



BODY AND FRAME ALIGNMENT

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SPECIFICATIONS/ BODY DIMENSIONS AND MEASUREMENT METHODS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| | |
|----------------|-------------|
| Frame | |
| Type | Ladder type |
| Sectional form | Box type |

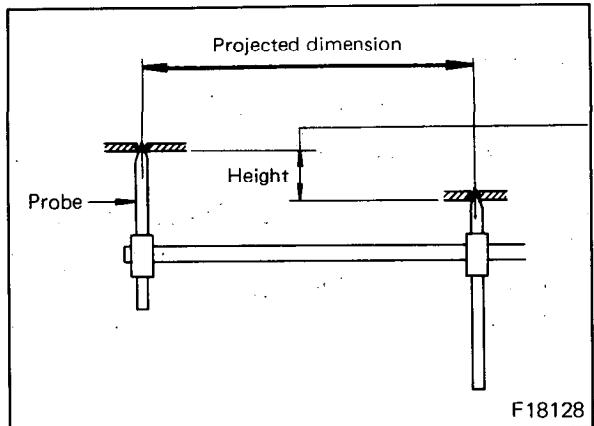
| TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS | Nm (ft.lbs.) |
|---|-----------------|
| Front suspension crossmember to support bracket | 100-120 (72-87) |

BODY DIMENSIONS AND MEASUREMENT METHODS

HOW BODY DIMENSIONS ARE INDICATED

Projected dimensions

These are the dimensions measured when the measurement points are projected into a reference plane, and are the reference dimensions used for body alterations.



MEASUREMENT METHODS (using a tracking gauge)

1. How to measure projected dimensions

If the length of the tracking gauge probes are adjustable, make the measurement by lengthening one probe by the amount equivalent to the difference in height of the two surfaces.

2. If hole diameters are the same and the probes are conical, insert the probes into the holes, and then make the measurement. This method of measurement should be used if the diameters of the holes in the location to be measured are the same.

3. If hole diameters are different, or if the probes are pointed, measurement from the hole centers is impossible. The circumferences must be used instead.

How to Determine Dimensions

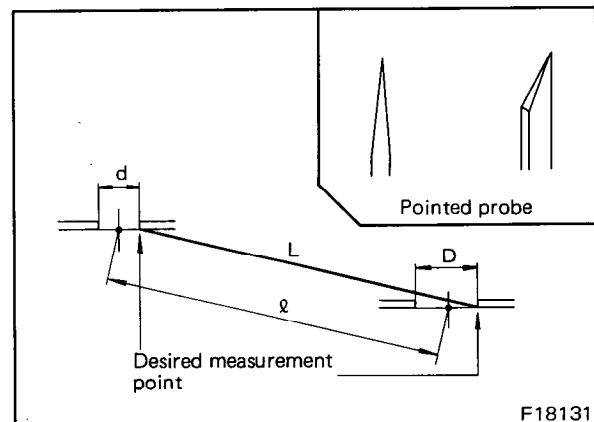
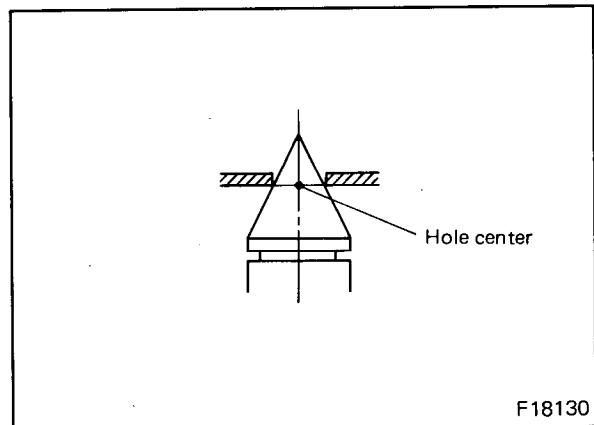
$$\text{Desired dimension: } L = \ell + \frac{D - d}{2}$$

Example: mm (in.)

Reference dimension: $\ell = 600$ (23.6)

Measurement hole diameters: $D = 20\phi$ (.79), $d = 10\phi$ (.39)

$$\text{Desired dimension: } L = 600 \text{ (23.6)} + \frac{20\phi - 10\phi}{2} = 605 \text{ (23.8)}$$



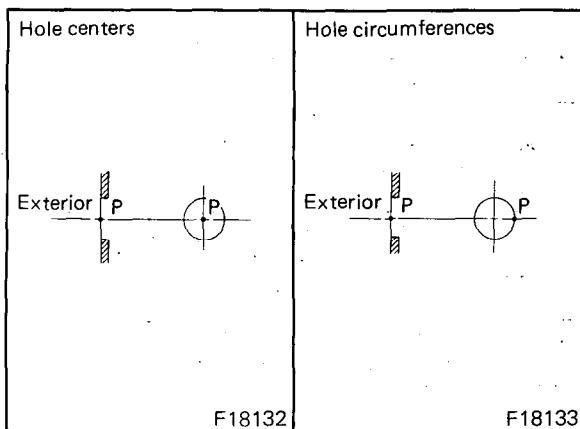
BODY DIMENSIONS AND MEASUREMENT METHODS/ FRAME ALIGNMENT



MEASUREMENT POINTS ("P" indicates the measurement point)

Measurement points are determined as follows:

1. If the measurement is to be made from the hole centers, the point at the surface from which the measuring instrument is applied is the measurement point.
2. If the measurement is to be made from the circumferences of the holes, the point at the hole circumference of the surface from which the measuring instrument is applied is the measurement point.

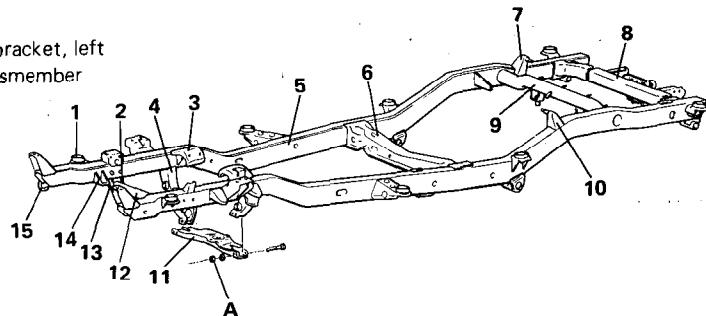


FRAME ALIGNMENT

COMPONENTS

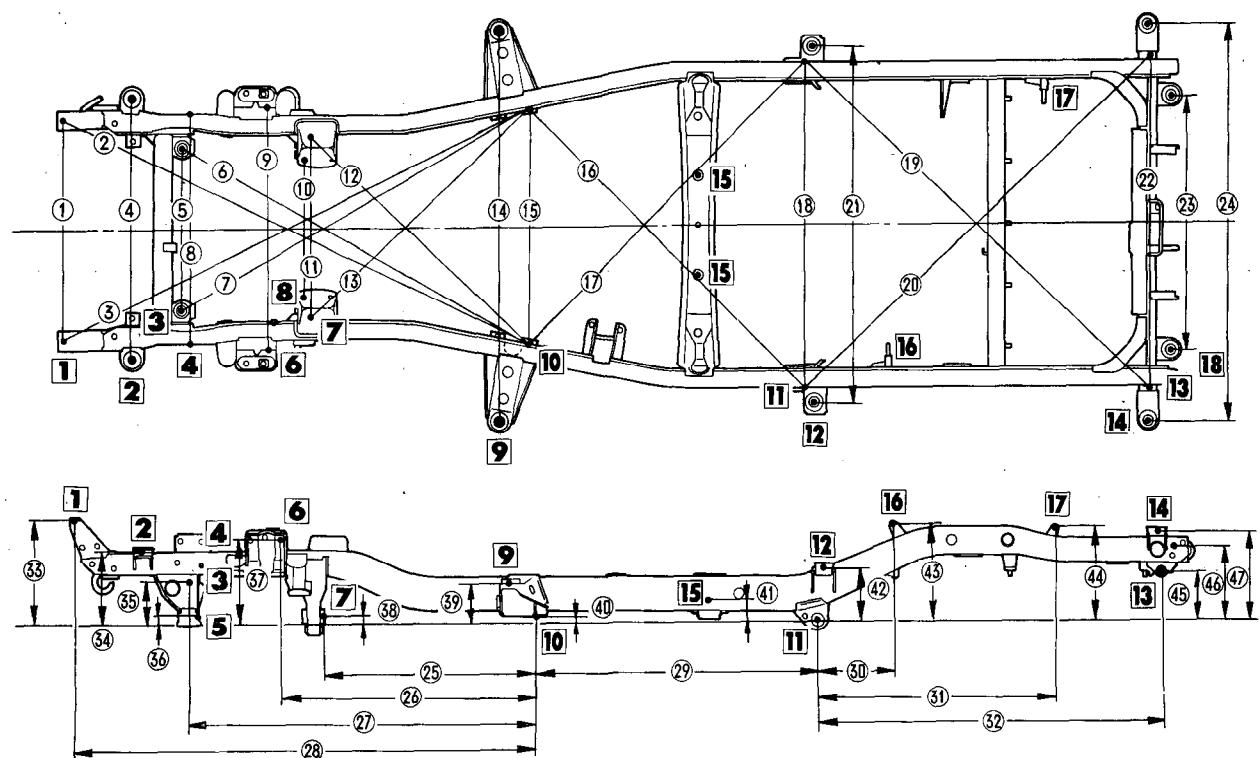
| | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Body mounting bracket | 9. No. 5 crossmember |
| 2. Differential mounting bracket | 10. Rear shock absorber bracket, left |
| 3. Engine mounting bracket | 11. Front suspension crossmember |
| 4. Support bracket | 12. No. 1 crossmember |
| 5. Side frame | 13. Lower arm bracket |
| 6. No. 4 crossmember | 14. Stabilizer bracket |
| 7. Rear shock absorber bracket, right | 15. Towing hook |
| 8. No. 6 crossmember | |

| Nm | ft.lbs. |
|-----------|---------|
| A 100-120 | 72-87 |

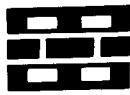


15W519

Projected Dimensions



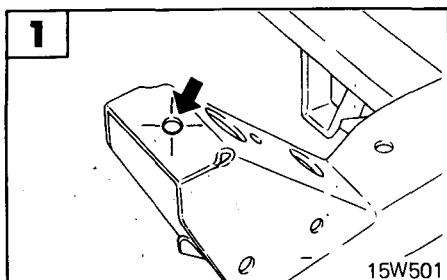
15W522



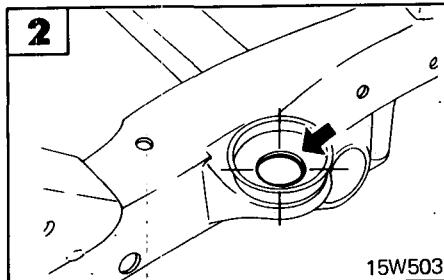
FRAME ALIGNMENT

mm (in.)

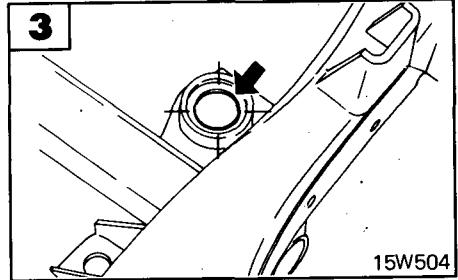
| No. | ① | ②③ | ④ | ⑤ | ⑥⑦ | ⑧ | ⑨ | ⑩ | ⑪ | ⑫⑬ | ⑭ | ⑮ | ⑯⑰ | ⑯ |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| Standard dimension | 710 (27.95) | 1,724 (67.87) | 840 (33.07) | 522 (20.55) | 1,329 (52.32) | 742 (29.21) | 777 (30.59) | 439 (17.28) | 576 (22.68) | 989 (38.94) | 1,262 (49.68) | 750 (29.53) | 1,298 (51.10) | 990 (38.98) |
| No. | ⑯⑰ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ |
| Standard dimension | 1,580 (62.20) | 1,150 (45.28) | 1,080 (42.52) | 820 (32.28) | 1,280 (50.40) | 734 (28.90) | 880 (34.65) | 1,167 (45.94) | 1,562 (61.50) | 923 (36.34) | 250 (9.84) | 795 (31.30) | 1,155 (45.47) | 347 (13.66) |
| No. | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ | ⑯ |
| Standard dimension | 233 (9.17) | 138 (5.43) | 21 (.83) | 268 (10.55) | 21 (.83) | 116 (4.57) | 13 (.51) | 68 (2.68) | 163 (6.42) | 310 (12.20) | 300 (11.81) | 265 (10.43) | 160 (6.30) | 283 (11.14) |



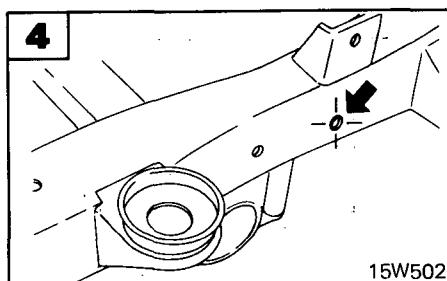
Center of front bumper mounting hole



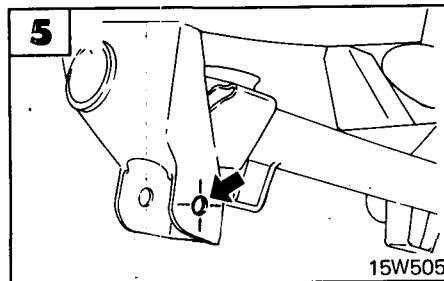
Center of body mounting hole



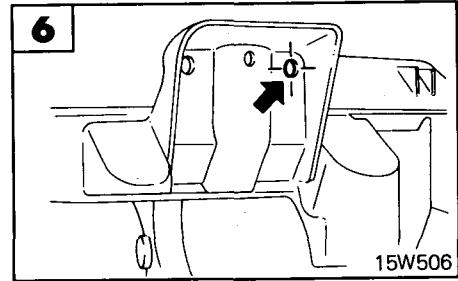
Center of differential mounting bracket hole



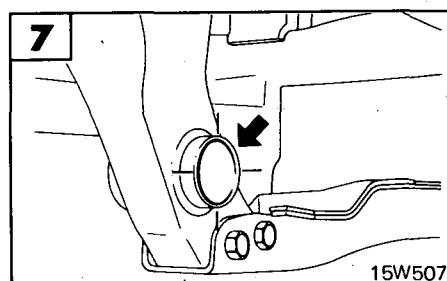
Center of steering gear box mounting hole



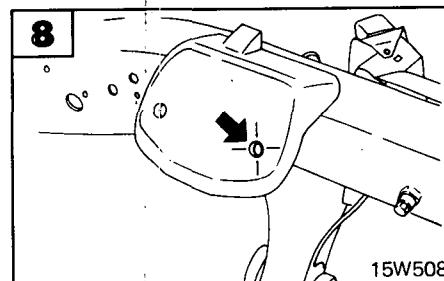
Center of lower arm (front) mounting hole



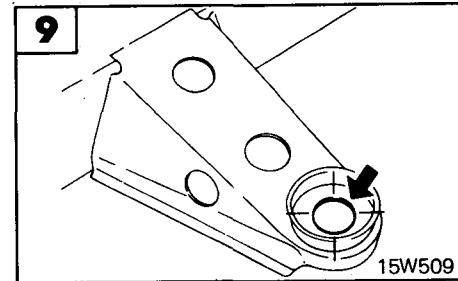
Center of upper arm mounting hole



Center of lower arm (rear) mounting hole

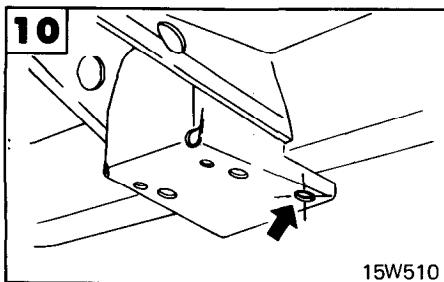


Center of engine mounting hole

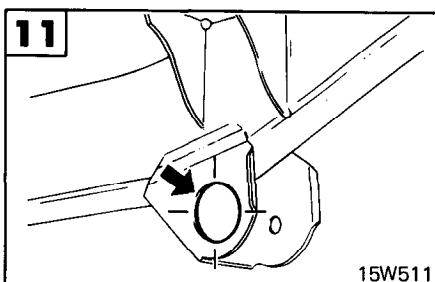


Center of body mounting hole

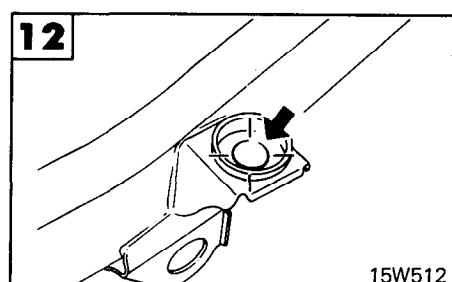
FRAME ALIGNMENT



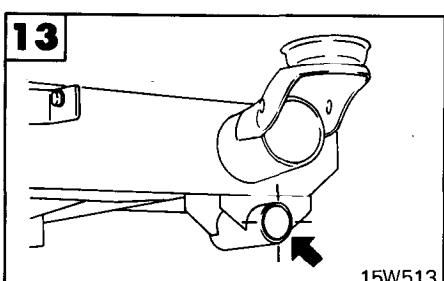
10
15W510
Center of No. 2 crossmember mounting hole



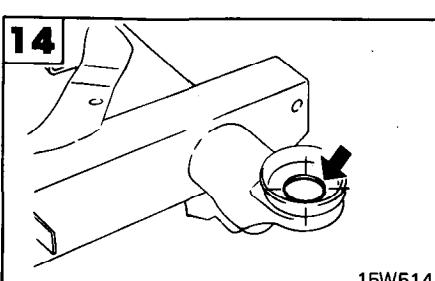
11
15W511
Center of rear spring (front) mounting hole



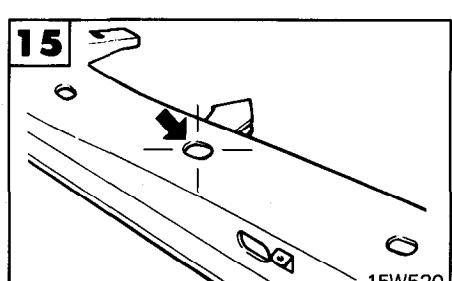
12
15W512
Center of body mounting hole



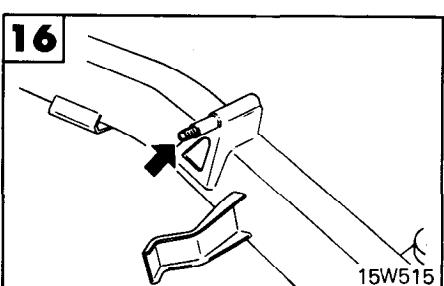
13
15W513
Center of rear spring shackle mounting hole



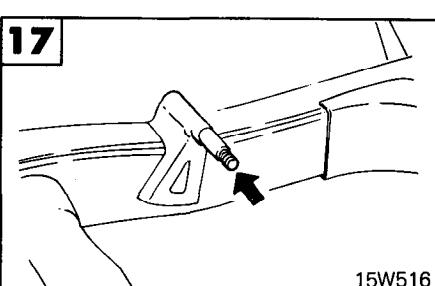
14
15W514
Center of body mounting hole



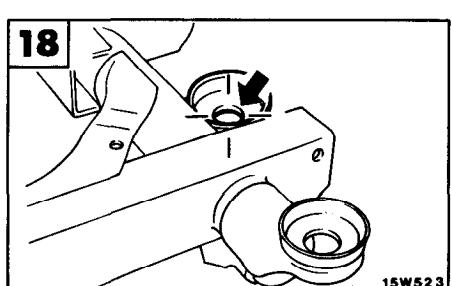
15
15W520
Center of torsion bar anchor arm mounting hole



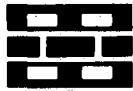
16
15W515
Center of shock absorber mounting end (L.H.)



17
15W516
Center of shock absorber mounting end (R.H.)



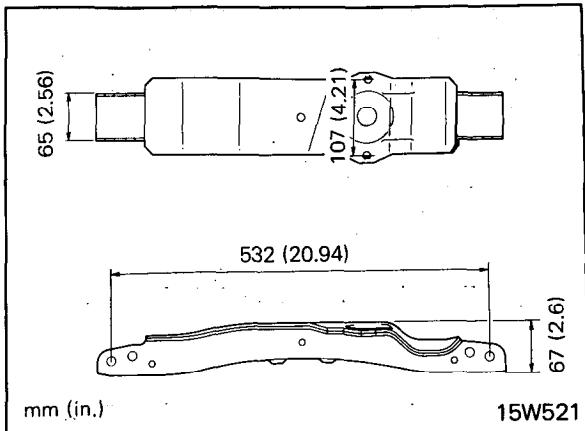
18
15W523
Center of body mounting hole



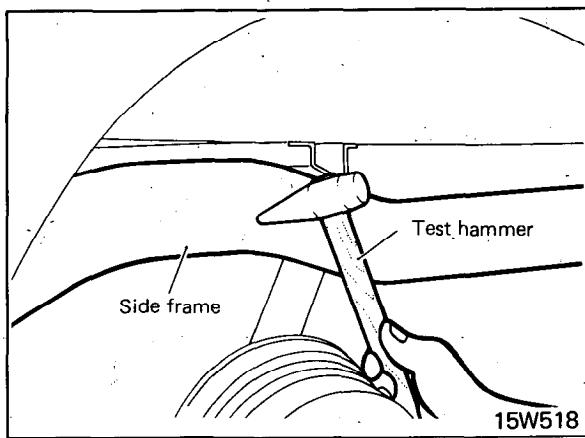
FRAME ALIGNMENT

INSPECTION

1. Check crossmembers for cracks or damage.
2. Check crossmember as illustrated for dimensions.
(15W521)



3. Check the side frames, crossmembers, and brackets for cracks or separated welds, by tapping them with a test hammer. (15W518) If in doubt, polish the frame surface well and check it with a crack detecting agent (Redcheck, etc.).
4. Check the frame for bends and distortion.
Correct if not within specifications.



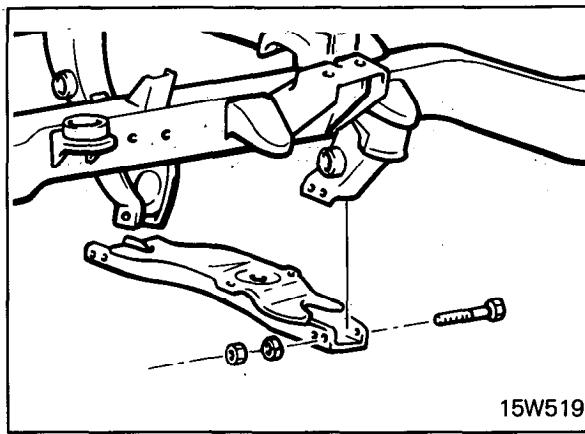
INSTALLATION

1. Install the front suspension crossmember.

NOTE

It is important that the bolts be installed from the rear.
(15W519)

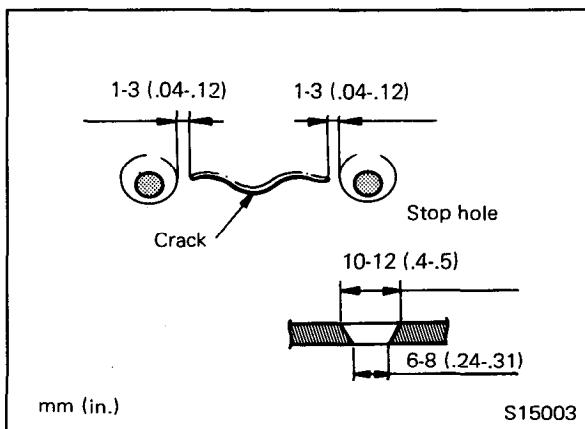
2. When replacing the floor plug, be sure to apply an appropriate amount of semi drying sealant.



REPAIR

When a crack is found in the frame, it should be repaired as follows:

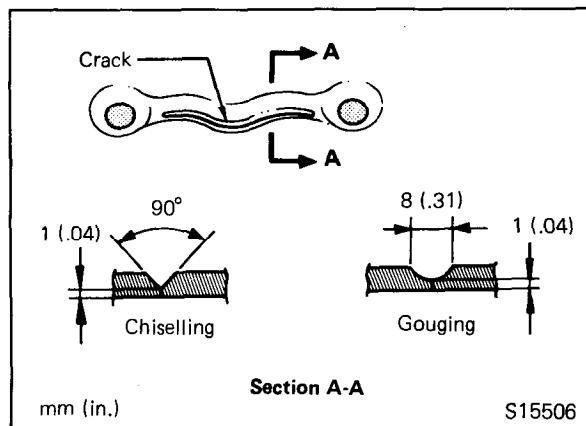
1. Using a 6-8 mm drill, drill a stop hole at a point 1-3 mm (.04-.12 in.) from each end of the crack.
2. Countersink each hole with a 10-12 mm (.4-.5 in.) drill.



FRAME ALIGNMENT



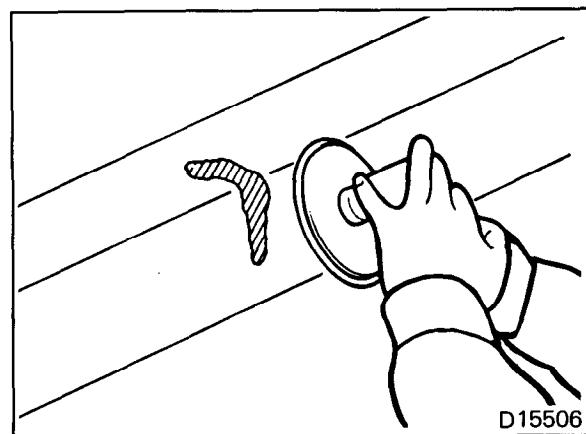
3. Make a groove along the crack by using a chisel or gouge.
4. Fill the groove and the stop holes completely with 2-3 layers of electric-arc welding.



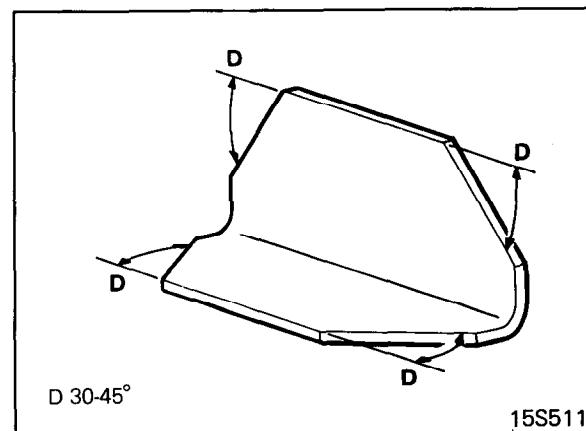
5. Finish the welded area with a grinder.

Caution

Do not use gas welding; doing so could cause distortion.
Use care to prevent thinning the frame itself by excessive grinding.



6. Make a patch of an angle steel stock as illustrated. (15S511)
7. Use an angle steel stock of the same material and thickness as frame.
8. To prevent stress concentration on the patch, make sure that its corners are cut away obliquely.
9. The patch should be long enough so that the ends properly extend beyond the crack.
10. Make sure that edges of the patch are not positioned near spring hangers, crossmember ends or other points subject to concentrated loads.



11. Arc weld the patch at points about 10 mm (.4 in.) from the crest of the patch to avoid stress concentration. (D15507)
12. Clean the welded area and apply chassis black.

