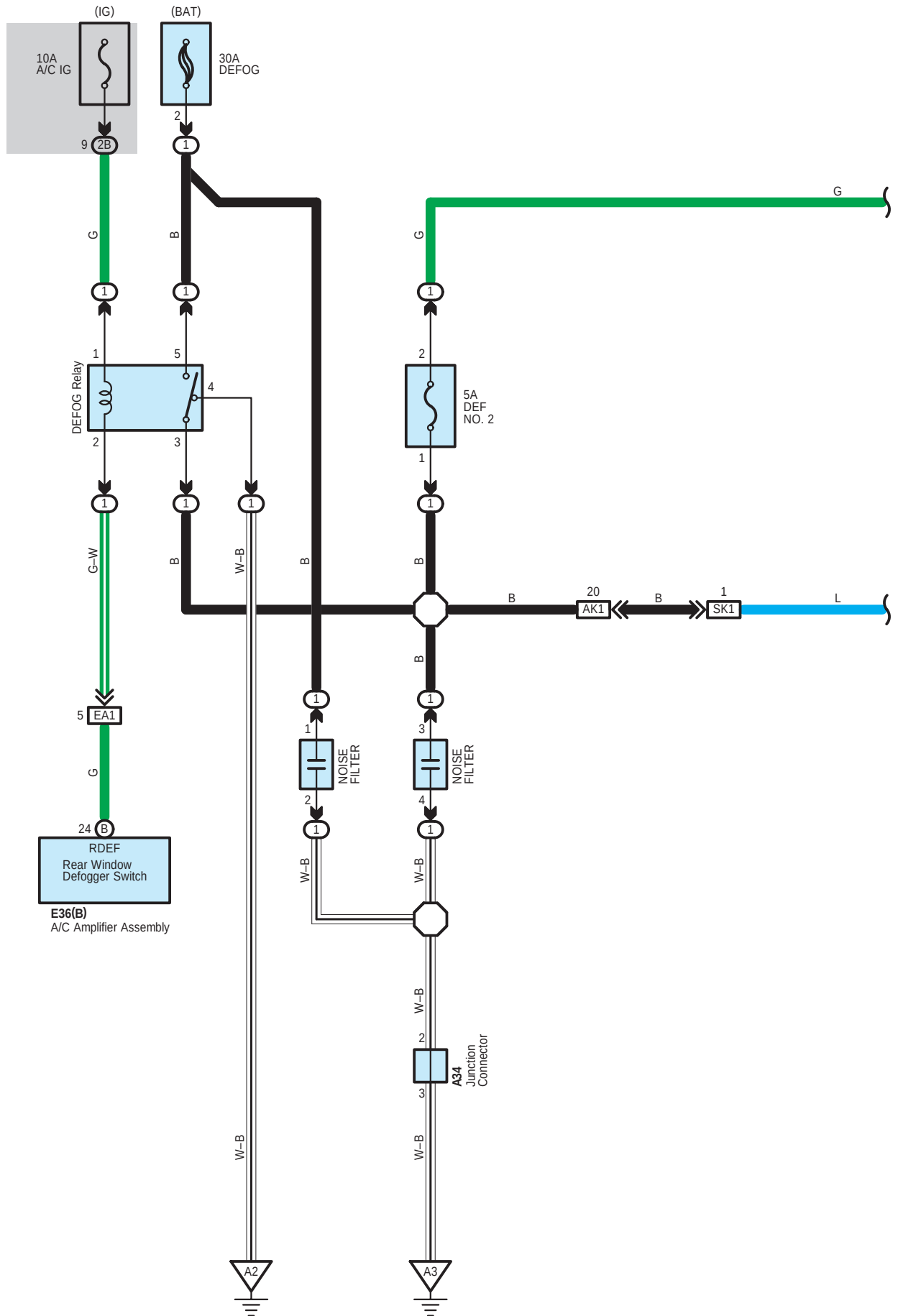
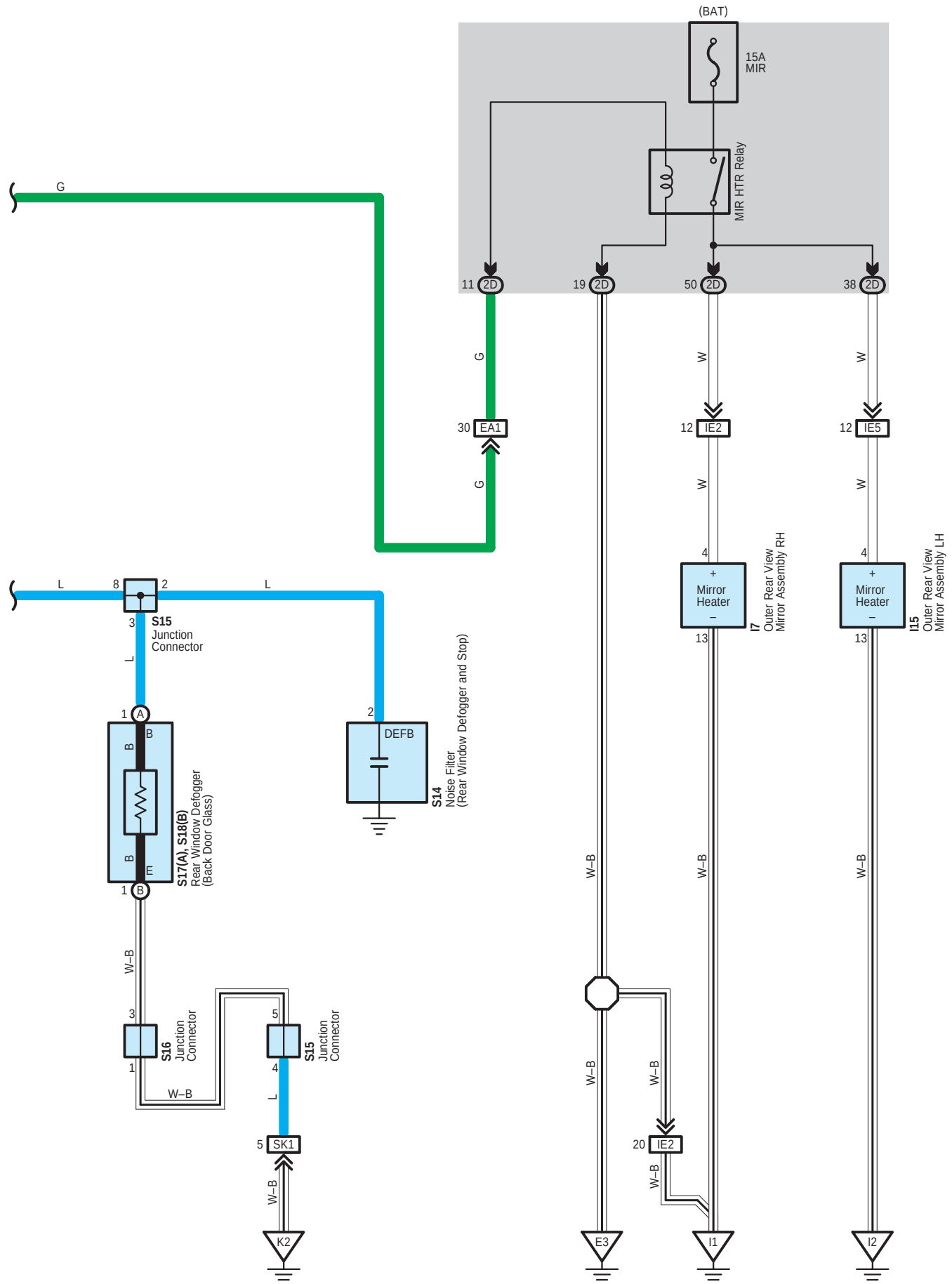


Mirror Heater , Rear Window Defogger





The diagram shows a symmetrical building facade with a central entrance. Below the facade is a horizontal grid of 22 numbered columns, arranged in two rows of 11. The top row is numbered 1 to 11 from left to right, and the bottom row is numbered 12 to 22 from left to right. The central entrance is located between columns 5 and 6.

A diagram of the 18-pin connector on the back of the device. The pins are arranged in two rows of nine. The top row is numbered 1 to 9 from right to left. The bottom row is numbered 10 to 18 from right to left. The connector is shown with a handle on top and a latch on the bottom.

A schematic diagram of a two-chambered heart. It consists of two rectangular chambers, labeled '1' and '2', separated by a vertical septum. Chamber 1 is on the left and chamber 2 is on the right. Above the chambers is a common atrium with four vertical columns representing columns of tissue. A single ventricle is located below the chambers, with a small opening (valve) between chamber 2 and the ventricle. The entire structure is enclosed in a rounded, sac-like outer boundary.

A diagram of a 13-pin D-sub connector. The pins are numbered 1 through 13. Pins 1, 2, and 3 are on the left side, pins 4 and 5 are on the right side, and pins 6 through 13 are in the center. The connector has a D-shaped shield and a latch mechanism.

A diagram of a 13-pin D-sub connector. The pins are numbered 1 through 13. Pins 1, 2, and 3 are on the left side, pins 4 and 5 are on the right side, and pins 6 through 13 are in the center. The connector has a D-shaped shield and a latch mechanism.



Diagram illustrating the seating arrangement for a 66-seat aircraft. The layout is symmetrical around a central aisle, with seats numbered 1 through 66.

Left Side (Rows 7-12, 19-24, 37-42):

7	8	9	10	11	12
19	20	21	22	23	24
37	38	39	40	41	42
49	50	51	52	53	54

Right Side (Rows 1-6, 31-36, 61-66):

1	2	3	4	5	6
31	32	33	34	35	36
61	62	63	64	65	66

