STEERING SYSTEM

SECTION ST

CONTENTS

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION
Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR
BAG" (4WD models)
Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR
BAG" (2WD models)
Precautions for Steering System
Special Service Tools
ON-VEHICLE SERVICE
Steering System
Checking and Adjusting Drive Belts (For
power steering)
Checking Fluid Level (For power steering)
Checking Fluid Leakage (For power steering)
Bleeding Hydraulic System (For power
steering)
Checking Steering Wheel Turning Force (For
power steering)
Checking Steering Wheel Play
Checking Neutral Position on Steering Wheel
Checking Front Wheel Turning Angle
Checking Hydraulic System (For power
steering)
STEERING WHEEL AND STEERING COLUMN
Steering Wheel
Steering Column1
Disassembly and Assembly1
Inspection1
MANUAL STEERING GEAR (Model: VB66K)1
Removal and Installation1
Disassembly1
Assembly and Adjustment1

Inspection	17
POWER STEERING SYSTEM (Model: PB48S)	19
Description	
POWER STEERING GEAR (Model: PB48S)	20
Removal and InstallationPower Steering Gear Component	20
Pre-disassembly Inspection and Adjustment	
DisassemblyAssembly	
POWER STEERING SYSTEM (Model: PB59K)	
Description	
POWER STEERING GEAR (Model: PB59K)	
Removal and Installation	
Power Steering Gear Component	
Pre-disassembly Inspection and Adjustment	
Disassembly	
Assembly	
POWER STEERING OIL PUMP	
Disassembly and Assembly	
Pre-disassembly Inspection	
Inspection	
Disassembly	
Assembly	
STEERING LINKAGE	
Removal and Installation	
Disassembly	
Inspection	
SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS).	
General Specifications	
Inspection and Adjustment	4(

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" (4WD models)

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of an air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness, for easy identification.

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" (2WD models)

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of an air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS.

Precautions for Steering System

- Before disassembly, thoroughly clean the outside of the unit.
- Disassembly should be done in a clean work area. It is important to prevent the internal parts from becoming contaminated by dirt or other foreign matter.
- For easier and proper assembly, place disassembled parts in order on a parts rack.
- Use nylon cloths or paper towels to clean the parts; common shop rags can leave lint that might interfere with their operation.
- Before inspection or reassembly, carefully clean all parts with a general purpose, non-flammable solvent.
- Before assembly, apply a coat of recommended ATF* to hydraulic parts. Petroleum jelly may be applied to O-rings and seals. Do not use any grease.
- Replace all gaskets, seals and O-rings. Avoid damaging O-rings, seals and gaskets during installation. Perform functional tests whenever designated.
 - *: Automatic Transmission Fluid type DEXRONTM II E, DEXRONTM III, or equivalent.

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Special Service Tools

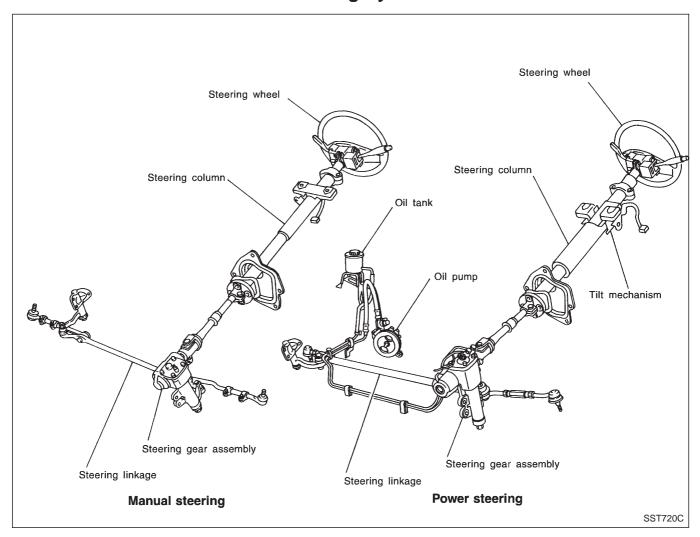
Tool number			Unit app	olication
Tool name	Description		Manual steering	Power steering
ST27180001 Steering wheel puller	9 M10 x 1.25 pitch 29 mm (1.14 in) NT544	Removing steering wheel	х	X
HT72520000 Ball joint remover	ntis46	Removing ball joint and swivel joint a: 33 mm (1.30 in) b: 50 mm (1.97 in) r: R11.5 mm (0.453 in)	х	Х
ST29020001 Steering gear arm puller	NT694	Removing pitman arm a: 34 mm (1.34 in) b: 6.5 mm (0.256 in) c: 61.5 mm (2.421 in)	х	Х
KV48101500 Lock nut wrench	NT534	Removing and installing lock nut a: 73.1 mm (2.878 in) b: 100 mm (3.94 in) c: 12 mm (0.47 in) d: 60 mm (2.36 in) dia.	х	_
KV48101400 Adjusting plug wrench	NT539	Adjusting and tightening lock nut a: 46.7 mm (1.839 in) b: 8.5 mm (0.335 in) dia. c: 7 mm (0.28 in)	Х	_
ST3127S000 ① GG91030000 Torque wrench ② HT62940000 Socket adapter ③ HT62900000 Socket adapter	1/4" Torque wrench with range of 2.9 N·m (30 kg-cm, 26 in-lb)	Measuring turning torque	х	X

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Special Service Tools (Cont'd)

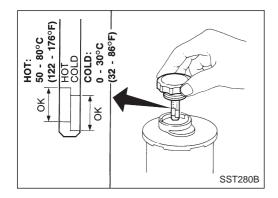
	Special Se	ervice roots (Con	t u)	
Tool number			Unit apı	olication
Tool number Tool name	Description		Manual steering	Power steering
KV48100301 Strut & steering gearbox attachment	b 00 a C	Steering gear is installed.	Х	X
	NT688	a: 162 mm (6.38 in) b: 110 mm (4.33 in) c: 190 mm (7.48 in) d: 9 mm (0.35 in)		
KV48103500 Pressure gauge	To oil pump outlet PF3/8" (female) Shut-off valve To control valve PF3/8" (male)	Measuring oil pressure	_	Х
KV48102500 Pressure gauge adapter	PF3/8" PF3/8" M16 x 1.5 pitch MT542	Measuring oil pressure (Use with KV48103500)	_	Х
KV481009S0 Oil seal drift set ① KV48100910 Drift ② KV48100920 Adapter ③ KV48100930 Adapter	3 0 1 NT174	Installing oil seal	_	X
KV48100700 Torque adapter	NT169	Adjusting worm bearing pre- load	Х	Х

Steering System



Checking and Adjusting Drive Belts (For power steering)

Refer to MA section ("Checking Drive Belts", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE").



Checking Fluid Level (For power steering)

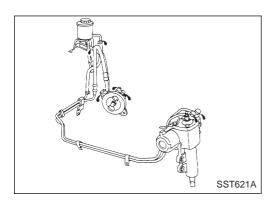
Check fluid level with engine off.

Check fluid level with dipstick on reservoir cap.

Use "HOT" range for fluid temperatures of 50 to 80°C (122 to 176°F). Use "COLD" range for fluid temperatures of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

CAUTION:

- Do not overfill.
- Recommended fluid is Automatic Transmission Fluid type "DEXRON™ II E, DEXRON™ III", or equivalent.



Checking Fluid Leakage (For power steering)

Check lines for improper attachment, leaks, cracks, damage, chafing or deterioration.

- 1. Run engine between idle speed and 1,000 rpm.
- Make sure temperature of fluid in reservoir tank rises to 60 to 80°C (140 to 176°F).
- 2. Turn steering wheel right-to-left several times.
- 3. Hold steering wheel at each "lock" position for five seconds and carefully check for fluid leakage.

CAUTION:

Do not hold steering wheel at lock position for more than 15 seconds.

4. If fluid leakage from any line is noticed, loosen flare nut and then retighten.

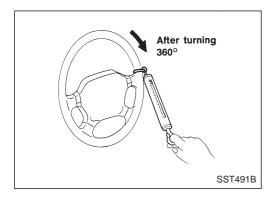
Do not overtighten connector as this can damage O-ring, washer and connector.

- 5. If fluid leakage from power steering pump is noticed, check power steering pump. Refer to ST-34.
- If fluid leakage from power steering gear is noticed, check power steering gear. Refer to ST-19 (PB48S), or ST-27 (PB59K).

Bleeding Hydraulic System (For power steering)

- 1. Raise front end of vehicle until wheels are clear of the ground.
- Add fluid to reservoir tank to specified level. Then quickly turn steering wheel fully to right and left and lightly touch steering stoppers.
 - Repeat steering wheel operation until fluid level no longer decreases.
- 3. Start engine.
 - Repeat step 2 above.
- Incomplete air bleeding will cause the following to occur:
- a. Air bubbles in reservoir tank
- b. Clicking noise in power steering pump
- c. Excessive buzzing in power steering pump When this happens, bleed air again.

Fluid noise may occur in the valve or power steering pump. This is common when the vehicle is stationary or while turning the steering wheel slowly. This does not affect the performance or durability of the system.



Checking Steering Wheel Turning Force (For power steering)

- 1. Park vehicle on a level, dry surface and set parking brake.
- 2. Start engine and run at idle speed or 1,000 rpm.
- 3. Bring power steering fluid up to adequate operating temperature. [Make sure temperature of fluid is approximately 60 to 80°C (140 to 176°F).]

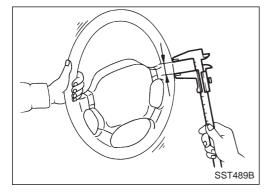
Tires need to be inflated to normal pressure.

4. Check steering wheel turning force when steering wheel has been turned 360° from neutral position.

Steering wheel turning force:

PB48S-type 24.5 - 29.4 N (2.5 - 3.0 kg, 5.5 - 6.6 lb) PB59K-type 39 N (4 kg, 9 lb) or less

- 5. If steering wheel turning force is out of specification, check the following:
- a. Hydraulic system. Refer to "Checking Hydraulic System", ST-7.
- b. Steering Column. Refer to ST-10.
- c. Front suspension and axle. Refer to FA section ("Front Axle and Front Suspension Parts", "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE").
- d. Steering gear turning torque. Refer to "TURNING TORQUE MEASUREMENT", ST-19 (PB48S), or ST-27 (PB59K).

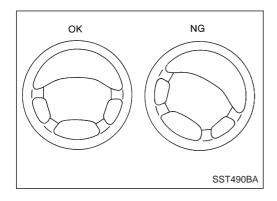


Checking Steering Wheel Play

 Place wheels in a straight ahead position and check steering wheel play.

Steering wheel play:

- 35 mm (1.38 in) or less
- If it is not within specification, check the following for loose or worn components.
- a. Steering column. Refer to ST-10.
- b. Front suspension and axle. Refer to FA section ("Front Axle and Front Suspension Parts", "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE").
- Steering gear. [Refer to ST-13 (manual steering),ST-19 (power steering PB48S), or ST-27 (power steering PB59K).]



Checking Neutral Position on Steering Wheel

• Make sure that wheel alignment is correct.

Wheel alignment:

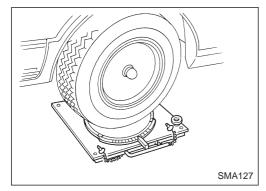
Refer to FA section ("Inspection and Adjustment", "SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS").

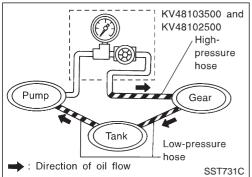
 Verify that the steering gear is centered before removing the steering wheel.

Checking

- 1. Check that the steering wheel is in the neutral position when driving straight ahead.
- 2. If it is not in the neutral position, remove the steering wheel and reinstall it correctly.
- 3. If the neutral position is still not correct:
- a. Loosen tie-rod lock nuts.
- b. Move tie-rods, in opposite direction, the same amount on both left and right sides.

This will compensate for error in the neutral position.





Checking Front Wheel Turning Angle

1. Rotate steering wheel fully right, then left; measure turning angle.

Turning angle of full turns:

Refer to FA section ("Inspection and Adjustment", "SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS").

2. If it is not within specification, check stopper bolt adjustment. Refer to FA section ("FRONT WHEEL TURNING ANGLE", "Front Wheel Alignment").

Checking Hydraulic System (For power steering)

Before starting, check belt tension, driving pulley and tire pressure.

- 1. Set Tool. Open shut-off valve. Then bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Hydraulic System", ST-5.
- 2. Run engine at idle speed or 1,000 rpm.
- Make sure temperature of fluid in reservoir tank rises to 60 to 80°C (140 to 176°F).

WARNING:

Warm up engine with shut-off valve fully opened. If engine is started with shut-off valve closed, fluid pressure in power steering pump increases to maximum. This will raise fluid temperature abnormally.

3. Check pressure with steering wheel fully turned to left and right positions while idling at 1,000 rpm.

CAUTION:

Do not hold the steering wheel at full lock position for more than 15 seconds.

Oil pump maximum pressure:

7,649 - 8,238 kPa (76.5 - 82.4 bar, 78 - 84 kg/cm², 1,109 - 1,194 psi) at idling

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

Checking Hydraulic System (For power steering) (Cont'd)

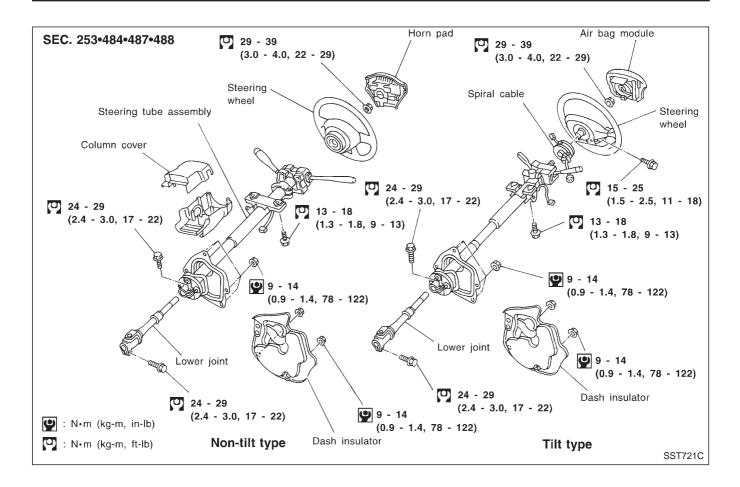
4. If power steering pressure is below standard pressure, slowly close shut-off valve and check pressure.

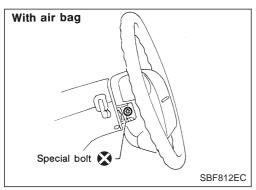
CAUTION:

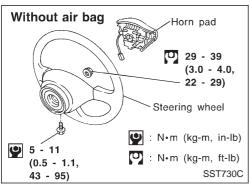
Do not close shut-off valve for more than 15 seconds.

- When pressure reaches maximum pressure, gear is damaged. Check power steering gear. Refer to ST-19 (PB48S), or ST-27 (PB59K).
- When pressure remains below standard pressure, pump is damaged. Check power steering pump. Refer to ST-34.
- 5. If power steering pressure is higher than standard pressure, power steering pump flow control valve is damaged. Check power steering pump. Refer to ST-34.
- 6. After checking hydraulic system, remove Tool and add fluid as necessary. Then completely bleed air out of system. Refer to ST-5.

STEERING WHEEL AND STEERING COLUMN





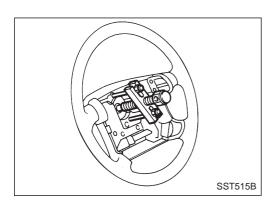


Steering Wheel

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- Remove air bag module and spiral cable. Refer to RS section ["Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable", "SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)"]. (With air bag)
 Remove horn pad. (Without air bag)
- 2. Disconnect horn connector and remove steering wheel nut.

STEERING WHEEL AND STEERING COLUMN



Steering Wheel (Cont'd)

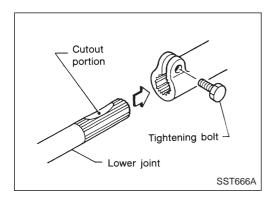
- 3. Remove steering wheel using Tool.
- For installation, refer to RS section ["Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable", "SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)"].

Steering Column

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- The rotation of the spiral cable (SRS "Air bag" component part) is limited. If the steering gear must be removed, set the front wheels in the straight-ahead direction.
 - Do not rotate the steering column while the steering gear is removed.
- Remove the steering wheel before removing the steering lower joint to avoid damaging the SRS spiral cable. Refer to ST-9.
- 1. Remove steering wheel, refer to ST-9.
- 2. Remove steering column cover.
- 3. Remove instrument lower panel.
- 4. Disconnect combination switch electrical connectors and air bag harness connector.
- 5. Remove dash insulator.
- 6. Remove bolt from lower joint.
- Remove two steering column bolts and remove steering column.



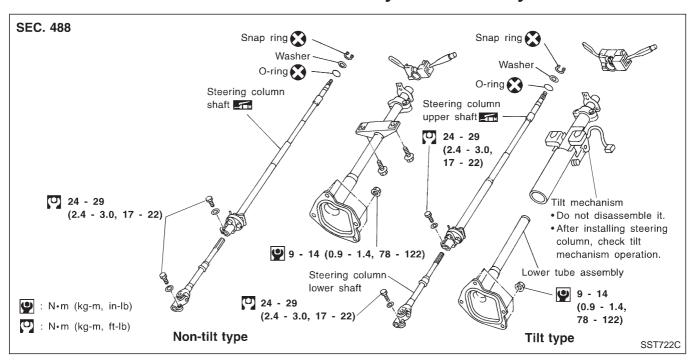
INSTALLATION

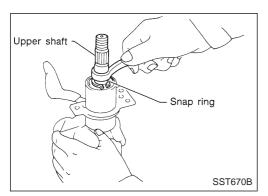
- When installing steering column, finger-tighten all lower bracket and clamp retaining bolts; then tighten them securely. Make sure that undue stress is not applied to steering column.
- When fitting steering lower joint, be sure tightening bolt faces cutout portion.
- Align spiral cable correctly when installing steering wheel.
 Refer to RS section ["Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable",
 "SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)"].

CAUTION:

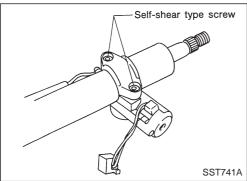
After installation, turn steering wheel to make sure it moves smoothly. Ensure the number of turns from the straight forward position to left and right locks are the same. Be sure that the steering wheel is in a neutral position when driving straight ahead.

Disassembly and Assembly

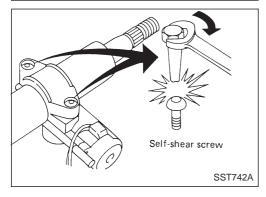




- When disassembling and assembling, unlock steering lock with key.
- Remove combination switch.
- Ensure that rounded surface of snap ring faces toward bearing when snap ring is installed.
- Install snap ring on upper shaft with a suitable tool.

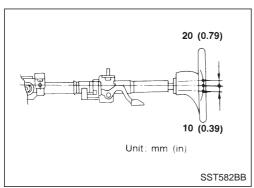


- Steering lock
- Break self-shear type screws using a drill or other appropriate tool



b. Install self-shear type screws, then tighten until heads break off

STEERING WHEEL AND STEERING COLUMN



Non-tilt type Tilt type SST723C

Disassembly and Assembly (Cont'd) Tilt mechanism

After installing steering column, check tilt mechanism operation.

Inspection

- When steering wheel does not turn smoothly, check the steering column as follows and replace damaged parts.
- a. Check column bearings for damage or unevenness. Lubricate with recommended multi-purpose grease or replace steering column as an assembly, if necessary.
- b. Check jacket tube for deformation or breakage. Replace if necessary.
- When the vehicle is involved in a light collision, check dimension "L". If it is not within specifications, replace steering column as an assembly.

Column length "L":

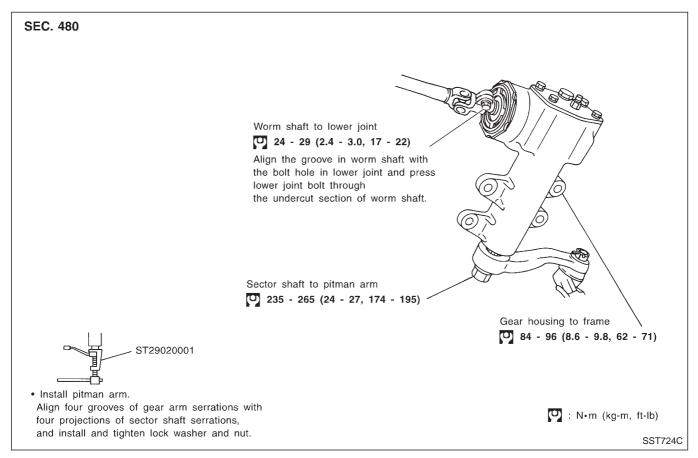
RHD KA24 engine

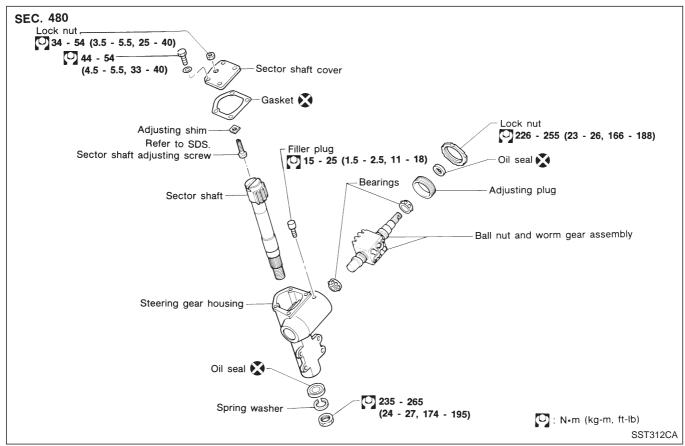
822.1 - 823.7 mm (32.37 - 32.43 in)

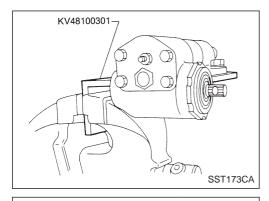
Except RHD KA24 engine

866.1 - 867.7 mm (34.10 - 34.16 in)

Removal and Installation

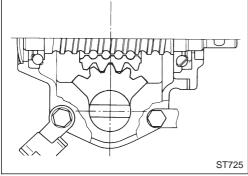






Disassembly

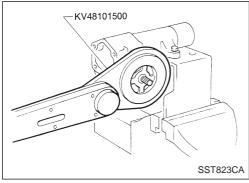
1. Place steering gear in a vise using Tool.



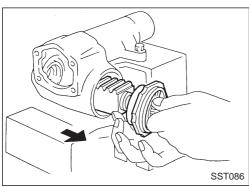
- 2. Set worm gear in a straight-ahead position.
- 3. Remove sector shaft together with sector shaft cover.

CAUTION:

- When pulling sector shaft out, be careful not to damage oil seal or associated parts.
- Do not remove sector shaft needle bearings from steering gear housing. If necessary, replace gear housing as an assembly.



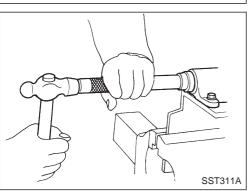
4. Loosen adjusting plug lock nut using Tool.



5. Remove worm gear together with worm bearing.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to rotate ball nut fully to either end of worm gear.
 - Ends of ball guides will be damaged if nut is rotated until it stops at end of worm gear.
- Do not separate ball nut from worm gear assembly. If necessary, replace entire unit as an assembly.
- Do not remove sector shaft needle bearings from steering gear housing.
 - If necessary, replace entire gear housing as an assembly.



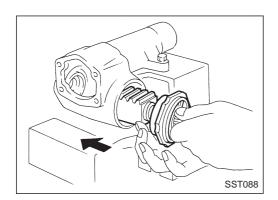
Assembly and Adjustment

Apply multi-purpose grease to sealing area of new oil seals for sector shaft and worm gear.

WORM GEAR BEARING PRELOAD

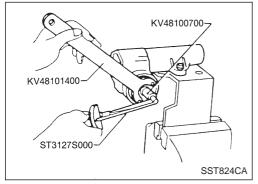
1. Drive oil seal into place.

Before installing oil seal, coat oil seal contacting face with gear fluid.



Assembly and Adjustment (Cont'd)

2. Place worm gear assembly together with worm gear bearing into gear housing.

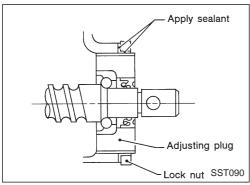


3. Adjust worm gear bearing preload using Tools. **CAUTION:**

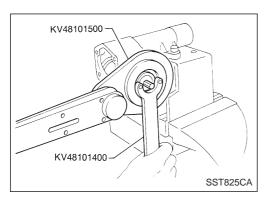
- Always adjust worm gear bearing preload by turning adjusting plug in clockwise direction.
- Before measuring preload, rotate worm gear a few turns in both directions to seat worm gear bearing.

Worm gear bearing preload:

0.69 - 0.88 N·m (7.0 - 9.0 kg-cm, 6.1 - 7.8 in-lb)



4. Apply suitable sealant to inner surface of lock nut.

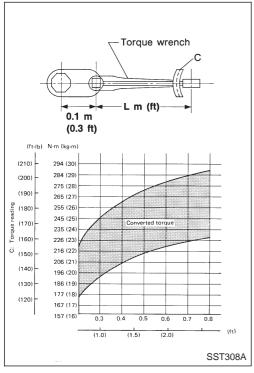


Assembly and Adjustment (Cont'd)

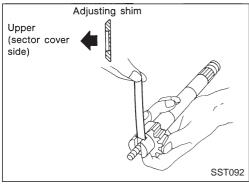
5. Tighten lock nut using Tools.

Lock nut:

: 226 - 255 N·m (23 - 26 kg-m, 166 - 188 ft-lb)



- When tightening lock nut, use the chart shown at left to determine the proper reading of torque.
 (Length of torque wrench vs. setting or reading of torque)
- 6. After tightening lock nut, check worm gear bearing preload to make sure it is within specification.

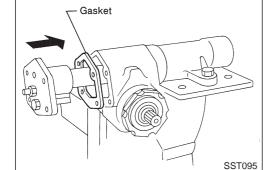


play betwee Sector 0.1 Sector

SECTOR SHAFT END PLAY

Select and install proper adjusting shim to achieve proper end play between sector shaft and adjusting screw.

Sector shaft end play:
0.1 mm (0.004 in) or less
Sector shaft adjusting screw shims:
Refer to SDS, ST-41.

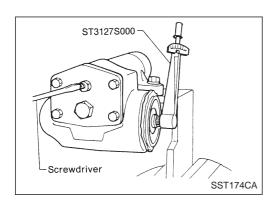


STEERING GEAR PRELOAD AND BACKLASH

1. Set worm gear in a straight-ahead position.

Carefully insert sector shaft in gear housing, being careful not to scratch oil seal.

- 2. Turn adjusting screw until sector shaft just contacts ball nut. Temporarily tighten lock nut.
- 3. Lubricate contacting portion of sector shaft and ball nut with gear oil or bearing grease.



Assembly and Adjustment (Cont'd)

4. Adjust steering gear turning torque in a straight-ahead position using Tool, then lock with lock nut.

CAUTION:

- Always adjust steering gear preload by turning adjusting screw in clockwise direction.
- Rotate worm gear a few turns in both directions to seat steering gear assembly.
- a. Measure turning torque at 360° position from straight-ahead position using Tools.

Turning torque at 360°:

0.69 - 0.88 N·m (7.0 - 9.0 kg-cm, 6.1 - 7.8 in-lb)

b. Measure turning torque at straight-ahead position.

Straight-ahead position is a position where stub shaft is turned 2.14 turns (two full turns and 50°) from lock position.

Turning torque at straight-ahead position:

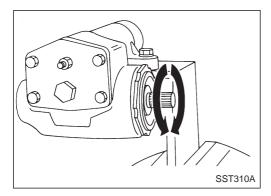
0.20 - 0.39 N·m (2.0 - 4.0 kg-cm, 1.7 - 3.5 in-lb)

higher than turning torque at 360°

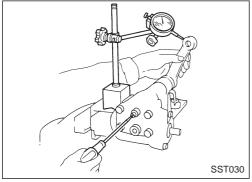
Maximum turning torque:

1.08 N·m (11.0 kg-cm, 9.5 in-lb)

If turning torque is not within specifications, adjust by turning sector shaft adjusting screw.



- 5. Turn worm gear several times by hand to properly break in worm bearing.
- 6. Check steering gear preload. Readjust as necessary.



- 7. Measure total preload.
- 8. Check backlash.

Measure backlash at top end of pitman arm in straight-ahead position.

Backlash (in straight-ahead position):

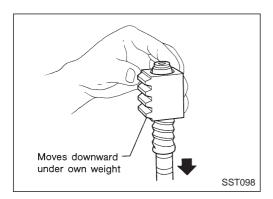
0.1 mm (0.004 in) or less

Inspection

Clean all the disassembled parts in solvent, then check condition.

SECTOR SHAFT

- 1. Check gear teeth surface for pitting, burrs, cracks or any other damage, and replace as necessary.
- 2. Check sector shaft serration for distortion and replace as necessary. Also check gear housing for deformation.



Inspection (Cont'd) STEERING WORM ASSEMBLY

- 1. Inspect ball nut gear teeth surface. Replace if pitting, burrs, wear or any other damage is found.
- Ball nut must rotate smoothly on worm gear. If found to be too tight, assembly should be replaced. Check rotation of ball nut as follows:

CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow ball nut to rotate fully to either end of worm gear.

- a. Move ball nut to either end of worm gear. Gradually stand worm shaft and ball nut assembly on end until ball nut moves downward on worm gear under its own weight.
- b. If ball nut does not move freely over entire stroke, replace assembly.

Be careful not to damage ball nut guide tube while check is being made.

BEARING

1. Inspect worm gear bearing for wear, pitting or any other damage. Replace as necessary.

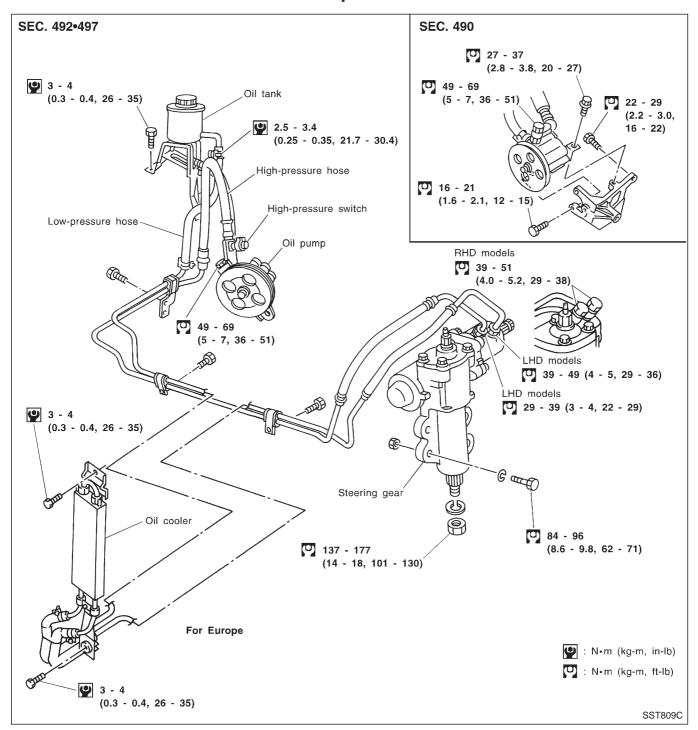
When replacing worm gear bearing, replace bearing and outer race as a set.

2. If sector shaft needle bearings are worn or damaged, replace gear housing as an assembly.

OIL SEALS

- Discard any oil seal which has been removed.
- Replace oil seal if sealing surface is deformed or cracked.
- Discard oil seal if spring is fatigued or dislocated.

Description



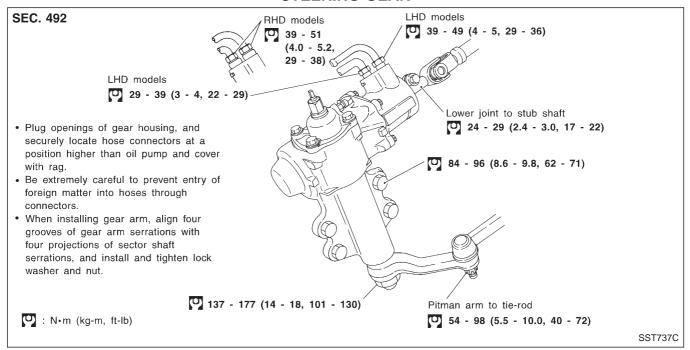
CAUTION:

- Parts which can be disassembled are strictly limited.
 Never disassemble parts other than those specified.
- Disassemble in as clean a place as possible.
- Clean your hands before disassembly.
- Do not use rags; use nylon cloths or paper towels.
- Follow the procedures and cautions indicated in the Service Manual.

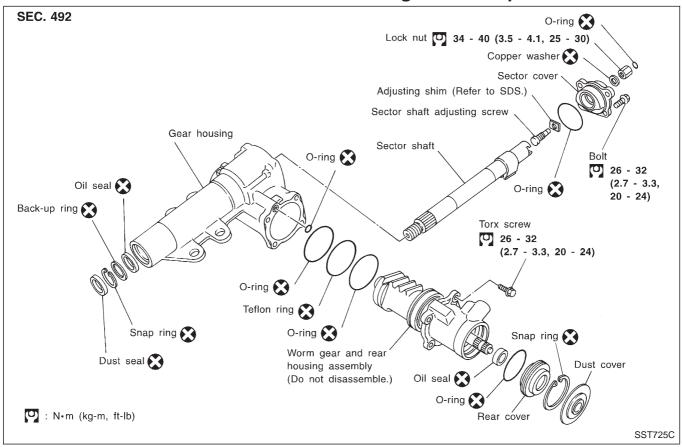
Removal and Installation

Before removal, clean gear housing and oil pump exteriors using a steam cleaner. Then dry with compressed air.

STEERING GEAR



Power Steering Gear Component



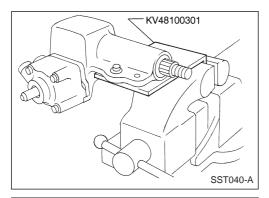
Pre-disassembly Inspection and Adjustment

Before disassembling power steering gear component parts, make sure there is no oil leakage around sealing portion and check steering turning torque as follows:

Check sealing portion.

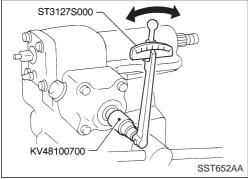
- Adjusting screw nut O-ring
- Sector shaft cover O-ring
- Sector shaft oil seal
- Rear cover oil seal and O-ring
- Rear housing O-ring
- Gear housing O-ring

Discard any oil seal and O-ring which have been removed. Replace oil seal and O-ring if sealing surface is deformed or cracked.



TURNING TORQUE MEASUREMENT

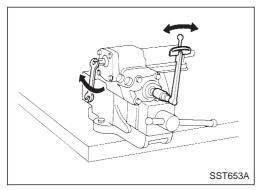
- 1. Measure turning torque at 360° position.
- a. Install steering gear on Tool.



- b. Turn stub shaft all the way to right and left several times.
- c. Measure turning torque at 360° position from straight-ahead position with Tools.

Turning torque at 360°:

0.7 - 1.2 N·m (7 - 12 kg-cm, 6.1 - 10.4 in-lb)



d. Measure turning torque at straight-ahead position.

Straight-ahead position is a position where stub shaft is turned 2.14 turns (two full turns and 50°) from lock position.

Turning torque at straight-ahead position:

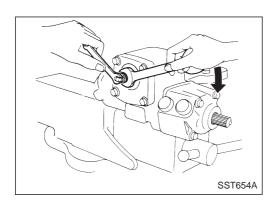
0.1 - 0.4 N·m (1 - 4 kg-cm, 0.9 - 3.5 in-lb)

higher than turning torque at 360°

Maximum turning torque:

1.1 - 1.6 N·m (11 - 16 kg-cm, 9.5 - 13.9 in-lb)

If turning torque is not within specifications, adjust by turning sector shaft adjusting screw.



Pre-disassembly Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

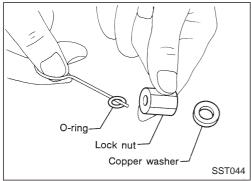
2. Tighten adjusting screw lock nut with tools.

Disassembly

Before disassembly, measure turning torque.

If not within specifications, replace steering gear assembly. CAUTION:

Oil sealing parts, copper washer and snap ring must not be used again after removal.

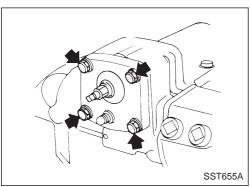


ADJUSTING SCREW LOCK NUT O-RING

Remove adjusting screw lock nut, and replace O-ring.

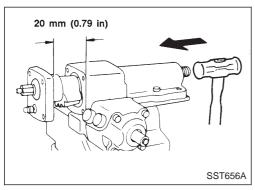
SECTOR SHAFT OIL SEAL

1. Set stub shaft in a straight-ahead position. Straight-ahead position is a position where stub shaft is turned 2.14 turns (two full turns and 50°) from lock position.



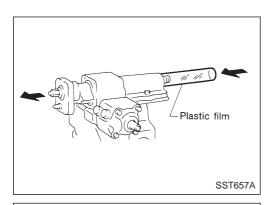
2. Disconnect sector shaft cover bolt.

Do not turn lock nut unless necessary; otherwise it will damage O-ring, resulting in an oil leak.



3. Draw out sector shaft.

Knock out end of sector shaft approximately 20 mm (0.79 in).



Disassembly (Cont'd)

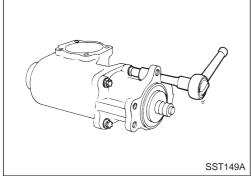
4. Connect a roll of plastic film to sector shaft.

Plastic film:

Thickness 0.1 mm (0.004 in) Length x width 200 x 200 mm (7.87 x 7.87 in)

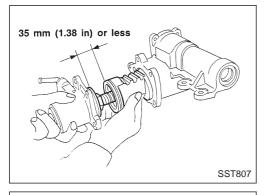
5. Pull out sector shaft by hand.

Attach plastic film to needle bearings located at two places inside gear housing while simultaneously pulling out sector shaft so that bearings will not drop into housing.

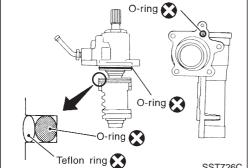


REAR HOUSING O-RING

1. Remove torx screw.

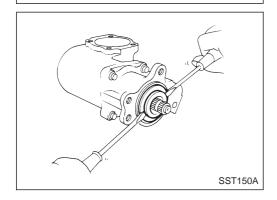


- 2. Remove rear housing together with worm gear assembly. **CAUTION:**
- When worm gear assembly is removed, piston may turn and come off under its own weight. Hold piston to prevent it from turning.
- If piston-to-rear housing clearance exceeds 35 mm (1.38 in) recirculating ball will be out of groove of worm gear; do not reinstall piston but replace the entire assembly.
- Be careful not to damage teflon ring at piston end when removing.



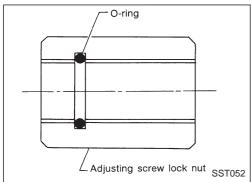
SST726C

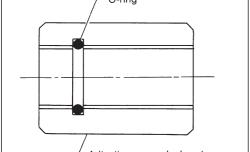
3. Remove O-rings and teflon ring.



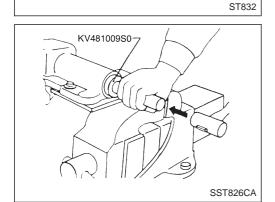
REAR COVER O-RING AND OIL SEAL

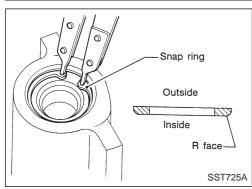
- 1. Remove snap ring, then rear cover.
- 2. Remove O-ring and oil seal.

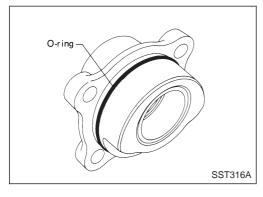




Oil seal Back-up ring Snap ring Dust seal







Assembly

ADJUSTING SCREW LOCK NUT O-RING

Insert new O-ring into adjusting screw lock nut.

- Before inserting, apply a thin coat of petroleum jelly to O-ring.
- Insert O-ring to make sure it fits into groove.

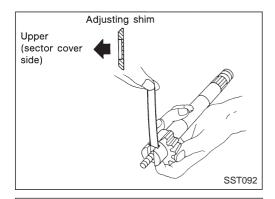
SECTOR SHAFT OIL SEAL

- When installing, be sure to use new oil seal, dust seal, back-up ring and snap ring.
- Before installing, apply a thin coat of petroleum jelly to new oil seal and dust seal.
- 1. Press new oil seal and then install back-up ring with Tool.

2. Install a new snap ring into gear housing.

CAUTION:

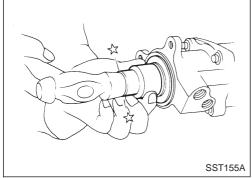
- Turn snap ring to make sure it fits into groove.
- Always install snap ring with R face facing inward.
- 3. Press a new dust seal.
- 4. Fit new O-ring into sector shaft cover.
- Before installing, apply a thin coat of petroleum jelly to O-ring.
- Make sure that O-ring is installed properly and is not damaged by sector shaft.



Assembly (Cont'd) SECTOR SHAFT END PLAY

Select suitable adjusting shim and adjust end play between sector shaft and adjusting screw.

Sector shaft end play: 0.01 - 0.03 mm (0.0004 - 0.0012 in) Sector shaft adjusting screw shims: Refer to SDS, ST-41.

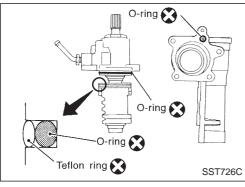


REAR COVER O-RING AND OIL SEAL

- 1. Install new O-ring and oil seal.
- 2. Install rear cover, then install new snap ring.

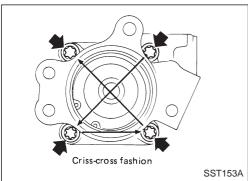
CAUTION:

- Turn snap ring to make sure it fits into grooves.
- Always install snap ring with its rounded edge facing rear cover.

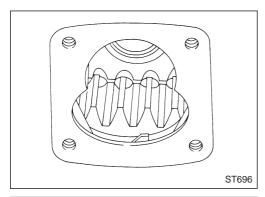


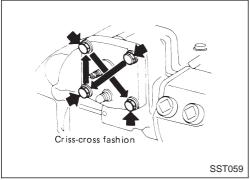
REAR HOUSING O-RING

- 1. Install new O-rings and teflon ring.
- a. Before installing, apply a thin coat of petroleum jelly to rings.
- b. Make sure rings are installed correctly and is not damaged by worm gear.



- 2. Gradually insert worm gear and rear housing assembly into gear housing, being careful not to damage oil seal and O-rings.
- 3. Install torx screws.





Assembly (Cont'd) SECTOR SHAFT

1. Set piston rack at straight-ahead position.

Turn piston rack about 10° to 15° toward yourself with your finger. This permits smooth insertion of sector gear.

- Wrap vinyl tape around serration area of sector shaft.
 Vinyl tape prevents oil seal lip from being damaged during insertion.
- 3. Gradually insert sector shaft into gear housing, being careful not to damage oil seal.

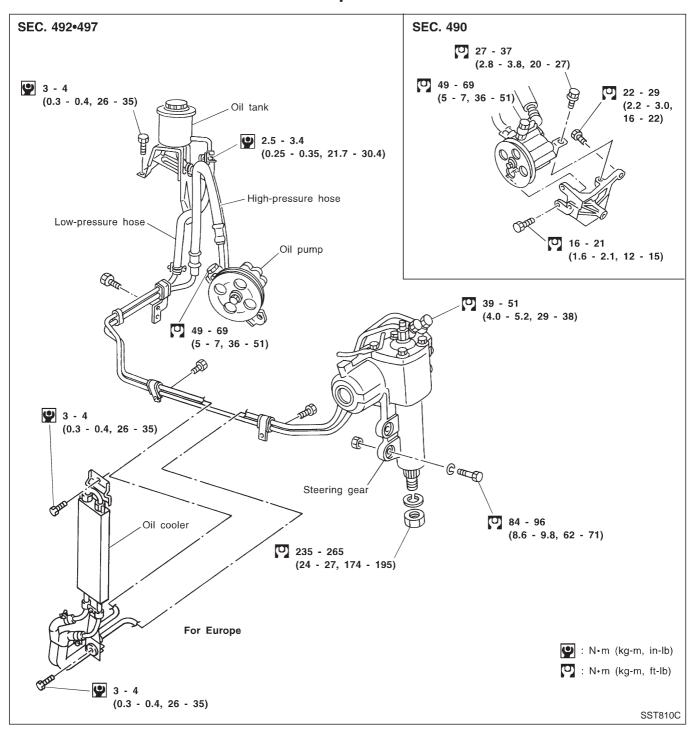
When inserting sector shaft into gear housing, remove plastic film. Be careful not to drop bearings into gear housing.

- 4. Tighten sector shaft cover bolts.
- 5. Check turning torque and steering gear preload.

Refer to "TURNING TORQUE MEASUREMENT", "Pre-disassembly Inspection and Adjustment", ST-21.

• If turning torque is considerably different from the value before disassembly, replace the entire assembly.

Description



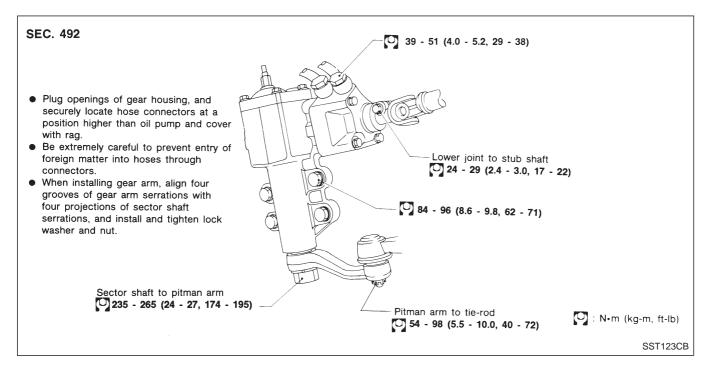
CAUTION:

- Parts which can be disassembled are strictly limited.
 Never disassemble parts other than those specified.
- Disassemble in as clean a place as possible.
- Clean your hands before disassembly.
- Do not use rags; use nylon cloths or paper towels.
- Follow the procedures and cautions indicated in the Service Manual.

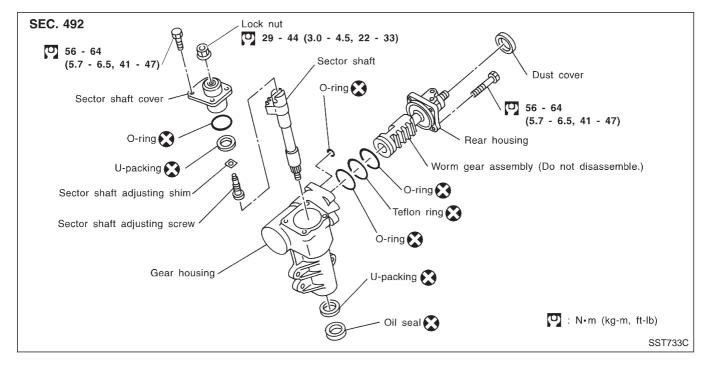
Removal and Installation

Before removal, clean gear housing and oil pump exteriors using a steam cleaner. Then dry with compressed air.

STEERING GEAR



Power Steering Gear Component



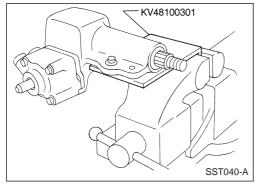
Pre-disassembly Inspection and Adjustment

Before disassembling power steering gear component parts, make sure there is no oil leakage around sealing portion and check steering turning torque as follows:

Check sealing portion.

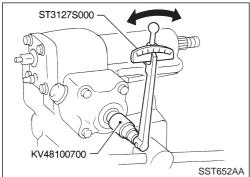
- Sector shaft cover O-ring
- Sector shaft U-packing
- Sector shaft oil seal
- Rear housing O-ring
- Gear housing O-ring

Discard any oil seal and O-ring which have been removed. Replace oil seal and O-ring if sealing surface is deformed or cracked.



TURNING TORQUE MEASUREMENT

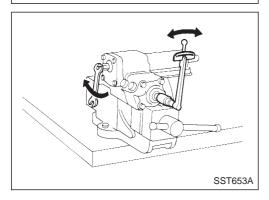
- 1. Measure turning torque at 360° position.
- a. Install steering gear on Tool.



- b. Turn stub shaft all the way to right and left several times.
- c. Measure turning torque at 360° position from straight-ahead position with Tools.

Turning torque at 360°:

0.15 - 0.78 N·m (1.5 - 8.0 kg-cm, 1.3 - 6.9 in-lb)



d. Measure turning torque at straight-ahead position.

Straight-ahead position is a position where stub shaft is turned 2.14 turns (two full turns and 50°) from lock position.

Turning torque at straight-ahead position:

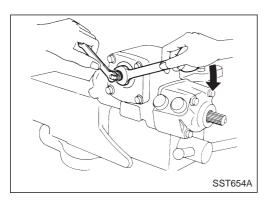
0.2 - 0.5 N·m (2 - 5 kg-cm, 1.7 - 4.3 in-lb)

higher than turning torque at 360°

Maximum turning torque:

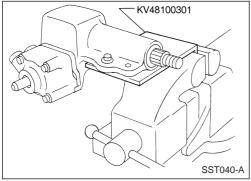
0.44 - 1.18 N·m (4.5 - 12 kg-cm, 3.9 - 10.4 in-lb)

If turning torque is not within specifications, adjust by turning sector shaft adjusting screw.



Pre-disassembly Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

2. Tighten adjusting screw lock nut with tools.



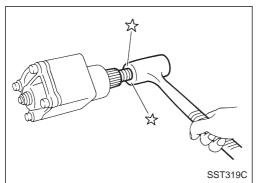
Disassembly

Before disassembly, measure turning torque.

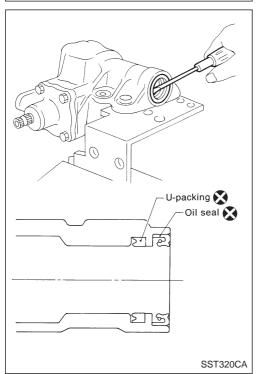
If not within specifications, replace steering gear assembly. CAUTION:

Oil sealing parts and snap ring must not be used again after removal.

- 1. Place steering gear in a vise with Tool.
- 2. Set worm gear in a straight-ahead position.



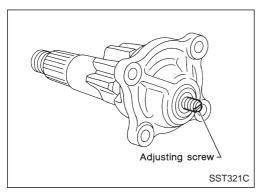
- 3. Loosen (do not remove) sector shaft cover bolt.
- 4. Knock out end of sector shaft with a plastic hammer.
- 5. Remove sector shaft by hand.



- 6. Remove oil seal.
- 7. Remove U-packing.

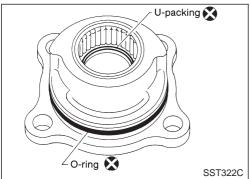
CAUTION:

When removing oil seal and U-packing, be careful not to scratch gear housing.



Disassembly (Cont'd)

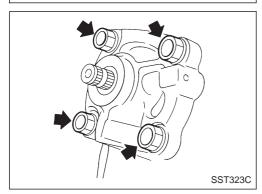
8. Remove lock nut, then loosen adjusting screw using a screw-driver. Separate sector cover and sector shaft.



- 9. Remove O-ring.
- 10. Remove U-packing.

CAUTION:

- When removing U-packing, be careful not to scratch sector cover, needle bearing, etc.
- Needle bearing cannot be disassembled. If it is damaged, remove sector cover assembly.

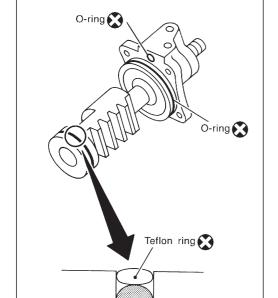


- 11. Remove dust seal.
- 12. Remove rear housing bolts.
- 13. Remove rear housing together with worm gear assembly.

CAUTION:

Worm gear assembly cannot be disassembled. When it is removed, be careful not to disengage worm gear from shaft or allow it to drop.

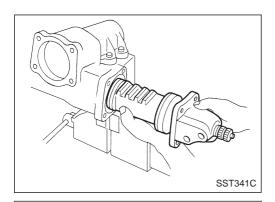
14. Remove teflon ring and O-ring of worm gear assembly.



Assembly

- 1. Install new O-ring on worm gear assembly.
- Apply a thin coat of ATF to new O-ring.
- 2. Install new teflon ring on worm gear assembly.
- Make sure that teflon ring is seated in correct position.
- 3. Install new O-rings into rear housing.

SST738C

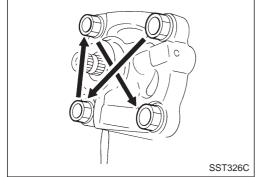


Assembly (Cont'd)

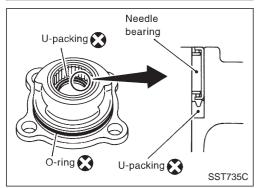
4. Install worm gear assembly with rear housing into the gear housing.

CAUTION:

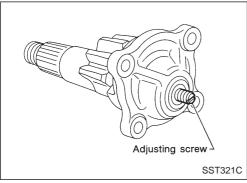
- Apply a thin coat of ATF inside gear housing and piston before insertion.
- Be careful not to damage teflon ring at piston end when inserting worm gear assembly into gear housing.



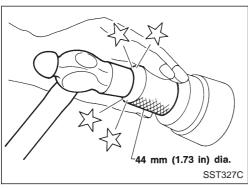
5. Gradually tighten rear housing bolts in a criss-cross fashion.



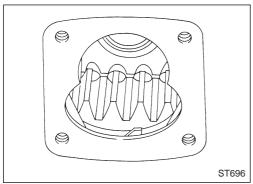
- 6. Install new O-ring into sector shaft cover.
- Before installing, apply a thin coat of ATF to O-ring.
- 7. Install new U-packing into sector shaft cover.
- Before installing, apply a thin coat of ATF to U-packing.
- Direct grooved side of U-packing to needle bearing.

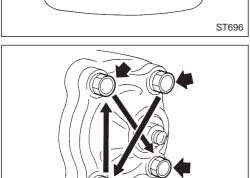


- 8. Install sector shaft into sector shaft cover. Set adjusting screw to its outermost position.
- Before installing sector shaft, apply multi-purpose grease to adjusting screw and adjusting screw shim.



- 9. Install new oil seal into gear housing with suitable tool.
- Before installing oil seal, apply multi-purpose grease to oil seal lips.





Assembly (Cont'd)

10. Set piston rack at straight-ahead position.

Turn piston rack about 10° to 15° toward yourself with your finger.

This enables smooth insertion of sector gear.

- 11. Gradually insert sector shaft into gear housing.
- 12. Tighten sector shaft cover bolts.
- 13. Set worm gear turning torque by turning sector shaft adjusting screw and locking with lock nut.

Refer to "TURNING TORQUE MEASUREMENT", "Pre-disassembly and Adjustment", ST-29.

- If set and adjusting turning torque is considerably different from the value before disassembly, replace the entire assembly.
- 14. Check sector shaft end play in neutral position.

End play:

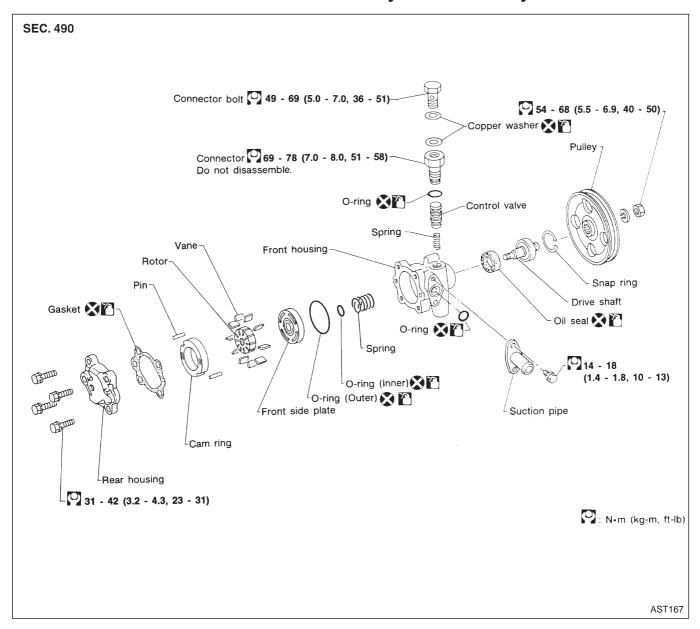
SST328C

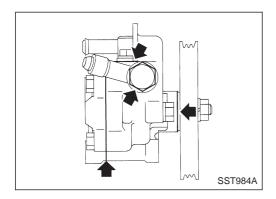
Less than 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

If not within specification, adjust it with adjusting screw.

15. Check worm gear preload. If not within specification, readjust it.

Disassembly and Assembly





Pre-disassembly Inspection

Disassemble the power steering oil pump only if the following items are found.

- Oil leak from any point shown in the figure.
- Deformed or damaged pulley.
- Poor performance.

Inspection

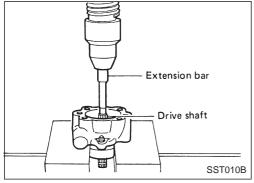
PULLEY AND PULLEY SHAFT

- If pulley is cracked or deformed, replace it.
- If fluid leak is found around the pulley shaft, replace the oil seal.

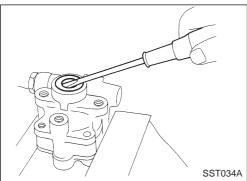
Disassembly

CAUTION:

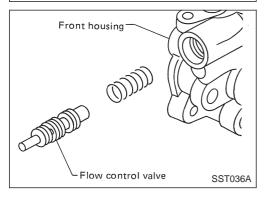
- Parts which can be disassembled are strictly limited.
 Never disassemble parts other than those specified.
- Disassemble in as clean a place as possible.
- Clean your hands before disassembly.
- Do not use rags; use nylon cloths or paper towels.
- When disassembling and reassembling, do not let foreign matter enter or contact the parts.



- Remove snap ring, then draw drive shaft out.
- Be careful not to drop drive shaft.

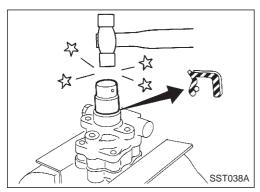


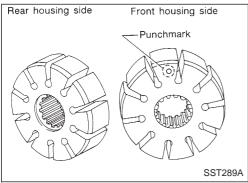
- Remove oil seal.
- Be careful not to damage front housing.



- Remove connector.
- Be careful not to drop control valve.

POWER STEERING OIL PUMP

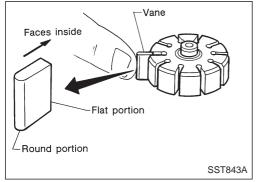




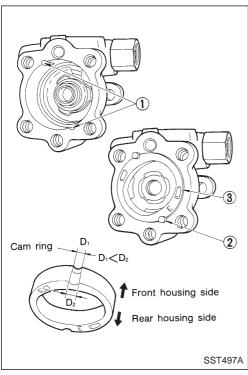


Assemble oil pump, noting the following instructions.

- Make sure O-rings and oil seal are properly installed.
- Always install new O-rings and oil seal.
- Be careful of oil seal direction.
- Cam ring, rotor and vanes must be replaced as a set if necessary.
- When assembling, coat each part with ATF.
- Pay attention to the direction of rotor.



 When assembling vanes to rotor, rounded surfaces of vanes must face cam ring side.



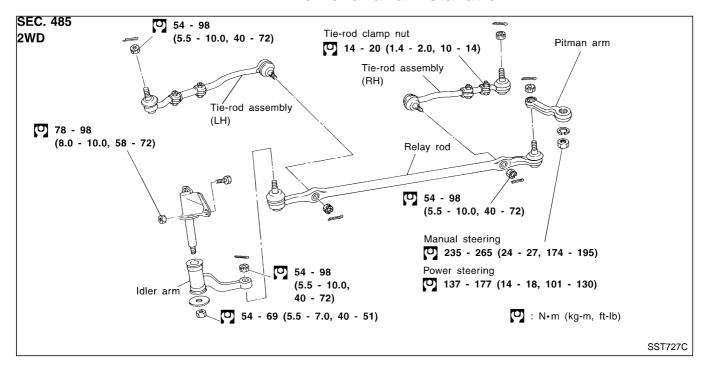
• Insert pin ② into pin groove ① of front housing and front side plate. Then install cam ring ③ as shown at left.

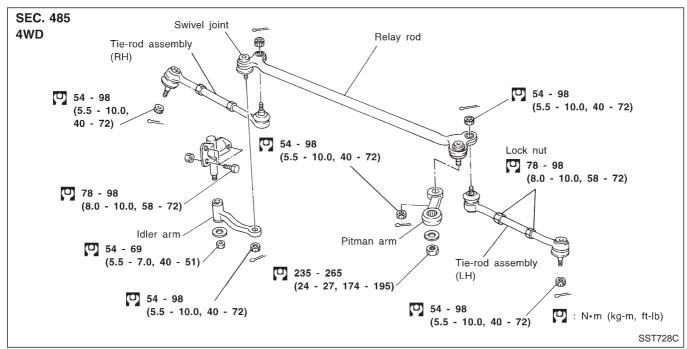
Cam ring:

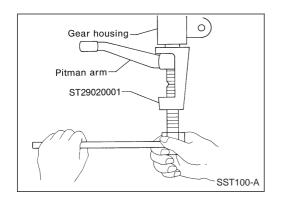
D₁ is less than D₂

STEERING LINKAGE

Removal and Installation







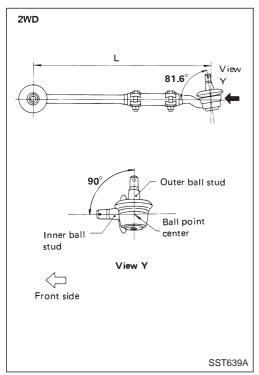
Remove pitman arm with Tool.

STEERING LINKAGE

HT72520000 SST313AA

Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

Remove tie-rod from knuckle arm with Tool.



Disassembly

IDLER ARM ASSEMBLY

- Apply coat of multi-purpose grease to bushing.
- Press bushing into idler body, and insert shaft of idler bracket carefully until bushing protrudes.

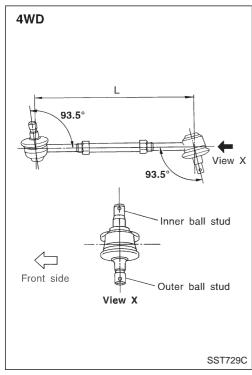
CROSS ROD AND TIE-ROD

- 1. When tie-rod ball joints and tie-rod bar are separated, adjust tie-rod length correctly.
 - Adjustment should be done between ball stud centers.
- 2. Lock tie-rod clamp nut so that ball joint on outer ball stud is as follows with respect to that on inner ball stud.

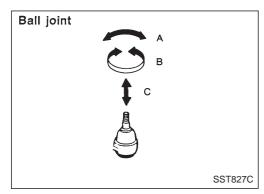
L: Standard 343.9 mm (13.54 in) ... 2WD 297.6 mm (11.72 in) ... 4WD

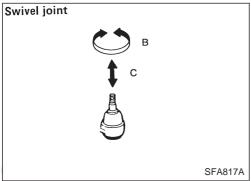
CAUTION:

Make sure that tie-rod bars are screwed into tie-rod tube more than 35 mm (1.38 in).



STEERING LINKAGE





Inspection

BALL JOINT AND SWIVEL JOINT

 Check joints for play. If ball or swivel stud is worn and play in axial direction is excessive or joint is hard to swing, replace as a complete unit.

Swinging force (Measure point: Cotter pin hole) "A":
Ball joint
15.7 - 147.1 N (1.6 - 15.0 kg, 3.5 - 33.1 lb)
Rotating torque "B":
Ball joint
0.5 - 4.9 N·m (5 - 50 kg-cm, 4.3 - 43.4 in-lb)
Swivel joint
1.0 - 5.9 N·m (10 - 60 kg-cm, 8.7 - 52.1 in-lb)
Axial end play "C":
Ball joint and swivel joint
0 mm (0 in)

2. Check condition of dust cover. If it is cracked excessively, replace as a complete unit.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to apply grease or oil to taper of joint.

IDLER ARM ASSEMBLY

- Check rubber bushing of idler arm for breakage, wear or play, and if necessary replace.
- Lubricate idler arm assembly with multi-purpose grease, if necessary.

CROSS ROD AND TIE-ROD

Check tie-rod and cross rod for breakage, bends or cracks, and replace with a new one if necessary.

FIXING LOCATION

- Check fixing location (nuts and cotter pins) for looseness, play or breakage.
- When looseness or play is found, check for wear on tapered portion of joints, gear arm of idler arm.
- When reassembling each joint, use new cotter pins.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

Steering column type	Manual steering	Power steering	
(Collapsible)	2WD	2WD	4WD
Steering gear type	VB66K	PB48S	PB59K
Turns of steering wheel on the vehicle (Lock-to-lock)	5.8	3.6	3.7
Steering gear ratio	24.4 - 26.8	16.5	17

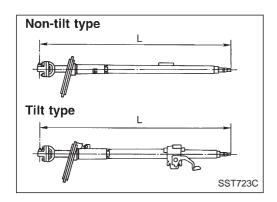
Steering wheel axial play mm (in)	0 (0)
Steering wheel play mm (in)	35 (1.38) or less

Inspection and Adjustment

STEERING COLUMN

Unit: mm (in)

	Dimension "L"
RHD KA24 engine	822.1 - 823.7 (32.37 - 32.43)
Except RHD KA24 engine	866.1 - 867.7 (34.10 - 34.16)



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd) POWER STEERING SYSTEM

(Model: PB48S)

MANUAL STEERING GEAR (Model: VB66K)

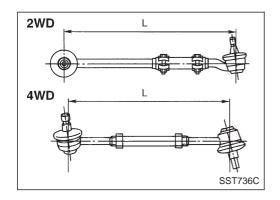
Worm bearing preload N⋅m (kg-cm, in-lb)		- 0.88 6.1 - 7.8)
Steering gear turning torque N·m (kg-cm, in-lb)		
360° position from straight-ahead position		- 0.88 6.1 - 7.8)
Straight-ahead position (As compared with steering wheel turned 360°)		- 0.39 ' - 3.5) higher
Maximum turning torque	1.08 (1	1.0, 9.5)
Backlash at pitman arm top end (in a straight-ahead position) mm (in)	0 - 0.1 (0) - 0.004)
End play (Between sector shaft and adjusting screw) mm (in)	0.1 (0.00	4) or less
	Thickness mm (in)	Part number
Adjusting shim thickness	1.95 (0.0768)	48129-84500
	2.00 (0.0787)	48130-84500
	2.05 (0.0807)	48131-84500
Oil capacity ℓ (Imp pt)	Approx. 0	.62 (1-1/8)

STEERING LINKAGE

Applied model			2WD	4WD
Re	elay-rod swivel joint			
Rotating torque N·m (kg-cm, in-lb)			_	1.0 - 5.9 (10 - 60, 8.7 - 52.1)
	Axial end play	mm (in)		0 (0)
Tie-rod & relay-rod ball joint				
	Swinging force at cotter pin hole N (kg, lb) Rotating torque N·m (kg-cm, in-lb) Axial end play mm (in)		15.7 - (1.6 - 15.0,	
			0.5 - (5 - 50, 4	
			0 (0)	
Tie-rod standard length (L) mm (in)		343.9 (13.54)	297.6 (11.72)	

<u> </u>			
Steering wheel turning force (at 360° from neutral position and circumference of steering wheel) N (kg, lb)	24.5 - 29.4 (2.5	- 3.0, 5.5 - 6.6)	
Oil pump pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)	7,649 - 8,238 (76.5 - 82.4, 78 - 84, 1,109 - 1,194) at idling		
Fluid capacity $m\ell \; (\text{Imp fl oz})$	Approx 900 - 1,000	imately (31.7 - 35.2)	
Normal operating temperature °C (°F)	60 - 80 (1	40 - 176)	
Steering gear turning torque N·m (kg-cm, in-lb)			
360° position from straight-ahead position	0.7 - 1.2 (7 -	12, 6.1 - 10.4)	
Straight-ahead position (As compared with steering wheel turned 360°)	0.1 - 0.4 (1 - 4,	0.9 - 3.5) higher	
Maximum turning torque	1.1 - 1.6 (11 -	16, 9.5 - 13.9)	
Backlash at pitman arm top end (in a straight- ahead position) mm (in)	0 - 0.1 (0) - 0.004)	
End play (Between sector shaft and adjusting screw) mm (in)	0.01 - 0.03 (0.0004 - 0.0012)		
	Thickness mm (in)	Part number	
	1.575 - 1.600 (0.0620 - 0.0630)	48213-B0100	
	1.550 - 1.575 (0.0610 - 0.0620)	48214-B0100	
Adjusting shim thickness	1.525 - 1.550 (0.0600 - 0.0610)	48215-B0100	
	1.500 - 1.525 (0.0591 - 0.0600)	48216-B0100	
	1.475 - 1.500 (0.0581 - 0.0591)	48217-B0100	
	1.450 - 1.475	48218-B0100	

(0.0571 - 0.0581)



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

POWER STEERING SYSTEM (Model: PB59K)

Steering wheel turning force (at 360° from neutral position and circumference of steering wheel) N (kg, lb)	39 (4, 9) or less
Oil pump pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)	7,649 - 8,238 (76.5 - 82.4, 78 - 84, 1,109 - 1,194) at idling
Fluid capacity mℓ (Imp fl oz)	Approximately 1,000 - 1,100 (35.2 - 38.7)
Normal operating temperature °C (°F)	60 - 80 (140 - 176)
Steering gear turning torque N·m (kg-cm, in-lb)	
360° position from straight-ahead position	0.15 - 0.78 (1.5 - 8.0, 1.3 - 6.9)
Straight-ahead position (As compared with steering wheel turned 360°)	0.2 - 0.5 (2 - 5, 1.7 - 4.3) higher
Maximum turning torque	0.44 - 1.18 (4.5 - 12, 3.9 - 10.4)
Backlash at pitman arm top end (in a straight-ahead position) mm (in)	0 - 0.1 (0 - 0.004)
End play (at sector shaft end in neutral position) mm (in)	0.1 (0.004) or less