MODIFICATION NOTICE:

- Wiring Diagrams for manual A/C have been changed.
- Auto A/C has been added to RHD models for Europe.
- Auto A/C of LHD models for Europe have been changed.

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When you read wiring diagrams:

■ Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".

■ See EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit.

When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER" used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The SRS system composition which is available to NISSAN MODEL D22 is as follows (The composition varies according to the destination and optional equipment.):

Driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioner, a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the RS section of this Service Manual.

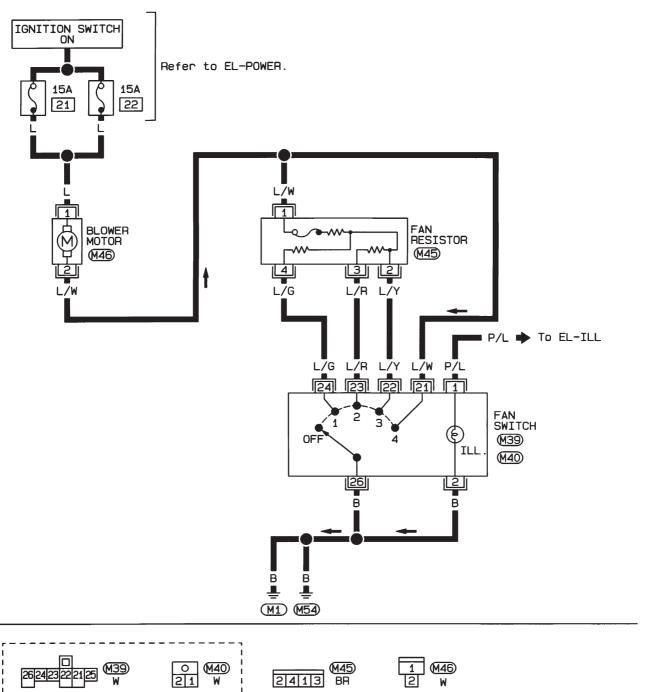
WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the RS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. Spiral Cable and wiring harnesses (except "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER") covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness are related to the SRS.

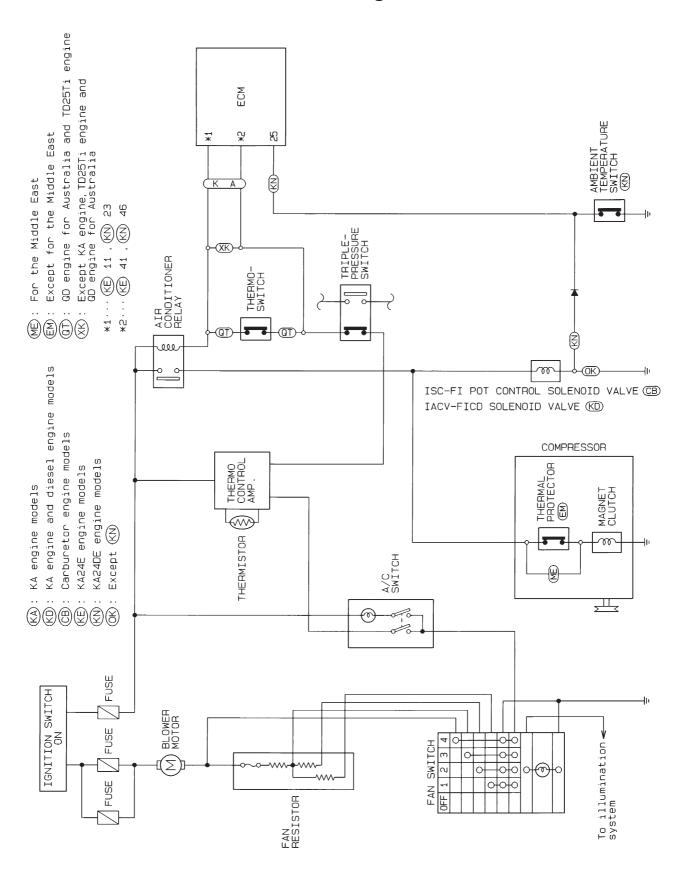
Wiring Diagram — HEATER —

EXCEPT FOR AUSTRALIA

HA-HEATER-01

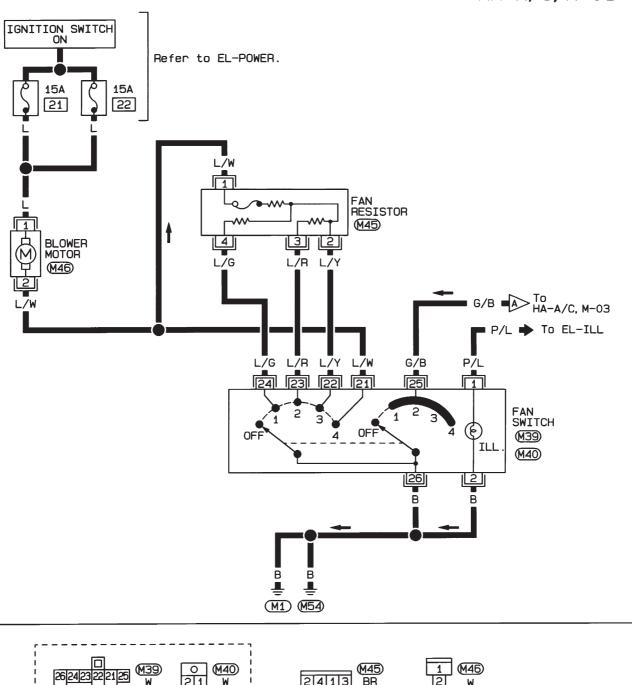


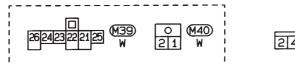
Circuit Diagram — Air Conditioner



Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/Except for KA **Engine Models**

HA-A/C, M-O1



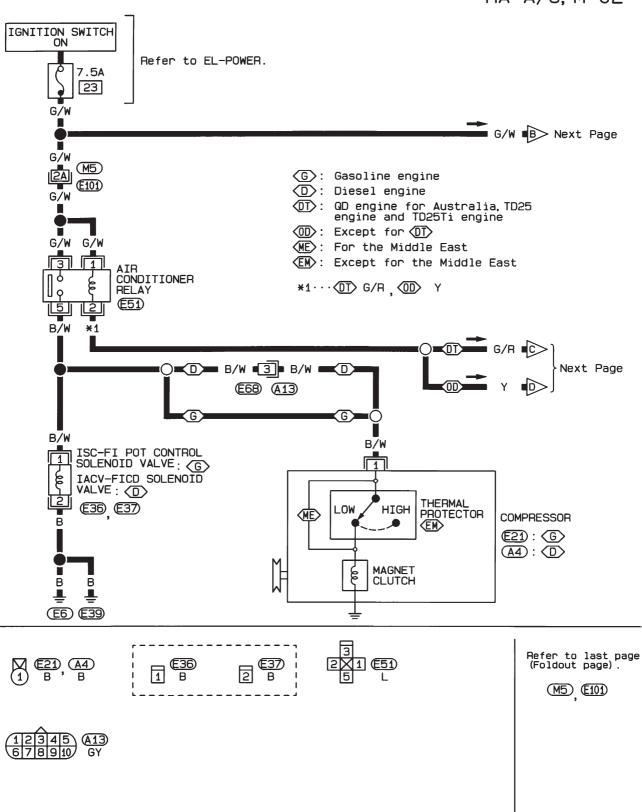






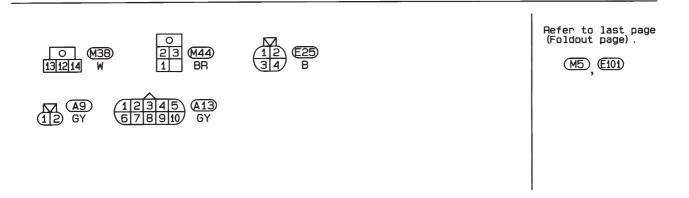
Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/Except for KA Engine Models (Cont'd)

HA-A/C, M-02



Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/Except for KA Engine Models (Cont'd)

HA-A/C, M-O3OT : QD engine for Australia, TD25 engine and TD25Ti engine OD: Except for OT (IT): QD engine for Australia and TD25Ti engine G/W ⟨D5⟩: TD25 engine **THERMISTOR** THERMO *1···@T Y , @5 G/R CONTROL AMPLIFIER To HA-A/C, M-O1 A G/B M442 Preceding B G/W G/B G/OR <C⊫ G/R G/B G/W G/B G/R E68 1 A13 G/R G/OR 0FF 0FF A/C SWITCH ON ON **M38 INDICATOR (0T)—**() G/R 2 G/B → To LC-COOL/F THERMO-SWITCH LOW HIGH G/B G/OR (A9) QT> TRIPLE-PRESSURE SWITCH G/R **A13 E68** HIGH LOW HIGH ■ *****1 ■ 6 ■ Y QT) **E25** NORMAL



Preceding o

4

В

В

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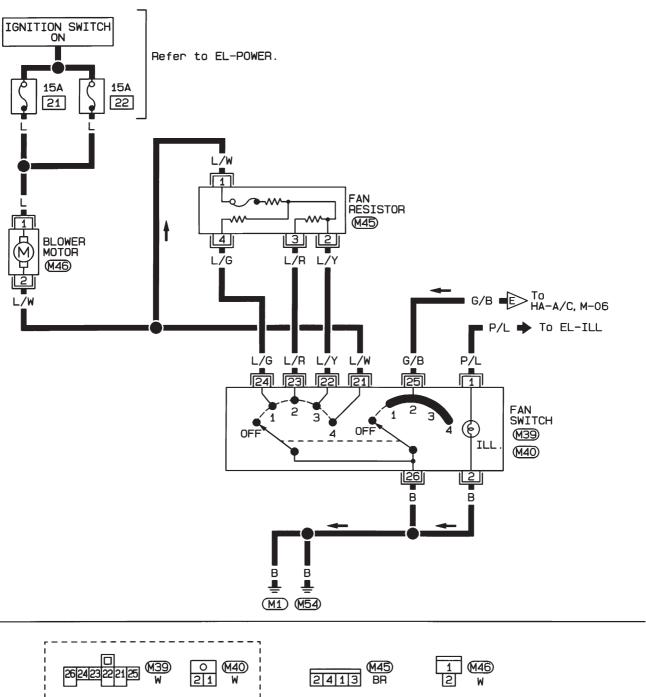
E6

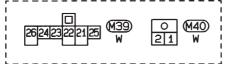
В

<u>■</u> €39

Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/KA Engine LHD **Models**

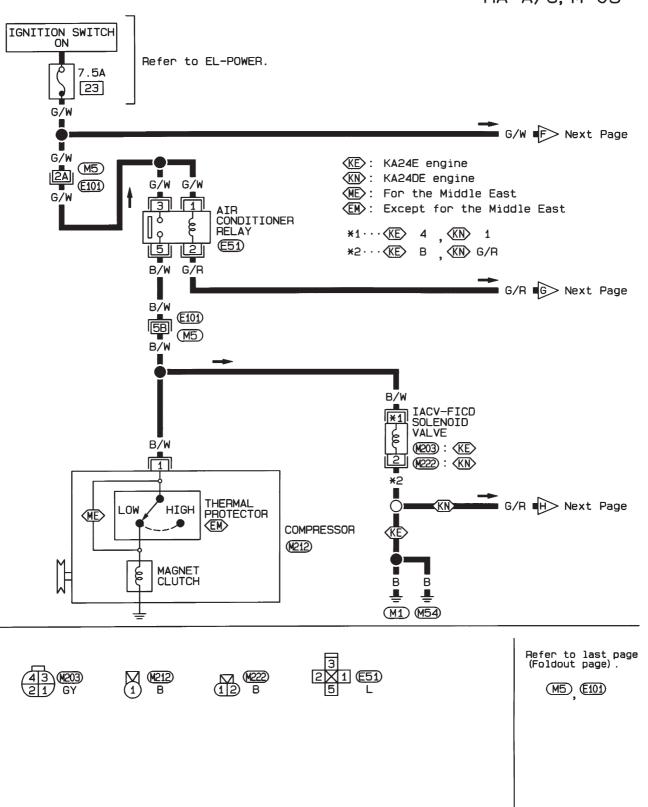
HA-A/C, M-O4





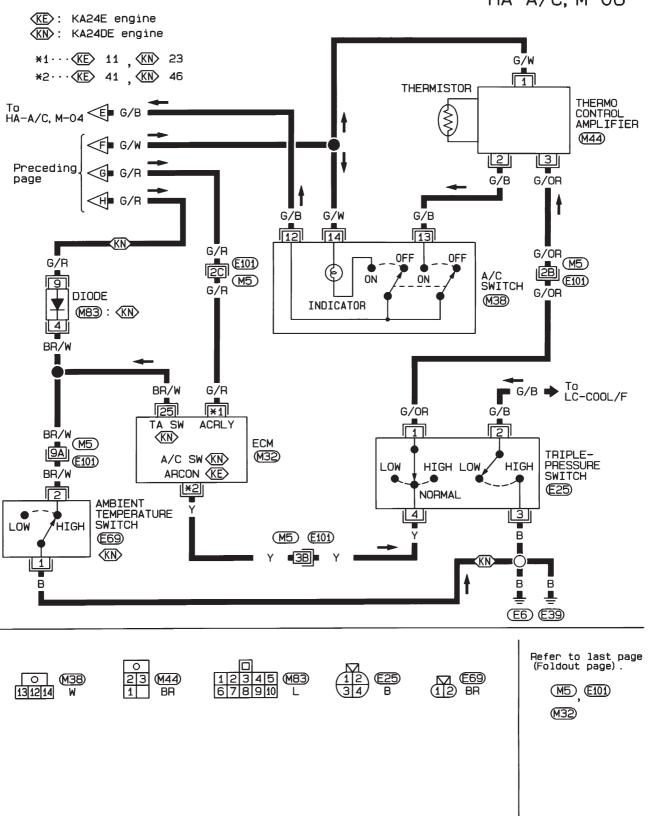
Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/KA Engine LHD Models (Cont'd)

HA-A/C, M-05



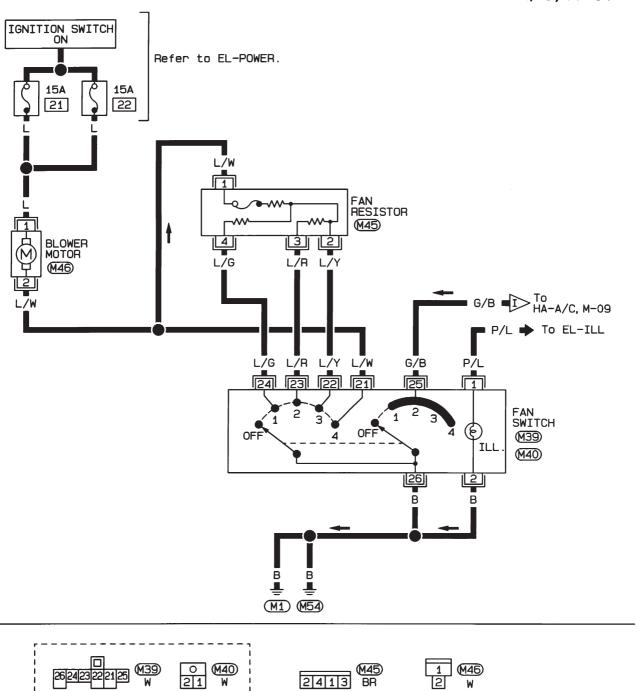
Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/KA Engine LHD Models (Cont'd)

HA-A/C, M-06



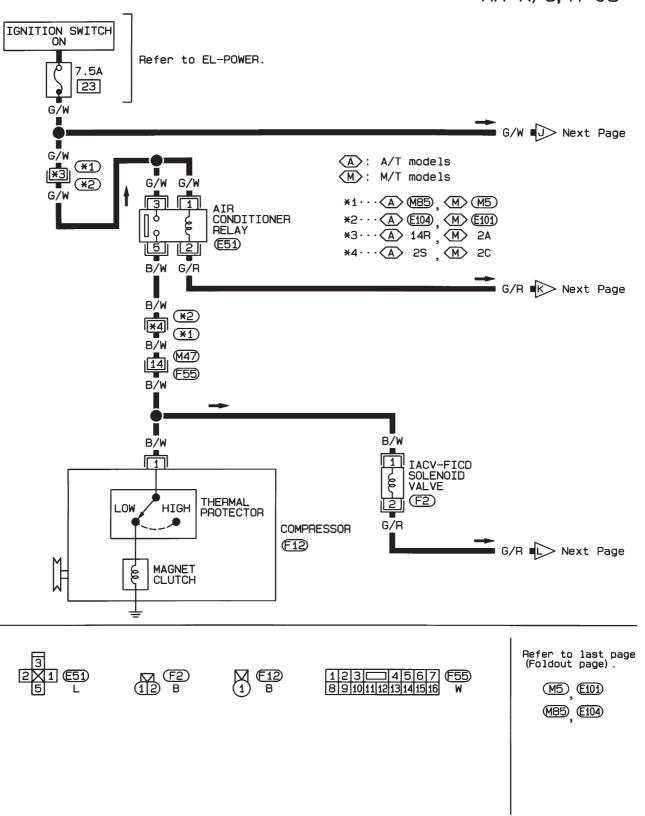
Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/KA Engine RHD Models

HA-A/C, M-O7



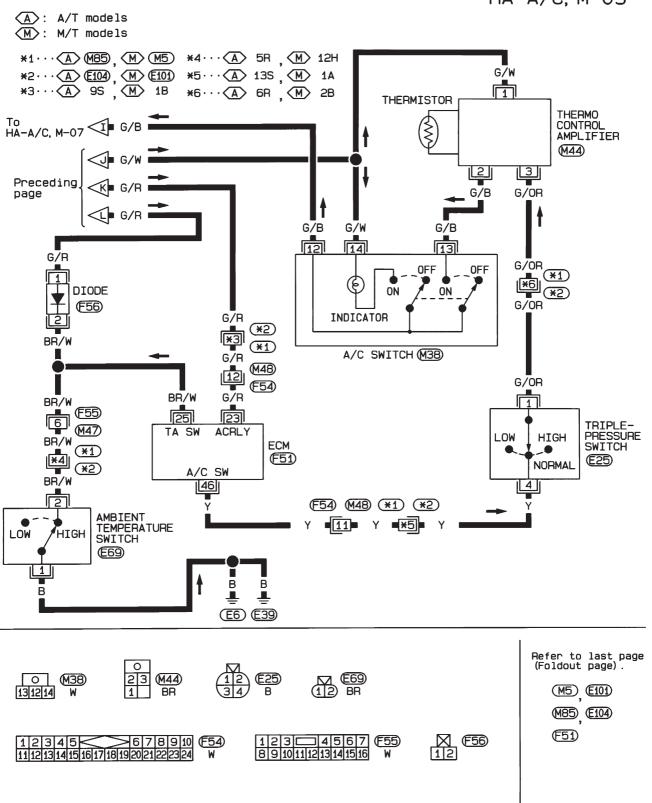
Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/KA Engine RHD Models (Cont'd)

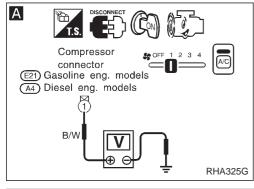
HA-A/C, M-08

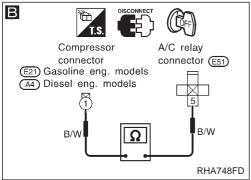


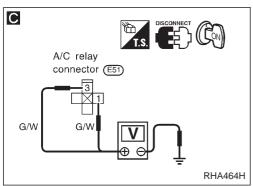
Wiring Diagram — A/C, M —/KA Engine RHD Models (Cont'd)

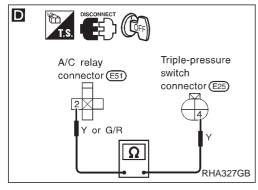
HA-A/C, M-09











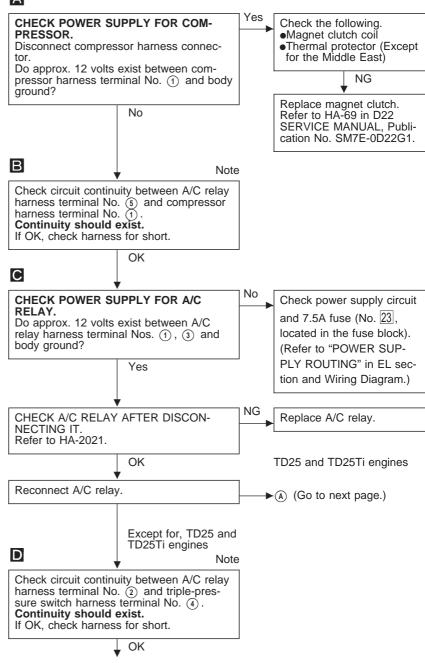
Magnet Clutch

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Except for KA engine models

SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage when A/C switch and fan switch are ON.

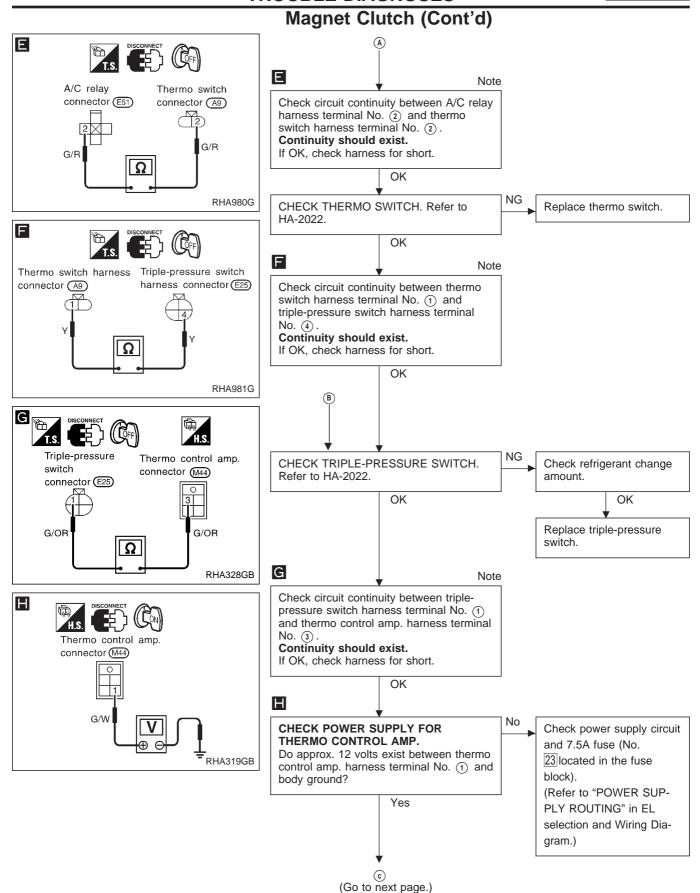




Note:

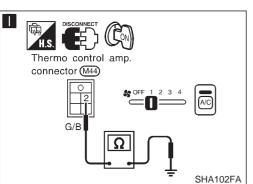
If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

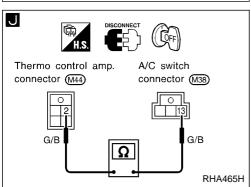
(Go to next page.)

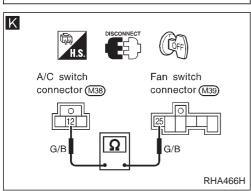


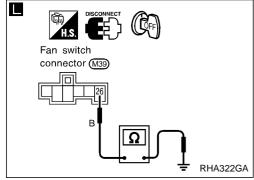
Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

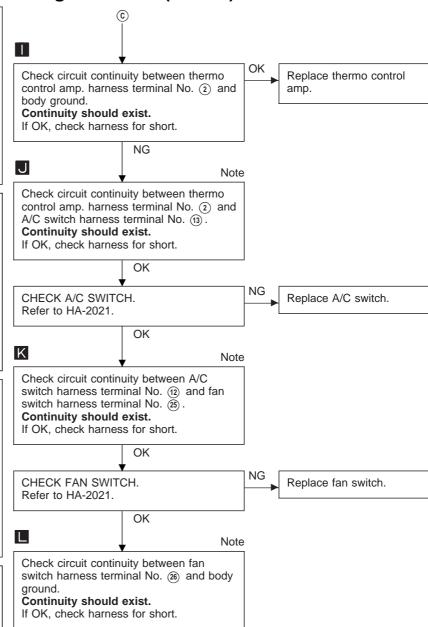






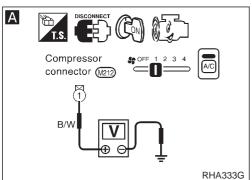


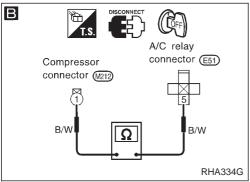


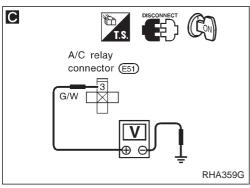


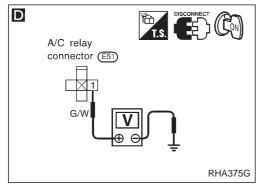
Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.





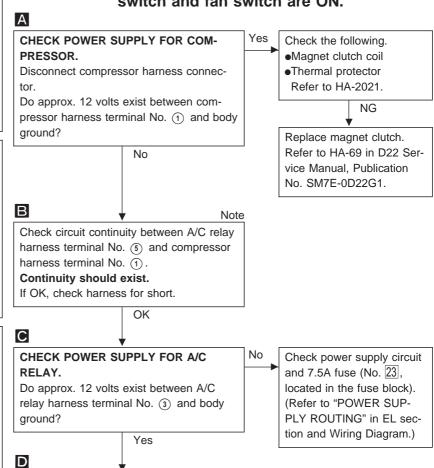




Magnet Clutch (Cont'd)

For KA engine models

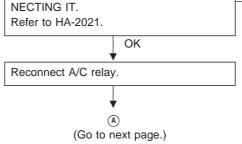
SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage when A/C switch and fan switch are ON.



CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR A/C RELAY.

Do approx. 12 volts exist between A/C relay harness terminal No. (1) and body ground?

No Check power supply circuit and 7.5A fuse (No. 23). located in the fuse block). (Refer to "POWER SUP-PLY ROUTING" in EL section and Wiring Diagram.) Yes NG CHECK A/C RELAY AFTER DISCON-Replace A/C relay.



Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

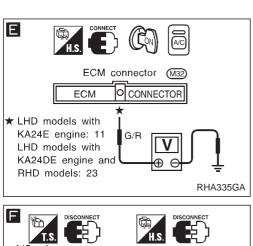
located in the fuse block.)

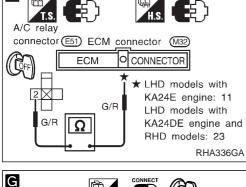
(Refer to "POWER SUP-

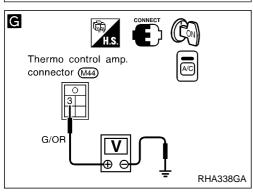
PLY ROUTING" in EL sec-

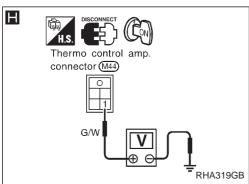
tion and Wiring Diagram.)

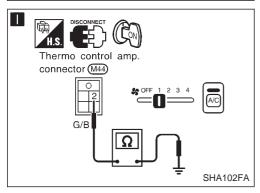
Replace thermo control

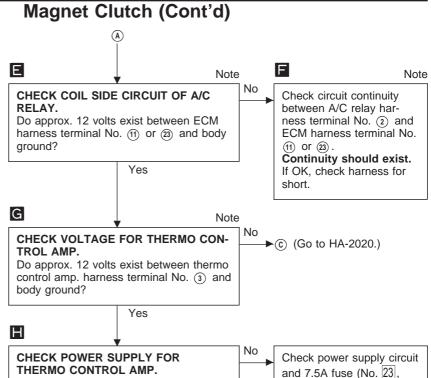












control amp. harness terminal No. ② and body ground.

Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short.

NG

Note

Chek circuit continuity between thermo control amp. harness terminal No. ② and A/C switch harness terminal No. ③.

Continuity should exist.

Do approx. 12 volts exist between thermo

control amp. harness terminal No. (1) and

Check circuit continuity between thermo

If OK, check harness for short.

OK

(Go to next page.)

Yes

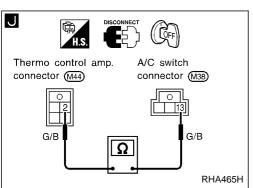
Note:

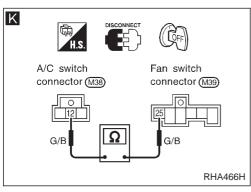
body ground?

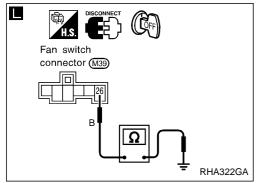
If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

Note

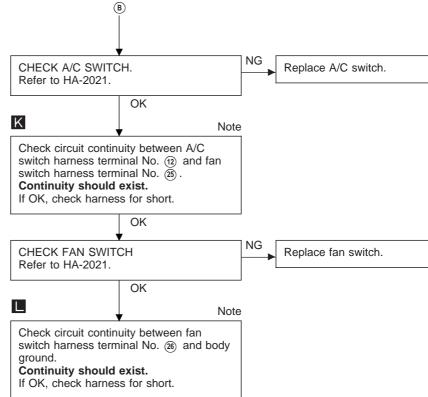
OK





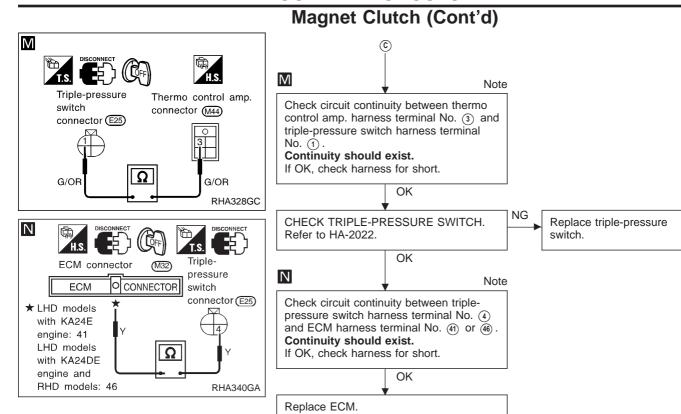


Magnet Clutch (Cont'd)



Note:

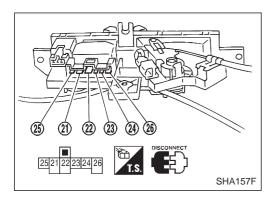
If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.



Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

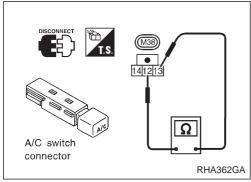


Magnet Clutch (Cont'd) ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS INSPECTION

Fan switch

Check continuity between terminals at each switch position.

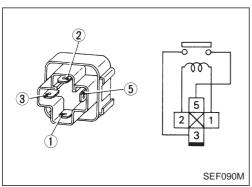
Knob position	Continuity between terminals		
OFF			
1	②4 —— ②6 —— ②5		
2	23 ————————————————————————————————————		
3	② —		
4	② ————————————————————————————————————		



A/C switch

Check continuity between terminals at each switch position.

Switch condition	Termir	Continuity		
A/C	⊕	Θ	Continuity	
ON			Yes	
OFF	(3) (12)	No		

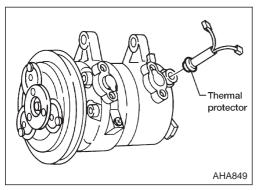


A/C relay

Check continuity between terminal Nos. 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminal Nos. ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

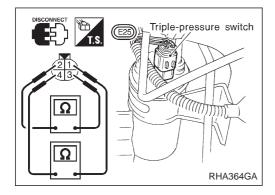
If NG, replace relay.



Thermal protector (For DKV-14C)

Temperature of compressor °C (°F)	Operation
Increasing to approx. 145 - 155 (293 - 311)	Turn OFF
Decreasing to approx. 130 - 140 (266 - 284)	Turn ON

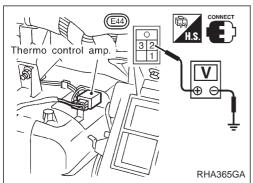
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES



Magnet Clutch (Cont'd) Triple-pressure switch

	Terminals	High-pressure side line pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)	Operation	Continuity
Low-pres-		Increasing to 152.0 - 201.0 (1.520 - 2.010, 1.55 - 2.05, 22.0 - 29.2)	ON	Exists.
sure side	1 - 4	Decreasing to 152.0 - 201.0 (1.520 - 2.010, 1.55 - 2.05, 22.0 - 29.2)	OFF	Does not exist.
Medium-	② - ③	Increasing to 1,422 - 1,618 (14.22 - 16.18, 14.5 - 16.5, 206 - 235)	ON	Exists.
pressure side*		Decreasing to 1,128 - 1,422 (11.28 - 14.22, 11.5 - 14.5, 164 - 206)	OFF	Does not exist.
High-pres-		Decreasing to 2,059 - 2,256 (20.6 - 22.6, 21 - 23, 299 - 327)	ON	Exists.
sure side	1 - 4	Increasing to 2,648 - 2,844 (26.5 - 28.4, 27 - 29, 384 - 412)	OFF	Does not exist.

^{*:} For cooling fan motor operation



Thermo switch SHA355F

Thermo control amp.

Evaporator outlet air temperature °C (°F)	Thermo amp. operation	Tester
Decreasing to 0.1 - 0.9 (32 - 34)	Turn OFF	Approx. 12V
Increasing to 2.5 - 3.5 (37 - 38)	Turn ON	Approx. 0V

Thermo switch

Water tempera-	Termir	Continuity		
ture °C (°F)	\oplus	Θ	Continuity	
Over 105 (221)			No	
Less than 100 (212)	1	2	Yes	

Introduction

The Automatic Temperature Control (ATC) system provides automatic regulation of the vehicles interior temperature. The operator selects "set temperature", on which the regulation is based, regardless of the outside temperature changes. This is done by utilizing a microcomputer, also referred to as the automatic amplifier, which receives input signals from several sensors. The automatic amplifier uses these input signals (including the set temperature) to automatically control the ATC system's outlet air volume, air temperature and air distribution.

Features

Air mix door control

The air mix door is automatically controlled so that in-vehicle temperature will reach, and be maintained at the operator selected "set temperature". For a given set temperature, the air mix door position will depend on: Ambient temperature, in-vehicle temperature, amount of sunload, and intake air temperature.

Fan speed control

Blower speed is automatically controlled based on temperature setting, ambient temperature, in-vehicle temperature, intake air temperature, amount of sunload and air mix door position.

With FAN switch set to "AUTO", the blower motor starts to gradually increase air flow volume.

When engine coolant temperature is low, the blower motor operation is delayed to prevent cool air from flowing.

Intake door control

The intake door position will be determined by: Ambient temperature, in-vehicle temperature, and whether the compressor is on or off.

Outlet door control

The outlet door position will be determined by: Ambient temperature, in-vehicle temperature, intake air temperature, and amount of sunload.

Magnet clutch control

The compressor operation (ON-OFF) is automatically controlled by the ambient sensor to prevent compressor damage in very cold ambient temperatures.

Self-diagnostic system

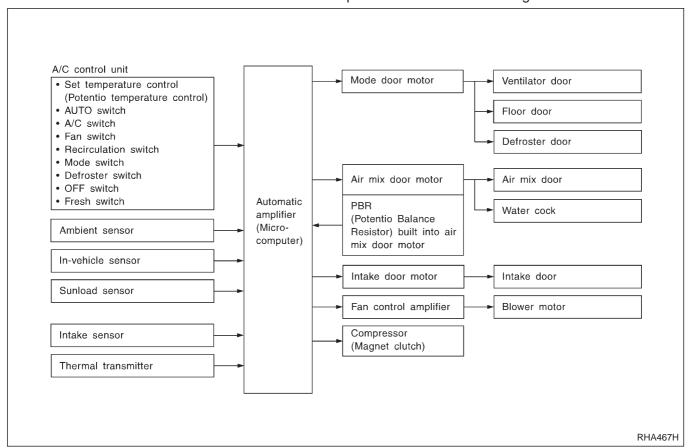
The self-diagnostic system consists of five steps. Each step can be accessed by pushing the switches on the automatic amplifier.

Memory function

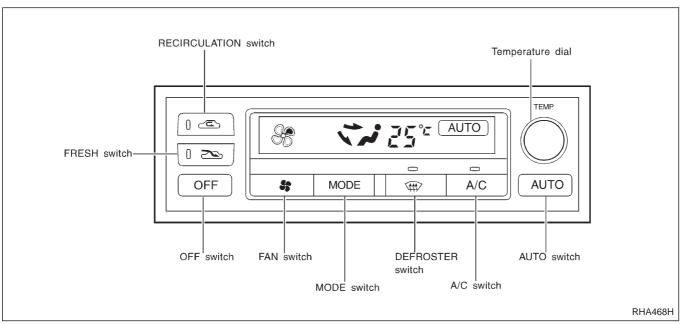
With ignition switch turned OFF, the auto amplifier stores in memory the set temperature and inputs of various switches. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the system begins operation with the information stored in memory. The system, then immediately compensates for the actual operating conditions.

Overview of Control System

The control system consists of input sensors, switches, the automatic amplifier (microcomputer) and outputs. The relationship of these components is shown in the diagram below:



Control Operation



DESCRIPTION

Control Operation (Cont'd)

Display screen

Displays the operational status of the system.

AUTO switch

The compressor, intake doors, air mix door, outlet doors, and blower speed are automatically controlled so that the in-vehicle temperature will reach, and be maintained at the set temperature selected by the operator.

Temperature dial (Potentio Temperature Control)

Increases or decreases the set temperature.

OFF switch

The compressor and blower are OFF, the intake doors are set to the outside air position, and the air outlet doors are set to the foot (80% foot and 20% defrost) position.

FAN switch

Manual control of the blower speed. Four speeds are available for manual control (as shown on the display screen):

low & , medium low & , medium high & , high #

RECIRCULATION switch

OFF position: Automatic control resumes.

ON position: Interior air is recirculated inside the vehicle.

DEFROSTER switch

Positions the air outlet doors to the defrost position. Also positions the intake doors to the outside air position.

MODE switch

Control the air discharge outlets.

FRESH switch

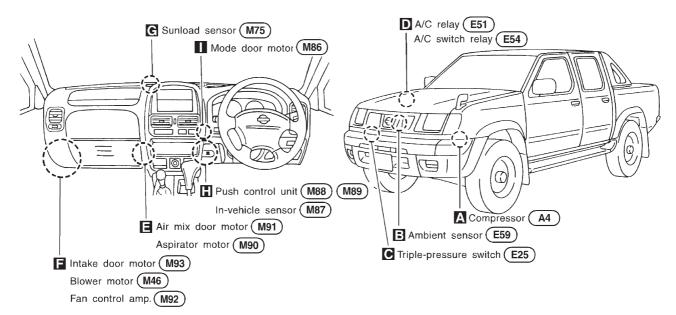
OFF position: Automatic control resumes.

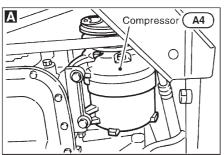
ON position: Outside air is drawn into the passenger compartment.

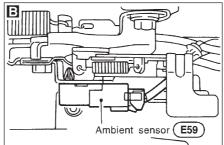
A/C switch

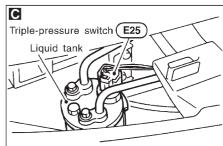
Manual control of the compressor operation. When the A/C switch indicator illuminates, compressor operation is being carried out.

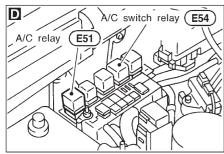
Component Location

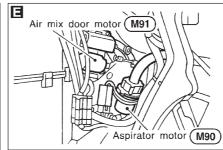


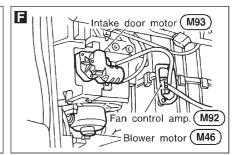


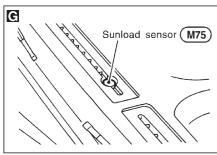


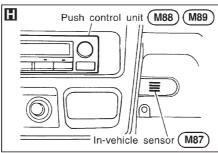


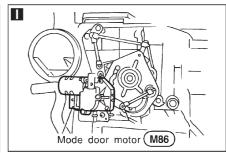




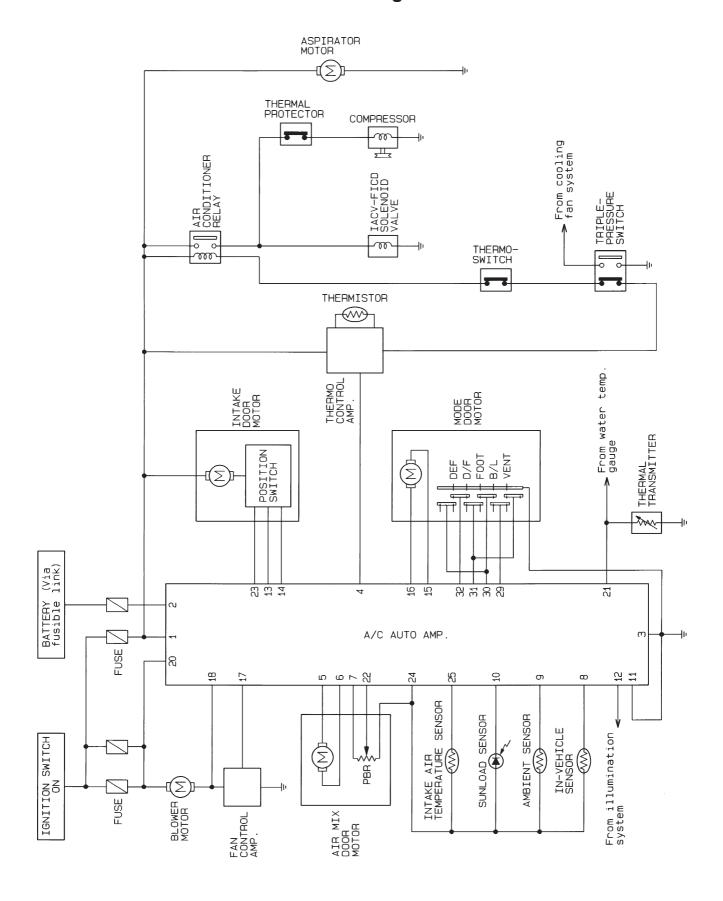






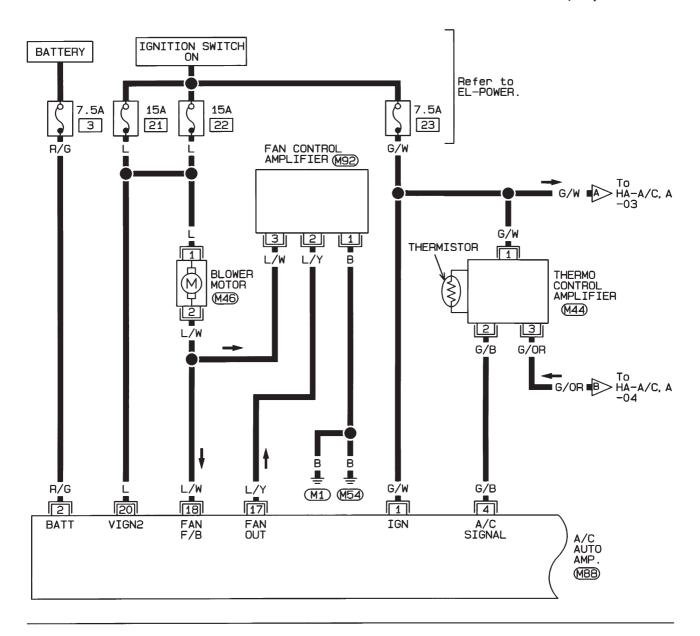


Circuit Diagram



Wiring Diagram — A/C, A —

HA-A/C, A-O1







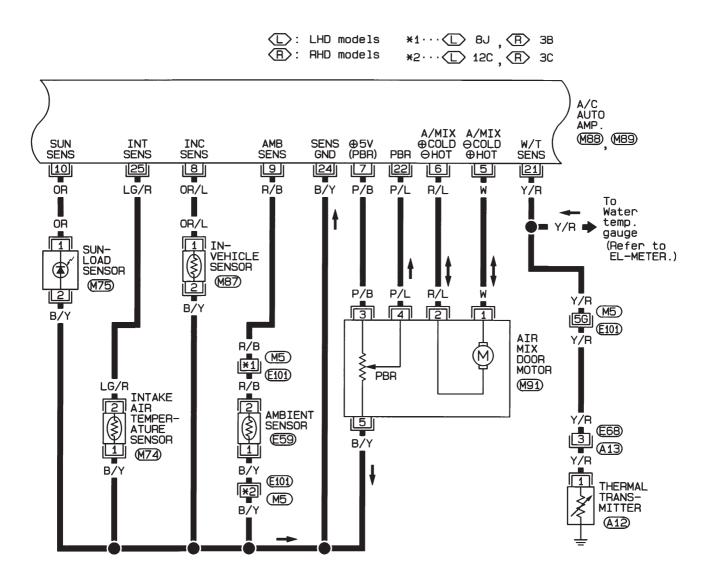


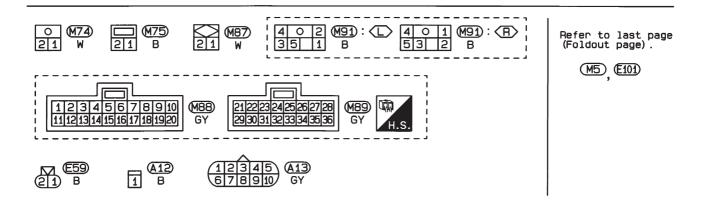




Wiring Diagram — A/C, A — (Cont'd)

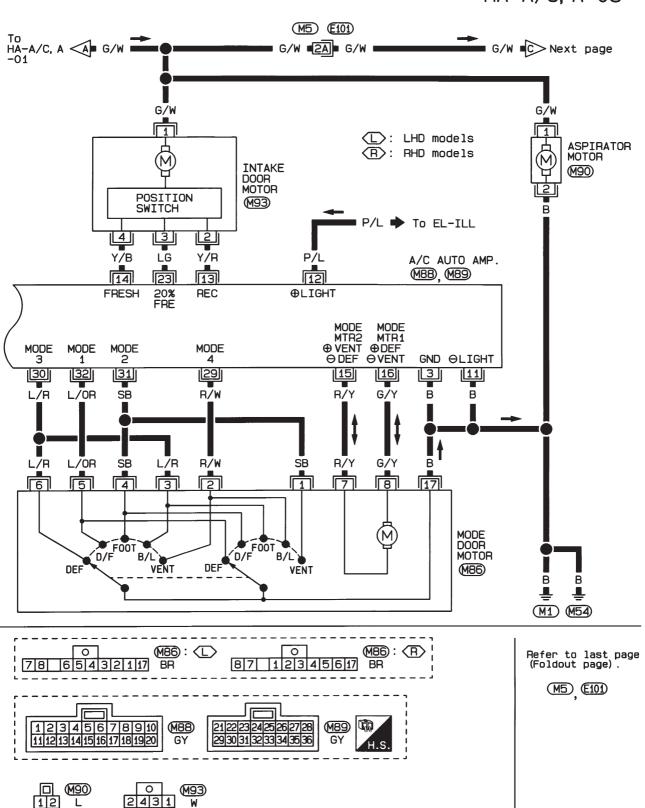
HA-A/C, A-02





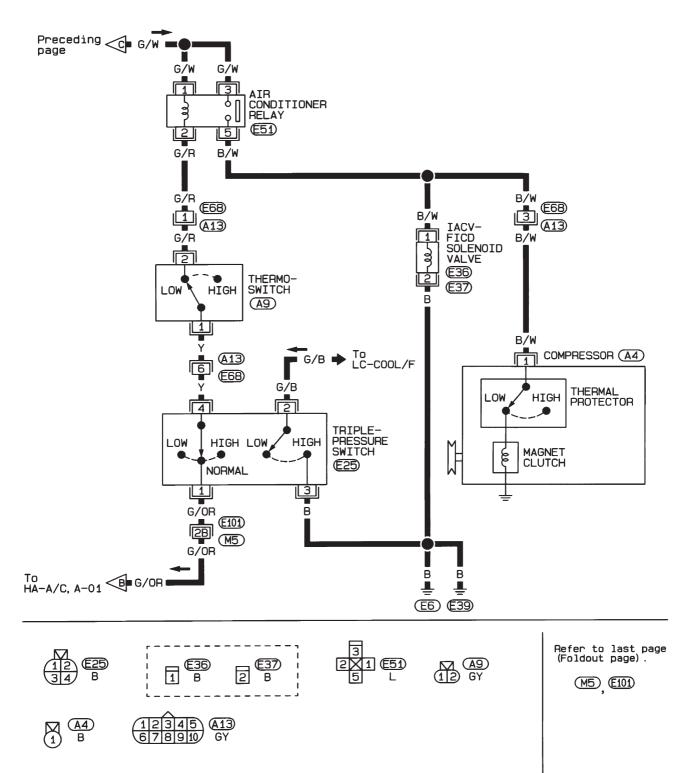
Wiring Diagram — A/C, A — (Cont'd)

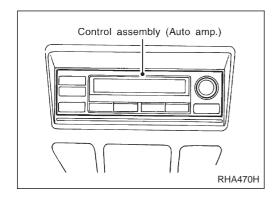
HA-A/C, A-03



Wiring Diagram — A/C, A — (Cont'd)

HA-A/C, A-04

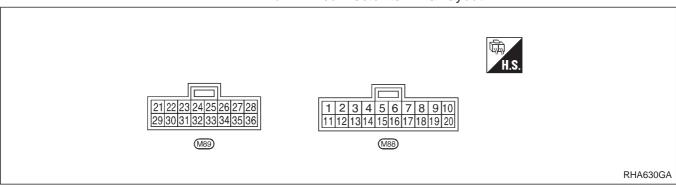




Auto Amp. Terminals and Reference Value INSPECTION OF AUTO AMP.

 Measure voltage between each terminal and body ground by following "AUTO AMP. INSPECTION TABLE".

Pin connector terminal layout



TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Auto Amp. Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

AUTO AMP. INSPECTION TABLE

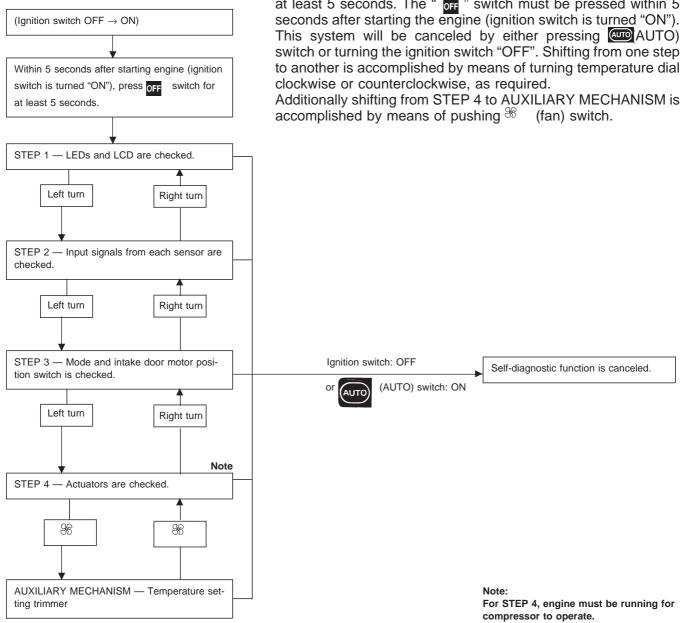
TERMINAL NO.	ITEM		CO	NDITION	Voltage V
1	Power supply for IGN	(An		_	Approximately 12
2	Power supply for BAT	(Lon)		_	Approximately 12
3	Ground			_	_
				ON	Approximately 0
4	Compressor ON signal		Compressor	OFF	Approximately 12
		_	Set tem-	32°C	Approximately 12
5	Power supply for air mix door motor		perature	18°C	Approximately 0
			Set tem-	32°C	Approximately 0
6	Power supply for air mix door motor		perature	18°C	Approximately 12
7	Power supply for PBR				Approximately 5
8	In-vehicle sensor			_	_
9	Ambient sensor			_	_
10	Sunload sensor			_	_
11	Ground			_	_
12	Power supply for illumination		II	lumination switch ON	Approximately 12
				Recirculation	Approximately 0
13	Intake door position switch			Fresh or 20% Fresh	*
				Fresh	Approximately 0
14	Intake door position switch		Red	circulation or 20% Fresh	*
				DEF o VENT	Approximately 12
15	Power supply for mode motor	_		$VENT \rightarrow DEF$	Approximately 0
			$ \begin{array}{c} \text{DEF} \rightarrow \text{VENT} \\ \text{VENT} \rightarrow \text{DEF} \end{array} $		Approximately 0
16	Power supply for mode motor				Approximately 12
		Fan		Low, Middle Low, Middle high	Approximately 2.5 - 3.0
17	Fan control amp. control signal		Fan speed	High	Approximately 9.0
18	Blower motor feed back	Fan speed		Low	Approximately 8
40	51		Blower fan: ON		Approximately 0
19	Blower fan motor ON signal		Blower fan: OFF		Approximately 5
20	Power supply for IGN			_	Approximately 12
21	Thermal transmitter			_	_
			Set tem-	32°C	Approximately 4.5
22	Air mix door motor PBR signal	m	perature	18°C	Approximately 0.5
		(CON)		20% Fresh	Approximately 0
23	Intake door motor position switch		F	Recirculation or Fresh	*
24	Ground		1	_	_
25	Intake sensor			_	_
07	FIOD ON sixual		Compressor	Ambient temperature: 20.5°C (69°F) or less	Approximately 0
27	FICD ON signal		ON	Ambient temperature: 23.5°C (74°F) or more	Approximately 12
20	Mode deer motor position signal			VENT, B/L	Approximately 0
29	Mode door motor position signal			FOOT, D/F, DEF	Approximately 5
20	Mode deer motor position signal	((Con))		B/L, FOOT	Approximately 0
30	Mode door motor position signal			VENT, D/F, DEF	Approximately 5
24	Made description in the			VENT, FOOT, D/F	Approximately 0
31	Mode door motor position signal			B/L, DEF	Approximately 5
00	Made described to the state of			D/F, DEF	Approximately 0
32	Mode door motor position signal		VENT, B/L, FOOT		Approximatley 5

^{*:} When the motor is working approx. 0V will be indicated. When the motor is stopped, approx. 12V will exist.

Self-diagnosis

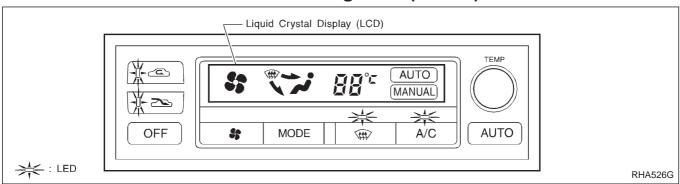
INTRODUCTION AND GENERAL DESCRIPTION

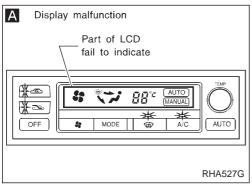
The self-diagnostic system diagnoses sensors, door motors, blower motor, etc. by system line. Refer to applicable sections (items) for details. Shifting from normal control to the self-diagnostic system is accomplished by starting the engine (turning the ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON") and pressing " off " switch for at least 5 seconds. The " off " switch must be pressed within 5 seconds after starting the engine (ignition switch is turned "ON"). clockwise or counterclockwise, as required.

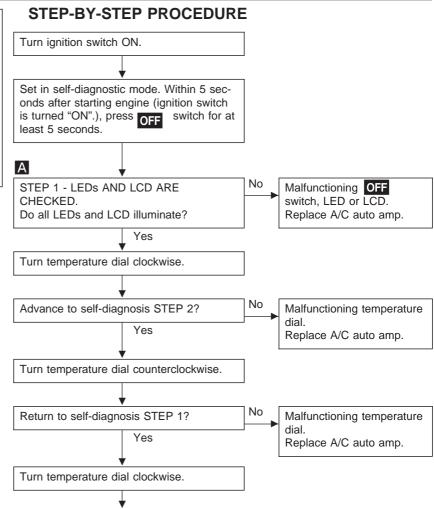


TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Self-diagnosis (Cont'd)

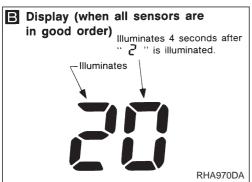


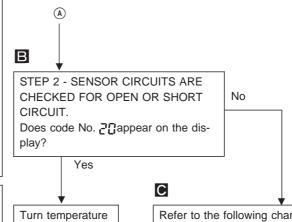


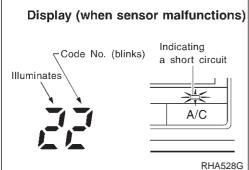


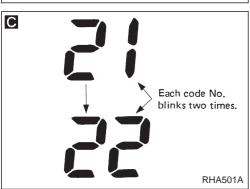
(Go to next page.)

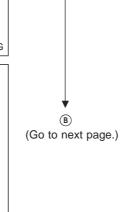
Self-diagnosis (Cont'd)











dial clockwise.

Refer to the following chart for malfunctioning code No.

(If two or more sensors malfunction, corresponding code Nos. blink respectively two times.)

Code No.	Malfunctioning sensor (including circuits)	Reference page
SI A/C LED	Ambient sensor	HA-2080
55 _{VC TED}	In-vehicle sensor	HA-2082
25 25 ^{A/C LED}	Sunload sensor*1	HA-2084
25 25 ^{A/C LED}	Air mix door motor PBR	HA-2055

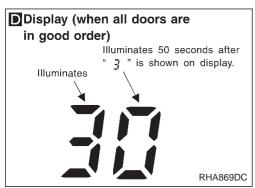
*1: Conduct self-diagnosis STEP 2 under sunshine.

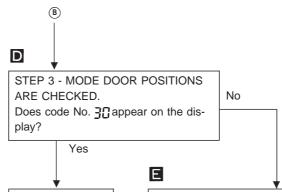
When conducting indoors, aim a light (more than 60W) at sunload sensor, otherwise Code No.

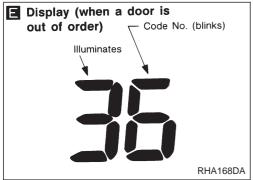
25will indicate despite that sunload sensor is functioning properly.

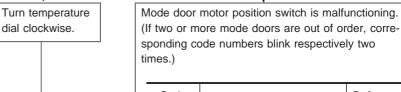
(Go to next page.)

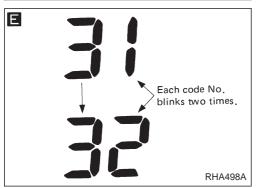
Self-diagnosis (Cont'd)









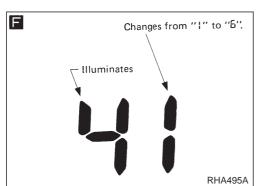


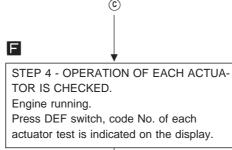
Code No.*1	Mode door position	Reference page
31	VENT	
32	B/L	
34	FOOT	HA-2049
35	D/F	
38	DEF	

^{*1:} If mode door motor harness connector is disconnected, the following display pattern will appear.

G

Self-diagnosis (Cont'd)





G

Mode	Air	outlet/dist	ribution
door position	Face	Foot	Defroster
**	100% (100%)	_	_
ジ	60% (55%)	40% (45%)	_
فرا	_	80% (100%)	20% (-)
	_	60% (65%)	40% (35%)
W	_	_	100% (100%)

Refer to the following chart and confirm discharge air flow, air temperature, blower motor voltage and compressor operation. Checks must be made visually, by listening to any noise, or by touching air outlets with your hand, etc. for improper operation.

	Actuator test pattern						
Code No.	Mode door	Intake door	Air mix door	Blower	Com- pres- sor	FICD	
41	VENT	REC	Full Cold	4 - 5V	ON	ON	
42	B/L	REC	Full Cold	9 - 11V	ON	ON	
43	B/L	20% FRE	Full Hot	7 - 9V	ON	OFF	
44	FOOT	FRE	Full Hot	7 - 9V	OFF	OFF	
45	D/F	FRE	Full Hot	7 - 9V	OFF	OFF	
48	DEF	FRE	Full Hot	10 - 12V	ON	OFF	
			Oł	<			

•Air outlet does not change.

NG

Go to HA-2047.

•Intake door does not change.

Go to HA-2058.

- •Discharge air temperature does not change. Go to HA-2052.
- Magnet clutch does not engage.

Go to HA-2068.

•Blower motor operation is malfunctioning. Go to HA-2062.

Turn ignition switch OFF or AUTO switch

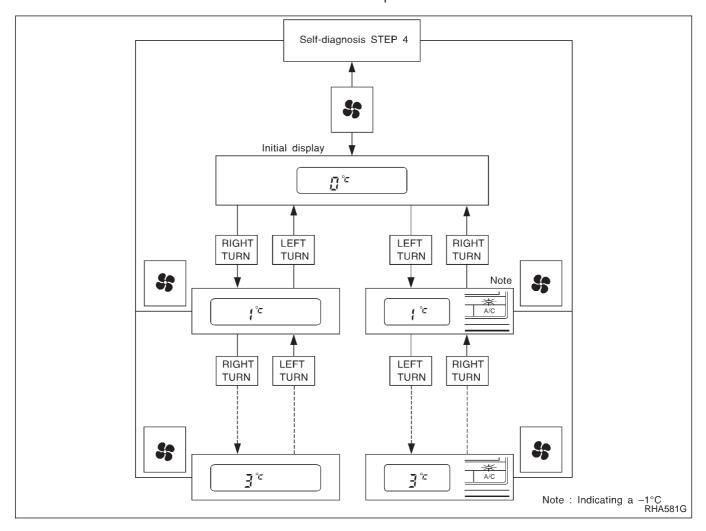
END

Self-diagnosis (Cont'd) AUXILIARY MECHANISM: Temperature setting trimmer

The trimmer compensates for differences in range of $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C between temperature setting (displayed digitally) and temperature felt by driver.

Operating procedures for this trimmer are as follows:

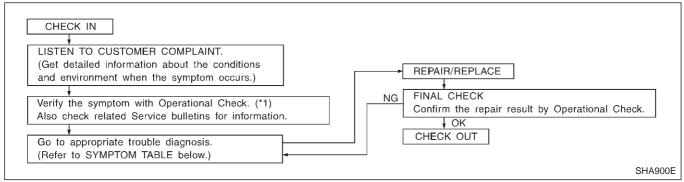
- Begin Self-diagnosis STEP 4 mode.
- Press (fan) switch to set system in auxiliary mode.
- Turn temperature dial clockwise or counterclockwise as desired. Temperature will change at a rate of 1°C each time a switch is pressed.



When battery cable is disconnected, trimmer operation is canceled. Temperature set becomes that of initial condition, i.e. 0°C.

How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair

WORK FLOW



^{*1:} Operational Check (HA-2041)

SYMPTOM TABLE

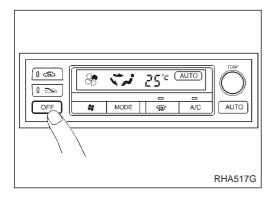
Symptom	Reference page		
•A/C system does not come on.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for A/C system.	HA-2045	
•Air outlet does not change.			
Mode door motor does not operate normally.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Mode Door Motor.	HA-2049	
Discharge air temperature does not change.			
•Air mix door motor does not operate normally.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Air Mix Door Motor.	HA-2055	
●Intake door does not change.			
•Intake door motor does not operate normally.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Intake Door Motor.	HA-2060	
Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.			
Blower motor operation is malfunctioning under out of starting fan speed control.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Blower Motor.	HA-2065	
Magnet clutch does not engage.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Magnet Clutch.	HA-2070	
●Insufficient cooling.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Cooling.	HA-2075	
●Insufficient heating.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Heating.	HA-2076	
●Noise.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Noise.	HA-2077	
•Self-diagnosis cannot be performed.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Self-diagnosis.	HA-2078	
Memory function does not operate.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Memory Function.	HA-2079	

Operational Check

The purpose of the operational check is to confirm that the system operates properly.

CONDITIONS

• Engine running and at normal operating temperature.



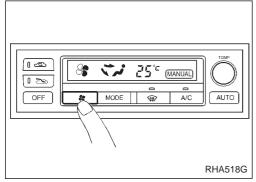
PROCEDURE

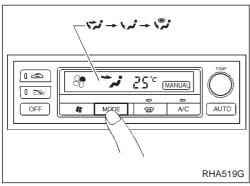
1. Check memory function

- a. Set the temperature 25°C.
- b. Press OFF switch.
- c. Turn the ignition OFF.
- d. Turn the ignition ON.
- e. Press the AUTO switch.
- f. Confirm that the set temperature remains at previous temperature.
- g. Press OFF switch.

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for memory function (HA-2079).

If OK, continue with next check.





2. Check blower

- a. Press fan switch one time.
 Blower should operate on low speed.
 The fan symbol should have one blade lit **
- b. Press fan switch one more time, and continue checking blower speed and fan symbol until all speeds are checked.
- c. Leave blower on MAX speed \$.

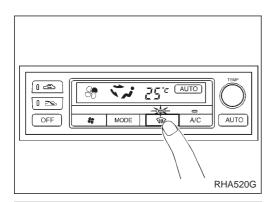
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for blower motor (HA-2065).

If OK, continue with next check.

3. Check discharge air

a. Press mode switch four times and DEF button.

Operational Check (Cont'd)



Discharge air flow

Mode	Air outlet/distribution			
switch	Face	Foot	Defroster	
**	100% (100%)	_	_	
**	60% (55%)	40% (45%)	_	
ن ر ،	-	80% (100%)	20% (-)	
(#)	_	60% (65%)	40% (35%)	
W	_	_	100% (100%)	

RHA654FH

b. Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table at left.

Refer to "Discharge Air Flow" (HA-15 in D22 Service Manual, Publication No. SM8E-0D22E0E).

NOTE:

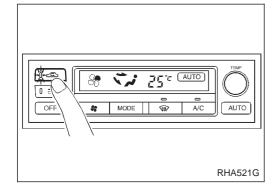
Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged (visual inspection) and intake door position is at FRESH when the DEF

is selected.

Intake door position is checked in the next step.

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for mode door motor (HA-2049).

If OK, continue with next check.

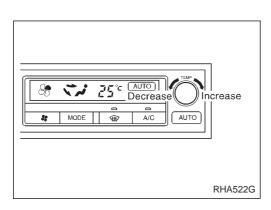


4. Check recirculation

- a. Press REC switch.
 Recirculation indicator should illuminate.
- b. Listen for intake door position change (you should hear blower sound change slightly).

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for intake door motor (HA-2060).

If OK, continue with next check.



Operational Check (Cont'd)

5. Check temperature dial

- a. Turn temperature dial counterclockwise until 18°C is displayed.
- b. Check for cold air at discharge air outlets.

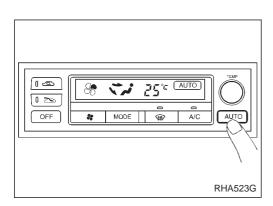
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for insufficient cooling (HA-2075).

If OK, continue with next check.

- c. Turn temperature dial clockwise until 32°C is displayed.
- d. Check for hot air at discharge air outlets.

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for insufficient heating (HA-2076).

If OK, continue with next check.



Operational Check (Cont'd)

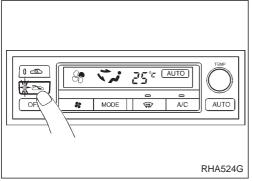
6. Check AUTO mode

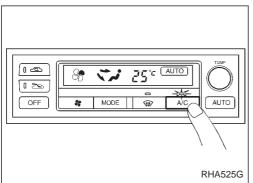
- a. Press AUTO switch.
- b. Display should indicate AUTO.
 Confirm that the compressor clutch engages (audio or visual inspection)
 - (Discharge air and blower speed will depend on ambient, in-vehicle, and set temperatures.)

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for A/C system (HA-2045).

If OK, continue with next check.

Then if necessary, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for magnet clutch (HA-2068).





7. Check FRESH switch

- a. Press FRE switch.
 FRESH indicator should illuminate.
- Listen for intake door position change. (You should hear a slight change in blower sound.)

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for intake door motor (HA-2060).

If OK, continue with next check.

8. Check A/C switch

- a. Press A/C switch.
 - A/C indicator should illuminate.
- b. Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged.

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for A/C system (HA-2045).

If OK, continue with next check.

If all operational check are OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), go to "Incident Simulation Test" (GI section) and perform test as outlined to simulated driving conditions environment. If symptom appear, refer to "SYMPTOM TABLE" (HA-2040) and perform applicable trouble diagnosis procedures.

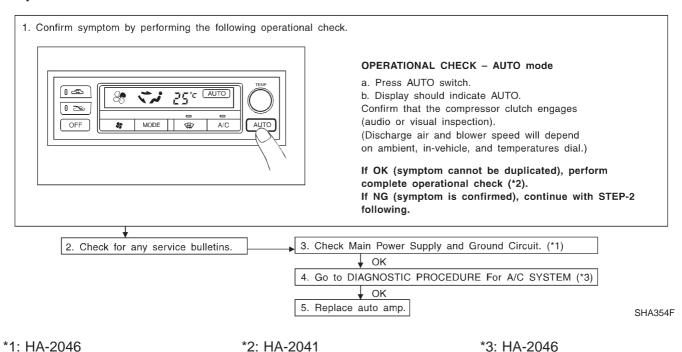
A/C System

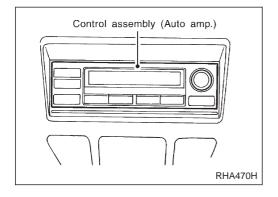
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR A/C SYSTEM

SYMPTOM:

A/C system does not come on.

Inspection flow





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Automatic amplifier (Auto amp.)

The auto amplifier has a built-in microcomputer which processes information sent from various sensors needed for air conditioner operation. The air mix door motor, mode door motor, intake door motor, blower motor and compressor are then controlled.

The auto amplifier is unitized with control mechanisms. Signals from various switches and Potentio Temperature Control (PTC) are directly entered into auto amplifier.

Self-diagnostic functions are also built into auto amplifier to provide quick check of malfunctions in the auto air conditioner system.

Potentio temperature control (PTC)

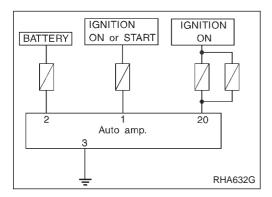
The PTC is built into the A/C auto amp. It can be set at an interval of 1°C in the 18°C to 32°C temperature range by turning the temperature dial. The set temperature is digitally displayed.

A/C System (Cont'd) MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Power Supply Circuit Check

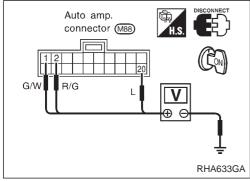
Check power supply circuit for air conditioner system.

Refer to EL section ("Wiring Diagram", "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING").



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

SYMPTOM: A/C system does not come on.



Auto amp. check

Check power supply circuit for auto amp. with ignition switch ON. Measure voltage across terminal Nos. 1, 2, 2 and body ground.

Voltmete	Voltmeter terminal		
\oplus	Θ	Voltage	
1			
2	Body ground	Approx. 12V	
20			

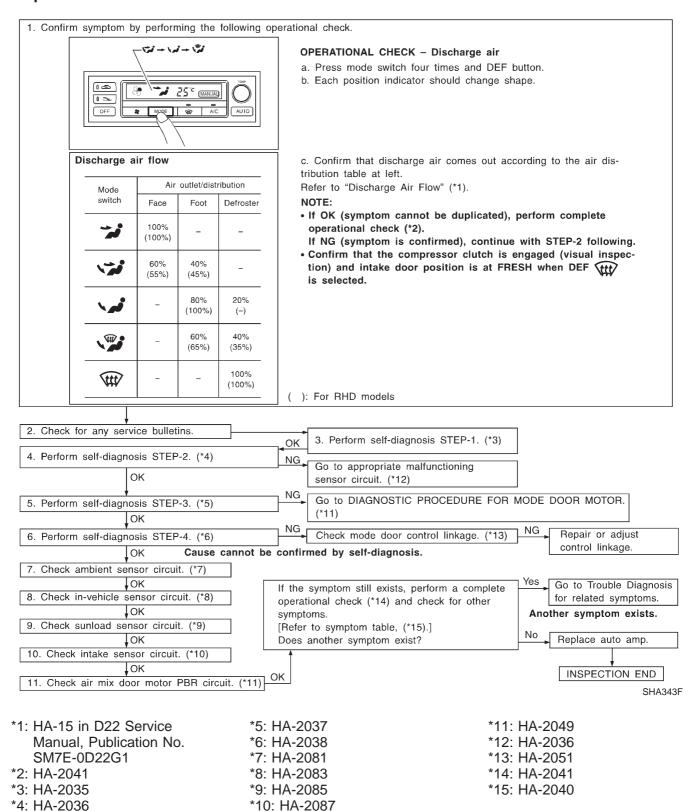
Mode Door Motor

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR MODE DOOR MOTOR

SYMPTOM:

- Air outlet does not change.
- Mode door motor does not operate normally.

Inspection flow



Mode Door Motor (Cont'd)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component parts

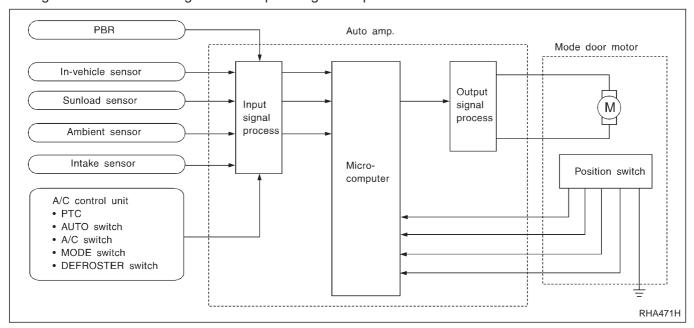
Mode door control system components are:

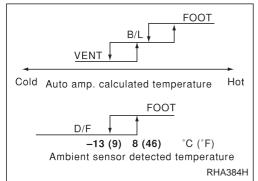
- 1) Auto amplifier
- 2) Mode door motor
- 3) In-vehicle sensor

- 4) Ambient sensor
- 5) Sunload sensor
- 6) Intake sensor

System operation

The auto amplifier computes the air outlet conditions according to the ambient temperature and the in-vehicle temperature. The computed outlet conditions are then corrected for sunload to determine air outlet through which air is discharged into the passenger compartment.





Side link Mode door motor RHA472H

Mode door control specification

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The mode door motor is attached to the heater unit. It rotates so that air is discharged from the outlet set by the auto amplifier. Motor rotation is conveyed to a link which activates the mode door.

Note

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

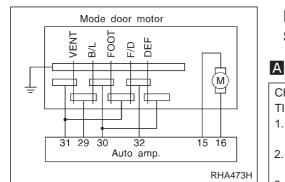
Mode Door Motor (Cont'd)

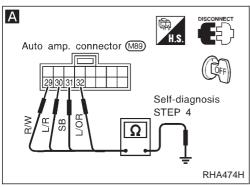
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

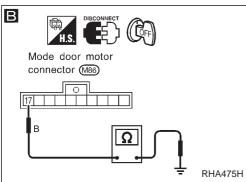
SYMPTOM: Mode door motor does not operate normally.

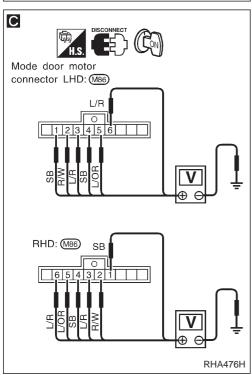
NG

В









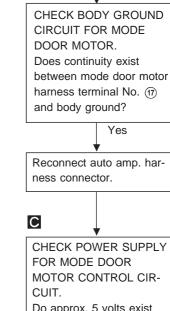
CHECK MODE DOOR MOTOR POSI-TION SWITCH.

- 1. Set up code No. 4; in Self-diagnosis STEP 4.
- 2. Disconnect auto amp. harness connector after turning ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Check if continuity exists between terminal Nos. (29), (31) of auto amp. harness connector and body ground.
- 4. Using above procedure, check for continuity in other modes, as indicated in chart.

O a da Na		Condi-	Terminal	No.	Conti-
Code N	0.	tion	\oplus	Θ	nuity
41		VENT	29 or 31		
42 or 4	3	B/L	29 or 30	D. I.	
44		FOOT	30 or 31	Body ground	Yes
45		D/F	31 or 32	ground	
48		DEF	30 or 32		

OK

INSPECTION END

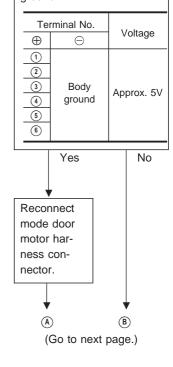


Disconnect mode door

motor harness connector.

MOTOR CONTROL CIR-

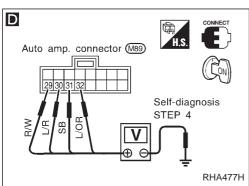
Do approx. 5 volts exist between mode door motor harness terminals and body ground?

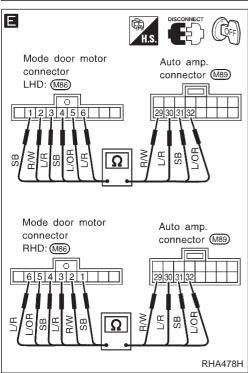


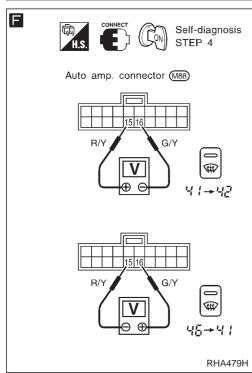
Note:

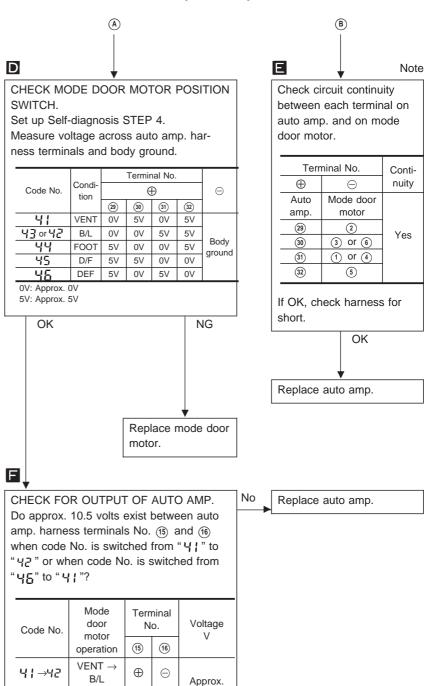
If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

Mode Door Motor (Cont'd)









Note:

48-41

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

10.5

0

 \oplus

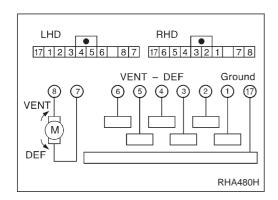
 Θ

Yes

Replace mode door motor.

 $\mathsf{DEF} \to$

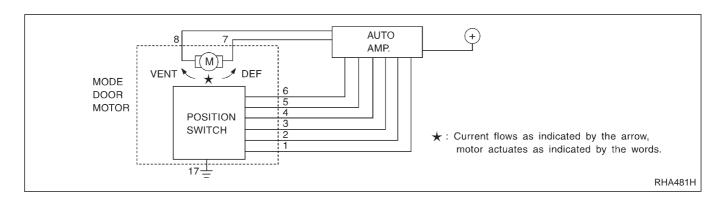
VENT Stop

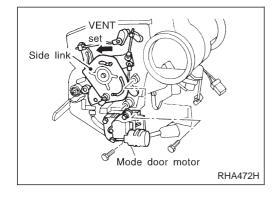


Mode Door Motor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Mode door motor

Termir	nal No.	Made door eneration	Direction of side link rotation	
8	7	Mode door operation	Direction of side link rotatio	
\oplus	Θ	$VENT \to DEF$	Counterclockwise	
_	-	STOP	STOP	
\ominus	\oplus	$DEF \to VENT$	Clockwise	





CONTROL LINKAGE ADJUSTMENT

Mode door

- Install mode door motor on heater unit and connect it to main harness.
- 2. Set up code No. 45 in Self-diagnosis STEP 4. Refer to HA-2038.
- 3. Move side link by hand and hold mode door in DEF mode.
- 4. Make sure mode door operates properly when changing from code No. Կ; to Կե by pushing DEF switch.

4:	42	43	44	45	45
VENT	B/L	B/L	FOOT	D/F	DEF

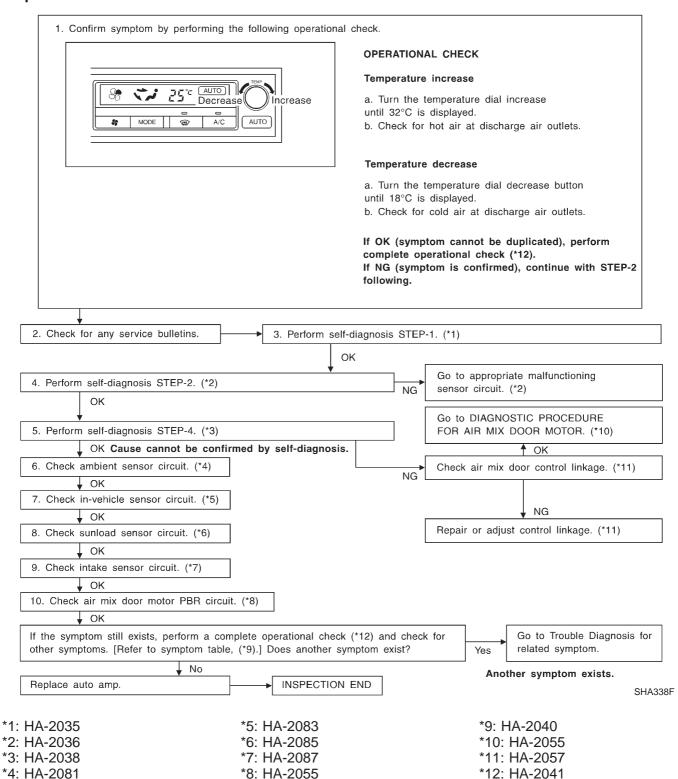
Air Mix Door Motor

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR

SYMPTOM:

- Discharge air temperature does not change.
- Air mix door motor does not operate.

Inspection flow



Air Mix Door Motor (Cont'd)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component parts

Air mix door control system components are:

- 1) Auto amplifier
- 2) Air mix door motor (PBR)
- 3) In-vehicle sensor

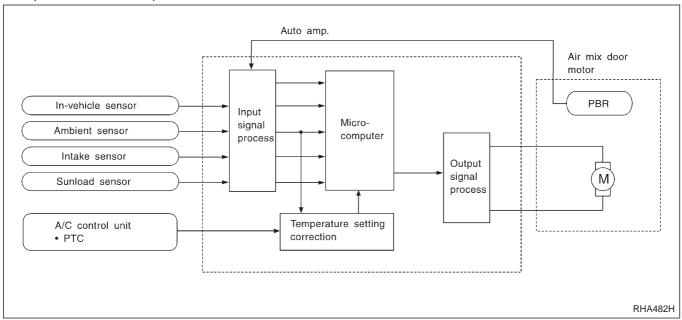
- 4) Ambient sensor
- 5) Sunload sensor
- 6) Intake sensor

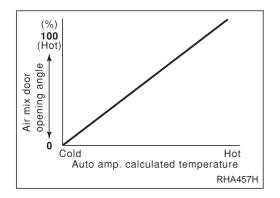
System operation

Temperature set by Potentio Temperature Control (PTC) is compensated through setting temperature correction circuit to determine target temperature.

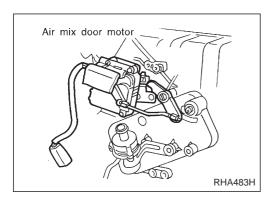
Auto amplifier will operate air mix door motor to set air conditioning system in HOT or COLD position, depending upon relationship between conditions (target temperature, sunload, in-vehicle temperature and ambient temperature) and conditions (air mix door position and intake air temperature).

When target temperature is set at 18°C (65°F) or 32°C (85°F), air mix door opening position is fixed in full cold position or full hot position.





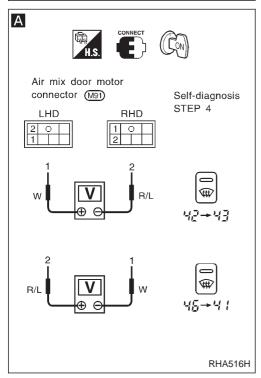
Air mix door control specification

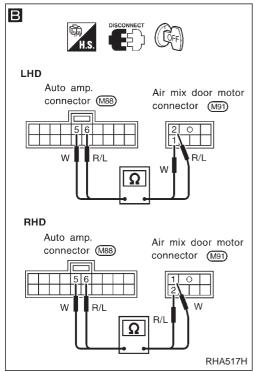


Air Mix Door Motor (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The air mix door motor is attached to the heater unit. It rotates so that the air mix door is opened or closed to a position set by the auto amplifier. Motor rotation is then conveyed through a shaft and the air mix door position is then fed back to the auto amplifier by PBR built-in air mix door motor.

Air mix door motor COLD — PBR — HOT 7 22 24 5 6 Auto amp. RHA959FA

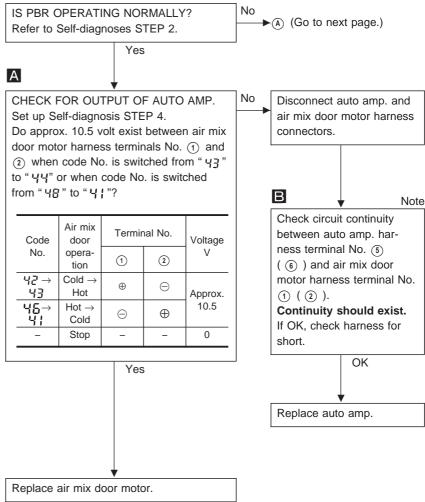




Air Mix Door Motor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

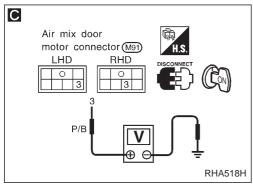
SYMPTOM: Air mix door motor does not operate normally.

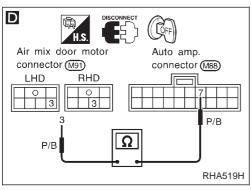


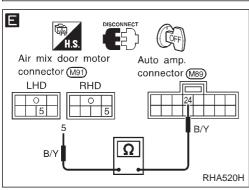
Note:

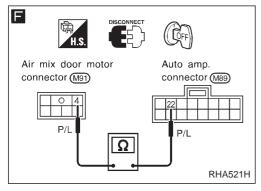
If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

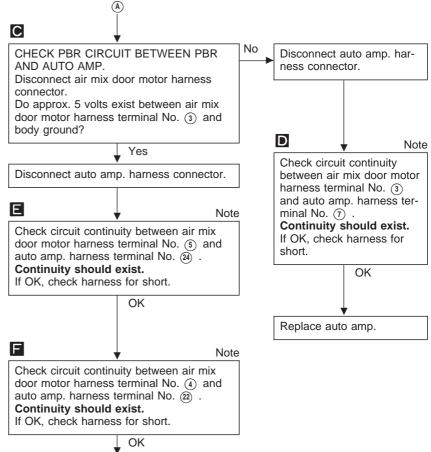
Air Mix Door Motor (Cont'd)











Note:

CHECK PBR.

(Refer to HA-2057.)

Replace auto amp.

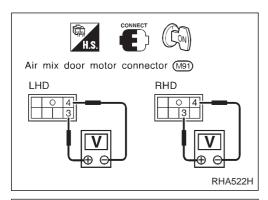
OK

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

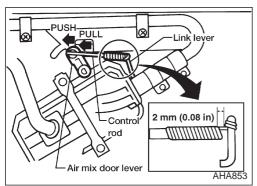
NG

(PBR).

Replace air mix door motor



5.0 Approx. 4.75 Approx. 0.25 Closed Air mix door opening Open (Hot) RHA566F



Air Mix Door Motor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

PBR

Measure voltage between terminals ③ and ④ at vehicle harness side.

CONTROL LINKAGE ADJUSTMENT

Air mix door (Water cock)

- 1. Install air mix door motor on heater unit and connect it to main harness.
- 2. Set up code No. 4; in Self-diagnosis STEP 4. Refer to HA-2038.
- Move air mix door lever by hand and hold it in full cold position.
- 4. Attach air mix door lever to rod holder.
- 5. Make sure air mix door operates properly when changing from code No. 41 to 45 by pushing DEF switch.

4;	42	43	44	45	45
Full	cold	Full hot			

- 6. Set up code No. 4; in Self-diagnosis STEP 4.
- 7. Attach water cock cable to air mix door linkage and secure with clip.
- 8. Rotate and hold water cock lever AND plate in the full cold position (CLOCKWISE completely).
- 9. Attach water cock cable to plate and secure with clip (white mark on cable housing should be centered under the retaining clip).
- 10. Check that water cock operates properly when changing from code No. ។៖ to ។ by pushing DEF switch. (After several cycles, water cock lever should be midpoint of plate opening when code No. ។៖ is set.)

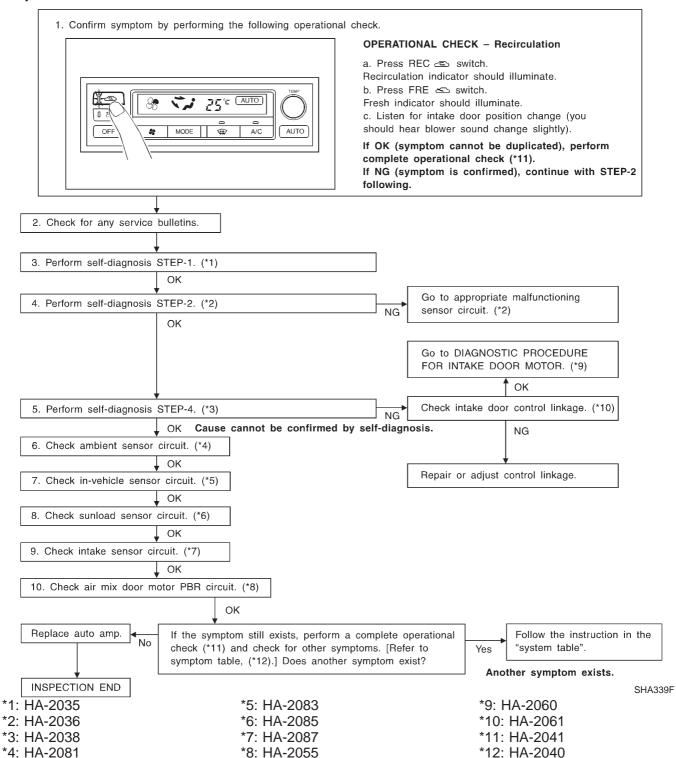
Intake Door Motor

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR INTAKE DOOR

SYMPTOM:

- Intake door does not change.
- Intake door motor does not operate normally.

Inspection flow



Intake Door Motor (Cont'd)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

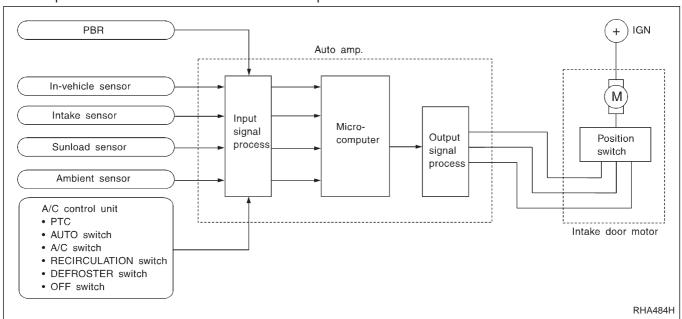
Component parts

Intake door control system components are:

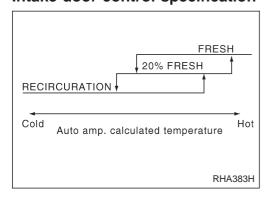
- 1) Auto amp.
- 2) Intake door motor
- 3) Mode door motor
- 4) In-vehicle sensor
- 5) Ambient sensor
- 6) Sunload sensor
- 7) Intake sensor

System operation

The intake door control determines intake door position based on the ambient temperature, the intake air temperature and the in-vehicle temperature. When the A/C, DEFROSTER, or OFF switches are pushed, the auto amplifier sets the intake door at the "Fresh" position.



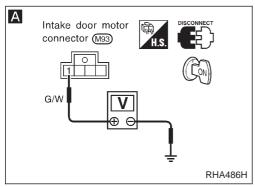
Intake door control specification

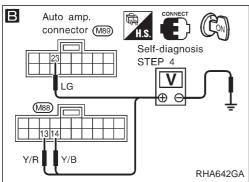


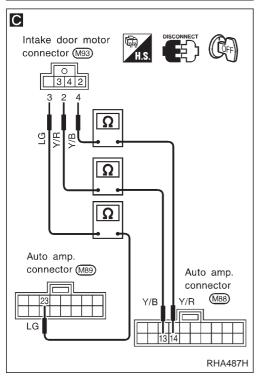
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake door motor is attached to the intake unit. It rotates so that air is drawn from inlets set by the auto amplifier. Motor rotation is conveyed to a lever which activates the intake door.

Intake door motor Intake door motor M W W W A Auto amp. IGNITION ON SHA858EB

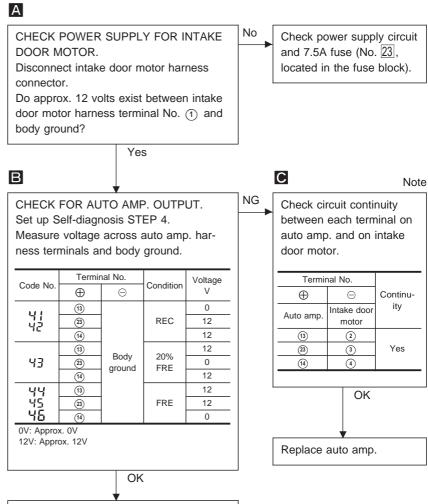






Intake Door Motor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

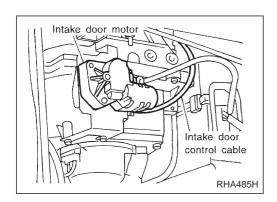
SYMPTOM: Intake door motor does not operate normally.



Note:

Replace intake door motor.

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.



Intake Door Motor (Cont'd) CONTROL LINKAGE ADJUSTMENT

Intake door

- 1. Install intake door motor on intake unit and connect it to main harness.
- 2. Set up code No. 4; in Self-diagnosis STEP 4. Refer to HA-2038.
- 3. Move intake door link by hand and hold it in REC position.
- 4. Clamp intake door control cable. Refer to HA-54 in D22 Service Manual, Publication No. SM8E-0D22E0E.
- 5. Make sure intake door operates properly when changing from code No. 41 to 45 by pushing DEF switch.

4!	42	43	44	45	45
RE	EC .	20% FRE	FRE		

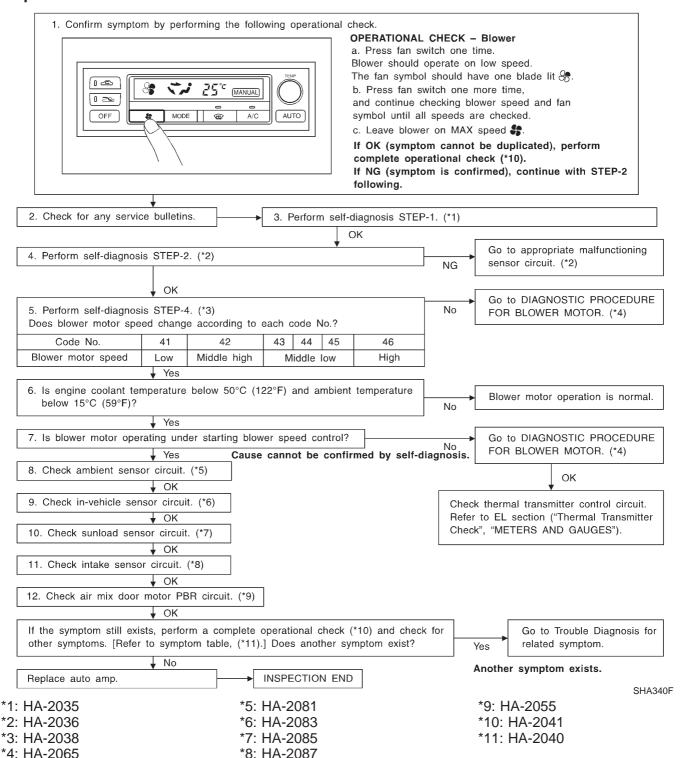
Blower Motor

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR BLOWER MOTOR

SYMPTOM:

- Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.
- Blower motor operation is malfunctioning under out of starting fan speed control.

Inspection flow



Blower Motor (Cont'd)

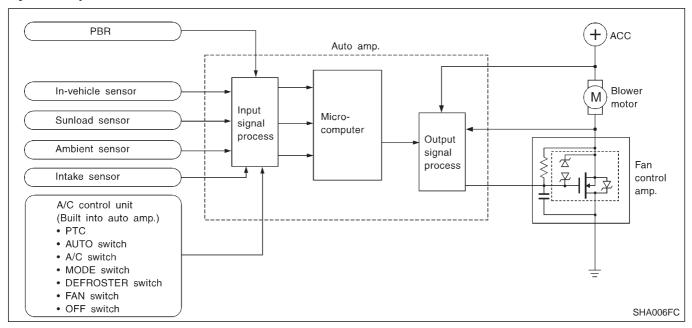
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component parts

Fan speed control system components are:

- 1) Auto amp.
- 2) Fan control amp.
- 3) PBR
- 4) In-vehicle sensor
- 5) Ambient sensor
- 6) Sunload sensor
- 7) Intake sensor

System operation



Automatic mode

In the automatic mode, the blower motor speed is calculated by the automatic amplifier based on inputs from the PBR, in-vehicle sensor, sunload sensor, intake sensor and ambient sensor. The blower motor applied voltage ranges from approximately 5 volts (lowest speed) to 12 volts (highest speed).

The control blower speed (in the range of 5 to 12V), the automatic amplifier supplies a gate voltage to the fan control amplifier. Based on this voltage, the fan control amplifier controls the voltage supplied to the blower motor.

Starting fan speed control

Start up from "COLD SOAK" condition (Automatic mode)

In a cold start up condition where the engine coolant temperature is below 50°C, the blower will not operate for a short period of time (up to 150 seconds). The exact start delay time varies depending on the ambient and engine coolant temperature.

In the most extreme case (very low ambient) the blower starting delay will be 150 seconds as described above. After this delay, the blower will operate at low speed until the engine coolant temperature rises above 55°C, at which time the blower speed will increase to the objective speed.

Start up from normal or "HOT SOAK" condition (Automatic mode)

The blower will begin operation momentarily after the AUTO button is pushed. The blower speed will gradually rise to the objective speed over a time period of 3 seconds or less (actual time depends on the objective blower speed).

Blower Motor (Cont'd)

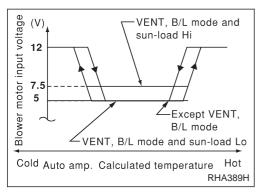
Blower speed compensation

Sunload

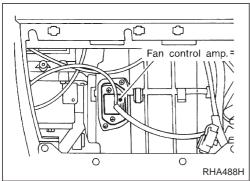
When the in-vehicle temperature and the set temperature are very close, the blower will be operating at low speed. The low speed will vary depending on the sunload. During conditions of high sunload, the blower low speed is "normal" low speed (approx. 6V). During low or no sunload conditions, the low speed will drop to "low" low speed (approx. 5V).

Ambient

When the ambient temperature is in the "moderate" range [10 - 15°C], the computed blower voltage will be compensated (reduced) by up to 3.5V (depending on the blower speed). In the "extreme" ambient ranges [below 0°C and above 20°C] the computed objective blower voltage is not compensated at all. In the ambient temperature ranges between "moderate" and "extreme" [0 - 10°C and 15 - 20°C], the amount of compensation (for a given blower speed) varies depending on the ambient temperature.



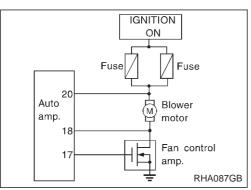
Fan speed control specification



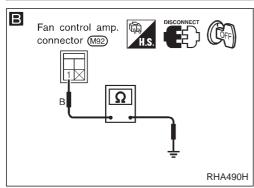
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

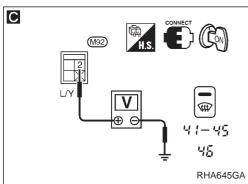
Fan control amplifier

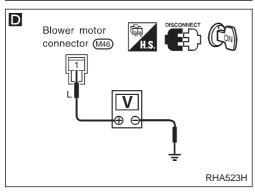
The fan control amplifier is located on the cooling unit. The fan control amp. receives a gate voltage from the auto amp. to steplessly maintain the blower fan motor voltage in the 5 to 12 volt range (approx.).



Fan control amp. connector M32 H.S. PISCONNECT CON RHA489H

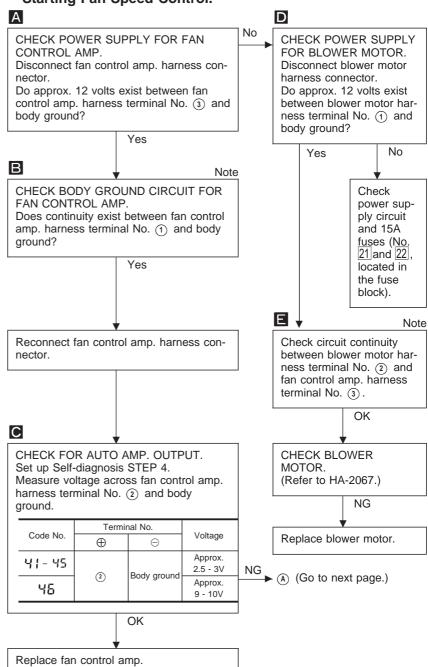






Blower Motor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

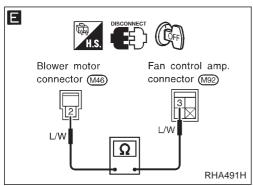
SYMPTOM: Blower motor operation is malfunctioning under Starting Fan Speed Control.

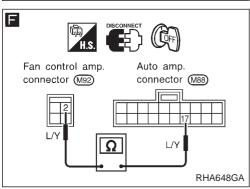


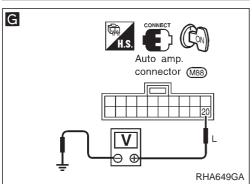
Note:

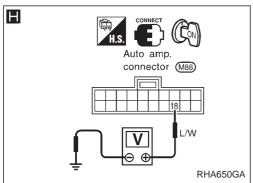
If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

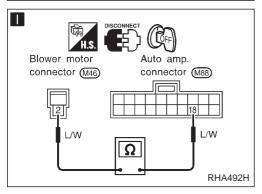
Blower Motor (Cont'd)

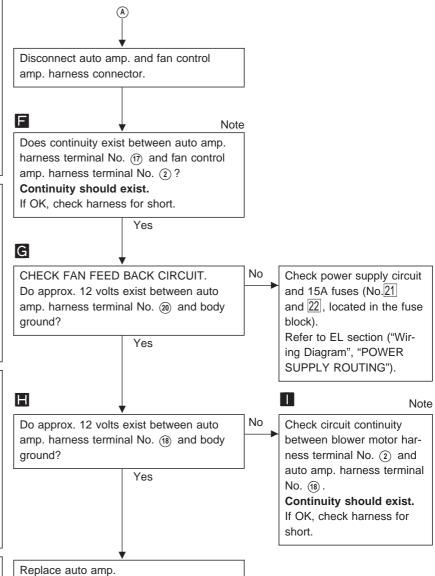






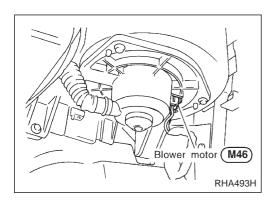






Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.



Blower Motor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Blower motor

Confirm smooth rotation of the blower motor.

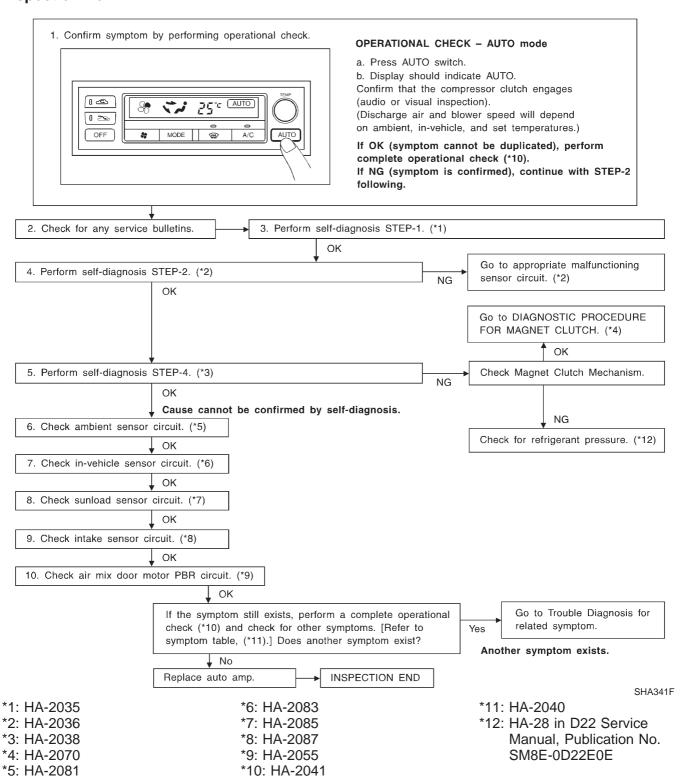
 Ensure that there are no foreign particles inside the intake unit.

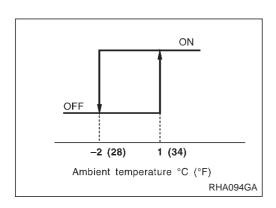
Magnet Clutch

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR MAGNET CLUTCH SYMPTOM:

Magnet clutch does not engage.

Inspection flow





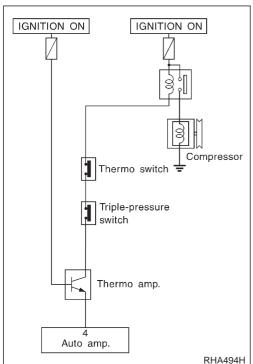
Magnet Clutch (Cont'd) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

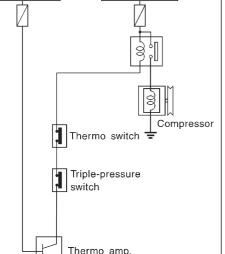
Auto amplifier controls compressor operation by ambient temperature and signal from ECM.

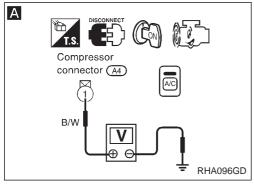
Low temperature protection control

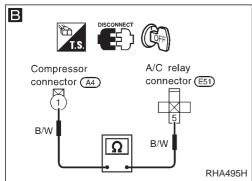
Auto amplifier will turn the compressor "ON" or "OFF" as determined by a signal detected by ambient sensor.

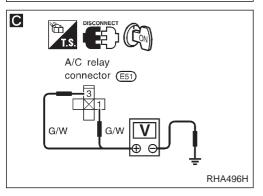
When ambient temperatures are greater than 1°C, the compressor turns "ON". The compressor turns "OFF" when ambient temperatures are less than -2°C.





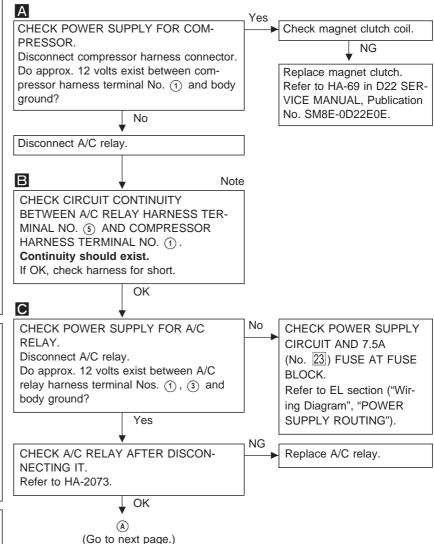




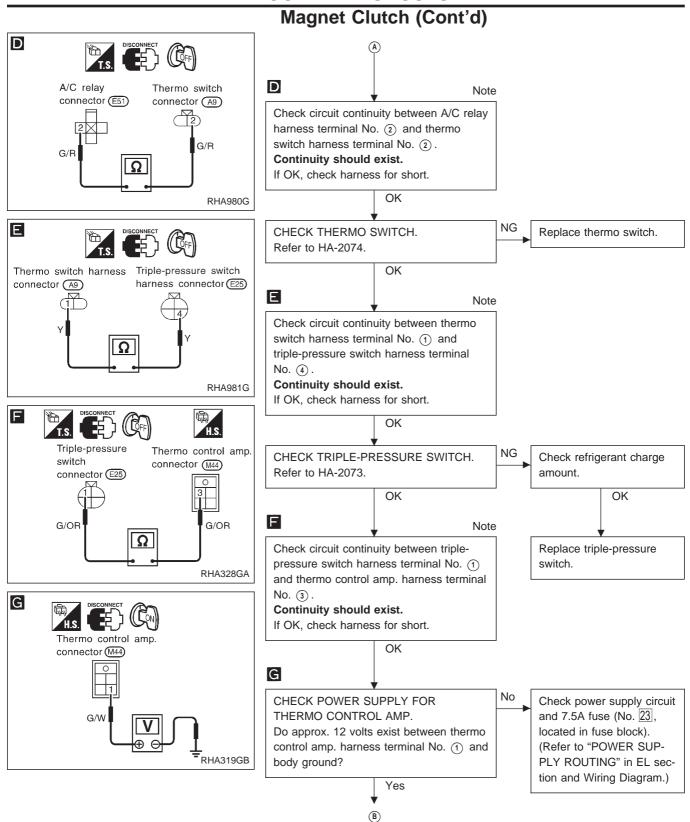


Magnet Clutch (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage when A/C switch and fan switch are ON.



If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

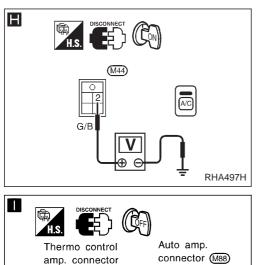


Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

(Go to next page.)

Magnet Clutch (Cont'd)



amp. connector

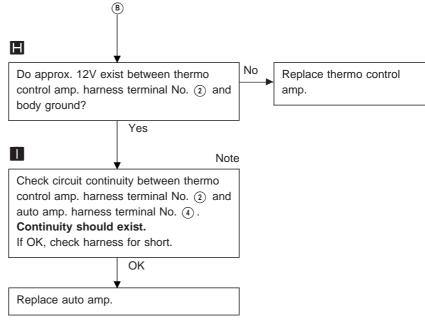
G/B

(M44)

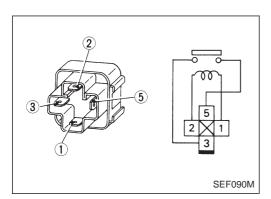
Ω

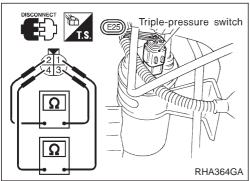
G/B

RHA498H



If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.





Magnet Clutch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION A/C relay

Check continuity between terminal Nos. ③ and ⑤.

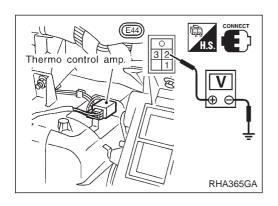
Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminal Nos. ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

If NG, replace relay.

Triple-pressure switch

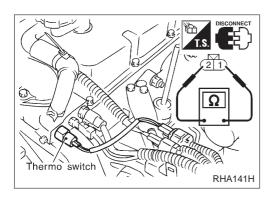
	Terminals	High-pressure side line pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)	Operation	Continuity
Low-pres- sure side	① - ④	Increasing to 152.0 - 201.0 (1.520 - 2.010, 1.55 - 2.05, 22.0 - 29.2)	ON	Exists.
		Decreasing to 152.0 - 201.0 (1.520 - 2.010, 1.55 - 2.05, 22.0 - 29.2)	OFF	Does not exist.
Medium- pressure side*	② - ③	Increasing to 1,422 - 1,618 (14.22 - 16.18, 14.5 - 16.5, 206 - 235)	ON	Exists.
		Decreasing to 1,128 - 1,422 (11.28 - 14.22, 11.5 - 14.5, 164 - 206)	OFF	Does not exist.
High-pres- sure side		Decreasing to 2,059 - 2,256 (20.6 - 22.6, 21 - 23, 299 - 327)	ON	Exists.
	(1) - (4)	Increasing to 2,648 - 2,844 (26.5 - 28.4, 27 - 29, 384 - 412)	OFF	Does not exist.

^{*:} For cooling fan motor operation



Thermo control amp.

Evaporator outlet air temperature °C (°F)	Thermo amp. operation	Tester
Decreasing to 0.1 - 0.9 (32 - 34)	Turn OFF	Approx. 12V
Increasing to 2.5 - 3.5 (37 - 38)	Turn ON	Approx. 0V



Magnet Clutch (Cont'd) Thermo switch

Water temperature	Terminal No.		Continuity
°C (°F)	\oplus	Θ	Continuity
Over 105 (221)			No
Less than 100 (212)		(2)	Yes

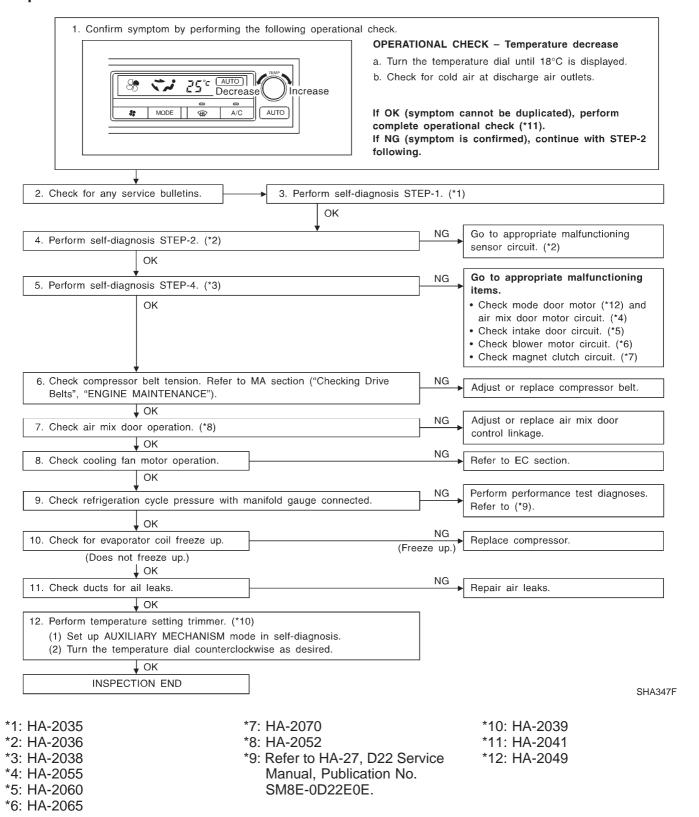
Insufficient Cooling

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR INSUFFICIENT COOLING

SYMPTOM:

Insufficient cooling.

Inspection flow

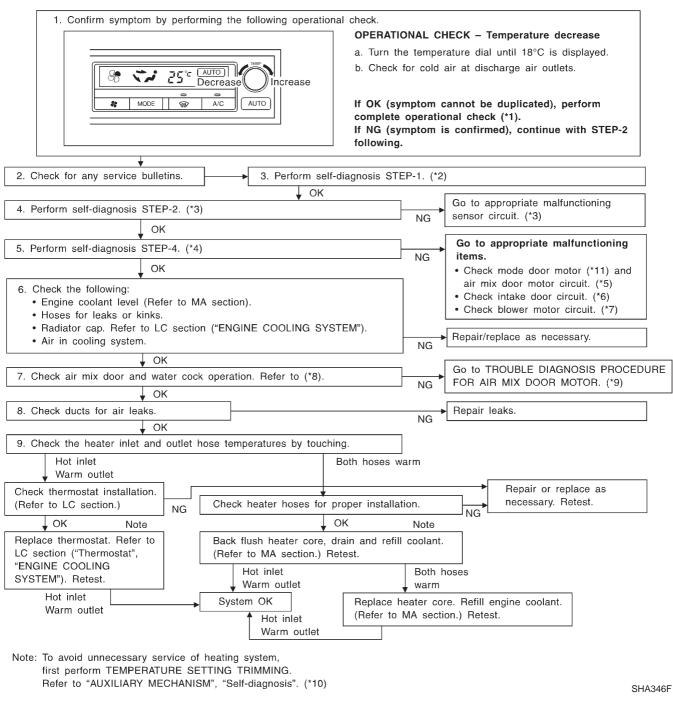


Insufficient Heating

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR INSUFFICIENT HEATING SYMPTOM:

Insufficient heating.

Inspection flow



*1: HA-2041 *5: HA-2055 *2: HA-2035 *6: HA-2060 *3: HA-2036 *7: HA-2065

*4: HA-2038 *8: HA-2057 *9: HA-2055

*10: HA-2039

*11: HA-2049

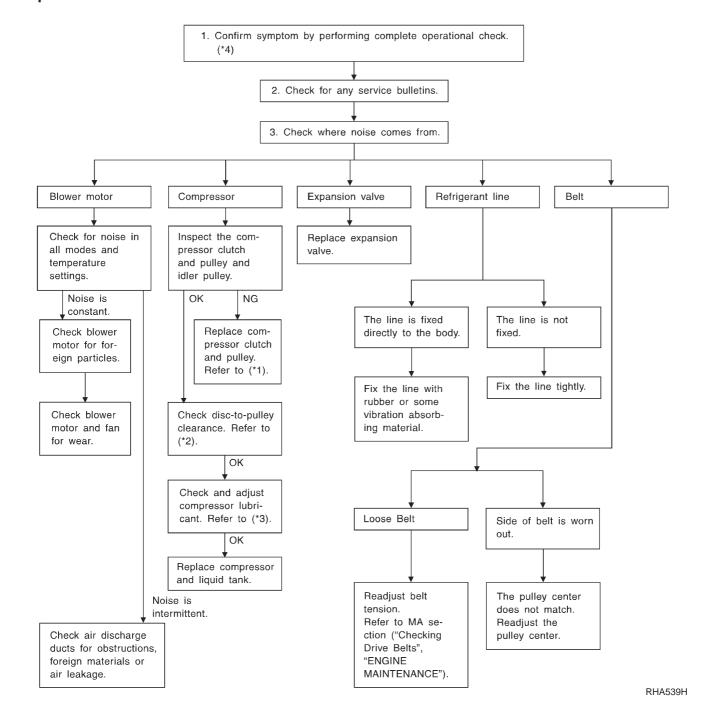
Noise

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR NOISE

SYMPTOM:

Noise

Inspection flow



- *1: HA-69 in D22 Service Manual, Publication No. SM8E-0D22E0E
- *2: HA-71 in D22 Service Manual, Publication No. SM8E-0D22E0E
- *3: HA-57 in D22 Service Manual, Publication No. SM8E-0D22E0E
- *4: HA-2041

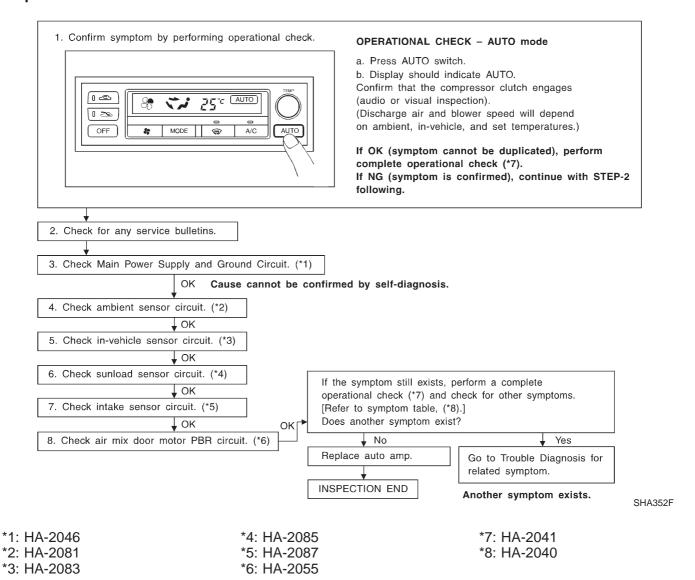
Self-diagnosis

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR SELF-DIAGNOSIS

SYMPTOM:

Self-diagnosis cannot be performed.

Inspection flow



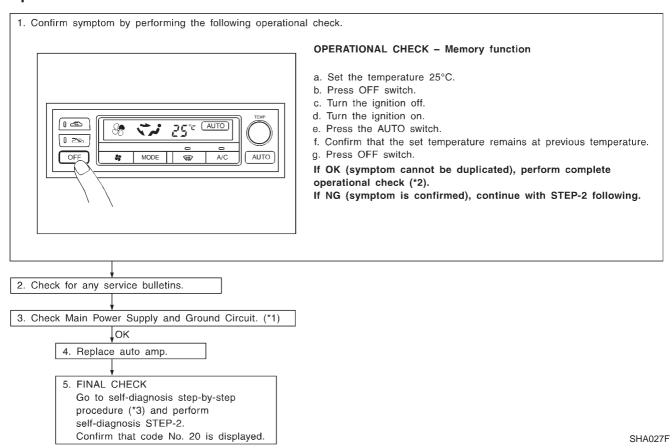
Memory Function

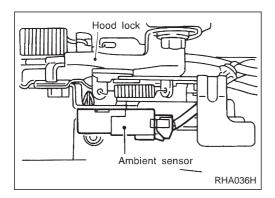
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE FOR MEMORY FUNCTION

SYMPTOM:

Memory function does not operate.

Inspection flow





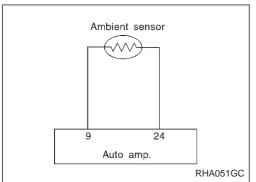
Ambient Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The ambient sensor is attached in front of the driver's side condenser. It detects ambient temperature and converts it into a resistance value which is then input into the auto amplifier.

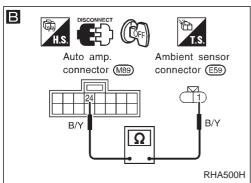
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE INPUT PROCESS

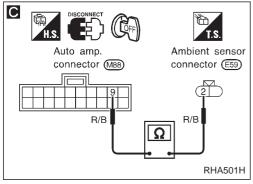
The automatic amplifier includes a "processing circuit" for the ambient sensor input. However, when the temperature detected by the ambient sensor increases quickly, the processing circuit retards the auto amp. function. It only allows the auto amp. to recognize an ambient temperature increase of 0.33°C per 100 seconds.

As an example, consider stopping for a cup of coffee after high speed driving. Although the actual ambient temperature has not changed, the temperature detected by the ambient sensor will increase. This is because the heat from the engine compartment can radiate to the front grille area, location of the ambient sensor.



Ambient sensor connector (£59) R/B RHA499H

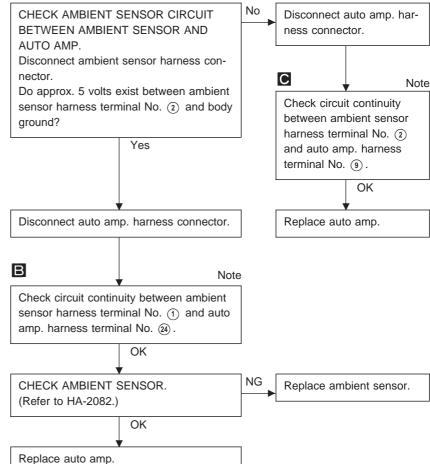




Ambient Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

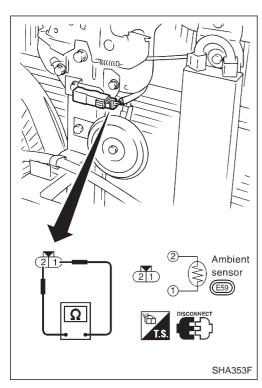
SYMPTOM: Ambient sensor circuit is open or shorted. (?! or ?! A/C LED is indicated on auto amp. as a result of conducting Self-diagnosis STEP 2.)

Α



Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

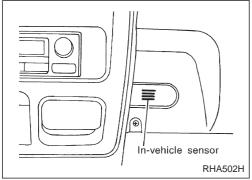


Ambient Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Ambient sensor

After disconnecting ambient sensor harness connector, measure resistance between terminals 1 and 2 at sensor harness side, using the table below.

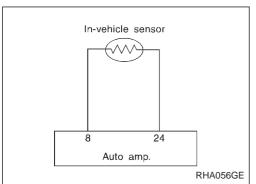
Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
-20 (-4)	9.98
-10 (14)	5.57
0 (32)	3.26
10 (50)	1.98
20 (68)	1.25
25 (77)	1.00
30 (86)	0.81
40 (104)	0.54

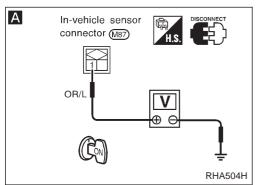


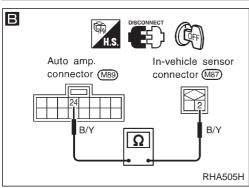
In-vehicle Sensor

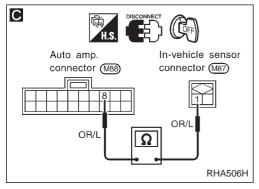
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The in-vehicle sensor is located on instrument lower panel. It converts variations in temperature of compartment air drawn from the aspirator. It is then input into the auto amplifier.





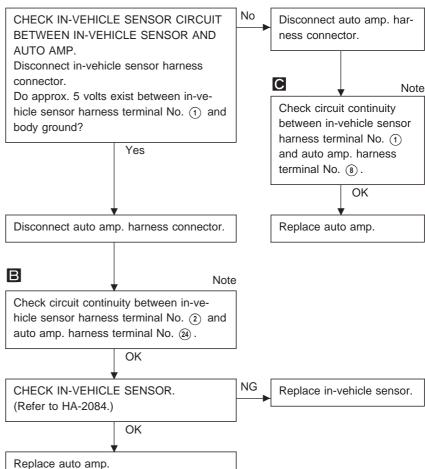




In-vehicle Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

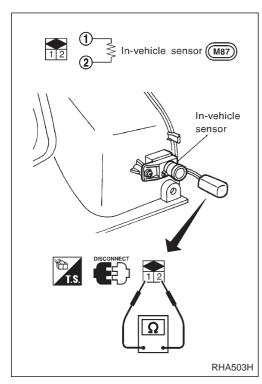
SYMPTOM: In-vehicle sensor circuit is open or shorted. ($\[\[\] \] \]$ or $\[\[\] \] \]$ is indicated on auto amp. as a result of conducting Self-diagnosis STEP 2.)

Α



Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

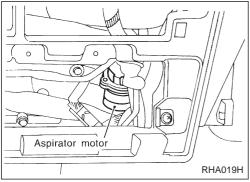




In-vehicle sensor

After disconnecting in-vehicle sensor harness connector, measure resistance between terminals ① and ② at sensor harness side, using the table below.

Resistance k Ω
6.0
4.95
3.99
3.24
2.65
2.19
1.81
1.51
1.27

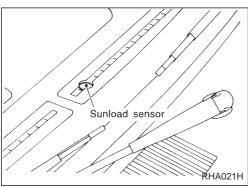


Aspirator Motor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

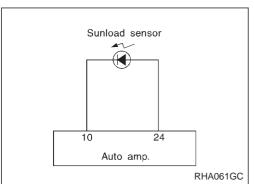
The aspirator motor is located in front of the heater unit. The aspirator motor continuously draws compartment air into the invehicle sensor while the ignition switch is ON.

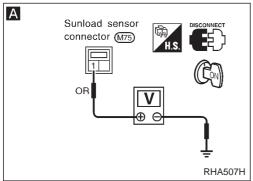
Check that smoke is properly sucked into in-vehicle sensor when a lighted cigarette is moved close to the sensor.

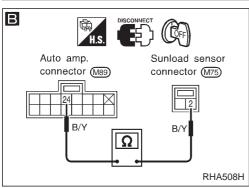


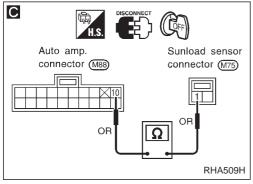
Sunload Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The sunload sensor is located on the center defroster grille. It detects sunload entering through the windshield by means of a photo diode and converts it into a current value which is then input to the auto amplifier.





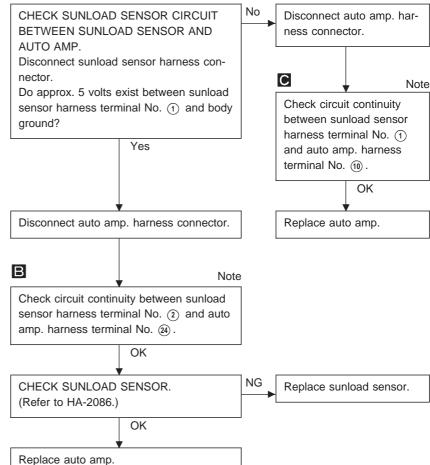




Sunload Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

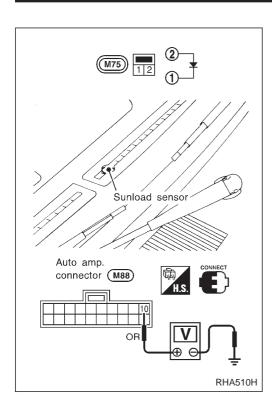
SYMPTOM: Sunload sensor circuit is open or shorted. (25 or 25 or 25 is indicated on auto amp. as a result of conducting Self-diagnosis STEP 2.)

Α



Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.

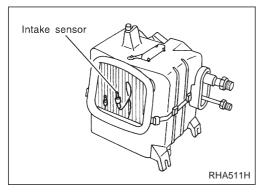


Sunload Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Sunload sensor

Measure voltage between auto amp. terminal ${\scriptsize \textcircled{10}}$ and body ground.

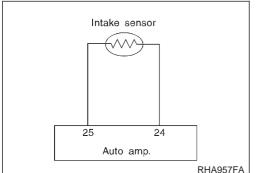
 When checking sunload sensor, select a place where sun shines directly on it.

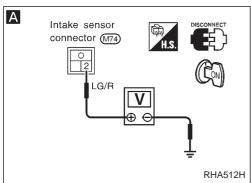


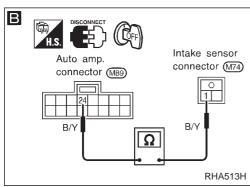
Intake Sensor

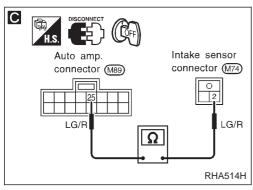
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake sensor is located on the cooling unit. It converts temperature of air after it passes through the evaporator into a resistance value. The value is then input to the auto amplifier.





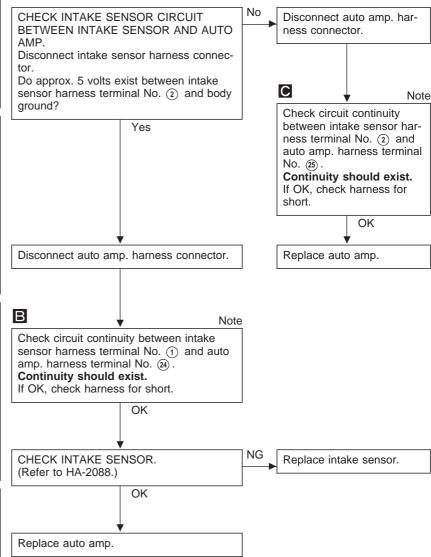




DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

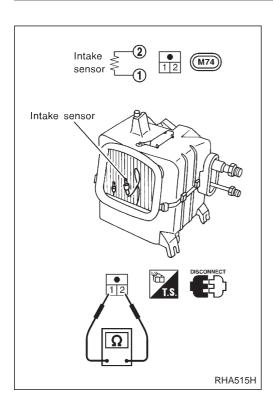
SYMPTOM: Intake sensor circuit is open or shorted.

Α



Note:

If the result is NG or No after checking circuit continuity, repair harness or connector.



Intake Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Intake sensor

After disconnecting intake sensor harness connector, measure resistance between terminals (3) and (24) at sensor harness side, using the table below.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
-20 (-4)	16.2
-10 (14)	9.8
0 (32)	6.0
10 (50)	3.94
20 (68)	2.64
25 (77)	2.12
30 (86)	1.82
40 (104)	1.27