

# SECTION GI

## GENERAL INFORMATION

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# HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

### HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

#### Description

INFOID:0000000010727531

This volume explains "Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment" and "Trouble Diagnoses".

#### Terms

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- The captions **WARNING** and **CAUTION** warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury and/or damage to some part of the vehicle.

**WARNING** indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed.

**CAUTION** indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed.

**BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS** except **WARNING** and **CAUTION** give you helpful information.

Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment.

Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment.

#### Units

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- The **UNITS** given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system.

Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque.

#### "Example"

##### Range

**Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg·m, 43 - 58 ft-lb)**

##### Standard

**Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N·m (4.5 kg·m, 33 ft-lb)**

#### Contents

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- **A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX**, a black tab (e.g. **BR**) is provided on the first page. You can quickly find the first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab.
- **THE CONTENTS** are listed on the first page of each section.
- **THE TITLE** is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system.
- **THE PAGE NUMBER** of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section and a number (e.g. "BR-5").
- **THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS** show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations.  
Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

# HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

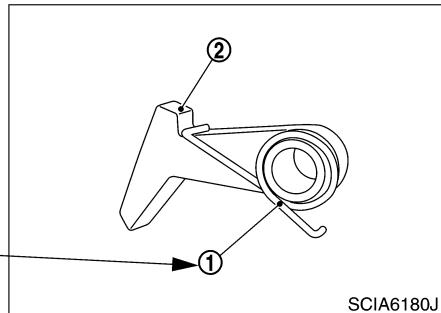
## Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

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The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.

< Example 1 >

1. Remove return spring ① from parking pawl ②.

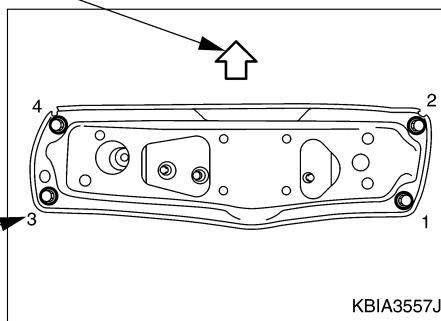


The identifier number of the part name in the text is consistent with the identifier part number in the illustration.

< Example 2 >

-  : Vehicle front
- Tighten rear member mounting bolts following the numerical order shown in the illustration.
- Note : View upward

Direction mark



The numbers in the illustration are consistent with the service operation instructions.

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## Components

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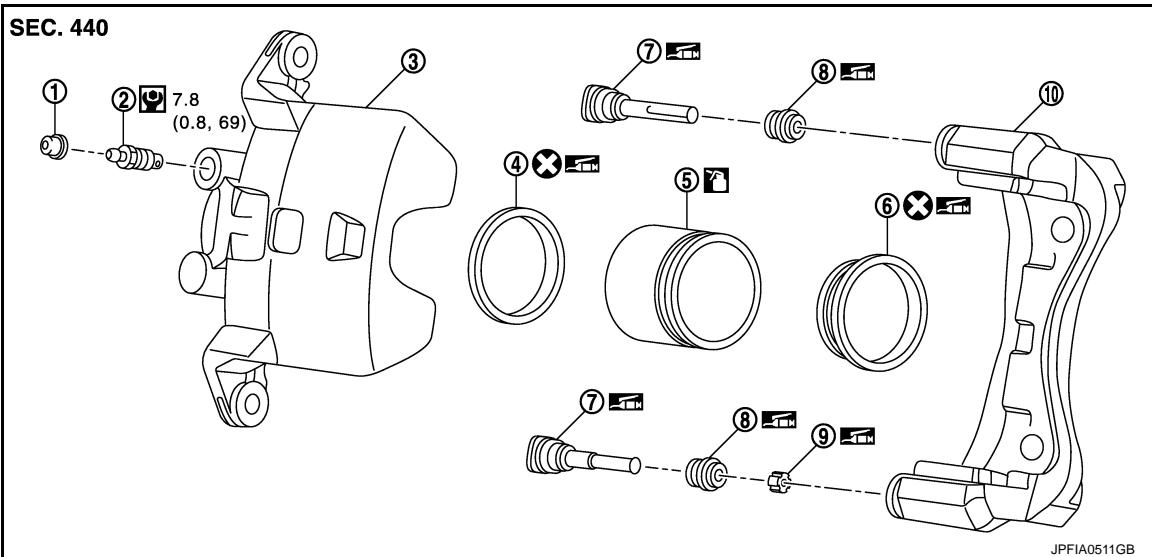
- **THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS** are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the **PARTS CATALOG** (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

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① Cap	② Bleeder valve	③ Cylinder body
④ Piston seal	⑤ Piston	⑥ Piston boot
⑦ Sliding pin	⑧ Sliding pin boot	⑨ Bushing
⑩ Torque member		

: Apply rubber grease.

: Apply brake fluid.

: N·m (kg-m, in-lb)

: Always replace after every disassembly

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## SYMBOLS

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) Tightening torque The tightening torque specifications of bolts and nuts may be presented as either a range or a standard tightening torque.		Always replace after every disassembly.
	N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)		Select with proper thickness.
	Should be lubricated with oil.		Adjustment is required.
	Sealing point		Direction
	Should be lubricated with grease. Unless otherwise indicated, use recommended multi-purpose grease.		Metal clip
	Apply petroleum jelly.		Clip
	Sealing point with locking sealant.		Pawl
	Apply ATF.		

# HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

### Description

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#### NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

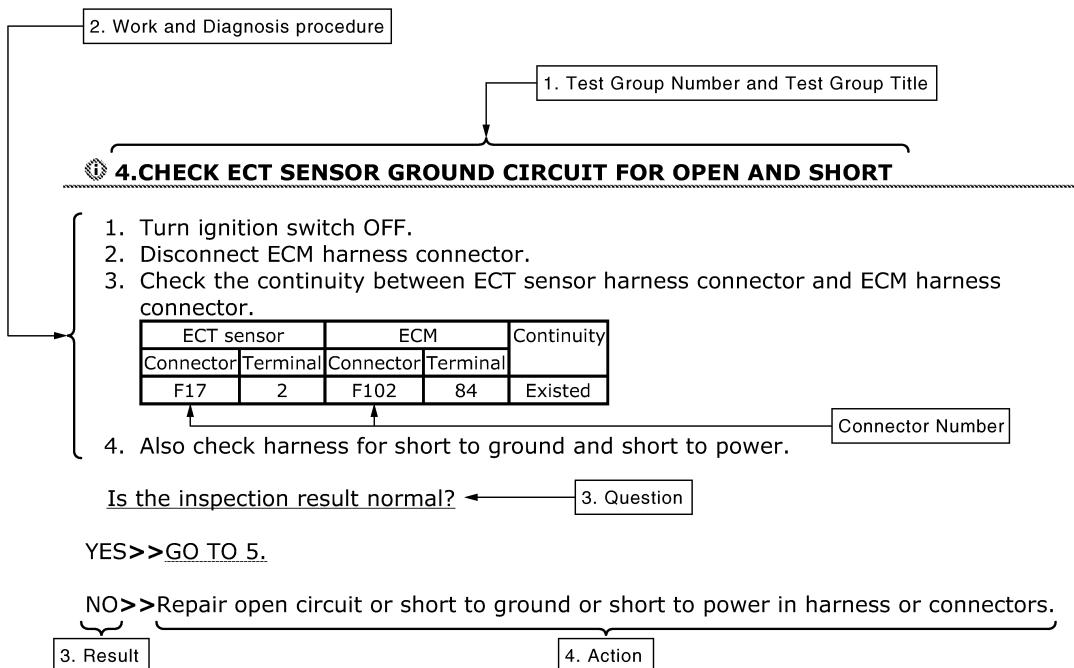
- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the "Work Flow" in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.

If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.

- Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, check that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

### How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

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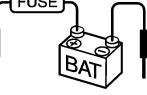
1. Test group number and test group title
  - Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
2. Work and diagnosis procedure
  - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
3. Questions and results
  - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
4. Action
  - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each question.

# HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## Key to Symbols Signifying Measurements or Procedures

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SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.		Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)
	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.		Procedure without CONSULT or GST
	Insert key into ignition switch.		A/C switch is "OFF".
	Remove key from ignition switch.		A/C switch is "ON".
	Insert and remove key repeatedly.		REC switch is "ON".
	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.		REC switch is "OFF".
	Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.		Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)
	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".
	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.		Apply fuse.
	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.		Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components.
	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.		
	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.		

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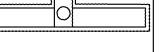
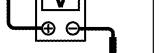
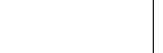
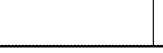
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# HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.		Drive vehicle.
	Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.		
	Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.		Disconnect battery negative cable.
	Start engine, or check with engine running.		Depress brake pedal.
	Apply parking brake.		Release brake pedal.
	Release parking brake.		Depress accelerator pedal.
	Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.		Release accelerator pedal.
	Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.		Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors.
	Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter.		For details regarding the terminal arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.
	Current should be measured with an ammeter.		
	Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.		
	Procedure with CONSULT		
	Procedure without CONSULT		
	Place selector lever in "P" position.		
	Place selector lever in "N" position.		
	Jack up front portion.		
	Jack up rear portion.		
	Inspect under engine room.		
	Inspect under floor.		
	Inspect rear under floor.		

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# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

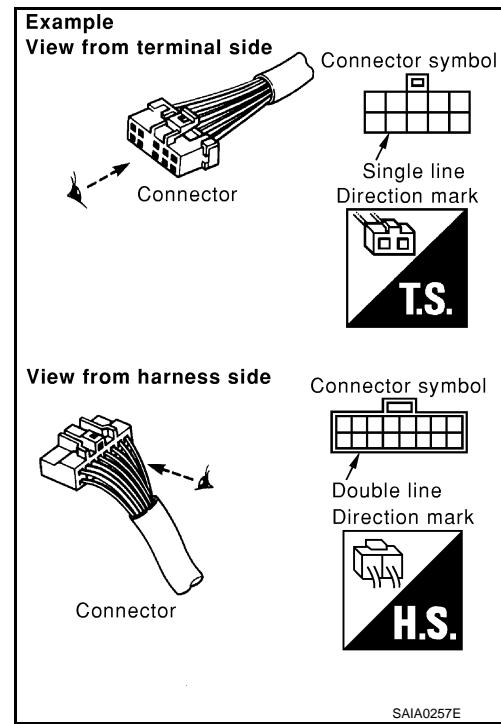
### Connector Symbols

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Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

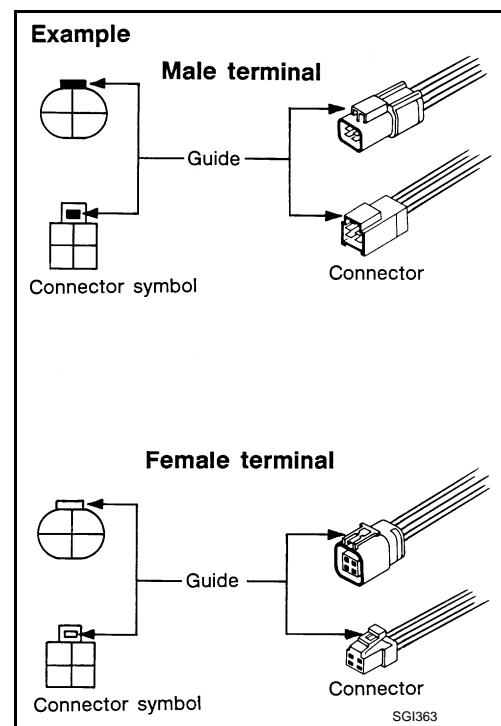
- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by a single line and followed by the direction mark.
- Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



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- Male and female terminals

Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



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## HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

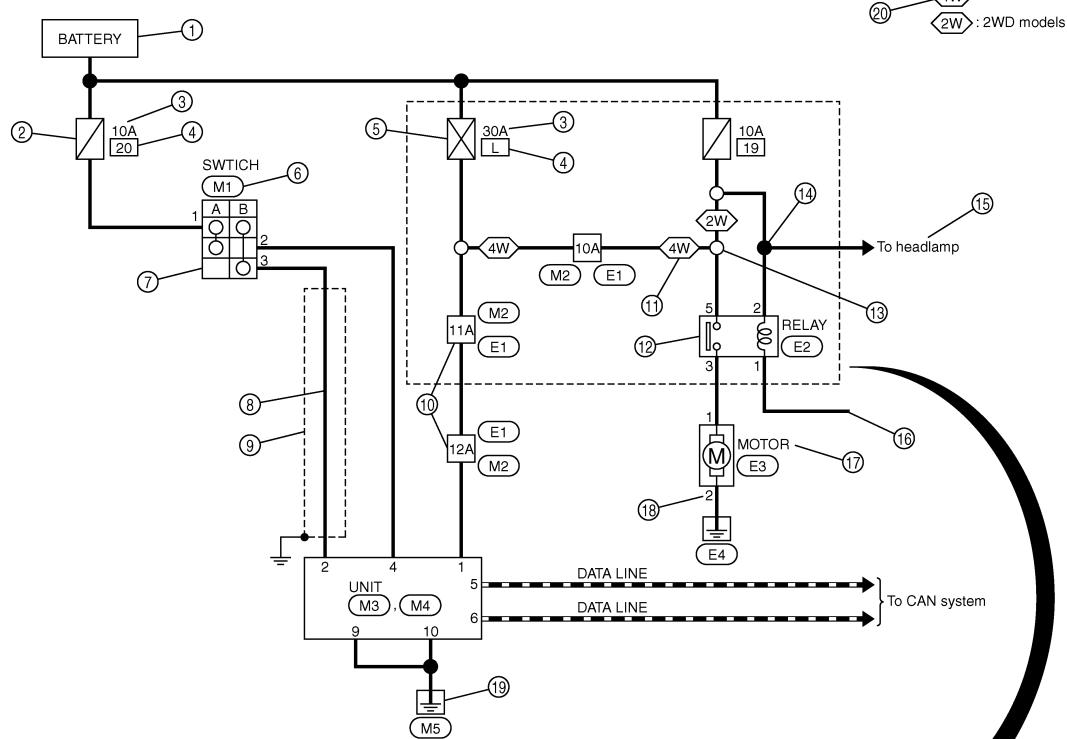
## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## Sample/Wiring Diagram -Example-

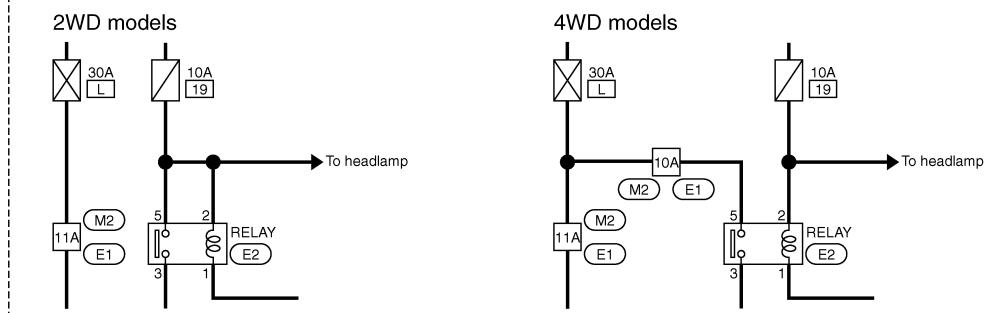
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Each section includes wiring diagrams.

## EXAMPL



## Optional splice



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### Description

Description		Description
Number	Item	
①	Power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.</li> </ul>
②	Fuse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "/" means the fuse.</li> </ul>
③	Current rating of fusible link/fuse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.</li> </ul>
④	Number of fusible link/fuse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.</li> </ul>
⑤	Fusible link	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "X" means the fusible link.</li> </ul>
⑥	Connector number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed.</li> <li>• Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.</li> </ul>
⑦	Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.</li> </ul>
⑧	Circuit (Wiring)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This means the wiring.</li> </ul>

# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

Number	Item	Description
⑨	Shielded line	• The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.
⑩	Connectors	• This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.
⑪	Option abbreviation	• This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between “○”.
⑫	Relay	• This shows an internal representation of the relay.
⑬	Optional splice	• The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.
⑭	Splice	• The shaded circle “●” means the splice.
⑮	System branch	• This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.
⑯	Page crossing	• This circuit continues to an adjacent page.
⑰	Component name	• This shows the name of a component.
⑱	Terminal number	• This means the terminal number of a connector.
⑲	Ground (GND)	• This shows the ground connection.
⑳	Explation of option description	• This shows a description of the option abbreviation used on the page.

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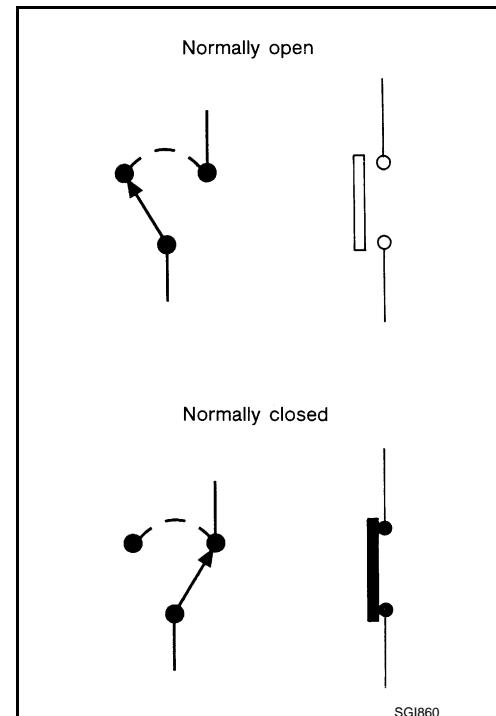
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## SWITCH POSITIONS

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the “normal” condition.

A vehicle is in the “normal” condition when:

- ignition switch is “OFF”
- doors, hood and trunk lid/back door are closed
- pedals are not depressed
- parking brake is released



## MULTIPLE SWITCH

The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

- The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.

# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

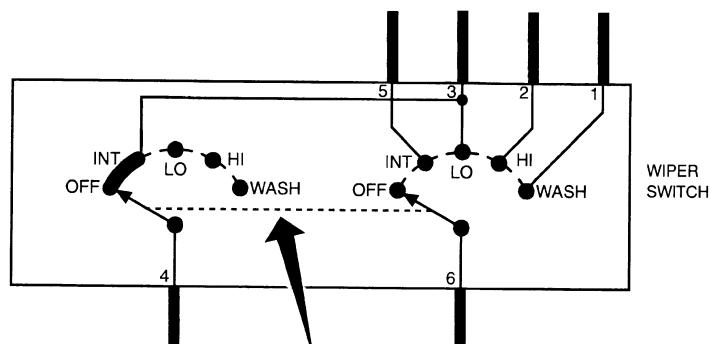
- The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.

### Example

(SWITCH CHART)

	OFF	INT	LO	HI	WASH
1					
2					
3	○	○	○		
4	○	○			
5		○			
6	○	○	○		

(SWITCH DIAGRAM)



Both switches are turned in combination.

Continuity circuit of wiper switch

SWITCH POSITION	CONTINUITY CIRCUIT
OFF	3-4
INT	3-4, 5-6
LO	3-6
HI	2-6
WASH	1-6

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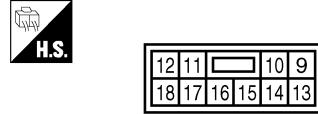
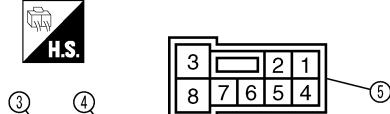
## Connector Information

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## HOW TO USE CONNECTOR INFORMATION

①	Connector No.	M3
②	Connector Name	UNIT
②	Connector Type	NS06FW-M2

Connector No.	M4
Connector Name	UNIT
Connector Type	NS10FW-CS



Terminal No.	Color of Wire	Signal Name [Specification]
1	W	BAT
2	G	SWITCH B
4	V	SWITCH A
5	L	CAN-H
6	P	CAN-L

Terminal No.	Color of Wire	Signal Name [Specification]
9	B	GND
10	B	GND

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# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

### Description

Number	Item	Description	GI																		
①	Connector number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed.</li> <li>Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.</li> </ul>	B C D E																		
②	Connector type	<p>①: Connector model          ②: Cavity          ③: Male (M) and female (F) terminals          ④: Connector color          ⑤: Special type</p>	<p>Example:</p> <p>JPMIA0113GB</p>																		
③	Terminal number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This means the terminal number of a connector.</li> </ul>	F																		
④	Wire color	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This shows a code for the color of the wire.</li> </ul> <table> <tbody> <tr> <td>B = Black</td> <td>BR = Brown</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W = White</td> <td>OR or O = Orange</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R = Red</td> <td>P = Pink</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G = Green</td> <td>PU or V (Violet) = Purple</td> </tr> <tr> <td>L = Blue</td> <td>GY or GR = Gray</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y = Yellow</td> <td>SB = Sky Blue</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LG = Light Green</td> <td>CH = Dark Brown</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BG or BE = Beige</td> <td>DG = Dark Green</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LA = Lavender</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the wire color is striped, the base color is given first, followed by the stripe color as shown below:          Example: L/W = Blue with White Stripe</li> </ul>	B = Black	BR = Brown	W = White	OR or O = Orange	R = Red	P = Pink	G = Green	PU or V (Violet) = Purple	L = Blue	GY or GR = Gray	Y = Yellow	SB = Sky Blue	LG = Light Green	CH = Dark Brown	BG or BE = Beige	DG = Dark Green	LA = Lavender		G H I
B = Black	BR = Brown																				
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LG = Light Green	CH = Dark Brown																				
BG or BE = Beige	DG = Dark Green																				
LA = Lavender																					
⑤	Connector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This means the connector information.</li> <li>This unit-side is described by the connector symbols.</li> </ul>	J																		

## How to Repair Aluminum Wires

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### PRECAUTIONS FOR THE HANDLING OF ALUMINUM WIRES

- If an aluminum wire is damaged (e.g. broken), never perform the repair method for copper wires (soldering).
- Never perform electrotap for connecting broken aluminum wires.
- To secure the wire fixing strength (a force to protect aluminum wire from being disconnected from crimp terminal) and electrical conductivity, always use the dedicated harness repair kit and caulking tool [SST: KV99112600] when repairing broken wires.

### HOW TO DISTINGUISH ALUMINUM WIRES

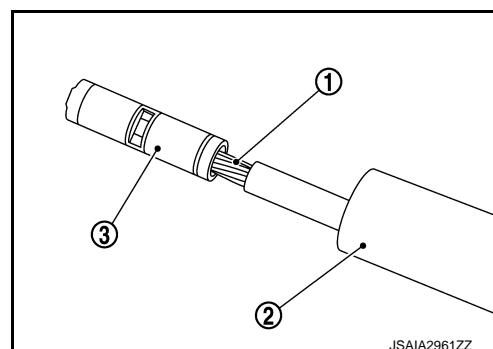
Wiring color: Lavender (Color code: LA)

### HOW TO REPAIR BROKEN WIRES

- Insert heat shrinkable tube ② into the target aluminum wire ① beforehand.
- Strip wire terminal approximately 10 mm and insert it into crimp terminal ③.

**CAUTION:**

Check wire size and use appropriate crimp terminal.



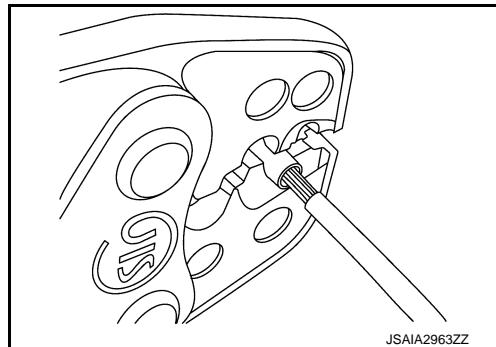
## HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

- Set crimp terminal to the die (tooth) of caulking tool [SST: KV99112600].

**CAUTION:**

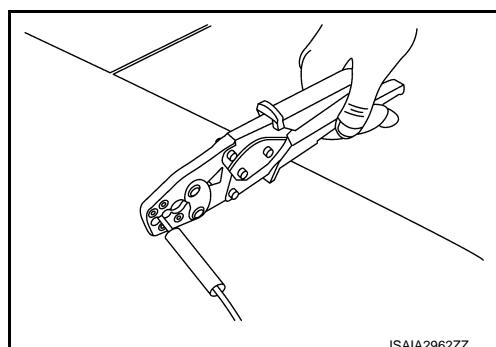
Use appropriate die (tooth) of caulking tool [SST: KV99112600] according to the crimp terminal size.



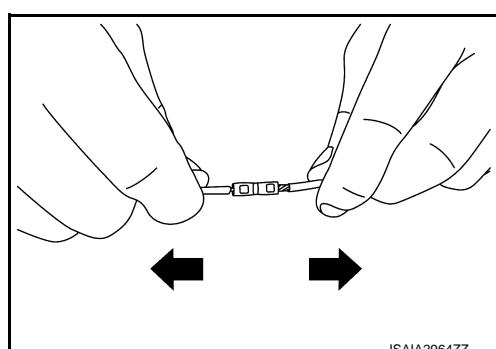
- Apply load until the handle of caulking tool [SST: KV99112600] is released.

**NOTE:**

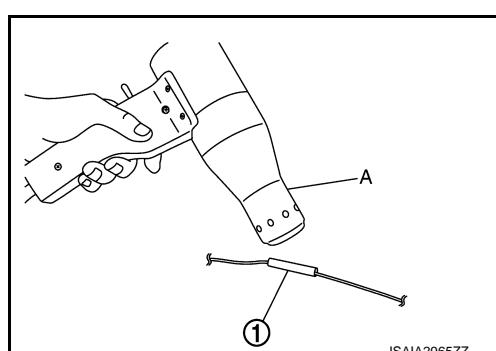
The handle of the specified caulking tool [SST: KV99112600] is not opened until crimping is completed.



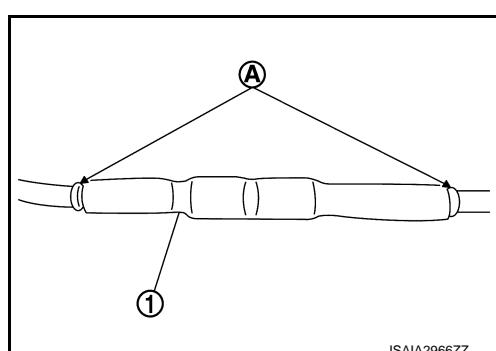
- After crimping both sides, pull wire at both ends to check that they are not disconnected from crimp terminals.



- Cover the crimp terminal with heat shrinkable tube ① and heat the tube with industrial dryer Ⓐ.



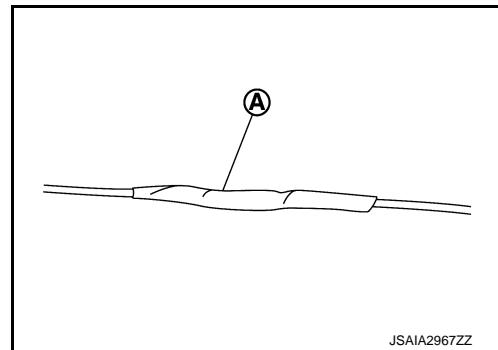
- After heating heat shrinkable tube ①, check that adhesive Ⓐ is squeezed out from both ends of tube to the entire perimeter.



# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

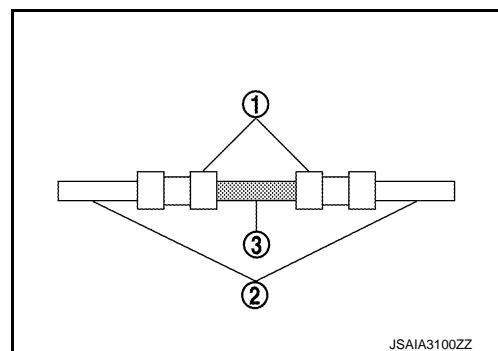
- Wind insulating tape ① around heat shrinkable tube for the purpose of waterproof and anticorrosion.



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## HOW TO EXTEND WIRES

When repairing a broken aluminum wire, it can be extended by connecting aluminum wire ② with copper wire ③ by using crimp terminal ①.



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# ABBREVIATIONS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## ABBREVIATIONS

### Abbreviation List

INFOID:000000010727544

The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

A

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
A/C	Air conditioner
A/C	Air conditioning
A/F sensor	Air fuel ratio sensor
A/T	Automatic transaxle/transmission
ABS	Anti-lock braking system
ACCS	Advance climate control system
ACL	Air cleaner
AP	Accelerator pedal
APP	Accelerator pedal position
ATF	Automatic transmission fluid
AV	Audio visual
AWD	All wheel drive

B

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
BARO	Barometric pressure
BCI	Back-up collision intervention
BCM	Body control module
BLSD	Brake limited slip differential
BPP	Brake pedal position
BSW	Blind spot warning

C

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
CKP	Crankshaft position
CL	Closed loop
CMP	Camshaft position
CPP	Clutch pedal position
CTP	Closed throttle position
CVT	Continuously variable transaxle/transmission

D

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
D1	Drive range first gear
D2	Drive range second gear
D3	Drive range third gear
D4	Drive range fourth gear
DCA	Distance control assist
DDS	Downhill drive support
DFI	Direct fuel injection system
DLC	Data link connector
DTC	Diagnostic trouble code

# ABBREVIATIONS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
E	E/T	Exhaust temperature	GI
	EBD	Electric brake force distribution	B
	EC	Engine control	C
	ECL	Engine coolant level	D
	ECM	Engine control module	E
	ECT	Engine coolant temperature	F
	ECV	Electrical control valve	G
	EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable read only memory	H
	EFT	Engine fuel temperature	I
	EGR	Exhaust gas recirculation	J
	EGRT	Exhaust gas recirculation temperature	K
	EGT	Exhaust gas temperature	L
	EOP	Engine oil pressure	M
	EP	Exhaust pressure	N
	EPR	Exhaust pressure regulator	O
	EPS	Electronically controlled power steering	P
	ESP	Electronic stability program system	
F	EVAP canister	Evaporative emission canister	
	EVSE	Electric vehicle supply equipment	
	EXC	Exhaust control	
G	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
	FC	Fan control	
	FCW	Forward collision warning	
	FEB	Forward emergency braking	
	FIC	Fuel injector control	
	FP	Fuel pump	
	FR	Front	
	FRP	Fuel rail pressure	
	FRT	Fuel rail temperature	
	FTP	Fuel tank pressure	
	FTT	Fuel tank temperature	
H	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
	GND	Ground	
	GPS	Global positioning system	
	GST	Generic scan tool	
	HBMC	Hydraulic body-motion control system	
	HDD	Hard disk drive	
	HO2S	Heated oxygen sensor	
	HOC	Heated oxidation catalyst	
	HPCM	Hybrid power train control module	

## ABBREVIATIONS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION
I/M	Inspection and maintenance	
IA	Intake air	
IAC	Idle air control	
IAT	Intake air temperature	
IBA	Intelligent brake assist	
IC	Ignition control	
ICC	Intelligent cruise control	
ICM	Ignition control module	
IPDM E/R	Intelligent power distribution module engine room	
ISC	Idle speed control	
ISS	Input shaft speed	
K		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION
KS	Knock sensor	
L		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION
LBC	Li-ion battery controller	
LCD	Liquid crystal display	
LCU	Local control unit	
LDP	Lane departure prevention	
LDW	Lane departure warning	
LED	Light emitting diode	
LH	Left-hand	
LIN	Local interconnect network	
M		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION
M/T	Manual transaxle/transmission	
MAF	Mass airflow	
MAP	Manifold absolute pressure	
MDU	Multi display unit	
MI	Malfunction indicator	
MIL	Malfunction indicator lamp	
N		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION
NOX	Nitrogen oxides	
O		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION
O2	Oxygen	
O2S	Oxygen sensor	
OBD	On board diagnostic	
OC	Oxidation catalytic converter	
OD	Overdrive	
OL	Open loop	
OSS	Output shaft speed	

# ABBREVIATIONS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

P	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	GI
	P/S	Power steering	
	PBR	Potentio balance resistor	B
	PCV	Positive crankcase ventilation	
	PFCW	Predictive forward collision warning	
	PNP	Park/Neutral position	C
	PSP	Power steering pressure	
	PTC	Positive temperature coefficient	D
	PTO	Power takeoff	
	PWM	Pulse width modulation	
R	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	E
	RAM	Random access memory	
	RAS	Rear active steer	F
	RH	Right-hand	
	ROM	Read only memory	G
	RPM	Engine speed	
	RR	Rear	
S	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	H
	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.	
	SCK	Serial clock	I
	SDS	Service Data and Specifications	
	SRT	System readiness test	J
	SST	Special Service Tools	
T	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	K
	TC	Turbocharger	
	TCM	Transmission control module	L
	TCS	Traction control system	
	TCU	Telematics communication unit	M
	TP	Throttle position	
	TPMS	Tire pressure monitoring system	N
	TSS	Turbine shaft speed	
	TWC	Three way catalytic converter	
U	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	O
	USS	Uphill start support	
V	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	P
	VCM	Vehicle control module	
	VDC	Vehicle dynamics control system	
	VIN	Vehicle identification number	
	VSS	Vehicle speed sensor	

## ABBREVIATIONS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
WOT	Wide open throttle
1	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
11	1st range first gear
12	1st range second gear
1GR	First gear
2	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
21	2nd range first gear
22	2nd range second gear
2GR	Second gear
2WD	2-wheel drive
3	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
3GR	Third gear
4	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
4GR	Fourth gear
4WAS	Four wheel active steer
4WD	Four wheel drive
5	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
5GR	Fifth gear
6	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
6GR	Sixth gear
7	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
7GR	Seventh gear

# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

### Description

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This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO\* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/ nuts; shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to [GI-21, "Tightening Torque Table \(New Standard Included\)".](#)
- The new standard machine screws and tapping screws have a head of ISO standard torx recess.
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to [GI-21, "Tightening Torque Table \(New Standard Included\)".](#)

\*ISO: International Organization for Standardization

### Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

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### PREVIOUS STANDARD

Grade (Strength grade)	Bolt size	Bolt di- ameter mm	Hexagonal width across flats mm	Pitch mm	Tightening torque (Without lubricant)								
					Hexagon head bolt				Hexagon flange bolt				
					N·m	kg·m	ft-lb	in-lb	N·m	kg·m	ft-lb	in-lb	
4T	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62	
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	—	17	1.7	13	—	
				1.0	13.5	1.4	10	—	17	1.7	13	—	
	M10	10.0	14	1.5	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—	
				1.25	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—	
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	—	
				1.25	45	4.6	33	—	65	6.6	48	—	
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—	
	7T	M6	6.0	10	1.0	9	0.92	7	80	11	1.1	8	97
		M8	8.0	12	1.25	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	—
					1.0	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	—
		M10	10.0	14	1.5	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	—
					1.25	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	—
		M12	12.0	17	1.75	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—
					1.25	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—
		M14	14.0	19	1.5	130	13	96	—	170	17	125	—
		9T	M6	6.0	10	1.0	11	1.1	8	—	13.5	1.4	10
			M8	8.0	12	1.25	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26
						1.0	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26
			M10	10.0	14	1.5	55	5.6	41	—	80	8.2	59
						1.25	55	5.6	41	—	80	8.2	59
			M12	12.0	17	1.75	100	10	74	—	130	13	96
						1.25	100	10	74	—	130	13	96
			M14	14.0	19	1.5	170	17	125	—	210	21	155

**CAUTION:**

# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

**The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.**

**NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO**

Grade (Strength grade)	Bolt size	Bolt di- ameter mm	Hexagonal width across flats mm	Pitch mm	Tightening torque							
					Hexagon head bolt				Hexagon flange bolt			
					N·m	kg·m	ft-lb	in-lb	N·m	kg·m	ft-lb	in-lb
4.8 (Without lubricant)	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	—	17	1.7	13	—
				1.0	13.5	1.4	10	—	17	1.7	13	—
	M10	10.0	16	1.5	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—
				1.25	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	—
				1.25	45	4.6	33	—	65	6.6	48	—
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—
4.8 (With lu- bricant)	M6	6.0	10	1.0	4	0.41	3	35	5.5	0.56	4	49
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	11	1.1	8	—	13.5	1.4	10	—
				1.0	11	1.1	8	—	13.5	1.4	10	—
	M10	10.0	16	1.5	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	—
				1.25	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	—
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	35	3.6	26	—	45	4.6	33	—
				1.25	35	3.6	26	—	45	4.6	33	—
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	65	6.6	48	—	80	8.2	59	—
8.8 (With lu- bricant)	M6	6.0	10	1.0	8	0.82	6	71	10	1.0	7	89
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	21	2.1	15	—	25	2.6	18	—
				1.0	21	2.1	15	—	25	2.6	18	—
	M10	10.0	16	1.5	40	4.1	30	—	50	5.1	37	—
				1.25	40	4.1	30	—	50	5.1	37	—
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	70	7.1	52	—	85	8.7	63	—
				1.25	70	7.1	52	—	85	8.7	63	—
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	120	12	89	—	140	14	103	—
10.9 (With lu- bricant)	M6	6.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	7	89	12	1.2	9	106
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	27	2.8	20	—	32	3.3	24	—
				1.0	27	2.8	20	—	32	3.3	24	—
	M10	10.0	16	1.5	55	5.6	41	—	65	6.6	48	—
				1.25	55	5.6	41	—	65	6.6	48	—
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	95	9.7	70	—	110	11	81	—
				1.25	95	9.7	70	—	110	11	81	—
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	160	16	118	—	180	18	133	—

**CAUTION:**

1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.
2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.
  - Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
  - Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

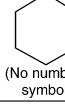
# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

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### BOLTS

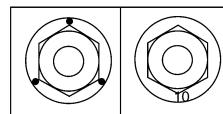
	Grade (Strength)	Discrimination	
Previous standard	4T (392N/mm <sup>2</sup> )		
	7T (686N/mm <sup>2</sup> )		
	9T (883N/mm <sup>2</sup> )		
New Standard	4.8 (420N/mm <sup>2</sup> )		
	8.8 (800N/mm <sup>2</sup> )		
	10.9 (1040N/mm <sup>2</sup> )		

### NUTS

	Grade (Proof load stress)	Discrimination		
Previous standard	7N (686N/mm <sup>2</sup> )			
	9N (883N/mm <sup>2</sup> )			
New Standard	8 (800N/mm <sup>2</sup> )			
	10 (1040N/mm <sup>2</sup> )			

#### NOTICE:

- A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.
- A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



### MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS

Shape of the head :

Cross recess for the previous standard

Torx recess for the new standard

Screw size	Screw diameter	Torx size
M4	4.0	T20
M5	5.0	T20
M6	6.0	T30

#### NOTICE:

Use torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for M5 screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

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## PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

# PRECAUTION

## PRECAUTIONS

### Description

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Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section.

### Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

INFOID:0000000010727548

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

#### **WARNING:**

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

### PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### **WARNING:**

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

### Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After Battery Disconnect

INFOID:0000000010727549

#### **CAUTION:**

Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction.

- Before removing and installing any control units, first turn the ignition power source and accessory power source to the OFF, then disconnect both battery cables.
- After finishing work, confirm that all control unit connectors are connected properly, then re-connect both battery cables.
- Always use CONSULT to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If a DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnosis results.

For vehicle with steering lock unit, if the battery is disconnected or discharged, the steering wheel will lock and cannot be turned.

If turning the steering wheel is required with the battery disconnected or discharged, follow the operation procedure below before starting the repair operation.

### OPERATION PROCEDURE

1. Connect both battery cables.

#### **NOTE:**

Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

2. Open driver door.
3. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.  
(At this time, the steering lock will be released.)

# PRECAUTIONS

## < PRECAUTION >

4. Turn the ignition switch to OFF position with driver door open.
5. Wait for 3 minutes or longer with driver door open.

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### NOTE:

- Do not close driver door because the steering wheel locks when driver door is closed.
- The auto acc function is adapted to this vehicle. For this reason, even when the ignition switch is turned to OFF position, the accessory power source does not turn OFF and continues to be supplied for a certain amount of time.

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6. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released with both battery cables disconnected and the steering wheel can be turned.
7. Perform the necessary repair operation.
8. When the repair work is completed, re-connect both battery cables. With the brake pedal released, turn the ignition switch from OFF position to ON position, then to LOCK position. (The steering wheel will lock when the ignition switch is turned to LOCK position.)
9. Perform self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT.

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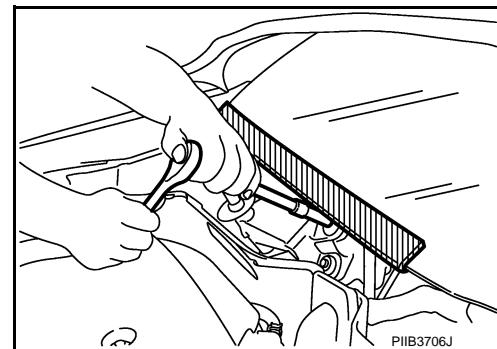
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## Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

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When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc to prevent damage to windshield.



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## Precautions for Removing Battery Terminal

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- With the adoption of Auto ACC function, ACC power is automatically supplied by operating the intelligent key or remote keyless entry or by opening/closing the driver side door. In addition, ACC power is supplied even after the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position, i.e. ACC power is supplied for a certain fixed time.
- When disconnecting the 12V battery terminal, turn off the ACC power before disconnecting the 12V battery terminal, observing "How to disconnect 12V battery terminal" described below.

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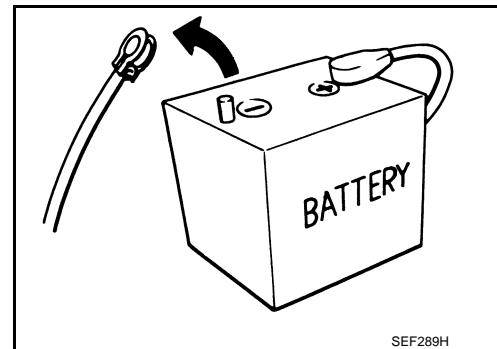
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### NOTE:

Some ECUs operate for a certain fixed time even after ignition switch is turned OFF and ignition power supply is stopped. If the battery terminal is disconnected before ECU stops, accidental DTC detection or ECU data damage may occur.

- For vehicles with the 2-batteries, be sure to connect the main battery and the sub battery before turning ON the ignition switch.



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### NOTE:

If the ignition switch is turned ON with any one of the terminals of main battery and sub battery disconnected, then DTC may be detected.

- After installing the 12V battery, always check "Self Diagnosis Result" of all ECUs and erase DTC.

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### NOTE:

The removal of 12V battery may cause a DTC detection error.

## HOW TO DISCONNECT 12V BATTERY TERMINAL

Disconnect 12V battery terminal according to Instruction 1 or Instruction 2 described below.

For vehicles parked by ignition switch OFF, refer to Instruction 2.

### INSTRUCTION 1

1. Open the hood.
2. Turn key switch to the OFF position with the driver side door opened.
3. Get out of the vehicle and close the driver side door.

## PRECAUTIONS

### < PRECAUTION >

4. Wait at least 3 minutes. For vehicle with the engine listed below, remove the battery terminal after a lapse of the specified time.

D4D engine	: 20 minutes
HRA2DDT	: 12 minutes
K9K engine	: 4 minutes
M9R engine	: 4 minutes
R9M engine	: 4 minutes
V9X engine	: 4 minutes

**CAUTION:**

While waiting, never operate the vehicle such as locking, opening, and closing doors. Violation of this caution results in the activation of ACC power supply according to the Auto ACC function.

5. Remove 12V battery terminal.

**CAUTION:**

After installing 12V battery, always check self-diagnosis results of all ECUs and erase DTC.

### INSTRUCTION 2 (FOR VEHICLES PARKED BY IGNITION SWITCH OFF)

1. Unlock the door with intelligent key or remote keyless entry.

**NOTE:**

At this moment, ACC power is supplied.

2. Open the driver side door.
3. Open the hood.
4. Close the driver side door.
5. Wait at least 3 minutes.

**CAUTION:**

While waiting, never operate the vehicle such as locking, opening, and closing doors. Violation of this caution results in the activation of ACC power supply according to the Auto ACC function.

6. Remove 12V battery terminal.

**CAUTION:**

After installing 12V battery, always check self-diagnosis results of all ECUs and erase DTC.

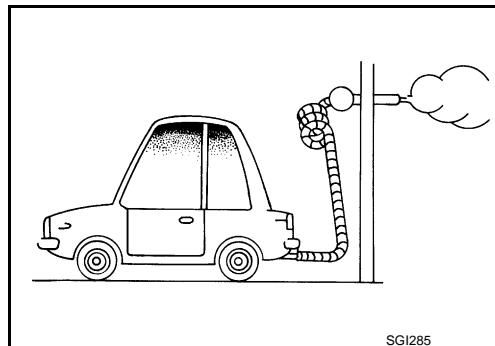
### General Precautions

INFOID:000000010727552

- Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.

Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials.

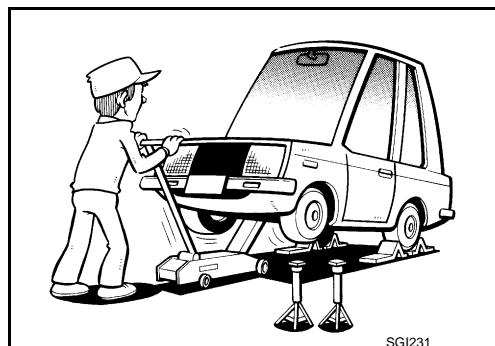
Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.



- Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle.

These operations should be done on a level surface.

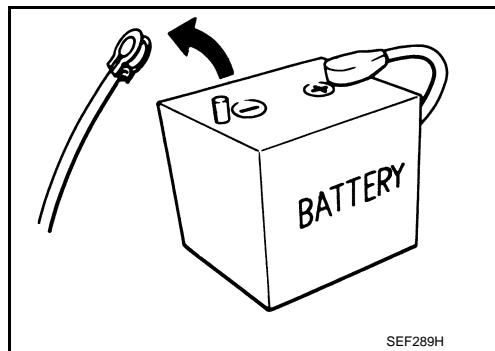
- When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.



## PRECAUTIONS

### < PRECAUTION >

- Before starting repairs which do not require battery power:  
Turn off ignition switch.  
Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.
- For vehicles with two batteries, be sure to remove both batteries when instructed to remove 12V battery in the service manual. If specified as main battery or sub battery, then do as instructed.



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- To prevent serious burns:  
Avoid contact with hot metal parts.  
Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
- Dispose of drained oil or the solvent used for cleaning parts in an appropriate manner.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.  
Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.
- Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent prior to inspection or assembly.
- Replace oil seals, gaskets, packings, O-rings, locking washers, cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.
- Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set.
- Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence.
- Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM).  
Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.
- After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.
- Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.
- Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.
- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leakage.



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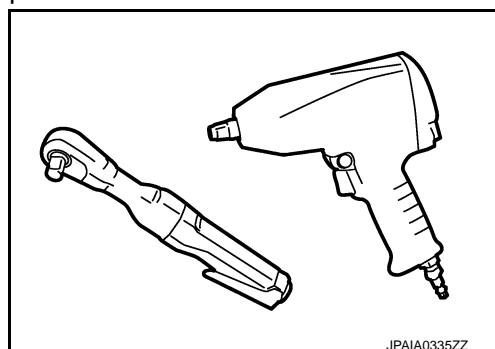
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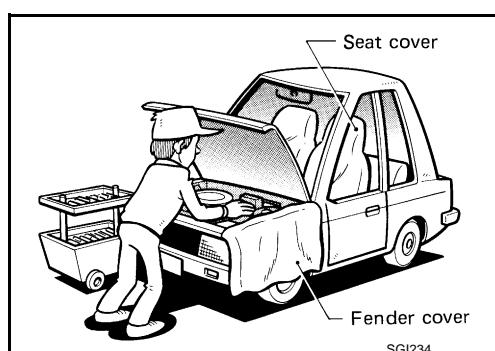
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- Before servicing the vehicle:  
Protect fenders, upholstery and carpeting with appropriate covers.  
Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.



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### WARNING:

To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, never carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module)

# PRECAUTIONS

## < PRECAUTION >

system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and TM sections.

### Three Way Catalyst

INFOID:0000000010727553

If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests quickly and only when necessary.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

### Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

INFOID:0000000010727554

- Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM:  
Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.  
Disconnect negative battery terminal.  
Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.
- Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.



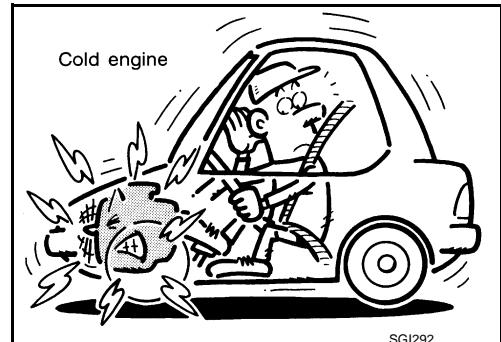
SGI787

### Turbocharger (If Equipped)

INFOID:0000000010944726

The turbocharger turbine revolves at extremely high speeds and becomes very hot. Therefore, it is essential to maintain a clean supply of oil flowing through the turbocharger and to follow all required maintenance instructions and operating procedures.

- Always use the recommended oil. Follow the instructions for proper time to change the oil and proper oil level.
- Avoid accelerating engine to a high rpm immediately after starting.
- If engine had been operating at high rpm for an extended period of time, let it idle for a few minutes prior to shutting off.



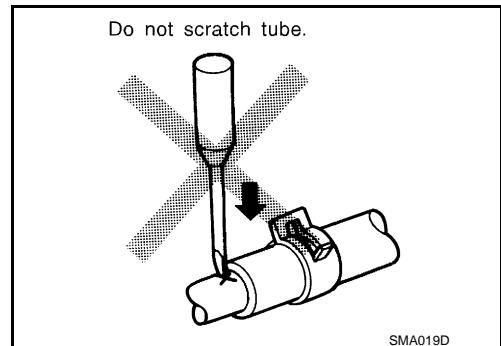
SGI292

### Hoses

INFOID:0000000010727555

#### HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.

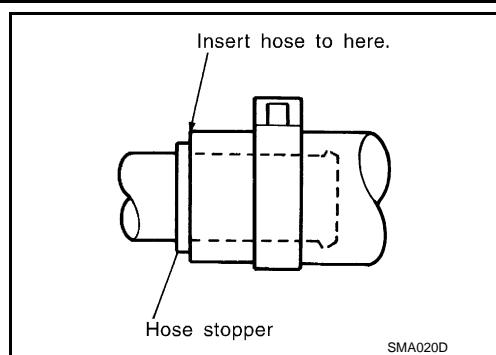


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## PRECAUTIONS

### < PRECAUTION >

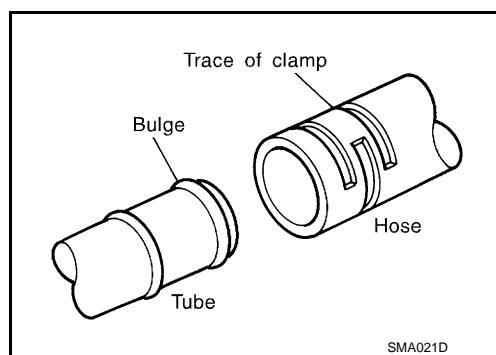
- To reinstall the rubber hose securely, check that hose insertion length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose stopper.)



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### HOSE CLAMPING

- If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps; replace with new ones.



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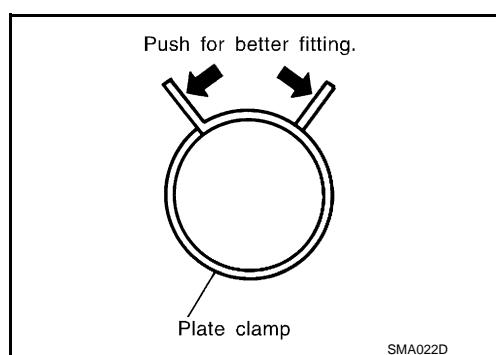
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- After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.



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## Engine Oils

INFOID:000000010727556

Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil.

If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.

### HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.
- Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.
- Do not put oily rags in pockets.
- Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil.
- Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regularly.
- First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.
- Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin.
- Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.
- Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.
- If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.
- Where practical, degrease components prior to handling.
- Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields; in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.

### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

## PRECAUTIONS

### < PRECAUTION >

Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste disposal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.

It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources.

The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.

### Air Conditioning

INFOID:0000000010727557

Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to HA section "REFRIGERATION SYSTEM" for specific instructions.

### Fuel

INFOID:0000000010727558

#### GASOLINE ENGINE (MODEL WITH THREE-WAY CATALYST)

##### **CAUTION:**

**Do not use leaded gasoline. Using leaded gasoline will damage the three-way catalyst.**

QR25DE engine model:

Use unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 91 (RON).

MR20DD engine model:

Use unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 91 (RON).

#### DIESEL ENGINE

Diesel fuel above 51 cetane and with less than 10 ppm of sulphur (EN590) must be used.

\*If two types of diesel fuel are available, use summer or winter fuel properly according to the following temperature conditions.

- Above -7°C (20°F)...Summer type diesel fuel.
- Below -7°C (20°F)...Winter type diesel fuel.

##### **CAUTION:**

- **Do not use home heating oil, gasoline or other alternate fuels in your diesel engine. The use of those or adding those to diesel fuel can cause engine damage.**
- **Do not use summer fuel at temperatures below -7°C (20°F). The cold temperatures will cause wax to form in the fuel. As a result, it may prevent the engine from running smoothly.**

# LIFTING POINT

< PRECAUTION >

## LIFTING POINT

Commercial Service Tools

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INFOID:0000000010727559

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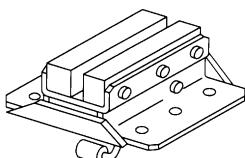
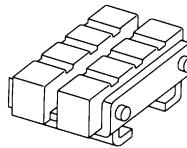
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Tool name	Description
Board on attachment	 S-NT001
Safety stand attachment	 S-NT002

### CAUTION:

- Every time the vehicle is lifted up, maintain the complete vehicle curb condition.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the front side (engine, transmission, suspension etc.), support a jack up point on the rear side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the rear side (rear axle, suspension, etc.), support a jack up point on the front side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Be careful not to smash or never do anything that would affect piping parts.

## Garage Jack and Safety Stand and 2-Pole Lift

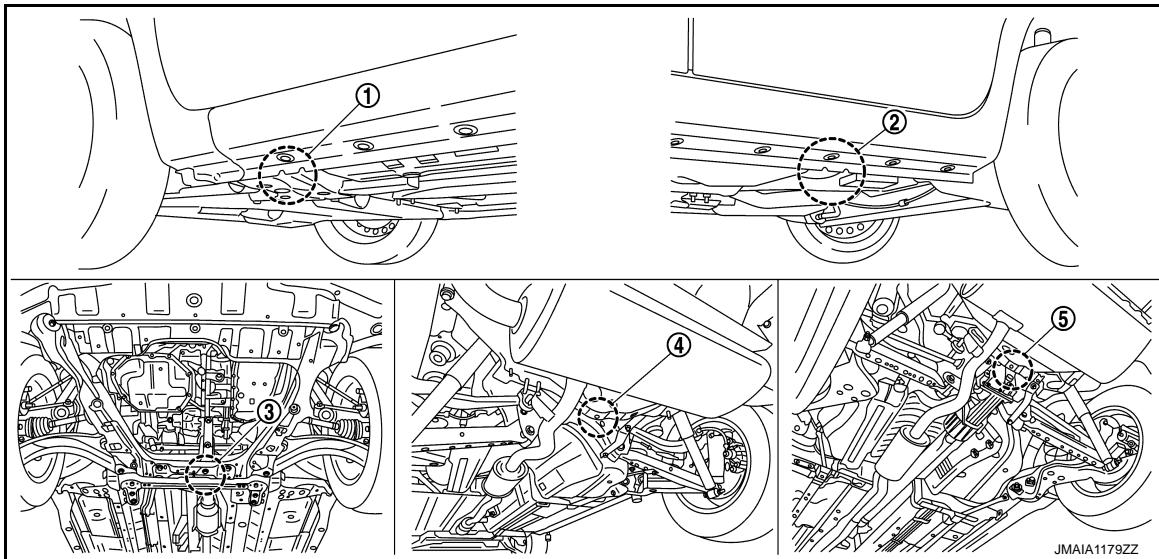
INFOID:0000000010727560

### WARNING:

- Park the vehicle on a level surface when using the jack. Check to avoid damaging pipes, tubes, etc. under the vehicle.
- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.
- When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.
- When setting the lift arm, never allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, fuel lines and sill spoiler.

## LIFTING POINT

### < PRECAUTION >



① Safety stand point and lift up point (front) ② Safety stand point and lift up point (rear) ③ Garage jack point (front)  
④ Garage jack point (rear, 2WD) ⑤ Garage jack point (rear, 4WD)

### CAUTION:

There is canister just behind Garage jack point rear. Jack up carefully.

### Board-On Lift

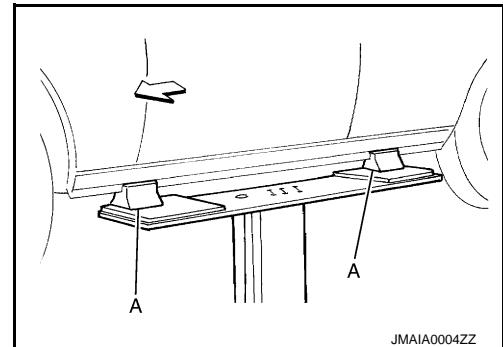
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### CAUTION:

Check vehicle is empty when lifting.

- The board-on lift attachment (A) set at front end of vehicle should be set on the front of the sill under the front door opening.
- Position attachments at front and rear ends of board-on lift.

◀ : Vehicle front



&lt; PRECAUTION &gt;

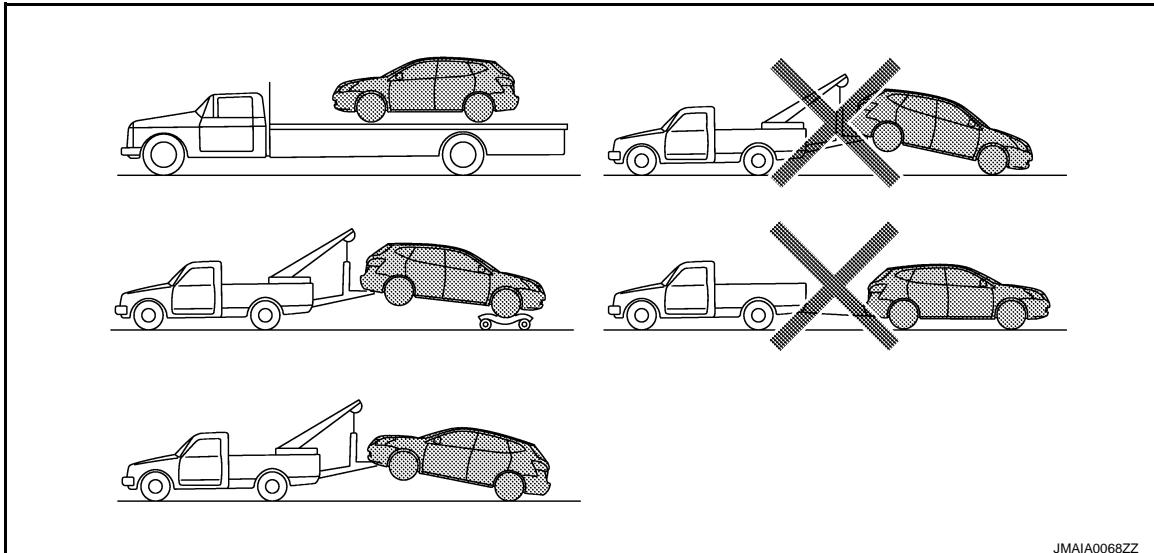
**TOW TRUCK TOWING****Tow Truck Towing**

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INFOID:0000000010727562

**CAUTION:**

- All applicable state or Provincial laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage to the vehicle during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, check that the transmission, steering system and powertrain are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- Never tow a CVT model from the rear (that is backward) with four wheels on the ground. This may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

**2WD MODELS**

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NISSAN recommends that vehicle be towed with the driving (front) wheels off the ground or that a dolly be used as illustrated.

**CAUTION:**

- Never tow CVT models with the front wheels on the ground or four wheels on the ground (forward or backward), as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.  
If it is necessary to tow the vehicle with the rear wheels raised, always use towing dollies under the front wheels.
- When towing CVT models with the front wheels on towing dollies:
  - Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, and secure the steering wheel in a straight ahead position with a rope or similar device. Never secure the steering wheel by turning the ignition switch to the LOCK position. This may damage the steering lock mechanism.
  - Move the selector lever to the N (Neutral) position.
- When the battery of vehicle equipped with the Intelligent Key system is discharged, your vehicle should be towed with the front wheels on towing dollies or place the vehicle on a flat bed truck.
- When towing two wheel drive CVT model with the rear wheels on the ground (if you do not use towing dollies): Always release the parking brake.

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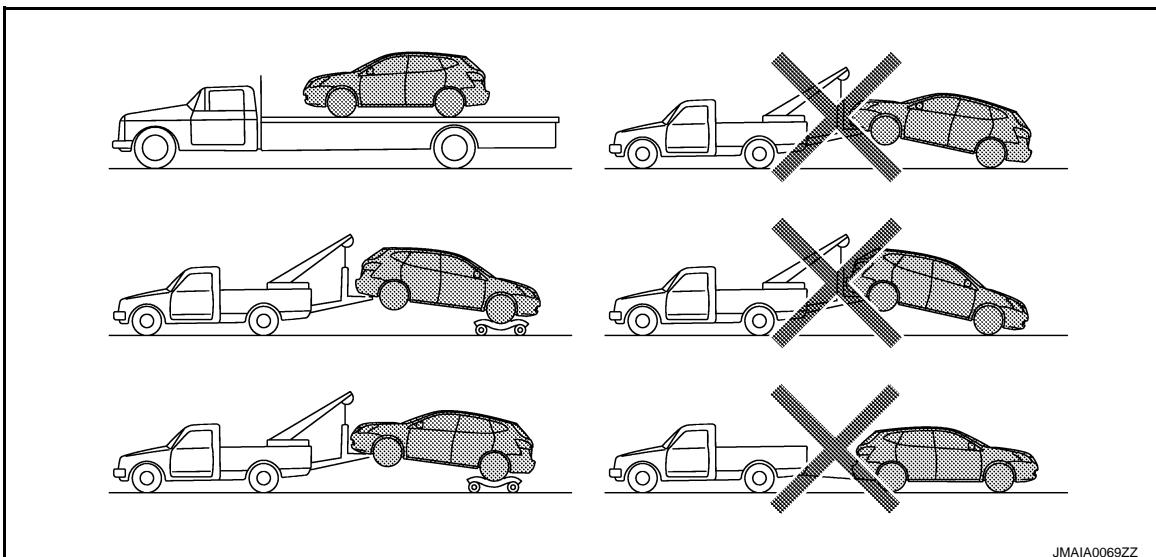
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# TOW TRUCK TOWING

## < PRECAUTION >

### 4WD MODELS



NISSAN recommends that a dolly be used as illustrated when towing 4WD models.

#### CAUTION:

Never tow 4WD models with any of the wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the powertrain.

## Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

INFOID:0000000010727563

### FRONT

1. Remove the hook cover from the bumper using a remover tool.
2. Securely install the vehicle recovery hook stored with jacking tools.

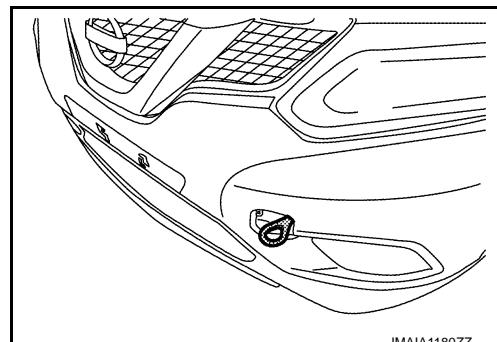
Check that the hook is properly secured in the stored place after use.

#### WARNING:

- Stand clear of a stuck vehicle.
- Never spin your tires at high speed. This could cause them to explode and result in serious injury. Parts of your vehicle could also overheat and be damaged.

#### CAUTION:

- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the vehicle recovery hooks or main structural members of the vehicle. Otherwise, the vehicle body will be damaged.
- Never use the vehicle tie downs to free a vehicle stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc. Never tow the vehicle using the vehicle tie downs or recovery hooks.
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle. Never pull on the hook at an angle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they do not touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use in vehicle towing or recovery.



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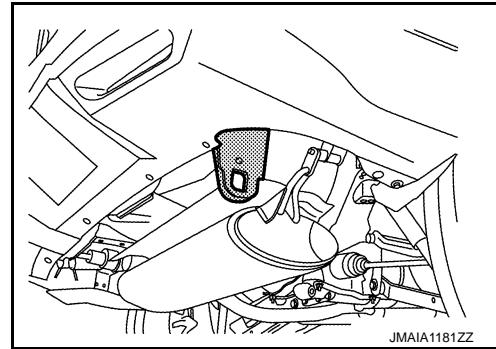
### REAR

#### WARNING:

## TOW TRUCK TOWING

### < PRECAUTION >

- Rear hook is not available.



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## PREPARATION

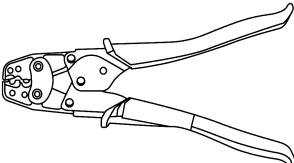
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# PREPARATION

## PREPARATION

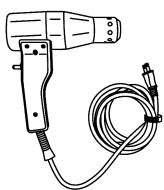
### Special Service Tools

INFOID:0000000010727564

Tool number Tool name	Description
KV99112600 Crimping Pliers	 JSIAIA2959ZZ

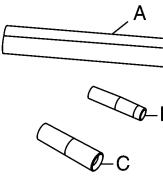
### Commercial Service Tools

INFOID:0000000010727565

Tool name	Description
Industrial dryer	 JSIAIA3281ZZ

### Repair Parts

INFOID:0000000010727566

Part name	Description
Harness repair kit A: Heat shrinkable tube B: Crimp terminal (For harness with the diameter of 1.00 or less) C: Crimp terminal (For harness with the diameter of 1.25 or more)	 JSIAIA3388ZZ

# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

## VEHICLE INFORMATION IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

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Model Variation

INFOID:000000010727567

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Destination	Body	Engine	Axle	Handle	Transmission	Grade	Model				
Europe and Israel	SUV	R9M	2WD	RHD	6M/T	L	TTRARPY-UEA				
						M	TTRARQY-UEA				
						H	TTRARRY-UEA				
					M-CVT	M	TTRARQW-UEA				
			4WD			H	TTRARRW-UEA				
			6M/T		M	TTRNRQY-UEA					
					H	TTRNRRY-UEA					
					L	JTRARPY-UEA					
	Wagon				2WD			M	JTRARQY-UEA		
								H	JTRARRY-UEA		
			4WD		M-CVT	M	JTRARQW-UEA				
						H	JTRARRW-UEA				
	SUV	R9M	2WD	LHD	6M/T	M	JTRNRQY-UEA				
						H	JTRNRRY-UEA				
						L	TTRALPY-UGA				
						M	TTRALQY-UGA				
	Wagon		2WD		M-CVT	H	TTRALRY-UGA				
						M	TTRALQW-UGA				
						H	TTRALRW-UGA				
			4WD		6M/T	M	TTRNLQY-UGA				
	SUV	R9M				H	TTRNLRY-UGA				
						L	JTRALPY-UGA				
						M	JTRALQY-UGA				
						H	JTRALRY-UGA				
	Wagon	R9M	2WD	LHD	M-CVT	M	JTRALQW-UGA				
						H	JTRALRW-UGA				
					6M/T	M	JTRNLQY-UGA				
						H	JTRNLRY-UGA				
	SUV	R9M	4WD		M-CVT	L	TDRALPY-EQA				
						M	TDRALQW-EQA				
						L	TDRNLUW-EQA				
						M	TDRNLQW-EQA				
	Wagon	R9M	2WD	LHD	6M/T	H	TDRNLRW-EQA				
						M	TDBNLQW-EQA				
						H	TDBNLRW-EQA				
						M	TTRNLRY-UQA				

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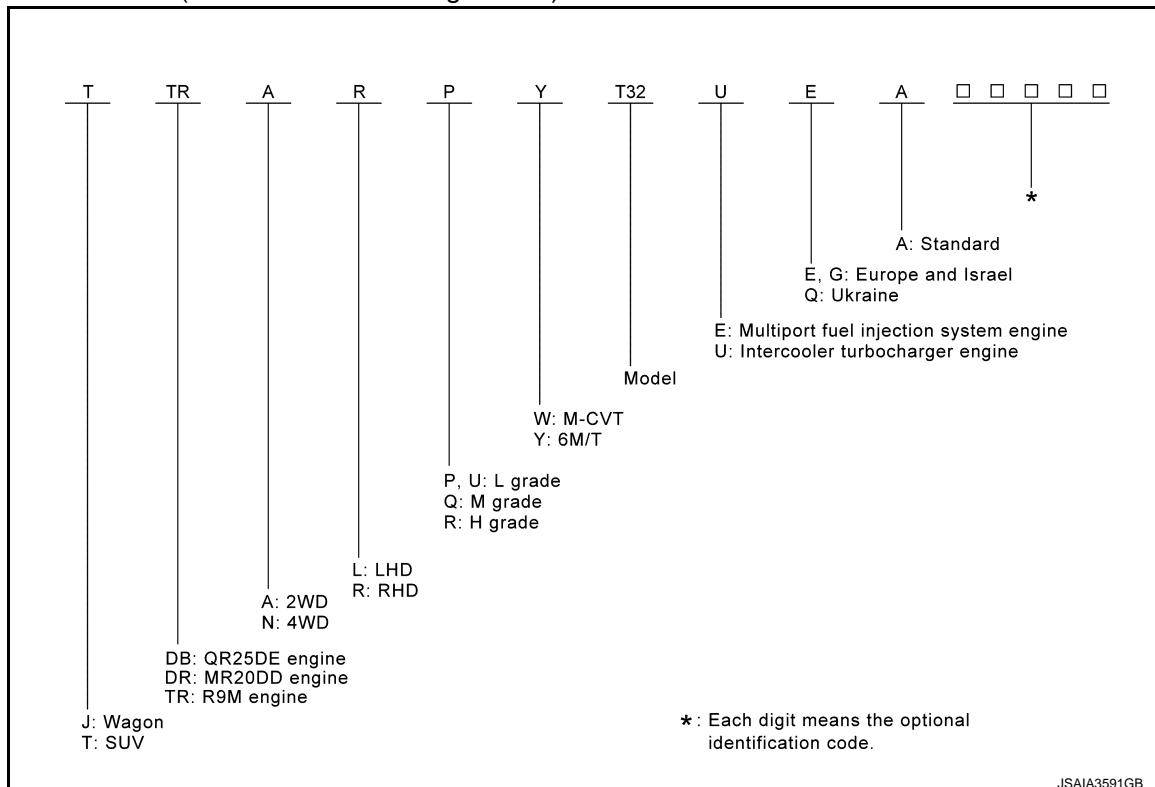
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# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

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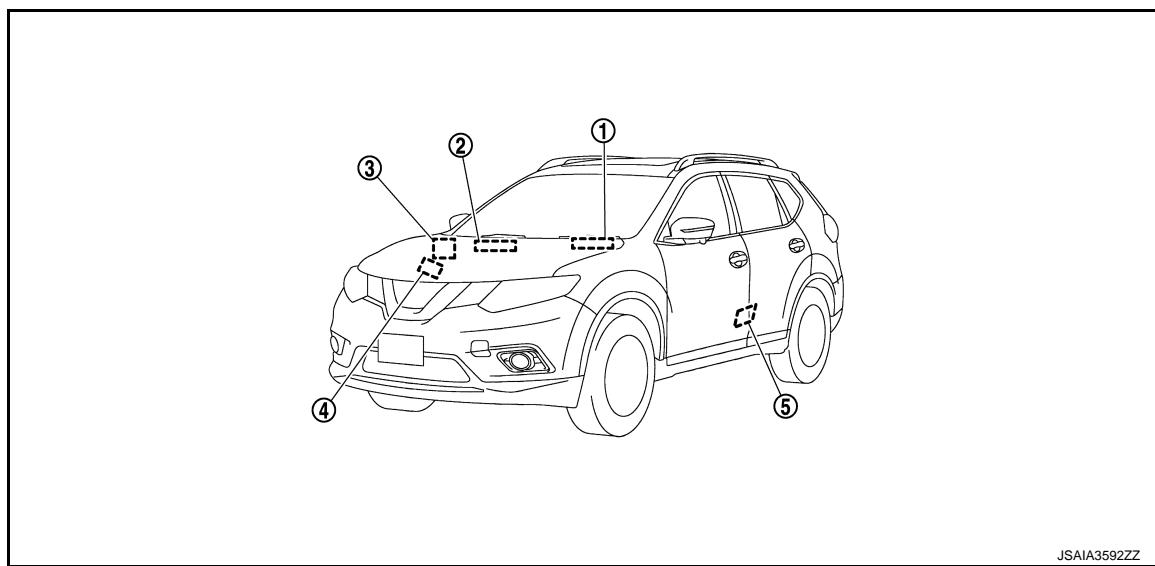
### Model variation code (Prefix and suffix designations)



## Information About Identification or Model Code

INFOID:000000010727568

### IDENTIFICATION NUMBER



① Vehicle identification number plate

② Vehicle identification number  
(Chassis number)

③ Vehicle identification plate

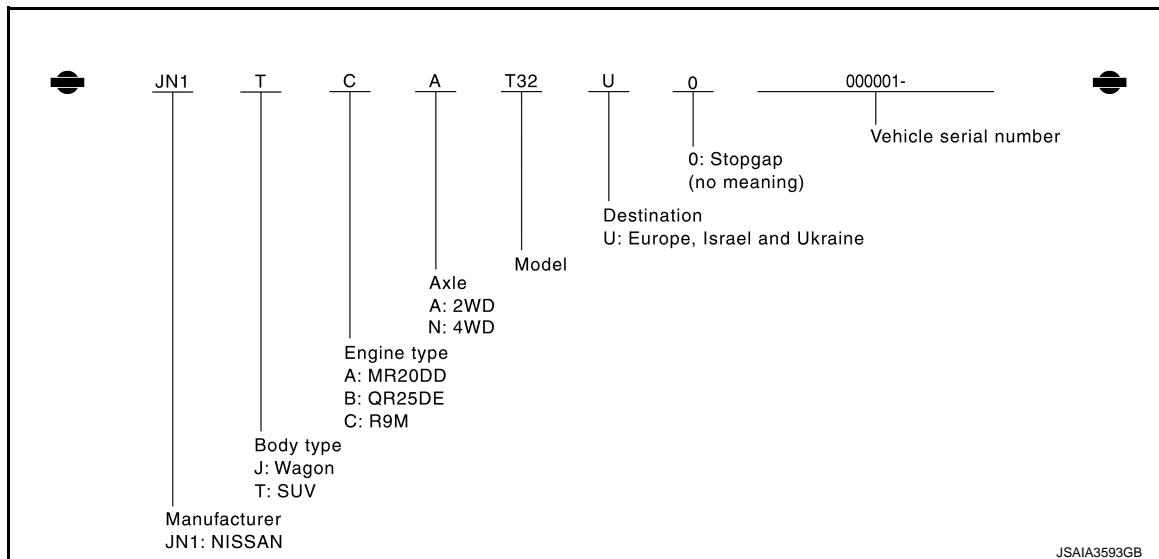
④ Air conditioner specification label

⑤ Tire placard  
(Drivers side)

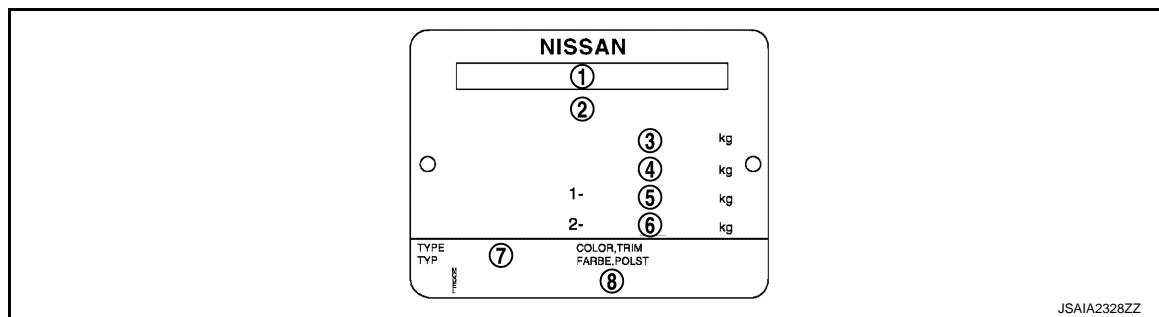
# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

## < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

### VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ARRANGEMENT



### IDENTIFICATION PLATE

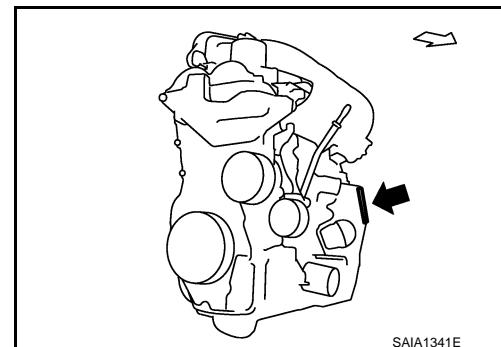


- ①**: Type approval number (Models with WVTA)  
Blank (Models without WVTA)
- ②**: Vehicle identification number (Chassis number)
- ③**: Gross vehicle weight
- ④**: Gross combination weight + Gross trailing capacity (weight)
- ⑤**: Gross axle weight (Front)
- ⑥**: Gross axle weight (Rear)
- ⑦**: Vehicle type
- ⑧**: Model variation code

### ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER (CYLINDER BLOCK)

MR20DD

◀ : Vehicle front

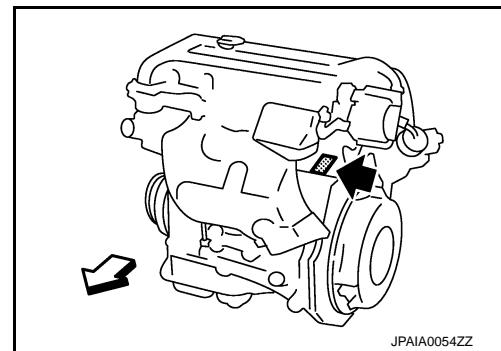


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# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

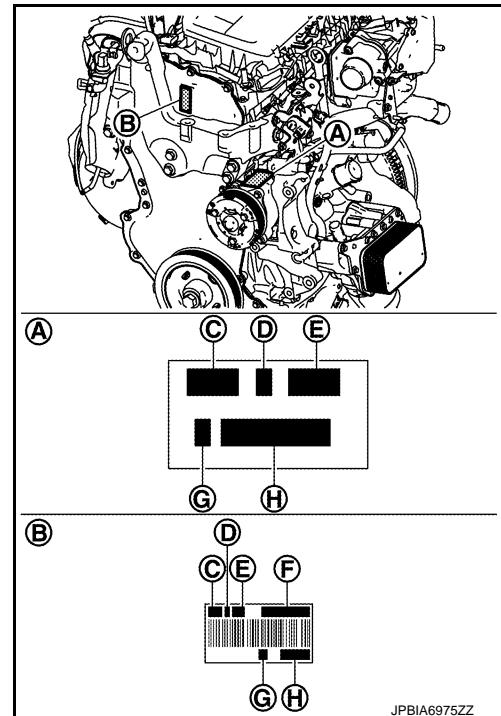
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◀ : Vehicle front



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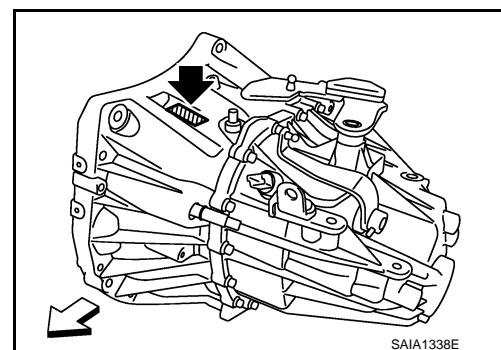
- (C) Engine type
- (D) Engine type approval letter
- (E) Engine type suffix
- (F) Engine assembly part number
- (G) Engine assembly plant
- (H) Engine fabrication number



MANUAL TRANSAXLE NUMBER

RS6F94R

◀ : Vehicle front

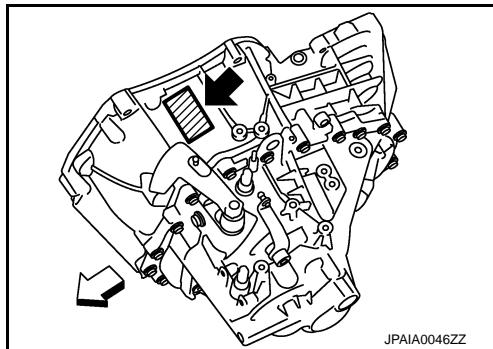


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# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

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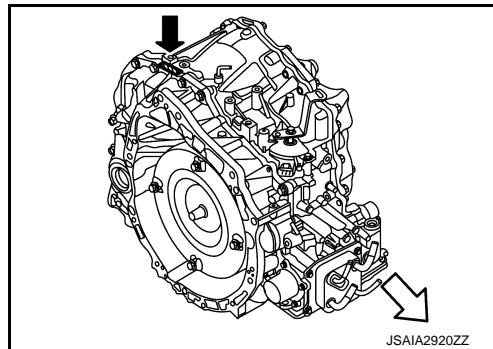
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## CVT NUMBER

◀ : Vehicle front



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## Dimensions

INFOID:0000000010727569

Unit: mm (in)

Overall length	4,640 (182.7)
Overall width	1,820 (71.7)
Overall height	1,710 (67.3) 1,715 (67.5) <sup>*1</sup>
Front tread	1,575 (62.0)
Rear tread	1,575 (62.0)
Wheelbase	2,705 (106.5)

\*1: Roof rail equipped model

## Wheels & Tires

INFOID:0000000010727570

Conventional	17 inch	Tire	225/65R17 102H
		Road wheel (Aluminum)	17 × 7J
		Inset	45 mm (1.77 in)
	18 inch	Tire	225/65R17 102H
		Road wheel (Steel)	17 × 7J
		Inset	45 mm (1.77 in)
	19 inch	Tire	225/60R18 100H
		Road wheel (Aluminum)	18 × 7J
		Inset	45 mm (1.77 in)
	19 inch	Tire	225/55R19 99V
		Road wheel (Aluminum)	19 × 7J
		Inset	40 mm (1.57 in)

## IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

Spare	17 inch	Tire		225/65R17 102H
		Road wheel (Steel)	Size	17 x 7J
			Inset	45 mm (1.77 in)
		Tire		T155/90D17 101M
		Road wheel (Steel)	Size	17 x 4T
			Inset	30 mm (1.18 in)

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

< BASIC INSPECTION >

## BASIC INSPECTION

### SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

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#### Work Flow

INFOID:0000000010727571

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#### WORK FLOW

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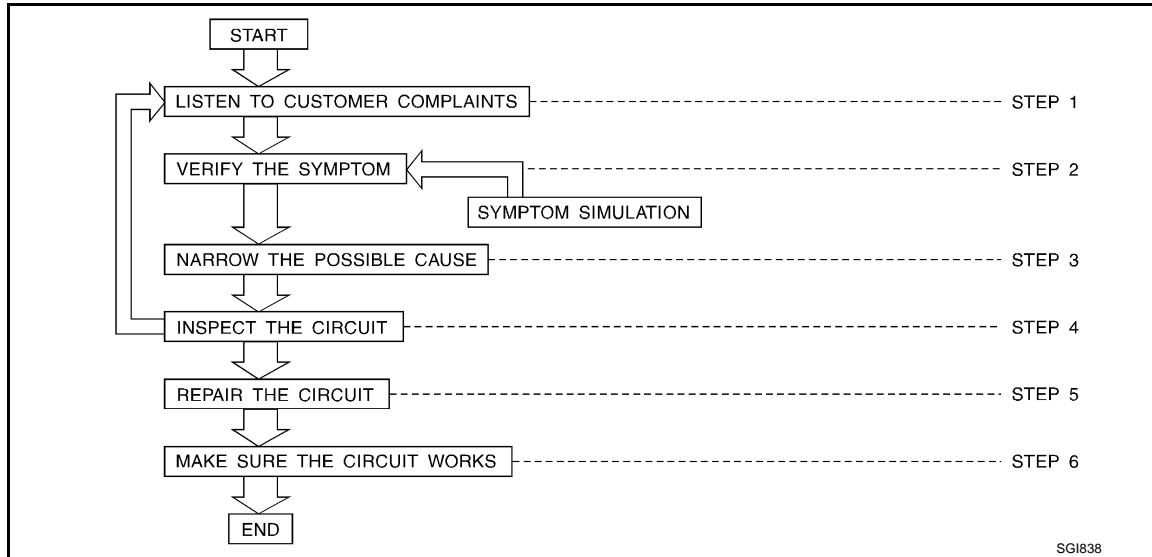
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STEP	DESCRIPTION	
STEP 1	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. The following are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis: <b>WHAT</b> Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio). <b>WHEN</b> Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency. <b>WHERE</b> Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation. <b>HOW</b> System Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed.	
STEP 2	Operate the system, road test if necessary. Verify the parameter of the incident. If the problem cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".	
STEP 3	Get the proper diagnosis materials together including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Power Supply Routing</li><li>• System Operation Descriptions</li><li>• Applicable Service Manual Sections</li><li>• Check for any Service Bulletins</li></ul> Identify where to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments.	
STEP 4	Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage. Determine which circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Layouts.	
STEP 5	Repair or replace the incident circuit or component.	
STEP 6	Operate the system in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. Check you have not inadvertently created a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.	

#### Control Units and Electrical Parts

INFOID:0000000010727572

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#### PRECAUTIONS

- Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

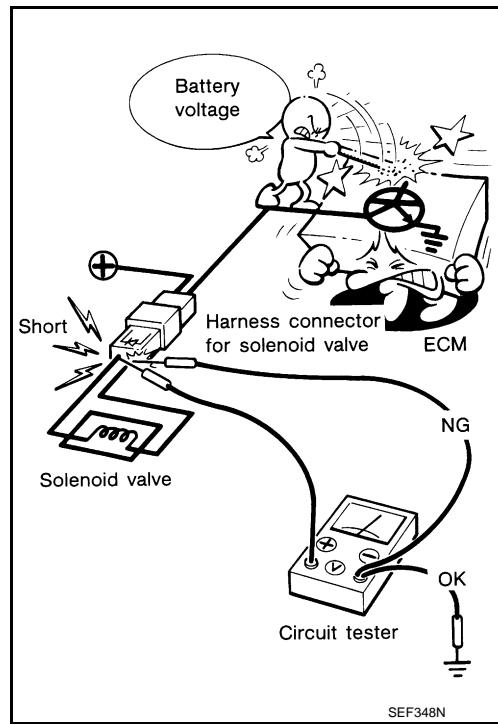
## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehicle.
- Be careful not to let oil to get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.



SAIA0255E

- When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.
- When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.



SEF348N

## Intermittent Incident

INFOID:000000010727573

### DESCRIPTION

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The following section illustrates ways to simulate the conditions/environment under which the owner experiences an electrical incident.

The section is broken into the six following topics:

- Vehicle vibration
- Heat sensitive
- Freezing
- Water intrusion
- Electrical load
- Cold or hot start up

Get a thorough description of the incident from the customer. It is important for simulating the conditions of the problem.

### VEHICLE VIBRATION

The problem may occur or become worse while driving on a rough road or when engine is vibrating (idle with A/C on). In such a case, you will want to check for a vibration related condition. Refer to the following illustration.

### Connector & Harness

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

Determine which connectors and wiring harness would affect the electrical system you are inspecting. Gently shake each connector and harness while monitoring the system for the incident you are trying to duplicate. This test may indicate a loose or poor electrical connection.

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### Hint

Connectors can be exposed to moisture. It is possible to get a thin film of corrosion on the connector terminals. A visual inspection may not reveal this without disconnecting the connector. If the problem occurs intermittently, perhaps the problem is caused by corrosion. It is a good idea to disconnect, inspect and clean the terminals on related connectors in the system.

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### Sensor & Relay

Gently apply a slight vibration to sensors and relays in the system you are inspecting. This test may indicate a loose or poorly mounted sensor or relay.

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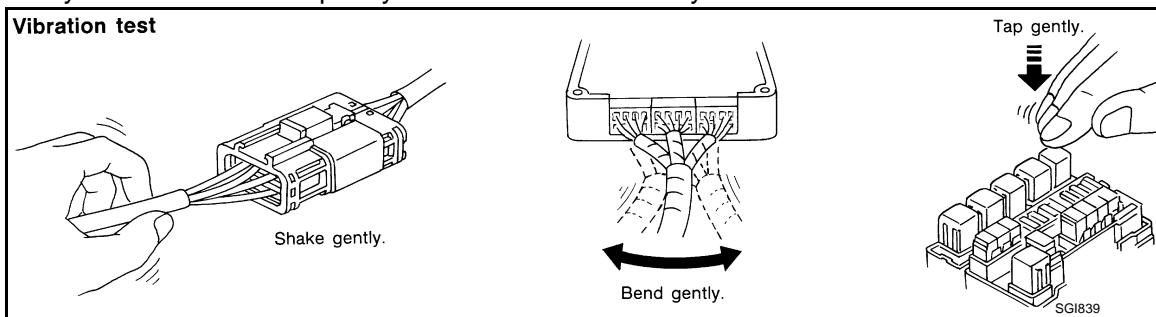
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### Engine Compartment

There are several reasons a vehicle or engine vibration could cause an electrical complaint. Some of the things to check for are:

- Connectors not fully seated.
- Wiring harness not long enough and is being stressed due to engine vibrations or rocking.
- Wires laying across brackets or moving components.
- Loose, dirty or corroded ground wires.
- Wires routed too close to hot components.

To inspect components under the hood, start by verifying the integrity of ground connections. (Refer to Ground Inspection described later.) First check that the system is properly grounded. Then check for loose connection by gently shaking the wiring or components as previously explained. Using the wiring diagrams inspect the wiring for continuity.

### Behind the Instrument Panel

An improperly routed or improperly clamped harness can become pinched during accessory installation. Vehicle vibration can aggravate a harness which is routed along a bracket or near a screw.

### Under Seating Areas

An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

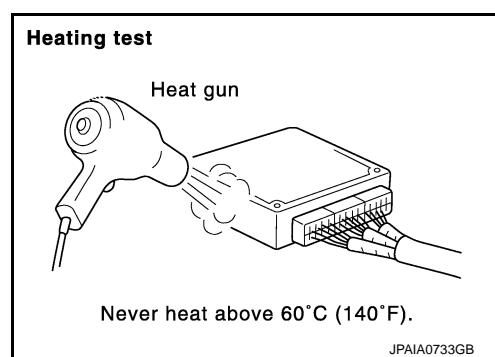
### HEAT SENSITIVE

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent.

#### CAUTION:

**Never heat components above 60°C (140°F).**

- If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



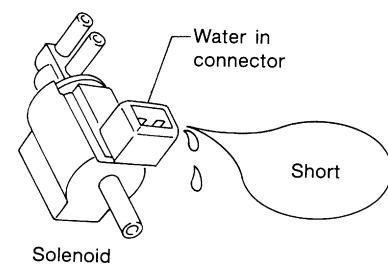
### FREEZING

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Check it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.

Freezing test



SGI843

## WATER INTRUSION

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

### CAUTION:

Never spray water directly on any electrical components.

Water intrusion test

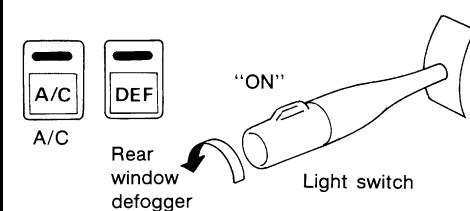


SGI844

## ELECTRICAL LOAD

The incident may be electrical load sensitive. Perform diagnosis with all accessories (including A/C, rear window defogger, radio, fog lamps) turned on.

Electrical load test



SGI845

## COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

## Circuit Inspection

INFOID:0000000010727574

### DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

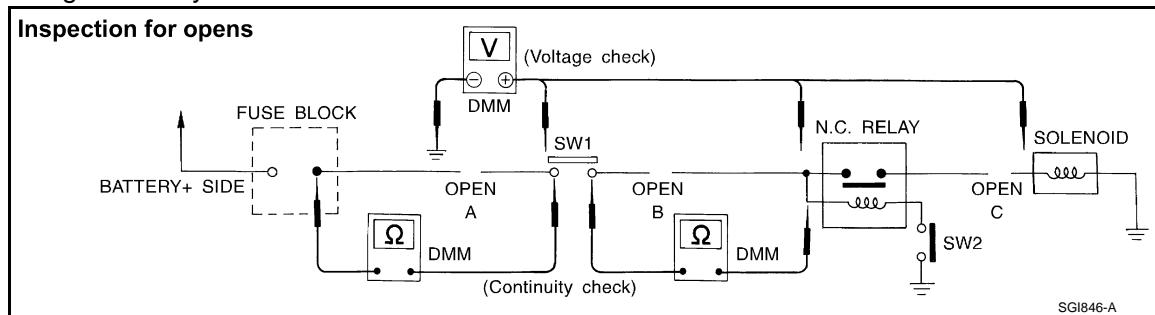
OPEN	A circuit is open when there is no continuity through a section of the circuit.
SHORT	There are two types of shorts.
	• SHORT CIRCUIT When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change.
	• SHORT TO GROUND When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

### TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



#### Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Check to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

#### Voltage Check Method

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

- Connect one probe of the DMM to a known good ground.
- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.
- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage.  
voltage: open is further down the circuit than SW1.  
no voltage: open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).
- Close SW1 and probe at relay.  
voltage: open is further down the circuit than the relay.  
no voltage: open is between SW1 and relay (point B).
- Close the relay and probe at the solenoid.  
voltage: open is further down the circuit than the solenoid.  
no voltage: open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

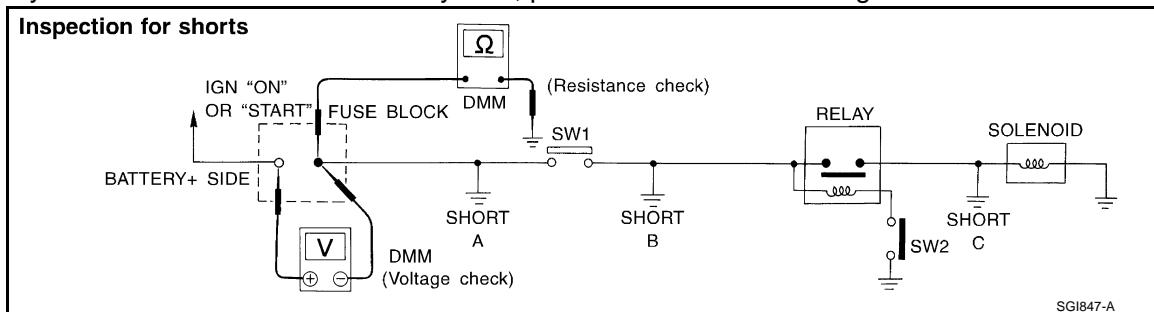
Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

### TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



SGI847-A

### Resistance Check Method

- Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity.  
continuity: short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A).  
no continuity: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.  
continuity: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).  
no continuity: short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.  
continuity: short is between relay and solenoid (point C).  
no continuity: check solenoid, retrace steps.

### Voltage Check Method

- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition switch to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.  
voltage: short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).  
no voltage: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.  
voltage: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).  
no voltage: short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage.  
voltage: short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C).  
no voltage: retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

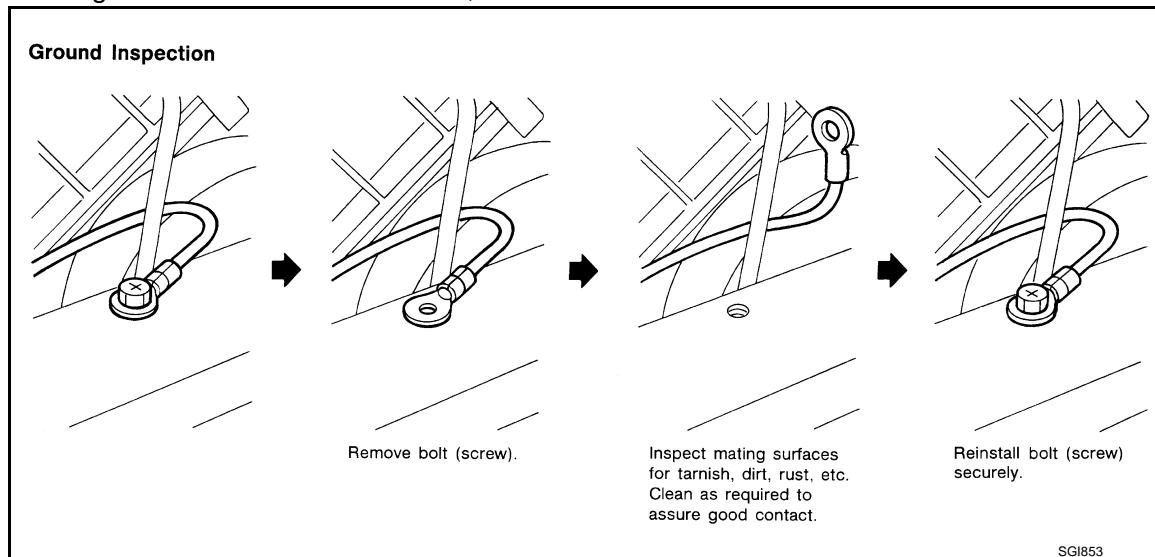
### GROUND INSPECTION

- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.
- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
  - Remove the ground bolt or screw.
  - Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
  - Clean as required to assure good contact.
  - Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
  - Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
  - If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Check all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet check no ground wires have excess wire insulation.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "Ground Distribution" in PG section.



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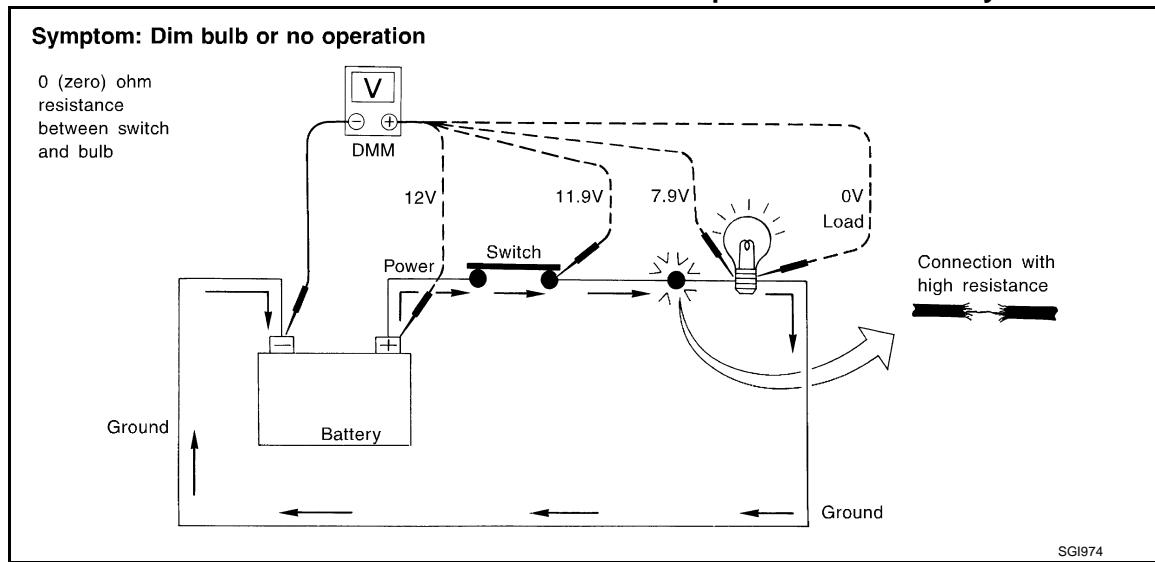
## VOLTAGE DROP TESTS

- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
  - Undersized wiring (single strand example)
  - Corrosion on switch contacts
  - Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

### Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to "push" current through that part of the circuit.

**Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.**



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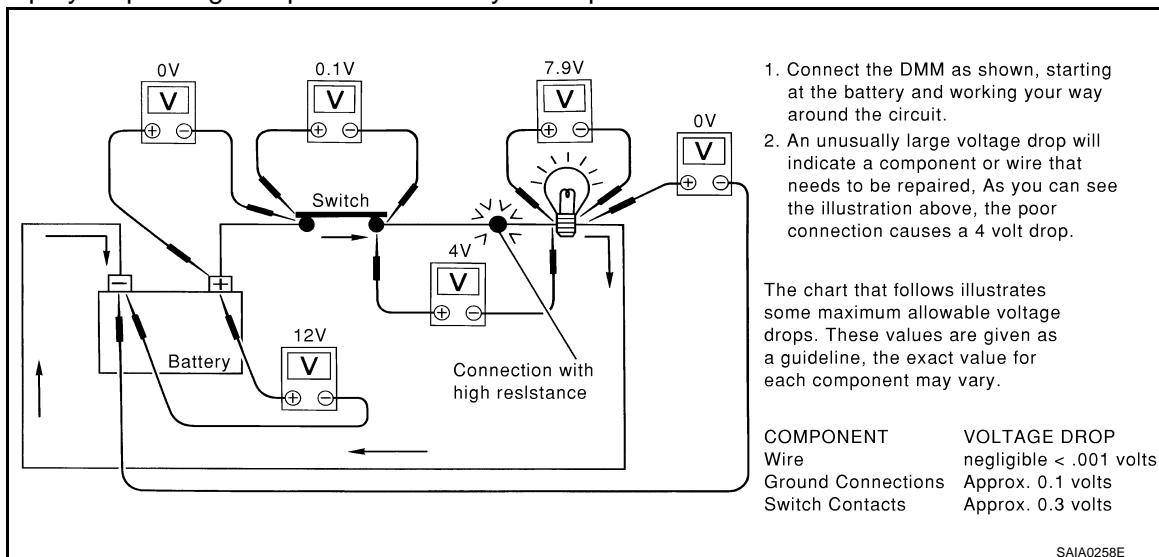
### Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in "Computer Controlled Systems").
- Circuits in the "Computer Controlled System" operate on very low amperage.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.

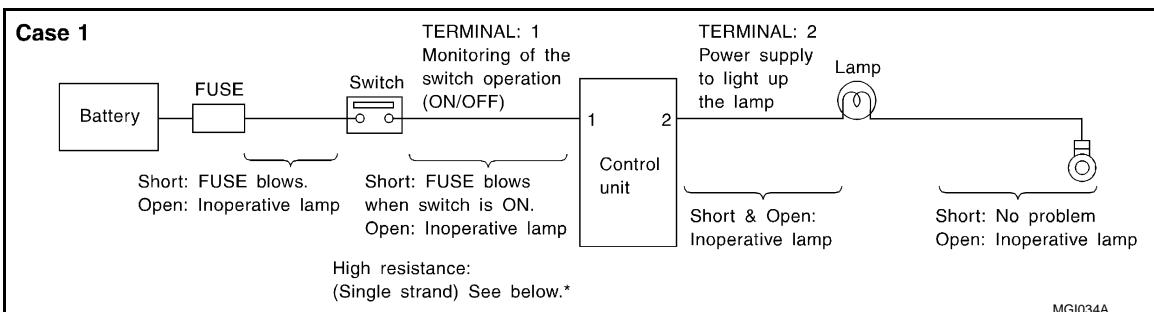


## CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

### System Description

- When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.

### CASE 1



### INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

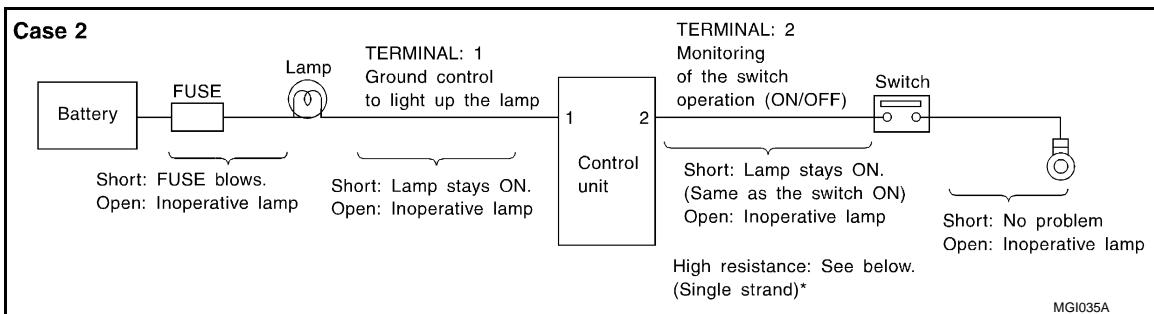
Terminal No.		Description		Condition	Value (Approx.)	In case of high resistance such as single strand (V) *
+	-	Signal name	Input/Output			
1	Body ground	Switch	Input	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Example)
				Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0
2	Body ground	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp)
				Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0

- The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- \*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

### CASE 2



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### INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

Terminal No.		Description		Condition	Value (Approx.)	In case of high resistance such as single strand (V) *
+	-	Signal name	Input/Output			
1	Body ground	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	0 V	Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)
				Switch OFF	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
2	Body ground	Switch	Input	Switch ON	0 V	Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)
				Switch OFF	5 V	Approx. 5

- The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- \*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0 V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

## CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

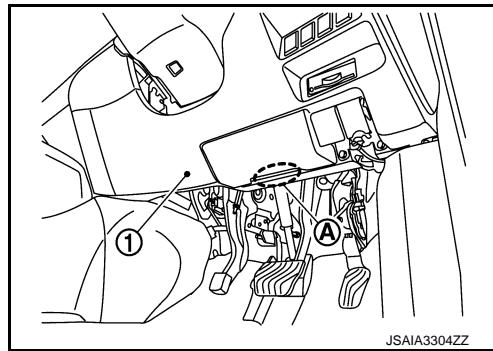
### Description

INFOID:0000000010727575

- When CONSULT/GST is connected with a data link connector **A** equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.

① : Instrument lower panel

- Refer to CONSULT Software Operation Manual for more information.



JSAIA3304ZZ

### CONSULT Function and System Application\*1

INFOID:0000000010727576

### FUNCTION

Mode	Function
All DTC Reading	Display all DTCs or diagnostic items that all ECUs are recording and judging.
Work Support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately.
Self Diagnostic Results	Retrieve DTC from ECU and display diagnostic items.
Data Monitor	Monitor the input/output signal of the control unit in real time.
CAN Diagnosis	This mode displays a network diagnosis result about CAN by diagram.
CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	It monitors the status of CAN communication.
Active Test	Send the drive signal from CONSULT to the actuator. The operation check can be performed.
ECU Identification	Display the ECU identification number (part number etc.) of the selected system.
Configuration	Function to READ/WRITE vehicle configuration.
SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	The state of System Readiness Test (SRT) items, the presence or absence of permanent DTC*, and driving conditions can be checked.
DTC work support	DTC reproduction procedure can be performed speedily and precisely.
Others	Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded in ECU are displayed.

\*: Permanent DTC is not applied for regions where it is not mandated.

### SYSTEM APPLICATION\*1

System	All DTC Reading	Work Support	Self Diagnostic Results	Data Monitor	CAN Diagnosis	CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	Active Test	ECU Identification	Configuration	SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	DTC work support	Others
ENGINE	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x <sup>3</sup>	x <sup>2, *4</sup>	x <sup>4</sup>	-
TRANSMISSION	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	-	x <sup>2</sup>	-	• CALIB DATA
ALL MODE AWD / 4WD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-	-
AIR BAG	x	-	x	x	x	-	-	x	x	-	-	• TROUBLE DIAG RECORD
METER / M&A	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	• Warning History

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

System	All DTC Reading	Work Support	Self Diagnostic Results	Data Monitor	CAN Diagnosis	CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	Active Test	ECU Identification	Configuration	SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	DTC work support	Others
BCM	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-
IPDM E/R	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-
AUTOMATIC BACK DOOR	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	-	-	-	-
EPS/DAST3	x	-	x	x	x	x	-	x	-	-	-	-
HVAC	-	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-	-
ABS	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-
EHS / PKB	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	x	-	-	-
CHASSIS CONTROL	x	-	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-
AIR PRESSURE MONITOR	x	x	x	x	-	-	x	x	-	-	-	-
MULTI AV	-	-	x	x	x	x	-	x	x	-	-	-
SONAR	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-
AVM	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-
LANE CAMERA	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	-	-	-	-
LASER / RADAR	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-	-

x: Applicable

\*1: If GST application is equipped, functions in accordance with SAE J1979 and ISO 15031-5 can be used.

\*2: Permanent DTC is not applied for regions where it is not mandated.

\*3: For R9M engine models

\*4: Except for R9M engine models

## CONSULT/GST Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

INFOID:0000000010727577

### INSPECTION PROCEDURE

If the CONSULT/GST cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

Symptom	Check item
CONSULT cannot access any system.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CONSULT DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)</li> </ul>
CONSULT cannot access individual system. (Other systems can be accessed.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to <a href="#">LAN-17, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart"</a>.</li> </ul>

### NOTE:

The DDL1 and DDL2 circuits from DLC pins 12, 13, 14 and 15 may be connected to more than one system. A short in a DDL circuit connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT access to other systems. If the GST cannot operate properly, check the circuit based on the information of SAE J1962 and ISO 15031-3.

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

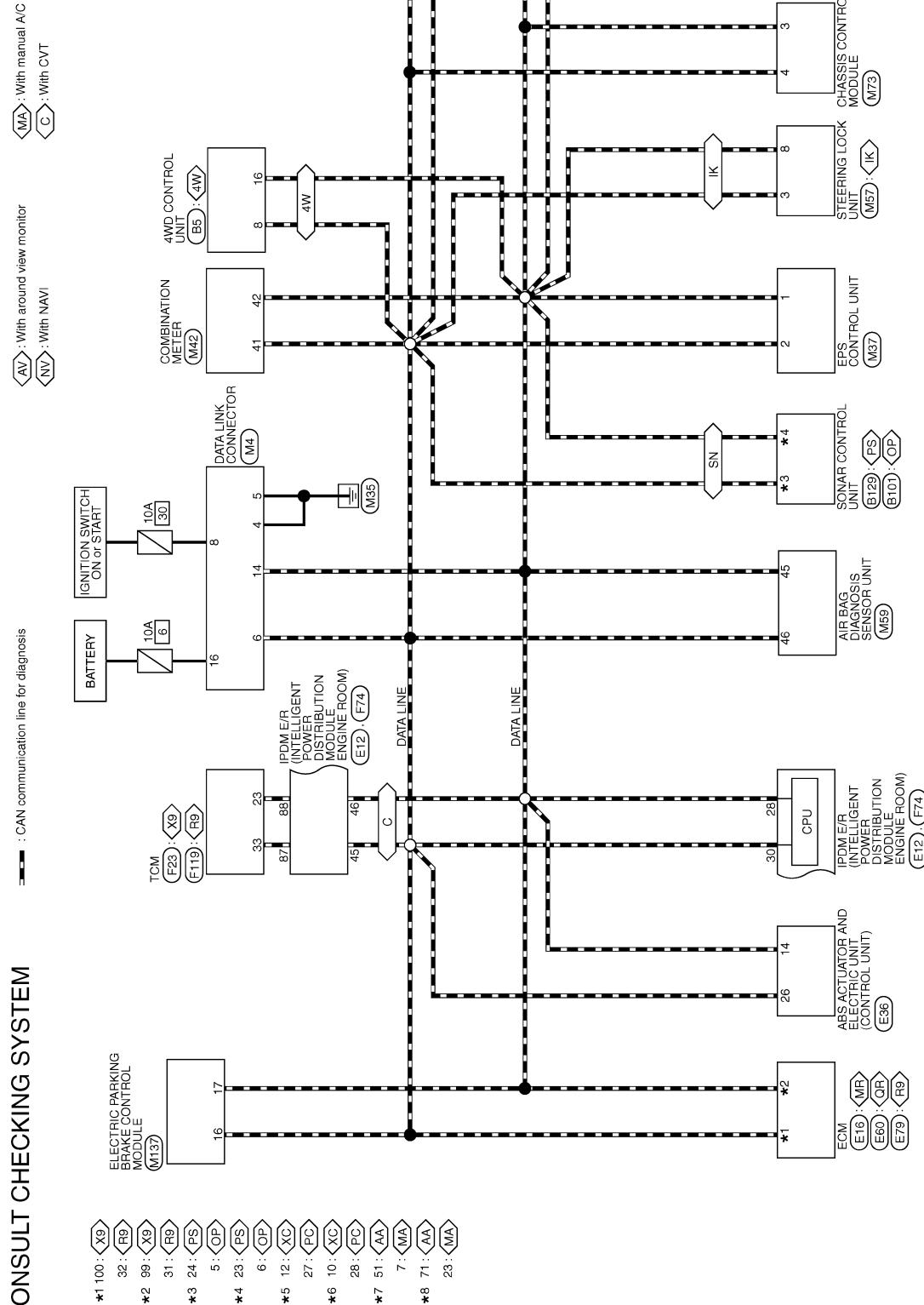
< BASIC INSPECTION >

## Wiring Diagram - CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM -

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### CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

— : CAN communication line for diagnosis



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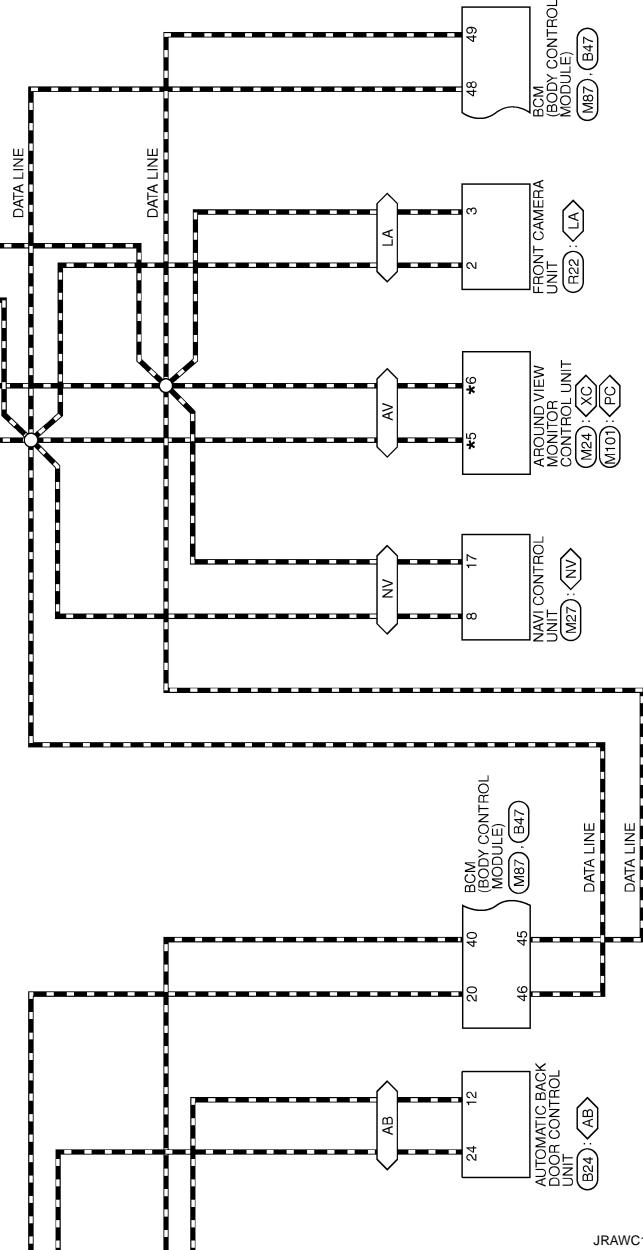
## CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

## **< BASIC INSPECTION >**

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- X9 - Except for R9M engine models
- AB - With automatic back door system
- 4W - 4WD models
- FE - With FEB
- PC - With BSW
- XC - Without BSW
- LA - With LDW

- QF : QF engine models
- MF : MR engine models
- RM : RBM engine models
- SN : With sonar system
- PS : With park assist
- OP : Without park assist
- AA : With auto A/C
- IK : With Intelligent Key



JRAWC1241GB

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

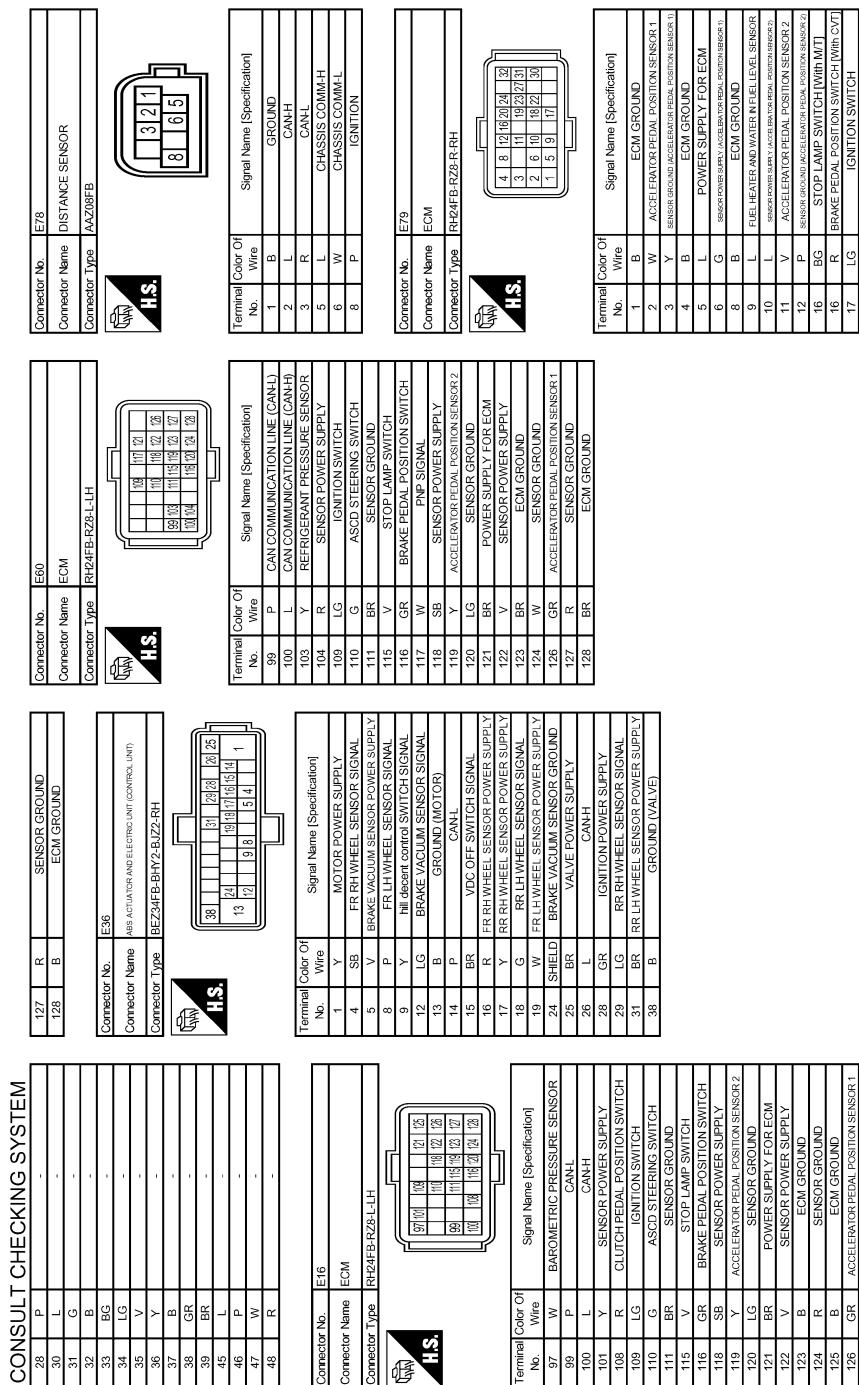
## CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

Connector No.	BS	Signal Name [Specification]	Terminal Color Of Wire	Signal Name [Specification]	Terminal Color Of Wire
Connector Name	4WD CONTROL UNIT	9 SB B-SIGN, RH	1 SB	1 FRONT BUZZER POWER SUPPLY	2 Y
Connector Type	TH16FW-NH	10 BG MAIN SW	10 BG	2 FRONT BUZZER POWER SUPPLY	6 R
		11 V OPEN SW	11 V	3 CORNER SENSOR SIGNAL, REAR LH	7 V
		12 P CAN LOW	12 P	4 CENTER SENSOR SIGNAL, FRONT LH	9 G
		13 GR TOUCH SENS, GND	13 GR	5 REAR BUZZER DRIVE SIGNAL	10 G
		16 B GND	16 B	6 FRONT BUZZER DRIVE SIGNAL	12 G
		19 V POWER LH	19 V	7 GND	13 G
		20 P POWER RH	20 P	8 CANH	14 GND
		21 G ENCODER GND	21 G	9 CANL	15 GND
		22 LG DRIVER SW	22 LG	10 SB	16 GND
		23 W INSIDE CLOSE SW	23 W	11 CANH	17 GND
		24 L CAN HI	24 L	12 CANL	18 GND
Connector No.	BA7	Signal Name [Specification]	Terminal Color Of Wire	Signal Name [Specification]	Terminal Color Of Wire
Connector Name	BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE)	1 LG CENTER SENSOR SIGNAL, FRONT RH	1 LG	14 FRONT BUZZER POWER SUPPLY	2 Y
Connector Type	TH0FG-NH	2 G CENTER SENSOR SIGNAL, FRONT LH	2 G	15 FRONT BUZZER POWER SUPPLY	6 R
		3 V CORNER SENSOR SIGNAL, FRONT LH	3 V	16 FRONT BUZZER POWER SUPPLY	7 V
		4 P CORNER SENSOR SIGNAL, FRONT RH	4 P	17 FRONT BUZZER POWER SUPPLY	9 G
		5 L CANH	5 L	18 FRONT BUZZER POWER SUPPLY	10 G
		6 P CANL	6 P	19 GND	13 B
		9 V CENTER SENSOR SIGNAL, REAR RH	9 V	20 GND	14 BR
		10 LG CORNER SENSOR SIGNAL, REAR RH	10 LG	21 GND	15 Y
		11 SB FRONT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY	11 SB	22 GND	16 V
		12 BR IGNITION POWER SUPPLY	12 BR	23 GND	17 SB
		13 P FRONT SENSOR GND	13 P	24 GND	18 SB
		14 P REAR SENSOR GND	14 P	25 GND	20 G
		15 B GND	15 B	26 GND	21 LG
		16 R BACK DOOR OPENER REQUEST SW	16 R	27 GND	22 P
		9 G HANDS FREE SENSOR	9 G	28 GND	23 P
		10 W REAR RHD/DOOR SW	10 W	29 GND	24 L
		11 LG BACK DOOR SW	11 LG	30 GND	25 CANH
		12 R REAR LH/DOOR SW	12 R	31 GND	
		13 SB PASSENGER DOOR SW	13 SB	32 GND	
		15 LA/G REAR WIPER/AUTO STOP	15 LA/G	33 GND	
		16 Y BACK DOOR OPENER SW	16 Y	34 GND	
		17 SB DRIVER DOOR SW	17 SB	35 GND	
		20 L CANH	20 L	36 GND	
		21 BR BUMPER ANTENNA(+)	21 BR	37 GND	
		22 Y BUMPER ANTENNA(-)	22 Y	38 GND	
		23 L B-SIGN, RH	23 L	39 GND	
		24 G TOUCH SENS, RH	24 G	40 GND	
		25 SB HALF-LATCH SW	25 SB		
		26 W CLOSE SW	26 W		
		27 R A-SIGN, LH	27 R		
		28 L B-SIGN, LH	28 L		
		29 R A-SIGN, RH	29 R		

JRAWC1242GB

## CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

## **< BASIC INSPECTION >**



JRAWG1243GB

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

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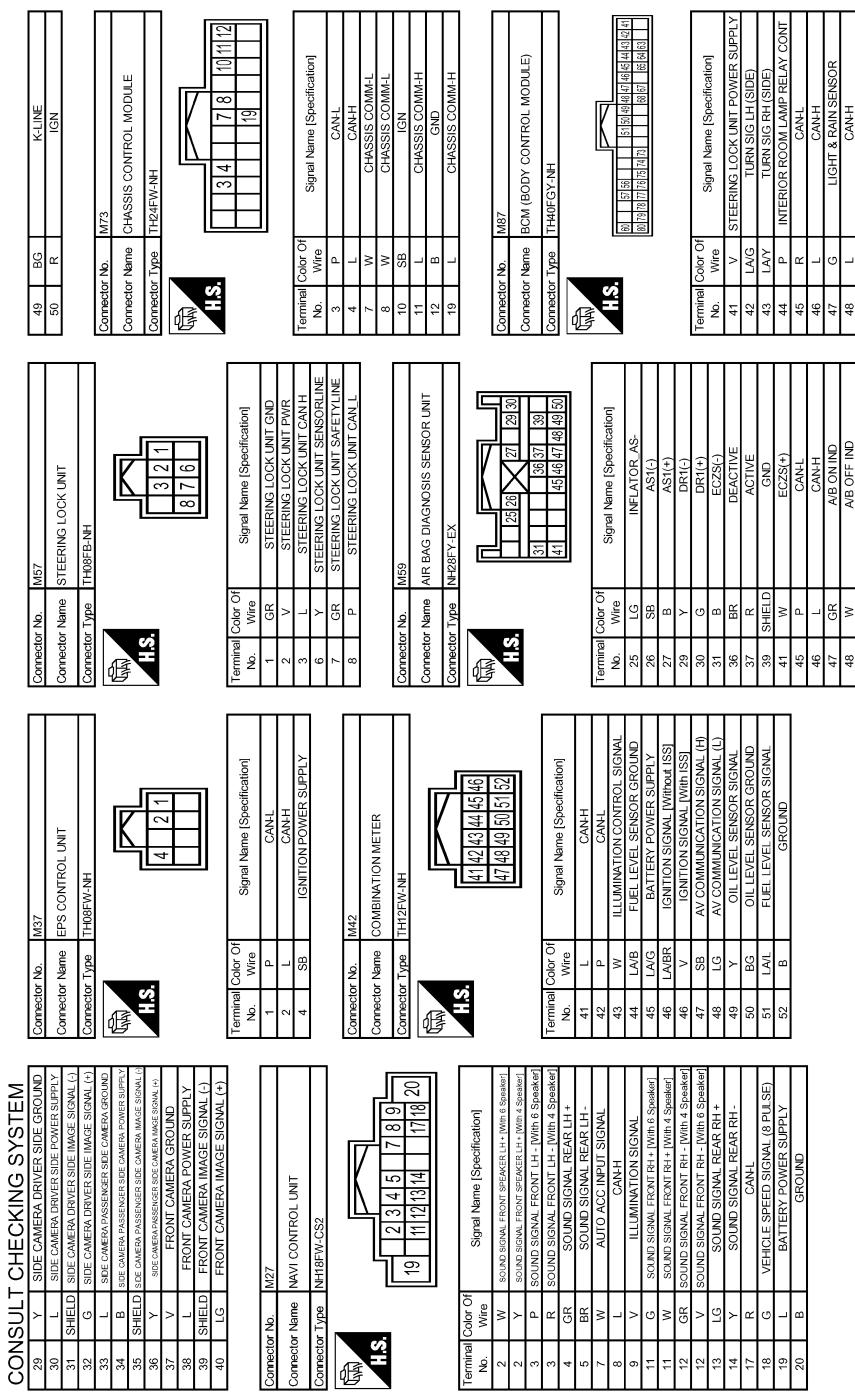
## CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

Terminal No.	Wire Color	Signal Name [Specification]	Terminal No.	Wire Color	Signal Name [Specification]
47	BG	IGNITION POWER SUPPLY	1	P	ELECTRIC OIL PUMP RELAY
48	BG	IGNITION POWER SUPPLY	2	GR	-
18	G	ASCD STEERING SWITCH	4	Y	-
19	BR	SENSOR GROUND (ASCD STEERING SWITCH)	5	BR	NRANGE SWITCH
20	BR	ELU PUMP CONTROL MODULE (COMMAND)	6	G	NRANGE SWITCH
22	G	FLU PUMP CONTROL MODULE (DIAGNOSIS)	7	V	PRANGE SWITCH
23	V	SPEED LIMITER MAIN POSITION SWITCH	8	Y	PRANGE SWITCH
24	R	CLUTCH PEDAL POSITION SWITCH	11	LG	SENSOR GROUND
27	V	CLUTCH INTERLOCK SWITCH	12	BR	CVT FLUID TEMPERATURE SENSOR
30	BR	ASCD MAIN SWITCH	14	V	G SENSOR
31	P	CANL	16	SB	SECONDARY PRESSURE SENSOR
32	L	CANH	17	R	PRIMARY PRESSURE SENSOR
			23	P	CANL
			24	LG	INPUT SPEED SENSOR
			25	R	ELECTRIC OIL PUMP COMMAND SIGNAL
			26	BG	SENSOR POWER SUPPLY
			30	GR	LINE PRESSURE SOLENOID VALVE
			32	SB	ELECTRIC OIL PUMP STATUS SIGNAL
			33	L	CANH
			34	W	OUTPUT SPEED SENSOR
			35	GR	PRIMARY PRESSURE SENSOR
			37	Y	SELECT SOLENOID VALVE
			38	G	TORQUE CONVERTER CLUTCH SOLENOID VALVE
			39	W	SECONDARY PRESSURE SOLENOID VALVE
			40	V	PRIMARY PRESSURE SOLENOID VALVE
			41	B	GROUND
			42	B	GROUND
			45	V	BATTERY POWER SUPPLY
			46	V	IGNITION SIGNAL
			47	BG	CANL
			48	BG	CANH
			23	SHIELD	CAMERA IMAGE SIGNAL GROUND
			24	G	REAR CAMERA GROUND
			25	B	REAR CAMERA POWER SUPPLY
			26	R	REAR CAMERA IMAGE SIGNAL (-)
			27	SHIELD	REAR CAMERA IMAGE SIGNAL (+)
			28	W	REAR CAMERA IMAGE SIGNAL (+)

JRAWC1244GB

## CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

## **< BASIC INSPECTION >**



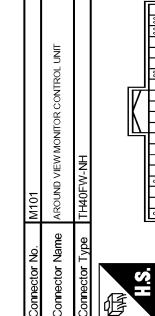
JRAWC1245GB

## CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

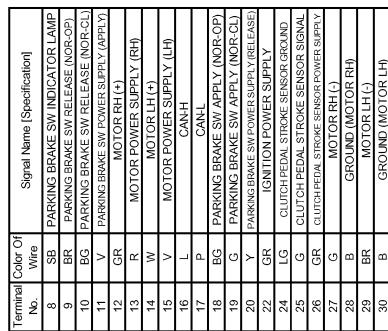
## CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

49	R	CANAL
50	BG	DOORLOCK SW
51	Y	HAZARD SW
56	P	DONGLE
57	L	CUT SHIFT SELECT (ENTER SW) PWRR
60	R	HEADAMP WASHER SW
63	G	POWER WINDOW REAR SW
64	LAR	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER RELAY CONT
65	BR	ACC RELAY CONT
67	Y	IGN RELAY (FB) CONT OUTPUT
68	LAW	BLOWER RELAY INPUT 5
73	LG	COMBI SW INPUT 5
74	Y	COMBI SW INPUT 5
75	BG	SECURITY IND ALAMP CONT
76	G	COMBI SW INPUT 3
77	GR	COMBI SW INPUT 4
78	W	COMBI SW INPUT 1
79	W	COMBI SW INPUT 2
80	SB	DOOR UNLOCK SW



Terminal No.	Wire	Signal Name [Specification]
1	B	GROUND
2	Y	BATTERY POWER SUPPLY
3	SB	IGNITION SIGNAL
7	R	BSW INDICATOR LH
8	G	BSW INDICATOR RH
27	L	CANH
28	R	CANL
36	Y	COMMUNICATION SIGNAL (CAMERA - PAMP)
37	V	COMM. GND
38	SB	COMMUNICATION SIGNAL (CAMERA - CANERRA)

Connector No.	M137
Connector Name	ELECTRIC PARKING BRAKE CONTROL MODULE
Connector Type	renault 8200666909



Terminal No.	Color Of Wire	Signal Name [Specification]
2	L	CANH
3	R	CANL
6	R	IGNITION POWER SUPPLY
7	B	GROUND

# INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

< BASIC INSPECTION >

## INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

### ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL

### ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Required Procedure After Battery Disconnection

INFOID:000000010727579

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SYSTEM	ITEM	REFERENCE
Automatic air conditioning system*	Temperature setting trimmer	—
	Foot position setting trimmer	—
	Inlet port memory function (FRE)	—
	Inlet port memory function (REC)	—
	Setting of target evaporator temperature upper limit value	—
Automatic drive positioner*	Automatic drive positioner system	—
Power window control	Power window control system	<a href="#">PWC-31, "Description"</a>
Sunroof system*	Sunroof system	—
Sunshade system*	Sunshade system	—
Rear view monitor	Rear view monitor predictive course line center position adjustment	—
Around view monitor	Predictive course line center position adjustment	—
Automatic back door system	Automatic back door system	<a href="#">DLK-115, "Description"</a>
Engine oil level read*	Engine oil level read	—

\*: Not equipped.