

SECTION EC

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

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Alphabetical Index

UBS0090M

NOTE:

If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

×:Applicable —: Not applicable

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3			
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P1271	1271	2	×	EC-467
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P1272	1272	2	×	EC-474
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P1273	1273	2	×	EC-481
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P1274	1274	2	×	EC-490
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P1276	1276	2	×	EC-499
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P1278	1278	2	×	EC-507
A/F SEN1 (B1)	P1279	1279	2	×	EC-518
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P1281	1281	2	×	EC-467
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P1282	1282	2	×	EC-474
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P1283	1283	2	×	EC-481
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P1284	1284	2	×	EC-490
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P1286	1286	2	×	EC-499
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P1288	1288	2	×	EC-507
A/F SEN1 (B2)	P1289	1289	2	×	EC-518
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P1031	1031	2	×	EC-384
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P1032	1032	2	×	EC-384
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P1051	1051	2	×	EC-384
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P1052	1052	2	×	EC-384
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	P0731	0731	2*6	×	AT-126
			1*7	×	AT-491
A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	P0732	0732	2*6	×	AT-131
			1*7	×	AT-494
A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	P0733	0733	2*6	×	AT-136
			1*7	×	AT-499
A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	P0734	0734	2*6	×	AT-141
			1*7	×	AT-503
A/T 5HT GR FNCTN*7	P0735	0735	1	×	AT-507
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744	2*6	×	AT-153
			1*7	×	AT-511
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	1	×	EC-589
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	1	×	EC-589
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	1	×	EC-595
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	1	×	EC-595
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	1	×	EC-607
ASCD BRAKE SW	P1572	1572	1	—	EC-558

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Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3			
ASCD SW	P1564	1564	1	—	EC-551
ASCD VHL SPD SEN	P1574	1574	1	—	EC-569
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC*6	P0710	0710	2	×	AT-111
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC*7	P0710	0710	2	×	AT-471
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	2	—	EC-584
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000*4	1	×	EC-145
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001*4	2	—	EC-145
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	2	×	EC-264
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	1	×	EC-445
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	1	×	EC-445
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	2	×	EC-270
CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	P0345	0345	2	×	EC-270
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	2	—	EC-459
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	2	—	EC-461
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	2	×	EC-252
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	2	×	EC-252
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	2	×	EC-252
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	2	×	EC-252
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	2	×	EC-252
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	2	×	EC-252
ECM	P0605	0605	1 or 2	×	EC-381
ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	P1065	1065	2	×	EC-392
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0117	0117	1	×	EC-179
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0118	0118	1	×	EC-179
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	1	×	EC-190
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0400	2	×	EC-278
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	1402	2	×	EC-529
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0405	0405	2	×	EC-293
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0406	0406	2	×	EC-293
EGR VOL CON/V CIR	P0403	0403	1	×	EC-286
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	1	×	EC-448
ENGINE SPEED SIG*7	P0725	0725	2	×	AT-122
ETC ACTR	P1121	1121	1 or 2	×	EC-403
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P1122	1122	1	×	EC-405
ETC MOT	P1128	1128	1	×	EC-416
ETC MOT PWR	P1124	1124	1	×	EC-411
ETC MOT PWR	P1126	1126	1	×	EC-411
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	2	×	EC-346
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	2	×	EC-303
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	2	×	EC-308
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	2	×	EC-332
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	2	×	EC-338

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Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3			
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	2	×	EC-354
FLUID TEMP SEN*7	P0711	0711	2	×	AT-476
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	2	×	EC-242
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	2	×	EC-242
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	2	×	EC-237
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	2	×	EC-364
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	2	×	EC-366
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	2	×	EC-368
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0463	0463	2	×	EC-368
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	2	×	EC-220
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	2	×	EC-220
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	2	×	EC-229
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	2	×	EC-229
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	2	×	EC-198
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	2	×	EC-208
HO2S2 (B1)	P1146	1146	2	×	EC-421
HO2S2 (B1)	P1147	1147	2	×	EC-433
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	2	×	EC-198
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	2	×	EC-208
HO2S2 (B2)	P1166	1166	2	×	EC-421
HO2S2 (B2)	P1167	1167	2	×	EC-433
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	2	×	EC-151
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	2	×	EC-151
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	2	×	EC-151
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	2	×	EC-151
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	2	×	EC-175
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	2	×	EC-175
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	2	×	EC-193
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	2	×	EC-148
INT/V TIM CONT-B2	P0021	0021	2	×	EC-148
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P1111	1111	2	×	EC-396
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P1136	1136	2	×	EC-396
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	2	×	EC-372
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	2	×	EC-374
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	2	—	EC-259
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	2	—	EC-259
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC*6	P0745	0745	2	×	AT-161
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	1	×	EC-160
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	1	×	EC-168
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	1	×	EC-168
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	2	×	EC-252
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	2	—	BL-99

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Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3			
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	—	—	—
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC*6	P1760	1760	2	×	AT-183
PC SOL A(L/PRESS)*7	P0745	0745	1	×	AT-514
PC SOL B(SFT/PRS)*7	P0775	0775	1	×	AT-545
PC SOL C(TCC&SFT)*7	P0795	0795	1	×	AT-552
PC SOL C STC ON*7	P0797	0797	1	×	AT-556
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1706	2	×	EC-571
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	2*6	×	AT-105
			1*7	×	AT-466
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	2	×	EC-318
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	2	×	EC-318
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	1444	2	×	EC-536
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	2	—	EC-376
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P1229	1229	1	×	EC-463
SFT SOL A/CIRC*6	P0750	0750	1	×	AT-167
SFT SOL B/CIRC*6	P0755	0755	1	×	AT-172
SFT SOL C STUCK ON*7	P0762	0762	1	×	AT-531
SHIFT*7	P0780	0780	1	×	AT-549
SHIFT SOL A*7	P0750	0750	1	×	AT-518
SHIFT SOL B*7	P0755	0755	1	×	AT-522
SHIFT SOL C*7	P0760	0760	1	×	AT-526
SHIFT SOL D*7	P0765	0765	1	×	AT-536
SHIFT SOL E*7	P0770	0770	1	×	AT-541
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC*6	P0740	0740	2	×	AT-148
TCM POWER INPT SIG*7	P0882	0882	1	—	AT-566
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	2	—	EC-446
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	2	—	EC-447
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	2	×	EC-196
TP SEN/CIRC A/T*6	P1705	1705	1	×	AT-177
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	1	×	EC-246
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	1	×	EC-246
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	1	×	EC-184
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	1	×	EC-184
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	1	×	EC-601
TURBINE SENSOR*7	P0717	0717	1	×	AT-481
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	2	×	EC-299
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	2	×	EC-299
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*5 *6	P0720	0720	2	×	AT-117

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Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3			
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*5	P0500	0500	2	×	EC-370
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	2	×	EC-325
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	1446	2	×	EC-544
VHCL SPEED SEN·AT*7	P0722	0722	1	×	AT-485
VIAS S/V CIRC	P1800	1800	2	—	EC-579

*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), these numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

*4: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

*5: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

*6: 4-speed A/T models

*7: 5-speed A/T models

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UBS0090N

NOTE:

If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

×:Applicable —: Not applicable

DTC*1		Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
U1000	1000*4	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-145
U1001	1001*4	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	2	—	EC-145
P0000	0000	NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	—	—	—
P0011	0011	INT/V TIM CONT-B1	2	×	EC-148
P0021	0021	INT/V TIM CONT-B2	2	×	EC-148
P0037	0037	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-151
P0038	0038	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-151
P0057	0057	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-151
P0058	0058	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-151
P0101	0101	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-160
P0102	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-168
P0103	0103	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-168
P0112	0112	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-175
P0113	0113	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-175
P0117	0117	ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-179
P0118	0118	ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	EC-179
P0122	0122	TP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	EC-184
P0123	0123	TP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	EC-184
P0125	0125	ECT SENSOR	1	×	EC-190
P0127	0127	IAT SENSOR	2	×	EC-193
P0128	0128	THERMSTAT FNCTN	2	×	EC-196
P0138	0138	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-198
P0139	0139	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-208
P0158	0158	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-198
P0159	0159	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-208
P0171	0171	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	2	×	EC-220
P0172	0172	FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	2	×	EC-229
P0174	0174	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	2	×	EC-220
P0175	0175	FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	2	×	EC-229
P0181	0181	FTT SENSOR	2	×	EC-237
P0182	0182	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-242
P0183	0183	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-242
P0222	0222	TP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-246
P0223	0223	TP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-246
P0300	0300	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	2	×	EC-252
P0301	0301	CYL 1 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-252

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DTC*1		Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
P0302	0302	CYL 2 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-252
P0303	0303	CYL 3 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-252
P0304	0304	CYL 4 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-252
P0305	0305	CYL 5 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-252
P0306	0306	CYL 6 MISFIRE	2	×	EC-252
P0327	0327	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	2	—	EC-259
P0328	0328	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	2	—	EC-259
P0335	0335	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-264
P0340	0340	CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	2	×	EC-270
P0345	0345	CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	2	×	EC-270
P0400	0400	EGR SYSTEM	2	×	EC-278
P0403	0403	EGR VOL CON/V CIR	1	×	EC-286
P0405	0405	EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-293
P0406	0406	EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-293
P0420	0420	TW CATALYST SYS-B1	2	×	EC-299
P0430	0430	TW CATALYST SYS-B2	2	×	EC-299
P0441	0441	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	2	×	EC-303
P0442	0442	EVAP SMALL LEAK	2	×	EC-308
P0444	0444	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	EC-318
P0445	0445	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	EC-318
P0447	0447	VENT CONTROL VALVE	2	×	EC-325
P0452	0452	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	2	×	EC-332
P0453	0453	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	2	×	EC-338
P0455	0455	EVAP GROSS LEAK	2	×	EC-346
P0456	0456	EVAP VERY SML LEAK	2	×	EC-354
P0460	0460	FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	2	×	EC-364
P0461	0461	FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	2	×	EC-366
P0462	0462	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-368
P0463	0463	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	2	×	EC-368
P0500	0500	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*5	2	×	EC-370
P0506	0506	ISC SYSTEM	2	×	EC-372
P0507	0507	ISC SYSTEM	2	×	EC-374
P0550	0550	PW ST P SEN/CIRC	2	—	EC-376
P0605	0605	ECM	1 or 2	×	EC-381
P0705	0705	PNP SW/CIRC	2*6	×	AT-105
			1*7	×	AT-466
P0710	0710	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC*6	2	×	AT-111
P0710	0710	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC*7	2	×	AT-471
P0711	0711	FLUID TEMP SEN*7	2	×	AT-476
P0717	0717	TURBINE SENSOR*7	1	×	AT-481
P0720	0720	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*5 *6	2	×	AT-117

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DTC*1		Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
P0722	0722	VHCL SPEED SEN·AT*7	1	×	AT-485
P0725	0725	ENGINE SPEED SIG*6	2	×	AT-122
P0731	0731	A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	2*6	×	AT-126
			1*7	×	AT-491
P0732	0732	A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	2*6	×	AT-131
			1*7	×	AT-494
P0733	0733	A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	2*6	×	AT-136
			1*7	×	AT-499
P0734	0734	A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	2*6	×	AT-141
			1*7	×	AT-503
P0735	0735	A/T 5TH GR FNCTN*7	1	×	AT-507
P0740	0740	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC*6	2	×	AT-148
P0744	0744	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	2*6	×	AT-153
			1*7	×	AT-511
P0745	0745	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC*6	2	×	AT-161
		PC SOL A(L/PRESS)*7	1	×	AT-514
P0750	0750	SFT SOL A/CIRC*6	1	×	AT-167
		SHIFT SOL A*7	1	×	AT-518
P0755	0755	SFT SOL B/CIRC*6	1	×	AT-172
		SHIFT SOL B*7	1	×	AT-522
P0760	0760	SHIFT SOL C*7	1	×	AT-526
P0762	0762	SFT SOL C STUCK ON*7	1	×	AT-531
P0765	0765	SHIFT SOL D*7	1	×	AT-536
P0770	0770	SHIFT SOL E*7	1	×	AT-541
P0775	0775	PC SOL B(SFT/PRS)*7	1	×	AT-545
P0780	0780	SFIFT*7	1	×	AT-549
P0795	0795	PC SOL C(TCC&SFT)*7	1	×	AT-552
P0797	0797	PC SOL C STC ON*7	1	×	AT-556
P0882	0882	TCM POWER INPT SIG*7	1	×	AT-566
P1031	1031	A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-384
P1032	1032	A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	2	×	EC-384
P1051	1051	A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-384
P1052	1052	A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-384
P1065	1065	ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-392
P1111	1111	INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	2	×	EC-396
P1121	1121	ETC ACTR	1 or 2	×	EC-403
P1122	1122	ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	1	×	EC-405
P1124	1124	ETC MOT PWR	1	×	EC-411

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DTC*1		Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
P1126	1126	ETC MOT PWR	1	×	EC-411
P1128	1128	ETC MOT	1	×	EC-416
P1136	1136	INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	2	×	EC-396
P1146	1146	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-421
P1147	1147	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	EC-433
P1148	1148	CLOSED LOOP-B1	1	×	EC-445
P1166	1166	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-421
P1167	1167	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	EC-433
P1168	1168	CLOSED LOOP-B2	1	×	EC-445
P1211	1211	TCS C/U FUNCTN	2	—	EC-446
P1212	1212	TCS/CIRC	2	—	EC-447
P1217	1217	ENG OVER TEMP	1	×	EC-448
P1225	1225	CTP LEARNING	2	—	EC-459
P1226	1226	CTP LEARNING	2	—	EC-461
P1229	1229	SENSOR POWER/CIRC	1	×	EC-463
P1271	1271	A/F SENSOR (B1)	2	×	EC-467
P1272	1272	A/F SENSOR (B1)	2	×	EC-474
P1273	1273	A/F SENSOR (B1)	2	×	EC-481
P1274	1274	A/F SENSOR (B1)	2	×	EC-490
P1276	1276	A/F SENSOR (B1)	2	×	EC-499
P1278	1278	A/F SENSOR (B1)	2	×	EC-507
P1279	1279	A/F SENSOR (B1)	2	×	EC-518
P1281	1281	A/F SENSOR (B2)	2	×	EC-467
P1282	1282	A/F SENSOR (B2)	2	×	EC-474
P1283	1283	A/F SENSOR (B2)	2	×	EC-481
P1284	1284	A/F SENSOR (B2)	2	×	EC-490
P1286	1286	A/F SENSOR (B2)	2	×	EC-499
P1288	1288	A/F SENSOR (B2)	2	×	EC-507
P1289	1289	A/F SENSOR (B2)	2	×	EC-518
P1402	1402	EGR SYSTEM	2	×	EC-529
P1444	1444	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	EC-536
P1446	1446	VENT CONTROL VALVE	2	×	EC-544
P1564	1564	ASCD SW	1	—	EC-551
P1572	1572	ASCD BRAKE SW	1	—	EC-558
P1574	1574	ASCD VHL SPD SEN	1	—	EC-569
P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	NATS MALFUNCTION	2	—	BL-99
P1705	1705	TP SEN/CIRC A/T*6	1	×	AT-177
P1706	1706	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	2	×	EC-571
P1760	1760	O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC*6	2	×	AT-183
P1800	1800	VIAS S/V CIRC	2	—	EC-579
P1805	1805	BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	2	—	EC-584
P2122	2122	APP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-589

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DTC*1		Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
P2123	2123	APP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	EC-589
P2127	2127	APP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	EC-595
P2128	2128	APP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	EC-595
P2135	2135	TP SENSOR	1	×	EC-601
P2138	2138	APP SENSOR	1	×	EC-607

*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), these numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

*4: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

*5: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

*6: 4-speed A/T models

*7: 5-speed A/T models

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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS

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Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

UBS00ALD

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

UBS0090P

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

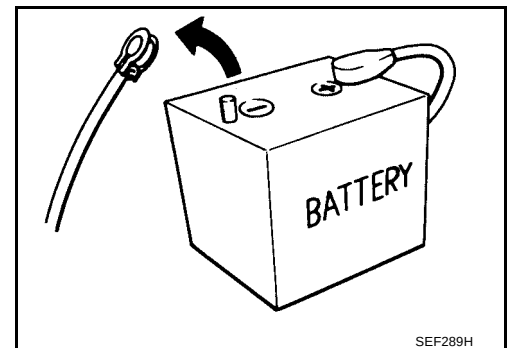
CAUTION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative battery cable before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to [PG-61, "HARNESS CONNECTOR"](#).
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EVAP system or fuel injection system, etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

Precaution

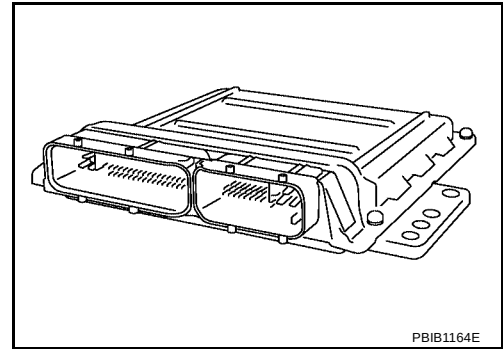
UBS0090Q

- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect battery ground cable. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned OFF.
- Before removing parts, turn ignition switch OFF and then disconnect battery ground cable.

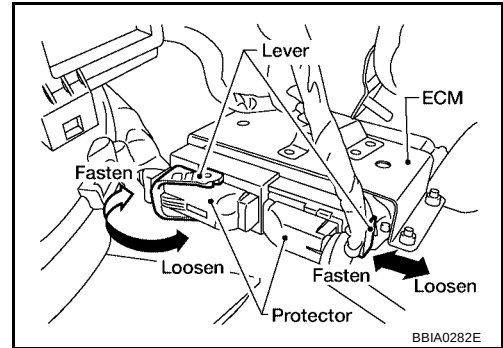


PRECAUTIONS

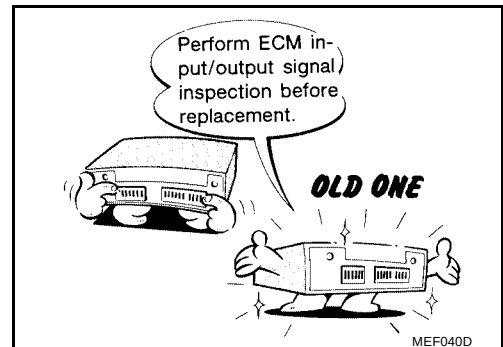
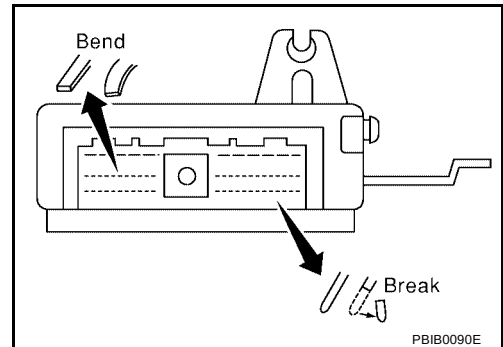
- Do not disassemble ECM.
- If a battery cable is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.
The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a malfunction. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.



- When connecting ECM harness connector, fasten it securely with levers as far as they will go as shown in the figure.

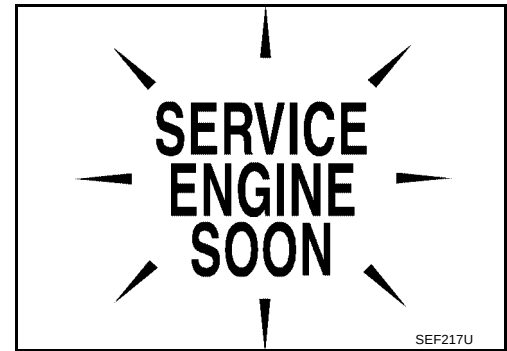


- When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).
Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.
- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep engine control system harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harness, to prevent engine control system malfunctions due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep engine control system parts and harness dry.
- Before replacing ECM, perform "ECM Terminals and Reference Value" inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to [EC-101, "ECM Terminals and Reference Value"](#).
- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble electric throttle control actuator.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious incidents.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), crankshaft position sensor (POS).

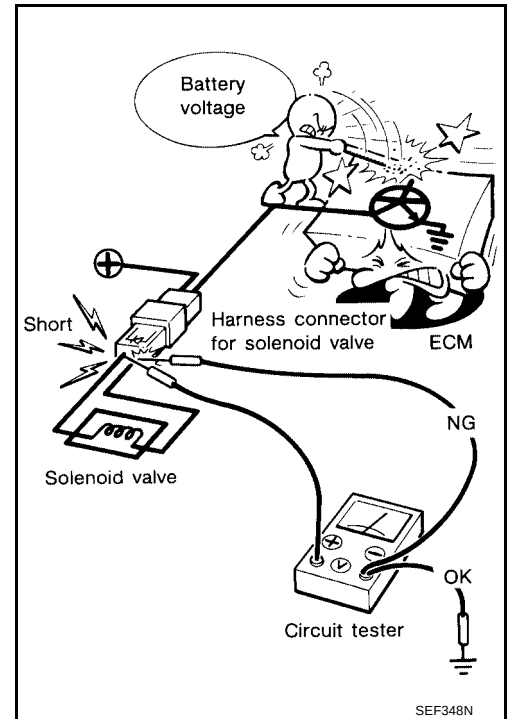


PRECAUTIONS

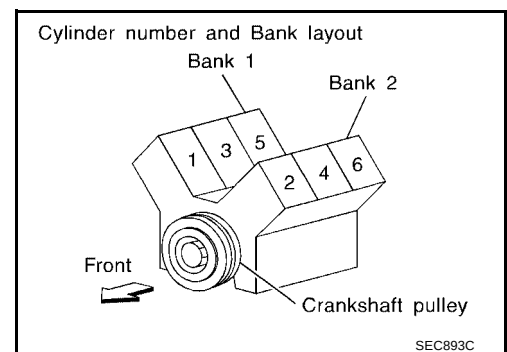
- After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check. The DTC should not be displayed in the DTC Confirmation Procedure if the repair is completed. The Overall Function Check should be a good result if the repair is completed.



- When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact. Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.
- Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

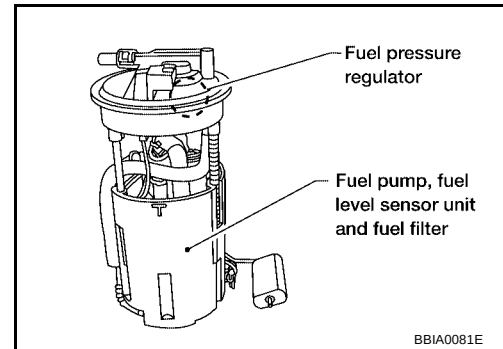


- B1 indicates the bank 1, B2 indicates the bank 2 as shown in the figure.

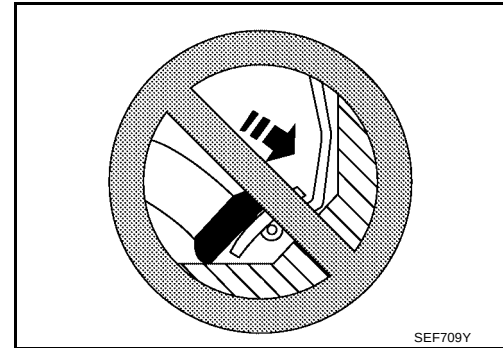


PRECAUTIONS

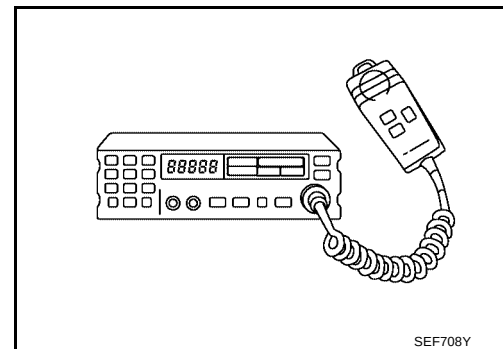
- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.



- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.



- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on installation location.
 - Keep the antenna as far as possible from the electronic control units.
 - Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls. Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
 - Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standing-wave ratio can be kept smaller.
 - Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.



UBS0090R

Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

When you read wiring diagrams, refer to the following:

- [GI-12, "How to Read Wiring Diagrams"](#)
- [PG-3, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING CIRCUIT"](#) for power distribution circuit

When you perform trouble diagnosis, refer to the following:

- [GI-10, "HOW TO FOLLOW TEST GROUPS IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES"](#)
- [GI-25, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"](#)

PREPARATION

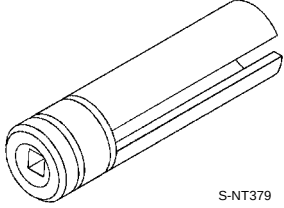
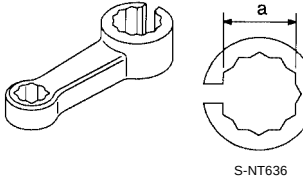
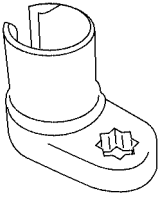
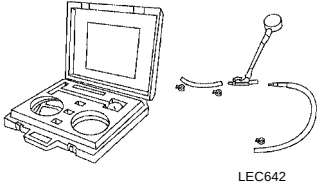
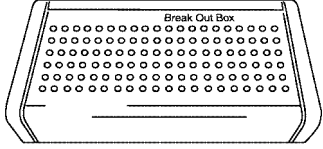
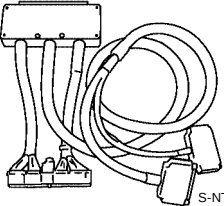
PREPARATION

PFP:00002

Special Service Tools

UBS0090S

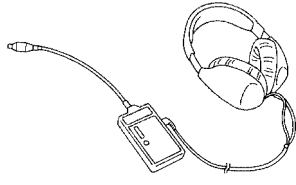
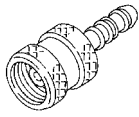
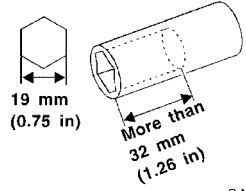
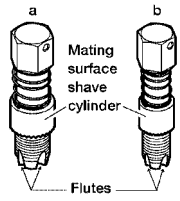
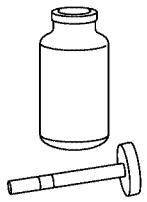
The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV10117100 (J-36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	 S-NT379	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensors with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	 S-NT636	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensors a: 22 mm (0.87 in)
(J-44626) Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor wrench	 LEM054	Loosening or tightening air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1
(J-44321) Fuel pressure gauge kit	 LEC642	Checking fuel pressure
KV109E0010 (J-46209) Break-out box	 S-NT825	Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester
KV109E0080 (J-45819) Y-cable adapter	 S-NT826	Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester

PREPARATION

Commercial Service Tools

UBS0090T

Tool name (Kent-Moore No.)	Description	
Leak detector i.e.: (J-41416)	 S-NT703	Locating the EVAP leak
EVAP service port adapter i.e.: (J-41413-OBID)	 S-NT704	Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port
Fuel filler cap adapter i.e.: (MLR-8382)	 S-NT815	Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve opening pressure
Socket wrench	 19 mm (0.75 in) More than 32 mm (1.26 in) S-NT705	Removing and installing engine coolant temperature sensor
Oxygen sensor thread cleaner i.e.: (J-43897-18) (J-43897-12)	 a b Mating surface shave cylinder Flutes AEM488	Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new oxygen sensor. Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below. a: 18 mm diameter with pitch 1.5 mm for Zirconia Oxygen Sensor b: 12 mm diameter with pitch 1.25 mm for Titania Oxygen Sensor
Anti-seize lubricant i.e.: (Permatex™ 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specifica- tion MIL-A-907)	 S-NT779	Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads.

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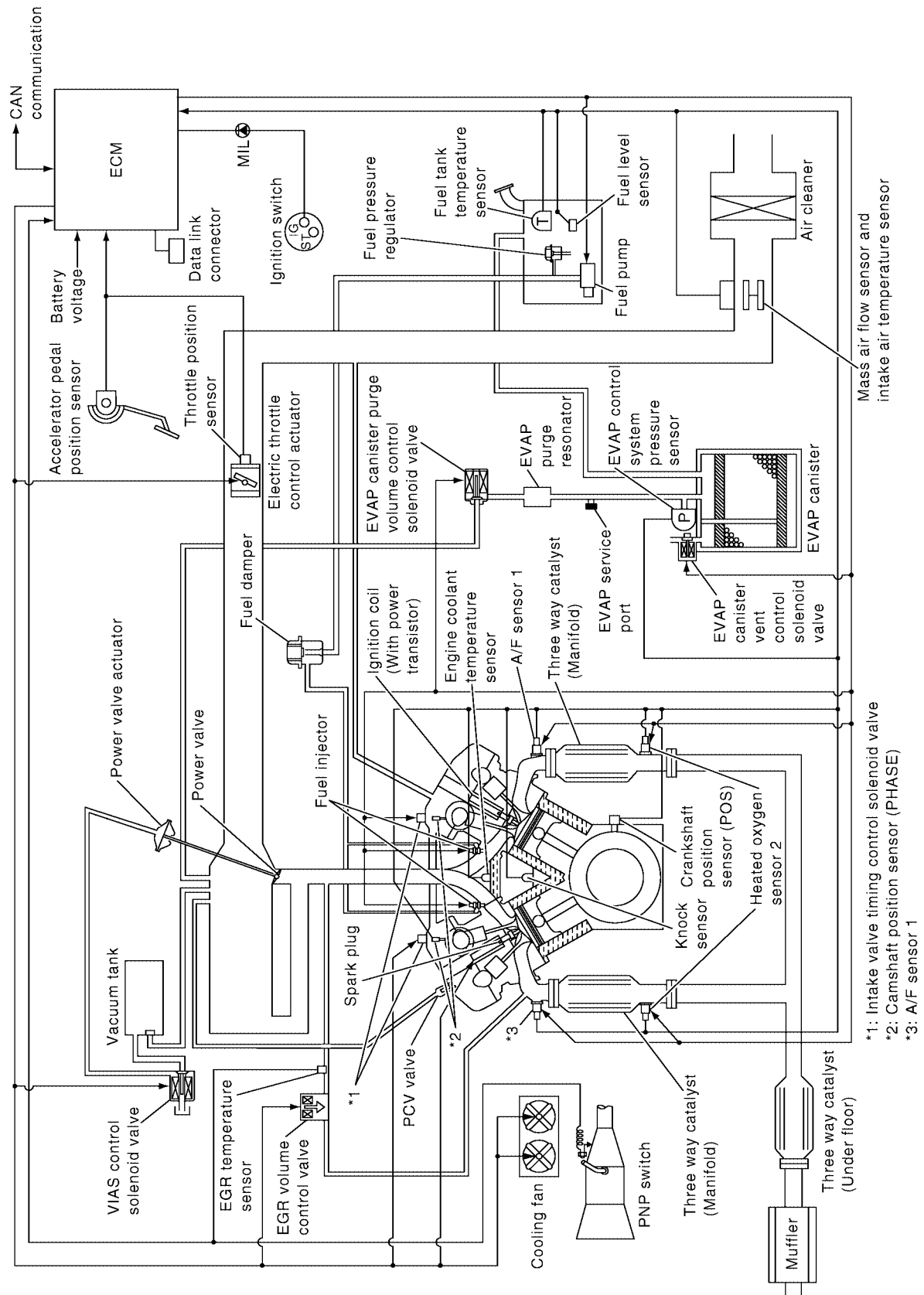
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System Diagram

UBS0090U



Vacuum Hose Drawing

UBS0090V

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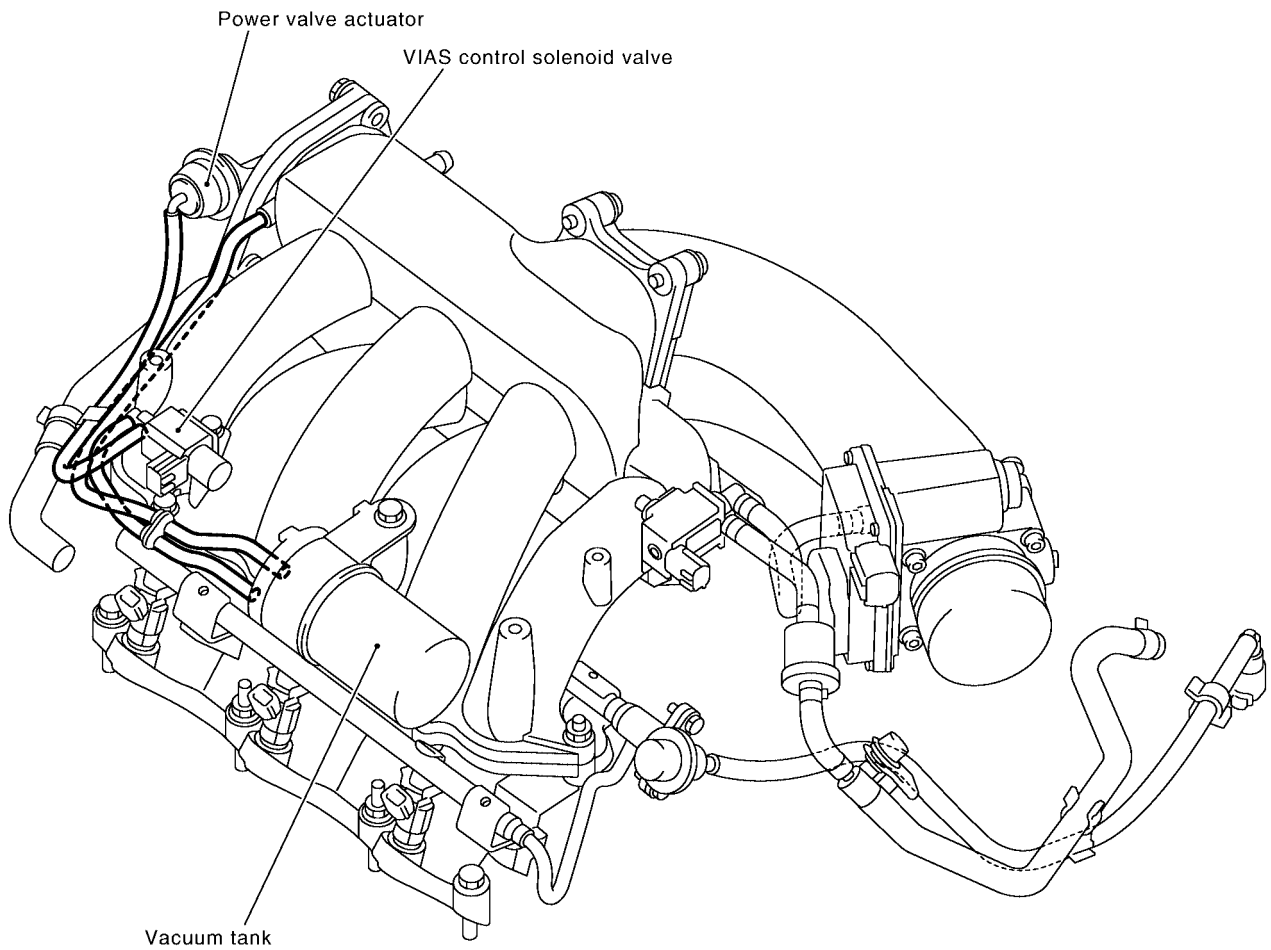
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NOTE: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hose or purge hoses.

Refer to [EC-24, "System Diagram"](#) for Vacuum Control System.

PBIB1582E

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

System Chart

UBS0090W

Input (Sensor)	ECM Function	Output (Actuator)
● Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) ● Crankshaft position sensor (POS) ● Mass air flow sensor ● Engine coolant temperature sensor ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 ● Throttle position sensor ● Accelerator pedal position sensor ● Park/neutral position (PNP) switch ● Intake air temperature sensor ● Power steering pressure sensor ● Ignition switch ● Battery voltage ● Knock sensor ● Refrigerant pressure sensor ● Stop lamp switch ● ASCD steering switch ● ASCD brake switch ● Fuel level sensor*1 *3 ● EVAP control system pressure sensor ● Fuel tank temperature sensor*1 ● EGR temperature sensor*1 ● Heated oxygen sensor 2 *2 ● TCM (Transmission control module) *3 ● Air conditioner switch*3 ● Wheel sensor*3 ● Electrical load signal*3 ● ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) *3	Fuel injection & mixture ratio control	Fuel injectors
	Electronic ignition system	Power transistor
	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump relay*4
	ASCD vehicle speed control	Electric throttle control actuator
	On board diagnostic system	MIL (On the instrument panel)*4
	EGR control	EGR volume control valve
	Power valve control	VIAS control solenoid valve
	Intake valve timing control	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
	Engine mount control	Electronic controlled engine mount
	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
	EVAP canister purge flow control	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
	Air conditioning cut control	Air conditioner relay*4
	Cooling fan control	Cooling fan relays*4
	ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS for EVAP system	EVAP canister vent control valve

*1: These sensors are not used to control the engine system. They are used only for the on board diagnosis.

*2: This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

*3: These input signals are sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*4: These output signals are sent from the ECM through CAN communication line.

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

Multipoint Fuel Injection (MFI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS0090X

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed* ³ Piston position	Fuel injection & mixture ratio control	Fuel injectors
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		
Knock sensor	Engine knocking condition		
Battery	Battery voltage* ³		
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation		
Heated oxygen sensor 2 * ¹	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas		
Air conditioner switch* ²	Air conditioner operation		
Wheel sensor* ²	Vehicle speed		

*1: Under normal conditions, this sensor is not for engine control operation.

*2: These signals are sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*3: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the crankshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

<Fuel increase>

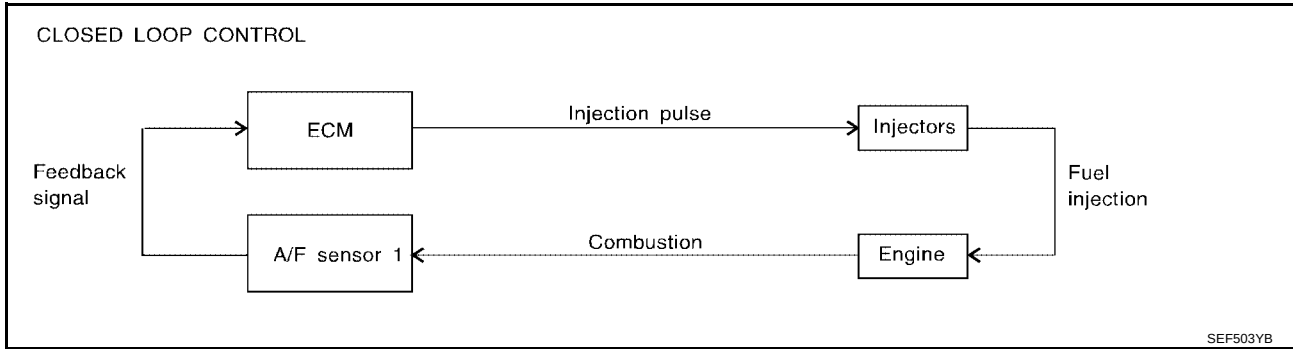
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from N to D
- High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)



The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst (Manifold) can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 in the exhaust manifold to monitor if the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1, refer to [EC-467, "DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR"](#). This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition.

Heated oxygen sensor 2 is located downstream of the three way catalyst (Manifold). Even if the switching characteristics of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from heated oxygen sensor 2.

Open Loop Control

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of A/F sensor 1 or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of A/F sensor 1 at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- After shifting from N to D (A/T models)
- When starting the engine

MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from A/F sensor 1. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot film) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio.

Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

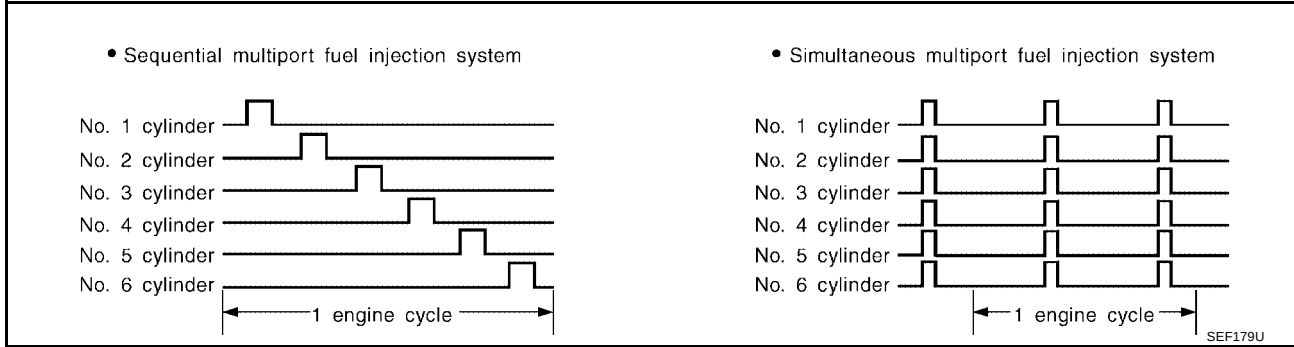
"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from A/F sensor 1 indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

FUEL INJECTION TIMING



Two types of systems are used.

Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

Simultaneous Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all six cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The six injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

FUEL SHUT-OFF

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

Electronic Ignition (EI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS0090Y

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed*2 Piston position	Ignition timing control	Power transistor
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Knock sensor	Engine knocking		
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		
Battery	Battery voltage*2		
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed		

*1: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine. The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

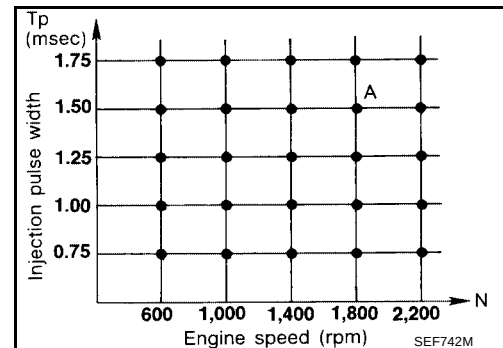
The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

e.g., N: 1,800 rpm, Tp: 1.50 msec

A °BTDC

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

- At starting
- During warm-up



ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

- At idle
- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions. If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

Air Conditioning Cut Control INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS0090Z

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Air conditioner switch* ¹	Air conditioner "ON" signal	Air conditioner cut control	Air conditioner relay
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed* ²		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Battery	Battery voltage* ²		
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure		
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation		
Wheel sensor* ¹	Vehicle speed		

*1: Signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.
- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.
- When refrigerant pressure is excessively low or high.

Fuel Cut Control (at No Load and High Engine Speed) INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS00910

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Neutral position	Fuel cut control	Fuel injectors
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed		
Wheel sensor* ¹	Vehicle speed		

*1: Signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

If the engine speed is above 1,800 rpm with no load (for example, in neutral and engine speed over 1,800 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed. Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 1,500 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System, [EC-27](#) .

**CAN communication
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

UBS00911

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only. Refer to [LAN-8, "CAN COMMUNICATION"](#) , about CAN communication for detail.

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BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

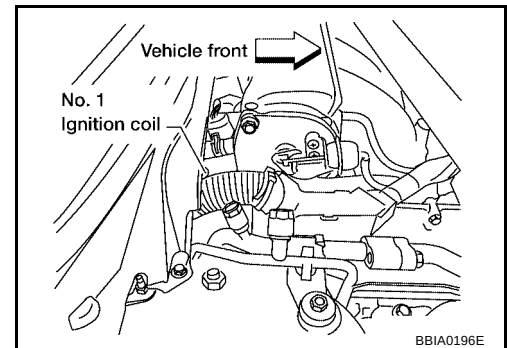
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Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check

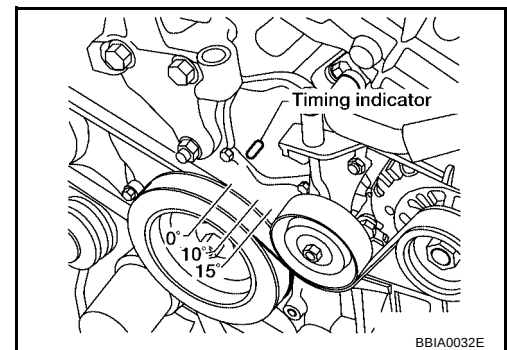
UBS00912

Method A

1. Slide the harness protector off ignition coil No.1 to clear the wires.
2. Attach timing light to the ignition coil No.1 wires.

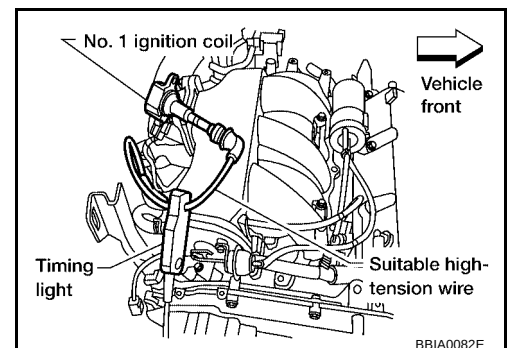
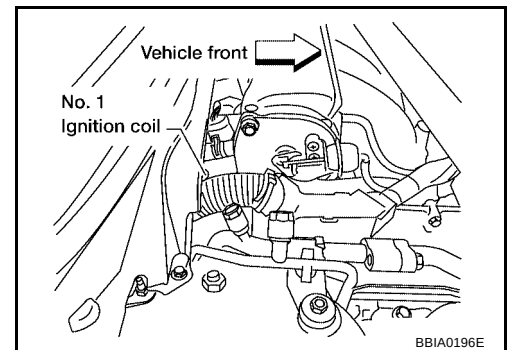


3. Check ignition timing.

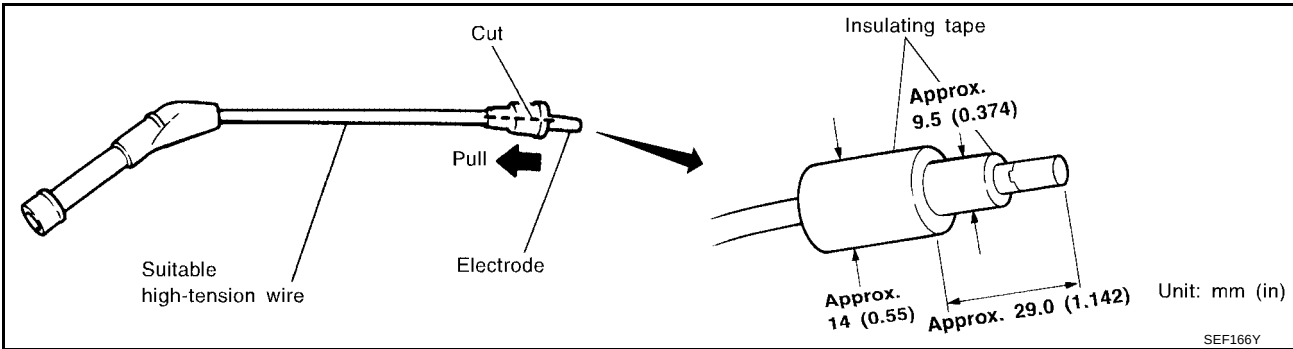


Method B

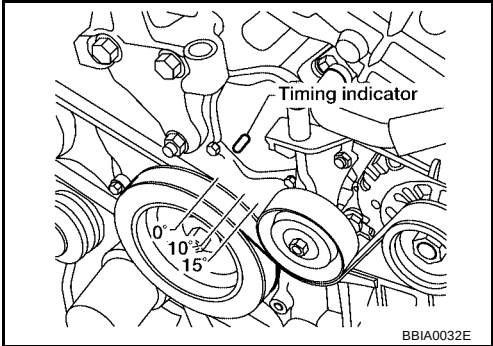
1. Remove No.1 ignition coil.
2. Connect No.1 ignition coil and spark plug with suitable high-tension wire as shown, and attach timing light clamp to this wire.



BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE



3. Check ignition timing.



IDLE SPEED

With CONSULT-II

Check idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

With GST

Check idle speed with GST.

Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment

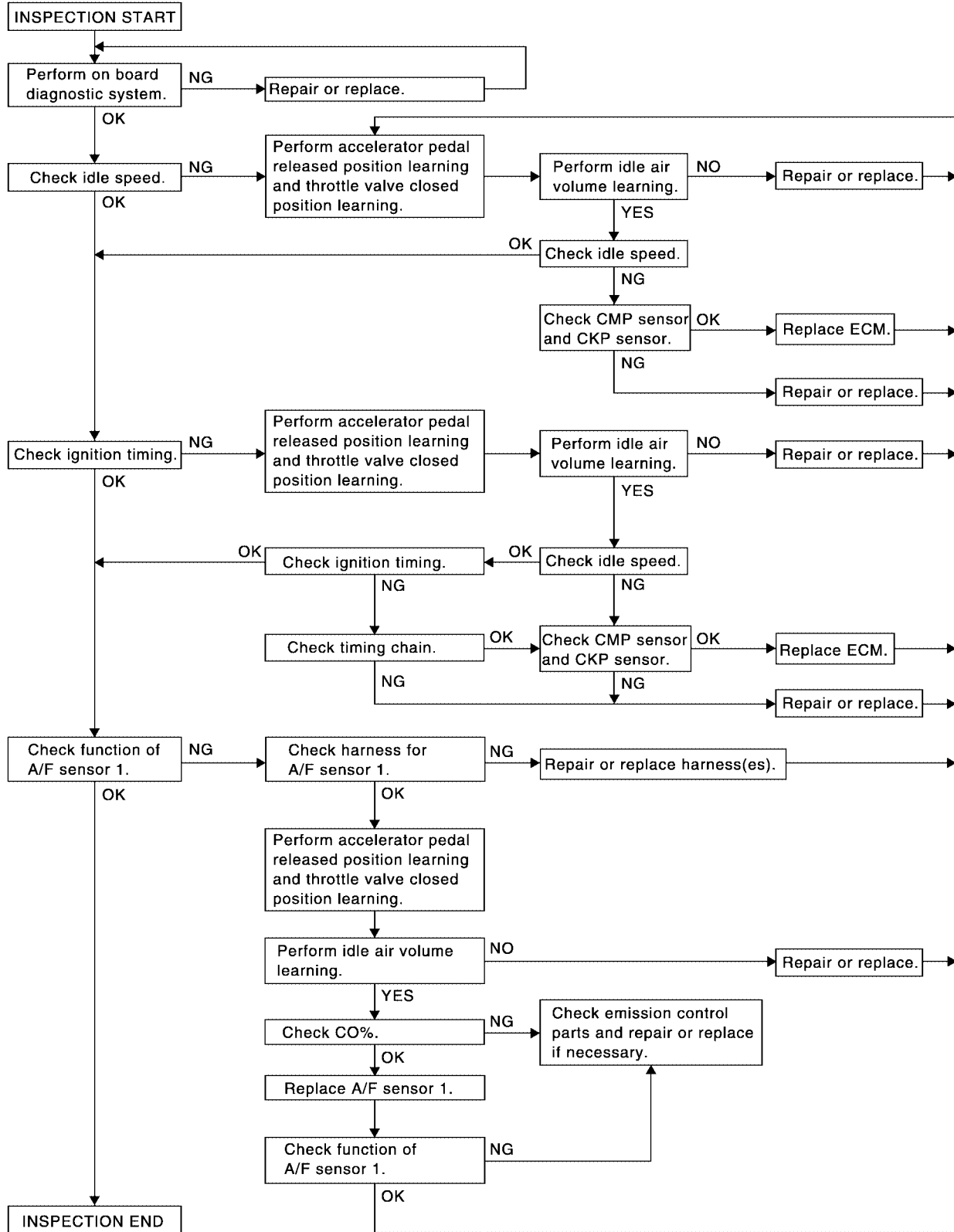
UBS00913

PREPARATION

1. Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
 - Battery
 - Ignition system
 - Engine oil and coolant levels
 - Fuses
 - ECM harness connector
 - Vacuum hoses
 - Air intake system
(Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
 - Fuel pressure
 - Engine compression
 - EGR volume control valve operation
 - Throttle valve
 - Evaporative emission system
2. On air conditioner equipped models, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is OFF.
3. On automatic transmission equipped models, when checking idle rpm, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while shift lever is in N position.
4. When measuring CO percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
5. Turn off headlamp, heater blower, rear window defogger.
6. Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.
7. Make the check after the cooling fans have stopped.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

OVERALL INSPECTION SEQUENCE



NOTE:

If a vehicle contains a part which is operating outside of design specifications with no MIL illumination, the part shall not be replaced prior to emission testing unless it is determined that the part has been tampered with or abused in such a way that the diagnostic system cannot reasonably be expected to detect the resulting malfunction.

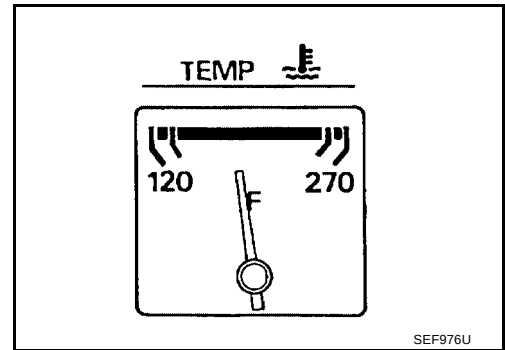
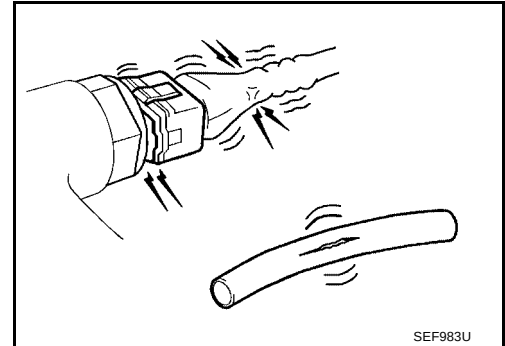
PBIB1206E

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1. INSPECTION START

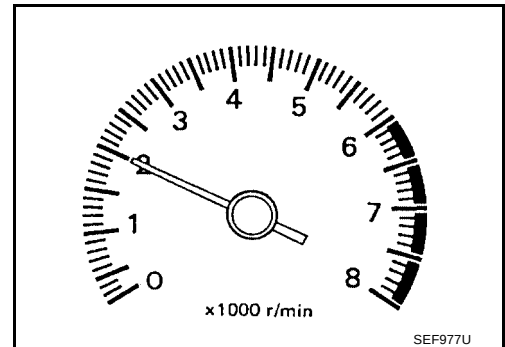
1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.
2. Open engine hood and check the following:
 - Harness connectors for improper connections
 - Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
 - Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
 - Hoses and ducts for leaks
 - Air cleaner clogging
 - Gasket
3. Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.
 - Head lamp switch is OFF.
 - Air conditioner switch is OFF.
 - Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
 - Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
4. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge. Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.



5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding Diagnostic Procedure.

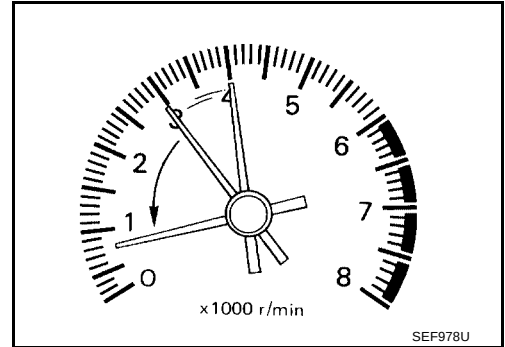
>> GO TO 3.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

3. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED

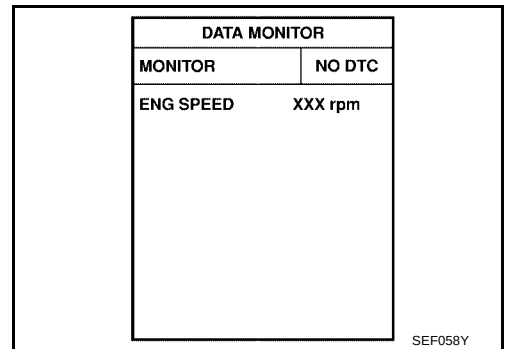
With CONSULT-II

1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



3. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

M/T: **625 ± 50 rpm**
4-speed A/T: **700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**
5-speed A/T: **675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**



Without CONSULT-II

1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
3. Check idle speed.

M/T: **625 ± 50 rpm**
4-speed A/T: **700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**
5-speed A/T: **675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 4.

4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

1. Stop engine.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 5.

5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 6.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 7.
No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.
 2. GO TO 4.

7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

 With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

M/T: **625 ± 50 rpm**
4-speed A/T: **700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**
5-speed A/T: **675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**

 Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check idle speed.

M/T: **625 ± 50 rpm**
4-speed A/T: **700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**
5-speed A/T: **675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to [EC-270](#) .
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to [EC-264](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> 1. Repair or replace.
 2. GO TO 4.

9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is the rarely the case.)
2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-101, "ECM Re-communicating Function"](#) .

>> GO TO 4.

10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

1. Run engine at idle.
2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

M/T: 15 ± 5° BTDC

A/T: 15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 19.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 20.

NG >> GO TO 11.

11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

1. Stop engine.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 12.

12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 13.

13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 14.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.

2. GO TO 4.

14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

 **With CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

M/T: 625 ± 50 rpm

4-speed A/T: 700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

5-speed A/T: 675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

 **Without CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check idle speed.

M/T: 625 ± 50 rpm

4-speed A/T: 700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

5-speed A/T: 675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> GO TO 17.

15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

1. Run engine at idle.
2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

M/T: $15 \pm 5^\circ$ BTDC

A/T: $15 \pm 5^\circ$ BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 19.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 20.

NG >> GO TO 16.

16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check timing chain installation. Refer to [EM-55, "TIMING CHAIN"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> 1. Repair the timing chain installation.

2. GO TO 4.

17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to [EC-270](#) .
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to [EC-264](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 4.

18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is the rarely the case.)
2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-101, "ECM Re-communicating Function"](#) .

>> GO TO 4.

19. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 FUNCTION

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at a least 10 seconds.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Drive the vehicle at a speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a few minutes in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models) or 5th position (M/T models).

NOTE:

Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.

4. Set "OD" ON, then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to 50 km/h (30 MPH).

NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

5. Repeat steps 3 to 4 five times.
6. Stop the vehicle and connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle.
7. Make sure that no (1st trip) DTC is displayed in "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode.

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**
 NG >> GO TO 21.

20. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 FUNCTION

With GST

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at a least 10 seconds.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Drive the vehicle at a speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a few minutes in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models) or 5th position (M/T models).

NOTE:

Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.

4. Set "OD" ON, then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to 50 km/h (30 MPH).

NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

5. Repeat steps 3 to 4 five times.
6. Stop the vehicle and connect GST to the vehicle.
7. Make sure that no (1st trip) DTC is displayed.

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**
 NG >> GO TO 21.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

21. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HARNESS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect battery ground cable.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to [EC-469, "Wiring Diagram"](#) .

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
24	4	2	4
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> 1. Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors between ECM and A/F sensor 1.
2. GO TO 4.

22. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

1. Reconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 23.

23. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 24.

24. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 25.

Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 26.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.
2. GO TO 4.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

25. CHECK CO%

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
3. Select "ENG COOLANT TEMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Set "ENG COOLANT TEMP" to 5°C (41°F) by touching "DWN" and "Qd".
5. Start engine and rev it (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed.
6. Check CO%.

Idle CO: 0.7 – 9.9% and engine runs smoothly.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 28.
NG >> GO TO 27.

ACTIVE TEST	
ENG COOLANT TEMP	XXX °C
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
INJ PULSE-B1	XXX msec
IGN TIMING	XXX BTDC

SEF172Y

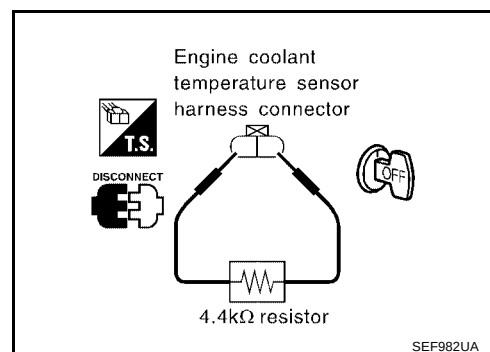
26. CHECK CO%

Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
4. Connect a resistor (4.4 kΩ) between terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
5. Start engine and rev it (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed.
6. Check CO%.

Idle CO: 0.7 – 9.9% and engine runs smoothly.

7. After checking CO%, turn ignition switch OFF, disconnect the resistor from the terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector, and then connect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector to engine coolant temperature sensor.



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 28.
NG >> GO TO 27.

27. RECONNECT AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HARNESS CONNECTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

>> GO TO 31.

28. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

1. Stop engine.
2. Replace A/F sensor 1 on the malfunctioning bank.

With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 29.

Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 30.

29. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 FUNCTION

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at a least 10 seconds.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Drive the vehicle at a speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a few minutes in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models) or 5th position (M/T models).

NOTE:

Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.

4. Set "OD" ON, then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to 50 km/h (30 MPH).

NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

5. Repeat steps 3 to 4 five times.
6. Stop the vehicle and connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle.
7. Make sure that no (1st trip) DTC is displayed in "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 31.

30. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 FUNCTION

With GST

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at a least 10 seconds.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Drive the vehicle at a speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a few minutes in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models) or 5th position (M/T models).

NOTE:

Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.

4. Set "OD" ON, then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to 50 km/h (30 MPH).

NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

5. Repeat steps 3 to 4 five times.
6. Stop the vehicle and connect GST to the vehicle.
7. Make sure that no (1st trip) DTC is displayed.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 31.

31. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check fuel pressure regulator, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"](#).
- Check mass air flow sensor and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to [EC-160](#) and [EC-168](#).
- Check injector and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to [EC-633](#).
- Check engine coolant temperature sensor and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to [EC-179](#) and [EC-190](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 33.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 32.

32. ERASE UNNECESSARY DTC

After this inspection, unnecessary DTC might be displayed.

Erase the stored memory in ECM and TCM. Refer to [EC-65, "How to Erase DTC"](#) and [AT-39, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code \(DTC\)"](#) or [AT-418, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code \(DTC\)"](#).

>> GO TO 4.

33. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is the rarely the case.)
2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-101, "ECM Re-communicating Function"](#).

>> GO TO 4.

Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning

UBS00914

DESCRIPTION

Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully released position of the accelerator pedal by monitoring the accelerator pedal position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of accelerator pedal position sensor or ECM is disconnected.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
2. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF wait at least 10 seconds.

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning

UBS00915

DESCRIPTION

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully closed position of the throttle valve by monitoring the throttle position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of electric throttle control actuator or ECM is disconnected.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF wait at least 10 seconds.
Make sure that throttle valve moves during above 10 seconds by confirming the operating sound.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

UBS00916

Idle Air Volume Learning

DESCRIPTION

Idle Air Volume Learning is an operation to learn the idle air volume that keeps each engine within the specific range. It must be performed under any of the following conditions:

- Each time electric throttle control actuator or ECM is replaced.
- Idle speed or ignition timing is out of specification.

PREPARATION

Before performing Idle Air Volume Learning, make sure that all of the following conditions are satisfied. Learning will be cancelled if any of the following conditions are missed for even a moment.

- Battery voltage: More than 12.9V (At idle)
- Engine coolant temperature: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)
- PNP switch: ON
- Electric load switch: OFF
(Air conditioner, headlamp, rear window defogger)
On vehicles equipped with daytime light systems, set lighting switch to the 1st position to light only small lamps.
- Steering wheel: Neutral (Straight-ahead position)
- Vehicle speed: Stopped
- Transmission: Warmed-up
For models with CONSULT-II, drive vehicle until "FLUID TEMP SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "AT" (4-speed A/T) or "TRANSMISSION" (5-speed A/T) system indicates less than 0.9V.
For models without CONSULT-II, drive vehicle for 10 minutes.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

With CONSULT-II

1. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Check that all items listed under the topic PREPARATION (previously mentioned) are in good order.
5. Select "IDLE AIR VOL LEARN" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.

SELECT WORK ITEM
XXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN
XXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX

SEF217Z

6. Touch "START" and wait 20 seconds.

WORK SUPPORT	
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
START	

SEF454Y

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

7. Make sure that "CMPLT" is displayed on CONSULT-II screen. If "CMPLT" is not displayed, Idle Air Volume Learning will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the Diagnostic Procedure below.
8. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Idle speed	M/T: 625±50 rpm 4-speed A/T: 700±50 rpm (in P or N position) 5-speed A/T: 675±50 rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	M/T: 15±5° BTDC A/T: 15±5° BTDC (in P or N position)

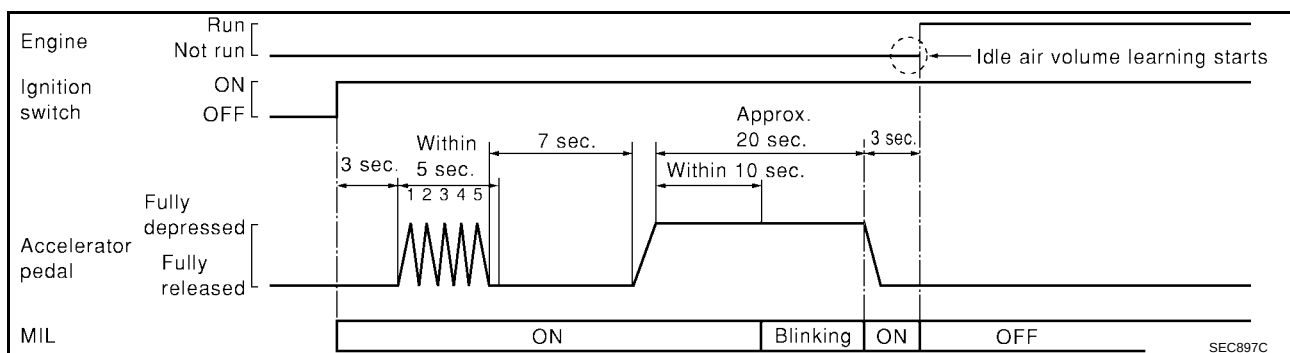
WORK SUPPORT	
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	CMPLT
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
START	

MBIB0238E

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
 - It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
1. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .
 2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
 4. Check that all items listed under the topic PREPARATION (previously mentioned) are in good order.
 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
 6. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
 7. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
 - a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
 - b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
 8. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 20 seconds until the MIL stops blinking and turned ON.
 9. Fully release the accelerator pedal within 3 seconds after the MIL turned ON.
 10. Start engine and let it idle.
 11. Wait 20 seconds.



12. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Idle speed	M/T: 625±50 rpm 4-speed A/T: 700±50 rpm (in P or N position) 5-speed A/T: 675±50 rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	M/T: 15±5° BTDC A/T: 15±5° BTDC (in P or N position)

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

13. If idle speed and ignition timing are not within the specification, Idle Air Volume Learning will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE below.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If idle air volume learning cannot be performed successfully, proceed as follows:

1. Check that throttle valve is fully closed.
2. Check PCV valve operation.
3. Check that downstream of throttle valve is free from air leakage.
4. When the above three items check out OK, engine component parts and their installation condition are questionable. Check and eliminate the cause of the incident.
It is useful to perform [EC-133, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE"](#).
5. If any of the following conditions occur after the engine has started, eliminate the cause of the incident and perform Idle air volume learning all over again:
 - Engine stalls.
 - Erroneous idle.

Fuel Pressure Check

FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE

UBS00917

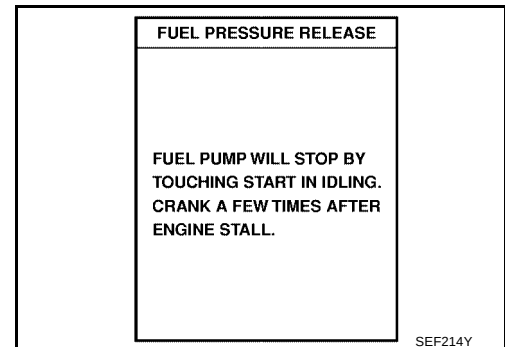
Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.

NOTE:

Prepare pans or saucers under the disconnected fuel line because the fuel may spill out. The fuel pressure cannot be completely released because A34 models do not have fuel return system.

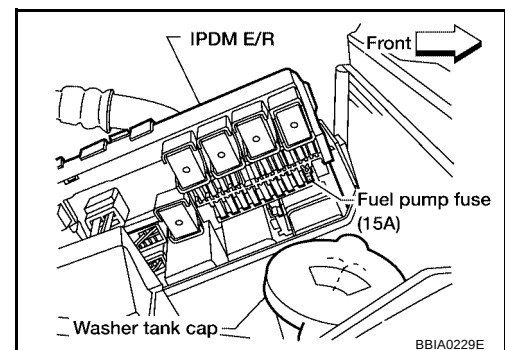
With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine.
4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.



Without CONSULT-II

1. Remove fuel pump fuse located in IPDM E/R.
2. Start engine.
3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
5. Reinstall fuel pump fuse after servicing fuel system.



FUEL PRESSURE CHECK

CAUTION:

- The fuel hose connection method used when taking fuel pressure check must not be used for other purposes.
 - Be careful not to scratch or put debris around connection area when servicing, so that the quick connector maintains sealability with O-rings inside.
1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"](#).

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

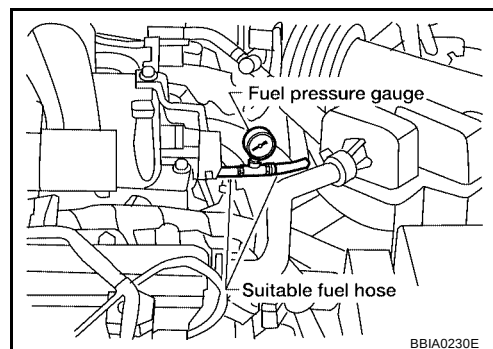
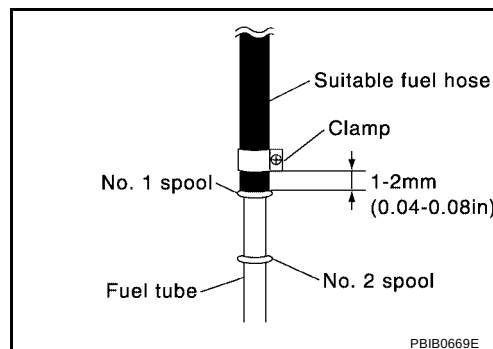
2. Prepare fuel hose for fuel pressure check, and connect fuel pressure gauge.
 - Use suitable fuel hose for fuel pressure check (genuine NISSAN fuel hose without quick connector).
 - To avoid unnecessary force or tension to hose, use moderately long fuel hose for fuel pressure check.
 - Do not use the fuel hose for checking fuel pressure with damage or cracks on it.
 - Use Pressure Gauge to check fuel pressure.
3. Remove fuel hose. Refer to [EM-25, "INTAKE MANIFOLD"](#).
 - Do not twist or kink fuel hose because it is plastic hose.
 - Do not remove fuel hose from quick connector.
 - Keep the original fuel hose to be free from intrusion of dust or foreign substances with a suitable cover.
4. Install the fuel pressure gauge as shown in the figure.
 - Wipe off oil or dirt from hose insertion part using cloth moistened with gasoline.
 - Apply proper amount of gasoline between top of the fuel tube and No.1 spool.
 - Insert fuel hose for fuel pressure check until it touches the No.1 spool on fuel tube.
 - Use NISSAN genuine hose clamp (part number: 16439 N4710 or 16439 40U00).
 - When reconnecting fuel line, always use new clamps.
 - When reconnecting fuel hose, check the original fuel hose for damage and abnormality.
 - Use a torque driver to tighten clamps.
 - Install hose clamp to the position within 1 - 2 mm (0.04 - 0.08in).

Tightening torque: 1 - 1.5 Nm (0.1 - 0.15 kg-m, 9 - 13in-lb)

 - Make sure that clamp screw does not contact adjacent parts.
5. After connecting fuel hose for fuel pressure check, pull the hose with a force of approximately 98 N (10 kg, 22lb) to confirm fuel tube does not come off.
6. Turn ignition switch ON and check for fuel leakage.
7. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
8. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.
 - Do not perform fuel pressure check with system operating. Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings.
 - During fuel pressure check, confirm for fuel leakage from fuel connection every 3 minutes.

At idling: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm² , 51 psi)
9. If result is unsatisfactory, go to next step.
10. Check the following.
 - Fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging
 - Fuel filter for clogging
 - Fuel pump
 - Fuel pressure regulator for clogging

If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.
If NG, repair or replace.



ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

PFP:00028

Introduction

UBS00918

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

Emission-related diagnostic information	SAE Mode
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)	Mode 3 of SAE J1979
Freeze Frame data	Mode 2 of SAE J1979
System Readiness Test (SRT) code	Mode 1 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)	Mode 7 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Freeze Frame data	
Test values and Test limits	Mode 6 of SAE J1979
Calibration ID	Mode 9 of SAE J1979

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
CONSULT-II	×	×	×	×	×	—
GST	×	×*1	×	—	×	×
ECM	×	×*2	—	—	—	—

*1: 1st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

*2: When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode. (Refer to [EC-81, "Fail-safe Chart"](#) .)

Two Trip Detection Logic

UBS00919

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

Items	MIL				DTC		1st trip DTC	
	1st trip		2nd trip		1st trip displaying	2nd trip displaying	1st trip displaying	2nd trip displaying
	Blinking	Lighting up	Blinking	Lighting up				
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected	×	—	—	—	—	—	×	—
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected	—	—	×	—	—	×	—	—
One trip detection diagnoses (Refer to EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC" .)	—	×	—	—	×	—	—	—
Except above	—	—	—	×	—	×	×	—

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting MIL up when there is malfunction on engine control system.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected, and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

Emission-related Diagnostic Information EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

UBS0091A

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000*4	—	—	—	EC-145
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001*4	—	—	×	EC-145
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	—	—	—	—
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	—	—	×	EC-148
INT/V TIM CONT-B2	P0021	0021	—	—	×	EC-148
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	×	×	×*8	EC-151
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	×	×	×*8	EC-151
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	×	×	×*8	EC-151
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	×	×	×*8	EC-151
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	—	—	—	EC-160
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	—	—	—	EC-168
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	—	—	—	EC-168
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	—	—	×	EC-175
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	—	—	×	EC-175
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0117	0117	—	—	—	EC-179
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0118	0118	—	—	—	EC-179
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	—	—	—	EC-184
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	—	—	—	EC-184
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	—	—	—	EC-190
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	—	—	×	EC-193
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	—	—	×	EC-196
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	—	—	×	EC-198
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	×	×	×*8	EC-208
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	—	—	×	EC-198
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	×	×	×*8	EC-208
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	—	—	×	EC-220
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	—	—	×	EC-229
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	—	—	×	EC-220
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	—	—	×	EC-229
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	—	—	×	EC-237
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	—	—	×	EC-242
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	—	—	×	EC-242
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	—	—	—	EC-246

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	—	—	—	EC-246
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	—	—	×	EC-252
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	—	—	×	EC-252
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	—	—	×	EC-252
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	—	—	×	EC-252
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	—	—	×	EC-252
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	—	—	×	EC-252
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	—	—	×	EC-252
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	—	—	×	EC-259
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	—	—	×	EC-259
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	—	—	×	EC-264
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	—	—	×	EC-270
CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	P0345	0345	—	—	×	EC-270
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0400	×	×	×*8	EC-278
EGR VOL CON/V CIR	P0403	0403	—	—	—	EC-286
EGR TEMP SEN/ CIRC	P0405	0405	—	—	×	EC-293
EGR TEMP SEN/ CIRC	P0406	0406	—	—	×	EC-293
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	×	×	×*8	EC-299
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	×	×	×*8	EC-299
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	×	×	×*8	EC-303
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	×	×	×*8	EC-308
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	—	—	×	EC-318
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	—	—	×	EC-318
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	—	—	×	EC-325
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	—	—	×	EC-332
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	—	—	×	EC-338
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	×	×	×*8	EC-346
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	×*9	×	×*8	EC-354
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	—	—	×	EC-364
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	—	—	×	EC-366
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	—	—	×	EC-368
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0463	0463	—	—	×	EC-368
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*5	P0500	0500	—	—	×	EC-370
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	—	—	×	EC-372
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	—	—	×	EC-374
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	—	—	×	EC-376
ECM	P0605	0605	—	—	× or —	EC-381
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	—	—	×*6	AT-105
					—*7	AT-466
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC*6	P0710	0710	—	—	×	AT-111
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC*7	P0710	0710	—	—	×	AT-471

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
FLUID TEMP SEN*7	P0711	0711	—	—	×	AT-476
TURBINE SENSOR*7	P0717	0717	—	—	—	AT-481
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*5 *6	P0720	0720	—	—	×	AT-117
VHCL SPEED SEN·AT*7	P0722	0722	—	—	—	AT-485
ENGINE SPEED SIG*6	P0725	0725	—	—	×	AT-122
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	P0731	0731	—	—	×*6	AT-126
					—*7	AT-491
A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	P0732	0732	—	—	×*6	AT-131
					—*7	AT-494
A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	P0733	0733	—	—	×*6	AT-136
					—*7	AT-499
A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	P0734	0734	—	—	×*6	AT-141
					—*7	AT-503
A/T 5TH GR FNCTN*7	P0735	0735	—	—	—	AT-507
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC*6	P0740	0740	—	—	×	AT-148
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744	—	—	×*6	AT-153
					—*7	AT-511
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC*6	P0745	0745	—	—	×	AT-161
PC SOL A(L/PRESS)*7					—	AT-514
SFT SOL A/CIRC*6	P0750	0750	—	—	—	AT-167
SHIFT SOL A*7						AT-518
SFT SOL B/CIRC*6	P0755	0755	—	—	—	AT-172
SHIFT SOL B*7						AT-522
SHIFT SOL C*7	P0760	0760	—	—	—	AT-526
SFT SOL C STUCK ON*7	P0762	0762	—	—	—	AT-531
SHIFT SOL D*7	P0765	0765	—	—	—	AT-536
SHIFT SOL E*7	P0770	0770	—	—	—	AT-541
PC SOL B(SFT/PRS)*7	P0775	0775	—	—	—	AT-545
SHIFT*7	P0780	0780	—	—	—	AT-549
PC SOL C(TCC&SFT)*7	P0795	0795	—	—	—	AT-552
PC SOL C STC ON*7	P0797	0797	—	—	—	AT-556
TCM POWER INPT SIG*7	P0882	0882	—	—	—	AT-566
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P1031	1031	×	×	×*8	EC-384
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P1032	1032	×	×	×*8	EC-384
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P1051	1051	×	×	×*8	EC-384
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P1052	1052	×	×	×*8	EC-384
ECM BACK UP/CIRC	P1065	1065	—	—	×	EC-392

A

EC

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P1111	1111	—	—	×	EC-396
ETC ACTR	P1121	1121	—	—	× or —	EC-403
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P1122	1122	—	—	—	EC-405
ETC MOT PWR	P1124	1124	—	—	—	EC-411
ETC MOT PWR	P1126	1126	—	—	—	EC-411
ETC MOT	P1128	1128	—	—	—	EC-416
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P1136	1136	—	—	×	EC-396
HO2S2 (B1)	P1146	1146	×	×	×*8	EC-421
HO2S2 (B1)	P1147	1147	×	×	×*8	EC-433
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	—	—	—	EC-445
HO2S2 (B2)	P1166	1166	×	×	×*8	EC-421
HO2S2 (B2)	P1167	1167	×	×	×*8	EC-433
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	—	—	—	EC-445
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	—	—	×	EC-446
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	—	—	×	EC-447
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	—	—	—	EC-448
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	—	—	×	EC-459
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	—	—	×	EC-461
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P1229	1229	—	—	—	EC-463
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P1271	1271	—	—	×	EC-467
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P1272	1272	—	—	×	EC-474
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P1273	1273	—	—	×	EC-481
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P1274	1274	—	—	×	EC-490
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P1276	1276	—	—	×	EC-499
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P1278	1278	×	×	×*8	EC-507
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P1279	1279	×	×	×*8	EC-518
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P1281	1281	—	—	×	EC-467
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P1282	1282	—	—	×	EC-474
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P1283	1283	—	—	×	EC-481
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P1284	1284	—	—	×	EC-490
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P1286	1286	—	—	×	EC-499
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P1288	1288	×	×	×*8	EC-507
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P1289	1289	×	×	×*8	EC-518
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	1402	×	×	×*8	EC-529
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	1444	—	—	×	EC-536
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	1446	—	—	×	EC-544
ASCD SW	P1564	1564	—	—	—	EC-551
ASCD BRAKE SW	P1572	1572	—	—	—	EC-558
ASCD VHL SPD SEN	P1574	1574	—	—	—	EC-569
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	—	—	×	BL-99

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3				
TP SEN CIRC A/T*6	P1705	1705	—	—	—	AT-177
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1706	—	—	×	EC-571
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC*6	P1760	1760	—	—	×	AT-183
VIAS S/V CIRC	P1800	1800	—	—	×	EC-579
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	—	—	×	EC-584
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	—	—	—	EC-589
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	—	—	—	EC-589
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	—	—	—	EC-595
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	—	—	—	EC-595
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	—	—	—	EC-601
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	—	—	—	EC-607

*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), these numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

*4: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

*5: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur at the same time, the MIL illuminates.

*6: 4-speed models

*7: 5-speed models

*8: These are not displayed with GST.

*9: SRT code will not be set if the self-diagnostic result is NG.

DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed.

If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to [EC-51, "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS"](#). These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT-II.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a malfunction. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in Work Flow procedure Step II, refer to [EC-76, "WORK FLOW"](#). Then perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check to try to duplicate the malfunction. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

 **With CONSULT-II**

 **With GST**

CONSULT-II or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1148, P1706, etc.

These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT-II also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

No Tools

The number of blinks of the MIL in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) indicates the DTC. Example: 0340, 1148, 1706, etc.

These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

- **1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.**
- **Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, GST or the Diagnostic Test Mode II do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT-II can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT-II (if available) is recommended.**

A sample of CONSULT-II display for DTC and 1st trip DTC is shown below. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT-II. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be [0].

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be [1t].

DTC display	SELF DIAG RESULTS	
	DTC RESULTS	TIME
	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT [P0335]	0

1st trip DTC display	SELF DIAG RESULTS	
	DTC RESULTS	TIME
	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT [P0335]	1t

PBIB0911E

FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, base fuel schedule and intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT-II or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, not on the GST. For details, see [EC-114, "Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data"](#).

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	Items	
1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0306 Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175
2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)
3	1st trip freeze frame data	

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or 1st trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMIS-SION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979.

As part of an enhanced emissions test for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M), certain states require the status of SRT be used to indicate whether the ECM has completed self-diagnosis of major emission systems and components. Completion must be verified in order for the emissions inspection to proceed.

If a vehicle is rejected for a State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", use the information in this Service Manual to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

In most cases the ECM will automatically complete its self-diagnosis cycle during normal usage, and the SRT status will indicate "CMPLT" for each application system. Once set as "CMPLT", the SRT status remains "CMPLT" until the self-diagnosis memory is erased.

Occasionally, certain portions of the self-diagnostic test may not be completed as a result of the customer's normal driving pattern; the SRT will indicate "INCMP" for these items.

NOTE:

The SRT will also indicate "INCMP" if the self-diagnosis memory is erased for any reason or if the ECM memory power supply is interrupted for several hours.

If, during the state emissions inspection, the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items, the inspector will continue with the emissions test. However, if the SRT indicates "INCMP" for one or more of the SRT items the vehicle is returned to the customer untested.

NOTE:

If MIL is ON during the state emissions inspection, the vehicle is also returned to the customer untested even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items. Therefore, it is important to check SRT ("CMPLT") and DTC (No DTCs) before the inspection.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

SRT Item

The table below shows required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to “CMPLT”.

SRT item (CONSULT-II indication)	Performance Priority*1	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to “CMPLT”	Corresponding DTC No.
CATALYST	3	Three way catalyst function	P0420, P0430
EVAP SYSTEM	3	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441
	2	EVAP control system	P0442
	3	EVAP control system	P0456
	3	EVAP control system	P0456
HO2S	3	A/F sensor 1	P1278, P1288
		A/F sensor 1	P1279, P1289
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0139, P0159
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P1146, P1166
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P1147, P1167
HO2S HTR	3	A/F sensor 1 heater	P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052
		Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058
EGR SYSTEM	3	EGR function	P0400
	1	EGR function	P1402

*1: If completion of several SRTs is required, perform driving patterns (DTC confirmation procedure), one by one based on the priority for models with CONSULT-II.

SRT Set Timing

SRT is set as “CMPLT” after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. Completion of SRT is done regardless of whether the result is OK or NG. The set timing is different between OK and NG results and is shown in the table below.

Self-diagnosis result		Example								
		Diagnosis	Ignition cycle							
			← ON →	OFF	← ON →	OFF	← ON →	OFF	← ON →	
All OK	Case 1	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	OK (2)	— (2)				
		P0402	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	OK (2)				
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)				
		SRT of EGR	“CMPLT”	“CMPLT”	“CMPLT”	“CMPLT”				
	Case 2	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	— (1)				
		P0402	— (0)	— (0)	OK (1)	— (1)				
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)				
		SRT of EGR	“INCMP”	“INCMP”	“CMPLT”	“CMPLT”				
NG exists	Case 3	P0400	OK	OK	—	—				
		P0402	—	—	—	—				
		P1402	NG	—	NG	NG (Consecutive NG)				
		(1st trip) DTC	1st trip DTC	—	1st trip DTC	DTC (= MIL “ON”)				
		SRT of EGR	“INCMP”	“INCMP”	“INCMP”	“CMPLT”				

OK: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is OK.

NG: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is NG.

—: Self-diagnosis is not carried out.

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results in a single cycle (Ignition OFF-ON-OFF), the SRT will indicate “CMPLT”. → Case 1 above

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results through several different cycles, the SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have at least one OK result. → Case 2 above
If one or more SRT related self-diagnoses showed NG results in 2 consecutive cycles, the SRT will also indicate "CMPLT". → Case 3 above

The table above shows that the minimum number of cycles for setting SRT as "INCMP" is one (1) for each self-diagnosis (Case 1 & 2) or two (2) for one of self-diagnoses (Case 3). However, in preparation for the state emissions inspection, it is unnecessary for each self-diagnosis to be executed twice (Case 3) for the following reasons:

- The SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have one (1) OK result.
- The emissions inspection requires "CMPLT" of the SRT only with OK self-diagnosis results.
- When, during SRT driving pattern, 1st trip DTC (NG) is detected prior to "CMPLT" of SRT, the self-diagnosis memory must be erased from ECM after repair.
- If the 1st trip DTC is erased, all the SRT will indicate "INCMP".

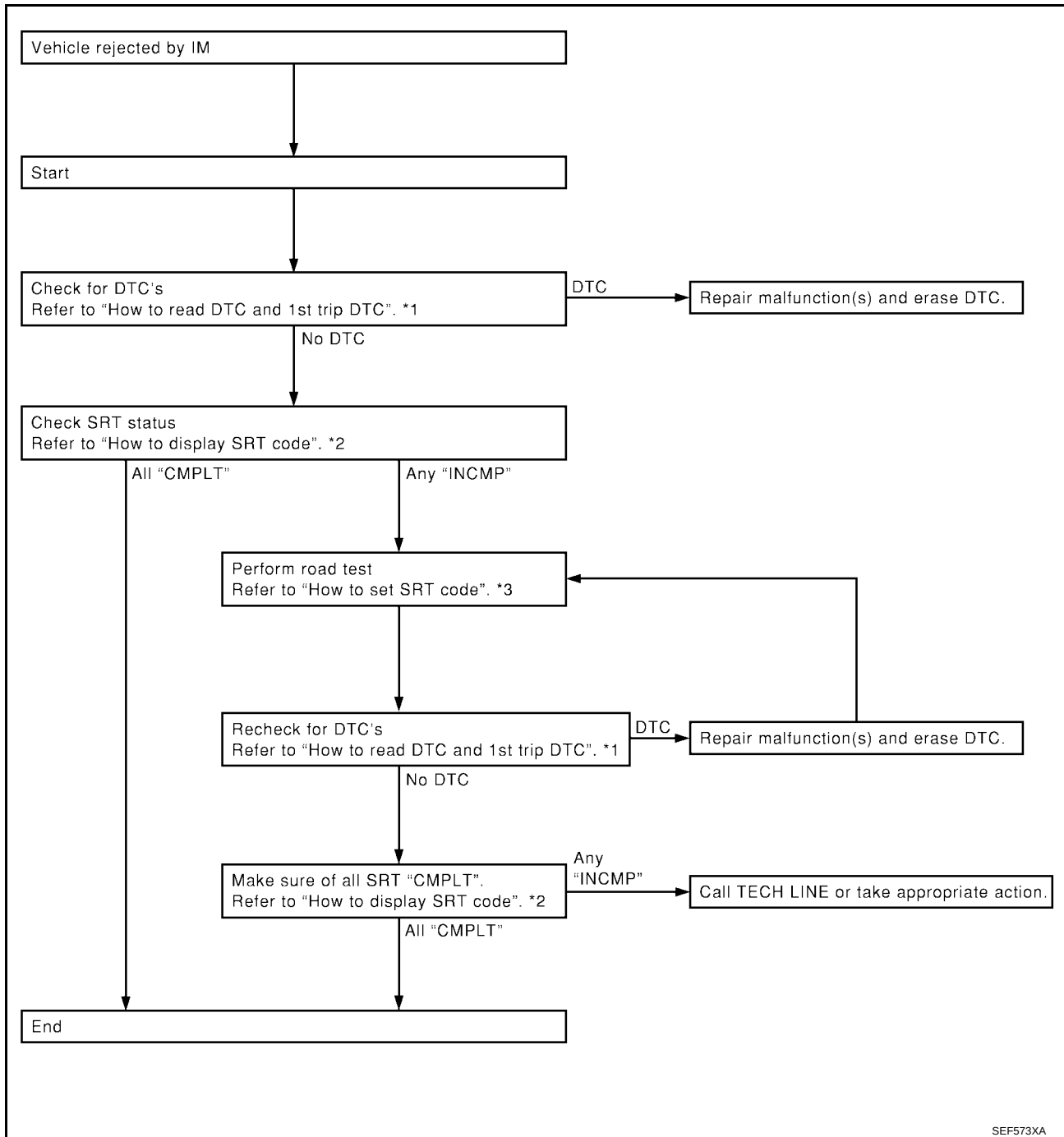
NOTE:

SRT can be set as "CMPLT" together with the DTC(s). Therefore, DTC check must always be carried out prior to the state emission inspection even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT".

SRT Service Procedure

If a vehicle has failed the state emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", review the flowchart diagnostic sequence on the next page.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM



*1 [EC-55, "How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC"](#)

*2 [EC-60, "How to Display SRT Code"](#)

*3 [EC-61, "How to Set SRT Code"](#)

How to Display SRT Code

WITH CONSULT-II

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Selecting “SRT STATUS” in “DTC CONFIRMATION” mode with CONSULT-II.
For items whose SRT codes are set, a “CMPLT” is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, “INCMP” is displayed.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for SRT code is shown in the figure.

“INCMP” means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set.

“CMPLT” means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

 WITH GST

Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)

SRT STATUS	
CATALYST	CMPLT
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP
HO2S HTR	CMPLT
HO2S	CMPLT
EGR SYSTEM	INCMP

SEF713Y

How to Set SRT Code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions.

 WITH CONSULT-II

Perform corresponding DTC Confirmation Procedure one by one based on Performance Priority in the table on [EC-58, "SRT Item"](#) .

 WITHOUT CONSULT-II

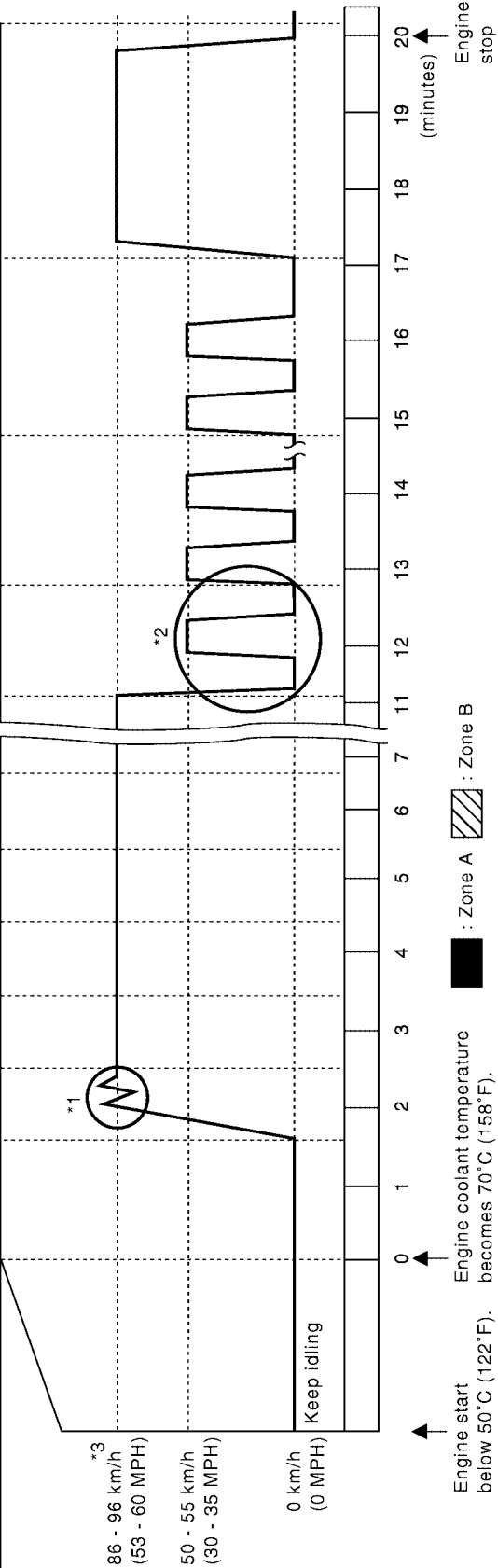
The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Driving Pattern

Driving pattern **Note: Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws.**
Refer to next page for more information and explanation of chart.

SRT item (CONSULT-II screen term)	Self-diagnostic test item (CONSULT-II screen term)	Pattern 1	Pattern 2	Pattern 3	Pattern 4
CATALYST	TW CATALYST SYS				
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP PURGE FLOW/MON				
	EVAP (SMALL LEAK)				
HO2S	A/F SEN1				
	HO2S2				
HO2S HTR	A/F SEN1 HTR				
	HO2S2 HTR				
EGR SYSTEM	EGR SYSTEM				



ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

- The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.
Zone A refers to the range where the time, required for the diagnosis under normal conditions*, is the shortest.
Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

*: Normal conditions refer to the following:

- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.
Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

Pattern 1:

- **The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of -10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is 3.0 - 4.3V).**
- **The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is lower than 1.4V).**
- **The engine is started at the fuel tank temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 107 and ground is less than 4.1V).**

Pattern 2:

- When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.

Pattern 3:

- The driving pattern outlined in *2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

Pattern 4:

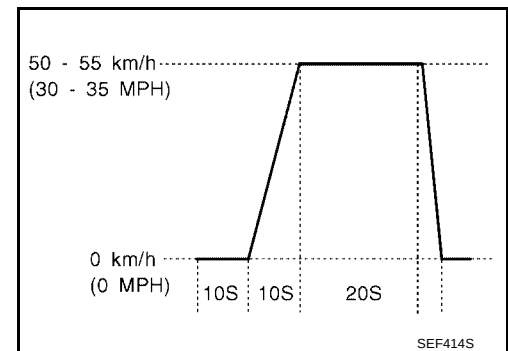
- Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
- The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
- If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.

*1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.

*2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.

1. Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h (0 MPH) and let engine idle.
2. Repeat driving pattern shown at right at least 10 times.
 - **During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.**

*3: Checking the vehicle speed with GST is advised.



Suggested Transmission Gear Position for A/T Models

Set the selector lever in the D position.

Suggested Upshift Speeds for M/T Models

Shown below are suggested vehicle speeds for shifting into a higher gear. These suggestions relate to fuel economy and vehicle performance. Actual upshift speeds will vary according to road conditions, the weather and individual driving habits.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Gear change	For normal acceleration in low altitude areas [less than 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:		For quick acceleration in low altitude areas and high altitude areas [over 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:
	ACCEL shift point km/h (MPH)	CRUISE shift point km/h (MPH)	km/h
1st to 2nd	21 (13)	21 (13)	14 (15)
2nd to 3rd	37 (23)	26 (16)	40 (25)
3rd to 4th	53 (33)	44 (27)	64 (40)
4th to 5th	63 (39)	58 (36)	72 (45)
6th	80 (50)	80 (50)	80 (50)

Suggested Maximum Speed in Each Gear

Downshift to a lower gear if the engine is not running smoothly, or if you need to accelerate.

Do not exceed the maximum suggested speed (shown below) in any gear. For level road driving, use the highest gear suggested for that speed. Always observe posted speed limits and drive according to the road conditions to ensure operation. Do not over-rev the engine when shifting to a lower gear as it may cause engine damage or loss of vehicle control.

Gear	km/h (MPH)
1st	55 (35)
2nd	95 (60)
3rd	—
4th	—
5th	—
6th	—

TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST ONLY — NOT APPLICABLE TO CONSULT-II)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is OK or NG while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.

Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (26 test items).

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

SRT item	Self-diagnostic test item	DTC	Test value (GST display)		Test limit	Applica- tion	Unit
			TID	CID			
CATALYST	Three way catalyst function (Bank 1)	P0420	01H	01H	Max.	×	—
		P0420	02H	81H	Min.	×	—
	Three way catalyst function (Bank 2)	P0430	03H	02H	Max.	×	—
		P0430	04H	82H	Min.	×	—
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system (Small leak)	P0442	05H	03H	Max.	×	—
	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441	06H	83H	Min.	×	mV
	EVAP control system (Very small leak)	P0456	07H	03H	Max.	×	—

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

SRT item	Self-diagnostic test item	DTC	Test value (GST display)		Test limit	Applica- tion	Unit
			TID	CID			
HO2S	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	P1278	45H	8EH	Min.	×	0.004/250ms
		P1279	48H	8EH	Min.	×	0.004/250ms
	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	P1288	50H	8FH	Min.	×	0.004/250ms
		P1289	53H	8FH	Min.	×	0.004/250ms
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	P0139	19H	86H	Min.	×	mV/500ms
		P1147	1AH	86H	Min.	×	mV
		P1146	1BH	06H	Max.	×	mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	P0159	21H	87H	Min.	×	mV/500ms
		P1167	22H	87H	Min.	×	mV
		P1166	23H	07H	Max.	×	mV
HO2S HTR	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	P1032	57H	10H	Max.	×	mV
		P1031	58H	90H	Max.	×	mV
	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	P1052	59H	11H	Max.	×	mV
		P1051	5AH	91H	Max.	×	mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	P0038	2DH	0AH	Max.	×	mV
		P0037	2EH	8AH	Min.	×	mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	P0058	2FH	0BH	Max.	×	mV
		P0057	30H	8BH	Min.	×	mV
EGR SYSTEM	EGR function	P0400	31H	8CH	Min.	×	mV
		P0400	32H	8CH	Min.	×	mV
		P0400	33H	8CH	Min.	×	mV
		P0400	34H	8CH	Min.	×	mV
		P1402	35H	0CH	Max.	×	mV

HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION

How to Erase DTC

With CONSULT-II

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting “ERASE” in the “SELF-DIAG RESULTS” mode with CONSULT-II.

If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

NOTE:

If the DTC is not for AT related items (see [EC-8. "INDEX FOR DTC"](#)), skip steps 2 through 4.

1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
2. Turn CONSULT-II ON and touch “AT” (4-speed A/T models) or “TRANSMISSION” (5-speed A/T models).
3. Touch “SELF-DIAG RESULTS”.
4. Touch “ERASE”. [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch “BACK” twice.
5. Touch “ENGINE”.
6. Touch “SELF-DIAG RESULTS”.

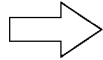
ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)

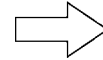
How to erase DTC (With CONSULT-II)

1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.

SELECT SYSTEM
ENGINE
TRANSMISSION



SELECT DIAG MODE
WORK SUPPORT
SELF-DIAG RESULTS
DATA MONITOR
ACTIVE TEST
FUNCTION TEST
ECU PART NUMBER



SELF-DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC [P0710]	PAST

2. Turn CONSULT-II "ON", and touch "TRANSMISSION".

3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

4. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the TCM will be erased.)

Touch "BACK".

Touch "BACK".

SELECT SYSTEM
ENGINE
TRANSMISSION

5. Touch "ENGINE".

SELECT DIAG MODE
WORK SUPPORT
SELF-DIAG RESULTS
DATA MONITOR
DATA MONITOR (SPEC)
ACTIVE TEST
FUNCTION TEST

6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

SELF-DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC [P0710]	0

7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)

SCIA2621E



With GST

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST.

NOTE:

If the DTC is not for AT related items (see [EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"](#)), skip step 2.

1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
2. Perform [AT-42, "HOW TO ERASE DTC \(WITH GST\)"](#) or [AT-420, "HOW TO ERASE DTC \(WITH GST\)"](#) . (The DTC in the TCM will be erased.)
3. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).



No Tools

NOTE:

If the DTC is not for AT related items (see [EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"](#)), skip step 2.

1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
2. Perform [AT-42, "HOW TO ERASE DTC \(NO TOOLS\)"](#) or [AT-420, "HOW TO ERASE DTC \(NO TOOLS\)"](#) . (The DTC in the TCM will be erased.)
3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by depressing the accelerator pedal. Refer to [EC-68, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"](#) .

- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost within approx. 24 hours.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
 - Diagnostic trouble codes
 - 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- Others

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.

NVIS (Nissan Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS)

UBS0091B

- If the security indicator lights up with the ignition switch in the ON position or "NATS MALFUNCTION" is displayed on "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" screen, perform self-diagnostic results mode with CONSULT-II using NATS program card. Refer to [BL-99, "NVIS\(NISSAN Vehicle Immobilizer System-NATS\)"](#).
- Confirm no self-diagnostic results of NVIS (NATS) is displayed before touching "ERASE" in "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- When replacing ECM, initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out with CONSULT-II using NATS program card.

Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner. Regarding the procedures of NVIS (NATS) initialization and NVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II operation manual, IVIS/NVIS.

SELF DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
NATS MALFUNCTION [P1610]	0

SEF543X

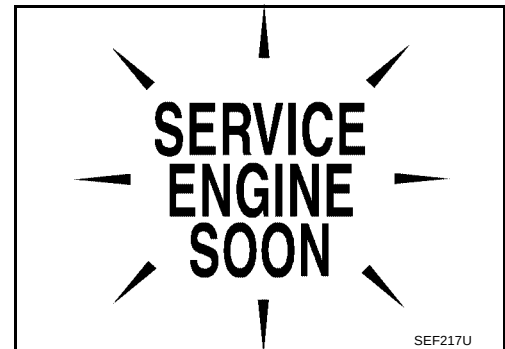
Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

UBS0091C

DESCRIPTION

The MIL is located on the instrument panel.

1. The MIL will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
If the MIL does not light up, refer to [DI-45, "WARNING LAMPS"](#), or see [EC-669, "MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR"](#).
2. When the engine is started, the MIL should go off.
If the MIL remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.



ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following 3 functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode	KEY and ENG. Status	Function	Explanation of Function
Mode I	Ignition switch in ON position  Engine stopped 	BULB CHECK	This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.). If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit.
	Engine running 	MALFUNCTION WARNING	This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip. ● Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) ● One trip detection diagnoses
Mode II	Ignition switch in ON position  Engine stopped 	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting MIL up when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected, and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- Always ECM returns to Diagnostic Test Mode I after ignition switch is turned OFF.

How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

1. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
2. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
 - a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
 - b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
3. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 10 seconds until the MIL starts blinking.
4. Fully release the accelerator pedal.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

A particular trouble code can be identified by the number of four-digit numeral flashes. The “zero” is indicated by the number of ten flashes. The length of time the 1,000th-digit numeral flashes on and off is 1.2 seconds consisting of an ON (0.6-second) - OFF (0.6-second) cycle.

The 100th-digit numeral and lower digit numerals consist of a 0.3-second ON and 0.3-second OFF cycle.

A change from one digit numeral to another occurs at an interval of 1.0-second OFF. In other words, the later numeral appears on the display 1.3 seconds after the former numeral has disappeared.

A change from one trouble code to another occurs at an interval of 1.8-second OFF.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their DTC numbers. The DTC 0000 refers to no malfunction. (See [EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"](#))

How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

The DTC can be erased from the back up memory in the ECM by depressing accelerator pedal. Refer to [EC-69, "How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II \(Self-diagnostic Results\)"](#) .

- If the battery is disconnected, the DTC will be lost from the backup memory within approx 24 hours.
- Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

OBD System Operation Chart

UBS0091D

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to [EC-50, "Two Trip Detection Logic"](#) .
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The “TIME” in “SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS” mode of CONSULT-II will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in OK for the 2nd trip.

SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)

For details about patterns B and C under “Fuel Injection System” and “Misfire”, see [EC-72](#) .

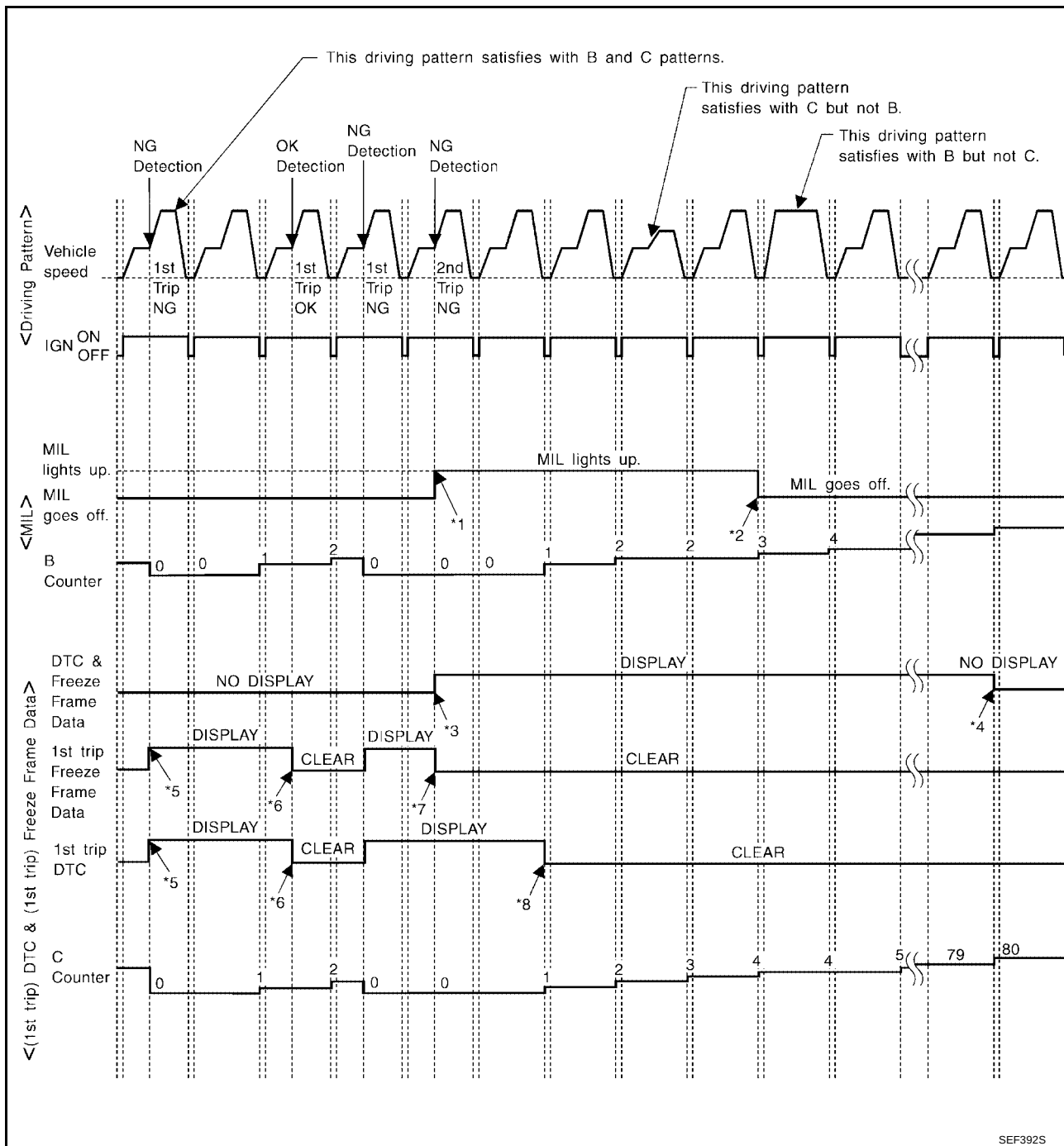
For details about patterns A and B under “Other”, see [EC-74](#) .

*1: Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

*2: Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE >EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



SEF392S

- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- *8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR “MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>”, “FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM”

<Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (*2 in OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART)

<Driving Pattern C>

Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows:

The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:

Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ± 375 rpm

Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) $\times (1 \pm 0.1)$ [%]

Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:

- When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), T should be lower than 70°C (158°F).
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), T should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F).

Example:

If the stored freeze frame data is as follows:

Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)

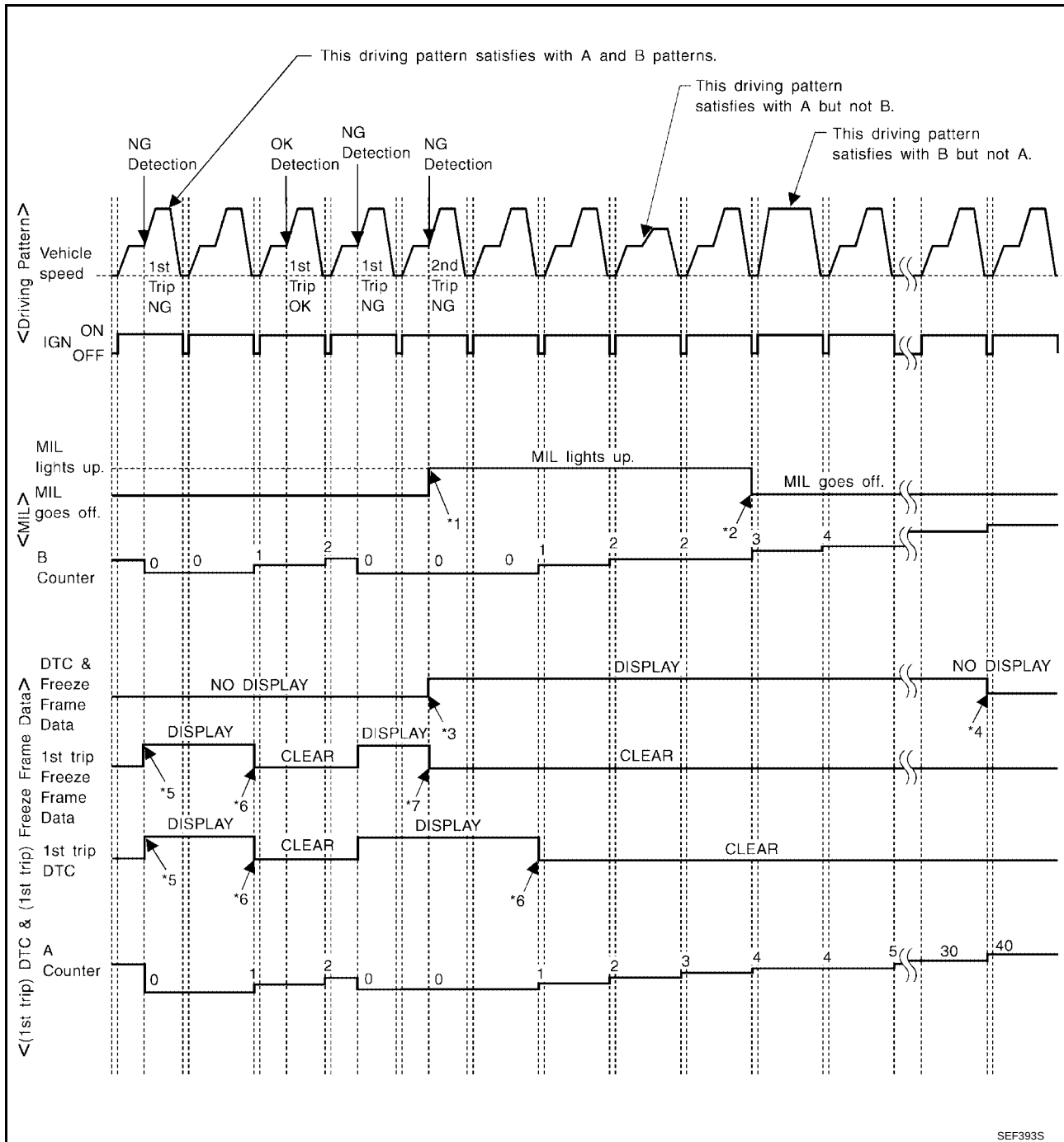
To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions:

Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C (158°F)

- The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of vehicle conditions above.
- The C counter will be counted up when vehicle conditions above is satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.

*2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.

*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.

*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)

*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.

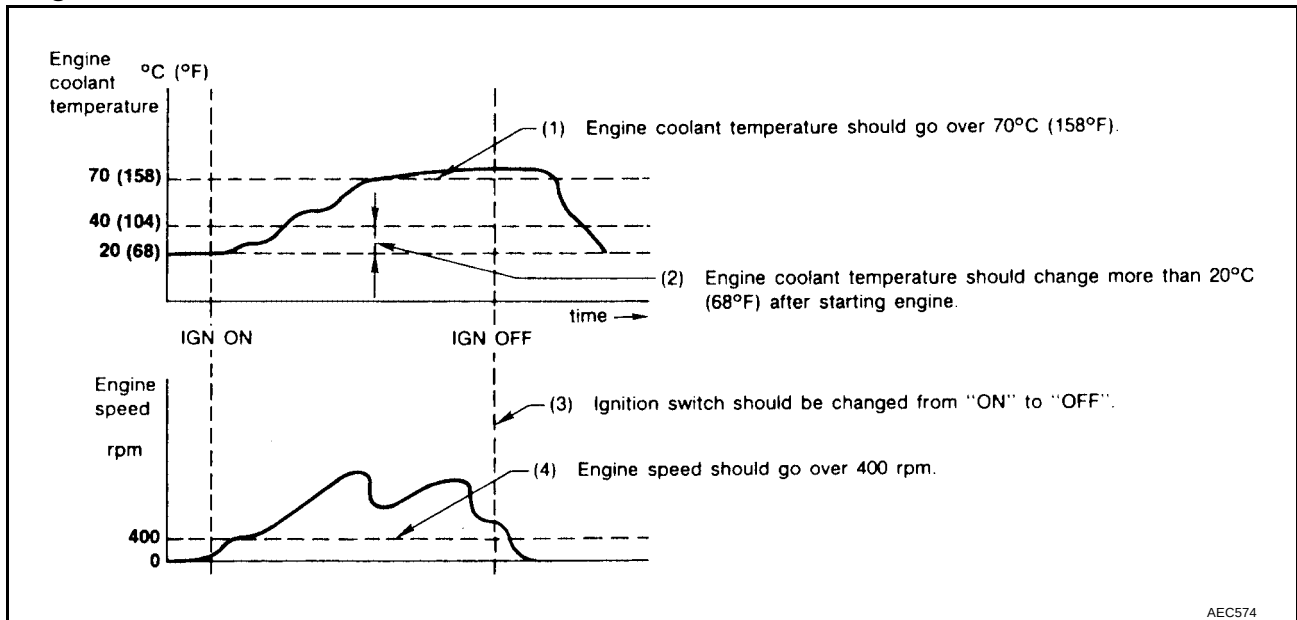
*6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.

*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving Pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) - (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) - (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

<Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (*2 in OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART).

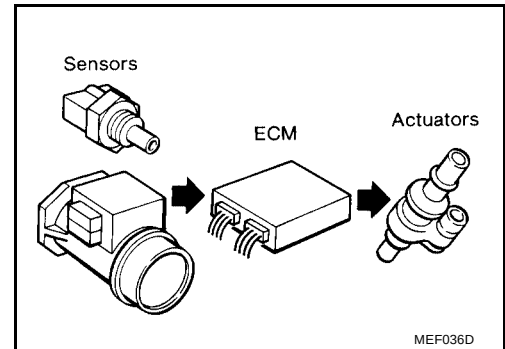
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

PFP:00004

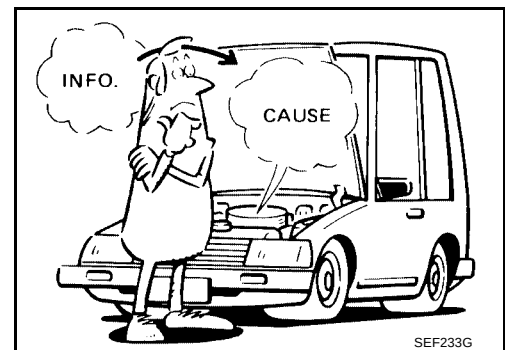
UBS0091E

Trouble Diagnosis Introduction INTRODUCTION

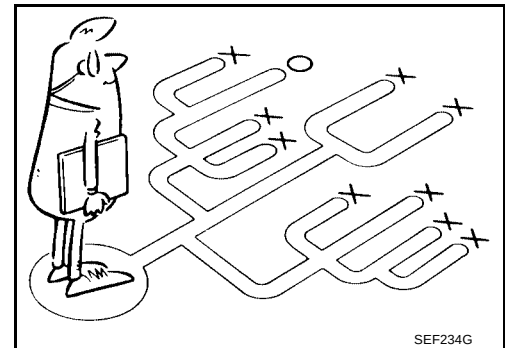
The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no malfunctions such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other malfunctions with the engine.



It is much more difficult to diagnose an incident that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent incidents are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.



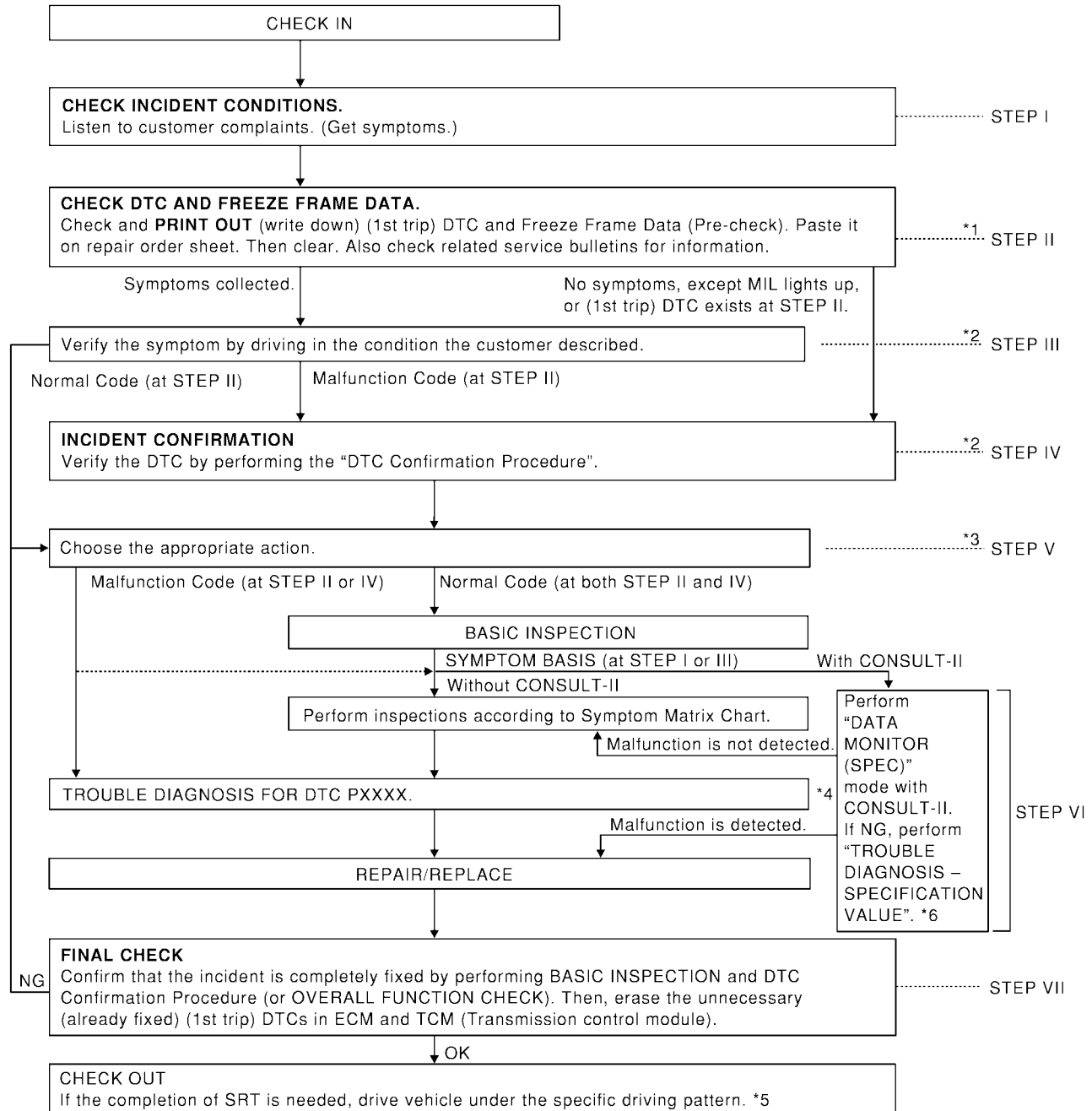
A visual check only may not find the cause of the incidents. A road test with CONSULT-II (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the Work Flow on [EC-76](#). Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such incidents, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A Diagnostic Worksheet like the example on [EC-78](#) should be used. Start your diagnosis by looking for conventional malfunctions first. This will help troubleshoot driveability malfunctions on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

WORK FLOW

Flow Chart



*1 If time data of "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" is other than "0" or "[1t]", perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

*4 If malfunctioning part cannot be detected, perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

*2 If the incident cannot be verified, perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

*5 [EC-62, "Driving Pattern"](#)

*3 If the on board diagnostic system cannot be performed, check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to [EC-138, "POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM"](#).

*6 [EC-133, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE"](#)

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Description for Work Flow

STEP	DESCRIPTION	
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the EC-77, "DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET" .	A EC
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT-II or GST) the (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the DTC and the data. (Refer to EC-65 .) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV. If the incident cannot be verified, perform EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The Symptom Matrix Chart will be useful. See EC-87, "Symptom Matrix Chart" .) Also check related service bulletins for information.	C
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.	D E
STEP IV	Try to detect the (1st trip) DTC by driving in (or performing) the DTC Confirmation Procedure. Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT-II or GST. During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . In case the DTC Confirmation Procedure is not available, perform the Overall Function Check instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified check is an effective alternative. The NG result of the Overall Function Check is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.	F G
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX. If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-82, "Basic Inspection" .) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-87, "Symptom Matrix Chart" .)	H
STEP VI	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT-II set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CONSULT-II. Refer to EC-101 , EC-127 . The Diagnostic Procedure in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the Diagnostic Procedure. For details, refer to "Circuit Inspection" in GI-25, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident" . Repair or replace the malfunction parts. If malfunctioning part cannot be detected, perform EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .	I J K
STEP VII	Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint. Perform the DTC Confirmation Procedure and confirm the normal code [DTC No. P0000] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a method different from the previous one. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM and TCM (Transmission control module). (Refer to EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION" and AT-41, "HOW TO ERASE DTC" or AT-419, "HOW TO ERASE DTC" .)	L M

DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET

Description

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make troubleshooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a incident. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.

Some conditions may cause the MIL to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.

KEY POINTS

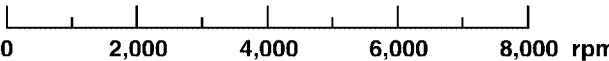
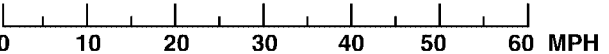
WHAT Vehicle & engine model
WHEN Date, Frequencies
WHERE..... Road conditions
HOW Operating conditions,
Weather conditions,
Symptoms

SEF907L

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere.

Worksheet Sample

Customer name MR/MS		Model & Year	VIN
Engine #		Trans.	Mileage
Incident Date		Manuf. Date	In Service Date
Fuel and fuel filler cap		☐ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire ☐ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on.	
Symptoms	☐ Startability	☐ Impossible to start ☐ No combustion ☐ Partial combustion ☐ Partial combustion affected by throttle position ☐ Partial combustion NOT affected by throttle position ☐ Possible but hard to start ☐ Others []	
	☐ Idling	☐ No fast idle ☐ Unstable ☐ High idle ☐ Low idle ☐ Others []	
	☐ Driveability	☐ Stumble ☐ Surge ☐ Knock ☐ Lack of power ☐ Intake backfire ☐ Exhaust backfire ☐ Others []	
	☐ Engine stall	☐ At the time of start ☐ While idling ☐ While accelerating ☐ While decelerating ☐ Just after stopping ☐ While loading	
Incident occurrence		☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently ☐ In the morning ☐ At night ☐ In the daytime	
Frequency		☐ All the time ☐ Under certain conditions ☐ Sometimes	
Weather conditions		☐ Not affected	
	Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Raining ☐ Snowing ☐ Others []	
	Temperature	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool ☐ Cold ☐ Humid °F	
Engine conditions		☐ Cold ☐ During warm-up ☐ After warm-up Engine speed 	
Road conditions		☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ Highway ☐ Off road (up/down)	
Driving conditions		☐ Not affected ☐ At starting ☐ While idling ☐ At racing ☐ While accelerating ☐ While cruising ☐ While decelerating ☐ While turning (RH/LH) Vehicle speed 	
Malfunction indicator lamp		☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on	

MTBL0017

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

DTC Inspection Priority Chart

UBS0091F

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

NOTE:

If DTC U1000 and/or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#) .

Priority	Detected items (DTC)
1	● U1000 U1001 CAN communication line ● P0101 P0102 P0103 Mass air flow sensor ● P0112 P0113 P0127 Intake air temperature sensor ● P0117 P0118 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor ● P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P1225 P1226 P1229 P2135 Throttle position sensor ● P0128 Thermostat function ● P0181 P0182 P0183 Fuel tank temperature sensor ● P0327 P0328 Knock sensor ● P0335 Crankshaft position sensor (POS) ● P0340 P0345 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) ● P0403 EGR volume control valve ● P0460 P0461 P0462 P0463 Fuel level sensor ● P0500 Vehicle speed sensor ● P0605 ECM ● P0705 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch ● P1610 - P1615 NATS ● P1706 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch ● P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138 Accelerator pedal position sensor

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Priority	Detected items (DTC)
2	● P0037 P0038 P0057 P0058 Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater ● P0138 P0139 P0158 P0159 P1146 P1147 P1166 P1167 Heated oxygen sensor 2 ● P0405 P0406 EGR temperature sensor ● P0441 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring ● P0444 P0445 P1444 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve ● P0447 P1446 EVAP canister vent control valve ● P0452 P0453 EVAP control system pressure sensor ● P0550 Power steering pressure sensor ● P1031 P1032 P1051 P1052 A/F sensor 1 heater ● P1065 ECM power supply ● P1111 P1136 Intake valve timing control solenoid valve ● P1122 Electric throttle control function ● P1124 P1126 P1128 Electric throttle control actuator ● P1217 Engine over temperature (OVERHEAT) ● P1271 P1272 P1273 P1274 P1276 P1278 P1279 P1281 P1282 P1283 P1284 P1286 P1288 P1289 A/F sensor 1 ● P1800 VIAS control solenoid valve ● P1805 Brake switch
3	● P0011 P0021 Intake valve timing control ● P0171 P0172 P0174 P0175 Fuel injection system function ● P0300 - P0306 Misfire ● P0400 P1402 EGR system ● P0420 P0430 Three way catalyst function ● P0442 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK) ● P0455 EVAP control system (GROSS LEAK) ● P0456 EVAP control system (VERY SMALL LEAK) ● P0506 P0507 Idle speed control system ● P0705 - P0882 P1705 P1760 A/T related sensors, solenoid valves and switches ● P1121 Electric throttle control actuator ● P1211 TCS control unit ● P1212 TCS communication line ● P1564 ASCD steering switch ● P1572 ASCD brake switch ● P1574 ASCD vehicle speed sensor

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Fail-safe Chart

UBS0091G

When the DTC listed below is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

DTC No.	Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
P0102 P0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.	
P0117 P0118	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch ON or START. CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.	
		Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)
		Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)
		More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)
		Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)
		When the fail-safe system for engine coolant temperature sensor is activated, the cooling fan operates while engine is running.	
P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P2135	Throttle position sensor	The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees. The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition. So, the acceleration will be poor.	
P1121	Electric throttle control actuator (ECM detect the throttle valve is stuck open.)	While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or more.	
P1122	Electric throttle control function	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P1124 P1126	Throttle control motor relay	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P1128	Throttle control motor	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P1229	Sensor power supply	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.	
P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor	The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees. The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition. So, the acceleration will be poor.	

- When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting MIL up when there is malfunction on engine control system.
Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.
The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected, and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

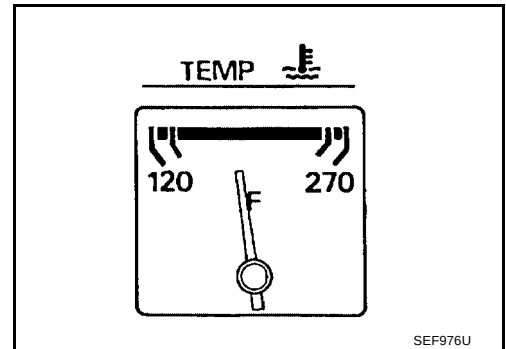
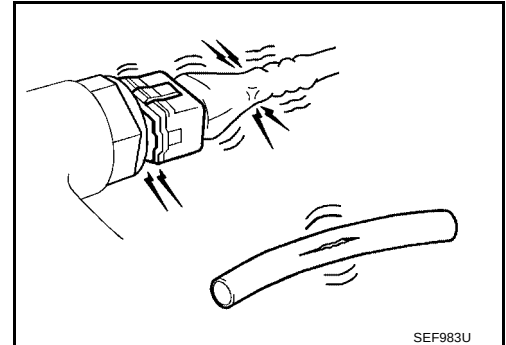
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

UBS0091H

Basic Inspection

1. INSPECTION START

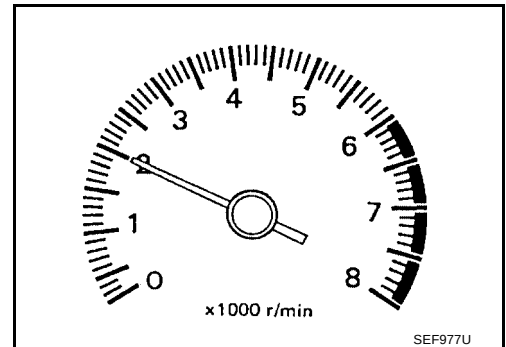
1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.
2. Open engine hood and check the following:
 - Harness connectors for improper connections
 - Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
 - Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
 - Hoses and ducts for leaks
 - Air cleaner clogging
 - Gasket
3. Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.
 - Headlamp switch is OFF.
 - Air conditioner switch is OFF.
 - Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
 - Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
4. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge. Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.



5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding Diagnostic Procedure.

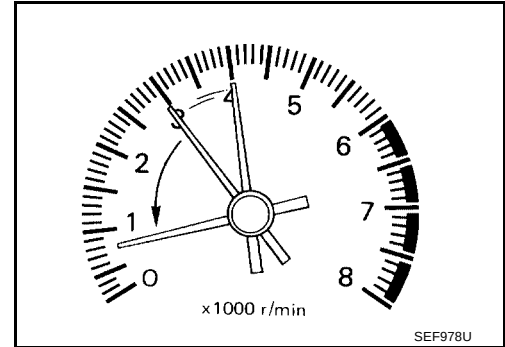
>> GO TO 3.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

3. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED

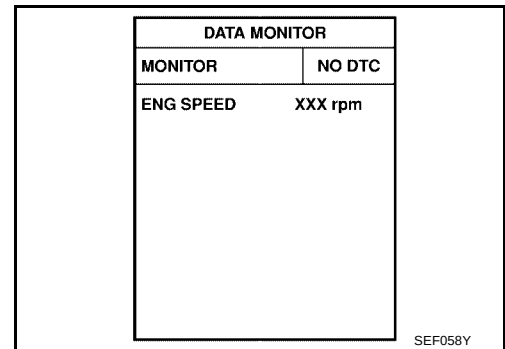
With CONSULT-II

1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



3. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

M/T: **625 ± 50 rpm**
4-speed A/T: **700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**
5-speed A/T: **675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**



Without CONSULT-II

1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
3. Check idle speed.

M/T: **625 ± 50 rpm**
4-speed A/T: **700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**
5-speed A/T: **675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)**

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 4.

4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

1. Stop engine.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 5.

5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .

>> GO TO 6.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 7.
No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.
 2. GO TO 4.

7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

Ⓔ **With CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

M/T: 625 ± 50 rpm
4-speed A/T: 700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
5-speed A/T: 675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

ⓧ **Without CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check idle speed.

M/T: 625 ± 50 rpm
4-speed A/T: 700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
5-speed A/T: 675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to [EC-270](#) .
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to [EC-264](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> 1. Repair or replace.
 2. GO TO 4.

9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is the rarely the case.)
2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-99, "NVIS\(NISSAN Vehicle Immobilizer System-NATS\)"](#) .

>> GO TO 4.

10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

1. Run engine at idle.
2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

M/T: 15 ± 5° BTDC

A/T: 15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**

NG >> GO TO 11.

11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

1. Stop engine.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#).

>> GO TO 12.

12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#).

>> GO TO 13.

13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#).

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 14.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.
2. GO TO 4.

14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

 **With CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

M/T: 625 ± 50 rpm

4-speed A/T: 700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

5-speed A/T: 675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

 **Without CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check idle speed.

M/T: 625 ± 50 rpm

4-speed A/T: 700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

5-speed A/T: 675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> GO TO 17.

15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

1. Run engine at idle.
2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

M/T: $15 \pm 5^\circ$ BTDC

A/T: $15 \pm 5^\circ$ BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**

NG >> GO TO 16.

16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check timing chain installation. Refer to [EM-55, "TIMING CHAIN"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> 1. Repair the timing chain installation.

2. GO TO 4.

17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to [EC-270](#) .
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to [EC-264](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 4.

18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is the rarely the case.)
2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-99, "NVIS\(NISSAN Vehicle Immobilizer System-NATS\)"](#) .

>> GO TO 4.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Symptom Matrix Chart SYSTEM — BASIC ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

UBS0091I

A

EC

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		SYMPTOM												Reference page																					
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP: HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION		BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)																				
Warranty symptom code		AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA																					
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-639																				
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-48																				
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-633																				
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-671																				
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-684																				
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment						1	1	1	1		1			EC-82																				
	Electric throttle control actuator	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-403 , EC-405																				
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			EC-82																				
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2			2			2				2	EC-613																		
EGR	EGR volume control valve circuit		2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3		3			EC-286																				
	EGR system	2	1			3	3	3	2	2	3				3	EC-278 , EC-529																			
Main power supply and ground circuit		2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3			EC-138																				
Mass air flow sensor circuit		1	1	2	2		3		2	2		2			EC-160 , EC-168																				
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit															3	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	EC-179 , EC-190									
A/F sensor 1 circuit		2																								1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	EC-384 , EC-467 , EC-474 , EC-481 , EC-490 , EC-499 , EC-507 , EC-518
Throttle position sensor circuit																																			2
Accelerator pedal position sensor circuit				3	2	1									EC-589 , EC-595 , EC-607																				
Knock sensor circuit				2								3			EC-259																				

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

	SYMPTOM													Reference page
	HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP: HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEAT/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	
Warranty symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) circuit	2	2												EC-264
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) circuit	3	2												EC-270
Vehicle speed signal circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-370
Power steering pressure sensor circuit		2					3	3						EC-376
ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-381 , EC-392
Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit		3	2		1	3	2	2	3		3			EC-396
PNP switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			EC-571
VIAS control solenoid valve circuit					1									EC-579
Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit		2				3			3		4			EC-650
Electrical load signal circuit							3							EC-655
Air conditioner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	ATC-30
ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)			4											BRC-53 or BRC-97

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.
(continued on next page)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

SYSTEM — ENGINE MECHANICAL & OTHER

		SYMPTOM												Reference page
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	
Warranty symptom code		AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA
Fuel	Fuel tank	5	5											FL-9
	Fuel piping			5	5	5		5	5			5		EM-40
	Vapor lock													—
	Valve deposit		5											—
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5		—
Air	Air duct		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	EM-15
	Air cleaner													EM-15
	Air leakage from air duct (Mass air flow sensor — electric throttle control actuator)													EM-15
	Electric throttle control actuator	5												EM-17
	Air leakage from intake manifold/Collector/Gasket													EM-17 , EM-25
Cranking	Battery	1	1	1		1		1	1					1
	Generator circuit													
	Starter circuit	3										1		
	Signal plate	6												
	PNP switch	4												
Engine	Cylinder head	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5	3	EM-96
	Cylinder head gasket										4			
	Cylinder block												4	
	Piston													
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6		6	6			6		EM-118
	Connecting rod													
	Bearing													
	Crankshaft													

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

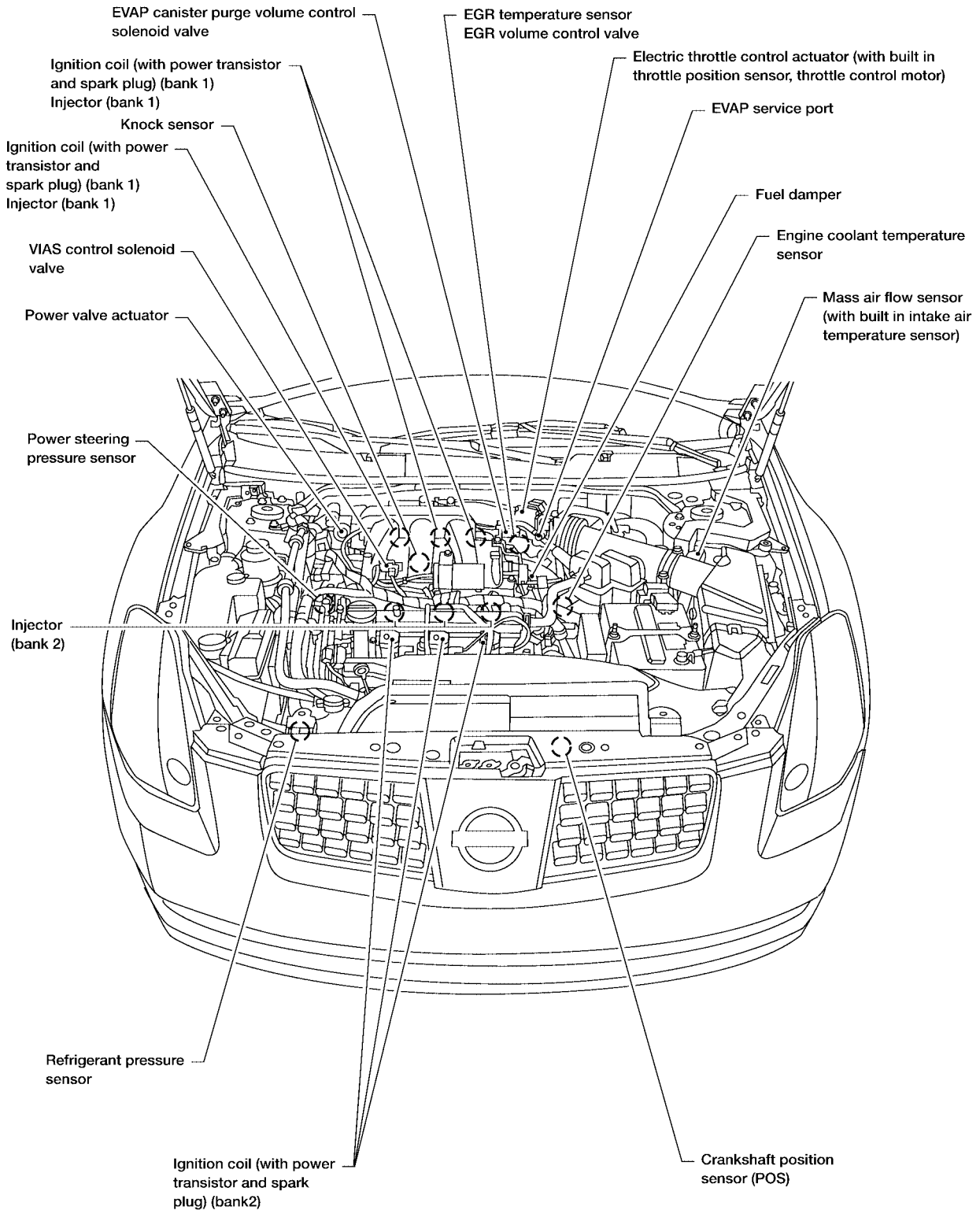
		SYMPTOM													Reference page
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEAT/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	
Warranty symptom code		AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	
Valve mecha- nism	Timing chain	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5	3		EM-55
	Camshaft														EM-77
	Intake valve timing control														EM-55
	Intake valve														EM-96
	Exhaust valve														
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/Gasket	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		5				EM-27, EX-3
	Three way catalyst														
Lubrica- tion	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery/Oil cooler	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			EM-31, LU-8, LU-9, LU-13
	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil														
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5			CO-10
	Thermostat														CO-22
	Water pump														CO-17
	Water gallery														CO-24
	Coolant level (Low)/Contami-nated coolant														CO-8
NVIS (NISSAN Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS)		1	1												EC-67 or BL-99

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Engine Control Component Parts Location

UBS0091J



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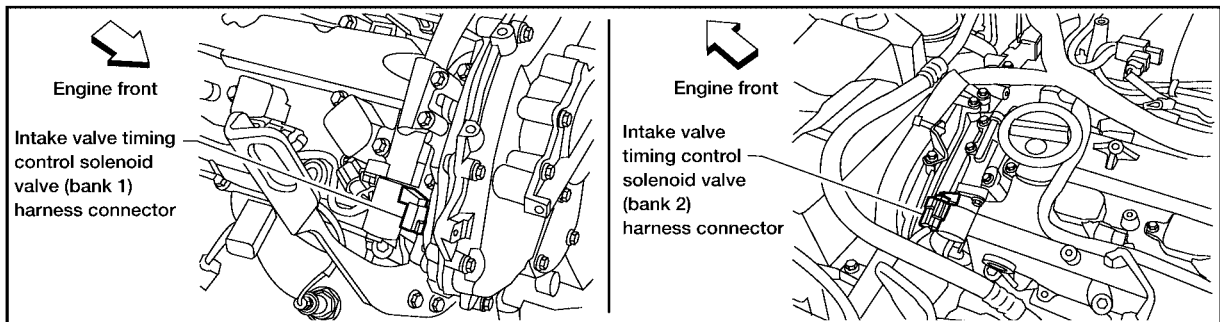
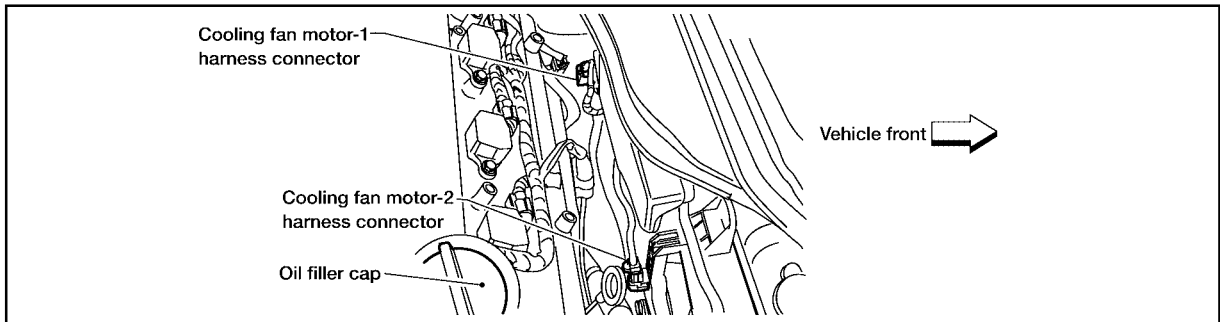
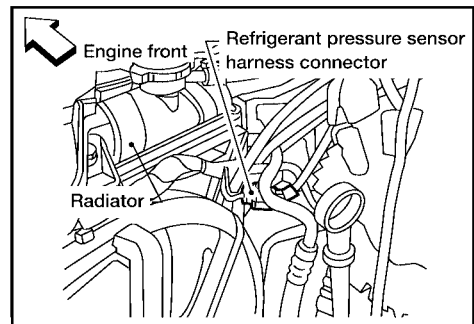
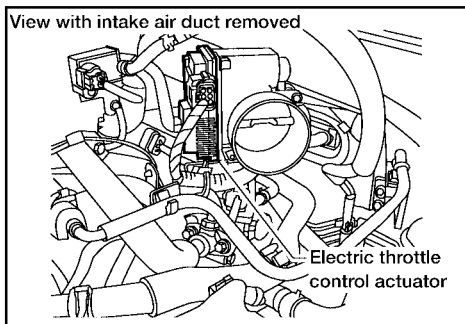
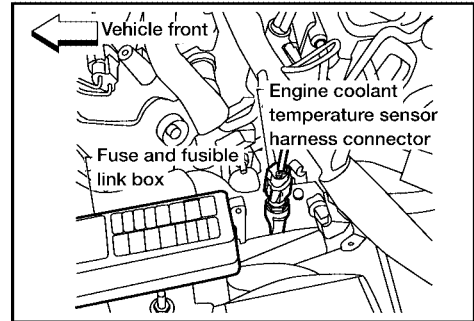
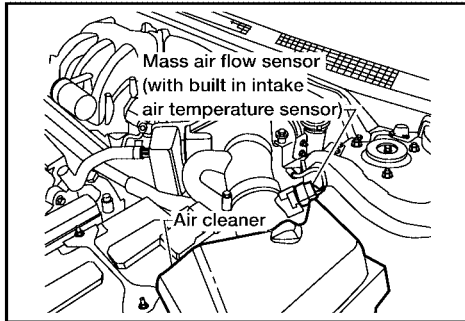
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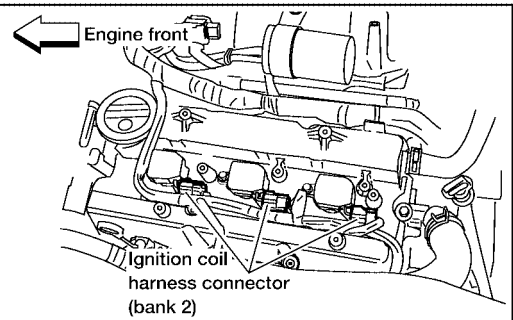
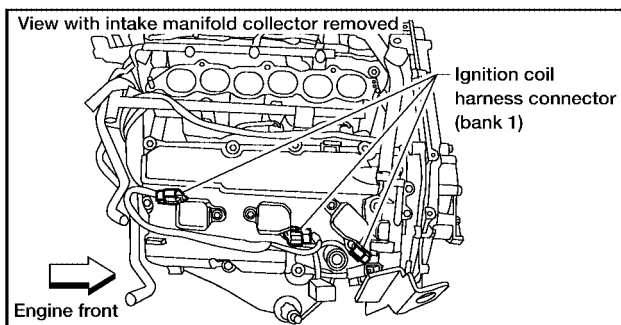
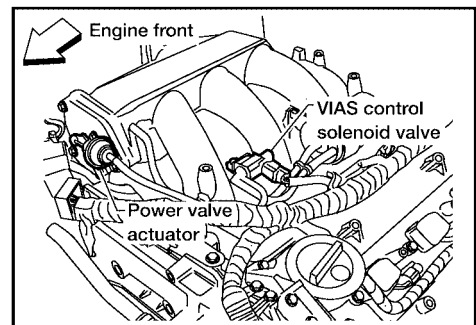
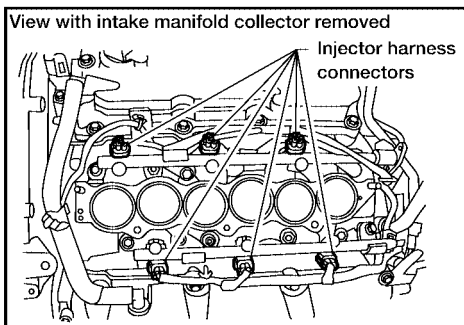
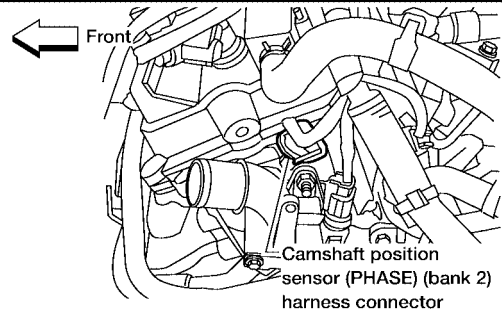
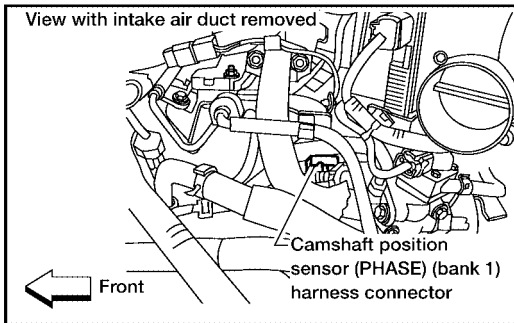
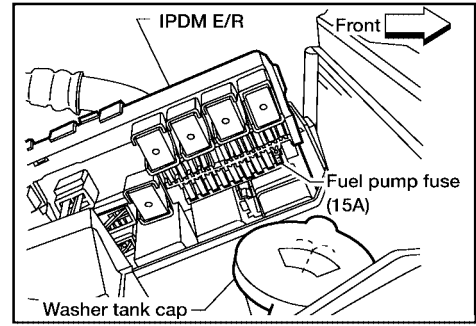
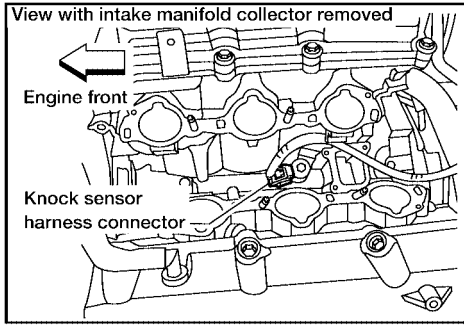
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

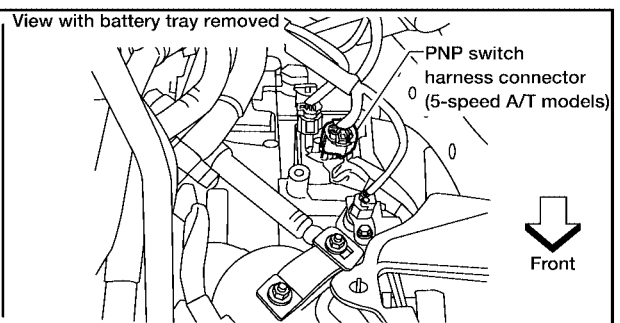
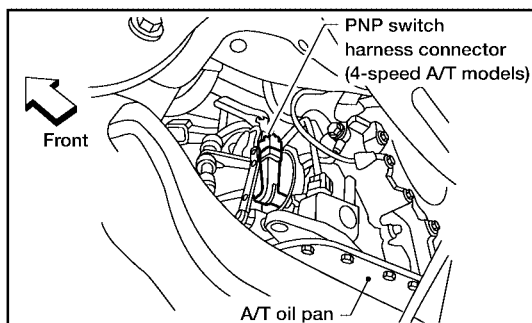
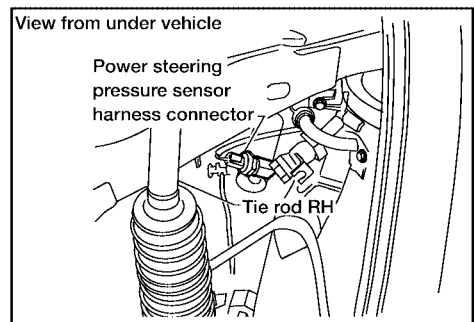
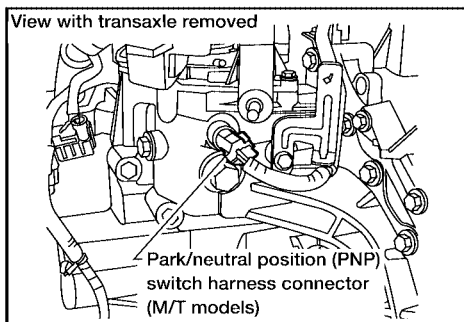
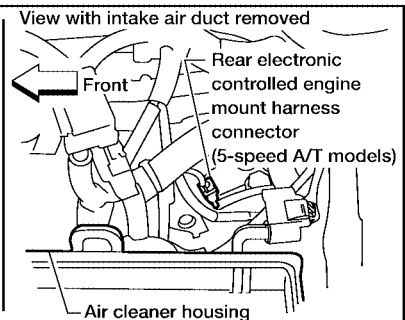
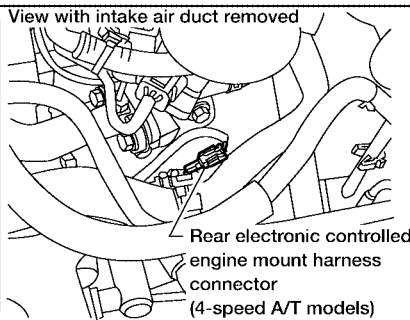
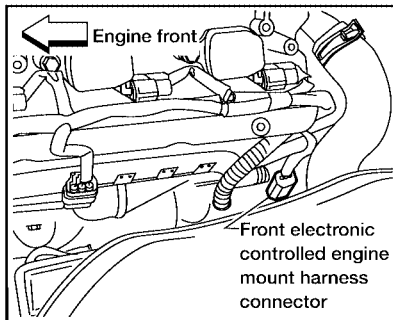
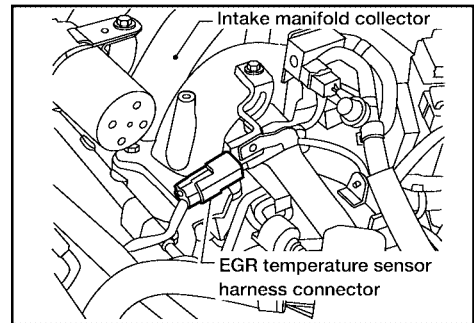
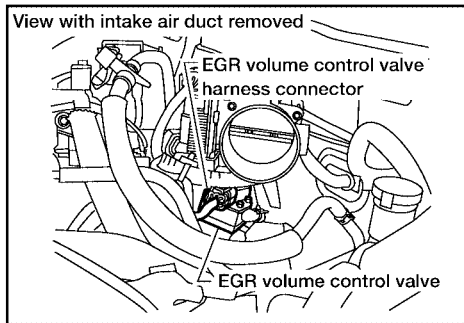


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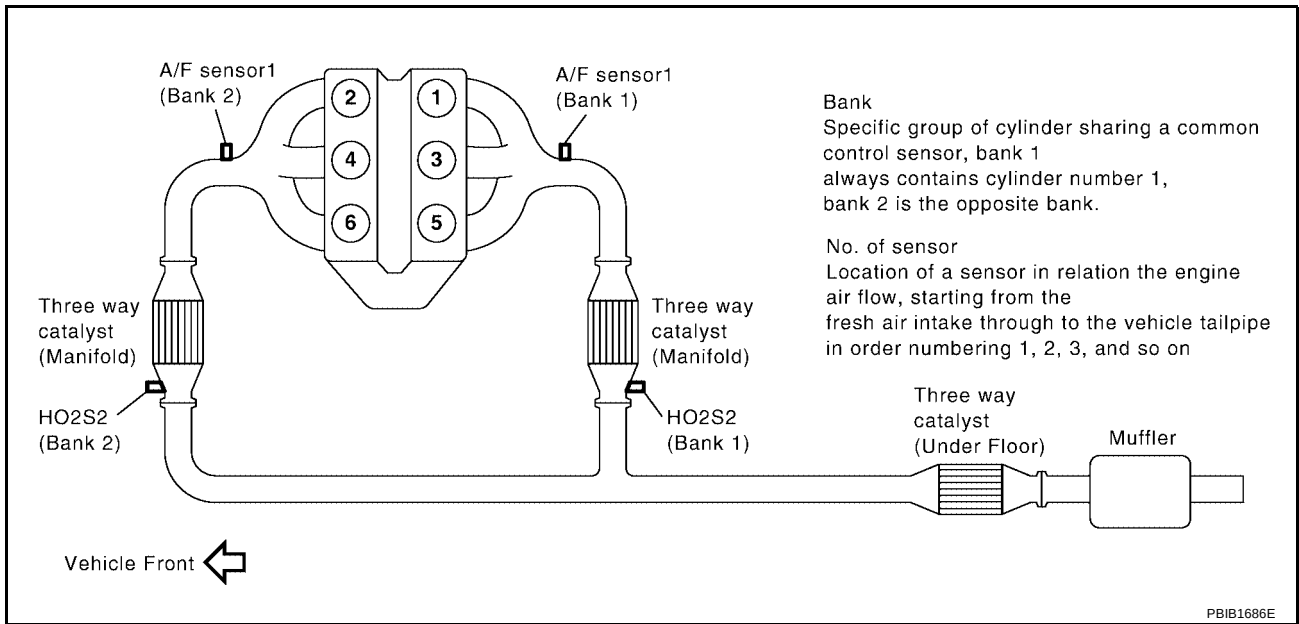
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS



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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS



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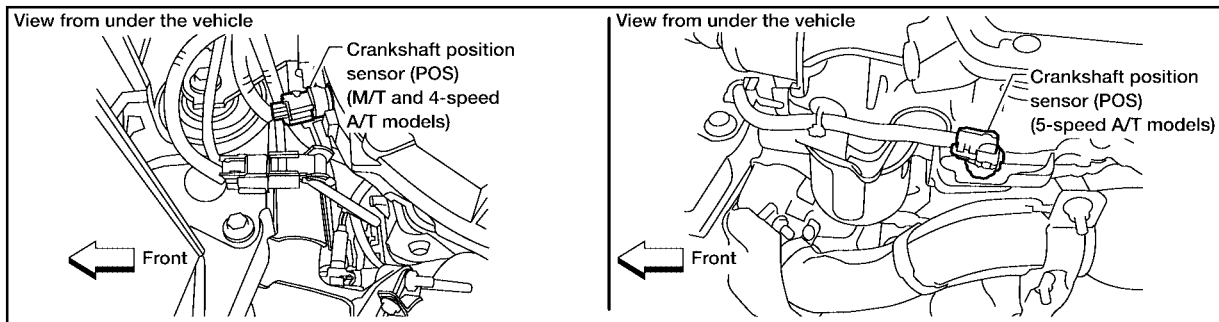
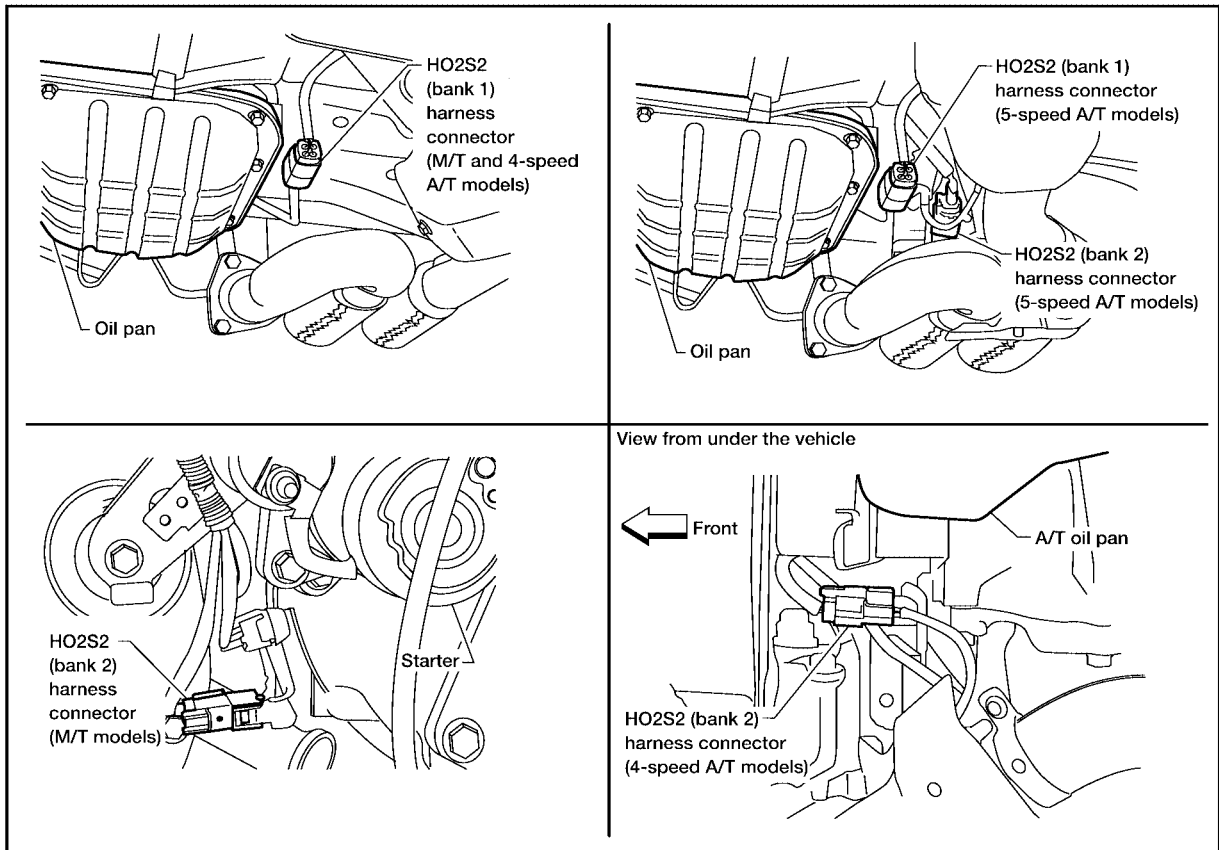
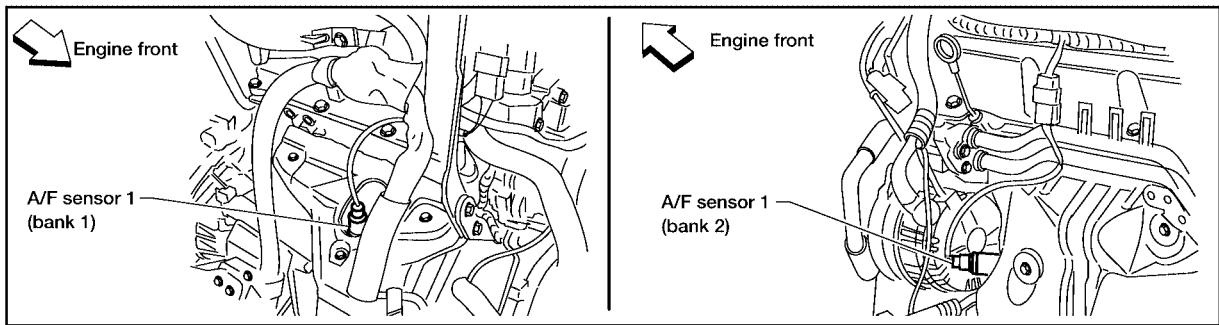
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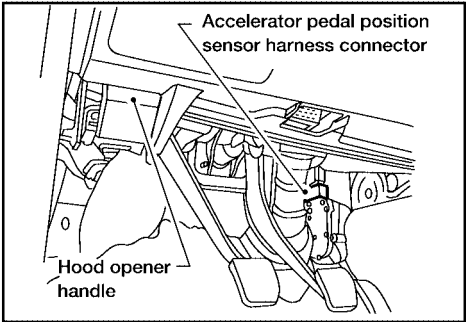
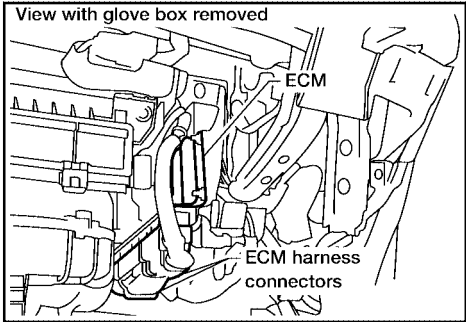
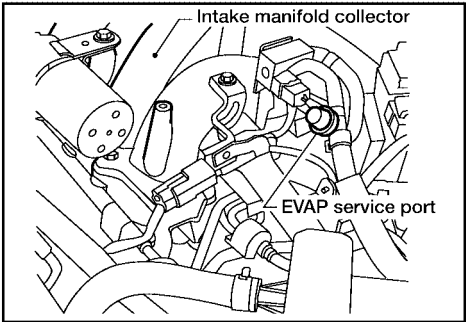
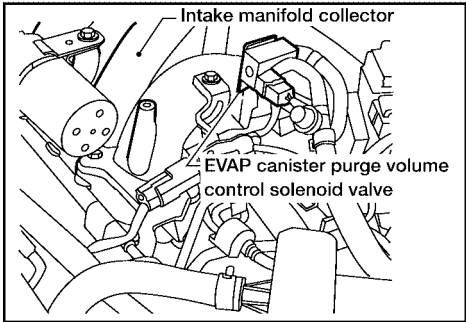
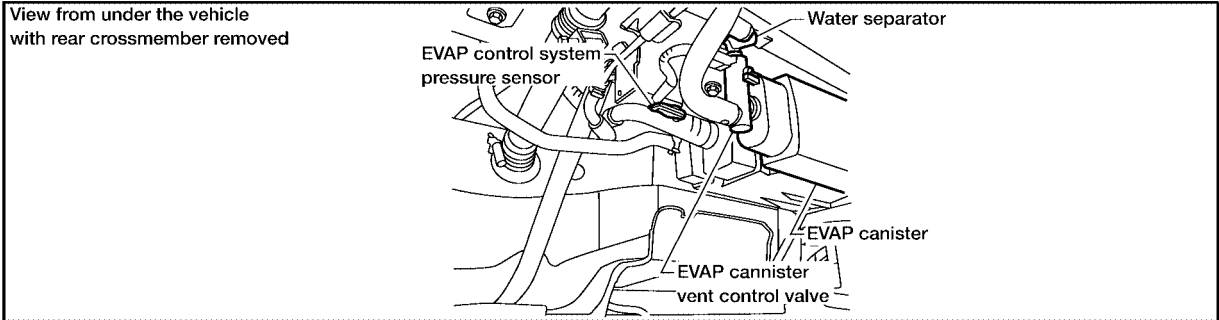
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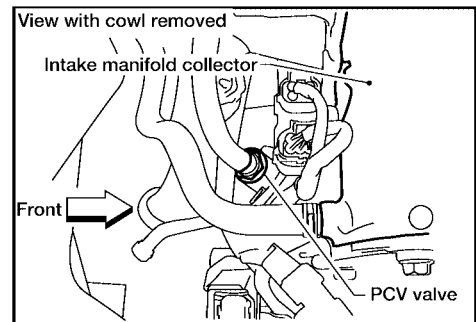
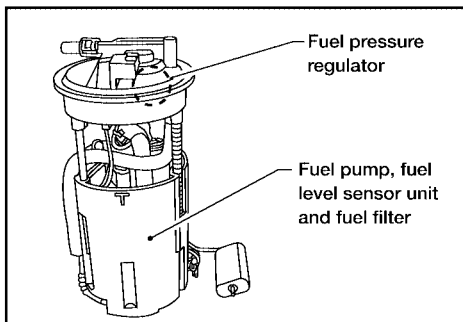
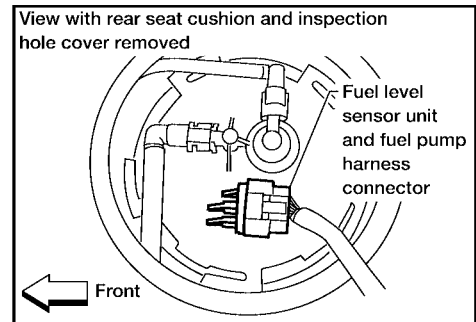
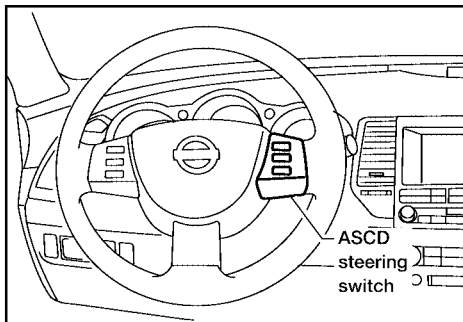
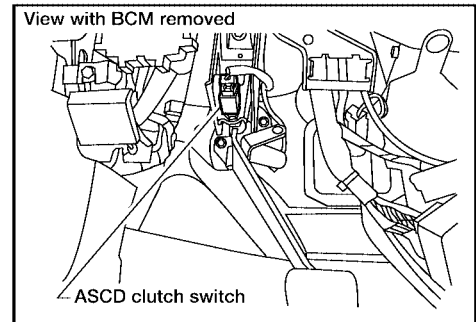
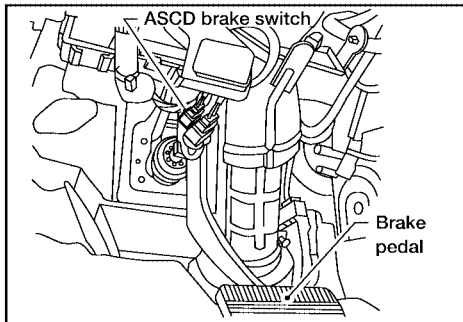
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS



BBIA0264E



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

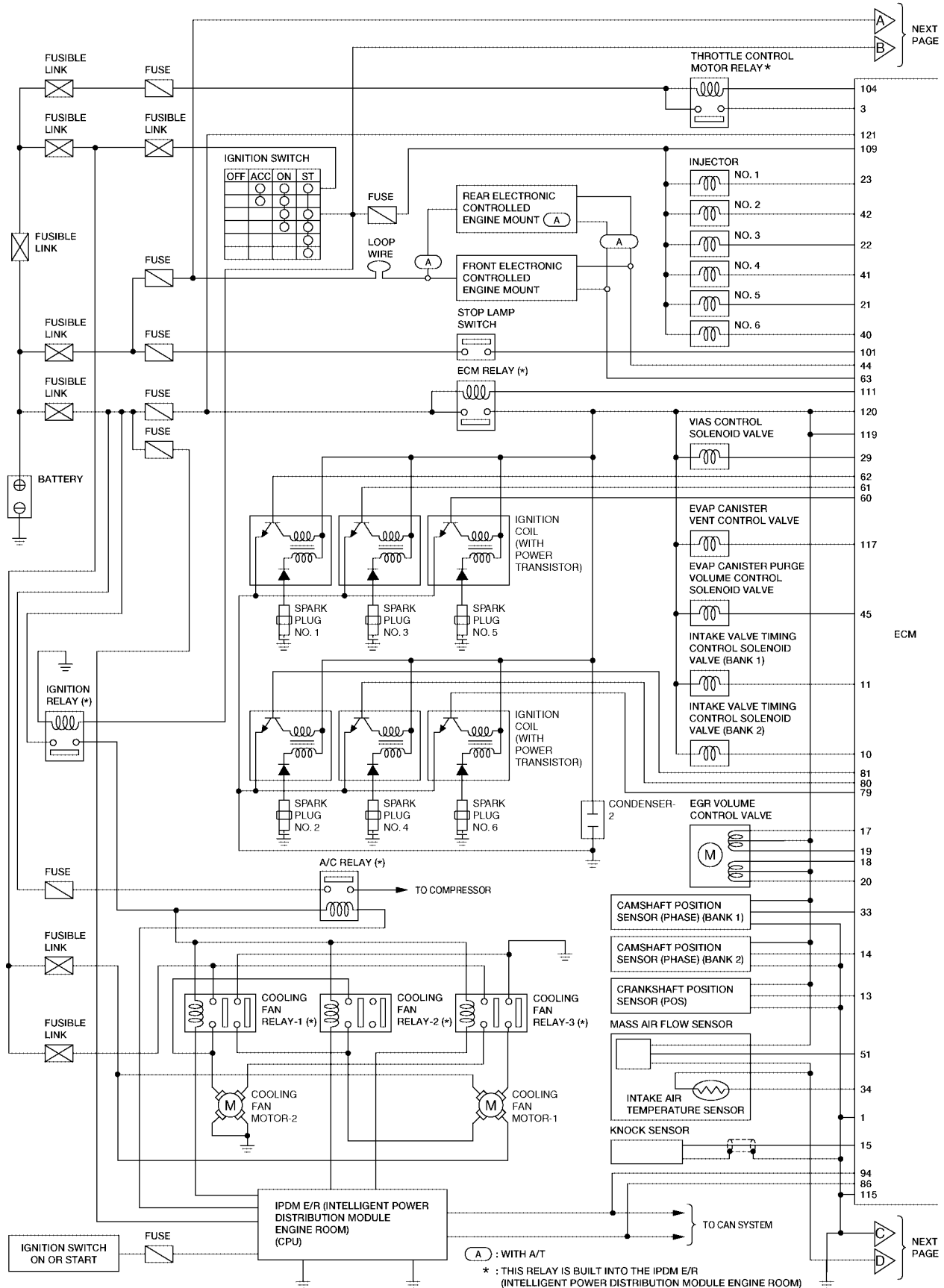


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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

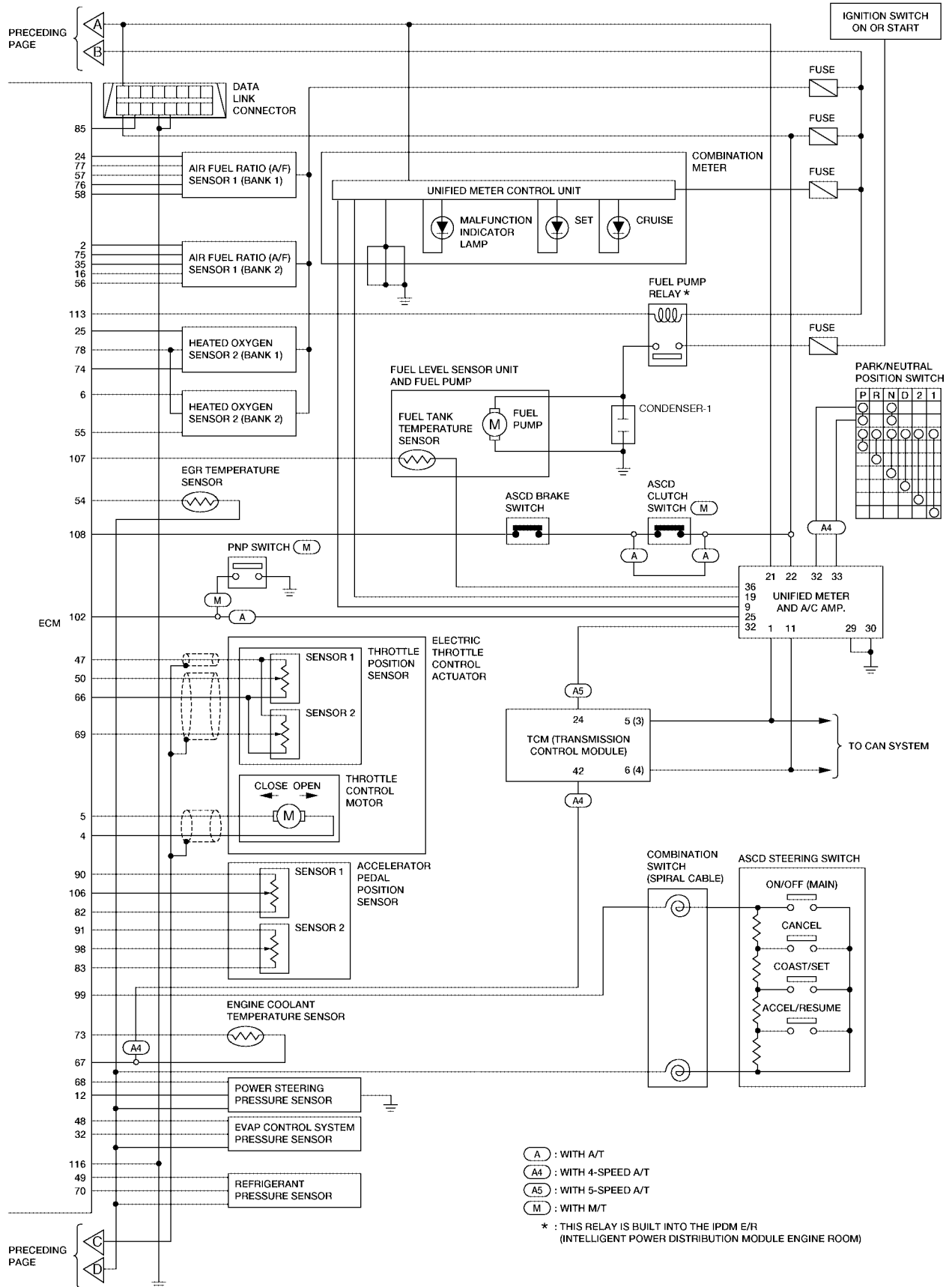
Circuit Diagram

UBS0091K



BBWA0606E

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

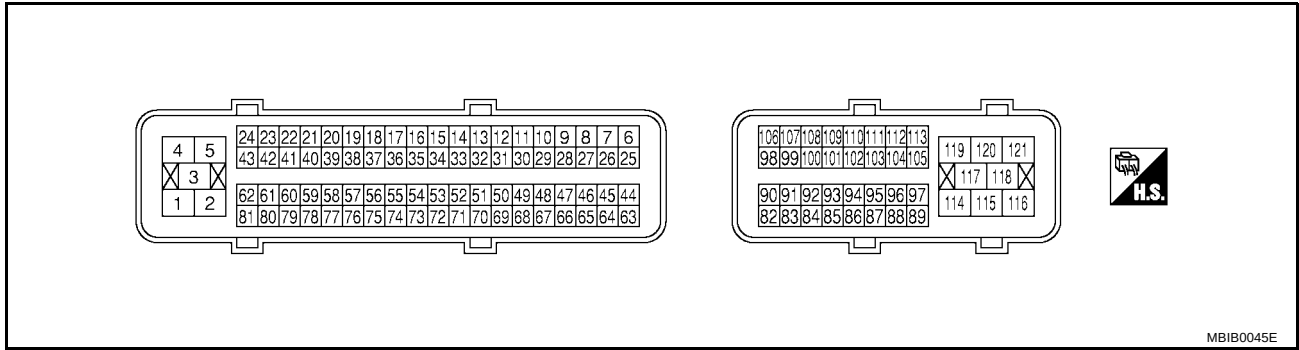


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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

ECM Harness Connector Terminal Layout

UBS0091L

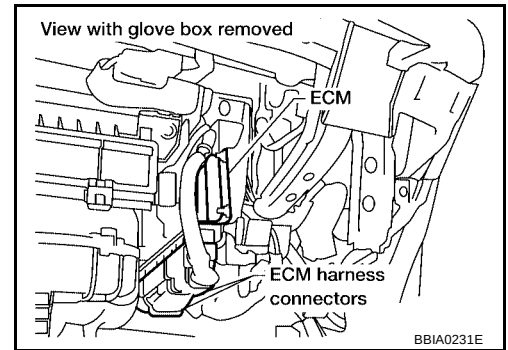


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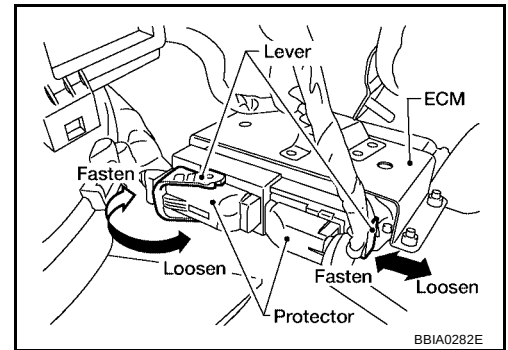
ECM Terminals and Reference Value

UBS0091M

1. ECM is located behind the glove box. For this inspection, remove glove box.
2. Remove ECM harness connector.



3. When disconnecting ECM harness connector, loosen it with levers as far as they will go as shown in the figure.
4. Connect a break-out box (SST) and Y-cable adapter (SST) between the ECM and ECM harness connector.
 - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
 - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.



ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.
Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

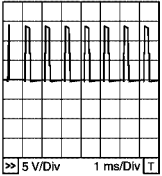
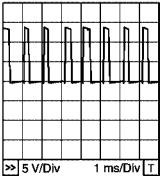
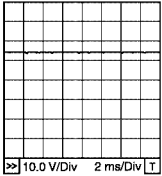
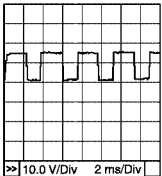
CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

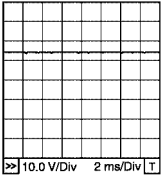
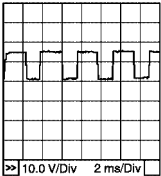
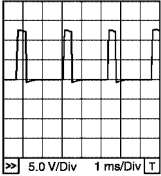
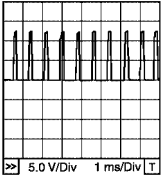
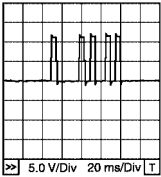
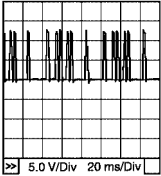
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	B	ECM ground	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Body ground
2	G/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 5V★ 

PBIB1584E

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	R	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	O/L	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal is releasing	0 - 14V★  PBIB1104E
5	W/L	Throttle control motor (Open)	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal is depressing	0 - 14V★  PBIB1105E
6	L/R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. – Engine: after warming up – Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped [Engine is running] ● Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	V/W	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  PBIB1037E
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	7 - 12V★  PBIB1038E

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
11	P/L	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  PBIB1037E
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	7 - 12V★  PBIB1038E
12	W	Power steering pressure sensor	[Engine is running] ● Steering wheel is being turned.	0.5 - 4.5V
			[Engine is running] ● Steering wheel is not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V
13	W	Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 10V★  PBIB1041E
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 10V★  PBIB1042E
14	W	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1039E
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1040E

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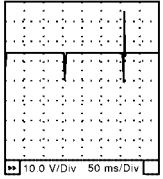
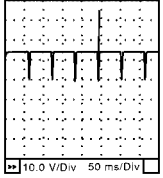
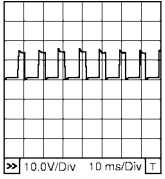
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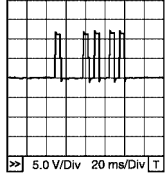
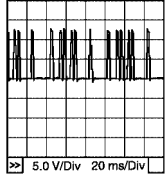
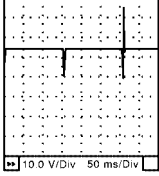
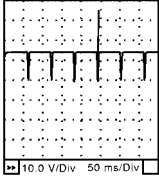
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
15	W	Knock sensor	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V
17 18 19 20	G/Y Y/B W/B LG/R	EGR volume control valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	0.1 - 14V
21 22 23	L/W R/Y R/B	Injector No. 5 Injector No. 3 Injector No. 1	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC984C
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC985C
24	V	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  PBIB1584E
25	P/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. – Engine: after warming up – Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped [Engine is running] ● Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
29	Y/B	VIAS control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is between 1,800 and 3,600 rpm.	0 - 1.0V

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	BR	EVAP control system pres-sure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
33	W	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1039E
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1040E
34	V/O	Intake air temperature sen-sor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
40 41 42	V/R G/W R/W	Injector No. 6 Injector No. 4 Injector No. 2	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC984C
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC985C
44	O	Electronic controlled engine mount-1	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed (With engine stopped)	0 - 3V
			[Engine is running] ● Except above conditions	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

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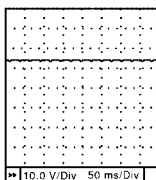
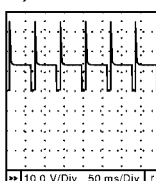
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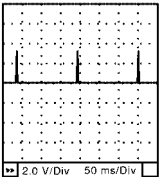
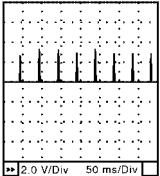
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
45	V/R	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC990C
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC991C
47	G	Throttle position sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
48	G	EVAP control system pressure sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
49	BR/W	Refrigerant pressure sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50	W	Throttle position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully released	More than 0.36V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
51	G/O	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	1.1 - 1.5V
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.7 - 2.4V
54	V/W	EGR temperature sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Less than 4.5V
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● EGR system is operating.	0 - 1.5V
55	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V
60 61 62	P/W L/R BR/R	Ignition signal No. 5 Ignition signal No. 3 Ignition signal No. 1	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	0 - 0.4V★ 
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	0.1 - 0.6V★ 
63	W/R	Electronic controlled engine mount-2	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed (With engine stopped)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running] ● Except above conditions	0 - 3.0V
66	B	Throttle position sensor ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
68	L/Y	PSP sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
69	R	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully released	Less than 4.75V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	More than 0.36V
70	W	Refrigerant pressure sensor	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Both A/C switch and blower switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	1.0 - 4.0V
73	Y	Engine coolant temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.

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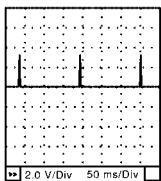
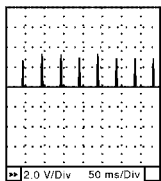
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
79 80 81	GR/R GR G/R	Ignition signal No. 6 Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 2	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	0 - 0.4V★  SEC986C
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	0.1 - 0.6V★  SEC987C
82	B	APP sensor 1 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
83	G	APP sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
85	LG	Data link connector	[Ignition switch: ON] ● CONSULT-II or GST is disconnected.	Approximately 5V - Battery voltage (11 - 14V)
86	Y	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.1 - 2.3V Output voltage varies with the communication status.
90	R	APP sensor 1 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	O	APP sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
94	L	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 2.5 - 3.2V Output voltage varies with the communication status.
98	W/B	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.45V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 2.4V

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	A
99	G/Y	ASCD steering switch	[Ignition switch: ON] ● ASCD steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4V	EC
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● ON/OFF switch: ON	Approximately 0V	
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● CANCEL switch: ON	Approximately 1V	C
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● COAST/SET switch: ON	Approximately 2V	D
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● ACCEL/RES switch: ON	Approximately 3V	E
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V	
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F
102	G/W	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Shift lever: P or N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	Approximately 0V	G
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Except the above gear position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	H
104	O	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V	I
106	W	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.6 - 0.95V	J
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V	K
107	R/L	Fuel tank temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel tank temperature.	L
108	G/R	ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Brake pedal is fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V	M
109	R/W	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V	
			[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V	
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
113	B/O	Fuel pump relay	[Ignition switch: ON] ● For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON	0 - 1.5V
			[Engine is running] ● More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
115 116	B B	ECM ground	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Engine ground
117	R/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
121	W/L	Power supply for ECM (Buck-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

CONSULT-II Function FUNCTION

UBS0091N

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT-II unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Data monitor (SPEC)	Input/Output of the specification for Basic fuel schedule, AFM, A/F feedback control value and the other data monitor items can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT-II drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC & SRT confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	This mode is used to inform customers when their vehicle condition requires periodic maintenance.
ECM part number	ECM part number can be read.

*: The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- Others

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

Item		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
		WORK SUP-PORT	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS		DATA MONI-TOR	DATA MONI-TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION	
			DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2				SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP-PORT
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS	INPUT	Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	×	×	×	×			
		Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	×	×	×	×			
		Mass air flow sensor	×		×	×			
		Engine coolant temperature sensor	×	×	×	×	×		
		A/F sensor 1	×		×	×		×	×
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	×		×	×		×	×
		Vehicle speed sensor	×	×	×	×			
		Accelerator pedal position sensor	×		×	×			
		Throttle position sensor	×		×	×			
		Fuel tank temperature sensor	×		×	×	×		
		EVAP control system pressure sensor	×		×	×			
		Intake air temperature sensor	×	×	×	×			
		EGR temperature sensor	×		×	×			
		Knock sensor	×						
		Refrigerant pressure sensor			×	×			
		Closed throttle position switch (accelerator pedal position sensor signal)			×	×			
		Air conditioner switch			×	×			
		Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	×		×	×			
		Stop lamp switch	×		×	×			
		Power steering pressure sensor	×		×	×			
		Battery voltage			×	×			
		Load signal			×	×			
		Fuel level sensor	×		×	×			
		ASCD steering switch	×		×	×			
		ASCD brake switch	×		×	×			

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Item		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
		WORK SUP-PORT	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS		DATA MONI-TOR	DATA MONI-TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION	
			DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2				SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP-PORT
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS	OUTPUT								
	Injectors				×	×	×		
	Power transistor (Ignition timing)				×	×	×		
	Throttle control motor relay		×		×	×			
	Throttle control motor		×						
	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		×
	Air conditioner relay				×	×			
	Fuel pump relay	×			×	×	×		
	Cooling fan relay		×		×	×	×		
	EGR volume control valve		×		×	×	×		
	A/F sensor 1 heater		×		×	×		×	
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater		×		×	×		×	
	EVAP canister vent control valve	×	×		×	×	×		
	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		
	VIAS control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		
	Electronic controlled engine mount				×	×	×		
	Calculated load value			×	×	×			

X: Applicable

*1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

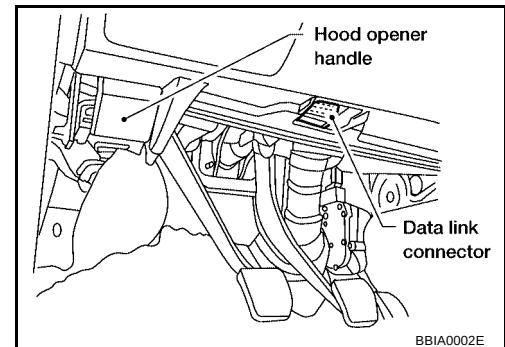
*2: This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT-II screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to [EC-56](#).

CONSULT-II INSPECTION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

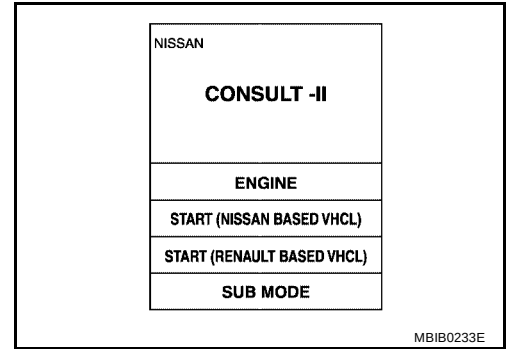
If CONSULT-II is used with no connection of CONSULT-II CONVERTER, malfunctions might be detected in self-diagnosis depending on control unit which carry out CAN communication.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Connect CONSULT-II and CONSULT-II CONVERTER to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the hood opener handle.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

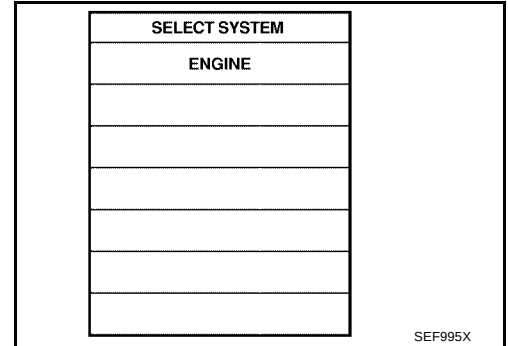


TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

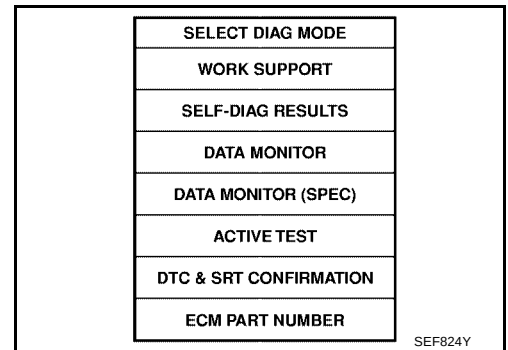
4. Touch "START (NISSAN BASED VHCL)".



5. Touch "ENGINE".
If "ENGINE" is not indicated, go to [GI-36, "CONSULT-II Data Link Connector \(DLC\) Circuit"](#).



6. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.
For further information, see the CONSULT-II Operation Manual.



WORK SUPPORT MODE

Work Item

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DURING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	THE IDLE AIR VOLUME THAT KEEPS THE ENGINE WITHIN THE SPECIFIED RANGE IS MEMORIZED IN ECM.	When learning the idle air volume
SELF-LEARNING CONT	THE COEFFICIENT OF SELF-LEARNING CONTROL MIXTURE RATIO RETURNS TO THE ORIGINAL COEFFICIENT.	When clearing the coefficient of self-learning control value

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. ● IGN SW "ON" ● ENGINE NOT RUNNING ● AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F). ● NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM ● FUEL TANK TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F). ● WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" ● WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT-II WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTION. NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT-II MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system
TARGET IDLE RPM ADJ*	● IDLE CONDITION	When setting target idle speed
TARGET IGN TIM ADJ*	● IDLE CONDITION	When adjusting target ignition timing

*: This function is not necessary in the usual service procedure.

SELF-DIAG RESULTS MODE

Self Diagnostic Item

Regarding items of DTC and 1st trip DTC, refer to [EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC" .](#))

Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data

Freeze frame data item*	Description
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	● The engine control component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as "PXXXX". (Refer to EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC" .)
FUEL SYS-B1	● "Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
FUEL SYS-B2	● One mode in the following is displayed. "MODE 2": Open loop due to detected system malfunction "MODE 3": Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enrichment) "MODE 4": Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control "MODE 5": Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	● The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	● The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
L-FUEL TRIM-B1 [%]	● "Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
L-FUEL TRIM-B2 [%]	● The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim.
S-FUEL TRIM-B1 [%]	● "Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
S-FUEL TRIM-B2 [%]	● The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule.
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	● The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
VEHICL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	● The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Freeze frame data item*	Description
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]	The base fuel schedule at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	The intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.

*: The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

DATA MONITOR MODE

Monitored Item

×: Applicable

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG-NALS	MAIN SIG-NALS	CAN DIAG SUP-PORT MNTR	Description	Remarks
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×		Indicates the engine speed computed from the signal of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).	- Accuracy becomes poor if engine speed drops below the idle rpm. - If the signal is interrupted while the engine is running, an abnormal value may be indicated.
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×		The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×		"Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.	
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%]		×		The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle is indicated.	- When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated. - This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.
A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×			
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	×	×		The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.	When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.
A/F SEN1 (B1) [V]	×	×		The A/F signal computed from the input signal of the A/F sensor 1 is displayed.	
A/F SEN1 (B2) [V]	×				
HO2S2 (B1) [V]	×			The signal voltage of the heated oxygen sensor 2 is displayed.	
HO2S2 (B2) [V]	×				
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) [RICH/LEAN]	×			Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal: RICH ... means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN ... means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large.	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
HO2S2 MNTR (B2) [RICH/LEAN]	×				
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	×	×		The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed.	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	×	×		The power supply voltage of ECM is displayed.	
ACCEL SEN 1 [V]	×	×		The accelerator pedal position sensor signal voltage is displayed.	
ACCEL SEN 2 [V]	×				

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	CAN DIAG SUP- PORT MNTR	Description	Remarks
THRTL SEN 1 [V]	×	×		● The throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed.	
THRTL SEN 2 [V]	×				
FUEL T/TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×			● The fuel temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the fuel tank temperature sensor) is displayed.	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×	×		● The intake air temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor) is indicated.	
EGR TEMP SEN [V]	×	×		● The signal voltage of EGR temperature sensor is displayed.	
EVAP SYS PRES [V]	×			● The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed.	
FUEL LEVEL SE [V]	×			● The signal voltage of the fuel level sensor is displayed.	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×		● Indicates start signal status [ON/OFF] computed by the ECM according to the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.	● After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal.
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	×	×		● Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the accelerator pedal position sensor signal.	
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	×	×		● Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioner signal.	
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	×	×		● Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neutral position (PNP) switch signal.	
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×		● [ON/OFF] condition of the power steering system (determined by the signal voltage of the power steering pressure sensor signal) is indicated.	
LOAD SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×		● Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the electrical load signal. ON ... Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd position. OFF ... Both rear window defogger switch and lighting switch are OFF.	
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]				● Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch signal.	
HEATER FAN SW [ON/OFF]				● Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from heater fan switch signal.	
BRAKE SW [ON/OFF]				● Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the stop lamp switch signal.	
INJ PULSE-B1 [msec]		×		● Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input signals.	● When the engine is stopped, a certain computed value is indicated.
INJ PULSE-B2 [msec]					
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		×		● Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals.	● When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	CAN DIAG SUP- PORT MNTR	Description	Remarks
CAL/LD VALUE [%]				“Calculated load value” indicates the value of the current air flow divided by peak air flow.	
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]				Indicates the mass air flow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor.	
PURG VOL C/V [%]				- Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals. - The opening becomes larger as the value increases.	
EGR VOL CON/V [%]		×		- Indicates the EGR volume control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals. - The opening becomes larger as the value increases.	
INT/V TIM (B1) [°CA]				Indicates [°CA] of intake camshaft advanced angle.	
INT/V TIM (B2) [°CA]					
INT/V SOL (B1) [%]				- The control condition of the intake valve timing control solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. - ON ... intake valve timing control is operating. - OFF ... Intake valve timing control is not operating.	
INT/V SOL (B2) [%]					
VIAS S/V [ON/OFF]				- The control condition of the VIAS control solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. - ON ... VIAS control solenoid valve is operating. - OFF ... VIAS control solenoid valve is not operating.	
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]		×		The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.	
ENGINE MOUNT [IDLE/TRVL]				- The control condition of the electronic controlled engine mount (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. - IDLE ... Idle condition - TRVL ... Driving condition	
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]		×		Indicates the fuel pump relay control condition determined by ECM according to the input signals.	
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]				- The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. - ON ... Closed - OFF ... Open	

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	CAN DIAG SUP- PORT MNTR	Description	Remarks
THRTL RELAY [ON/OFF]				Indicates the throttle control motor relay control condition determined by the ECM according to the input signals.	
COOLING FAN [HI/MID/LOW/OFF]				The control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. HI ... High speed operation LOW ... Low speed operation OFF ... Stop	
HO2S2 HTR (B1) [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxygen sensor 2 heater determined by ECM according to the input signals.	
HO2S2 HTR (B2) [ON/OFF]					
I/P PULLY SPD [rpm]				Indicates the engine speed computed from the turbine revolution sensor signal.	
IDL A/V LEARN [YET/CMPLT]				Display the condition of idle air volume learning YET ... Idle air volume learning has not been performed yet. CMPLT ... Idle air volume learning has already been performed successfully.	
TRVL AFTER MIL [km] or [mile]				Distance traveled while MIL is activated.	
A/F S1 HTR (B1) [%]				- Indicates A/F sensor 1 heater control value computed by ECM according to the input signals. - The current flow to the heater becomes larger as the value increases.	
A/F S1 HTR (B2) [%]					
AC PRESS SEN [V]				The signal voltage from the refrigerant pressure sensor is displayed.	
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]				The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed.	
SET VHCL SPD [km/h] or [m.p.h.]				The preset vehicle speed is displayed.	
MAIN SW [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from CRUISE switch signal.	
CANCEL SW [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from CANCEL switch signal.	
RESUME/ACC SW [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ACCEL/RES switch signal.	
SET SW [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from COAST/SET switch signal.	
BRAKE SW1 [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ASCD brake switch signal.	
BRAKE SW2 [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of stop lamp switch signal.	

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	CAN DIAG SUP- PORT MNTR	Description	Remarks
VHCL SPD CUT [NON/CUT]				Indicates the vehicle cruise condition. NON ... Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed. CUT ...Vehicle speed increased to excessively high compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off.	
LO SPEED CUT [NON/CUT]				Indicates the vehicle cruise condition. NON ... Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed. CUT ...Vehicle speed decreased to excessively low compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off.	
AT OD MONITOR [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D according to the input signal from the TCM.	For M/T models always "OFF" is displayed.
AT OD CANCEL [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D cancel signal sent from the TCM.	For M/T models always "OFF" is displayed.
CRUISE LAMP [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of CRUISE lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals.	
SET LAMP [ON/OFF]				Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of SET lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals.	
Voltage [V]				Voltage, frequency, duty cycle or pulse width measured by the probe.	- Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured. - Figures with "#"s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured.
Frequency [msec], [Hz] or [%]					
DUTY-HI					
DUTY-LOW					
PLS WIDTH-HI					
PLS WIDTH-LOW					

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	CAN DIAG SUP- PORT MNTR	Description	Remarks
CAN COMM [OK/NG]			×	Indicates the communication condition of CAN communication line.	These items are not displayed in "SELECTION FROM MENU" mode.
CAN CIRC 1 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 2 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 3 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 4 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 5 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 6 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 7 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 8 [OK/UNKWN]			×		
CAN CIRC 9 [OK/UNKWN]			×		

NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

DATA MONITOR (SPEC) MODE

Monitored Item

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	Indicates the engine speed computed from the signal of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).	
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor specification is displayed.	When engine is running specification range is indicated.
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×	"Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.	When engine is running specification range is indicated.
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%] A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle is indicated.	- When engine is running specification range is indicated. - This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.

NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

ACTIVE TEST MODE

Test Item

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJECTION	● Engine: Return to the original trouble condition ● Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT-II.	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	● Harness and connectors ● Fuel injectors ● Heated oxygen sensor 1
IGNITION TIMING	● Engine: Return to the original trouble condition ● Timing light: Set ● Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT-II.	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	● Perform Idle Air Volume Learning
POWER BALANCE	● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. ● A/C switch: OFF ● Shift lever: N ● Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT-II.	Engine runs rough or dies.	● Harness and connectors ● Compression ● Fuel injectors ● Power transistor ● Spark plugs ● Ignition coils
COOLING FAN*	● Ignition switch: ON ● Turn the cooling fan "HI", "MID", "LOW" and "OFF" using CONSULT-II.	Cooling fan moves and stops.	● Harness and connectors ● Cooling fan motor ● IPDM E/R
ENG COOLANT TEMP	● Engine: Return to the original trouble condition ● Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT-II.	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	● Harness and connectors ● Engine coolant temperature sensor ● Fuel injectors
FUEL PUMP RELAY	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) ● Turn the fuel pump relay ON and OFF using CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	● Harness and connectors ● Fuel pump relay
EGR VOL CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) ● Change the EGR volume control valve opening step using CONSULT-II.	EGR volume control valve makes an operating sound.	● Harness and connectors ● EGR volume control valve
VIAS SOL VALVE	● Ignition switch: ON ● Turn solenoid valve ON and OFF using CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.	Solenoid valve makes the operating sound.	● Harness and connectors ● Solenoid valve
ENGINE MOUNTING	● Engine: After warming up, run engine at idle speed. ● Turn electronic controlled engine mount "IDLE" and "TRVL" with the CONSULT-II.	Body vibration changes according to the electronic controlled engine mount condition.	● Harness and connectors ● Electronic controlled engine mount
PURG VOL CONT/V	● Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm. ● Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CONSULT-II.	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	● Harness and connectors ● Solenoid valve
FUEL/T TEMP SEN	● Change the fuel tank temperature using CONSULT-II.		

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
VENT CONTROL/V	- Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) - Turn solenoid valve ON and OFF with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	- Harness and connectors - Solenoid valve
V/T ASSIGN ANGLE	- Engine: Return to the original trouble condition - Change intake valve timing using CONSULT-II.	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	- Harness and connectors - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve

*: Leaving cooling fan "OFF" with CONSULT-II while engine is running may cause the engine to overheat.

DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION MODE

SRT STATUS Mode

For details, refer to [EC-57, "SYSTEM READINESS TEST \(SRT\) CODE"](#) .

SRT Work Support Mode

This mode enables a technician to drive a vehicle to set the SRT while monitoring the SRT status.

DTC Work Support Mode

Test mode	Test item	Condition	Reference page
EVAP SYSTEM	PURGE FLOW P0441	Refer to corresponding trouble diagnosis for DTC.	EC-303
	EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442*		EC-308
	EVAP V/S SML LEAK P0456/P1456*		EC-354
	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-536
A/F SEN1	A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276		EC-499
	A/F SEN1 (B1) P1286		EC-499
HO2S2	HO2S2 (B1) P0139		EC-208
	HO2S2 (B1) P1146		EC-421
	HO2S2 (B1) P1147		EC-433
	HO2S2 (B2) P0159		EC-208
	HO2S2 (B2) P1166		EC-421
	HO2S2 (B2) P1167		EC-433
EGR SYSTEM	EGR SYSTEM P0400		EC-278
	EGR SYSTEM P1402		EC-529

*: DTC P1442 and P1456 does not apply to A34 models but appears in DTC Work Support Mode screens.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (RECORDING VEHICLE DATA)

Description

CONSULT-II has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):

- The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT-II screen in real time.

In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed if the malfunction is detected by ECM.

At the moment a malfunction is detected by ECM, "MONITOR" in "DATA MONITOR" screen is changed to "Recording Data ... xx%" as shown at right, and the data after the malfunction detection is recorded. Then when the percentage reached 100%, "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is displayed. If "STOP" is touched on the screen during "Recording Data ... xx%", "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is also displayed.

The recording time after the malfunction detection and the recording speed can be changed by "TRIGGER POINT" and "Recording Speed". Refer to CONSULT-II OPERATION MANUAL.

2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):

- DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT-II screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.

DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.

DATA MONITOR	
Recording Data...11%	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

PBIB1593E

SET RECORDING CONDITION	
AUTO TRIG	
MANU TRIG	
TRIGGER POINT	
0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%	
RECORDING SPEED	
MIN	MAX
/64 /32 /16 /8 /4 /2 FULL	

SEF707X

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

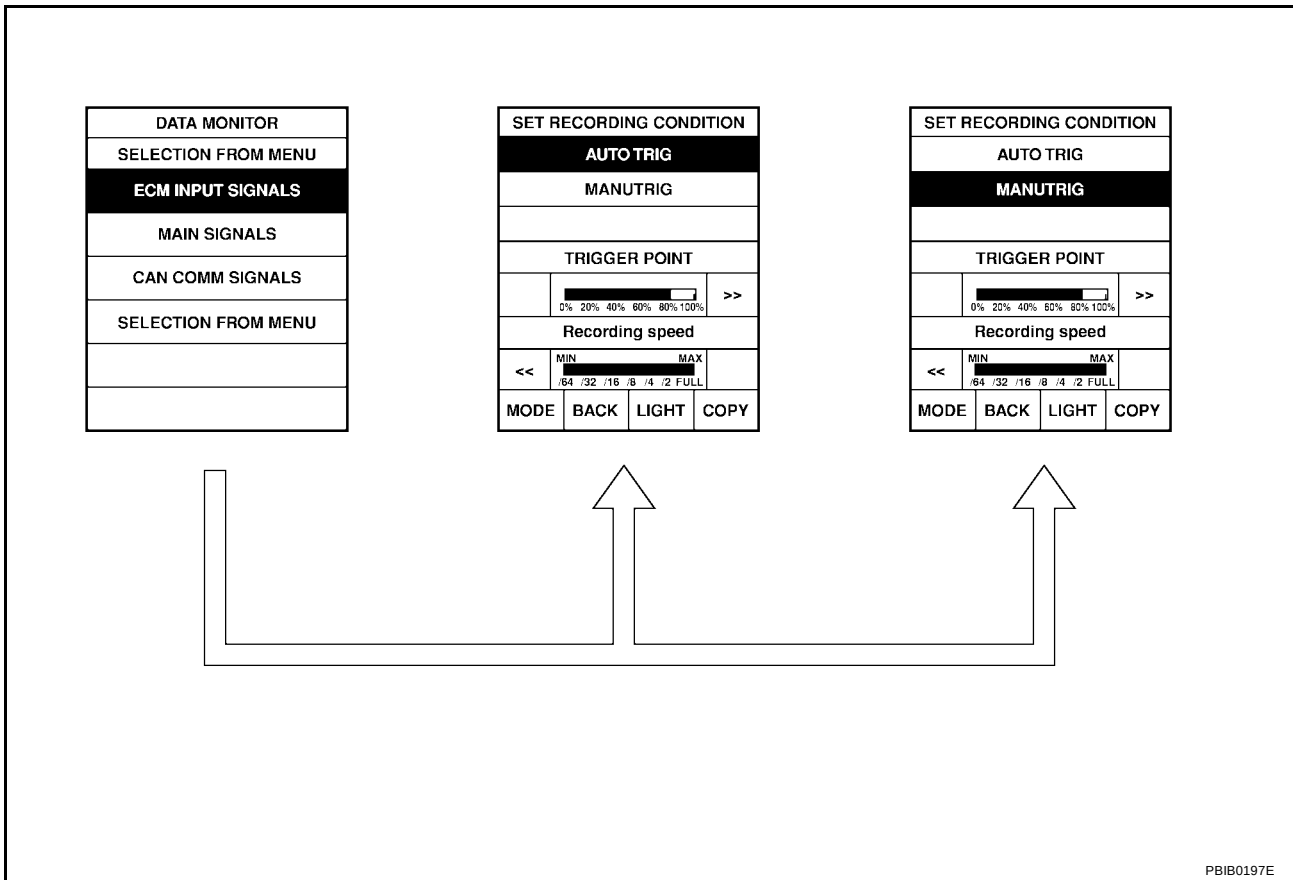
Operation

1. "AUTO TRIG"

- While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the DTC Confirmation Procedure, be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
- While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT-II should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DTC Confirmation Procedure", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/ 1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS" in [GI-25, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident" .](#))

2. "MANU TRIG"

- If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT-II to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.

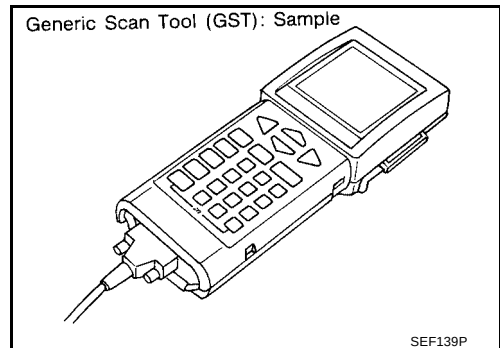


PBIB0197E

Generic Scan Tool (GST) Function DESCRIPTION

UBS00910

Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 8 different functions explained below.
ISO9141 is used as the protocol.
The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.



SEF139P

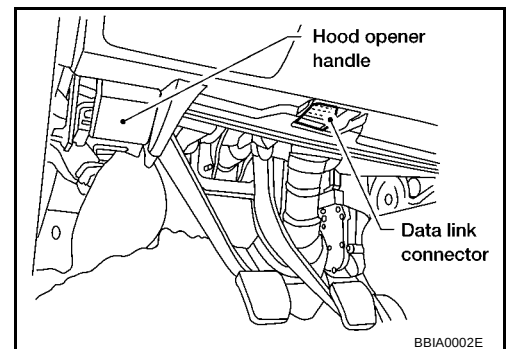
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode		Function
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. For details, refer to EC-114, "Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data" .
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes: ● Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1) ● Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3) ● Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1) ● Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2) ● Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1) ● Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.
MODE 8	—	This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch ON position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, the following parts can be opened or closed. ● EVAP canister vent control valve open In the following conditions, this mode cannot function. ● Low ambient temperature ● Low battery voltage ● Engine running ● Ignition switch OFF ● Low fuel temperature ● Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system
MODE 9	(CALIBRATION ID)	This mode enables the off-board test device to request specific vehicle information such as Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) and Calibration IDs.

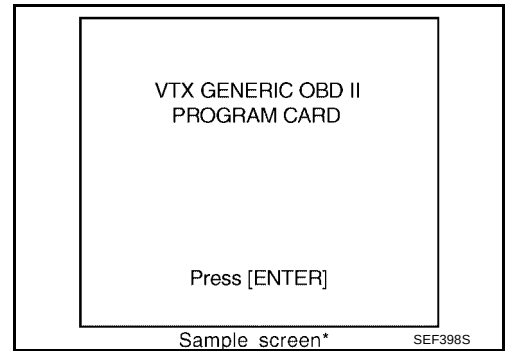
GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Connect GST to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the hood opener handle.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

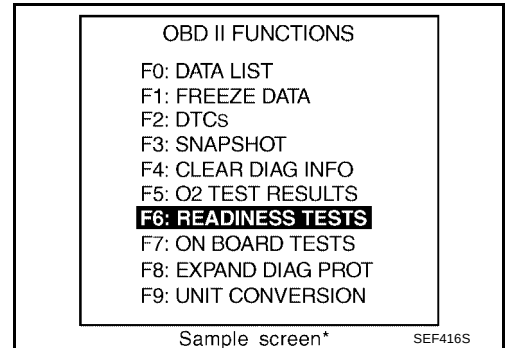


TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

4. Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.
(*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)



5. Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.
For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor

UBS0091P

Remarks:

● Specification data are reference values.

● Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.

* Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.

i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	● Run engine and compare CONSULT-II value with the tachometer indication.		Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.
MAS A/F SE-B1	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● Shift lever: N(A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● No load	Idle	Approx. 1.1 - 1.5V
		2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.6 - 2.4V
B/FUEL SCHDL	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N(A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	2.5 - 3.5 msec
		2,000 rpm	2.5 - 4.0 msec
A/F ALPHA-B1 A/F ALPHA-B2	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	54% - 155%
COOLAN TEMP/S	● Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	● Warm-up condition ● After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	● Warm-up condition ● After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	LEAN ↔ RICH
VHCL SPEED SE	● Turn drive wheels and compare CONSULT-II value with the speedometer indication.		Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication
BATTERY VOLT	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		11 - 14V
ACCEL SEN1 ACCEL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) ● Shift lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
EGR TEMP SEN	● Engine: After warming up		Less than 4.5V
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON		OFF → ON → OFF
CLSD THL POS	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
		Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
AIR COND SIG	● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
		Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON
P/N POSI SW	● Ignition switch: ON	Shift lever: P or N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	ON
		Shift lever: Except above	OFF

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Steering wheel is in neutral position. (Forward direction)	OFF
		Steering wheel is turned.	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON
		Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF
IGNITION SW	Ignition switch: ON → OFF → ON		ON → OFF → ON
HEATER FAN SW	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Heater fan is operating.	ON
		Heater fan is not operating.	OFF
BRAKE SW	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON
INJ PULSE-B1 INJ PULSE-B2	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec
		2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec
IGN TIMING	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	13° - 18° BTDC
		2,000 rpm	25° - 45° BTDC
CAL/LD VALUE	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	5% - 35%
		2,500 rpm	5% - 35%
MASS AIRFLOW	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g·m/s
		2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g·m/s
PURG VOL C/V	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	0%
		2,000 rpm	—
EGR VOLCON/V	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	0 step
		Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly	10 - 55 step
INT/V TIM (B1) INT/V TIM (B2)	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	-5° - 5°CA
		2,000 rpm	Approx. 0° - 30°CA
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	0% - 2%
		2,000 rpm	Approx. 0% - 50%
VIAS S/V	Engine: After warming up	1,800 - 3,600 rpm	ON
		Except above conditions	OFF
AIR COND RLY	Engine: After warming up idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
		Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates)	ON

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ENGINE MOUNT	● Engine: Running	Idle (With engine stopped)	IDLE
		Except above conditions	TRVL
FUEL PUMP RLY	● For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON ● Engine running or cranking		ON
	● Except above conditions		OFF
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON		OFF
THRTL RELAY	● Ignition switch: ON		ON
COOLING FAN	● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine ● Air conditioner switch: OFF	Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less	OFF
		Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 99°C (210°F)	LOW
		Engine coolant temperature is between 100°C (212°F) and 104°C (219°F)	MID
		Engine coolant temperature is 105°C (221°F) or more	HI
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	● Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. – Engine: After warming up – Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load		ON
	● Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF
I/P PULLY SPD	● Vehicle speed: More than 20 km/h (12 MPH)		Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication
TRVL AFTER MIL	● Ignition switch: ON	Vehicle has traveled after MIL has turned ON.	0 - 65,535 km (0 - 40,723 mile)
A/F S1 HTR (B1) A/F S1 HTR (B2)	● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine		0 - 100%
AC PRESS SEN	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		Approx. 0V
	● Engine: Idle ● Air conditioner switch: OFF		1.0 - 4.0V
VHCL SPEED SE	● Turn drive wheels and compare CONSULT-II value with the speedometer indication.		Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication
SET VHCL SPD	● Engine: Running	ASCD: Operating.	The preset vehicle speed is displayed.
MAIN SW	● Ignition switch: ON	CRUISE switch: Depressed	ON
		CRUISE switch: Released	OFF
CANCEL SW	● Ignition switch: ON	CANCEL switch: Depressed	ON
		CANCEL switch: Released	OFF
RESUME/ACC SW	● Ignition switch: ON	ACCEL/RES switch: Depressed	ON
		ACCEL/RES switch: Released	OFF
SET SW	● Ignition switch: ON	COAST/SET switch: Depressed	ON
		COAST/SET switch: Released	OFF
BRAKE SW1	● Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	ON
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
BRAKE SW2	● Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON
CRUISE LAMP	● Ignition switch: ON	CRUISE switch pressed	ON
		CRUISE switch released	OFF

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
SET LAMP	● CRUISE switch: ON ● When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH)	COAST/SET switch pressed	ON
		COAST/SET switch released	OFF
CAN COMM	● Ignition switch: ON		OK
CAN CIRC 1			OK
CAN CIRC 2			OK
CAN CIRC 3			OK or UNKWN
CAN CIRC 4			OK
CAN CIRC 5			UNKWN
CAN CIRC 6			OK
CAN CIRC 7			OK
CAN CIRC 8			UNKWN
CAN CIRC 9			UNKWN

*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal and throttle position sensor 2 signal are converted by ECM internally. Thus, they differ from ECM terminals voltage signal.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

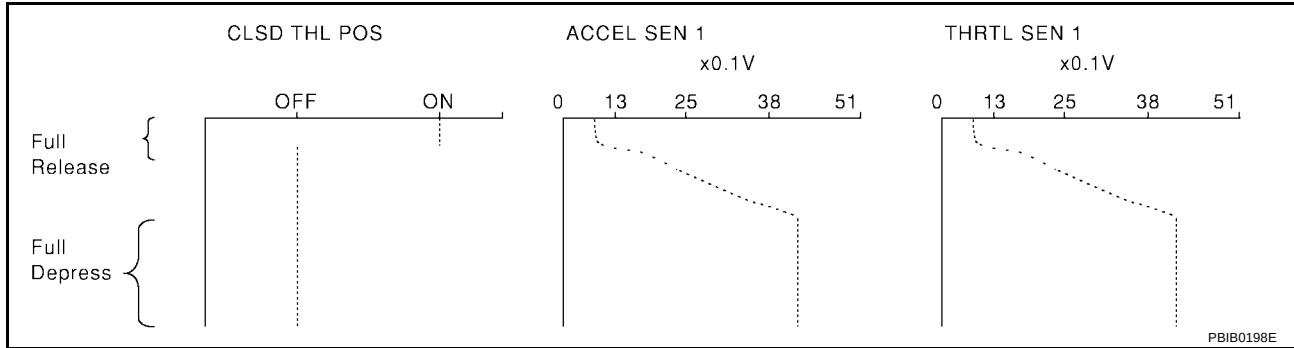
UBS0091Q

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CLSD THL POS, ACCEL SEN 1, THRTL SEN 1

Below is the data for "CLSD THL POS", "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch ON and with selector lever in D position.

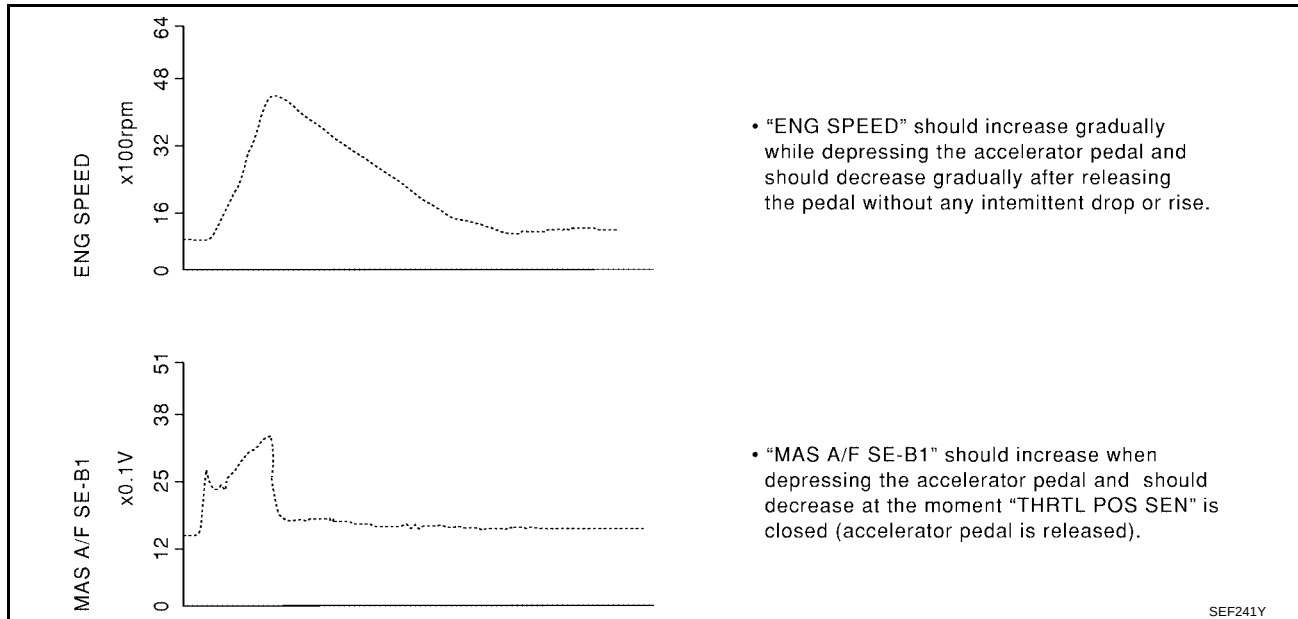
The signal of "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL POS" is changed from ON to OFF.



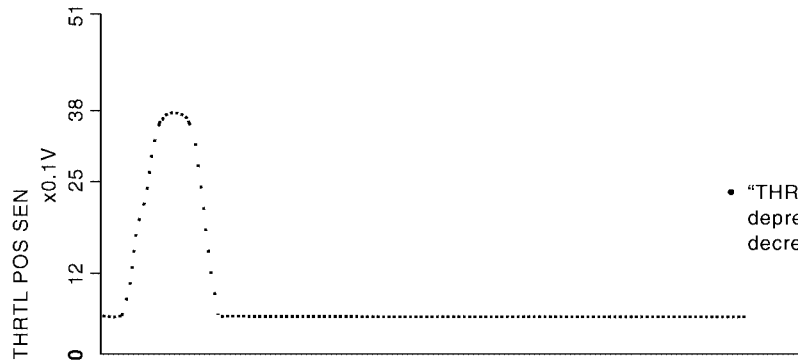
ENG SPEED, MAS A/F SE-B1, THRTL SEN 1, HO2S2 (B1), INJ PULSE-B1

Below is the data for "ENG SPEED", "MAS A/F SE-B1", "THRTL SEN 1", "HO2S2 (B1)" and "INJ PULSE-B1" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine sufficiently.

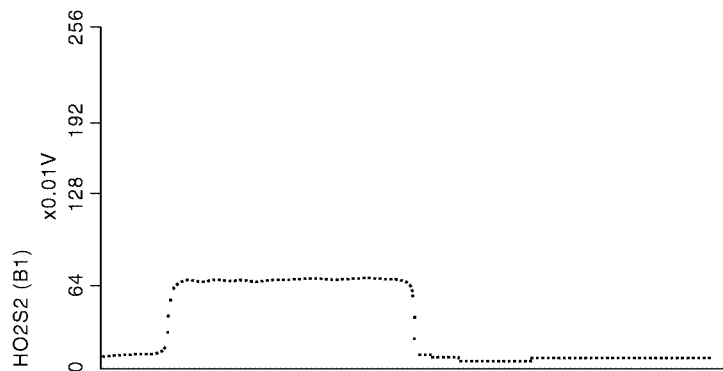
Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.



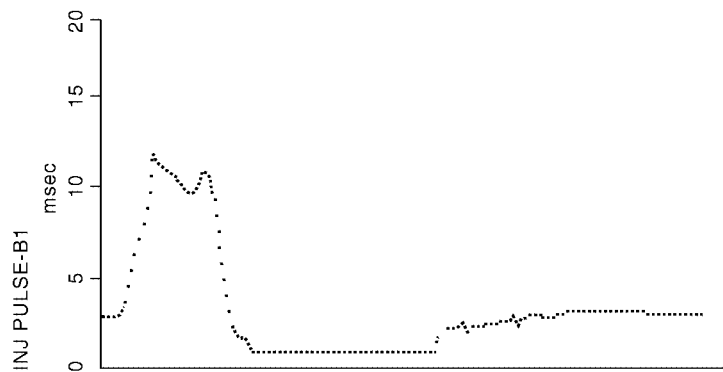
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS



- "THRTL SEN1" should increase while depressing the accelerator pedal and should decrease while releasing it.



- "HO2S2 (B1)" may increase immediately after depressing the accelerator pedal and may decrease after releasing the pedal.



- "INJ PULSE-B1" should increase when depressing the accelerator pedal and should decrease when the pedal is released.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

PFP:00031

Description

UBS0091R

The specification (SP) value indicates the tolerance of the value that is displayed in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode of CONSULT-II during normal operation of the Engine Control System. When the value in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is within the SP value, the Engine Control System is confirmed OK. When the value in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is NOT within the SP value, the Engine Control System may have one or more malfunctions.

The SP value is used to detect malfunctions that may affect the Engine Control System, but will not light the MIL.

The SP value will be displayed for the following three items:

- B/FUEL SCHDL (The fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM prior to any learned on board correction)
- A/F ALPHA-B1/B2 (The mean value of air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle)
- MAS A/F SE-B1 (The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor)

Testing Condition

UBS0091S

- Vehicle driven distance: More than 5,000 km (3,017 miles)
- Barometric pressure: 98.3 - 104.3 kPa (1.003 - 1.064 kg/cm² , 14.25 - 15.12 psi)
- Atmospheric temperature: 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)
- Engine coolant temperature: 75 - 95°C (167 - 203°F)
- Transmission: Warmed-up*¹
- Electrical load: Not applied*²
- Engine speed: Idle

*1: For A/T models, after the engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature, drive vehicle until "FLUID TEMP SE" (A/T fluid temperature sensor signal) indicates more than 60°C (140°F).

For M/T models, after the engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature, drive vehicle for 5 minutes.

*2: Rear window defogger switch, air conditioner switch, lighting switch are OFF. Steering wheel is straight ahead.

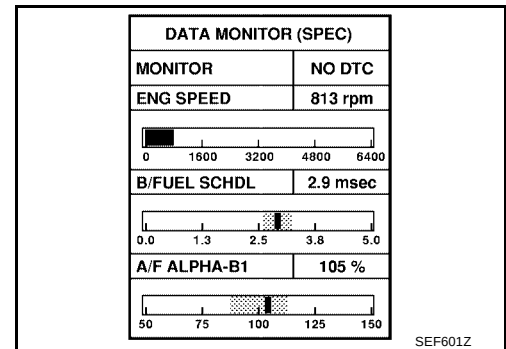
Inspection Procedure

UBS0091T

NOTE:

Perform "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode in maximum scale display.

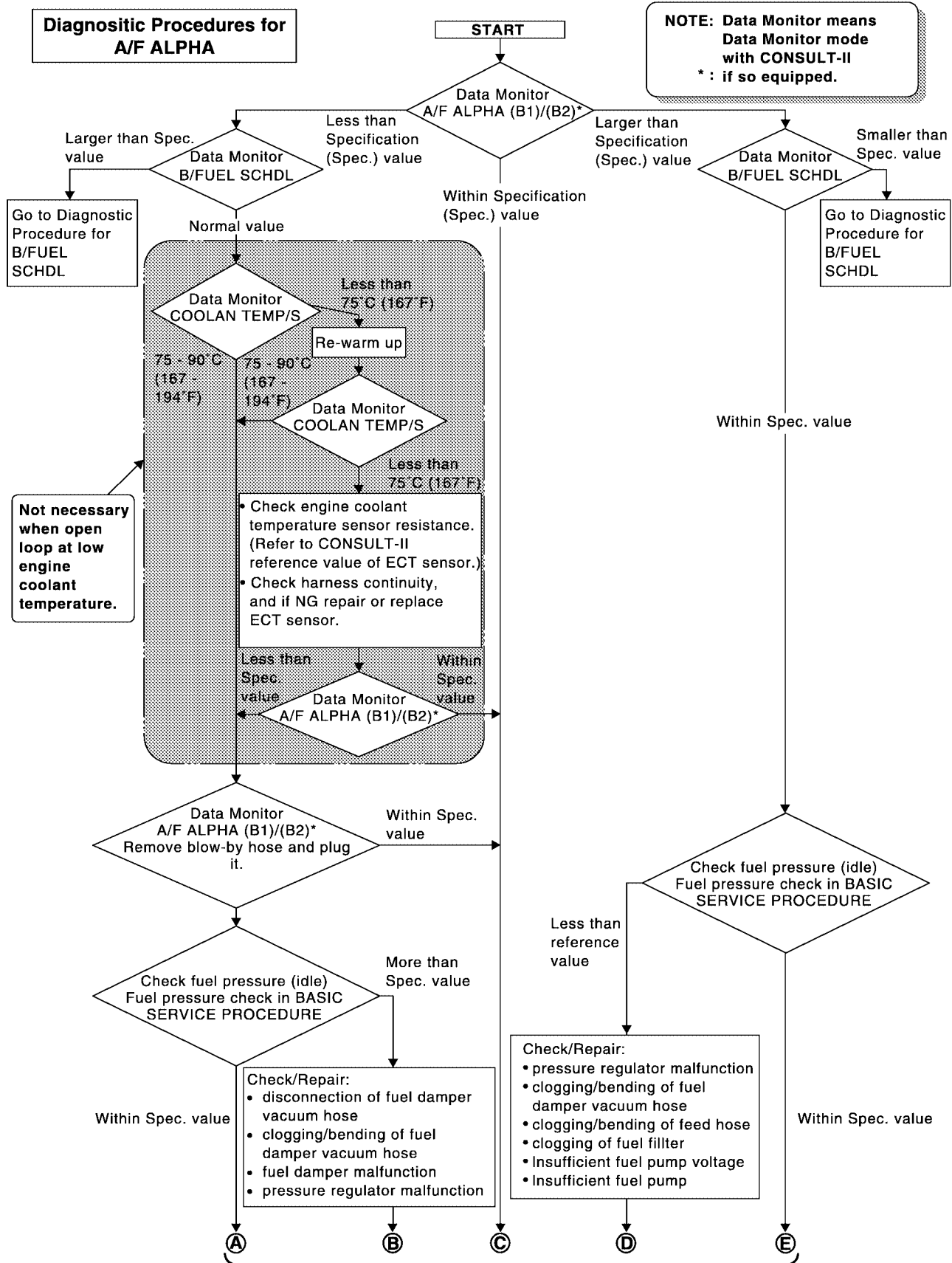
1. Perform [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#) .
2. Confirm that the testing conditions indicated above are met.
3. Select "B/FUEL SCHDL", "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" and "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Make sure that monitor items are within the SP value.
5. If NG, go to [EC-134, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0091U

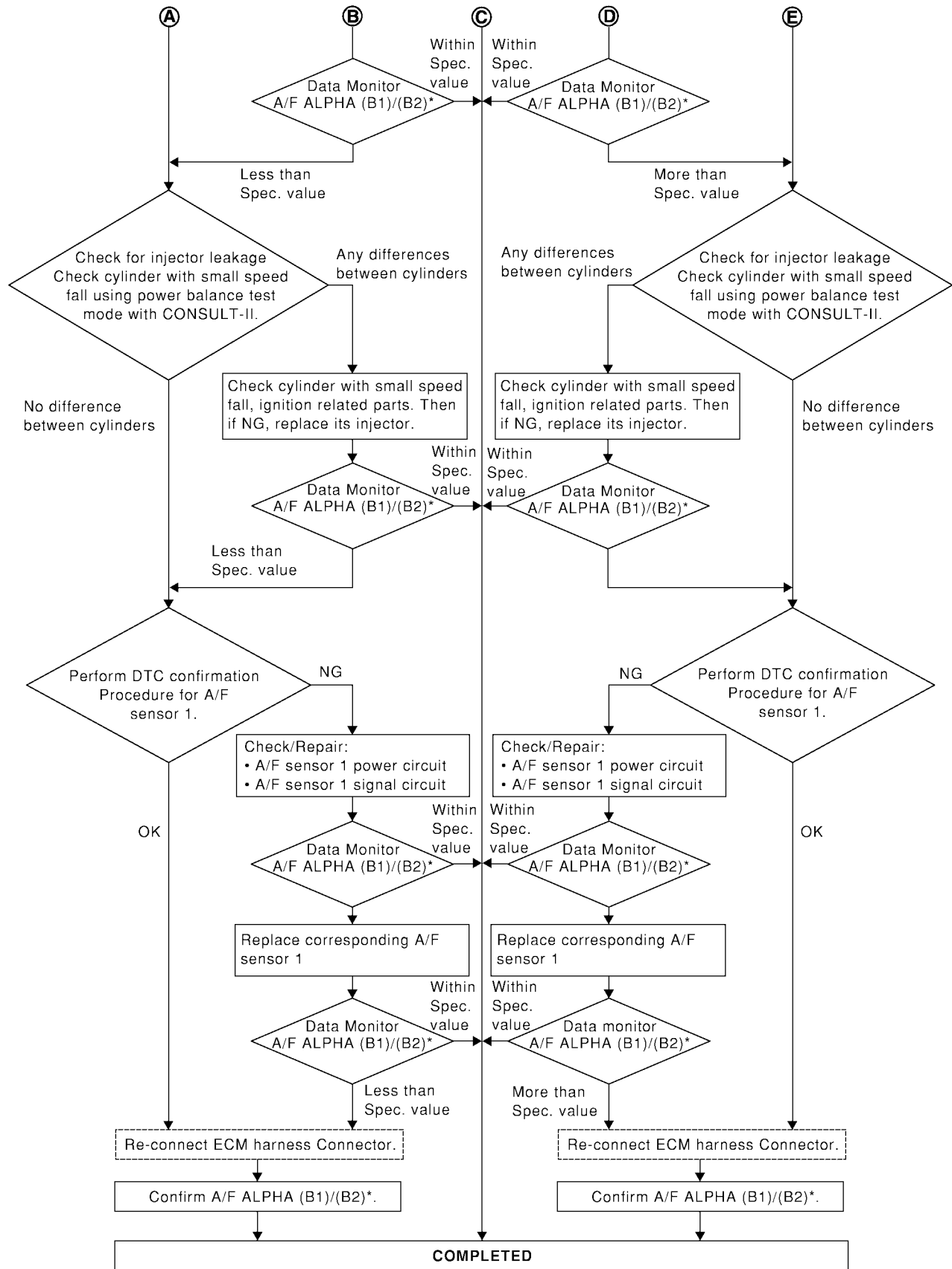


Not necessary when open loop at low engine coolant temperature.

(Go to next page.)

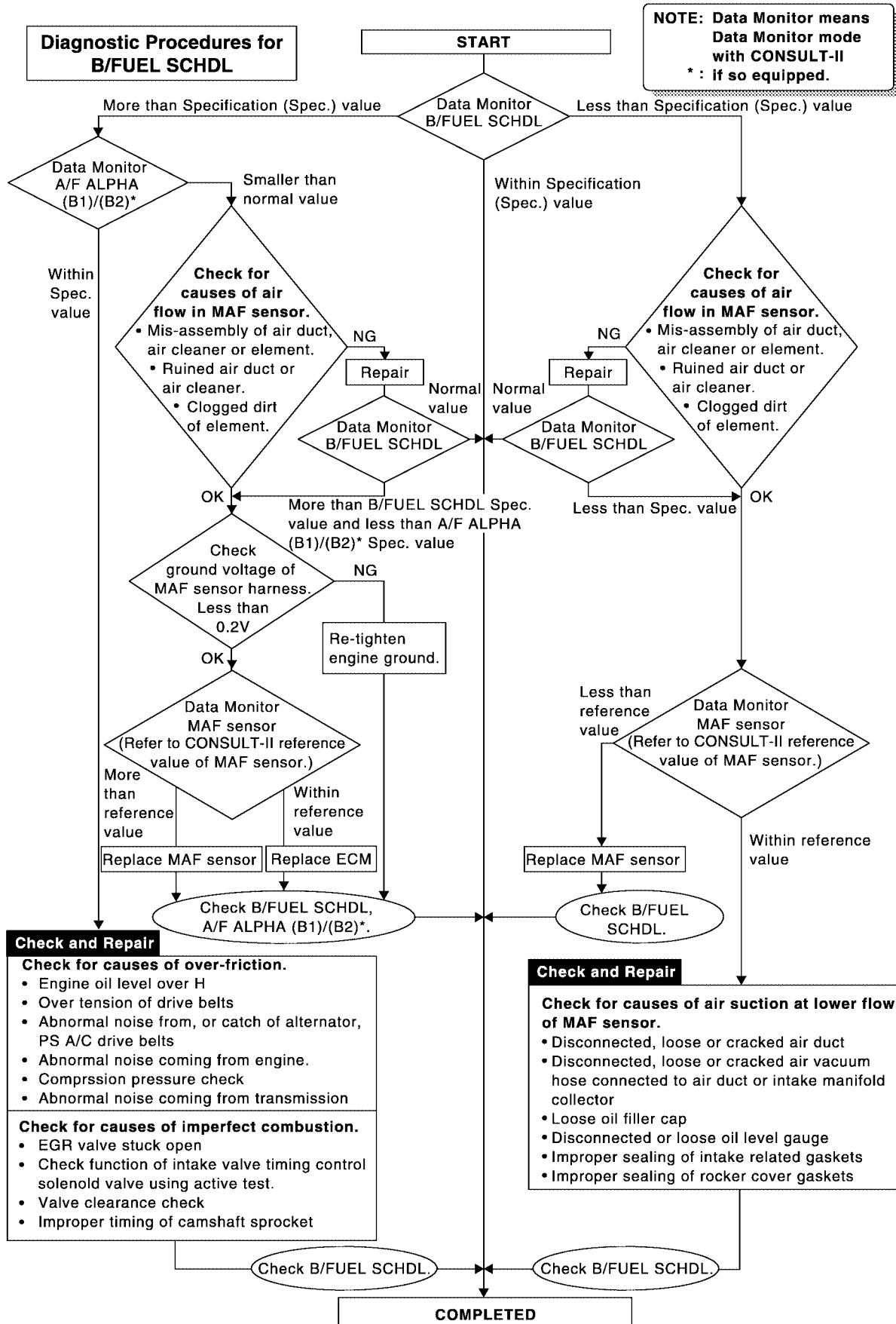
SEF613ZD

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE



SEF614Z

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE



SEF615ZA

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

PFP:00006

Description

UBS0091V

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the malfunction resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on (1st trip) DTC visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific malfunctioning area.

Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
II	The CONSULT-II is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than [0] or [1t].
III	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.
IV	(1st trip) DTC does not appear during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.
VI	The Diagnostic Procedure for PXXXX does not indicate the malfunctioning area.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0091W

1. INSPECTION START

Erase (1st trip) DTCs. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).

>> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK GROUND TERMINALS

Check ground terminals for corroding or loose connection.

Refer to [GI-25, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"](#), "CIRCUIT INSPECTION", "Ground Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

3. SEARCH FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Perform [GI-25, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"](#), "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK CONNECTOR TERMINALS

Refer to [GI-22, "How to Check Terminal"](#), "HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS", "How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal".

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**

NG >> Repair or replace connector.

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

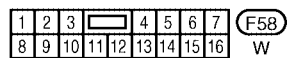
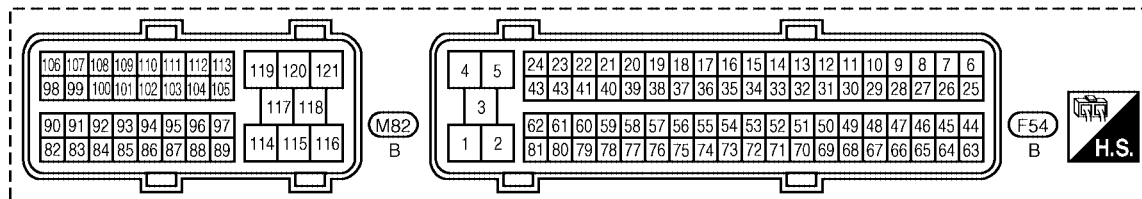
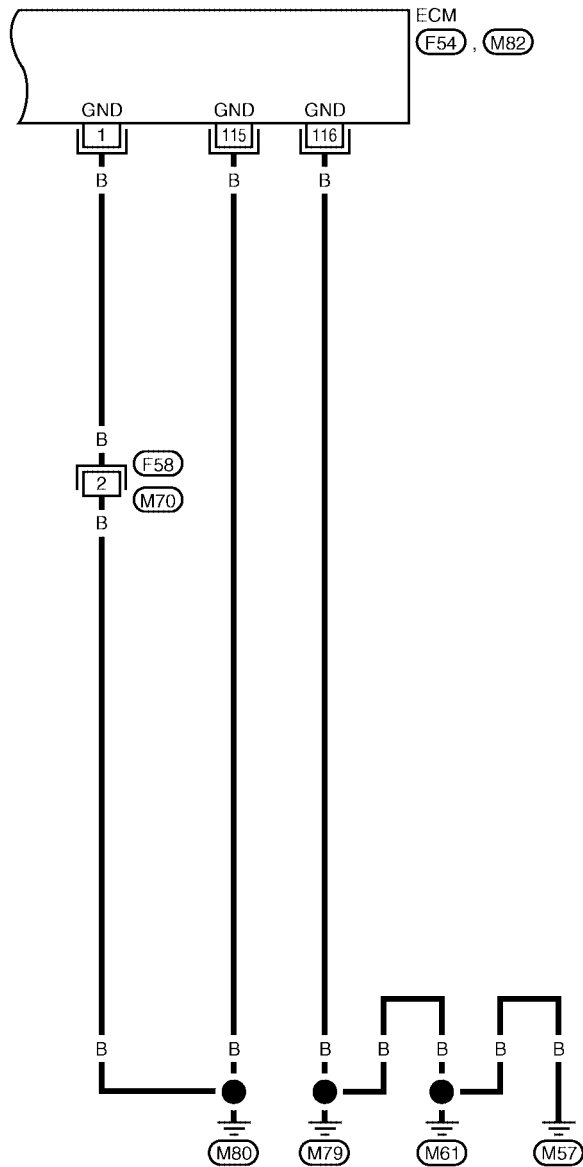
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
109	R/W	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V
			[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM

EC-MAIN-02

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



BBWA0609E

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	B	ECM ground	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Engine ground
115 116	B B	ECM ground	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Engine ground

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0091Y

1. INSPECTION START

Start engine.

Is engine running?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 7.

No >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

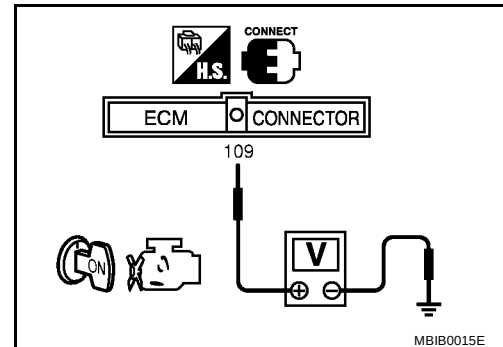
- Turn ignition switch OFF and then ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 109 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM

4. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and engine ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F58, M70
- Harness for open or short between ECM and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

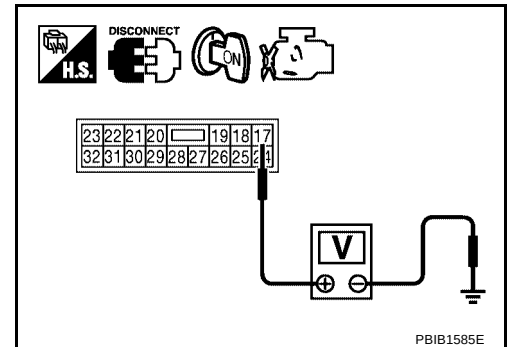
6. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

1. Reconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 17 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> Go to [EC-613, "IGNITION SIGNAL"](#).
NG >> GO TO 7.



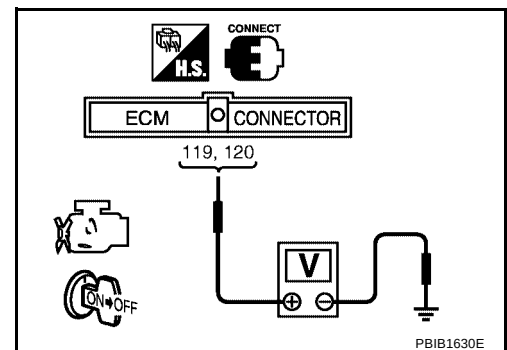
7. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

1. Turn ignition switch ON and then OFF.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: After turning ignition switch "OFF", battery voltage will exist for a few seconds, then drop approximately 0V.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
NG (Battery voltage does not exist.)>>GO TO 8.
NG (Battery voltage exists for more than a few seconds.)>>GO TO 16.



POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM

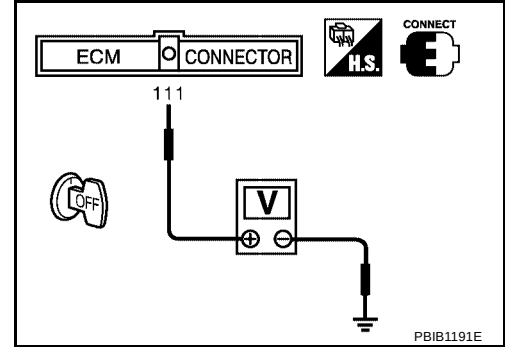
8. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-V

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 111 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> GO TO 11.



9. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-VI

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E122.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 119, 120 and IPDM E/R terminal 18. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 14.
NG >> GO TO 10.

10. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness or connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

11. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-VII

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E121.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 111 and IPDM E/R terminal 46. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
NG >> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness or connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

13. CHECK 15A FUSE

1. Disconnect 15A fuse from IPDM E/R.
2. Check 15A fuse.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 16.
NG	>> Replace 15A fuse.

14. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 16.
NG	>> GO TO 15.

15. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F58, M70
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK	>> Replace IPDM E/R.
NG	>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

PFP:23710

Description

UBS0091Z

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00920

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
U1000*1 1000*1	CAN communication line	● ECM cannot communicate to other control units.	● Harness or connectors (CAN communication line is open or shorted)
U1001*2 1001*2		● ECM cannot communicate for more than the specified time.	

*1: This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

*2: The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00921

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 3 seconds.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-147, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

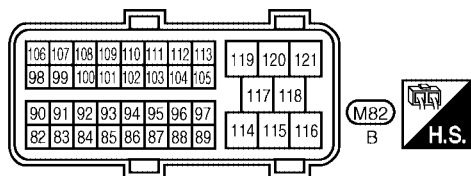
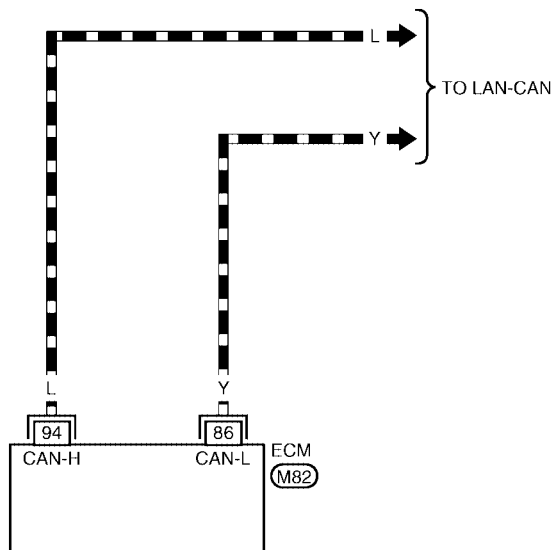
DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

Wiring Diagram

UBS00922

EC-CAN-01

- : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- : DATA LINE



BBWA0610E

DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00923

1. INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "CAN DIAG SUPPORT MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Print out the CONSULT-II screen.

>> Go to [LAN-6, "PRECAUTIONS"](#) .

A

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C

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L

M

DTC P0011, P0021 IVT CONTROL

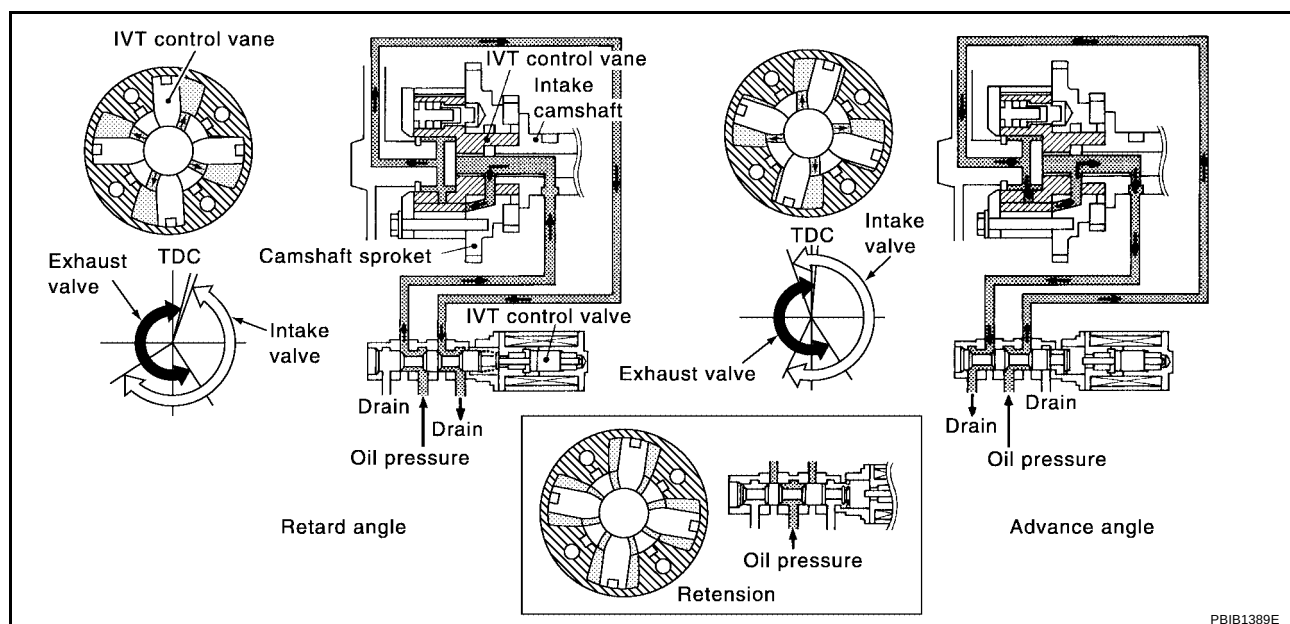
DTC P0011, P0021 IVT CONTROL

PFP:23796

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00924

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed and piston position	Intake valve timing control	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed		



PBIB1389E

This mechanism hydraulically controls cam phases continuously with the fixed operating angle of the intake valve.

The ECM receives signals such as crankshaft position, camshaft position, engine speed, and engine coolant temperature. Then, the ECM sends ON/OFF pulse duty signals to the intake valve timing control solenoid valve depending on driving status. This makes it possible to control the shut/open timing of the intake valve to increase engine torque in low/mid speed range and output in high-speed range.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00925

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
INT/V TIM (B1) INT/V TIM (B2)	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	-5° - 5°CA
		2,000 rpm	Approx. 0° - 30°CA
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	0% - 2%
		2,000 rpm	Approx. 0% - 50%

DTC P0011, P0021 IVT CONTROL

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00926

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	Detecting condition	Possible cause
P0011 0011 (Bank 1)	Intake valve timing control performance	There is a gap between angle of target and phase-control angle degree.	● Crankshaft position sensor (POS) ● Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) ● Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft
P0021 0021 (Bank 2)			

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Intake valve timing control	The signal is not energized to the solenoid valve and the valve control does not function.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00927

CAUTION:

Always drive at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If DTC P0011 or P0021 is displayed with DTC P1111 or P1136, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1111 or P1136. Refer to [EC-396, "DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE"](#).
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10V and 16V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 6 consecutive seconds.
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

ENG SPEED	1,200 - 2,000 rpm (A constant rotation is maintained.)
COOLANT TEMPS	60 - 120°C (140 - 248°F)
Selector lever	P or N position

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
COOLANTENP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
INT/V TIM (B1)	XXX °CA
INT/V TIM (B2)	XXX °CA
INT/V SOL (B1)	XXX %
INT/V SOL (B2)	XXX %

SEF353Z

4. Let engine idle for 10 seconds.
5. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-150, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If the 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.
6. Maintain the following conditions for at least 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,700 - 3,175 rpm (A constant rotation is maintained.)
COOLANT TEMPS	70 - 105°C (158 - 221°F)
Selector lever	1st or 2nd position
Driving location uphill	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.)

7. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-150, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to [EC-269, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).

2. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to [EC-277, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

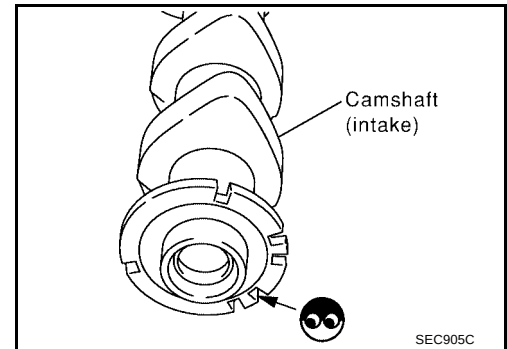
3. CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE)

Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft.



4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

For wiring diagram, refer to [EC-265](#) for CKP sensor (POS) and [EC-271](#) for CMP sensor (PHASE).

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

PFP:226A0

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00929

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		

The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater corresponding to the engine speed, amount of intake air and engine coolant temperature.

OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
Above 3,600	OFF
Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. - Engine: After warming up - Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	ON

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0092A

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	OFF
	- Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. - Engine: After warming up - Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0092B

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0037 0037 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control circuit low	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.)	- Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is open or shorted.) - Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater
P0057 0057 (Bank 2)			
P0038 0038 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control circuit high	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.)	- Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is shorted.) - Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater
P0058 0058 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start the engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 rpm and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-157, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

SEF176Y

WITH GST

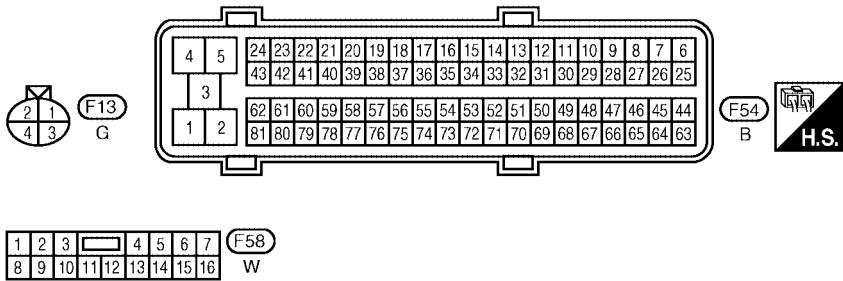
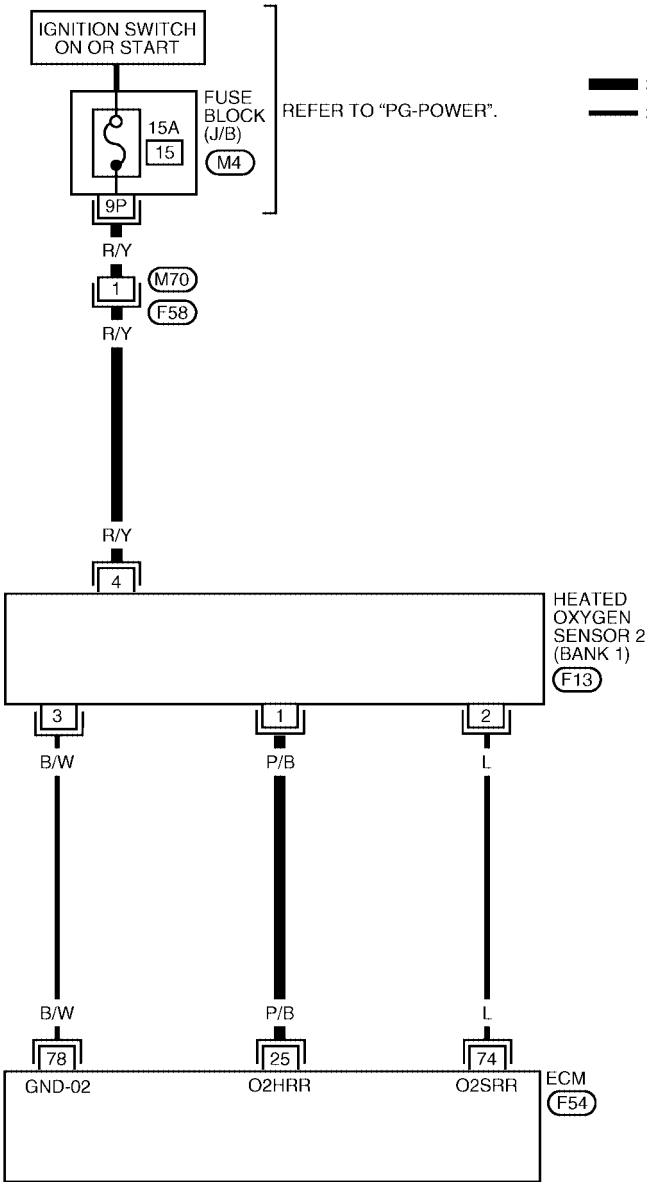
1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
 3. Start the engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 rpm and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
 6. Start the engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 rpm and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
 7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
 8. Select MODE 3 with GST.
 9. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-157, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .
- When using GST, DTC Confirmation Procedure should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS0092D

EC-O2H2B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

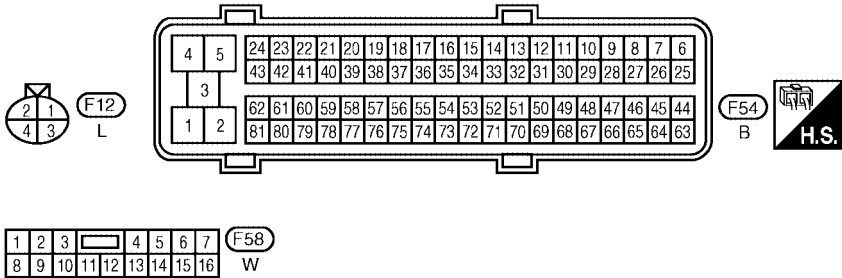
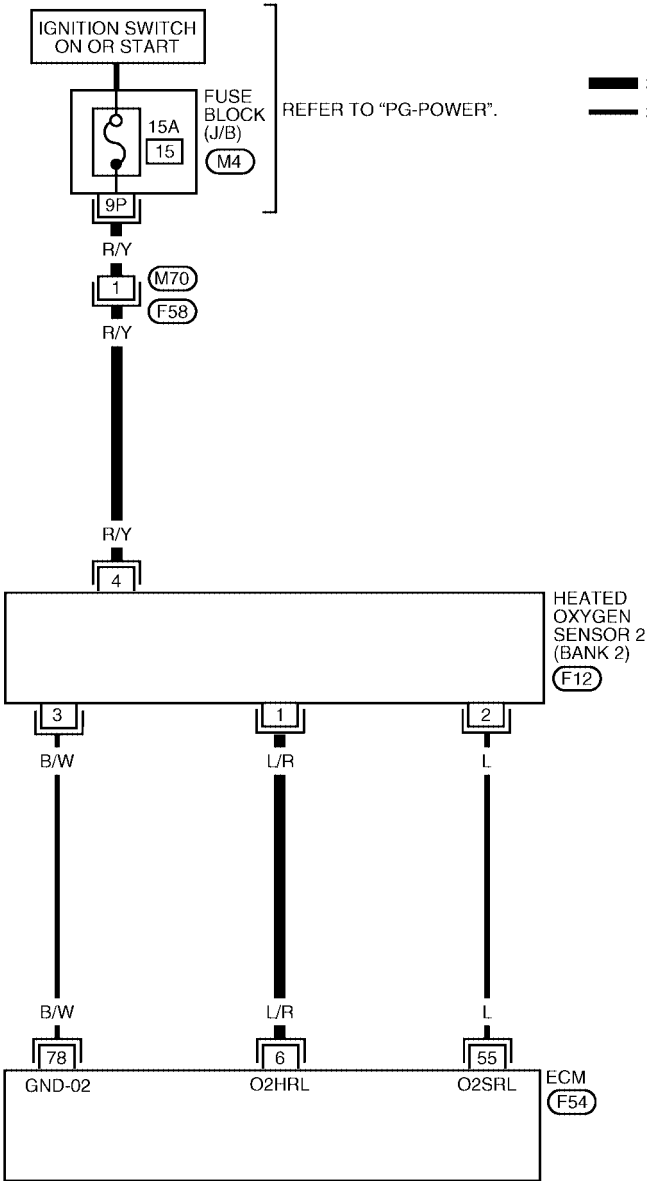
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	P/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. – Engine: after warming up – Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped [Engine is running] ● Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

BANK 2

EC-O2H2B2-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
6	L/R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. – Engine: after warming up – Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped [Engine is running] ● Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

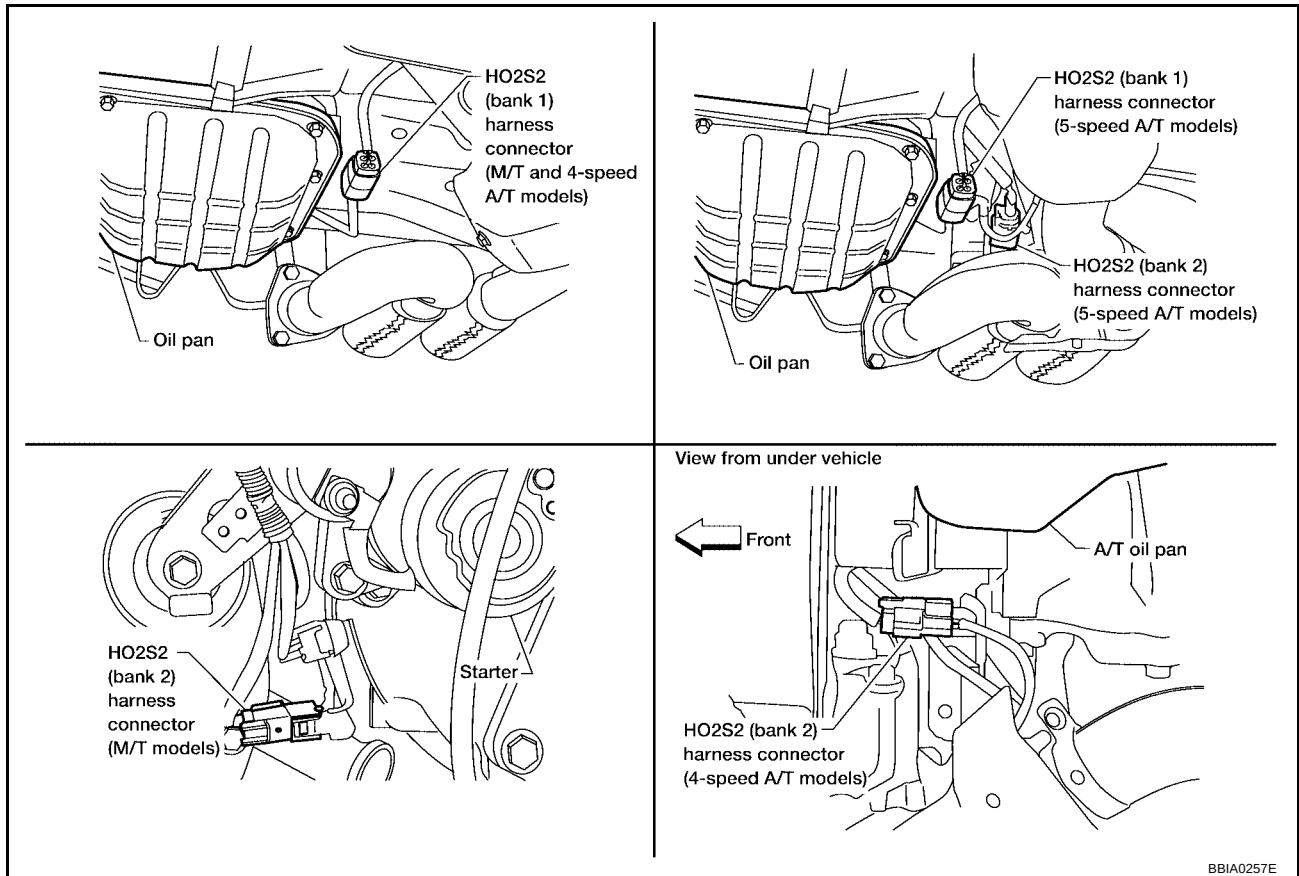
DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

UBS0092E

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK HO2S2 HEATER POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.

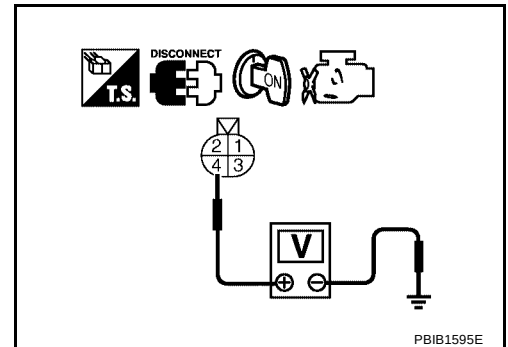


3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between heated oxygen sensor 2 and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

3. CHECK HO2S2 HEATER OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P0037, P0038	25	1	1
P0057, P0058	6	1	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

Refer to [EC-158, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

UBS0092F

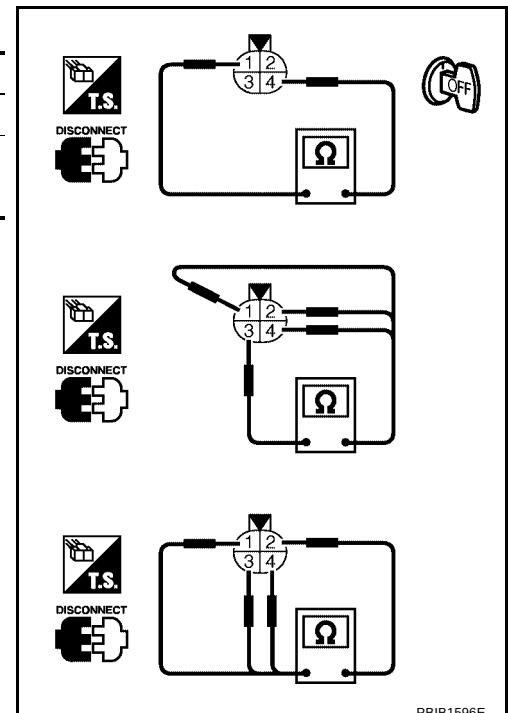
1. Check resistance between HO2S2 terminals as follows.

Terminal No.	Resistance
1 and 4	5.0 - 7.0 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
2 and 1, 3, 4	$\infty \Omega$ (Continuity should not exist)
3 and 1, 2, 4	

2. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



PBIB1596E

Removal and Installation
HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS0092G

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

EC

- A
- C
- D
- E
- F
- G
- H
- I
- J
- K
- L
- M

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

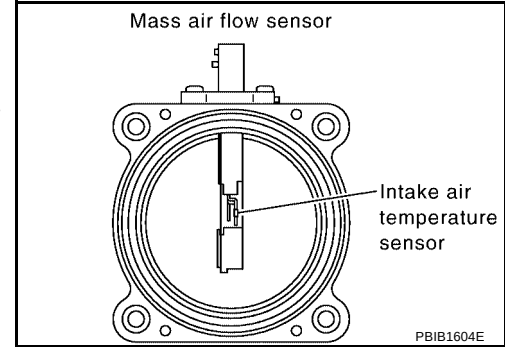
DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

PFP:22680

Component Description

UBS0092H

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot film is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss. Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot film as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0092I

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAS A/F SE-B1	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● No load	Idle	Approx. 1.1 - 1.5V
		2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.6 - 2.4V
CAL/LD VALUE	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	5% - 35%
		2,500 rpm	5% - 35%
MASS AIRFLOW	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g·m/s
		2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g·m/s

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0092J

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P0101 0101	Mass air flow sensor circuit range/performance problem	A)	A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Mass air flow sensor
		B)	A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Intake air leaks ● Mass air flow sensor

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

UBS0092K

DTC Confirmation Procedure

Perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A** first.

If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B**.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (Ignition switch ON) instead of running engine at idle speed.

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
5. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-164, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

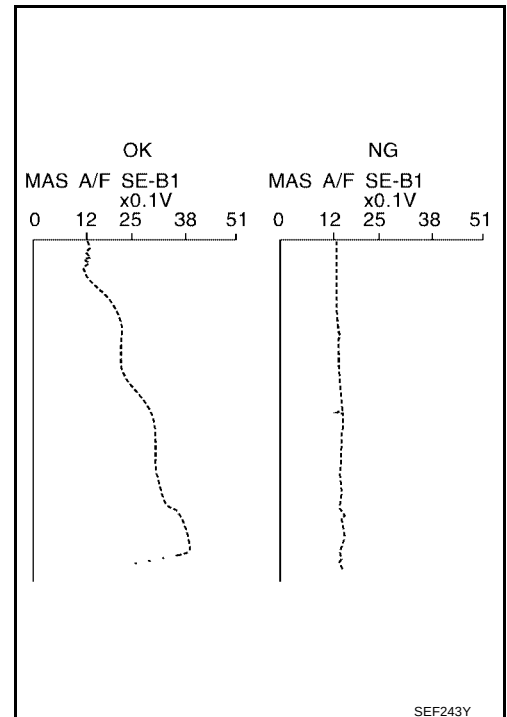
PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
If engine cannot be started, go to [EC-164, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Check the voltage of "MAS A/F SE-B1" with "DATA MONITOR".
5. Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
6. Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.
If NG, go to [EC-164, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .
If OK, go to following step.



DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

7. Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 2,000 rpm
THRTL SEN 1	More than 3V
THRTL SEN 2	More than 3V
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-164, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
THRTL SEN 1	XXX V
THRTL SEN 2	XXX V

PBIB0199E

UBS0092L

Overall Function Check PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

With GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select MODE 1 with GST.
3. Check the mass air flow sensor signal with MODE 1.
4. Check for linear mass air flow sensor signal value rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
5. If NG, go to [EC-164, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

CALC LOAD	20%
COOLANT TEMP	95°C
SHORT FT #1	2%
LONG FT #1	0%
SHORT FT #2	4%
LONG FT #2	0%
ENGINE SPD	2637RPM
VEHICLE SPD	0MPH
IGN ADVANCE	41.0°
INTAKE AIR	41°C
MAF	14.1gm/sec
THROTTLE POS	3%

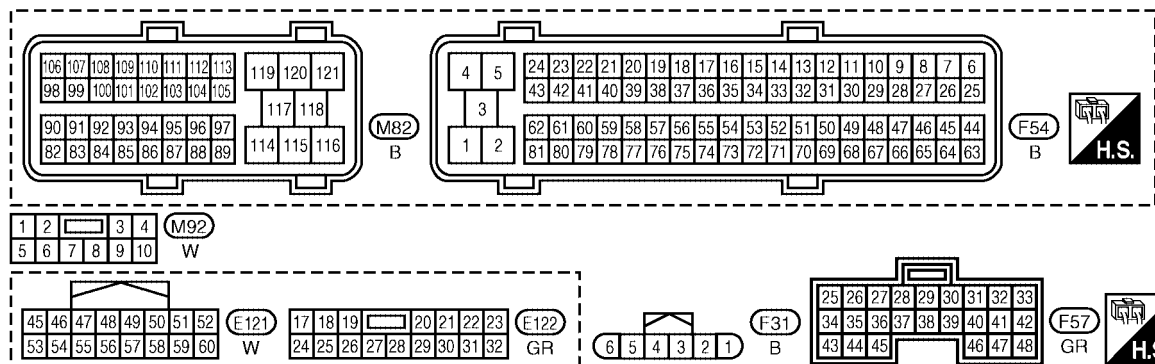
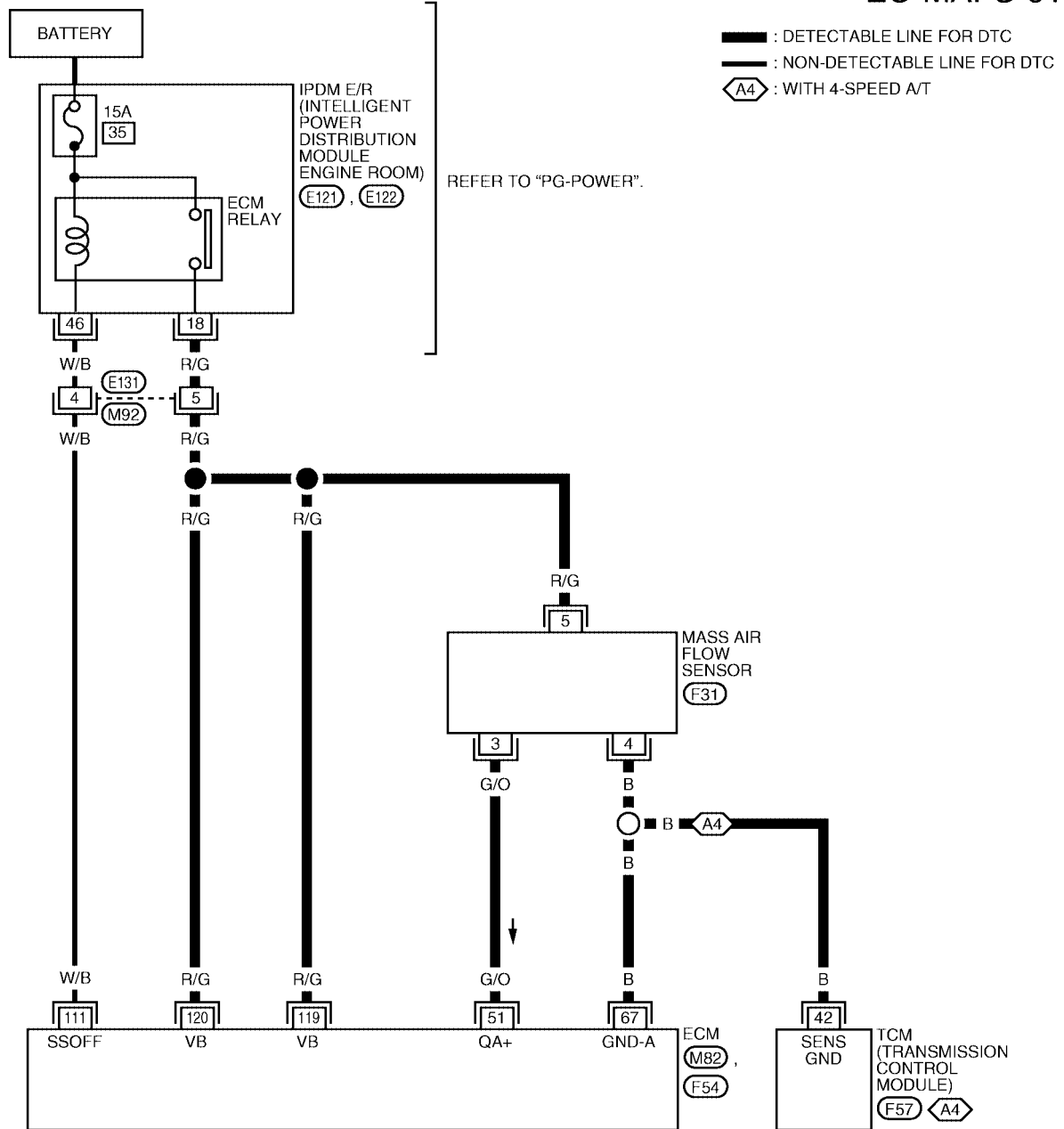
SEF534P

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS0092M

EC-MAFS-01



BBWA0619E

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
51	G/O	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	1.1 - 1.5V
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.7 - 2.4V
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0092N

1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (A or B) is duplicated?

A or B

- A >> GO TO 3.
- B >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

OK or NG

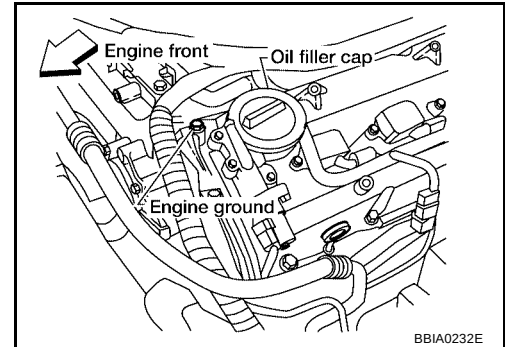
- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Reconnect the parts.

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

3. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

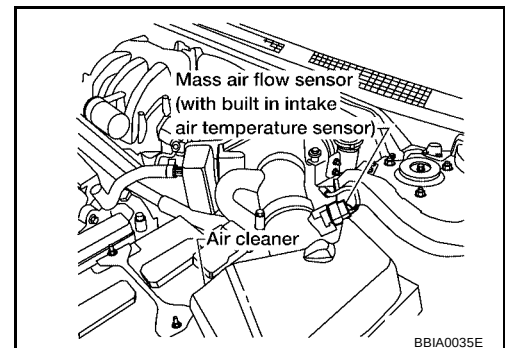
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 4.



4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

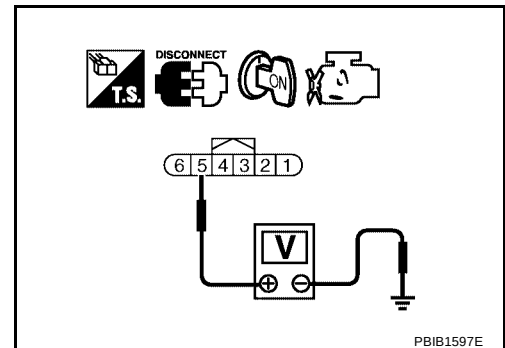


3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and TCM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 51.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to [EC-167, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> **INSPECTION END**

DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

UBS0092O

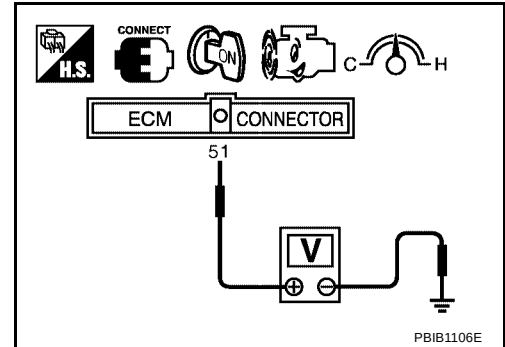
Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.1 - 1.5
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.4
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.1 - 1.5 to Approx. 2.4

*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
 - Turn ignition switch OFF.
 - Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
 - Perform steps 2 and 3 again.
5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.
6. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.



Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

UBS0092P

Refer to [EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"](#) .

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

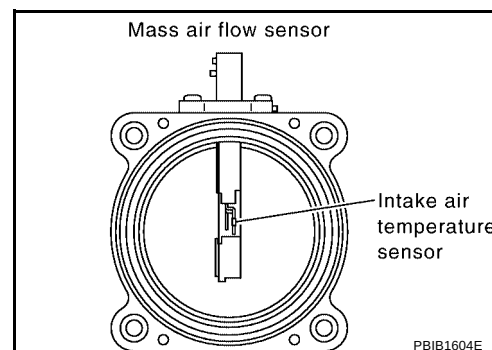
DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

PFP:22680

Component Description

UBS0092Q

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot film is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss. Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot film as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0092R

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAS A/F SE-B1	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● No load	Idle	Approx. 1.1 - 1.5V
		2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.6 - 2.4V
CAL/LD VALUE	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	5% - 35%
		2,500 rpm	5% - 35%
MASS AIRFLOW	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g·m/s
		2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g·m/s

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0092S

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0102 0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Intake air leaks ● Mass air flow sensor
P0103 0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Mass air flow sensor

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

UBS0092T

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0102

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-171, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0103

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-171, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .
If DTC is not detected, go to next step.
5. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
6. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-171, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

With GST

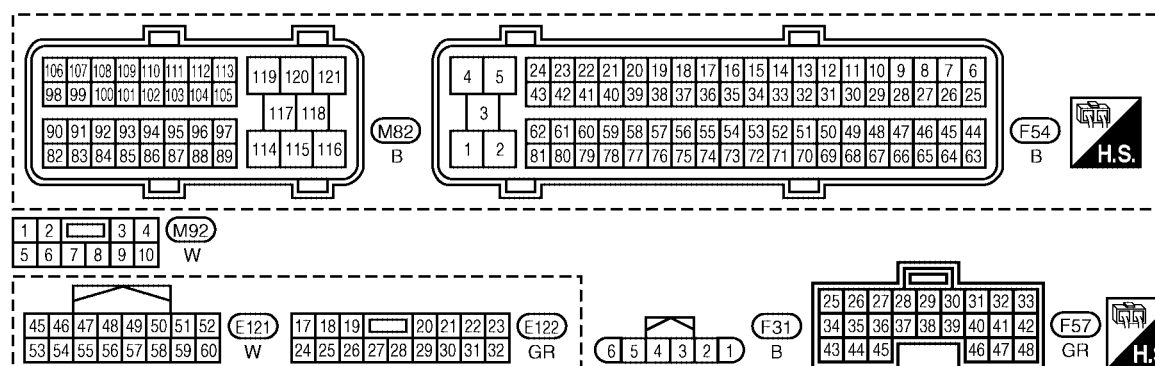
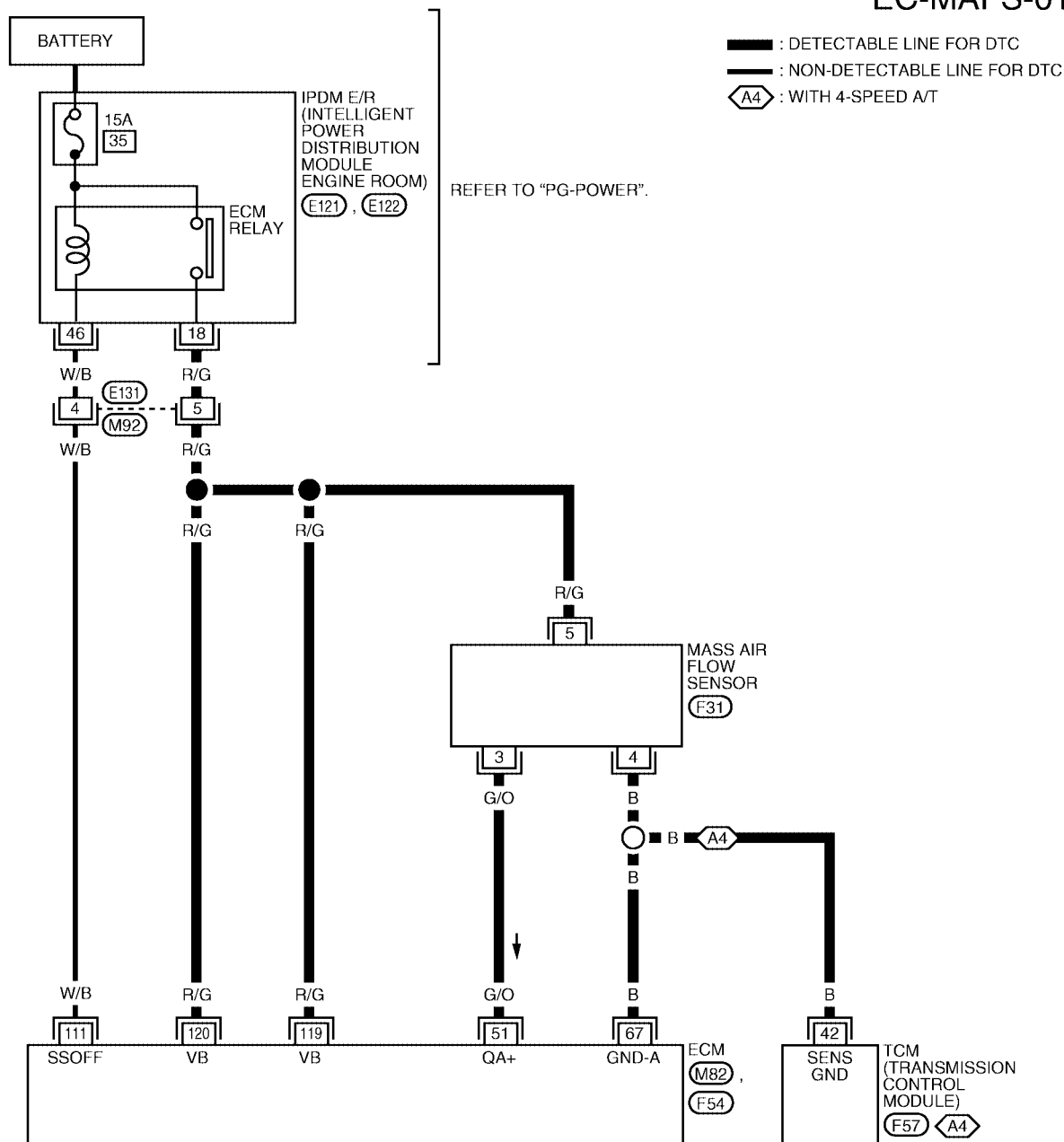
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS0092U

EC-MAFS-01



BBWA0619E

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
51	G/O	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	1.1 - 1.5V
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.7 - 2.4V
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0092V

1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (A or B) is duplicated?

A or B

- A >> GO TO 3.
- B >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

OK or NG

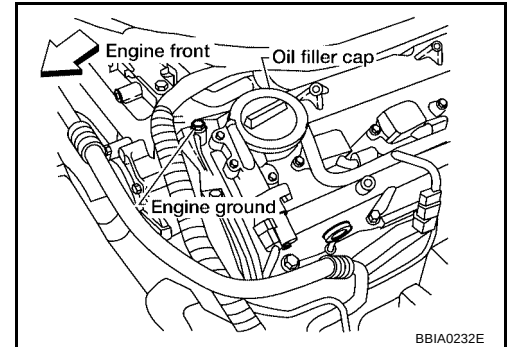
- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Reconnect the parts.

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

3. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

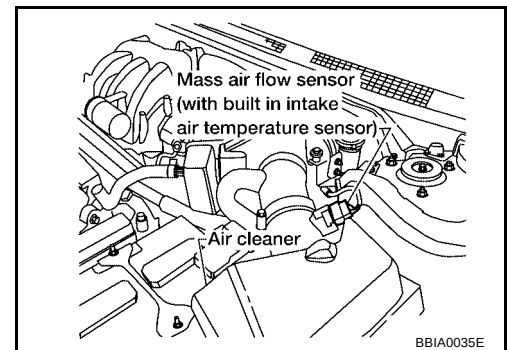
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 4.



4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

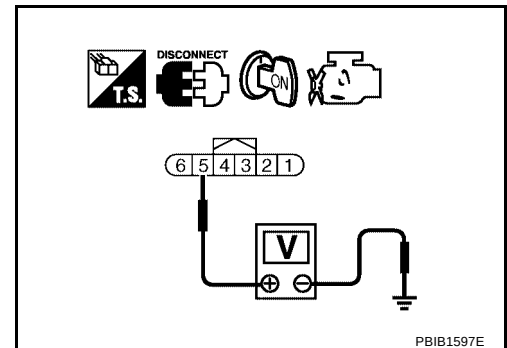


3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and TCM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 51.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to [EC-174, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

UBS0092W

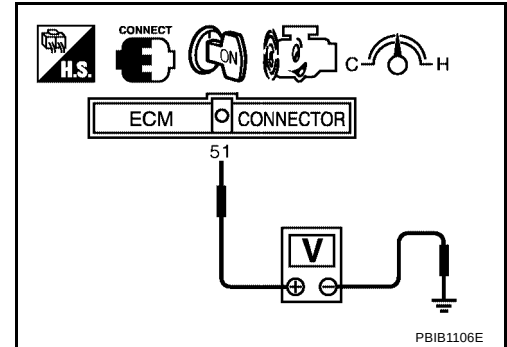
Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.1 - 1.5
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.4
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.1 - 1.5 to Approx. 2.4

*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
 - Turn ignition switch OFF.
 - Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
 - Perform steps 2 and 3 again.
5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.
6. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.



Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

UBS0092X

Refer to [EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"](#) .

DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

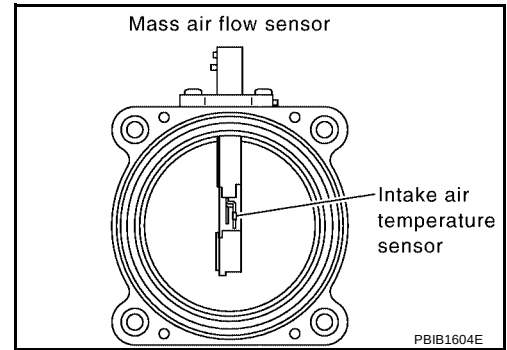
PFP:22630

Component Description

UBS0092Y

The intake air temperature sensor is built-into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.



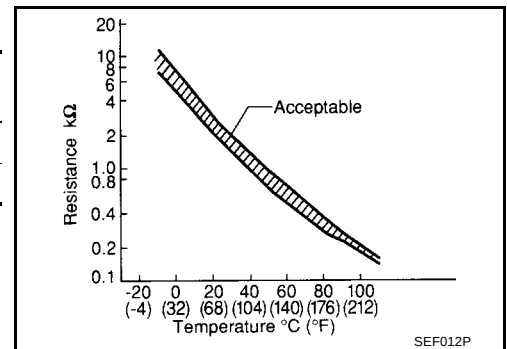
<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	3.32	1.94 - 2.06
80 (176)	1.23	0.295 - 0.349

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0092Z

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0112 0112	Intake air temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Intake air temperature sensor
P0113 0113	Intake air temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00930

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-177, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

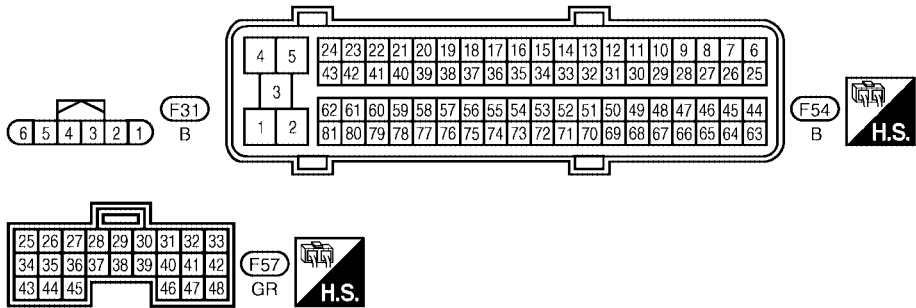
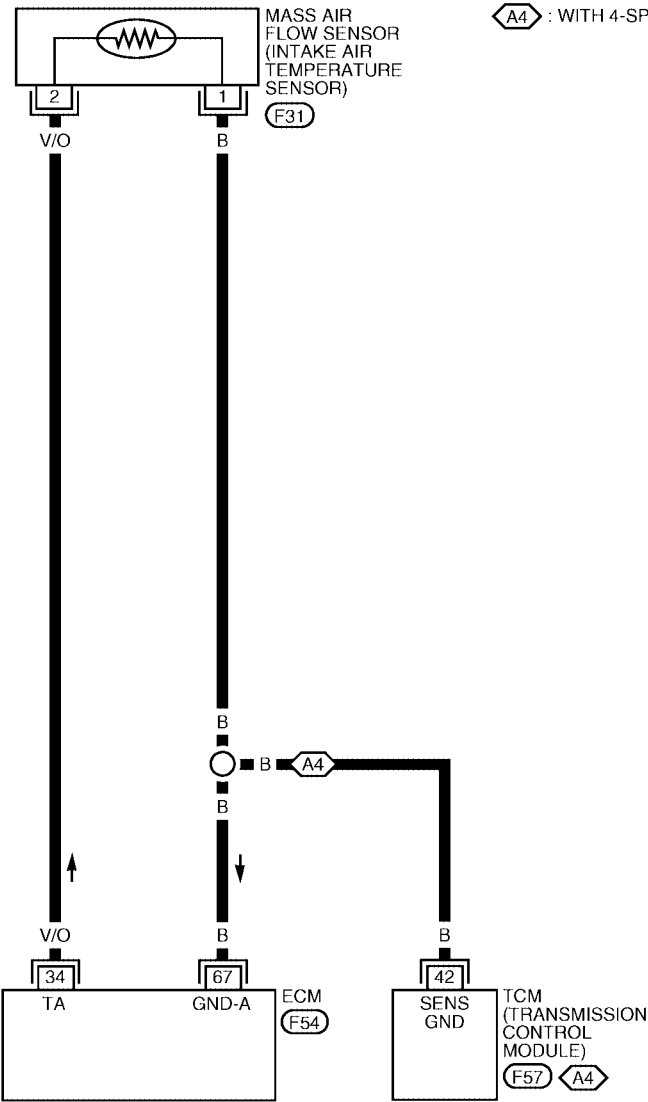
DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS00931

EC-IATS-01

- : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- A4 : WITH 4-SPEED A/T



BBWA0620E

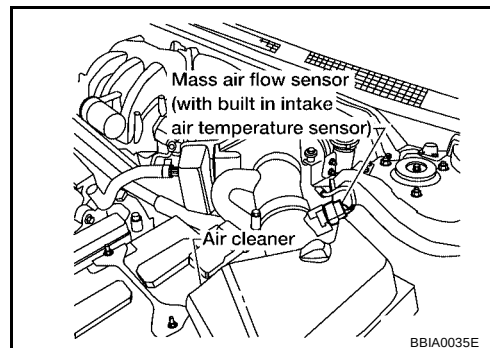
DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00932

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor (intake air temperature sensor is built-into) harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

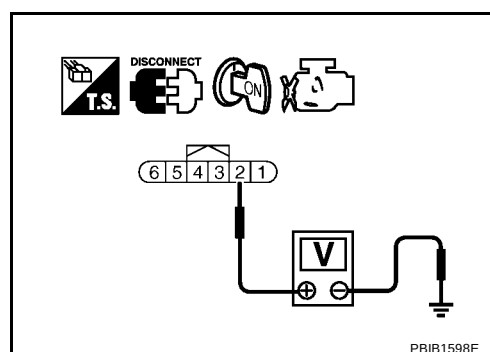


4. Check voltage between mass air flow sensor terminal 2 and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Repair harness or connectors.



2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between mass air flow sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between intake air temperature sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between intake air temperature sensor and TCM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-178, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

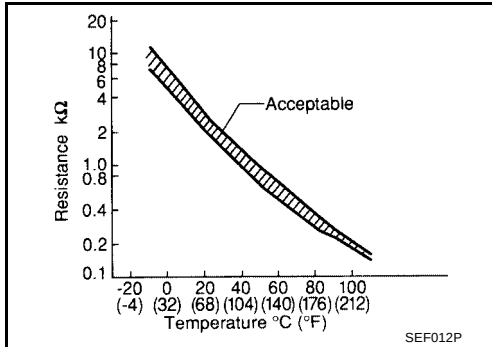
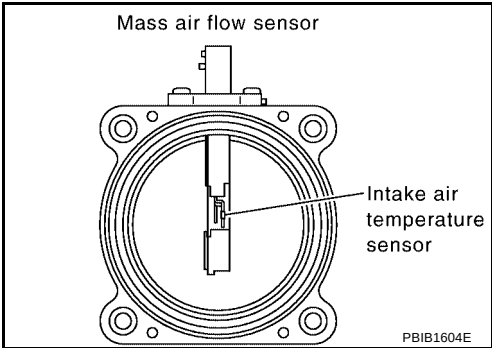
Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS00933

1. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.94 - 2.06

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

UBS00934

Refer to [EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"](#) .

DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

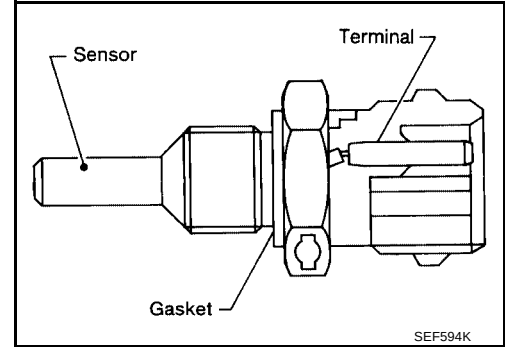
DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

PFP:22630

Component Description

UBS00935

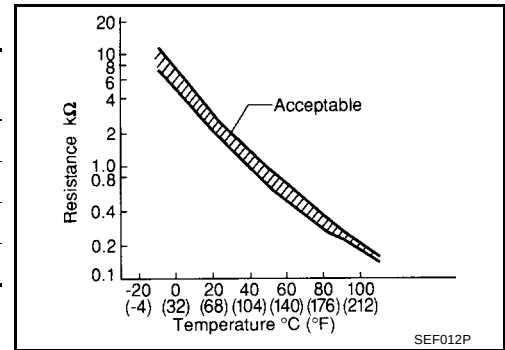
The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00936

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P0117 0117	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Engine coolant temperature sensor
P0118 0118	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch ON or START. CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.	
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)
	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)
	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)
When the fail-safe system for engine coolant temperature sensor is activated, the cooling fan operates while engine is running.		

DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

UBS00937

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-182, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

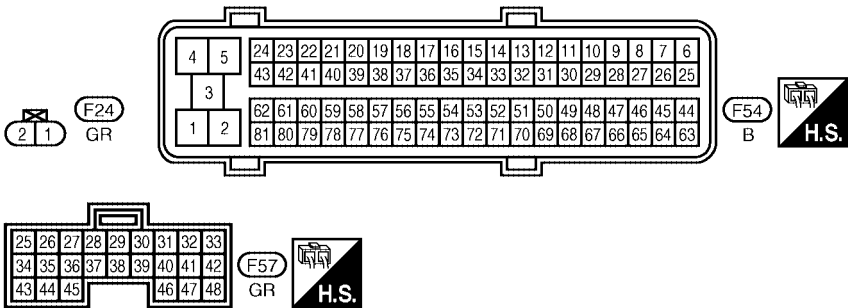
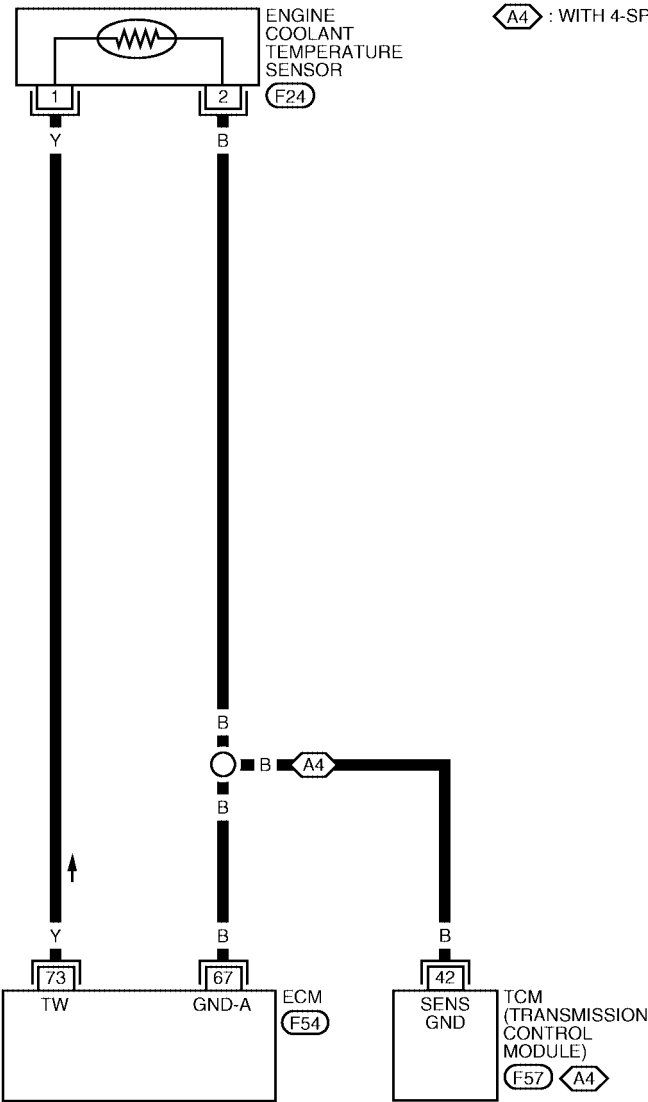
DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS00938

EC-ECTS-01

- : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- A4 : WITH 4-SPEED A/T



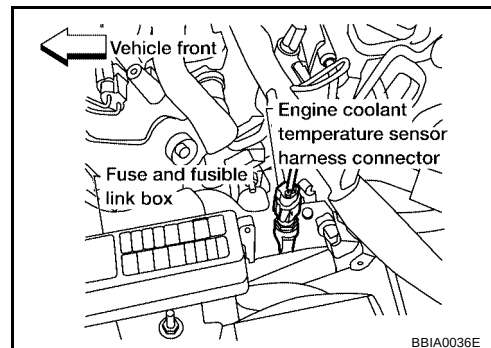
DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

UBS00939

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ECT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

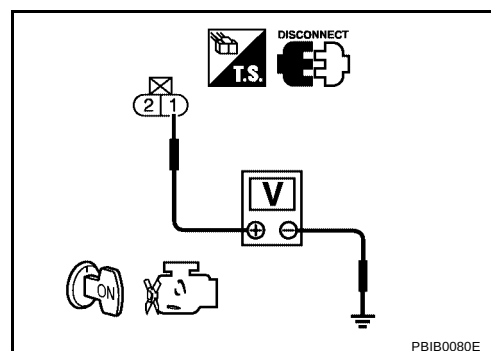


4. Check voltage between ECT sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



2. CHECK ECT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connectors.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connectors.
4. Check harness continuity between ECT sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> GO TO 3.

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open and short between ECT sensor and ECM
- Harness for open and short between ECT sensor and TCM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-183, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

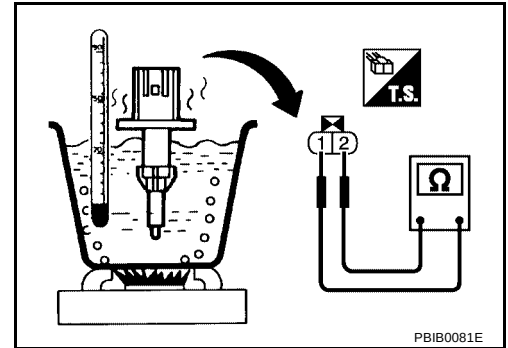
Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS0093A

1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.

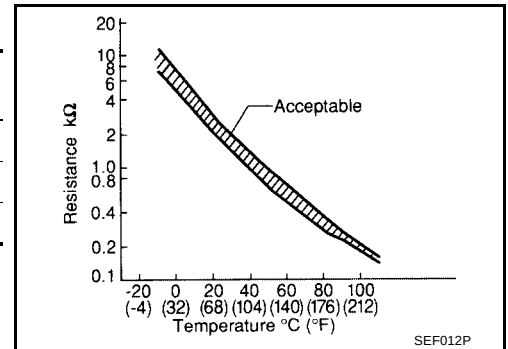


<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



UBS0093B

Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [CO-22, "THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING"](#) .

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

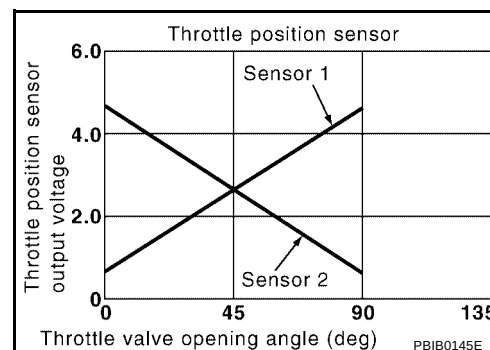
PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS0093C

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0093D

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0093E

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0122 0122	Throttle position sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The TP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 2)
P0123 0123	Throttle position sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0093F

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-187, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

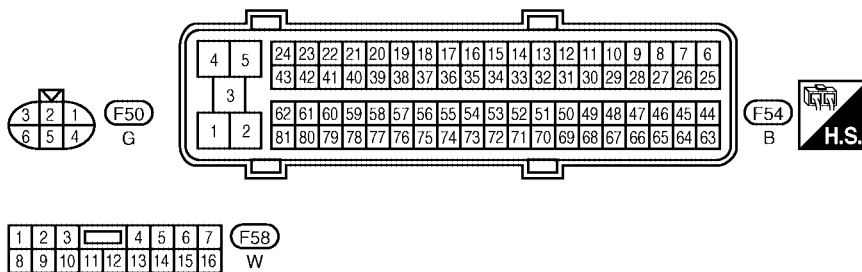
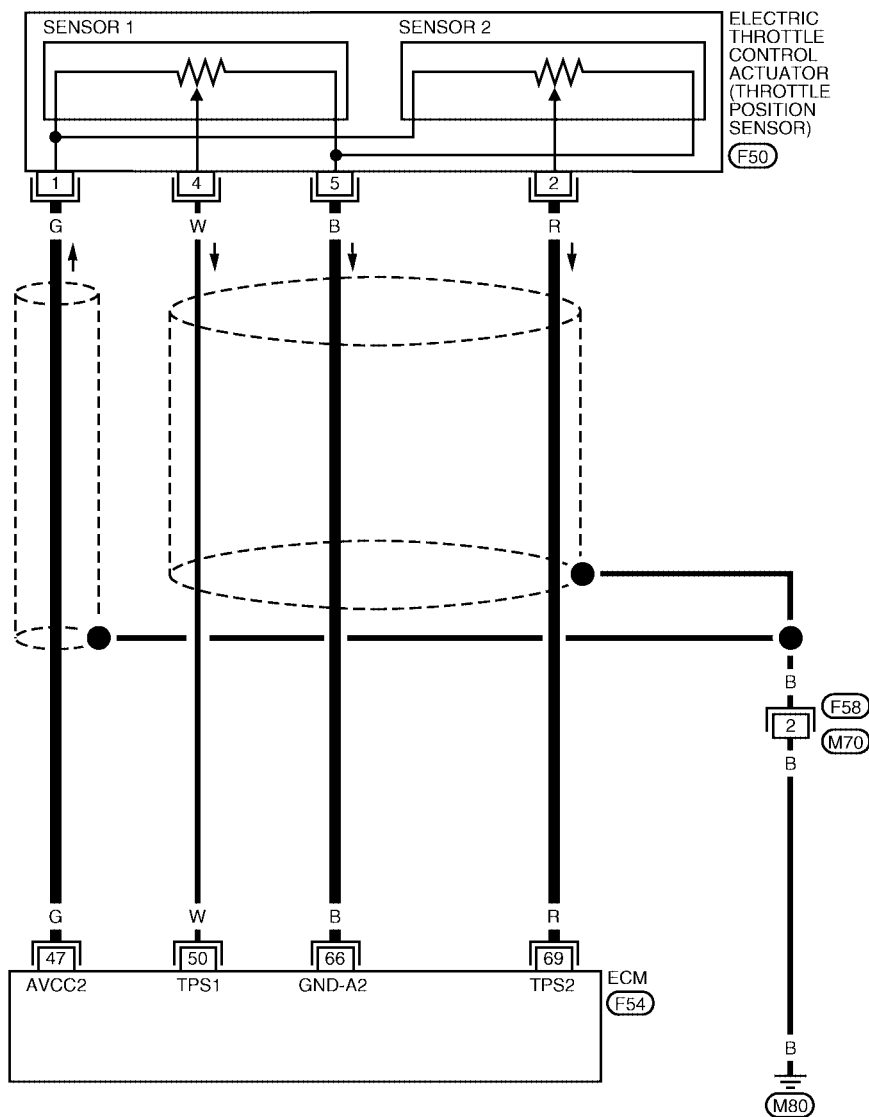
DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS0093G

EC-TPS2-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



BBWA0644E

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	G	Throttle position sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50	W	Throttle position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] - Engine stopped - Shift lever: D (A/T), 1ST (M/T) - Accelerator pedal fully released	More than 0.36V
			[Ignition switch: ON] - Engine stopped - Shift lever: D (A/T), 1ST (M/T) - Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
66	B	Throttle position sensor ground	[Engine is running] - Warm-up condition - Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69	R	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] - Engine stopped - Shift lever: D (A/T), 1ST (M/T) - Accelerator pedal fully released	Less than 4.75V
			[Ignition switch: ON] - Engine stopped - Shift lever: D (A/T), 1ST (M/T) - Accelerator pedal fully depressed	More than 0.36V

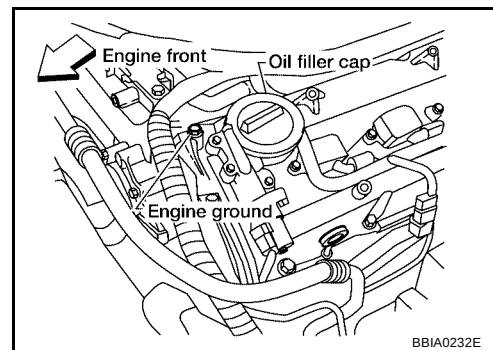
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0093H

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

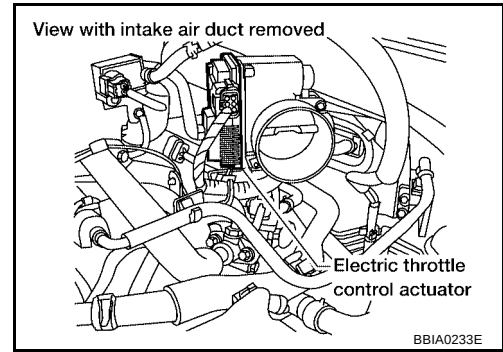
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

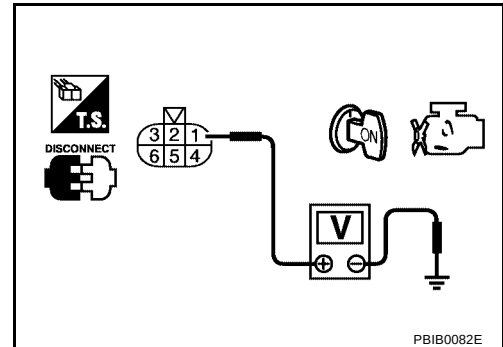


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 66 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 5. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to [EC-189, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

6. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

UBS0093I

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Set selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T).
5. Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

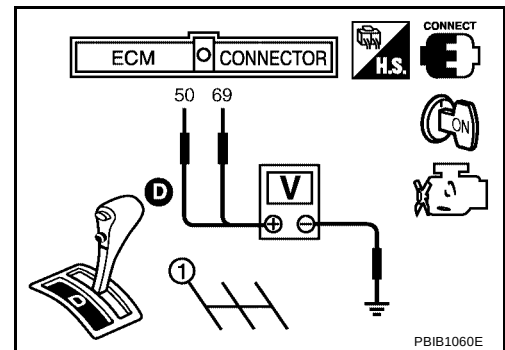
Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50 (Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully released	More than 0.36V
	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69 (Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
7. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
8. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS0093J

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .



PBIB1060E

DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

PFP:22630

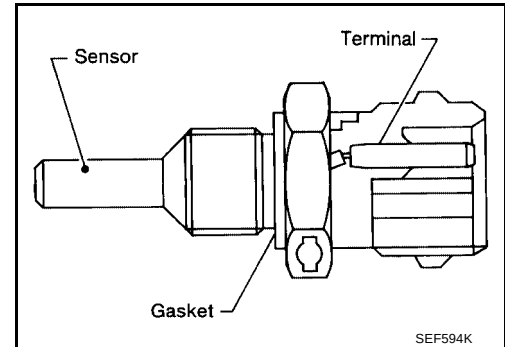
Component Description

UBS0093K

NOTE:

If DTC P0125 is displayed with P0117 or P0118, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0117 or P0118. Refer to [EC-179, "DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR"](#).

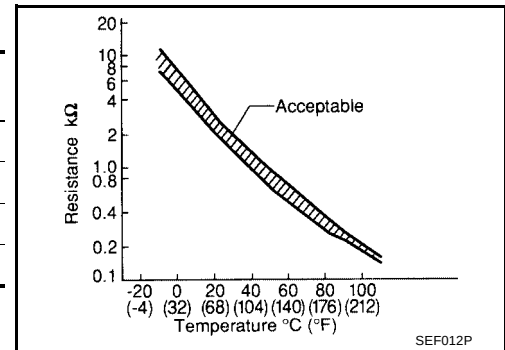
The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0093L

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0125 0125	Insufficient engine coolant temperature for closed loop fuel control	● Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine. ● Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control.	● Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit) ● Engine coolant temperature sensor ● Thermostat

DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

UBS0093M

DTC Confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Be careful not to overheat engine.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F).
If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK.
If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.
4. Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.
If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-191, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

④ WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0093N

1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-192, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

2. CHECK THERMOSTAT OPERATION

When the engine is cold [lower than 70°C (158°F)] condition, grasp lower radiator hose and confirm the engine coolant does not flow.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> Repair or replace thermostat. Refer to [CO-22, "THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING"](#).

3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

Refer to [EC-181, "Wiring Diagram"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

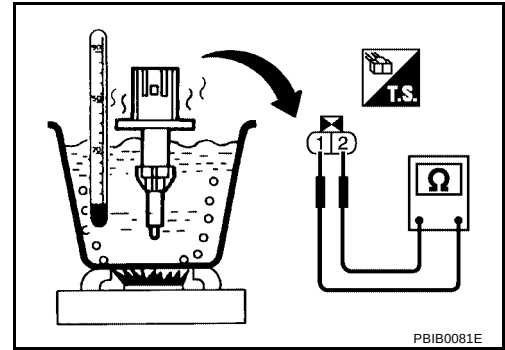
DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

UBS0093O

Component Inspection

ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.

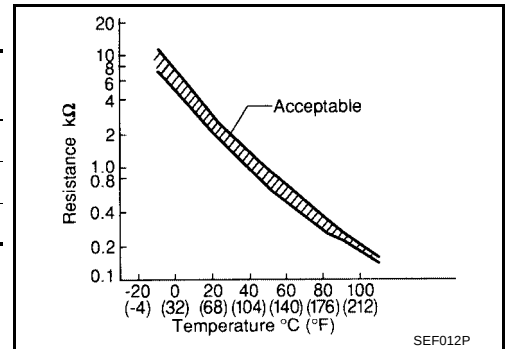


<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



UBS0093P

Removal and Installation

ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [CO-22, "THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING"](#) .

DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

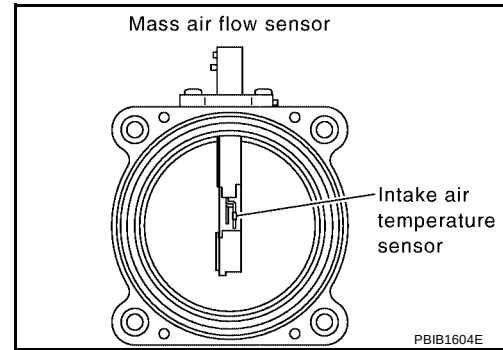
PFP:22630

Component Description

UBS0093Q

The intake air temperature sensor is built into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

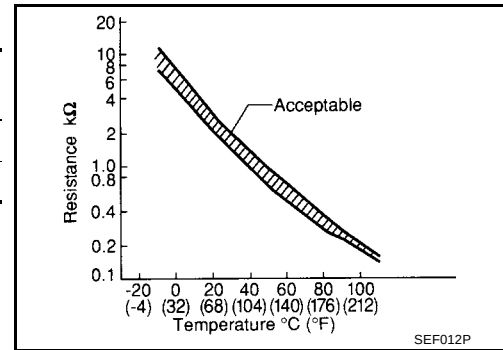
The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.



<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	3.32	1.94 - 2.06
80 (176)	1.23	0.295 - 0.349

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.



CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0093R

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0127 0127	Intake air temperature too high	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) ● Intake air temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0093S

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

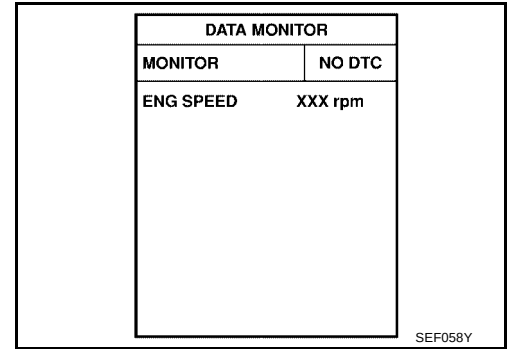
This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F)
 - a. Turn ignition switch ON.

DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

- b. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- c. Check the engine coolant temperature.
- d. If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch OFF and cool down engine.
 - Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Start engine.
5. Hold vehicle speed at more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-194, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0093T

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-194, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

Refer to [EC-176, "Wiring Diagram"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection

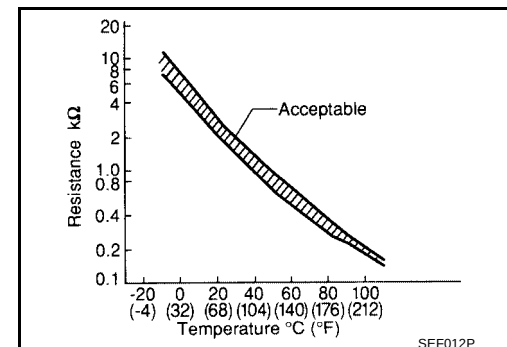
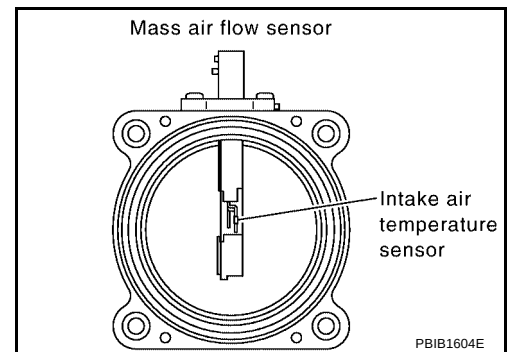
UBS0093U

INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between intake air temperature sensor terminals 5 and 6 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.94 - 2.06

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



Removal and Installation
MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

UBS0093V

Refer to [EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"](#) .

A

EC

C

D

E

F

G

H

I

J

K

L

M

DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

PFP:21200

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0093W

Engine coolant temperature has not risen enough to open the thermostat even though the engine has run long enough.

This is due to a leak in the seal or the thermostat stuck open.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0128 0128	Thermostat function	The engine coolant temperature does not reach to specified temperature even though the engine has run long enough.	● Thermostat ● Leakage from sealing portion of thermostat ● Engine coolant temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0093X

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- For best results, perform at ambient temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.
- For best results, perform at engine coolant temperature of -10°C (14°F) to 60°C (140°F).

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Replace thermostat with new one. Refer to [CO-22, "THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING"](#). Use only a genuine NISSAN thermostat as a replacement. If an incorrect thermostat is used, the MIL may come on.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Check that the "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F).
If it is below 60°C (140°F), go to following step.
If it is above 60°C (140°F), stop engine and cool down the engine to less than 60°C (140°F), then retry from step 1.
5. Drive vehicle for 10 consecutive minutes under the following conditions.

VHCL SPEED SE	80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-196, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

WITH GST

1. Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0093Y

1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-197, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

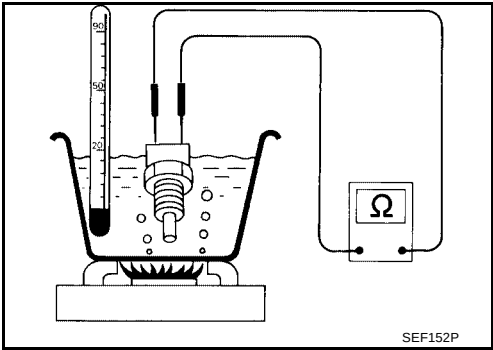
- OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

Component Inspection
ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS0093Z

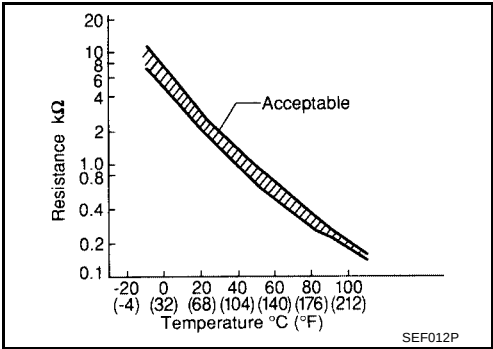
Check resistance as shown in the figure.



<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



Removal and Installation
ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS00940

Refer to [CO-22, "THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING"](#) .

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

PFP:226A0

Component Description

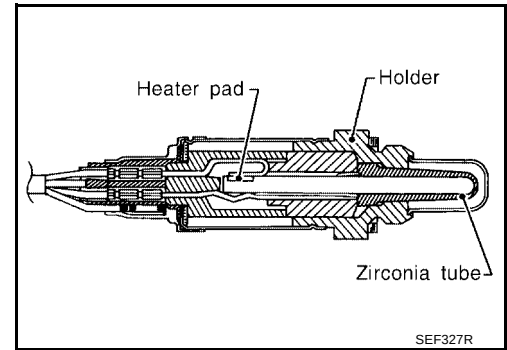
UBS00AOA

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00AOB

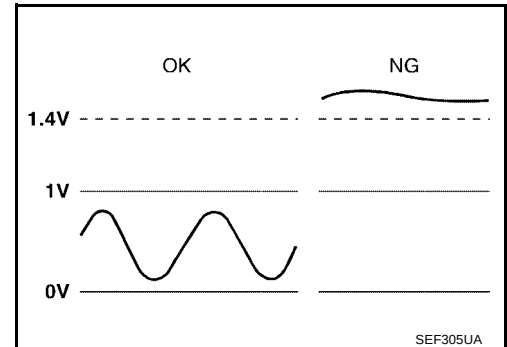
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	- Warm-up condition - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)			LEAN ↔ RICH

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AOC

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the voltage is unusually high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0138 0138 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit high voltage	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	- Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) - Heated oxygen sensor 2
P0158 0158 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00A0D

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

 WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-203, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

 WITH GST

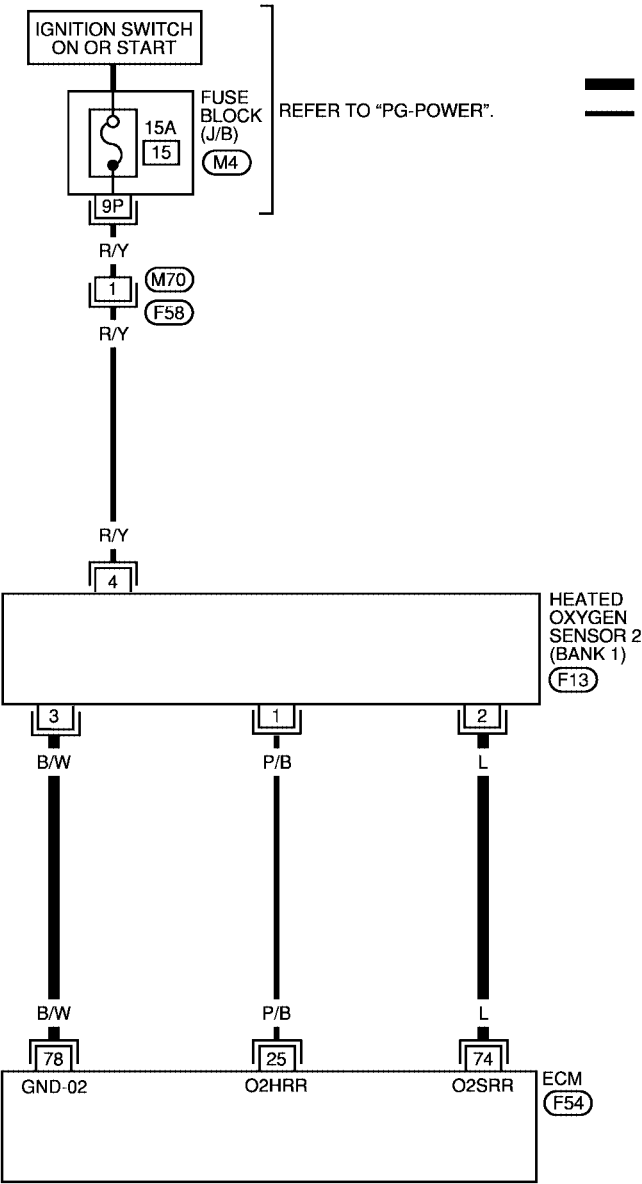
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

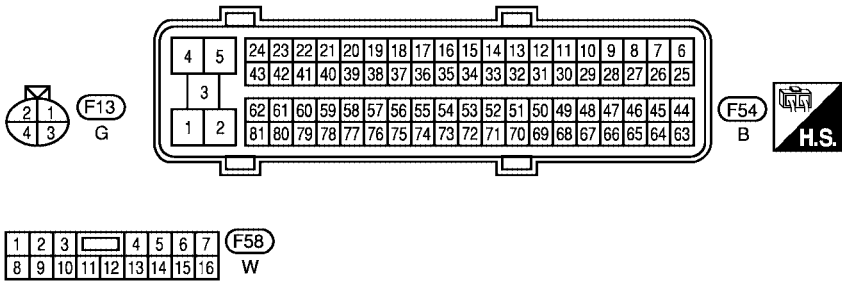
Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AOE

EC-O2S2B1-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

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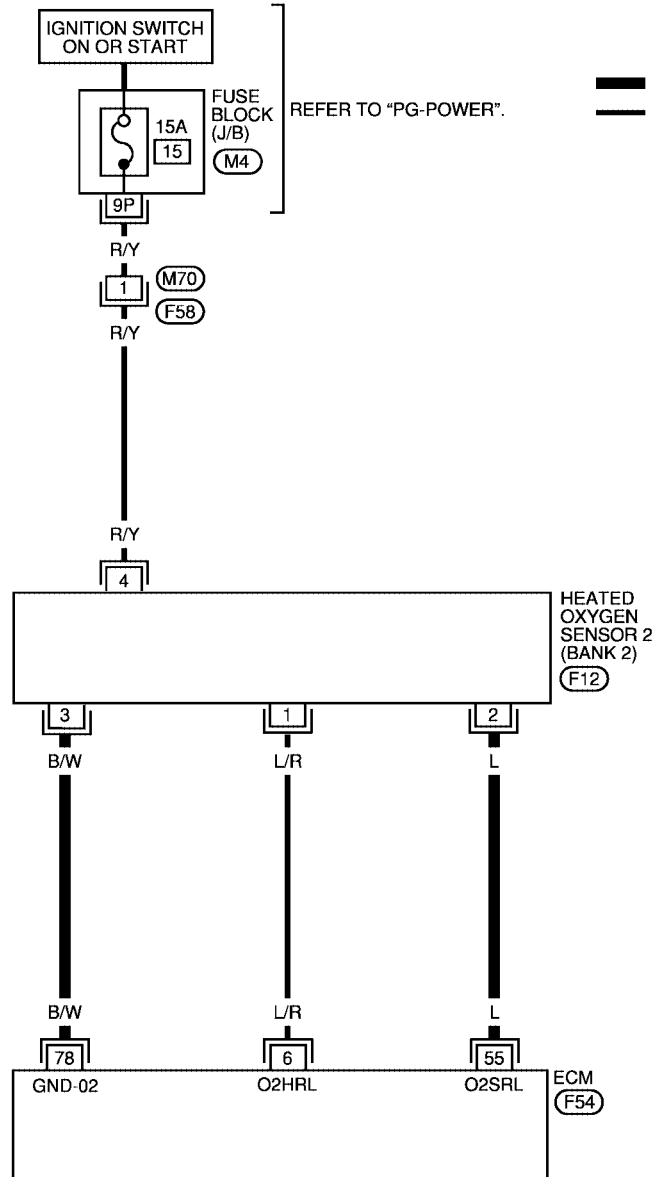
L

M

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

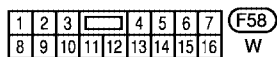
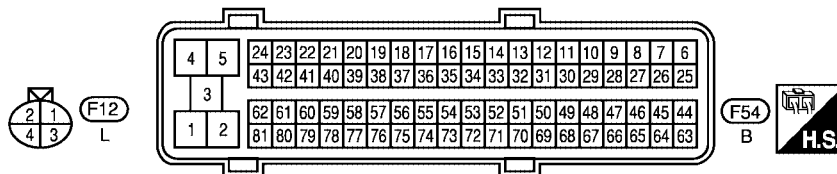
BANK 2

EC-O2S2B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

REFER TO "PG-POWER".



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

(M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
55	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

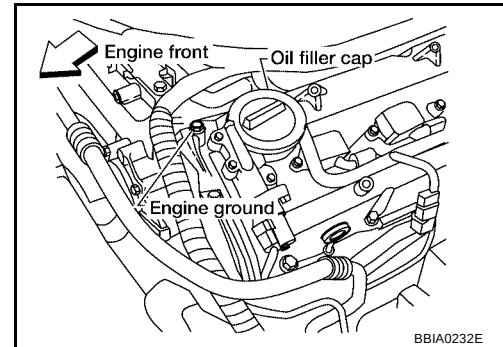
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00AOF

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

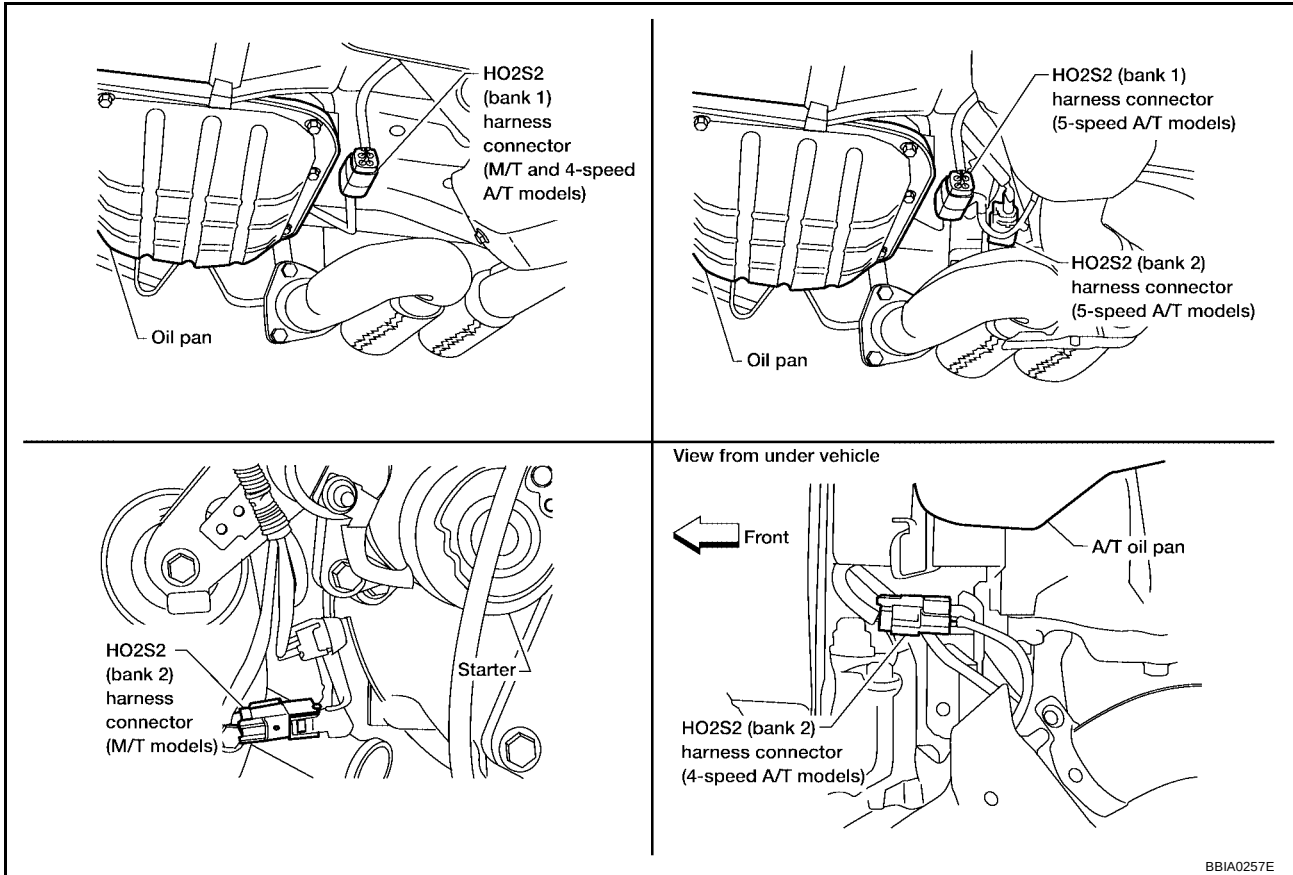
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

3. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P0138	74	2	1
P0158	55	2	2

Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P0138	74	2	1
P0158	55	2	2

Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK HO2S2 CONNECTOR FOR WATER

1. Check HO2S2 connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to [EC-205, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS00AOG

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

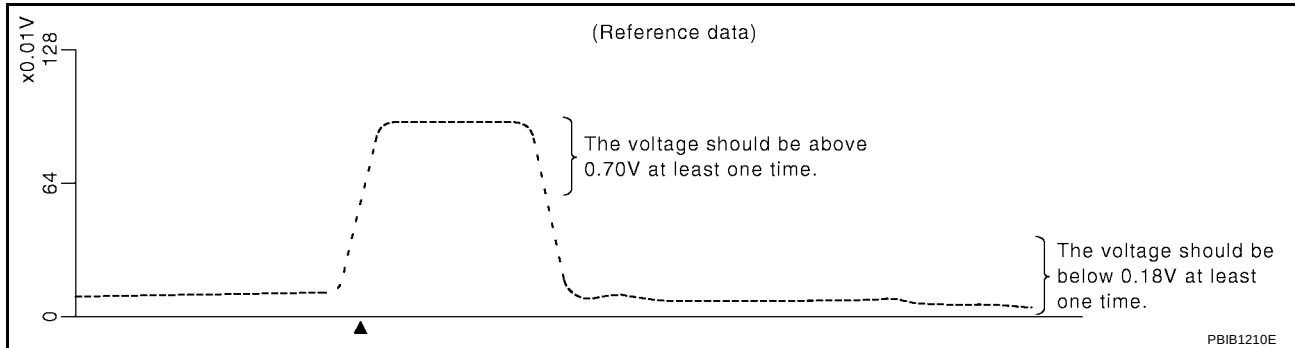
DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

5. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S2 (B1)	XXX V
HO2S2 (B2)	XXX V

PBIB1672E

6. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to $\pm 25\%$.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.70V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.
 "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

7. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.70V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.70V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

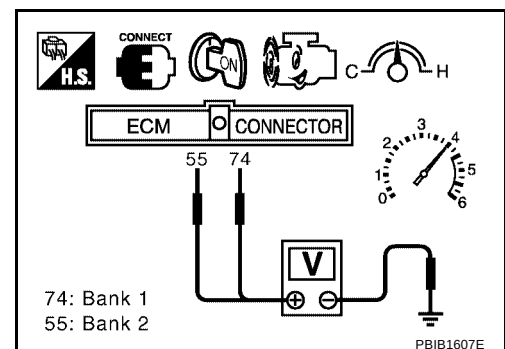
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage.
 Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models), 5th gear position (M/T models).

The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.

8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS00948

Refer to EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

PFP:226A0

Component Description

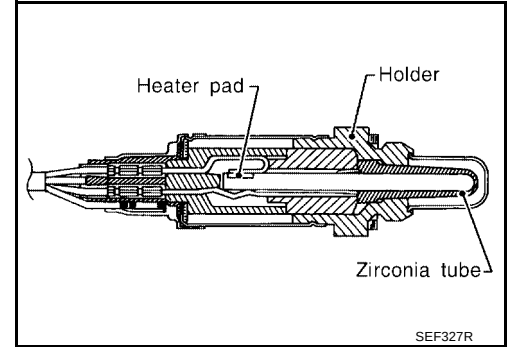
UBS00949

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the A/F sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0094A

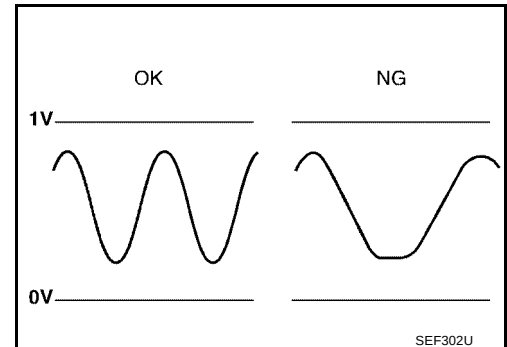
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	- Warm-up condition - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)			LEAN ↔ RICH

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0094B

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the A/F sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0139 0139 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit slow response	It takes more time for the sensor to respond between rich and lean than the specified time.	- Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) - Heated oxygen sensor 2
P0159 0159 (Bank 2)			- Fuel pressure - Injectors - Intake air leaks

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

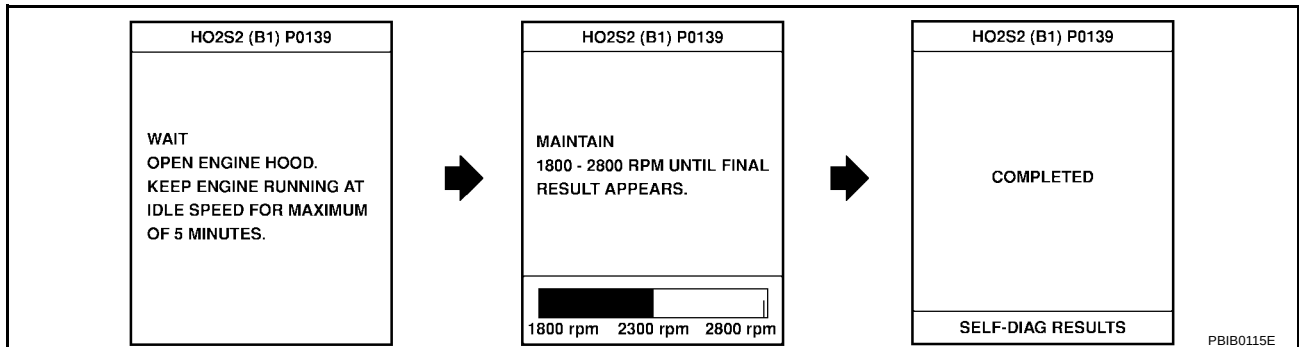
TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
7. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P0139" or "HO2S2 (B2) P0159" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
8. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y



9. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-214, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
 - a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
 - b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

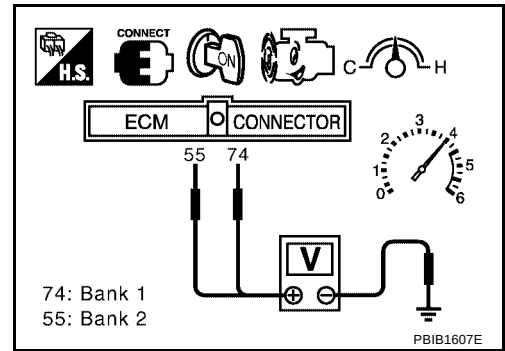
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

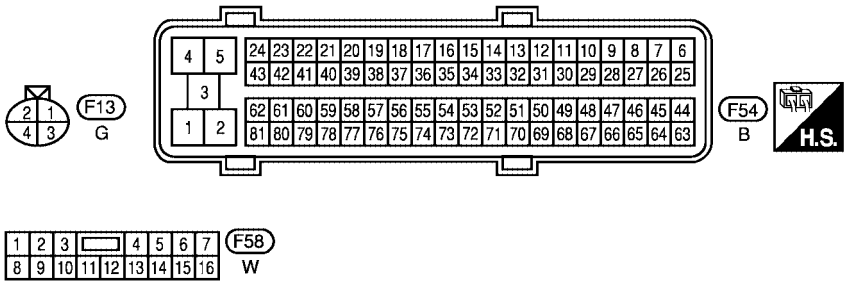
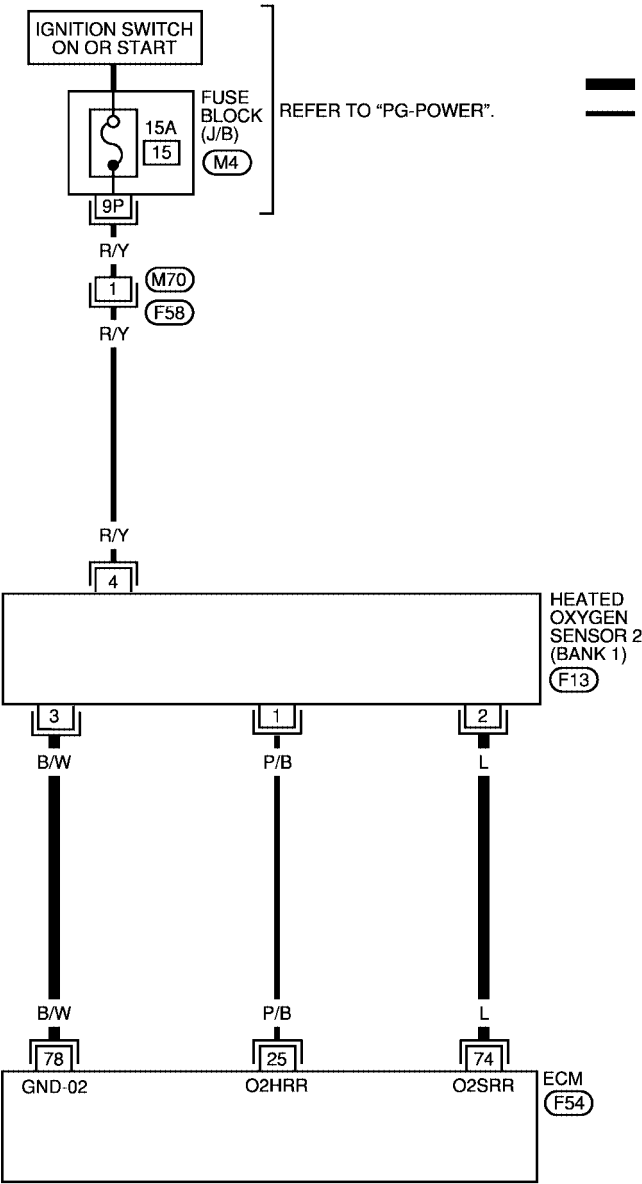
6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage.
Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models), 5th gear position (M/T models).
A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
8. If NG, go to [EC-214, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS0094E

EC-O2S2B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

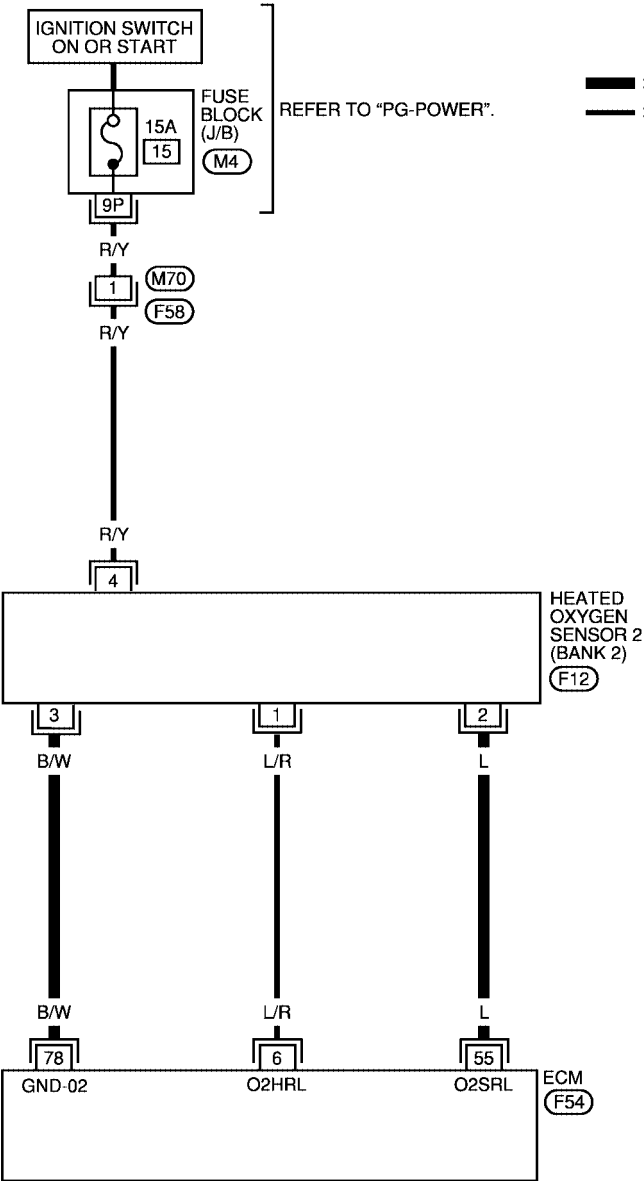
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

BANK 2

EC-O2S2B2-01

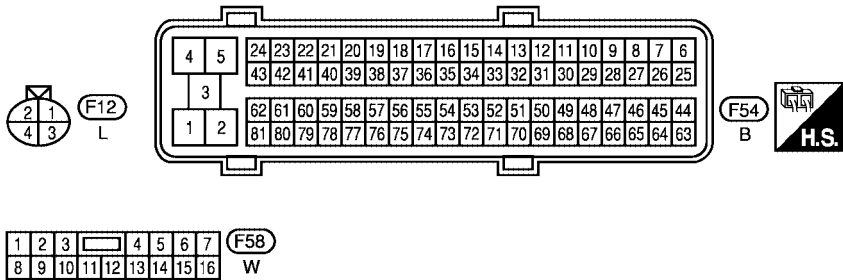


— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

REFER TO "PG-POWER".

HEATED
OXYGEN
SENSOR 2
(BANK 2)
(F12)

ECM
(F54)



DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
55	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

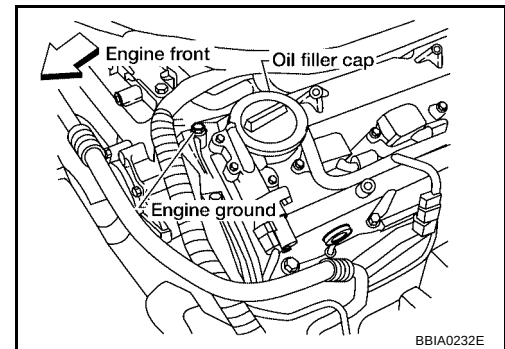
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0094F

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

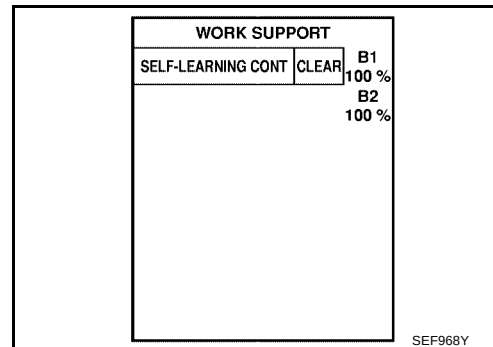
>> GO TO 2.



2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

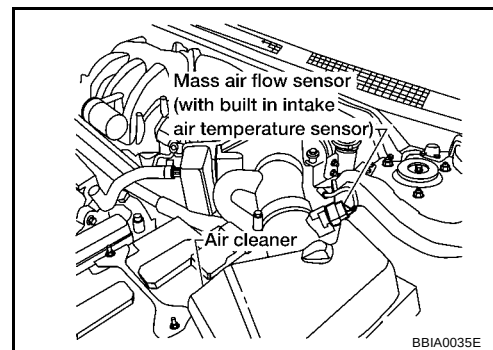
With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).
8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
9. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



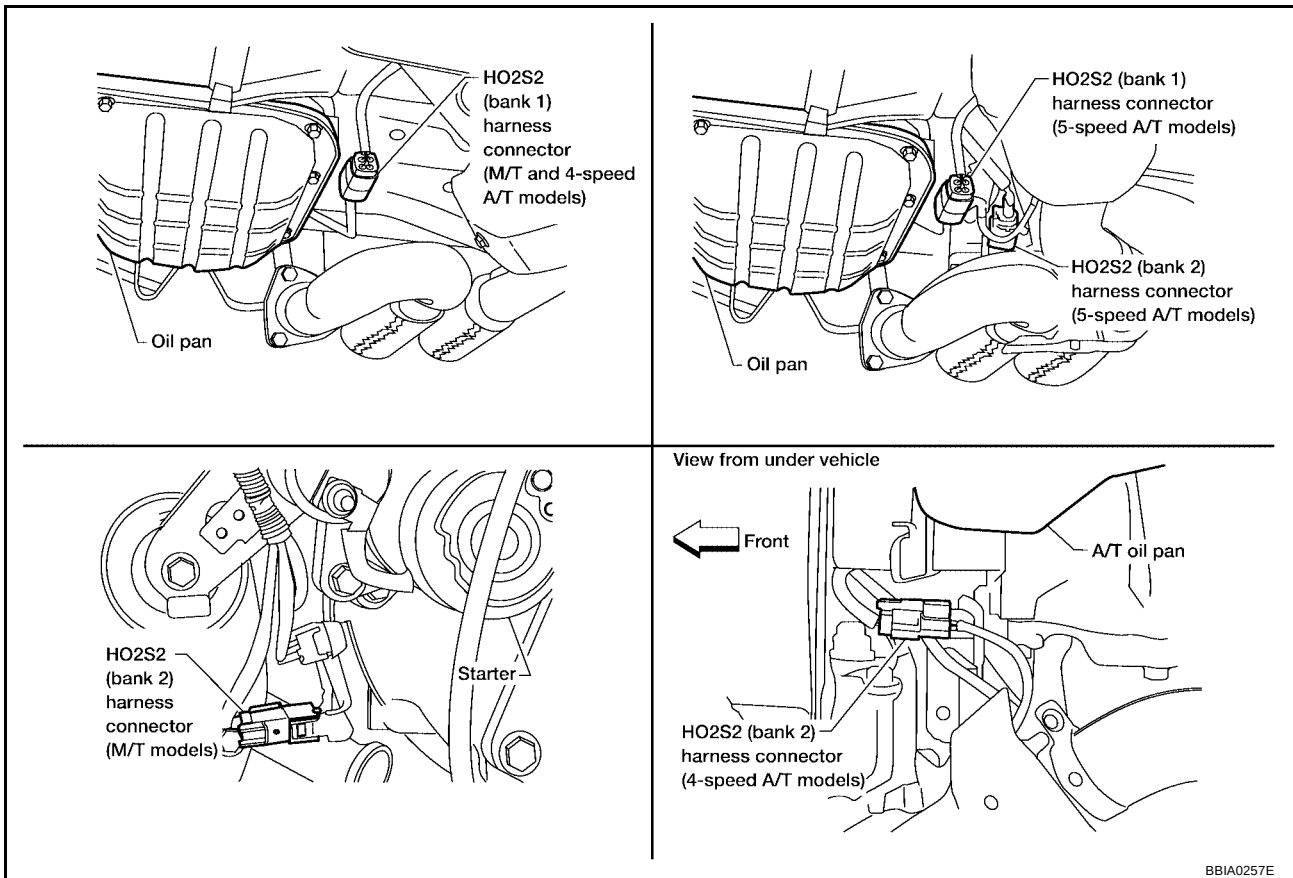
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to [EC-220, "DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"](#) or [EC-229, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"](#).
- No >> GO TO 3.

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 3.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P0139	74	2	1
P0159	55	2	2

Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P0139	74	2	1
P0159	55	2	2

Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to [EC-217, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS0094G

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

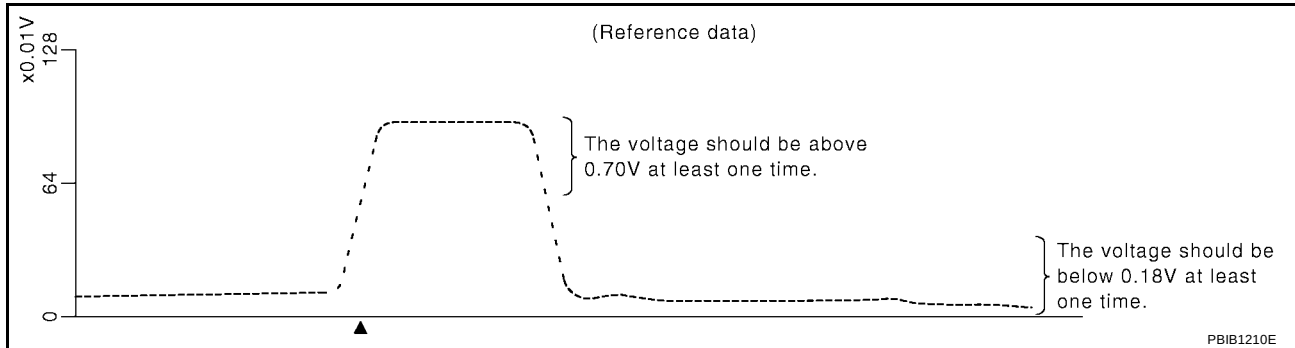
DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S2 (B1)	XXX V
HO2S2 (B2)	XXX V

PBIB1672E

7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to $\pm 25\%$.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.70V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.70V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.70V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

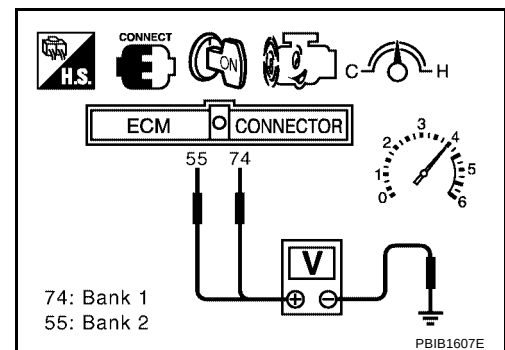
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage.
Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models), 5th gear position (M/T models).

The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.

8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation
HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS0094H

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

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DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

PFP:16600

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0094I

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the A/F sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
A/F sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injectors

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0171 0171 (Bank 1)	Fuel injection system too lean	- Fuel injection system does not operate properly. - The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.)	- Intake air leaks - A/F sensor 1 - Injectors - Exhaust gas leaks - Incorrect fuel pressure - Lack of fuel - Mass air flow sensor - Incorrect PCV hose connection
P0174 0174 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

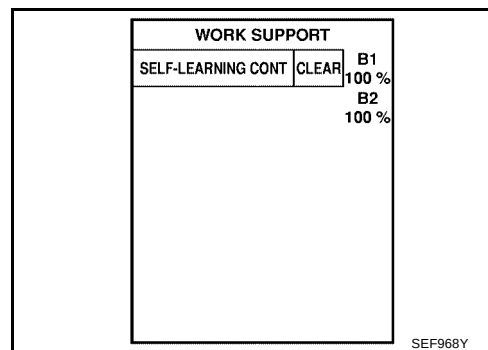
UBS0094J

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to [EC-224, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
- If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to [EC-224, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#). If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.

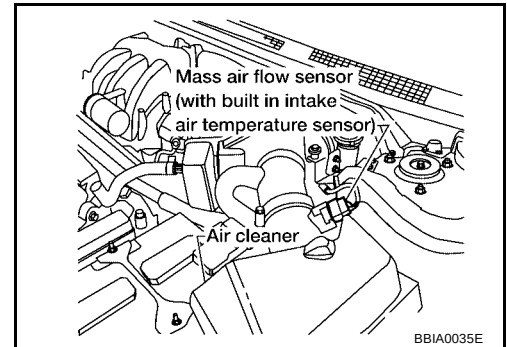


DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION



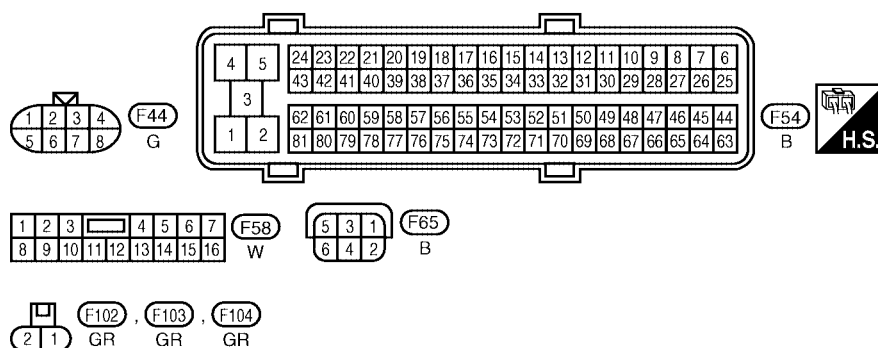
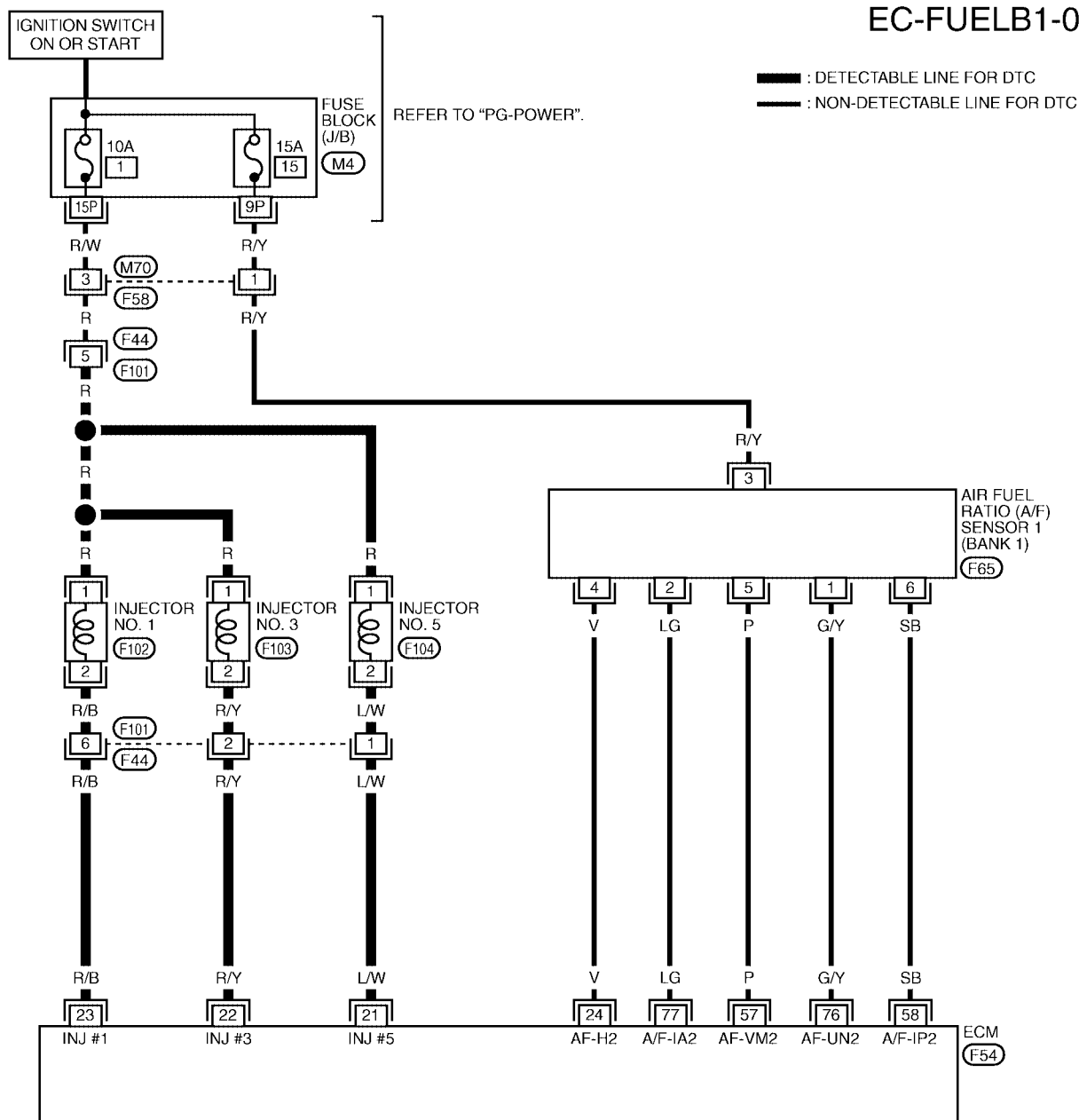
WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Select MODE 3 with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
7. Select MODE 4 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
8. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
9. Select MODE 7 with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to [EC-224, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
10. If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
11. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to [EC-224, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#). If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.



LIBS0094K

EC-FUELB1-01

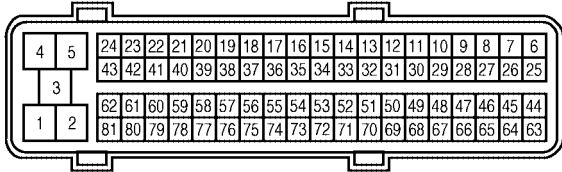
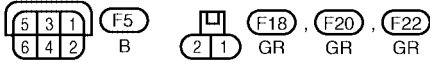
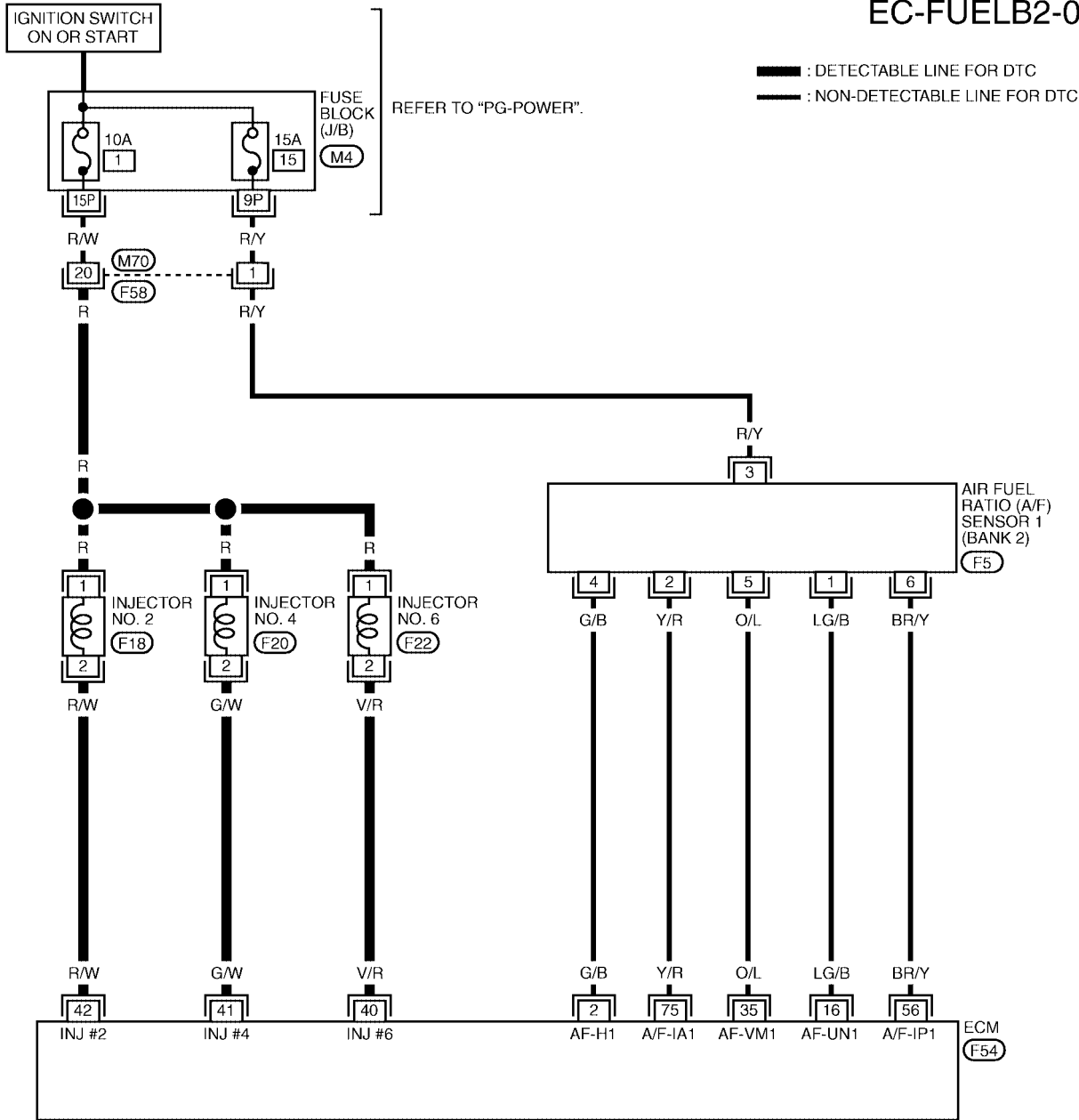


REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
 (M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
 JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

BANK 2

EC-FUELB2-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

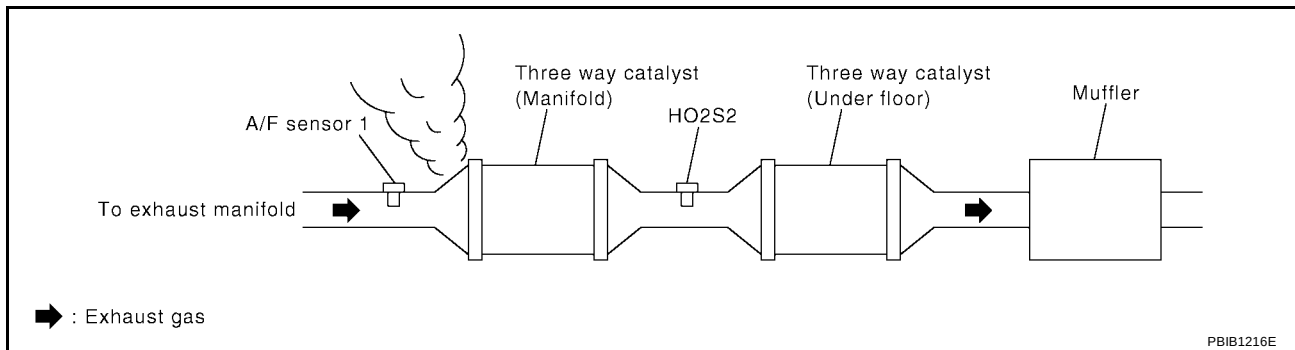
DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

UBS0094L

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

1. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.
2. Check PCV hose connection.

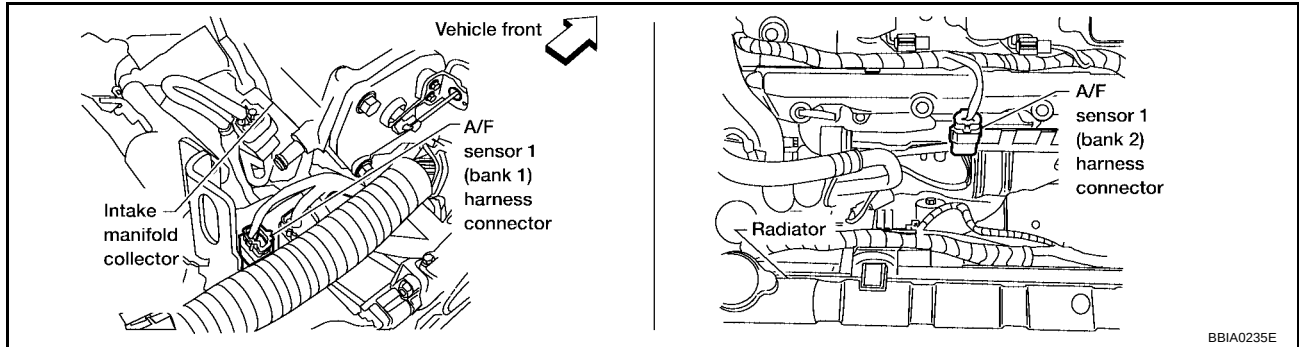
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> Repair or replace.

DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

6. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"](#).
2. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"](#).

At idling: 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm² , 51 psi)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 5.

DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to [EC-639, "FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT"](#) .)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"](#) .)
- Fuel lines
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

With CONSULT-II

1. Install all removed parts.
2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling

7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

With GST

1. Install all removed parts.
2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling

7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or engine grounds. Refer to [EC-160, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"](#) .

DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

7. CHECK FUNCTION OF INJECTORS

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

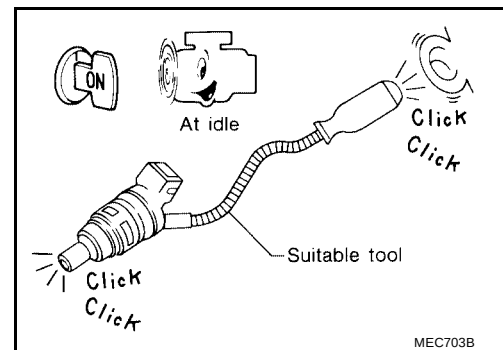
ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V

PBIB0133E

Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Listen to each injector operating sound.

Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for INJECTORS, refer to [EC-633, "INJECTOR CIRCUIT"](#) .

8. CHECK INJECTOR

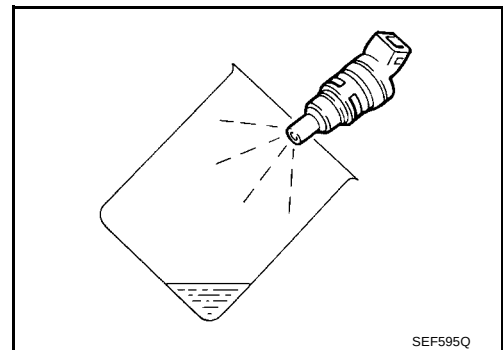
1. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect all injector harness connectors.
4. Remove injector gallery assembly. Refer to [EM-40, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"](#) . Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.
5. For DTC P0171, reconnect injector harness connectors on bank 1.
For DTC P0174, reconnect injector harness connectors on bank 2.
6. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
7. Prepare pans or saucers under each injector.
8. Crank engine for about 3 seconds.
For DTC P0171, make sure that fuel sprays out from injectors on bank 1.
For DTC P0174, make sure that fuel sprays out from injectors on bank 2.

Fuel should be sprayed evenly for each injector.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace injectors from which fuel does not spray out.
Always replace O-ring with new ones.



DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

PFP:16600

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0094M

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the A/F sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
A/F sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injectors

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0172 0172 (Bank 1)	Fuel injection system too rich	- Fuel injection system does not operate properly. - The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.)	- A/F sensor 1 - Injectors - Exhaust gas leaks - Incorrect fuel pressure - Mass air flow sensor
P0175 0175 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

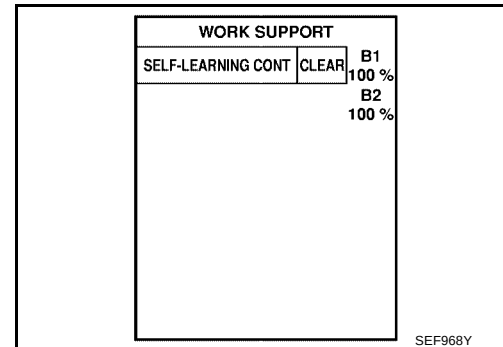
UBS0094N

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
The 1st trip DTC P0172, P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to [EC-233, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
- If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.
If engine starts, go to [EC-233, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#). If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

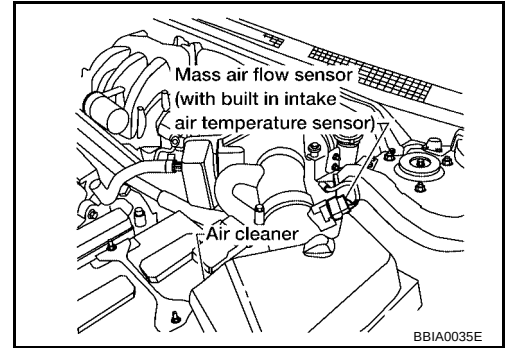


DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION



WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
5. Select MODE 3 with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
6. Select MODE 4 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
7. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
8. Select MODE 7 with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to [EC-233. "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
9. If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
10. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.
If engine starts, go to [EC-233. "Diagnostic Procedure"](#). If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

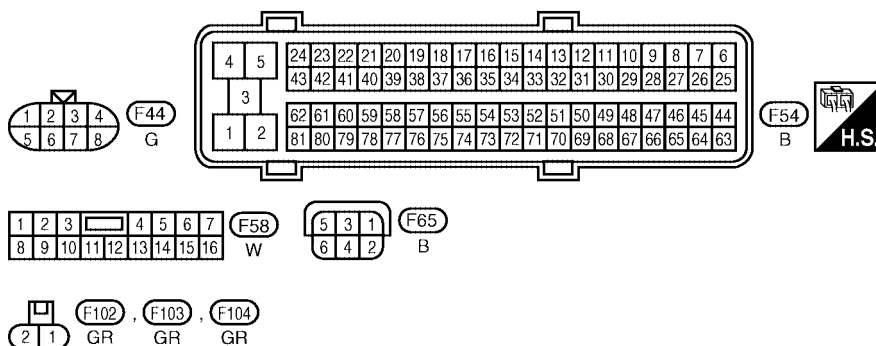
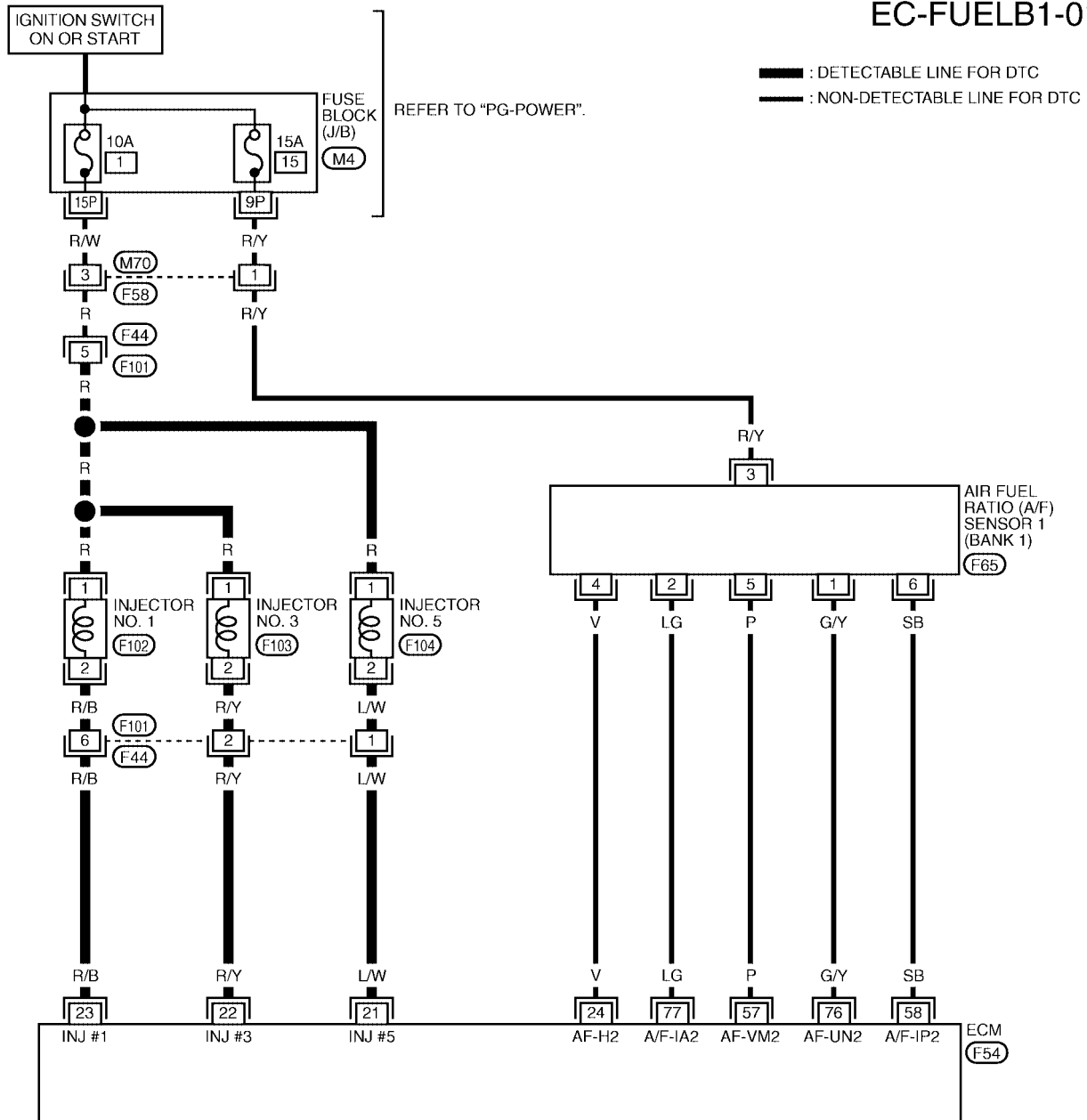


DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS00940

EC-FUELB1-01



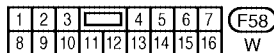
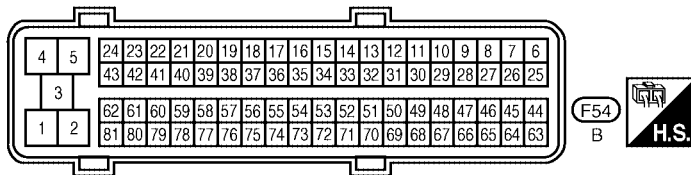
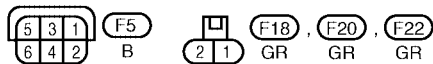
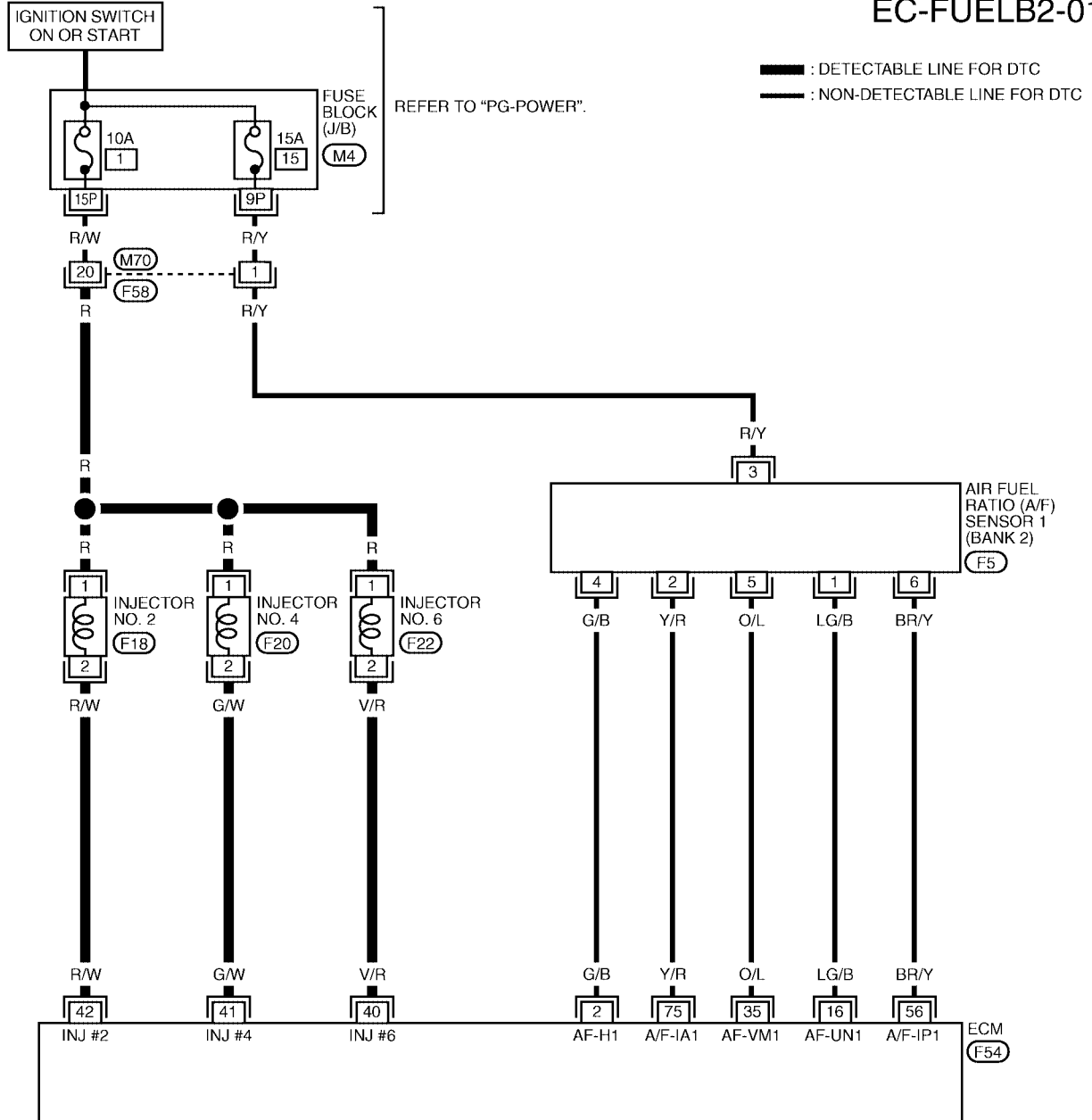
REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

(M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

BANK 2

EC-FUELB2-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

(M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

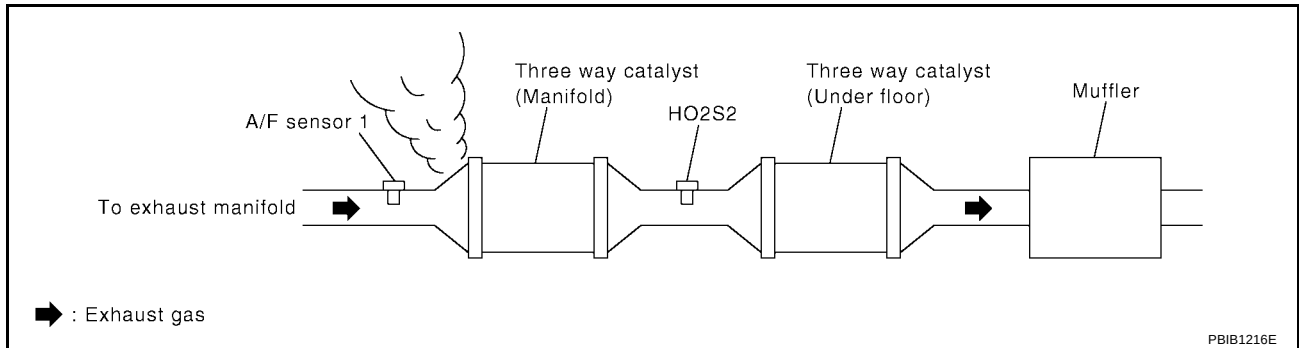
DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0094P

1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

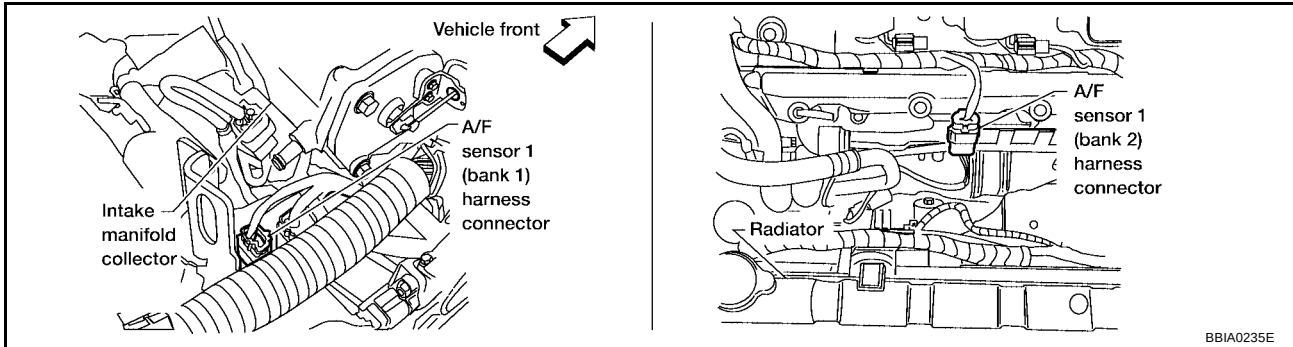
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

6. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"](#) .
2. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"](#) .

At idling: 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm² , 51 psi)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to, [EC-639, "FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT"](#) .)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"](#) .)

>> Repair or replace.

6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

 With CONSULT-II

1. Install all removed parts.
2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling
7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

 With GST

1. Install all removed parts.
2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling
7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or engine grounds. Refer to [EC-160, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"](#) .

DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

7. CHECK FUNCTION OF INJECTORS

⑧ With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

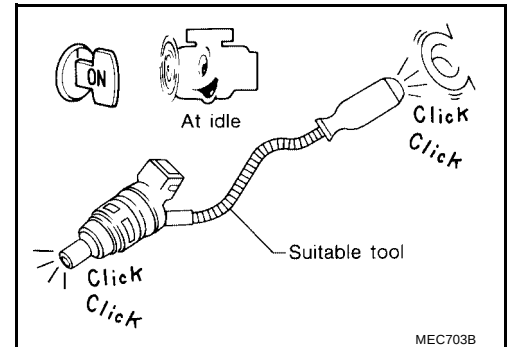
ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V

PBIB0133E

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Listen to each injector operating sound.

Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for INJECTORS, refer to [EC-633, "INJECTOR CIRCUIT"](#) .

8. CHECK INJECTOR

1. Remove injector assembly. Refer to [EM-40, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"](#) .
Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.
2. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
3. Disconnect all injector harness connectors.
4. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
5. Prepare pans or saucers under each injectors.
6. Crank engine for about 3 seconds.
Make sure fuel does not drip from injector.

OK or NG

- OK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 9.
NG (Drips.)>>Replace the injectors from which fuel is dripping. Always replace O-ring with new one.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

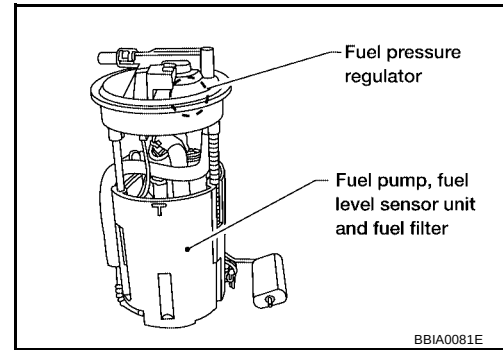
DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

PFP:22630

Component Description

UBS0094Q

The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



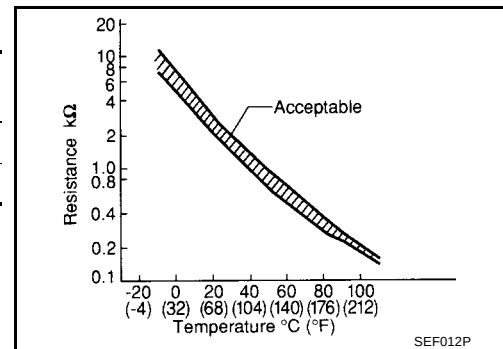
<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0094R

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0181 0181	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit range/performance	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant temperature sensor and intake air temperature sensor.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) ● Fuel tank temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0094S

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Wait at least 10 seconds.
If the result is NG, go to [EC-240, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If the result is OK, go to following step.
4. Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" value.
If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F), the result will be OK.
If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following step.
5. Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
6. Wait at least 10 seconds.
7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-240, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR



WITH GST

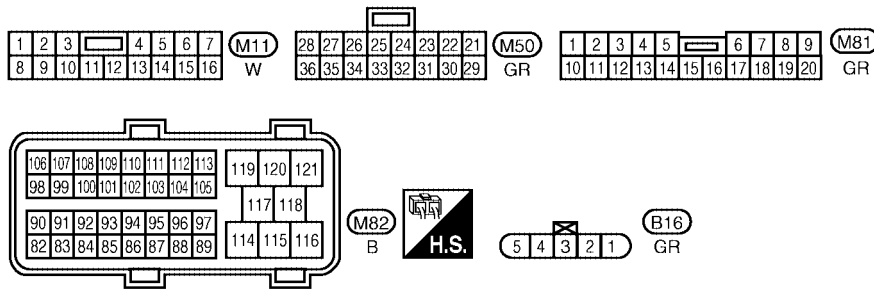
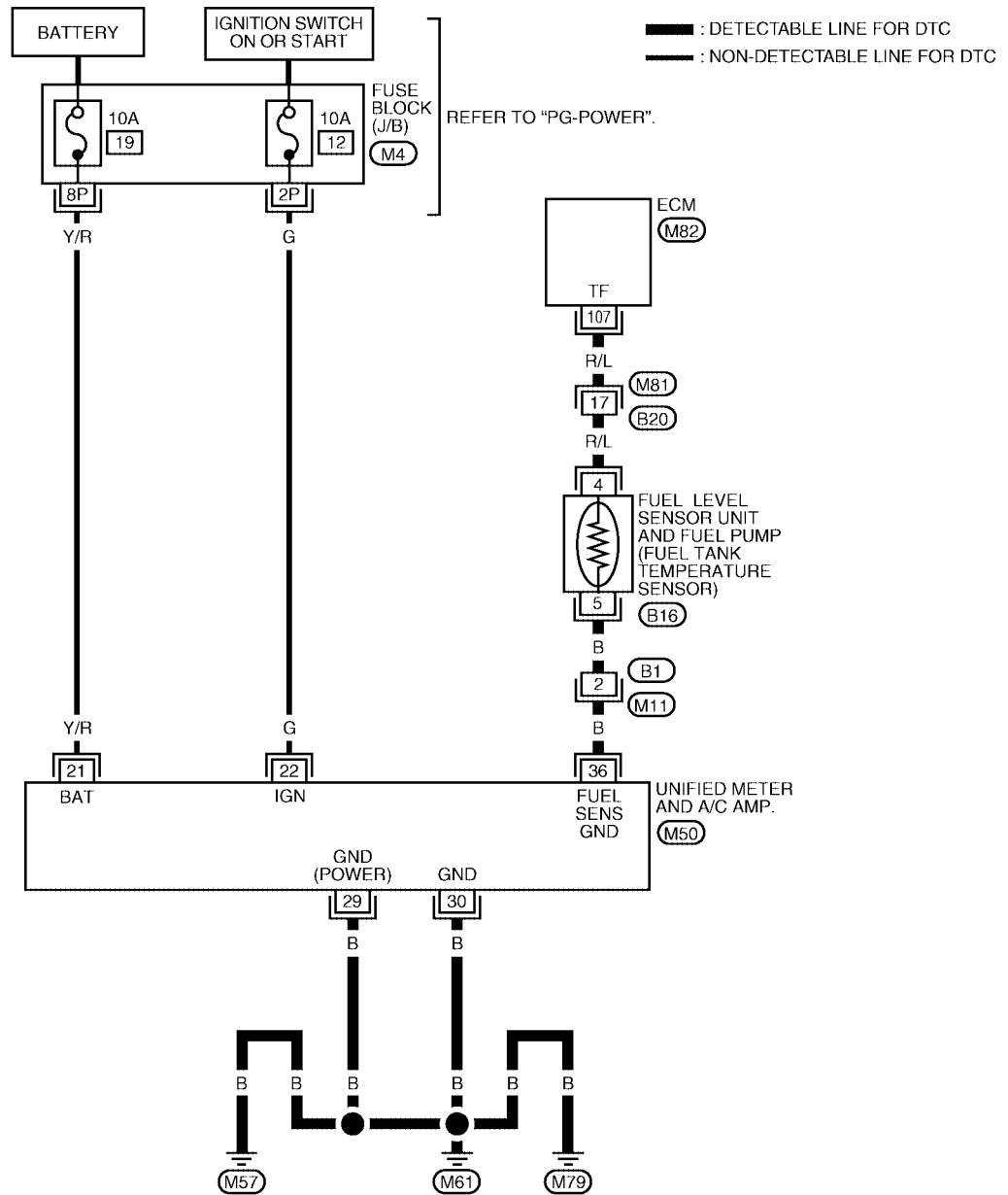
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS0094T

EC-FTTS-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

BBWA0624E

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

UBS0094U

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#).

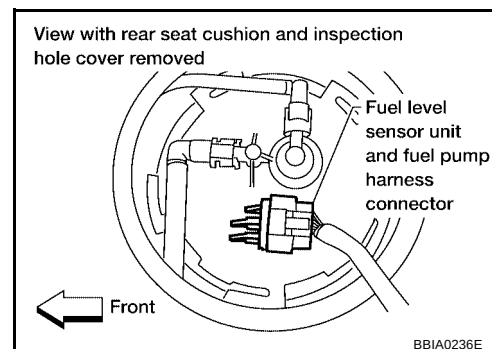
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to [DI-24, "Fuel Level Sensor Signal Inspection 1"](#).

2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.



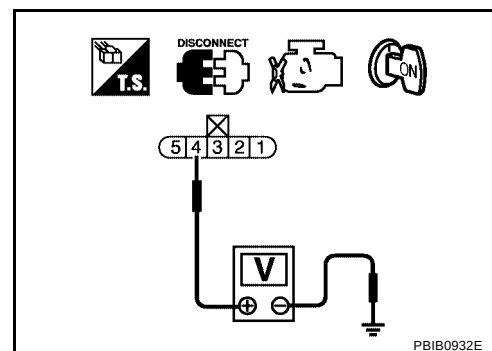
4. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M81, B20
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"

>> Repair harness or connector.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "unified meter and A/C amp." harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 5 and "unified meter and A/C amp." terminal 36. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 5.

DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B1, M11
- Harness for open or short between “fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump” and “unified meter and A/C amp.”

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.

6. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-241, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

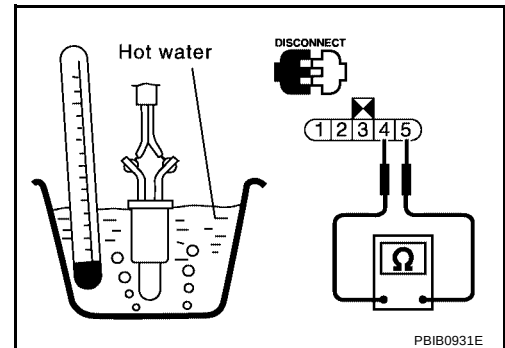
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS0094V

1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
2. Check resistance between “fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump” terminals 4 and 5 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



UBS0094W

Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [FL-5, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY"](#) .

DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

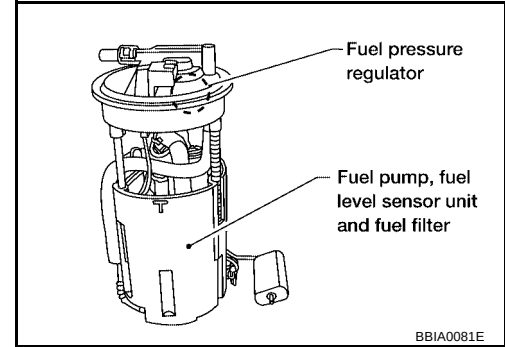
DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

PFP:22630

Component Description

UBS0094X

The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



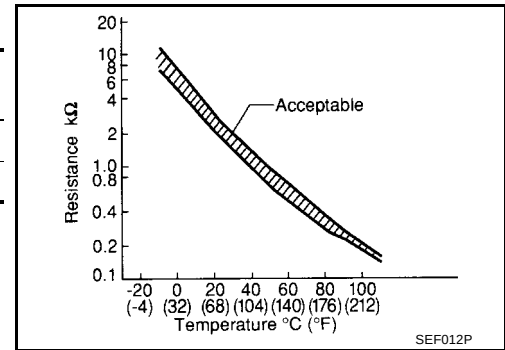
<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0094Y

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0182 0182	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Fuel tank temperature sensor
P0183 0183	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0094Z

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-244, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

WITH GST

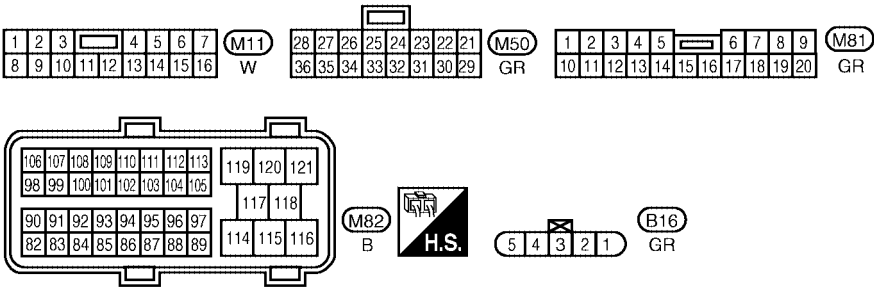
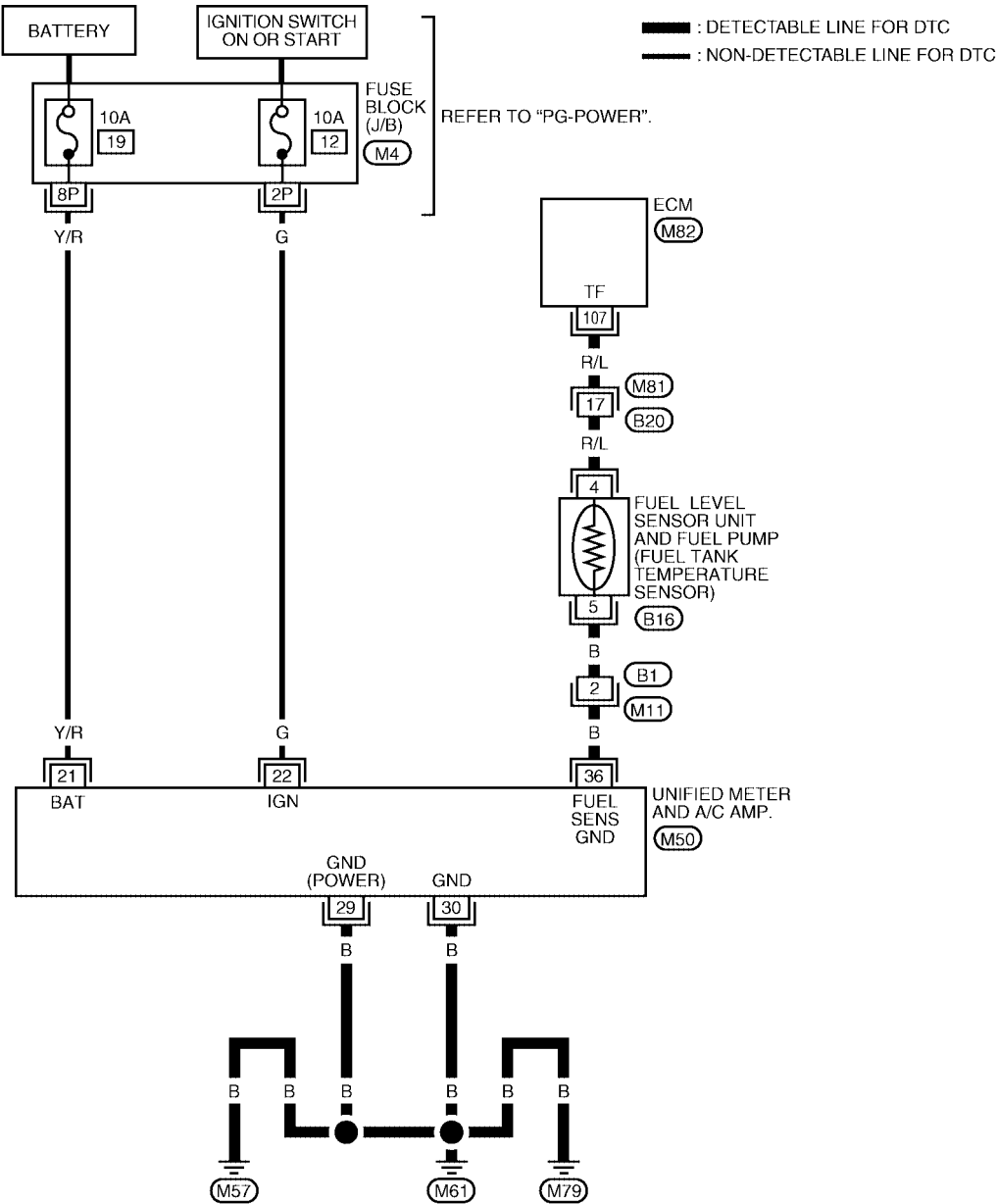
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS00950

EC-FTTS-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

UBS00951

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#).

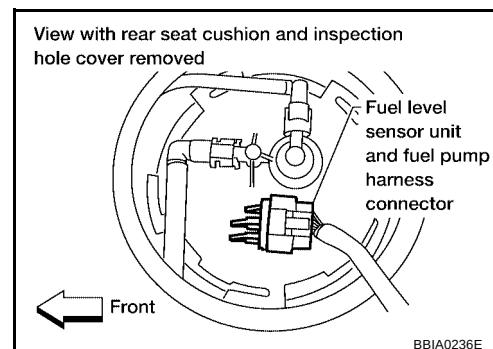
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to [DI-24, "Fuel Level Sensor Signal Inspection 1"](#).

2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.



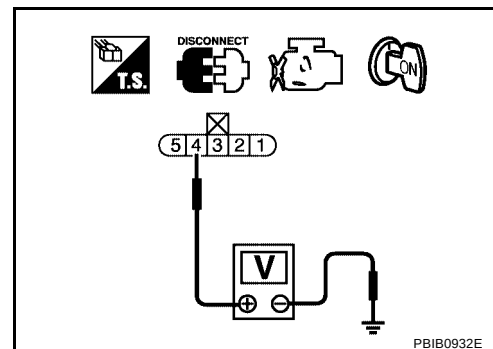
4. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M81, B20
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"

>> Repair harness or connector.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "unified meter and A/C amp." harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 5 and "unified meter and A/C amp." terminal 36. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 5.

DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B1, M11
- Harness for open or short between “fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump” and “unified meter and A/C amp.”

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.

6. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-245, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

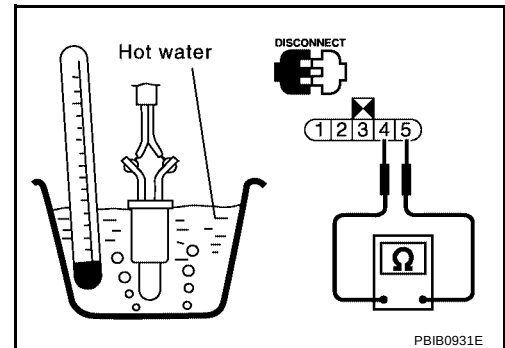
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS00952

1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
2. Check resistance between “fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump” terminals 4 and 5 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



UBS00953

Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [FL-5, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY"](#) .

DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

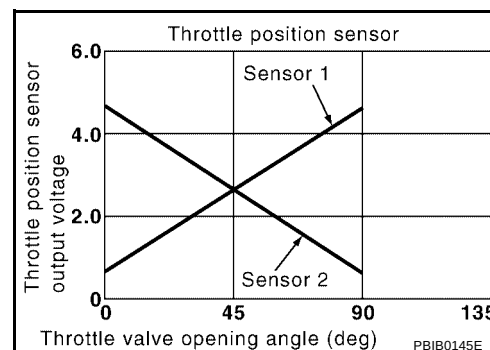
PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS00954

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00955

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00956

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0222 0222	Throttle position sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The TP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1)
P0223 0223	Throttle position sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00957

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select DATA MONITOR mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-249, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
SEF058Y	

WITH GST

Follow the procedure WITH CONSULT-II above.

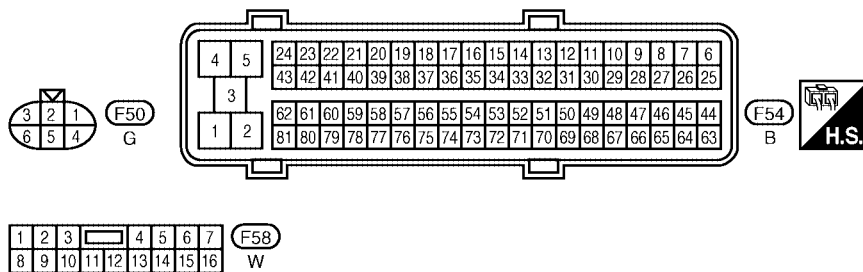
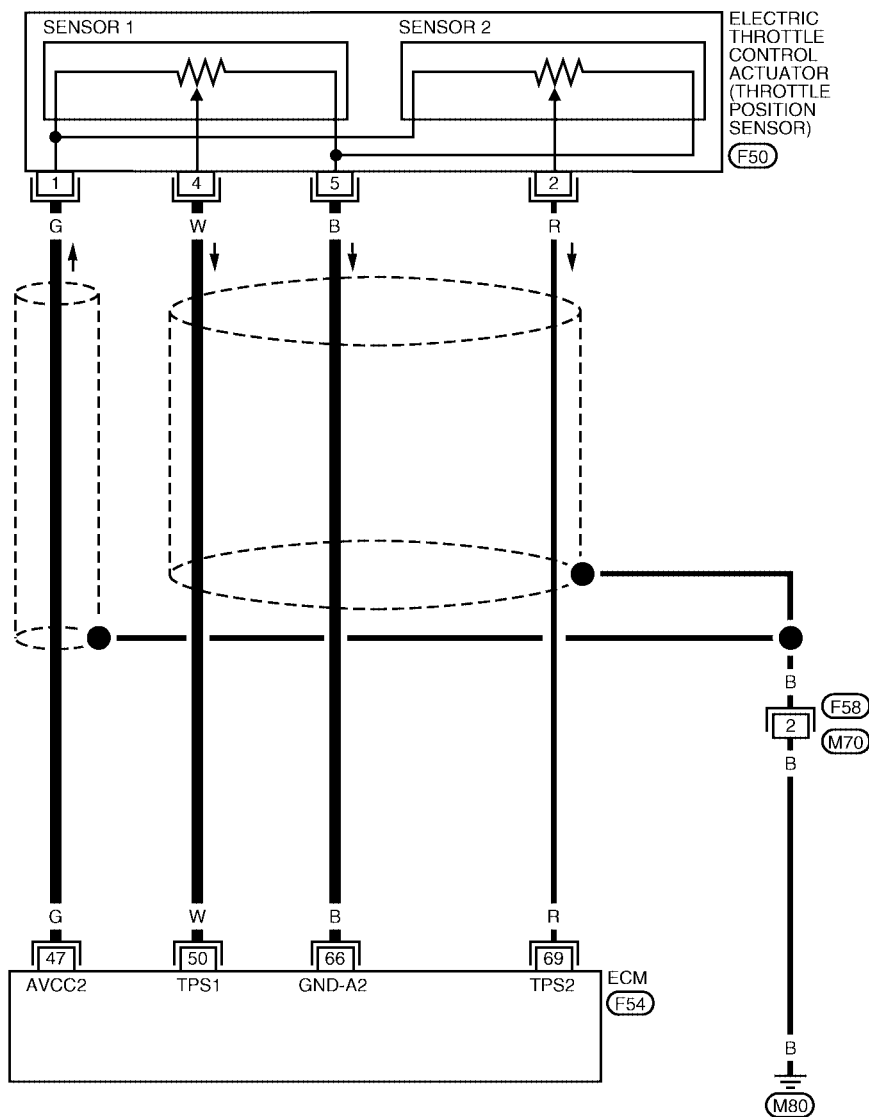
DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS00958

EC-TPS1-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



BBWA0626E

DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	G	Throttle position sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50	W	Throttle position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully released	More than 0.36V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
66	B	Throttle position sensor ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69	R	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully released	Less than 4.75V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	More than 0.36V

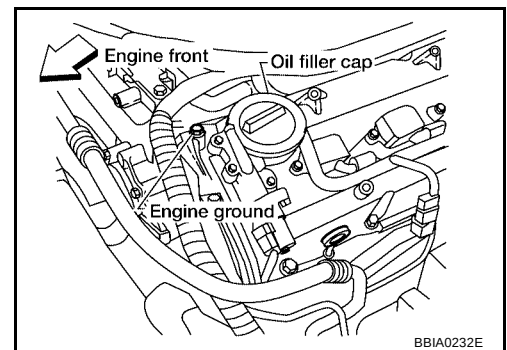
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00959

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

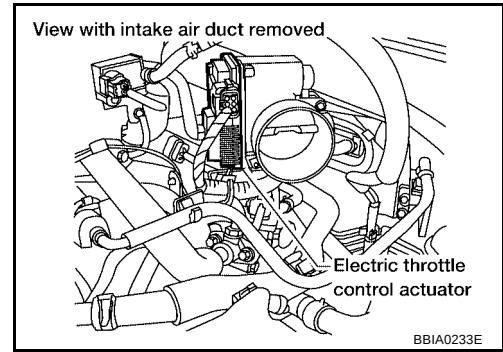
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

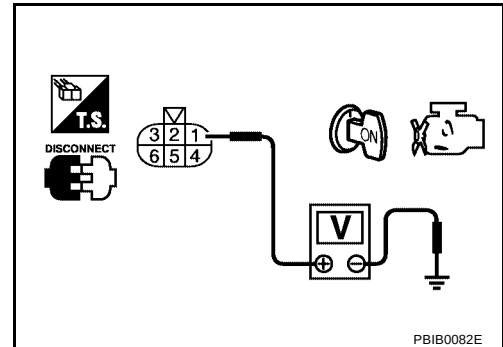


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 66 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 5. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to [EC-251, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

6. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

UBS0095A

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Set selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T).
5. Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

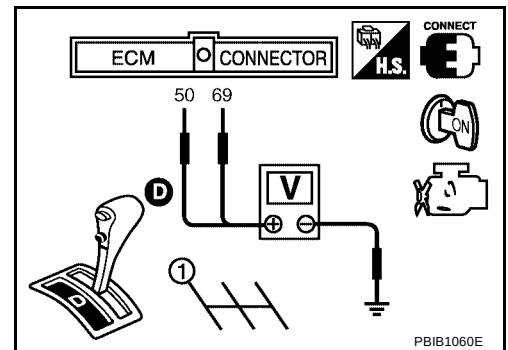
Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50 (Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully released	More than 0.36V
	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69 (Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
7. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
8. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS0095B

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .



DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MISFIRE

DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MISFIRE

PFP:00000

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0095C

When a misfire occurs, engine speed will fluctuate. If the engine speed fluctuates enough to cause the crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) signal to vary, ECM can determine that a misfire is occurring.

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	On board diagnosis of misfire

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

On the first trip that a misfire condition occurs that can damage the three way catalyst (TWC) due to overheating, the MIL will blink.

When a misfire condition occurs, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 200 engine revolutions for a change.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will turn off.

If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will remain on.

If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC, the MIL will begin to blink again.

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

For misfire conditions that will not damage the TWC (but will affect vehicle emissions), the MIL will only light when the misfire is detected on a second trip. During this condition, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 1,000 engine revolutions.

A misfire malfunction can be detected on any one cylinder or on multiple cylinders.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0300 0300	Multiple cylinder misfire detected	Multiple cylinder misfire.	● Improper spark plug ● Insufficient compression ● Incorrect fuel pressure ● The injector circuit is open or shorted ● Fuel injectors ● Intake air leak ● The ignition signal circuit is open or shorted ● Lack of fuel ● Signal plate ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 ● Incorrect PCV hose connection
P0301 0301	No.1 cylinder misfire detected	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	
P0302 0302	No. 2 cylinder misfire detected	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	
P0303 0303	No. 3 cylinder misfire detected	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	
P0304 0304	No. 4 cylinder misfire detected	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	
P0305 0305	No. 5 cylinder misfire detected	No. 5 cylinder misfires.	
P0306 0306	No. 6 cylinder misfire detected	No. 6 cylinder misfires.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0095D

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws when driving.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MISFIRE

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON, and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Restart engine and let it idle for about 15 minutes.
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-253, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 400 rpm
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 10 km/h (5 MPH)
Engine coolant temperature (T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).
	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).

The time to driving varies according to the engine speed in the freeze frame data.

Engine speed	Time
Around 1,000 rpm	Approximately 10 minutes
Around 2,000 rpm	Approximately 5 minutes
More than 3,000 rpm	Approximately 3.5 minutes

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK AND PCV HOSE

1. Start engine and run it at idle speed.
2. Listen for the sound of the intake air leak.
3. Check PCV hose connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

2. CHECK FOR EXHAUST SYSTEM CLOGGING

Stop engine and visually check exhaust tube, three way catalyst and muffler for dents.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace it.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PBIB0164E

DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MISFIRE

3. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

With CONSULT-II

1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
2. Is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?

ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V

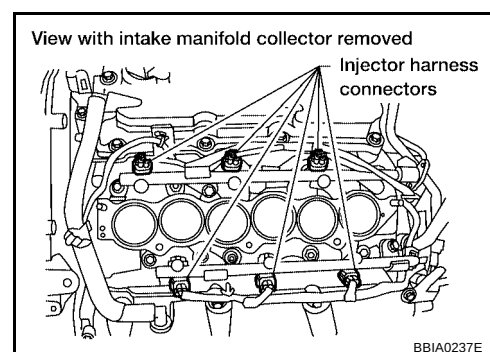
PBIB0133E

Without CONSULT-II

When disconnecting each injector harness connector one at a time, is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 4.
No >> GO TO 7.



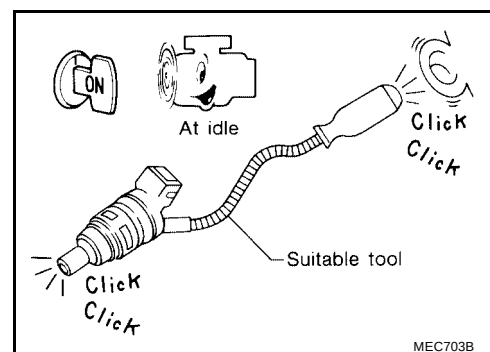
BBIA0237E

4. CHECK INJECTOR

Does each injector make an operating sound at idle?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 5.
No >> Check injector(s) and circuit(s). Refer to [EC-633](#).
["INJECTOR CIRCUIT"](#).



MEC703B

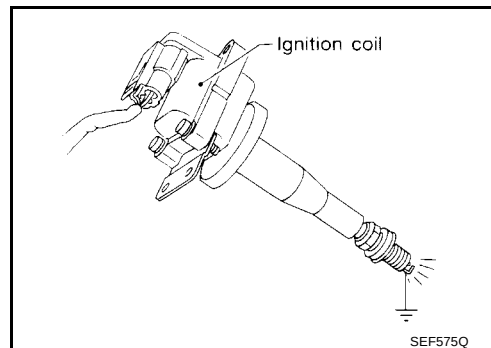
DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MISFIRE

5. CHECK IGNITION SPARK

1. Remove ignition coil assembly from rocker cover.
2. Remove spark plug from ignition coil assembly
3. Connect a known good spark plug to the ignition coil.
4. Place end of spark plug against a suitable ground and crank engine.
5. Check for spark.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits.
Refer to [EC-613, "IGNITION SIGNAL"](#).

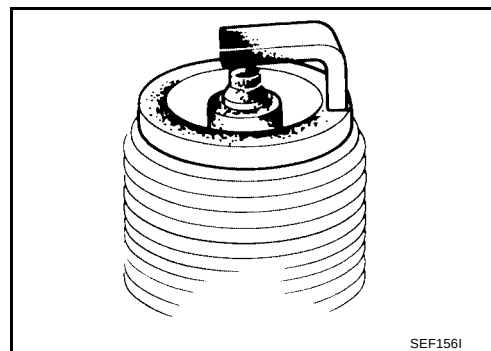


6. CHECK SPARK PLUGS

Remove the spark plugs and check for fouling, etc.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Repair or replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to, [MA-18, "Changing Spark Plugs \(Platinum - Tipped Type\)"](#).



7. CHECK COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Check compression pressure. Refer to [EM-96, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Check pistons, piston rings, valves, valve seats and cylinder head gaskets.

8. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

1. Install all removed parts.
2. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"](#).
3. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"](#).

At idle: Approx. 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm² , 51 psi)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 9.

DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MISFIRE

9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to [EC-639, "FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT"](#) .)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"](#) .)
- Fuel lines
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#) .

Items	Specifications	
Target idle speed	M/T	625 ± 50 rpm
	4-speed A/T	700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
	5-speed A/T	675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	M/T	15 ± 5° BTDC
	A/T	15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

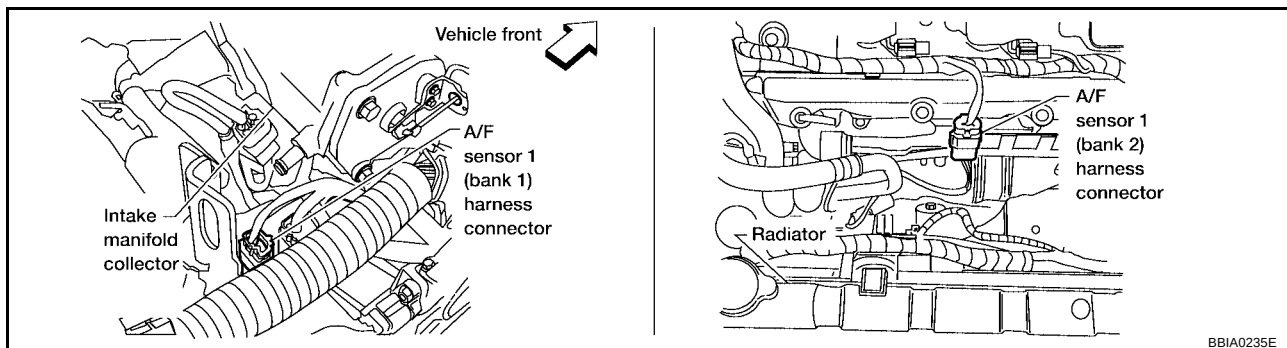
OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Follow the [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#) .

DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MISFIRE

11. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram, [EC-469, "Wiring Diagram"](#).

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

6. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors between ECM and A/F sensor 1.

12. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to [EC-391, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

13. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

 With CONSULT-II

Check mass air flow sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling
7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

 With GST

Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling
7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or engine grounds. Refer to [EC-160, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"](#) .

14. CHECK SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART

Check items on the rough idle symptom in [EC-87, "Symptom Matrix Chart"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Repair or replace.

15. ERASE THE 1ST TRIP DTC

Some tests may cause a 1st trip DTC to be set.

Erase the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory after performing the tests. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#) .

>> GO TO 16.

16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> **INSPECTION END**

DTC P0327, P0328 KS

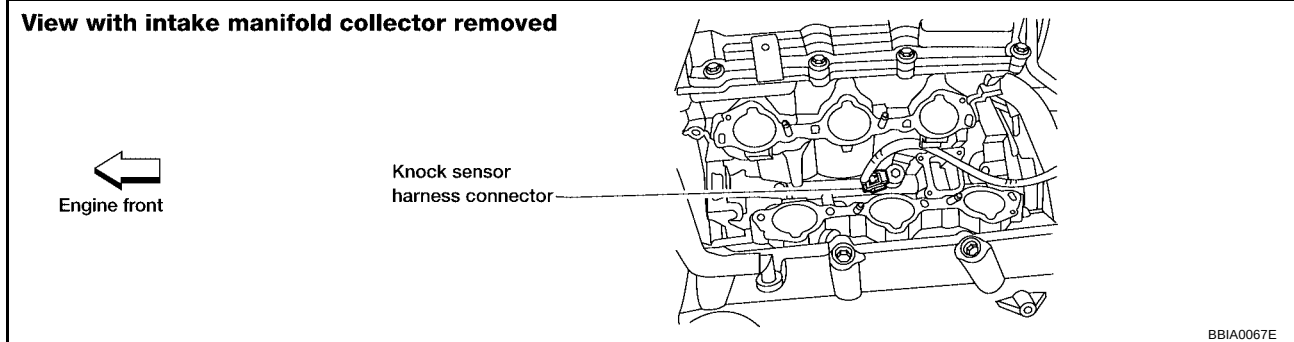
DTC P0327, P0328 KS

PFP:22060

Component Description

UBS0095F

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0095G

The MIL will not light up for these diagnoses.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detected condition	Possible cause
P0327 0327	Knock sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Knock sensor
P0328 0328	Knock sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0095H

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-261, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

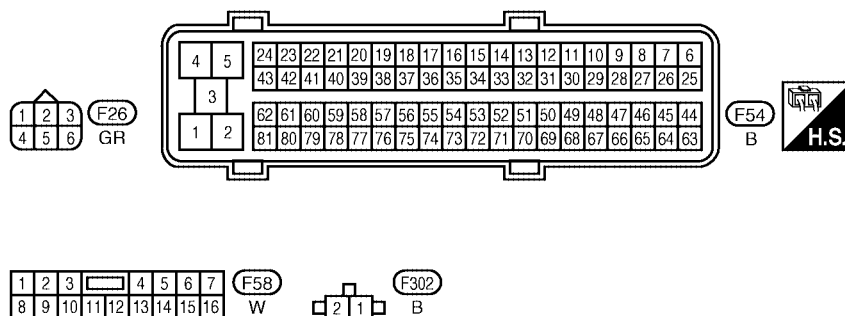
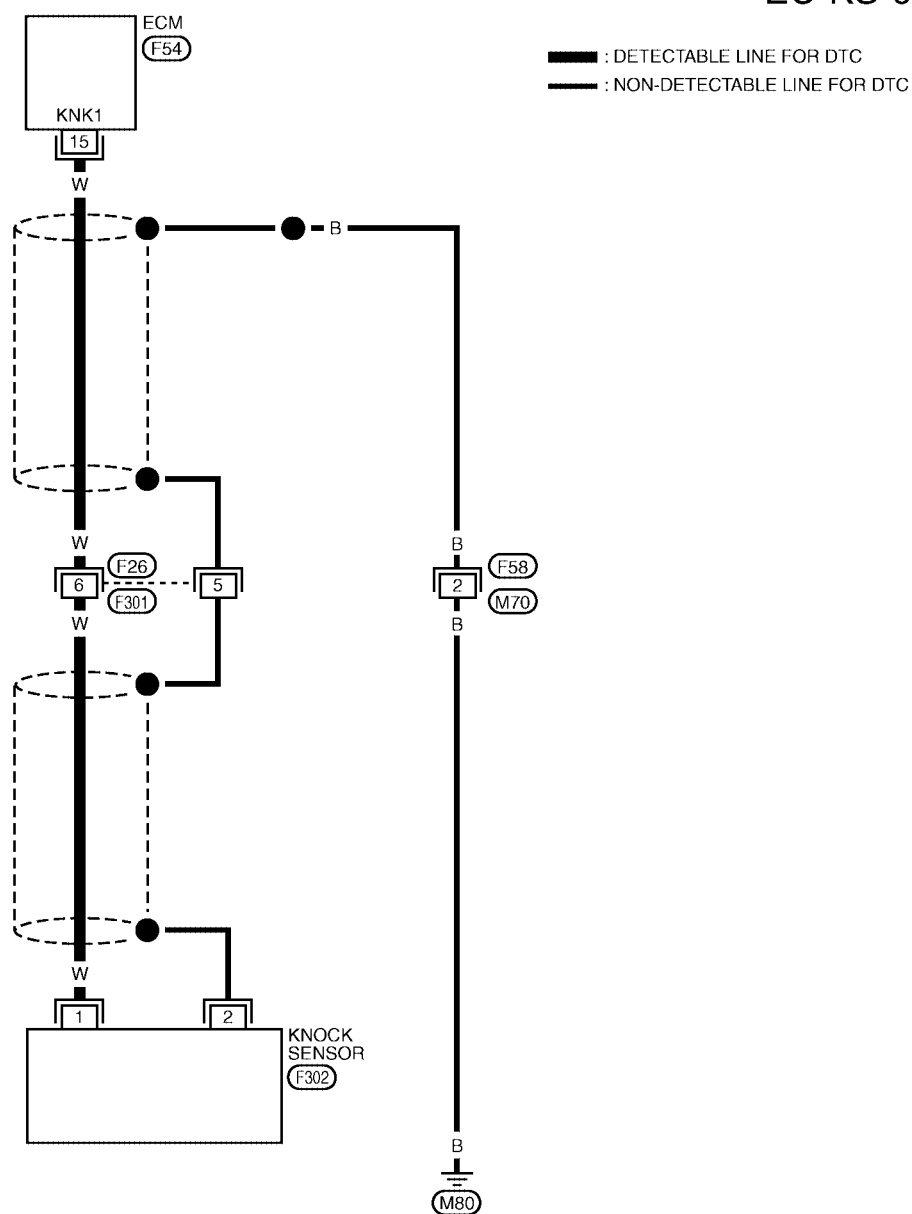
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0327, P0328 KS

Wiring Diagram

UBS0095/

EC-KS-01



BBWA0630E

EC-260

DTC P0327, P0328 KS

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
15	W	Knock sensor	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0095J

1. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check resistance between ECM terminal 15 and engine ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

NOTE:

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M Ω .

Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 k Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

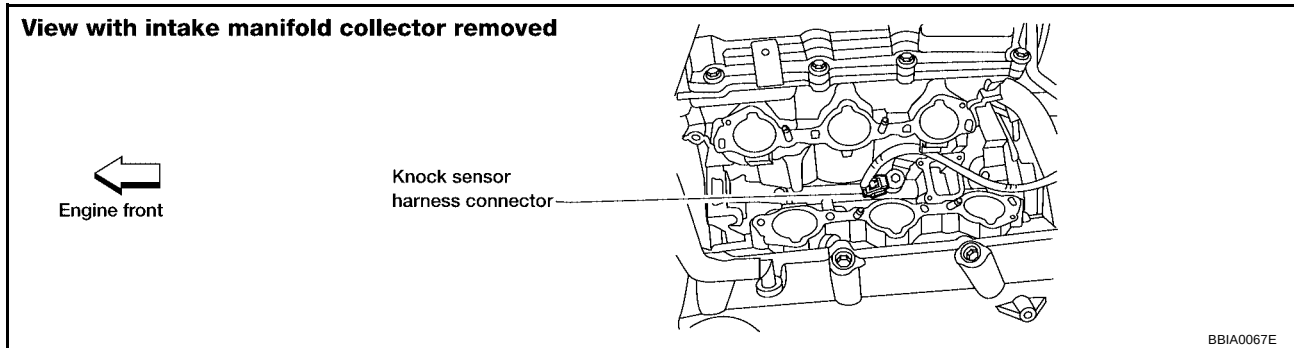
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.



2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 15 and knock sensor terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F26, F301
- Harness for open or short between ECM and knock sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to [EC-263, "Component Inspection"](#) .

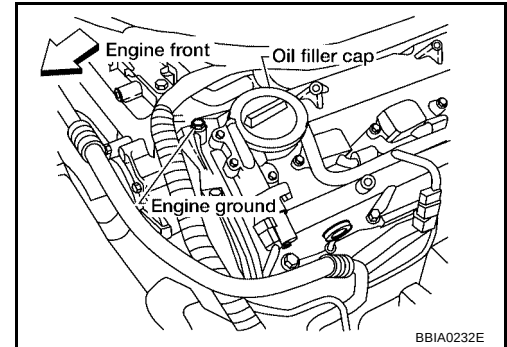
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Replace knock sensor.

5. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 6.



6. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between knock sensor terminal 2 and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F26, F301
- Harness connectors F58, M70
- Harness for open or short between knock sensor and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection

KNOCK SENSOR

UBS0095K

Check resistance between knock sensor terminal 1 and ground.

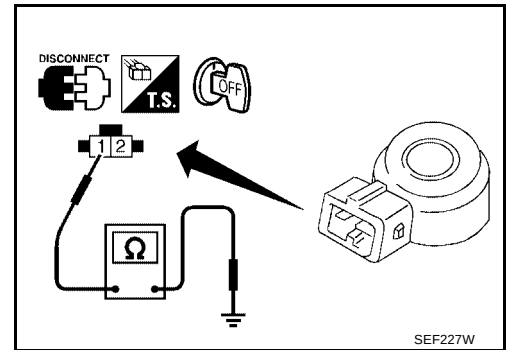
NOTE:

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M Ω .

Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 k Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

CAUTION:

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.



UBS0095L

Removal and Installation

KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to [EM-118, "CYLINDER BLOCK"](#) .

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

PFP:23731

Component Description

UBS0095M

The crankshaft position sensor (POS) is located on the oil pan facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the signal plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

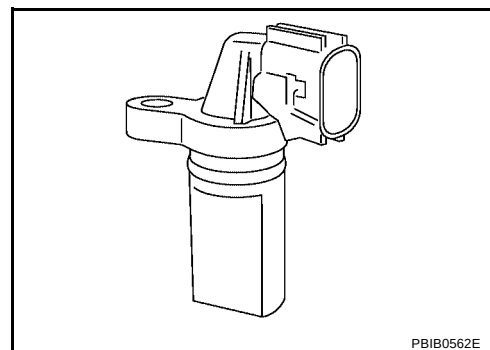
The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0095N

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	● Run engine and compare CONSULT-II value with the tachometer indication.	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0095O

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0335 0335	Crankshaft position sensor (POS) circuit	● The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not detected by the ECM during the first few seconds of engine cranking. ● The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (POS) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running. ● The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) ● Crankshaft position sensor (POS) ● Signal plate

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0095P

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch ON.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-266. "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

A diagram of the CONSULT-II Data Monitor screen. The screen is divided into two main sections: "MONITOR" and "NO DTC". Under "MONITOR", it displays "ENG SPEED" and "XXX rpm". The part number SEF058Y is indicated at the bottom right of the screen.

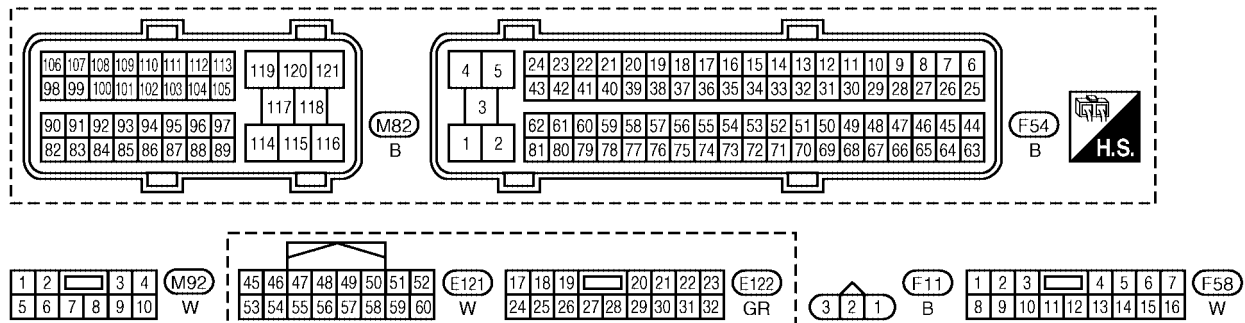
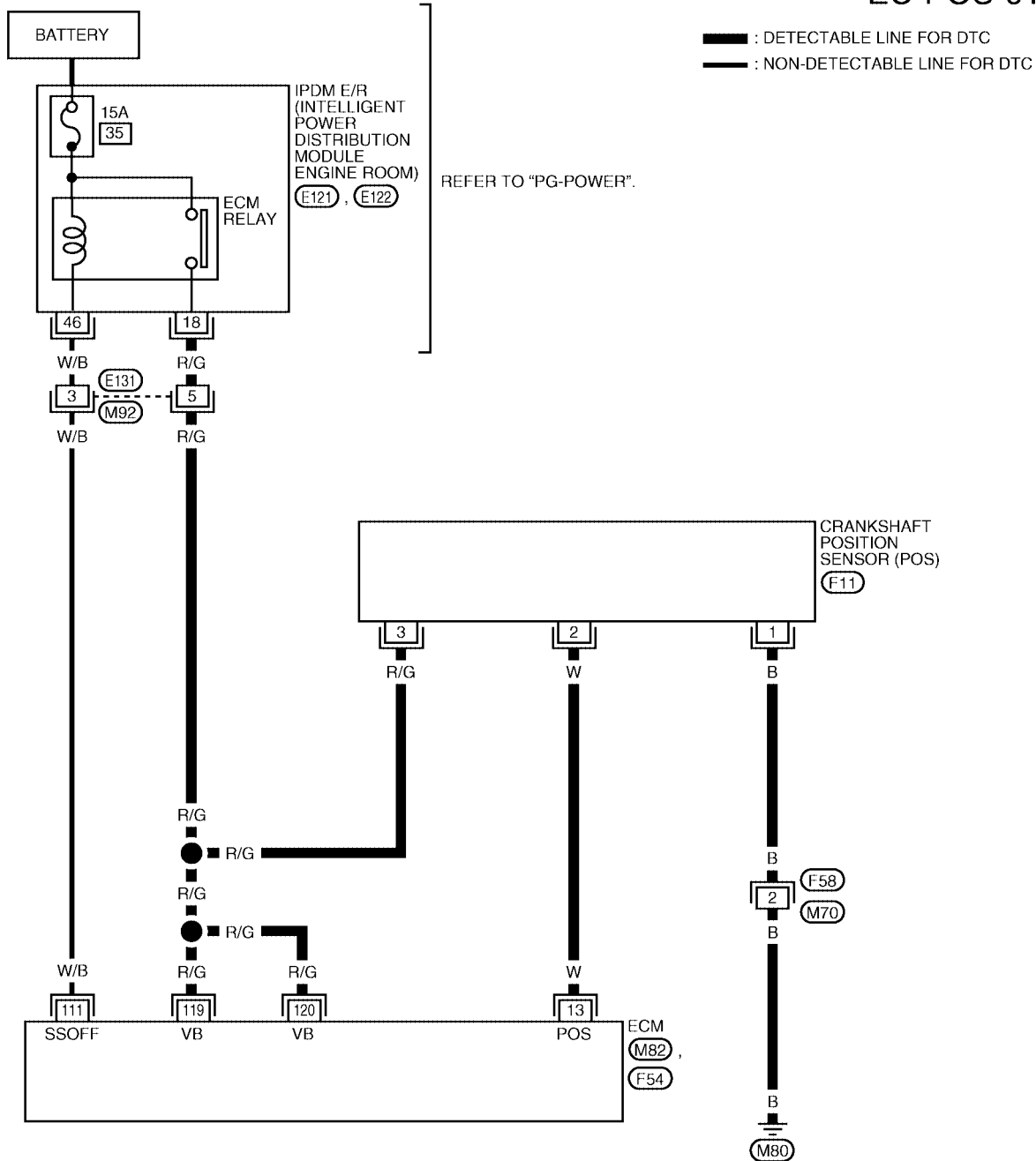
DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

UBS0095Q

EC-POS-01

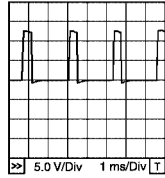
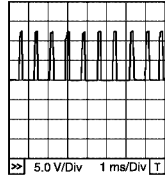


DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
13	W	Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 10V★  PBIB1041E
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 10V★  PBIB1042E

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

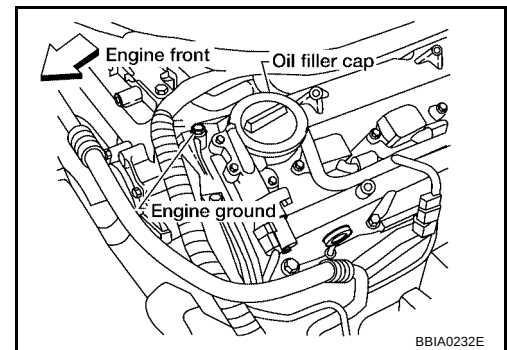
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0095R

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

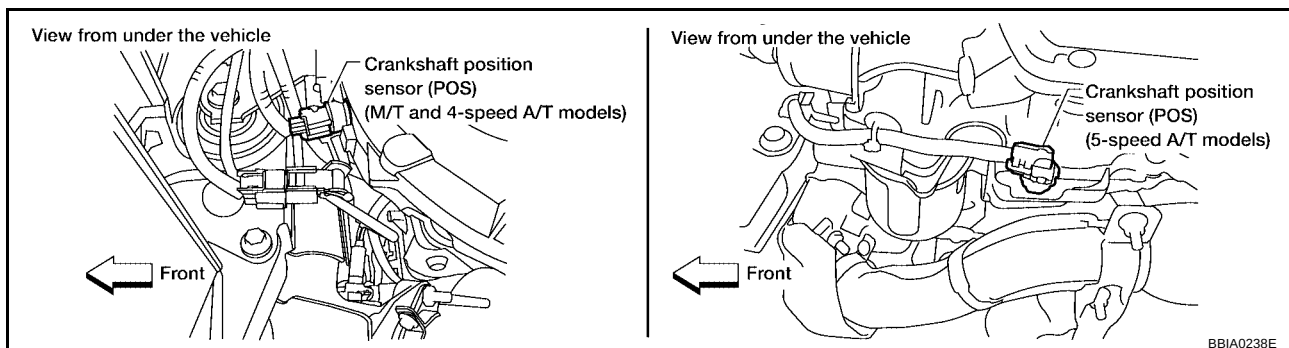
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

2. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION (CKP) SENSOR (POS) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) harness connector.



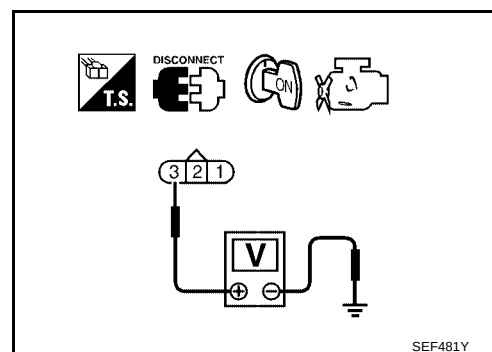
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check voltage between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check harness continuity between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 1 and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F58, M70
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

6. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 13 and CKP sensor (POS) terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to [EC-269, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).

8. CHECK GEAR TOOTH

Visually check for chipping signal plate gear tooth.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace the signal plate.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

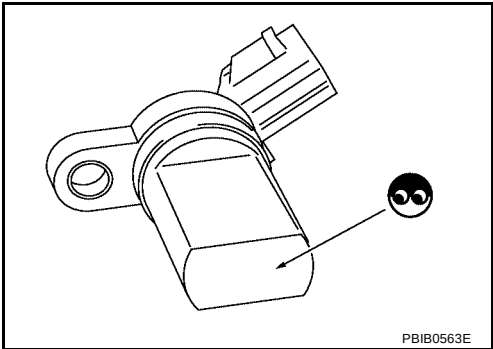
>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

Component Inspection CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

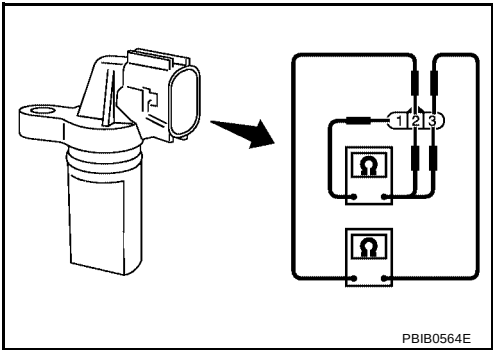
UBS0095S

1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
2. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
3. Remove the sensor.
4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
1 (+) - 3 (-)	
2 (+) - 3 (-)	



Removal and Installation CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

UBS0095T

Refer to [EM-31, "OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER"](#) .

DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

PFP:23731

Component Description

UBS0095U

The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the retraction of intake valve camshaft to identify a particular cylinder. The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the piston position.

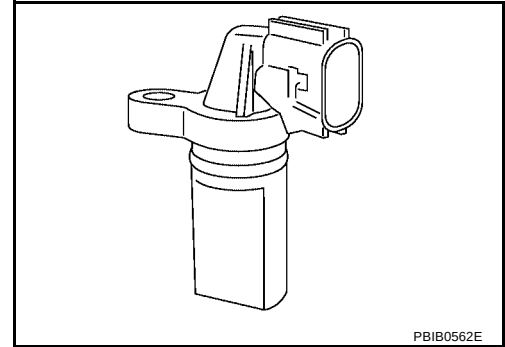
When the crankshaft position sensor (POS) system becomes inoperative, the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) provides various controls of engine parts instead, utilizing timing of cylinder identification signals.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

When engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0095V

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0340 0340 (Bank 1)	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) circuit	The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking.	- Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) - Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) - Camshaft (Intake) - Starter motor (Refer to SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM" .) - Starting system circuit (Refer to SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM" .) - Dead (Weak) battery
P0345 0345 (Bank 2)		- The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM during engine running. - The cylinder No. signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0095W

NOTE:

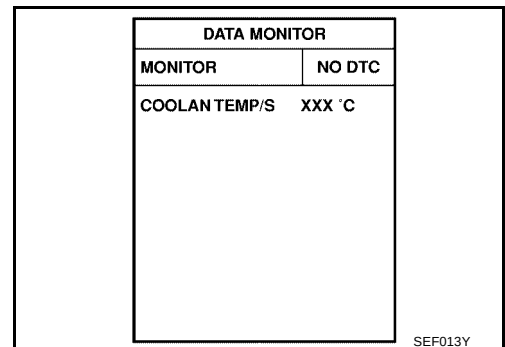
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch ON.

WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-274, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.
- Maintaining engine speed at more than 800 rpm for at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-274, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

A screenshot of the CONSULT-II diagnostic tool's 'DATA MONITOR' screen. The screen is divided into two main sections: 'MONITOR' and 'NO DTC'. Under 'MONITOR', the text 'COOLANT TEMP/S' is displayed. Under 'NO DTC', the text 'XXX °C' is displayed. The screen is framed by a black border.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF013Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

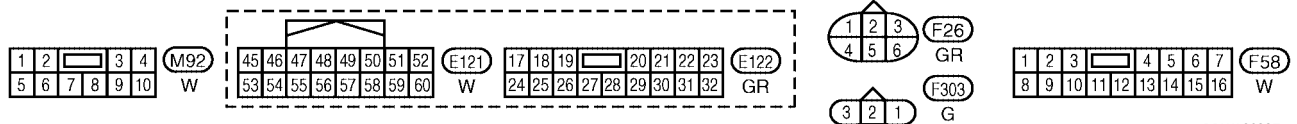
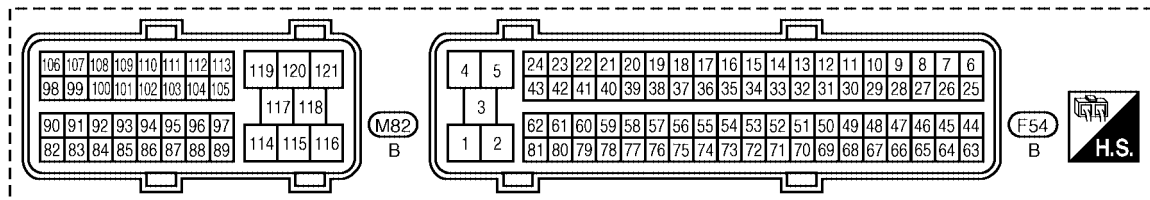
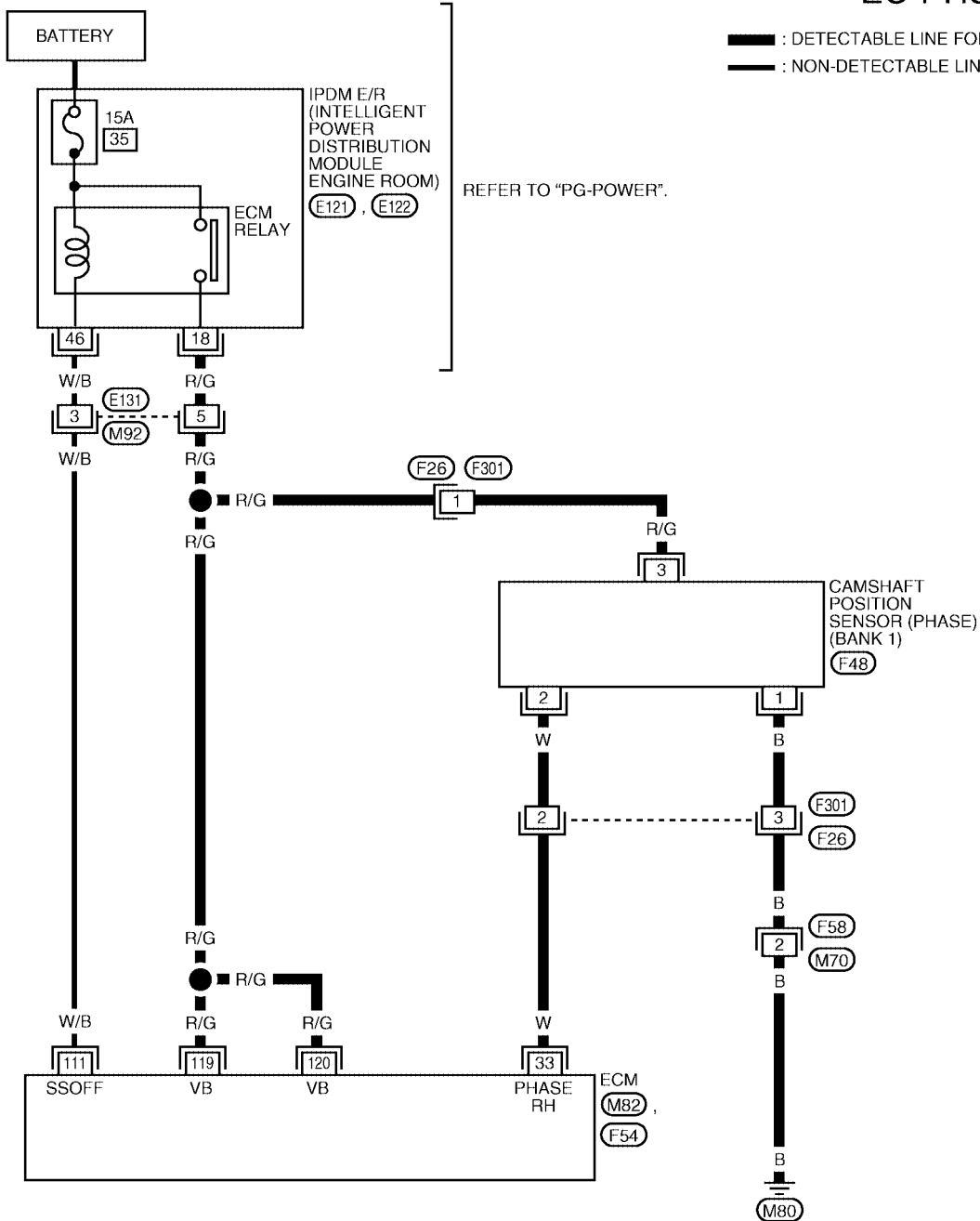
DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS0095X

EC-PHSB1-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



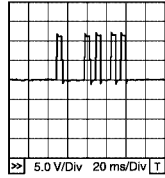
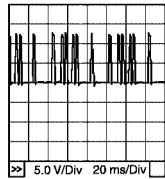
BBWA0633E

DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
33	W	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1039E
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1040E

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

A
EC
C
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I
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M

EC

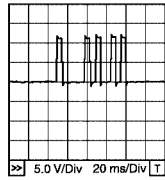
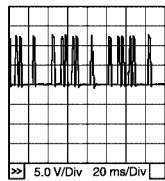


DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
14	W	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1039E
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★  PBIB1040E

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0095Y

1. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch to START position.

Does the engine turn over?

Does the starter motor operate?

Yes or No

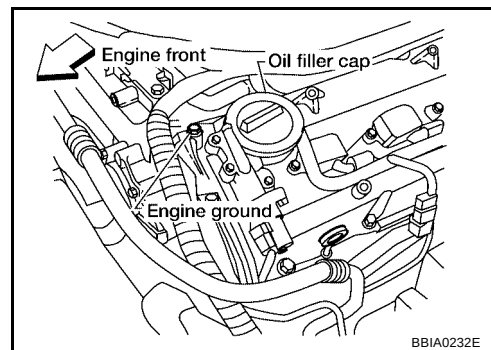
Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> Check starting system. (Refer to [SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM"](#) .)

2. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

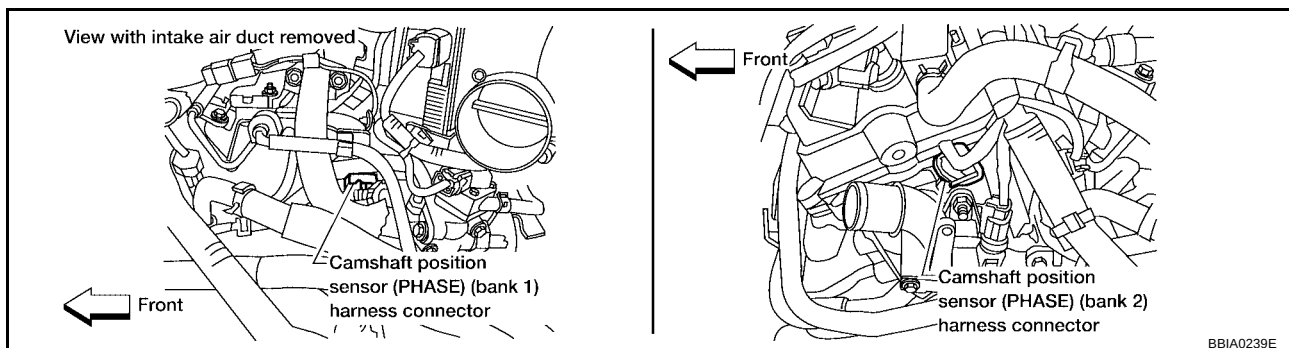
>> GO TO 3.



DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

3. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION (CMP) SENSOR (PHASE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) harness connector.



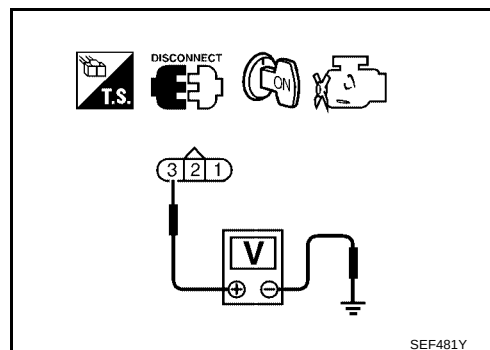
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check voltage between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check harness continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 1 and ground.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F58, M70
- Harness for open or short between CMP sensor (PHASE) and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

7. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 33 or 14 and CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to [EC-277, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

9. CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE)

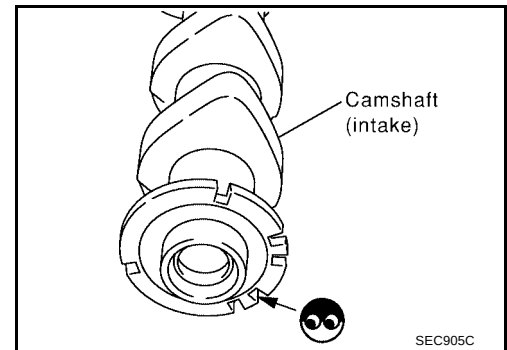
Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft.



10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

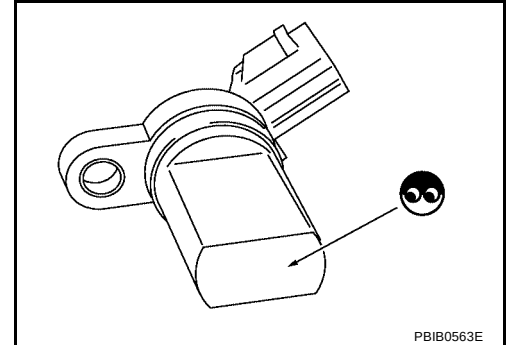
DTC P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

Component Inspection

CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

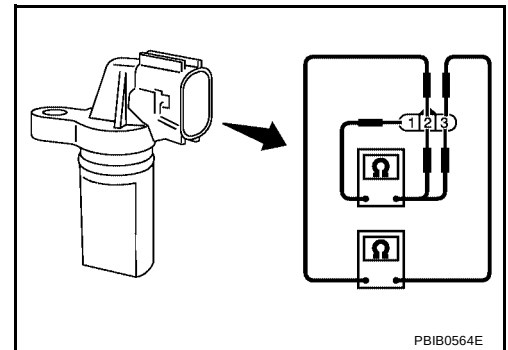
UBS0095Z

1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
2. Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
3. Remove the sensor.
4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
1 (+) - 3 (-)	
2 (+) - 3 (-)	



Removal and Installation

CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to [EM-77, "CAMSHAFT"](#) .

UBS00960

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

PFP:14710

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00961

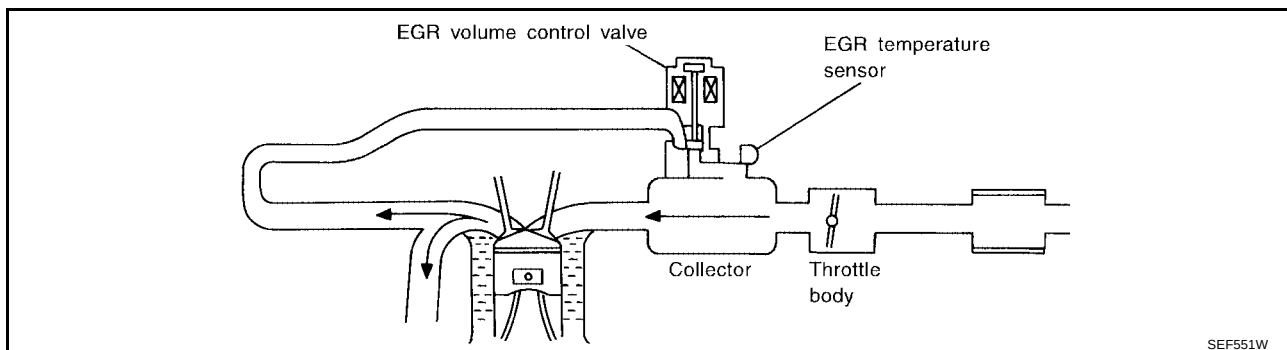
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*2 Piston position	EGR volume control	EGR volume control valve
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		
Battery	Battery voltage*2		
Air conditioner switch*1	Air conditioner operation		
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation		
Electrical load*1	Electrical load signal		
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed		
TCM*1	Gear position, shifting signal		

*1: These signals are sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

This system controls flow rate of EGR led from exhaust manifold to intake manifold. The opening of the EGR by-pass passage in the EGR volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. The EGR volume control valve remains closed under the following conditions.

- Engine stopped
- Engine starting
- Engine idling
- Low engine coolant temperature
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- High engine speed
- Wide open throttle
- Low battery voltage



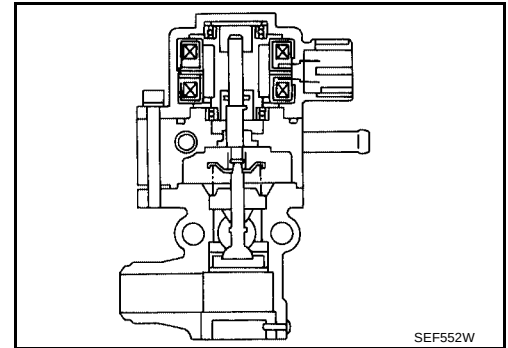
SEF551W

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

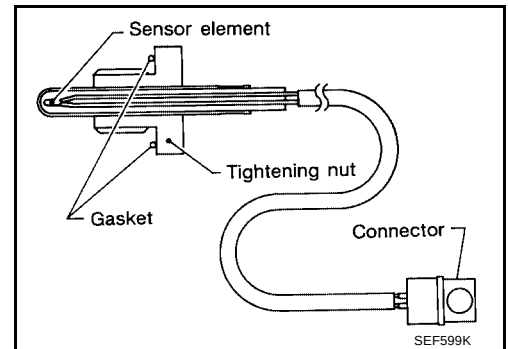
EGR volume control valve

The EGR volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of EGR from exhaust manifold. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.



EGR Temperature Sensor

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passageway. When the EGR volume control valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passageway changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.



<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.59	0.73 - 0.88
50 (122)	2.32	0.074 - 0.082
100 (212)	0.62	0.011 - 0.014

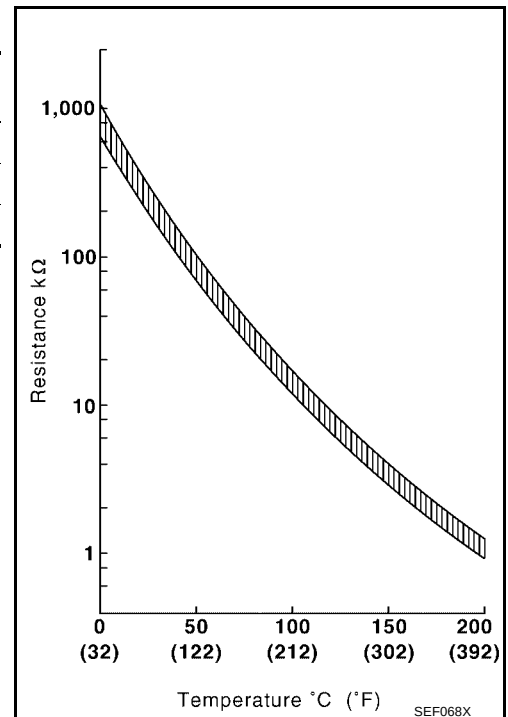
*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 54 (EGR temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may damage the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

When EGR system is operating.

Voltage: 0 - 1.5V



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00962

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EGR TEMP SEN	● Engine: After warming up	Less than 4.5V

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

EGR VOL CON/V	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● No load	Idle	0 step
		Revving engine up to 3,000 rpm quickly	10 - 55 step

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00963

If the absence of EGR flow is detected by EGR temperature sensor under the condition that calls for EGR, a low-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0400 0400	EGR function (Close)	No EGR flow is detected under the condition that calls for EGR.	● Harness or connectors (The EGR volume control valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● EGR volume control valve stuck closed ● Dead (Weak) battery ● EGR passage clogged ● EGR temperature sensor and circuit ● Exhaust gas leaks

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00965

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- P0400 will not be displayed at "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II even though DTC work support test result is NG.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 10V at idle, then stop engine immediately.
- For best results, perform the test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or higher.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
2. Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

Confirm "COOLAN TEMP/S" value is within the range listed below.

COOLAN TEMP/S: Less than 40°C (104°F)

If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the engine coolant temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

3. Start engine and let it idle monitoring "COOLAN TEMP/S" value. When the "COOLAN TEMP/S" value reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next step.
4. Select "EGR SYSTEM P0400" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Touch "START".
6. Accelerate vehicle to a speed of 40 km/h (25 MPH) once and then stop vehicle with engine running. If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT-II screen, go to step 8. If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT-II screen, go to the following step.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF013Y

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

7. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds or more.)

ENG SPEED	1,200 - 3,600 rpm
Vehicle speed	More than 10 km/h (6 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	4.5 - 8.0 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

8. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-283, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



WITH GST

- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- Check engine coolant temperature in MODE 1 with GST.
Engine coolant temperature: Less than 40°C (104°F)
 If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the coolant temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.
- Start engine and let it idle monitoring the engine coolant temperature value. When the engine coolant temperature reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next step.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.
Engine speed: 1,200 - 3,600 rpm
Vehicle speed: More than 10 km/h (6 MPH)
Selector lever: Suitable position
- Stop vehicle.
- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- Repeat step 3 to 5.
- Select MODE 3 with GST.
- If DTC is detected, go to [EC-283, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
- When using GST, DTC Confirmation Procedure should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.**

EGR SYSTEM P0400	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

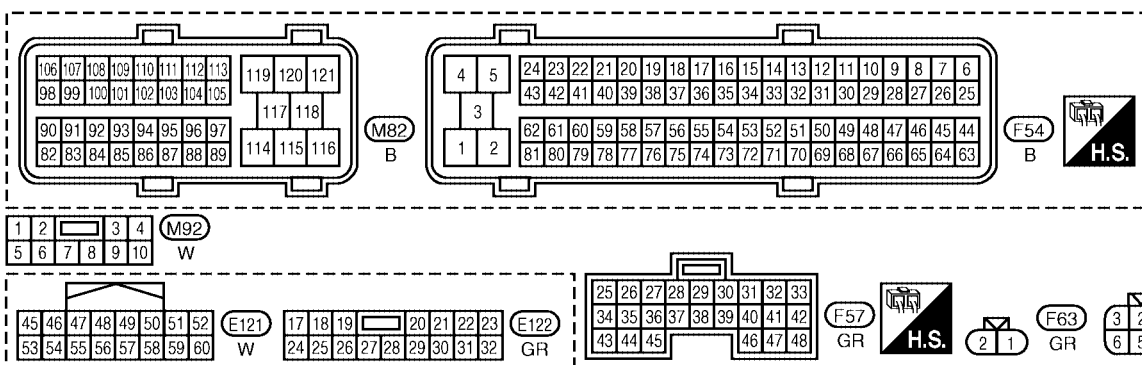
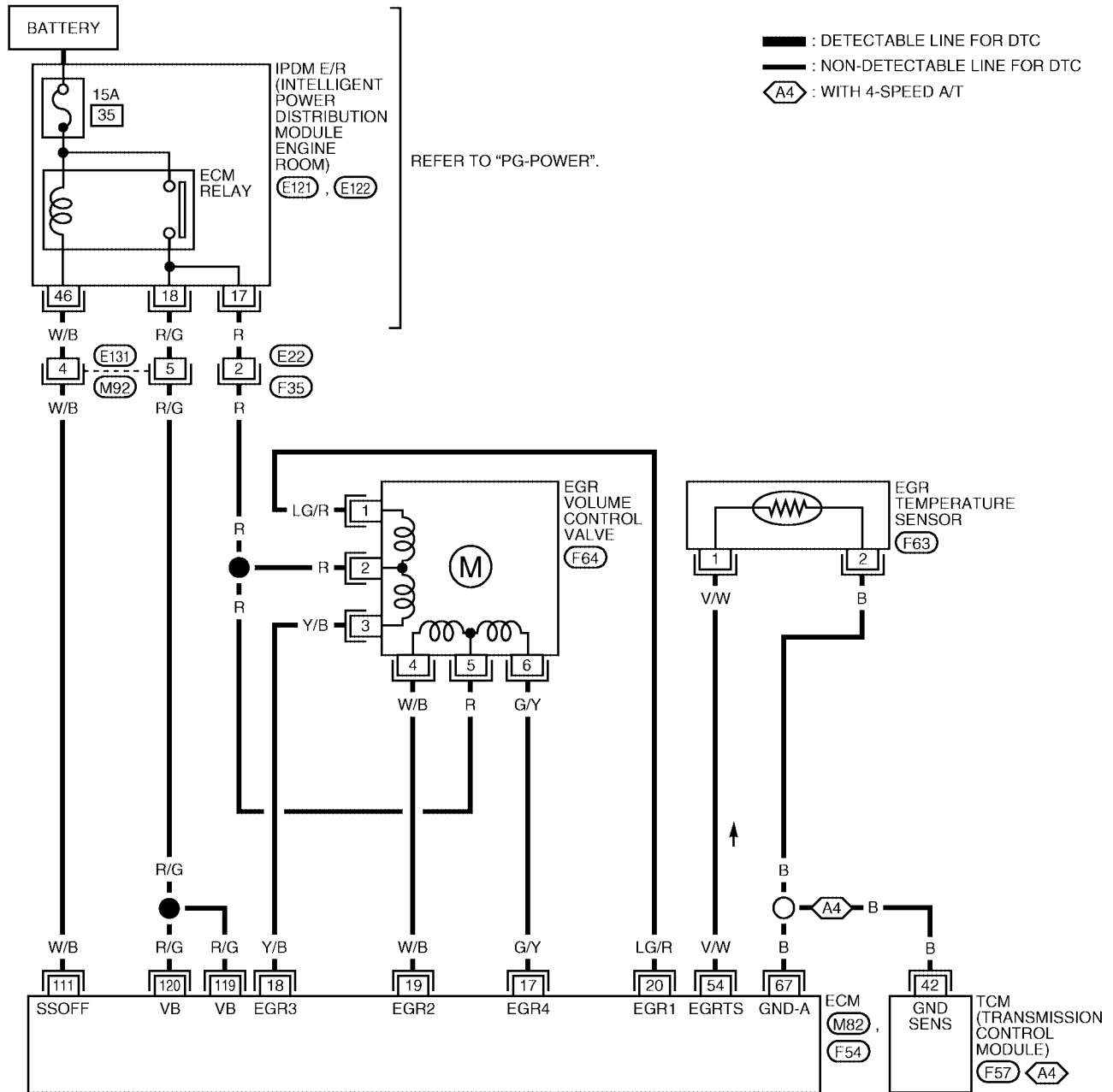
SEF845Y

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

UBS00966

Wiring Diagram

EC-EGRC1-01



BBWA0665E

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

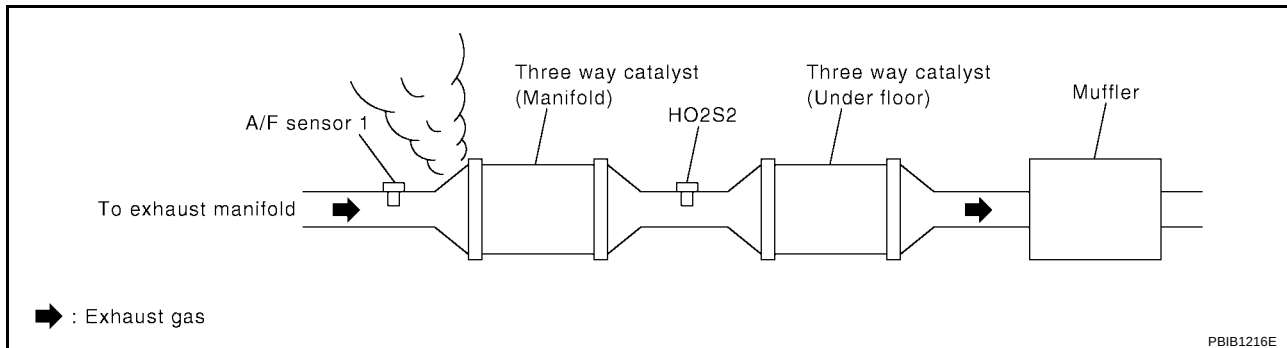
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
17 18 19 20	G/Y Y/B W/B LG/R	EGR volume control valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	0.1 - 14V
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM

1. Start engine.
2. Check exhaust pipes and muffler for leaks.



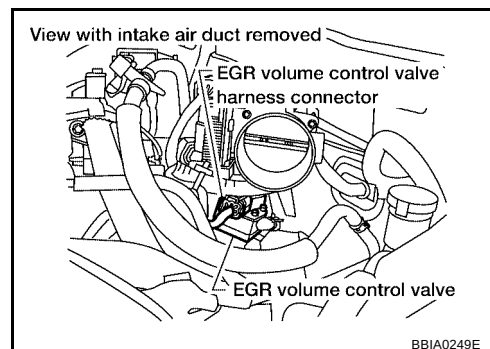
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
 NG >> Repair or replace exhaust system.

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

2. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EGR volume control valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

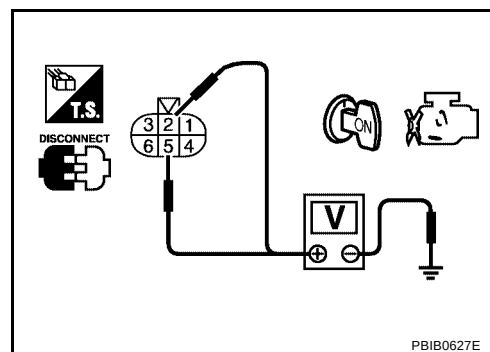


4. Check voltage between EGR volume control valve terminals 2, 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E22, F35
- IPDM E/R harness connector E122
- Harness for open or short between EGR volume control valve and IPDM E/R

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals and EGR volume control valve terminals as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

ECM terminal	EGR volume control valve
17	6
18	3
19	4
20	1

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0400 EGR FUNCTION

5. CHECK EGR PASSAGE

Check EGR passage for clogging and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace EGR passage.

6. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-290, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace EGR volume control valve.

7. CHECK EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND CIRCUIT

Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure for DTC P 0405, P0406. Refer to [EC-294, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

A

EC

C

D

E

F

G

H

I

J

K

L

M

DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

PFP:14710

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00968

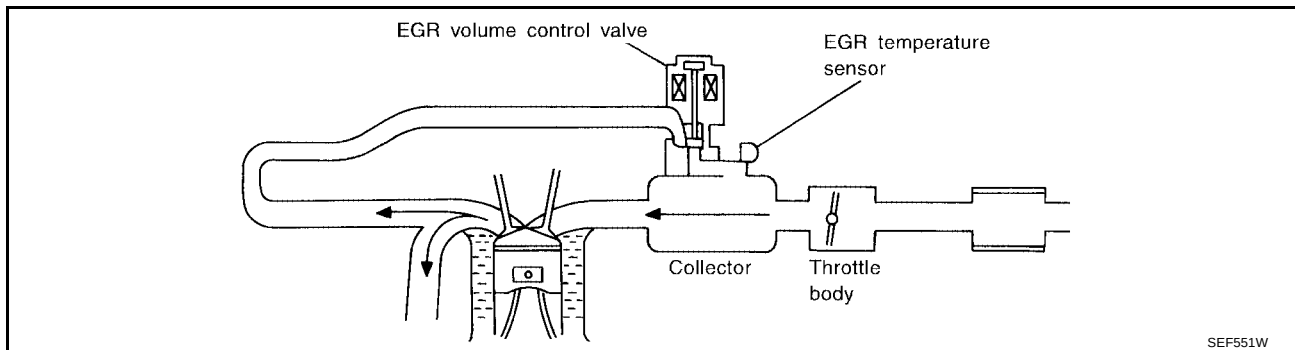
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*2 Piston position	EGR volume control	EGR volume control valve
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		
Battery	Battery voltage*2		
Air conditioner switch*1	Air conditioner operation		
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation		
Electrical load*1	Electrical load signal		
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed		
TCM*1	Gear position, shifting signal		

*1: These signals are sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

This system controls flow rate of EGR led from exhaust manifold to intake manifold. The opening of the EGR by-pass passage in the EGR volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. The EGR volume control valve remains close under the following conditions.

- Engine stopped
- Engine starting
- Engine idling
- Low engine coolant temperature
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- High engine speed
- Wide open throttle
- Low battery voltage



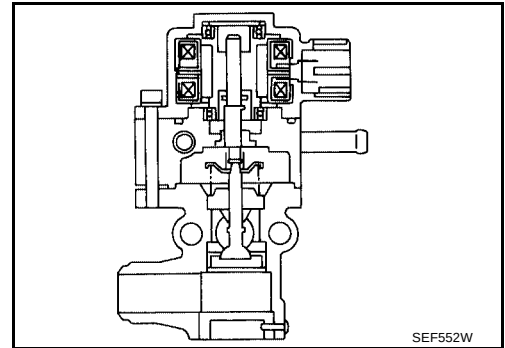
SEF551W

DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EGR volume control valve

The EGR volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of EGR from exhaust manifold. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00969

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
EGR VOL CON/V	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● No load	Idle	0 step
		Revving engine up to 3,000 rpm quickly	10 - 55 step

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0096A

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0403 0403	EGR volume control valve circuit	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	● Harness or connectors (The EGR volume control valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● EGR volume control valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0096C

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Rev engine from idle to 2,000 rpm 10 times.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-289, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

WITH GST

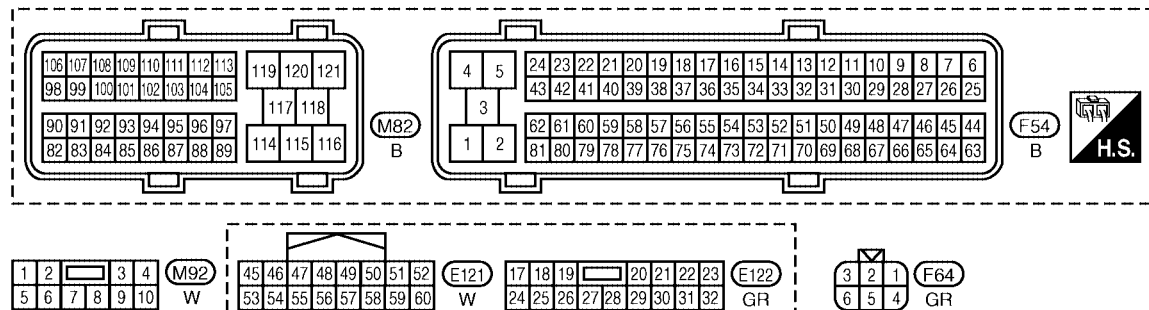
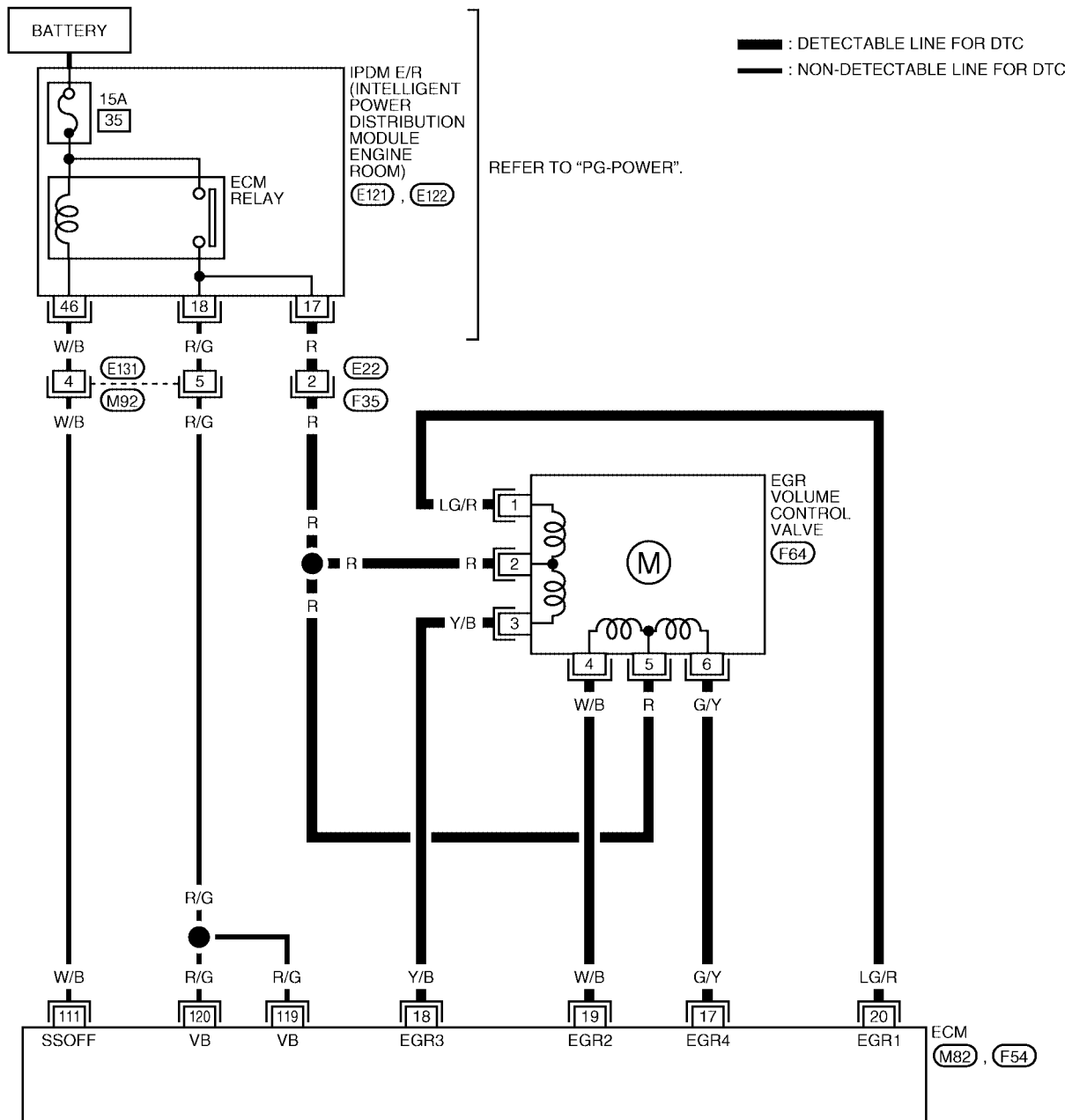
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Wiring Diagram

UBS0096D

EC-EGVC/V-01



BBWA0664E

DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
17 18 19 20	G/Y Y/B W/B LG/R	EGR volume control valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	0.1 - 14V
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

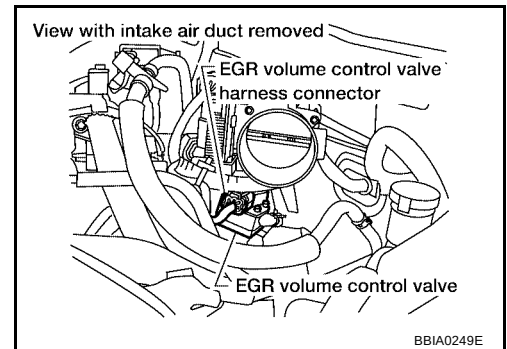
★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0096E

1. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect EGR volume control valve harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.

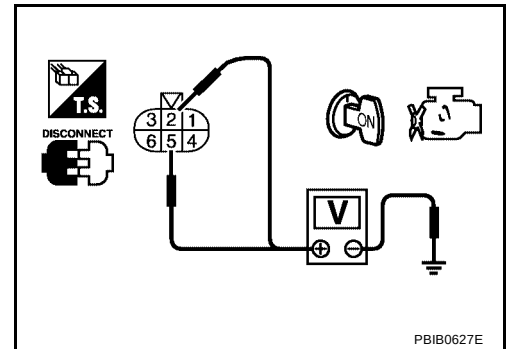


- Check voltage between EGR volume control valve terminals 2, 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E22, F35
- IPDM E/R harness connector E122
- Harness for open or short between EGR volume control valve and IPDM E/R

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals and EGR volume control valve terminals as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

ECM terminal	EGR volume control valve
17	6
18	3
19	4
20	1

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-290, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace EGR volume control valve.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

UBS00AM5

Ⓟ With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EGR volume control valve harness connector.

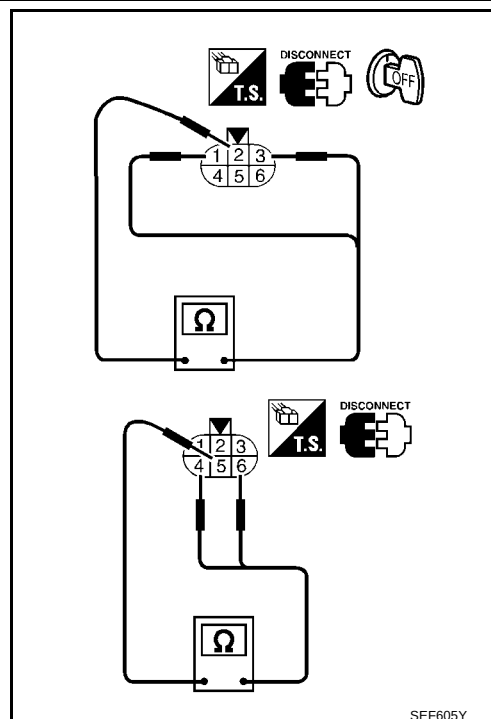
DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

- Check resistance between EGR volume control valve terminal 2 and terminals 1, 3, terminal 5 and terminals 4, 6.

Resistance: 20 - 24 Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

If NG, replace EGR volume control valve.
If OK, go to next step.

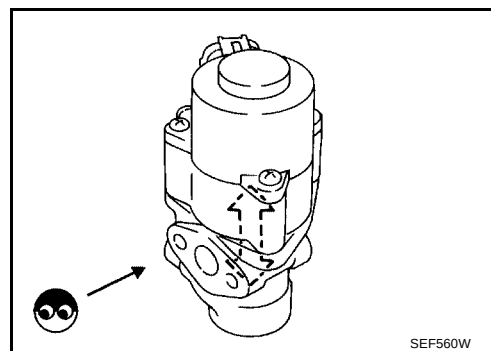
- Remove EGR volume control valve.
- Reconnect ECM harness connector and EGR volume control valve harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.



- Perform "EGR VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TEST	
EGR VOL CONT/V	20 step
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
EGR TEMP SEN	XXX V

- Check that EGR volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening steps.
If NG, replace EGR volume control valve.



Without CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect EGR volume control valve harness connector.

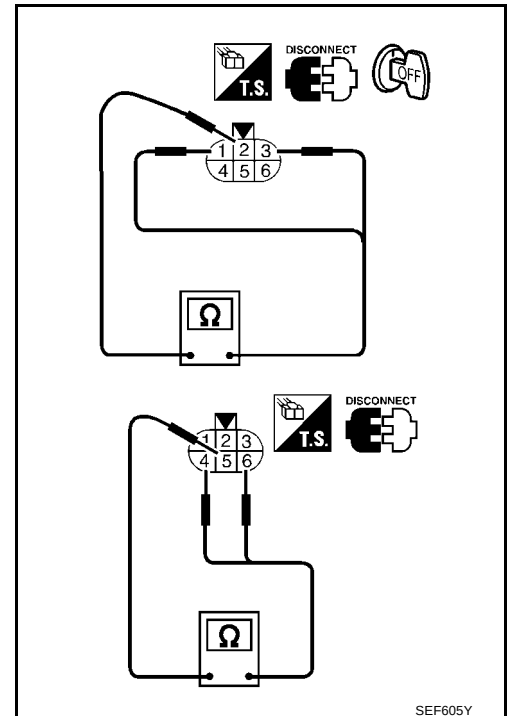
DTC P0403 EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

3. Check resistance between EGR volume control valve terminal 2 and terminals 1, 3, terminal 5 and terminals 4, 6.

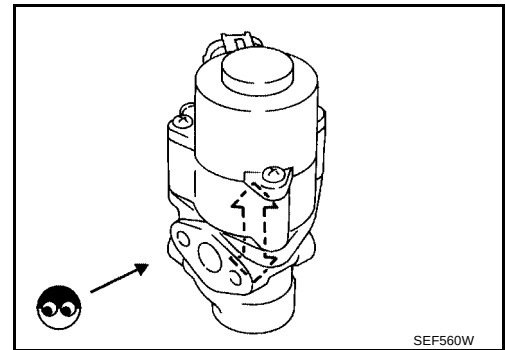
Resistance: 20 - 24 Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

If NG, replace EGR volume control valve.
If OK, go to next step.

4. Remove EGR volume control valve.
5. Reconnect ECM harness connector and EGR volume control valve harness connector.
6. Turn ignition switch ON and OFF.



7. Check that EGR volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.



Removal and Installation EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EM-22, "EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE"](#) .

UBS0096F

DTC P0405, P0406 EGRT SENSOR

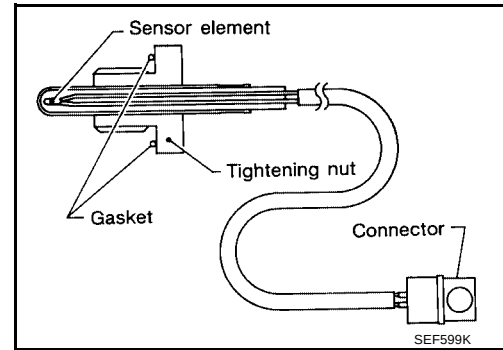
PFP:14710

UBS0096G

DTC P0405, P0406 EGRT SENSOR

Component Description

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passageway. When the EGR volume control valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passageway changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.



<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.59	0.73 - 0.88
50 (122)	2.32	0.074 - 0.082
100 (212)	0.62	0.011 - 0.014

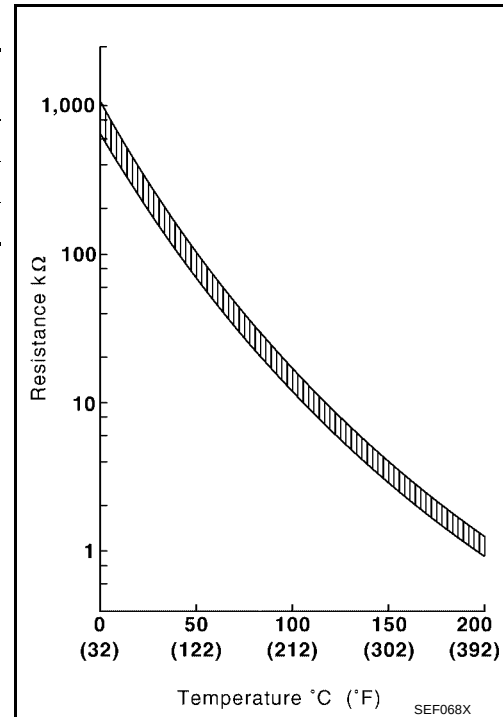
*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 54 (EGR temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may damage the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

When EGR system is operating.

Voltage: 0 - 1.5V



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AM6

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P0405 0405	EGR temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is low.	● Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is shorted.) ● EGR temperature sensor ● Malfunction of EGR function
P0406 0406	EGR temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is high.	● Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is open.) ● EGR temperature sensor ● Malfunction of EGR function

DTC P0405, P0406 EGRT SENSOR

UBS0096J

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0405

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Verify that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates less than 50°C (122°F).
If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-297, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0406

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "EGR VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Hold engine speed at 1,500 rpm.
4. Touch "Qu" and set the EGR volume control valve opening to 50 step and check "EGR TEMP SEN" indication.
"EGR TEMP SEN" indication should decrease to less than 1.0V.
If the check result is NG, go to [EC-297, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If the check result is OK, go to the following step.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
7. Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,200 - 2,400 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	10 km/h (6 MPH) or more
B/FUEL SCHDL	More than 4 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position

8. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-297, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

ACTIVE TEST	
EGR VOL CONT/V	20 step
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
EGR TEMP SEN	XXX V

SEF015Y

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PBIB0164E

With GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
3. Select MODE 1 with GST and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

DTC P0405, P0406 EGRT SENSOR

Engine speed	1,200 - 2,400 rpm
Vehicle speed	10 km/h (6 MPH) or more
Selector lever	Suitable position

- 4. Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-297, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

A

EC

C

D

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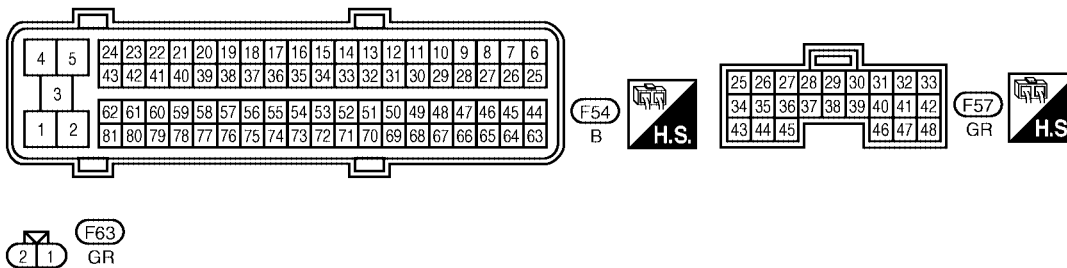
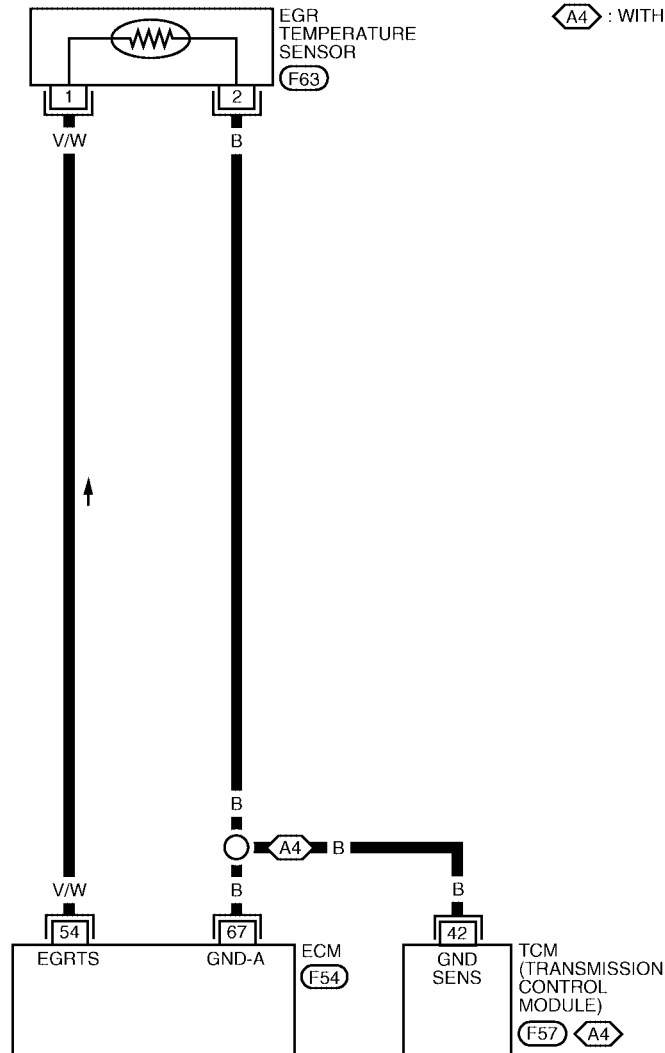
DTC P0405, P0406 EGRT SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS0096K

EC-EGR/TS-01

- : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- A4 : WITH 4-SPEED A/T



BBWA0663E

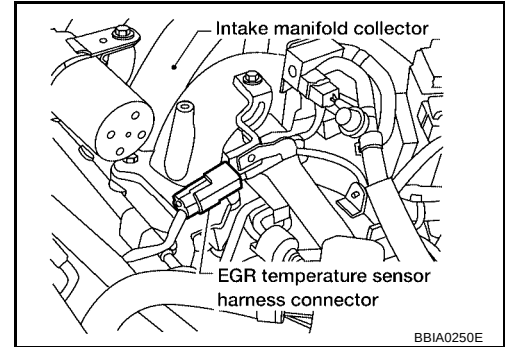
DTC P0405, P0406 EGRT SENSOR

UBS0096L

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EGR temperature sensor harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

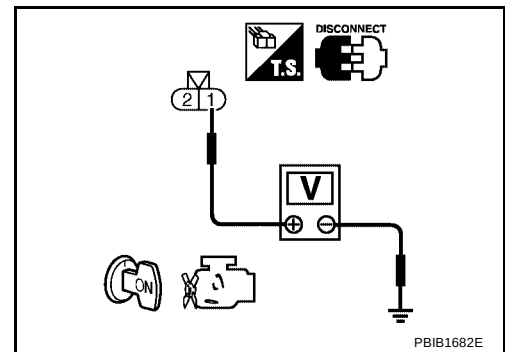


4. Check voltage between EGR temperature sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.



2. CHECK EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between EGR temperature sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between TCM and EGR temperature sensor
- Harness for open or short between ECM and EGR temperature sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.

4. CHECK EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-298, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Replace EGR temperature sensor.

DTC P0405, P0406 EGRT SENSOR

5. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-290, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Replace EGR volume control valve.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

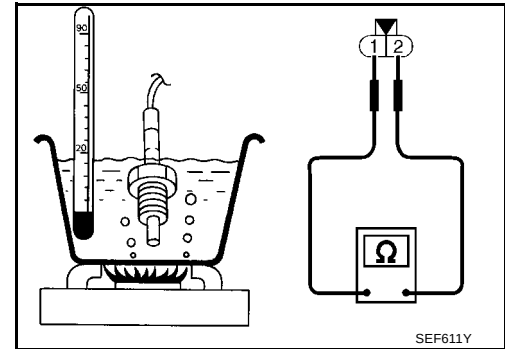
Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS00AM7

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EGR temperature sensor harness connector.
3. Check resistance between EGR temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.

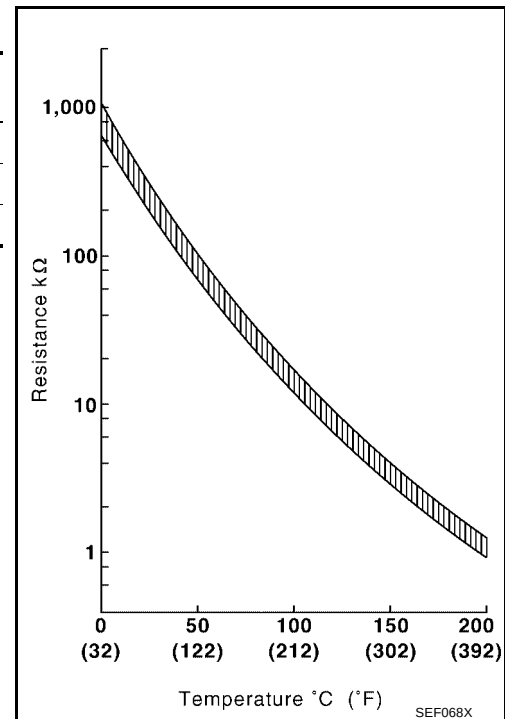


<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.59	0.73 - 0.88
50 (122)	2.32	0.074 - 0.082
100 (212)	0.62	0.011 - 0.014

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 54 (EGR temperature sensor) and ground.

4. If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.



Removal and Installation EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS0096M

Refer to [EM-22, "EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE"](#) .

DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

PFP:20905

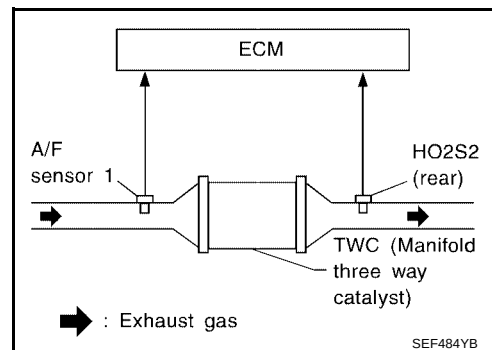
On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0096N

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2.

A three way catalyst (manifold) with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of heated oxygen sensor 2. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the heated oxygen sensor 2 switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst (manifold) malfunction is diagnosed.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0420 0420 (Bank 1)	Catalyst system efficiency below threshold	- Three way catalyst (manifold) does not operate properly. - Three way catalyst (manifold) does not have enough oxygen storage capacity.	- Three way catalyst (manifold) - Exhaust tube - Intake air leaks - Fuel injectors - Fuel injector leaks - Spark plug - Improper ignition timing
P0430 0430 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0096O

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

TESTING CONDITION:

Do not hold engine speed for more than the specified minutes below.

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
- Open engine hood.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

SEF189Y

DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

8. Select "DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION" then "SRT WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
9. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and hold it for 3 consecutive minutes then release the accelerator pedal completely.
If "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changed to "CMPLT", go to step 12.
10. Wait 5 seconds at idle.

SRT WORK SUPPORT	
CATALYST	INCMP
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP
HO2S HTR	CMPLT
HO2S	INCMP
EGR SYSTEM	INCMP
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XX °C
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V

SEF533Z

11. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and maintain it until "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPLT" (It will take approximately 5 minutes).
If not "CMPLT", stop engine and cool it down to less than 70°C (158°F) and then retest from step 1.

SRT WORK SUPPORT	
CATALYST	CMPLT
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP
HO2S HTR	CMPLT
HO2S	INCMP
EGR SYSTEM	INCMP
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XX °C
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V

SEF534Z

12. Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
13. Confirm that the 1st trip DTC is not detected.
If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-301, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

SELF DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	

SEF535Z

Overall Function Check

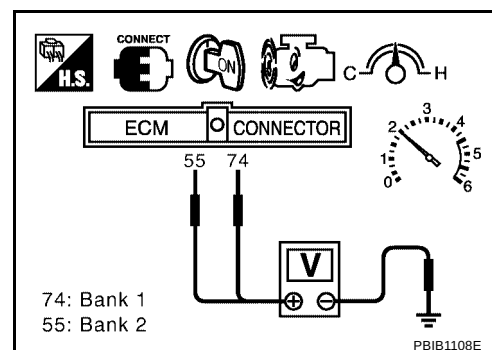
UBS0096P

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst (manifold). During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Open engine hood.
6. Set voltmeter probe between ECM terminals ECM terminals 74 [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal], 55 [HO2S2 (bank 2) signal] and engine ground.
7. Keep engine speed at 2,500 rpm constant under no load.
8. Make sure that the voltage does not vary for more than 5 seconds.
If the voltage fluctuation cycle takes less than 5 seconds, go to [EC-301, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

- 1 cycle: 0.6 - 1.0 → 0 - 0.3 → 0.6 - 1.0



DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0096Q

1. CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM

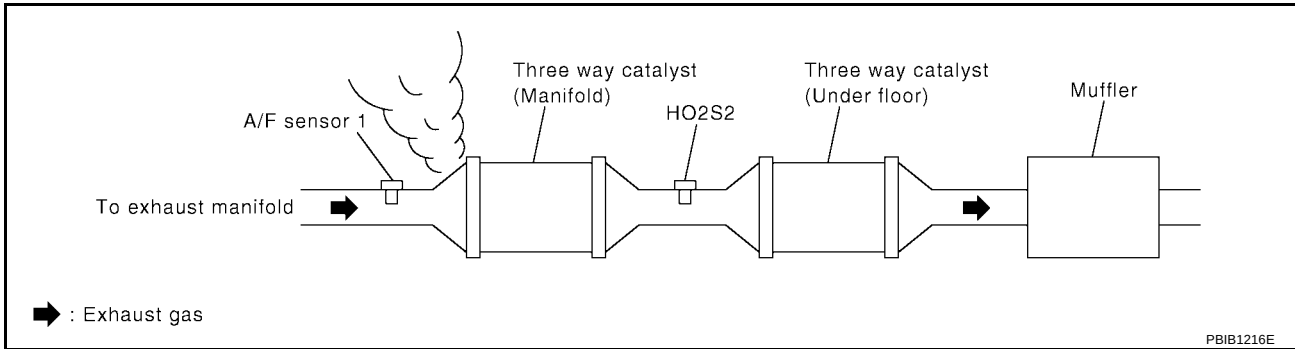
Visually check exhaust tubes and muffler for dent.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before the three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#) .

Items	Specifications	
Target idle speed	M/T	625 ± 50 rpm
	4-speed A/T	700 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
	5-speed A/T	675 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	M/T	15 ± 5° BTDC
	A/T	15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Follow the [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#) .

DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

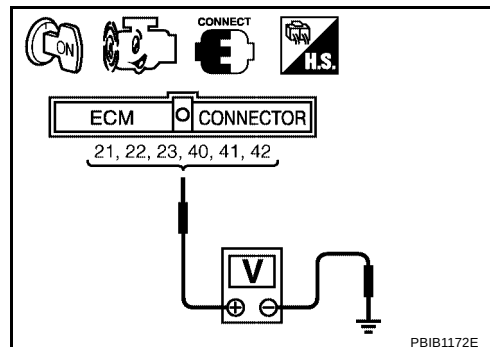
5. CHECK INJECTORS

1. Let engine idle.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.
Refer to Wiring Diagram for Injectors, [EC-634](#).

Battery voltage should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> Perform [EC-635, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

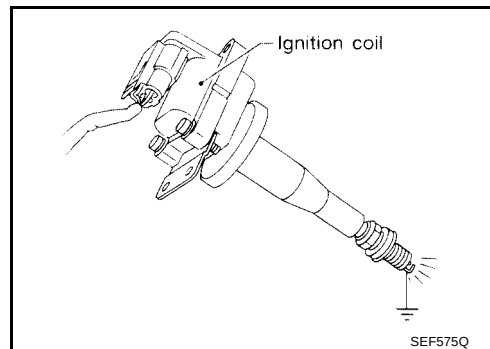


6. CHECK IGNITION SPARK

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect all injector harness connectors.
3. Disconnect ignition coil assembly from rocker cover.
4. Connect a known-good spark plug to the ignition coil assembly.
5. Place end of spark plug against a suitable ground and crank engine.
6. Check for spark.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Check ignition coil with power transistor and their circuit.
Refer to [EC-613, "IGNITION SIGNAL"](#).



7. CHECK INJECTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove injector assembly.
Refer to [EM-40, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"](#).
Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.
3. Reconnect all injector harness connectors.
4. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
Make sure fuel does not drip from injector.

OK or NG

- OK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 8.
NG (Drips.)>>Replace the injector(s) from which fuel is dripping.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

Trouble is fixed.>>**INSPECTION END**

Trouble is not fixed.>>Replace three way catalyst assembly.

DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

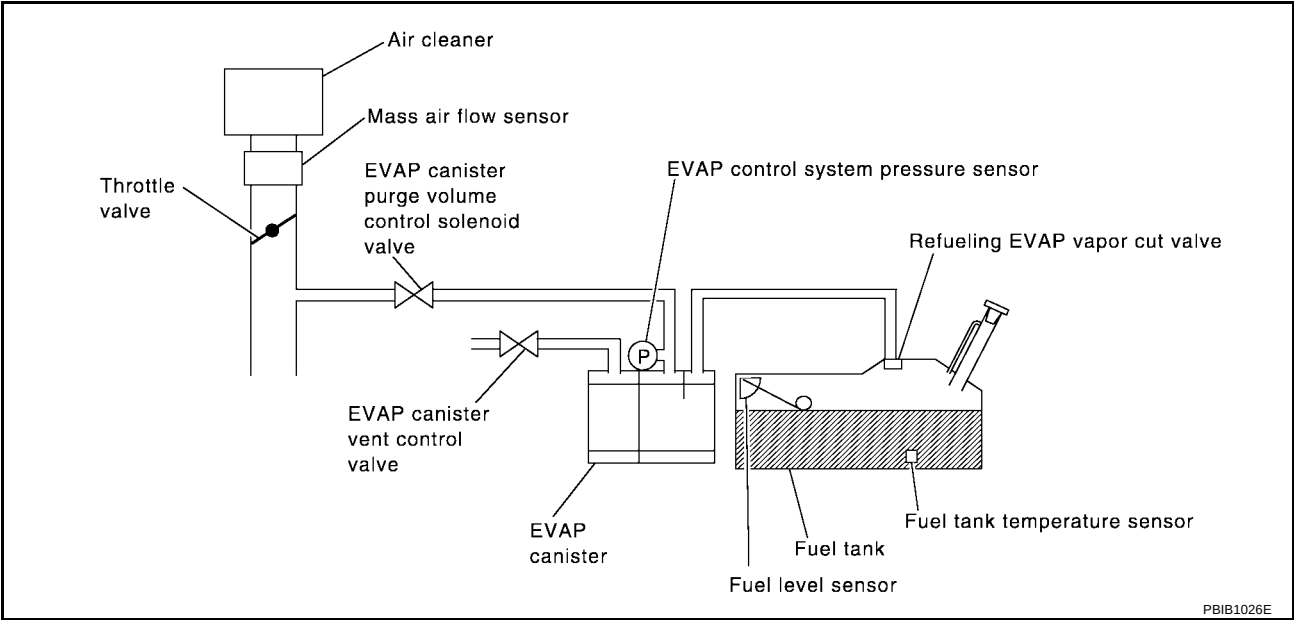
PFP:14950

System Description

UBS0096R

NOTE:

If DTC P0441 is displayed with other DTC such as P2122, P2123, P2127, P2128 or P2138, first perform trouble diagnosis for other DTC.



In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open to admit purge flow. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0096S

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a malfunction is determined.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0441 0441	EVAP control system incorrect purge flow	EVAP control system does not operate properly, EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor.	● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed ● EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit ● Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube ● Blocked rubber tube ● Cracked EVAP canister ● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit ● Accelerator pedal position sensor ● Blocked purge port ● EVAP canister vent control valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0096T

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If TC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

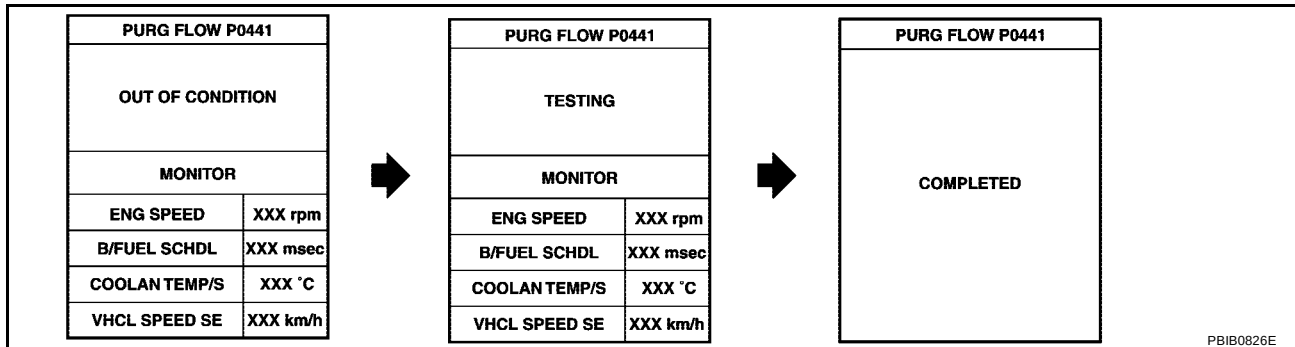
Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
4. Select "PURG FLOW P0441" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Touch "START".
If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 7.
6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

Selector lever	Suitable position
Vehicle speed	32 - 120 km/h (20 - 75 MPH)
ENG SPEED	500 - 3,000 rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.3 - 9.0 msec
Engine coolant temperature	70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)



If "TESTING" is not changed for a long time, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-305, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

Overall Function Check

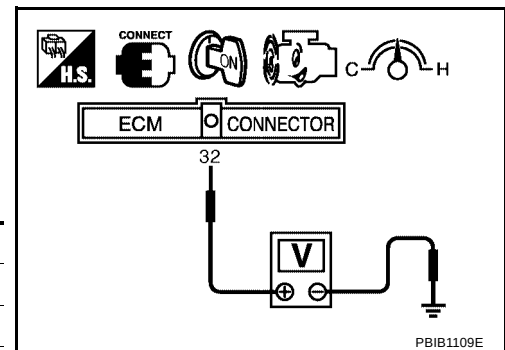
UBS0096U

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow monitoring. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

1. Lift up drive wheels.
2. Start engine (TCS switch or VDC switch OFF) and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
5. Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals 32 (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and ground.
6. Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed and note it.
7. Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch	ON
Headlamp switch	ON
Rear window defogger switch	ON
Engine speed	Approx. 3,000 rpm
Gear position	Any position other than P, N or R



8. Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed (measured at step 6) for at least 1 second.

DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

9. If NG, go to [EC-305, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0096V

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check EVAP canister for cracks.

OK or NG

- OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2.
OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister.

2. CHECK PURGE FLOW

Ⓟ With CONSULT-II

1. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Select "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm.
5. Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to adjust "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening and check vacuum existence.

PURG VOL CONT/V	Vacuum
100%	Should exist.
0%	Should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 4.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

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3. CHECK PURGE FLOW

ⓧ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Check vacuum gauge indication when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

6. Release the accelerator pedal fully and let engine idle.

Vacuum should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 4.

DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

4. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

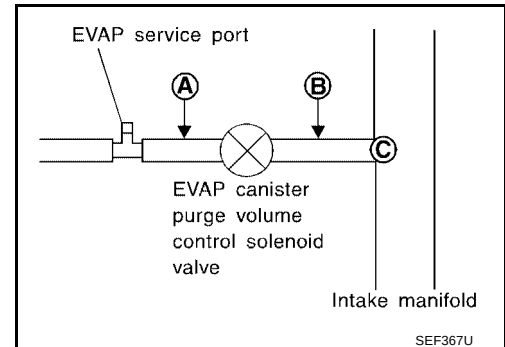
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check EVAP purge line for improper connection or disconnection.
Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Repair it.

5. CHECK EVAP PURGE HOSE AND PURGE PORT

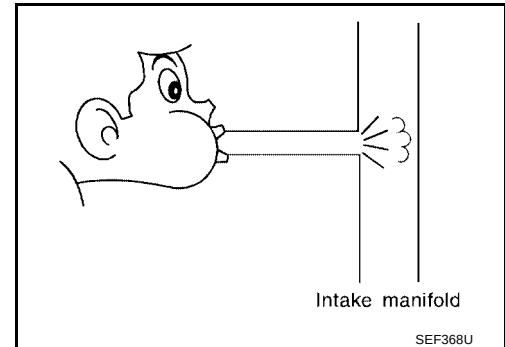
1. Disconnect purge hoses connected to EVAP service port **A** and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve **B**.
2. Blow air into each hose and EVAP purge port **C**.



3. Check that air flows freely.

OK or NG

- OK (With CONSULT-II) >> GO TO 6.
OK (Without CONSULT-II) >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Repair or clean hoses and/or purge port.



6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

PBIB1678E

7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-323, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR FUNCTION

Refer to DTC Confirmation Procedure for DTC P0452 [EC-333](#) , P0453 [EC-339](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

10. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-330, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

12. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Inspect EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube). Check for evidence of leaks.
Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
NG >> Replace it.

13. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 14.

14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

PFP:14950

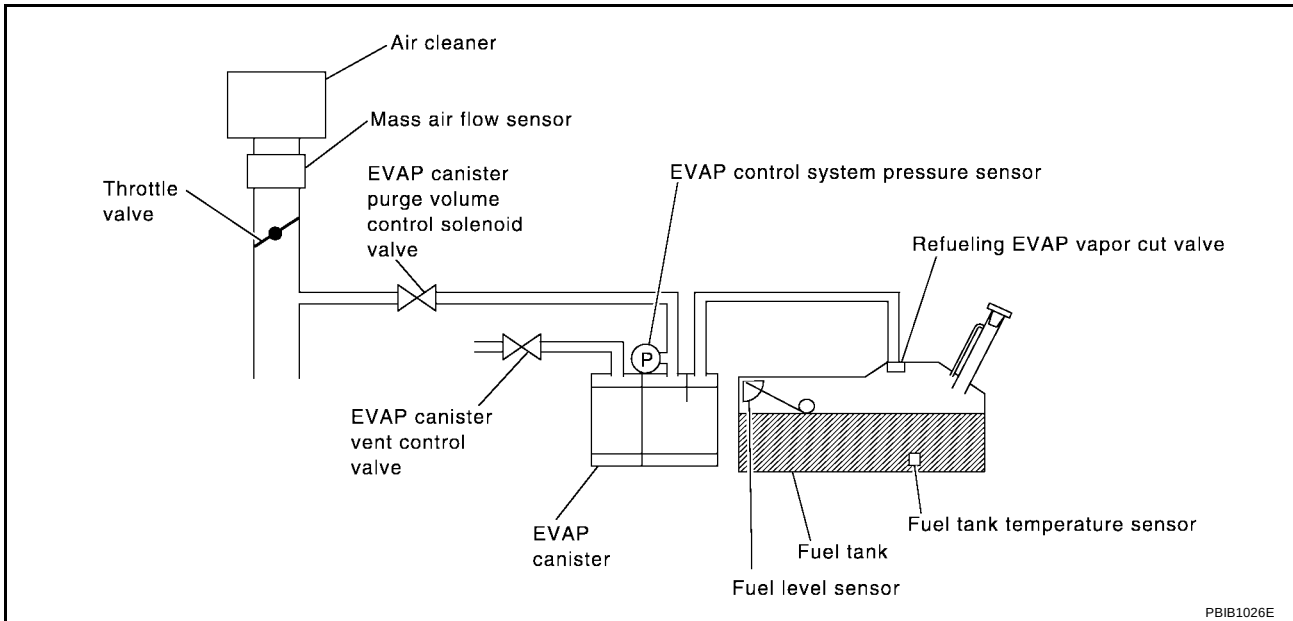
On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0096W

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will then be opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.



PBIB1026E

DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0442 0442	EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)	EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate properly.	● Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve ● Incorrect fuel filler cap used ● Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. ● Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. ● Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. ● Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. ● EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks ● EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks ● EVAP purge line rubber tube bent ● Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor ● Loose or disconnected rubber tube ● EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit ● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit ● Fuel tank temperature sensor ● O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged ● Water separator ● EVAP canister is saturated with water ● EVAP control system pressure sensor ● Fuel level sensor and the circuit ● Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ● ORVR system leaks

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0096X

NOTE:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

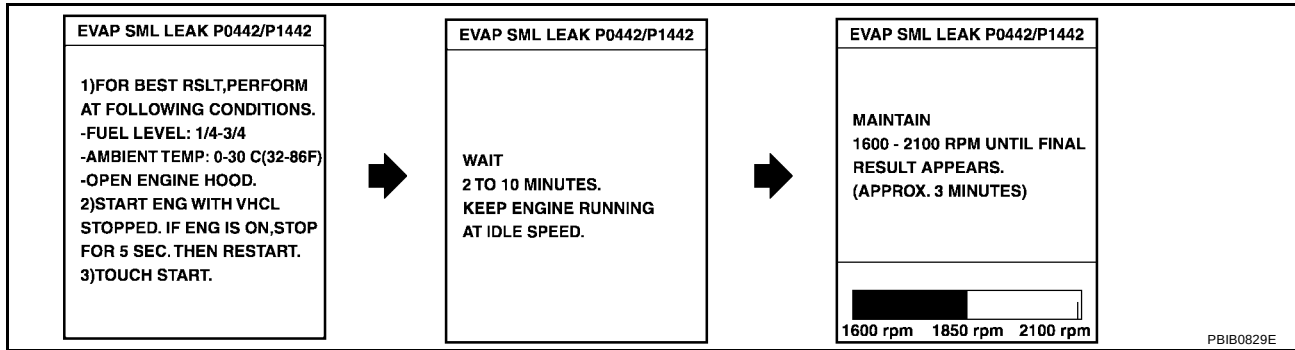
- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Make sure that the following conditions are met.
COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)
INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 30°C (32 - 86°F)
5. Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

Follow the instruction displayed.



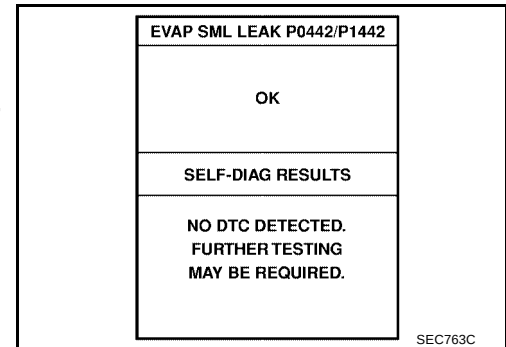
NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#).

6. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.
If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.



WITH GST

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of Driving Pattern on [EC-62](#) before driving vehicle.

1. Start engine.
2. Drive vehicle according to "Driving Pattern", [EC-62](#).
3. Stop vehicle.
4. Select MODE 1 with GST.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine.
It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.
7. Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving Pattern", [EC-62](#).
8. Stop vehicle.
9. Select MODE 3 with GST.
 - If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to [EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
 - If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0441, [EC-305](#).
 - If P0441 and P0442 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
10. Select MODE 1 with GST.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6.

DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

Diagnostic Procedure

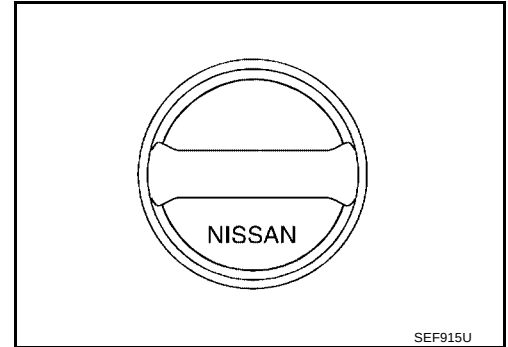
UBS0096Y

1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.
2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to [EC-674, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE \(BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP\)"](#).

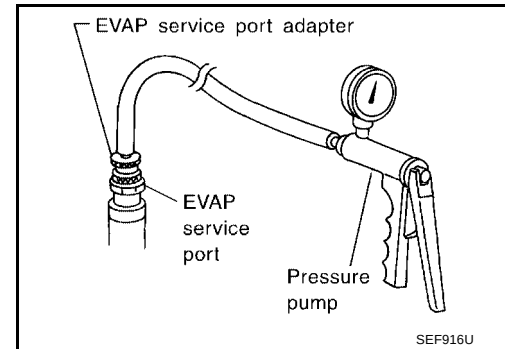
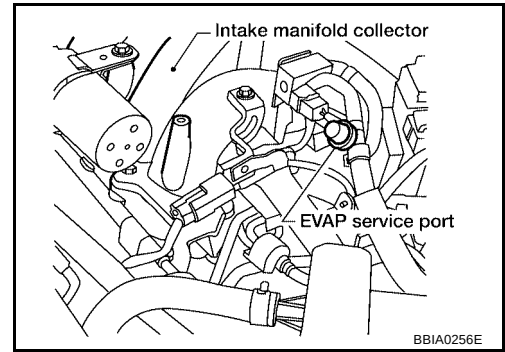
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#).



NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.

Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6.

Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

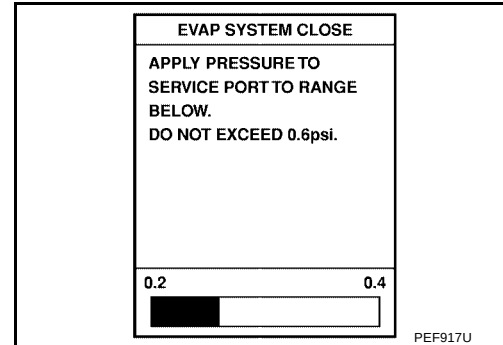
6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

NOTE:

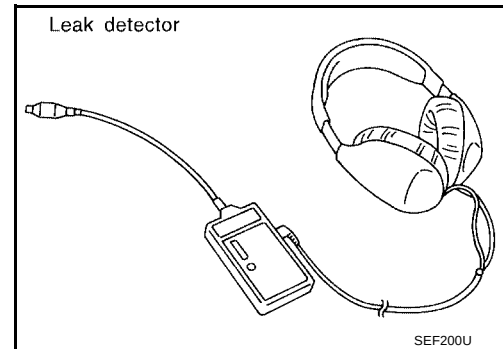
- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm² , 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.
Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Repair or replace.

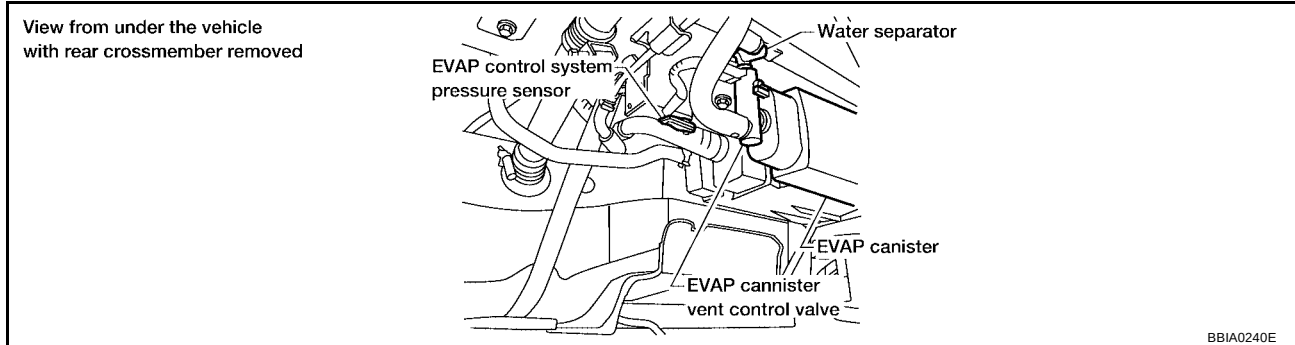


DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

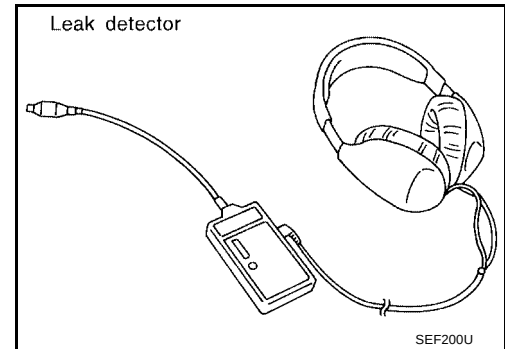
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Repair or replace.



8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to [EC-317, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> Replace water separator.

9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.
Refer to [EC-675, "Removal and Installation"](#).
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
Refer to [EC-330, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

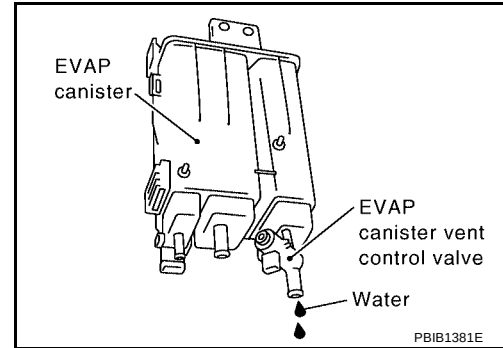
1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11.

No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

NG >> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

Ⓔ With CONSULT-II

1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
2. Start engine.
3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

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DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

⊗ **Without CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> GO TO 15.

15. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to [EC-25, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-323, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

17. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-241, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-337, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 19.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

19. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection.
Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 20.
NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

21. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to [EC-678, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY \(ORVR\)"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

22. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

23. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to [EC-682, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to [DI-31, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT CHECK"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 25.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

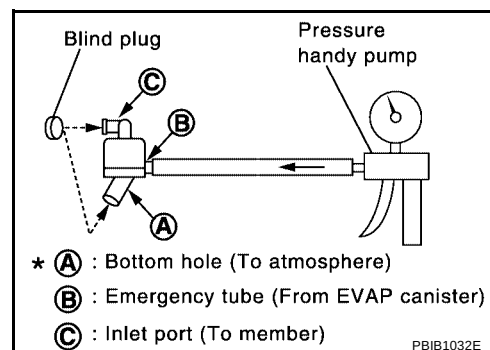
Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

UBS00B2A

1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
4. Check that **A** and **C** are not clogged by blowing air into **B** with **A**, and then **C** plugged.
5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

- Do not disassemble water separator.



DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PDF:14920

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS0096Z

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed * ¹	EVAP canister purge flow control	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Battery	Battery voltage* ¹		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)		
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank		
Vehicle speed signal* ²	Vehicle speed		

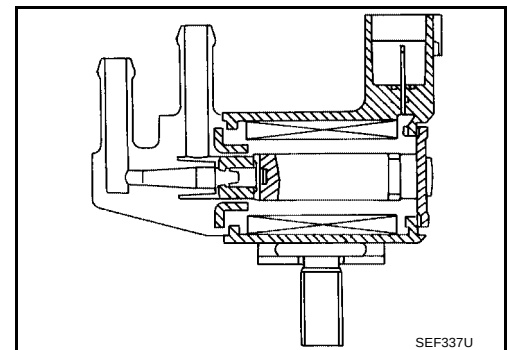
*1:ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00970

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	0%
		2,000 rpm	—

DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00971

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0444 0444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit open	An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	● Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
P0445 0445	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit shorted	An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	● Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is shorted.) ● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00972

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-322, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

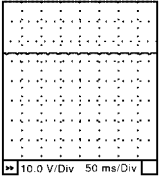
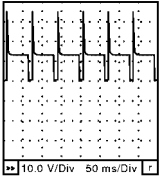
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
45	V/R	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC990C
			[Engine is running] Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC991C
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

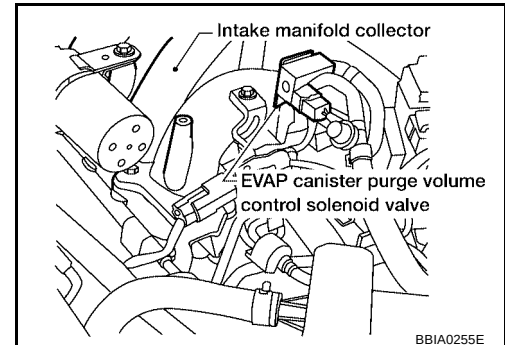
DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

UBS00974

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

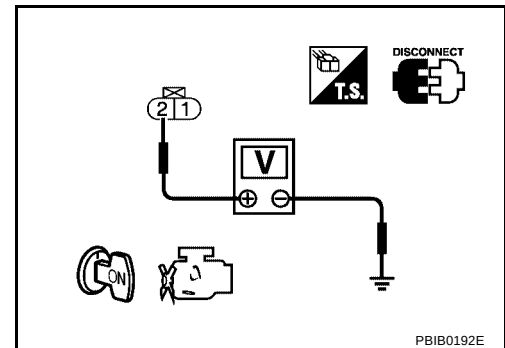


4. Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors F44, F101
- IPDM E/R harness connector E121
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK (With CONSULT-II) >> GO TO 5.
OK (Without CONSULT-II) >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 4.

DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F44, F101
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

With CONSULT-II

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Start engine.
3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

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6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-323, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

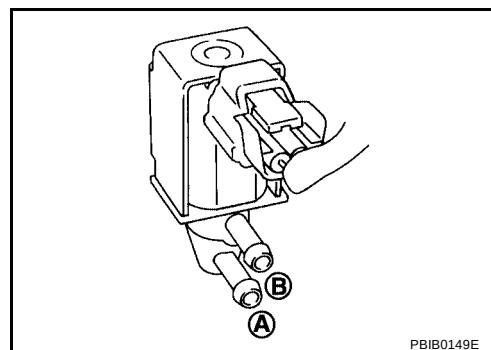
Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

UBS00975

With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve using "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II under the following conditions.

Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100%	Yes
0%	No

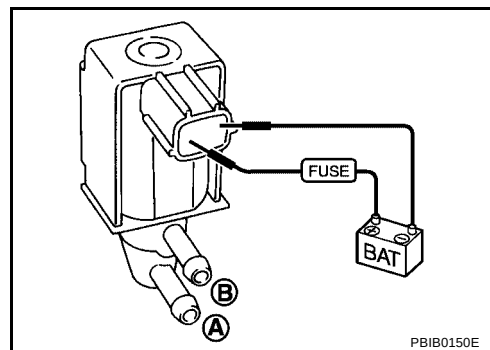


DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



Removal and Installation

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .

UBS00976

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

PF0:14935

Component Description

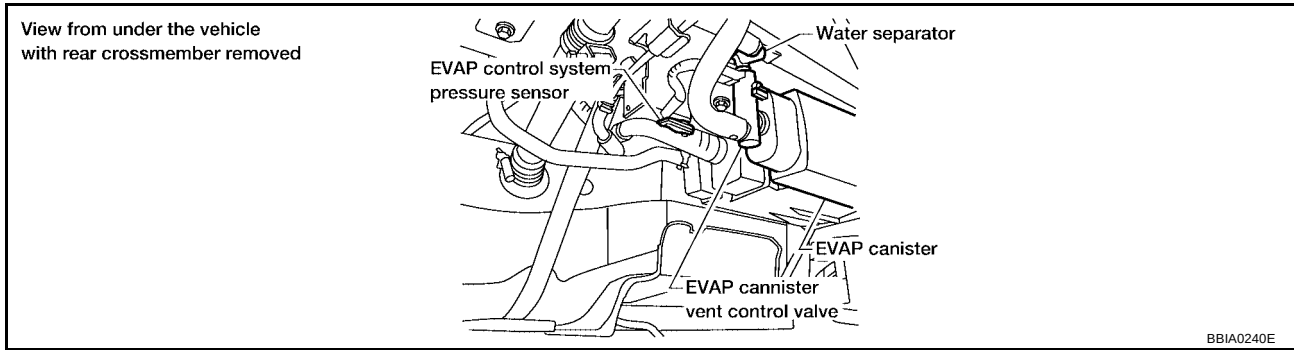
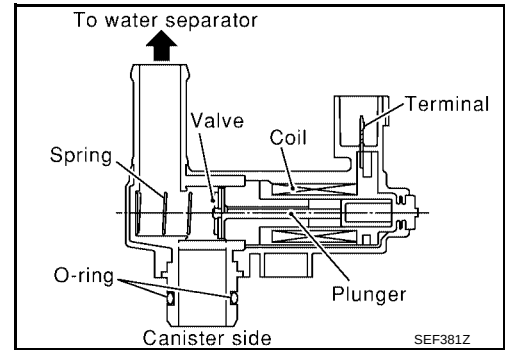
UBS00977

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00978

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00979

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0447 0447	EVAP canister vent control valve circuit open	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	● Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● EVAP canister vent control valve

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

UBS0097A

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-328, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

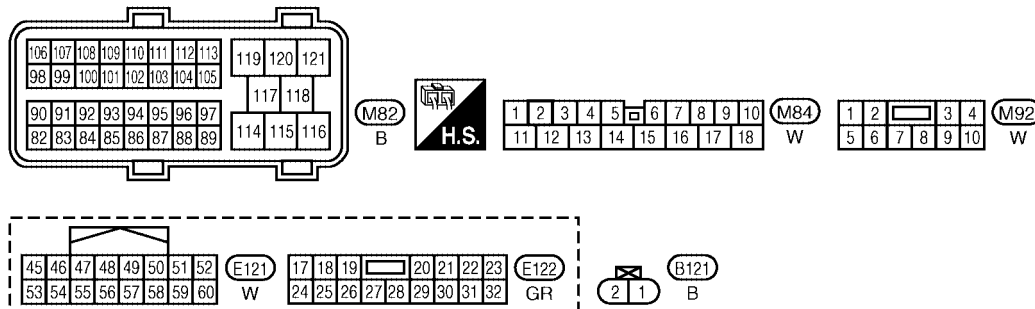
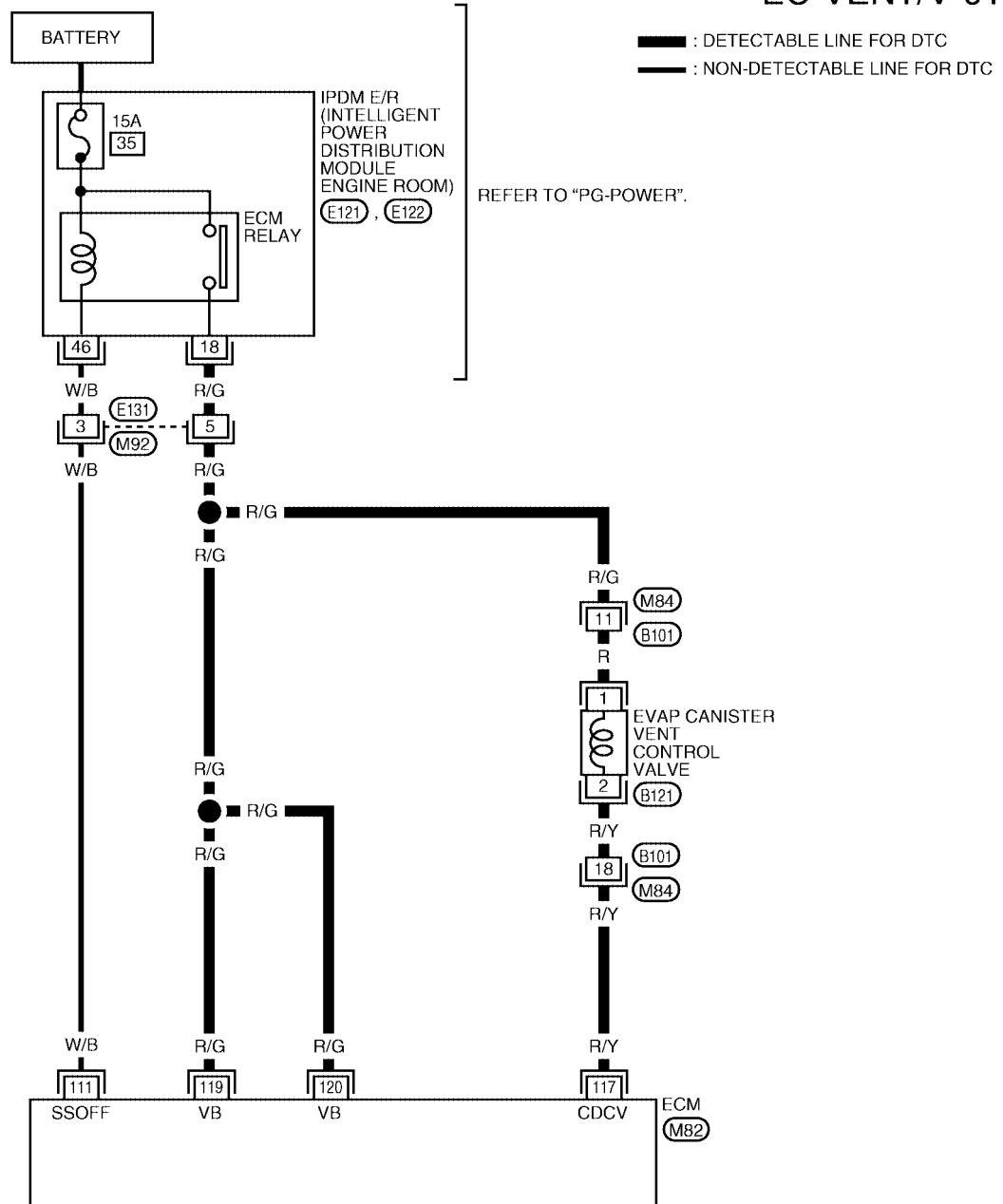
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Wiring Diagram

UBS0097B

EC-VENT/V-01



BBWA0635E

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	R/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0097C

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT

Ⓟ With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then turn ON.
2. Select "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "ON/OFF" on CONSULT-II screen.
4. Check for operating sound of the valve.
Clicking noise should be heard.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 3.

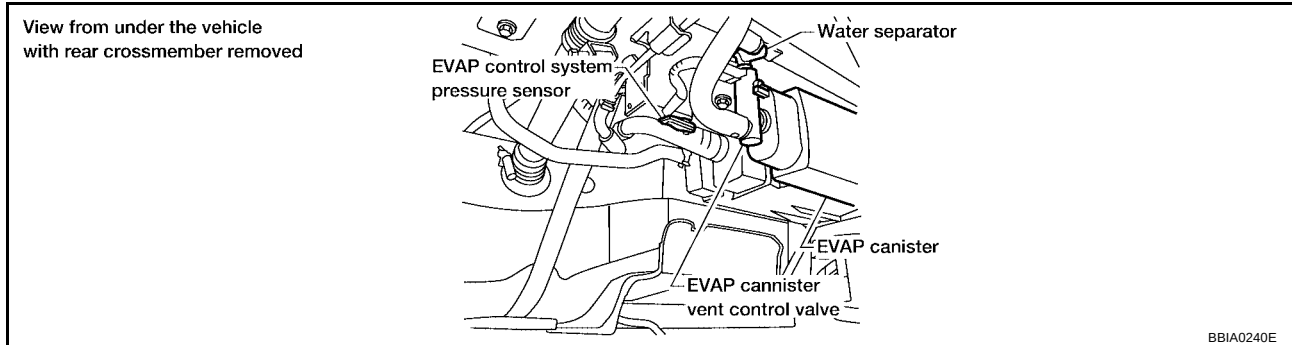
ACTIVE TEST	
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

PBIB1679E

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.

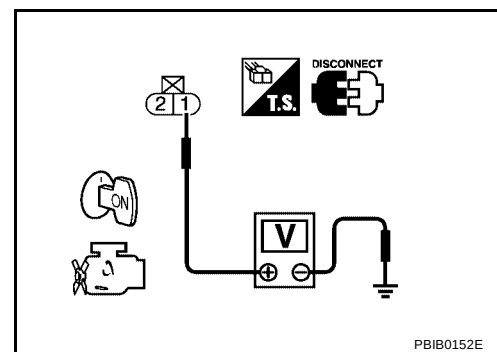


3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors M84, B101
- IPDM E/R harness connector E121
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 117 and EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B101, M84
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-330, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

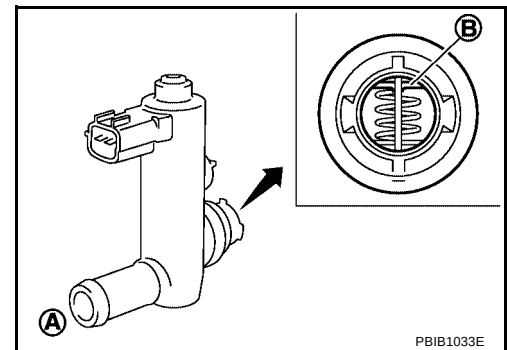
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

UBS0097D

With CONSULT-II

1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.
If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.
If OK, go to next step.
3. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.



5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.
Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

ACTIVE TEST	
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

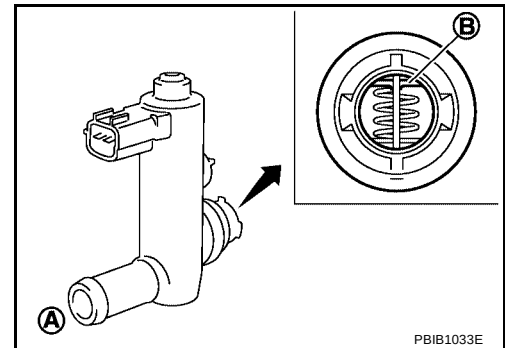
PBIB1679E

DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

7. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
8. Perform step 6 again.

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



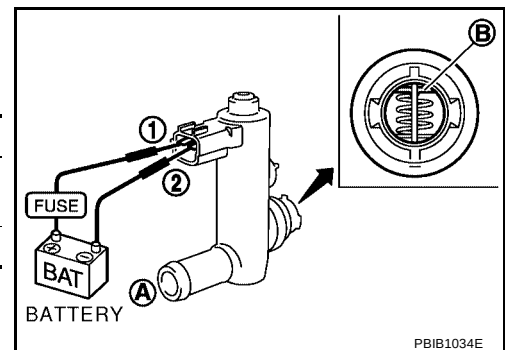
3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.
Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.
If OK, go to next step.

4. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
5. Perform step 3 again.



DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

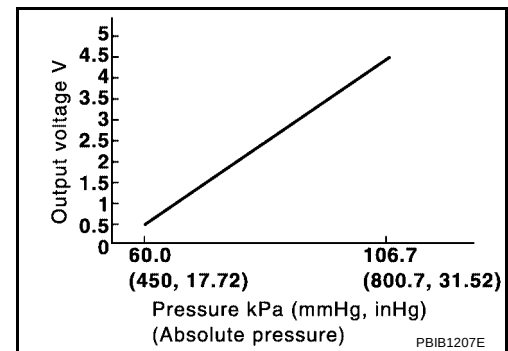
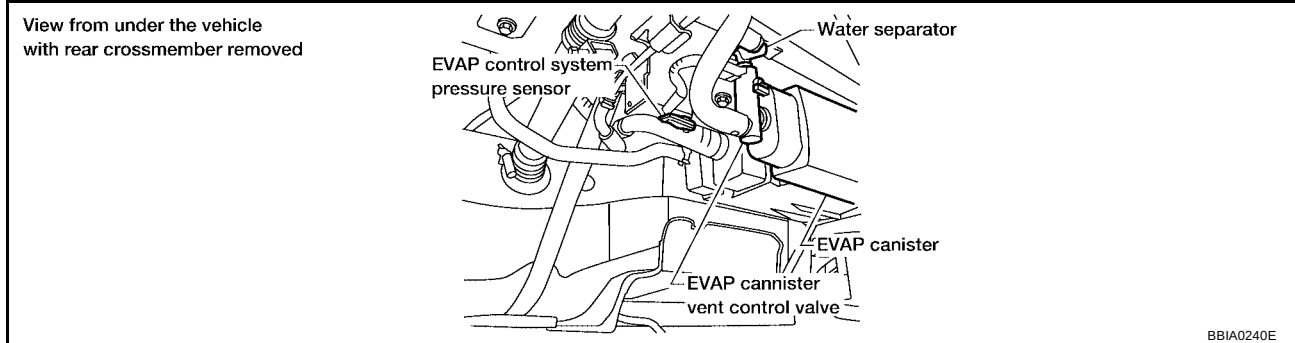
DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

PFP:25085

Component Description

UBS0097K

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0097L

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0097M

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0452 0452	EVAP control system pressure sensor low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● EVAP control system pressure sensor

DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

UBS0097N

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

WITH CONSULT-II

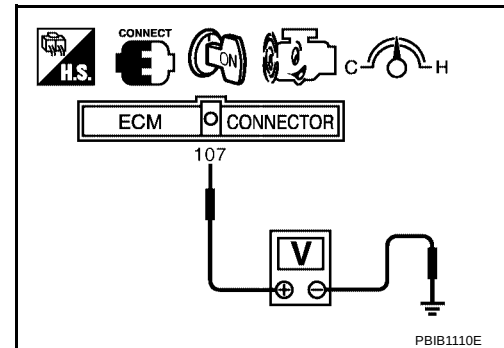
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
6. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-335, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C

SEF194Y

WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
5. Select MODE 7 with GST.
If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-335, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

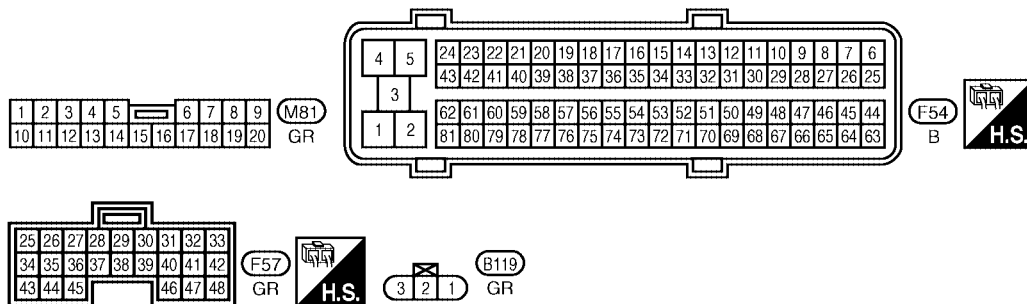
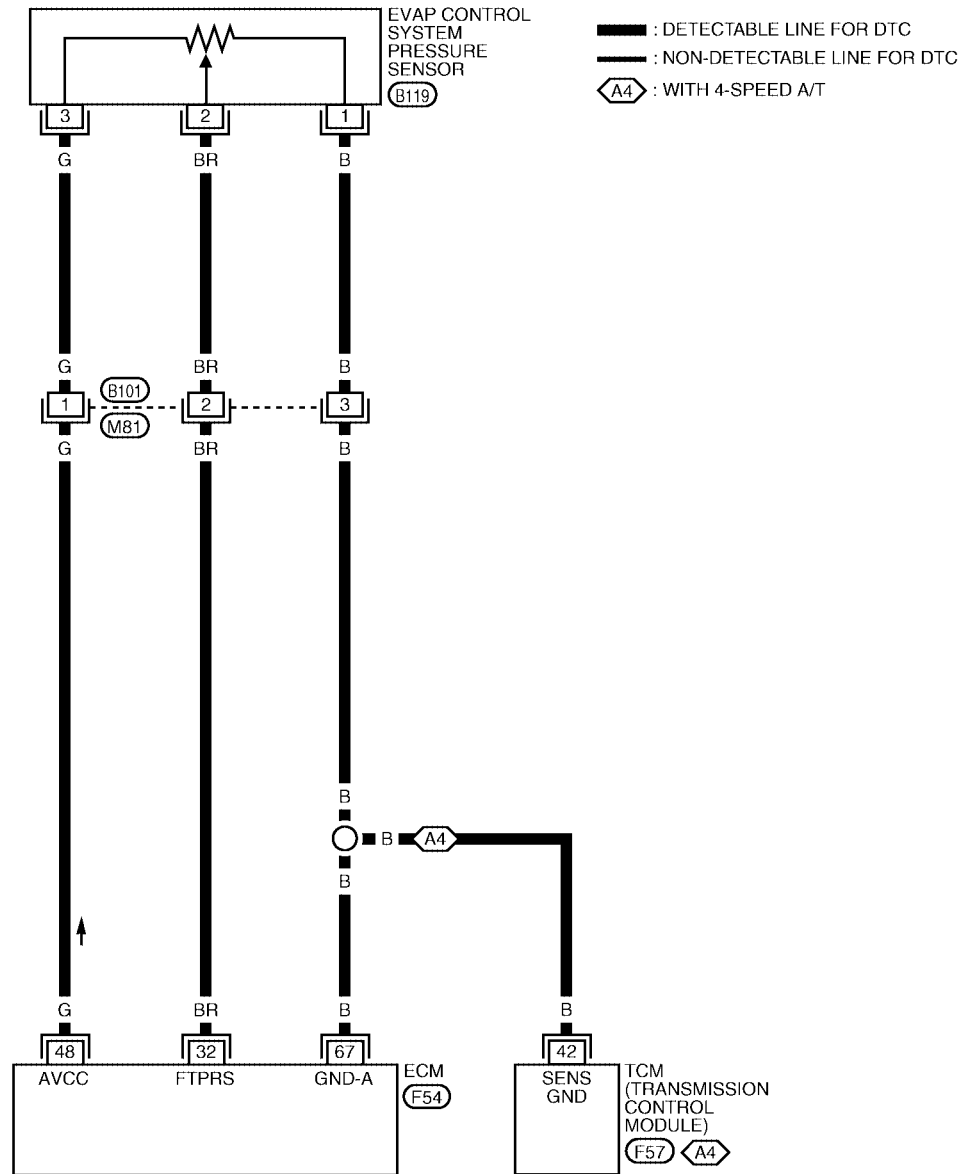


DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS00970

EC-PRE/SE-01



BBWA0636E

DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	BR	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	G	EVAP control system pressure sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

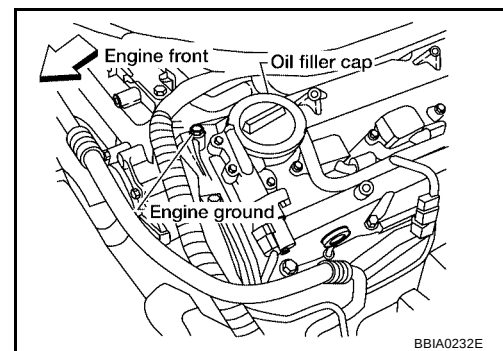
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0097P

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

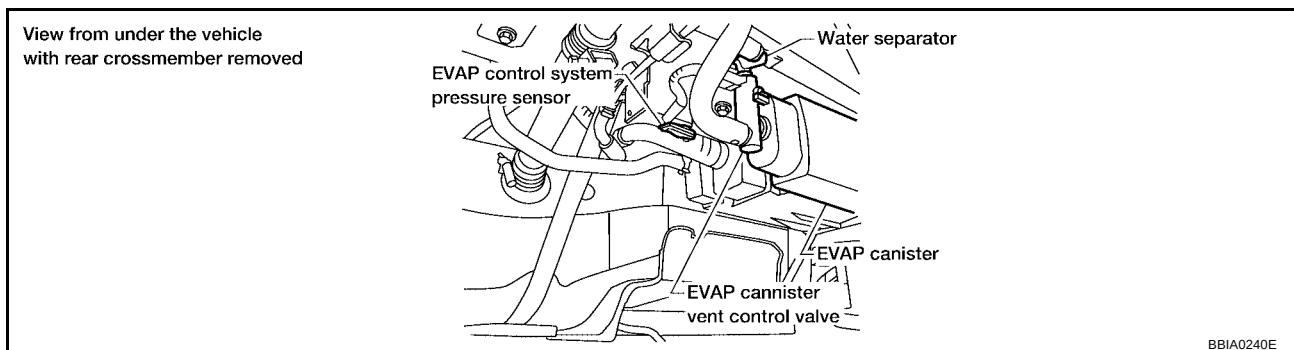
Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

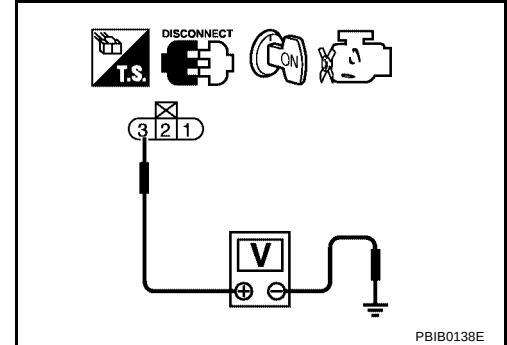
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B101, M81
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B101, M81
- Harness connectors M82, F102
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and TCM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B101, M81
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-337, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

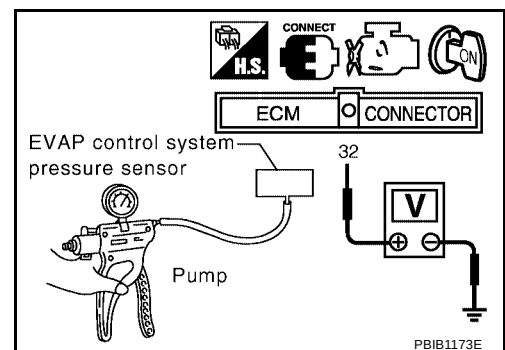
UBS0097Q

1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor from EVAP canister.
Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.
3. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
 - Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

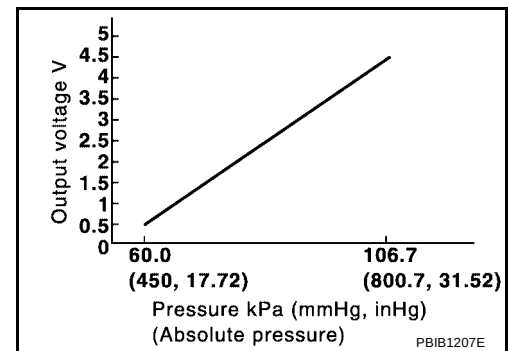
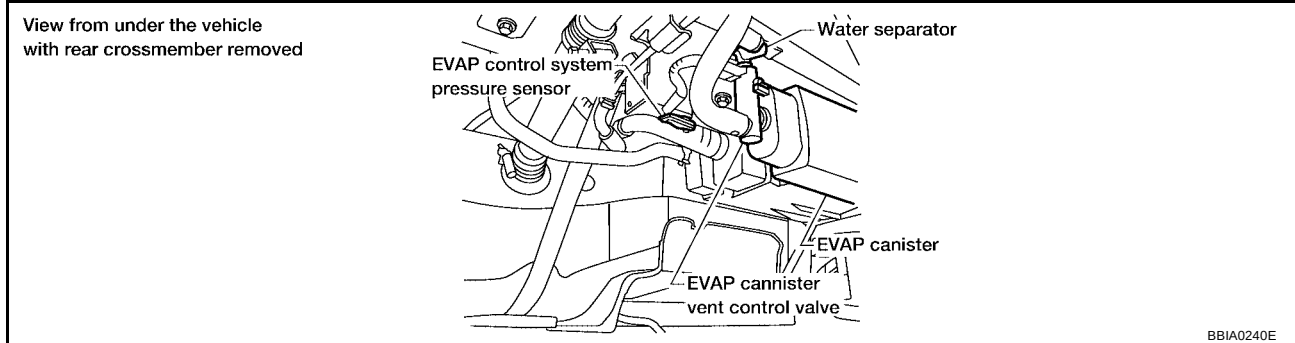
DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

PDF:25085

Component Description

UBS0097R

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0097S

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0097T

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0453 0453	EVAP control system pressure sensor high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● EVAP control system pressure sensor ● EVAP canister vent control valve ● EVAP canister ● Water separator ● Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to vehicle frame

DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

UBS0097U

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

WITH CONSULT-II

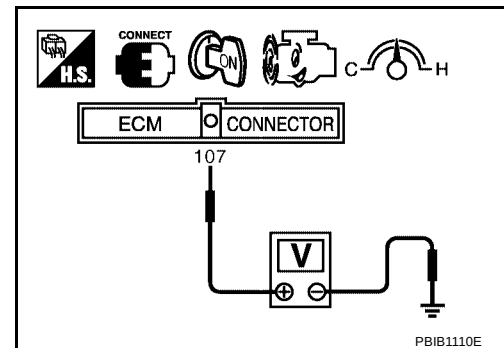
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
6. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-341, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C

SEF194Y

WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
 2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
 5. Select MODE 7 with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-341, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

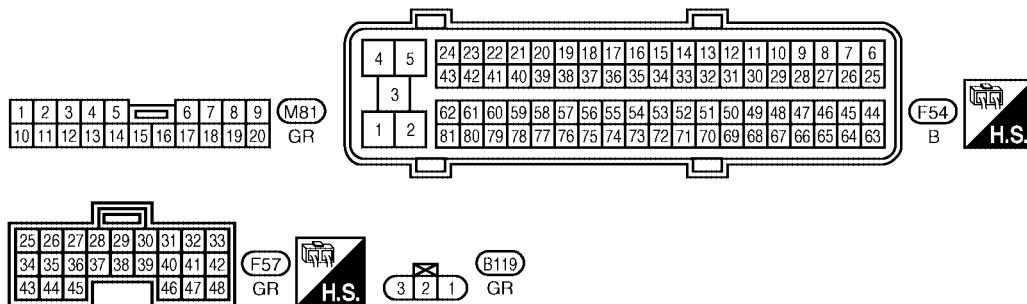
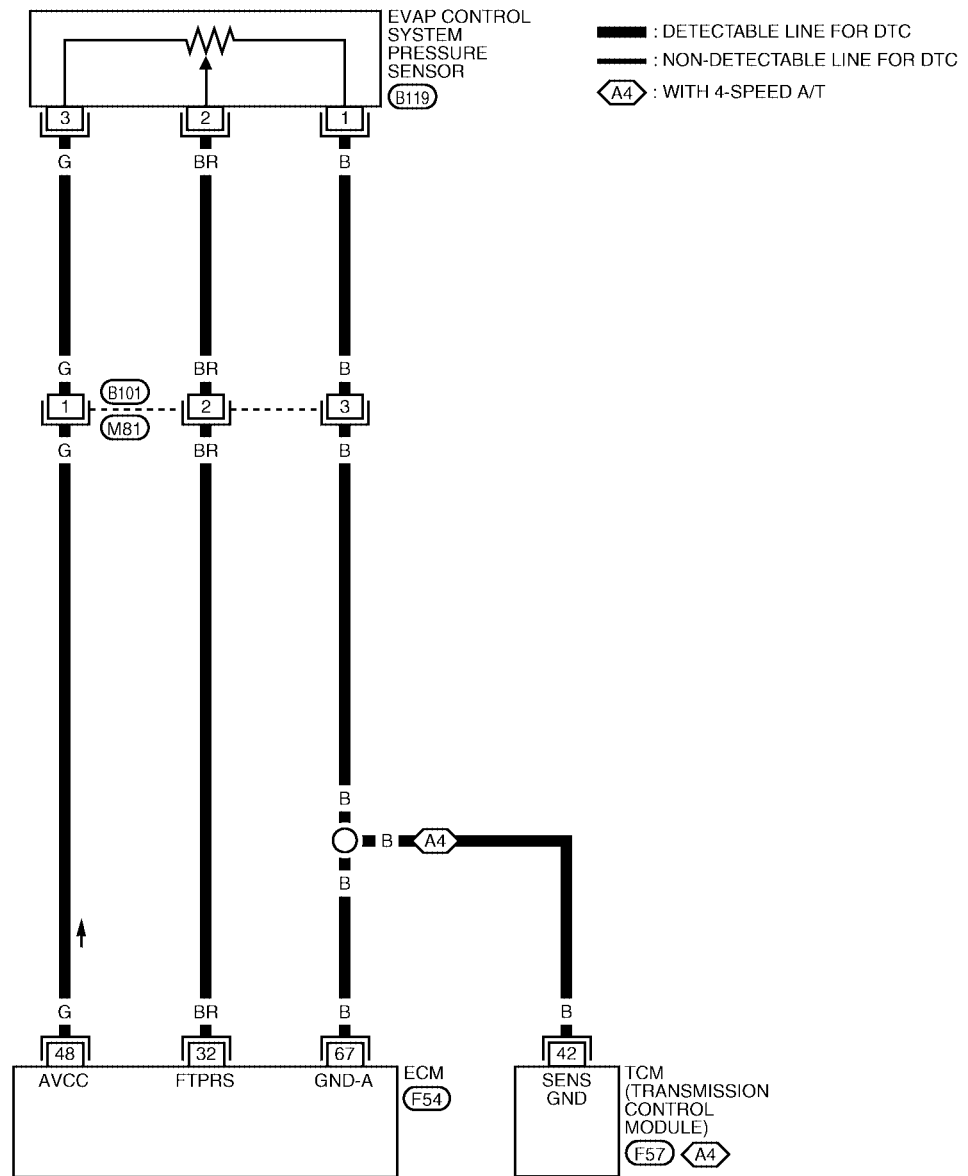


DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS0097V

EC-PRE/SE-01



BBWA0636E

DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	BR	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	G	EVAP control system pressure sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

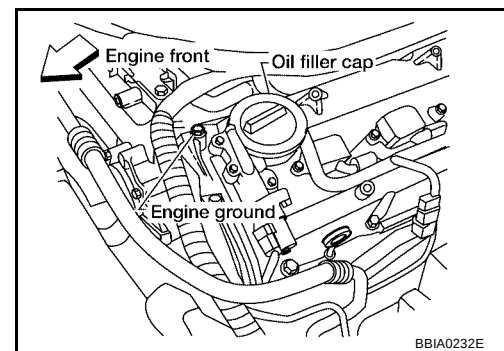
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0097W

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

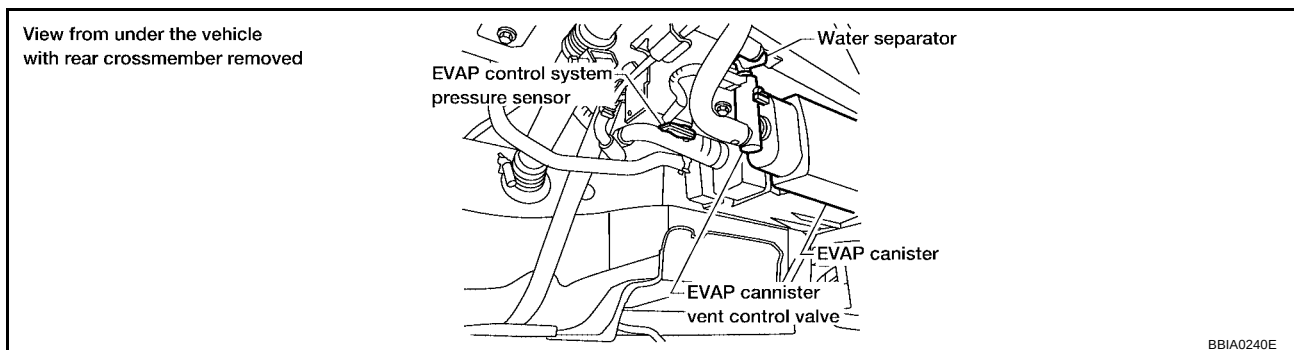
Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

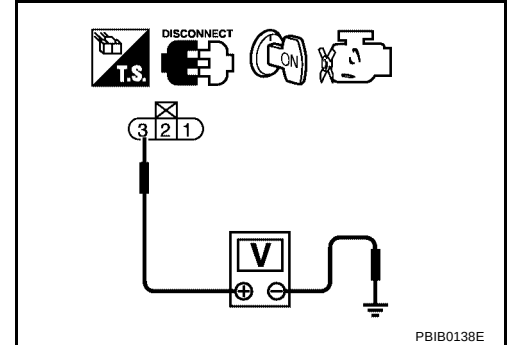
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B101, M81
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B101, M81
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and TCM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B101, M81
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-330, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
- NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

11. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-345, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

12. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

Check obstructed rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
- NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower, repair or replace rubber tube.

13. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to [EC-317, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 14.
- NG >> Replace water separator.

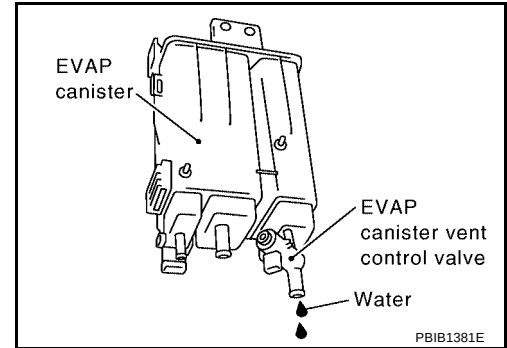
DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

14. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 15.
No >> GO TO 17.



15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> GO TO 16.

16. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

17. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

UBS0097X

Component Inspection

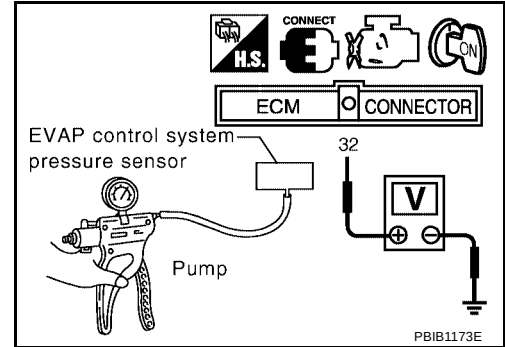
EVAP CONTROL PRESSURE SENSOR

1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor from EVAP canister.
Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.
3. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
 - Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

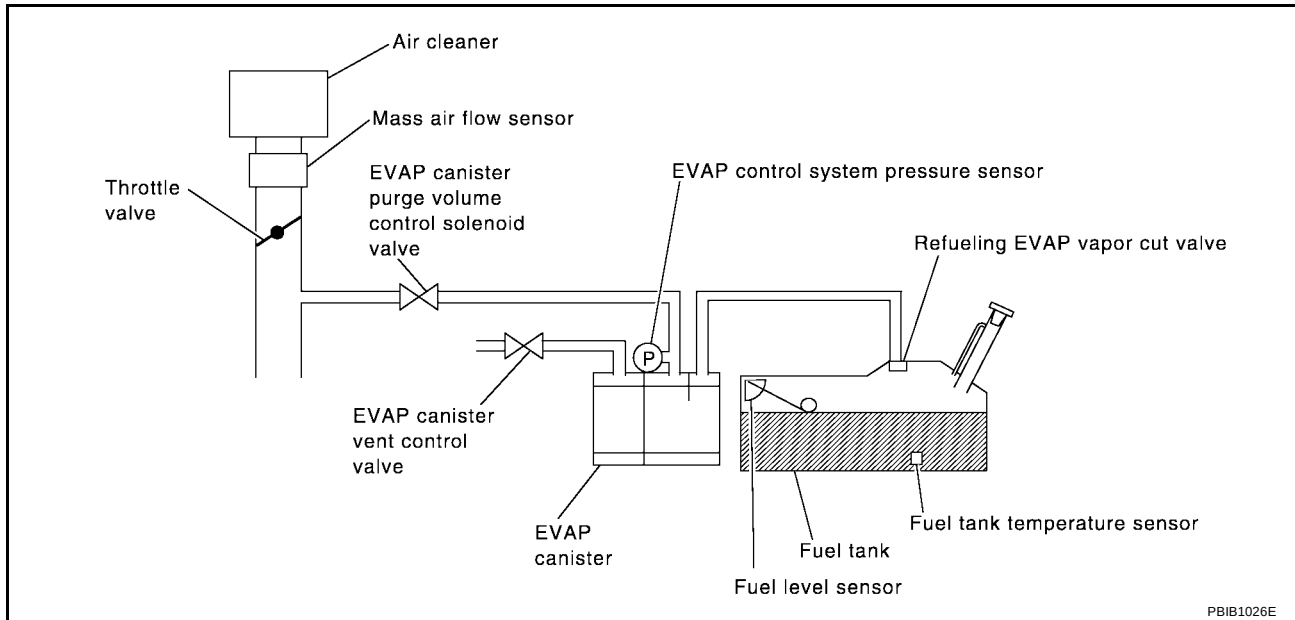
DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

PFP:14950

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0097Y

This diagnosis detects a very large leak (fuel filler cap fell off etc.) in EVAP system between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



PBIB1026E

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0455 0455	EVAP control system gross leak detected	EVAP control system has a very large leak such as fuel filler cap fell off, EVAP control system does not operate properly.	● Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. ● Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve ● Incorrect fuel filler cap used ● Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. ● Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. ● Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. ● EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks ● EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks ● EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. ● Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor ● Loose or disconnected rubber tube ● EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit ● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit ● Fuel tank temperature sensor ● O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. ● EVAP control system pressure sensor ● Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ● ORVR system leaks

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0097Z

CAUTION:

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.

NOTE:

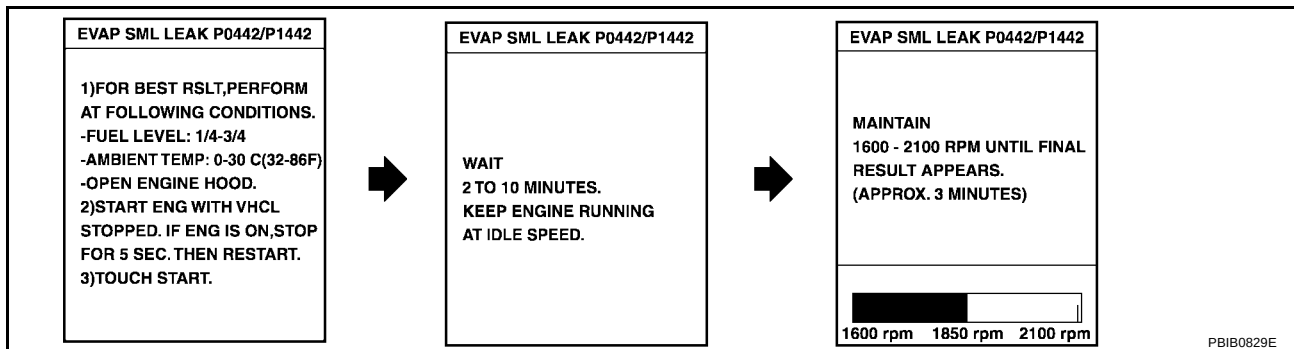
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting the following procedures.

WITH CONSULT-II

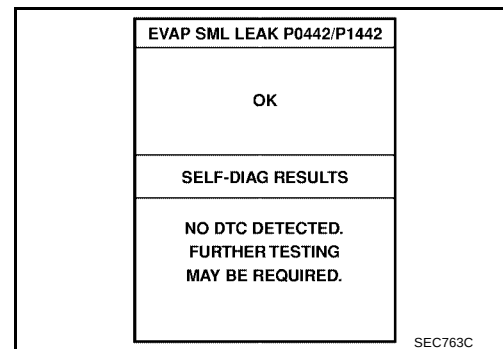
1. Tighten fuel filler cap securely until ratcheting sound is heard.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Make sure that the following conditions are met.
COOLANT TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)
INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (32 - 140°F)
6. Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
Follow the instruction displayed.



NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#).

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode and make sure that "EVAP GROSS LEAK [P0455]" is displayed. If it is displayed, refer to [EC-348, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#). If P0442 is displayed, perform Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0442, [EC-311, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

WITH GST

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of Driving Pattern on [EC-62](#) before driving vehicle.

1. Start engine.
2. Drive vehicle according to Driving Pattern, [EC-62](#) .
3. Stop vehicle.
4. Select MODE 1 with GST.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine.
It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.
7. Drive vehicle again according to the Driving Pattern, [EC-62](#) .
8. Stop vehicle.
9. Select MODE 3 with GST.
 - If P0455 is displayed on the screen, go to [EC-348, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .
 - If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure, for DTC P0442, [EC-311](#) .
 - If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0441, [EC-305](#) .
 - If P0455, P0441, P0442 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
10. Select MODE 1 with GST.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
 - If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6.

Diagnostic Procedure

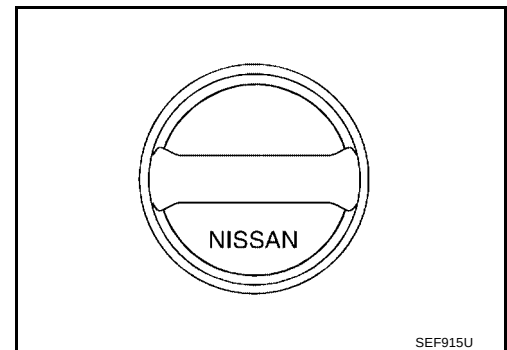
UBS00980

1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



SEF915U

2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.
 2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.

DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to [EC-674, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE \(BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP\)"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

5. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks, improper connection or disconnection.

Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

6. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 7.

7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.
Refer to [EC-675, "Removal and Installation"](#) .
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
Refer to [EC-330, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

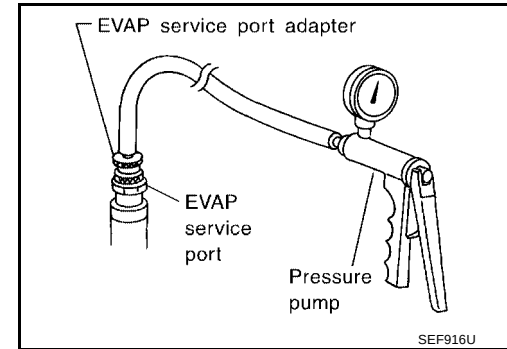
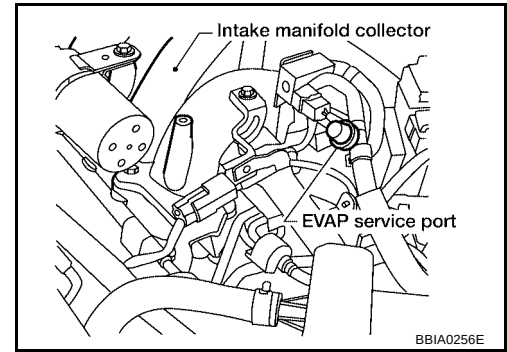
DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

8. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.

NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.



Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 9.

Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 10.

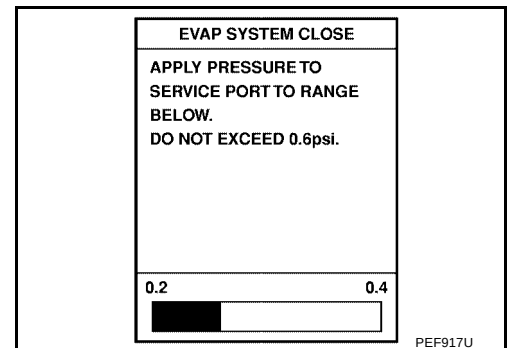
9. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm² , 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

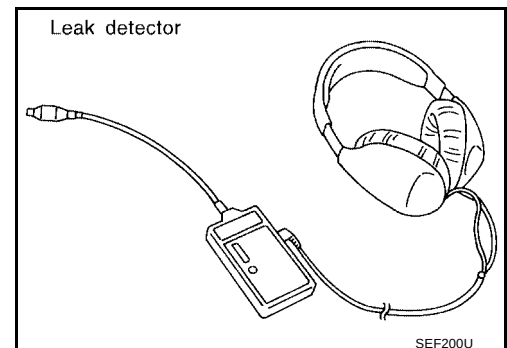


4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace.

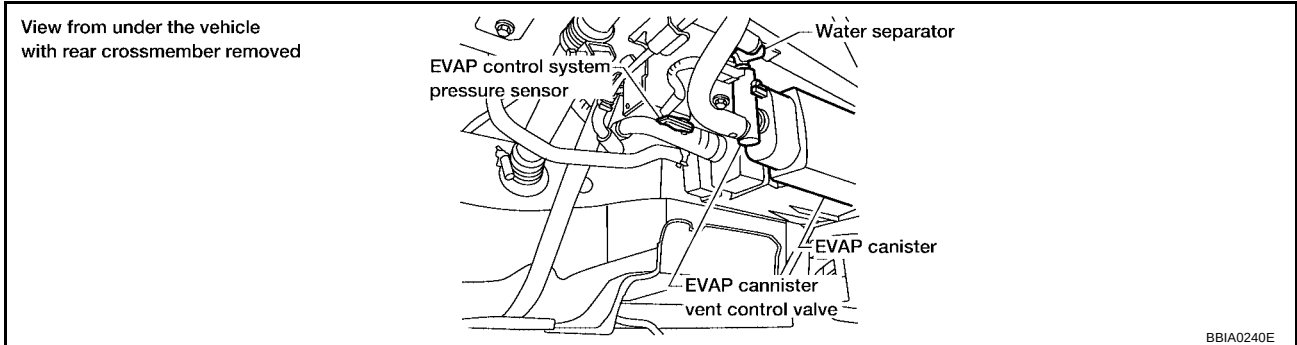


DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

10. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

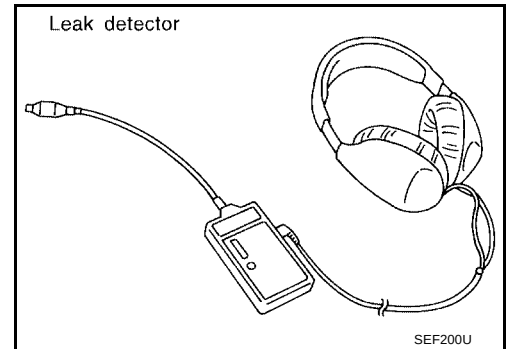
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
NG >> Repair or replace.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

Ⓟ With CONSULT-II

1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
2. Start engine.
3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 14.
NG >> GO TO 13.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

PBIB1678E

DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 15.
NG >> GO TO 13.

13. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to [EC-25, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"](#).

OK or NG

- OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.
OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 15.
NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Ⓜ With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

PBIB1678E

15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-323, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-241, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-337, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

18. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to [EC-678, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY \(ORVR\)"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

19. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 20.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

20. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to [EC-682, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

21. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

PFP:14950

On Board Diagnosis Logic

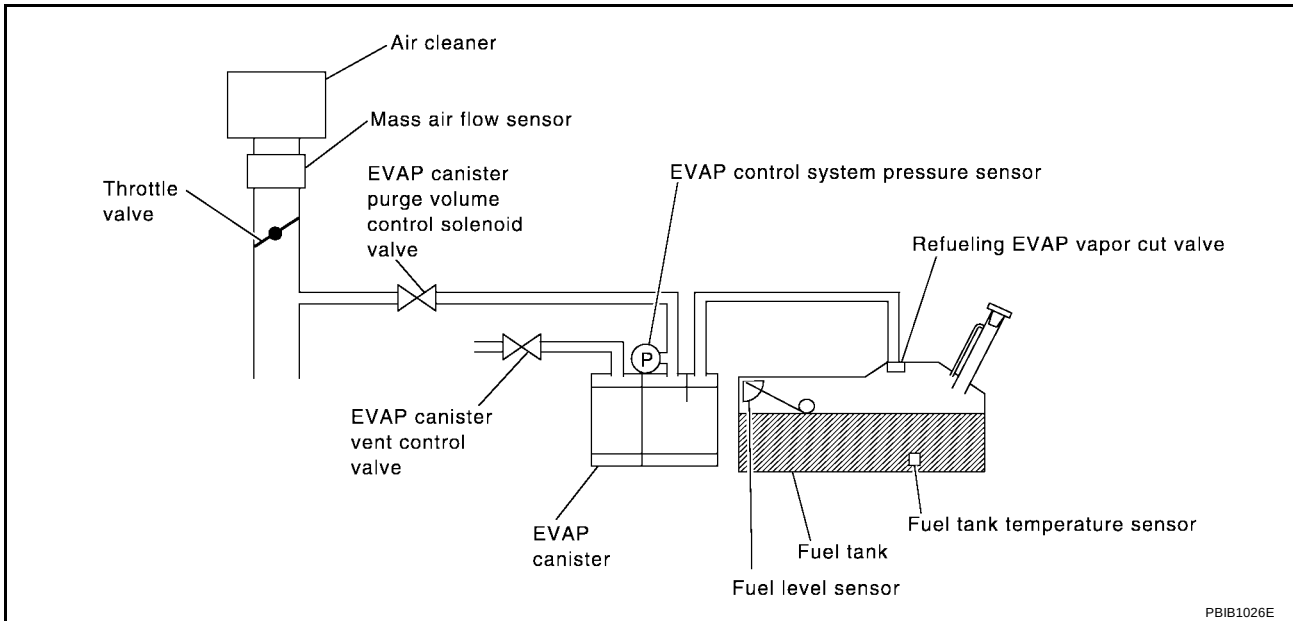
UBS00981

This diagnosis detects very small leaks in the EVAP line between fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, using the intake manifold vacuum in the same way as conventional EVAP small leak diagnosis.

If ECM judges a leak which corresponds to a very small leak, the very small leak P0456 will be detected.

If ECM judges a leak equivalent to a small leak, EVAP small leak P0442 will be detected.

If ECM judges there are no leaks, the diagnosis will be OK.



DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0456 0456	Evaporative emission control system very small leak (negative pressure check)	● EVAP system has a very small leak. ● EVAP system does not operate properly.	● Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve ● Incorrect fuel filler cap used ● Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. ● Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. ● Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. ● Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. ● EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks ● EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks ● EVAP purge line rubber tube bent ● Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor ● Loose or disconnected rubber tube ● EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit ● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit ● Fuel tank temperature sensor ● O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged ● Water separator ● EVAP canister is saturated with water ● EVAP control system pressure sensor ● Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ● ORVR system leaks ● Fuel level sensor and the circuit ● Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00982

NOTE:

- If DTC P0456 is displayed with P0442, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0456.
- After repair, make sure that the hoses and clips are installed properly.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

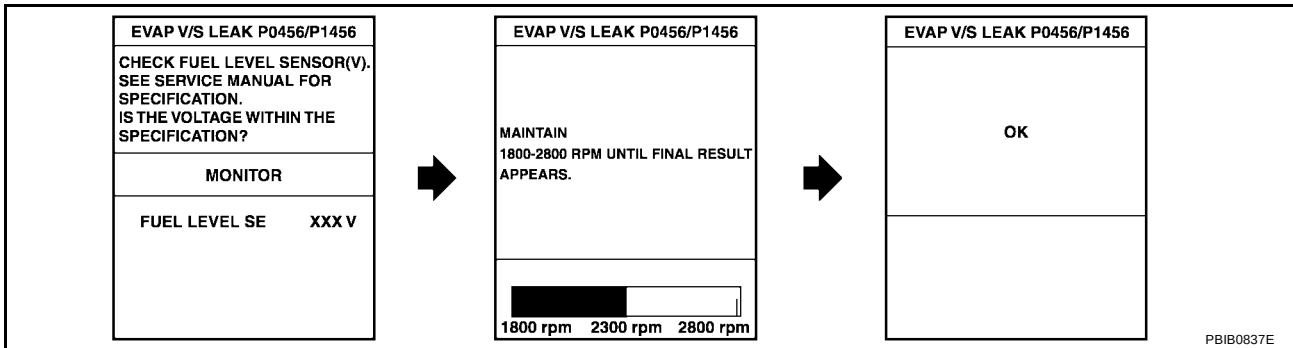
TESTING CONDITION:

- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.
- If any of following conditions are met just before the DTC confirmation procedure, leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour.
 - Fuel filler cap is removed.
 - Refilled or drained the fuel.
 - EVAP component parts is/are removed.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Make sure the following conditions are met.
FUEL LEVEL SE: 0.25 - 1.4V
COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 32°C (32 - 90°F)
FUEL T/TMP SE: 0 - 35°C (32 - 95°F)
INT A/TEMP SE: More than 0°C (32°F)
If NG, turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle) or refilling/draining fuel until the output voltage condition of the "FUEL LEVEL SE" meets within the range above and leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour. Then start from step 1).
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
Follow the instruction displayed.



6. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.
If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-357, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

NOTE:

- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT-II screen, go to [EC-82, "Basic Inspection"](#).
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

Overall Function Check

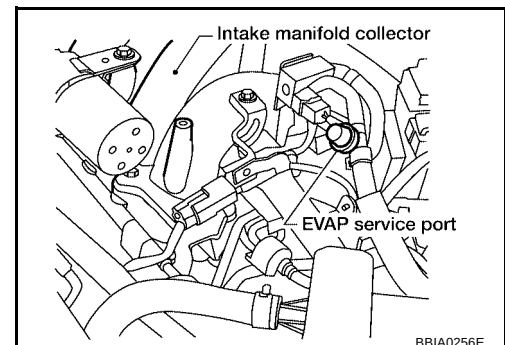
UBS00983

WITH GST

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP very small leak function. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air, doing so may damage the EVAP system.
 - Do not start engine.
 - Do not exceeded 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi).
1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.



DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

2. Set the pressure pump and a hose.
3. Also set a vacuum gauge via 3-way connector and a hose.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Connect GST and select MODE 8.
6. Using MODE 8 control the EVAP canister vent control valve (close).
7. Apply pressure and make sure the following conditions are satisfied.

Pressure to be applied: 2.7 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.79 inHg)

Time to be waited after the pressure drawn in to the EVAP system and the pressure to be dropped: 60 seconds and the pressure should not be dropped more than 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg).

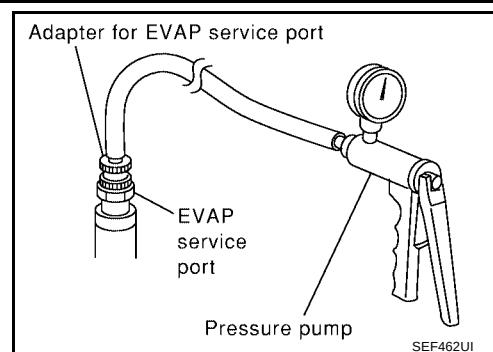
If NG, go to [EC-357, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

If OK, go to next step.

8. Disconnect GST.
9. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
10. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
11. Restart engine and let it idle for 90 seconds.
12. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
13. Turn ignition switch OFF.

NOTE:

For more information, refer to GST instruction manual.



Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00984

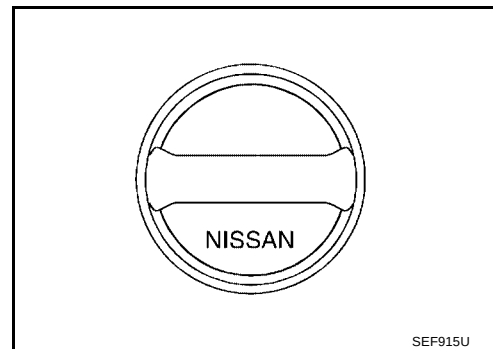
1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to [EC-674, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE \(BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP\)"](#) .

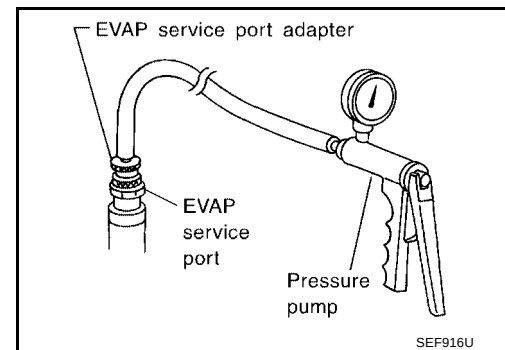
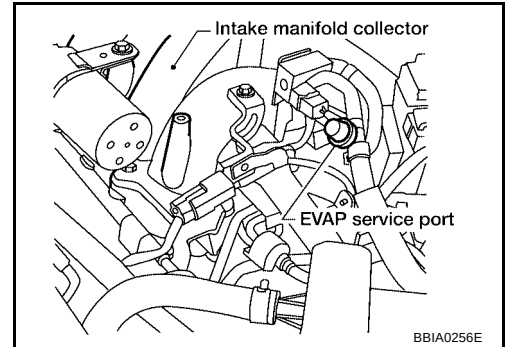
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .



NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.

Models with CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6.

Models without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

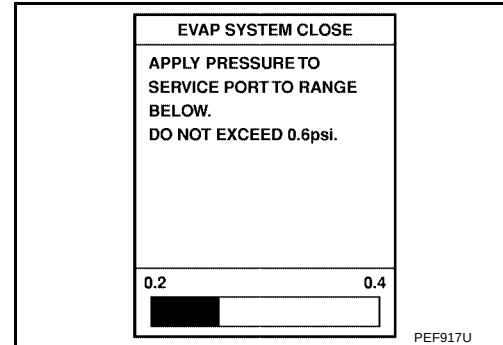
6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

NOTE:

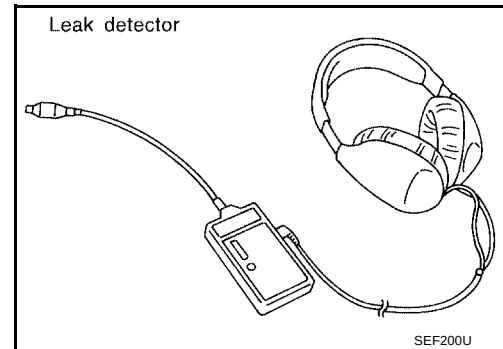
- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm² , 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Repair or replace.

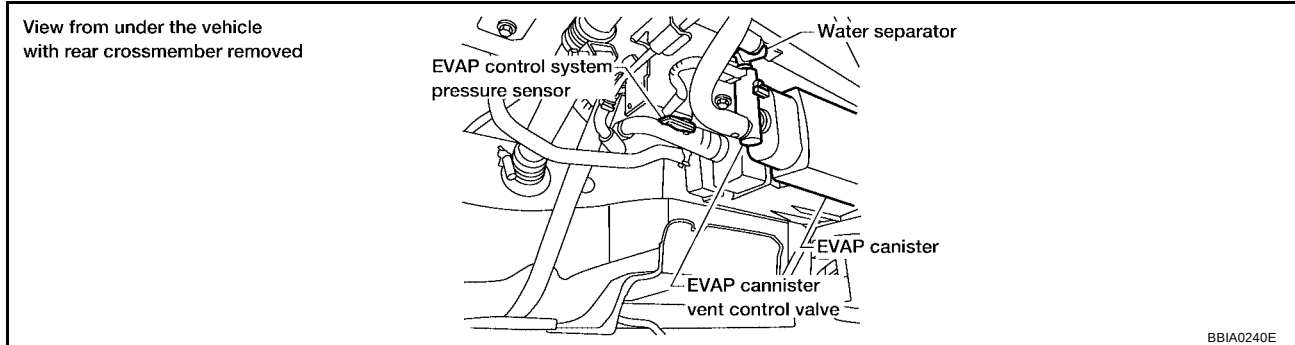


DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

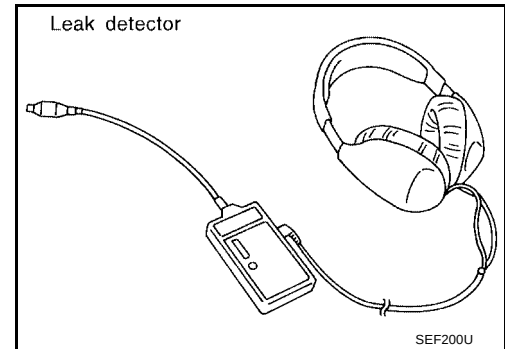
NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Repair or replace.



8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to [EC-363, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> Replace water separator.

9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.
Refer to [EC-675, "Removal and Installation"](#).
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
Refer to [EC-330, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

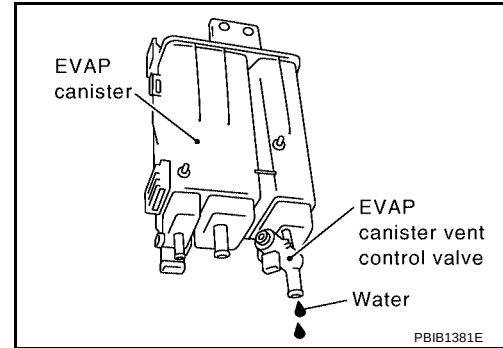
1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11.

No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

NG >> GO TO 12.

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

Ⓔ **With CONSULT-II**

1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
2. Start engine.
3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

PB1B1678E

14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

⊗ **Without CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

Vacuum should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> GO TO 15.

15. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to [EC-25, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-323, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

17. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-241, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-337, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 19.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

19. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 20.
NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

21. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to [EC-678, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY \(ORVR\)"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

22. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

23. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to [EC-682, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to [DI-31, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT CHECK"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 25.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

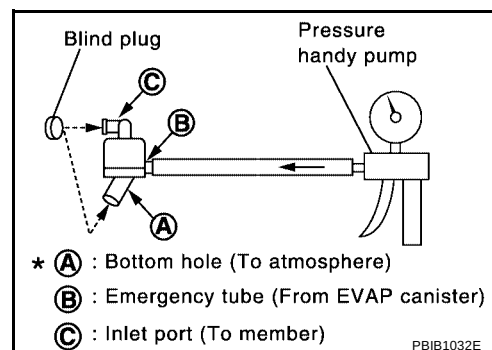
Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

UBS00B2B

1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
4. Check that **A** and **C** are not clogged by blowing air into **B** with **A**, and then **C** plugged.
5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

- Do not disassemble water separator.



DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

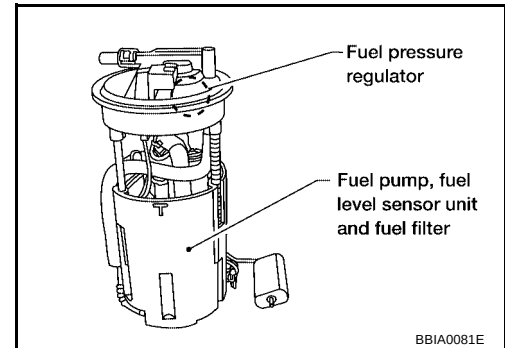
PFP:25060

Component Description

UBS00985

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the unified meter and A/C amp. The unified meter and A/C amp. sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



BBIA0081E

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00986

NOTE:

If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

When the vehicle is parked, naturally the fuel level in the fuel tank is stable. It means that output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change. If ECM senses sloshing signal from the sensor, fuel level sensor malfunction is detected.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0460 0460	Fuel level sensor circuit noise	Even though the vehicle is parked, a signal being varied is sent from the fuel level sensor to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted) ● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) ● Unified meter and A/C amp. ● Fuel level sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00987

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and wait maximum of 2 consecutive minutes.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-365, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C
FUEL LEVEL SE	XXX V

SEF195Y

④ WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00988

1. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to [DI-24, "Fuel Level Sensor Signal Inspection 1"](#) .

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

UBS00989

Refer to [FL-5, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY"](#) .

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DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

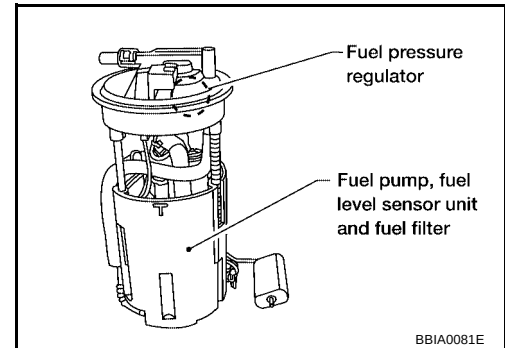
PFP:25060

Component Description

UBS0098A

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the unified meter and A/C amp. The unified meter and A/C amp. sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



BBIA0081E

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0098B

NOTE:

If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

Driving long distances naturally affect fuel gauge level.

This diagnosis detects the fuel gauge malfunction of the gauge not moving even after a long distance has been driven.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0461 0461	Fuel level sensor circuit range/performance	The output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change within the specified range even though the vehicle has been driven a long distance.	● Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted) ● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) ● Unified meter and A/C amp. ● Fuel level sensor

Overall Function Check

UBS0098C

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the fuel level sensor function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WARNING:

When performing following procedure, be sure to observe the handling of the fuel. Refer to [FL-9, "FUEL TANK"](#).

TESTING CONDITION:

Before starting overall function check, preparation of draining fuel and refilling fuel is required.

WITH CONSULT-II

NOTE:

Start from step 11, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"](#).
3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds then turn ON.
6. Select "FUEL LEVEL SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

7. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
8. Select "FUEL PUMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
9. Touch "ON" and drain fuel approximately 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) and stop it.
10. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
11. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
12. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and confirm whether the voltage changes more than 0.03V during step 7 to 11.
If NG, go to [EC-367, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C
FUEL LEVEL SE	XXX V

SEF195Y

WITH GST

NOTE:

Start from step 8, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to [EC-48, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"](#).
3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Drain fuel by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) from the fuel tank using proper equipment.
7. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.
8. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
9. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.
10. If NG, go to [EC-367, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0098D

1. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Go to [DI-24, "Fuel Level Sensor Signal Inspection 1"](#).

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

UBS0098E

Refer to [FL-5, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY"](#).

DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

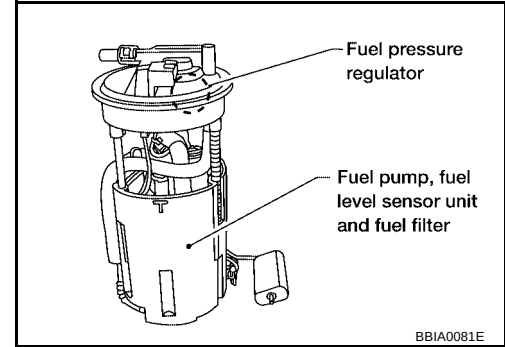
PFP:25060

Component Description

UBS0098F

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the unified meter and A/C amp. The unified meter and A/C amp. sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



BBIA0081E

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0098G

NOTE:

If DTC P0462 or P0463 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

This diagnosis indicates the former, to detect open or short circuit malfunction.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0462 0462	Fuel level sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage is sent from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted) ● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) ● Unified meter and A/C amp. ● Fuel level sensor
P0463 0463	Fuel level sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage is sent from the sensor is sent to ECM.	

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0098H

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at ignition switch ON.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-369, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C
FUEL LEVEL SE	XXX V

SEF195Y

④ WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0098I

1. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to [DI-24, "Fuel Level Sensor Signal Inspection 1"](#) .

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

UBS0098J

Refer to [FL-5, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY"](#) .

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DTC P0500 VSS

DTC P0500 VSS

PFP:32702

Description

UBS0098K

NOTE:

If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

The vehicle speed signal is sent to the "unified meter and A/C amp." from the "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" by CAN communication line. The unified meter and A/C amp. then sends the signal to the ECM by CAN communication line.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0098L

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0500 0500	Vehicle speed sensor	The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven.	● Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted) ● Harness or connectors (The vehicle speed signal circuit is open or shorted) ● Wheel sensor ● Unified meter and A/C amp. ● ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0098M

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine (TCS switch or VDC switch OFF).
2. Read "VHCL SPEED SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. The vehicle speed on CONSULT-II should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
If NG, go to [EC-371, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If OK, go to following step.
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
5. Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,800 - 6,000 rpm (M/T models) 1,700 - 6,000 rpm (4-speed A/T models) 1,600 - 6,000 rpm (5-speed A/T models)
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	5.3 - 31.8 msec (M/T models) 5.5 - 31.8 msec (A/T models)
Selector lever	Except P or N position (A/T models) Except Neutral position (M/T models)
PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

SEF196Y

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-371, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

Overall Function Check

UBS0098N

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the vehicle speed sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

DTC P0500 VSS



WITH GST

1. Lift up drive wheels.
2. Start engine.
3. Read vehicle speed sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.
The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
4. If NG, go to [EC-371, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00980

1. CHECK DTC WITH ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)

Refer to [BRC-53, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#) or [BRC-97, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM

PFP:23781

Description

UBS0098P

NOTE:

If DTC P0506 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The ECM calculates the actual engine speed from signals of crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0098Q

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0506 0506	Idle speed control system RPM lower than expected	The idle speed is less than the target idle speed by 100 rpm or more.	● Electric throttle control actuator ● Intake air leak

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0098R

NOTE:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform Idle Air Volume Learning, [EC-46](#) , before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the Service Data and Specifications (SDS), [EC-689](#) .

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).

 WITH CONSULT-II

1. Open engine hood.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-373. "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

 WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0098S

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

1. Start engine and let it idle.
2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

2. REPLACE ECM

1. Stop engine.
2. Replace ECM.
3. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-101, "ECM Re-communicating Function"](#) .
4. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .
5. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
6. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> **INSPECTION END**

DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM

PFP:23781

Description

UBS0098T

NOTE:

If DTC P0507 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The ECM calculates the actual engine speed from signals of crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0098U

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0507 0507	Idle speed control system RPM higher than expected	The idle speed is more than the target idle speed by 200 rpm or more.	- Electric throttle control actuator - Intake air leak - PCV system

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0098V

NOTE:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform "Idle Air Volume Learning", [EC-46](#), before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the "Service Data and Specifications (SDS)", [EC-689](#).

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).

WITH CONSULT-II

- Open engine hood.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-375, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0098W

1. CHECK PCV HOSE CONNECTION

Confirm that PCV hose is connected correctly.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

1. Start engine and let it idle.

2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

3. REPLACE ECM

1. Stop engine.

2. Replace ECM.

3. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-101, "ECM Re-communicating Function"](#).

4. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#).

5. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#).

6. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

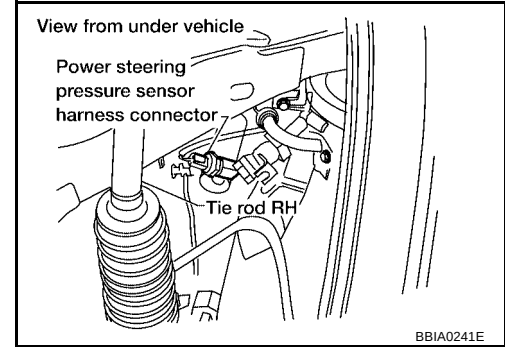
DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

PFP:49763

Component Description

UBS0098X

Power steering pressure (PSP) sensor is installed to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. This sensor is a potentiometer which transforms the power steering load into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator and adjusts the throttle valve opening angle to increase the engine speed and adjusts the idle speed for the increased load.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0098Y

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PW/ST SIGNAL	● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Steering wheel is in neutral position. (Forward direction)	OFF
		Steering wheel is turned.	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0098Z

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0550 0550	Power steering pressure sensor circuit	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) ● Power steering pressure sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00990

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-378, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

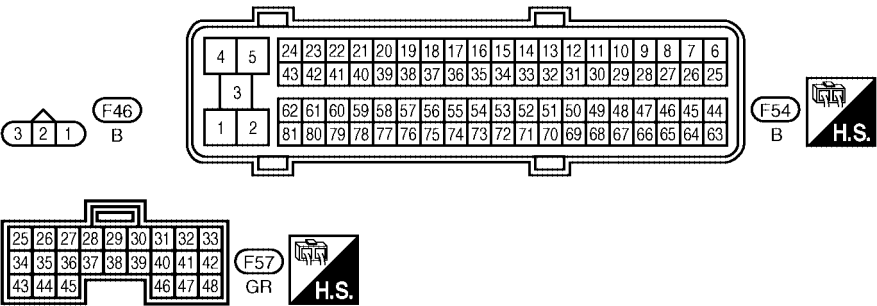
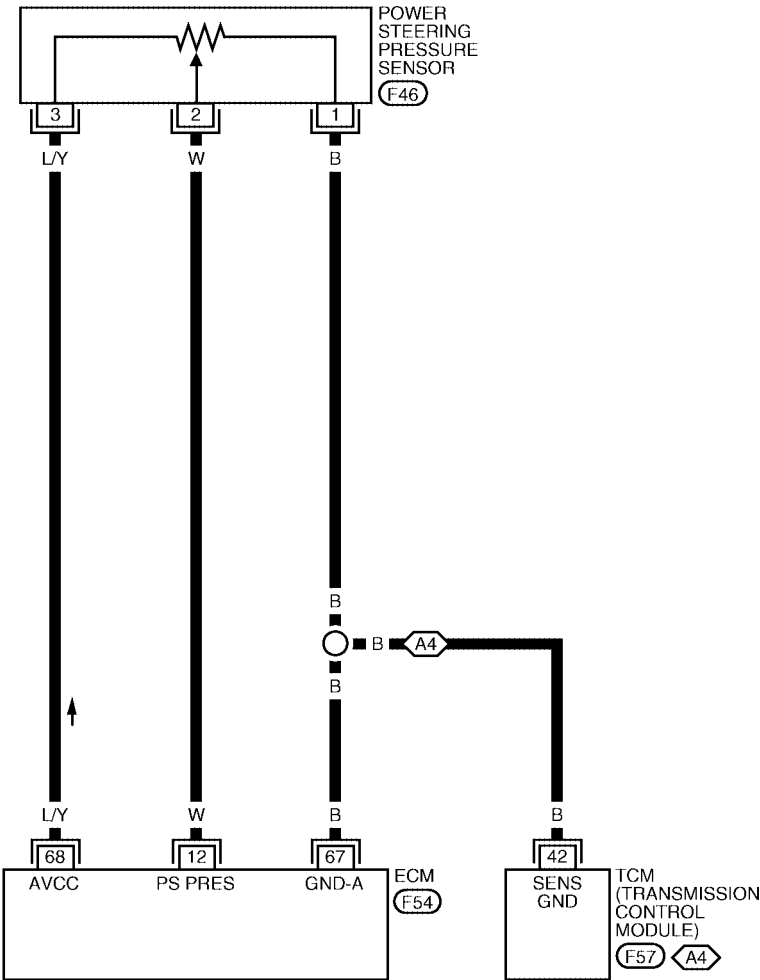
DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS00991

EC-PS/SEN-01

- : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- - - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- A4 : WITH 4-SPEED A/T



DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
12	W	Power steering pressure sensor	[Engine is running] ● Steering wheel is being turned.	0.5 - 4.5V
			[Engine is running] ● Steering wheel is not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
68	L/Y	Power steering pressure sensor power supply	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 5V

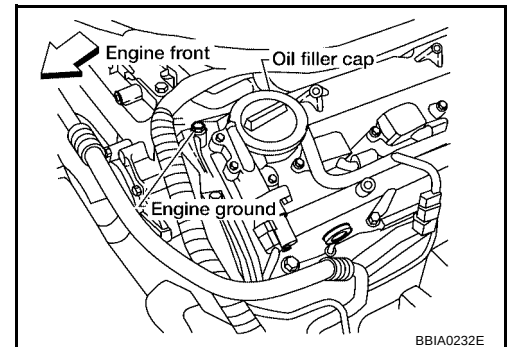
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00992

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

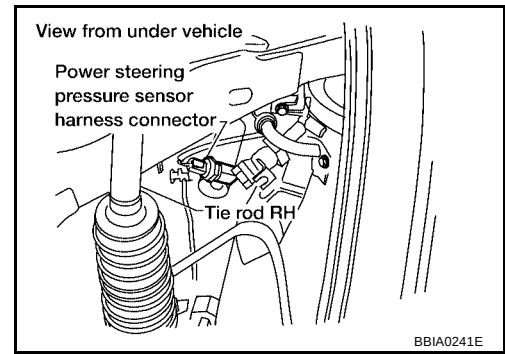
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

2. CHECK PSP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect PSP sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

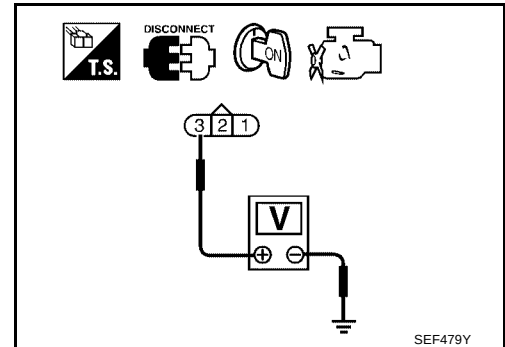


3. Check voltage between PSP sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK PSP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between PSP sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between power steering pressure sensor and ECM
- Harness for open or short between power steering pressure sensor and TCM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK PSP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 12 and PSP sensor terminal 2.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

6. CHECK PSP SENSOR

Refer to [EC-380, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Replace PSP sensor.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

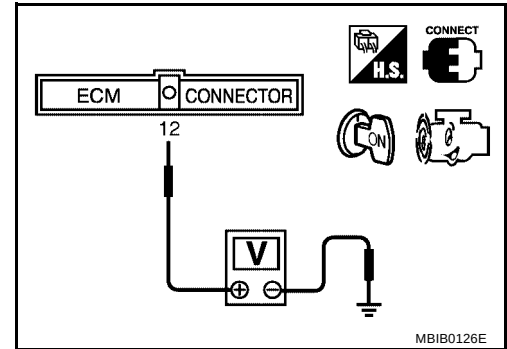
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

UBS00993

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 12 and ground under the following conditions.

Condition	Voltage
Steering wheel is being turned.	0.5 - 4.5V
Steering wheel is not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V



DTC P0605 ECM

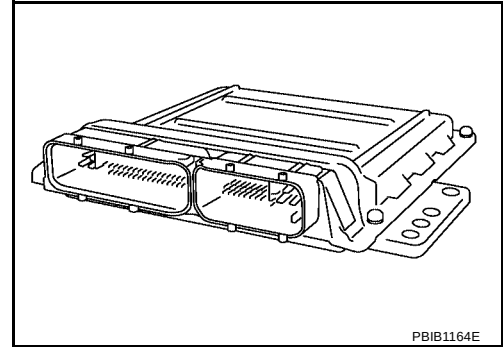
DTC P0605 ECM

PFP:23710

Component Description

UBS00994

The ECM consists of a microcomputer and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The ECM controls the engine.



UBS00995

On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has one or two trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P0605 0605	Engine control module	A)	ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	● ECM
		B)	ECM EEP-ROM system is malfunctioning.	
		C)	ECM self shut-off function is malfunctioning.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

ECM enters fail-safe mode when the malfunction A is detected.

Detected items	Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode
Malfunction A	● ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.
	● ECM deactivates ASCD operation.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00996

Perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A** first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B**. If there is no malfunction on **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B**, perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C**.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

④ With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-382, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

④ With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P0605 ECM

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-382, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
4. Repeat step 2 to 3 for 32 times
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-382, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00997

1. INSPECTION START

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "ERASE".
4. **Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.**
See [EC-381](#).
5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

With GST

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select MODE 4 with GST.
3. Touch "ERASE".
4. **Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.**
See [EC-381](#).
5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> **INSPECTION END**

DTC P0605 ECM

2. REPLACE ECM

1. Replace ECM.
2. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-101, "ECM Re-communicating Function"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .
4. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
5. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

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DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

PFP:22693

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00998

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		

The ECM performs ON/OFF duty control of the A/F sensor 1 heater corresponding to the engine operating condition to keep the temperature of A/F sensor 1 element at the specified range.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00999

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
A/F S1 HTR (B1) A/F S1 HTR (B2)	● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	0 - 100%

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AM8

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1031 1031 (Bank 1) P1051 1051 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control circuit low	The current amperage in the heated air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater.)	● Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is open or shorted.) ● A/F sensor 1 heater
P1032 1032 (Bank 1) P1052 1052 (Bank 2)			
	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control circuit high	The current amperage in the heated air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater.)	● Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is shorted.) ● A/F sensor 1 heater

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0099B

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

With CONSULT-II

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-389, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

-
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
 4. Select MODE 3 with GST. A
 5. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-389, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .
 - **When using GST, DTC Confirmation Procedure should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.** EC

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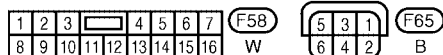
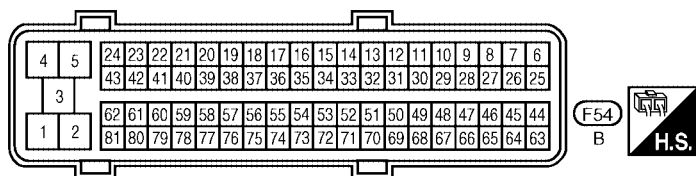
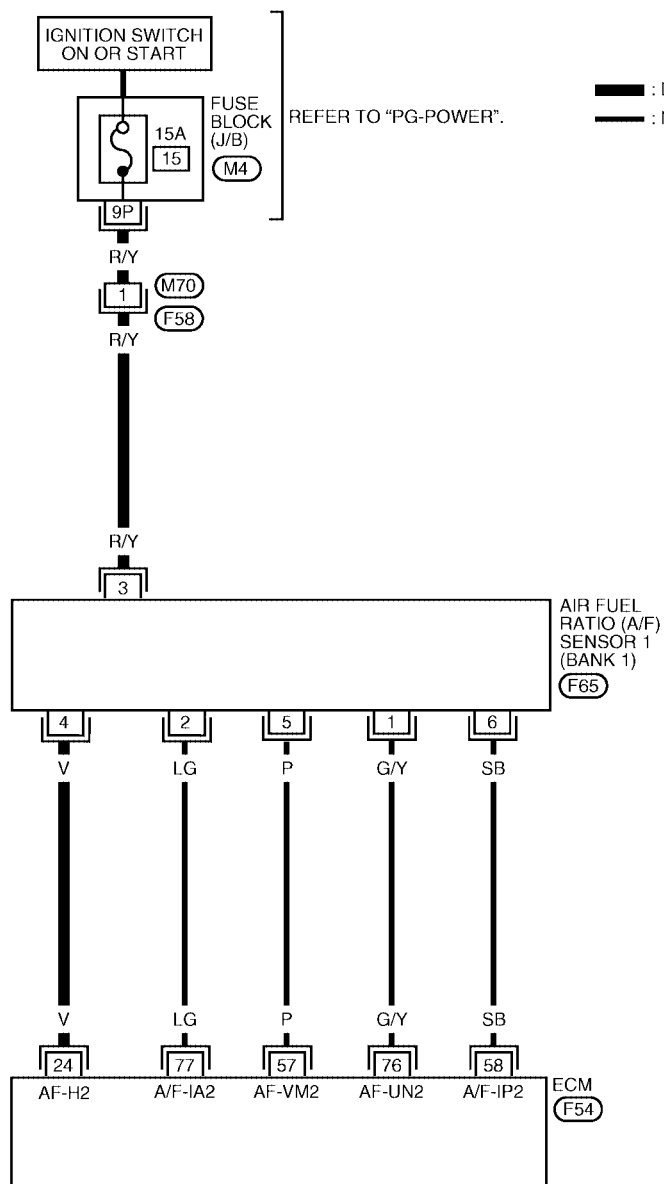
M

DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

UBS00AM9

Wiring Diagram BANK 1

EC-AF1HB1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

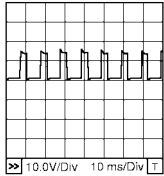
BBWA0613E

DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

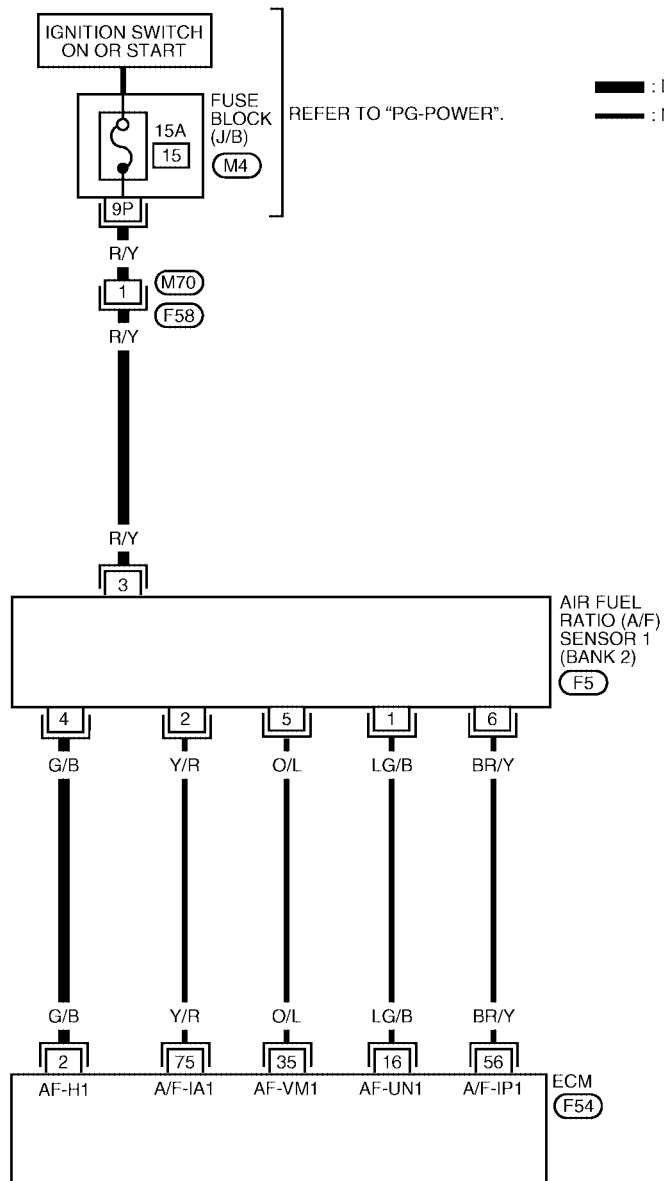
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	V	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  PBIB1584E

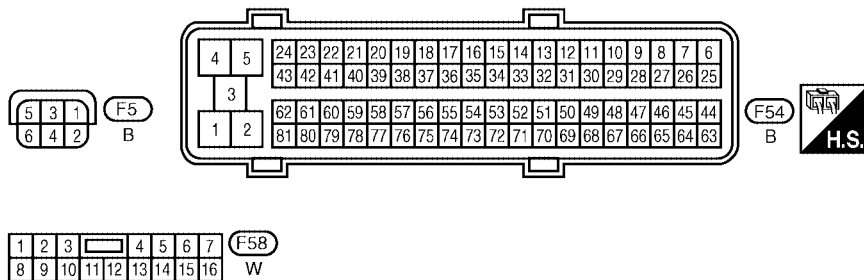
DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

BANK 2

EC-AF1HB2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



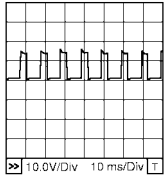
REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

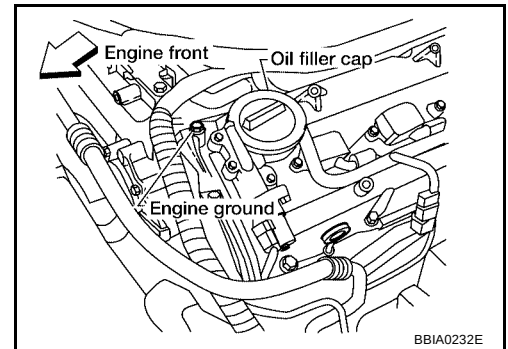
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	G/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  PBIB1584E

Diagnostic Procedure

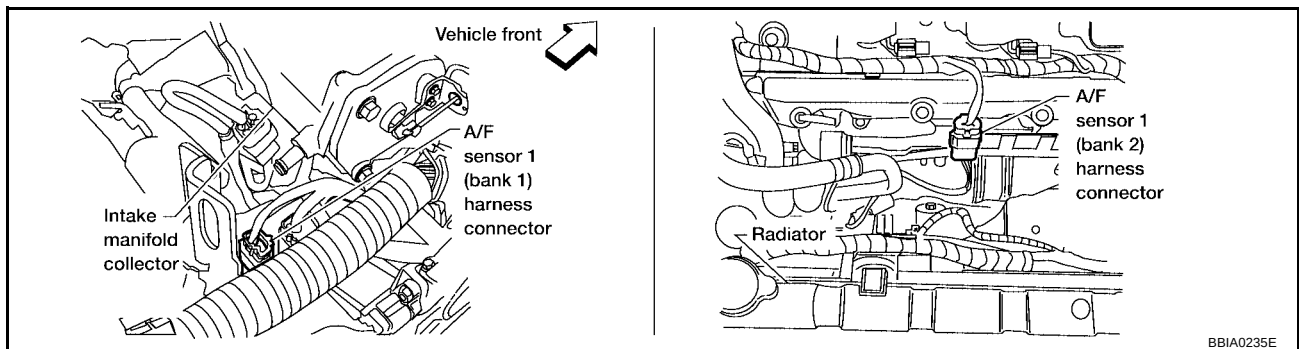
UBS0099D

1. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.



3. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

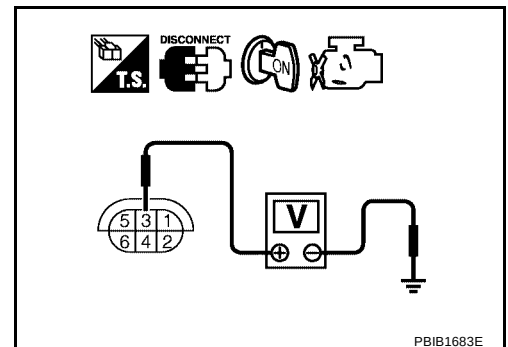


4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 24 (bank 1) or 2 (bank 2) and A/F sensor 1 terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to [EC-391, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

DTC P1031, P1032, P1051, P1052 A/F SENSOR HEATER

UBS0099E

Component Inspection

AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

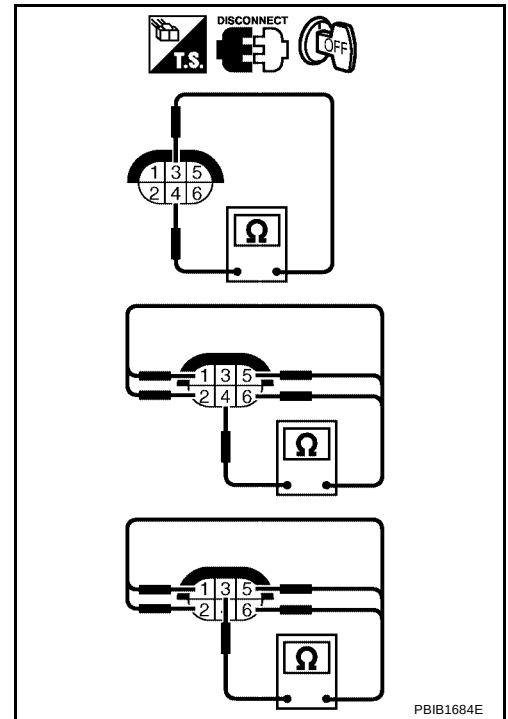
Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the A/F sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



UBS0099F

Removal and Installation

AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

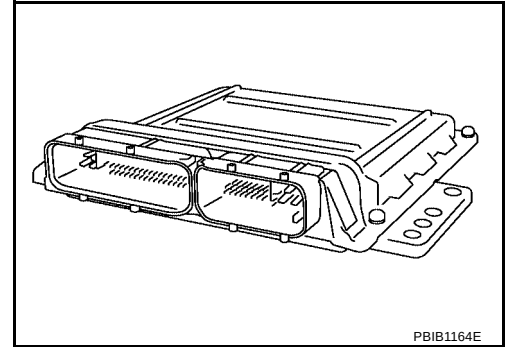
DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

PFP:23710

Component Description

UBS0099G

Battery voltage is supplied to the ECM even when the ignition switch is turned OFF for the ECM memory function of the DTC memory, the air-fuel ratio feedback compensation value memory, the idle air volume learning value memory, etc.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0099H

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1065 1065	ECM power supply circuit	ECM back-up RAM system does not function properly.	● Harness or connectors [ECM power supply (back-up) circuit is open or shorted.] ● ECM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0099I

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
5. Repeat step 2 to 4 for 4 times.
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-394, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

④ WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

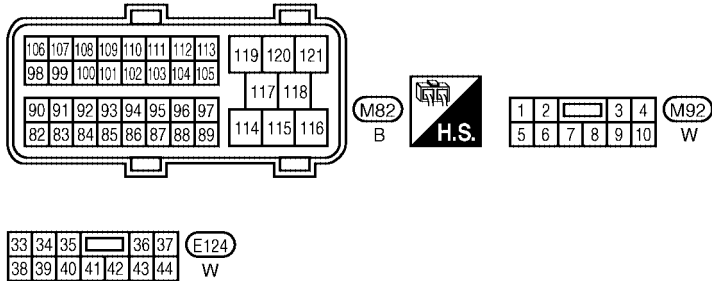
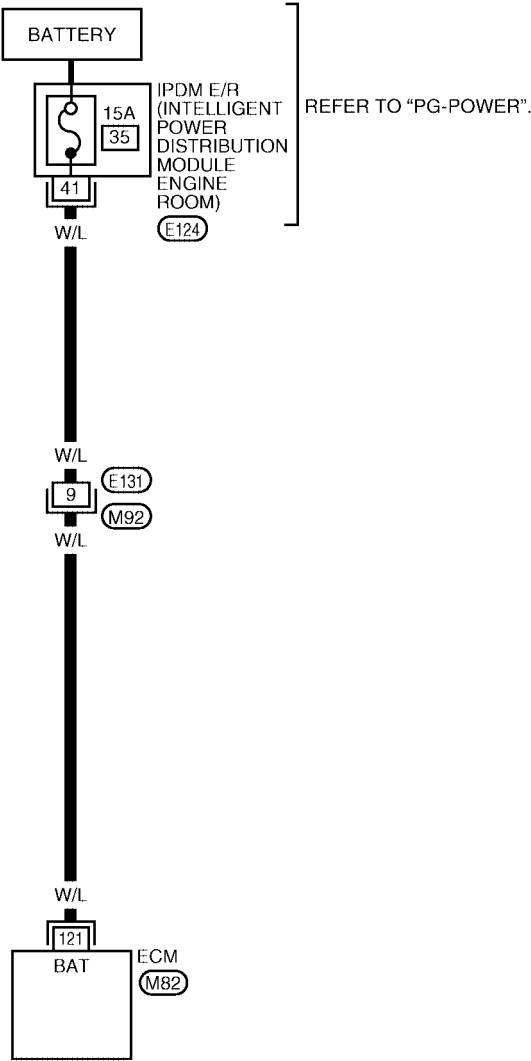
DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

Wiring Diagram

UBS0099J

EC-ECM/PW-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
121	W/L	Power supply for ECM (Buck-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0099K

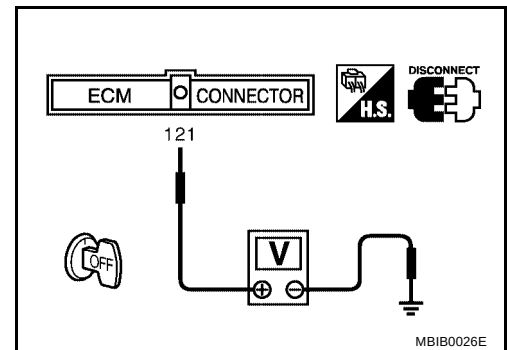
1. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 121 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and battery

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "ERASE".
4. **Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.**
See [EC-392](#) .
5. Is the 1st trip DTC P1065 displayed again?

With GST

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select MODE 4 with GST.
3. Touch "ERASE".
4. **Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.**
See [EC-392](#) .
5. Is the 1st trip DTC P1065 displayed again?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5.

No >> **INSPECTION END**

5. REPLACE ECM

1. Replace ECM.
2. Perform initialization of NATS system and registration of all NATS ignition key IDs. Refer to [BL-101, "ECM Re-communicating Function"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .
4. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
5. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> **INSPECTION END**

DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:23796

Component Description

UBS0099L

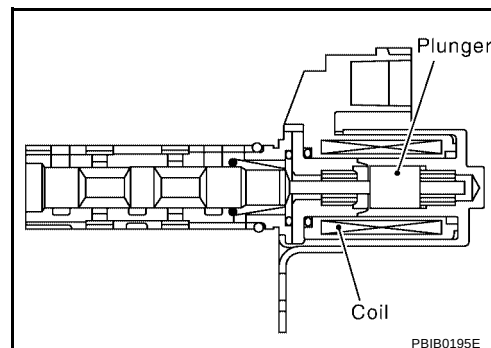
Intake valve timing control solenoid valve is activated by ON/OFF pulse duty (ratio) signals from the ECM.

The intake valve timing control solenoid valve changes the oil amount and direction of flow through intake valve timing control unit or stops oil flow.

The longer pulse width advances valve angle.

The shorter pulse width retards valve angle.

When ON and OFF pulse widths become equal, the solenoid valve stops oil pressure flow to fix the intake valve angle at the control position.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS0099M

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	Idle	0% - 2%
	● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	2,000 rpm	Approx. 0% - 50%

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0099N

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1111 1111 (Bank 1)	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit	An improper voltage is sent to the ECM through intake valve timing control solenoid valve.	● Harness or connectors (Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
P1136 1136 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0099O

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-400, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

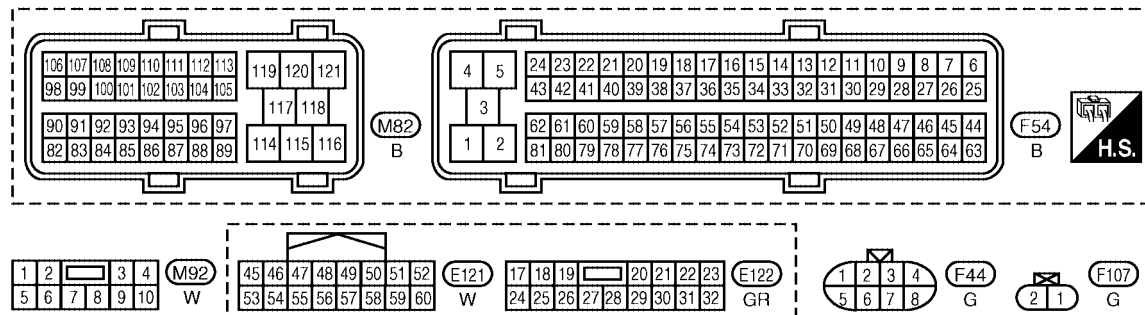
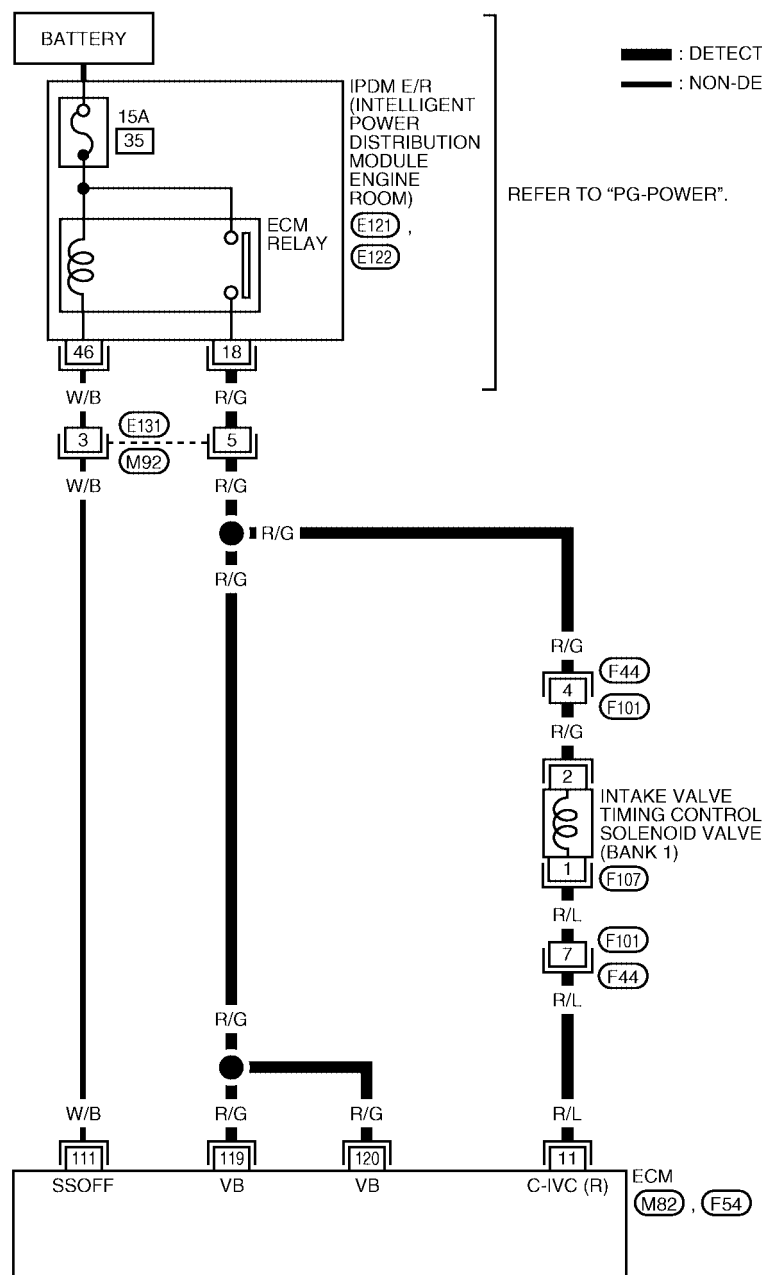
Following the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS0099P

EC-IVCB1-01



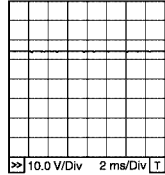
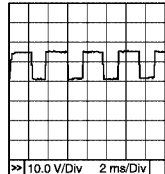
BBWA0666E

DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
11	R/L	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  10.0 V/Div 2 ms/Div PBIB1037E
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	7 - 12V★  10.0 V/Div 2 ms/Div PBIB1038E

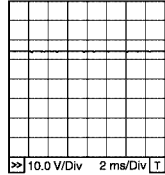
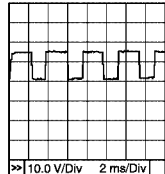
★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
10	V/W	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  10.0 V/Div 2 ms/Div 1 PBIB1037E
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	7 - 12V★  10.0 V/Div 2 ms/Div 1 PBIB1038E

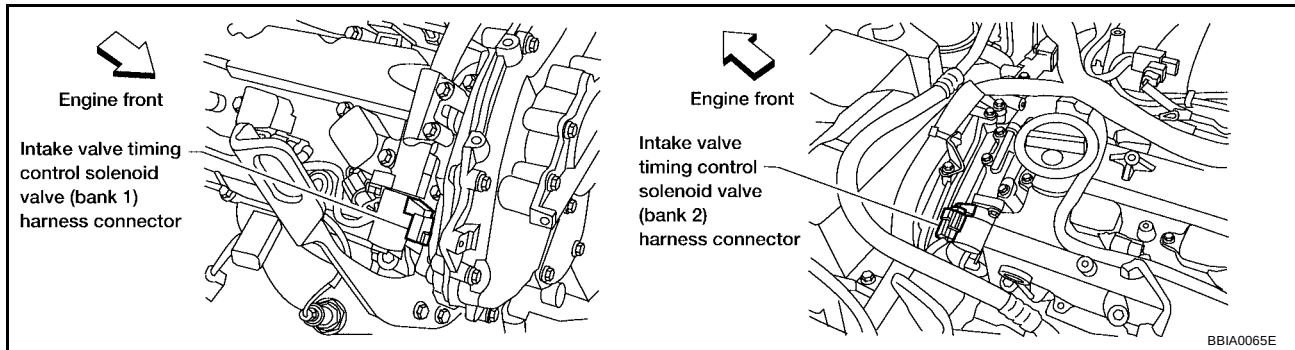
★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS0099Q

1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.

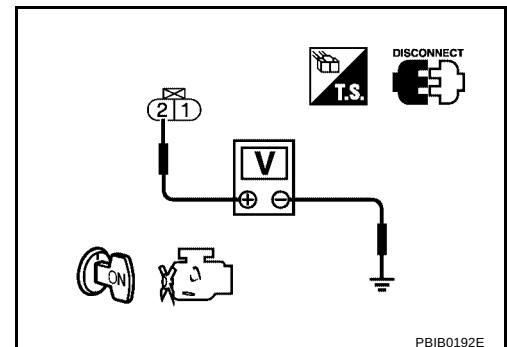


3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors F44, F101
- IPDM E/R harness connector E122
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 11 (bank 1) or 10 (bank 2) and intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F44, F101
- Harness for open and short between ECM and intake valve timing control solenoid valve

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-402, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> **INSPECTION END**

DTC P1111, P1136 IVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

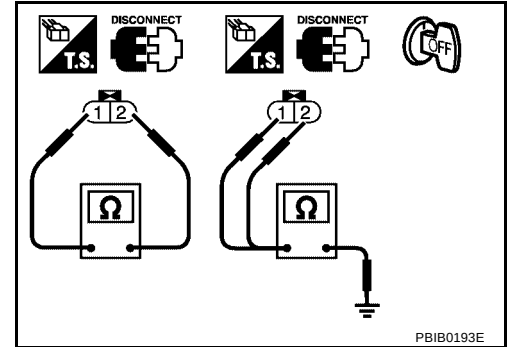
UBS0099R

Component Inspection

INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

1. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
2. Check resistance between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as follows.

Terminals	Resistance
1 and 2	7.0 - 7.5Ω at 20°C (68°F)
1 or 2 and ground	$\infty\Omega$ (Continuity should not exist)



UBS0099S

Removal and Installation

INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EM-55, "TIMING CHAIN"](#) .

DTC P1121 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

DTC P1121 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS0099T

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve. The throttle position sensor detects the throttle valve position, and the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0099U

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P1121 1121	Electric throttle control actuator	A)	Electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction.	● Electric throttle control actuator
		B)	Throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range.	
		C)	ECM detect the throttle valve is stuck open. This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction A or B is detected in the two consecutive trips, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

When the malfunction C is detected even in the 1st trip, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Malfunction A	The ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm.
Malfunction B	ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20 degrees or less.
Malfunction C	While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or more.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0099V

NOTE:

- Perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B** first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C**.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Shift selector lever to D position (A/T models) or 1st position (M/T models), and wait at least 2 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-404, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1121 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Shift selector lever to D position (A/T models) or 1st position (M/T models) and wait at least 2 seconds.
4. Shift selector lever to N, P position (A/T models) or Neutral position (M/T models).
5. Start engine and let it idle for 3 seconds.
6. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-404, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

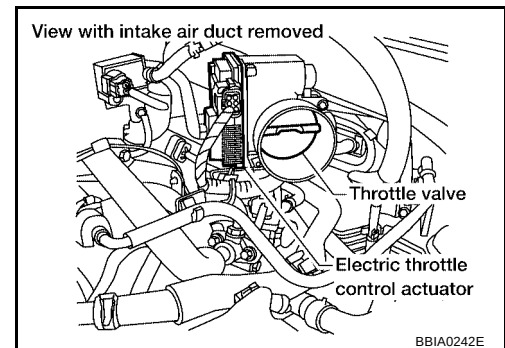
UBS0099W

1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Remove the intake air duct.
2. Check if a foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

PFP:16119

Description

UBS0099X

NOTE:

If DTC P1122 is displayed with DTC P1121 or 1126, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1121 or P1126. Refer to [EC-403](#) or [EC-411](#).

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc.

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS0099Y

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1122 1122	Electric throttle control performance problem	Electric throttle control function does not operate properly.	● Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is open or shorted) ● Electric throttle control actuator

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS0099Z

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-407, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

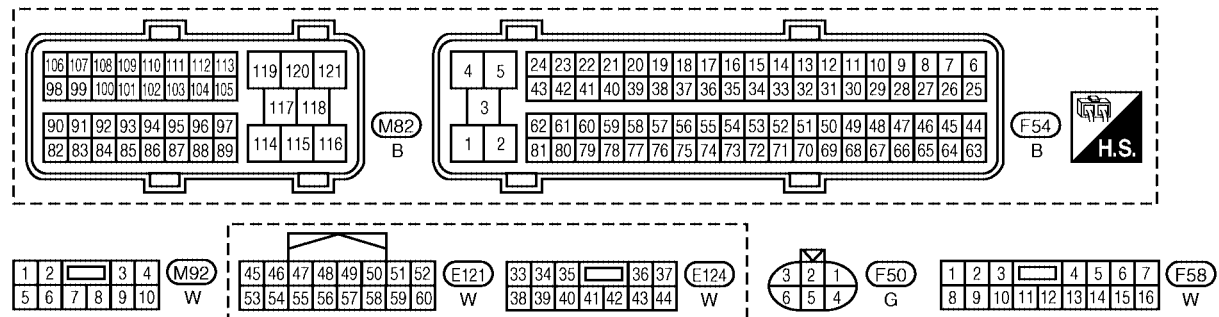
SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

UBS009A0

EC-ETC1-01

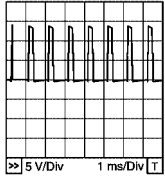
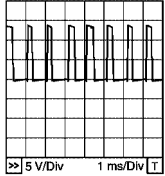


DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	R	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	O/L	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal is releasing	0 - 14V★  PBIB1104E
5	W/L	Throttle control motor (Open)	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal is depressing	0 - 14V★  PBIB1105E
104	O	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

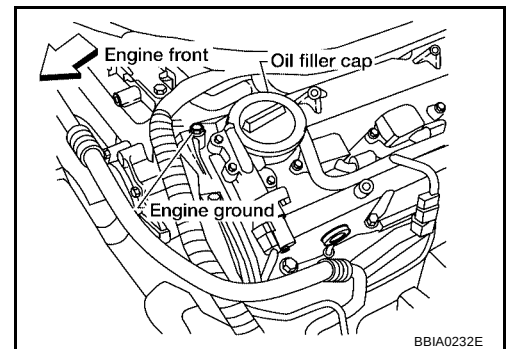
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009A1

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

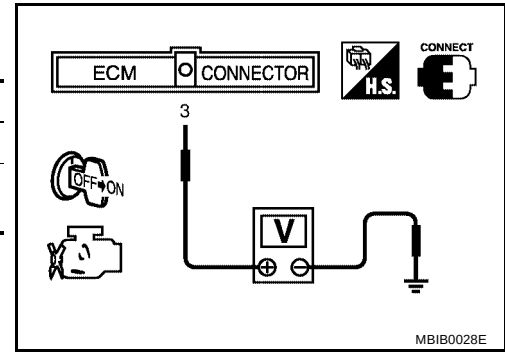
2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-I

1. Check voltage between ECM terminal 3 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

Ignition switch	Voltage
OFF	Approximately 0V
ON	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E124.
4. Check continuity between ECM terminal 3 and IPDM E/R terminal 42. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

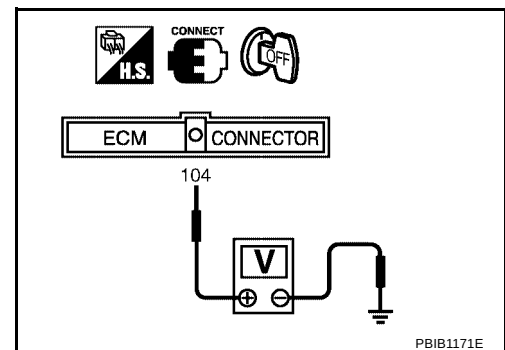
5. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 104 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> GO TO 6.



DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

6. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E121.
3. Check continuity between ECM terminal 104 and IPDM E/R terminal 47.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK FUSE

1. Disconnect 15A fuse.
2. Check 15A fuse for blown.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> Replace 15A fuse.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to [PG-14, "IPDM E/R \(INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM\)"](#) .
NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

10. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

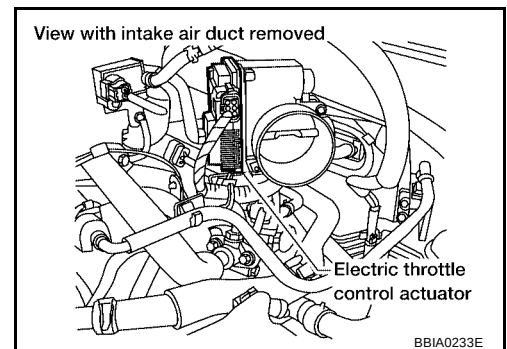
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
3	5	Should not exist
	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
	4	Should not exist

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
NG >> Repair or replace.



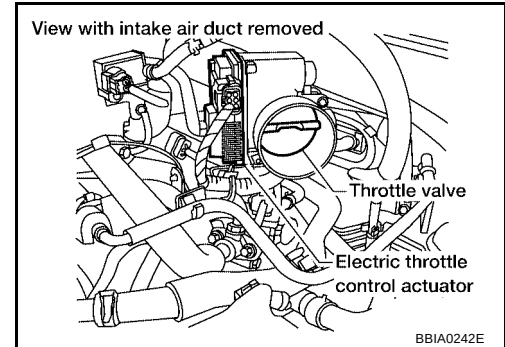
DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

11. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Remove the intake air duct.
2. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



12. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to [EC-410, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
NG >> GO TO 14.

13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 14.
NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

14. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

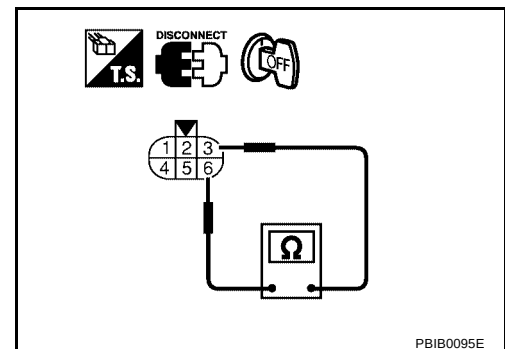
Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

UBS009A2

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Check resistance between terminals 3 and 6.

Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 Ω [at 25 °C (77°F)]

3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
4. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
5. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .



UBS009A3

Remove and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .

DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS009A4

Power supply for the throttle control motor is provided to the ECM via throttle control motor relay. The throttle control motor relay is ON/OFF controlled by the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the ECM sends an ON signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is provided to the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned OFF, the ECM sends an OFF signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is not provided to the ECM.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009A5

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
THRTL RELAY	● Ignition switch: ON	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009A6

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1124 1124	Throttle control motor relay circuit short	ECM detects the throttle control motor relay is stuck ON.	● Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is shorted) ● Throttle control motor relay
P1126 1126	Throttle control motor relay circuit open	ECM detects a voltage of power source for throttle control motor is excessively low.	● Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is open) ● Throttle control motor relay

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009A7

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P1124

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-414, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

 With GST

Follow the procedure “With CONSULT-II” above.

PROCEDURE FOR DTC P1126

 With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-414, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

 With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

Wiring Diagram

UBS009A8

EC-ETC2-01

A

EC

C

D

E

F

G

H

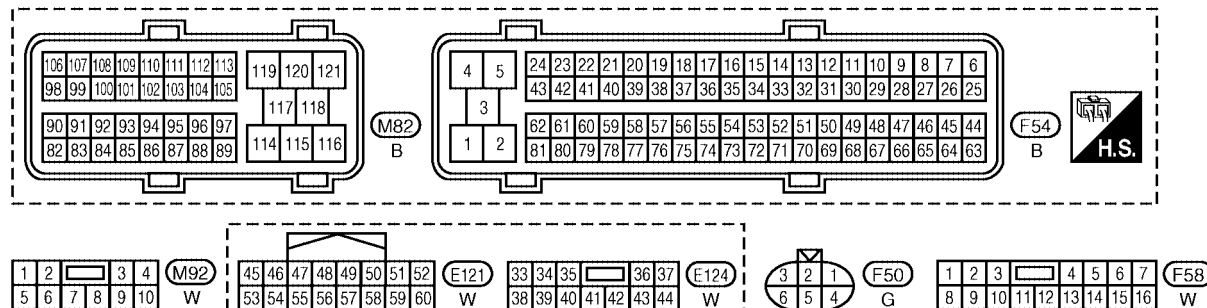
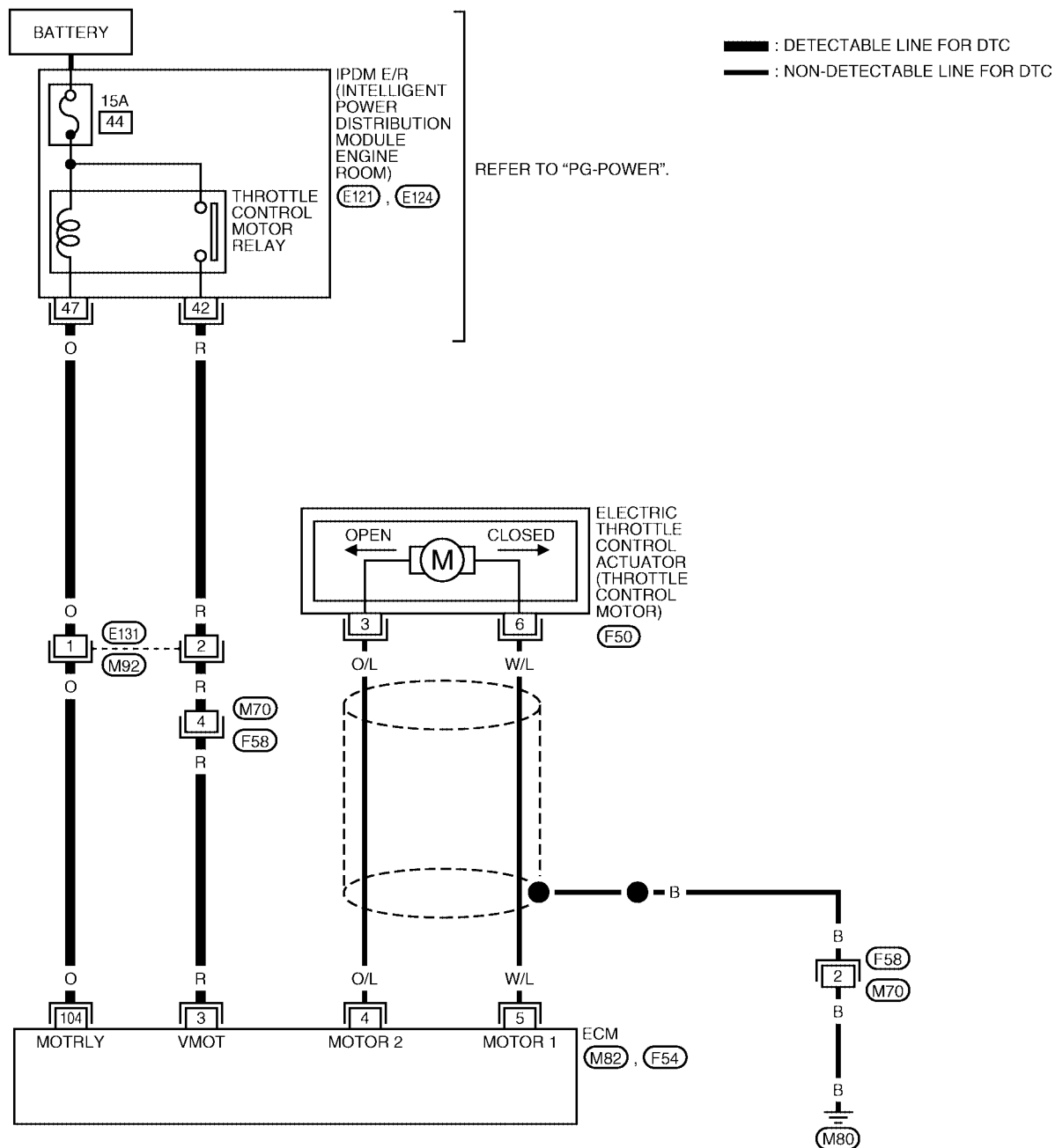
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BBWA0639E

DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	R	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
104	O	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009A9

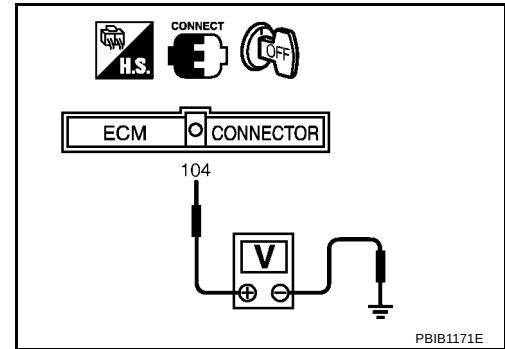
1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 104 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E121.
3. Check continuity between ECM terminal 104 and IPDM E/R terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

4. CHECK FUSE

1. Disconnect 15A fuse.
2. Check 15A fuse for blown.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Replace 15A fuse.

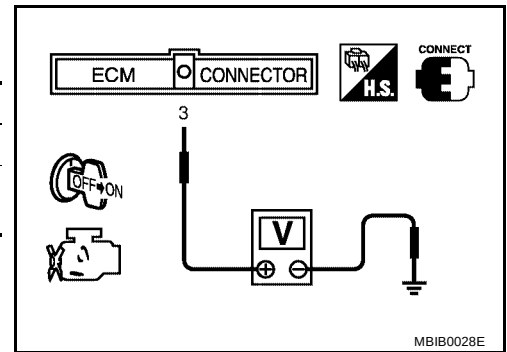
5. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-I

1. Check voltage between ECM terminal 3 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

Ignition switch	Voltage
OFF	Approximately 0V
ON	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 6.



6. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E124.
4. Check continuity between ECM terminal 3 and IPDM E/R terminal 42. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to [PG-14, "IPDM E/R \(INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM\)"](#) .
NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS009AA

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve. The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009AB

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1128 1128	Throttle control motor circuit short	ECM detects short in both circuits between ECM and throttle control motor.	● Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is shorted.) ● Electric throttle control actuator (Throttle control motor)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009AC

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-418, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS009AD

EC-ETC3-01

A

EC

C

D

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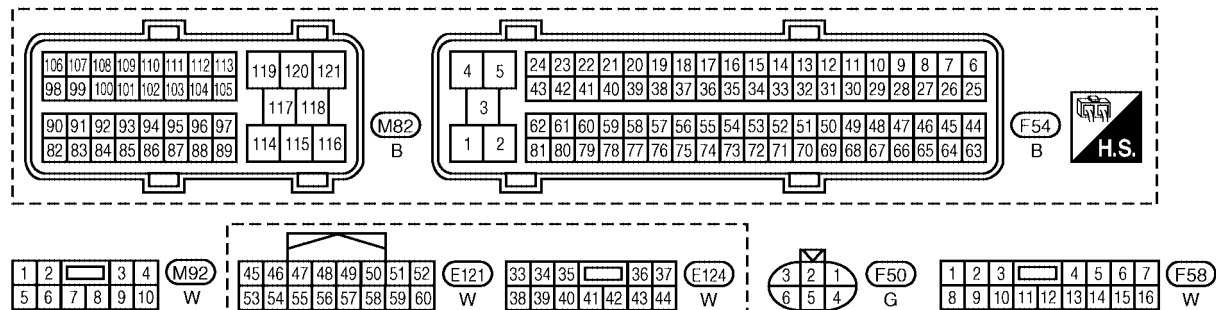
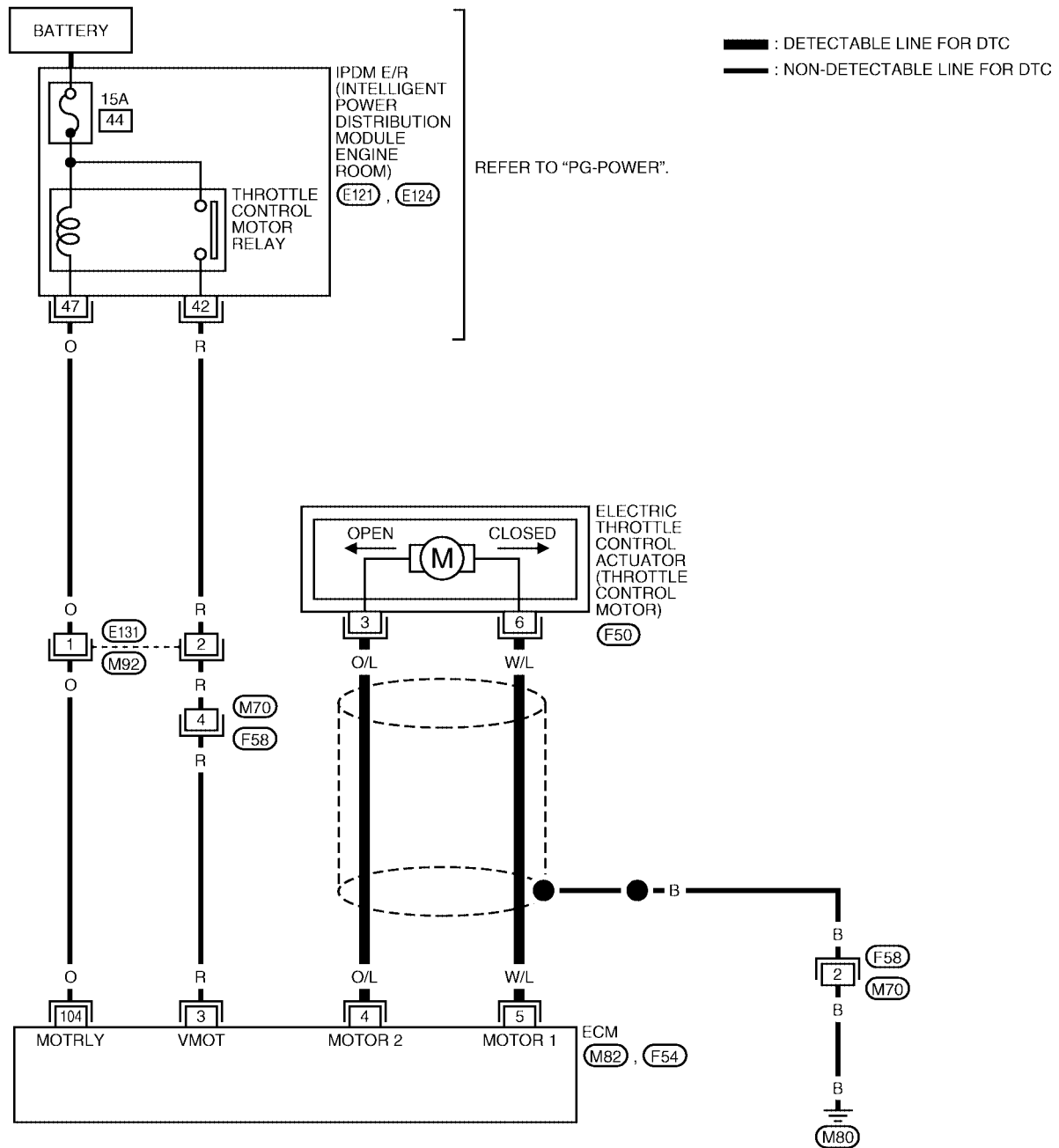
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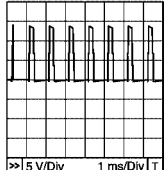
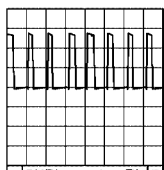
BBWA0641E

DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	O/L	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal is releasing	0 - 14V★  PBIB1104E
5	W/L	Throttle control motor (Open)	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal is depressing	0 - 14V★  PBIB1105E

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

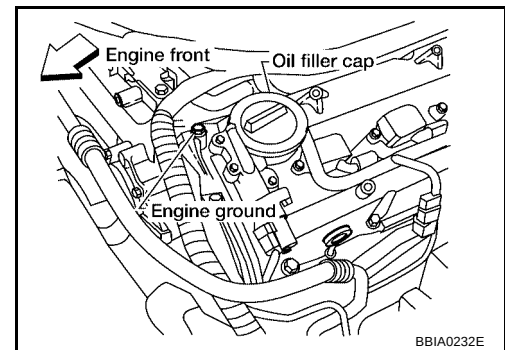
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009AE

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.

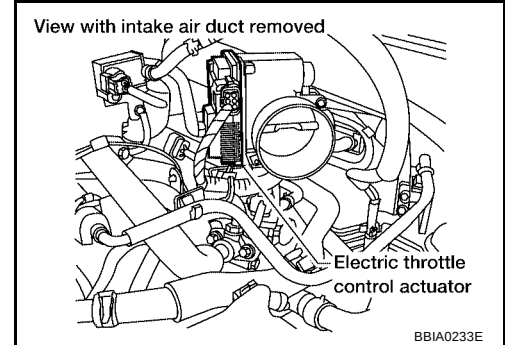


DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
3	5	Should not exist
	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
	4	Should not exist



5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to [EC-419, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 5.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

5. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

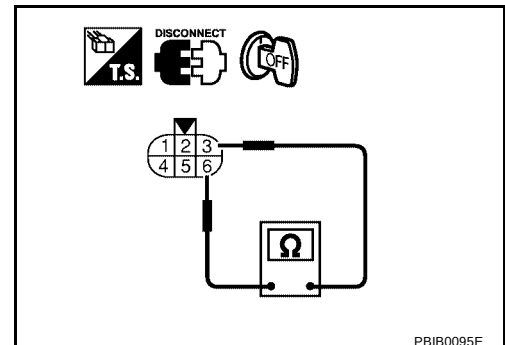
Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

UBS009AF

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Check resistance between terminals 3 and 6.

Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 Ω [at 25 °C (77°F)]

3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
4. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
5. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .



DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Removal and Installation

ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS009AG

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

PFP:226A0

Component Description

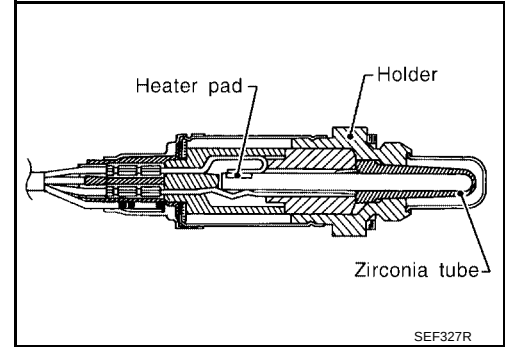
UBS009AH

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the A/F sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009AJ

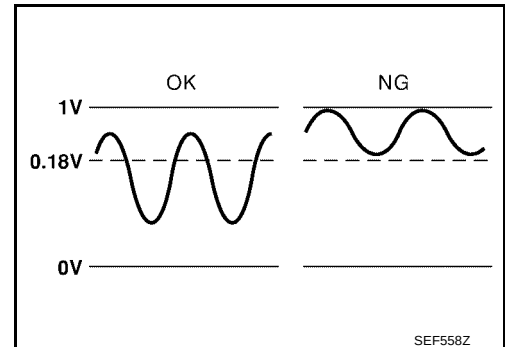
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	- Warm-up condition - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)			LEAN ↔ RICH

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009AJ

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the A/F sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1146 1146 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 minimum voltage monitoring	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	- Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) - Heated oxygen sensor 2 - Fuel pressure - Injectors
P1166 1166 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

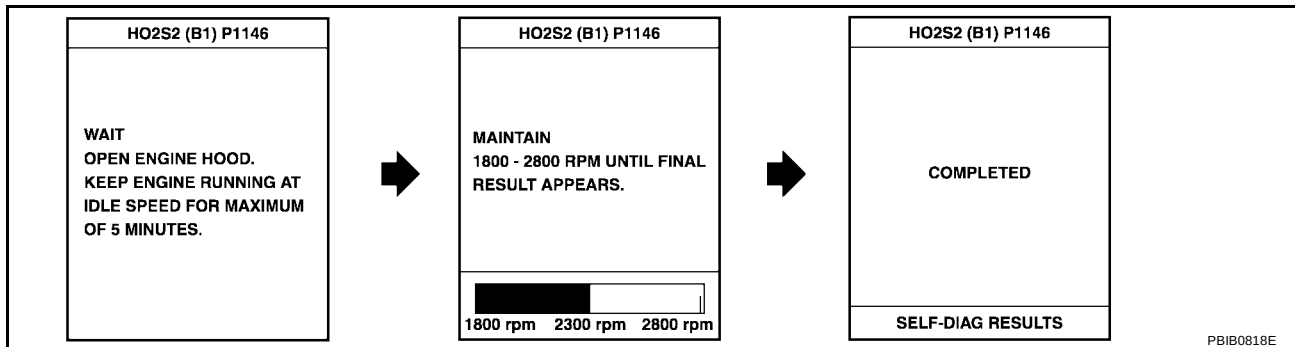
TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
7. Open engine hood.
8. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1146" or "HO2S2 (B2) P1166" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y



10. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-427, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
 - a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
 - b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

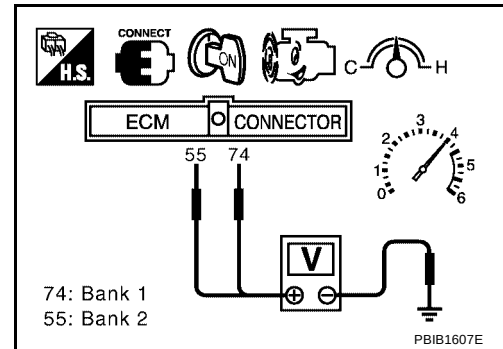
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage.
Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models), 5th gear position (M/T models).
The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
8. If NG, go to [EC-427, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

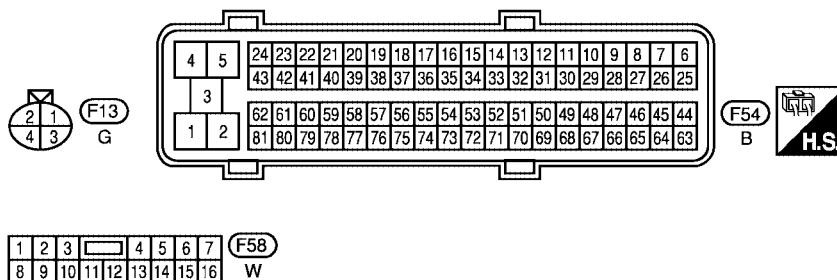
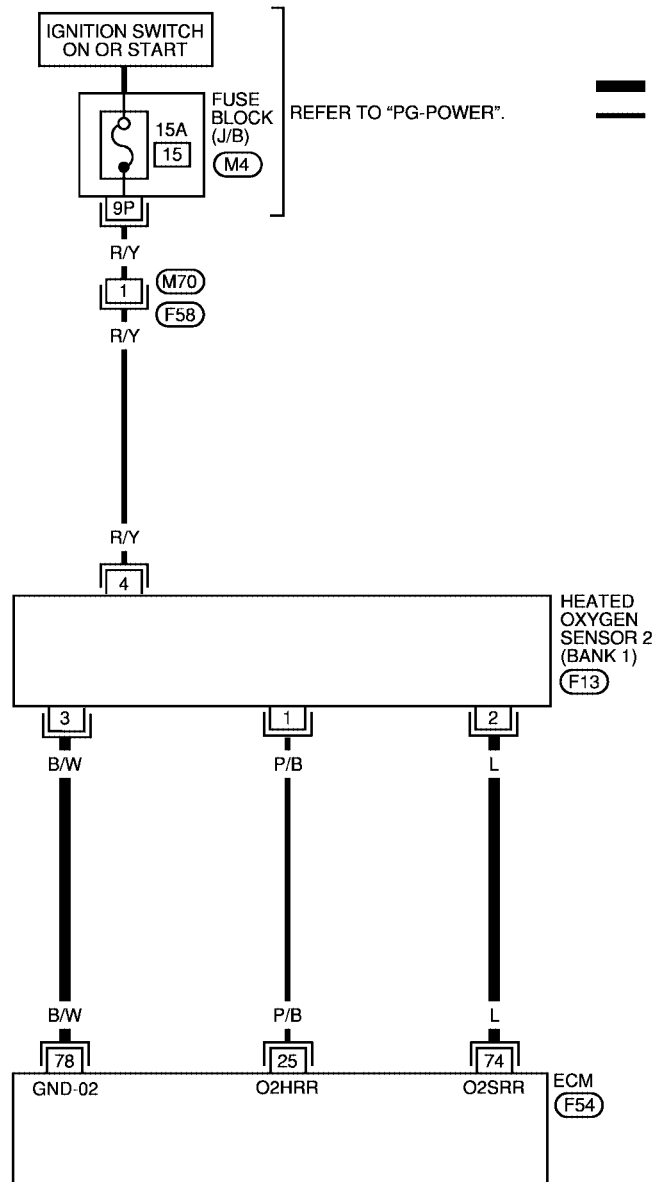


DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

UBS009AM

Wiring Diagram BANK 1

EC-O2S2B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

A

EC

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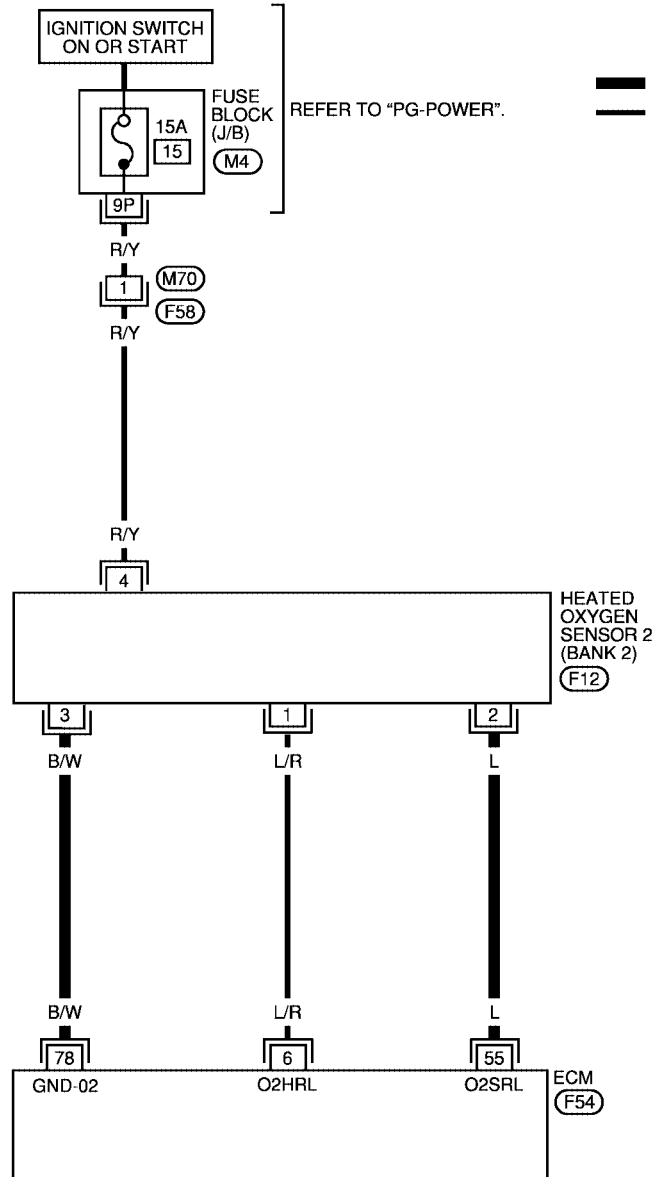
L

M

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

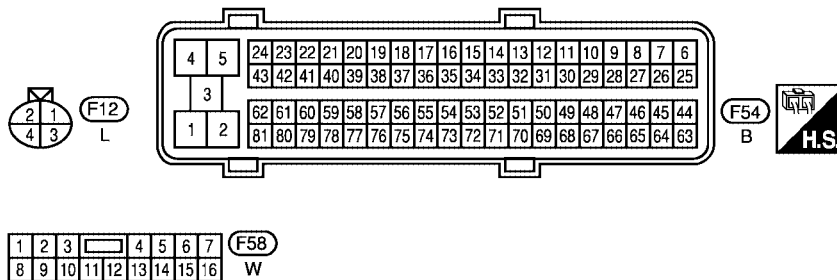
BANK 2

EC-O2S2B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

REFER TO "PG-POWER".



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
55	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

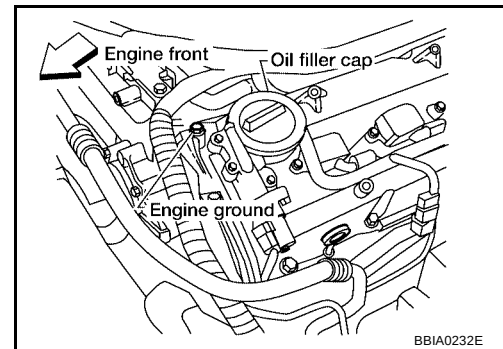
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009AN

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

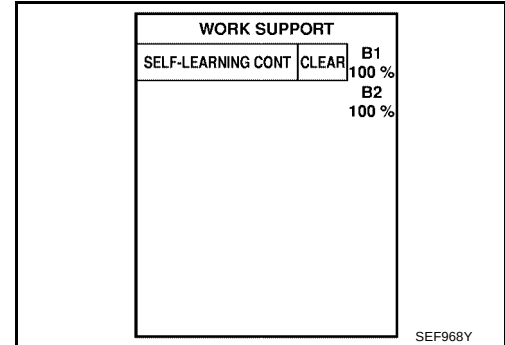
>> GO TO 2.



2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

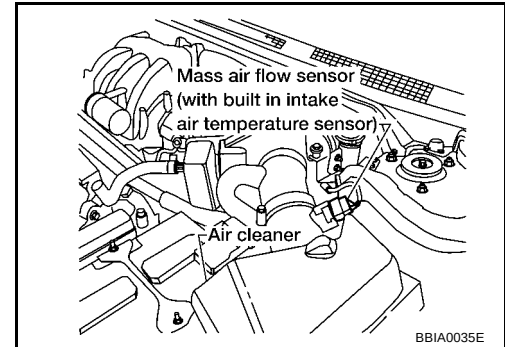
With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).
8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
9. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?

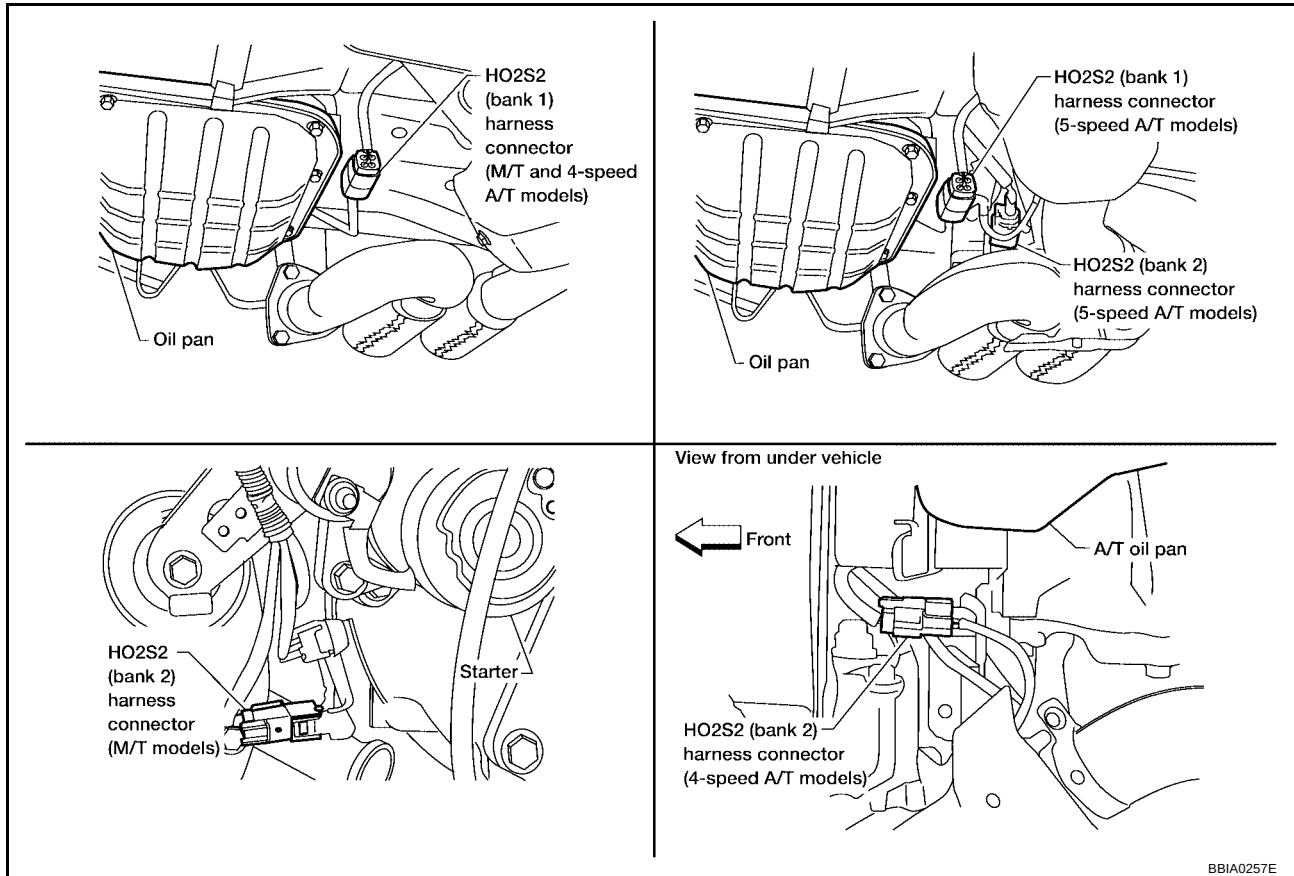


Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172, P0175. Refer to [EC-229](#).
- No >> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P1146	74	2	1
P1166	55	2	2

Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P1146	74	2	1
P1166	55	2	2

Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to [EC-430, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS009AO

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

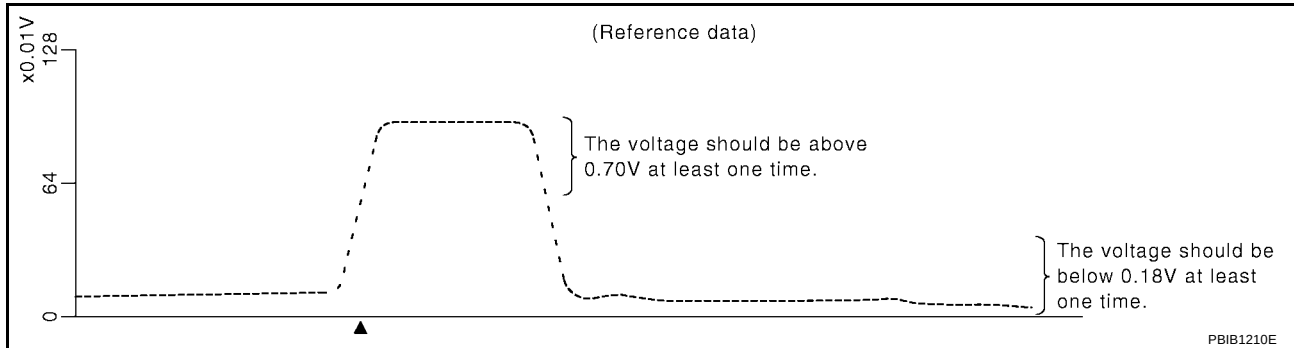
DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S2 (B1)	XXX V
HO2S2 (B2)	XXX V

PBIB1672E

7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to $\pm 25\%$.



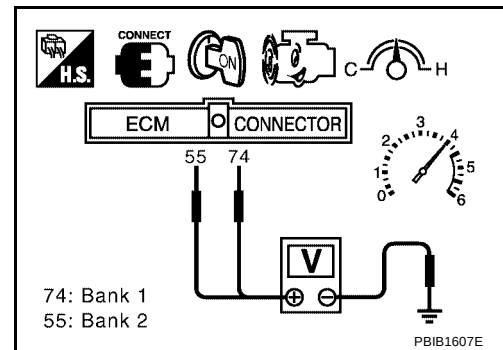
"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.70V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.
 "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
The voltage should be above 0.70V at least once during this procedure.
If the voltage is above 0.70V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage.
 Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models), 5th gear position (M/T models).
The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.



CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

-
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS009AP

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

PFP:226A0

Component Description

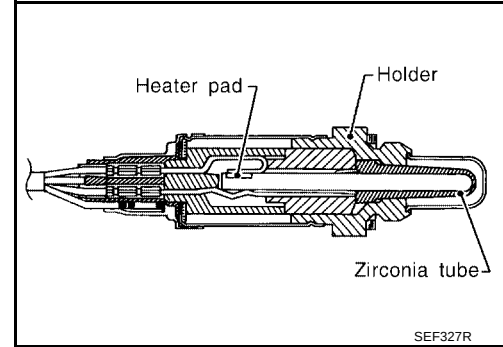
UBS009AQ

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the A/F sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009AR

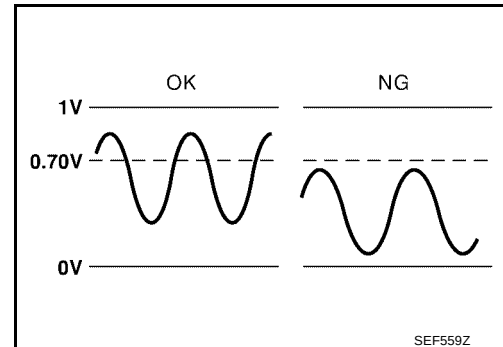
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	- Warm-up condition - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly.	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)			LEAN ↔ RICH

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009AS

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1147 1147 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 maximum voltage monitoring	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	- Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) - Heated oxygen sensor 2
P1167 1167 (Bank 2)			- Fuel pressure - Injectors - Intake air leaks

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

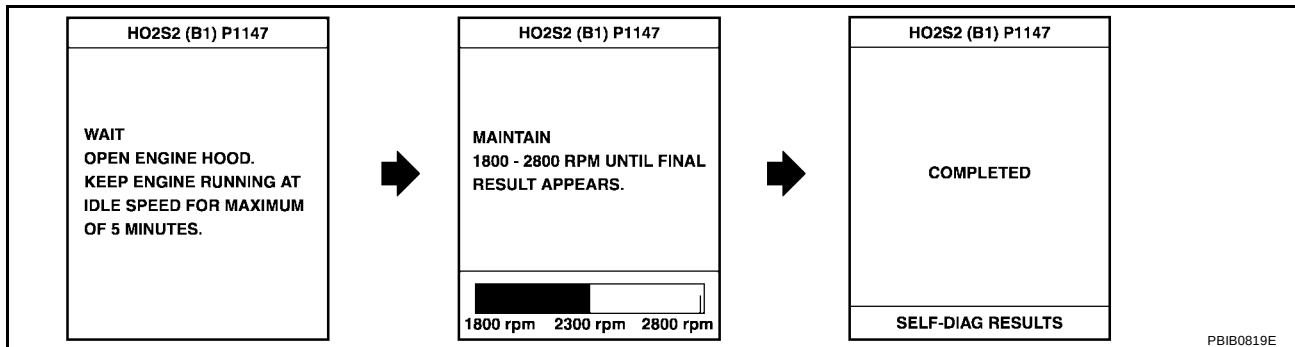
TESTING CONDITION:

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
7. Open engine hood.
8. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1147" or "HO2S2 (B2) P1167" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y



10. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-439, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
 - a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
 - b. Return to step 1.

Overall Function Check

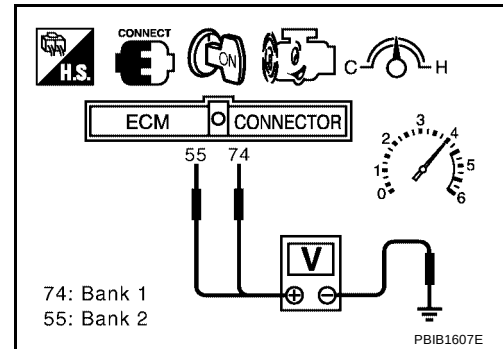
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
The voltage should be above 0.70V at least once during this procedure.
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage.
Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models), 5th gear position (M/T models).
The voltage should be above 0.70V at least once during this procedure.
8. If NG, go to [EC-439, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

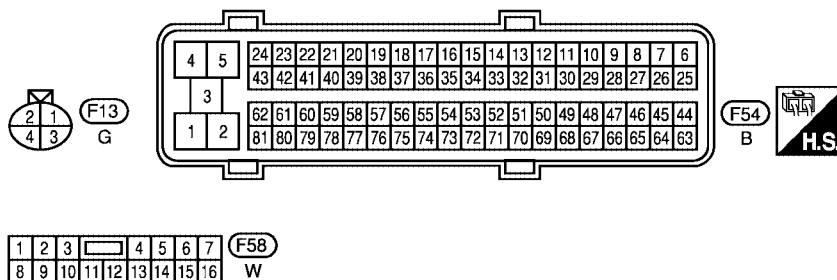
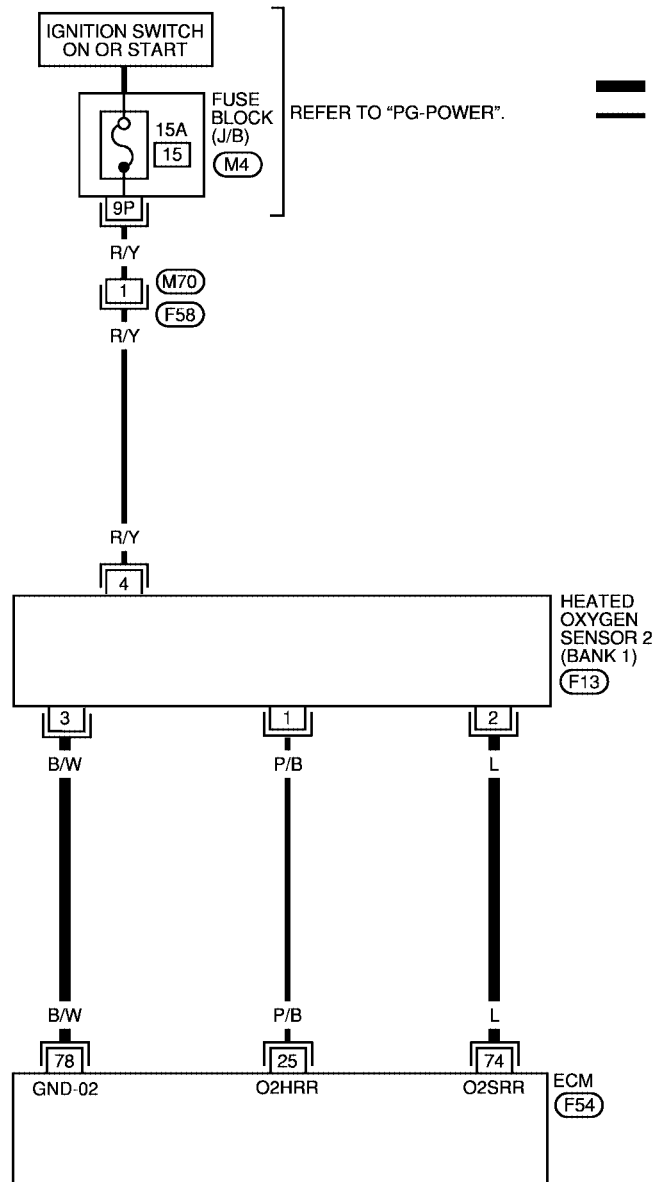


DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS009AV

EC-O2S2B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

A

EC

C

D

E

F

G

H

I

J

K

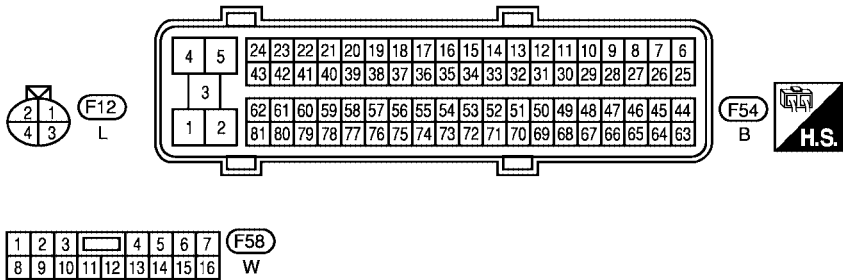
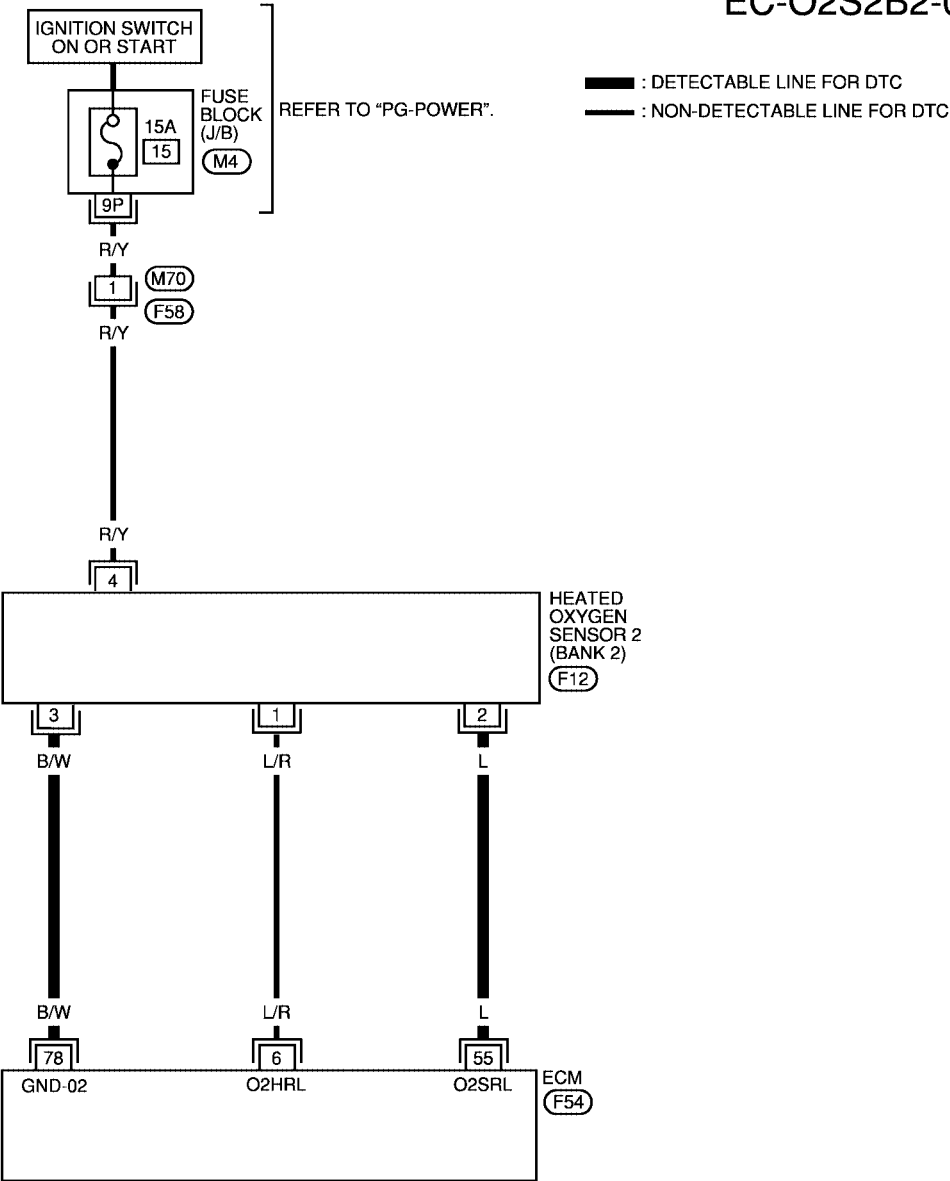
L

M

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

BANK 2

EC-O2S2B2-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

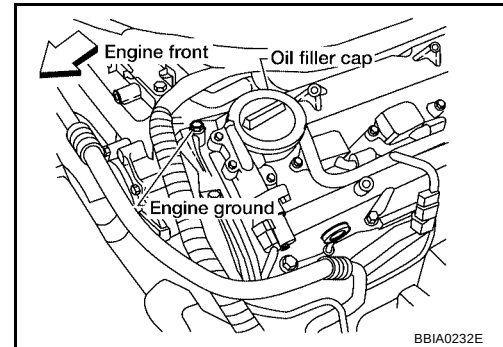
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
55	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met. – After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

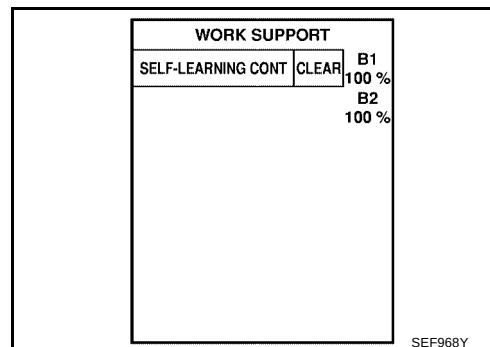
>> GO TO 2.



2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

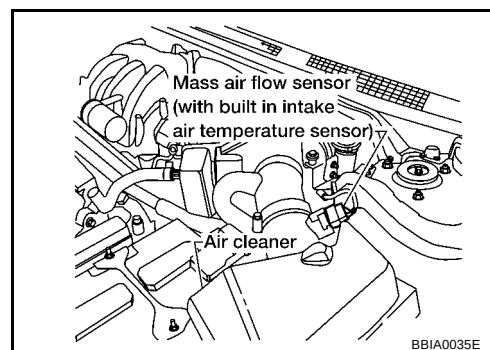
⑧ With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Restart and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).
8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
9. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?

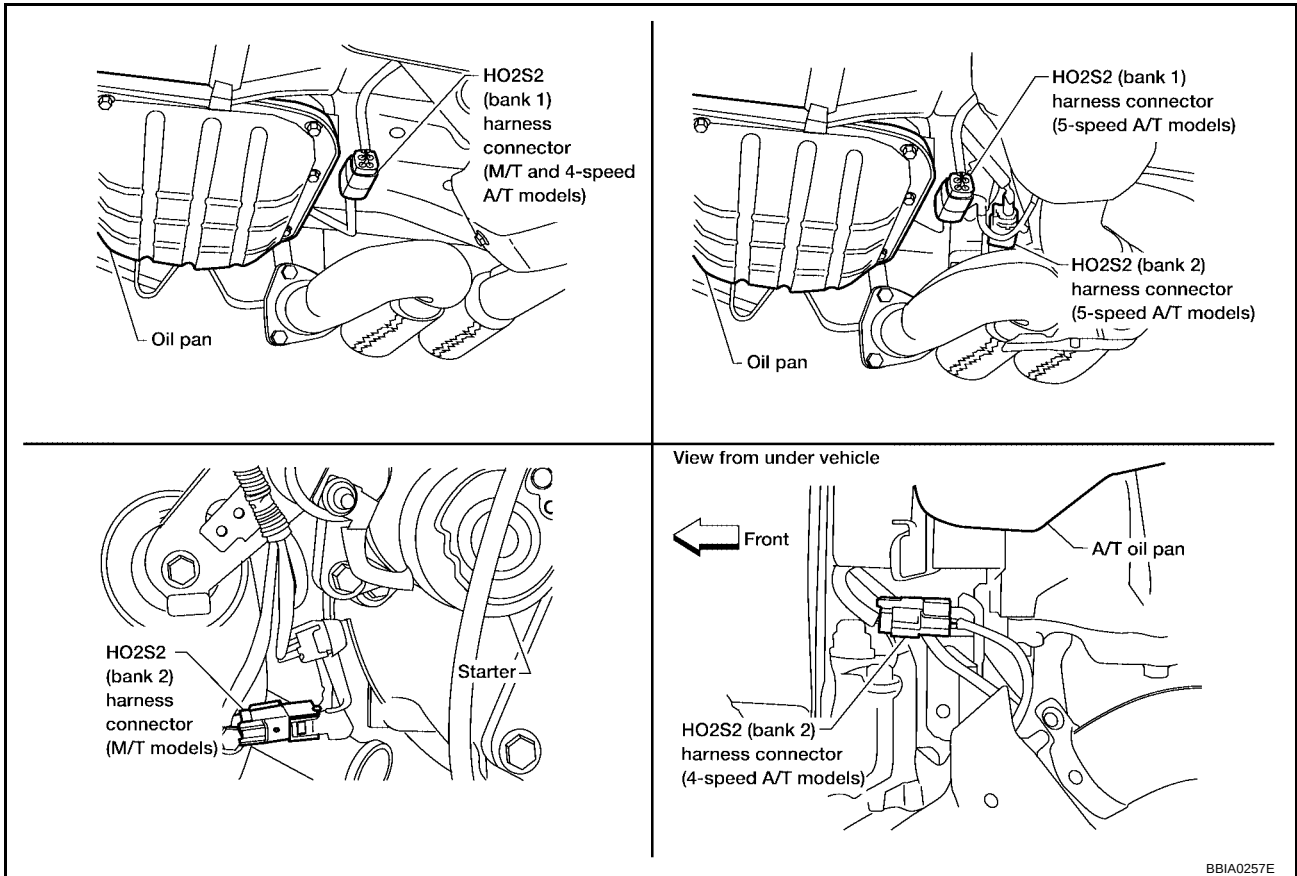


Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171 or P0174. Refer to [EC-220](#).
- No >> GO TO 3.

3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P1147	74	2	1
P1167	55	2	2

Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
	ECM	Sensor	
P1147	74	2	1
P1167	55	2	2

Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to [EC-442, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS009AX

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF174Y

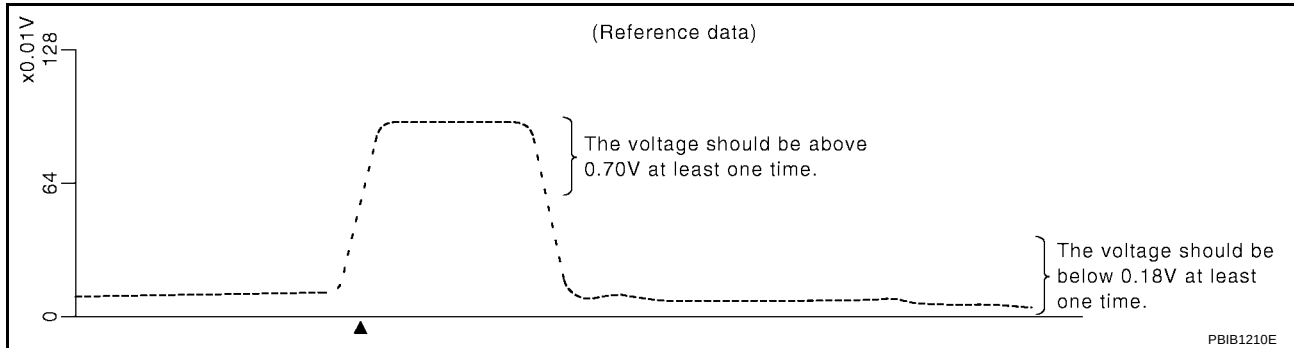
DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S2 (B1)	XXX V
HO2S2 (B2)	XXX V

PBIB1672E

7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to $\pm 25\%$.



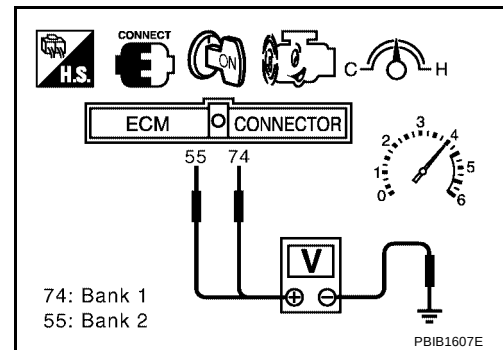
"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.70V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.
 "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and engine ground.
6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
The voltage should be above 0.70V at least once during this procedure.
If the voltage is above 0.70V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage.
 Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position with "OD" OFF (A/T models), 5th gear position (M/T models).
The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.



CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

-
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS009AY

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

PFP:22690

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009AZ

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1148 1148 (Bank 1)	Closed loop control function	The closed loop control function for bank 1 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	● Harness or connectors [The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.]
P1168 1168 (Bank 2)		The closed loop control function for bank 2 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater

DTC P1148 or P1168 is displayed with another DTC for air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.
Perform the trouble diagnosis for the corresponding DTC.

DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT

DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT

PF0:47850

Description

UBS009B3

The malfunction information related to TCS is transferred through the CAN communication line from ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) to ECM.

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009B4

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis.

The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1211 1211	TCS control unit	ECM receives a malfunction information from ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit).	● ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) ● TCS related parts

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009B5

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-446, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009B6

Go to [BRC-53, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#) or [BRC-97, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#).

DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

PFP:47850

Description

UBS009B7

NOTE:

If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

This CAN communication line is used to control the smooth engine operation during the TCS operation. Pulse signals are exchanged between ECM and ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit).

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009B8

The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1212 1212	TCS communication line	ECM can not receive the information from ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) continuously.	● Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.) ● ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit). ● Dead (Weak) battery

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009B9

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
4. If a 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-447, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

④ WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009BA

1. CHECK ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT) FUNCTION

Refer to [BRC-53, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#) or [BRC-97, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

PFP:00000

System Description

UBS009BB

NOTE:

If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

COOLING FAN CONTROL

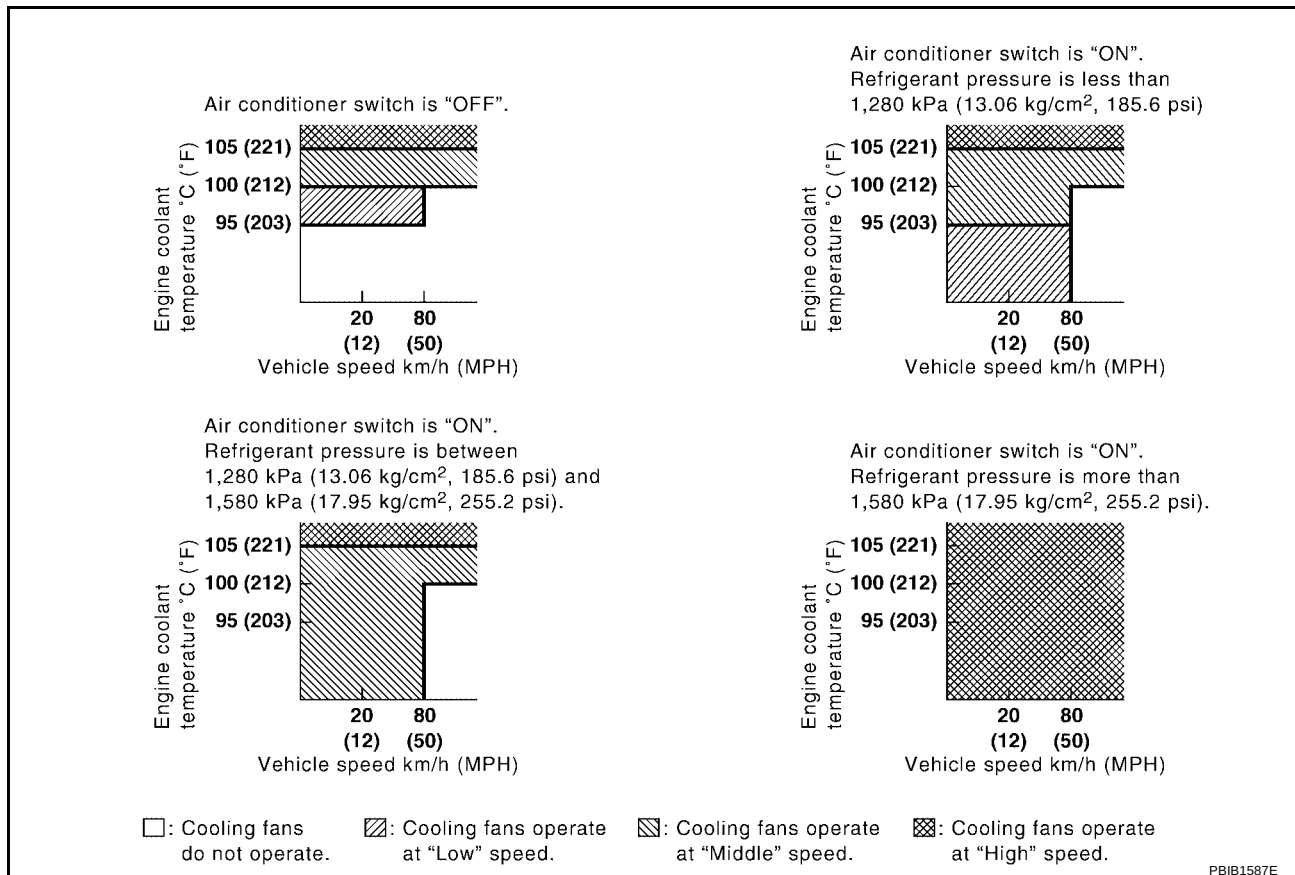
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed* ¹	Cooling fan control	IPDM E/R (Cooling fan relays)
Battery	Battery voltage* ¹		
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed* ²		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner ON signal* ²		
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure		

*1: The ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

*2: These signals are sent to ECM through CAN communication line.

The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 4-step control [HIGH/MIDDLE/LOW/OFF]. The ECM controls cooling fan relays through CAN communication line.

OPERATION



DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009BC

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
AIR COND SIG	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
		Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON
COOLING FAN	- Engine: After warming up, idle the engine - Air conditioner switch: OFF	Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less	OFF
		Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 99°C (210°F)	LOW
		Engine coolant temperature is between 100°C (212°F) and 104°C (219°F)	MID
		Engine coolant temperature is 105°C (221°F) or more	HI

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009BD

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1217 1217	Engine over temperature (Overheat)	- Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat). - Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat). - Engine coolant was not added to the system using the proper filling method.	- Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.) - IPDM E/R - Cooling fan - Radiator hose - Radiator - Radiator cap - Water pump - Thermostat For more information, refer to EC-458, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating".

CAUTION:

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant. Refer to [MA-14, "Changing Engine Coolant"](#). Also, replace the engine oil. Refer to [MA-16, "Changing Engine Oil"](#).

- Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to [MA-11, "ANTI-FREEZE COOLANT MIXTURE RATIO"](#).
- After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

UBS009BE

Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

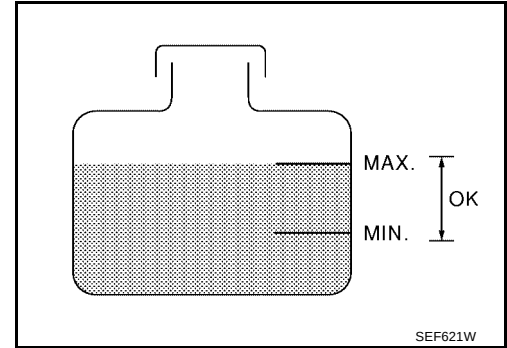
WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to [EC-453, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
2. Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to [EC-453, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. If the results are NG, go to [EC-453, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

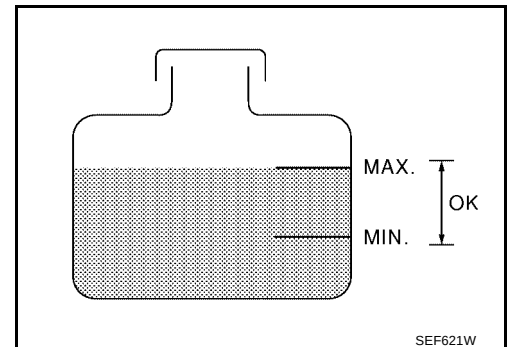


ACTIVE TEST	
COOLING FAN	OFF
MONITOR	
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF646X

WITH GST

1. Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to [EC-453, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
2. Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to [EC-453, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
3. Perform IPDM E/R auto active test and check cooling fan motors operation, refer to [PG-19, "Auto Active Test"](#).
4. If NG, go to [EC-453, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



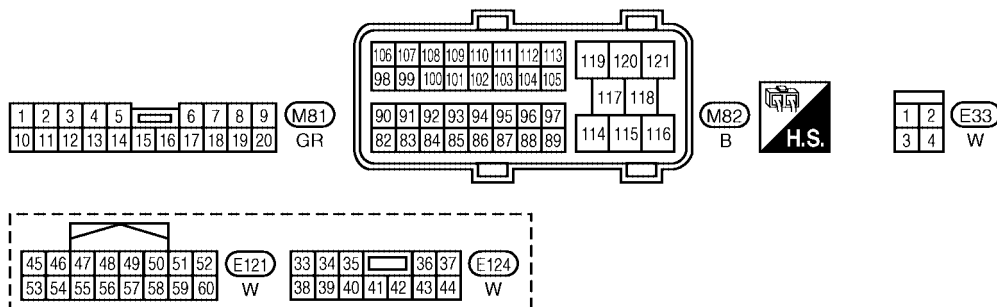
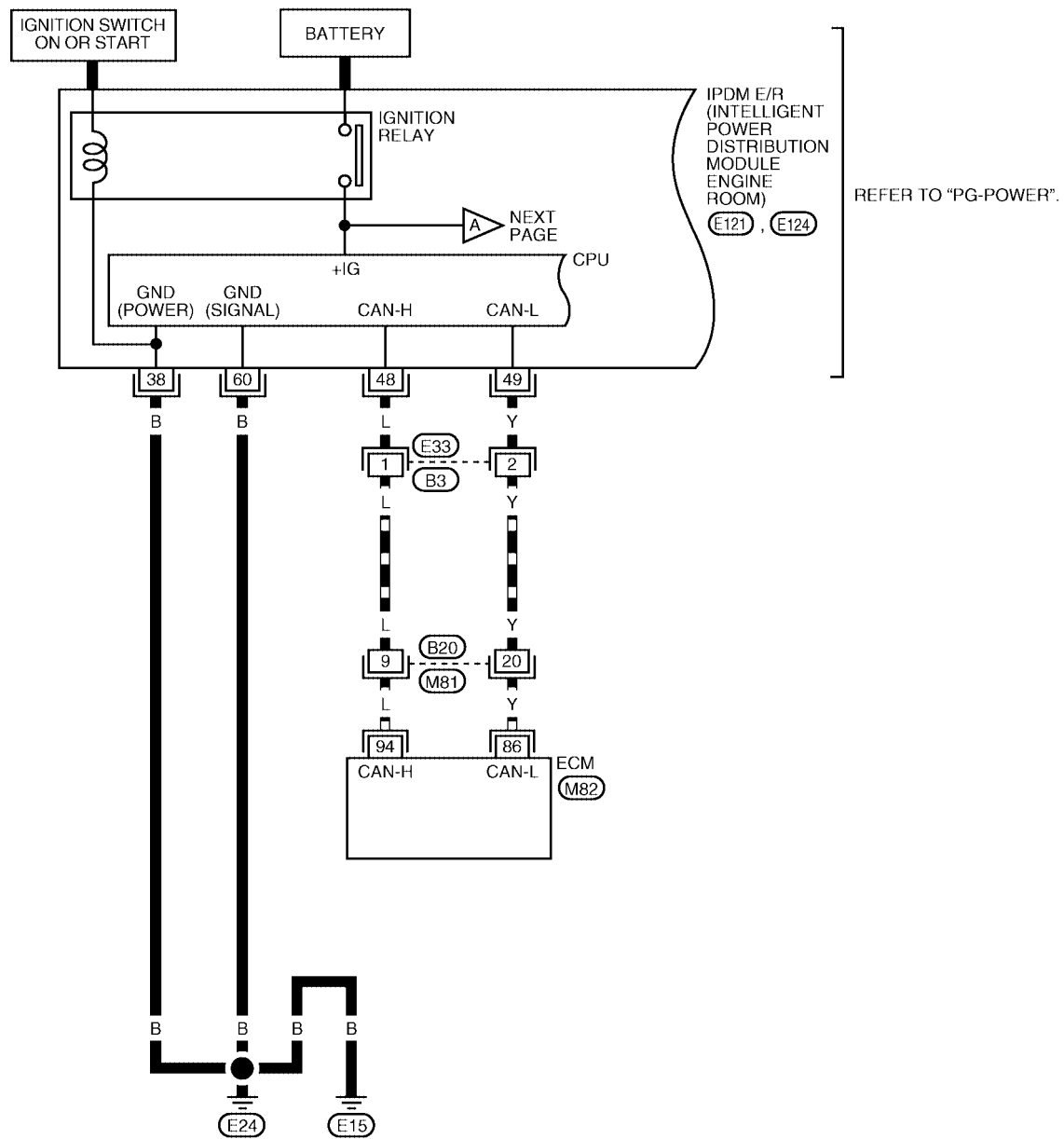
DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

Wiring Diagram

UBS009BF

EC-COOL/F-01

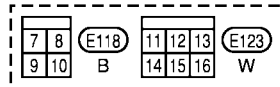
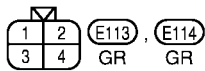
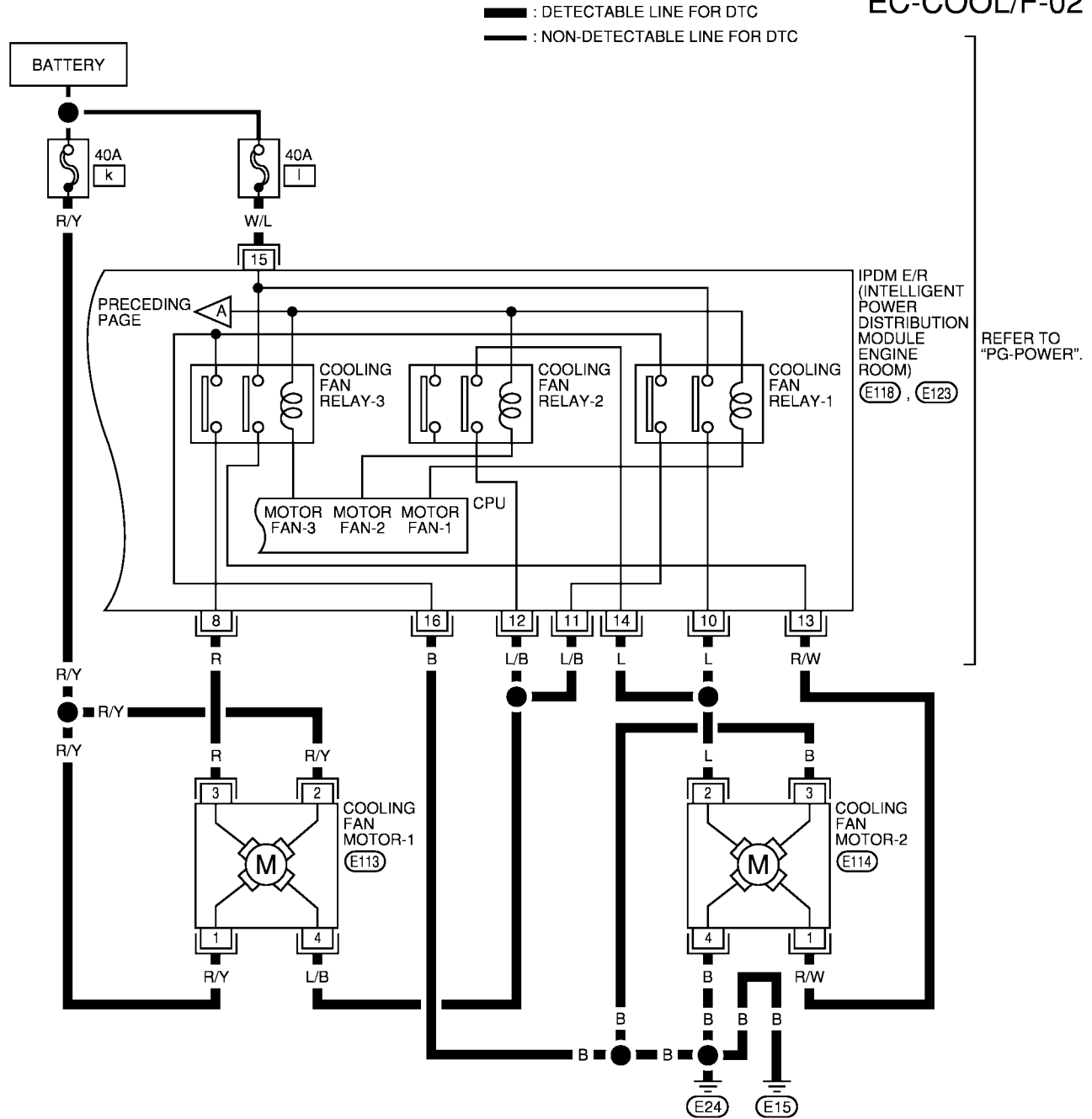
— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- - - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
▬ : DATA LINE



BBWA0642E

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

EC-COOL/F-02



DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

UBS009BG

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 2.
No >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and let it idle.
2. Select "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Make sure that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at each speed (LOW/MID/HI).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> Check cooling fan control circuit. (Go to [EC-455, "PROCEDURE A"](#).)

ACTIVE TEST	
COOLING FAN	LOW
MONITOR	
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF784Z

3. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION

Without CONSULT-II

1. Perform IPDM E/R auto active test and check cooling fan motors operation, refer to [PG-19, "Auto Active Test"](#).
2. Make sure that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at each speed (Low/Middle/High).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> Check cooling fan control circuit. (Go to [EC-455, "PROCEDURE A"](#).)

4. CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAK

Apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester, and check if the pressure drops.

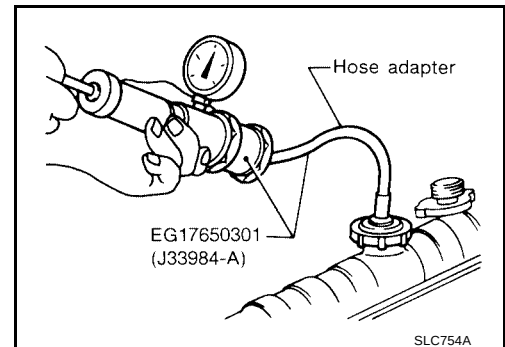
Testing pressure: 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm² , 23 psi)

CAUTION:

Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage. Pressure should not drop.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Check the following for leak. Refer to [CO-8, "CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS"](#).
- Hose
 - Radiator
 - Water pump



DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

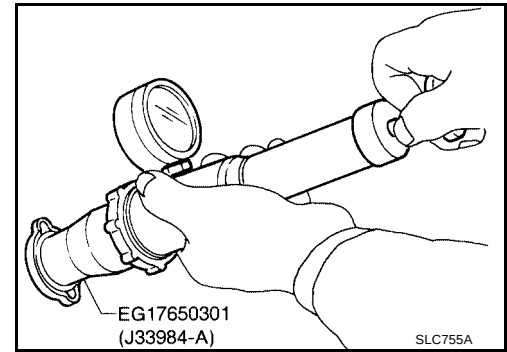
5. CHECK RADIATOR CAP

Apply pressure to cap with a tester.

Radiator cap relief pressure: 59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> Replace radiator cap.



6. CHECK THERMOSTAT

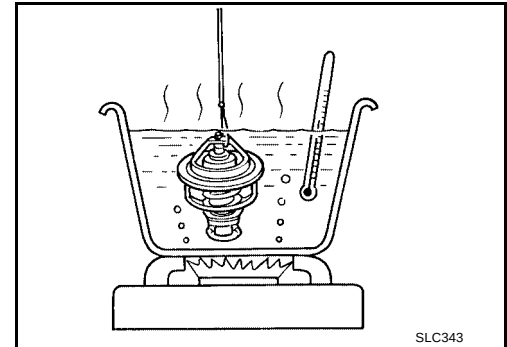
1. Check valve seating condition at normal room temperatures.
It should seat tightly.
2. Check valve opening temperature and valve lift.

Valve opening temperature: 82°C (180°F) [standard]
Valve lift: More than 8.6 mm/95°C (0.339 in/203°F)

3. Check if valve is closed at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.
For details, refer to [CO-22, "THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Replace thermostat



7. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-183, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

8. CHECK MAIN 12 CAUSES

If the cause cannot be isolated, go to [EC-458, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

PROCEDURE A

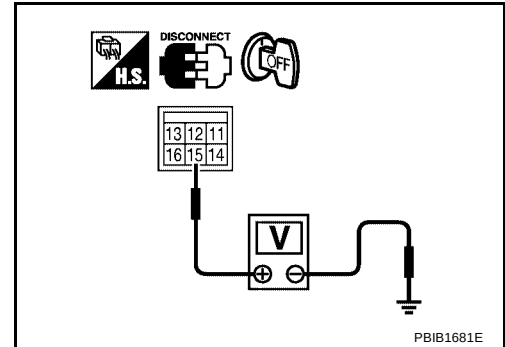
1. CHECK IPDM E/R POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors E123.
3. Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 15 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 40A fusible link
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK IPDM E/R GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 16 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

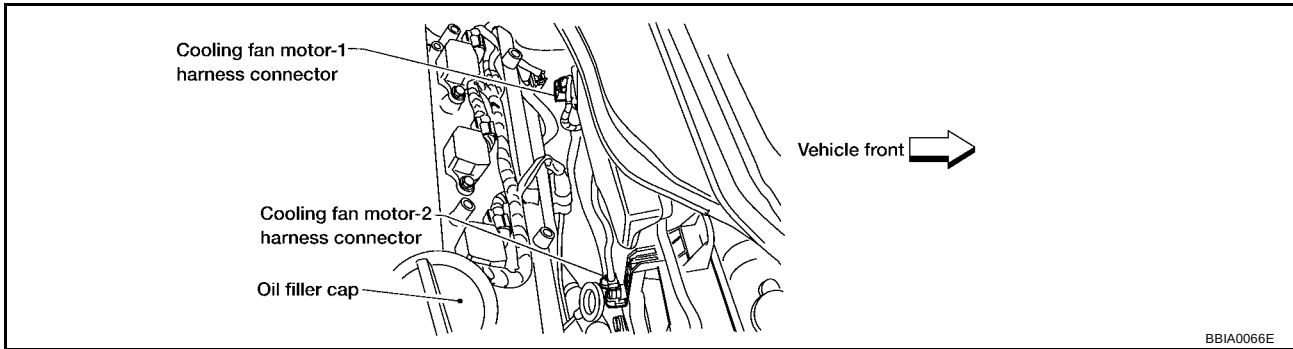
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

4. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR-1 CIRCUIT-I

1. Disconnect cooling fan motor-1 harness connector.

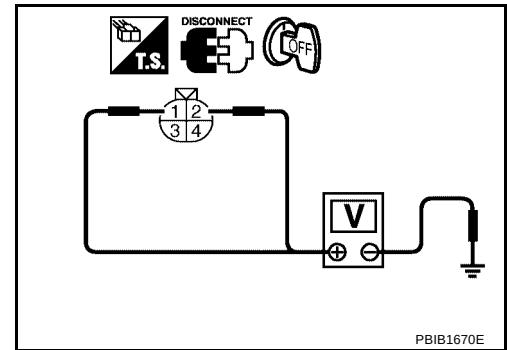


2. Check voltage between cooling fan motor-1 terminals 1, 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 40A fusible link
- Harness for open or short between cooling fan motor-1 and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR-1 CIRCUIT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E118.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Cooling fan motor-1 terminal 3 and IPDM E/R terminal 8
Cooling fan motor-1 terminal 4 and IPDM E/R terminals 11, 12
Refer to Wiring diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

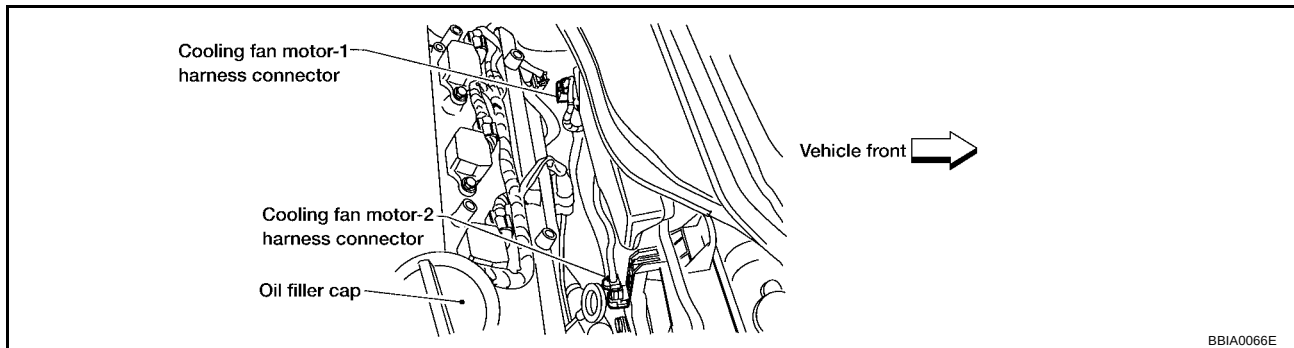
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

7. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR-2 CIRCUIT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect cooling fan motor-2 harness connector.



3. Check harness continuity between cooling fan motor-2 terminals 3, 4 and ground. Refer to Wiring diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR-2 CIRCUIT-II

1. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Cooling fan motor-2 terminal 1 and IPDM E/R terminal 13
Cooling fan motor-2 terminal and IPDM E/R terminals 10, 14
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTORS

Refer to [EC-458, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace cooling fan motors.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to [PG-14, "IPDM E/R \(INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM\)"](#) .

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connector.

DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

Main 12 Causes of Overheating

UBS009BH

Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	1	- Blocked radiator - Blocked condenser - Blocked radiator grille - Blocked bumper	● Visual	No blocking	—
	2	● Coolant mixture	● Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	MA-11
	3	● Coolant level	● Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	CO-8
	4	● Radiator cap	● Pressure tester	59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm ² , 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	CO-10
ON*2	5	● Coolant leaks	● Visual	No leaks	CO-8
ON*2	6	● Thermostat	● Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	CO-22
ON*1	7	● Cooling fan	● CONSULT-II	Operating	See trouble diagnosis for DTC P1217 (EC-448).
OFF	8	● Combustion gas leak	● Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	—
ON*3	9	● Coolant temperature gauge	● Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	—
		● Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	● Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	CO-8
OFF*4	10	● Coolant return from reservoir tank to radiator	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	CO-8
OFF	11	● Cylinder head	● Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	EM-96
	12	● Cylinder block and pistons	● Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	EM-118

*1: Turn the ignition switch ON.

*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

*3: Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

*4: After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to [CO-5. "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS"](#) .

Component Inspection

UBS009BI

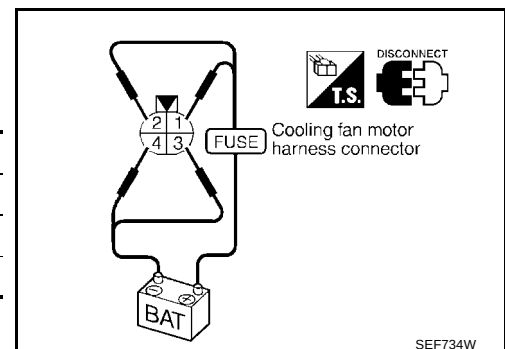
COOLING FAN MOTORS-1 AND -2

1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

	Speed	Terminals	
		(+)	(-)
Cooling fan motor	Low	1	4
	High	1, 2	3, 4

Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.



DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

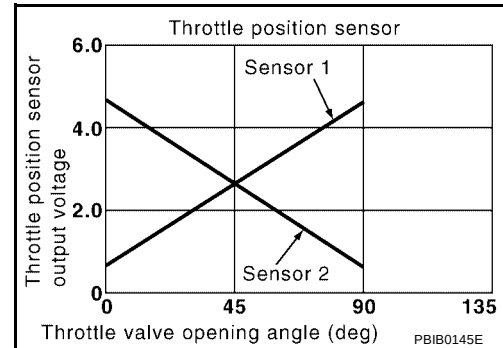
PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS009BJ

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009BK

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1225 1225	Closed throttle position learning performance problem	Closed throttle position learning value is excessively low.	● Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009BL

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-460, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

UBS009BM

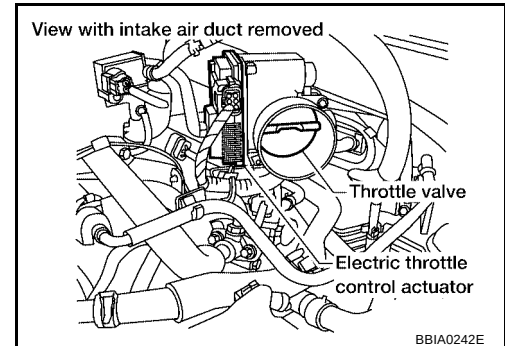
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove the intake air duct.
3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS009BN

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .

DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

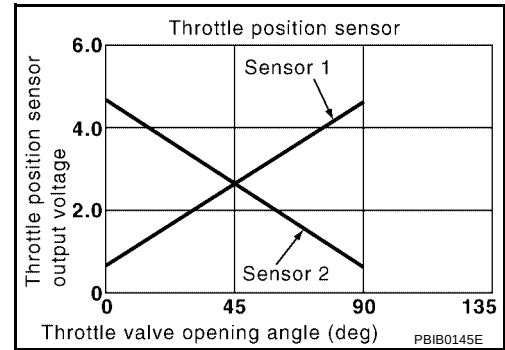
PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS009BQ

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009BP

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1226 1226	Closed throttle position learning performance problem	Closed throttle position learning is not performed successfully, repeatedly.	● Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009BQ

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Repeat step 3 to 4 for 32 times.
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-462, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

The screenshot shows the 'DATA MONITOR' screen with a table containing 'MONITOR' and 'NO DTC' columns. Below this, 'ENG SPEED' is listed with a value of 'XXX rpm'. The screen is labeled 'SEF058Y'.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

UBS009BR

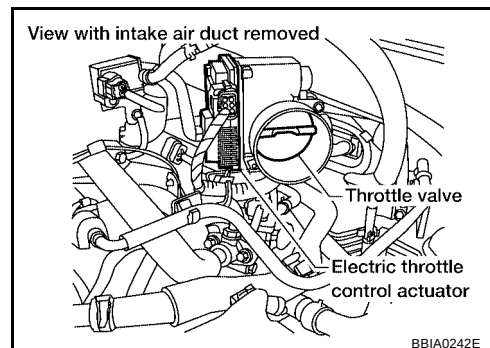
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove the intake air duct.
3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation

ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS009BS

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .

DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

PFP:16119

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009BT

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1229 1229	Sensor power supply circuit short	ECM detects a voltage of power source for sensor is excessively low or high.	● Harness or connectors (The TP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is shorted.) ● Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2) ● ECM pin terminal

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009BU

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-465. "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

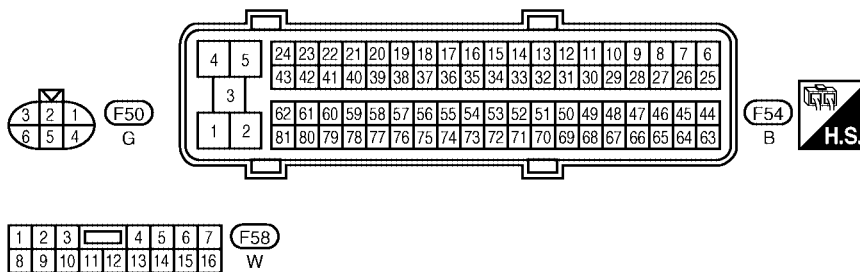
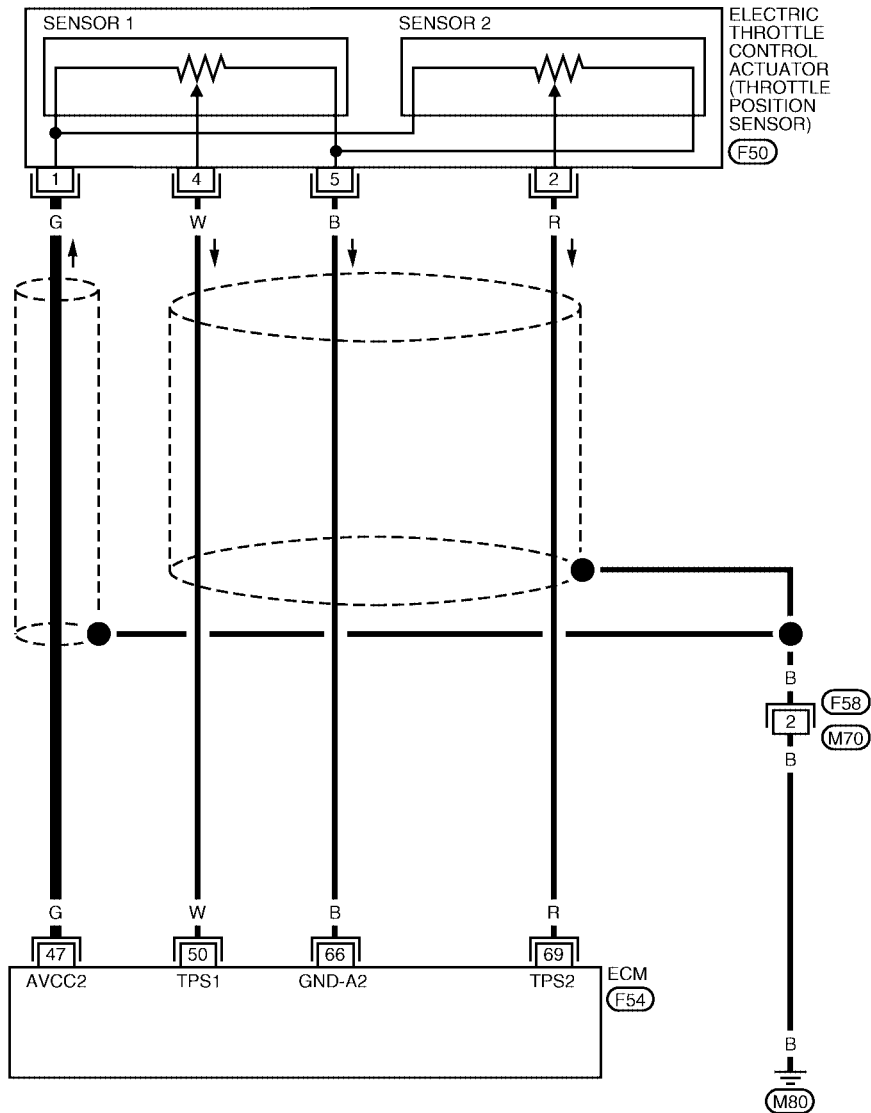
DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

Wiring Diagram

UBS009BV

EC-SEN/PW-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



BBWA0645E

DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	G	Throttle position sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

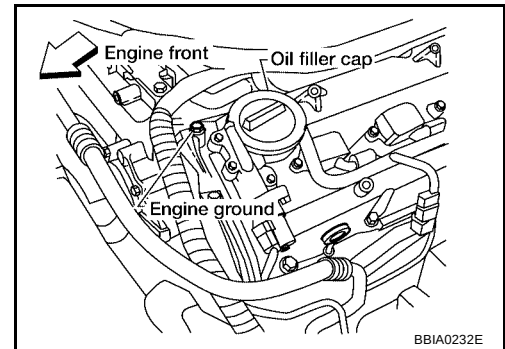
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009BW

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

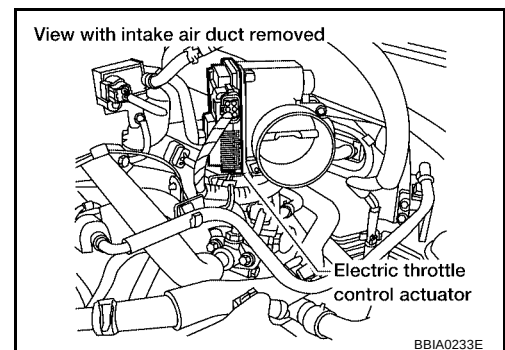
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

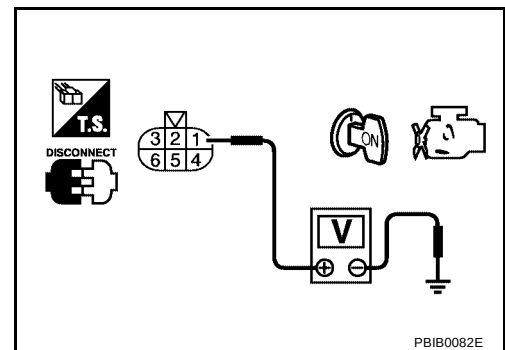


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

3. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS

Check the following.

- Harness for short to power and short to ground between ECM terminal 47 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 1.
- ECM pin terminal.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to [EC-189, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 5.

5. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

PFP:22693

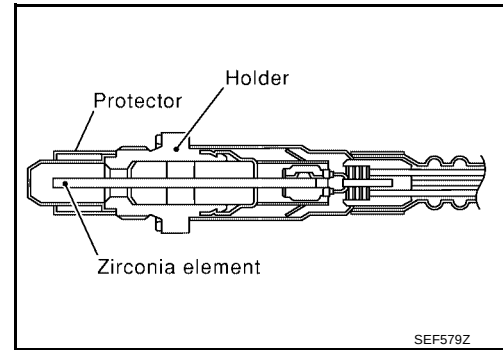
UBS00AMA

Component Description

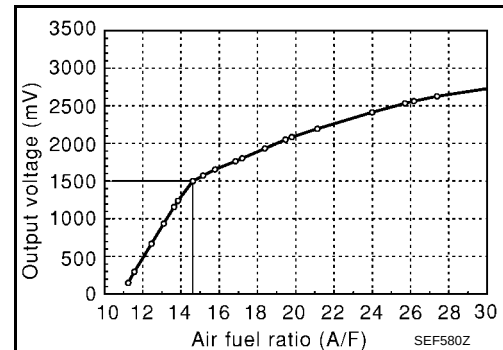
The A/F sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range ($0.7 < \lambda < \text{air}$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.



An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00AMB

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AMC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 signal is not inordinately low.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P1271 1271 (Bank 1) P1281 1281 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit no activity detected	● The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 0V.	● Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00AMD

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

3. Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.
If the indication is constantly approx. 0V, go to [EC-472, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If the indication is not constantly approx. 0V, go to next step.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then restart engine.
5. Drive and accelerate vehicle to more than 40 km/h (25 MPH) within 20 seconds after restarting engine.
6. Maintain the following conditions for about 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,000 - 3,200 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 40 km/h (25 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.5 - 9.0 msec
Gear position	Suitable position

NOTE:

- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.
- If this procedure is not completed within 1 minute after restarting engine at step 4, return to step 4.

7. If 1st trip DTC is displayed, go to [EC-472, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V

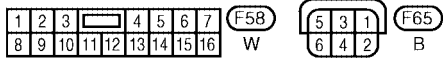
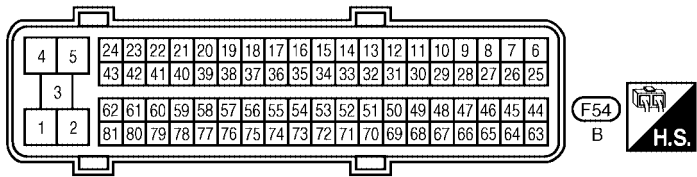
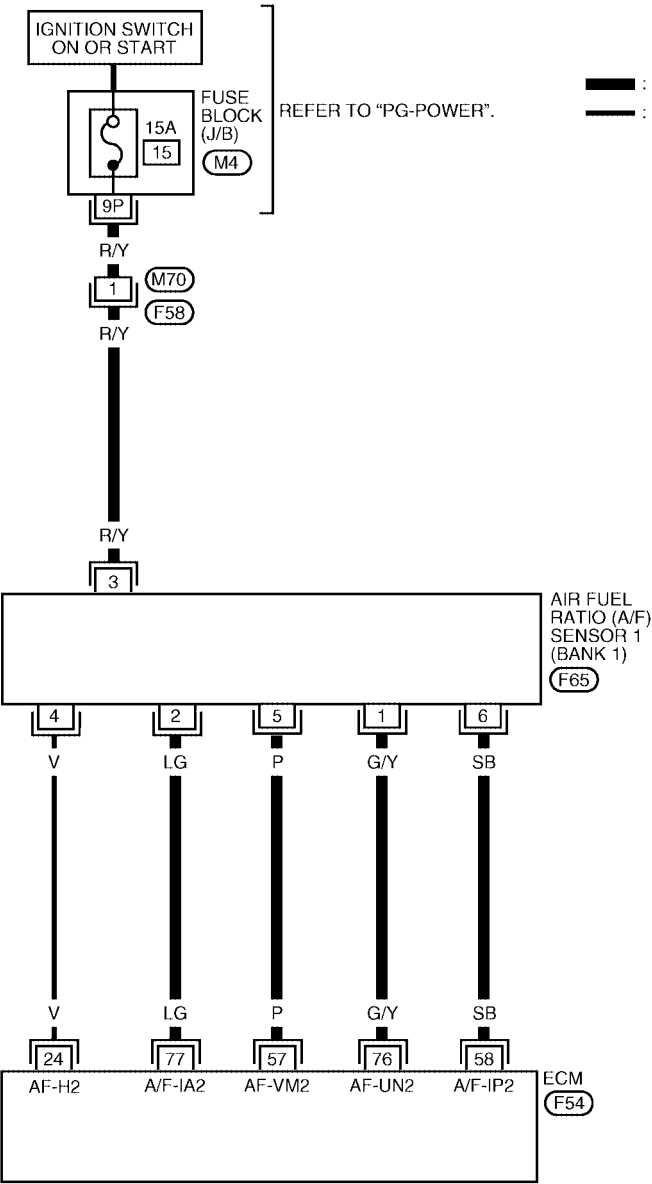
SEF581Z

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AME

EC-AF1B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

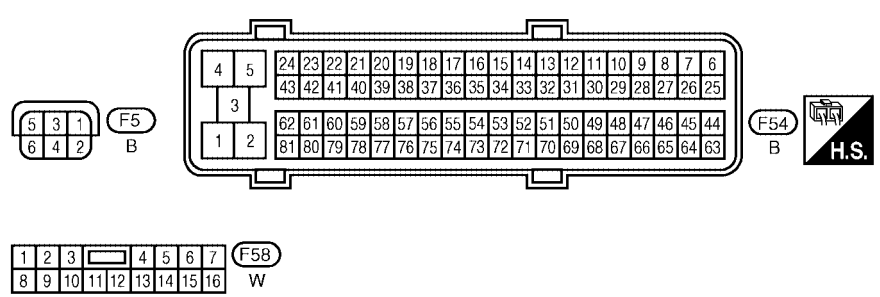
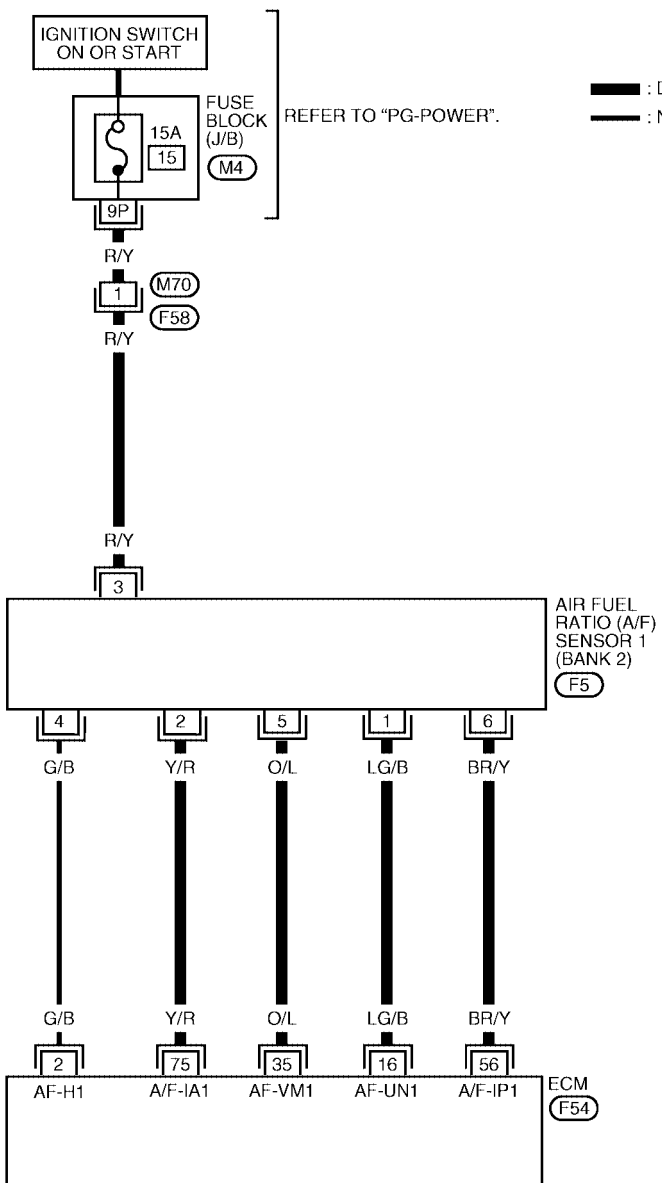
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

BANK 2

EC-AF1B2-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

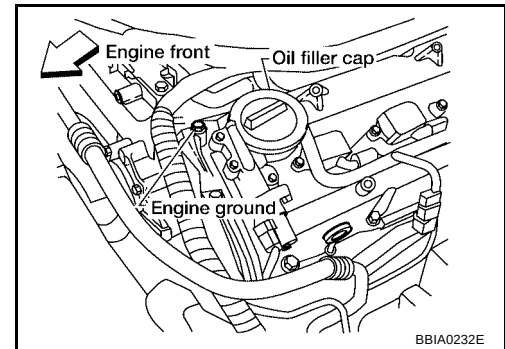
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00AMF

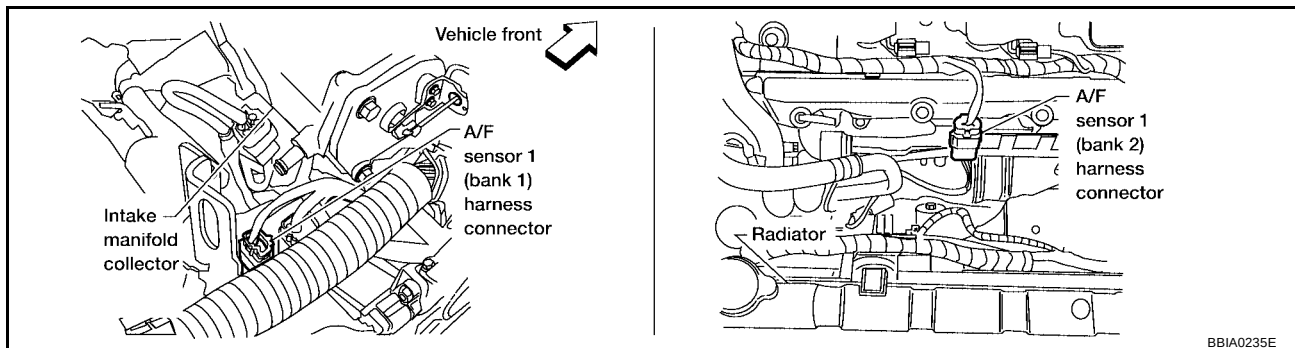
1. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.



BBIA0232E

3. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.



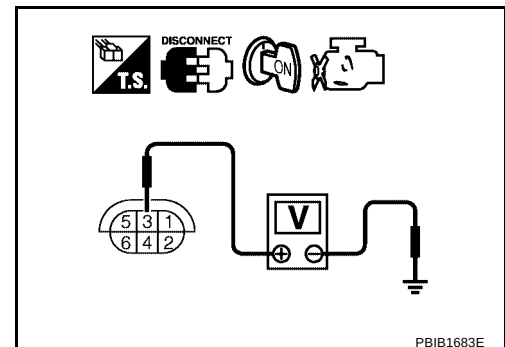
BBIA0235E

4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



PBIB1683E

DTC P1271, P1281 A/F SENSOR

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

UBS009C4

DTC P1272, P1282 A/F SENSOR

PFP:22693

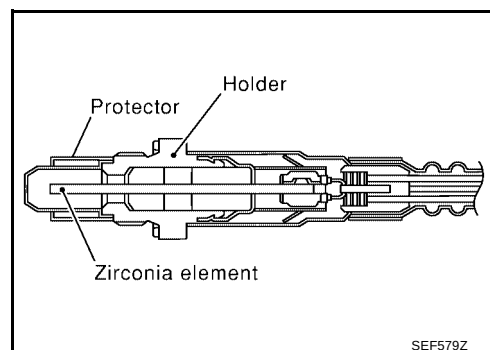
Component Description

UBS00AMG

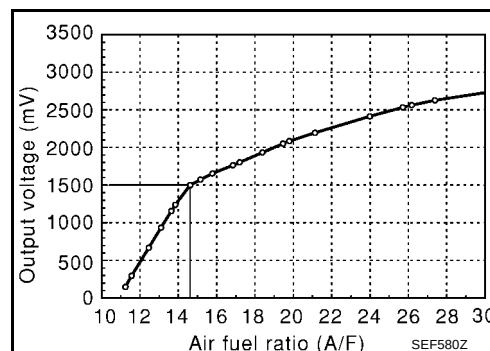
The A/F sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range ($0.7 < \lambda < \text{air}$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.



An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00AMH

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AMI

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 signal is not inordinately high.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P1272 1272 (Bank 1) P1282 1282 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit no activity detected	● The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 5V.	● Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00AMJ

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

 WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

DTC P1272, P1282 A/F SENSOR

3. Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.
If the indication is constantly approx. 5V, go to [EC-479, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).
If the indication is not constantly approx. 5V, go to next step.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then restart engine.
5. Drive and accelerate vehicle to more than 40 km/h (25 MPH) within 20 seconds after restarting engine.
6. Maintain the following conditions for about 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,000 - 3,200 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 40 km/h (25 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.5 - 9.0 msec
Gear position	Suitable position

NOTE:

- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.
- If this procedure is not completed within 1 minute after restarting engine at step 4, return to step 4.

7. If 1st trip DTC is displayed, go to [EC-479, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V

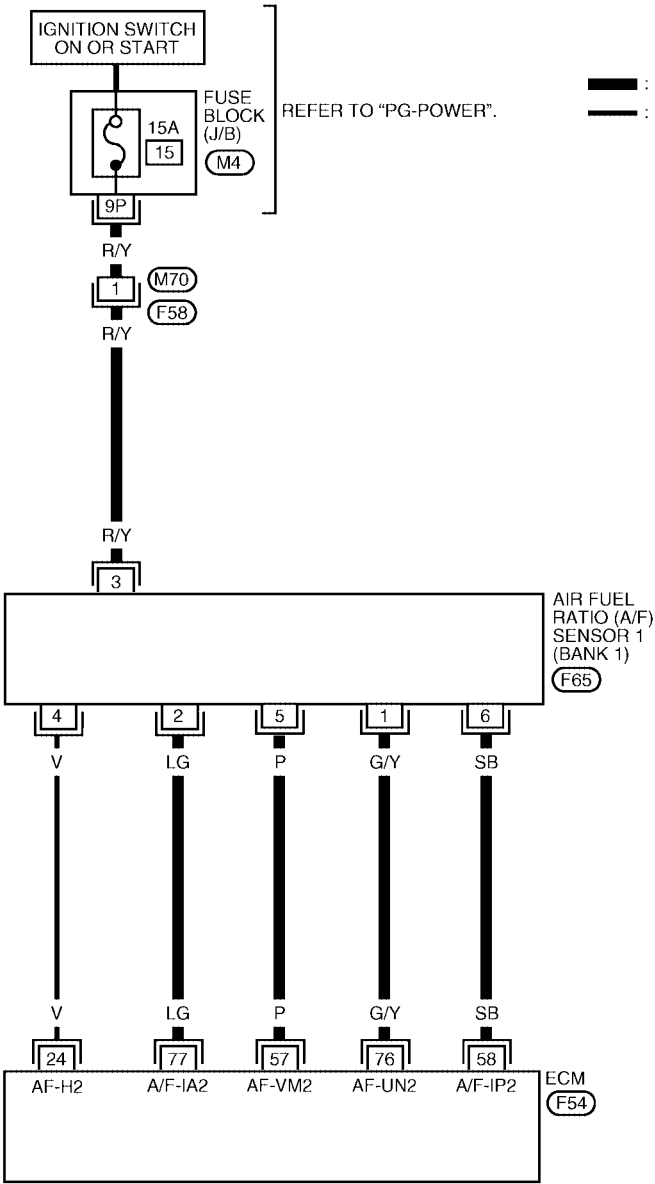
SEF581Z

DTC P1272, P1282 A/F SENSOR

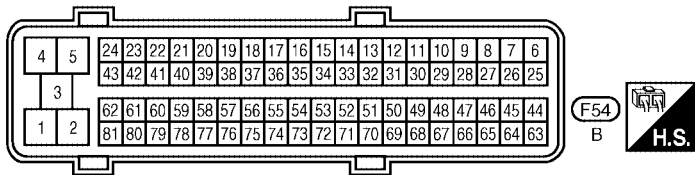
Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AMK

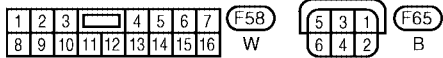
EC-AF1B1-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)



DTC P1272, P1282 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

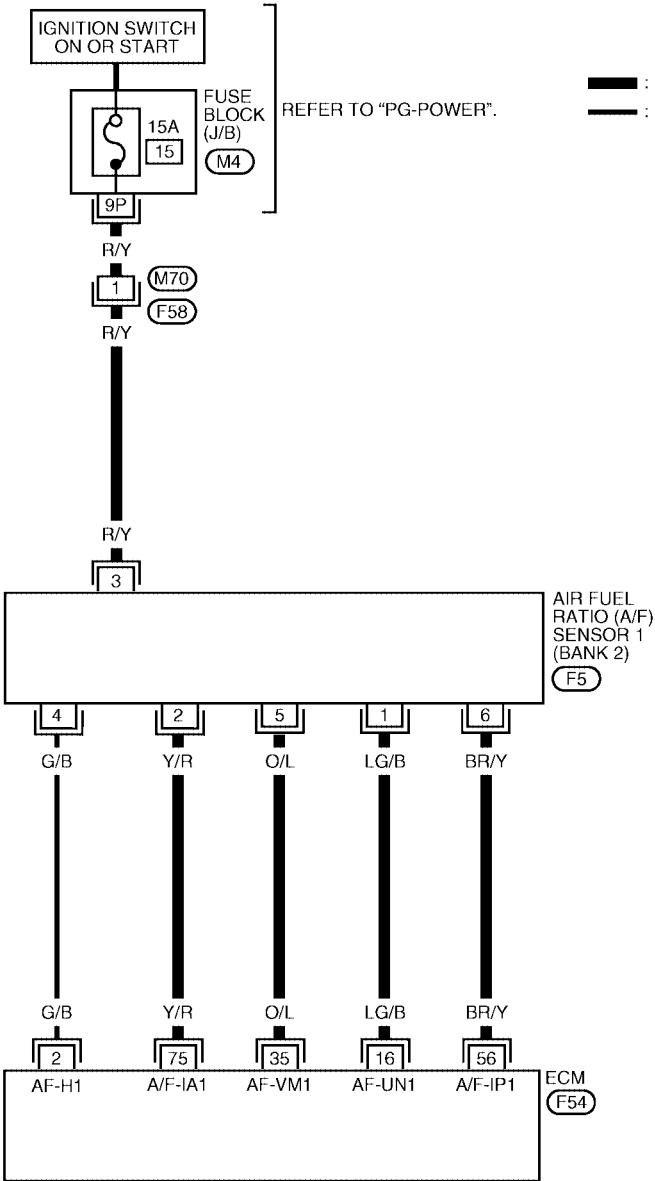
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V

A
EC
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M

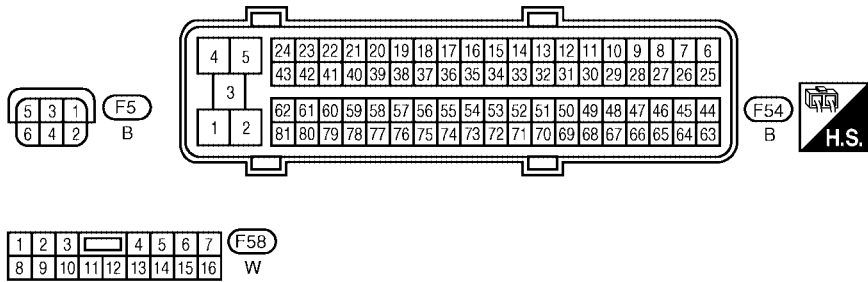
DTC P1272, P1282 A/F SENSOR

BANK 2

EC-AF1B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1272, P1282 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

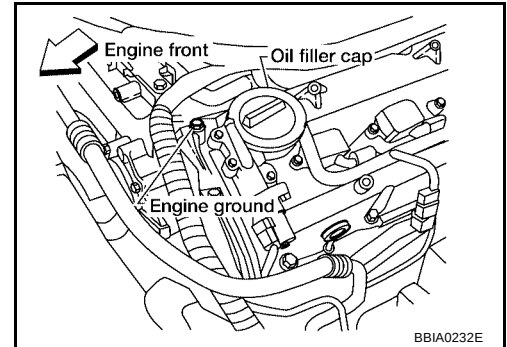
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V

Diagnostic Procedure

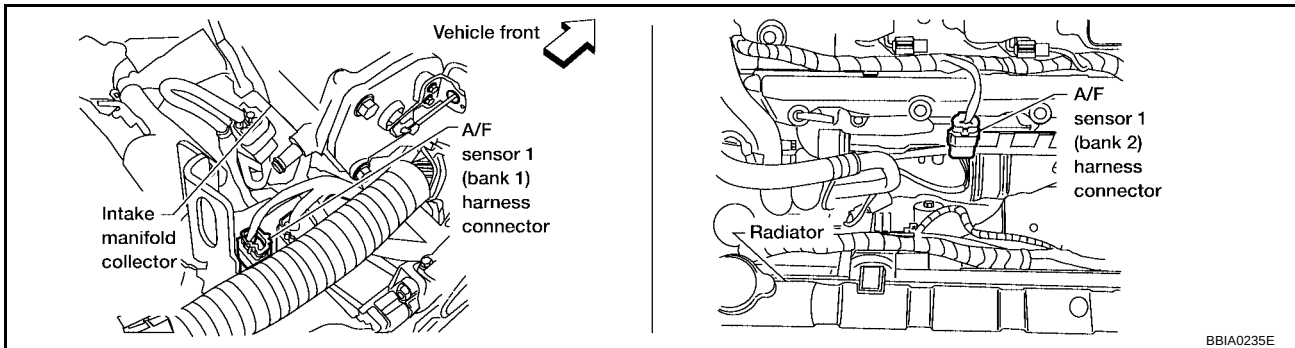
UBS00AML

1. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.



- Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

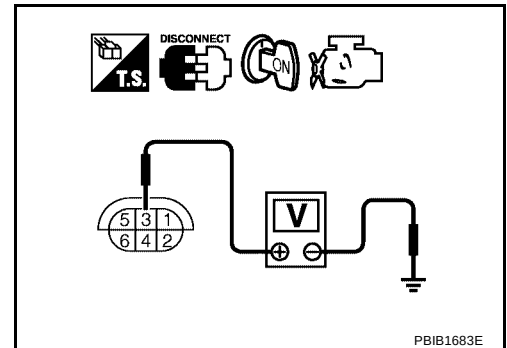


- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



DTC P1272, P1282 A/F SENSOR

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

UBS009CC

DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

PFP:22693

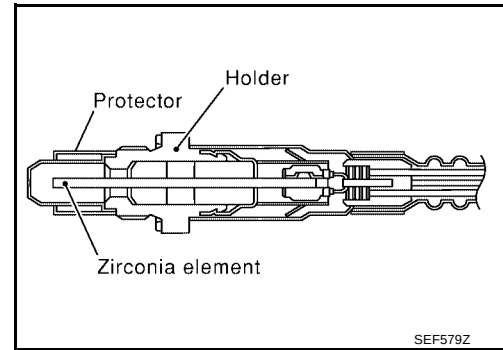
UBS00AMM

Component Description

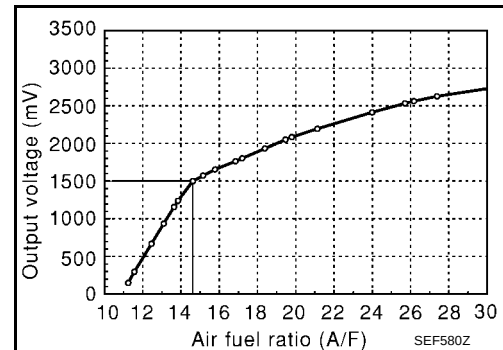
The A/F sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range ($0.7 < \lambda < \text{air}$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.



An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00AMN

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AMO

To judge the malfunction, the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 signal is monitored not to be shifted LEAN side or RICH side.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P1273 1273 (Bank 1) P1283 1283 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 lean shift monitoring	● The output voltage computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifted to the lean side for a specified period.	● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater ● Fuel pressure ● Injectors ● Intake air leaks

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00AMP

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

4. Clear the self-learning coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
8. Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 13 minutes.
9. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-486, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

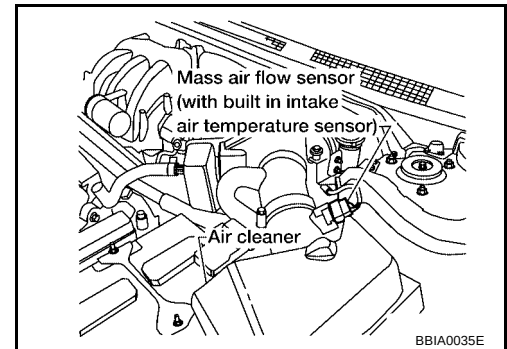
WORK SUPPORT	
SELF-LEARNING CONT	CLEAR
	B1 100 %
	B2 100 %

SEF968Y



WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Select MODE 3 with GST and make sure that DTC P0102 is detected.
7. Select MODE 4 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
8. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
9. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
10. Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 13 minutes.
11. Select MODE 7 with GST.
If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-486, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



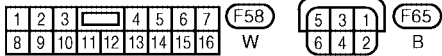
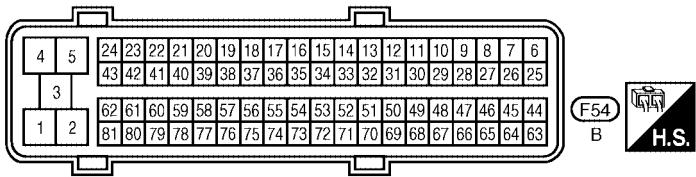
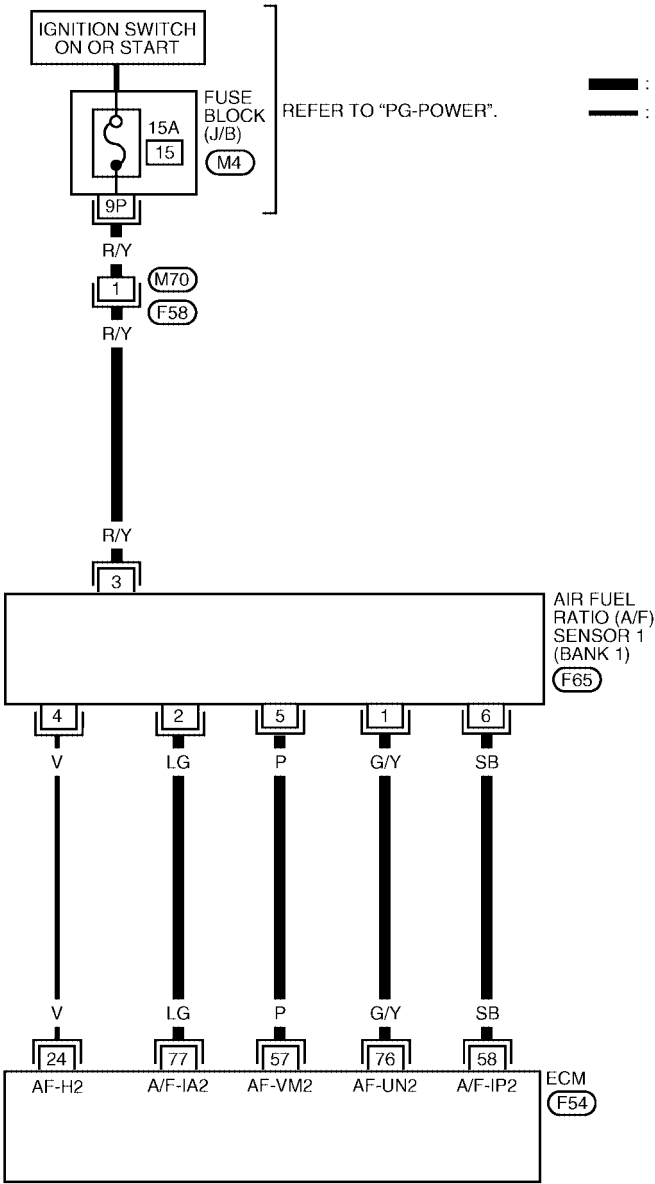
DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AMQ

EC-AF1B1-01

- A
- EC
- C
- D
- E
- F
- G
- H
- I
- J
- K
- L
- M



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

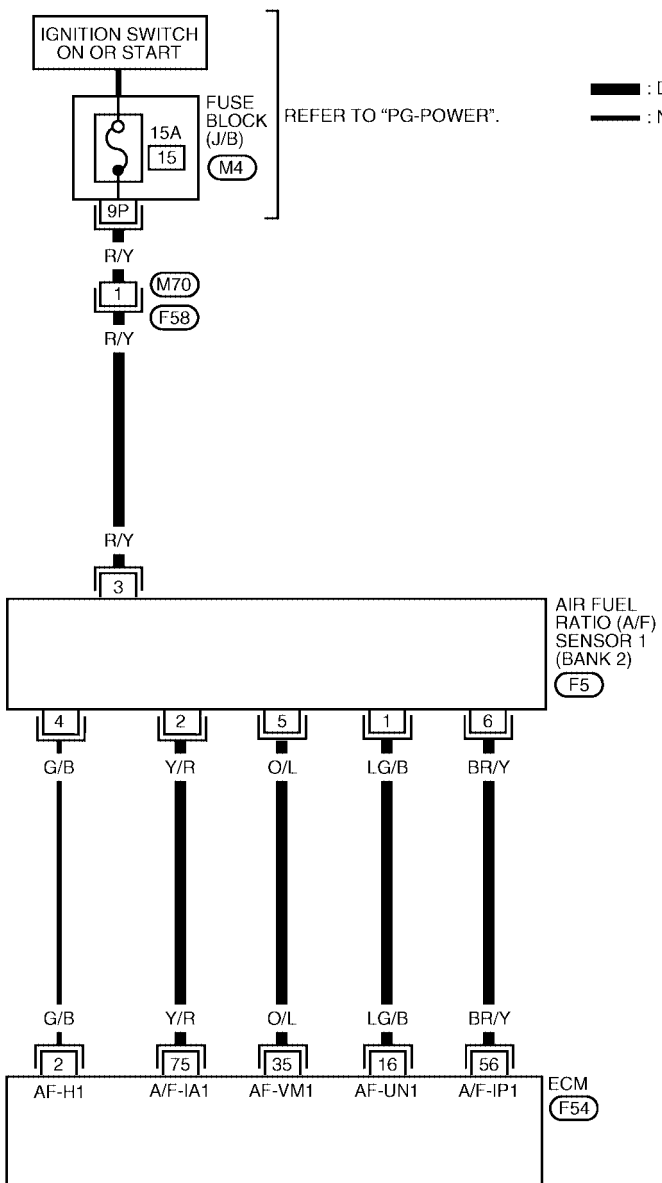
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V

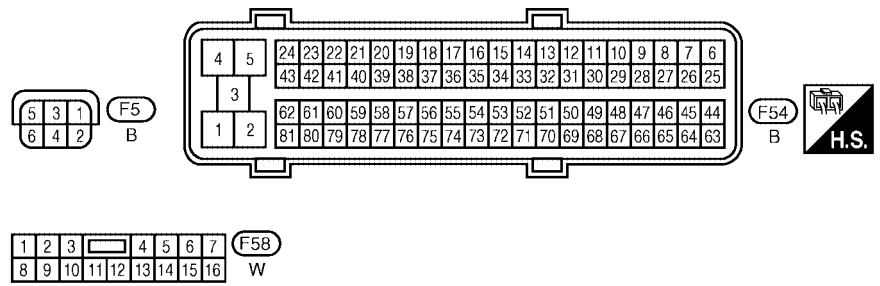
DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

BANK 2

EC-AF1B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V

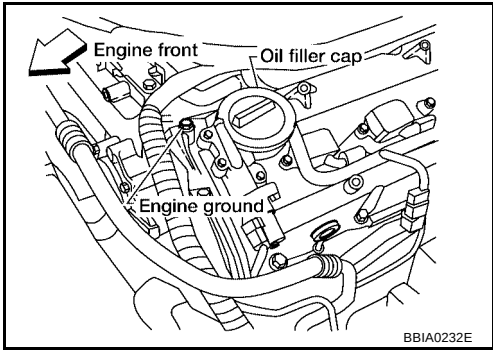
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00AMR

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

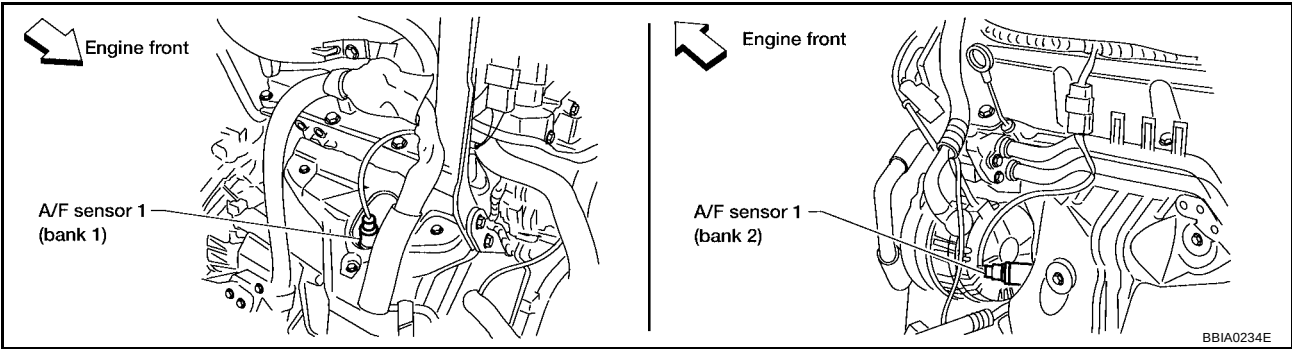
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. RETIGHTEN AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.



Tightening torque: 40 - 60 N-m (4.1 - 6.1 kg-m, 30 - 44 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

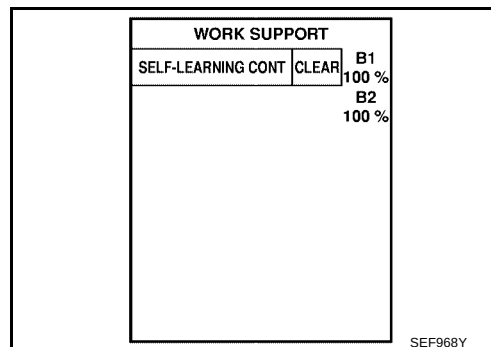
DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

3. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA.

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

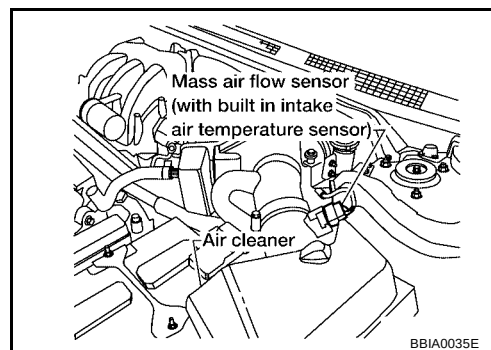
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 3 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).
8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
9. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



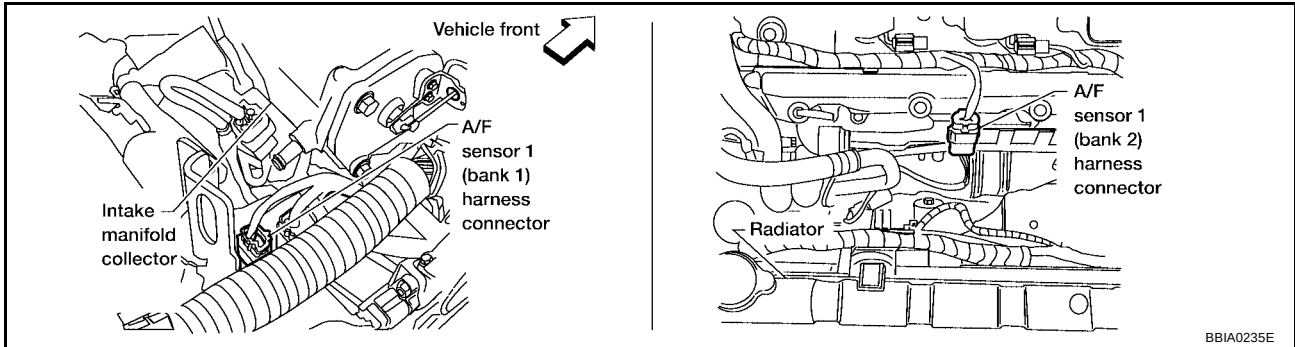
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171 or P0174. Refer to [EC-220](#).
No >> GO TO 4.

DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

4. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

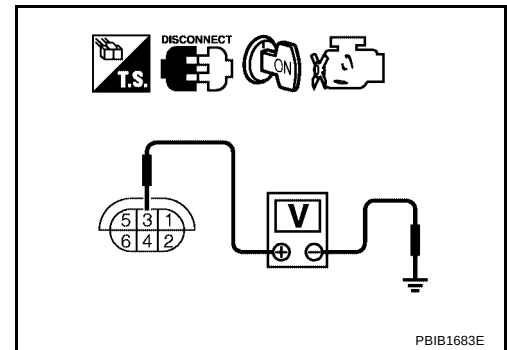


3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

DTC P1273, P1283 A/F SENSOR

6. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to [EC-391, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation

AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

UBS009CK

DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

PFP:22693

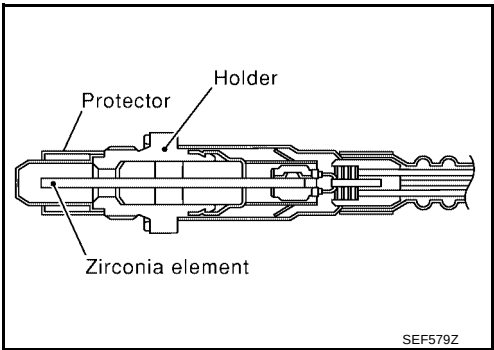
Component Description

UBS00AMS

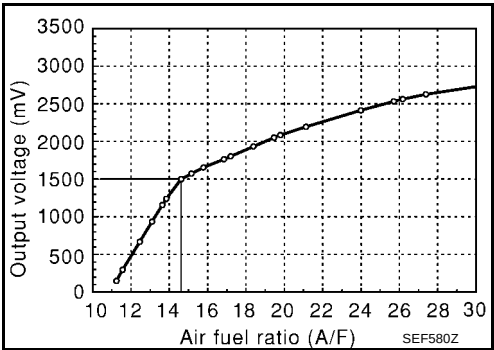
The A/F sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range ($0.7 < \lambda < \text{air}$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.



An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00AMT

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AMU

To judge the malfunction, the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 signal is monitored not to be shifted to the LEAN side or RICH side.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P1274 1274 (Bank 1) P1284 1244 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 rich shift monitoring	● The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifted to the rich side for a specified period.	● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater ● Fuel pressure ● Injectors

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS00AMV

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

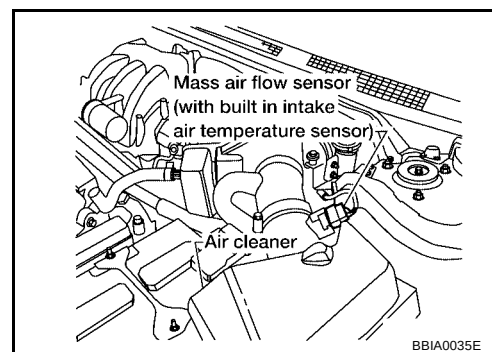
4. Clear the self-learning coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
8. Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 20 minutes.
9. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-495, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

WORK SUPPORT	
SELF-LEARNING CONT	CLEAR
B1 100 %	
B2 100 %	

SEF968Y

WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Select MODE 3 with GST and make sure that DTC P0102 is detected.
7. Select MODE 4 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
8. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
9. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
10. Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 20 minutes.
11. Select MODE 7 with GST.
If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-495, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

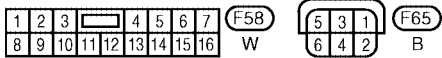
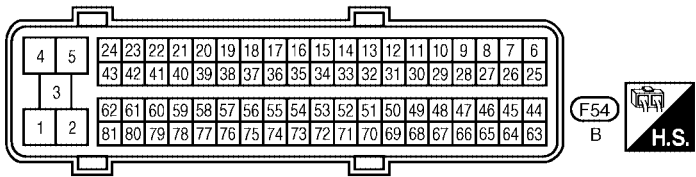
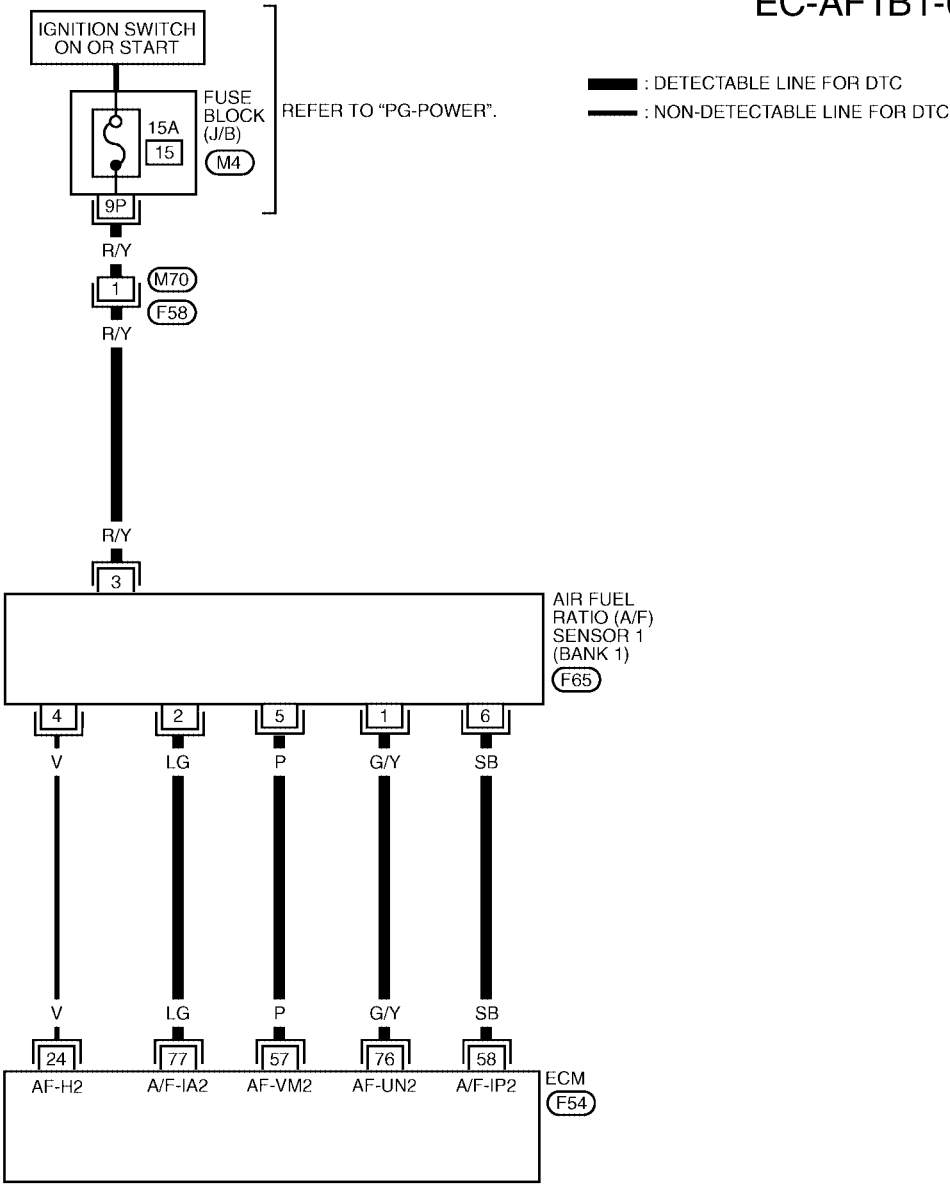


DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AMW

EC-AF1B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

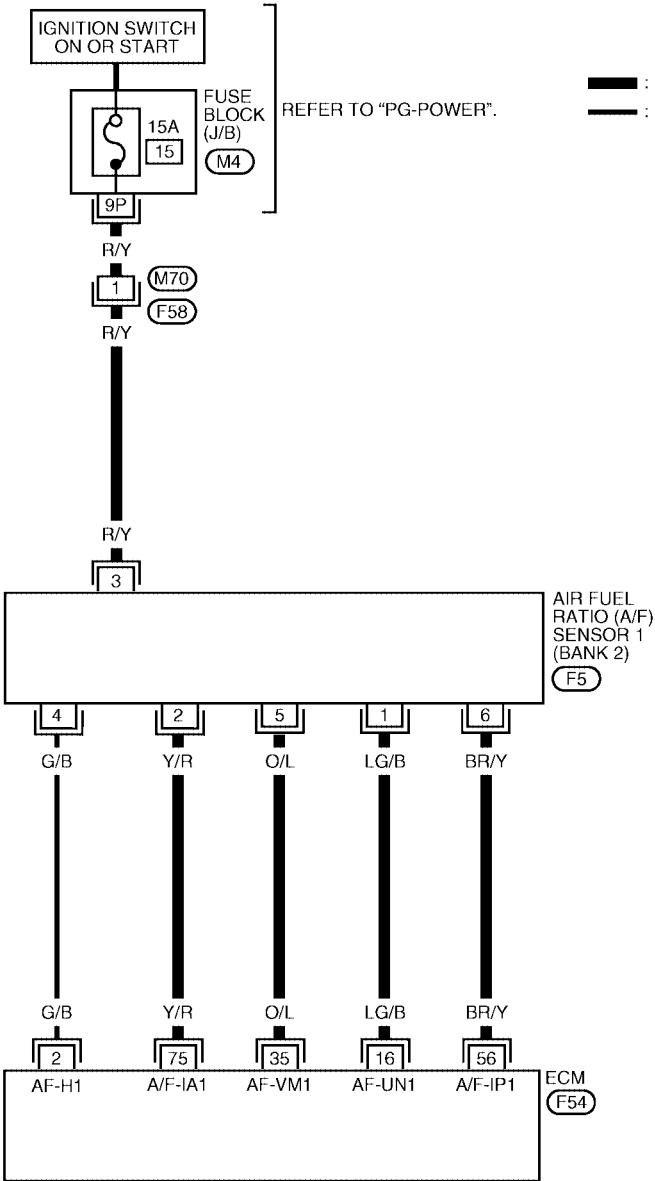
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V

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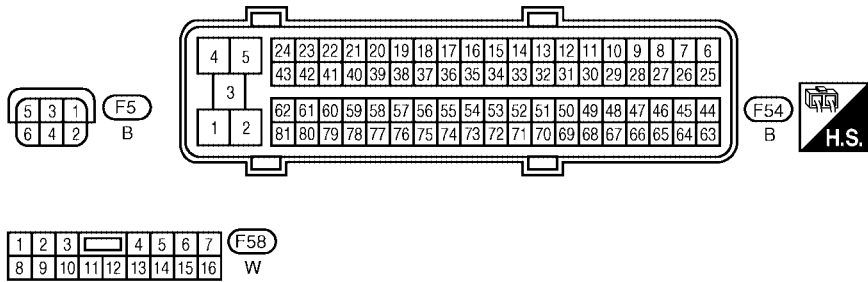
DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

BANK 2

EC-AF1B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

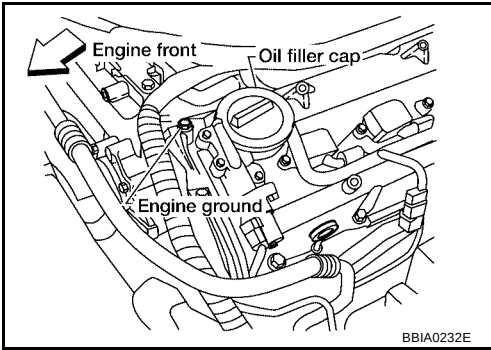
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

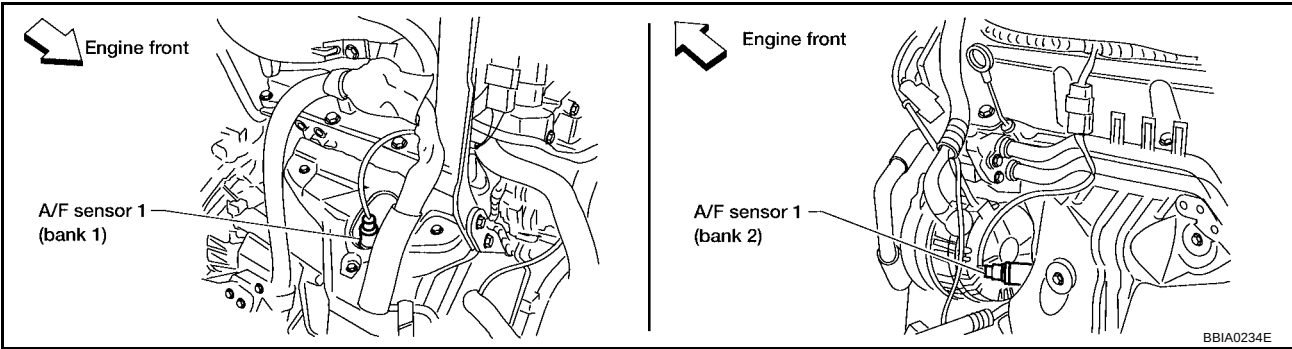
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. RETIGHTEN AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.



Tightening torque: 40 - 60 N-m (4.1 - 6.1 kg-m, 30 - 44 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

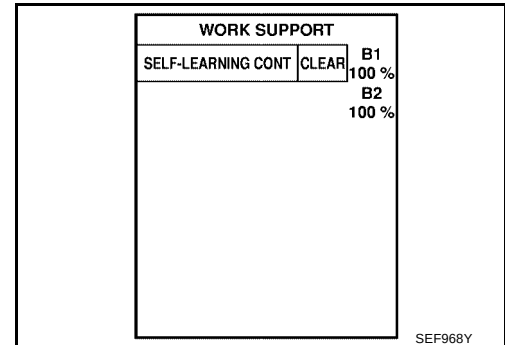
DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

3. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA.

With CONSULT-II

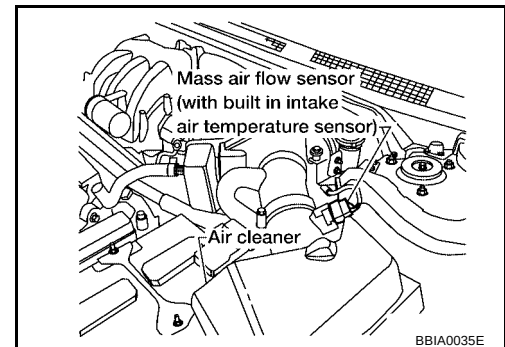
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 3 seconds.
 5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
 7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#) .
 8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
 9. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected?**
Is it difficult to start engine?



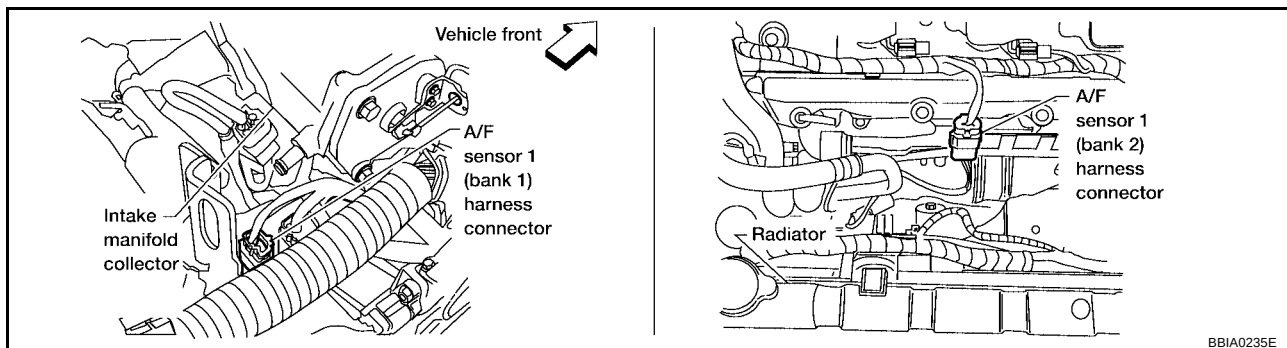
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172 or P0175. Refer to [EC-229](#) .
- No >> GO TO 4.

DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

4. CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



3. Check harness connector for water.
Water should not exit.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

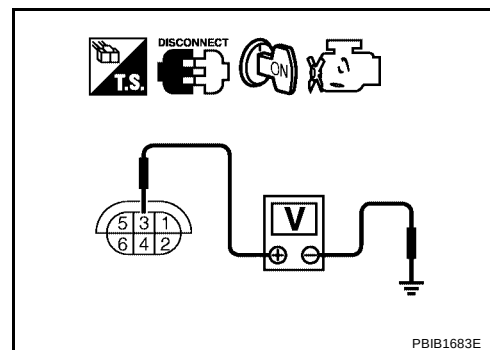
5. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.



6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

DTC P1274, P1284 A/F SENSOR

7. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to [EC-391, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

UBS009CS

DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

PFP:22693

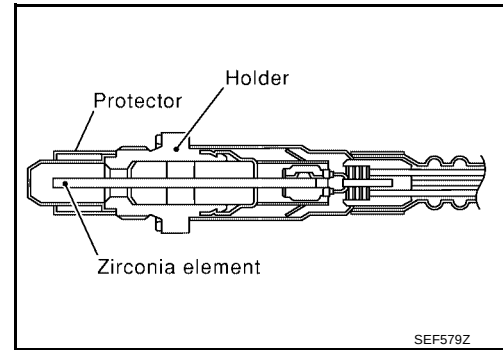
Component Description

UBS009CT

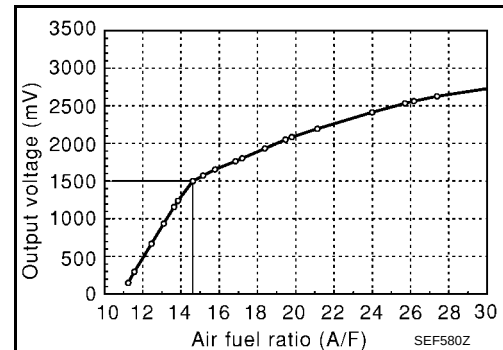
The A/F sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range ($0.7 < \lambda < \text{air}$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.



An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009CU

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009CV

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 signal fluctuates according to fuel feedback control.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P1276 1276 (Bank 1) P1286 1286 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit high voltage	● The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 1.5V.	● Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009CW

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.

DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

If the indication is constantly approx. 1.5V and does not fluctuates, go to [EC-505, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .
If the indication fluctuates around 1.5V, go to next step.

4. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276" or "A/F SEN1 (B2) P1286" of "A/F SEN1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Touch "START".
6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.

ENG SPEED	1,500 - 3,000 rpm
Vehicle speed	70 - 120 km/h (43 - 75 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.0 - 8.0 msec
Selector lever	● D position with "OD" ON (A/T) ● 5th position (M/T)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 20 seconds, retry from step 2.

A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

SEF576Z

7. Release accelerator pedal fully.

NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276	
TESTING	
SELECT 3RD GEAR AND THEN RELEASE ACCELERATOR PEDAL OFF	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

SEF577Z

8. Make sure that "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED".
If "TESTING" changed to "OUT OF CONDITION", retry from step 6.
9. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULT".
If "NG" is displayed, go to [EC-505, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276	
COMPLETED	

SEF578Z

Overall Function Check

UBS009CX

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

 WITH GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Drive the vehicle at a speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a few minutes in the suitable gear position.
3. Set D position with "OD" ON (A/T) or 5th position (M/T), then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to 50 km/h (30 MPH).

NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

4. Repeat steps 2 to 3 five times.
5. Stop the vehicle and turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Wait at least 10 seconds and restart engine.
7. Repeat steps 2 to 3 five times.

DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

- 8. Stop the vehicle and connect GST to the vehicle.
- 9. Make sure that no DTC is displayed.
If the DTC is displayed, go to [EC-505, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

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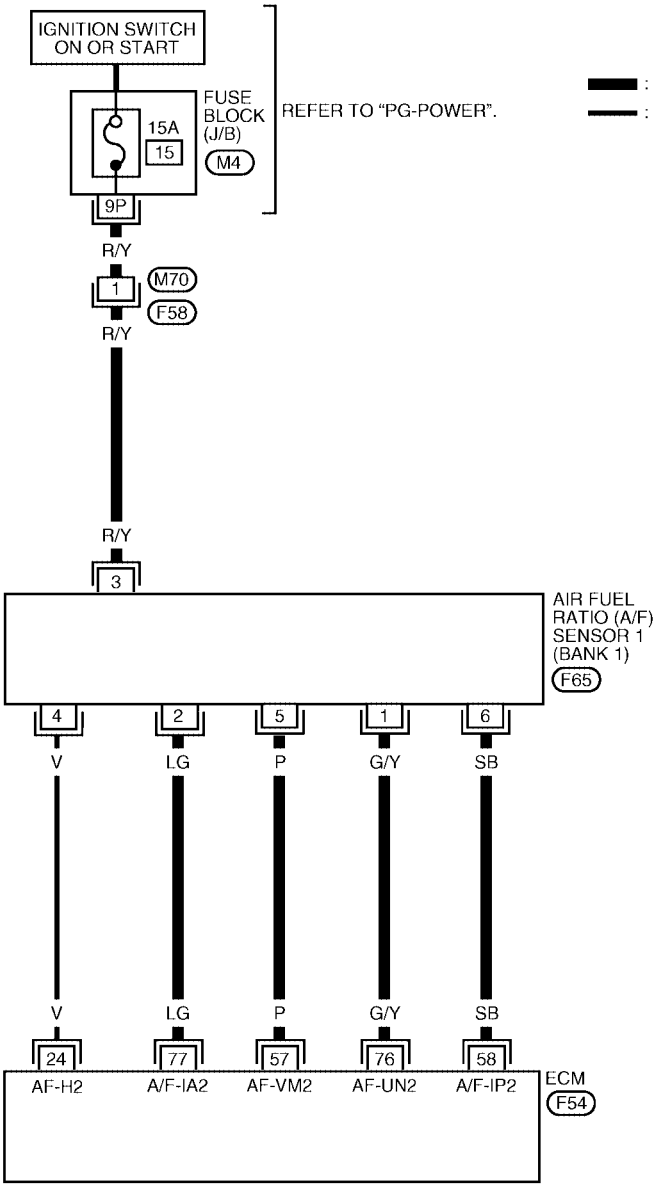
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DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

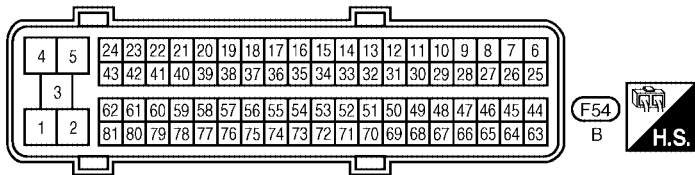
Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AMY

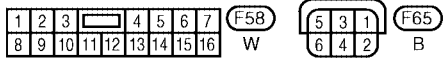
EC-AF1B1-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)



DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

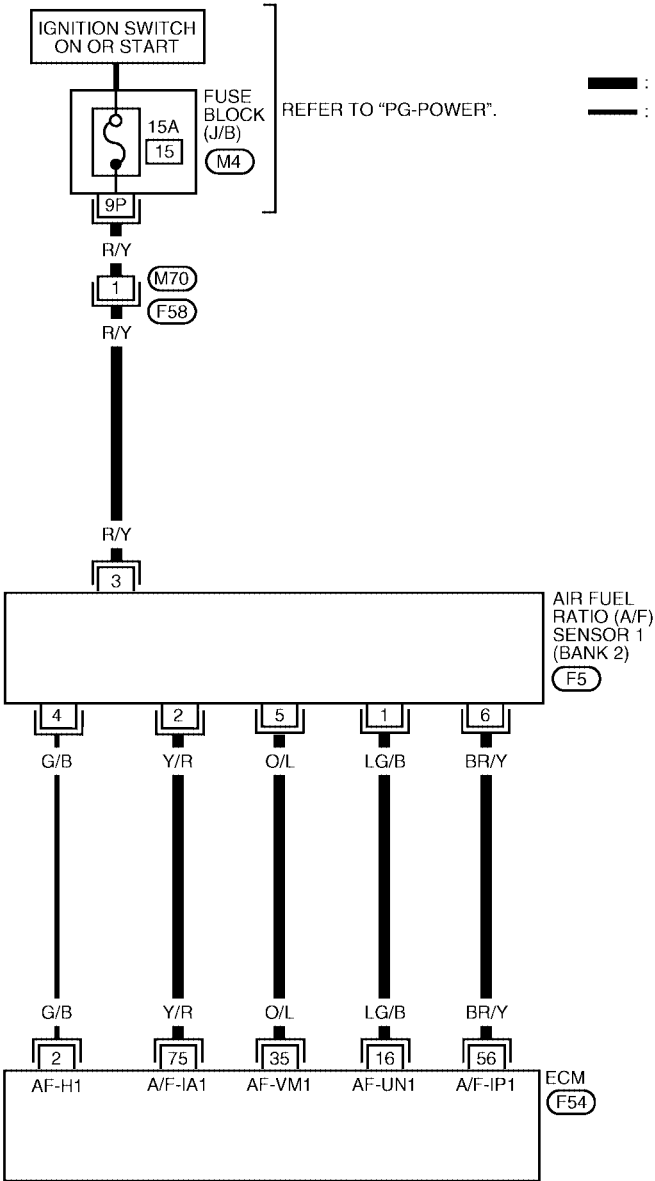
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V

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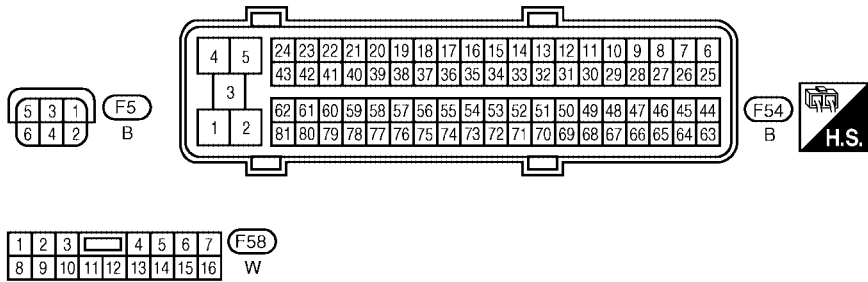
DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

BANK 2

EC-AF1B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

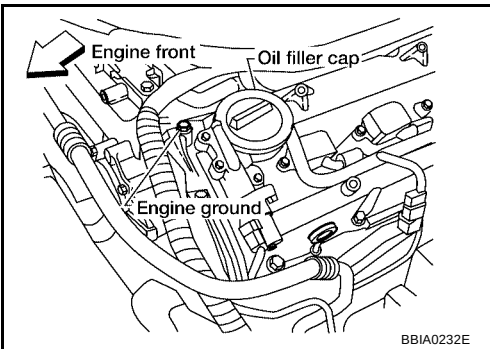
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V

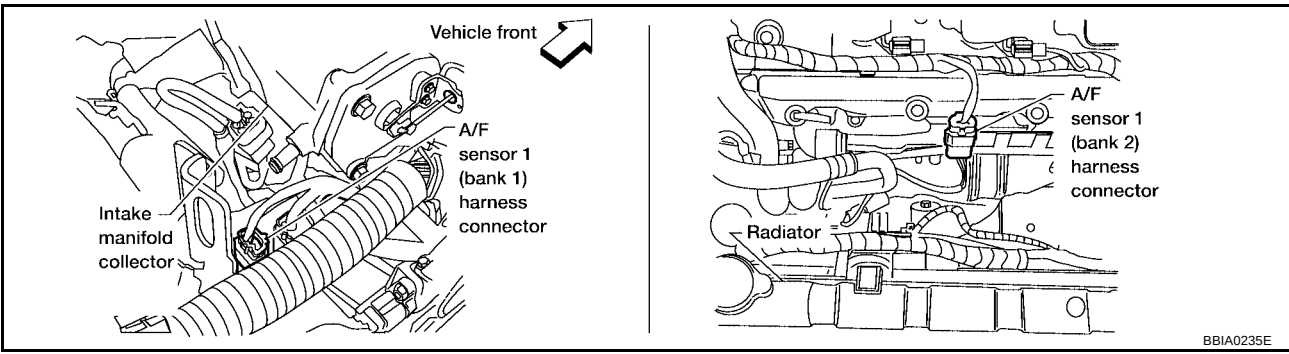
Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.



3. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

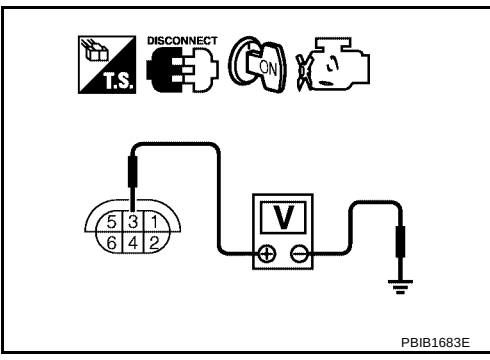


4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> GO TO 2.



DTC P1276, P1286 A/F SENSOR

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

UBS009D0

DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

PFP:22693

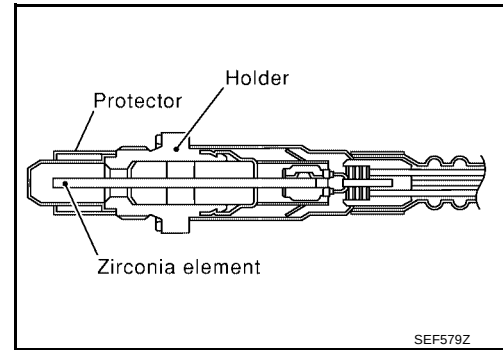
UBS009D1

Component Description

The A/F sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

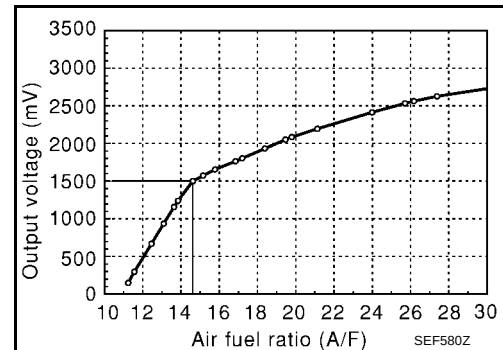
The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range ($0.7 < \lambda < \text{air}$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.



SEF579Z

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).



UBS009D2

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009D3

To judge the malfunction of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1, this diagnosis measures response time of the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ration (A/F) sensor 1 signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and the air fuel ration (A/F) sensor 1 temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (the A/F signal cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P1278 1278 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit slow response	● The response (from RICH to LEAN) of the A/F signal computed by ECM from A/F sensor 1 signal takes more than the specified time.	● Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater ● Fuel pressure ● Injectors ● Intake air leaks ● Exhaust gas leaks ● PCV ● Mass air flow sensor
P1288 1288 (Bank 2)			

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1minute.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-512, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

WITH GST

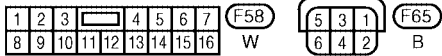
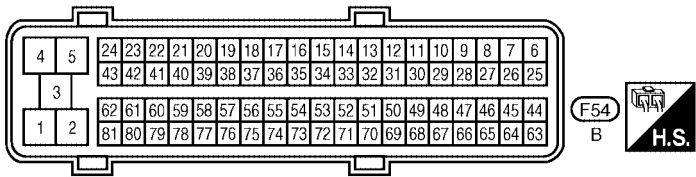
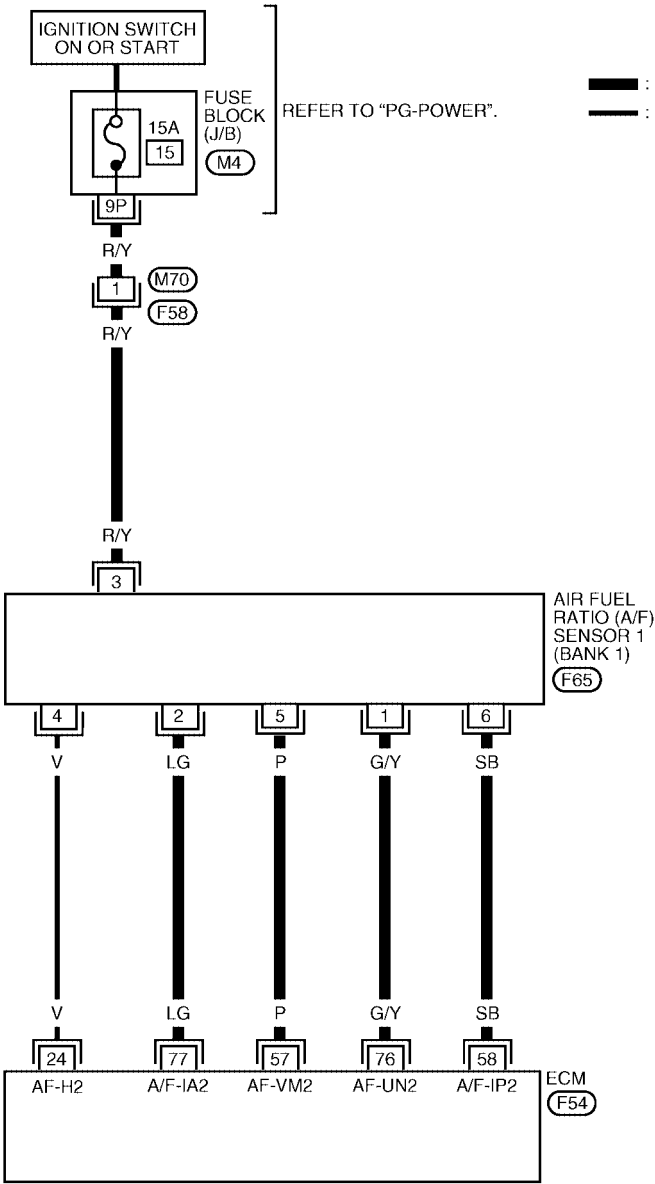
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AN1

EC-AF1B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

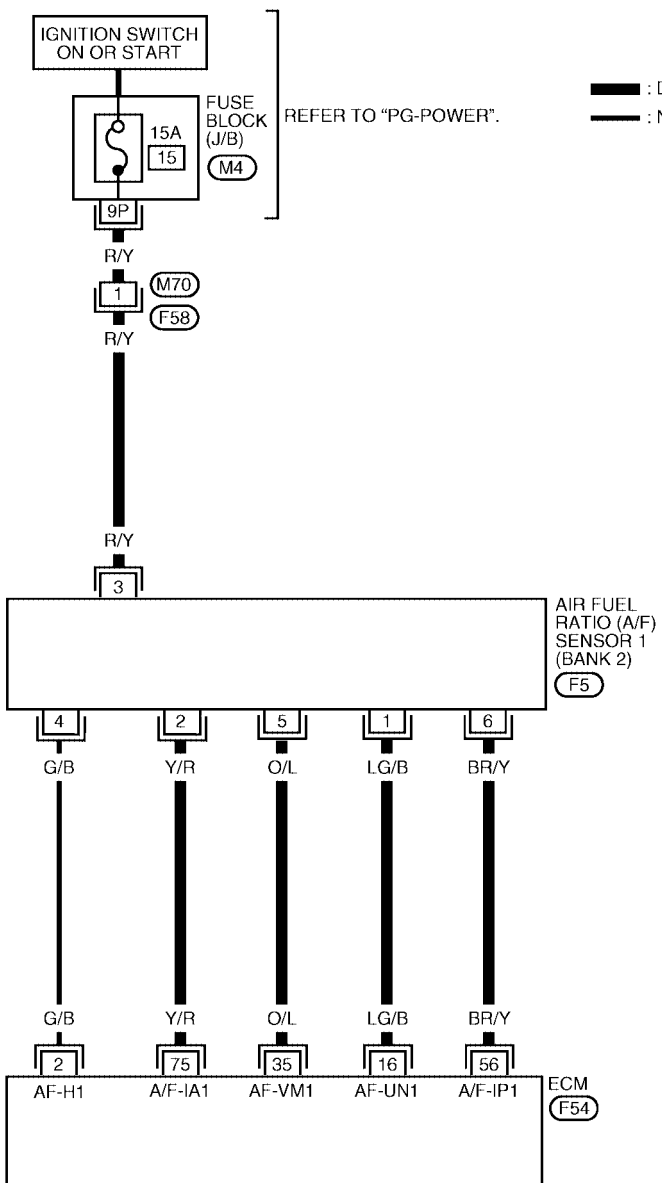
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V

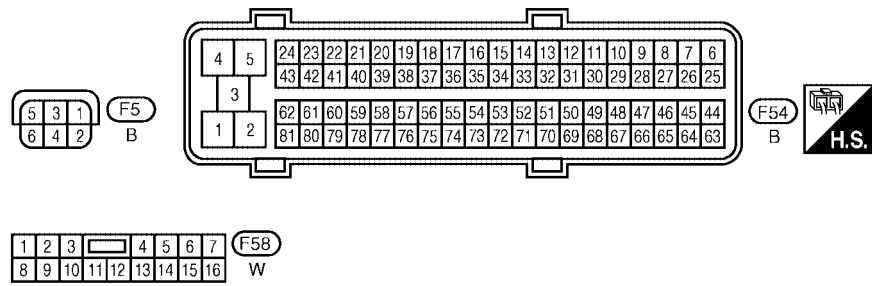
DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

BANK 2

EC-AF1B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V

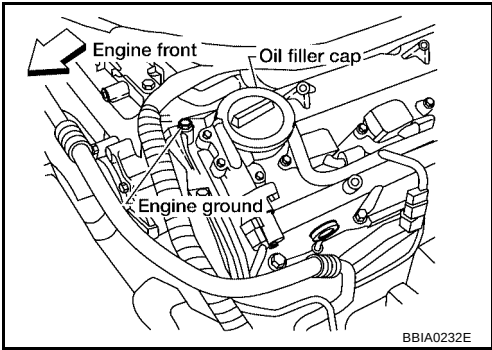
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009D7

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

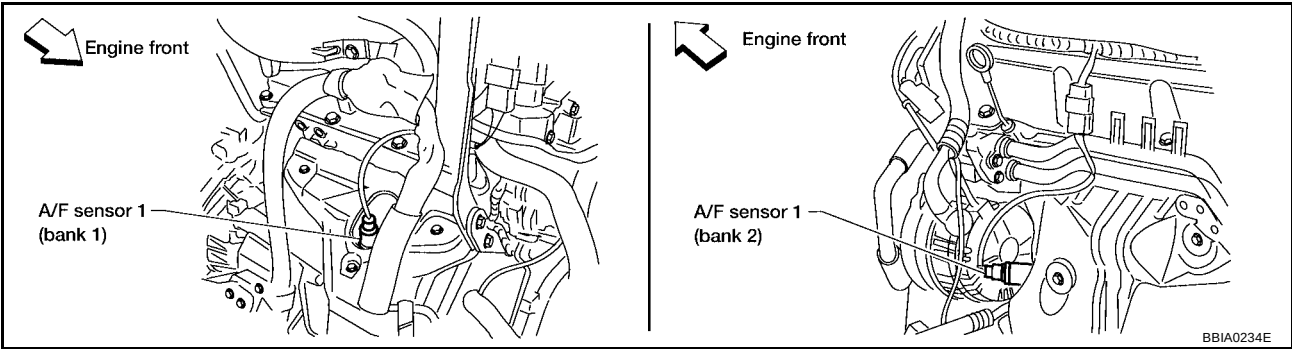
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. RETIGHTEN AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.



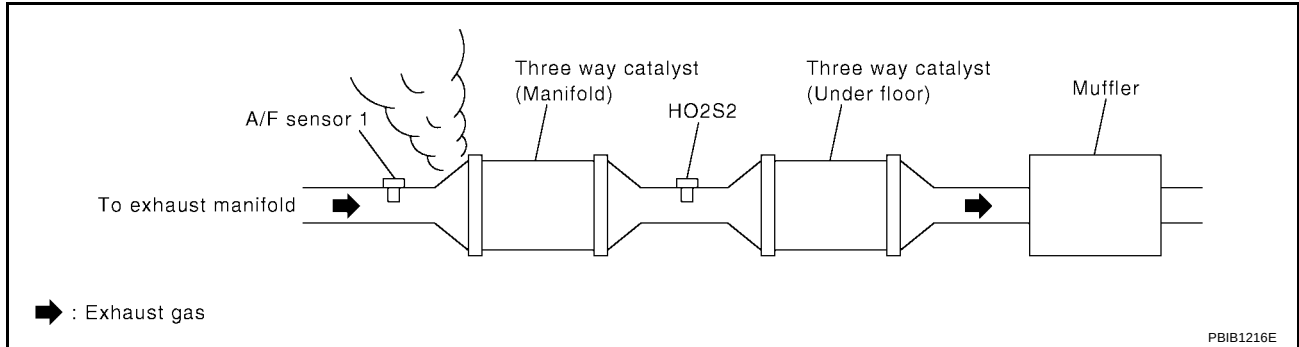
Tightening torque: 40 - 60 N-m (4.1 - 6.1 kg-m, 30 - 44 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

3. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

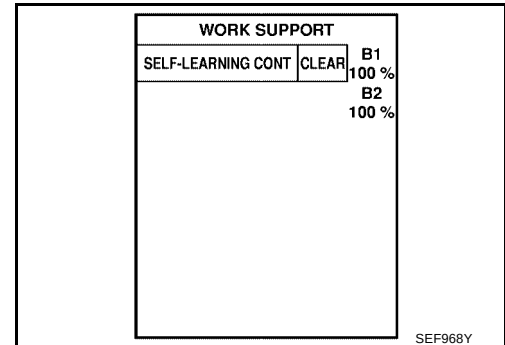
- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

5. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

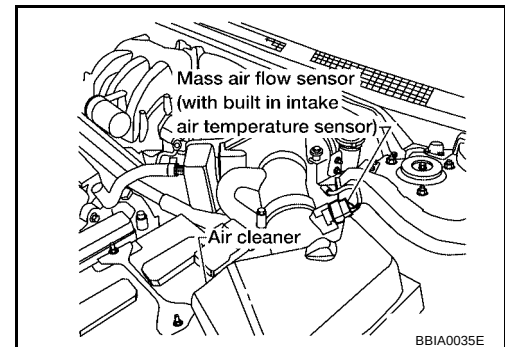
With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR" or "START".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 3 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).
8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
9. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



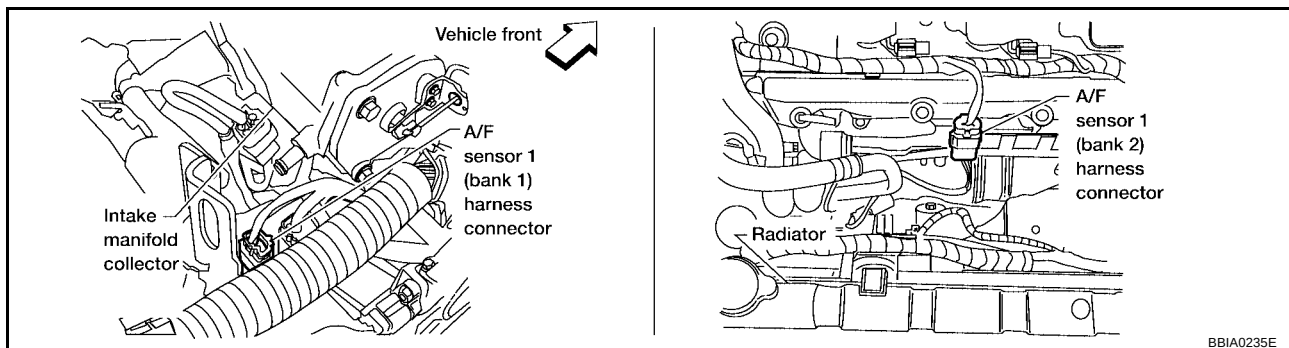
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to [EC-220](#) , [EC-229](#) .
- No >> GO TO 6.

DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

6. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

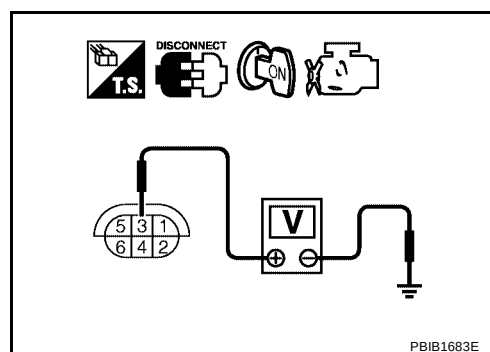


3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.



7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

DTC P1278, P1288 A/F SENSOR

8. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to [EC-391, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

10. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to [EC-167, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

11. CHECK PCV VALVE

Refer to [EC-684, "POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair or replace PCV valve.

12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation

AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

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UBS009D8

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DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

PFP:22693

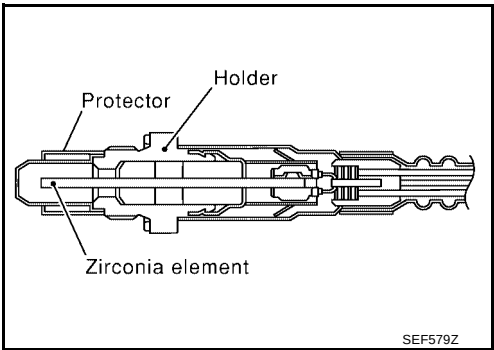
Component Description

UBS009D9

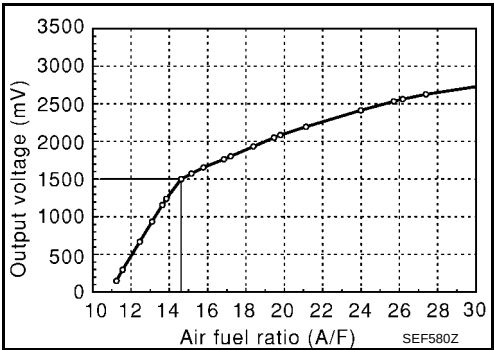
The A/F sensor is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda = 1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide λ range ($0.7 < \lambda < \text{air}$).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.



An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at $\lambda = 1$. Therefore, the A/F sensor is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009DA

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009DB

To judge the malfunction of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1, this diagnosis measures response time of the A/F signal computed by ECM from the air fuel ration (A/F) sensor 1 signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and the air fuel ration (A/F) sensor 1 temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (the A/F signal cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P1279 1279 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit slow response	● The response (from LEAN to RICH) of the A/F signal computed by ECM from A/F sensor 1 signal takes more than the specified time.	● Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.)
P1289 1289 (Bank 2)			● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 ● Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater ● Fuel pressure ● Injectors ● Intake air leaks ● Exhaust gas leaks ● PCV ● Mass air flow sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS000AN2

A

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

EC



WITH CONSULT-II

C

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1minute.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-523, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

D



WITH GST

E

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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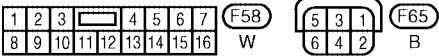
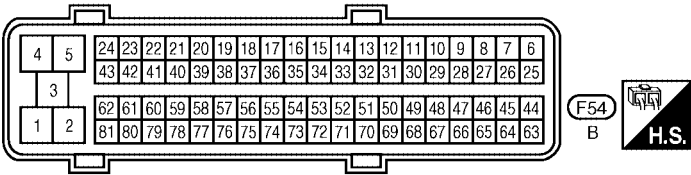
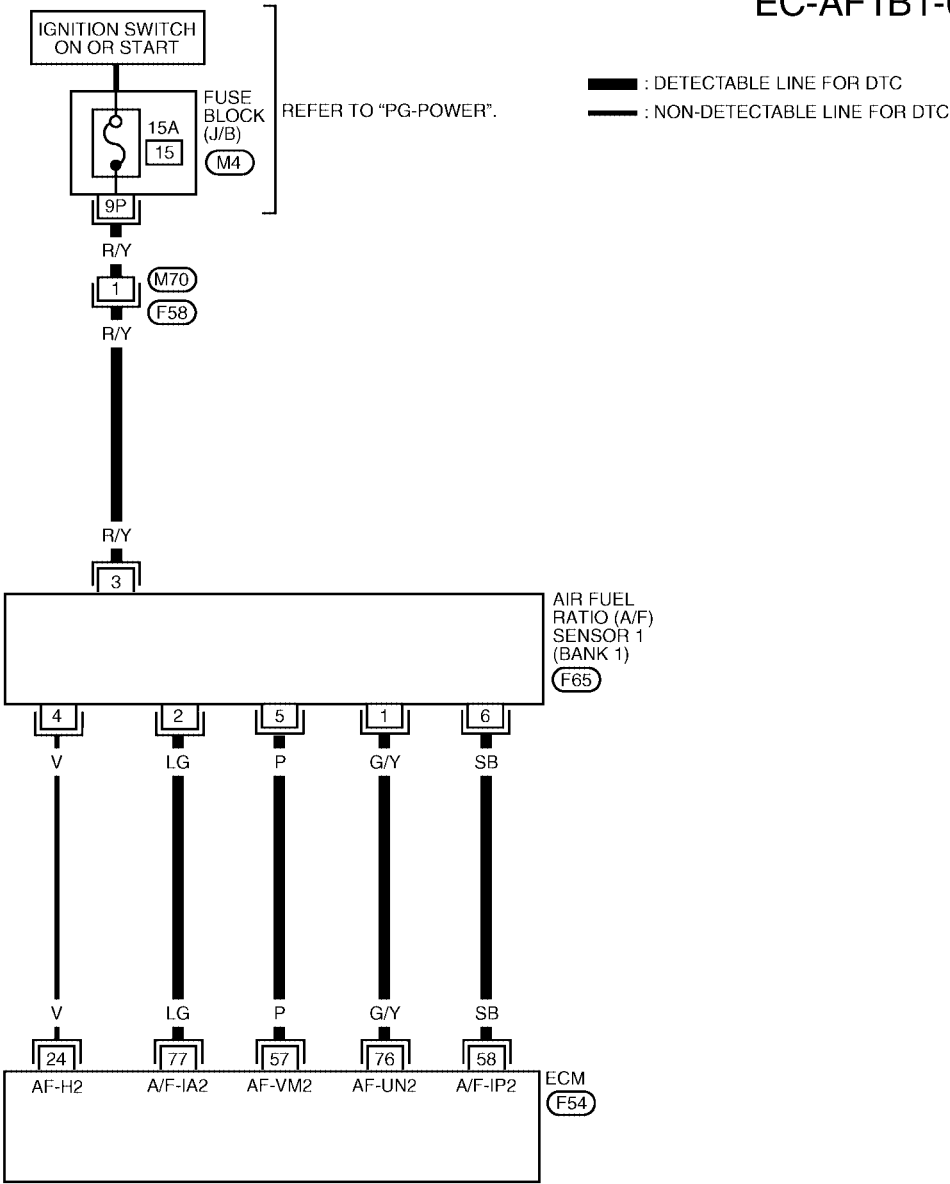
M

DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

Wiring Diagram
BANK 1

UBS00AN3

EC-AF1B1-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

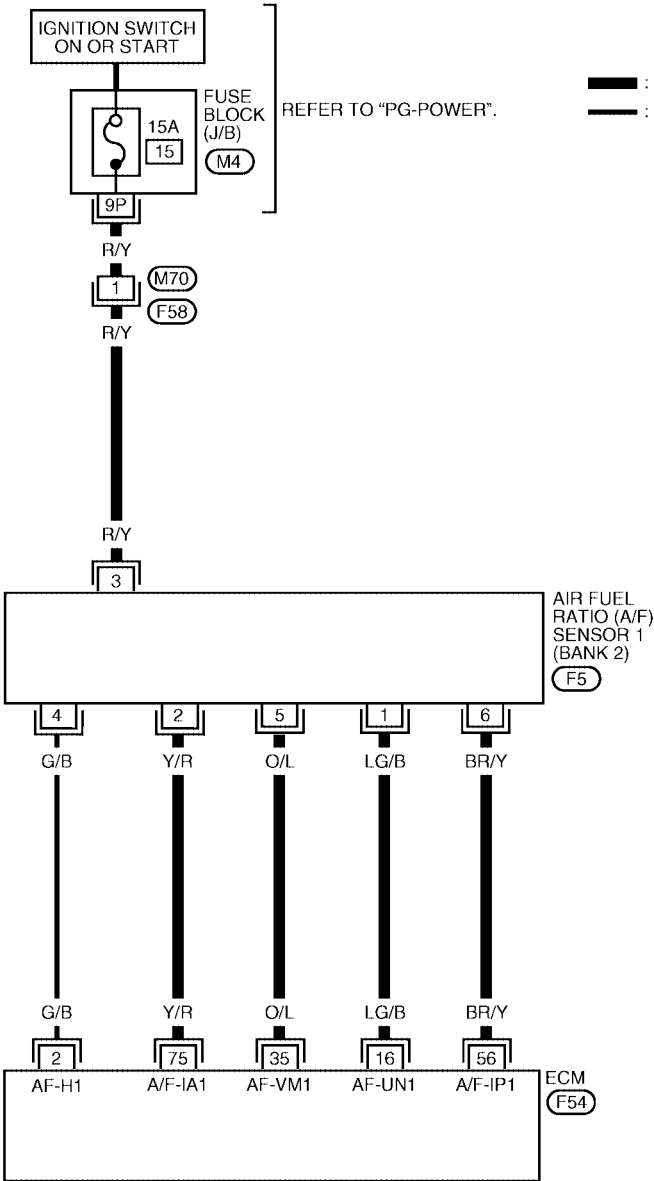
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
57	P	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	SB			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/Y			Approximately 3.1V
77	LG			Approximately 2.3V

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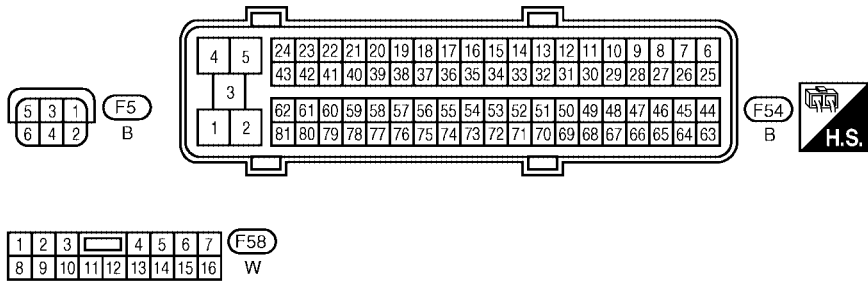
DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

BANK 2

EC-AF1B2-01



— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
M4 - FUSE BLOCK -
JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

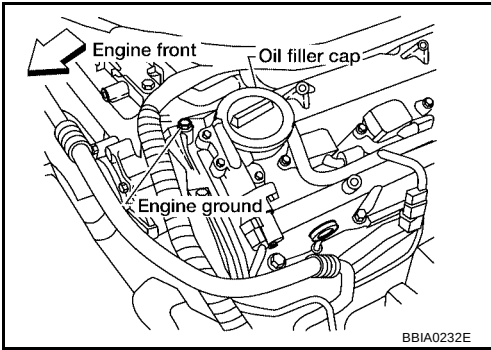
TERMI- NAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (Bank 2)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	O/L			Approximately 2.6V
56	BR/Y			Approximately 2.3V
75	Y/R			Approximately 2.3V

Diagnostic Procedure

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

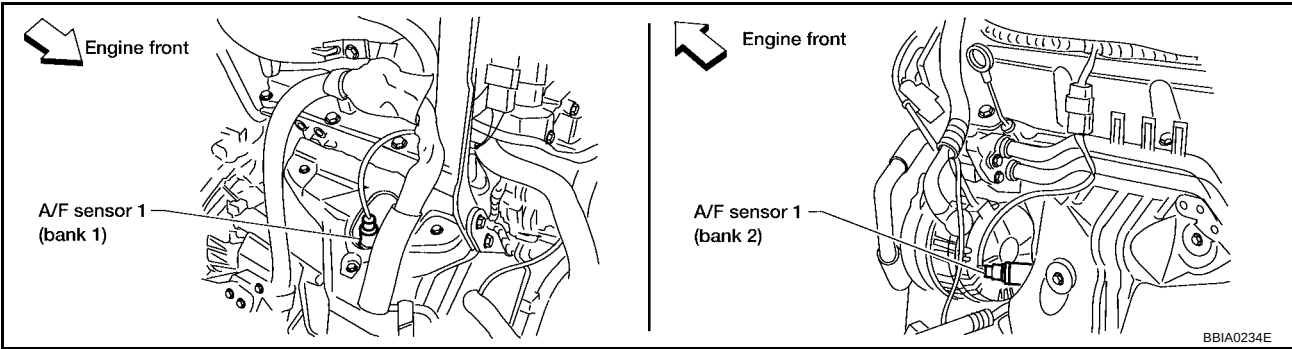
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

>> GO TO 2.



2. RETIGHTEN AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.



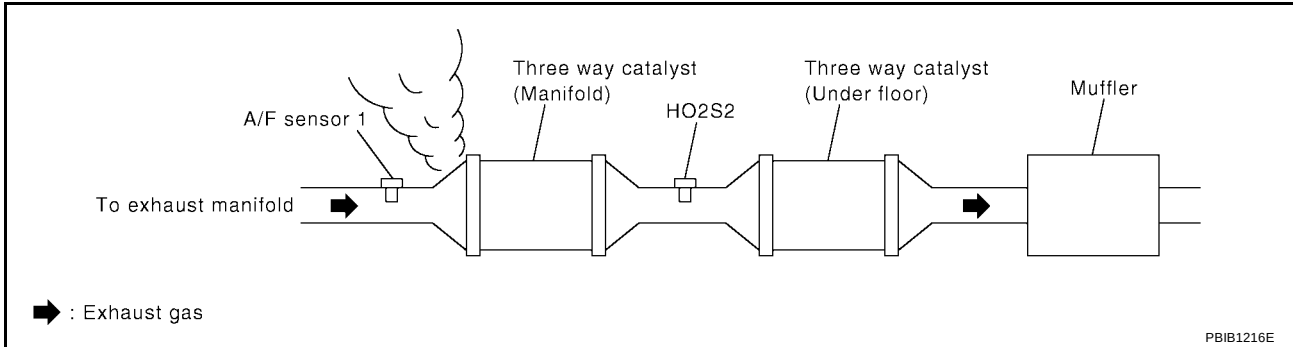
Tightening torque: 40 - 60 N-m (4.1 - 6.1 kg-m, 30 - 44 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

3. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

4. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

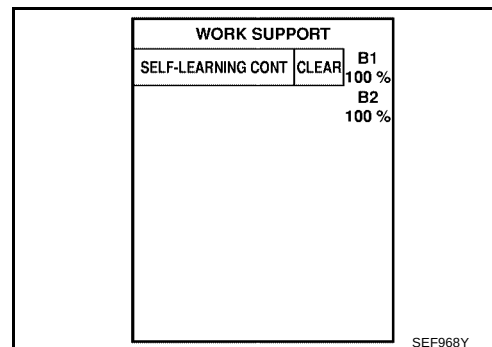
- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

5. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

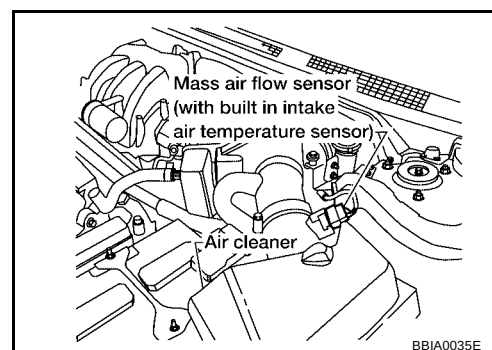
With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR" or "START".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 3 seconds.
5. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to [EC-65, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"](#).
8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
9. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
Is it difficult to start engine?



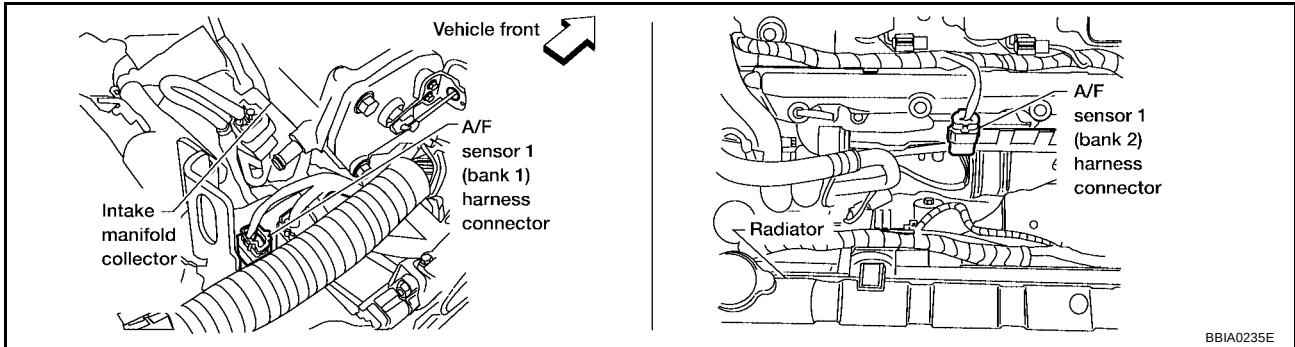
Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P017, P01752. Refer to [EC-220](#) , [EC-220](#) .
- No >> GO TO 6.

DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

6. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

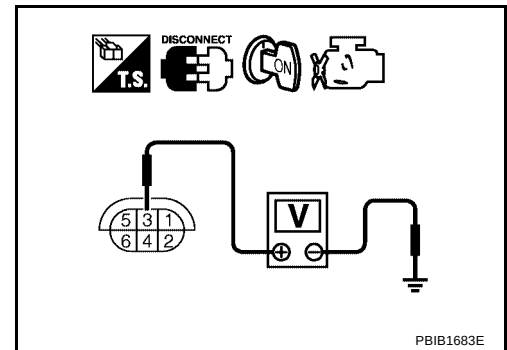


3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.



7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

DTC P1279, P1289 A/F SENSOR

8. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between the following terminals.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal
76	1	16	1
57	5	35	5
58	6	56	6
77	2	75	2

Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to [EC-391, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

10. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to [EC-167, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

11. CHECK PCV VALVE

Refer to [EC-684, "POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair or replace PCV valve.

12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace A/F sensor 1.

NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation

AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

UBS009DG

Refer to [EM-27, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"](#) .

DTC P1402 EGR FUNCTION

DTC P1402 EGR FUNCTION

PFP:14710

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS009DH

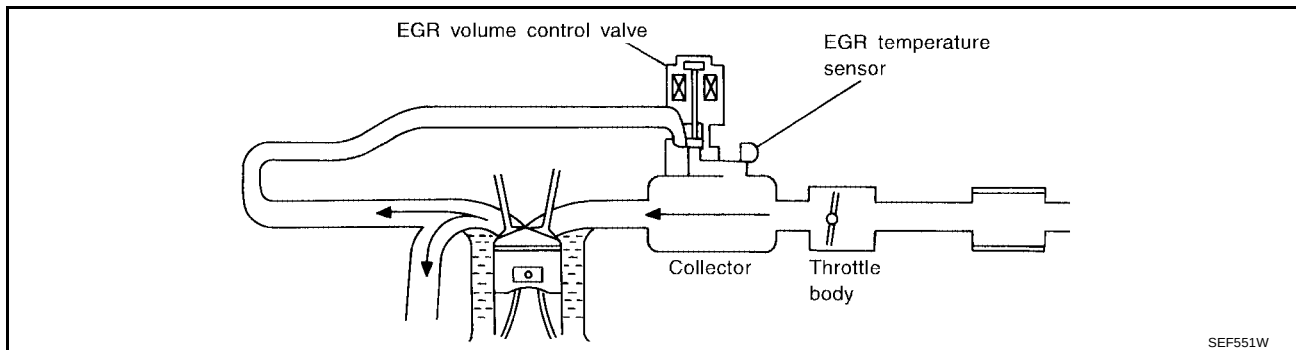
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*2 Piston position	EGR volume control	EGR volume control valve
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		
Battery	Battery voltage*2		
Air conditioner switch*1	Air conditioner operation		
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation		
Electrical load*1	Electrical load signal		
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed		
TCM*1	Gear position, shifting signal		

*1: These signals are sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

This system controls flow rate of EGR led from exhaust manifold to intake manifold. The opening of the EGR by-pass passage in the EGR volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. The EGR volume control valve remains closed under the following conditions.

- Engine stopped
- Engine starting
- Engine idling
- Low engine coolant temperature
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- High engine speed
- Wide open throttle
- Low battery voltage

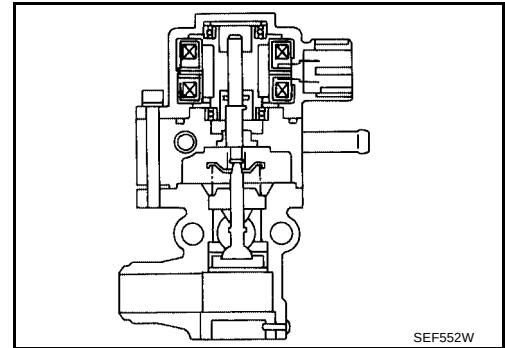


DTC P1402 EGR FUNCTION

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

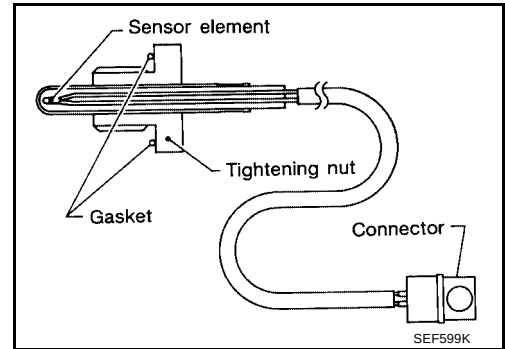
EGR Volume Control Valve

The EGR volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of EGR from exhaust manifold. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.



EGR Temperature Sensor

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passageway. When the EGR volume control valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passageway changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.



<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.59	0.73 - 0.88
50 (122)	2.32	0.074 - 0.082
100 (212)	0.62	0.011 - 0.014

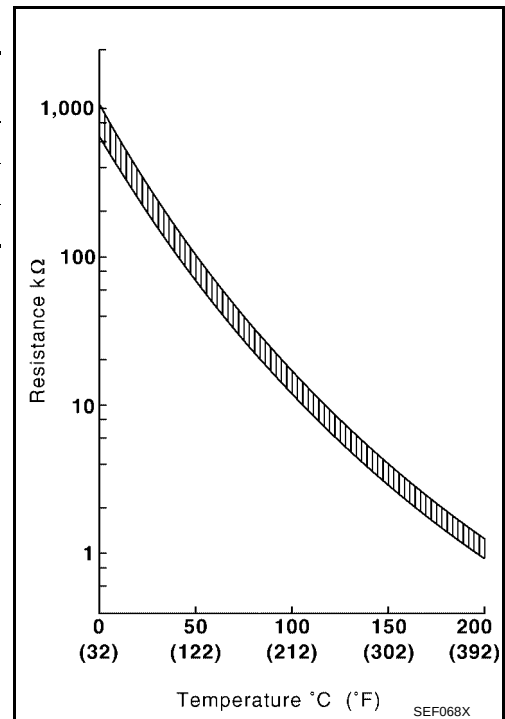
*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 54 (EGR temperature sensor) and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may damage the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

When EGR system is operating.

Voltage: 0 - 1.5V



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009DI

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EGR TEMP SEN	● Engine: After warming up	Less than 4.5V

DTC P1402 EGR FUNCTION

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
EGR VOL CON/V	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● No load	Idle	0 step
		Revvng engine up to 3,000 rpm quickly	10 - 55 step

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00AN4

If the EGR temperature sensor detects EGR flow under the condition that does not call for EGR, a high-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1402 1402	EGR function (Open)	EGR flow is detected under the condition that does not call for EGR.	● Harness or connectors (The EGR volume control valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● EGR volume control valve leaking or stuck open ● EGR temperature sensor

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009DL

NOTE:

- Diagnosis for this DTC will occur when engine coolant temperature is below 50 to 60°C (122 to 140°F). Therefore, it will be better to turn ignition switch ON (start engine) at the engine coolant temperature below 30°C (86°F) when starting DTC confirmation procedure.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform the test at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Engine coolant temperature and EGR temperature must be verified in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II before starting DTC WORK SUPPORT test. If it is out of range below, the test cannot be conducted.

COOLAN TEMP/S : -10 to 50°C (14 to 122°F)*

EGR TEMP SEN : Less than 4.8V

If the values are out of the ranges indicated above, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to reduce the engine coolant temperature or EGR temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

*: Although CONSULT-II screen displays "-10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F)" as a range of engine coolant temperature, ignore it.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
EGR TEMP SEN	XXX V

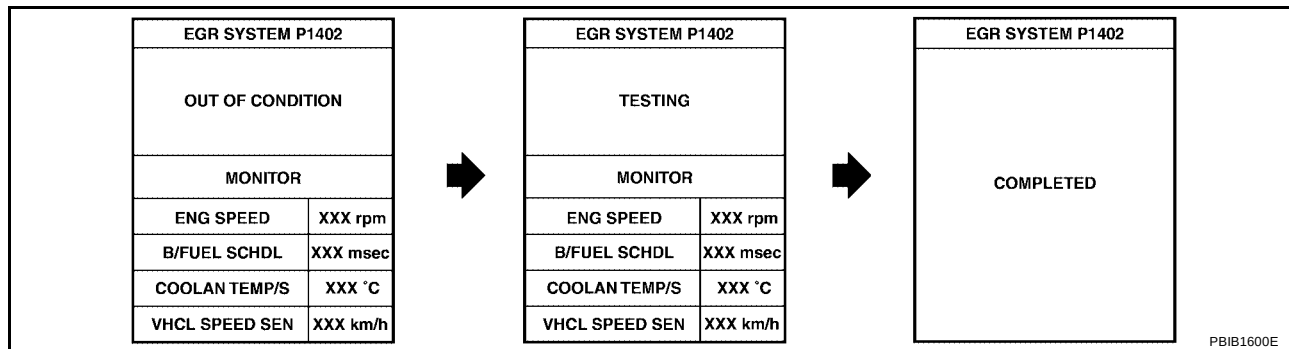
SEF202Y

ⓘ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF, and wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
2. Select "EGR SYSTEM P1402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "START".

DTC P1402 EGR FUNCTION

4. Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take 80 seconds or more.)



If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, turn ignition OFF and cool the engine coolant temperature to the range of -10 to 50°C (14 to 122°F). Retry from step 1.

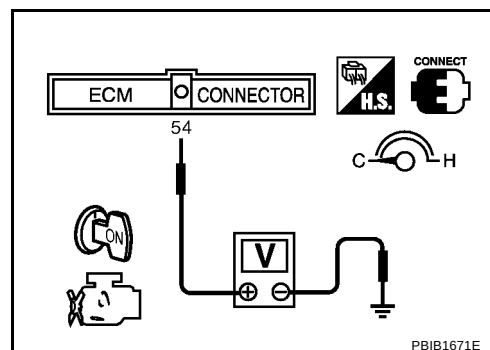
5. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-534, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).



WITH GST

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select MODE 1 with GST.
2. Check that engine coolant temperature is within the range of -10 to 50°C (14 to 122°F).
3. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 54 (EGR temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.8V.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Stop engine.
6. Perform steps 1 to 4 again.
7. Select MODE 3 with GST.
8. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-534, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

When using GST, DTC Confirmation Procedure should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II is recommended.

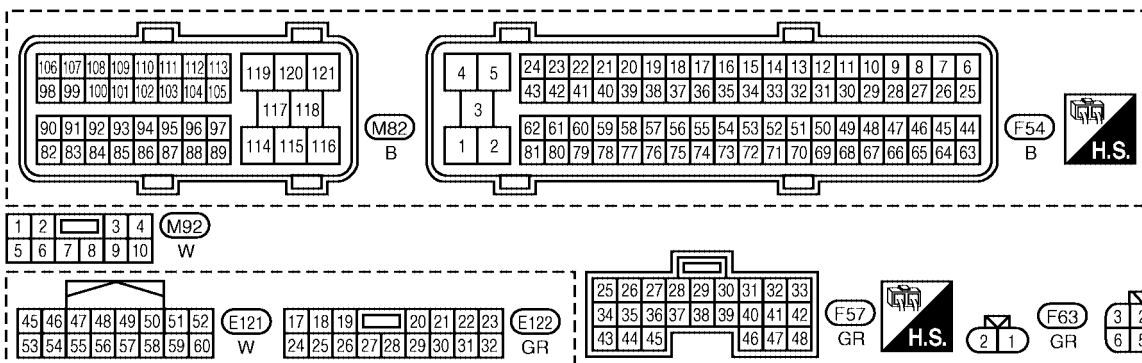
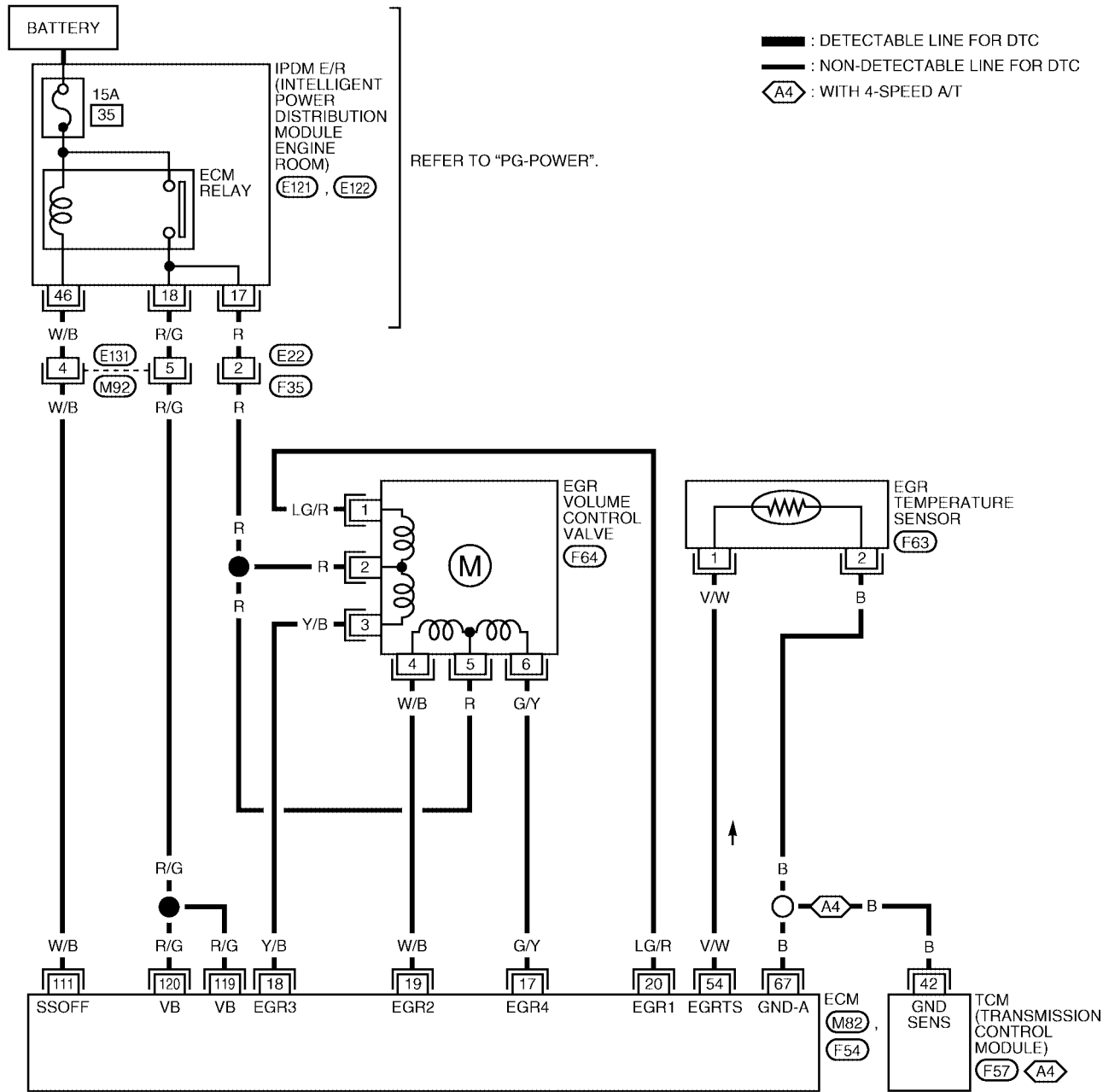


DTC P1402 EGR FUNCTION

Wiring Diagram

UBS009DM

EC-EGRC1-01



BBWA0665E

DTC P1402 EGR FUNCTION

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
17 18 19 20	G/Y Y/B W/B LG/R	EGR volume control valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	0.1 - 14V
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

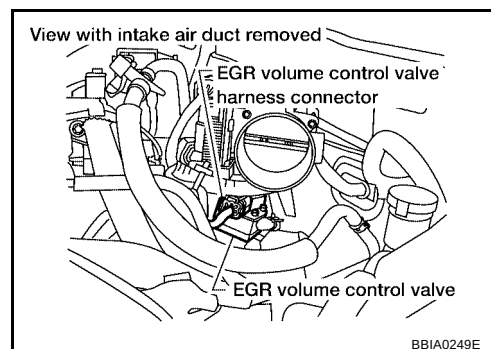
★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009DN

1. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EGR volume control valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

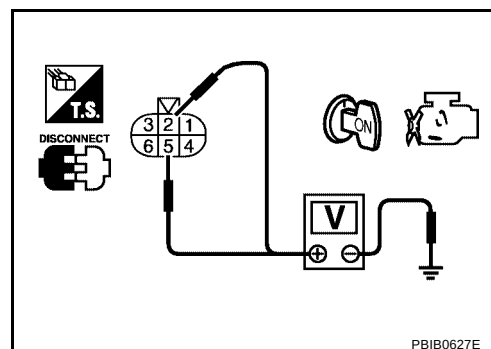


4. Check voltage between EGR volume control valve terminals 2, 5 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E22, F35
- IPDM E/R harness connector E122
- Harness for open or short between EGR volume control valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EGR volume control valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals and EGR volume control valve terminals as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

ECM terminal	EGR volume control valve
17	6
18	3
19	4
20	1

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-290, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace EGR volume control valve.

5. CHECK EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-298, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace EGR temperature sensor.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:14920

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS009DO

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed * ¹	EVAP canister purge flow control	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Battery	Battery voltage* ¹		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)		
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank		
Vehicle speed signal* ²	Vehicle speed		

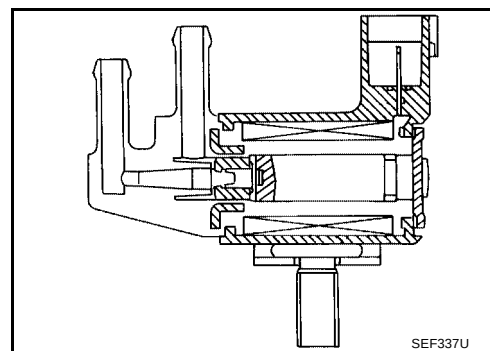
*1:ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009DP

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	- Engine: After warming up - Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) - Air conditioner switch: OFF - No load	Idle	0%
		2,000 rpm	—

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009DQ

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1444 1444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed.	● EVAP control system pressure sensor ● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.) ● EVAP canister vent control valve ● EVAP canister ● Water separator ● Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009DR

NOTE:

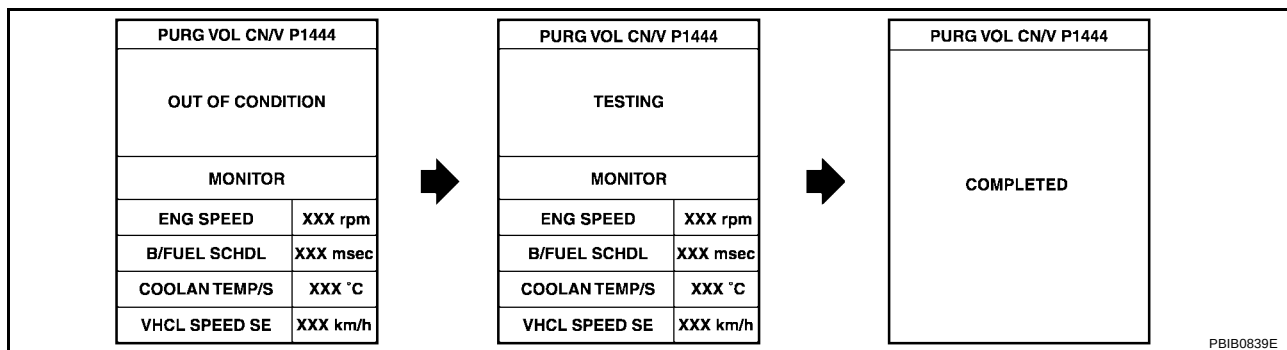
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. Touch "START".



6. Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 seconds.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to [EC-540, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

WITH GST

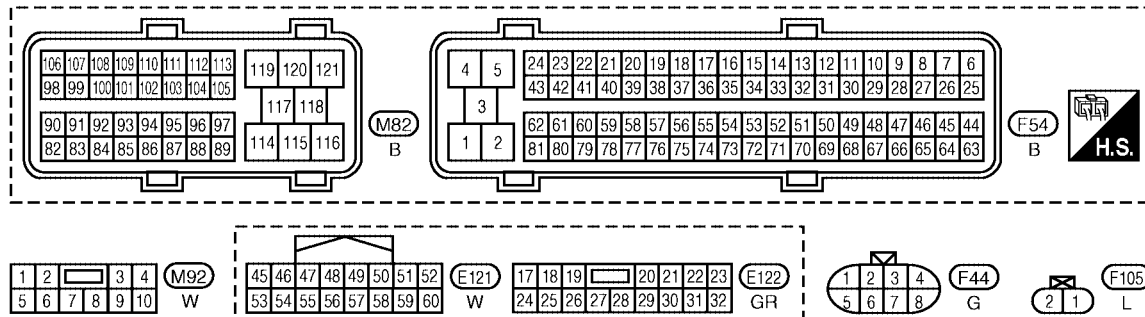
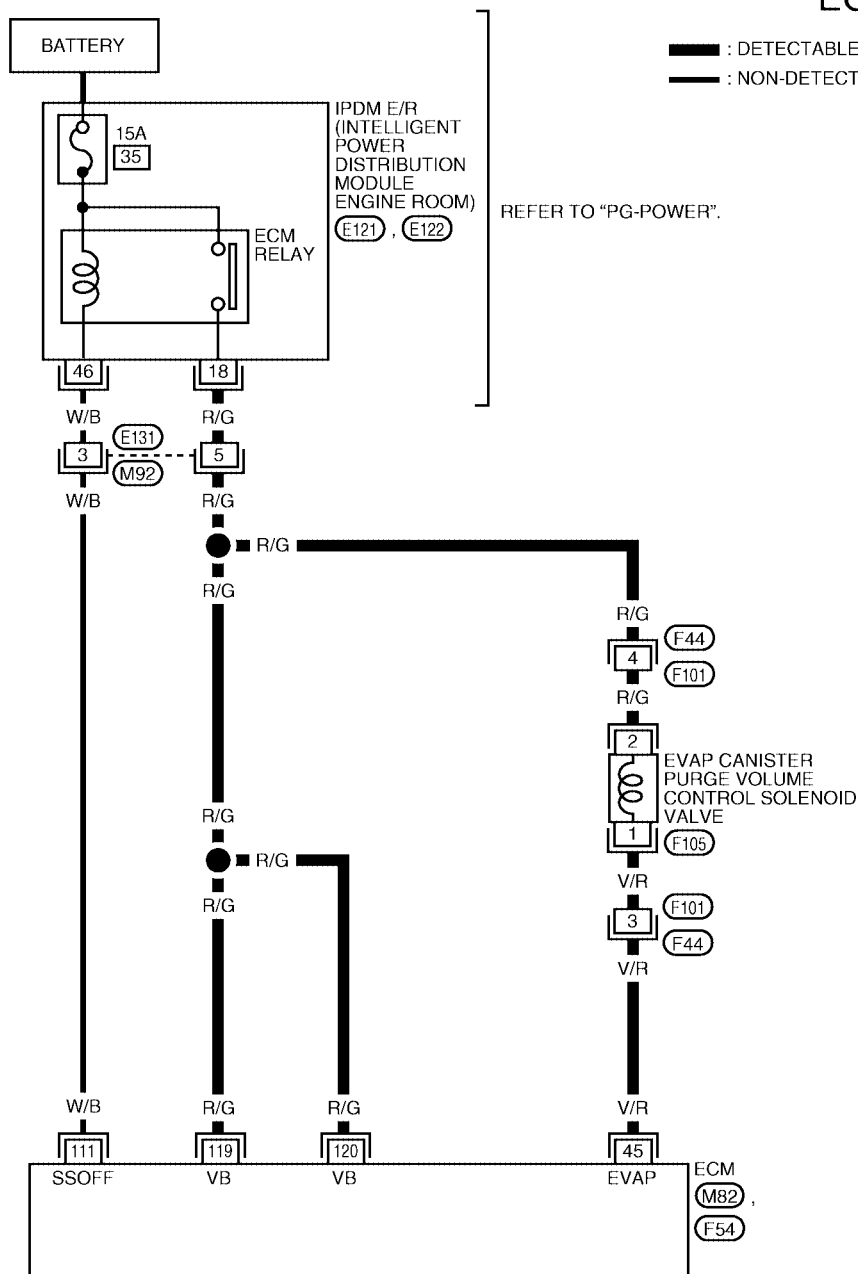
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.
4. Select MODE 7 with GST.
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-540, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Wiring Diagram

UBS009DS

EC-PGC/V-01



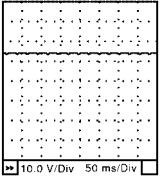
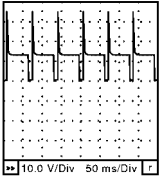
BBWA0631E

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
45	V/R	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC990C
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  SEC991C
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

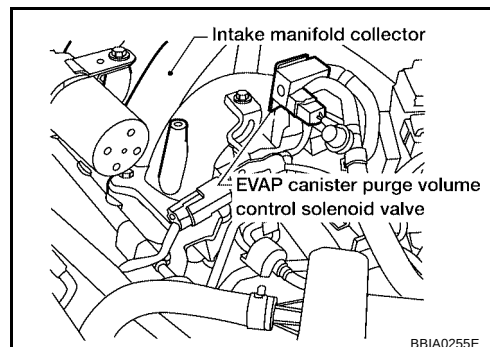
DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009DT

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

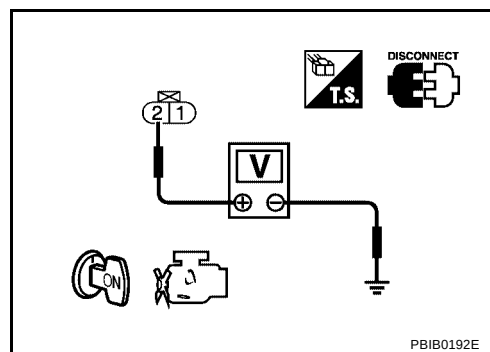


4. Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors F44, F101
- IPDM E/R harness connector E122
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

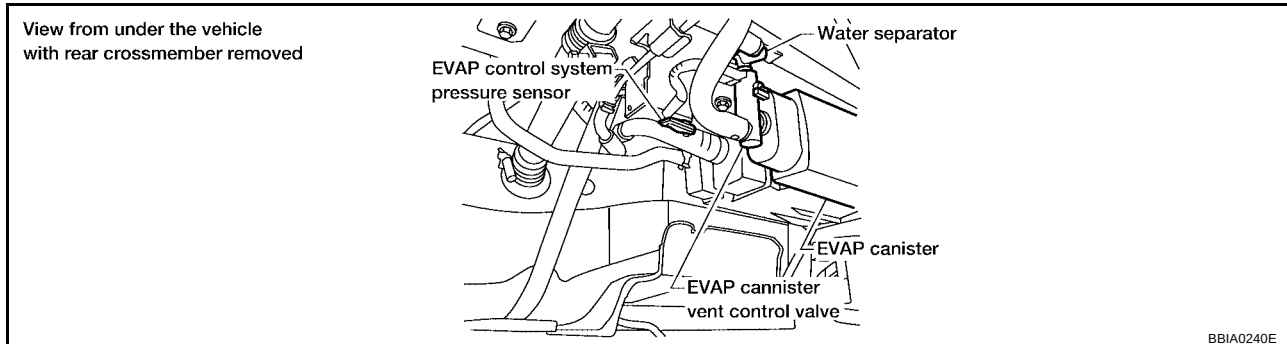
Check the following.

- Harness connectors F44, F101
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

6. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-337, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7.
OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 8.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Ⓟ With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Start engine.
4. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> GO TO 8.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

PBIB1678E

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-543, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

9. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-330, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

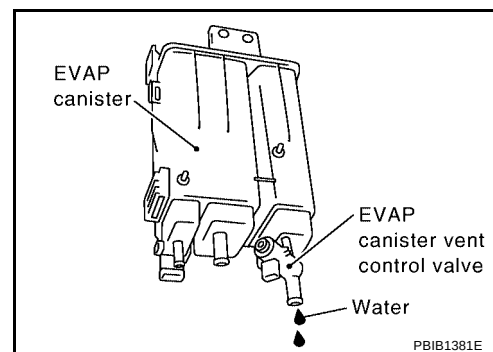
- OK >> GO TO 11.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

11. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 12.
No >> GO TO 14.



12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 14.
NG >> GO TO 13.

13. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

14. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to [EC-317, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Replace water separator.

15. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

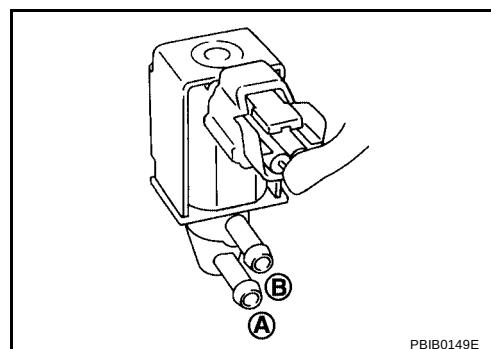
Component Inspection

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Ⓟ With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve using "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II under the following conditions.

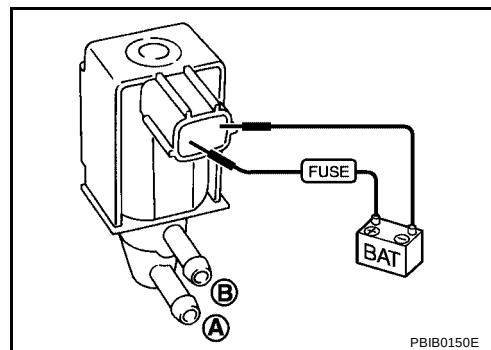
Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100%	Yes
0%	No



⊗ Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



Removal and Installation

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .

DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

PFP:14935

Component Description

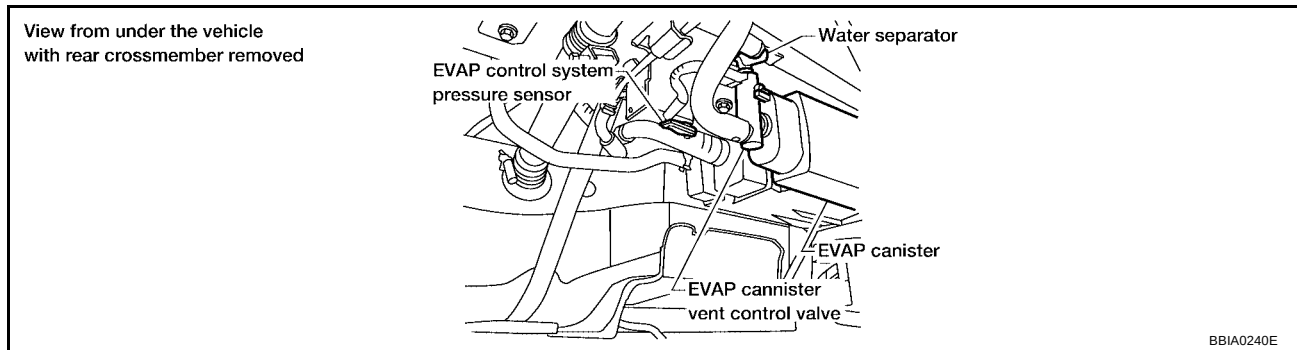
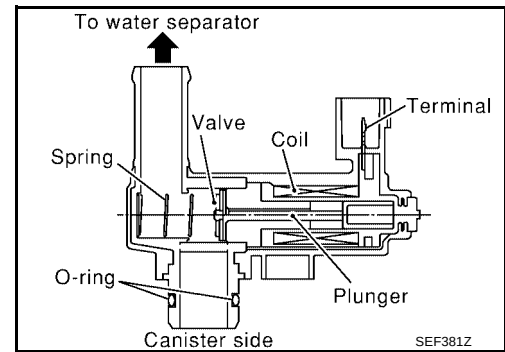
UBS009DW

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009DX

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009DY

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1446 1446	EVAP canister vent control valve close	EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	● EVAP canister vent control valve ● EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit ● Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve ● Water separator ● EVAP canister is saturated with water

DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009DZ

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

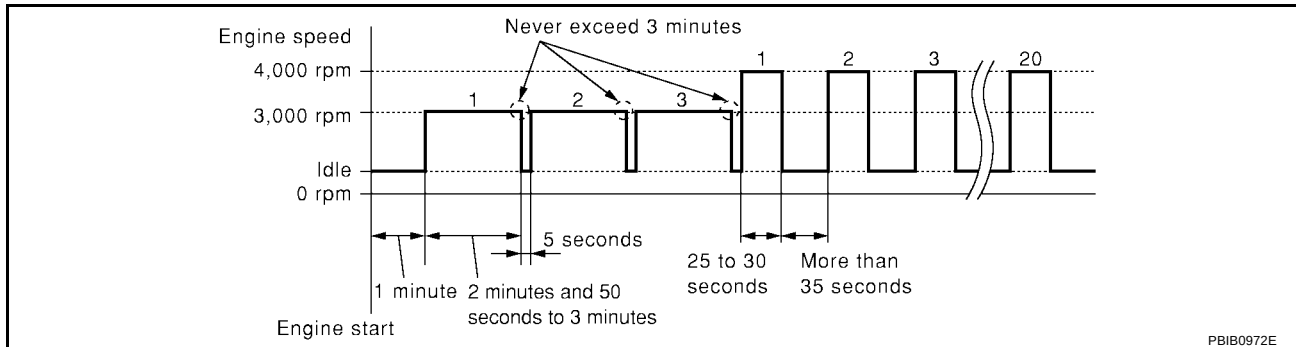
1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
5. Repeat next procedures 3 times.
 - a. Increase the engine speed up to 3,000 to 3,500 rpm and keep it for 2 minutes and 50 seconds to 3 minutes.
Never exceed 3 minutes.
 - b. Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for about 5 seconds.
6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-547, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to the next step.

7. Repeat next procedure 20 times.
 - a. Quickly increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 4,500 rpm or more and keep it for 25 to 30 seconds.
 - b. Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for at least 35 seconds.



8. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-547, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

④ WITH GST

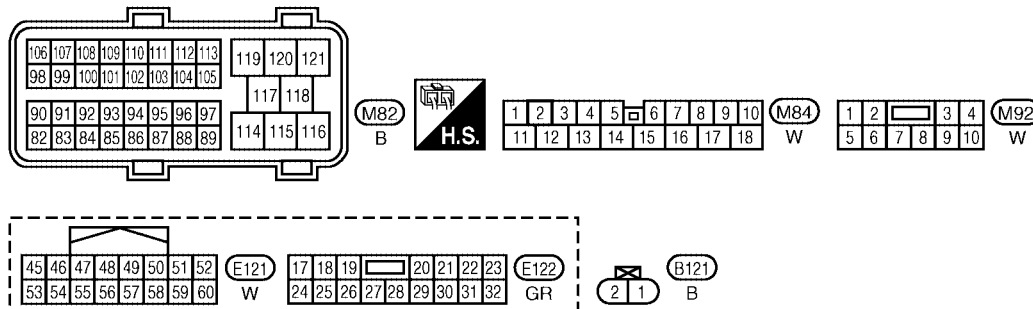
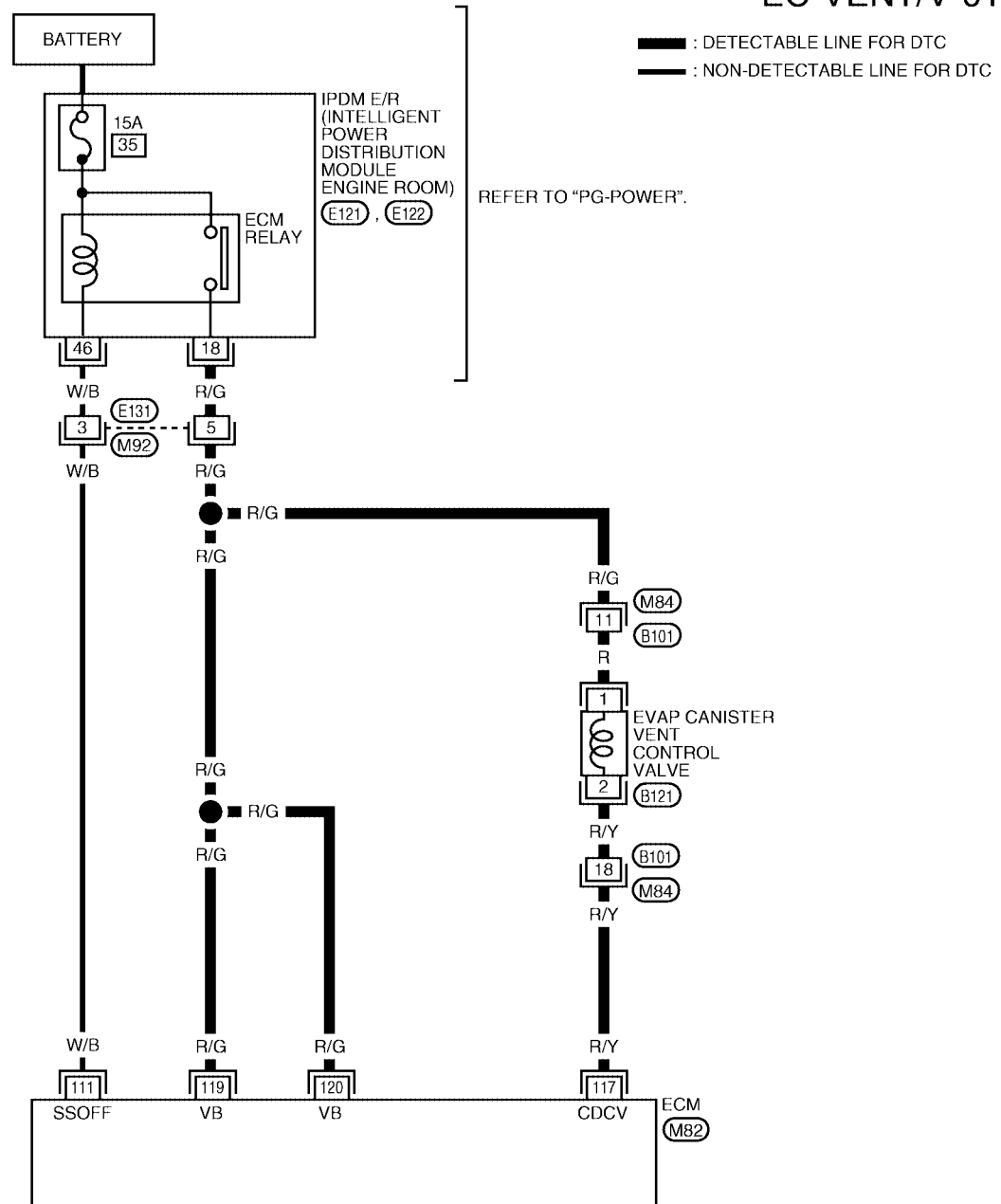
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Wiring Diagram

UBS009E0

EC-VENT/V-01



BBWA0635E

DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

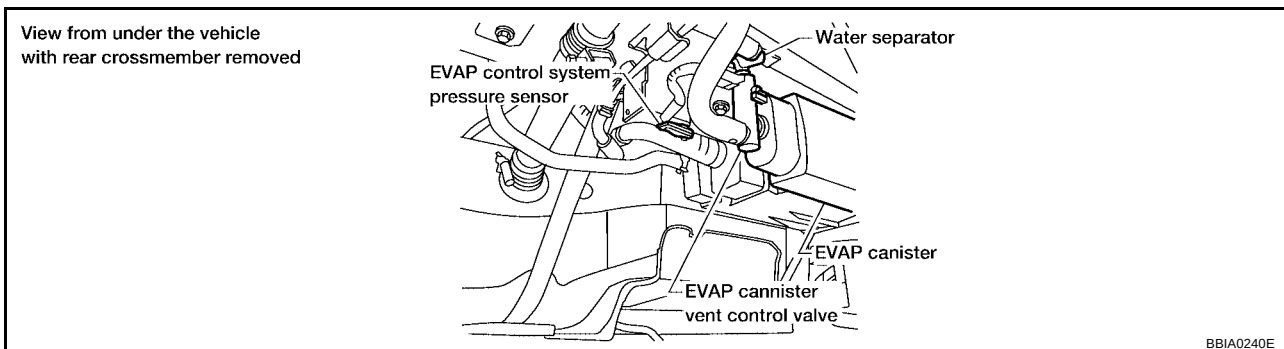
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	R/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009E1

1. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.



- Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower.

2. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to [EC-317, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> Replace water separator.

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-549, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

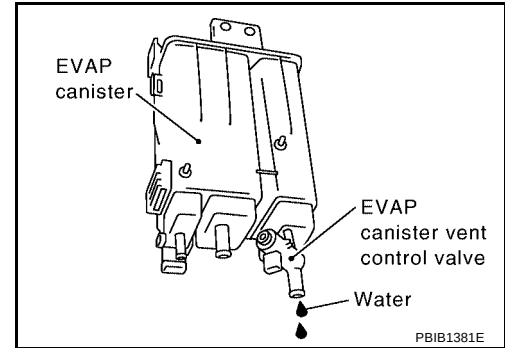
DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

4. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 4.
No >> GO TO 6.



5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-337, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

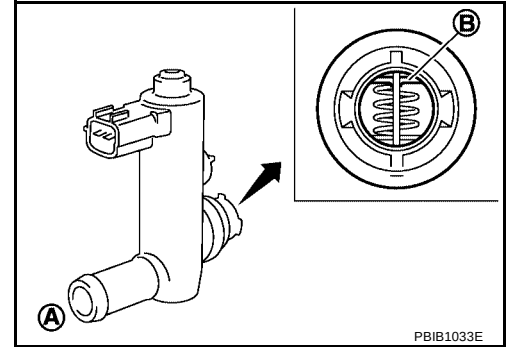
UBS009E2

Component Inspection

EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

With CONSULT-II

1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.
If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.
If OK, go to next step.
3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.



5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.
Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.
If OK, go to next step.

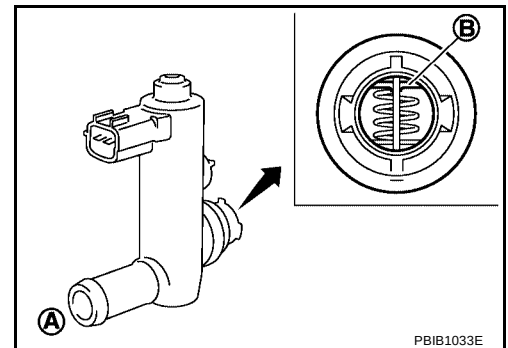
7. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
8. Perform step 6 again.

ACTIVE TEST	
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

PBIB1679E

Without CONSULT-II

1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



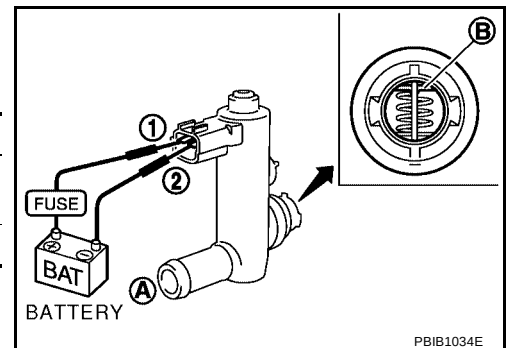
3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.
Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.
If OK, go to next step.

4. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.



DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

5. Perform step 3 again.

DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

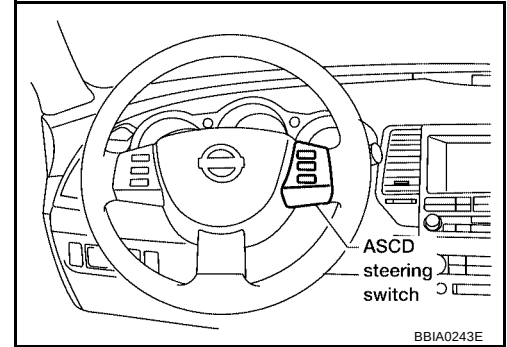
PFP:25551

Component Description

UBS009EA

ASCD steering switch has variant values of electrical resistance for each button. ECM reads voltage variation of switch, and determines which button is operated.

Refer to [EC-686, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE \(ASCD\)"](#) for the ASCD function.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009EB

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAIN SW	● Ignition switch: ON	CRUISE switch: Pressed	ON
		CRUISE switch: Released	OFF
CANCEL SW	● Ignition switch: ON	CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON
		CANCEL switch: Released	OFF
RESUME/ACC SW	● Ignition switch: ON	ACCEL/RES switch: Pressed	ON
		ACCEL/RES switch: Released	OFF
SET SW	● Ignition switch: ON	COAST/SET switch: Pressed	ON
		COAST/SET switch: Released	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009EC

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P1564 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to [EC-381, "DTC P0605 ECM"](#).

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1564 1564	ASCD steering switch	● An excessively high voltage signal from the ASCD steering switch is sent to ECM. ● ECM detects that input signal from the ASCD steering switch is out of the specified range. ● ECM detects that the ASCD steering switch is stuck ON.	● Harness or connectors (The switch circuit is open or shorted.) ● ASCD steering switch ● ECM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009ED

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Press CRUISE switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Press ACCEL/RES switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Press COAST/SET switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Press CANCEL switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
8. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-555, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

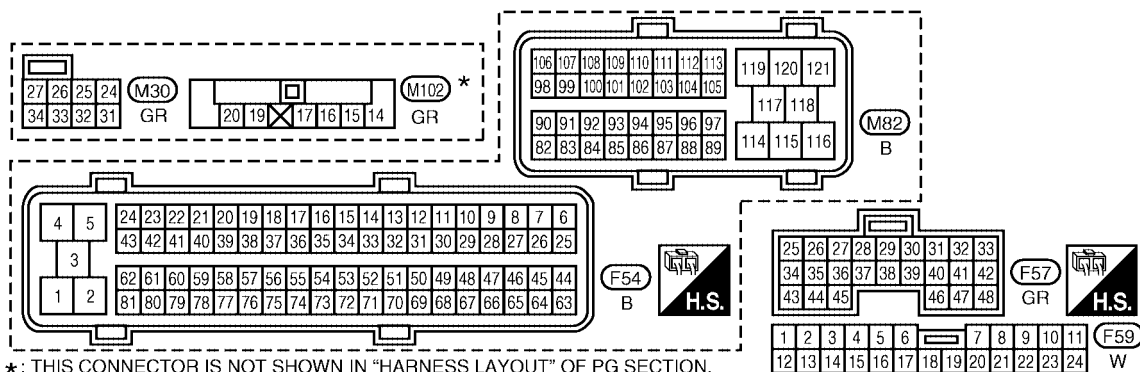
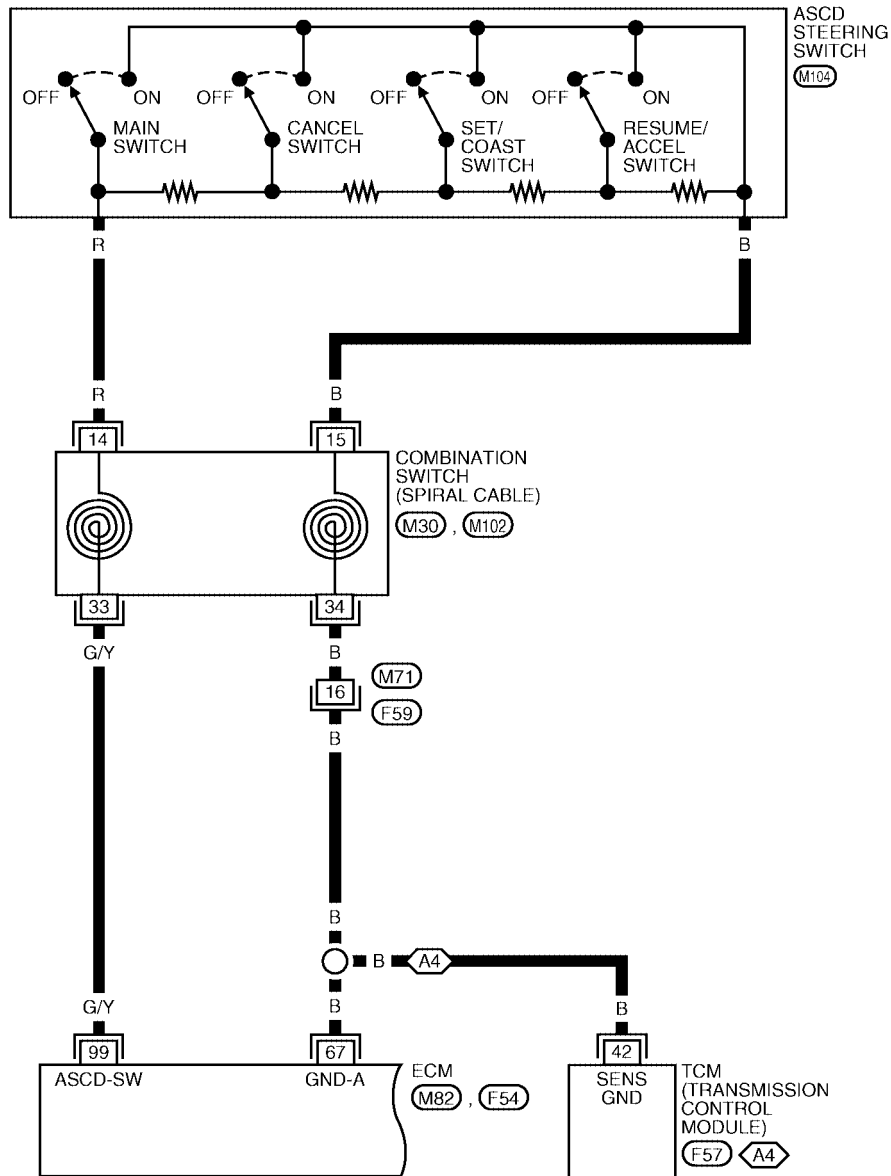
DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Wiring Diagram

UBS009EE

EC-ASC/SW-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 A4 : WITH 4-SPEED A/T



DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
99	G/Y	ASCD steering switch	[Ignition switch: ON] ● ASCD steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● CRUISE switch: ON	Approximately 0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● CANCEL switch: ON	Approximately 1V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● COAST/SET switch: ON	Approximately 2V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● ACCEL/RESUME switch: ON	Approximately 3V

DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

UBS009EF

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH CIRCUIT

With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "MAIN SW", "RESUME/ACC SW", "SET SW" and "CANCEL SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Check each item indication under the following conditions.

Switch	Monitor item	Condition	Indication
CRUISE	MAIN SW	Pressed	ON
		Released	OFF
COAST/SET	SET SW	Pressed	ON
		Released	OFF
ACCEL/RES	RESUME/ACC SW	Pressed	ON
		Released	OFF
CANCEL	CANCEL SW	Pressed	ON
		Released	OFF

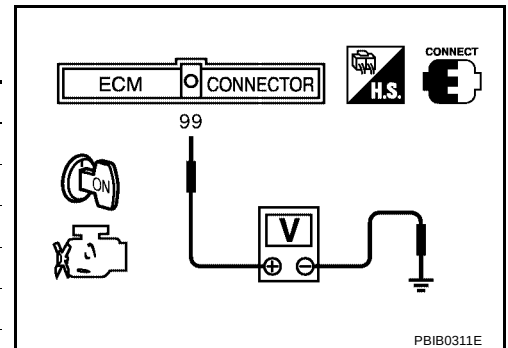
DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
MAIN SW	OFF
CANCEL SW	OFF
RESUME/ACC SW	OFF
SET SW	OFF

SEC006D

Without CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 99 and ground with pressing each button.

Switch	Condition	Voltage [V]
CRUISE SW	Pressed	Approx. 0
	Released	Approx. 4
COAST/SET SW	Pressed	Approx. 2
	Released	Approx. 4
ACCEL/RES SW	Pressed	Approx. 3
	Released	Approx. 4
CANCEL SW	Pressed	Approx. 1
	Released	Approx. 4



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 2.

DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

2. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

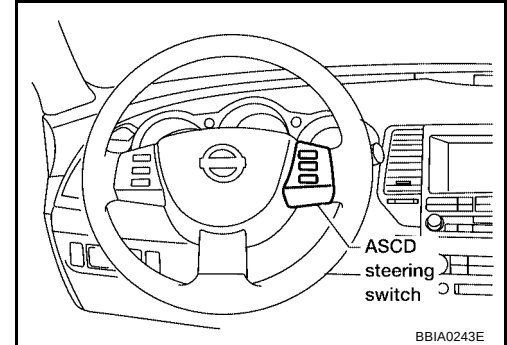
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect combination switch harness connector M102.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
5. Check harness continuity between combination switch terminal 15 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

6. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M71, F59
- Combination switch (spiral cable)
- Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch
- Harness for open and short between TCM and combination switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 99 and combination switch terminal 14.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Combination switch (spiral cable)
- Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Refer to [EC-557, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Replace steering wheel.

DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

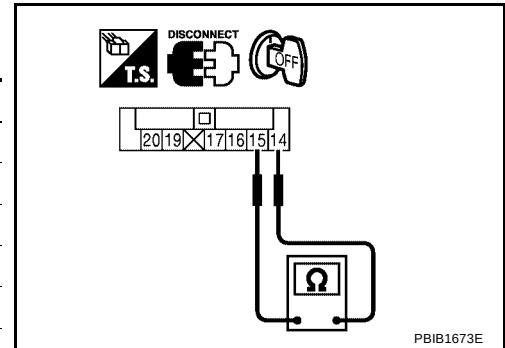
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ASCD STEERING SWITCH

UBS009EG

1. Disconnect combination switch (spiral cable).
2. Check continuity between combination switch (spiral cable) terminals 14 and 15 with pushing each switch.

Switch	Condition	Resistance [Ω]
CRUISE SW	Pressed	Approx. 0
	Released	Approx. 4,000
COAST/SET SW	Pressed	Approx. 660
	Released	Approx. 4,000
ACCEL/RES SW	Pressed	Approx. 1,480
	Released	Approx. 4,000
CANCEL SW	Pressed	Approx. 250
	Released	Approx. 4,000



DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

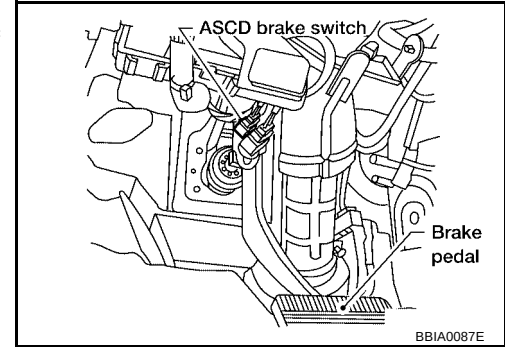
PFP:25320

Component Description

UBS009ER

When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal).

Refer to [EC-686, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE \(ASCD\)"](#) for the ASCD function.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009ES

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW1 (ASCD brake switch)	● Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released (A/T) Clutch pedal and brake pedal: Fully released (M/T)	ON
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed (A/T) Clutch pedal and/or brake pedal: Slightly depressed (M/T)	OFF
BRAKE SW2 (Stop lamp switch)	● Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009ET

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P 1572 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to [EC-381, "DTC P0605 ECM"](#).

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1572 1572	ASCD brake switch	When the vehicle speed is above 30 km/h (19 MPH), ON signals from the stop lamp switch and the ASCD brake switch are sent to the ECM at the same time.	● Harness or connectors (The stop lamp switch circuit is open or shorted.) ● Harness or connectors (The ASCD brake switch circuit is open or shorted.) ● Harness or connectors (The ASCD clutch switch circuit is open or shorted.) ● Stop lamp switch ● ASCD brake switch ● ASCD clutch switch ● Incorrect stop lamp switch installation ● Incorrect ASCD brake switch installation ● Incorrect ASCD clutch switch installation ● ECM

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

UBS009EU

DTC confirmation Procedure

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 3 and 4 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine (TCS switch or VDC switch OFF).
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

If DTC is detected, go to [EC-562. "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

If DTC is not detected, go to the following step.

4. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Depress the brake pedal for more than 5 seconds so as not to come off from the above-mentioned condition.

5. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-562. "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

④ WITH GST

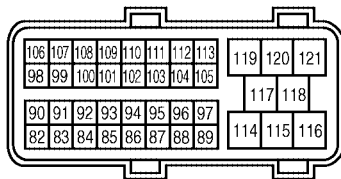
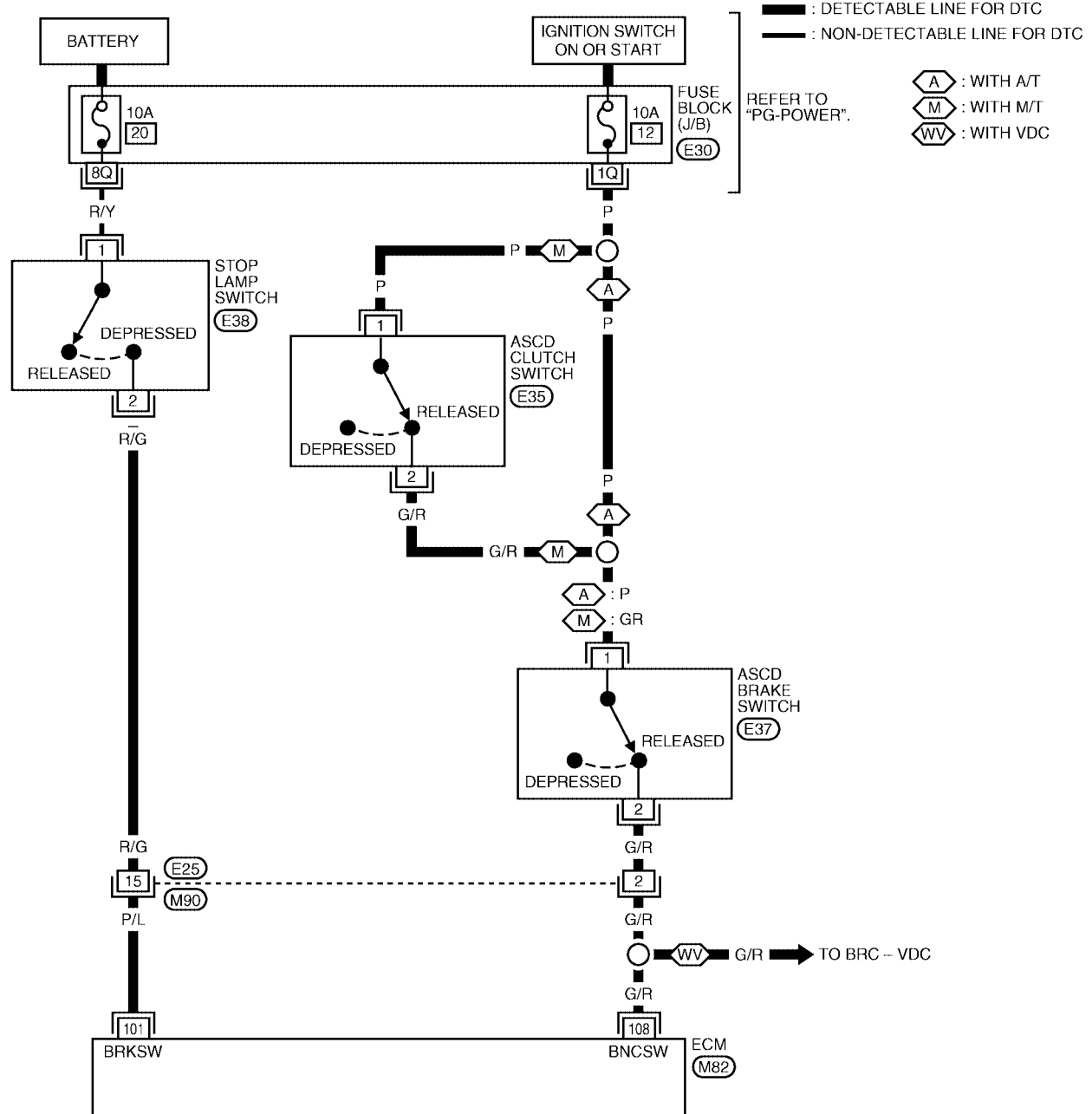
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

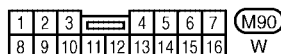
Wiring Diagram

UBS009EV

EC-ASC/BS-01



M82
B



M90
W



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(E30) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

BBWA0647E

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
108	G/R	ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Brake pedal is fully released (A/T) ● Clutch pedal and brake pedal are fully released (M/T)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Brake pedal is depressed (A/T) ● Clutch pedal and/or brake pedal is slightly depressed (M/T)	Approximately 0V

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

UBS009EW

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

With CONSULT-II

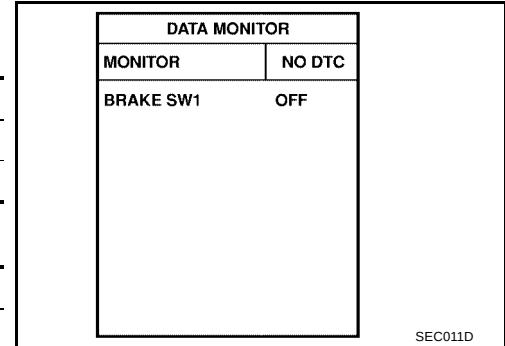
1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

A/T models

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is depressed	OFF
When brake pedal is fully released	ON

M/T models

CONDITION	INDICATION
When clutch pedal or brake pedal is depressed	OFF
When clutch pedal and brake pedal are fully released	ON



Without CONSULT-II

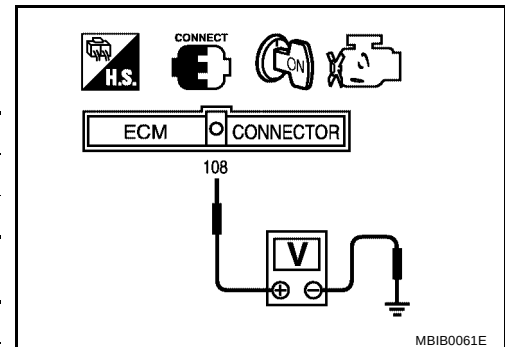
1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

A/T models

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is fully released	Battery voltage

M/T models

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When clutch pedal or brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When clutch pedal and brake pedal are fully released	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG (M/T models)>>GO TO 3.

NG (A/T models)>>GO TO 8.

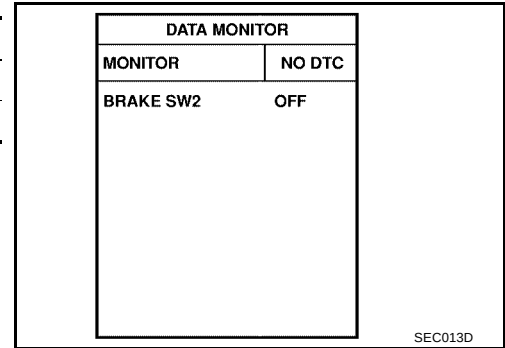
DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

With CONSULT-II

Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is released	OFF
When brake pedal is depressed	ON



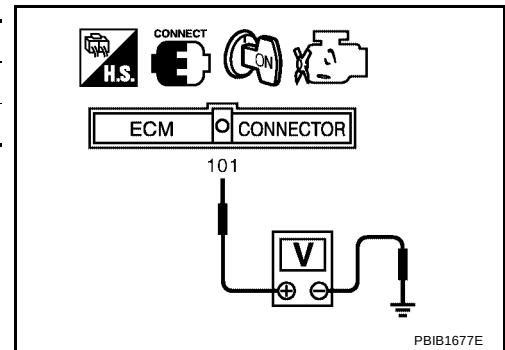
Without CONSULT-II

Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is released	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is depressed	Battery voltage

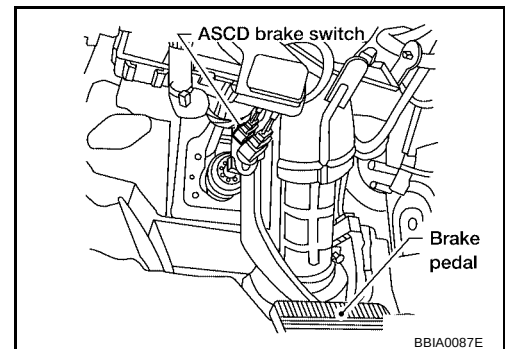
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
- NG >> GO TO 13.



3. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

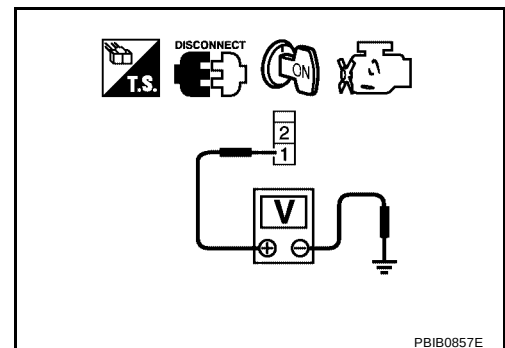


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When clutch pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When clutch pedal is fully released	Battery voltage

OK or NG

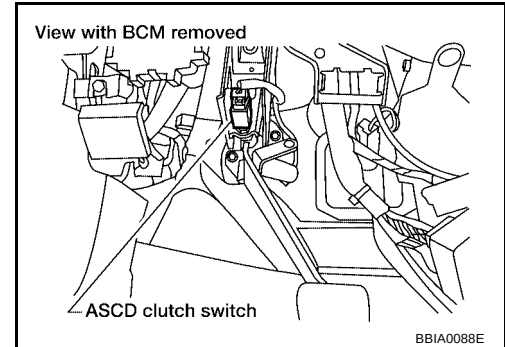
- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> GO TO 4.



DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

4. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

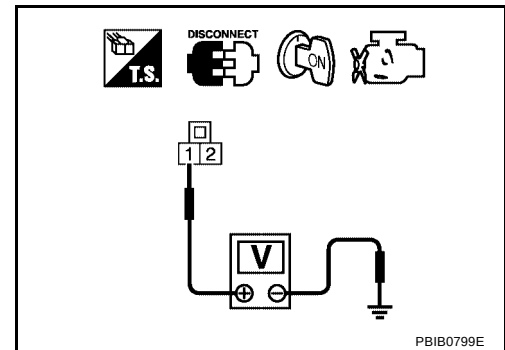


4. Check voltage between ASCD clutch switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E30
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD clutch switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminal 2 and ASCD brake switch terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

Refer to [EC-567, "Component Inspection"](#)

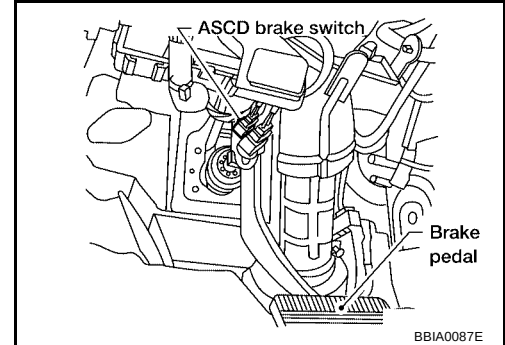
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
NG >> Replace ASCD clutch switch.

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

8. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

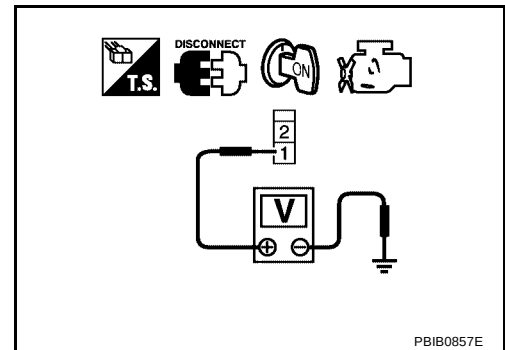


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 9.



9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E30
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
NG >> GO TO 11.

11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ASCD brake switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

12. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

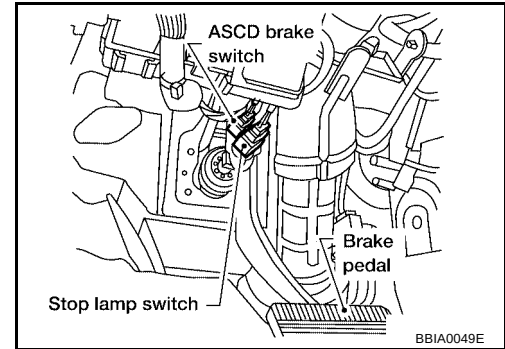
Refer to [EC-567, "Component Inspection"](#)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
- NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

13. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

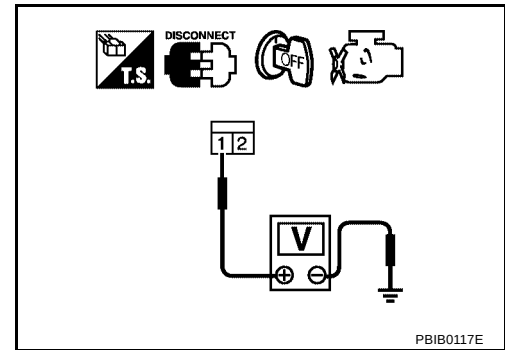


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 15.
- NG >> GO TO 14.



14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E30
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

15. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
- NG >> GO TO 16.

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

16. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

17. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to [EC-567, "Component Inspection"](#)

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

18. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

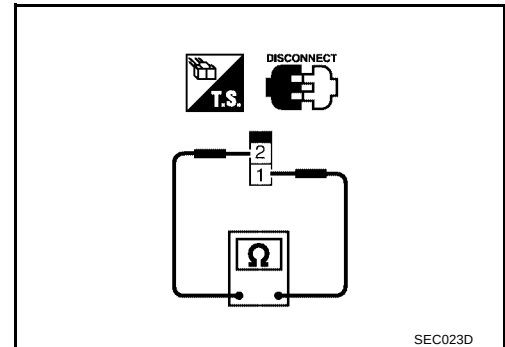
Component Inspection ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

UBS009EX

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to [BR-6, "BRAKE PEDAL"](#) , and perform step 3 again.

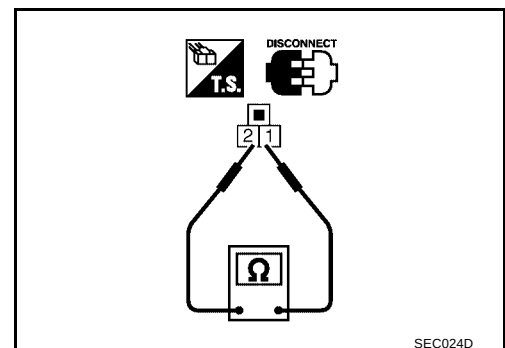


ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When clutch pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD clutch switch installation, refer to [CL-5, "CLUTCH PEDAL"](#) , and perform step 3 again.



STOP LAMP SWITCH

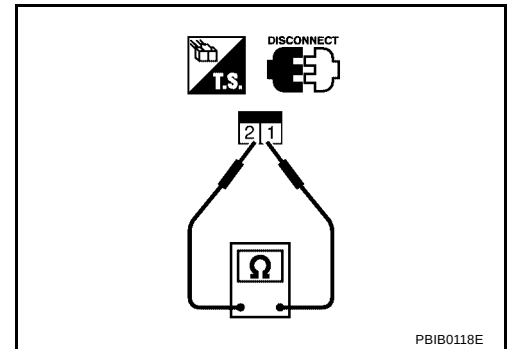
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should not exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to [BR-6](#), "[BRAKE PEDAL](#)", and perform step 3 again.



DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

PFP:31036

Component Description

UBS009F2

The ECM receives two vehicle speed sensor signals via CAN communication line. One is sent from “unified meter and A/C amp.” and the other is from TCM (Transmission control module). The ECM uses these signals for ASCD control. Refer to [EC-686, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE \(ASCD\)"](#) for ASCD functions.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009F3

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.
The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1000, U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#) .
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0500, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0500. Refer to [EC-370, "DTC P0500 VSS"](#)
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to [EC-381, "DTC P0605 ECM"](#)

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1574 1574	ASCD vehicle speed sensor	ECM detects a difference between two vehicle speed signals is out of the specified range.	● Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.) ● Unified meter and A/C amp. ● ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) ● Wheel sensor ● TCM ● ECM

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009F4

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Step 3 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Start engine (TCS switch or VDC switch OFF).
2. Select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Drive the vehicle at more than 40 km/h (25 MPH).
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-570, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure “WITH CONSULT-II” above.

DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009F5

1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to [AT-39, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code \(DTC\)"](#) or [AT-418, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code \(DTC\)"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

2. CHECK DTC WITH ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)

Refer to [BRC-53, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#) or [BRC-97, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

PFP:32006

Component Description

UBS009F6

When the shift position is P or N (A/T models), Neutral (M/T models), park/neutral position (PNP) switch is turned ON.

ECM detects the position because the continuity of the line (the ON signal) exists.

For A/T models, the park/neutral position (PNP) switch assembly also indicates a transmission range switch to detect selector lever position.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009F7

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW	● Ignition switch: ON	Shift lever: P or N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	ON
		Shift lever: Except above	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009F8

NOTE:

If DTC P1706 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1706 1706	Park/neutral position switch	The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driving.	● Harness or connectors [The park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is open or shorted.] ● Harness or connectors [The CAN communication line is open or shorted.] (5-speed A/T models) ● Park/neutral position (PNP) switch ● Unified meter and A/C amp. (A/T models) ● TCM (5-speed A/T models)

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009F9

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

Position (Selector lever)	Known-good signal
N and P position (A/T models) Neutral position (M/T models)	ON
Except the above position	OFF

If NG, go to [EC-574, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#).

If OK, go to following step.

3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
P/N POSI SW	ON

SEF212Y

DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

5. Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,400 - 6,375 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	more than 2.0 msec
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-574, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
P/N POSI SW	OFF
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

SEF213Y

Overall Function Check

UBS009FA

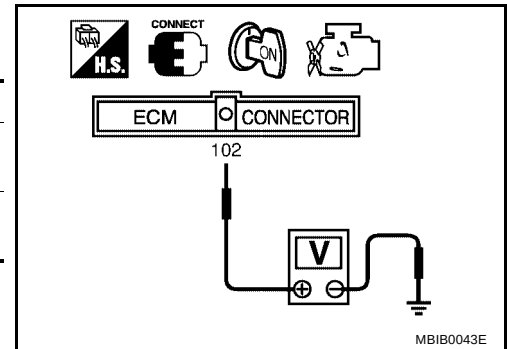
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

WITH GST

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 102 (PNP switch signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage V (Known good data)
P and N position (A/T models) Neutral position (M/T models)	Approx. 0
Except the above position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

3. If NG, go to [EC-574, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

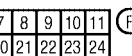
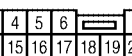
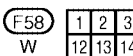
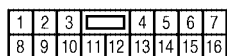
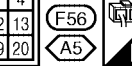
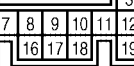
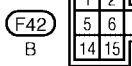
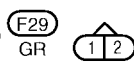
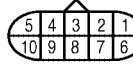
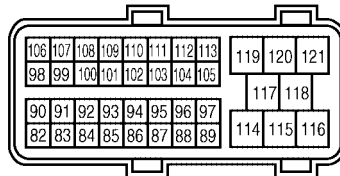
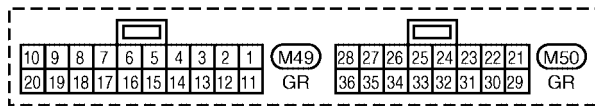
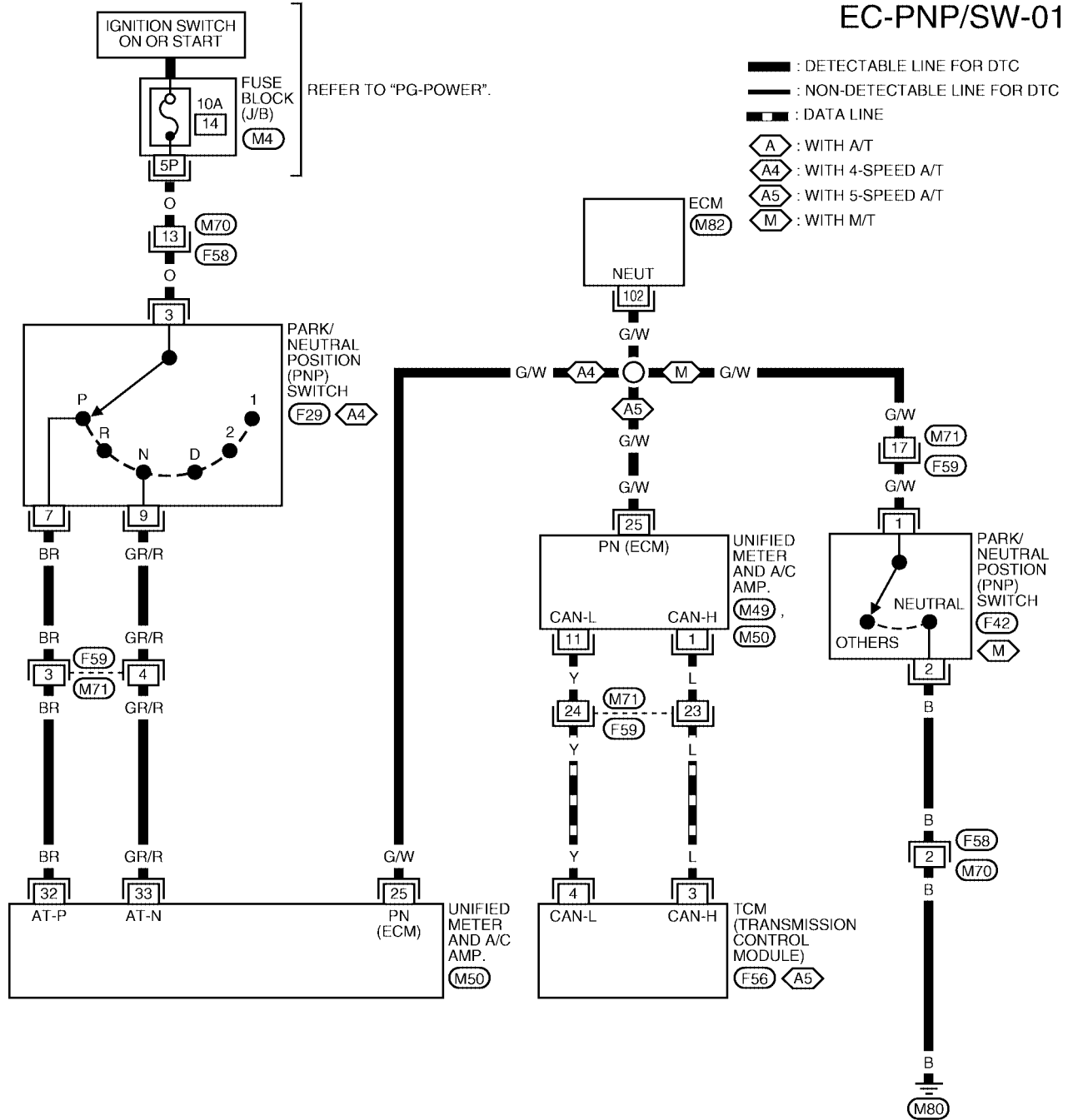


DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

UBS009FB

Wiring Diagram

EC-PNP/SW-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

BBWA0648E

DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102	G/W	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Shift lever: P or N (A/T), Neutral M/T)	Approximately 0V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Except the above gear position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00A0H

1. CONFIRM THE TRANSMISSION TYPE

Which type of transmission (M/T, 4-speed A/T or 5-speed A/T) is on the vehicle?

M/T, 4-speed A/T or 5-speed A/T

- M/T >> Go to [EC-574, "PROCEDURE A"](#) .
4-speed A/T>>Go to [EC-575, "PROCEDURE B"](#) .
5-speed A/T>>Go to [EC-577, "PROCEDURE C"](#) .

PROCEDURE A

1. CHECK PNP SWITCH GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

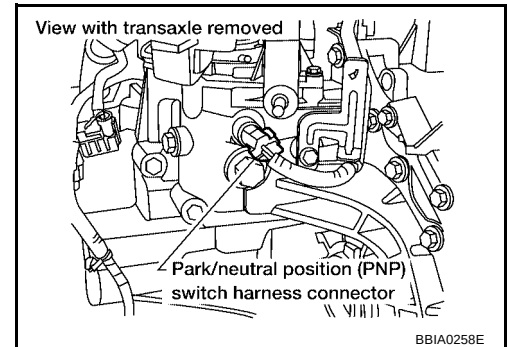
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect PNP switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between PNP switch terminal 2 and body ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F58, M70
- Harness for open or short between PNP switch and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

3. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 102 and PNP switch terminal 1.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.

DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F59, M71
- Harness for open or short between PNP switch and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK PNP SWITCH

Refer to [MT-12, "POSITION SWITCH"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Replace PNP switch.

6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

PROCEDURE B

1. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch OFF, then turn it to START.

Does starter motor operate?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 2.
- No >> Refer to [SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM"](#) .

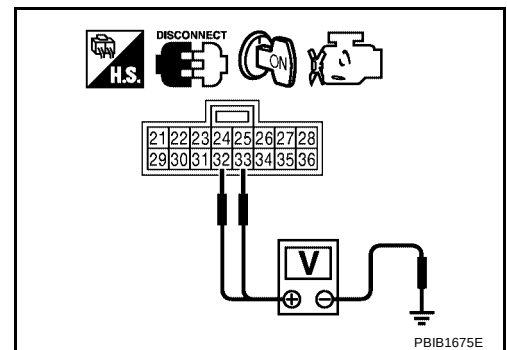
2. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "unified meter and A/C amp." harness connector M50.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between "unified meter and A/C amp." terminals 32, 33 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester under the following conditions.

Condition (Shift position)	Voltage	
	Terminal 32	Terminal 33
P position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	Approximately 0 V
N position	Approximately 0 V	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
Except the above position	Approximately 0 V	Approximately 0 V

OK or NG

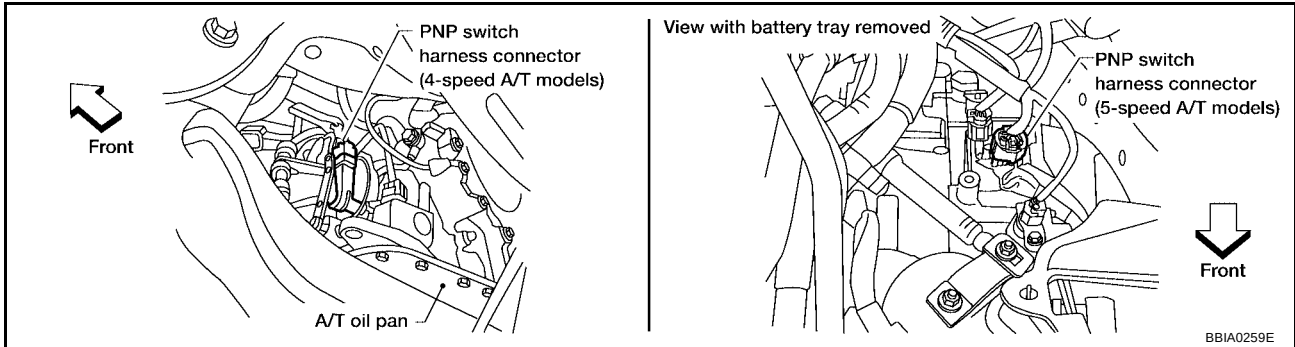
- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> GO TO 3.



DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

3. CHECK PNP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect PNP switch harness connector.

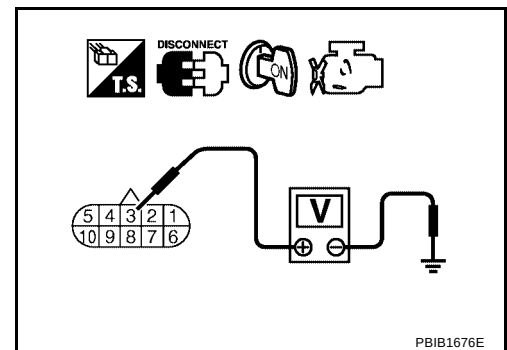


3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check voltage between PNP switch terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F58, M70
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- Harness for open or short between PNP switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

1. Check harness continuity between PNP switch terminal 7 and “unified meter and A/C amp.” terminal 32, PNP switch terminal 9 and “unified meter and A/C amp.” terminal 33.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F59, M71
- Harness for open or short between PNP switch and “unified meter and A/C amp.”

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

7. CHECK PNP SWITCH

Refer to [AT-105, "DTC P0705 PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> Replace PNP switch.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

9. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 102 and "unified meter and A/C amp." terminal 25.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
NG >> Repair or replace.

11. REPLACE UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

PROCEDURE C

1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

Refer to [AT-418, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code \(DTC\)"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch OFF, then turn it to START.

Does starter motor operate?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 3.
No >> Refer to [SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM"](#) .

DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

3. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect "unified meter and A/C amp." harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 102 and "unified meter and A/C amp." terminal 25.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace.

5. REPLACE UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

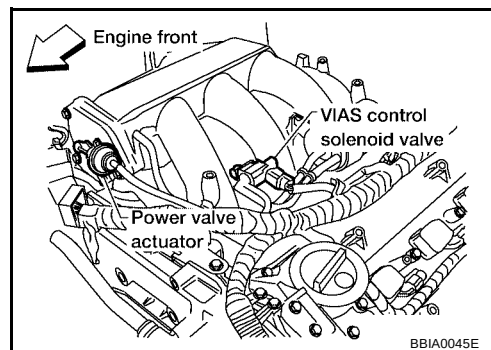
DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:14955

Component Description

UBS009FD

The VIAS control solenoid valve cuts the intake manifold vacuum signal for power valve control. It responds to ON/OFF signals from the ECM. When the solenoid is off, the vacuum signal from the intake manifold is cut. When the ECM sends an ON signal the coil pulls the plunger downward and feeds the vacuum signal to the power valve actuator.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009FE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
VIAS S/V	● Engine: After warming up	1,800 - 3,600 rpm	ON
		Except above conditions	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009FF

The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1800 1800	VIAS control solenoid valve circuit	An excessively low or high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	● Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● VIAS control solenoid valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009FG

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 11V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-581, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

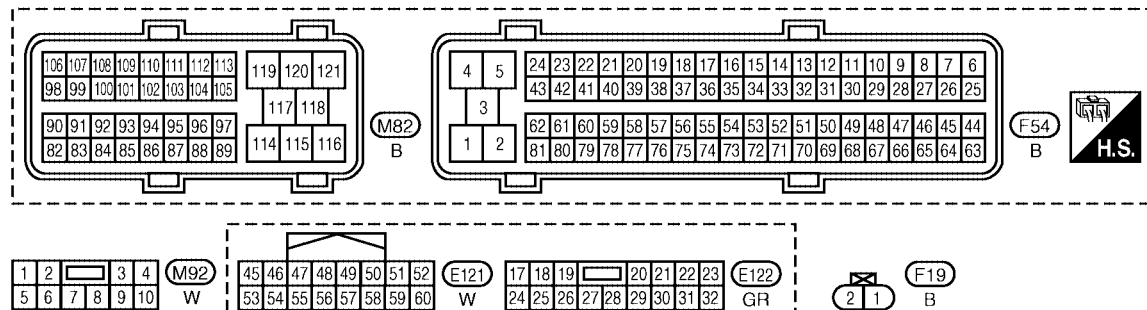
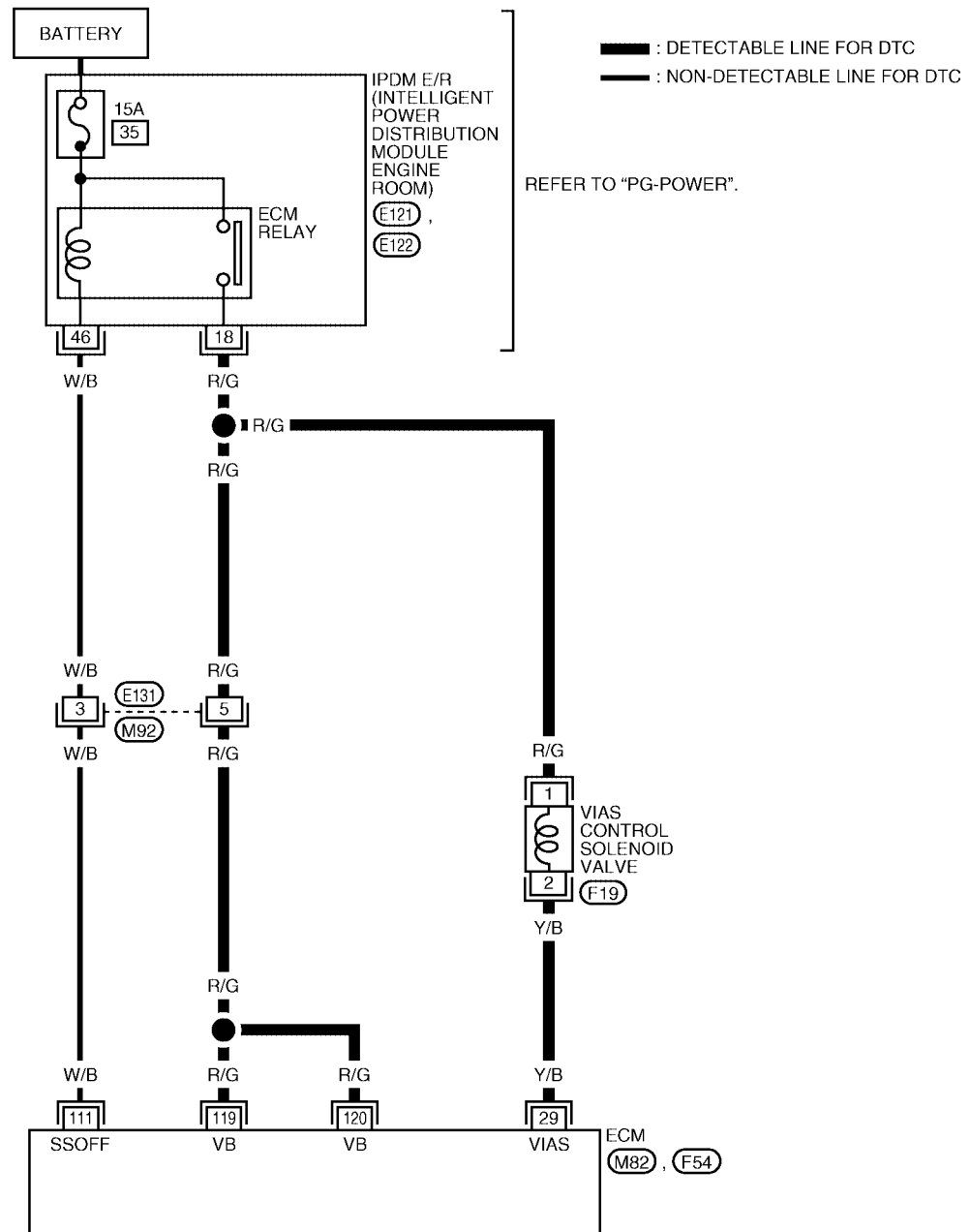
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Wiring Diagram

UBS009FH

EC-VIAS/V-01



BBWA0649E

DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

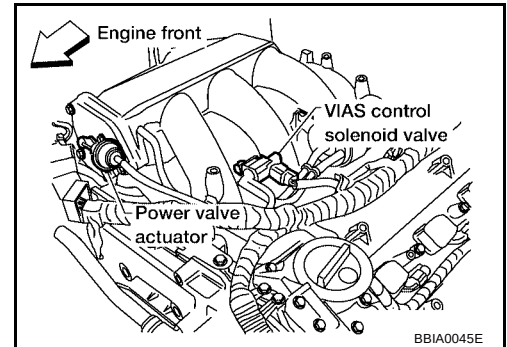
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
29	Y/B	VIAS control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is between 1,800 and 3,600 rpm.	0 - 1.0V
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009FI

1. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

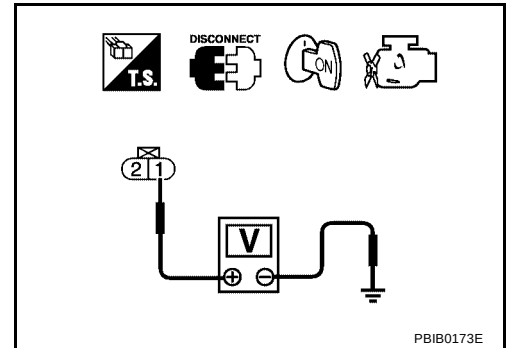


4. Check voltage between terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
NG >> GO TO 2.



DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- IPDM E/R connector E122
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 29 and VIAS control solenoid valve terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-582, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve.

5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

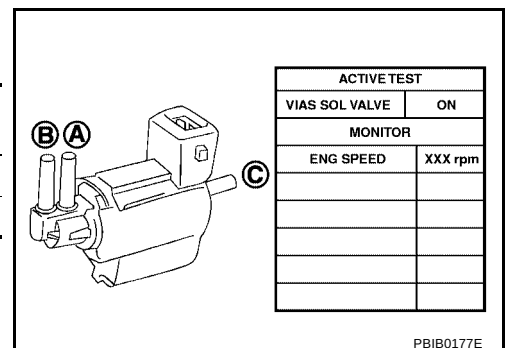
UBS009FJ

④ With CONSULT-II

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition VIAS SOL VALVE	Air passage continuity between A and B	Air passage continuity between A and C
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.



DTC P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE



With GST

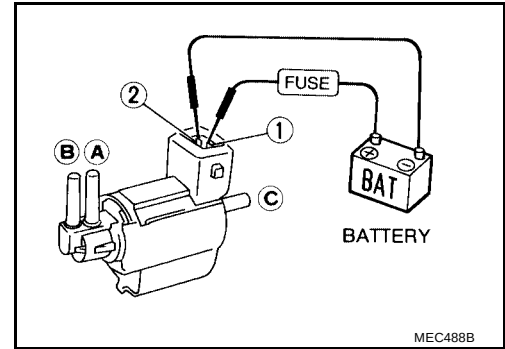
Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B	Air passage continuity between A and C
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

Removal and Installation VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EM-25, "INTAKE MANIFOLD"](#) .



UBS009FK

DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

PFP:25320

Description

UBS009FL

Brake switch signal is applied to the ECM through the stop lamp switch when the brake pedal is depressed. This signal is used mainly to decrease the engine speed when the vehicle is driving.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009FM

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW	● Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009FN

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1805 1805	Brake switch	A brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for an extremely long time while the vehicle is driving.	● Harness or connectors (Stop lamp switch circuit is open or shorted.) ● Stop lamp switch

FALI-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to a small range. Therefore, acceleration will be poor.	
Vehicle condition	Driving condition
When engine is idling	Normal
When accelerating	Poor acceleration

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009FO

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Fully depress the brake pedal for at least 5 seconds.
3. Erase the DTC with CONSULT-II.
4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to [EC-586, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

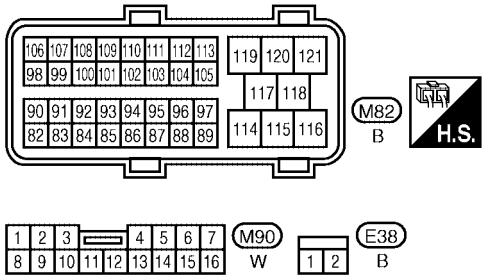
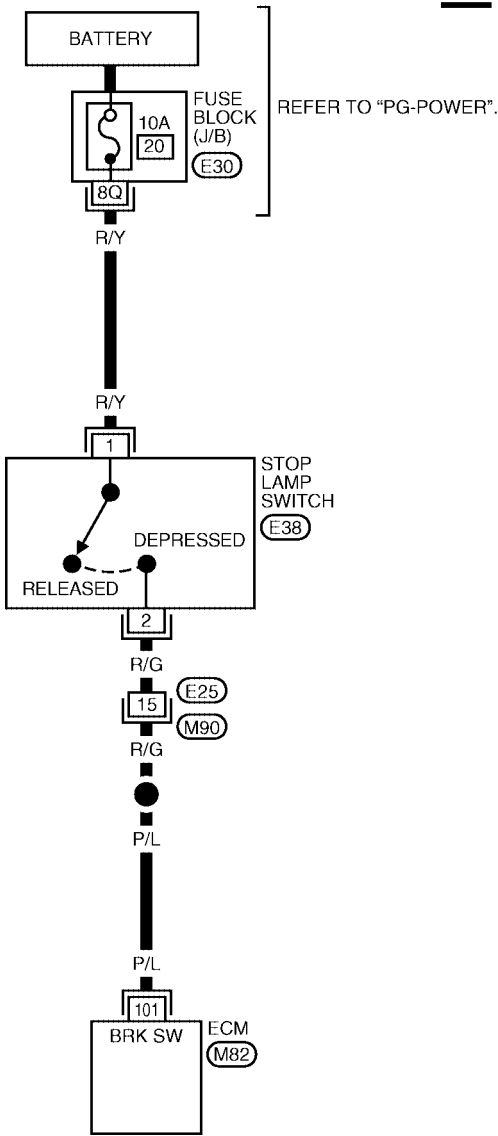
DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

Wiring Diagram

UBS009FP

EC-BRK/SW-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(E30) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

BBWA0650E

DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009FQ

1. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check the stop lamp when depressing and releasing the brake pedal.

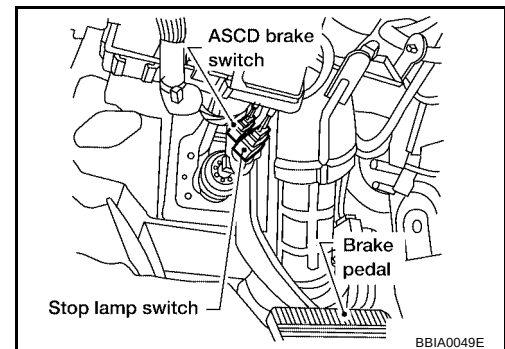
Brake pedal	Stop lamp
Fully released	Not illuminated
Depressed	Illuminated

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

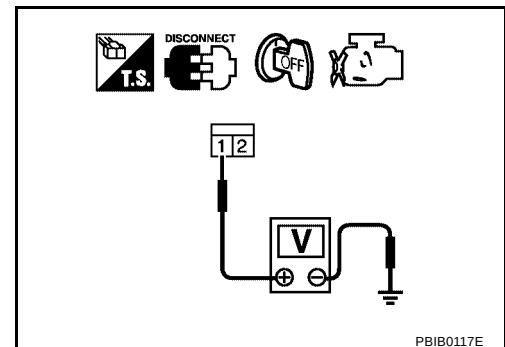


2. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 10A fuse
- Fuse block (J/B) connector E30
- Harness for open and short between stop lamp switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to [EC-588, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

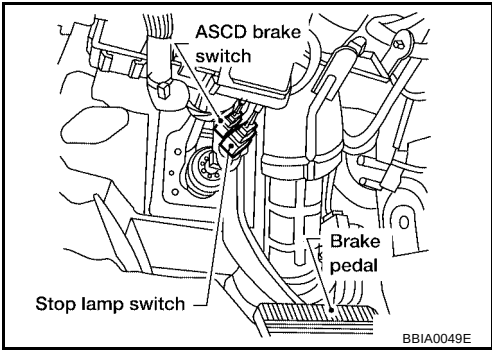
>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

UBS009FR

Component Inspection
STOP LAMP SWITCH

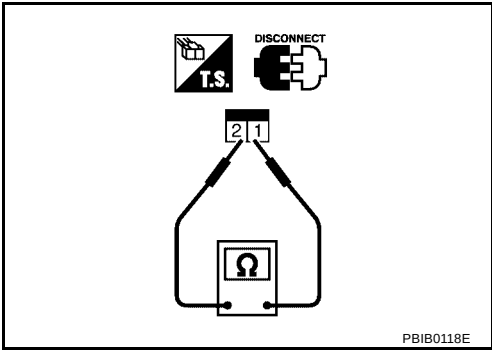
1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



2. Check continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Conditions	Continuity
Brake pedal fully released	Should not exist.
Brake pedal depressed	Should exist.

3. If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to [BR-6](#), "[BRAKE PEDAL](#)", and perform step 2 again.



DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

PFP:18002

UBS009FS

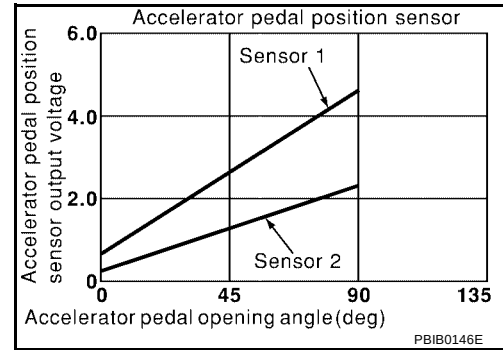
DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

Component Description

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009FT

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN1 ACCEL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
CLSD THL POS	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
		Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009FU

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2122 2122	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The APP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Accelerator pedal position sensor (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)
P2123 2123	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

UBS009FV

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-592, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
SEF058Y	

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

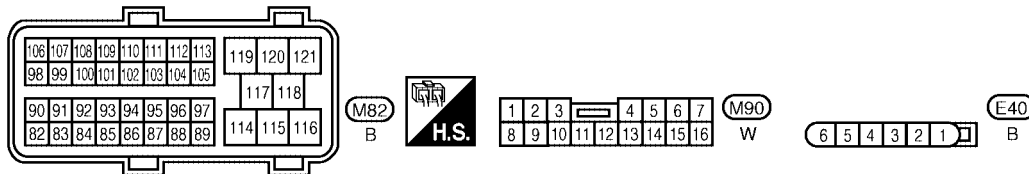
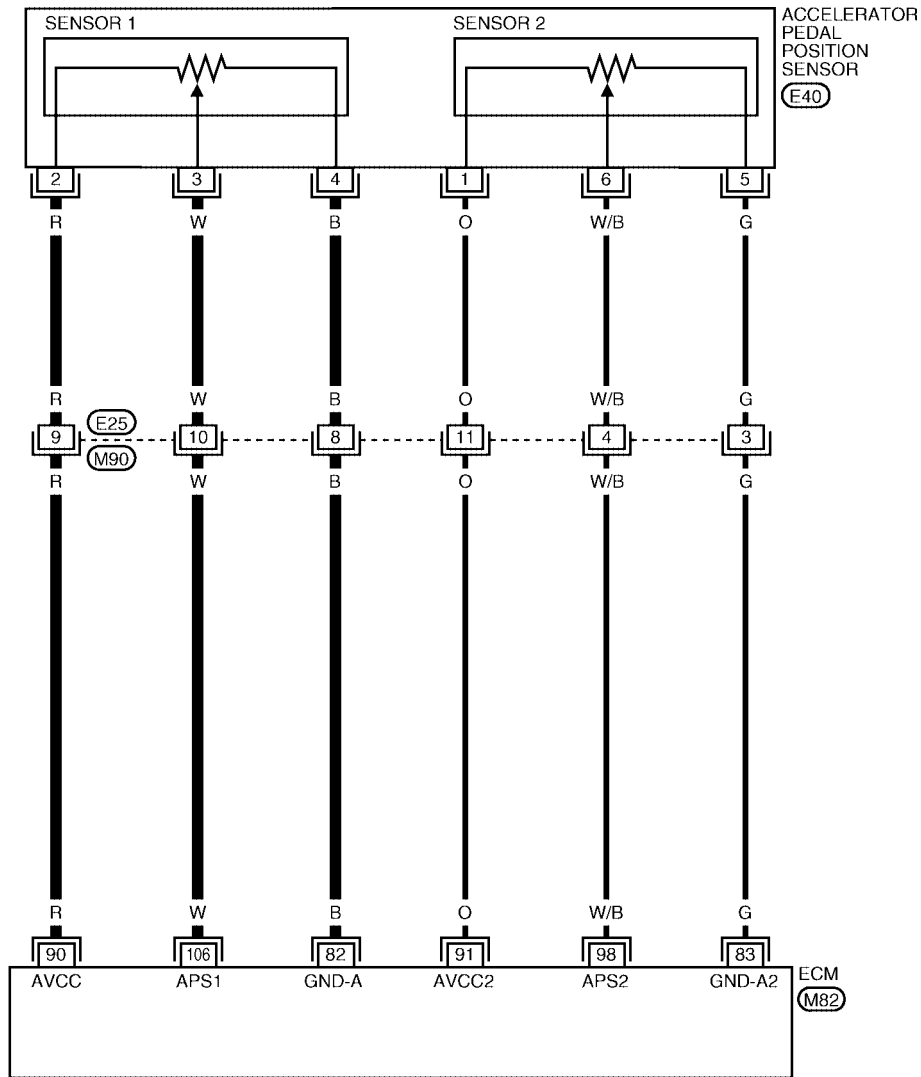
DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS009FW

EC-APPS1-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 - - - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



BBWA0628E

DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
82	B	APP sensor 1 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
83	G	APP sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
90	R	APP sensor 1 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	O	APP sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98	W/B	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.45V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 2.4V
106	W	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

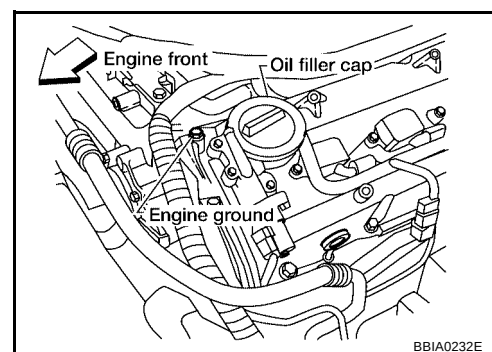
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009FX

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

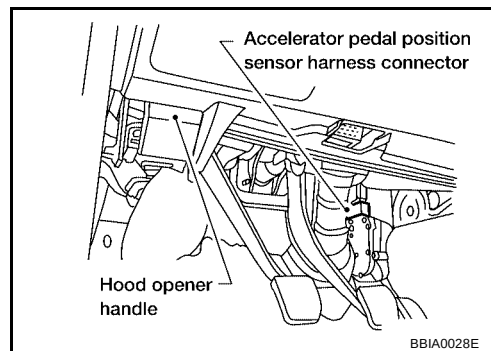
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

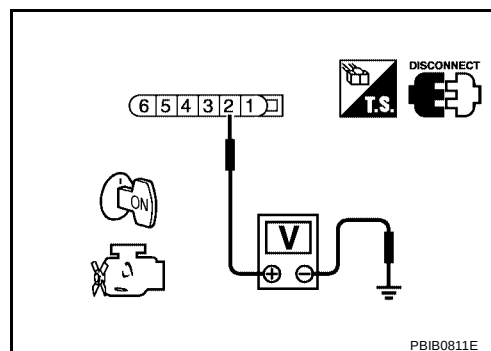


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 82 and APP sensor terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

6. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 3.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to [EC-594, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

UBS009FY

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

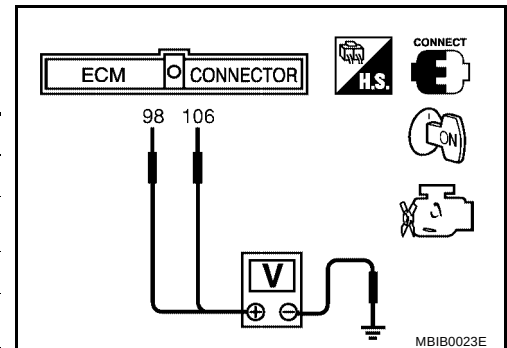
Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106 (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
98 (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully released	0.3 - 0.45V
	Fully depressed	Less than 2.4V

4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
5. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#) .
6. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
7. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

UBS009FZ

Refer to [ACC-2, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM"](#) .



DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

PFP:18002

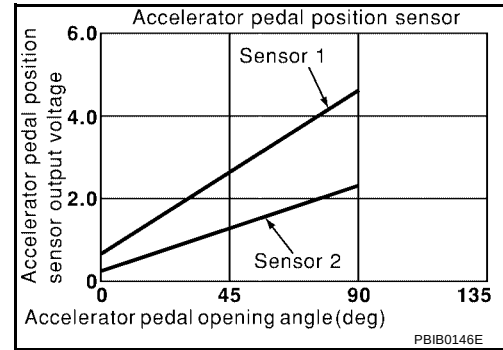
Component Description

UBS009G0

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009G1

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN1 ACCEL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
CLSD THL POS	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
		Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009G2

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2127 2127	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The APP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Accelerator pedal position sensor (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)
P2128 2128	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

UBS009G3

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-598, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
SEF058Y	

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

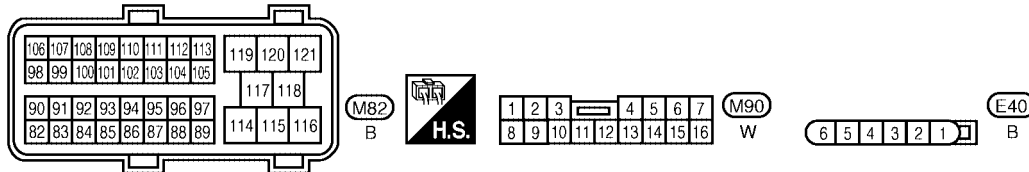
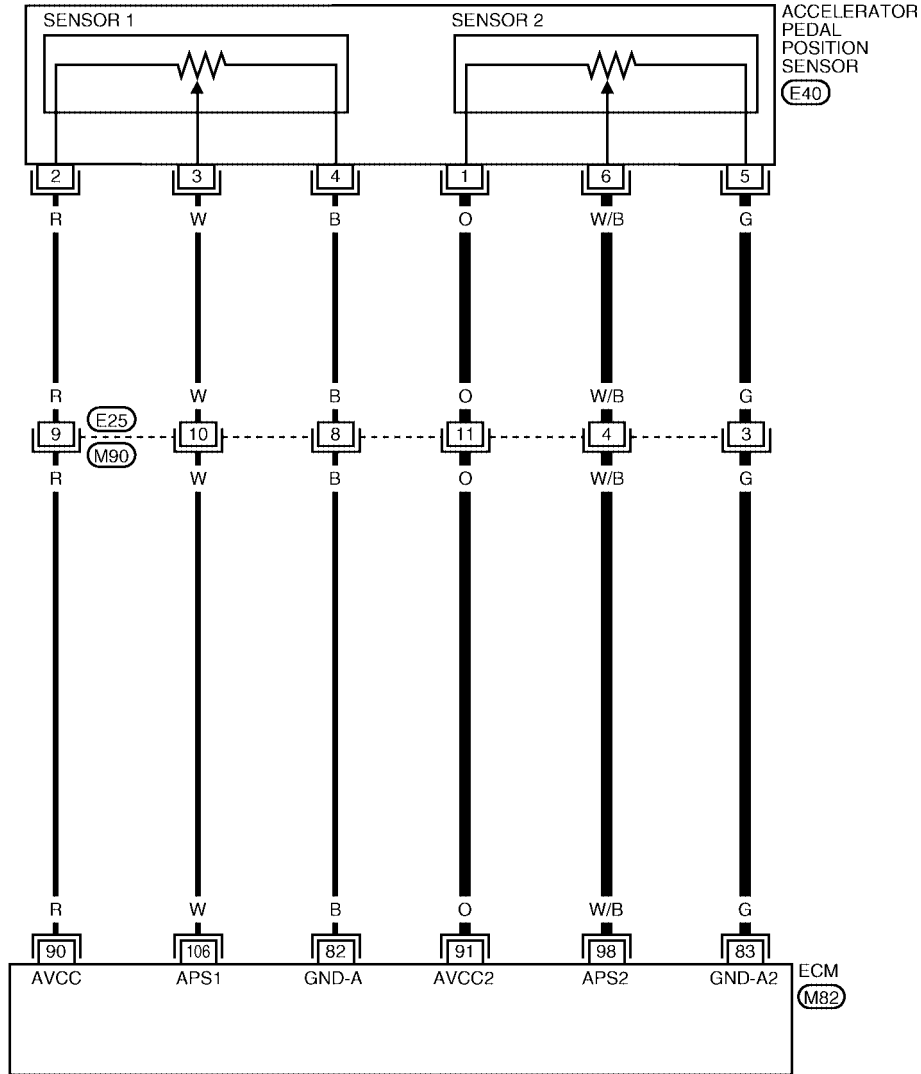
DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS009G4

EC-APPS2-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



BBWA0629E

DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
82	B	APP sensor 1 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
83	G	APP sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
90	R	APP sensor 1 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	O	APP sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98	W/B	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.45V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 2.4V
106	W	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

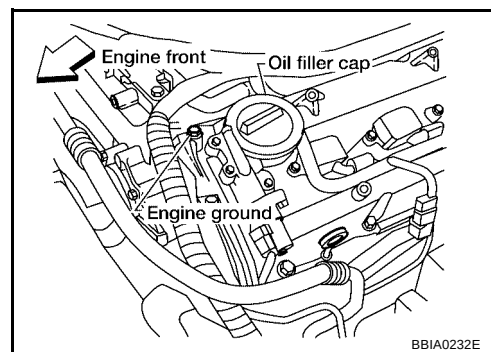
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009G5

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

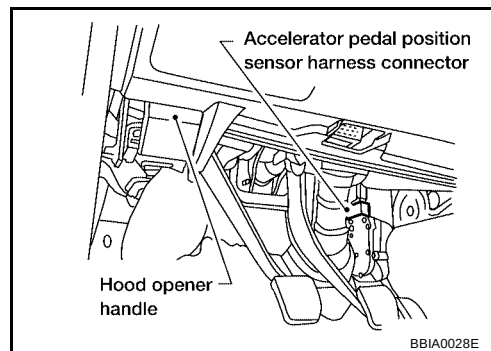
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

2. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

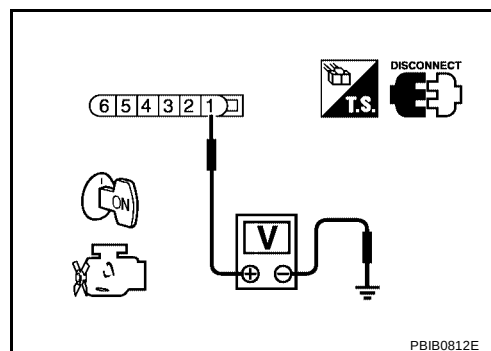


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 83 and APP sensor terminal 5. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

6. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 98 and APP sensor terminal 6.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to [EC-600, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

UBS009G6

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

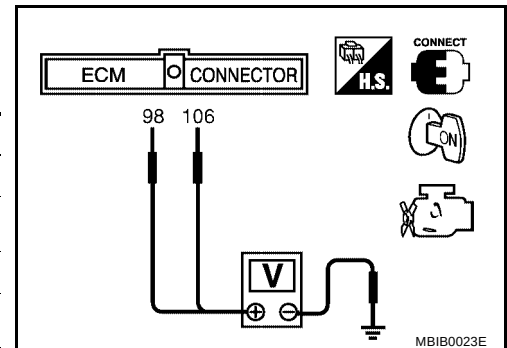
Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106 (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
98 (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully released	0.3 - 0.45V
	Fully depressed	Less than 2.4V

4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
5. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#).
6. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#).
7. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#).

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

UBS009G7

Refer to [ACC-2, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM"](#).



DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

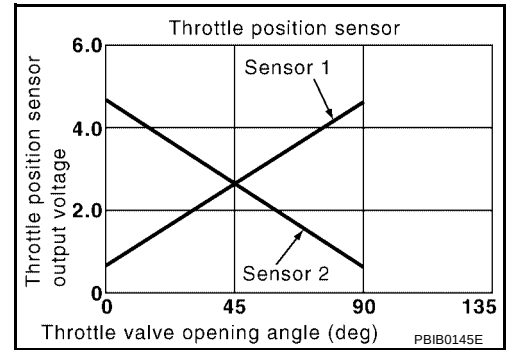
PFP:16119

Component Description

UBS009G8

Electric Throttle Control Actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009G9

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009GA

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2135 2135	Throttle position sensor circuit range/perfor- mance problem	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from TP sensor 1 and TP sensor 2.	● Harness or connector (The TP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UBS009GB

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-604, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

SEF058Y

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

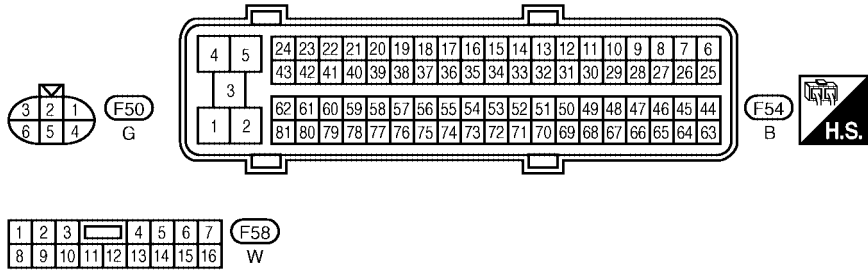
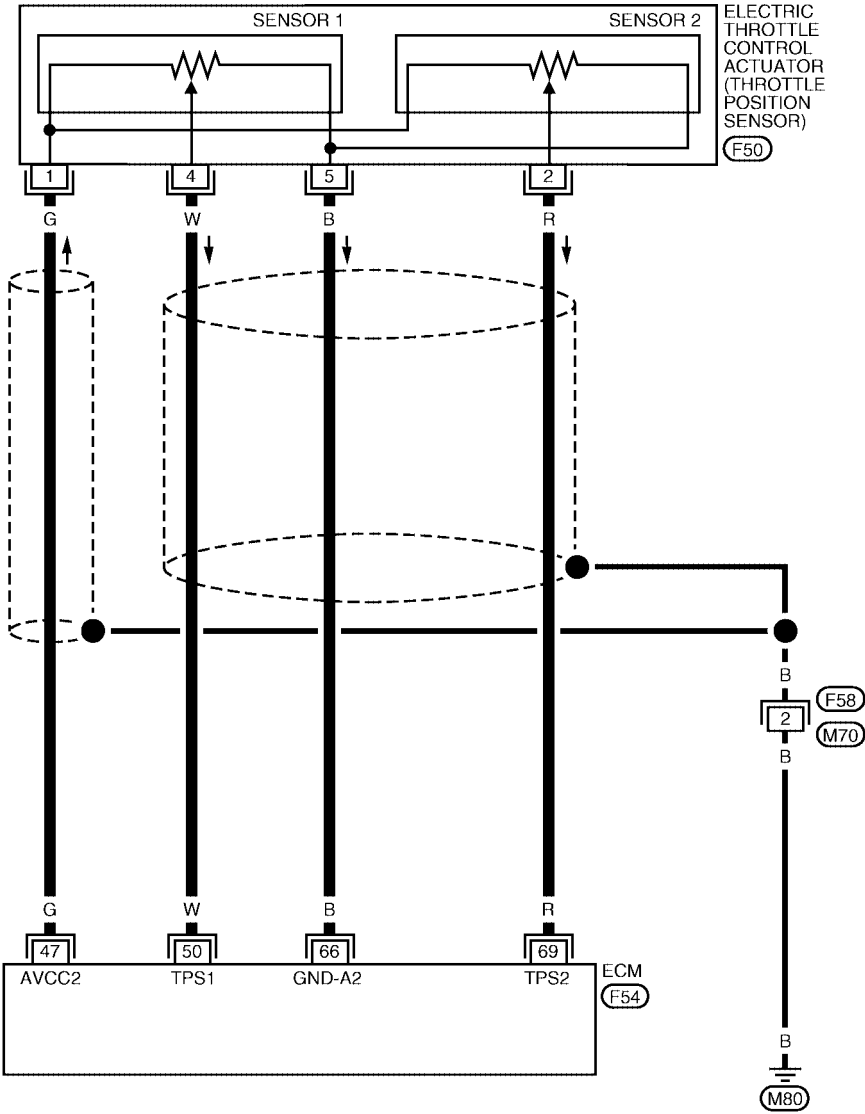
DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS009GC

EC-TPS3-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



BBWA0625E

DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	G	Throttle position sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50	W	Throttle position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully released	More than 0.36V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
66	B	Throttle position sensor ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69	R	Throttle position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully released	Less than 4.75V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	More than 0.36V

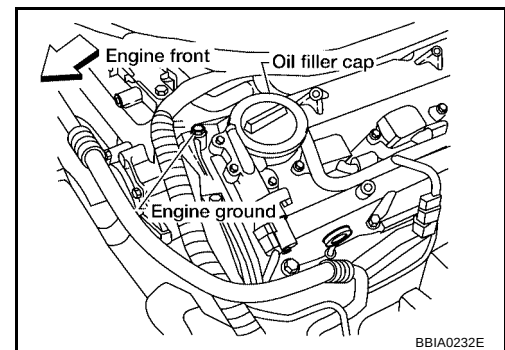
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009GD

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

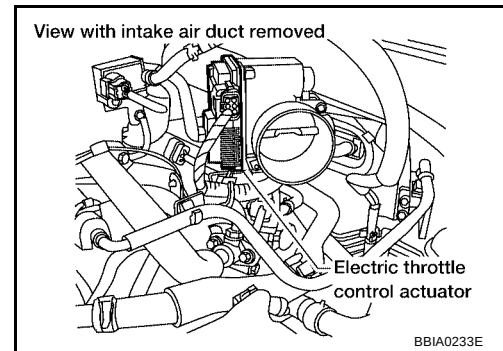
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

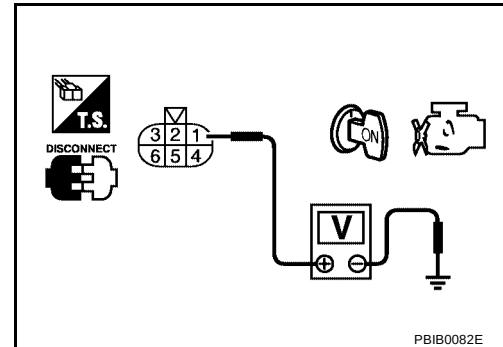


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 66 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 5. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 4, ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to [EC-606, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> GO TO 6.

DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

6. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

UBS009GE

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Set selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T).
5. Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

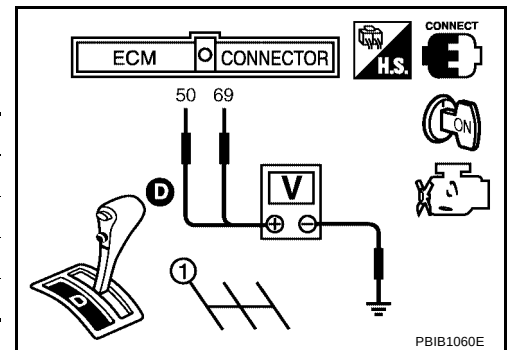
Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50 (Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully released	More than 0.36V
	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69 (Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
7. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#) .
8. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#) .

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS009GF

Refer to [EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR"](#) .



DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

PFP:18002

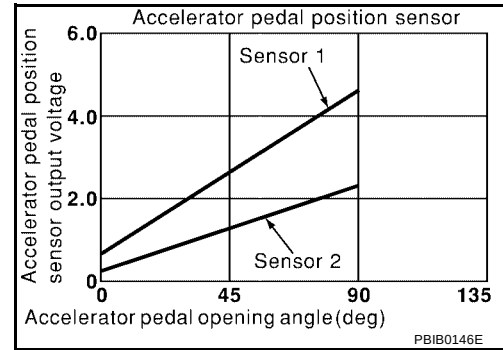
Component Description

UBS009GG

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009GH

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN1 ACCEL SEN2*	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
CLSD THL POS	● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
		Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage.

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS009GI

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2138 2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor circuit range/performance problem	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from APP sensor 1 and APP sensor 2.	● Harness or connector (The APP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) ● Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 and 2

FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

UBS009GJ

DTC Confirmation Procedure

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
4. If DTC is detected, go to [EC-610, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
SEF058Y	

WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

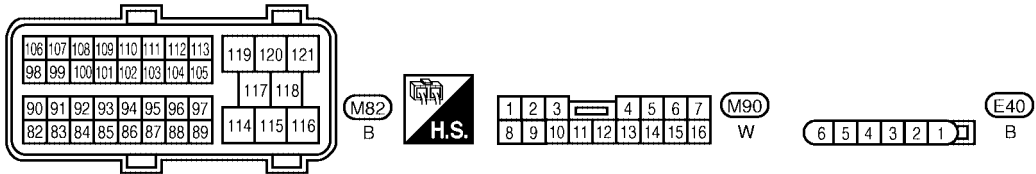
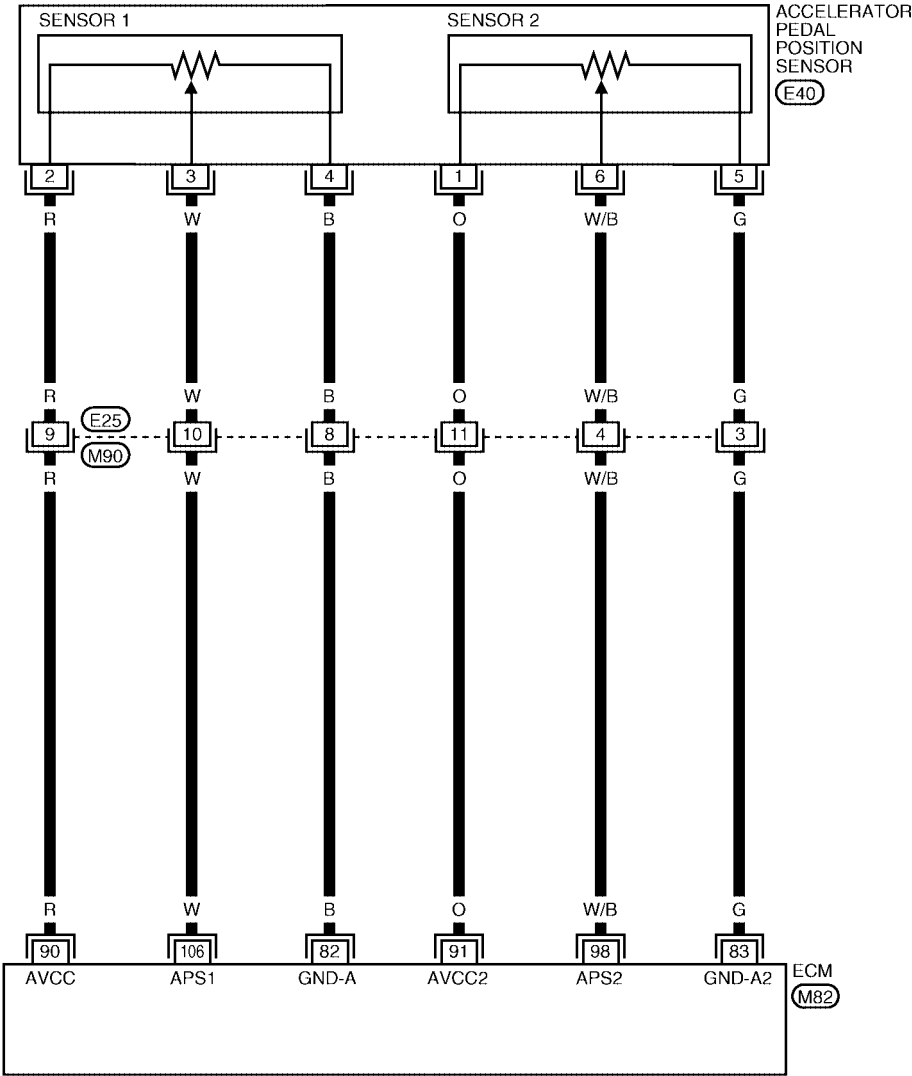
DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS009GK

EC-APPS3-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
— : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
82	B	APP sensor 1 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
83	G	APP sensor 2 ground	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
90	R	APP sensor 1 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	O	APP sensor 2 power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98	W/B	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.45V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 2.4V
106	W	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Engine stopped ● Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

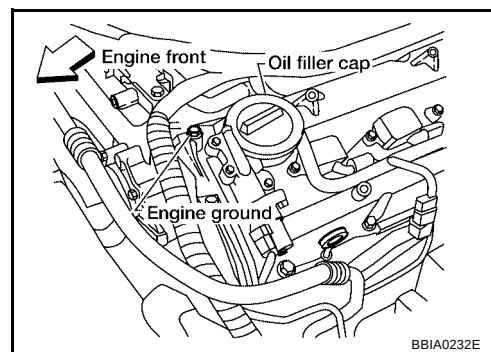
Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009GL

1. RETIGHTEN GROUND SCREWS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

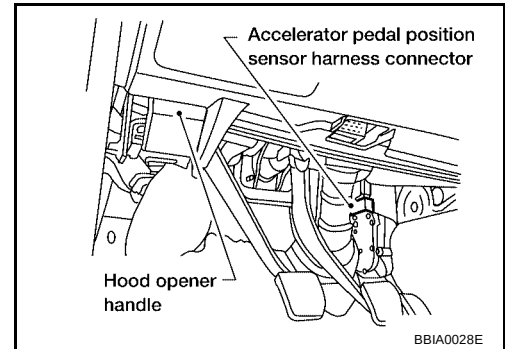
>> GO TO 2.



DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

2. CHECK APP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.

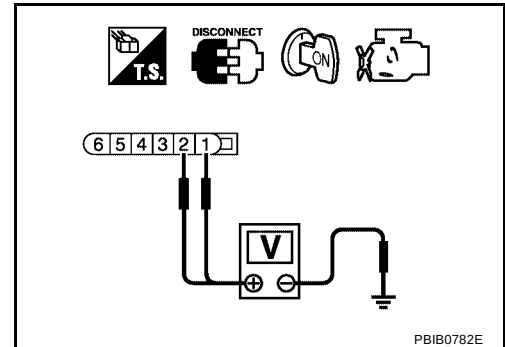


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminals 1, 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK APP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 82 and APP sensor terminal 4, ECM terminal 83 and APP sensor terminal 5.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

6. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 3, ECM terminal 98 and APP sensor terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between accelerator pedal position sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to [EC-612, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly.

9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> **INSPECTION END**

Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

UBS009GM

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and engine ground under the following conditions.

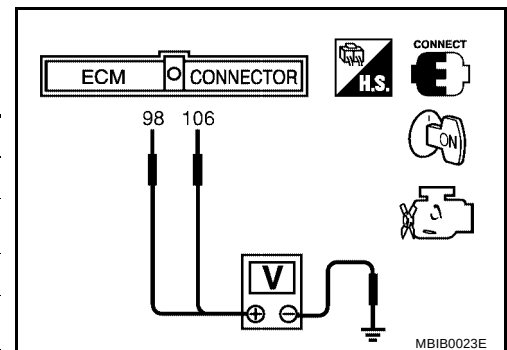
Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106 (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully released	0.6 - 0.95V
	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
98 (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully released	0.3 - 0.45V
	Fully depressed	Less than 2.4V

4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
5. Perform [EC-45, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"](#).
6. Perform [EC-45, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"](#).
7. Perform [EC-46, "Idle Air Volume Learning"](#).

Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

UBS009GN

Refer to [ACC-2, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM"](#).



IGNITION SIGNAL

IGNITION SIGNAL

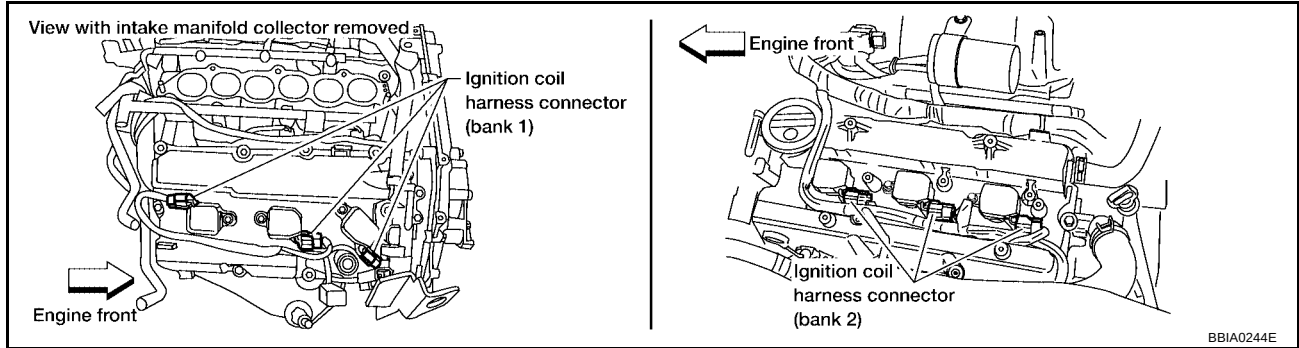
PFP:22448

Component Description

UBS009GO

IGNITION COIL & POWER TRANSISTOR

The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to and amplified by the power transistor. The power transistor turns ON and OFF the ignition coil primary circuit. This ON-OFF operation induces the proper high voltage in the coil secondary circuit.

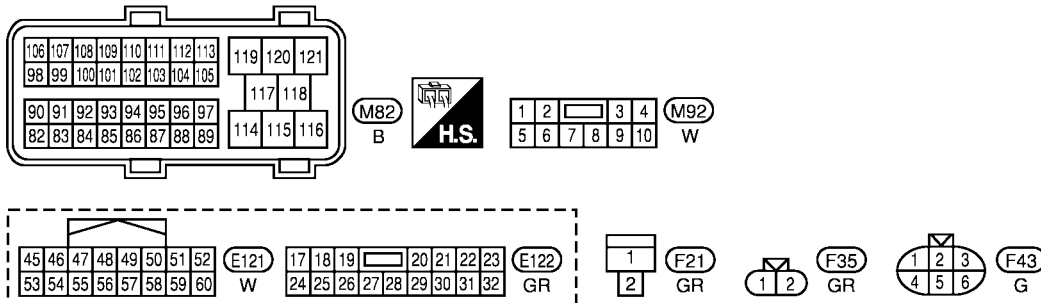
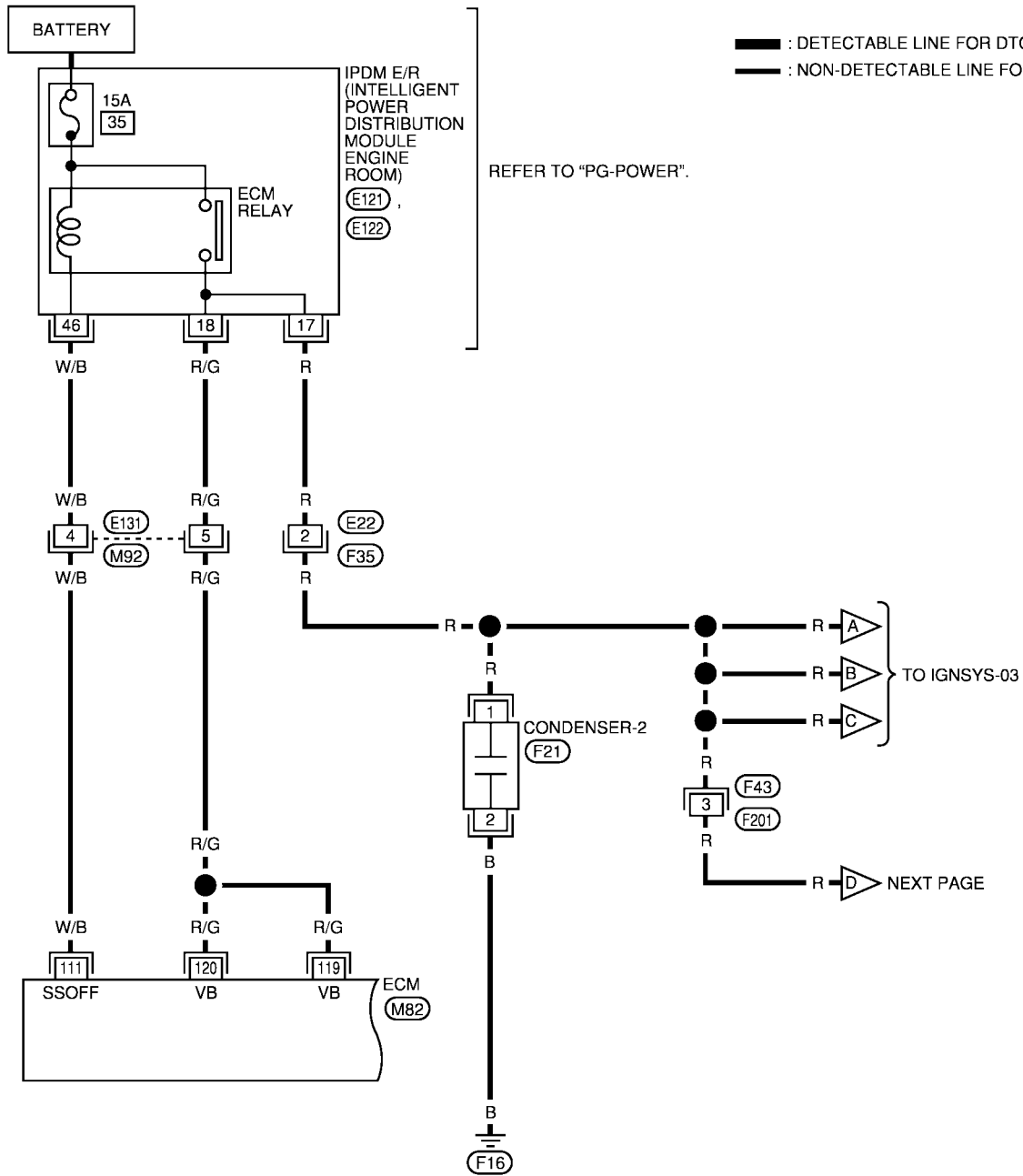


IGNITION SIGNAL

Wiring Diagram

UBS009GP

EC-IGNSYS-01



BBWA0651E

IGNITION SIGNAL

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

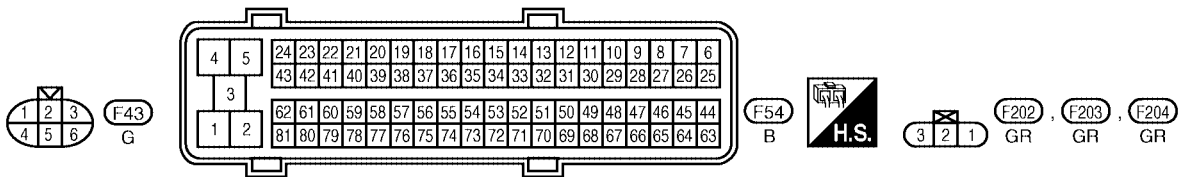
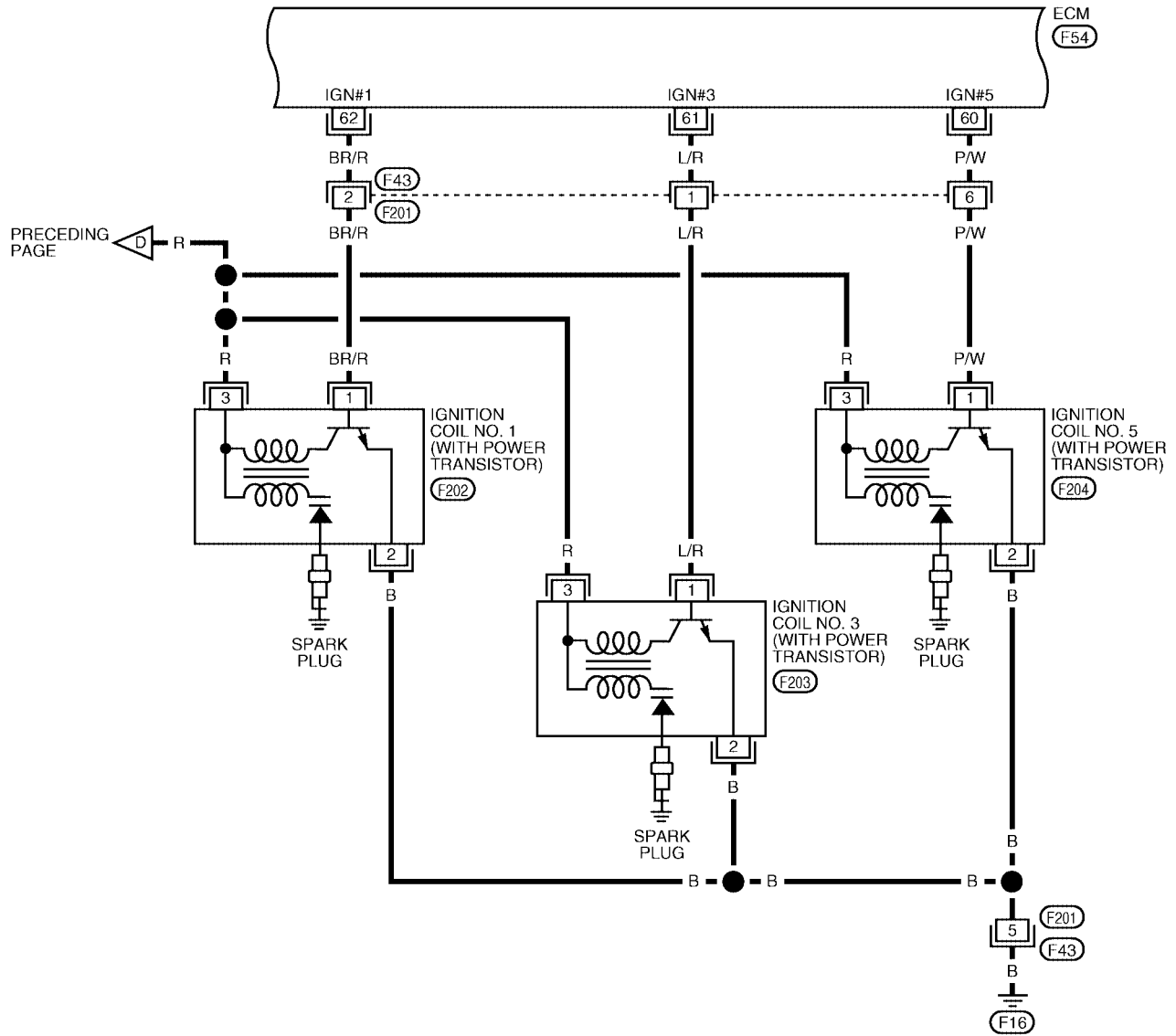
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

IGNITION SIGNAL

EC-IGNSYS-02

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 — : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



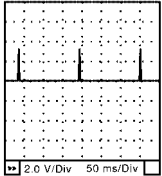
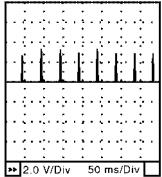
BBWA0652E

IGNITION SIGNAL

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

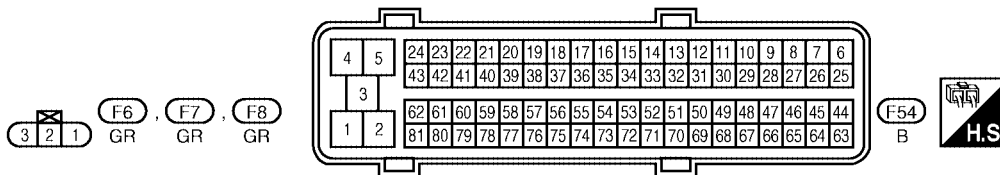
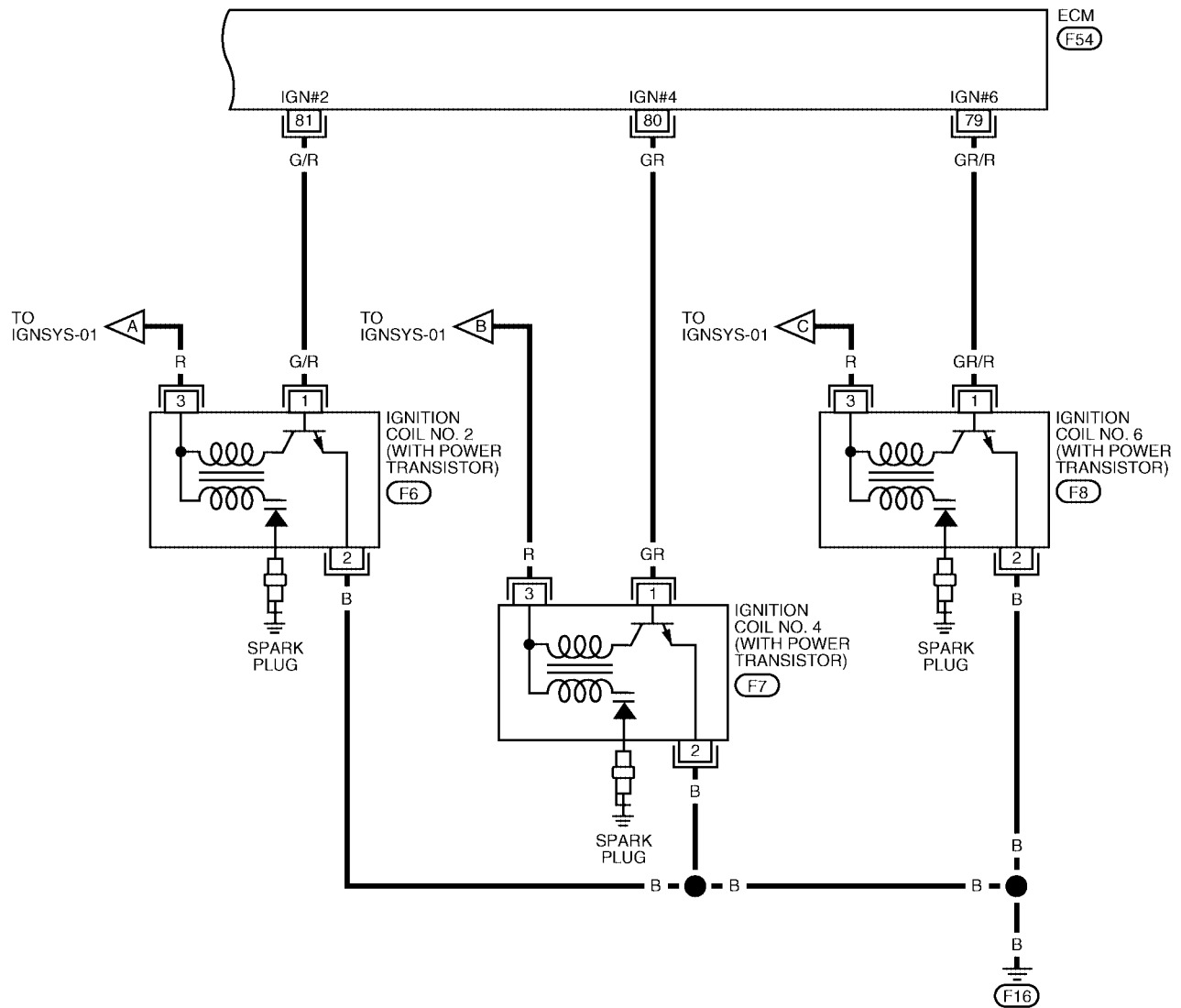
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
60	P/W	Ignition signal No. 5	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	0 - 0.4V ★ 
61	L/R	Ignition signal No. 3		
62	BR/R	Ignition signal No. 1		0.1 - 0.6V ★ 

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

IGNITION SIGNAL

EC-IGNSYS-03

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

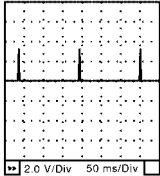
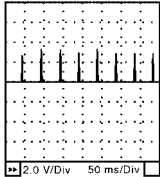


IGNITION SIGNAL

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
79 80 81	GR/R GR G/R	Ignition signal No. 6 Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 2	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	0 - 0.4V ★  SEC986C
			[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	0.1 - 0.6V ★  SEC987C

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK ENGINE START

Turn ignition switch OFF, and restart engine.

Is engine running?

Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2.

Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.

No >> GO TO 4.

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

With CONSULT-II

1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
2. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 10.

ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V

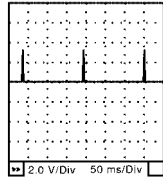
PBIB0133E

IGNITION SIGNAL

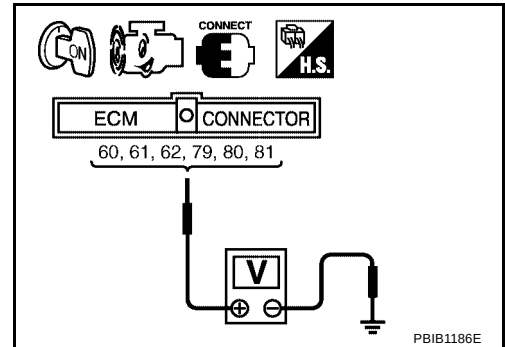
3. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

1. Let engine idle.
2. Read the voltage signal between ECM terminals 60, 61, 62, 79, 80, 81 and ground with an oscilloscope.
3. Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown below.



SEC986C



OK or NG

- OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> GO TO 10.

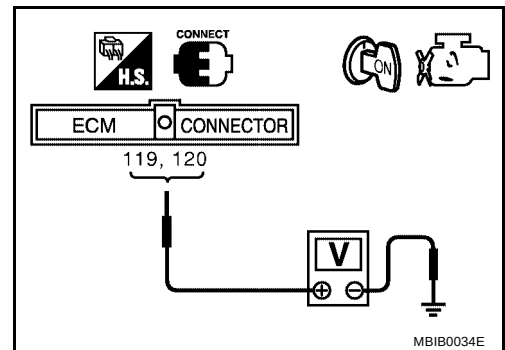
4. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

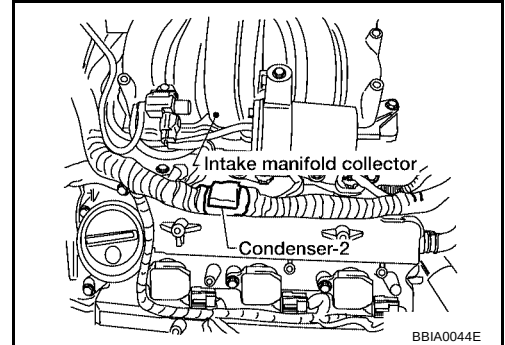
- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Go to [EC-138. "POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR ECM"](#)



IGNITION SIGNAL

5. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

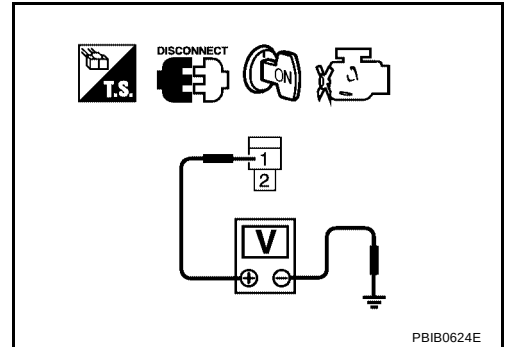


4. Check voltage between condenser terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 6.



6. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E122.
3. Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 35 and condenser terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E22, F35
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and condenser

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

IGNITION SIGNAL

8. CHECK CONDENSER GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check harness continuity between condenser terminal 2 and engine ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK CONDENSER

Refer to [EC-623, "Component Inspection"](#).

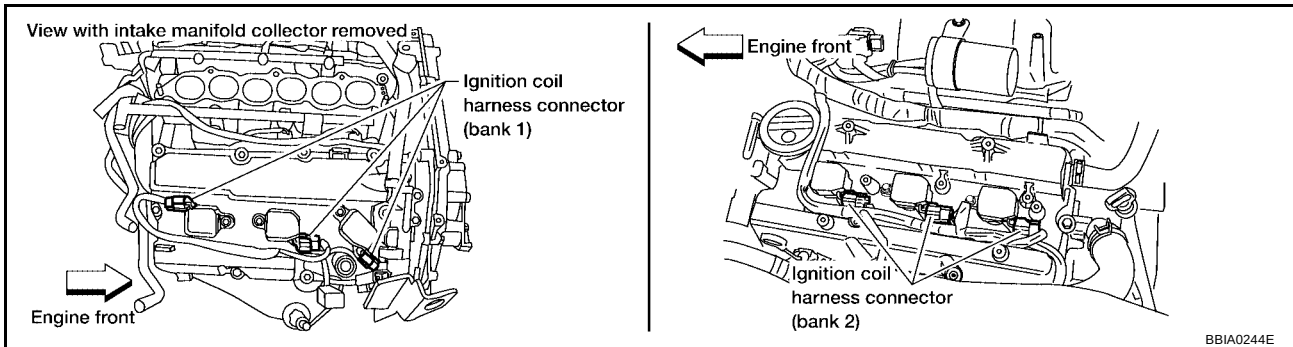
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace condenser.

10. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-V

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.



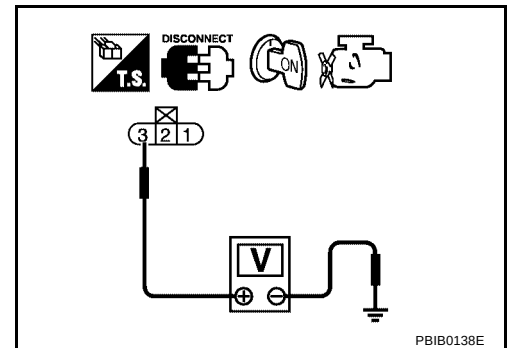
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check voltage between ignition coil terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> GO TO 11.



11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F43, F201
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and harness connector F35

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

IGNITION SIGNAL

12. CHECK IGNITION COIL GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check harness continuity between ignition coil terminal 2 and engine ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 14.
- NG >> GO TO 13.

13. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F201, F43
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and engine ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

14. CHECK IGNITION COIL OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 60, 61, 62, 79, 80, 81 and ignition coil terminal 1.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> GO TO 15.

15. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F43, F201
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

16. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to [EC-623, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
- NG >> Replace ignition coil with power transistor.

17. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

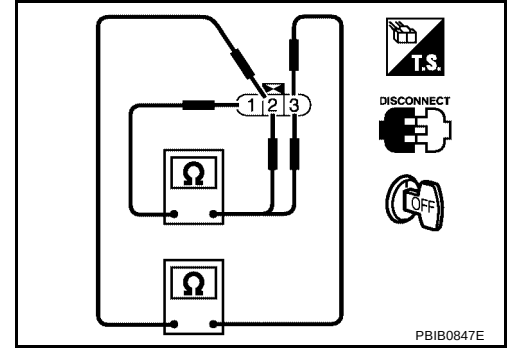
Component Inspection IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

IGNITION SIGNAL

2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
3. Check resistance between ignition coil terminals as follows.

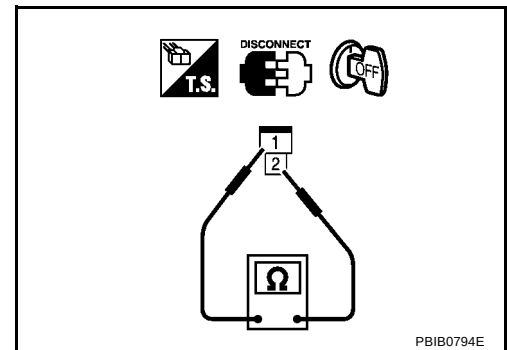
Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 and 2	Except 0 or ∞
1 and 3	Except 0
2 and 3	



CONDENSER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
3. Check resistance between condenser terminals 1 and 2.

Resistance	Above 1 M Ω at 25°C (77°F)



Removal and Installation IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to [EM-37, "IGNITION COIL"](#).

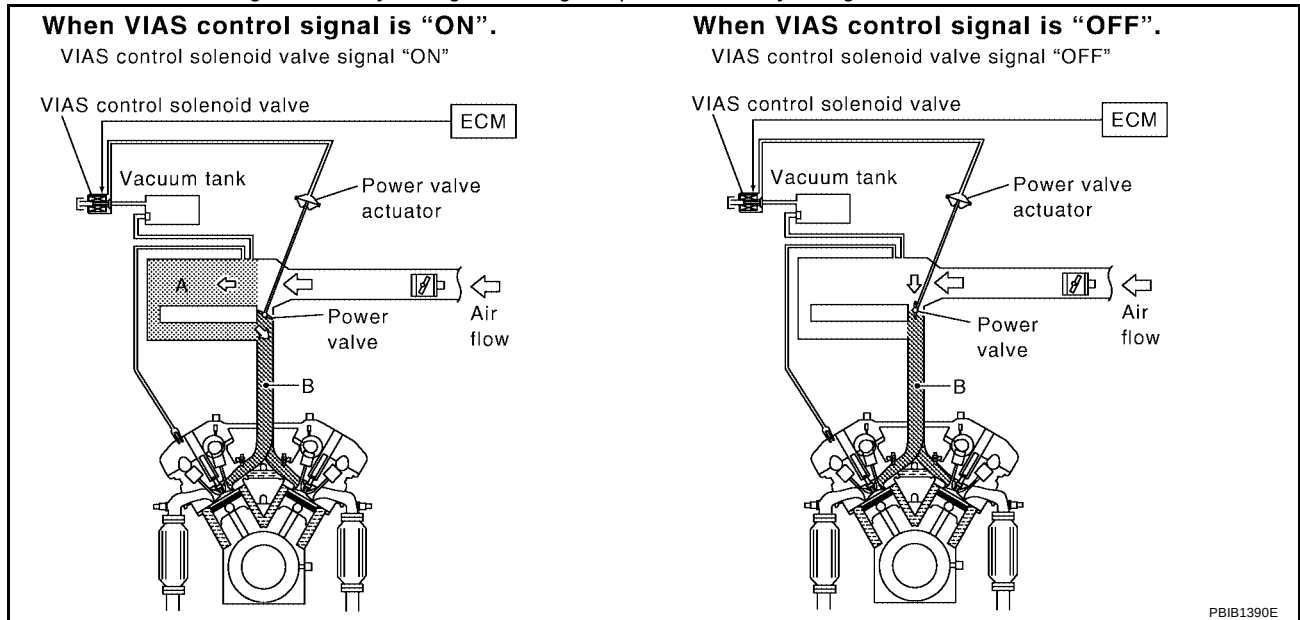
UBS009GS

VIAS

Description
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*	VIAS control	VIAS control solenoid valve
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Battery	Battery voltage*		

*: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.



When the engine is running at low or medium speed, the power valve is fully closed. Under this condition, the effective suction port length is equivalent to the total length of the intake manifold collector's suction port including the intake valve. This long suction port provides increased air intake which results in improved suction efficiency and higher torque generation.

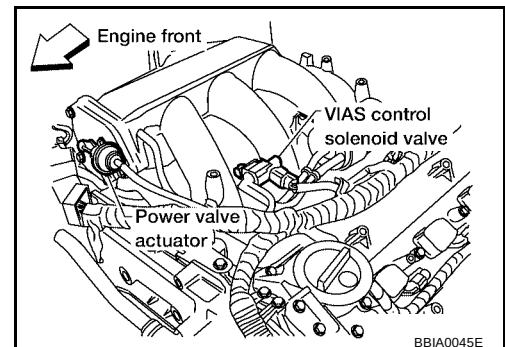
The surge tank and one-way valve are provided. When engine is running at high speed, the ECM sends the signal to the VIAS control solenoid valve. This signal introduces the intake manifold vacuum into the power valve actuator and therefore opens the power valve to two suction passages together in the collector.

Under this condition, the effective port length is equivalent to the length of the suction port provided independently for each cylinder. This shortened port length results in enhanced engine output with reduced suction resistance under high speeds.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Power Valve

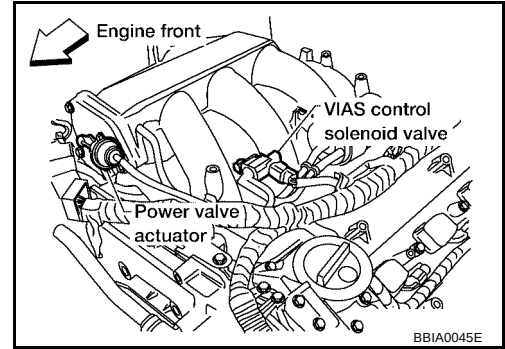
The power valve is installed in intake manifold collector and used to control the suction passage of the variable induction air control system. It is set in the fully closed or fully opened position by the power valve actuator operated by the vacuum stored in the surge tank. The vacuum in the surge tank is controlled by the VIAS control solenoid valve.



VIAS

VIAS Control Solenoid Valve

The VIAS control solenoid valve cuts the intake manifold vacuum signal for power valve control. It responds to ON/OFF signals from the ECM. When the solenoid is off, the vacuum signal from the intake manifold is cut. When the ECM sends an ON signal the coil pulls the plunger downward and feeds the vacuum signal to the power valve actuator.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009GU

Specification data are reference values.

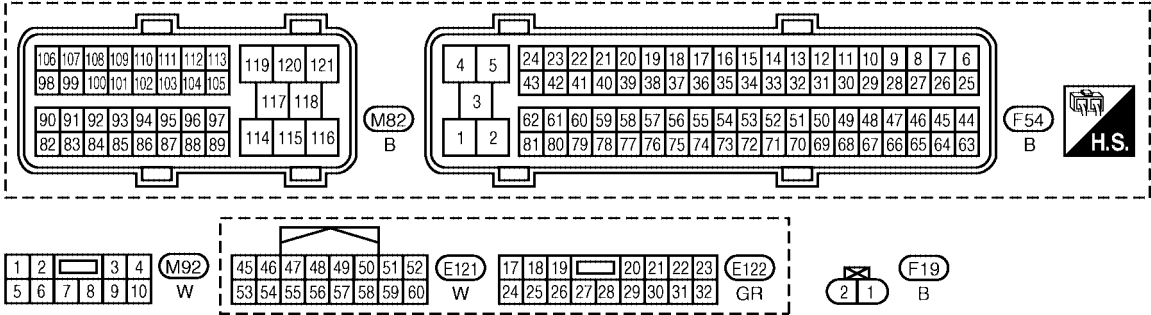
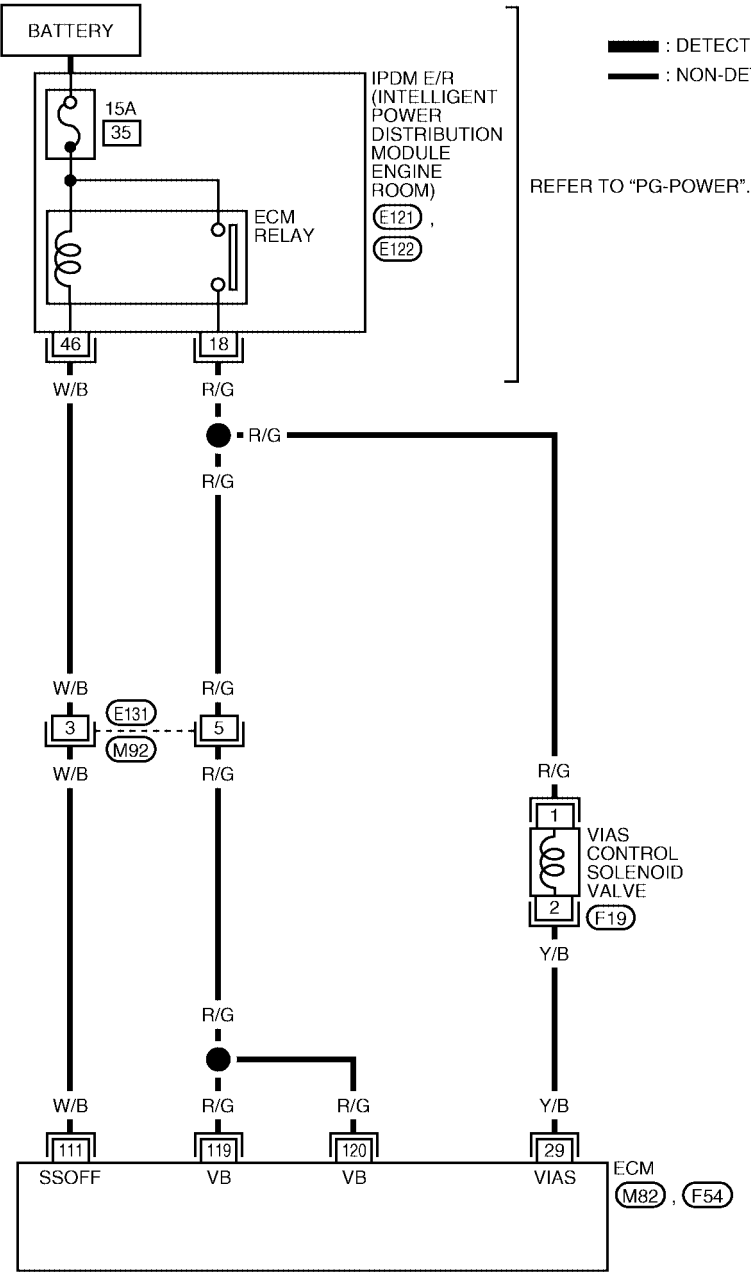
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
VIAS S/V	● Engine: After warming up	1,800 - 3,600 rpm	ON
		Except above conditions	OFF

Wiring Diagram

UBS009GV

EC-VIAS-01

A
EC
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M



VIAS

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
29	Y/B	VIAS control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running] ● Engine speed is between 1,800 and 3,600 rpm.	0 - 1.0V
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF] ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	R/G R/G	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

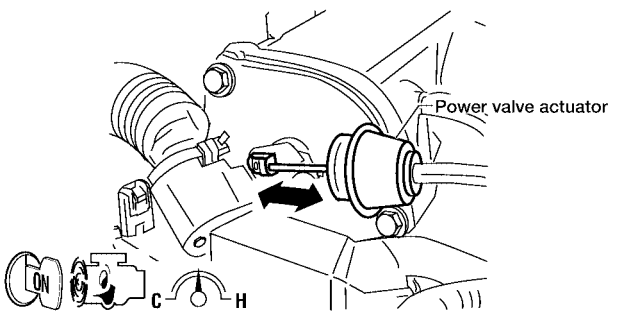
UBS009GW

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

④ With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve ON and OFF, and make sure that power valve actuator rod moves.

ACTIVE TEST	
VIAS SOL VALVE	OFF
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm



BBIA0252E

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

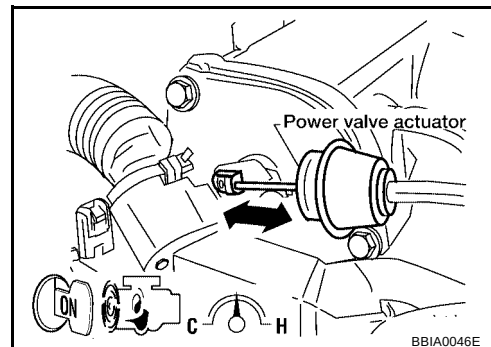
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Rev engine quickly up to above 5,000 rpm and make sure that power valve actuator rod moves.

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**

NG (With CONSULT-II) >>GO TO 2.

NG (Without CONSULT-II) >>GO TO 3.

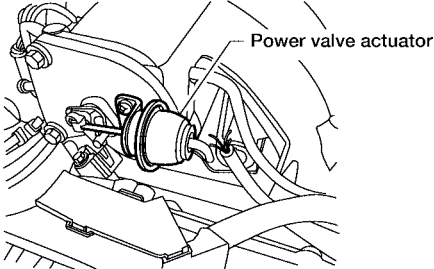


2. CHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE

With CONSULT-II

1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator.
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve ON and OFF, and check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

ACTIVE TEST	
VIAS SOL VALVE	OFF
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm



BBIA0253E

VIAS SOL VALVE	Vacuum
ON	Should exist.
OFF	Should not exist.

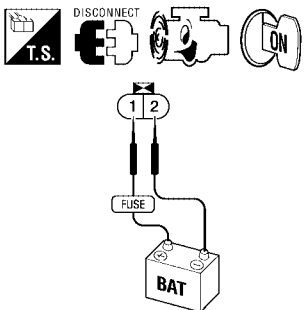
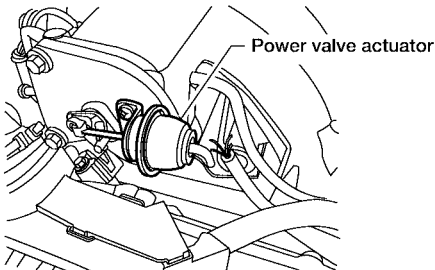
OK or NG

- OK >> Repair or replace power valve actuator.
 NG >> GO TO 4.

3. CHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE

Without CONSULT-II

1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Start engine and let it idle.
4. Apply 12V of direct current between VIAS control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2.

BBIA0254E

5. Check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

Condition	Vacuum
12V direct current supply	Should exist.
No supply	Should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> Repair or replace power valve actuator.
 NG >> GO TO 4.

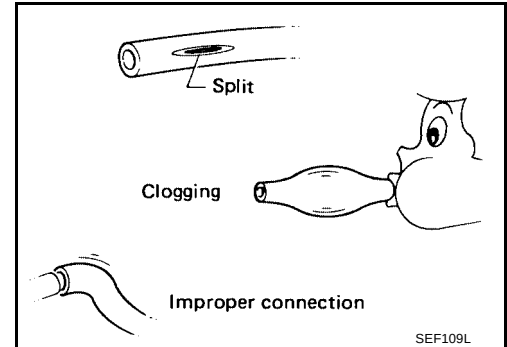
VIAS

4. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

1. Stop engine.
2. Check hoses and tubes between intake manifold and power valve actuator for crack, clogging, improper connection or disconnection. Refer to [EC-25, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Repair hoses or tubes.



5. CHECK VACUUM TANK

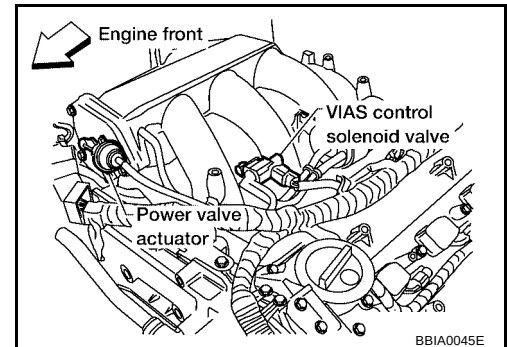
Refer to [EC-631, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> Replace vacuum tank.

6. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

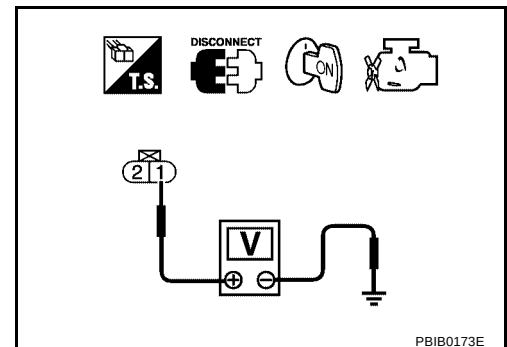


4. Check voltage between terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.



7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- IPDM E/R connector E122
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between VIAS control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

8. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 29 and VIAS control solenoid valve terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

9. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-631, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve.

10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

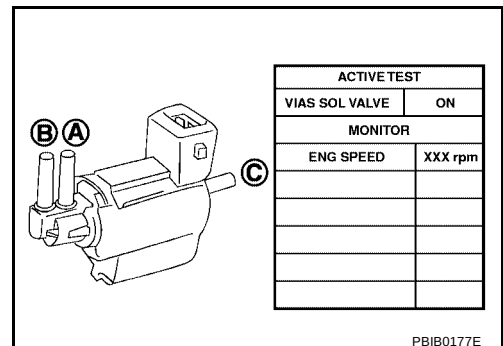
UBS009GX

④ With CONSULT-II

1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Perform "VIAS SOL VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Condition VIAS SOL VALVE	Air passage continuity between A and B	Air passage continuity between A and C
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.



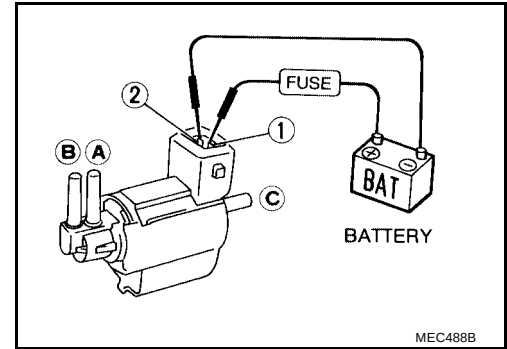
VIAS

⊗ Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

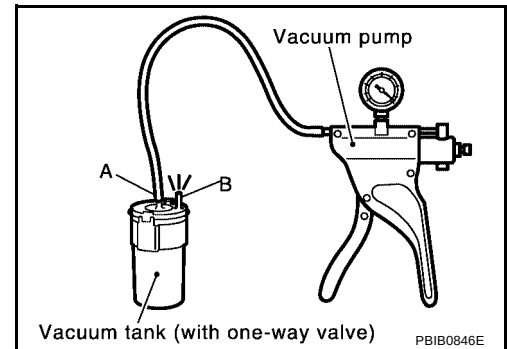
Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B	Air passage continuity between A and C
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.



VACUUM TANK

1. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to vacuum tank.
2. Connect a vacuum pump to the center port of vacuum tank.
3. Apply vacuum and make sure that vacuum exists at the other port.



Removal and Installation VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EM-25, "INTAKE MANIFOLD"](#) .

UBS009GY

INJECTOR CIRCUIT

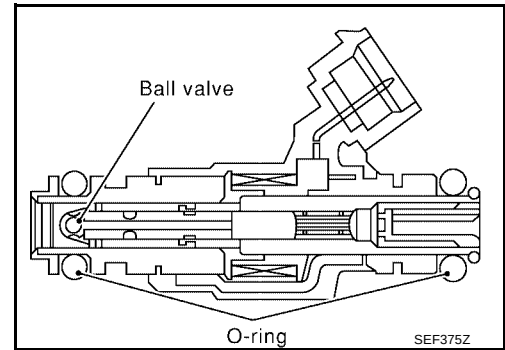
INJECTOR CIRCUIT

PFP:16600

Component Description

UBS009GZ

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009H0

Specification data are reference values.

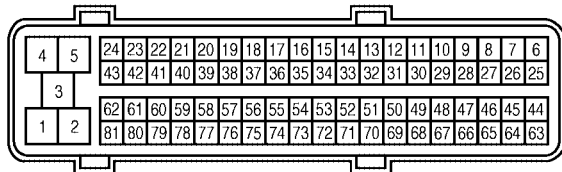
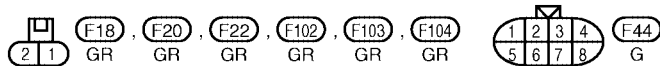
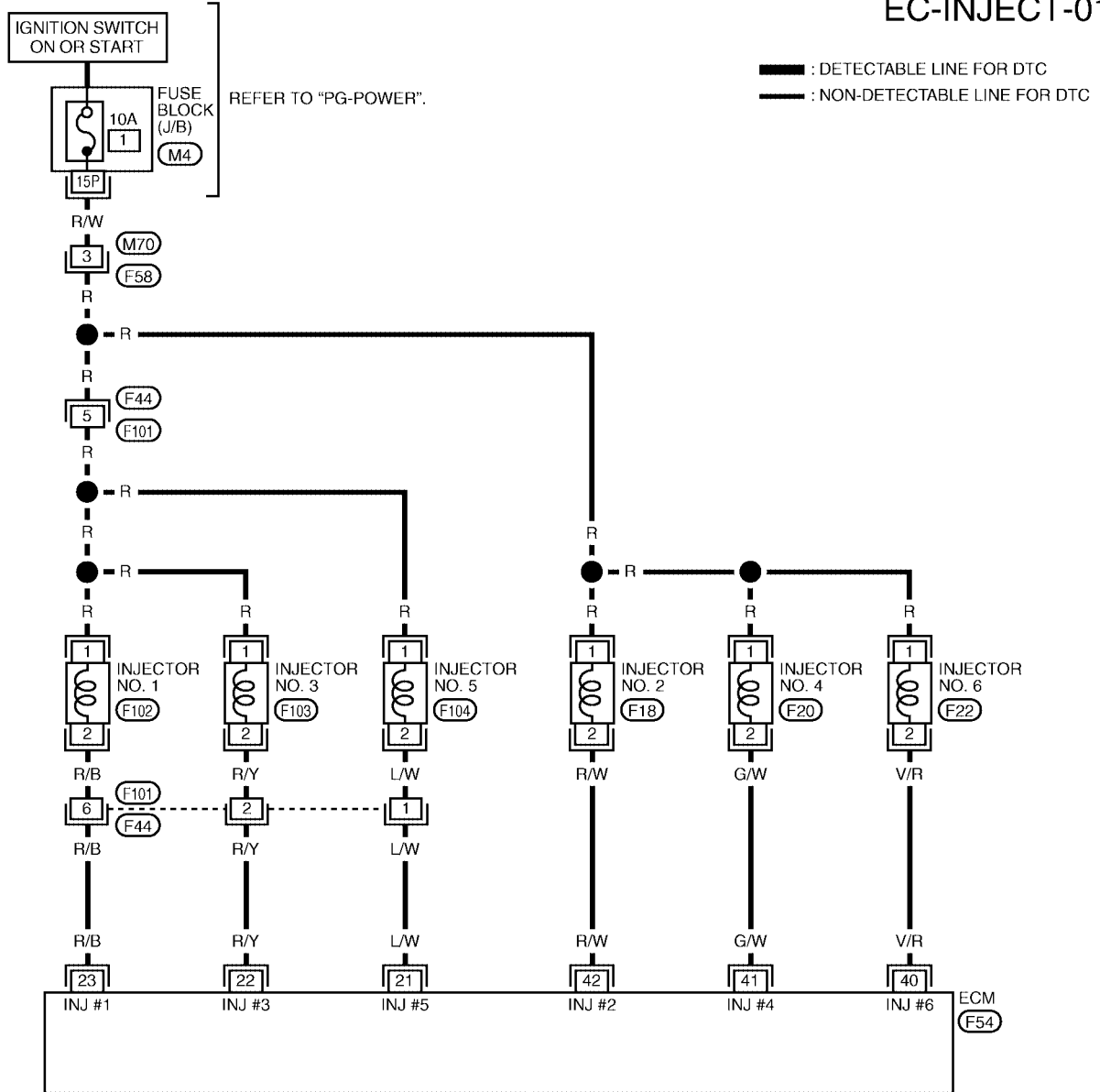
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
B/FUEL SCHDL	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	2.5 - 3.5 msec
		2,000 rpm	2.5 - 4.0 msec
INJ PULSE-B1 INJ PULSE-B2	● Engine: After warming up ● Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) ● Air conditioner switch: OFF ● No load	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec
		2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec

INJECTOR CIRCUIT

UBS009H1

Wiring Diagram

EC-INJECT-01



F54

B



1 2 3 4 5 6 7

8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

F58

W

Refer to the following.

M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

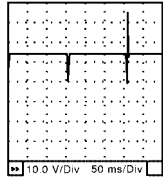
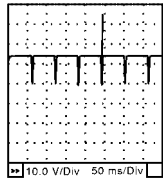
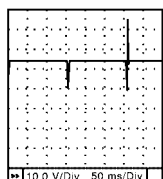
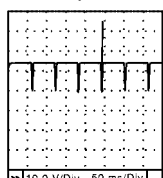
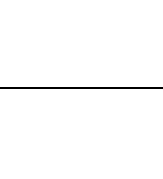
BBWA0655E

INJECTOR CIRCUIT

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
21	L/W	Injector No. 5	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) ★  10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div SEC984C
22	R/Y	Injector No. 3		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) ★  10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div SEC985C
23	R/B	Injector No. 1		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) ★  10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div SEC984C
40	V/R	Injector No. 6	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) ★  10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div SEC985C
41	G/W	Injector No. 4		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) ★  10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div SEC984C
42	R/W	Injector No. 2		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) ★  10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div SEC985C

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

Diagnostic Procedure

1. INSPECTION START

Turn ignition switch to START.

Is any cylinder ignited?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 2.
- No >> GO TO 3.

INJECTOR CIRCUIT

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

With CONSULT-II

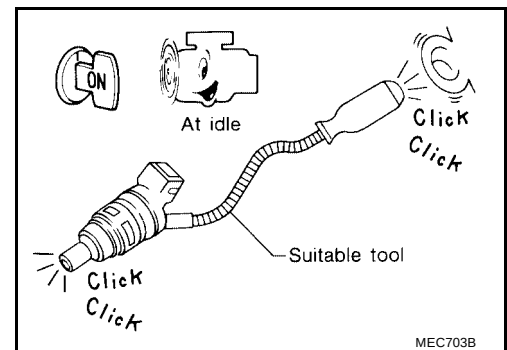
1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V

PBIB0133E

Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Listen to each injector operating sound.
Clicking noise should be heard.



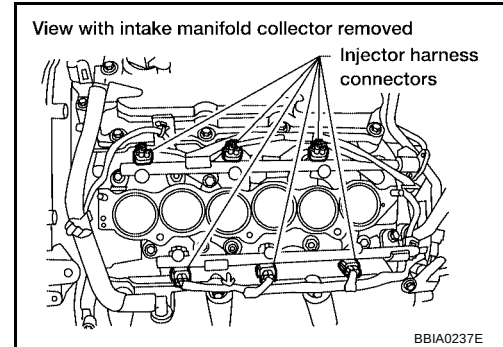
OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> GO TO 3.

INJECTOR CIRCUIT

3. CHECK INJECTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect injector harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

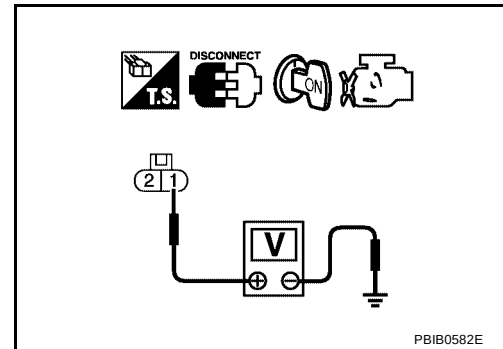


4. Check voltage between injector terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 4.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M70, F58
- Harness connectors F44, F101
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between injector and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK INJECTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between injector terminal 2 and ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.

INJECTOR CIRCUIT

6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F101, F44
- Harness for open or short between injector and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK INJECTOR

Refer to [EC-638, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace injector.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

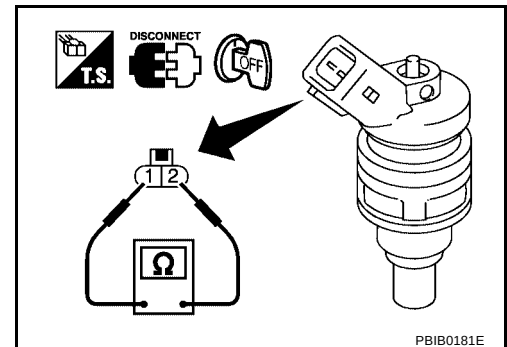
>> INSPECTION END

Component Inspection INJECTOR

UBS009H3

1. Disconnect injector harness connector.
2. Check resistance between terminals as shown in the figure.

Resistance: 13.5 - 17.5Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]



UBS009H4

Removal and Installation INJECTOR

Refer to [EM-40, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"](#) .

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

PFP:17042

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS009H5

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM Function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump relay
Battery	Battery voltage*		

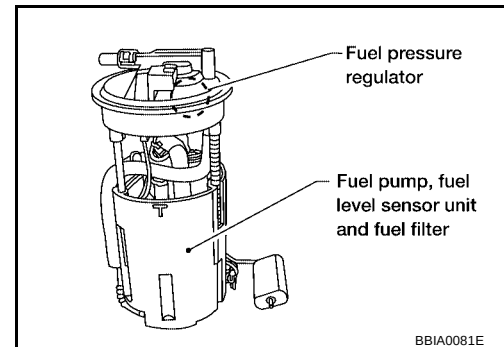
*: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

The ECM activates the fuel pump for 1 second after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a engine speed signal from the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to operate. If the engine speed signal is not received when the ignition switch is ON, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 1 second.
Engine running and cranking	Operates.
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1.5 seconds.
Except as shown above	Stops.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A turbine type design fuel pump is used in the fuel tank.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009H6

Specification data are reference values.

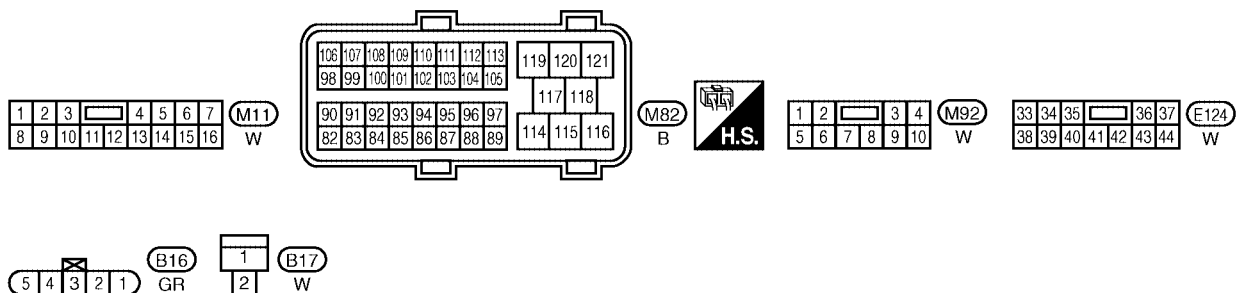
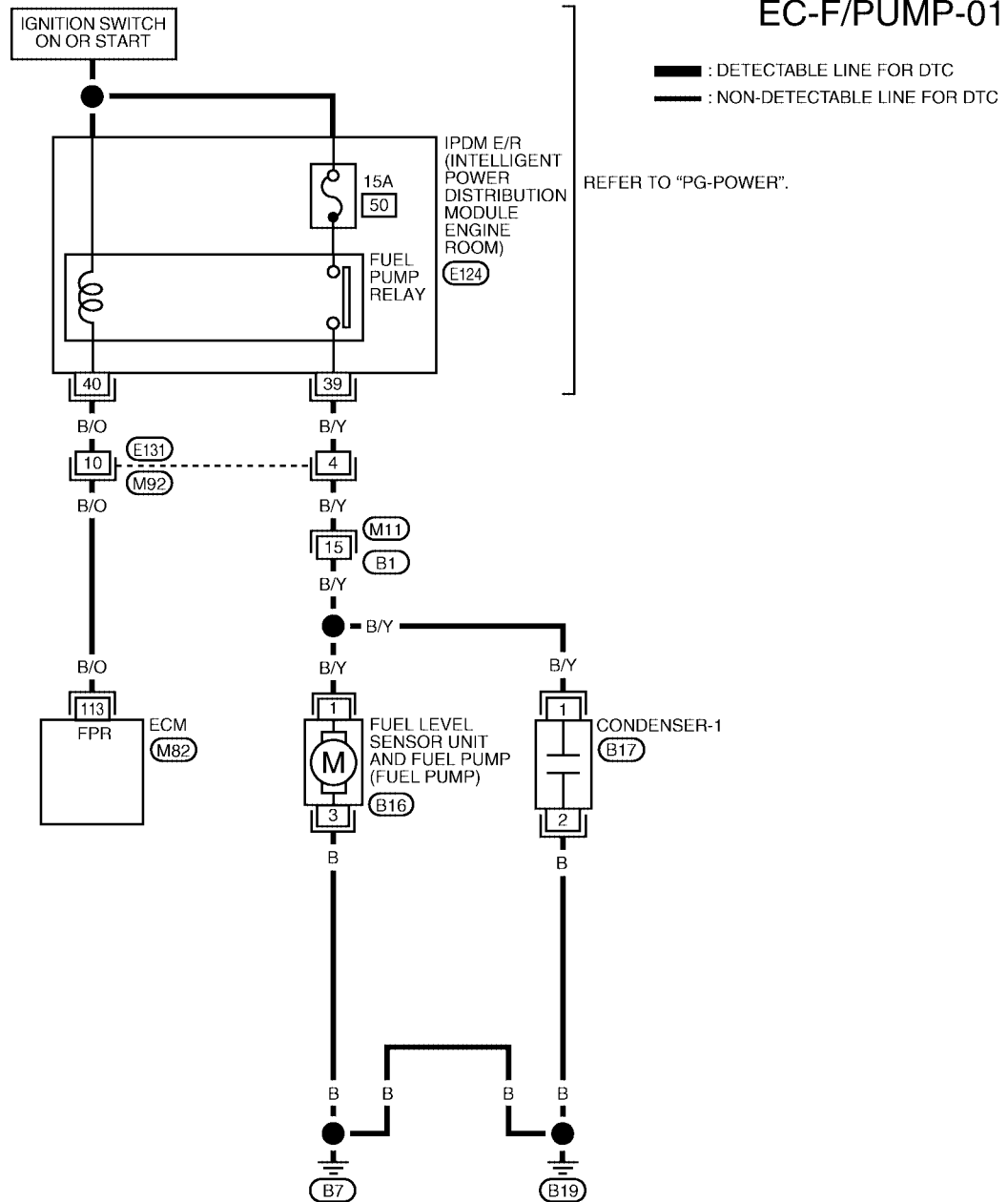
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FUEL PUMP RLY	- For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON - Engine running or cranking	ON
	Except above conditions	OFF

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

Wiring Diagram

UBS009H7

EC-F/PUMP-01



BBWA0656E

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
113	B/O	Fuel pump relay	[Ignition switch: ON] ● For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON	0 - 1.5V
			[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: ON] ● More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Diagnostic Procedure

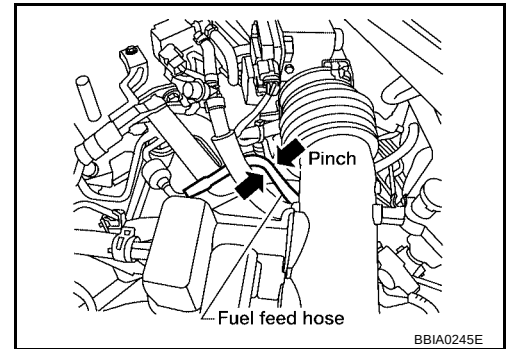
UBS009H8

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Pinch fuel feed hose with two fingers.
Fuel pressure pulsation should be felt on the fuel feed hose for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.

OK or NG

- OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> GO TO 2.



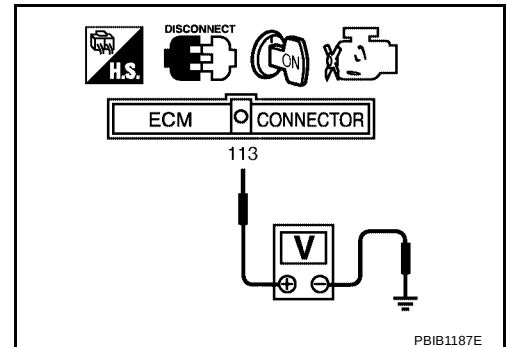
2. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 113 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> GO TO 3.



FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

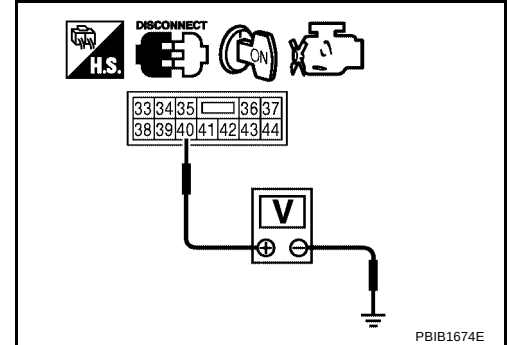
3. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 40 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 13.



4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

5. CHECK CONDENSER POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

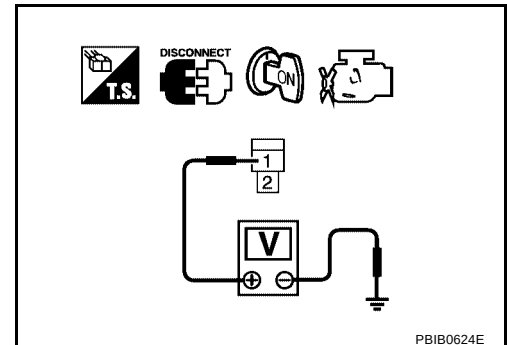
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check voltage between condenser terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage should exist for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.

6. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> GO TO 6.



6. CHECK 15A FUSE

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect 15A fuse.
3. Check 15A fuse.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Replace fuse.

FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

7. CHECK CONDENSER POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

1. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E124.
2. Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 39 and condenser terminal 1.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
NG >> GO TO 8.

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors M11, B1
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and condenser

>> Repair harness or connectors.

9. CHECK CONDENSER GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Check harness continuity between condenser terminal 2 and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK CONDENSER

Refer to [EC-644, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
NG >> Replace condenser.

11. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

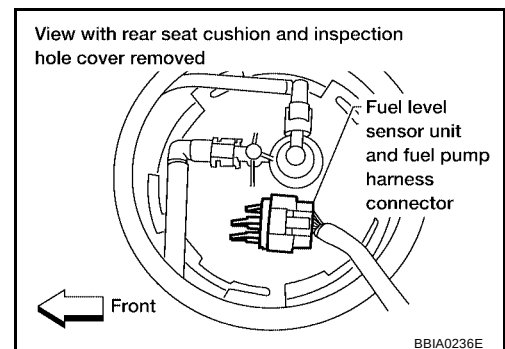
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 1 and harness connector B1 terminal 15, "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 3 and ground.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.



FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT

12. CHECK FUEL PUPMP

Refer to [EC-644, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump.

13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

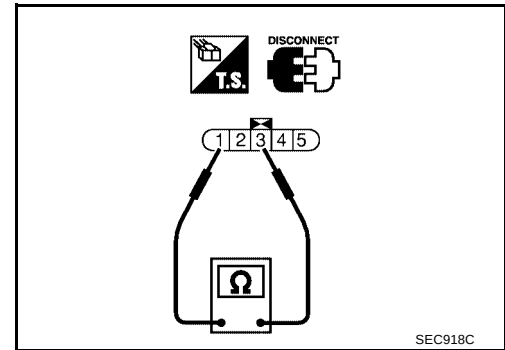
- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R.
NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

Component Inspection FUEL PUMP

UBS009H9

1. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
2. Check resistance between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminals 1 and 3.

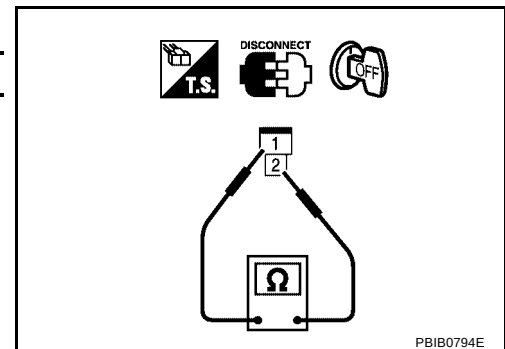
Resistance: Approximately 1.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]



CONDENSER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
3. Check resistance between condenser terminals as 1 and 2.

Resistance	Above $1\text{ M}\Omega$ at 25°C (77°F)



Removal and Installation FUEL PUMP

UBS009HA

Refer to [FL-5, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY"](#) .

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

PFP:11270

System Description

UBS009HB

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	Engine mount control	Electronic controlled engine mount
Wheel sensor*	Vehicle speed		

*: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

The ECM controls the engine mount operation corresponding to the engine speed and the vehicle speed. The control system has 2-step control [Soft/Hard]

Vehicle condition	Engine mount control
Idle (With vehicle stopped)	Soft
Except above conditions	Hard

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009HC

Specification data are reference values.

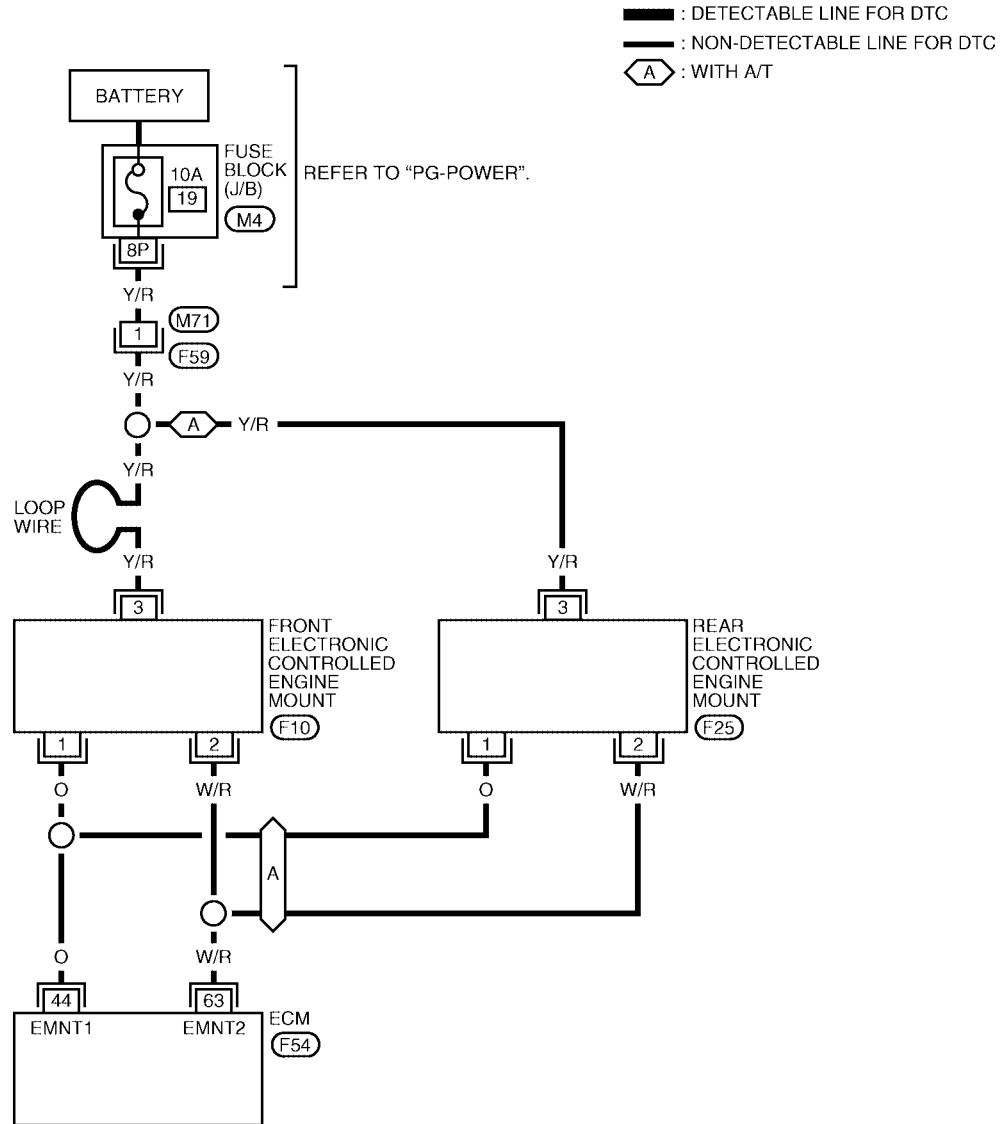
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ENGINE MOUNT	● Engine: Running	Idle (With vehicle stopped)	IDLE
		Except above conditions	TRVL

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

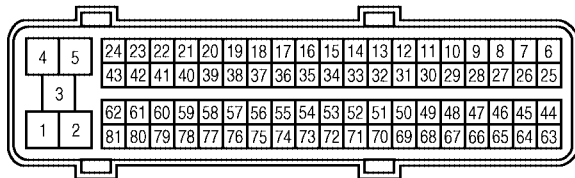
Wiring Diagram

UBS009HD

EC-EMNT-01



3 2 1 F10 F25
 BR BR



F54
 B



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 F59
 W

REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.

M4 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

BBWA0657E

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
44	O	Electronic controlled engine mount-1	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed (With engine stopped)	0 - 3.0V
			[Engine is running] ● Except above conditions	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
63	W/R	Electronic controlled engine mount-2	[Engine is running] ● Idle speed (With engine stopped)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running] ● Except above conditions	0 - 3.0V

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009HE

1. CONFIRM THE TRANSMISSION TYPE

Which type of transmission (A/T or M/T) is on the vehicle?

A/T or M/T

A/T >> GO TO 2.

M/T >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

With CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Shift selector lever to D range while depressing the brake pedal and parking brake pedal.
- Perform "ENGINE MOUNTING" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II and check that the vibration changes according to switching the condition (with vehicle stopped).

ACTIVE TEST	
ENGINE MOUNTING	IDLE
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEC237C

Without CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Shift selector lever to D range while depressing the brake pedal and parking brake pedal.
- Disconnect front or rear electronic controlled engine mount harness connector when engine speed is more than 1,000 rpm.
- When returning engine speed to idle speed, check that body vibration increases compared with the condition of the above step 2 (with vehicle stopped).

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 4.

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

3. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

With CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Perform "ENGINE MOUNTING" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II and check that the body vibration changes according to switching the condition (with vehicle stopped).
If the vibration is not changed, go to next step.
3. Check that the motor operating sound is heard from front electronic controlled engine mount for about 0.5 seconds according to the switching condition of "ENGINE MOUNTING" (with vehicle stopped).

ACTIVE TEST	
ENGINE MOUNTING	IDLE
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEC237C

Without CONSULT-II

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Disconnect front electronic controlled engine mount harness connector when engine speed is more than 1,000 rpm.
3. When returning engine speed to idle speed, check that body vibration increases compared with the condition of the above step 1 (with vehicle stopped).
If the vibration is not changed, go to next step.
4. Check that the motor operating sound is heard from front electronic controlled engine mount for about 0.5 seconds when changing engine speed from idle to more than 1,000 rpm (with vehicle stopped).

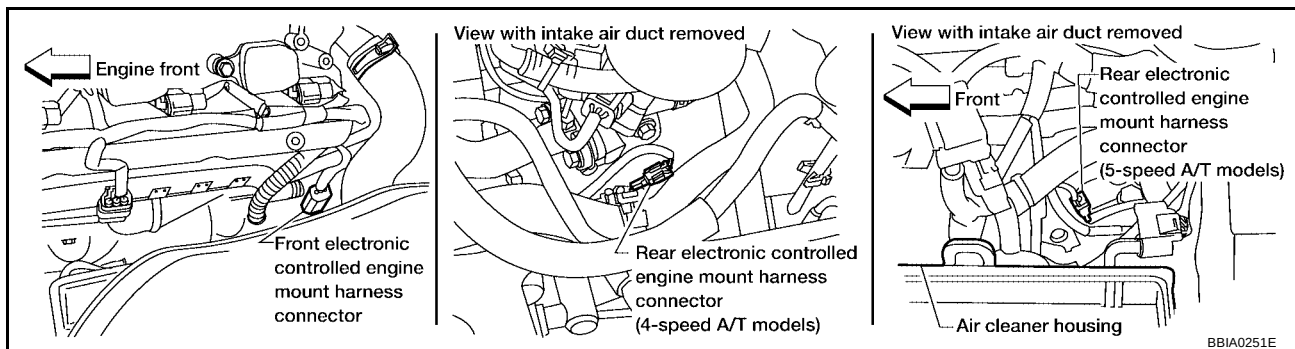
OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**

NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect front electronic controlled engine mount harness connector and rear electronic controlled engine mount harness connector (A/T models only).



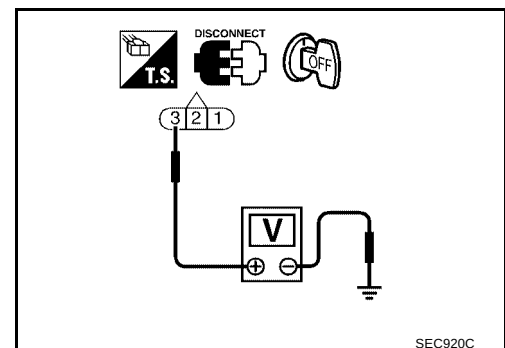
3. Check voltage between electronic controlled engine mount terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 4.



ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M71, F59
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open and short between electronic controlled engine mount and battery

>> Repair harness or connectors.

6. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals and electronic engine mount terminals as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

ECM terminal	Front electronic controlled engine mount terminal	Rear electronic controlled engine mount terminal (A/T models)
44	1	1
63	2	2

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

Visually check front and rear electronic controlled engine mount.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace front or rear electronic controlled engine mount.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> INSPECTION END

REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

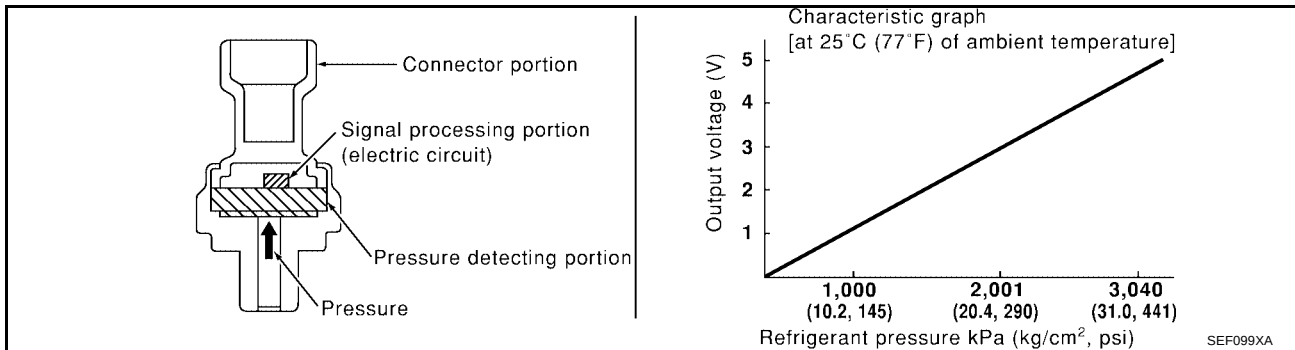
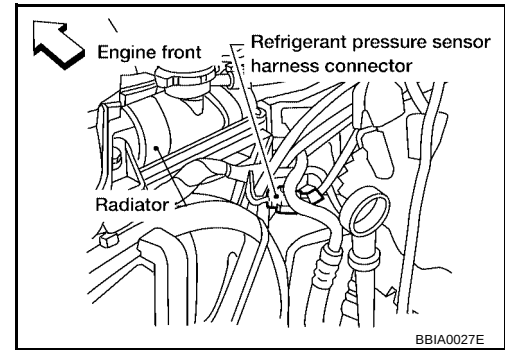
REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

PFP:92136

Component Description

UBS009HF

The refrigerant pressure sensor is installed at the liquid tank of the air conditioner system. The sensor uses an electrostatic volume pressure transducer to convert refrigerant pressure to voltage. The voltage signal is sent to ECM, and ECM controls cooling fan system.



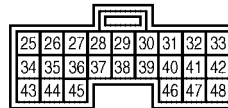
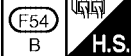
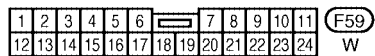
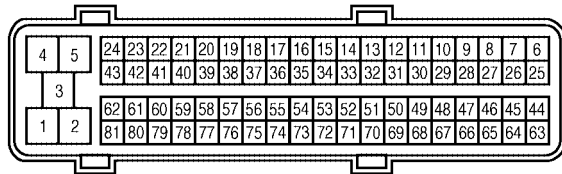
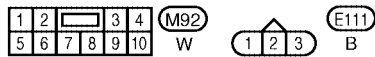
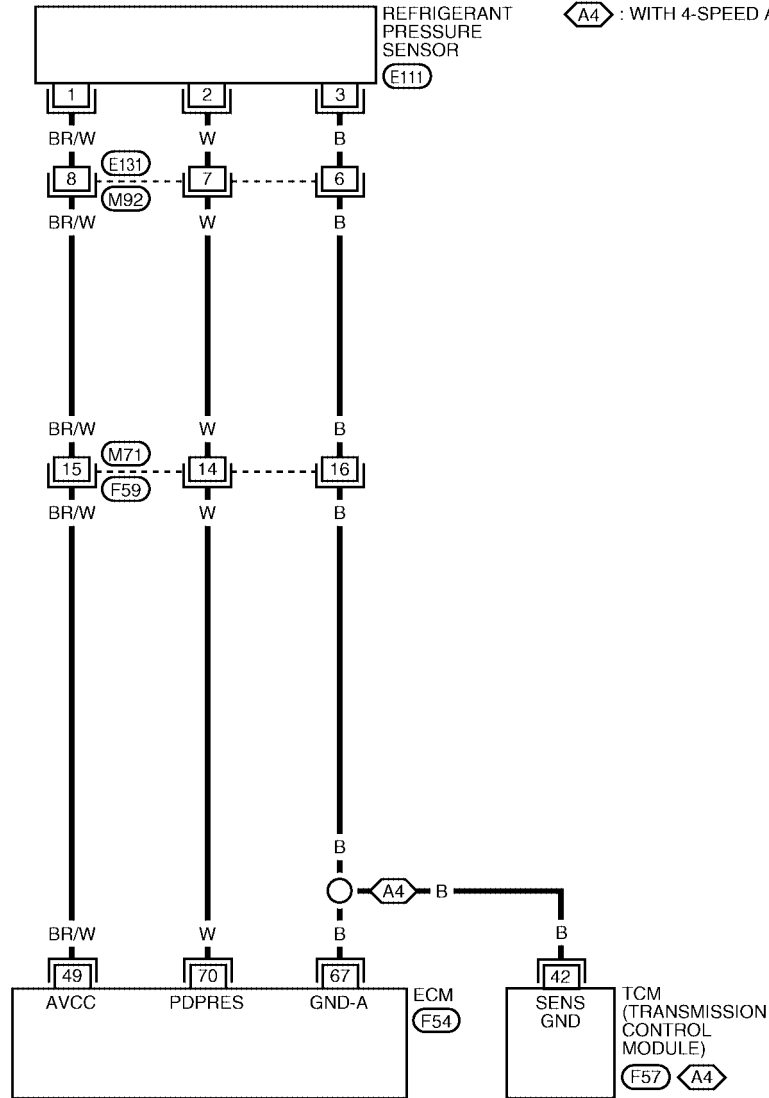
REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

Wiring Diagram

UBS009HG

EC-RP/SEN-01

- : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
- A4 : WITH 4-SPEED A/T



BBWA0658E

REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
49	BR/W	Refrigerant pressure sensor power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	B	Sensors' ground (MAF sensor / IAT sensor / PSP sensor / EVAP control system pressure sensor / ASCD steering switch / Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Idle speed	Approximately 0V
70	W	Refrigerant pressure sensor	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition ● Both A/C switch and blower switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	1.0 - 4.0V

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009HH

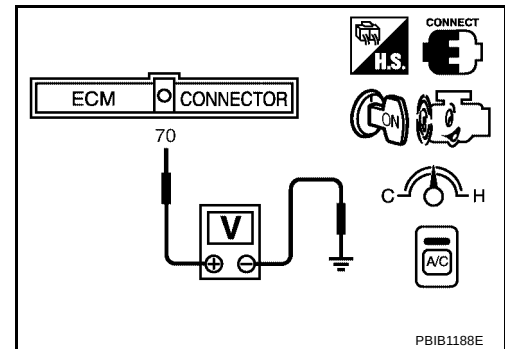
1. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR OVERALL FUNCTION

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn A/C switch and blower switch ON.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 70 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: 1.0 - 4.0V

OK or NG

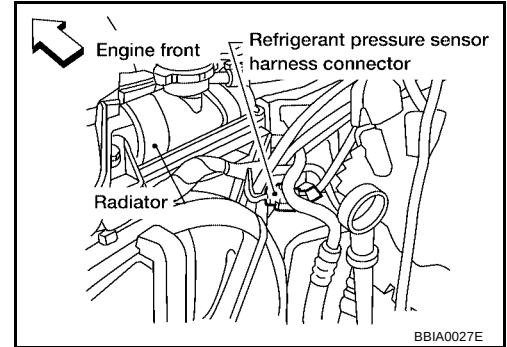
- OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> GO TO 2.



REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

2. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn A/C switch and blower switch OFF.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.

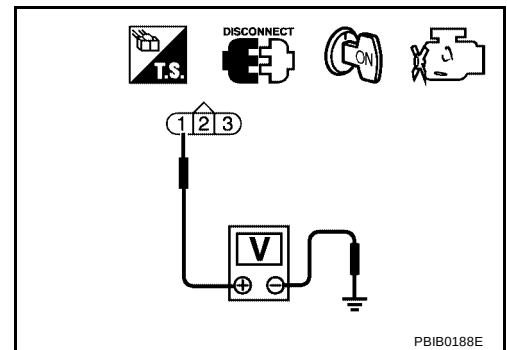


5. Check voltage between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
NG >> GO TO 3.



3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors M71, F59
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor

>> Repair harness or connectors.

4. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
4. Check harness continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67, TCM terminal 42.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.

REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors M71, F59
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor
- Harness for open or short between TCM and refrigerant pressure sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 70 and refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.
NG >> GO TO 7.

7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E131, M92
- Harness connectors M71, F59
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor.
NG >> Repair or replace.

Removal and Installation REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [ATC-16, "Refrigerant pressure sensor"](#) .

UBS009HII

ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

PFP:25350

Description

UBS009HJ

The electrical load signal (Headlamp switch signal, rear window defogger switch signal, etc.) is transferred through the CAN communication line from BCM to ECM via IPDM E/R.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009HK

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
LOAD SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON
		Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009HL

1. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-I

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Select "LOAD SIGNAL" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Rear window defogger switch: ON	ON
Rear window defogger switch: OFF	OFF

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> GO TO 3.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO DTC
LOAD SIGNAL	ON

PBIB0103E

2. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-II

Check "LOAD SIGNAL" indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Lighting switch: ON at 2nd position	ON
Lighting switch: OFF	OFF

OK or NG

- OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> GO TO 4.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO DTC
LOAD SIGNAL	ON

PBIB0103E

3. CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SYSTEM

Refer to [GW-94, "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER"](#).

>> **INSPECTION END**

4. CHECK HEADLAMP SYSTEM

Refer to [LT-6, "HEADLAMP \(FOR USA\)"](#) or [LT-43, "HEADLAMP \(FOR CANADA\) - DAYTIME LIGHT SYSTEM -"](#).

>> **INSPECTION END**

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

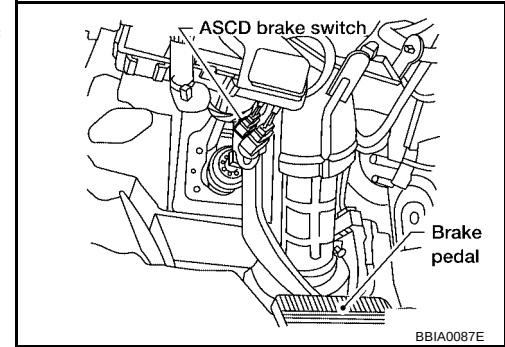
PFP:25320

Component Description

UBS009HR

When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal).

Refer to [EC-686, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE \(ASCD\)"](#) for the ASCD function.



CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS009HS

Specification data are reference values.

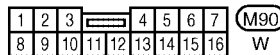
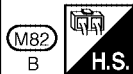
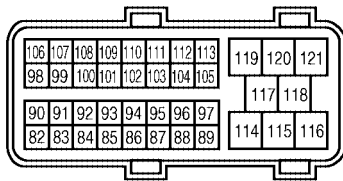
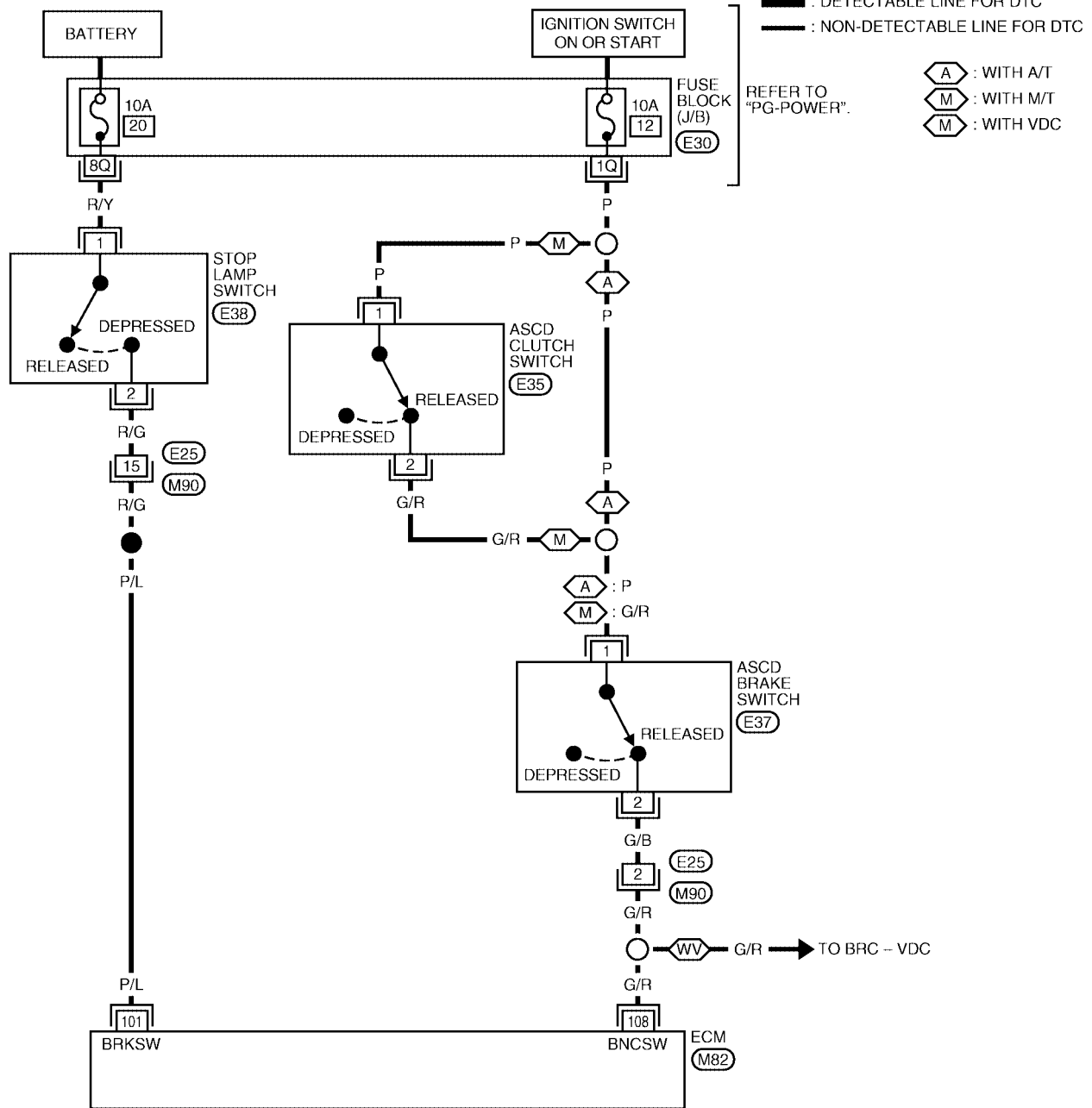
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW1 (ASCD brake switch)	● Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released (A/T) Clutch pedal and brake pedal: Fully released (M/T)	ON
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed (A/T) Clutch pedal and/or brake pedal: Slightly depressed (M/T)	OFF
BRAKE SW2 (Stop lamp switch)	● Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

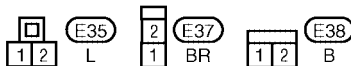
Wiring Diagram

UBS009HT

EC-ASCBOF-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
E30 - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)



BBWA0659E

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V
			[Ignition switch: OFF] ● Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
108	G/R	ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] ● Brake pedal is fully released (A/T) ● Clutch pedal and brake pedal are fully released (M/T)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON] ● Brake pedal is depressed (A/T) ● Clutch pedal and/or brake pedal is slightly depressed (M/T)	Approximately 0V

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

UBS009HU

Diagnostic Procedure

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

With CONSULT-II

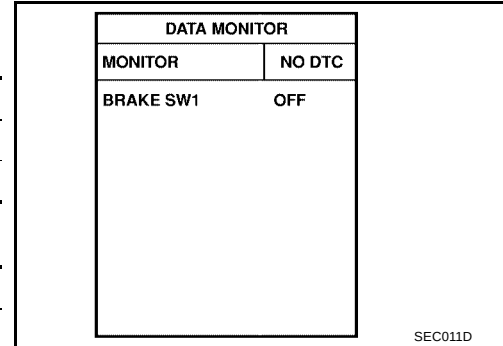
1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

A/T models

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is depressed	OFF
When brake pedal is fully released	ON

M/T models

CONDITION	INDICATION
When clutch pedal or brake pedal is depressed	OFF
When clutch pedal and brake pedal are fully released	ON



Without CONSULT-II

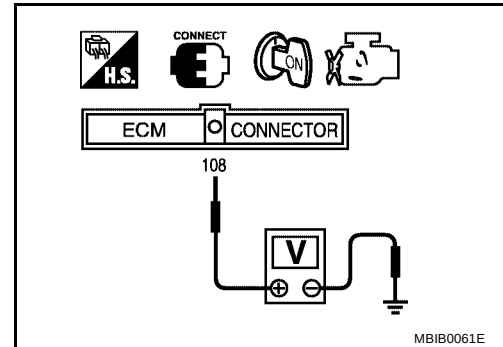
1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

A/T models

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is fully released	Battery voltage

M/T models

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When clutch pedal or brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When clutch pedal and brake pedal are fully released	Battery voltage



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG (M/T models)>>GO TO 3.
NG (A/T models)>>GO TO 8.

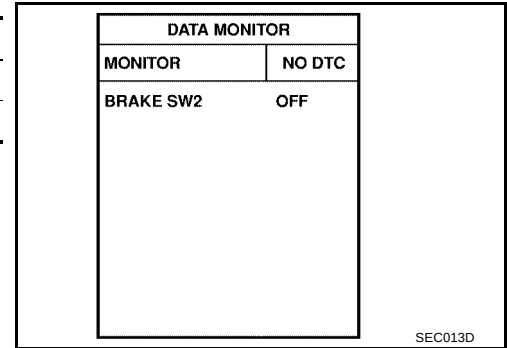
ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

With CONSULT-II

Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is released	OFF
When brake pedal is depressed	ON



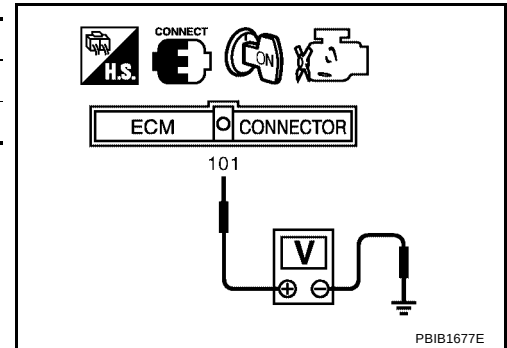
Without CONSULT-II

Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is released	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is depressed	Battery voltage

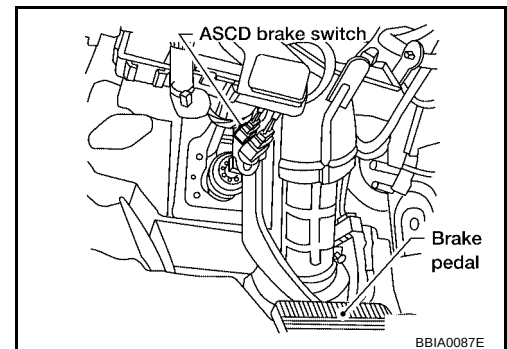
OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> GO TO 13.



3. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

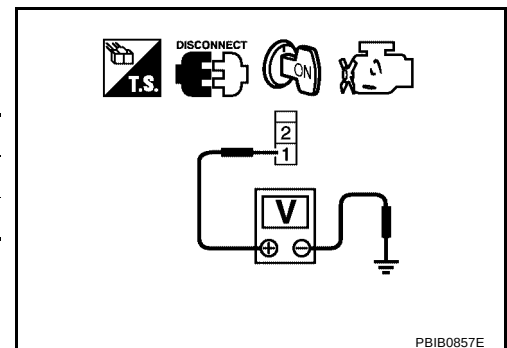


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When clutch pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When clutch pedal is fully released	Battery voltage

OK or NG

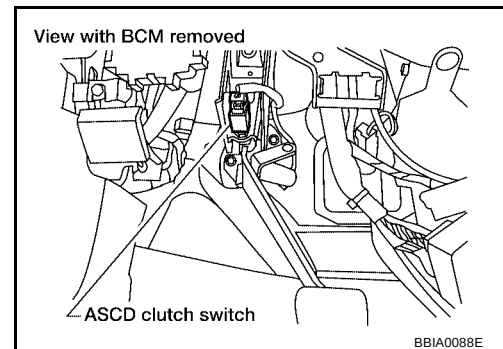
OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 4.



ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

4. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

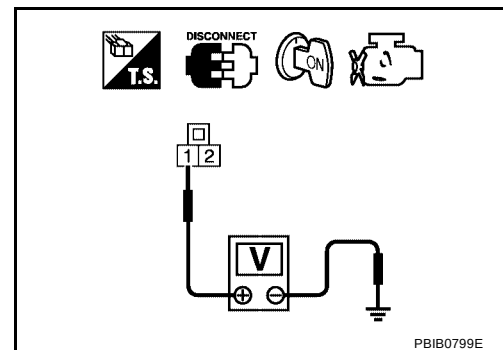


4. Check voltage between ASCD clutch switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
NG >> GO TO 5.



5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E30
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD clutch switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminal 2 and ASCD brake switch terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

7. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

Refer to [EC-665, "Component Inspection"](#) .

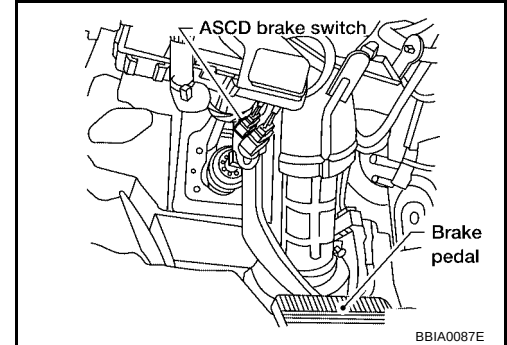
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
NG >> Replace ASCD clutch switch.

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

8. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.

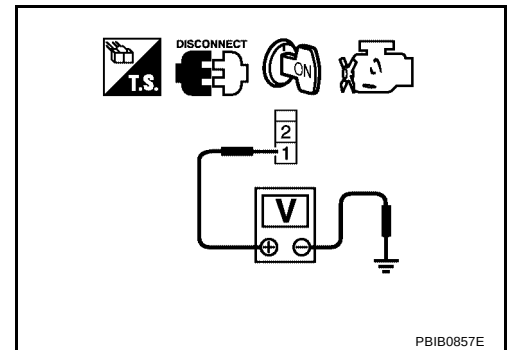


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 9.



9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E30
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground or short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
NG >> GO TO 11.

11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ASCD brake switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

12. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

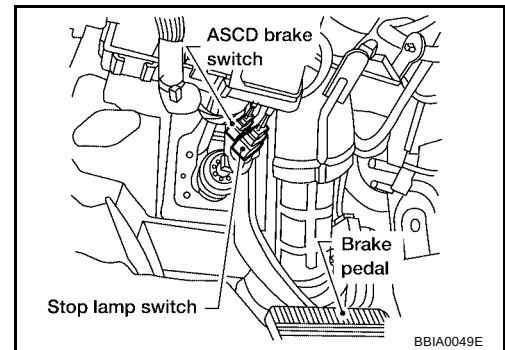
Refer to [EC-665, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

13. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

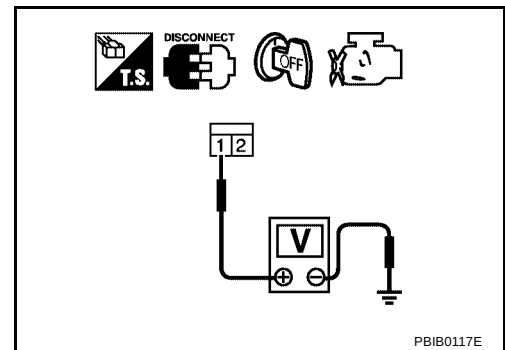


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 15.
NG >> GO TO 14.



14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E30
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

15. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 17.
NG >> GO TO 16.

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

16. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E25, M90
- Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

17. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to [EC-665, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

18. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#) .

>> **INSPECTION END**

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

UBS009HV

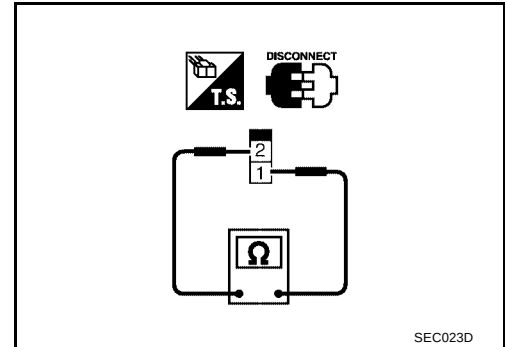
Component Inspection

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to [BR-6](#), "[BRAKE PEDAL](#)", and perform step 3 again.

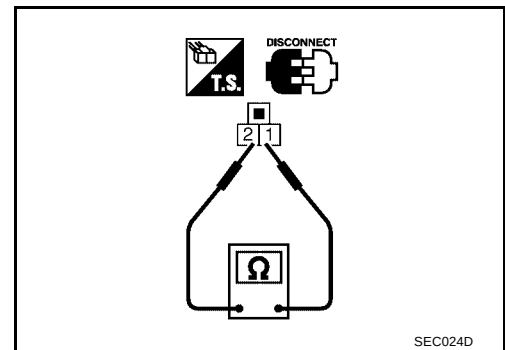


ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When clutch pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD clutch switch installation, refer to [CL-5](#), "[CLUTCH PEDAL](#)", and perform step 3 again.

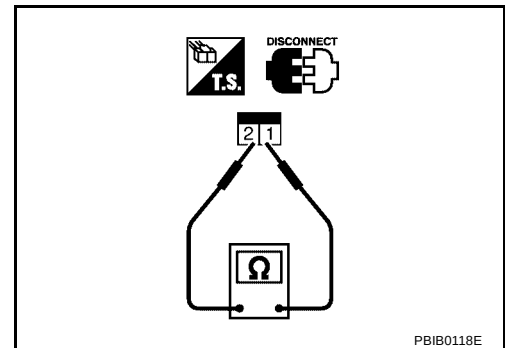


STOP LAMP SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should not exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to [BR-6](#), "[BRAKE PEDAL](#)", and perform step 3 again.



ASCD INDICATOR

ASCD INDICATOR

PFP:24814

Component Description

UBS009HW

ASCD indicator lamp illuminates to indicate ASCD operation status. Lamp has two indicators, CRUISE and SET, and is integrated in combination meter.

CRUISE indicator illuminates when CRUISE switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON to indicated that ASCD system is ready for operation.

SET indicator illuminates when following conditions are met.

- CRUISE indicator is illuminated.
- SET switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON while vehicle speed is within the range of ASCD setting.

SET indicator remains lit during ASCD control.

Refer to [EC-686, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE \(ASCD\)"](#) for the ASCD function.

CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

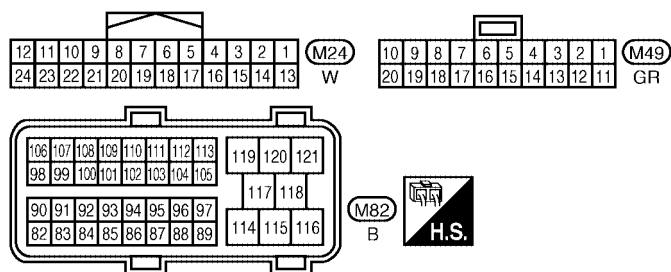
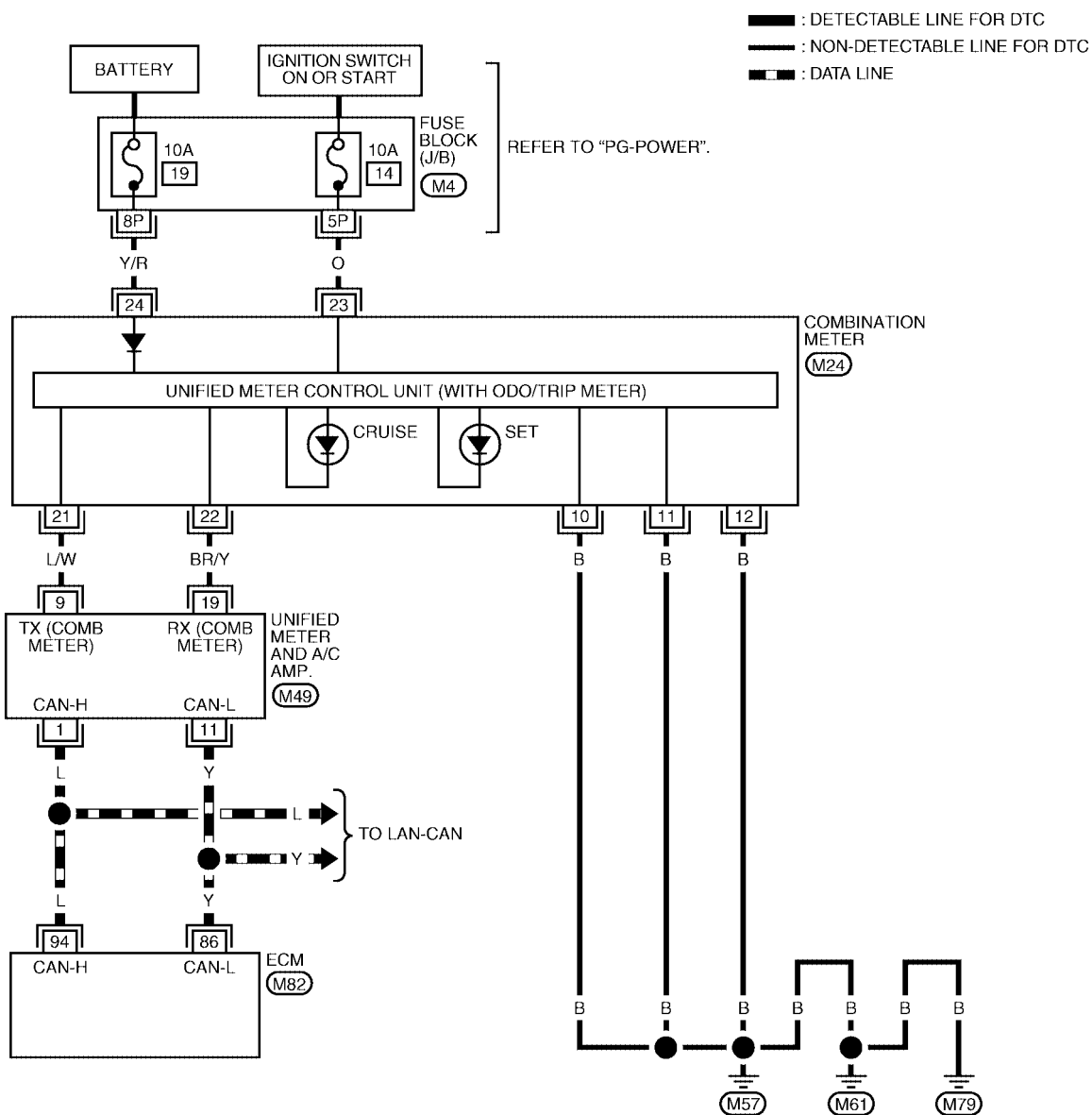
UBS009HX

Specification data are reference value.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
CRUISE LAMP	● Ignition switch: ON	CRUISE switch: pressed	ON
		CRUISE switch: released	OFF
SET LAMP	● CRUISE switch: ON ● When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH)	COAST/SET switch: pressed	ON
		COAST/SET switch: released	OFF

UBS009HY

EC-ASCIND-01



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
(M4) - FUSE BLOCK -
 JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

ASCD INDICATOR

Diagnostic Procedure

UBS009HZ

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

Check ASCD indicator under the following conditions.

ASCD INDICATOR	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
CRUISE LAMP	● Ignition switch: ON	CRUISE switch: pressed	ON
		CRUISE switch: released	OFF
SET LAMP	● CRUISE switch: ON ● When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH)	COAST/SET switch: pressed	ON
		COAST/SET switch: released	OFF

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**

NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK DTC

Check that DTC U1000 or U1001 is not displayed.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnoses for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to [EC-145, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"](#).

3. CHECK DTC WITH UNIFIED METER AND A/C AMP.

Refer to [DI-36, "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS"](#).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Go to [DI-26, "CAN Communication System Inspection"](#).

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to [EC-137, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"](#).

>> **INSPECTION END**

MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR

MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR

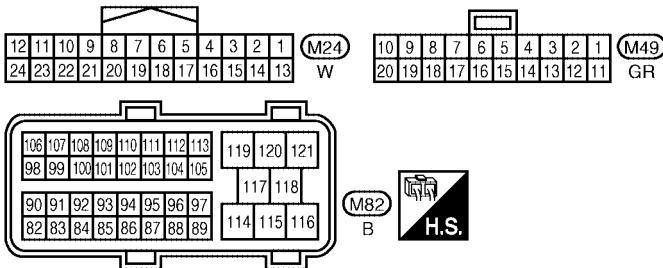
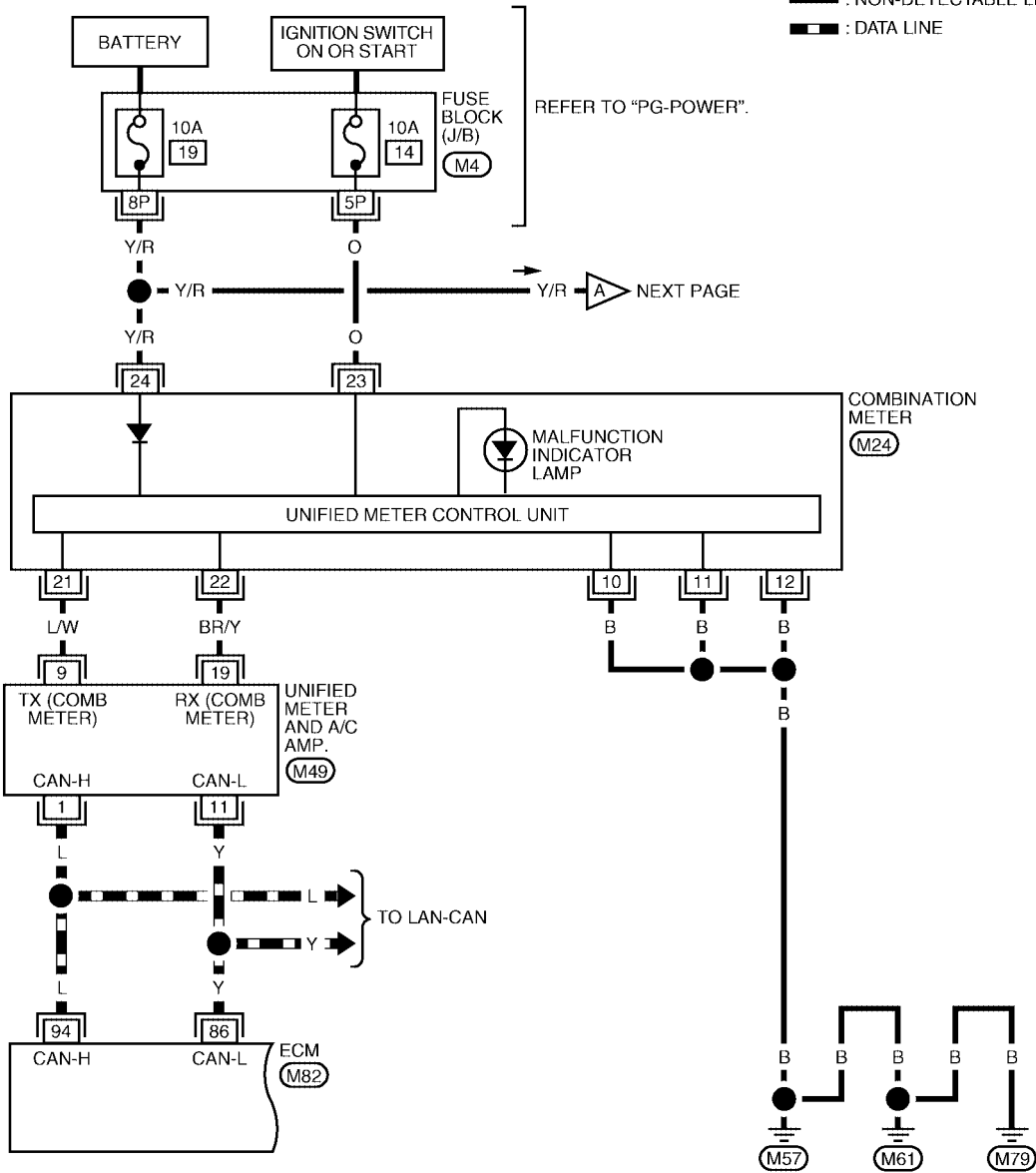
PFP:24814

UBS00910

Wiring Diagram

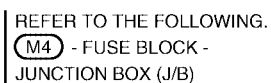
EC-MIL/DL-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 : DATA LINE



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
 (M4) - FUSE BLOCK - JUNCTION BOX (J/B)

EC-MIL/DL-02



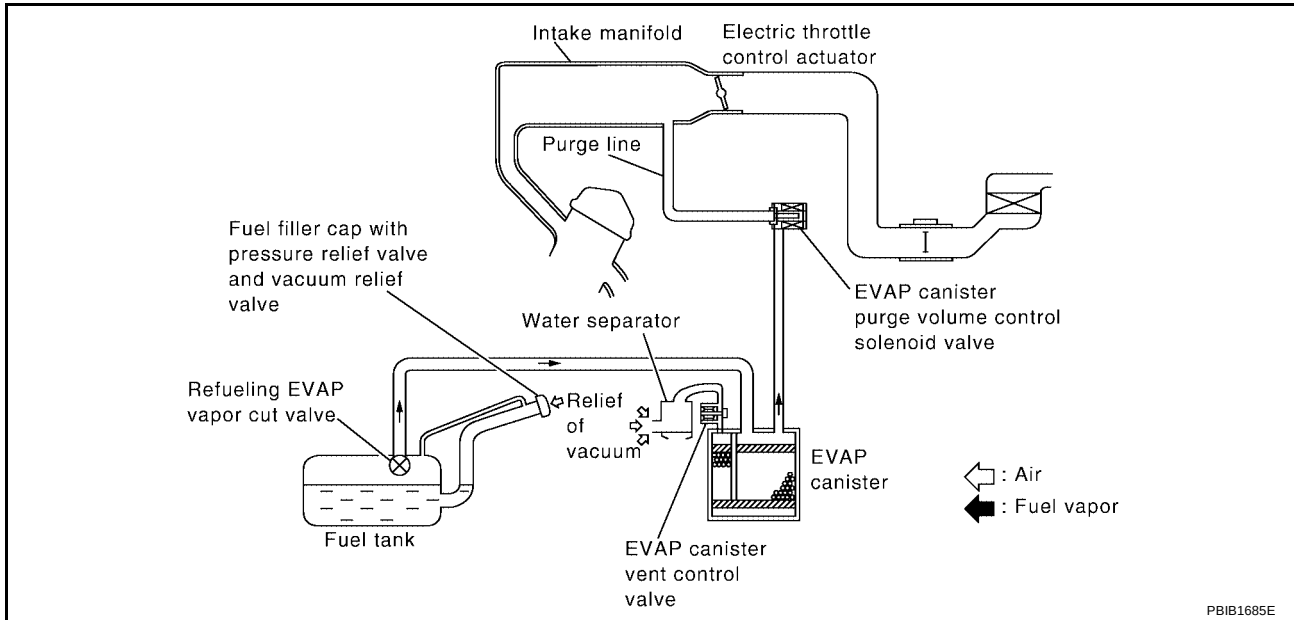
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

PFP:14950

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS009/1



The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

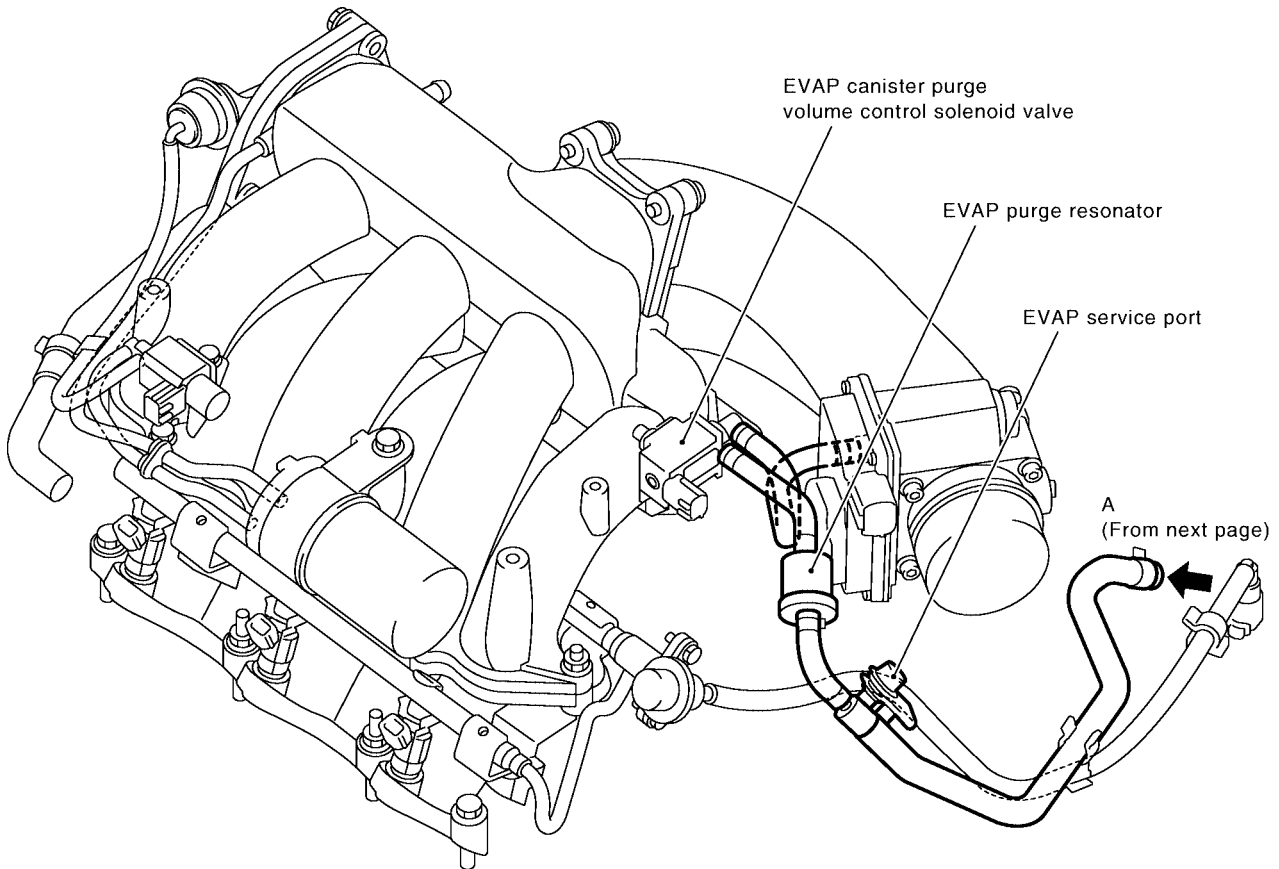
The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

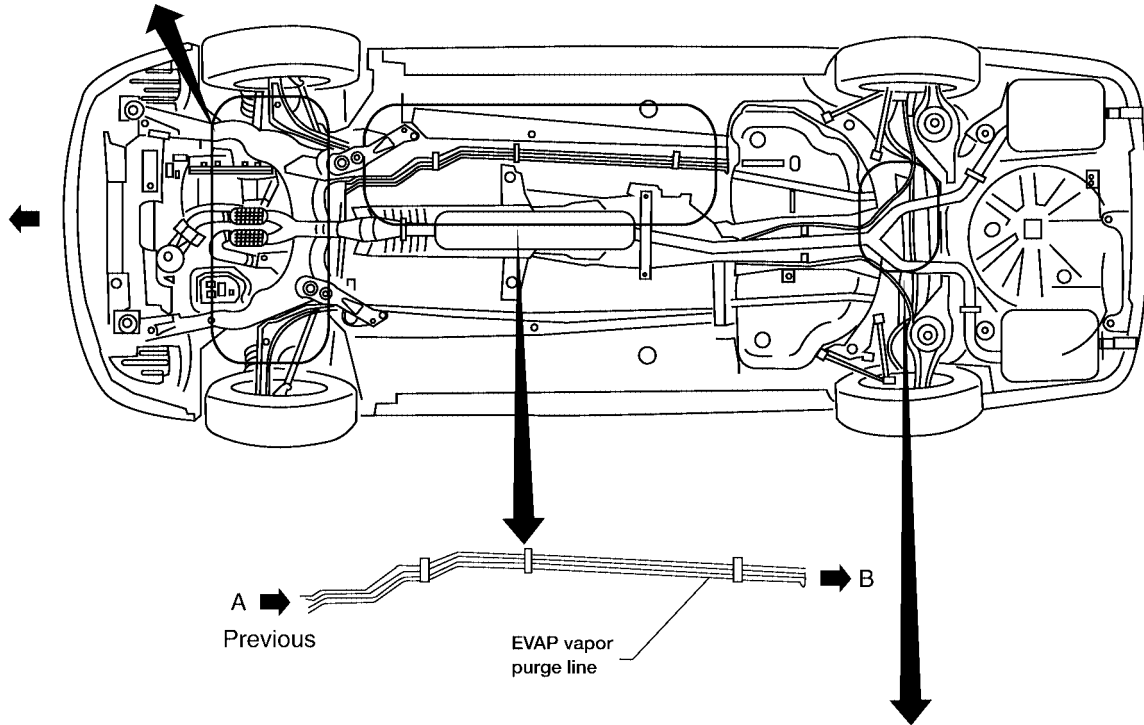
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING



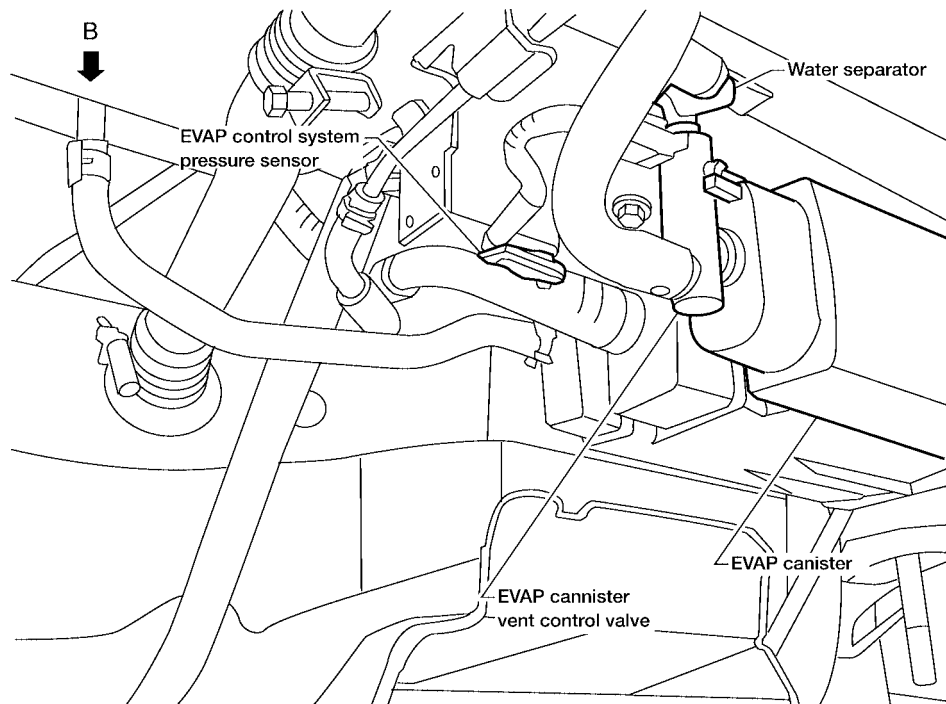
NOTE: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hose or purge hoses.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

Refer to
previous
page



View from under the vehicle with rear crossmember removed



BBIA0260E

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

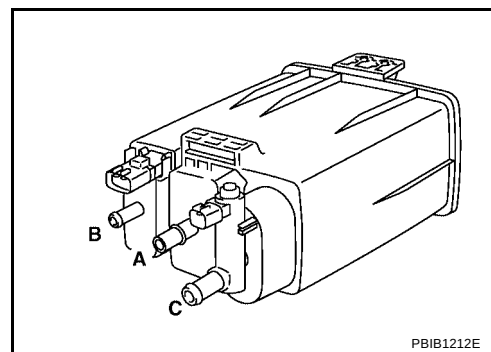
UBS009/2

Component Inspection

EVAP CANISTER

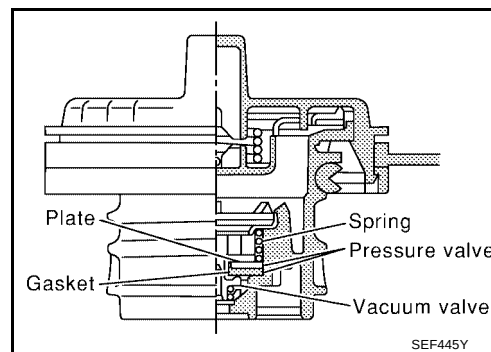
Check EVAP canister as follows:

1. Block port **B**.
2. Blow air into port **A** and check that it flows freely out of port **C**.
3. Release blocked port **B**.
4. Apply vacuum pressure to port **B** and check that vacuum pressure exists at the ports **A** and **C**.
5. Block port **A** and **B**.
6. Apply pressure to port **C** and check that there is no leakage.



FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)

1. Wipe clean valve housing.



2. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

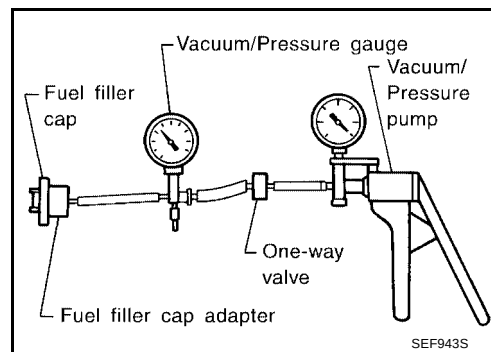
Pressure: 15.3 - 20.0 kPa (0.156 - 0.204 kg/cm², 2.22 - 2.90 psi)

Vacuum: -6.0 to -3.3 kPa (-0.061 to -0.034 kg/cm², -0.87 to -0.48 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

CAUTION:

Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.



EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to [EC-323](#).

FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-241](#).

EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to [EC-330](#).

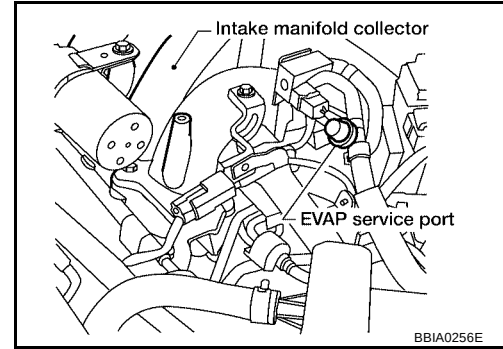
EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to [EC-337](#).

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

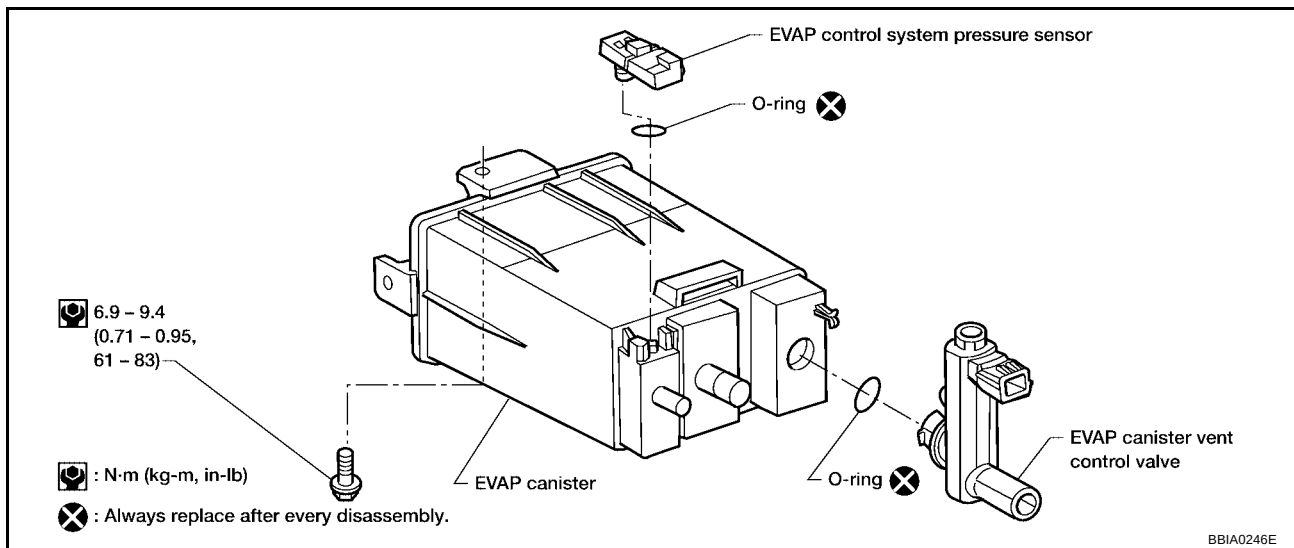
EVAP SERVICE PORT

Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the EVAP service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.



Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER

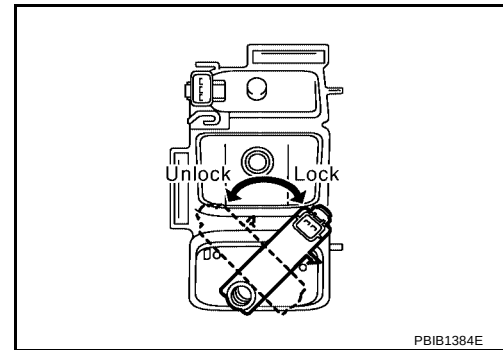
Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.



EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

1. Turn EVAP canister vent control valve counterclockwise.
2. Remove the EVAP canister vent control valve.

Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.



How to Detect Fuel Vapor Leakage

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm² , 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

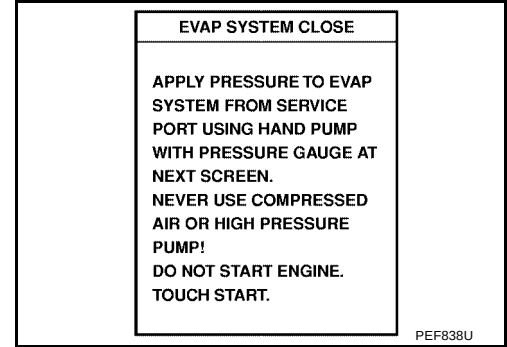
- Do not start engine.
- Improper installation of EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause a leak.

WITH CONSULT-II

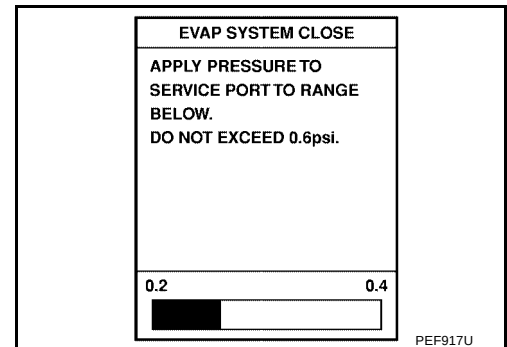
1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose to the EVAP service port adapter.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

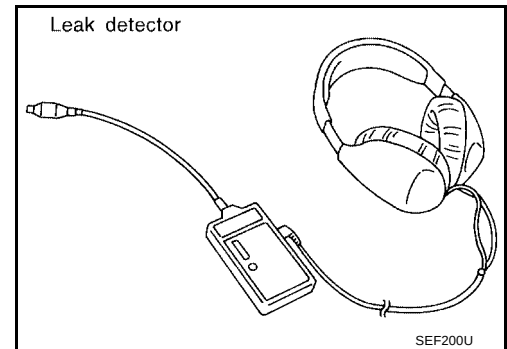
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT-II.
5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.



6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
7. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.

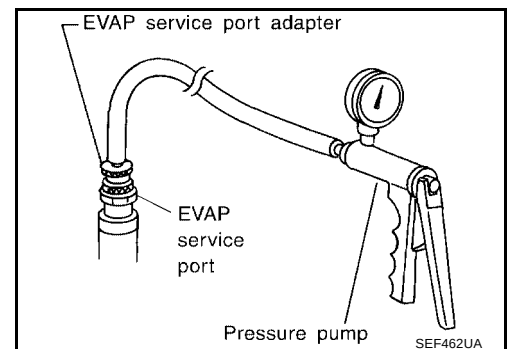


8. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#).



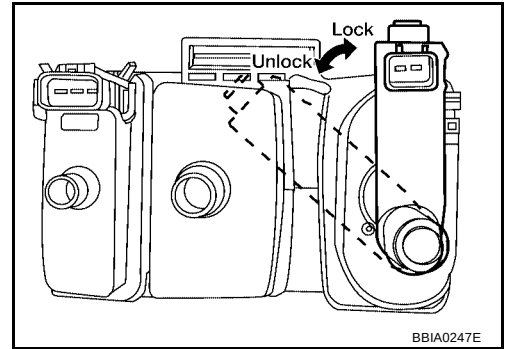
WITHOUT CONSULT-II

1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
2. Also attach the pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port adapter.



EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

3. Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of EVAP canister vent control valve to make a closed EVAP system.
4. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm² , 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
5. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.
6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to [EC-672, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"](#) .



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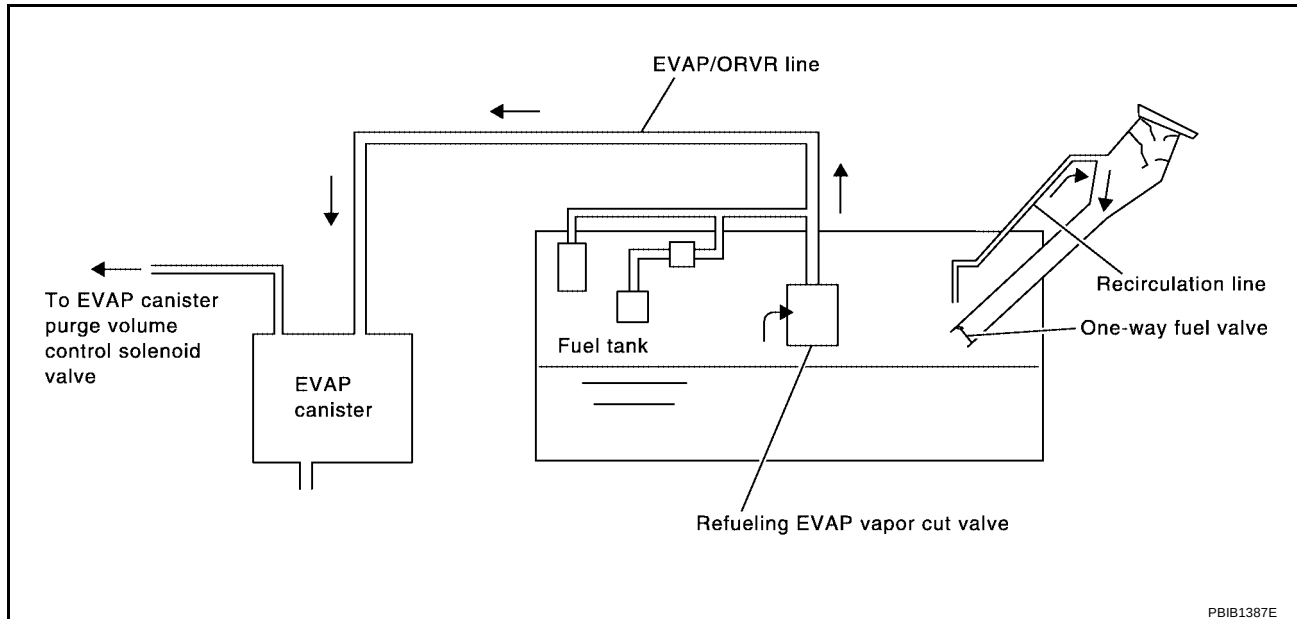
ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

PFP:00032

System Description

UBS00915



From the beginning of refueling, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve and EVAP/ORVR line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

WARNING:

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO₂ fire extinguisher.

CAUTION:

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
 - Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
 - Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to [EC-48. "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"](#) .
 - Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically. Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

UBS00916

Diagnostic Procedure

SYMPTOM: FUEL ODOR FROM EVAP CANISTER IS STRONG.

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

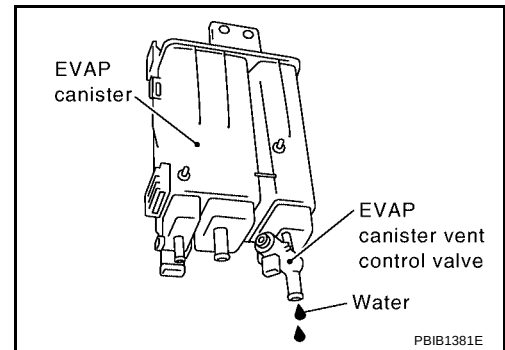
- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 3.
No >> GO TO 6.



3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to [EC-682, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Replace water separator.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

6. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to [EC-682, "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

- OK >> **INSPECTION END**
NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

SYMPTOM: CANNOT REFUEL/FUEL ODOR FROM THE FUEL FILLER OPENING IS STRONG WHILE REFUELING.

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

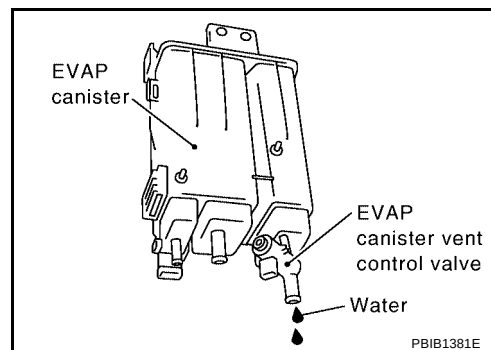
- OK >> GO TO 2.
NG >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 3.
No >> GO TO 6.



3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to [EC-682, "Component Inspection"](#).

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
NG >> Replace water separator.

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

6. CHECK VENT HOSES AND VENT TUBES

Check hoses and tubes between EVAP canister and refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

7. CHECK FILLER NECK TUBE

Check recirculation line for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace filler neck tube.

8. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to [EC-682. "Component Inspection"](#) .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

9. CHECK FUEL FILLER TUBE

Check filler neck tube and hose connected to the fuel tank for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube.

10. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-I

Check one-way valve for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

11. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-II

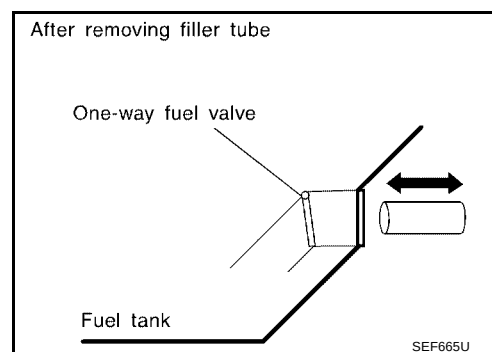
1. Make sure that fuel is drained from the tank.
2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
3. Check one-way fuel valve for operation as follows.
When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.

Do not drop any material into the tank.

OK or NG

OK >> **INSPECTION END**

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.



ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

UBS00917

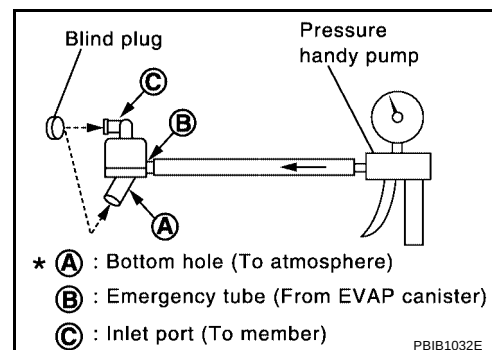
Component Inspection

WATER SEPARATOR

1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
4. Check that **A** and **C** are not clogged by blowing air into **B** with **A**, and then **C** plugged.
5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

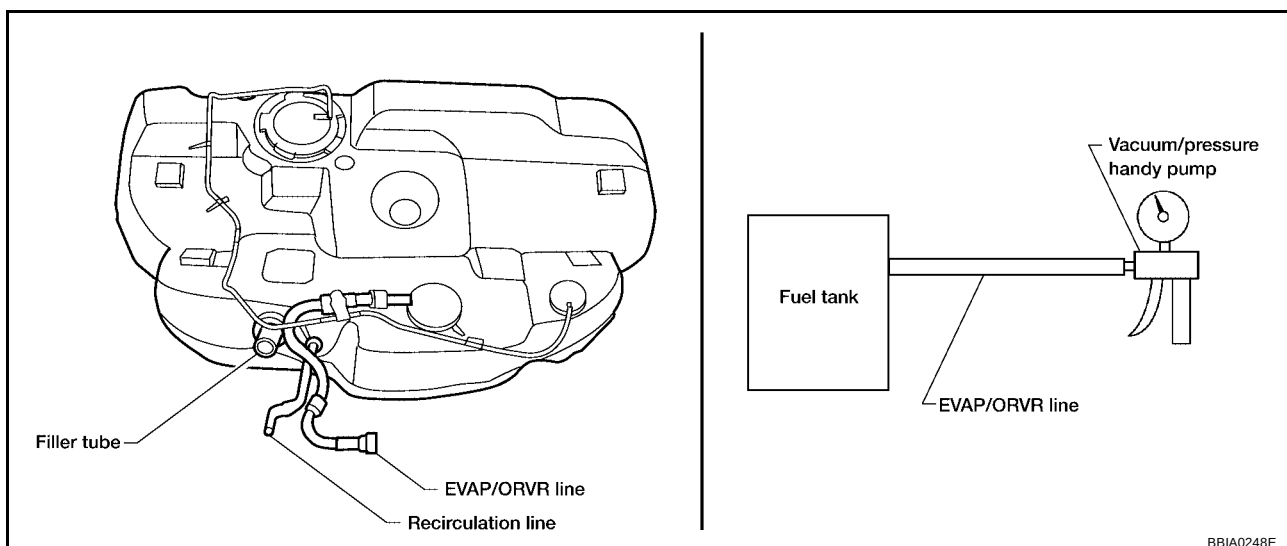
- Do not disassemble water separator.



REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Ⓟ With CONSULT-II

1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to [FL-9, "FUEL TANK"](#).
2. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
 - a. Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer.
 - b. Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.
 - c. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.
Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
 - a. Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
 - b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.
Always replace O-ring with new one.
 - c. Put fuel tank upside down.
 - d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



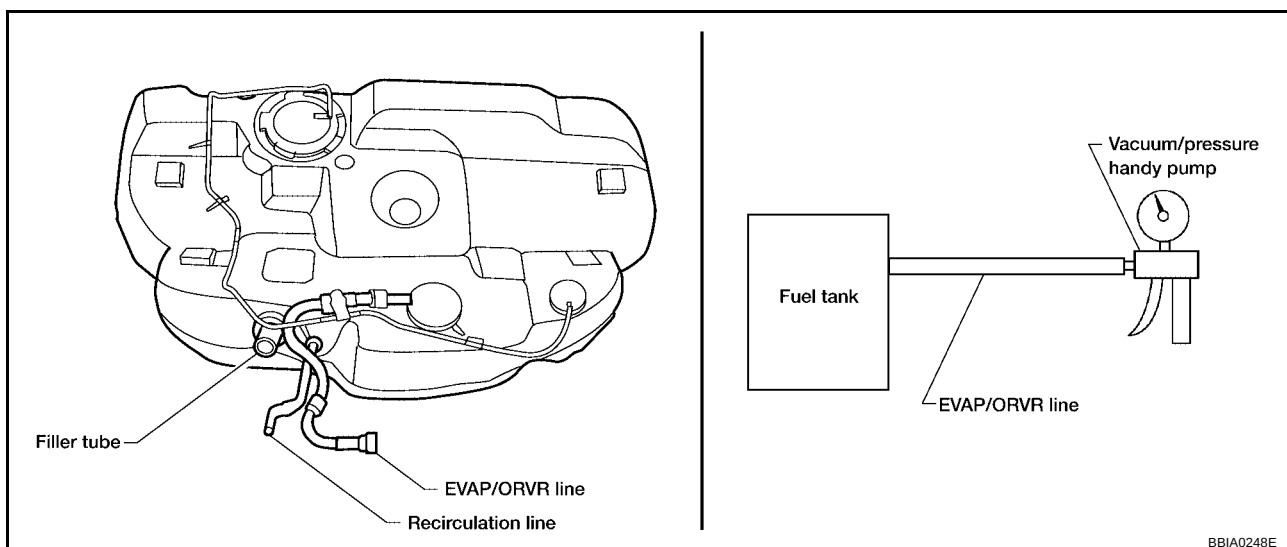
BBIA0248E

ⓧ Without CONSULT-II

1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to [FL-9, "FUEL TANK"](#).
2. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:

ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

- a. Remove fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Drain fuel from the tank using a handy pump into a fuel container.
3. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.
Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
 - a. Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
 - b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.
Always replace O-ring with new one.
 - c. Put fuel tank upside down.
 - d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



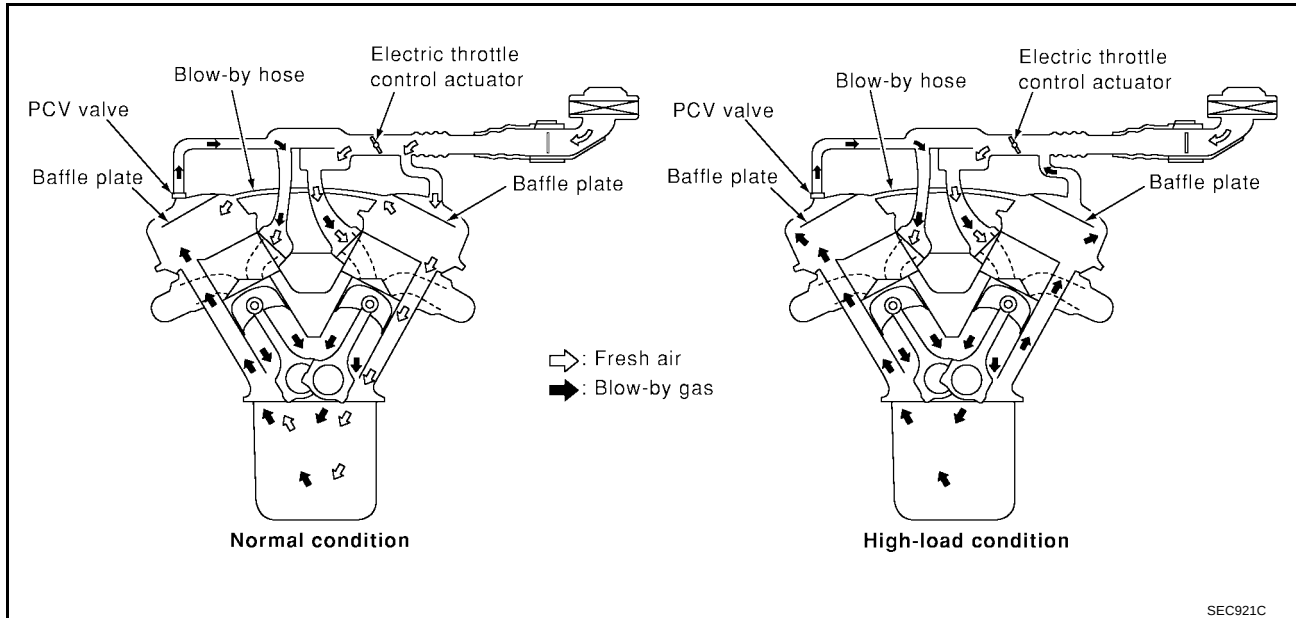
POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

PFP:11810

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00918

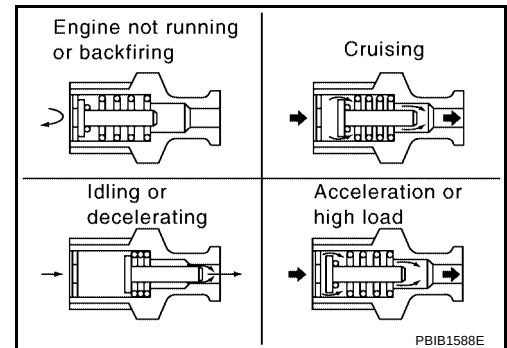


SEC921C

This system returns blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold. During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve. Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air. The ventilating air is then drawn from the air inlet tubes into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover. Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the air inlet tubes under all conditions.



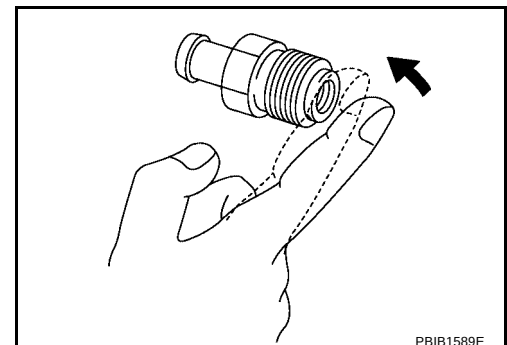
PBIB1588E

Component Inspection

PCV (POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION) VALVE

UBS00919

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from rocker cover. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over valve inlet.

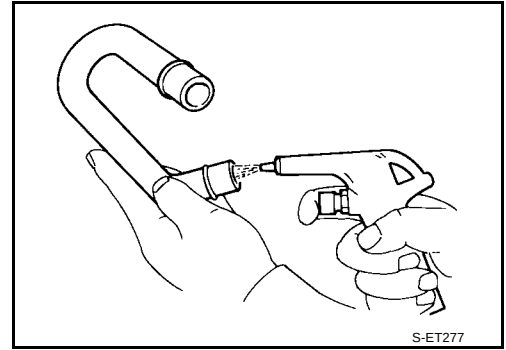


PBIB1589E

POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

PCV VALVE VENTILATION HOSE

1. Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.



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AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

PFP:18930

System Description INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS0091A

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
ASCD brake switch	Brake pedal operation	ASCD vehicle speed control	Electric throttle control actuator
Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal operation		
ASCD steering switch	ASCD steering switch operation		
Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		
Unified meter and A/C amp.*	Vehicle speed		
TCM*	Powertrain revolution		

*: These signals are sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

BASIC ASCD SYSTEM

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.

Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD) allows a driver to keep vehicle at predetermined constant speed without depressing accelerator pedal. Driver can set vehicle speed in advance between approximately 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH).

ECM controls throttle angle of electric throttle control actuator to regulate engine speed.

Operation status of ASCD is indicated by CRUISE indicator and SET indicator in combination meter. If any malfunction occurs in ASCD system, it automatically deactivates control.

NOTE:

Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws.

SET OPERATION

Press ASCD CRUISE switch (Main switch). (The CRUISE indicator in combination meter illuminates.)

When vehicle speed reaches a desired speed between approximately 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH), press SET switch. (Then SET indicator in combination meter illuminates.)

ACCEL OPERATION

If the RESUME/ACCEL switch is depressed during cruise control driving, increase the vehicle speed until the switch is released or vehicle speed reaches maximum speed controlled by the system.

And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.

CANCEL OPERATION

When any of following conditions exist, cruise operation will be canceled.

- CANCEL switch is depressed
- More than 2 switches at ASCD steering switch are depressed at the same time (Set speed will be cleared)
- Brake pedal is depressed
- Selector lever is changed to N, P, R position
- Vehicle speed decreased to 13 km/h (8 MPH) lower than the set speed
- VDC/TCS system is operated

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM will cancel the cruise operation and inform the driver by blinking indicator lamp.

- Engine coolant temperature is slightly higher than the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp may blink slowly.
When the engine coolant temperature decreases to the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp will stop blinking and the cruise operation will be able to work by depressing SET switch or RESUME switch.
- Malfunction for some self-diagnoses regarding ASCD control: SET lamp will blink quickly.

If MAIN switch is turned to OFF during ASCD is activated, all of ASCD operations will be canceled and vehicle speed memory will be erased.

COAST OPERATION

When the SET/COAST switch is depressed during cruise control driving, decrease vehicle set speed until the switch is released. And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

RESUME OPERATION

When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is depressed after cancel operation other than depressing MAIN switch is performed, vehicle speed will return to last set speed. To resume vehicle set speed, vehicle condition must meet following conditions.

- Brake pedal is released
- A/T selector lever is in other than P and N positions (A/T models)
- Clutch pedal is released (M/T models)
- Vehicle speed is greater than 40 km/h (25 MPH) and less than 144 km/h (89 MPH)

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AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

UBS0091B

Component Description

ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Refer to [EC-557](#) .

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to [EC-567](#) .

ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

Refer to [EC-567](#) .

STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to [EC-567](#) .

ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to [EC-403](#) , [EC-405](#) , [EC-411](#) and [EC-416](#) .

ASCD INDICATOR

Refer to [EC-666](#) .

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

PFP:00030

Fuel Pressure

UBS009IC

Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)	Approximately 350 (3.57, 51)

Idle Speed and Ignition Timing

UBS009ID

Target idle speed	No load* ¹ (in P or N position)	M/T: 625±50 rpm 4-speed A/T: 700±50 rpm 5-speed A/T: 675±50 rpm
Air conditioner: ON	In P or N position	825 rpm or more
Ignition timing	In P or N position	15° ± 5° BTDC

*1: Under the following conditions:

- Air conditioner switch: OFF
- Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan & rear window defogger)
- Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

Calculated Load Value

UBS009IE

Conditions	Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT-II or GST)
At idle	5 - 35
At 2,500 rpm	5 - 35

Mass Air Flow Sensor

UBS009IF

Supply voltage	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)
Output voltage at idle	1.1 - 1.5*V
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT-II or GST)	2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec at idle* 7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec at 2,500 rpm*

*: Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and running under no load.

Intake Air Temperature Sensor

UBS009IG

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.94 - 2.06
80 (176)	0.295 - 0.349

Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor

UBS009IH

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

EGR Temperature Sensor

UBS009I

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
0 (32)	0.73 - 0.88
50 (122)	0.74 - 0.082
100 (212)	0.011 - 0.014

Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Sensor 1 Heater

UBS009II

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	3.3 - 4.3Ω

Heated Oxygen sensor 2 Heater

UBS009IJ

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	5.0 - 7.0Ω

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Crankshaft Position Sensor (POS)

UBS009IK

Refer to [EC-269, "Component Inspection"](#) .

Camshaft Position Sensor (PHASE)

UBS009IL

Refer to [EC-277, "Component Inspection"](#) .

Throttle Control Motor

UBS009IM

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Approximately 1 - 15Ω

Injector

UBS009IN

Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	13.5 - 17.5Ω

Fuel Pump

UBS009IO

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Approximately 1.0Ω