ENGINE MECHANICAL

SECTION EV

MODIFICATION NOTICE:

- KA24DE engine information has been added for Europe.
 For information not included here, refer to information for KA24DE engine in D22 Supplement-II Service Manual (SM9E-D22BE0E).
- YD25DDTi engine has newly been added.

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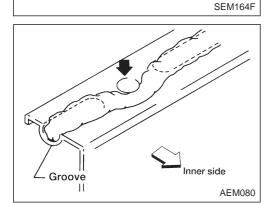
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Parts Requiring Angular Tightening

- Use an angle wrench for the final tightening of the following engine parts:
- a) Cylinder head bolts
- b) Main bearing cap bolts (YD series)
- c) Connecting rod cap nuts (KA and YD series)
- d) Crankshaft pulley bolt (YD series)
- Do not use a torque value for final tightening.
- The torque value for these parts are for a preliminary step.
- Ensure thread and seat surfaces are clean and coated with engine oil.

Liquid Gasket Application Procedure

- 1. Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves. Also, completely clean any oil from these areas.
- 2. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surfaces. (Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.)
- Be sure liquid gasket diameter is as specified in this manual.



 $\mathrel{\angle_{\mathsf{Bolt}}}$ hole

∠ Groove

Inner

side

- 3. Apply liquid gasket around the inner side of bolt holes (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.
- 5. Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine coolant.

Special Service Tools (YD25DDTi engine)

	I	
Tool number Tool name	Description	
ST0501S000 Engine stand assembly 1 ST05011000 Engine stand 2 ST05012000 Base	NT042	Disassembling and assembling
KV10106500 Engine stand shaft	NT028	
KV11105900 Engine sub-attachment	NT799	KV10115900 has been replaced with KV10106500.
KV10115600 Valve oil seal drift	Side A Side B	Installing valve oil seal Use side A. Side A a: 20 (0.79) dia. b: 13 (0.51) dia. c: 10.3 (0.406) dia. d: 8 (0.31) dia. e: 10.7 (0.421) f: 5 (0.20) Unit: mm (in)
KV10107902 Valve oil seal puller 1 KV10116100 Valve oil seal puller adapter	NT605	Removing valve oil seal
KV11103000 Injection pump drive gear puller	NT676	Removing crankshaft pulley

Special Service Tools (YD25DDTi engine) (Cont'd)

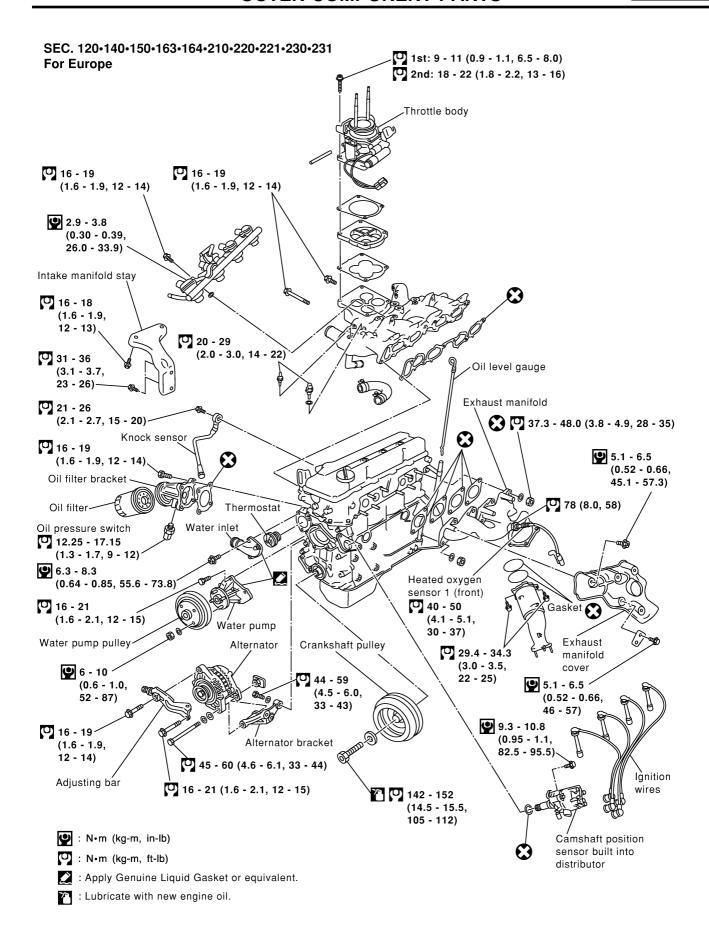
Tool number Tool name	Description	
KV101056S0 Ring gear stopper 1 KV10105630 Adapter 2 KV10105610 Plate	e h a h c c h	Preventing crankshaft from rotating a: 3 (0.12) b: 6.4 (0.252) c: 2.8 (0.110) d: 6.6 (0.260) e: 107 (4.21) f: 14 (0.55) g: 20 (0.79) h: 14 (0.55) dia. Unit: mm (in)
KV101151S0 Lifter stopper set 1 KV10115110 Camshaft pliers 2 KV10115120 Lifter stopper	NT617 (2) NT041	Changing valve lifter shims
ST16610001 Pilot bushing puller	NT045	Removing crankshaft pilot bushing
KV10111100 Seal cutter		Removing steel oil pan and rear timing chain case
WS39930000 Tube presser	NT046	Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
KV10112100 Angle wrench	NT052	Tightening bolts for bearing cap, cylinder head, etc.
KV10109300 Pulley holder	NT628	a: 68 mm (2.68 in) b: 8 mm (0.31 in) dia.

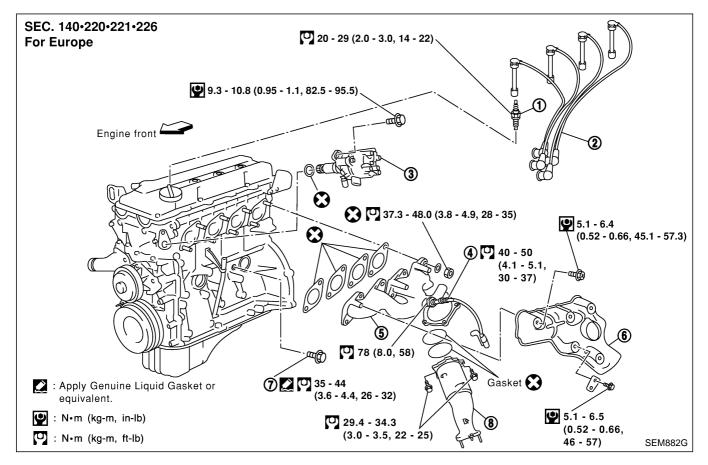
Special Service Tools (YD25DDTi engine) (Cont'd)

Tool number Tool name	Description		
KV11106010 Hexagon wrench		a b	a: 5 mm (0.20 in) (Face to face) b: 20 mm (0.79 in)
KV11106020 Hexagon wrench	NT801	a	a: 6 mm (0.24 in) (Face to face) b: 20 mm (0.79 in)
KV11106030 Positioning stopper pin	NT803	a b	a: 6 mm (0.24 in) dia. b: 80 mm (3.15 in)
KV11106040 TORX wrench	NT805	a	a: T70 b: 26 mm (1.02 in)
KV11106050 Hexagonal wrench	SBIA0224E	a b	a: 6 mm (0.24 in) (Face to face) b: 42 mm (1.65 in) Removing and installing mounting bolts of fuel injection pump sprocket

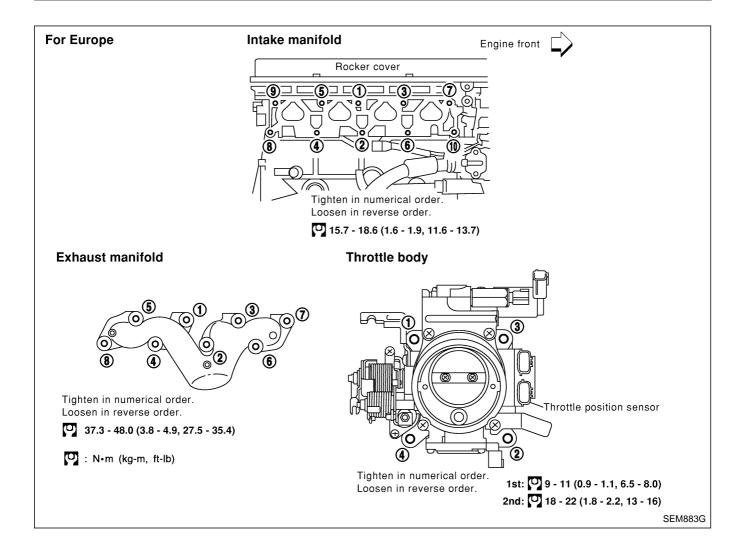
Commercial Service Tools (YD25DDTi engine)

Tool name	Description	
Valve seat cutter set	NT048	Finishing valve seat dimensions
Piston ring compressor	NT044	Installing piston assembly into cylinder bore
Piston ring expander	NT030	Removing and installing piston ring
TORX socket	NT807	
Standard Universal	NT808	

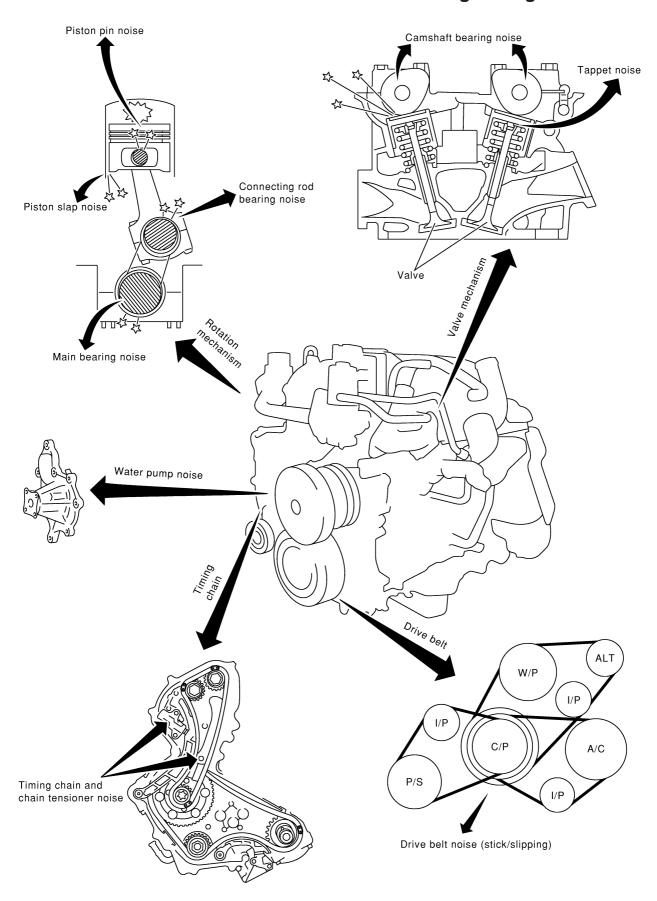




- 1 Spark plug
- 2 Ignition wire
- 3 Camshaft position sensor built into distributor
- 4 Heated oxygen sensor 1 (front)
- 5 Exhaust manifold
- 6 Exhaust manifold cover
- Water drain plug
- 8 TWC (manifold)



NVH Troubleshooting — Engine Noise



NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) **TROUBLESHOOTING**

YD25DDTi

NVH Troubleshooting — Engine Noise (Cont'd)

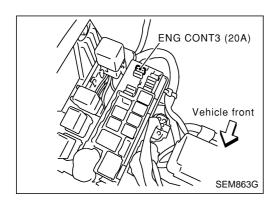
Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom.

- 1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
- Confirm the type of noise.
 Specify the operating condition of engine.
 Check specified noise source.

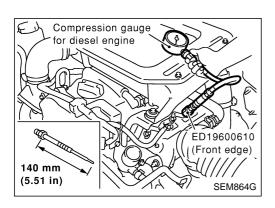
If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Location of	Operating condition of engine			Source of		Reference				
noise	noise	Before warm-up	After warm-up	When starting	When idling	When racing	While driving	noise	Check item	page
Top of engine Rocker	Ticking or click- ing	С	А	_	А	В	_	Tappet noise	Valve clearance	EM-3060
cover Cylinder head	Rattle	С	А	_	А	В	С	Camshaft bearing noise	Camshaft journal clearance Camshaft runout	EM-3050, 3050
	Slap or knock	_	А	_	В	В	_	Piston pin noise	Piston and piston pin clearance Connecting rod bushing clearance	EM-3071, 3080
Crankshaft pulley Cylinder block (Side	Slap or rap	А	_	_	В	В	А	Piston slap noise	Piston-to-bore clear- ance Piston ring side clear- ance Piston ring end gap Connecting rod bend and torsion	EM-3071, 3071, 3073, 3072
of engine) Oil pan	Knock	А	В	С	В	В	В	Connect- ing rod bearing noise	Connecting rod bushing clearance (Small end) Connecting rod bearing clearance (Big end)	EM-3080, 3077
	Knock	А	В	_	А	В	С	Main bear- ing noise	Main bearing oil clear- ance Crankshaft runout	EM-3075, 3075
Front of engine Timing chain cover	Tapping or tick-ing	A	А	_	В	В	В	Timing chain and chain tensioner noise	Timing chain cracks and wear Timing chain ten- sioner operation	EM-3023, 3026
	Squeak- ing or fizzing	А	В	_	В	_	С	Other drive belts (Sticking or slipping)	Drive belts deflection	MA section ("Checking Drive Belts",
Front of	Creak- ing	А	В	А	В	А	В	Other drive belts (Slip- ping)	Idler pulley bearing operation	"ENGINE MAINTE- NANCE")
engine	Squall Creak	А	В	_	В	А	В	Water pump noise	Water pump operation	LC section ("Water Pump Inspection", ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM")

A: Closely related B: Related C: Sometimes related —: Not related



- 1. Warm up engine.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Using CONSULT-II, make sure no error codes are indicated for self-diagnosis items. Refer to "Trouble Diagnosis — INDEX" in EC section.
- Do not disconnect CONSULT-II until the end of this operation; it will be used to check engine rpm and for error detection at the end of this operation.
- 4. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- 5. To prevent fuel from being injected during inspection, remove fuel injection pump fuse [ENG CONT3 (20A)] from fuse box on the right side of engine compartment.
- 6. Remove glow plugs from all the cylinders.
- Before removal, clean the surrounding area to prevent entry of any foreign materials into the engine.
- Carefully remove glow plugs to prevent any damage or breakage.
- Handle with care to avoid applying any shock to glow plugs.



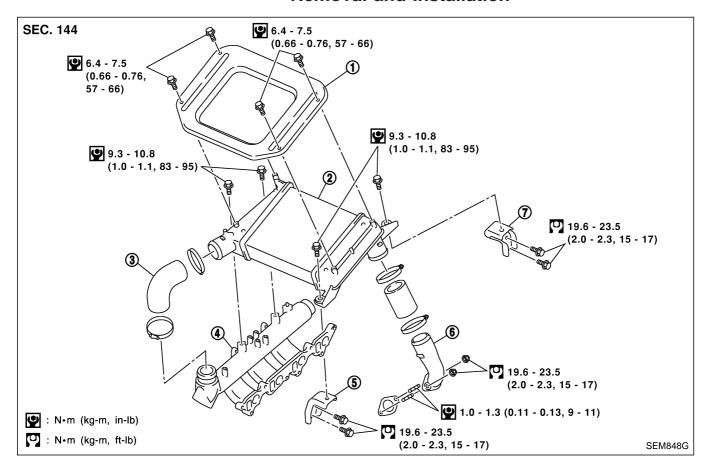
- 7. Install adapter (SST) to installation holes of glow plugs and connect compression gauge for diesel engine.
 - (1.8 2.1 N·m (1.8 2.2 kg-m, 13 15 ft-lb)
- 8. Connect battery negative terminal.
- 9. Set the ignition switch to "START" and crank. When gauge pointer stabilizes, read compression pressure and engine rpm. Repeat the above steps for each cylinder.
- Always use a fully-charged battery to obtain specified engine speed.

Unit: kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)/rpm

Standard	Minimum	Difference limit between cylinders	
3,100 (31.00, 31.6, 45.0)/200	2,500 (25.00, 25.5, 363)/ 200	490 (4.90, 5.0, 71)/200	

- When engine rpm is out of the specified range, check the specific gravity of battery liquid. Measure again under corrected conditions.
- If engine rpm exceeds the limit, check valve clearance and combustion chamber components (valves, valve seats, cylinder head gaskets, piston rings, pistons, cylinder bores, cylinder block upper and lower surfaces) and measure again.
- 10. Complete this operation as follows:
- a. Turn the ignition switch to "OFF".
- b. Disconnect battery negative terminal.
- c. Install glow plugs.
- d. Install fuel injection pump fuse [ENG CONT3 (20A)].
- e. Connect battery negative terminal.
- f. Using CONSULT-II make sure no error code is indicated for items of self- diagnosis. Refer to "Trouble Diagnosis — INDEX" in EC section.

Removal and Installation



- 1. Charge air cooler cover
- 2. Charge air cooler
- 3. Air inlet hose

- 4. Intake manifold
- 5. Bracket

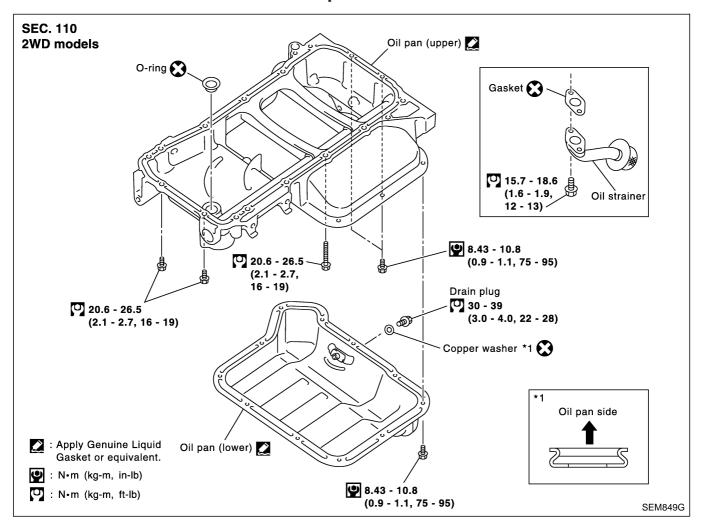
- 6. Air inlet pipe
- 7. Bracket

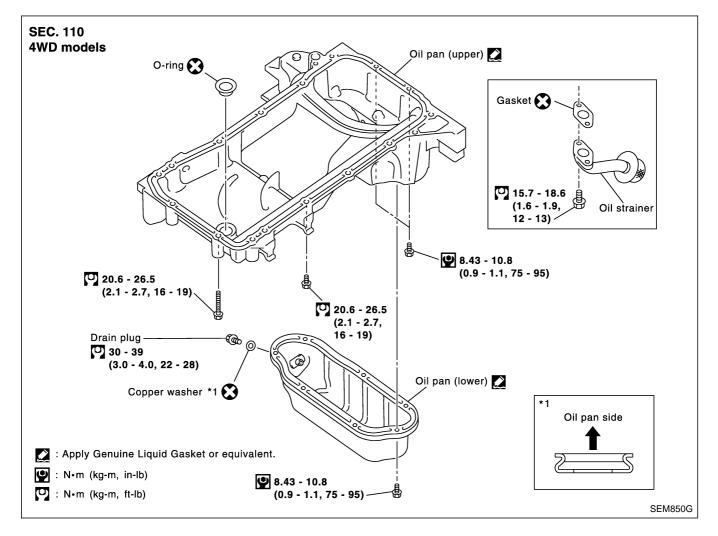
Inspection

Check air passages of charge air cooler core and fins for clogging, leaks or deformation. Clean or replace charge air cooler if necessary.

- Be careful not to deform core fins.
- For cleaning procedure of charge air cooler core, refer to "CHECKING RADIATOR" in LC section.

Components



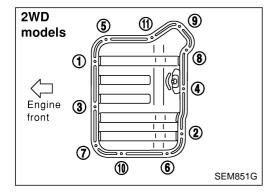


Removal

WARNING:

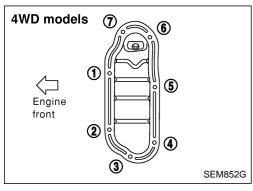
To avoid danger of being scalded, never drain engine oil when engine is hot.

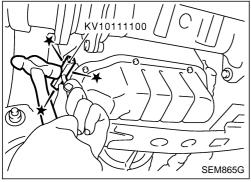
- 1. Raise vehicle and support it with safety stands.
- 2. Remove engine under cover.
- 3. Drain engine oil.



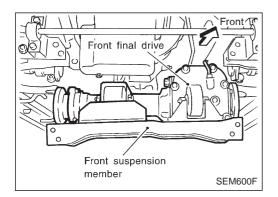
- 4. Remove lower oil pan bolts.
- Loosen bolts in the reverse order of that shown in the figure.

Removal (Cont'd)



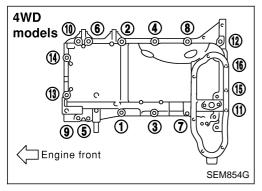


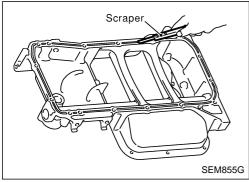
- 5. Remove lower oil pan.
- a. Insert Tool between upper oil pan and lower oil pan.
- Be careful not to damage aluminum mating surface.
- Do not insert screwdriver, or oil pan flange will be deformed.
- b. Slide Tool by tapping on the side of the Tool with a hammer.
- c. Remove lower oil pan.
- 6. Remove oil strainer.
- 7. Remove air conditioner compressor and bracket.
- 8. Remove left side of the tie rod end 2WD models only.

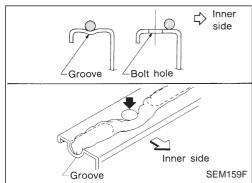


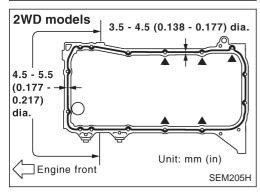
- Remove front final drive together with differential mounting member and front suspension member. Refer to PD, MT and FA sections in NISSAN Service Manual (First Edition of SM3E00-1D22E0E) — 4WD models only.
- Remove crankshaft position sensor. Refer to EM section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E).
- Remove transmission. Refer to MT section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E) 2WD models only.
- 12. Remove transmission with transfer assembly. Refer to MT section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E) 4WD models only.
- Remove clutch cover and clutch disc. Refer to CL section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement I of SM3E00-1D22E0E).
- 14. Remove flywheel and engine rear plate. Refer to EM section ("Disassembly", "CYLINDER BLOCK") in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E).

2WD models Engine front 2 (6) 1 4 (12) 16) (15) (13) (11) ① **9 5** □ 3 7 SEM853G









Removal (Cont'd)

- 15. Remove upper oil pan bolts in reverse order shown.
- 16. Remove upper oil pan.
- a. Insert an appropriate size tool into the notch of upper oil pan.
- Be careful not to damage aluminum mating surface.
- Do not insert screwdriver, or oil pan flange will be deformed.
- b. Pry off upper oil pan by moving the tool up and down.
- c. Remove upper oil pan.

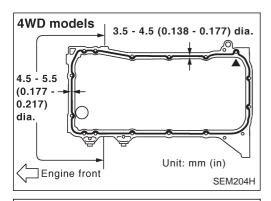
Installation

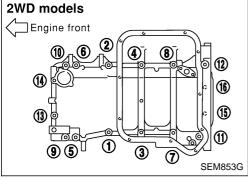
- 1. Install upper oil pan.
- Use a scraper to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.
- Also remove old liquid gasket from mating surface of cylinder block, front cover and lower oil pan.
- Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt hole and thread.
- b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surface of aluminum oil pan.
- Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

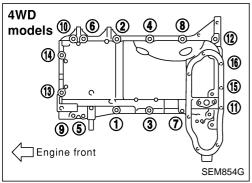
- Apply liquid gasket to areas shown in the figure.
- For bolt holes with ▲ marks, apply liquid gasket to the outside of the holes.
- Be sure liquid gasket is 3.5 to 4.5 mm (0.138 to 0.177 in) or 4.5 to 5.5 mm (0.177 to 0.217 in) wide as shown in the figure. (Be careful that the diameter of the silicon bead is different around the front.)
- Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.

OIL PAN

Installation (Cont'd)







- c. Install upper oil pan.
- Tighten bolts in numerical order.
- Bolt dimensions vary depending on the installation location.
 Refer to the following and use appropriate bolts.

2WD models:

```
M6 x 12 mm (0.47 in): Bolt No. 11, 14
M6 x 30 mm (1.18 in): Bolt No. 15, 16
M8 x 25 mm (0.98 in): Bolt No. 1, 5, 9, 13
M8 x 60 mm (2.36 in): Bolt No. 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12
```

4WD models:

```
M6 x 27 mm (1.06 in): Bolt No. 15, 16
M8 x 30 mm (1.18 in): Bolt No. 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9
M8 x 60 mm (2.36 in): Bolt No. 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14
```

- The shank length under the bolt neck above is the length of the threaded part (pilot portion not included).
- 2. Install engine rear plate and flywheel. Refer to EM section ("Disassembly", "CYLINDER BLOCK") in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E).
- Install clutch disc and clutch cover. Refer to CL section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement I of SM3E00-1D22E0E).
- Install transmission. Refer to MT section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E) — 2WD models only.
- Install transmission with transfer assembly. Refer to MT section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E) 4WD models only.
- Install crankshaft position sensor. Refer to EM section in NISSAN Service Manual (Supplement III of SM3E00-1D22E0E).
- Install front final drive together with differential mounting member and front suspension member. refer to PD, MT and FA sections in NISSAN Service Manual (First Edition of SM3E00-1D22E0E). — 4WD models only.
- 9 Install air conditioned compressor and bracket.
- 7: 56.9 65.7 N·m (5.9 6.7 kg-m, 42 48 ft-lb)
 10. Install oil strainer.

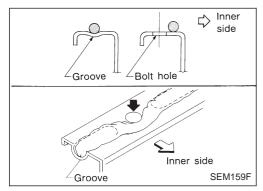
OIL PAN





SEM857G

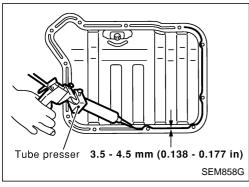
- a. Use a scraper to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.
- Also remove old liquid gasket from mating surface of upper oil pan.



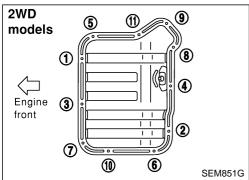
Scraper

Oil pan

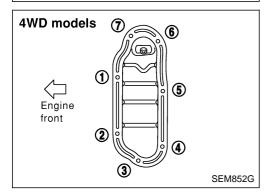
- b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surface of lower oil pan.
- Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.



- Be sure liquid gasket is 3.5 to 4.5 mm (0.138 to 0.177 in) wide.
- Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.



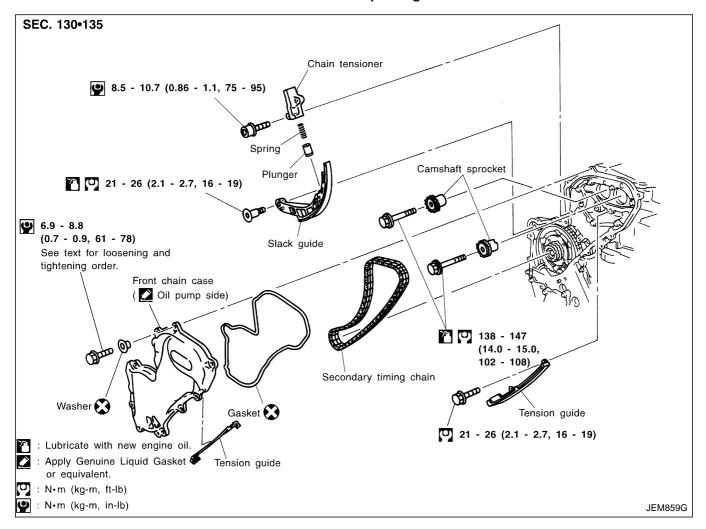
- c. Install lower oil pan.
- Tighten in numerical order shown in the figure.
- Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil.
- 6. Install in the reverse order of removal.



Secondary Timing Chain

CAUTION:

- After removing timing chain, do not turn crankshaft and camshaft separately, or valves will strike piston heads.
- When installing camshafts, chain tensioners, oil seals, or other sliding parts, lubricate contacting surfaces with new engine oil.
- Apply new engine oil to bolt threads and seat surfaces when installing camshaft sprockets, crankshaft pulley, and camshaft brackets.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.

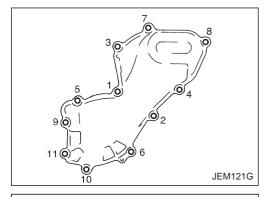


REMOVAL

- For preparative work for removing/installing secondary timing chain to remove/install fuel injection pump, refer to EC section, "Electronic control fuel injection pump".
- To prepare for removing/installing secondary timing chain to remove/install camshaft, refer to EM-3047, "CAMSHAFT".
- 1. Drain engine oil.
- 2. Drain coolant by removing cylinder block drain plugs. Refer to LC section, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 3. Remove EGR guide tube.
- 4. Remove radiator upper and lower hoses.
- 5. Remove radiator shroud and radiator. Refer to LC section, "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION", "Radiator".

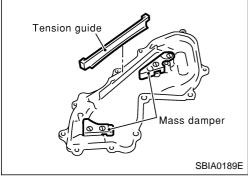
Secondary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

- 6. Remove front chain case.
- Move power steering fluid reservoir tank from the bracket.
- Loosen fixing bolts in the reverse order of that shown in the figure and remove them.
- Remove all bolts with the rubber washer as space is limited for pulling them out.



CAUTION:

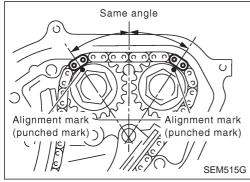
- While front chain case is removed, cover openings to prevent entry of foreign material into engine.
- Do not remove two mass dampers on the back of cover.

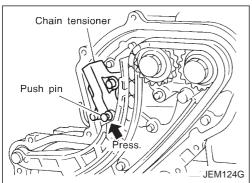


- 7. Set the No. 1 piston to TDC on its compression stroke.
- Turn crankshaft pulley clockwise so that the alignment mark (punched mark) on each camshaft sprocket is positioned as shown in the figure.
- No position indicator is provided on the crankshaft pulley.
- When installing, color coded links on the secondary timing chain can be used as alignment marks. Marking may not be necessary for removal; however, make alignment marks as required because the alignment mark on fuel injection pump sprocket may not be easy to see.

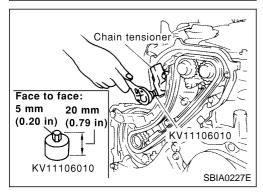


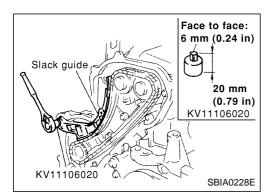
a. Push the plunger of chain tensioner and keep it pressed with a push pin.





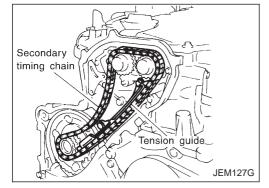
b. Using a hexagon-head wrench [face to face: 5 mm (0.20 in), SST], remove bolts to remove chain tensioner.



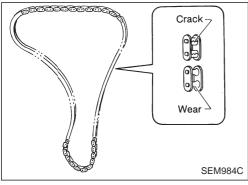


Secondary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

- Remove timing chain slack guide.
- Using a hexagon-head wrench [face to face: 6 mm (0.24 in), SST], remove bolt to remove timing chain slack guide.

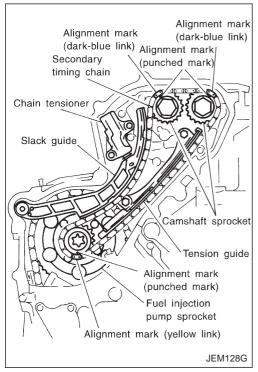


- 10. Remove timing chain tension guide.
- 11. Remove secondary timing chain.
- Timing chain alone can be removed without removing sprockets.



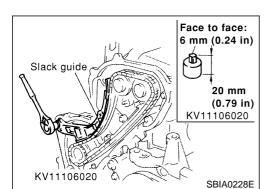
INSPECTION

Check for cracks and excessive wear at roller links. Replace chain if necessary.



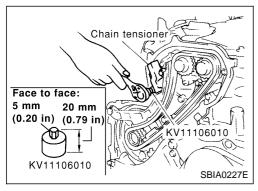
INSTALLATION

- Install secondary timing chain.
- When installing, match the alignment marks on sprockets with color coded alignment marks (colored links) on the chain.
- Install timing chain tension guide.
- The upper bolt has a longer shank than the lower bolt.

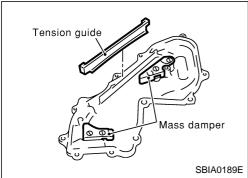


Secondary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

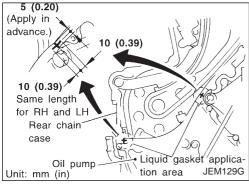
3. Using a hexagon-head wrench [face to face: 6 mm (0.24 in), SST], install timing chain slack guide.



- 4. Install chain tensioner.
- a. Push the plunger of the chain tensioner. While holding it with a push pin, install the chain tensioner.
- b. Using a hexagon-head wrench [face to face: 5 mm (0.20 in), SST], tighten bolts.
- c. Pull out the push pin, etc. holding the plunger.
- Check again that the alignment marks on the sprockets and the colored alignment marks on the timing chain are aligned.



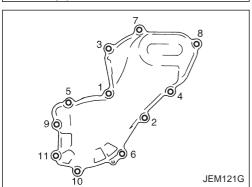
- 5. Install front chain case.
- a. Install tension guide on the back surface of front chain case.
- Hold front chain case vertically when installing. Tension guide may come off if front chain case is tilted.



Apply specified liquid gasket (Refer to EM-3003, "Liquid Gasket

Application Procedure".) on both ends of arched area (locations where rear chain case is adjoined) as shown in the figure.

- c. Install new chain case gasket to chain case groove.
- d. Install front chain case.
- When installing, align dowel pin on oil pump case with the pin hole.

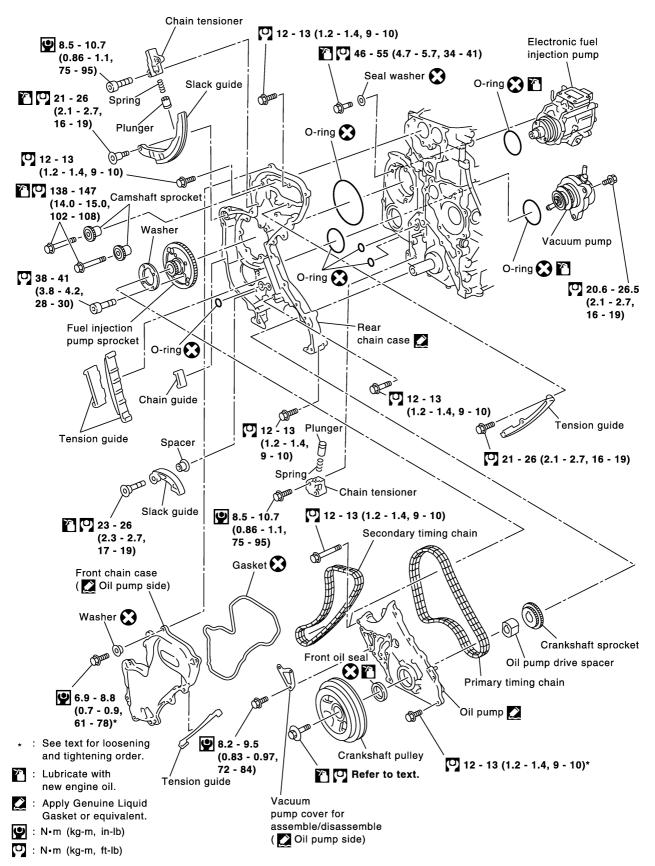


- Install all bolts with the rubber washer to the front chain case.
- e. Tighten fixing bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.
- f. After tightening all the bolts, re-tighten in the No. 1, 2, and 6 holts

Secondary Timing Chain (Cont'd) 6. Hereafter, install in the reverse order of removal.

Primary Timing Chain

SEC. 120•130•135•186

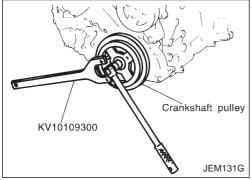


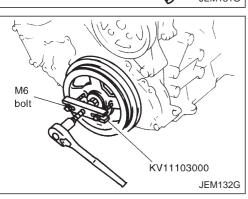
Primary Timing Chain (Cont'd) CAUTION:

- After removing timing chain, do not turn crankshaft and camshaft separately, or valves will strike piston heads.
- When installing camshafts, chain tensioners, oil seals, or other sliding parts, lubricate contacting surfaces with new engine oil.
- Apply new engine oil to bolt threads and seat surfaces when installing camshaft sprockets, crankshaft pulley, and camshaft brackets.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.

REMOVAL

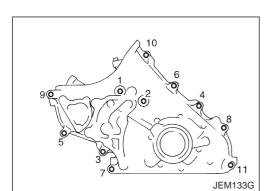
- 1. Remove charge air cooler and bracket.
- 2. Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-3045, "Removal and Installation", "ROCKER COVER".
- 3. Remove EGR guide tube.
- 4. Remove radiator shroud and radiator. Refer to LC section, "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION", "Radiator".
- 5. Remove idler pulley, idler pulley bracket and drive belts.
- Remove upper and lower oil pans. Refer to EM-3015, "Removal and Installation", "OIL PAN".
- 7. Remove injection tube.
 - Refer to EC section, "Injection Tube and Injection Nozzle".
- 8. Remove secondary timing chain and associated parts. Refer to EM-3021, "Secondary Timing Chain".
- 9. When removing rear chain case, remove camshaft sprockets
 - Refer to EM-3047, "CAMSHAFT".



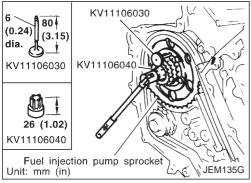


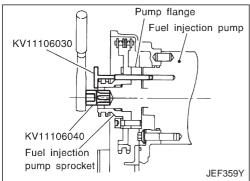
- 10. Remove crankshaft pulley.
- a. Hold crankshaft pulley with the pulley holder (SST).
- b. Loosen crankshaft pulley fixing bolt and pull out the bolt approximately 10 mm (0.39 in).

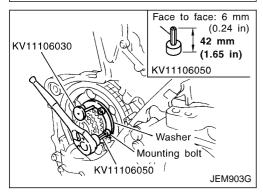
- c. Using pulley puller (SST), remove crankshaft pulley.
- Use two M6 (0.24 in) bolts with approx. 60 mm (2.36 in) shank length for securing crankshaft pulley.



Slack guide Chain tensioner Push pin JEM134G







Primary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

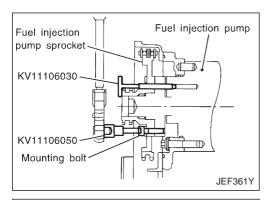
- 11. Remove oil pump.
- Loosen bolts in the reverse order of that shown in the figure and remove them.
- Use seal cutter (SST) etc. for removal.
- 12. Remove front oil seal from oil pump.
- Punch out the seal off from the back surface of the oil pump using a flat-bladed screwdriver.
- Be careful not to damage the oil pump.
- 13. Remove chain tensioner.
- When removing chain tensioner, push the sleeve of chain tensioner and keep it pressed with a push pin, etc.
- 14. Remove timing chain slack guide.

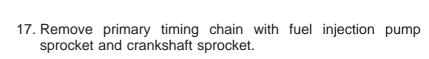
- 15. Hold fuel injection pump sprocket.
- a. Insert positioning stopper pin (SST) into the hole 6 mm (0.24 in) in the diameter on the fuel injection pump sprocket.
- b. Using a TORX wrench (SST), turn pump shaft little by little to adjust the position of fuel injection pump sprocket so that the holes align.
- c. Insert the positioning stopper pin through fuel injection pump sprocket to the fuel injection pump body to fix the sprocket.
- Insert the positioning stopper pin until its flange contacts the fuel injection pump sprocket.
- d. Remove the torx wrench (SST).

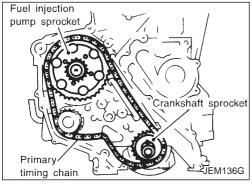
- Using the hexagon wrench [face to face: 6 mm (0.24 in), long-type] (SST), remove the mounting bolts of the fuel injection pump sprocket.
 - It is not necessary to remove the washer of the fuel injection pump sprocket.



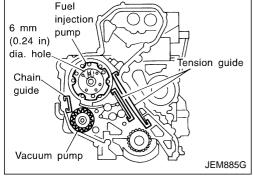
Primary Timing Chain (Cont'd)



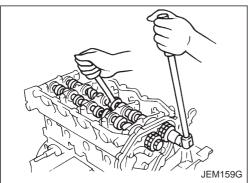




- 18. Remove chain guide and tension guides.
- 19. Remove vacuum pump.

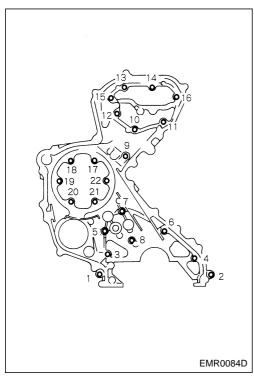


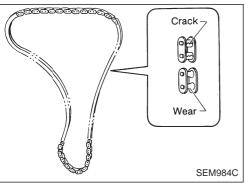
- 20. Remove camshaft sprockets.
- Loosen the camshaft sprockets installation bolts by fixing the hexagon portion of the camshaft.



Primary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

- 21. Remove rear chain case.
- Loosen fixing bolts in the reverse order of that shown in the figure and remove them.
- Use seal cutter (SST) for removal.

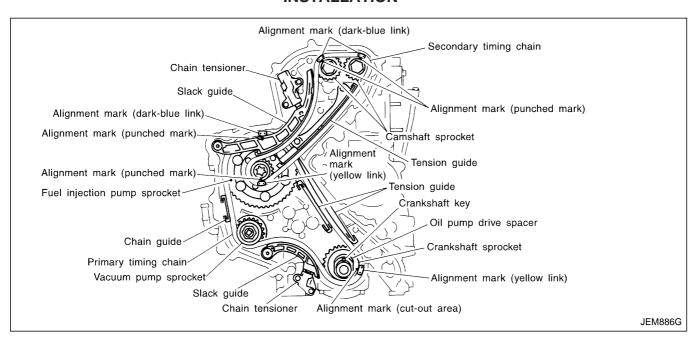




INSPECTION

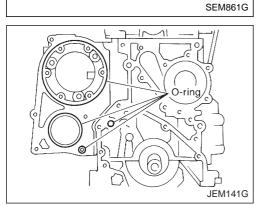
Check for cracks and excessive wear at roller links. Replace chain if necessary.

INSTALLATION





- 1. Install rear chain case.
- a. Apply a continuous bead of specified liquid gasket (Refer to EM-3003, "Liquid Gasket Application Procedure".) on locations shown in the figure.
 - A: Apply bead so that it does not protrude into the oil passage.
 - B, C: Minimize overlapping area of bead, by start and end areas of bead as shown in the figure. Apply so that the portion marked * comes at an external location but cannot be viewed externally after engine assembly.
 - D: Leave the start and end areas of the bead slightly protruding from the case surface.



Detail of start

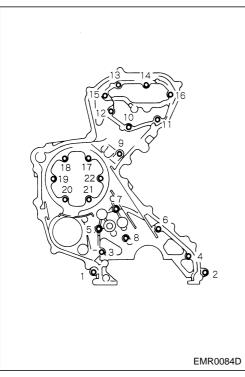
and end areas for B and C

Oil passage

2.6 - 3.6 mm (0.102 -0.142 in) dia. (All locations)

Detail of D

b. Install four O-rings to the grooves of the cylinder block and fuel injection pump bracket.



- c. Install rear chain case.
- When installing, align the dowel pin with the pin hole.
- d. Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.
- Install the following four types of bolts, referring to the figure.

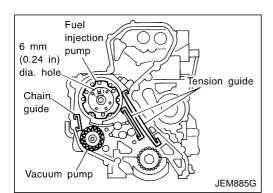
16 mm (0.63 in): Bolt No. 1, 2, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,

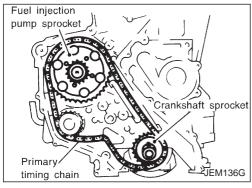
20 mm (0.79 in): Bolt No. 3, 4, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14

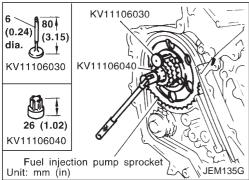
25 mm (0.98 in): Bolt No. 12, 15

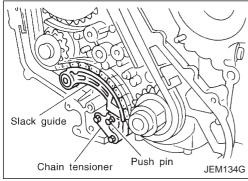
35 mm (1.38 in): Bolt No. 5, 7, 8

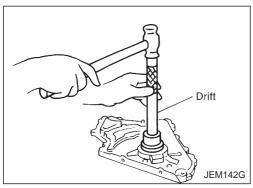
- The shank length under the bolt neck above is the length of threaded part (pilot portion not included).
- e. After tightening all the bolts, re-tighten in the same order.





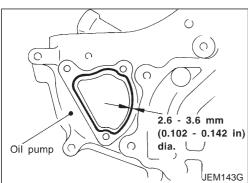


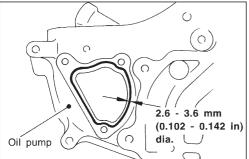


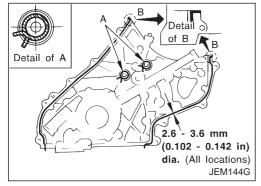


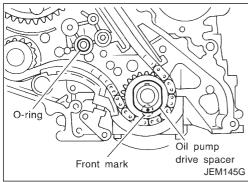
Primary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

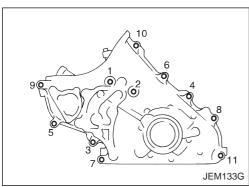
- 2. Install vacuum pump.
- Before installing, make sure the notch on the fuel injection pump flange and the hole 6 mm (0.24 in) in diameter on the pump body are aligned.
- 3. Install chain guide and tension guides.
- 4. Install crankshaft sprocket, aligning it with the crankshaft key on the far side.
- 5. Install primary timing chain with fuel injection pump sprocket.
- When installing, match the alignment marks on sprockets with color coded alignment marks (colored links) on the chain.
- Install fuel injection pump sprocket washer with the surface marked "F" (front mark) facing the front of the engine.
- 6. Install timing chain onto vacuum pump sprocket and through chain guide.
- 7. Use the positioning stopper pin (SST) to hold the fuel injection pump sprocket and install the bolt for mounting the sprocket.
- Using a TORX wrench (SST), turn the pump shaft little by little to adjust the position of the pump flange. Insert positioning stopper pin (SST) into the hole 6 mm (0.24 in) in diameter on the fuel injection pump sprocket so that the stopper pin goes through the pump flange to the pump body. While the stopper pin is in place, install the bolt.
- 8. Install timing chain slack guide.
- 9. Install chain tensioner.
- Push the plunger of the chain tensioner. While keeping plunger pressed down with a push pin, etc., install the chain tensioner.
- After installation, pull out the push pin holding the plunger.
- Check again that the alignment marks on the sprockets and the colored alignment marks on timing chain are aligned.
- 10. Install front oil seal to oil pump.
- Using a suitable drift [62 mm (2.44 in) dia.], force fit the seal until it hits the bottom.
- Do not touch lips of oil seal. Make sure seal surfaces are free of foreign materials.

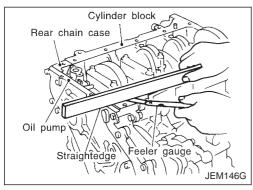












Primary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

- 11. Install vacuum pump cover (for vacuum pump removal/ installation opening) to oil pump if cover is removed.
- Apply a continuous bead of specified liquid gasket (Refer to EM-3003, "Liquid Gasket Application Procedure".) as shown in the figure.
- Apply liquid gasket on oil pump-side surface.
- 12. Install oil pump.
- a. Apply a continuous bead of specified liquid gasket (Refer to EM-3003, "Liquid Gasket Application Procedure".) on locations shown in the figure.

A: Leave the start and end areas of the bead slightly protruding from the surface.

B: Apply liquid gasket along upper end surface of oil pump.

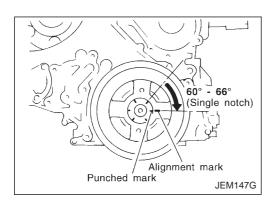
- b. Install oil pump drive spacer to crankshaft.
- Install with the front mark (punched mark) facing the front of the engine.
- Install O-ring into the groove of rear chain case.

- d. Install oil pump.
- When installing, align the inner rotor in the direction of the two facing flats of the oil pump drive spacer.
- When installing, align the dowel pin with the pin hole.
- Tighten fixing bolts in the numerical order shown in the fige.
- After tightening all the bolts, re-tighten in the same order.
- 13. Check gaps on upper oil pan mounting surface.
- Using straightedge and feeler gauge, measure gaps between the locations of the following parts:

Standard:

Oil pump and rear chain case -0.14 to 0.14 mm (-0.0055 to 0.0055 in) Rear chain case and cylinder block -0.25 to 0.13 mm (-0.0098 to 0.0051 in)

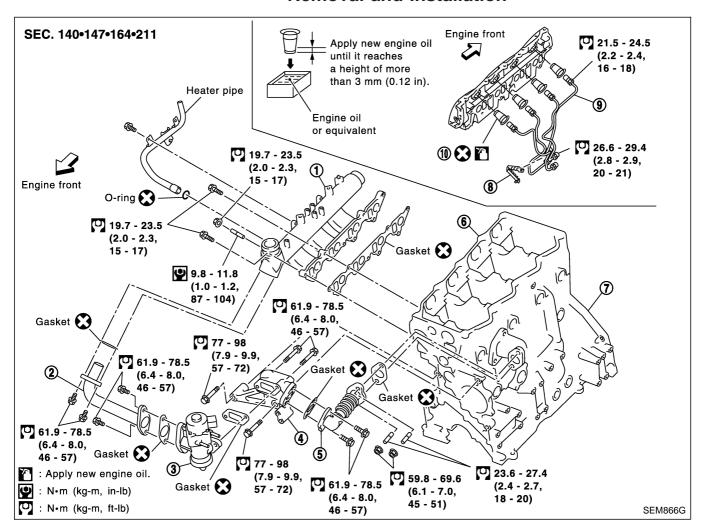
If the measured value is out of the above range, install again.



Primary Timing Chain (Cont'd)

- 14. Install crankshaft pulley.
- a. Install crankshaft pulley to crankshaft.
- b. Hold crankshaft pulley with the pulley holder (SST).
- c. Tighten bolt to 20 to 29 N·m (2.0 to 3.0 kg-m, 15 to 21 ft-lb).
- d. Put an alignment mark on crankshaft pulley that aligns with one of the punched marks on the bolt.
- e. Tighten fixing bolt another 60° 66° [target: 60° (turn by one notch)].
- 15. Install secondary timing chain and the associated parts. Refer to EM-3023, "Secondary Timing Chain", "INSTALLATION".
- 16. Install in the reverse order of removal hereafter.

Removal and Installation



- 1. Intake manifold
- 2. EGR guide tube
- 3. EGR volume control valve
- 4. EGR spacer

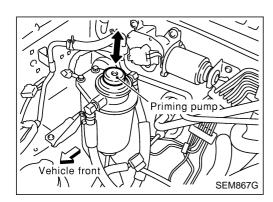
- 5. EGR tube
- 6. Cylinder head
- 7. Cylinder block

- 8. Injection tube clamp
- 9. Injection tube
- 10 Injection nozzle oil seal

REMOVAL

- 1. Drain engine coolant. Refer to LC section, "Changing engine coolant".
- 2. Remove charge air cooler. Refer to EM-3014, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove EGR volume control valve, EGR spacer and EGR guide tube.
- 4. Remove fuel injection tubes and intake manifold.

INTAKE MANIFOLD



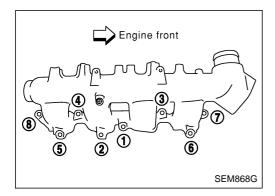
Removal and Installation (Cont'd) FUEL PIPING

Removal

- To prevent fuel from flowing out, plug the opening of the hose with a blind plug after disconnection.
- Be careful not to spill fuel in the engine compartment. Installation

After repairing, bleed air in pipes by shifting priming pump up and down until the touch is heavy.

For further air bleeding, crank engine while operating priming pump up and down. Do not crank engine more than 10 seconds at a time.



INTAKE MANIFOLD

Removal

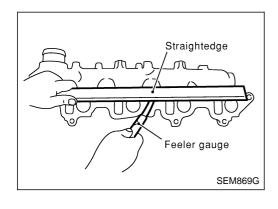
 Loosen bolts and nuts in the reverse order of that shown in the figure.

Installation

- When stud bolts come off, install with the following torque:
 10 11 N·m (1.0 1.2 kg-m, 87 104 in-lb)
- Tighten fixing bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure

EGR VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

- Handle with care avoiding any shocks.
- Do not disassemble or adjust.



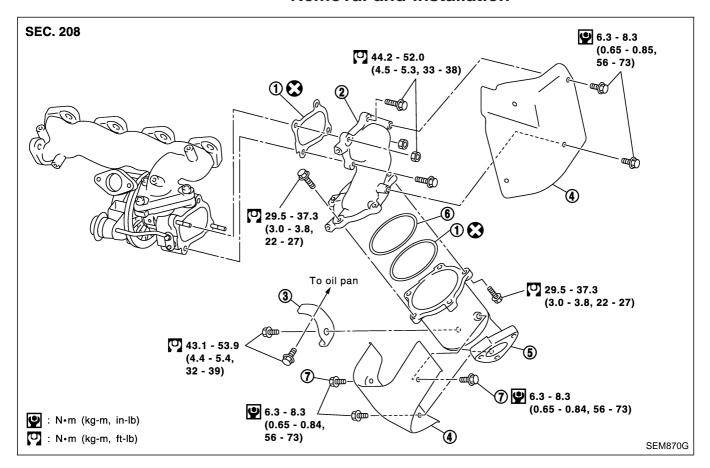
Inspection

INTAKE MANIFOLD

Check distortion on the mounting surface with a straightedge and feeler gauge.

Limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

Removal and Installation



- 1. Gasket
- 2. Exhaust outlet
- 3. Gusset

- 4. Insulator
- 5. Catalyst

- 6. Gasket cap
- 7. Locking pin

PREPARATIVE WORK

Remove the following parts.

- Charge air cooler
- Air duct, air inlet pipe
- Catalyst insulators
- Exhaust manifold cover
- Exhaust front tube (disconnect)
 Refer to FE section, "Removal and Installation", "EXHAUST SYSTEM".
- Oil inlet tube
- Exhaust manifold
- Catalyst converter and turbocharger assembly

CATALYST

Removal

CAUTION:

Do not disassemble.

Installation

Install two locking pins into both sides of the catalyst. Be careful not to confuse locking pins with insulator mounting bolts.

Catalyst locking pin:

Flange bolt (black)

CATALYST

Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

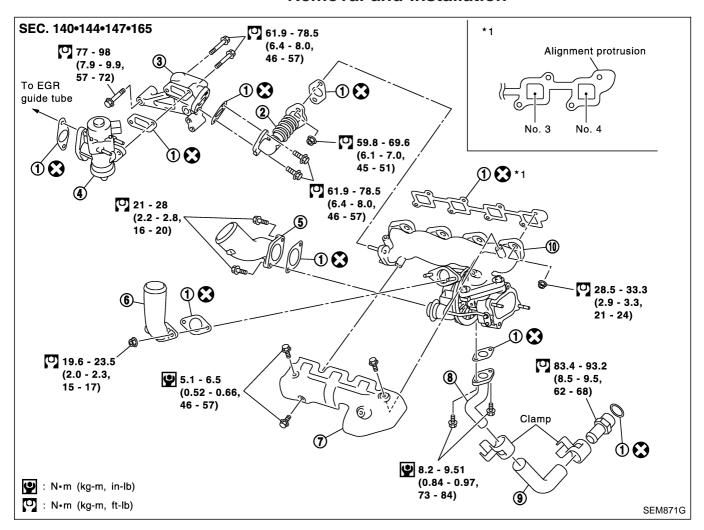
Insulator mounting bolt:
Washer bolt (silver or yellow)

GUSSET

Installation

Pushing gussets against the oil pan and the catalyst, temporarily tighten the mounting bolt. And then tighten it to the specified torque.

Removal and Installation



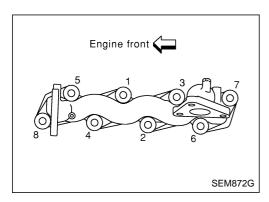
- 1. Gasket
- 2. EGR tube
- 3. EGR spacer
- 4. EGR volume control valve
- 5. Air inlet pipe
- 6. Air inlet
- 7. Exhaust manifold cover
- 8. Oil outlet tube

- 9. Oil return hose
- 10. Exhaust manifold and turbocharger assembly

PREPARATIVE WORK

Remove the following parts.

- Charge air cooler
- Air duct, air inlet pipe
- Catalyst insulators
- Exhaust manifold cover
- Exhaust front tube (disconnect)
 Refer to FE section, "Removal and Installation", "EXHAUST SYSTEM".
- Oil inlet and outlet tubes
- Exhaust manifold cover
- Catalyst and turbocharger assembly (Put aside until exhaust manifold is removed.)



Removal and Installation (Cont'd) EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND TURBOCHARGER

Removal

- Loosen exhaust manifold mounting nuts in the reverse order specified in the figure.
- After removing exhaust manifold, catalyst and turbocharger assembly is pulled out.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to deform each turbocharger piping when pulling out the assembly.

Installation

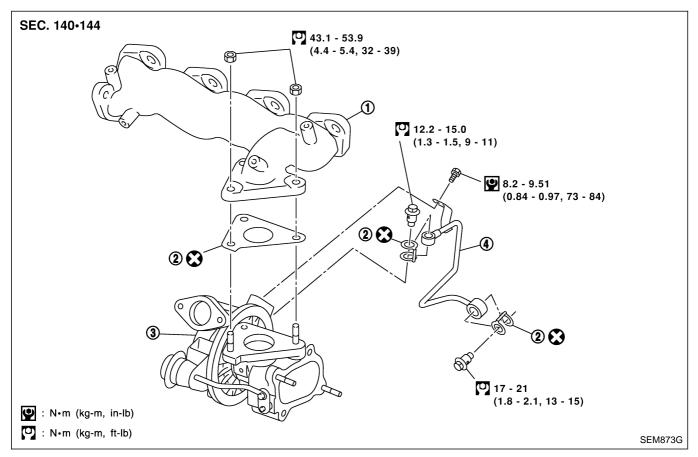
- When a stud bolt is removed, tighten it to the following torque:
 - (1.3 1.7 kg-m, 10 12 ft-lb)
- Tighten the exhaust manifold mounting nuts in the following procedure:
- a) Tighten the nuts in the order specified in the figure.
- b) Re-tighten the nuts 1 to 4.

EXHAUST MANIFOLD GASKET

Installation

Install the gasket so that the alignment protrusion faces the No. 4 port.

Disassembly and Assembly



- 1. Exhaust manifold
- 2. Gasket

3. Turbocharger

4. Oil inlet tube

TURBOCHARGER

Disassembly

After applying penetration lubricant (Lucen, etc.) to the mounting nuts, check for the penetration of the lubricant, and then loosen the nuts to remove.

CAUTION:

Do not disassemble or adjust the turbocharger body. Assembly

When a stud bolt is removed, tighten it to the following torque:

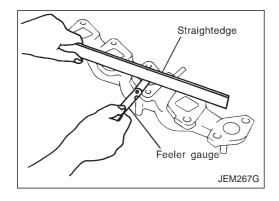
(2.4 - 27 N·m (2.4 - 2.8 kg-m, 18 - 20 ft-lb)

Inspection

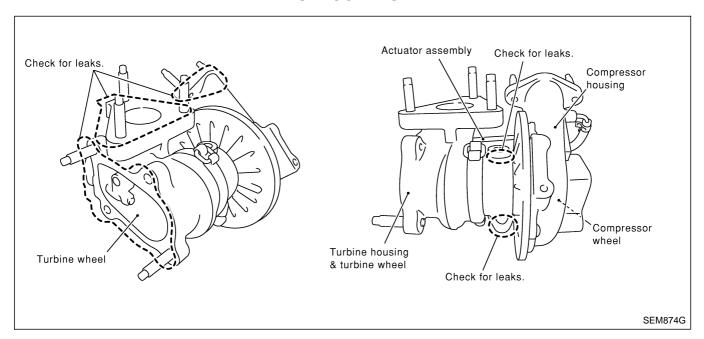
Exhaust Manifold

Check the distortion on the mounting surface in the six directions using a straightedge and a feeler gauge.

Limit: 0.3 mm (0.012 in)



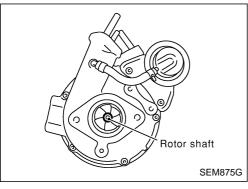
Inspection (Cont'd) TURBOCHARGER



CAUTION:

When the compressor wheel, turbine wheel, or rotor shaft is damaged, remove all the fragments and foreign matter left in the following passages in order to prevent a secondary failure:

Suction side: Between turbocharger and air cleaner Exhaust side: Between turbocharger and catalyst



Dial gauge SEM876G

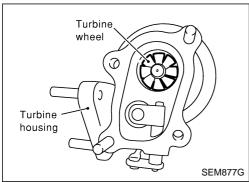
Rotor Shaft

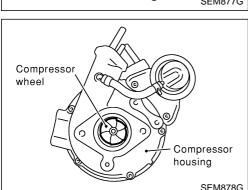
- Check that the rotor shaft rotates smoothly without any resistance when it is rotated by your fingertips.
- Check that the rotor shaft is not loose when it is moved vertically or horizontally.
- Check that the rotor shaft does not interfere with the compressor housing.

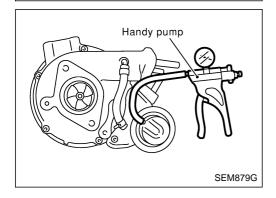
Rotor Shaft End Play

Place a dial gauge at the rotor shaft end in the axial direction to measure the end play.

Check that the rotor shaft does not interfere with the compressor housing.







Inspection (Cont'd)

Turbine Wheel

- Check that there is no oil adhesion.
- Check that there is no carbon accumulation.
- Check that blades of the turbine wheel are not bent or broken
- Check that the turbine wheel does not interfere with the turbine housing.

Compressor Wheel

- Check that there is no oil adhesion inside the air inlet.
- Check that the compressor wheel does not interfere with the compressor housing.
- Check that the wheel is not bent or broken.

Wastegate Valve Actuator

- Connect the handy pump to the actuator, and check that the rod strokes smoothly in compliance with the following pressure.
- Pressure to be applied at actuator part to move rod end as follows:

Standard (Pressure/rod stroke amount):

143.7 - 152.9 kPa (1,437 - 1,529 mbar, 1,077.8 - 1,146.8 mmHg, 42.4 - 45.1 inHg)/2.0 mm (0.0787 in) 161.4 - 174.8 kPa (1,614 - 1,748 mbar, 1,210.5 - 1,311.0 mmHg, 47.7 - 51.6 inHg)/4.0 mm (0.157 in)

Inspection (Cont'd) Trouble Diagnosis of Turbocharger

Preliminary check:

- Check that the engine oil level is between MIN and MAX of the dipstick. (When the engine oil amount is more than MAX, the oil flows into the inlet duct through the blow-by gas passage, and the turbocharger is misjudged failure.)
- Ask the customer if he/she always runs the vehicle in idle engine speed to cool the oil down after driving.
- Replace the turbocharger assembly when any malfunction is found after unit inspections specified in the table below.
- If no malfunction is found after the unit inspections, judge that the turbocharger body has no failure. Check the other parts again.

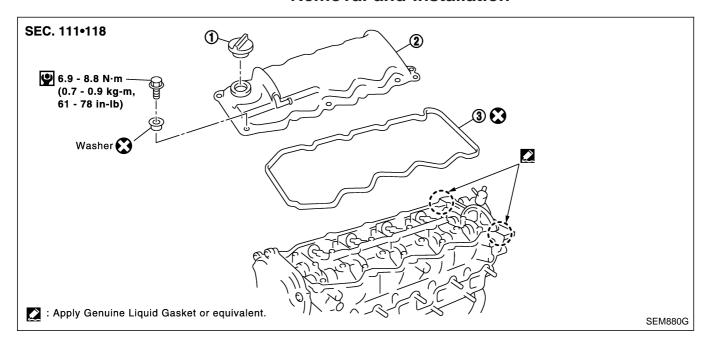
		Symptom (when each inspection item meets each inspection result)				
Inspection item	Inspection result	Oil leakage	Smoke	Noise	Insufficient power/ acceleration failure	
	Oil leaks.	Δ	0	Δ	Δ	
Turbine wheel	Carbon is accumulated.	Δ	0	0	0	
Turbine wheel	Friction with housing.	Δ	0	0	0	
	Blades are bent or broken.			0	0	
Compressor wheel	Inside the air inlet is seriously contaminated by oil.	0	0			
	Friction with housing.	Δ	0	0	0	
	Blades are bent or broken.			0	0	
	There is resistance when the rotor shaft is rotated by your fingertips.		Δ	Δ	0	
After checking both turbine and compressor, inspect rotor shaft end play.	The rotor shaft sometimes does not rotate by your fingertips.				0	
	There is too much play in the bearing.	Δ	Δ	0	Δ	
Oil return port	Carbon or sludge is accumulated in the waste oil hole.	Δ	0	Δ	Δ	

O: Large possibility

[:] Medium possibility

^{∆:} Small possibility

Removal and Installation

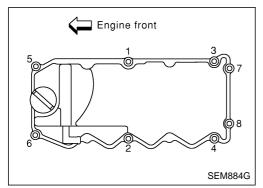


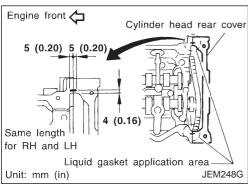
1. Oil filler cap 2. Rocker cover 3. Gasket

PREPARATIVE WORK

Remove the engine following parts.

- Charge air cooler
- Charge air cooler bracket





ROCKER COVER

Removal

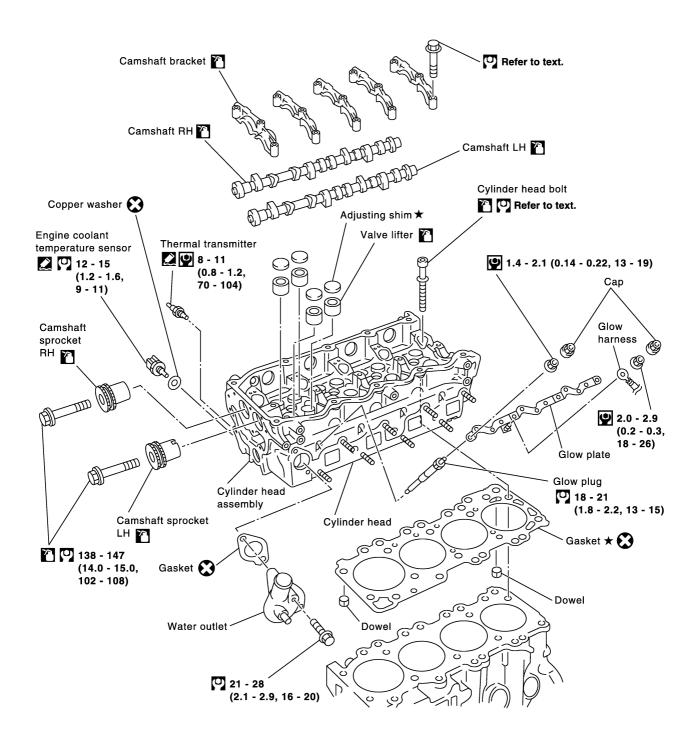
Loosen bolts in the reverse order of that shown in the figure and remove.

Installation

- Tighten bolts in the numerical order shown in the figure.
- Re-tighten to the same torque in the same order as above.
- Apply 3.0 mm (0.118 in) dia. of specified liquid gasket (Refer to EM-3003, "Liquid Gasket Application Procedure".) on locations shown in the figure.
- Install in the reverse order of removal.

Components

SEC. 111-210-220-253



* : Select with proper thickness.

: Lubricate with new engine oil.

: Apply Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)№ : N•m (kg-m, in-lb)

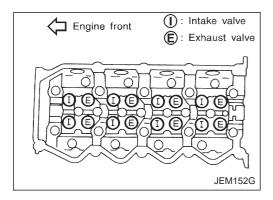
Components (Cont'd)

CAUTION:

- When installing camshafts, chain tensioners, oil seals, or other sliding parts, lubricate contacting surfaces with new engine oil.
- Apply new engine oil to threads and seat surfaces when installing cylinder head, camshaft sprocket, crankshaft pulley, and camshaft bracket.
- Attach tags to valve lifters so as not to mix them up.

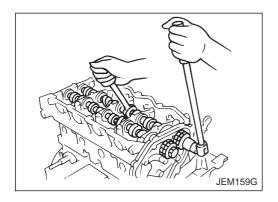
Removal

- 1. Drain engine coolant. Refer to LC section, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 2. Remove exhaust manifold, Turbocharger. Refer to EM-3039, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-3035, "Removal and Installation".
- Apply paint to camshaft sprockets for alignment during installation.

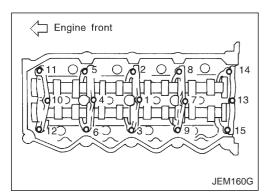


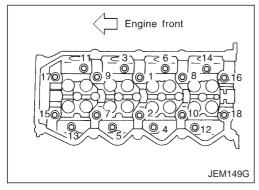
CAMSHAFT

- Remove the following parts referring to appropriate part in this section.
- Charge air cooler cover
- Charge air cooler and charge air cooler bracket
- EGR guide tube and EGR spacer
- Rocker cover
- Spill tube
- Injection tube
- Injection nozzle oil seal
- High pressure injection nozzle assembly
- Secondary timing chain and associated parts



- 2. Remove camshaft sprockets.
- Holding the hexagonal part of the camshaft with a wrench having 21 mm (0.83 in) width between facing flats, loosen the bolt of the camshaft sprocket.





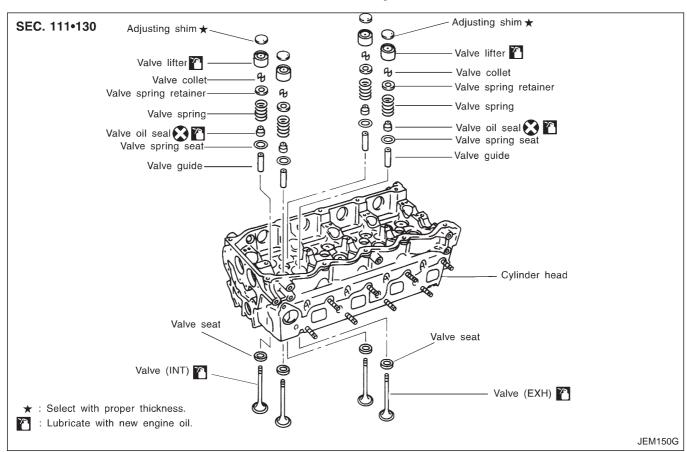
Removal (Cont'd)

- Remove camshafts.
- Loosen bolts of the camshaft bracket in several stages in the reverse order of that shown in the figure, and remove them.
- Remove adjusting shims and valve lifters.
- Confirm the correct location of each part removed. Store them so they do not get mixed up.
- For re-installation, be sure to put mark on camshaft bracket before removal.

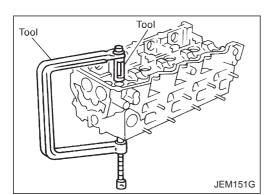
CYLINDER HEAD

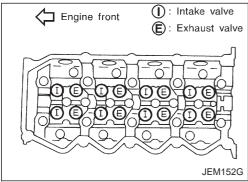
- Loosen bolts in the reverse order of that shown in the figure and remove them.
- Be careful not to damage the tips of glow plugs projecting out of the bottom surface of the cylinder head. To avoid damage to glow plugs, either remove them beforehand, or support cylinder head with wooden blocks to create a space below the bottom surface.

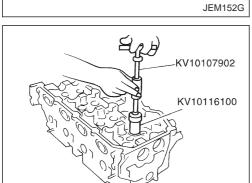
Disassembly



1. Remove adjusting shims and valve lifters. Confirm the correct location of each part removed. Store them in order to avoid mixing them up.





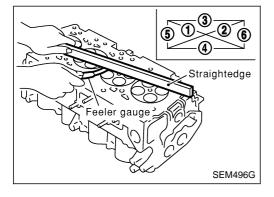


JEM153G

Disassembly (Cont'd)

- 2. Remove valve collets.
- Compress valve spring with a valve spring compressor, and remove valve collet with a magnet hand.
- 3. Remove valve spring retainers, and valve springs.
- 4. Push valve stem toward combustion chamber and remove valve.
- Before removing valves, check valve guide clearance. Refer to EM-3052, "VALVE GUIDE CLEARANCE".
- Confirm the correct location of each valve. Store them so they do not get mixed up.
- For the locations and arrangement of intake and exhaust valves, refer to the figure.

- 5. Remove valve oil seals.
- Use a valve oil seal puller (SST) for removal.
- 6. Remove valve spring seats.
- 7. When removing valve seats, check valve seat contact. Refer to EM-3053.
- 8. Before removing valve guides, check valve guide clearance. Refer to EM-3052, "VALVE GUIDE CLEARANCE".
- 9. Remove glow plugs.
- To avoid damage, glow plugs should be removed only when required.
- Handle with care to avoid applying shock. (When dropped from approx. 100 mm (3.94 in) or higher, always replace with a new one.)



Inspection

CYLINDER HEAD DISTORTION

Clean surface of cylinder head. Use a reliable straightedge and feeler gauge to check the flatness of cylinder head surface. Check along six positions shown in the figure.

Head surface flatness: Limit 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

If beyond the specified limit, resurface or replace it.

The limit for cylinder head resurfacing is determined by the cylinder block resurfacing.

Resurfacing limit:

Amount of cylinder head resurfacing is "A".

Inspection (Cont'd)

Amount of cylinder block resurfacing is "B".

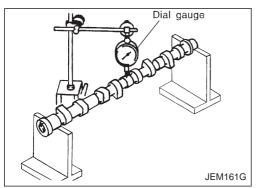
The maximum limit: A + B = 0.07 mm (0.0028 in)

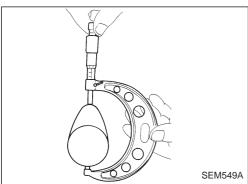
After resurfacing cylinder head, check that camshaft rotates freely by hand. If resistance is felt, cylinder head must be replaced.

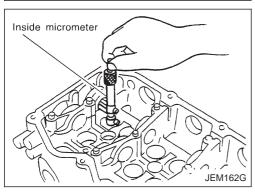
Nominal cylinder head height: 153.9 - 154.1 mm (6.059 - 6.067 in)

CAMSHAFT VISUAL CHECK

Check camshaft for scratches, seizure and wear.







CAMSHAFT RUNOUT

- Place V-blocks on a work bench and support camshaft at No. 1 and No. 5 journal.
- 2. Set dial gauge perpendicularly at camshaft No. 3 journal.
- 3. Turn camshaft by hand in one direction and read runout on dial gauge.

Runout (Total indicator reading): Limit 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

4. If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.

CAMSHAFT CAM HEIGHT

1. Measure camshaft cam height.

Standard cam height:

Intake

39.505 - 39.695 mm (1.5553 - 1.5628)

Exhaust

39.905 - 40.095 (1.5711 - 1.5785)

Cam wear limit:

0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

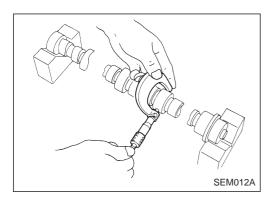
2. If wear is beyond the limit, replace camshaft.

CAMSHAFT JOURNAL CLEARANCE

- 1. Install camshaft bracket and tighten bolts to the specified torque.
- 2. Measure inner diameter of camshaft bearing.

Standard inner diameter:

No. 1: 30.500 - 30.521 mm (1.2008 - 1.2016 in) No. 2, 3, 4, 5: 24.000 - 24.021 mm (0.9449 - 0.9457 in)



Inspection (Cont'd)

3. Measure outer diameter of camshaft journal.

Standard outer diameter:

No. 1: 30.435 - 30.455 mm (1.1982 - 1.1990 in) No. 2, 3, 4, 5: 23.935 - 23.955 mm (0.9423 - 0.9431 in)

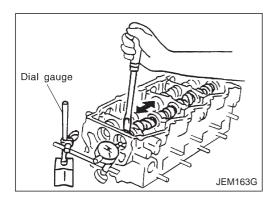
4. If clearance exceeds the limit, replace camshaft and/or cylinder head.

Camshaft journal clearance:

Standard

No. 1 - 5: 0.045 - 0.086 mm (0.0018 - 0.0034 in) Limit

0.045 - 0.086 mm (0.0018 - 0.0034 in)



CAMSHAFT END PLAY

- 1. Install camshaft in cylinder head.
- 2. Measure camshaft end play.

Camshaft end play:

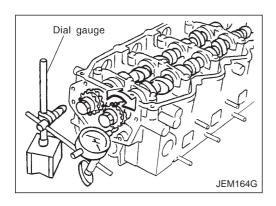
Standard

0.070 - 0.148 mm (0.0028 - 0.0058 in)

Limit

0.24 mm (0.0094 in)

- If the value exceeds the limit, replace camshaft and measure again.
- If the measurement exceeds the limit again, replace cylinder head.

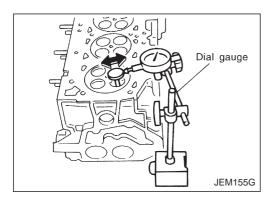


CAMSHAFT SPROCKET RUNOUT

- 1. Install sprocket on camshaft.
- 2. Measure camshaft sprocket runout.

Runout (Total indicator reading): Less than 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

3. If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft sprocket.



Inspection (Cont'd) VALVE GUIDE CLEARANCE

- 1. Check that valve stem diameter is within the specified range.
- 2. Push out valve approx. 25 mm (0.98 in) toward combustion chamber. Swing valve in the direction of the dial gauge to measure the runout.
- This inspection should be performed before removing valve quides.
- Half of the runout reading on the dial gauge is the valve guide clearance.

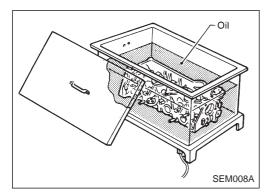
Standard:

Intake 0.020 - 0.053 mm (0.0008 - 0.0021 in) Exhaust 0.040 - 0.073 mm (0.0016 - 0.0029 in)

- 3. If it exceeds the limit, check valve to valve guide clearance.
- a. Measure valve stem diameter and valve guide inner diameter.
- b. Check that clearance is within specification.

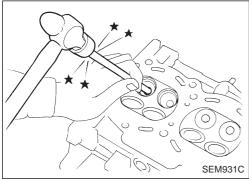
Valve to valve guide clearance limit: Intake 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) Exhaust 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

c. If it exceeds the limit, replace valve or valve guide.

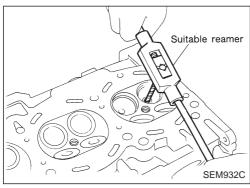


VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT

- When a valve guide is removed, replace with an oversized [0.2 mm (0.008 in)] valve guide.
- 1. To remove valve guide, heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.

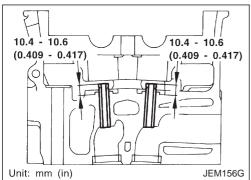


2. Drive out valve guide with a press [under a 20 kN (2 ton, 2.2 US ton, 2.0 Imp ton) pressure] or hammer and suitable tool.



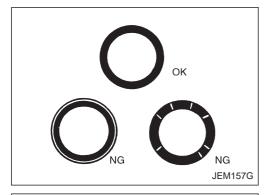
3. Ream cylinder head valve guide hole.

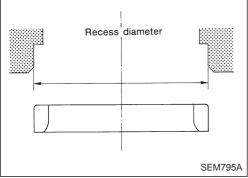
Valve guide hole diameter (for service parts): 10.175 - 10.196 mm (0.4006 - 0.4014 in)



Unit: mm (in) JEM156G

SEM934C





Inspection (Cont'd)

4. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) and press service valve guide onto cylinder head.

Projection "L":

10.4 - 10.6 mm (0.409 - 0.417 in)

5. Ream valve guide.

Finished size:

6.000 - 6.018 mm (0.2362 - 0.2369 in)

VALVE SEATS

- Before starting this check, confirm that the dimensions of valve guides and valves are as specified.
- Apply red lead primer on contacting surfaces of valve seat and of valve face to examine the conditions of contacting surfaces.
- Check that the paint on contacting surfaces is continuous along the entire circumference.
- If there are abnormal indications, grind the valve and check the contact again. If abnormal indications still persist, replace valve seat.

REPLACING VALVE SEAT FOR SERVICE PARTS

- 1. Bore out old seat until it collapses. Boring should not continue beyond the bottom face of the seat recess in cylinder head. Set the machine depth stop to ensure this.
- 2. Ream cylinder head recess for service valve seat.

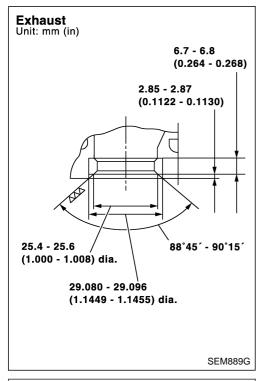
Oversize [0.5 mm (0.020 in)]:

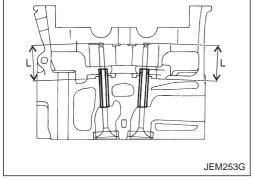
Intake 30.500 - 30.516 mm (1.2008 - 1.2014 in) Exhaust 29.500 - 29.516 mm (1.1614 - 1.1620 in)

Be sure to ream in circles concentric to the valve guide center

This will enable valve seat to fit correctly.

Intake Unit: mm (in) 7.0 - 7.1 (0.276 - 0.280) 2.32 - 2.34 (0.0913 - 0.0921) 27.6 - 27.8 (1.087 - 1.094) dia. 88°45′ - 90°15′ 30.080 - 30.100 (1.1842 - 1.1850) dia.





Inspection (Cont'd)

- 3. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 120°C (230 to 248°F) by soaking in heated oil.
- 4. Sufficiently cool valve seat with dry ice. Force fit valve seat into cylinder head.

WARNING:

Do not touch cold valve seat with your bare hands.

5. Cut or grind valve seat using suitable tool to the specified dimensions as shown in SDS (EM-3092).

CAUTION:

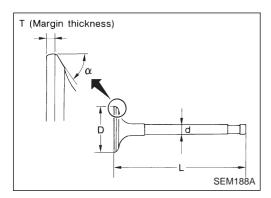
Use the valve seat cutter properly. Securely gripping the cutter handle with both hands, press the cutter down onto the entire circumference of the contacting surface and finish cutting at one time. Improper pressing of the cutter or cutting in several steps may result in staged surface on the valve seat.

- 6. After cutting, lap valve seat with abrasive compound.
- 7. Check valve seating condition. Refer to EM-3053, "Valve Seats".

8. Use a depth gauge to measure the distance between the mounting surface of the cylinder head spring seat and the valve stem end. If the distance is shorter than specified, repeat step 5 above to adjust it. If it is longer, replace the valve seat with a new one.

Valve seat resurface limit "L":

Intake 36.53 - 36.98 mm (1.4382 - 1.4559 in) Exhaust 36.53 - 37.01 mm (1.4382 - 1.4571 in)

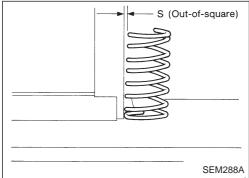


Inspection (Cont'd) **VALVE DIMENSIONS**

Check dimensions of each valve. For dimensions, refer to SDS (EM-3089).

When valve head has been worn down to 0.5 mm (0.020 in) in margin thickness, replace valve.

Grinding allowance for valve stem tip is 0.2 mm (0.008 in) or less.



VALVE SPRING

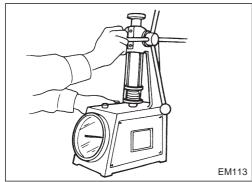
Squareness

Measure dimension "S".

Out-of-square "S":

Limit 1.9 mm (0.075 in)

2. If it exceeds the limit, replace spring.



Pressure

Check valve spring pressure at specified spring height.

Standard:

Free height 43.7 mm (1.720 in)

Installation height 32.82 mm (1.2921 in)

Installation load 184 - 208 N (18.77 - 21.22 kg, 41.4

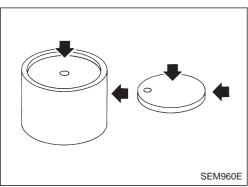
- 46.8 lb)

Height during valve open 24.82 mm (0.9772 in)

Load with valve open 320 - 360 N (32.65 - 36.73 kg,

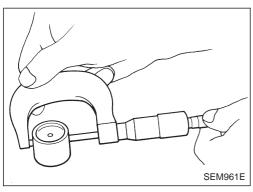
71.9 - 80.9 lb)

If it exceeds the standard, replace spring.



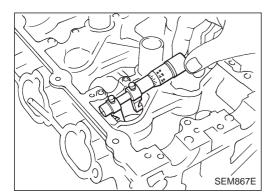
VALVE LIFTER

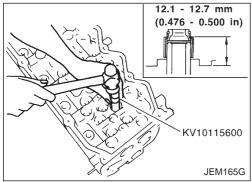
1. Check contact and sliding surfaces for wear or scratches.



2. Check diameter of valve lifter and valve lifter guide bore. Valve lifter outer diameter:

29.960 - 29.975 mm (1.1795 - 1.1801 in)





Inspection (Cont'd)

Lifter guide bore diameter:
30.000 - 30.021 mm (1.1811 - 1.1819 in)
Clearance between lifter and lifter guide:
Standard 0.025 - 0.061 mm (0.0010 - 0.0024 in)

 If the value is out of the range, replace valve lifter and/or cylinder head, referring to the specified values for the outer diameter and bore diameter.

Assembly

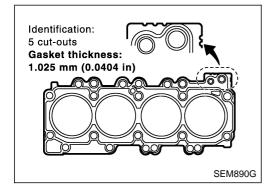
- 1. Install valve oil seal.
- Using valve oil seal drift (SST), install so that the dimension shown in the figure is obtained. The dimension in the figure shows the dimension before the valve spring seat is installed.
- Different parts should be used depending on the valve oil seal location. Identify by the rubber color.

For intake: Black For exhaust: Brown

- Always use new valve oil seal.
- Before installing valve oil seal, install valve spring seat.
- 2. Install other valve component parts. Refer to "Disassembly", EM-3048.
- After installing valve collets, tap valve stem tip with plastic hammer to assure a proper fit.

Installation

 Before installation, remove old liquid gasket from mating surface of all liquid gasket applied parts.



CYLINDER HEAD GASKET SELECTION

 Select and install cylinder head gasket with appropriate thickness according to the following procedure:

When replacing gasket alone:

- Install a gasket with the same thickness as that of the one removed.
- Identify the thickness of gasket by the number of cut-outs and holes on the rear RH side.

Installation (Cont'd)

Gasket thickness*	Number of grade	Number of cut-outs
0.900 (0.0354)	1	0
0.925 (0.0364)	2	1
0.950 (0.0374)	3	2
0.975 (0.0384)	4	3
1.000 (0.0394)	5	4
1.025 (0.0404)	6	5

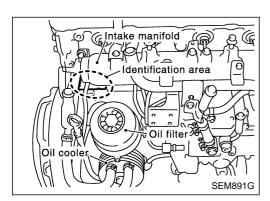
- *: Measured with head bolts tightened
- Gasket thickness can be identified at the location shown in the figure by the numbers of cut-outs before removal.

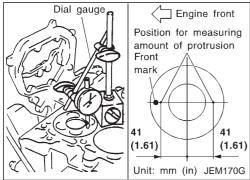
When the following parts have been repaired/replaced:

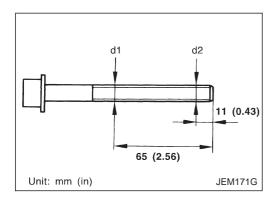
- With cylinder block upper surface and/or crankshaft pin journal ground
- With cylinder block, pistons, connecting rods, and/or crankshaft replaced
- 1. Set piston at a point close to TDC.
- Set a dial gauge at the location as shown in the figure. Turning crankshaft gradually, set the gauge scale to "0" where the piston protrusion is maximized.
- 3. Move the dial gauge stand so that the tip of dial gauge can contact the cylinder block. Read the difference.
- Measure at two locations per cylinder, that is eight locations for four cylinders. Select gasket based on the maximum protrusion of eight measurements.

Diaton protrucion mm (in)	Gasket thickness*	Identification	
Piston protrusion mm (in)	mm (in)	Number of cut-outs	
Less than 0.255 (0.0100)	0.900 (0.0354)	0	
Less than 0.255 - 0.280 (0.0100 - 0.0110)	0.925 (0.0364)	1	
Less than 0.280 - 0.305 (0.0110 - 0.0120)	0.950 (0.0374)	2	
Less than 0.305 - 0.330 (0.0120 - 0.0130)	0.975 (0.0384)		
Less than 0.330 - 0.355 (0.0130 - 0.0140)	1.000 (0.0394)	4	
More than 0.355 (0.0140)	1.025 (0.0404)	5	

^{*:} Measured with head bolts tightened



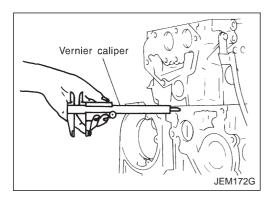


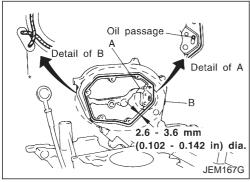


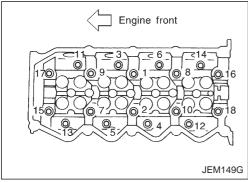
CYLINDER HEAD BOLT DEFORMATION CHECK

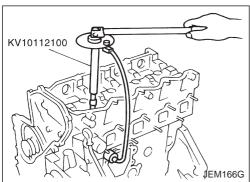
- Measure the outer diameter of threaded area, d1 and d2, at the points specified in the figure.
- When the necked point is identified at a point other than specified points, measure at the point as d1.
- Calculate the difference between d1 and d2. If the value exceeds the limit, replace with new ones.

Limit: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)









Installation (Cont'd) CYLINDER HEAD-TO-BLOCK DIFFERENCE CHECK

- After installing cylinder head, measure dimension from the front end surface of cylinder block to that of cylinder head.
 Standard: 23.53 - 24.07 mm (0.9264 - 0.9476 in)
- If the difference is out of the range, check fitting of dowel pins and cylinder head.

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION ON REAR CHAIN CASE

Apply a continuous bead of specified liquid gasket (Refer to EM-3003, "Liquid Gasket Application Procedure".) on the surface shown in the figure.

A: Apply bead so that it does not protrude into oil passage.

B: Minimize the overlapping area of the bead, with start and end areas of bead as shown in the figure.

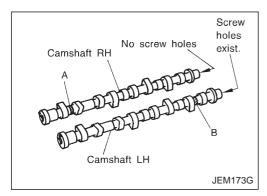
Apply so that the portion marked * comes at an external location but cannot be viewed externally after engine is assembled.

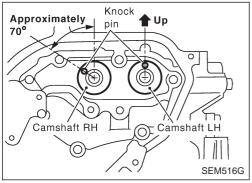
CYLINDER HEAD INSTALLATION

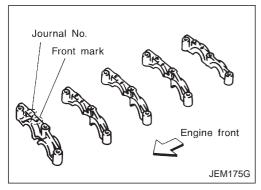
- Tighten bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure according to the following procedure:
- 1. Apply engine oil to bolt threads and seat surfaces.
- Tighten bolts to 35 to 44 N·m (3.5 to 4.5 kg-m, 26 to 32 ft-lb)
- 3. Tighten 180° to 185° [target: 180°] (angular tightening).
- 4. Loosen completely to 0 N·m (0 kg-m, 0 in-lb) in the reverse order of that shown in the figure.
- 5. Tighten bolts to 35 to 44 N·m (3.5 to 4.5 kg-m, 26 to 32 ft-lb).
- 6. Tighten 90° to 95° [target: 90°] (angular tightening).
- 7. Tighten another 90° to 95° [target: 90°] (angular tightening).
- When an angle wrench is not used, paint an alignment mark on the head of cylinder head bolt and cylinder head surface before tightening. Check the angle with a protractor.

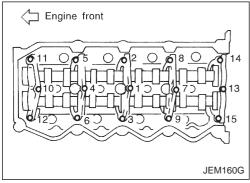
GLOW PLUG INSTALLATION

- To avoid damage, glow plugs should be removed only when required.
- Handle with care to avoid applying shock. (When dropped from approx. 100 mm (3.94 in) or higher, always replace with a new one.)
- Before installing, remove carbon depositing on mounting hole of glow plug with a reamer.









Installation (Cont'd) CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION

- 1. Install valve lifters and adjusting shims.
- Install in the correct locations (the same places as before removal).
- 2. Install camshafts.
- Identify camshafts by the paint position and screw hole at the rear end.

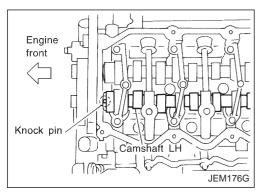
Camshaft RH: Paint is at position A without screw hole.

Camshaft LH: Paint is at position B with screw hole.

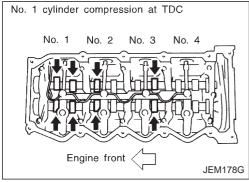
 Install so that knock pins are positioned in the directions shown in the figure.

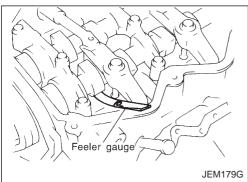
- 3. Install camshaft brackets.
- Install correctly, identifying brackets by the journal No. and front mark on top surface.

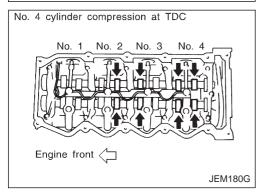
- 4. Tighten bolts in the order shown in the figure according to the following procedure:
- a. Tighten to 2.0 N·m (0.2 kg-m, 17 in-lb).
- Make sure camshaft thrusting parts (on rear side) securely fit in their mating parts on the cylinder head.
- b. Tighten to 6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 52 in-lb).
- c. Tighten to 12 to 13 N·m (1.2 to 1.4 kg-m, 9 to 10 ft-lb).
- 5. Install camshaft sprockets.
- Camshaft sprockets are commonly used for RH and LH.
- Align camshaft sprocket and dowel pin on camshaft, and install.
- Holding the hexagonal part of camshaft with a wrench, tighten bolt securing camshaft sprocket.
- 6. Before installing spill tube after installing secondary timing chain, check and adjust valve clearance. Refer to EM-3060, "Valve Clearance".
- 7. Hereafter, install in the reverse order of removal.



Alignment mark JEM177G







Valve Clearance

CHECKING

Check valve clearance while engine is cold and not running.

- 1. Set the No. 1 piston to TDC on its compression stroke.
- Turn crankshaft pulley clockwise so that the knock pin on camshaft LH faces straight above. (No position indicator, etc. is provided on the crankshaft pulley.)
- 2. Put an alignment mark with paint, etc. on the crankshaft pulley and on the oil pump as an angle indicator.

3. Check only those valves shown in the figure.

	Valve							
Crank position	No	. 1	No	. 2	No	. 3	No	. 4
	INT	EXH	INT	EXH	INT	EXH	INT	EXH
No. 1 TDC (Compression stroke)	0	0	0			0		

- Using a feeler gauge, measure clearance between valve lifter and camshaft.
- Record any valve clearance measurements which are out of specification. They will be used later to determine the required replacement adjusting shim.

Valve clearance for checking (Cold):

Intake

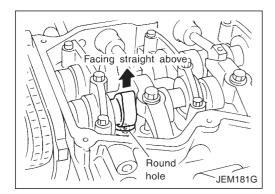
0.24 - 0.32 mm (0.009 - 0.013 in)

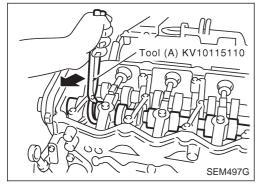
Exhaust

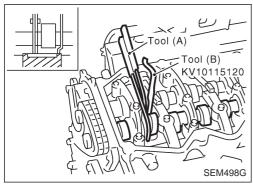
0.26 - 0.34 mm (0.010 - 0.013 in)

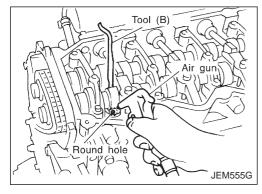
- 4. Rotate crankshaft clockwise by one turn to set the No. 4 piston to TDC on the compression stroke.
- 5. Check only those valves shown in the figure.

	Valve							
Crank position	No	. 1	No	. 2	No	. 3	No	. 4
	INT	EXH	INT	EXH	INT	EXH	INT	EXH
No. 4 TDC (Compression stroke)				0	0		0	0









Valve Clearance (Cont'd) ADJUSTING

Adjust valve clearance while engine is cold.

- 1. Turn crankshaft, to position cam lobe on camshaft of valve that must be adjusted upward.
- 2. Place Tool (A) around camshaft as shown in figure.

 Before placing Tool (A) (SST), rotate notch toward center of cylinder head (See figure.), to simplify shim removal later.

CAUTION:

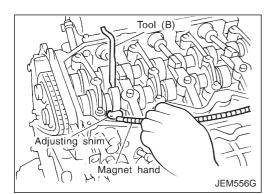
Be careful not to damage cam surface with Tool (A).

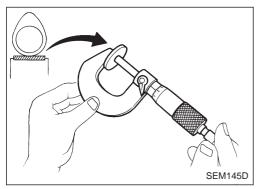
3. Rotate Tool (A) (See figure.) so that valve lifter is pushed down.

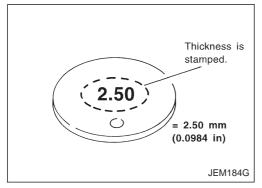
4. Place Tool (B) (SST) between camshaft and the edge of the valve lifter to retain valve lifter.

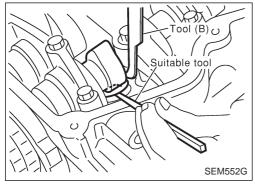
CAUTION:

- Tool (B) must be placed as close to camshaft bracket as possible.
- Be careful not to damage cam surface with Tool (B).
- 5. Remove Tool (A).
- 6. Blow air into the hole to separate adjusting shim from valve lifter
- To avoid engine oil spills, wipe off oil fully beforehand.
 Wear safety goggles, etc. during work if necessary.









Valve Clearance (Cont'd)

- 7. Remove adjusting shim using a small screwdriver and a magnetic finger.
- 8. Determine replacement adjusting shim size following formula.
- Using a micrometer determine thickness of removed shim.
- Calculate thickness of new adjusting shim so valve clearance comes within specified values.

R = Thickness of removed shim

N = Thickness of new shim

M = Measured valve clearance

Intake:

N = R + [M - 0.28 mm (0.0110 in)]Exhaust:

N = R + [M - 0.30 mm (0.0118 in)]

Shims are available in 33 sizes from 2.10 mm (0.0827 in) to 2.74 mm (0.1079 in), in steps of 0.02 mm (0.0008 in).

 Select new shim with thickness as close as possible to calculated value.

- 9. Install new shim using a suitable tool.
- Install with the surface on which the thickness is stamped facing down.

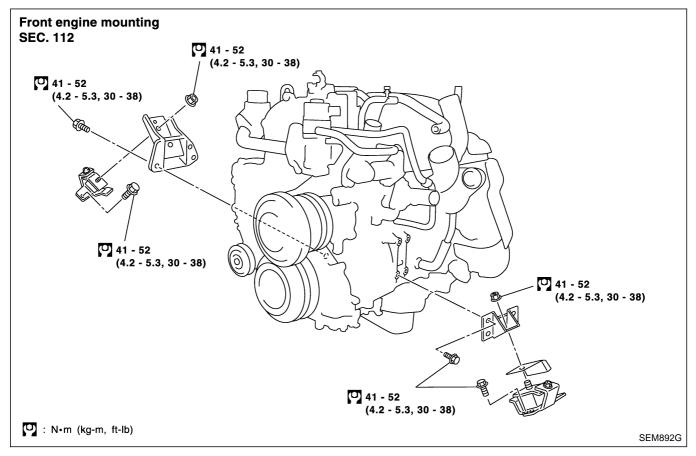
- 10. Place Tool (A) as mentioned in steps 2 and 3.
- 11. Remove Tool (B).
- 12. Remove Tool (A).
- 13. Recheck valve clearance.

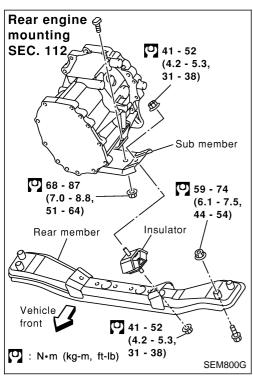
Valve clearance:

Unit: mm (in)

	Cold	Hot* (reference data)
Intake	0.24 - 0.32 (0.009 - 0.013)	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.015)
Exhaust	0.26 - 0.34 (0.010 - 0.013)	0.33 - 0.41 (0.013 - 0.016)

^{*:} Approximately 80°C (176°F)





WARNING:

- Situate vehicle on a flat and solid surface.
- Place chocks at front and back of rear wheels.
- Do not remove engine until exhaust system has completely cooled off. Otherwise, you may burn yourself and/or fire may break out in fuel line.
- Be sure to hoist engine and transmission in a safe manner.
- For engines not equipped with engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATA-LOG.

CAUTION:

- When lifting engine, be careful not to strike adjacent parts, especially the following: Accelerator wire casing, brake lines, and brake master cylinder.
- In hoisting the engine, always use engine slingers in a safe manner.
- For 4WD models, apply sealant between engine and transmission. Refer to MT section ("Removal and Installation").
- For tightening torque, refer to M/T and PD sections.
- Before separating engine and transmission, remove the crankshaft position sensor (TDC sensor) from the assembly.
- Always pay extra attention not to damage edge of crankshaft position sensor (TDC sensor) or ring gear teeth.

Removal

Preparation

- 1. Drain coolant from radiator drain plugs.
- 2. Remove the following parts.
- Engine hood
- Charge air cooler
- Under protector
- Battery
- Radiator shroud
- Radiator
- Accessory belt
- Cooling fan
- Exhaust front tube

Engine room (Left)

- 3. Remove air duct and air cleaner case.
- 4. Disconnect harness connectors from alternator and air conditioner compressor.
- 5. Remove alternator.
- 6. Remove installation bolts. Relocate air conditioner compressor. Use a rope to temporarily anchor it to vehicle side.
- 7. Disconnect and relocate heating hose, install blank cap to hose to prevent coolant from leaking.
- 8. Remove heat insulator.

Engine room (Right)

9. Remove fuel feed and return hoses.

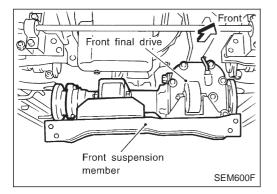
CAUTION:

Install blank caps immediately to avoid fuel leakage.

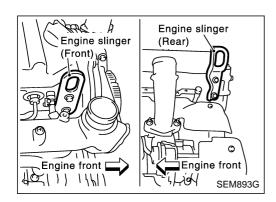
10. Remove all harness connectors on the engine, and move harnesses to the side of the vehicle.

Vehicle underfloor

- 11. Remove starter motor.
- 12. Remove front propeller shaft.
- 13. Remove front final drive together with differential mounting member. Refer to PD section ("Removal and Installation", "Front final drive") 4WD models only.



- 14. Remove mounting bolts to secure the engine to transmission.
- 1) Lift transmission with the jack, and reinstall rear mount members to the vehicle.
- 2) Position the jack to the front side of transmission.
- Remove remaining mounting bolts securing the engine to transmission.



Removal (Cont'd)

Removal operation

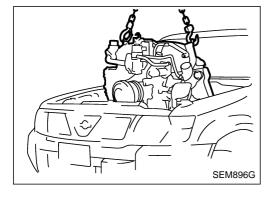
15. Install the engine slingers (standard service part) to front-left and rear-right.

(3.0 - 3.8 kg-m, 22 - 27 ft-lb)

WARNING:

For engines without engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in the PARTS CATALOG.

- 16. Hook hoists to slingers to secure the position.
- 17. Remove installation nuts for left and right engine mount insulators.
- Remove crankshaft position sensor (TDC sensor) from transmission.



19. Separate engine and transmission, remove the engine. **CAUTION:**

- While performing operation, check that all necessary wires and pipes are disconnected.
- Avoid interference with parts on the vehicle.

Installation

Install the engine in the reverse order of the removal procedure.

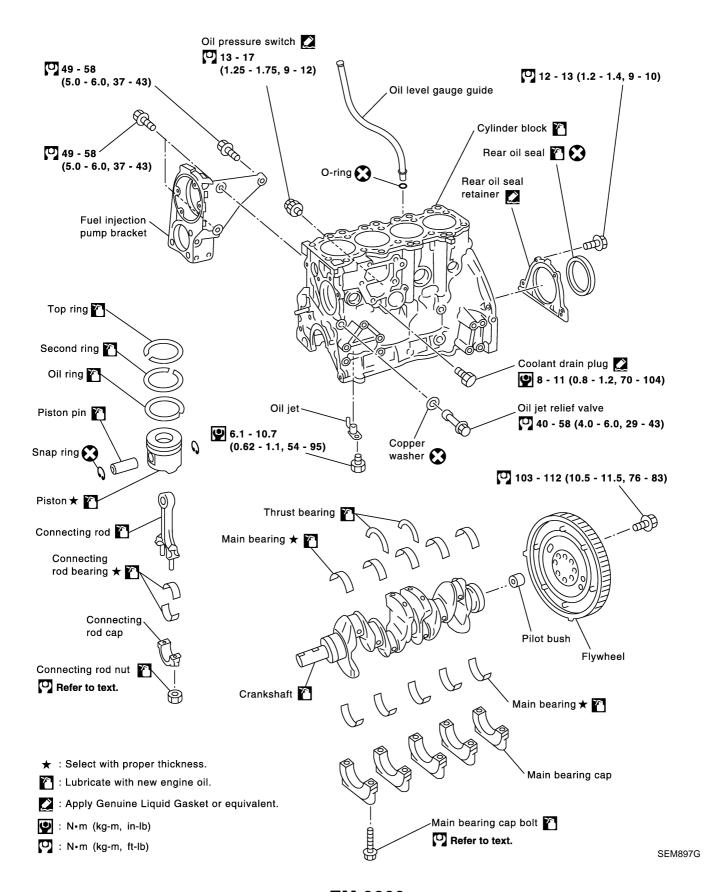
- Keep each mount insulator from oil adherence and damage.
- As for a location with positioning pin, insert the pin correctly to the hole of mating part.
- While keeping each mount insulator free from twisting, tighten mounting bolts and nuts for the engine mount.

Inspection

- Before starting the engine, check levels of coolant, engine oil, and other operating fluids, and if necessary, refill them to the specified level.
- Start the engine, and check that there is no abnormal noise or vibration.
- Warm up the engine to the sufficient temperature, and check that there is no leakage of coolant, greases, fuel, or exhaust gas.

Components

SEC. 110•120•186



EM-3066

Removal and Installation

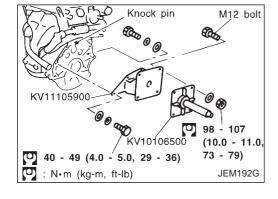
CAUTION:

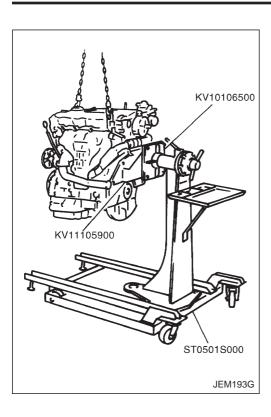
- When installing bearings, pistons, or other sliding parts, lubricate contacting surfaces with new engine oil.
- Place removed parts such as bearings and bearing caps in their proper order and direction.
- When installing connecting rod nuts, and main bearing cap bolts, apply new engine oil to threads and seating surfaces.
- Do not allow any magnetic materials to contact the signal plate of flywheel.
- Do not remove the signal plate at back.
- Do not place the signal plate side facing under.
- Handle with care so as not to damage the signal plate [especially four places on protrusions for signal of crank position sensor (TDC sensor)].

Disassembly

PISTON AND CRANKSHAFT

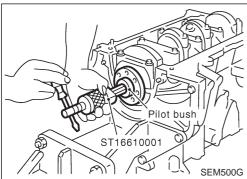
- 1. Remove engine. Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL", EM-3063.
- 2. Place engine on a work stand.
- a. Remove flywheel.
- Hold ring gear with ring gear stopper (KV10105630, KV10105610). Then, loosen securing bolts with TORX socket (size: Q8 E20, Commercial Service Tool) and remove them. As an alternative method, hold the crankshaft pulley with a pulley holder (SST) to remove the flywheel.
- b. Install engine sub-attachment (SST) to rear surface of cylinder block.
- To install, align the hole on the sub-attachment with the knock pin on the cylinder block.
- The engine sub-attachment has five bolts.
- c. Install engine attachment (SST).
- The four sets of bolts and nuts are multi-purpose products.

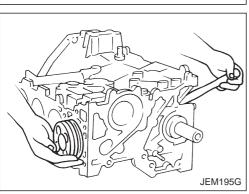




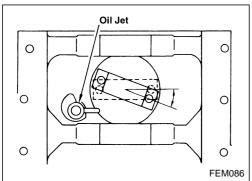
Disassembly (Cont'd)

- d. Hoist up engine and install it on the engine stand (SST).
- Another method is to set engine sub-attachment and engine attachment on engine stand beforehand, and then, install engine.
- 3. Drain engine oil and coolant from engine.
- 4. Remove the following and the associated parts:
- Exhaust manifold
- Turbocharger assembly
- Injection tube
- Intake manifold
- Water pump
- Oil pan (upper and lower)
- EGR volume control valve and EGR tube & EGR guide tube assembly
- Secondary timing chain
- Fuel injection pump
- Primary timing chain
- Rocker cover
- Vacuum pump
- High pressure injection nozzle assembly
- Camshaft
- Cylinder head
- Thermostat, water pipes
- Oil cooler
- Auxiliary component brackets
- 5. Remove fuel injection pump bracket.

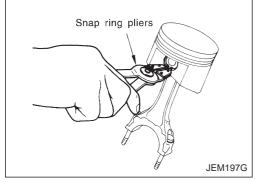


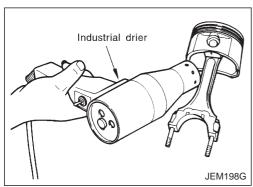


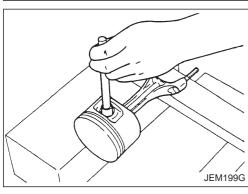
- 6. If the replacement of pilot bushing is necessary, remove it with pilot bushing puller (SST).
- 7. Remove rear oil seal retainer.
- Insert a flat-bladed screwdriver between main bearing cap and rear oil seal retainer to remove retainer.
- 8. Remove rear oil seal from rear oil seal retainer.
- Punch out with a flat-bladed screwdriver.
- Be careful not to damage rear oil seal retainer.
- 9. Remove piston and connecting rod assembly.
- a. Set crankshaft pin of the removal location at a position close to BDC.
- b. Remove connecting rod cap.
- c. Push piston and connecting rod assembly toward cylinder head using a hammer handle.
- Before removing piston and connecting rod assembly, check connecting rod side clearance. Refer to EM-3070, "CON-NECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE".



Piston ring expander







Disassembly (Cont'd)

CAUTION:

When removing the piston and connecting rod assembly, prevent the big end of the connecting rod from interfering with the oil jet.

- 10. Remove connecting rod bearings from connecting rod and connecting rod cap.
- Store the removed parts in sets by the cylinder No. to avoid mixing them up.
- 11. Remove piston rings from pistons.
- Use piston ring expander (Commercial Service Tool).
- Avoid scratching pistons during removal.
- Be careful not to damage piston rings by expanding excessively.

CAUTION:

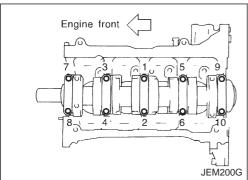
JFM196G

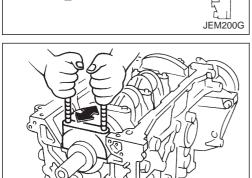
- When piston rings are not replaced, make sure that piston rings are mounted in their original positions.
- 12. Remove piston from connecting rod.
- a. Remove snap rings using snap ring pliers.

b. With an industrial drier, heat pistons to 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F).

c. Push out piston pin with a rod approx. 26 mm (1.02 in) in diameter.

CYLINDER BLOCK



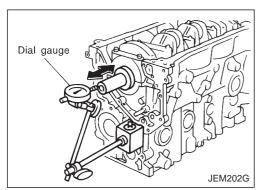


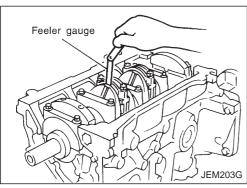
IEM201G

Disassembly (Cont'd)

- 13. Remove main bearing cap bolts.
- With a TORX socket (size: E-14, Commercial Service Tool), loosen main bearing cap bolts in several stages in the reverse order of that shown in the figure and remove them.
- Before loosening main bearing cap bolts, measure crankshaft end play. Refer to EM-3070, "CRANKSHAFT END PLAY".
- 14. Remove main bearing caps.
- Using main bearing cap bolts, remove by rocking bearing cap back and forth.

- 15. Remove crankshaft.
- 16. Remove main bearings and thrust bearings from cylinder block and main bearing caps.
- Check the correct installation locations of removed parts. Store them so they do not get mixed up.
- 17. Remove oil jet.
- 18. Remove oil jet check valve.





Inspection

CRANKSHAFT END PLAY

 Measure the moving distance of the crankshaft with the dial gauge when the crankshaft is moved fully forward or backward.

Standard: 0.085 - 0.25 mm (0.0033 - 0.0098 in) Limit: 0.30 mm (0.0118 in)

• If the value exceeds the limit, replace thrust bearings with new ones and measure again. If the measurement exceeds the limit again, replace crankshaft with a new one.

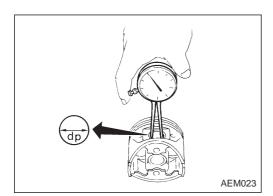
CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE

 Measure the side clearance between connecting rod and crank arm with feeler gauge.

Standard: 0.200 - 0.350 mm (0.0079 - 0.0138 in) Limit: 0.4 mm (0.016 in)

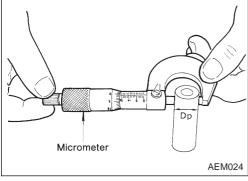
 If the value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod and measure again. If the measurement exceeds the limit again, replace the crankshaft.

CYLINDER BLOCK



Inspection (Cont'd) PISTON AND PISTON PIN CLEARANCE

1. Measure inner diameter of piston pin hole "dp". Standard diameter "dp": 27.997 - 28.005 mm (1.1022 - 1.1026 in)

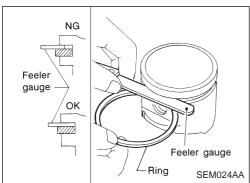


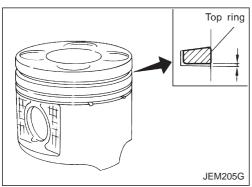
2. Measure outer diameter of piston pin "Dp". Standard diameter "Dp":

27.994 - 28.000 mm (1.1021 - 1.1024 in)

3. Calculate interference fit of piston pin to piston. Dp - dp = 0.002 - 0.006 mm (0.0001 - 0.0002 in)

If it exceeds the above value, replace piston assembly with pin.





Piston Press-fit Feeler gauge Ring Ring SEM599A

PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

Side clearance:

Top ring

0.050 - 0.090 mm (0.0020 - 0.0035 in)

2nd ring

0.050 - 0.090 mm (0.0020 - 0.0035 in)

Oil ring

0.030 - 0.070 mm (0.0012 - 0.0028 in)

Max. limit of side clearance:

Top ring 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

2nd ring 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

- To measure top ring side clearance, align the outer circumferences of the ring and piston while pressing ring upward against the upper surface of the ring groove. Under this condition, measure the clearance between ring and bottom surface of the ring groove.
- If out of specification, replace piston ring. If clearance exceeds maximum limit with new ring, replace piston.

PISTON RING END GAP

End gap:

Top ring 0.21 - 0.31 mm (0.0083 - 0.0122 in)

2nd ring 0.37 - 0.52 mm (0.0146 - 0.0205 in)

Oil ring 0.30 - 0.55 mm (0.0118 - 0.0217 in)

Max. limit of ring gap:

Top ring 1.0 mm (0.039 in)

2nd ring 1.0 mm (0.039 in)

Oil ring 1.0 mm (0.039 in)

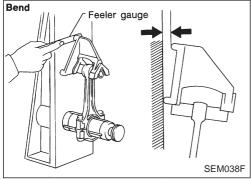
If out of specification, replace piston ring. If gap still exceeds the limit even with a new ring, do the following. Rebore cylinder and use oversized piston and piston rings.

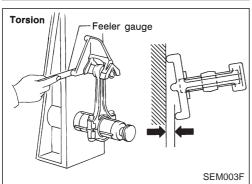
EM-3071

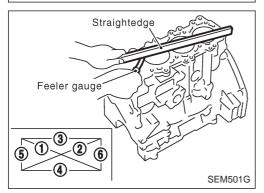
Inspection (Cont'd)

Refer to SDS (EM-3094).

 When replacing the piston, check the cylinder block surface for scratches or seizure. If scratches or seizure is found, hone or replace the cylinder block.







CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION

Bend:

Limit 0.12 mm (0.0047 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

Torsion:

Limit 0.12 mm (0.0047 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly.

CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION AND WEAR

• Clean upper surface of cylinder block. Use a reliable straightedge and feeler gauge to check the flatness of cylinder block surface. Check along six positions shown in the figure.

Distortion limit: 0.04 mm (0.0016 in)

 If out of specification, resurface it. The limit for cylinder block resurfacing is determined by cylinder head resurfacing in engine.

Resurfacing limit:

Amount of cylinder head resurfacing is "A".

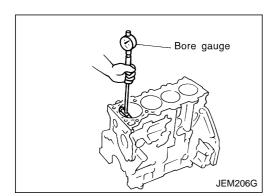
Amount of cylinder block resurfacing is "B".

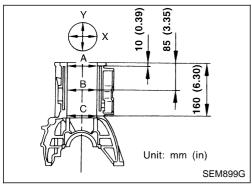
The maximum limit is as follows:

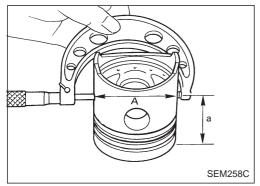
A + B = 0.07mm (0.0028 in)

Nominal cylinder block height from crankshaft center: 252.95 - 253.05 mm (9.9586 - 9.9626 in)

• If necessary, replace cylinder block.







Inspection (Cont'd) PISTON-TO-BORE CLEARANCE

1. Using a bore gauge, measure cylinder bore in X and Y directions at A, B and C for wear, out-of-round and taper.

Cylinder bore inner diameter:

Standard

89.000 - 89.030 mm (3.5039 - 3.5051 in)

Wear limit

0.07 mm (0.0028 in)

If it exceeds the limit, rebore all cylinders. Replace cylinder block if necessary.

Out-of-round (X - Y):

Limit 0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

Taper (C - A):

Limit 0.010 mm (0.0004 in)

2. Check for scratches and seizure. If seizure is found, hone it.

3. Measure piston skirt diameter.

Piston diameter "A":

Standard

88.940 - 88.970 mm (3.5016 - 3.5027 in)

Measuring point "a" (Distance from the top):

59.0 mm (2.323 in)

4. Check that piston-to-bore clearance is within specification.

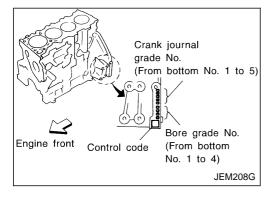
• Calculate the clearance by using outer diameter at piston skirt and inner diameter of cylinder (direction of X, point B):

Piston-to-bore clearance = Cylinder bore - Piston diameter "A"

Standard [at room temperature 20°C (68°F)]:

0.050 - 0.070 mm (0.0020 - 0.0028 in)

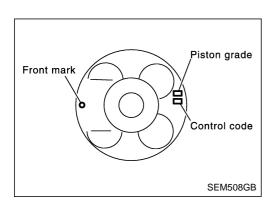
• If the value is out of the specified range, replace piston and piston pin assembly.



 If cylinder block or pistons are replaced with new ones, select piston as follows:

When using a new cylinder block:

- Identify the cylinder bore grade (No. 1, 2, or 3) on LH surface at the rear of cylinder block and select a piston of the same grade.
- The part No. of piston is specified together with the piston pin as an assembly.



Inspection (Cont'd)

When re-using a removed cylinder block:

- Measure the inner diameter of the cylinder block bore.
- Determine the bore grade by comparing the measurement with the values under "Cylinder bore ID" of the table below. Choose a piston of the same grade.

Selective fitting for piston:

Unit: mm (in)

Grade (punched)	1	2	3
Cylinder bore ID	89.000 - 89.010	89.010 - 89.020	89.020 - 89.030
	(3.5039 - 3.5043)	(3.5043 - 3.5047)	(3.5047 - 3.5051)
Piston OD	88.940 - 88.950	88.950 - 88.960	88.960 - 88.970
	(3.5016 - 3.5020)	(3.5020 - 3.5024)	(3.5024 - 3.5027)

- 5. Determine piston oversize according to amount of cylinder wear.
- For oversize pistons, 0.25 and 0.5 OS [0.25 mm (0.0098 in), 0.5 mm (0.0197 in) oversize] are available as service parts. Refer to SDS, EM-3094. When using an oversize piston, hone cylinder so that the clearance between piston and cylinder becomes the specified value. Be sure to use appropriate oversize piston ring for the oversize piston.
- 6. Cylinder bore size is determined by adding piston-to-bore clearance to piston diameter "A".

Rebored size calculation: D = A + B - C

where,

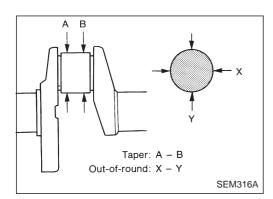
D: Bored diameter

A: Piston diameter as measured

B: Piston-to-bore clearance

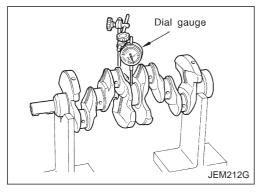
C: Honing allowance 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

- 7. Cut cylinder bores.
- When any cylinder needs boring, all other cylinders must also be bored.
- Do not cut too much out of cylinder bore at a time. Cut only 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) or so in diameter at a time.
- 8. Hone cylinders to obtain specified piston-to-bore clearance.
- 9. Measure finished cylinder bore for out-of-round and taper.
- Measurement should be done after cylinder bore cools down.



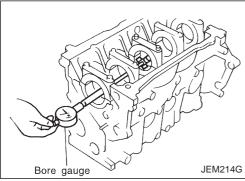
Inspection (Cont'd) CRANKSHAFT

- Check crankshaft main and pin journals for score, wear or cracks.
- 2. With a micrometer, measure journals for taper and out-of-round.



3. Measure crankshaft runout at No. 3 (center) journal. Runout (Total indicator reading):

Standard 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) Limit 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)



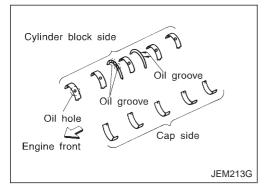
MAIN BEARING HOUSING INNER DIAMETER

- Without installing main bearings, install main bearing caps, and tighten bolts to the specified torque.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing housing with a bore gauge.

Standard:

66.654 - 66.681 mm (2.6242 - 2.6252 in) dia.

 If the measurement is out of the specified range, replace cylinder block and main bearing caps.



BEARING CLEARANCE

• Use either of the following two methods, however, method "A" gives more reliable results and is preferable.

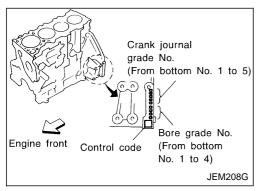
Method A (Using bore gauge & micrometer) Main bearing

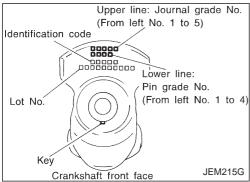
1. Install main bearings to the cylinder block and bearing cap, and tighten the bolts to the specified torque. Then, measure the inner diameter of the main bearings.

Oil clearance = Bearing ID - Crankshaft journal OD Standard: 0.039 - 0.066 mm (0.0015 - 0.0026 in)

Inspection (Cont'd)

2. If the value is out of the specified range, select main bearings to obtain the specified oil clearance, based on the measurements of the main bearing housing inner diameter and crankshaft journal outer diameter.





When using a new cylinder block and crankshaft:

- 1) Identify the bearing housing grade (No. 0, 1, or 2) on LH surface at the rear of the cylinder block, and locate the applicable grade on the "Grade" row in the table below.
- 2) Identify the journal grade (No. 0, 1, or 2) on the front surface of the crankshaft, and locate the applicable grade under the "Grade" column on the table.
- 3) The main bearing to be used (STD 0 to STD 4) can be located in the cell where the row and column cross.

When re-using removed cylinder block and crankshaft:

- 1) Measure the inner diameter of cylinder block main bearing housing.
- 2) Locate the applicable cell where the measurement falls, on "Cylinder block main bearing housing ID" row on the table.
- 3) Measure the outer diameter of the crankshaft journal.
- 4) Locate the applicable cell where the measurement falls, under "Crankshaft journal OD" column on the table.
- 5) The main bearing to be used (STD 0 to STD 4) can be located in the cell where the row and column cross.

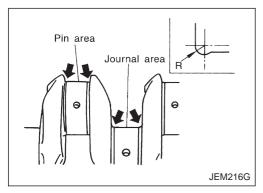
Inspection (Cont'd)

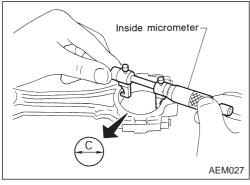
Selective fitting for main bearing

Unit: mm (in)

Cylinde	r block main bearing h	nousing ID	66.654 - 66.663 (2.6242 - 2.6245)	66.663 - 66.672 (2.6245 - 2.6249)	66.672 - 66.681 (2.6249 - 2.6252)
Crankshaft journal OD	Grade (punched)		0	1	2
62.967 - 62.975 (2.4790 - 2.4793)	0	Bearing grade No.Bearing thicknessOil clearanceIdentification color	STD 0 1.816 - 1.820 (0.0715 - 0.0717) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Black	STD 1 1.820 - 1.824 (0.0717 - 0.0718) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Brown	STD 2 1.824 - 1.828 (0.0718 - 0.0720) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Green
62.959 - 62.967 (2.4787 - 2.4790)	1	Bearing grade No.Bearing thicknessOil clearanceIdentification color	STD 1 1.820 - 1.824 (0.0717 - 0.0718) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Brown	STD 2 1.824 - 1.828 (0.0718 - 0.0720) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Green	STD 3 1.828 - 1.832 (0.0720 - 0.0721) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Yellow
62.951 - 62.959 (2.4784 - 2.4787)	2	Bearing grade No.Bearing thicknessOil clearanceIdentification color	STD 2 1.824 - 1.828 (0.0718 - 0.0720) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Green	STD 3 1.828 - 1.832 (0.0720 - 0.0721) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Yellow	STD 4 1.832 - 1.836 (0.0721 - 0.0723) 0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026) Blue

- 3. When the specified oil clearance is not obtained with standard size main bearings, use undersized bearings.
- When an undersized bearing is used, measure the inner diameter of the bearing while the bearing is installed. Grind crankshaft journal so that the specified oil clearance is obtained.





Undersize bearing

Unit: mm (in)

Size	Thickness	
US 0.25 (0.0098)	1.949 - 1.953 (0.0767 - 0.0769)	

CAUTION:

When grinding the crankshaft journal to use an undersize bearing, avoid damaging the fillet R.

Connecting Rod Bearing (Big end)

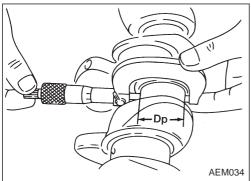
- 1. Install connecting rod bearing to connecting rod and cap.
- 2. Install connecting rod cap to connecting rod.

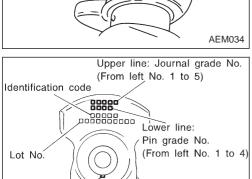
3. Measure inner diameter "C" of connecting rod.

Tighten bolts to the specified torque.

Inner diameter:

Standard 55.000 - 55.013 mm (2.1654 - 2.1659 in)





Crankshaft front face

Kev

Inspection (Cont'd)

- 4. Measure outer diameter "Dp" of each crankshaft pin journal.
- Calculate connecting rod bearing clearance.
 Connecting rod bearing clearance = C Dp Standard: 0.031 - 0.061 mm (0.0012 - 0.0024 in)
- 6. If it exceeds the standard, replace bearing.

When using a new crankshaft and connecting rods:

- Identify the pin diameter grade (No. 0, 1, or 2) on front surface of crankshaft and select the connecting rod bearings of the same grade.
- There is no grading for the inner diameter of the big end of the connecting rod.

When re-using the removed crankshaft and connecting rods:

- Measure the inner diameter of the big end of the connecting rod and make sure it is within the specified range.
- Measure the outer diameter of the crankshaft pin.
- Determine the crankshaft pin grade by comparing the measurement with the values under the column "Crankshaft pin OD" of the table below. Choose the bearings of the same grade.

Selective fitting for connecting rod bearing

JFM215G

Connecting ro	od big end ID		- 55.013 - 2.1659)
Crankshaft pin OD	Grade (punched)	0 (no pu	unching)
51.968 - 51.974 (2.0460 - 2.0462)	0	Bearing grade No.Bearing thicknessOil clearanceIdentification color	STD 0 1.492 - 1.496 (0.0587 - 0.0589) 0.031 - 0.061 (0.0012 - 0.0024) Black
51.961 - 51.968 (2.0457 - 2.0460)	1	Bearing grade No.Bearing thicknessOil clearanceIdentification color	STD 1 1.496 - 1.500 (0.0589 - 0.0591) 0.031 - 0.061 (0.0012 - 0.0024) Brown
51.954 - 51.961 (2.0454 - 2.0457)	2	 Bearing grade No. Bearing thickness Oil clearance Identification color 	STD 2 1.500 - 1.504 (0.0591 - 0.0592) 0.031 - 0.061 (0.0012 - 0.0024) Green

- If clearance cannot be adjusted within the standard of any bearing, grind crankshaft journal and use undersized bearing.
- When an undersized bearing is used, measure the inner diameter of the bearing while the bearing is installed. Grind the pins so that the specified oil clearance is obtained.

Pin area Journal area Pin area Jemz16G

Inspection (Cont'd)

Undersize bearing

Unit: mm (in)

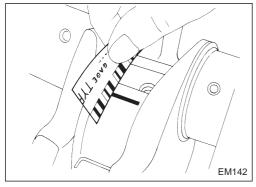
Size	Thickness
US 0.08 (0.0031)	1.536 - 1.540 (0.0605 - 0.0606)
US 0.12 (0.0047)	1.556 - 1.560 (0.0613 - 0.0614)
US 0.25 (0.0098)	1.621 - 1.625 (0.0638 - 0.0640)

CAUTION:

When grinding the crankshaft journal to use an undersize bearing, avoid damaging the fillet R.

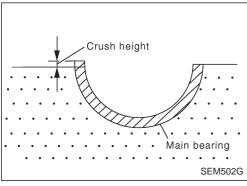
Standard dimension R:

1.5 - 1.7 mm (0.0591 - 0.0669 in)



Method B (Using plastigage) CAUTION:

- Do not turn crankshaft or connecting rod while plastigage is being inserted.
- When bearing clearance exceeds the specified limit, ensure that the proper bearing has been installed. If incorrect bearing clearance exists, use a thicker or undersized main bearing to ensure specified clearance.

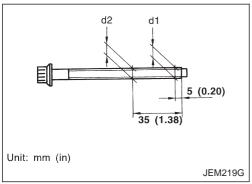


MAIN BEARING CRUSH HEIGHT

 When the bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with main bearings installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude.

Standard: There must be crush height.

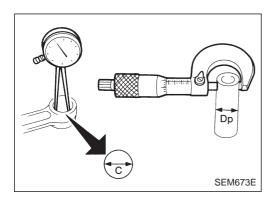
• If the standard is not met, replace main bearings.



MAIN BEARING CAP BOLT DEFORMATION

- Measure the outer diameter of threaded area, d1 and d2, at the points specified in the figure.
- When the necked point is identified at a point other than where specified, measure at the point as d2.
- Calculate the difference between d1 and d2.

Limit: 0.13 mm (0.0051 in)



Inspection (Cont'd) CONNECTING ROD BUSHING CLEARANCE (SMALL END)

1. Measure inner diameter "C" of bushing.

Inner diameter "C":

Standard 28.026 - 28.038 mm (1.1034 - 1.1039 in)

2. Measure outer diameter "Dp" of piston pin.

Outer diameter "Dp":

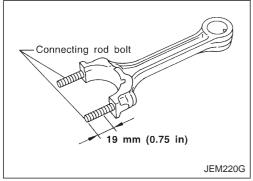
Standard 27.994 - 28.000 mm (1.1021 - 1.1024 in)

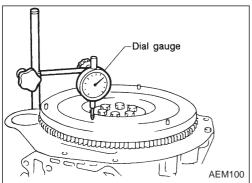
3. Calculate connecting rod bushing clearance.

Connecting rod bushing clearance = C - Dp Standard: 0.026 - 0.044 mm (0.0010 - 0.0017 in)

Limit: 0.057 mm (0.0022 in)

If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly and/or piston set with pin.





CONNECTING ROD BOLT DEFORMATION

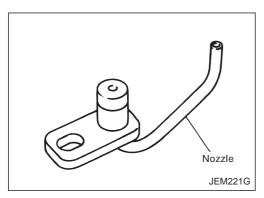
- Install nuts to connecting rod bolts. Check that the nut can be screwed smoothly on bolt threads by hand to the last thread on the bolt.
- If the nut does not screw in smoothly, measure the outer diameter of the bolt thread at the point specified in the figure.
- If a necked point is identified, measure at that point.
 Standard: 8.90 9.00 mm (0.3504 0.3543 in) dia.
 Limit: 8.75 mm (0. 3445 in) dia.
- If the measurement exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod bolts and nuts.

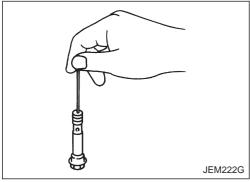
FLYWHEEL RUNOUT

Runout (Total indicator reading): Less than 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

CAUTION:

- The signal plate is built into the flywheel assembly. Be careful not to damage the signal plate, especially the teeth.
- Check the signal plate for deformation or cracks.
- Never place the flywheel assembly with the signal plate facing down.
- Keep any magnetized objects away from the signal plate.
- Do not allow any magnetic materials to contact the signal plate teeth.





Inspection (Cont'd)

OIL JET

- Check nozzle for deformation or damage.
- Check oil passage for obstruction by blowing in air on nozzle side.
- If abnormality is found, clean or replace.



Using a clean resin rod, press down on the check valve inside relief valve. Check for appropriate bounce/repulsion and smooth operation.

Assembly

PISTON

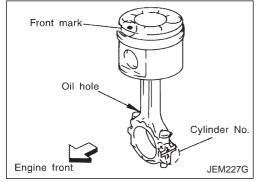
- 1. With using snap ring pliers, install snap rings to grooves at the rear side of the piston.
- Install securely to fully fit into the groove.
- 2. Install piston to the connecting rod.
- Heat the piston with an industrial drier to 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F) so that the piston pin can be easily inserted by finger.
 Then, insert the piston pin from the front of the piston into the piston and into the connecting rod.
- Assemble so that the front mark on the piston top surface and cylinder No. stamped on connecting rod are positioned as shown in the figure.
- 3. Install snap ring on piston front.
- Refer to step 1. above for notes for installation.
- After installing, check that the connecting rod moves smoothly.
- 4. Install piston rings using piston ring expander (Commercial Service Tool).
- Be extremely careful to avoid any damage to the piston.
- Install top ring and second ring with the punched surface facing upward.

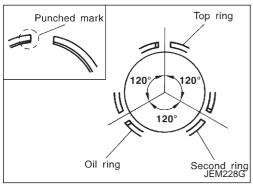
Identification mark:

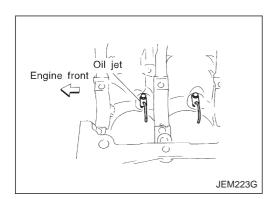
Top ring R

Second ring 2R

- Install rings so that three closed gap position 120° apart one another.
- Closed gaps do not need to face in a specific directions, as long as each are positioned 120° apart.

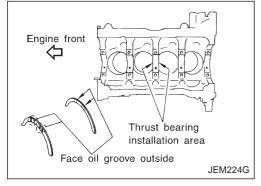




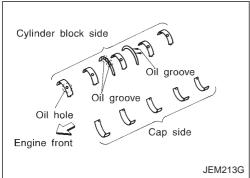


Assembly (Cont'd) CRANKSHAFT 1. Blow air sufficiently interest in the sufficient of the sufficient of

- Blow air sufficiently into the coolant passage, oil passage in the cylinder block, inside of crankshaft case, and inside of cylinder bores to remove any foreign materials.
- 2. Install oil jet relief valves.
- 3. Install oil jets.



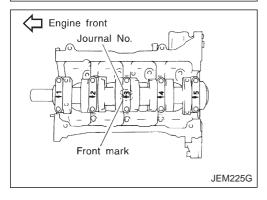
- 4. Install main bearings and thrust bearings.
- Remove debris, dust, and oil from the locations on the cylinder block and main bearing caps where bearings are installed.
- b. Install thrust bearing on each side of cylinder block No. 3 housing.
- Install thrust bearings with oil groove facing in the direction of the crankshaft arm (outside).

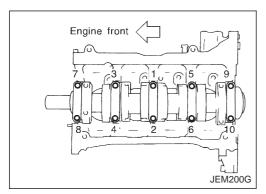


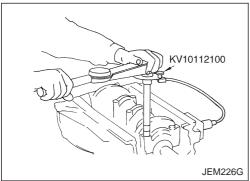
- c. Be sure to install main bearings in the correct direction.
- Make sure those with oil holes or oil grooves are mounted on the cylinder block side, and those without oil holes or oil grooves are on the main cap side.
- Before installing, apply engine oil on the front (inner) surfaces of bearings. Do not apply oil to the back surfaces, but thoroughly clean them.
- Align stopper notches on bearings and install.
- Check the oil holes on cylinder block and those on bearings are aligned.

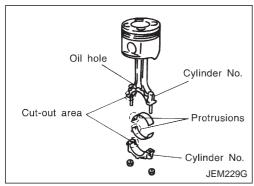


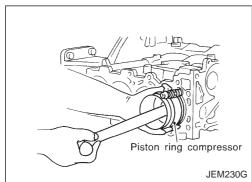
- Make sure crankshaft rotates smoothly by hand.
- Install main bearing caps.
- Identify main bearing caps by the punched mark. Install correctly, matching the journal No. on the bearing cap and the journal, with the front mark facing forward.
- Main bearing caps are commonly processed with the cylinder block. Therefore, caps and cylinder block should be replaced as a set.

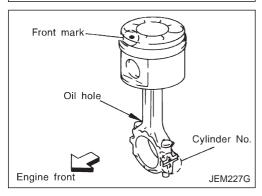








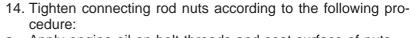




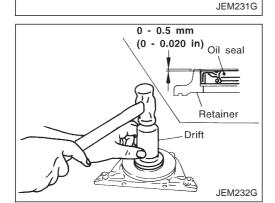
Assembly (Cont'd)

- 7. Check the main bearing cap bolts for deformation. Refer to EM-3079, "MAIN BEARING CAP BOLT DEFORMATION".
- 8. Tighten the main bearing cap bolts according to the following procedure:
- a. Apply engine oil to the threaded part and seat surface of each bolt.
- b. Tighten to 25 to 30 N·m (2.5 to 3.1 kg-m, 18 to 22 ft-lb) in the numerical order shown in the figure.
- c. Put alignment marks (with paint) on each bolt and the main bearing cap, all in the same direction. (when using a protractor)
- d. Then, tighten 90° to 95° [target: 90°].
- Always use either an angle wrench (SST) or protractor during angular tightening. Avoid tightening based on visual checks alone.
- After tightening bolts to specified torque, make sure that crankshaft rotates smoothly.
- Check crankshaft end play. Refer to EM-3070, "CRANK-SHAFT END PLAY".
- Check the outer diameter of connecting rod bolts. Refer to EM-3080, "CONNECTING ROD BOLT DEFORMATION".
- 10. Install piston to connecting rod.
- 11. Install connecting rod bearing to connecting rod and connecting rod cap.
- Before installing, apply engine oil on the front (inner) surface of bearing. Do not apply oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
- Align stopper notches on connecting rod and protrusions on bearing and install.
- 12. Install piston and connecting rod assembly to crankshaft.
- Set crankshaft pin of the installation location at BDC.
- Match the cylinder No. of connecting rod to the location of cylinder.
- Using piston ring compressor (Commercial Service Tool), install so that the front mark on the piston top surface faces in the direction of engine front.
- 13. Install connecting rod caps.
- Match the cylinder No. punched on connecting rod and that on cap.
- Make sure that the front mark on connecting rod cap faces towards the front of the engine.

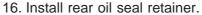
Assembly (Cont'd)



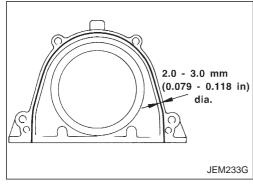
- a. Apply engine oil on bolt threads and seat surface of nuts.
- b. Tighten to 29 to 30 N·m (2.9 to 3.1 kg-m, 21 to 22 ft-lb).
- c. Loosen completely to 0 N·m (0 kg-m, 0 in-lb).
- d. Tighten to 19 to 20 N·m (1.9 to 2.1 kg-m, 14 to 15 ft-lb).
- e. Tighten 120° to 125° [target: 120°]. (angular tightening)
- Always use either an angle wrench (SST) or protractor during angular tightening. Avoid tightening based on visual checks alone.
- After tightening nuts, check that crankshaft rotates smoothly.
- Check connecting rod side clearance. Refer to EM-3070, "CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE".
- 15. Force fit rear oil seal into rear oil seal retainer.
- Using a drift [105 mm (4.13 in) dia.], force fit so that the dimension is as specified in the figure.
- Avoid inclined fitting. Force fit perpendicularly.



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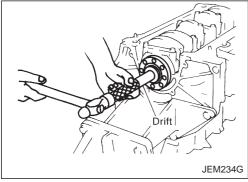


 Apply a continuous bead of specified liquid gasket (Refer to EM-3003, "Liquid Gasket Application Procedure".) on locations shown in the figure.



17. Install pilot bushing.

Force fit with the drift [approx. 19 mm (0.75 in) dia.].



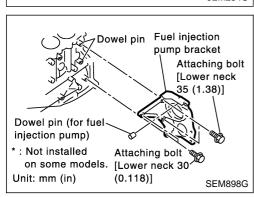
- 18. Install fuel injection pump bracket.
- Align the bracket with the dowel pins on the block to install.
- The two bolts used for dowel pins have a longer shanks than the other two.
- Check the protruding distance of the dowel pin for fuel injection pump.

Standard: 13.0 - 15.0 mm (0.512 - 0.591 in)

- 19. Install parts to the engine in the reverse order of disassembly.
- Tighten bolts securing brackets of auxiliary components (A/C compressor, alternator) to the specified torque.

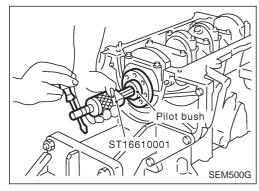
(5.8 - 6.7 kg-m, 42 - 48 ft-lb)

EM-3084



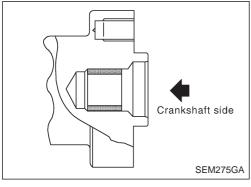
Assembly (Cont'd)

- 20. Remove engine from engine stand in the reverse order of assembly.
- 21. Install flywheel.
- Holding ring gear with ring stopper (SST), tighten securing bolts with TORX-socket (size: Q8 E20, Commercial Service Tool).
- Tighten bolts uniformly in a crisscross manner.



REPLACEMENT OF PILOT BUSHING

1. Remove pilot bushing using tool or suitable tool.



2. Install pilot bushing as shown.

Inspection and Adjustment

VALVE

Valve clearance adjustment Unit: mm (in)

Valve clearance (Hot)

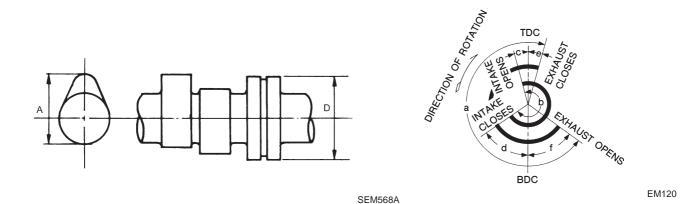
Intake 0.31 - 0.39 (0.012 - 0.015)

0.33 - 0.41 (0.013 - 0.016)

Exhaust (Except for Europe) 0.39 - 0.47 (0.015 - 0.019) (For Europe)

.... (....) (. ... _)

CAMSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT BEARING



		Star	ndard	Limit
Ones Installed (A)	Intake	42.505 - 42.695	5 (1.673 - 1.681)	_
Cam height (A)	Exhaust	40.905 - 41.095 (1.610 - 1.618)		_
Wear limit of cam height		_		0.2 (0.008)
Camshaft journal to bearing clearance		0.045 - 0.090 (0	0.0018 - 0.0035)	0.12 (0.0047)
Inner diameter of camshaft bearing	#1 to #5 journals	28.000 - 28.025	(1.1024 - 1.1033)	_
Outer diameter of camshaft journal (D)	#1 to #5 journals	27.935 - 27.955	(1.0998 - 1.1006)	_
Camshaft runout*		Less than 0.02 (0.0008)		0.04 (0.0016)
Camshaft end play		0.070 - 0.148 (0.0028 - 0.0058)		0.2 (0.008)
		Except for Europe	For Europe	
	а	216	224	_
	b	232	224	_
Valve timing (Degree on crankshaft)	С	-1	-1	_
	d	53	45	_
	е	4	7	_
	f	32	37	_

^{*} Total indicator reading

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

PISTON, PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN

Piston r	ing		Unit: mm (in)
		Standard	Limit
	Тор	0.040 - 0.080 (0.0016 - 0.0031)	0.1 (0.004)
Side clearance	2nd	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)	0.1 (0.004)
	Oil	0.065 - 0.135 (0.0026 - 0.0053)	0.1 (0.004)
	Тор	0.28 - 0.52 (0.0110 - 0.0205)	1.0 (0.039)
Ring gap	2nd	0.45 - 0.69 (0.0177 - 0.0272)	1.0 (0.039)
	Oil (rail ring)	0.20 - 0.69 (0.0079 - 0.0272)	1.0 (0.039)

General Specifications

Cylinder arrangement		In-line 4
Displacement cm³ (cu in)		2,488 (151.82)
Bore and stroke mm (in)		89.0 x 100 (3.504 x 3.937)
Valve arrangement		DOHC
Firing order		1-3-4-2
Number of pieter visus	Compression	2
Number of piston rings Oil		1
Number of main bearings		5
Compression ratio		18.0

Compression Pressure

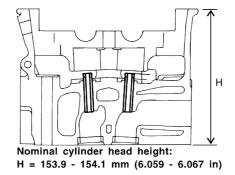
Unit: kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)/200 rpm

	Standard	3,100 (31.00, 31.6, 45.0)
Compression pressure	Minimum	2,500 (25.00, 25.5, 363)
	Differential limit between cylinders	490 (4.90, 5.0, 71)

Cylinder Head

Unit: mm (in)

	Standard	Limit
Head surface distortion	Less than 0.03 (0.0012)	0.1 (0.004)

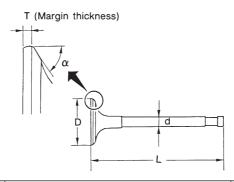


JEM204G

Valve

VALVE

Unit: mm (in)



SEM188

Valve head diameter "D"	Intake	28.0 - 28.3 (1.102 - 1.114)	
	Exhaust	26.0 - 26.3 (1.024 - 1.035)	
	Intake	106.72 (4.2016)	
Valve length "L"	Exhaust	106.36 (4.1874)	
Valve stem diameter "d"	Intake	5.965 - 5.980 (0.2348 - 0.2354)	
	Exhaust	5.945 - 5.960 (0.2341 - 0.2346)	
Maharanatan da 11	Intake	45°15′ - 45°45′	
Valve seat angle "α"	Exhaust	40 10 - 40 40	
Valve margin "T"	Intake	1.38 (0.0543)	
valve margin i	Exhaust	1.48 (0.0583)	
Valve margin "T" limit		More than 1.0 (0.039)	
Valve stem end surface grinding limit		Less than 0.2 (0.008)	

VALVE CLEARANCE

Unit: mm (in)

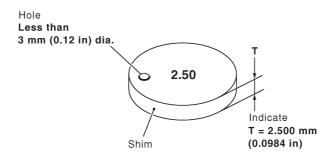
	Cold	Hot* (reference data)
Intake	0.24 - 0.32 (0.009 - 0.013)	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.015)
Exhaust	0.26 - 0.34 (0.010 - 0.013)	0.33 - 0.41 (0.013 - 0.016)

^{*:} Approximately 80°C (176°F)

AVAILABLE SHIMS

Thickness mm (in)	Identification mark
2.10 (0.0827)	2.10
2.12 (0.0835)	2.12
2.14 (0.0843)	2.14
2.16 (0.0850)	2.16
2.18 (0.0858)	2.18
2.20 (0.0866)	2.20
2.22 (0.0874)	2.22
2.24 (0.0882)	2.24
2.26 (0.0890)	2.26
2.28 (0.0898)	2.28
2.30 (0.0906)	2.30
2.32 (0.0913)	2.32
2.34 (0.0921)	2.34

CERTICE DATA AND CI ESTI TOATIONS (CDS)				
Valve (Cont'd)				
2.36 (0.0929)	2.36			
2.38 (0.0937)	2.38			
2.40 (0.0945)	2.40			
2.42 (0.0953)	2.42			
2.44 (0.0961)	2.44			
2.46 (0.0969)	2.46			
2.48 (0.0976)	2.48			
2.50 (0.0984)	2.50			
2.52 (0.0992)	2.52			
2.54 (0.1000)	2.54			
2.56 (0.1008)	2.56			
2.58 (0.1016)	2.58			
2.60 (0.1024)	2.60			
2.62 (0.1031)	2.62			
2.64 (0.1039)	2.64			
2.66 (0.1047)	2.66			
2.68 (0.1055)	2.68			
2.70 (0.1063)	2.70			
2.72 (0.1071)	2.72			
2.74 (0.1079)	2.74			



SEM512G

VALVE SPRING

Free height mm (in)	Outer	43.7 (1.720)
Pressure N (kg, lb) at height mm (in)	Outer	320 - 360 (32.6 - 36.7, 71.9 - 80.9) at 24.82 (0.9772)
Out-of-square mm (in)	Outer	Limit 1.9 (0.075)

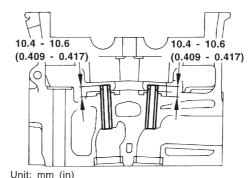
VALVE LIFTER

Valve lifter outer diameter	29.960 - 29.975 (1.1795 - 1.1801)
Lifter guide inner diameter	30.000 - 30.021 (1.1181 - 1.1819)
Clearance between lifter and lifter guide	0.025 - 0.061 (0.0010 - 0.0024)

Valve (Cont'd)

VALVE GUIDE

Unit: mm (in)

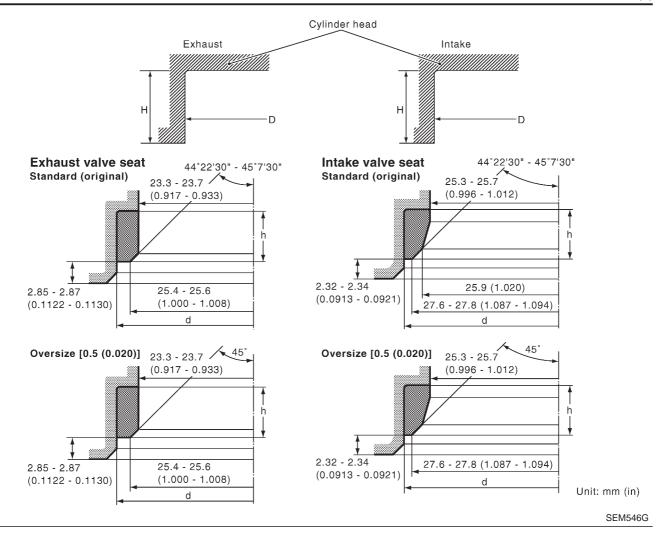


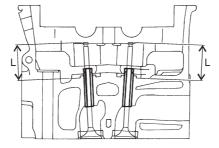
JEM156G

		Standard	Service	
Valve guide	Outer diameter	10.023 - 10.034 (0.3946 - 0.3950)	10.223 - 10.234 (0.4025 - 0.4029)	
Valve guide	Inner diameter (Finished size)	6.000 - 6.018 (0	0.2362 - 0.2369)	
Cylinder head valve guide hole	diameter	9.975 - 9.996 (0.3927 - 0.3935) 10.175 - 10.196 (0.4006 - 0.40		
Interference fit of valve guide		0.027 - 0.059 (0.0011 - 0.0023)		
		Standard	Limit	
Stem to guide clearance	Intake	0.020 - 0.053 (0.0008 - 0.0021)	0.08 (0.0031)	
Sterri to guide clearance	Exhaust	0.040 - 0.073 (0.0016 - 0.0029)	0.1 (0.004)	
Valve deflection limit		0.15 (0.0059)		
Projection length		10.4 - 10.6 (0.409 - 0.417)		

Valve Seat

Unit: mm (in)





JEM253G

		Standard	Service	
Cylinder head seat recess diameter (D)	Intake	30.000 - 30.016 (1.1181 - 1.1817)	30.500 - 30.516 (1.2008 - 1.2014)	
Cylinder flead seat fecess diameter (b)	Exhaust	29.000 - 29.016 (1.1417 - 1.1424)	29.500 - 29.516 (1.1614 - 1.1620)	
Valve seat interference fit	Intake	0.064 - 0.100 (0.0025 - 0.0039)		
Exhaust		0.064 - 0.096 (0.0025 - 0.0038)		
Valve seat outer diameter (d)	Intake	30.080 - 30.100 (1.1842 - 1.1850)	30.580 - 30.600 (1.2039 - 1.2047)	
valve seat outer diameter (d)	Exhaust	29.080 - 29.096 (1.1449 - 1.1455)	29.580 - 29.596 (1.1646 - 1.1652)	
Height (h)	Intake	7.0 - 7.1 (0.276 - 0.280)	6.60 - 6.70 (0.2598 - 0.2638)	
Exhaust		6.7 - 6.8 (0.264 - 0.268)	6.3 - 6.4 (0.248 - 0.252)	

YD25DDTi

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Depth (H)	Intake	8.83 - 9.13 (0.3476 - 0.3594)
	Exhaust	9.06 - 9.36 (0.3567 - 0.3685)
Depth (L)	Intake	36.53 - 36.98 (1.4382 - 1.4559)
	Exhaust	36.53 - 37.01 (1.4382 - 1.4571)

Camshaft and Camshaft Bearing

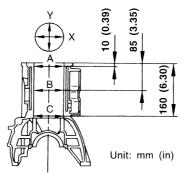
	Standard	Limit
Camshaft journal to bearing clearance	0.045 - 0.086 (0.0018 - 0.0034)	0.045 - 0.086 (0.0018 - 0.0034)
Inner diameter of camshaft bearing	No. 1 30.500 - 30.521 (1.2008 - 1.2016) No. 2, 3, 4, 5 24.000 - 24.021 (0.9449 - 0.9457)	_
Outer diameter of camshaft journal	No. 1 30.435 - 30.455 (1.1982 - 1.1990) No. 2, 3, 4, 5 23.935 - 23.955 (0.9423 - 0.9431)	_
Camshaft runout [TIR*]	_	0.02 (0.0008)
Camshaft sprocket runout [TIR*]	Less than 0.15 (0.0059)	_
Camshaft end play	0.070 - 0.148 (0.0028 - 0.0058)	
*: Total indicator reading	0.070 - 0.148 (0.0028 - 0.0058)	



Cam height "A"		Intake Exhaust	39.505 - 39.695 (1.5553 - 1.5628) 39.905 - 40.095 (1.5711 - 1.5785)		
Wear limit of cam height	t			0.15 (0.0059)	
Valve timing		DIRECTION OF		PBIC0187E	
					Unit: degree
а	b	С	d	е	f
224	212	2	30	-2	46

Cylinder Block

Unit: mm (in)



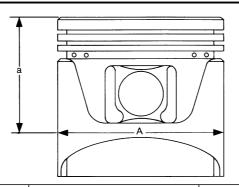
SEM899G

Overforce flatering	Standard		Less than 0.03 (0.0012)	
Surface flatness	Limit			0.1 (0.004)
			Grade No. 1	89.000 - 89.010 (3.5039 - 3.5043)
Outlined and to a sec	la a a a dia a a ata a	Standard	Grade No. 2	89.010 - 89.020 (3.5043 - 3.5047)
Cylinder bore	Inner diameter		Grade No. 3	89.020 - 89.030 (3.5047 - 3.5051)
	Wear limit			0.07 (0.0028)
Out-of-round (X – Y)		Less than 0.015 (0.0006)		
Taper (C - A)				Less than 0.010 (0.0004)
Main journal inner Grade No. 0 diameter grade Grade No. 1 Without bearing) Grade No. 2		66.654 - 66.663 (2.6242 - 2.6245) 66.663 - 66.672 (2.6245 - 2.6249) 66.672 - 66.681 (2.6249 - 2.6252)		
Difference in inner diameter between cylinders			Less than 0.05 (0.0020)	

Piston, Piston Ring and Piston Pin

AVAILABLE PISTON

Unit: mm (in)



SEM882E

Piston clearance to cylinder block			0.050 - 0.070 (0.0020 - 0.0028)
Piston pin hole diameter			27.997 - 28.005 (1.1022 - 1.1026)
"a" dimension			59.0 (2.323)
		0.50 (0.0197) oversize (Service)	89.440 - 89.470 (3.5213 - 3.5224)
		0.25 (0.0098) oversize (Service)	89.190 - 89.220 (3.5114 - 3.5126)
Piston skirt diameter "A" Stand	Standard	Grade No. 3	88.960 - 88.970 (3.5024 - 3.5027)
		Grade No. 2	88.950 - 88.960 (3.5020 - 3.5024)
		Grade No. 1	88.940 - 88.950 (3.5016 - 3.5020)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) Piston, Piston Ring and Piston Pin (Cont'd)

PISTON RING

Unit: mm (in)

		Standard	Limit
	Тор	0.050 - 0.090 (0.0020 - 0.0035)	0.1 (0.004)
Side clearance	2nd	0.050 - 0.090 (0.0020 - 0.0035)	0.1 (0.004)
	Oil ring	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)	_
	Тор	0.21 - 0.31 (0.0083 - 0.0122)	1.0 (0.039)
End gap	2nd	0.37 - 0.52 (0.0146 - 0.0205)	1.0 (0.039)
	Oil (rail ring)	0.30 - 0.55 (0.0118 - 0.0217)	1.0 (0.039)

PISTON PIN

Unit: mm (in)

		J ()
Piston pin outer diameter		27.994 - 28.000 (1.1021 - 1.1024)
Interference fit of piston pin to piston		0.002 - 0.006 (0.0001 - 0.0002)
Dieton nin to connecting rad hunbing clearance	Standard	0.026 - 0.044 (0.0010 - 0.0017)
Piston pin to connecting rod bushing clearance	Limit	0.057 (0.0022)

^{*:} Values measured at ambient temperature of 20°C (68°F)

Connecting Rod

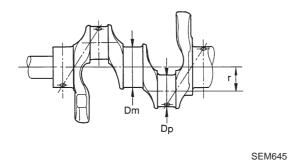
Center distance		154.47 - 154.53 (6.0815 - 6.0838)
Bend [per 100 (3.94)]	Limit	0.12 (0.0047)
Torsion [per 100 (3.94)]	Limit	0.12 (0.0047)
Connecting rod small end inner diameter		30.080 - 31.000 (1.1842 - 1.2205)
Piston pin bushing inner diameter*		28.026 - 28.038 (1.1034 - 1.1039)
Connecting rod big end inner diameter		55.000 - 55.013 (2.1654 - 2.1659)
Cide aleganes	Standard	0.200 - 0.350 (0.0079 - 0.0138)
Side clearance	Limit	0.4 (0.016)

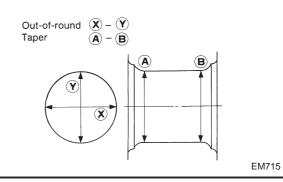
^{*:} After installing in connecting rod

Crankshaft

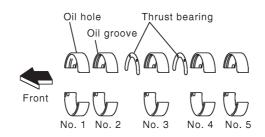
Unit: mm (in)

		- ' ()
Main journal dia. "Dm" grade	Grade No. 0 Grade No. 1 Grade No. 2	62.967 - 62.975 (2.4790 - 2.4793) 62.959 - 62.967 (2.4787 - 2.4790) 62.951 - 62.959 (2.4784 - 2.4787)
	Grade No. 0	51.968 - 51.974 (2.0460 - 2.0462)
Pin journal dia. "Dp"	Grade No. 1	51.961 - 51.968 (2.0457 - 2.0460)
	Grade No. 2	51.954 - 51.961 (2.0454 - 2.0457)
Center distance "r"	enter distance "r" 49.97 - 50.03	
Out-of-round (X – Y)	Standard/Limit	Less than 0.003 (0.0001)/Less than 0.005 (0.0002)
Taper (A – B)	Standard/Limit	Less than 0.003 (0.0001)/Less than 0.005 (0.0002)
D	Standard	Less than 0.05 (0.0020)
Runout [TIR*]	Limit	Less than 0.10 (0.0039)
Free end play	Standard	0.085 - 0.25 (0.0033 - 0.0098)
	Limit	0.30 (0.0118)
	·	





Available Main Bearing



SEM255G

Grade number	Thickness "T" mm (in)	Width "W" mm (in)	Identification color
0	1.816 - 1.820 (0.0715 - 0.0717)		Black
1	1.820 - 1.824 (0.0717 - 0.0718)		Brown
2	1.824 - 1.828 (0.0718 - 0.0720)	19.9 - 20.1 (0.783 - 0.791)	Green
3	1.828 - 1.832 (0.0720 - 0.0721)		Yellow
4	1.832 - 1.836 (0.0721 - 0.0723)		Blue

^{*:} Total indicator reading

Available Main Bearing (Cont'd)

UNDERSIZE

Unit: mm (in)

	Thickness	Main journal diameter "Dm"
0.25 (0.0098)	1.949 - 1.953 (0.0767 - 0.0769)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

Available Connecting Rod Bearing

CONNECTING ROD BEARING

Grade number	Thickness "T" mm (in)	Width "W" mm (in)	Identification color (mark)
0	1.492 - 1.496 (0.0587 - 0.0589)		Black
1	1.496 - 1.500 (0.0589 - 0.0591)	22.9 - 23.1 (0.902 - 0.909)	Brown
2	1.500 - 1.504 (0.0591 - 0.0592)	(3.2.2. 3.3.3.4)	Green

UNDERSIZE

Unit: mm (in)

	Thickness	Crank pin journal diameter "Dp"
0.08 (0.0031)	1.536 - 1.540 (0.0605 - 0.0606)	
0.12 (0.0047)	1.556 - 1.560 (0.0613 - 0.0614)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.
0.25 (0.0098)	1.621 - 1.625 (0.0638 - 0.0640)	

Miscellaneous Components

Unit: mm (in)

	S.m ()
Flywheel runout [TIR]*	Less than 0.15 (0.0059)

^{*:} Total indicator reading

BEARING CLEARANCE

		()
Main bearing clearance	Standard	0.039 - 0.066 (0.0015 - 0.0026)
	Limit	0.10 (0.0039)
Connecting rod bearing clearance	Standard	0.031 - 0.061 (0.0012 - 0.0024)
	Limit	0.09 (0.0035)