

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

SECTION **EL**

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HOW TO READ DIAGRAMS

Description

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

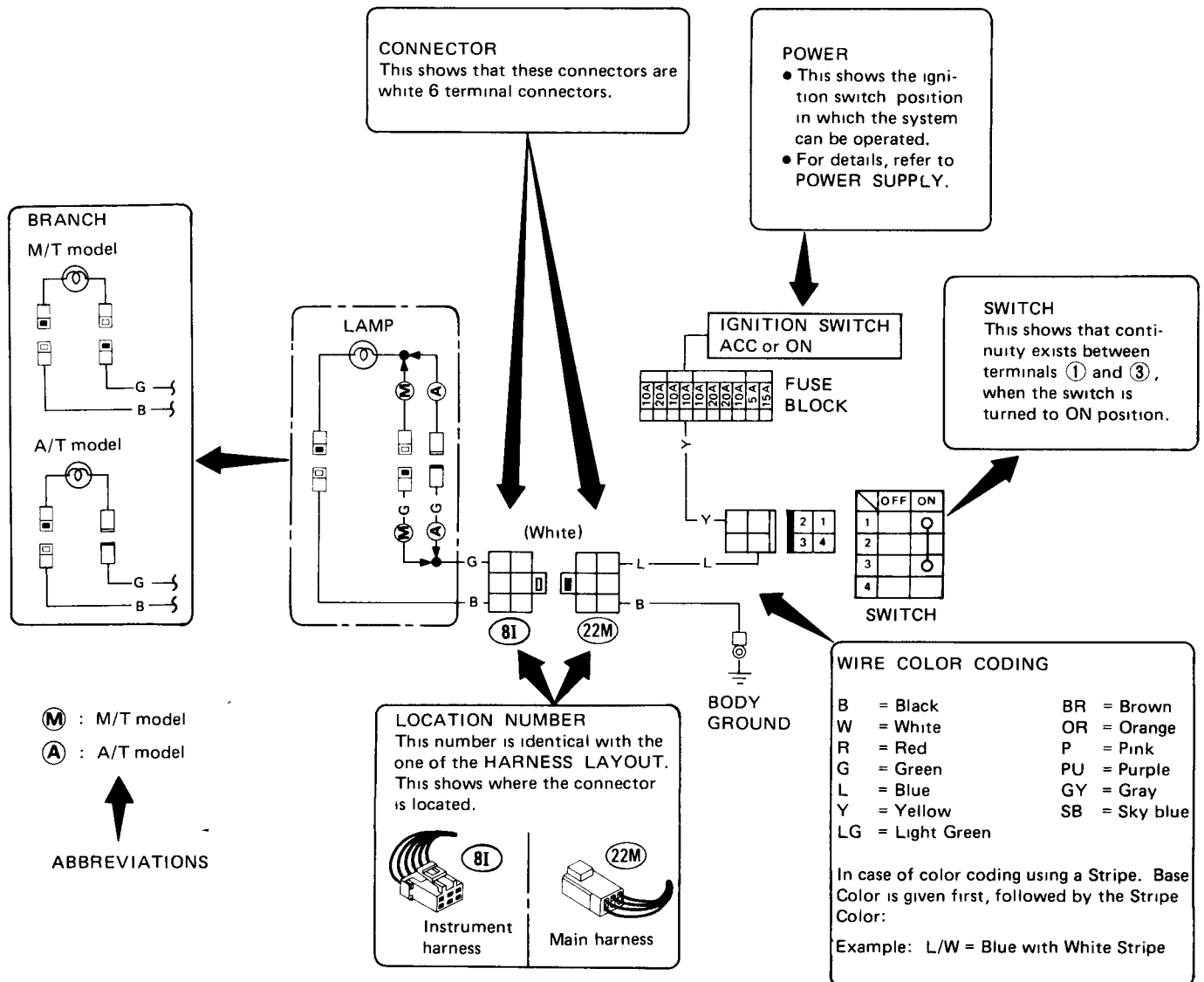
This diagram is helpful in identifying specific problems in the power supply portion of the electrical circuits. For example, a vehicle has an inoperative rear window defogger. A quick check proves that meter and gauges in the vehicle are operative. The power supply diagram shows that there cannot be a problem between the battery, ignition relay, ignition switch or fuse since the power supply circuit for the rear window defogger is common with the

meter and gauges. Therefore, the cause of this specific problem must lie past the fuse, such as in the wiring, rear window defogger, or ground.

WIRING DIAGRAM

This diagram identifies types and number of connectors, electrical terminal positions in the connector, color coding of wires, and connector codes. Refer to the following example.

Example



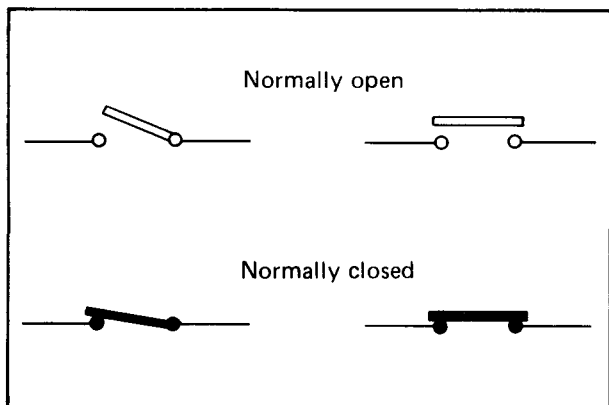
SEL768E

HOW TO READ DIAGRAMS

Description (Cont'd)

SWITCH POSITIONS IN DIAGRAMS

- Ignition switch in lock position
- Light switch and wiper switch in off position
- Doors closed

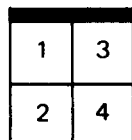


SEL764E

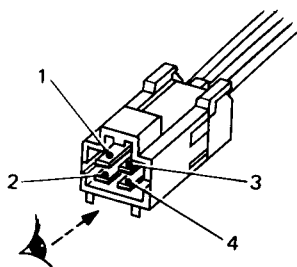
CONNECTOR SYMBOLS

1. Direction of connector

Example



Symbol mark



Real connector

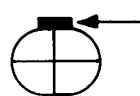
SEL766E

2. Male and female terminals

Connectors for male terminals are in black and female terminals in white.

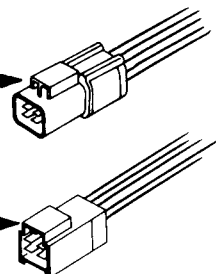
Example

Male terminal



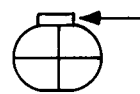
Symbol mark

Guide



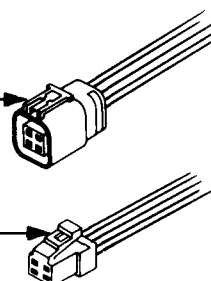
Real connector

Female terminal



Symbol mark

Guide



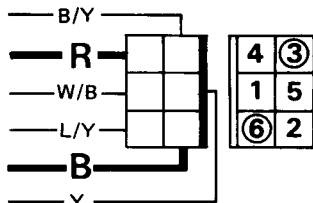
Real connector

SEL765E

HOW TO IDENTIFY THE MULTIPLE SWITCH

The multiple switch is identified in the symbol chart and shown in the diagrams below.

WIPER SWITCH



	OFF	INT	LO	HI	WASH
1					○
2				○	
③	○	○	●		
4	○	○			
5		○			
⑥		○	●	○	○

Continuity circuit of wiper switch

SWITCH POSITION	CONTINUITY CIRCUIT
OFF	3 - 4
INT	3 - 4, 5 - 6
LO	3 - 6
HI	2 - 6
WASH	1 - 6

Case of wiper switch in LO position.

Continuity circuit: Red wire — Male connector — ③ terminal (Female connector)
 — ● Wiper switch ● — ⑥ terminal — Male connector
 — Black wire

SEL767E

HOW TO READ DIAGRAMS

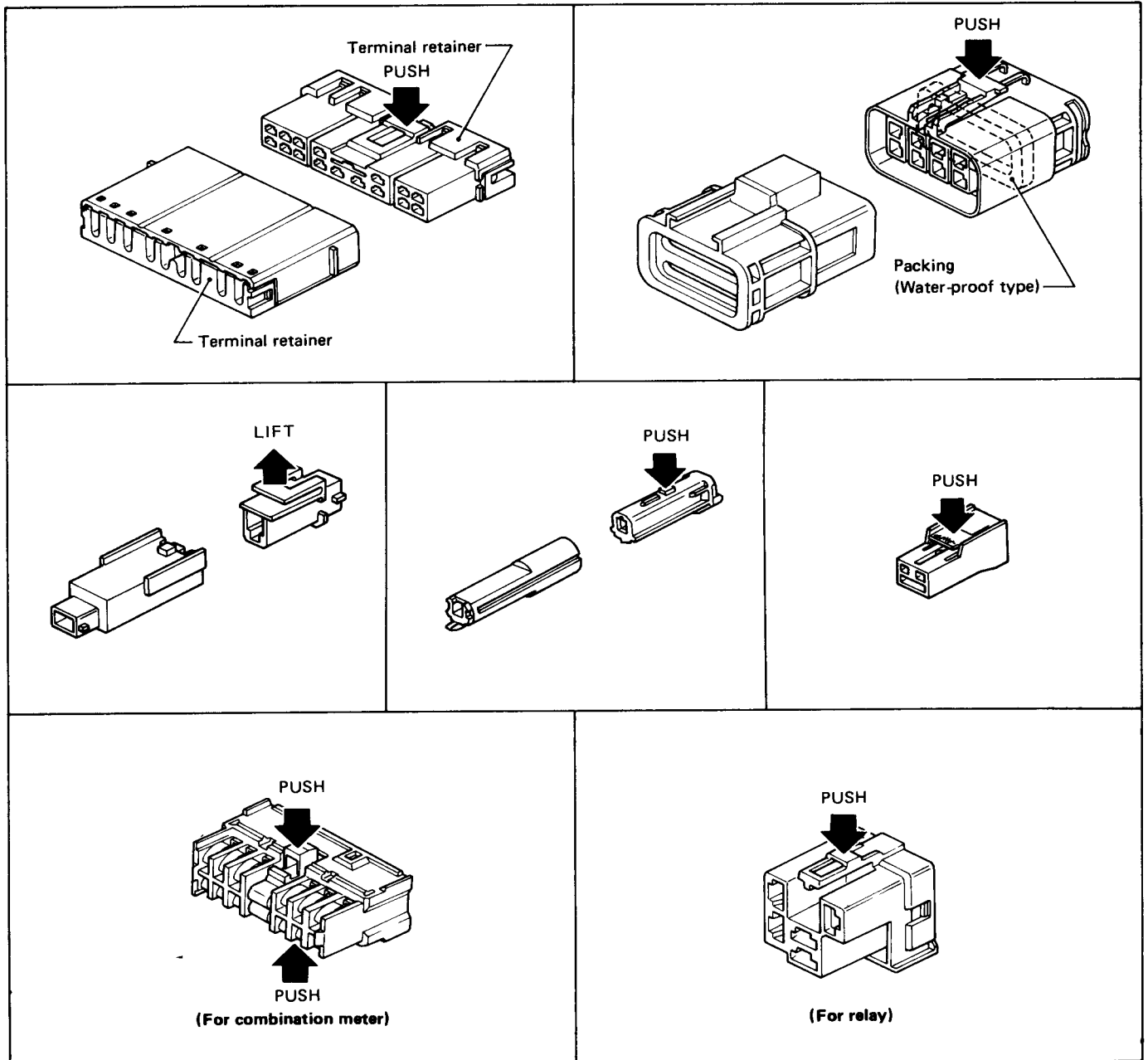
HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors have been modified to prevent accidental looseness or disconnection.
- The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.

CAUTION:

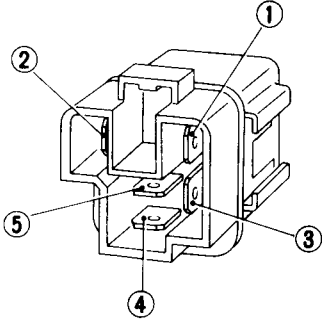
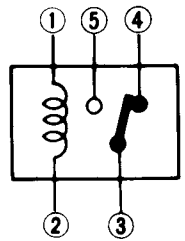
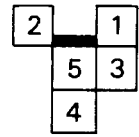
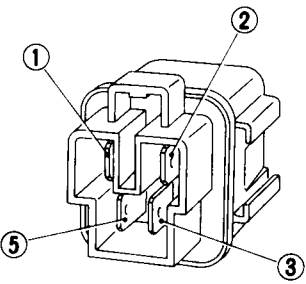
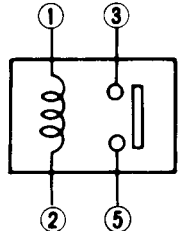
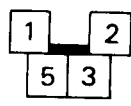
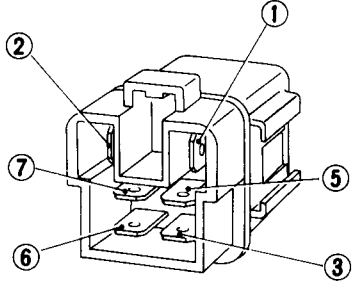
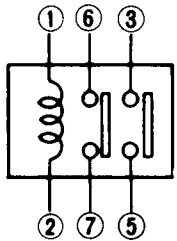
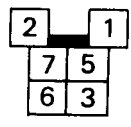
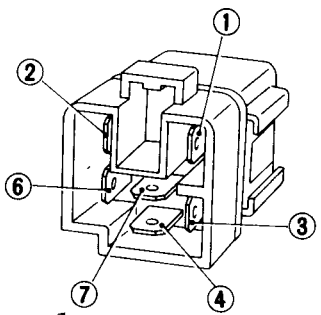
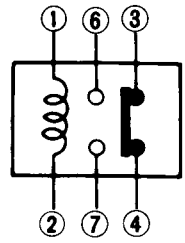
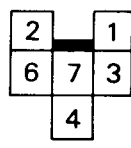
Do not pull the harness when disconnect the connector.

[Example]



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STANDARDIZED RELAY

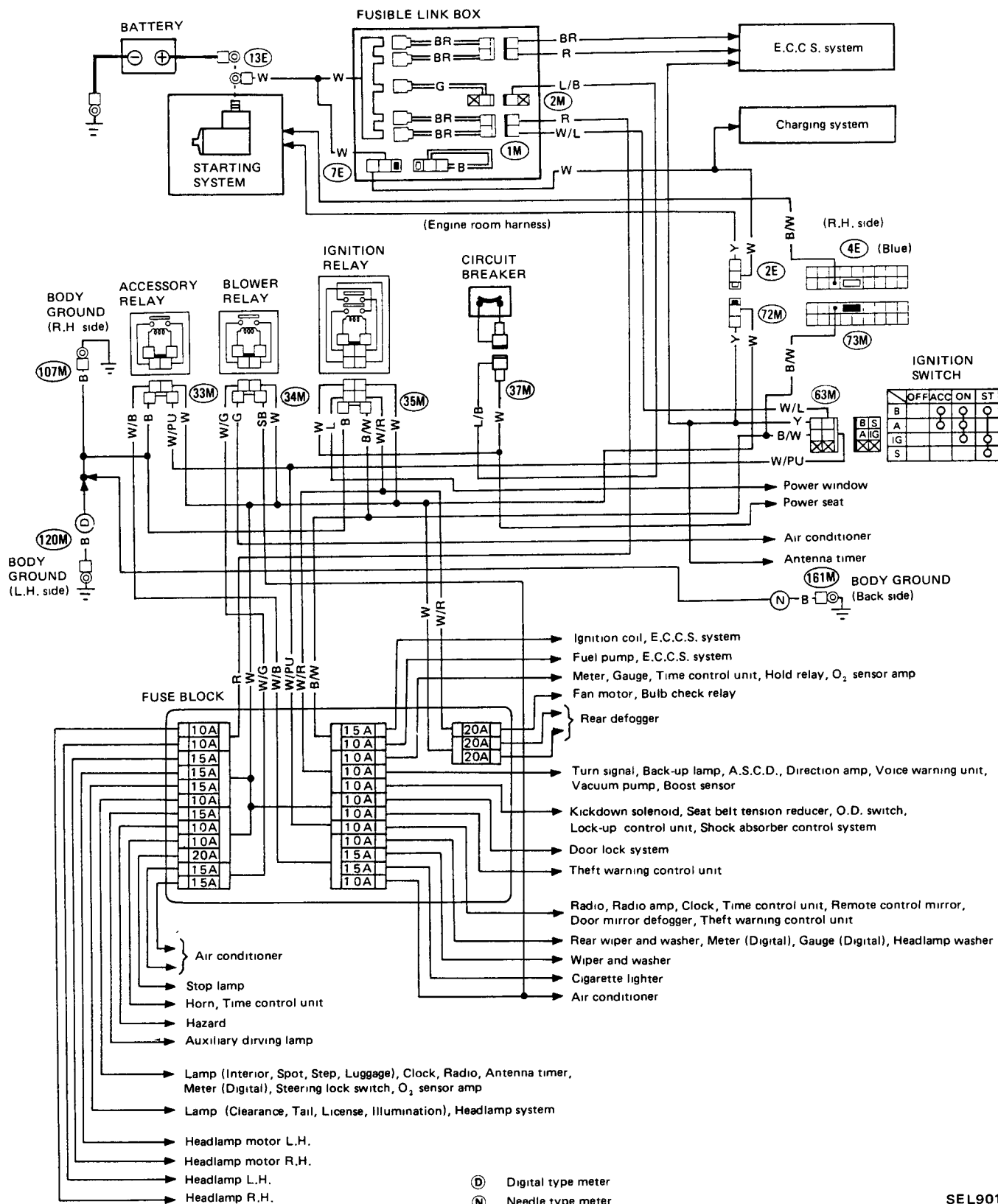
Type	Outer view	Circuit	Symbols	Case color
1T				BLACK
1M				BLUE
2M				BROWN
1M-1B				GRAY

SEL639D

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram

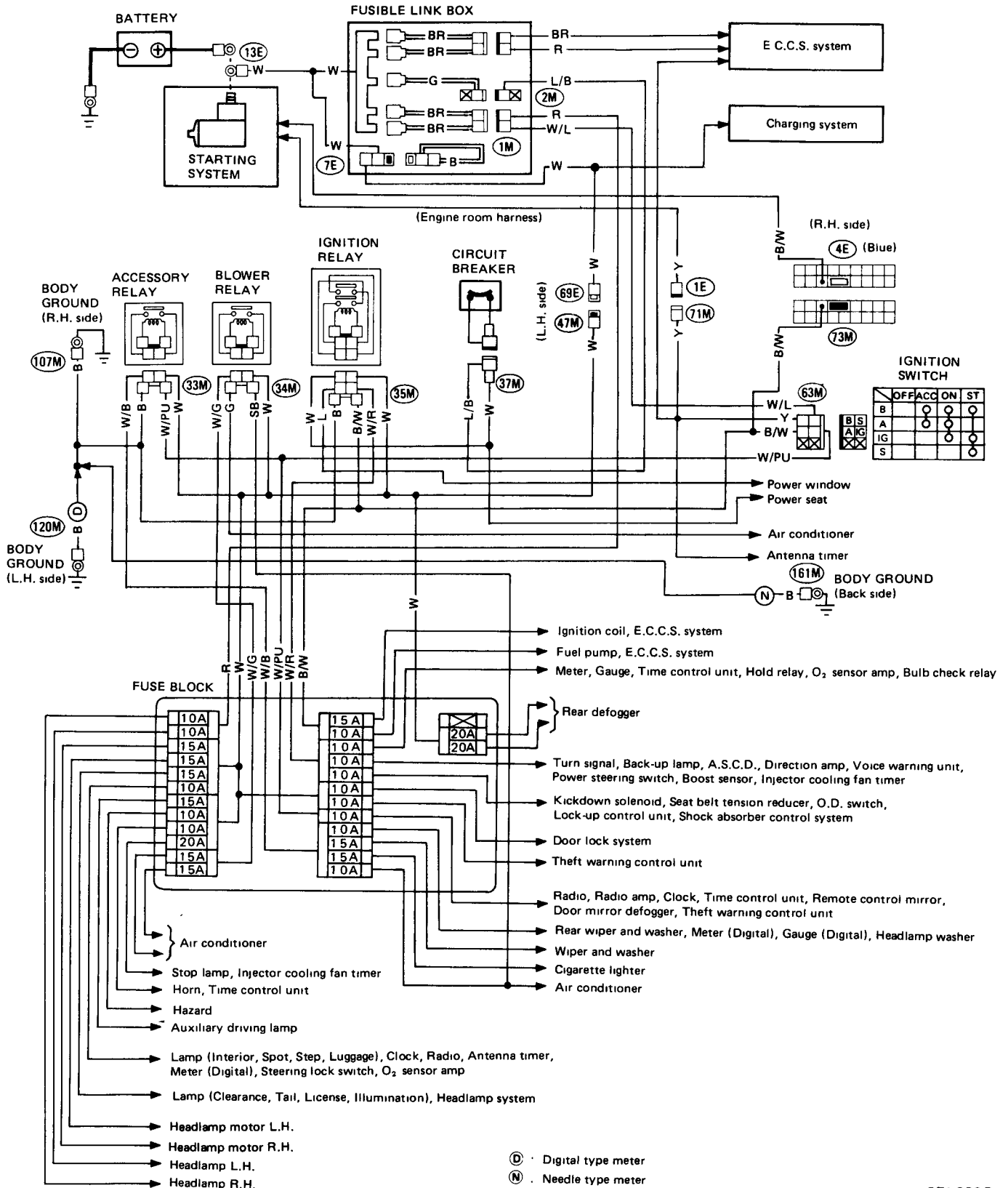
TURBO MODELS



POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

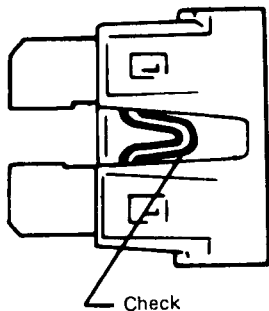
NON-TURBO MODELS



SEL902G

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Fuse

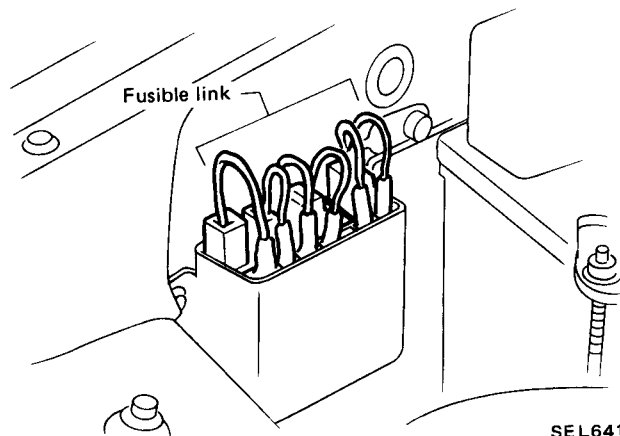


SEL276

- If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- Do not install fuse in oblique direction; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- Remove fuse for clock if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.



SEL641D

CAUTION:

- If fusible link should melt, it is possible that critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check and eliminate cause of problem.
- Never wrap periphery of fusible link with vinyl tape. Extreme care should be taken with this link to ensure that it does not come into contact with any other wiring harness or vinyl or rubber parts.

BATTERY

CAUTION:

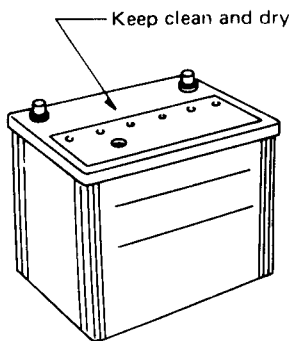
- If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.

How to Handle Battery

METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

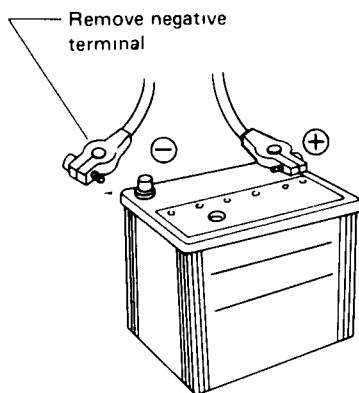
- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.



SEL711E

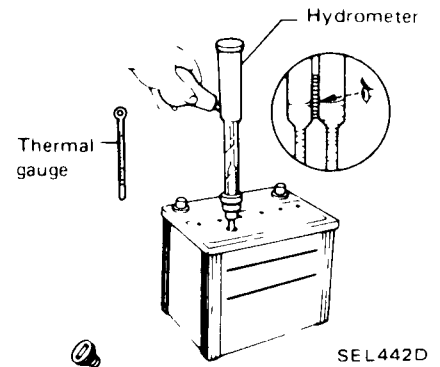
If the top surface of a battery is wet with electrolyte or water, leakage current will cause the battery to discharge. Always keep the battery clean and dry.

- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal. (If the vehicle has an extended storage switch, turn it off.)



SEL712E

- Check the charge condition of the battery.



Periodically check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Keep a close check on charge condition to prevent over-discharge.

CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

WARNING:

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

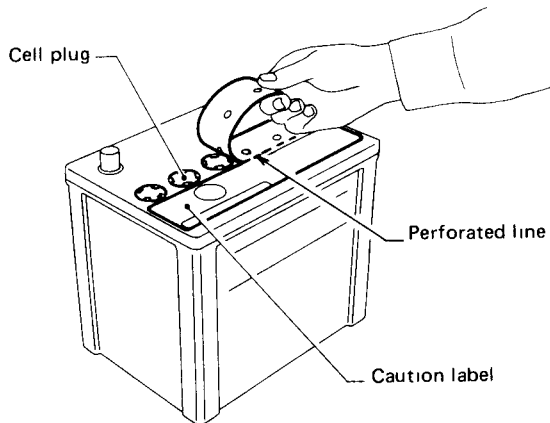
Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

To maintain serviceability, a perforated line has been added to the battery caution label.

BATTERY

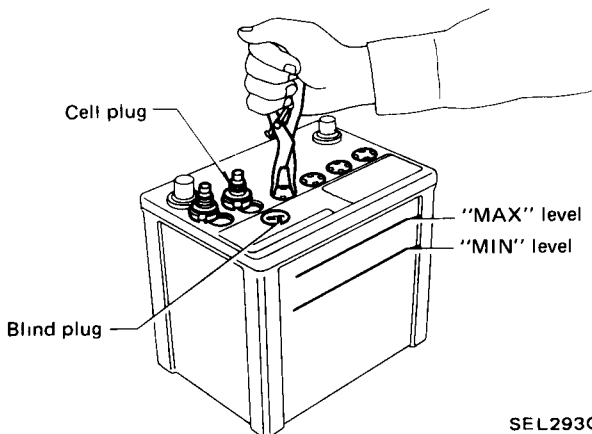
How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- If the electrolyte level is low, remove label at perforated line.



SEL292G

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.

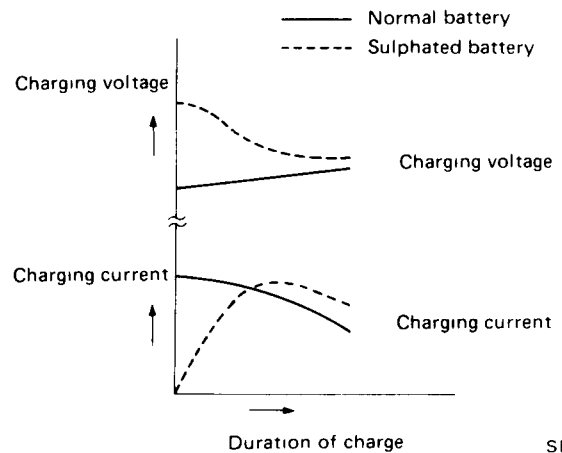


SEL293G

SULPHATION

When a battery has been left unattended for a long period of time and has a specific gravity of less than 1.100, it will be completely discharged, resulting in sulphation on the cell plates.

Compared with a battery discharged under normal conditions, the current flow in a "sulphated" battery is not as smooth although its voltage is high during the initial stage of charging, as shown in the following figure.



SEL709E

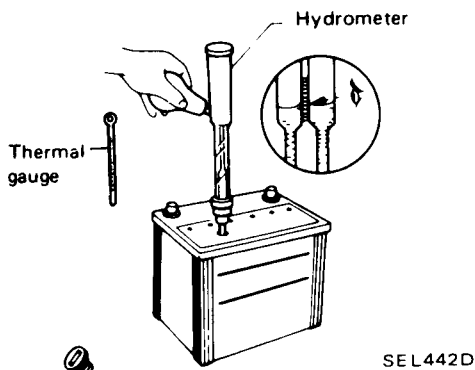
BATTERY

Specific Gravity Check

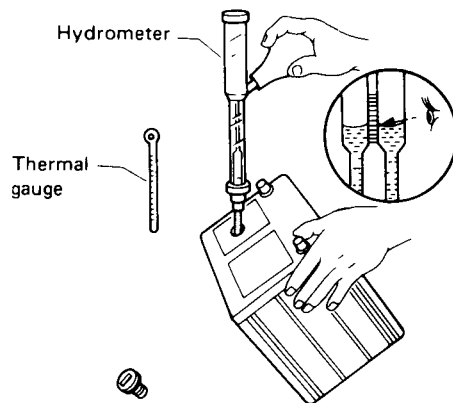
SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

1. Read hydrometer and thermal gauge indications at eye level.

Read top level with scale.



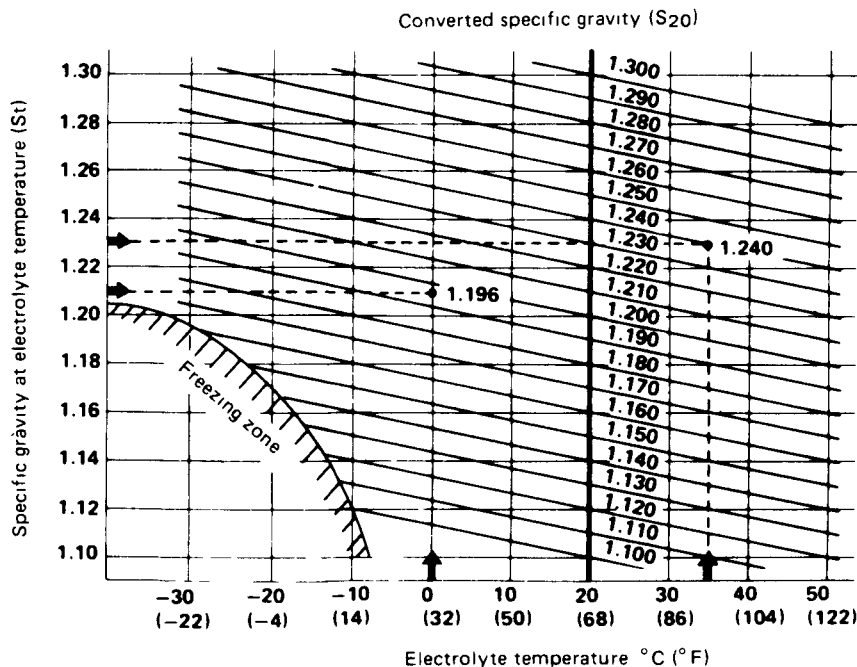
- When electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case to raise it for easy measurement.



2. Convert into specific gravity at 20°C (68°F).

Example:

- When electrolyte temperature is 35°C (95°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.230, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.240.
- When electrolyte temperature is 0°C (32°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.210, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.196.

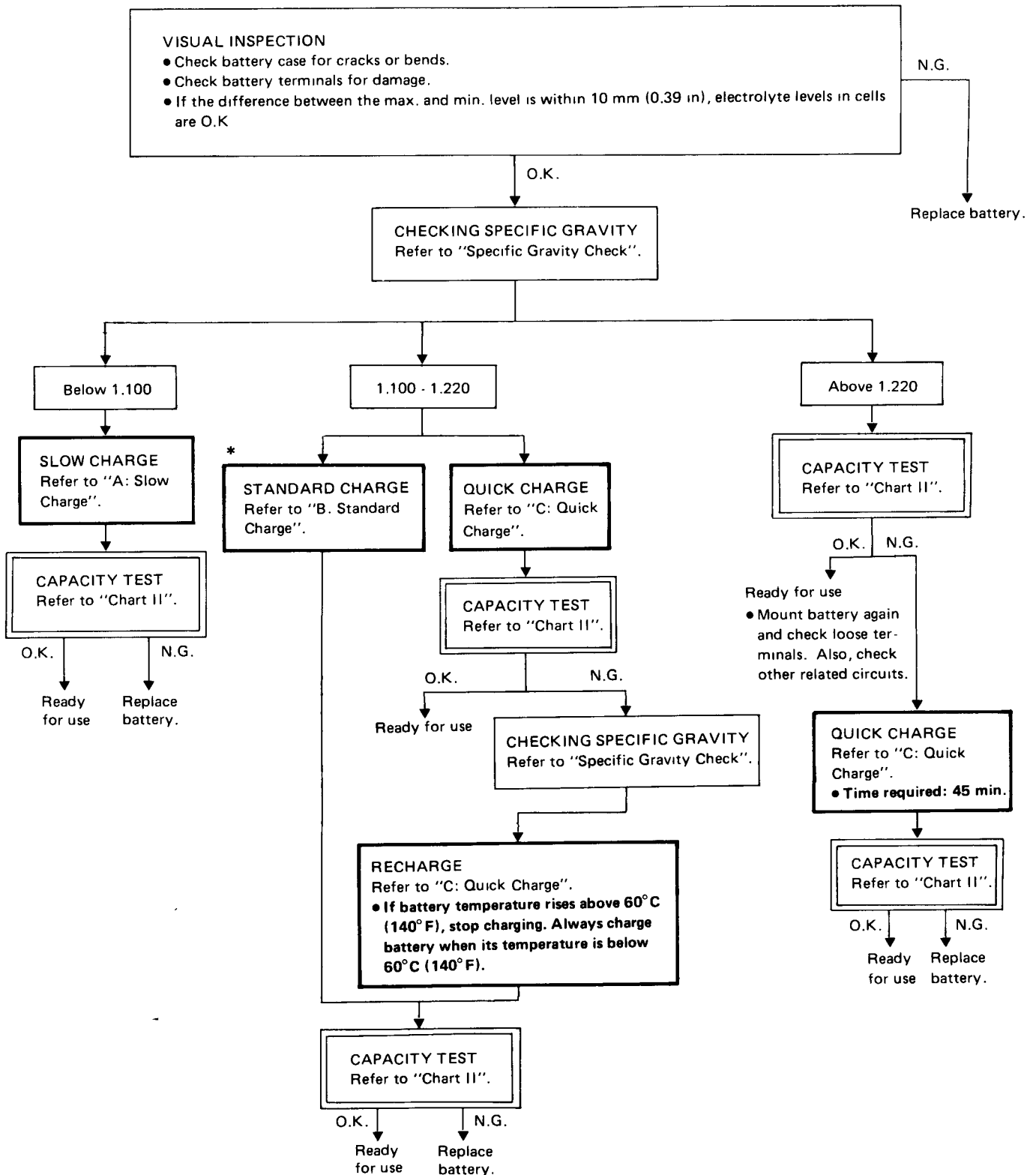


SEL042D

BATTERY

M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart

Chart I

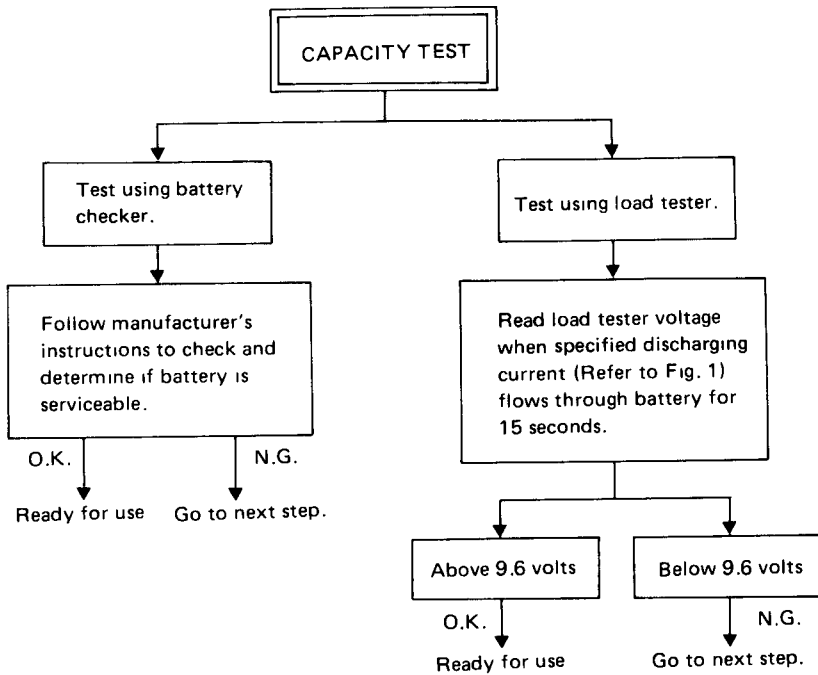


* "STANDARD CHARGE" is recommended in case that the vehicle is in storage after charging.

BATTERY

M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

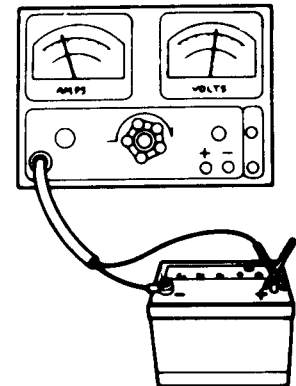
Chart II



- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.

Fig. 1 DISCHARGING CURRENT (Load tester)

Type	Current (A)
NS40S-MF	90 (A)
NS40ZA-MF	99 (A)
NS60-MF	135 (A)
N50S-MF	150 (A)
N60-MF	180 (A)
55D23-MF	180 (A)
NS70-MF	195 (A)
N70Z-MF	210 (A)
NX120-7-MF	240 (A)



SEL697B

BATTERY

M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

A: SLOW CHARGE

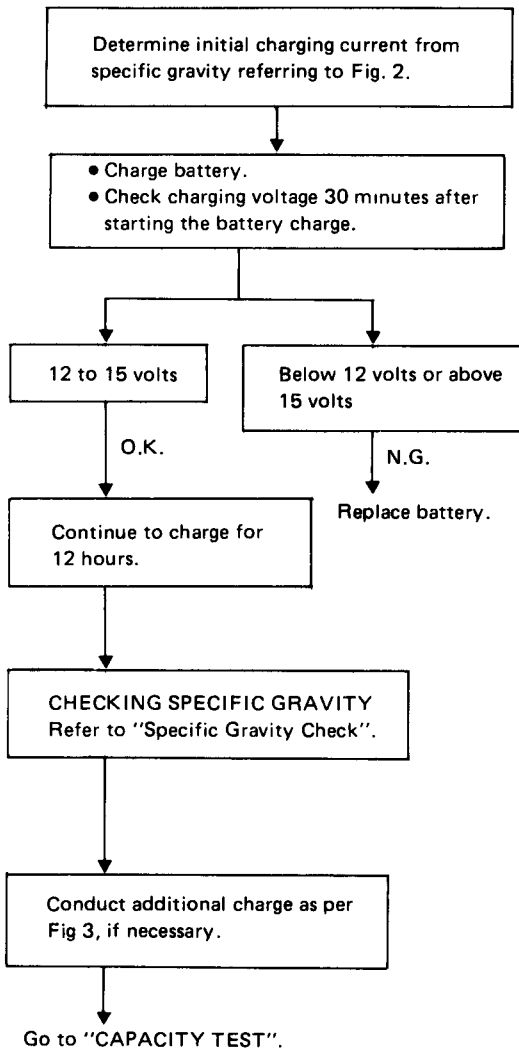
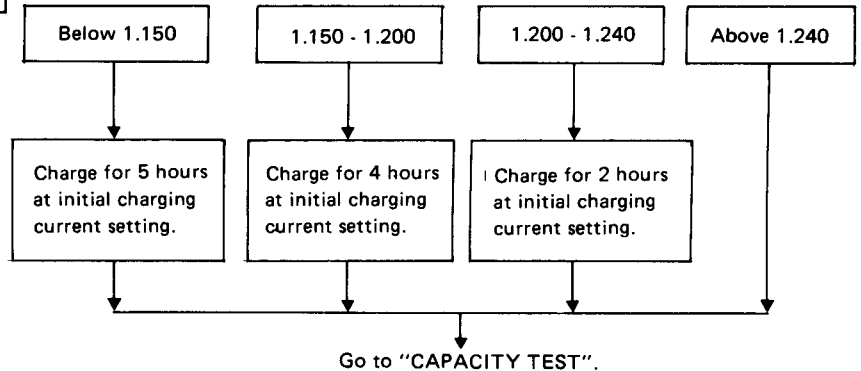


Fig. 2 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING (Slow charge)

BATTERY TYPE CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	NS40S-MF NS40ZA-MF	NS60-MF	N60-MF 55D23-MF N50S-MF	NS70-MF	N70Z-MF	NX120-7-MF
Below 1.100	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	8.0 (A)	9.0 (A)	10.0 (A)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

Fig. 3 ADDITIONAL CHARGE (Slow charge)



CAUTION:

- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 2. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

BATTERY

M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

B: STANDARD CHARGE

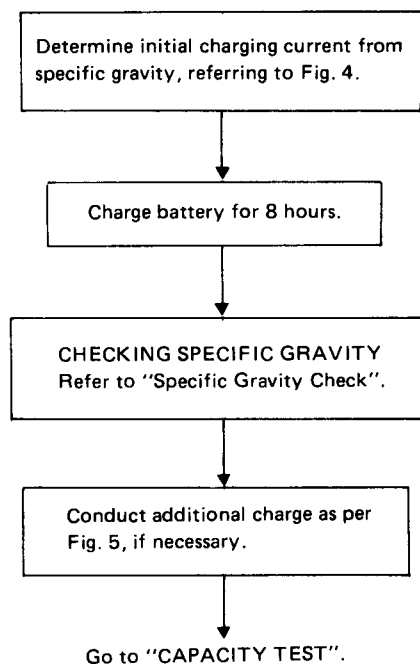
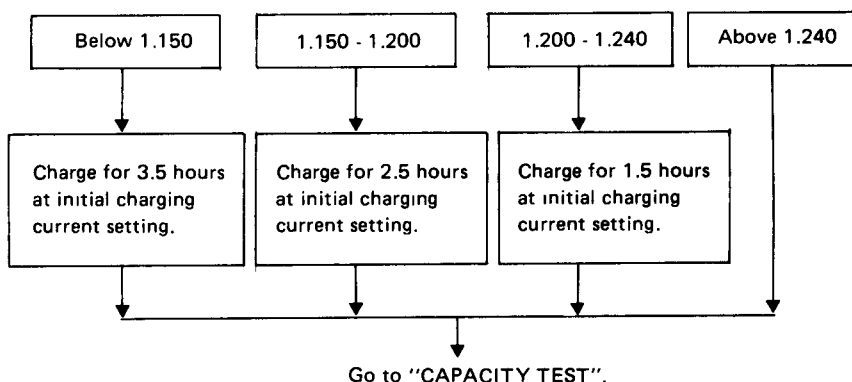


Fig. 4 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING (Standard charge)

BATTERY TYPE CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	NS40S-MF NS40ZA-MF	NS60-MF	N60-MF 55D23-MF N50S-MF	NS70-MF	N70Z-MF	NX120-7-MF
1.100 - 1.130	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	8.0 (A)	9.0 (A)
1.130 - 1.160	3.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	8.0 (A)
1.160 - 1.190	2.0 (A)	3.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	7.0 (A)
1.190 - 1.220	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	3.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

Fig. 5 ADDITIONAL CHARGE (Standard charge)



CAUTION:

- Do not use standard charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 4. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

BATTERY

M.F. Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

C: QUICK CHARGE

Determine initial charging current setting and charging time from specific gravity, referring to Fig. 6.

Charge battery

Go to "CAPACITY TEST".

Fig. 6 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING AND CHARGING TIME (Quick charge)

CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	BATTERY TYPE	NS40S -MF NS40ZA -MF	NS60-MF N50S-MF	N60-MF 55D23-MF NS70-MF	N70Z-MF NX120-7 -MF
	CUR- RENT [A]	10 (A)	15 (A)	20 (A)	30 (A)
1.100 - 1 130	2.5 hours				
1.130 - 1 160	2 0 hours				
1.160 - 1 190	1.5 hours				
1.190 - 1.220	1.0 hours				
Above 1.220	0.75 hours (45 min.)				

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

CAUTION:

- Do not use quick charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set initial charging current to value specified in Fig. 6. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- Be careful of a rise in battery temperature because a large current flow is required during quick-charge operation.
If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).
- Do not exceed the charging time specified in Fig. 6. Because if the battery is charged over the charging time, it can cause deterioration of the battery.

Service Data and Specifications (S.D.S.)

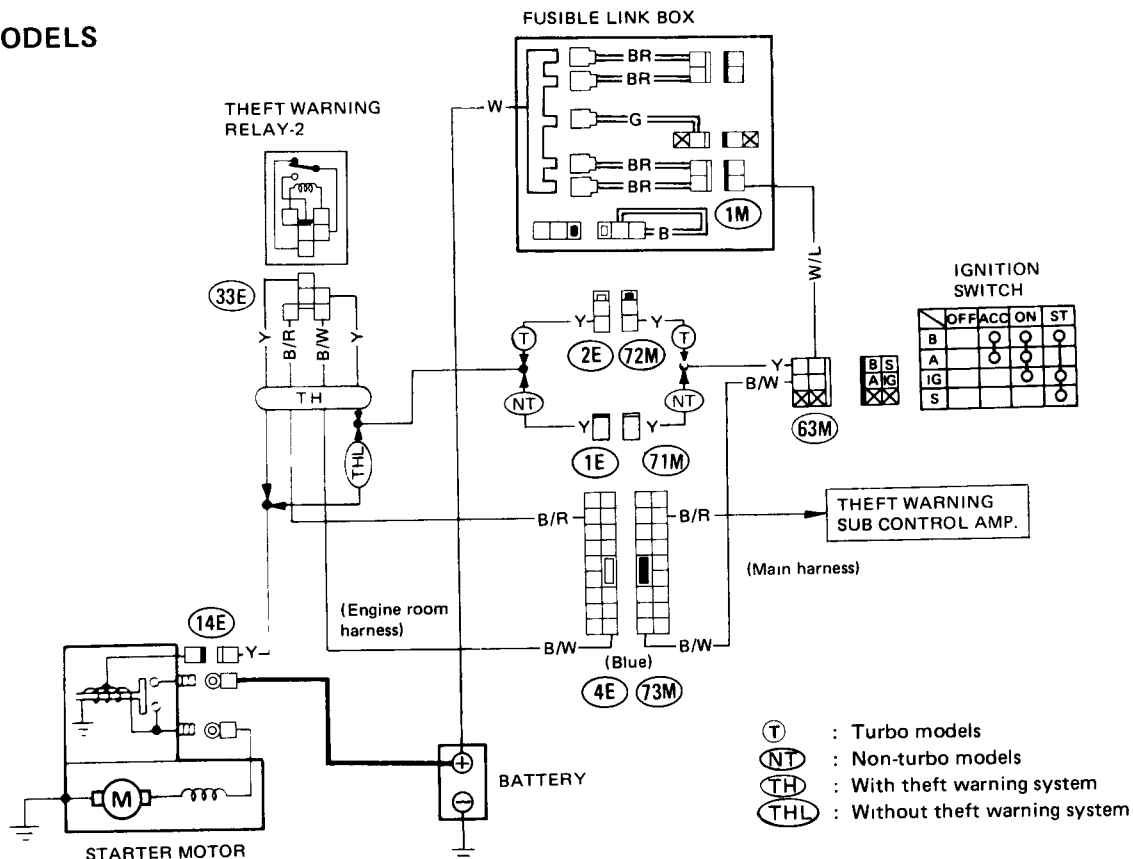
Applied model	U.S.A.	Canada, U.S.A.*
Type	55D23R-MF	N70Z-MF
	Maintenance-free	
Capacity	V-AH	12-60
		12-70

*: Option

STARTING SYSTEM

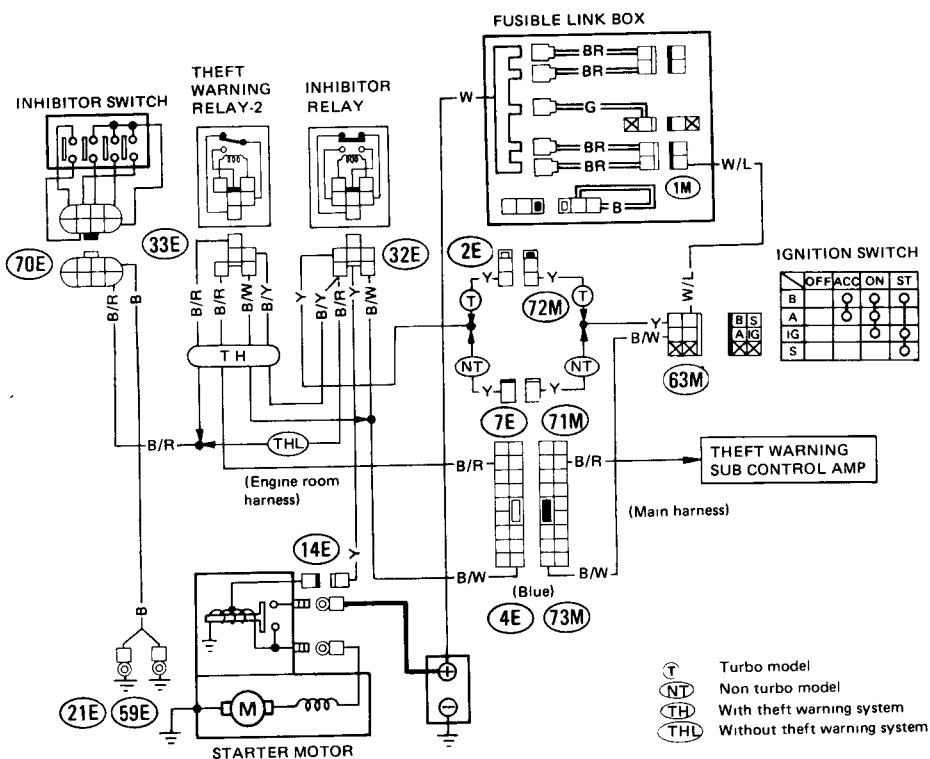
Wiring Diagram

M/T MODELS



SEL621D

A/T MODELS

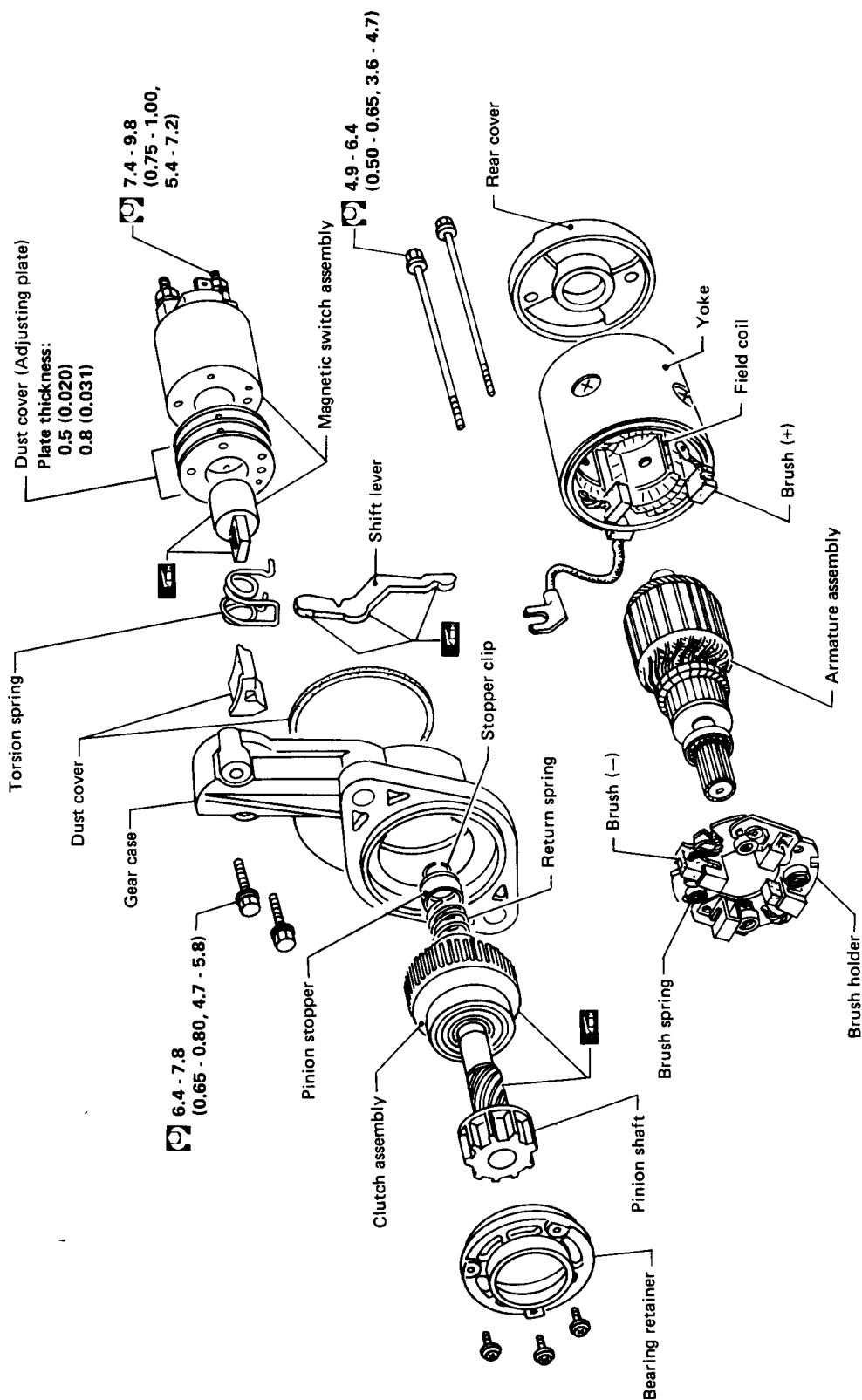


SEL498F

STARTING SYSTEM — Starter —

Construction

S114-374B, 403B



Unit: mm (in)

: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

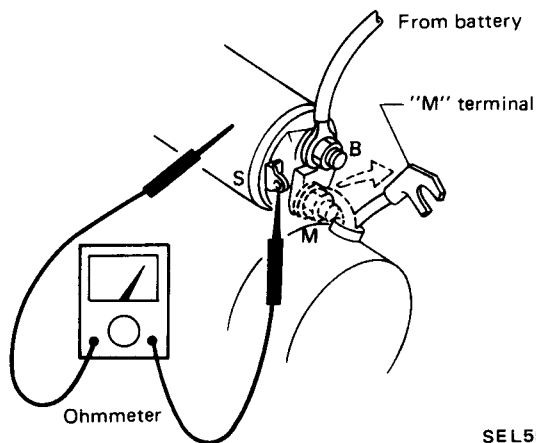
: High-temperature grease point

SEL623D

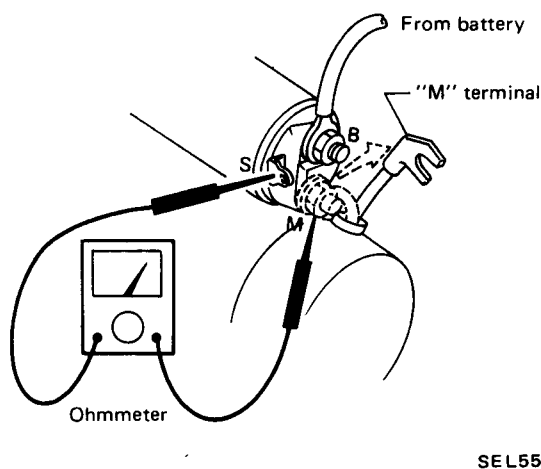
STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

Magnetic Switch Check

- Before starting to check, disconnect battery ground cable.
 - Disconnect "M" terminal of starter motor.
1. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and switch body).
 - No continuity ... Replace.

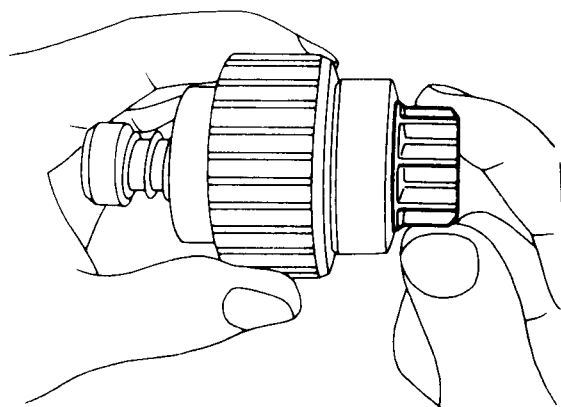


2. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and "M" terminal).
 - No continuity ... Replace.

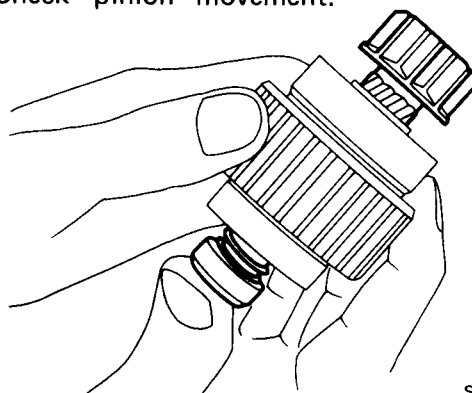


Pinion/Clutch Check

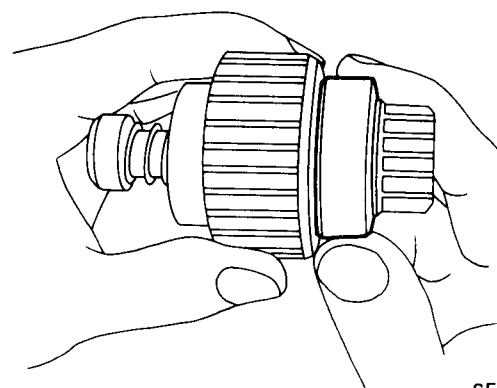
1. Check to see if clutch assembly locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
 - If it does not lock (or locks) in either direction or unusual resistance is evident Replace.



2. Check pinion movement.



3. Check ball bearing.
Spin outer race of ball bearing to ensure that it turns smoothly without binding.



- Abnormal resistance Replace.

STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

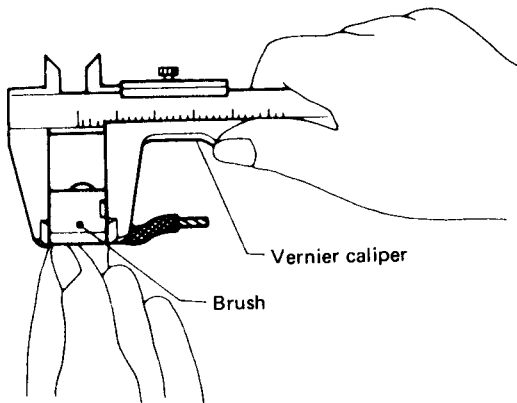
Brush Check

4. Inspection pinion teeth.
 - Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
5. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
 - Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)

BRUSH

Check wear of brush.

Wear limit length: 11 mm (0.43 in)

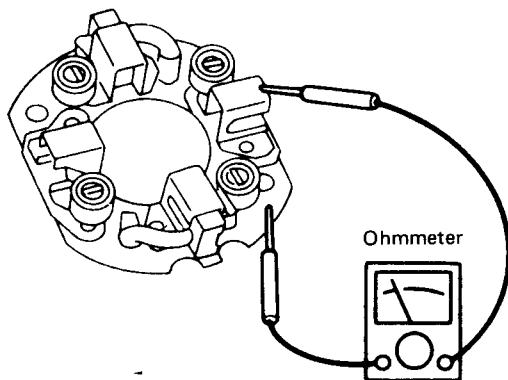


SEL626B

- Excessive wear ... Replace.

BRUSH HOLDER

1. Perform insulation test between brush holder (positive side) and its base (negative side).

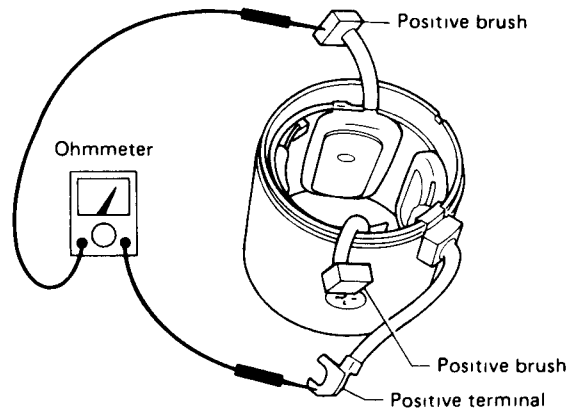


SEL568B

- Continuity exists ... Replace.
2. Check brush holder to see if it moves smoothly.
 - If brush holder is bent, replace it; if sliding surface is dirty, clean.

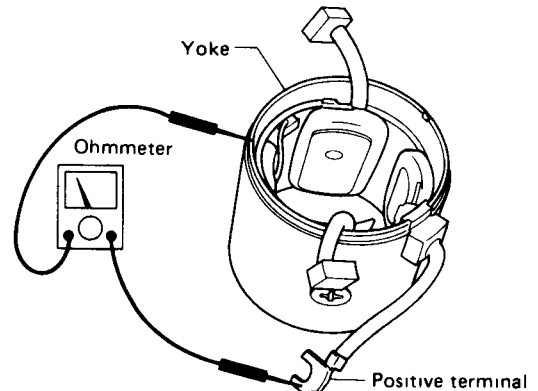
Field Coil Check

1. Continuity test (between field coil positive terminal and positive brushes).



SEL102E

- No continuity ... Replace field coil.
2. Insulation test (between field coil positive terminal and yoke).



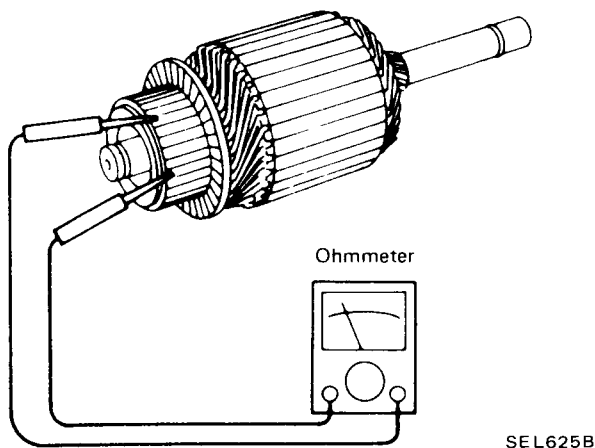
SEL103E

- Continuity exists ... Replace field coil.

STARTING SYSTEM — Starter —

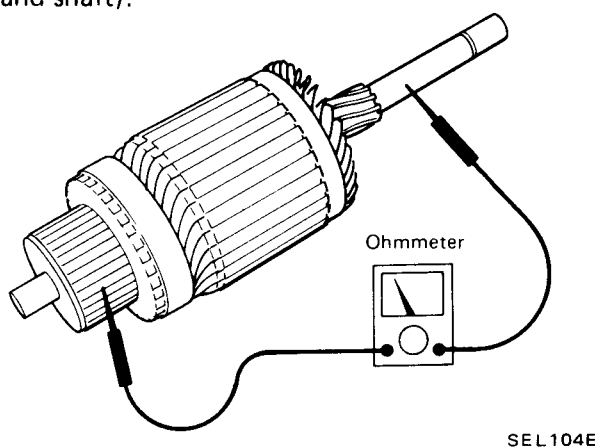
Armature Check

1. Continuity test (between two segments side by side).



- No continuity ... Replace.

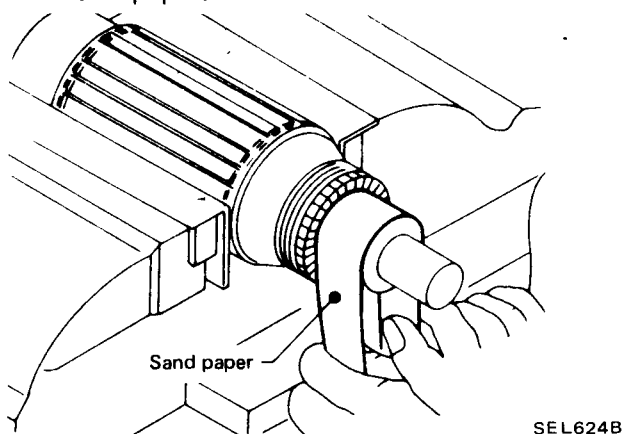
2. Insulation test (between each commutator bar and shaft).



- Continuity exists ... Replace.

3. Check commutator surface.

- Rough ... Sand lightly with No. 500 - 600 sandpaper.

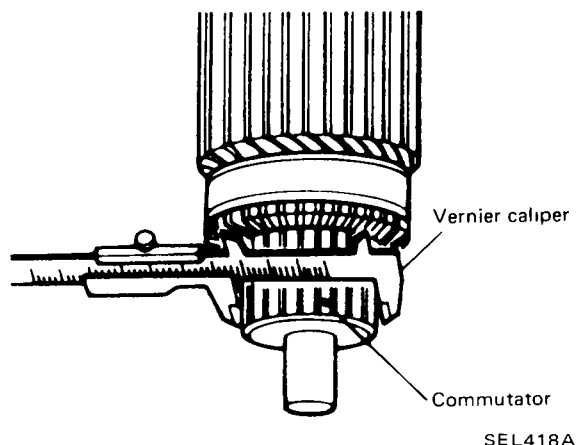


4. Check diameter of commutator.

Commutator minimum diameter:

29 mm (1.14 in)

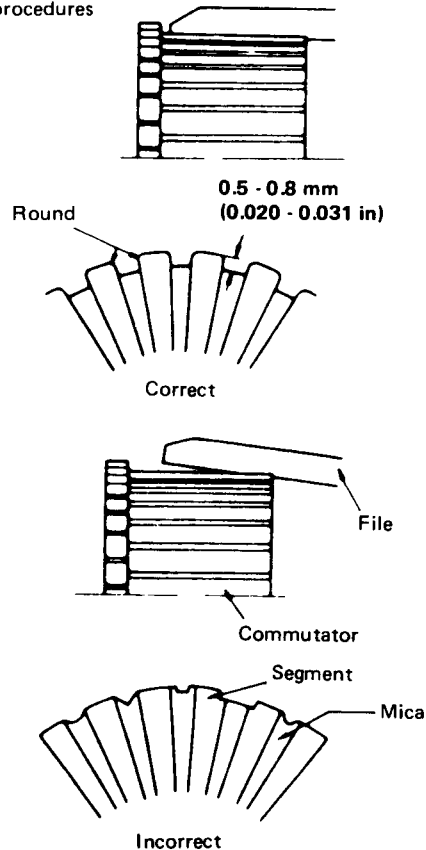
- Less than specified value ... Replace.



5. Check depth of insulating mica from commutator surface.

- Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in) ... Undercut to 0.5 - 0.8 mm (0.020 - 0.031 in)

Undercut procedures



STARTING SYSTEM — Starter —

Assembly

Service Data and Specification

Carefully observe the following instructions.

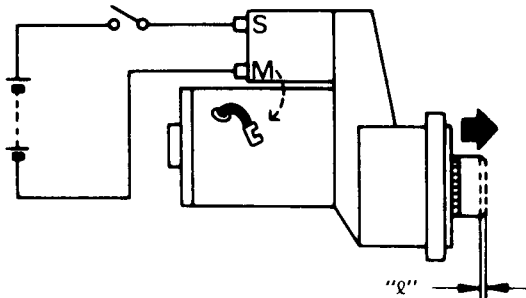
a. Apply grease to:

- Rear cover metal
- Gear case metal
- Frictional surface of pinion
- Moving portion of shift lever
- Plunger of magnetic switch

Compare difference "ℓ" in height of pinion when it is pushed out with magnetic switch energized and when it is pulled out by hand until it touches stopper.

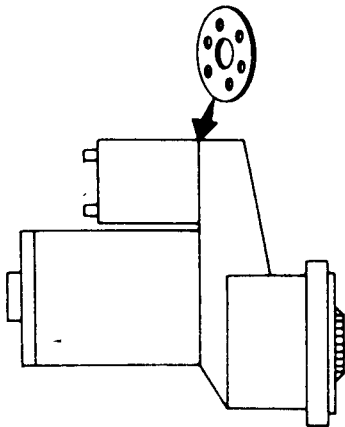
Difference "ℓ":

0.3 - 1.5 mm (0.012 - 0.059 in)



SEL497D

- Not in the specified value ... Adjust by dust cover (Adjusting plate).



SEL573B

Applied model		
Type	S114-374B	S114-403B
System voltage	V	12
No-load		
Terminal voltage	V	11
Current	A	Less than 100
Revolution	rpm	More than 3,900
Outer diameter of commutator	mm (in)	More than 29 (1.14)
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	11 (0.43)
Brush spring tension	N (kg, lb)	15.7 - 19.6 (1.6 - 2.0, 3.5 - 4.4)
Difference "ℓ" in height of pinion assembly	mm (in)	0.3 - 1.5 (0.012 - 0.059)

Wiring Diagram

Diagram illustrating the electrical system wiring for the 1977-1978 Chevrolet Camaro, showing the battery, alternator, fuse block, ignition switch, ignition relay, and various meters and lamps.

Legend:

- Ⓚ : Digital meter models
- ⓀⓀ : Except digital meter models
- ⓀⓀ : A/T models
- ⓀⓀ : M/T models

Key Components and Connections:

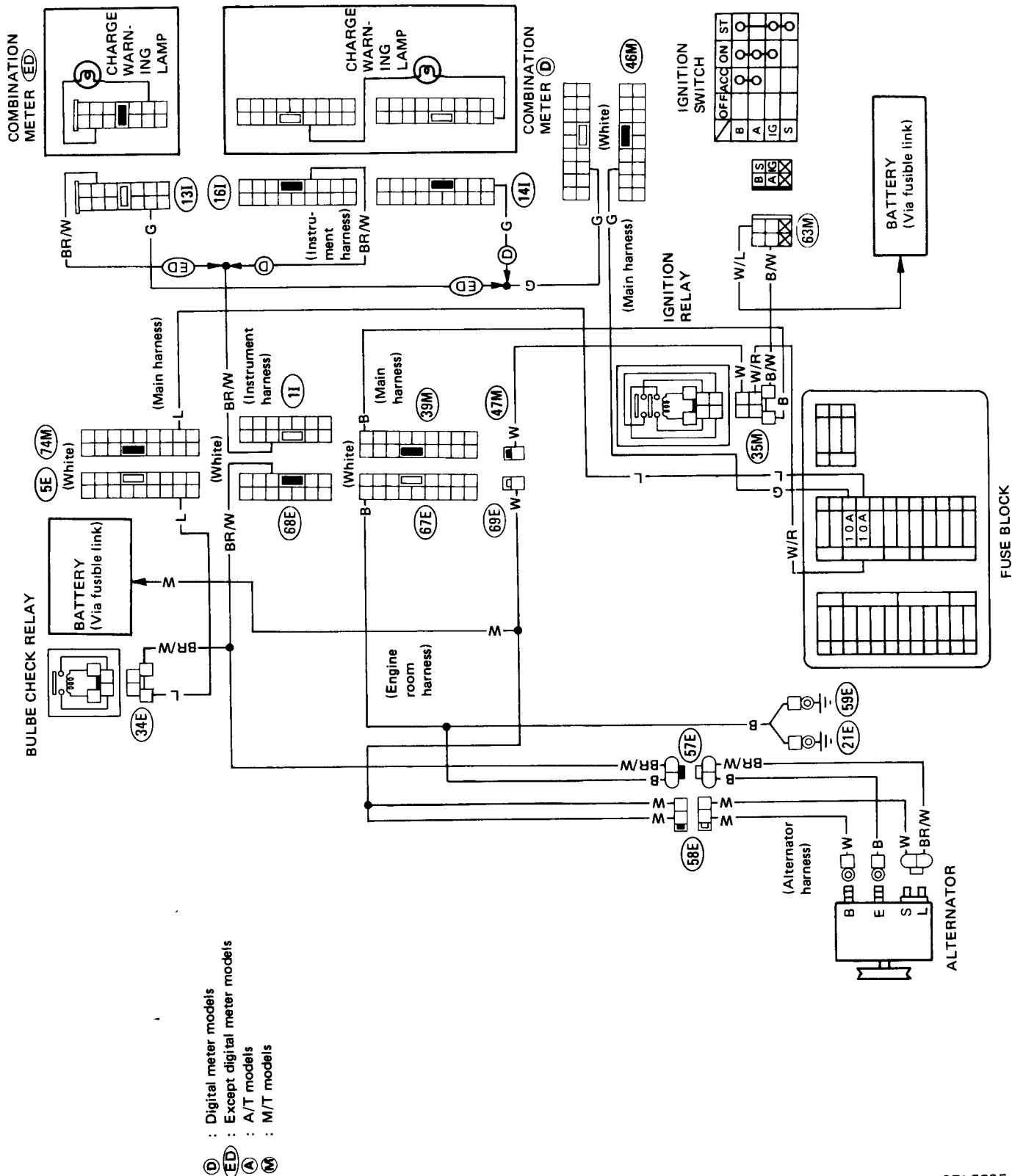
- BATTERY (Via fusible link):** Connected to the main power distribution point.
- IGNITION SWITCH:** Controls the ignition system and provides power to the ignition relay.
- IGNITION RELAY:** Controls the flow of current to the alternator and other components.
- FUSE BLOCK:** Contains fuses for various circuits, including the 10A and 10A fuses.
- ALTERNATOR:** Generates electricity to charge the battery and power the vehicle's systems.
- COMBINATION METER:** Monitors engine speed, fuel level, and other vital signs.
- CHARGE WARNING LAMP:** Indicates when the battery is not being charged properly.
- IGNITION RELAY:** Controls the flow of current to the alternator and other components.
- WIRING HARNESSES:** The diagram shows the main harness, instrument harness, and engine room harness, detailing the connections between various components.

SEL499F

CHARGING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

NON-TURBO MODELS



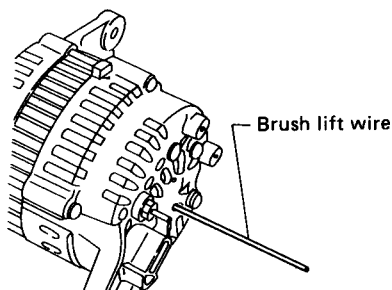
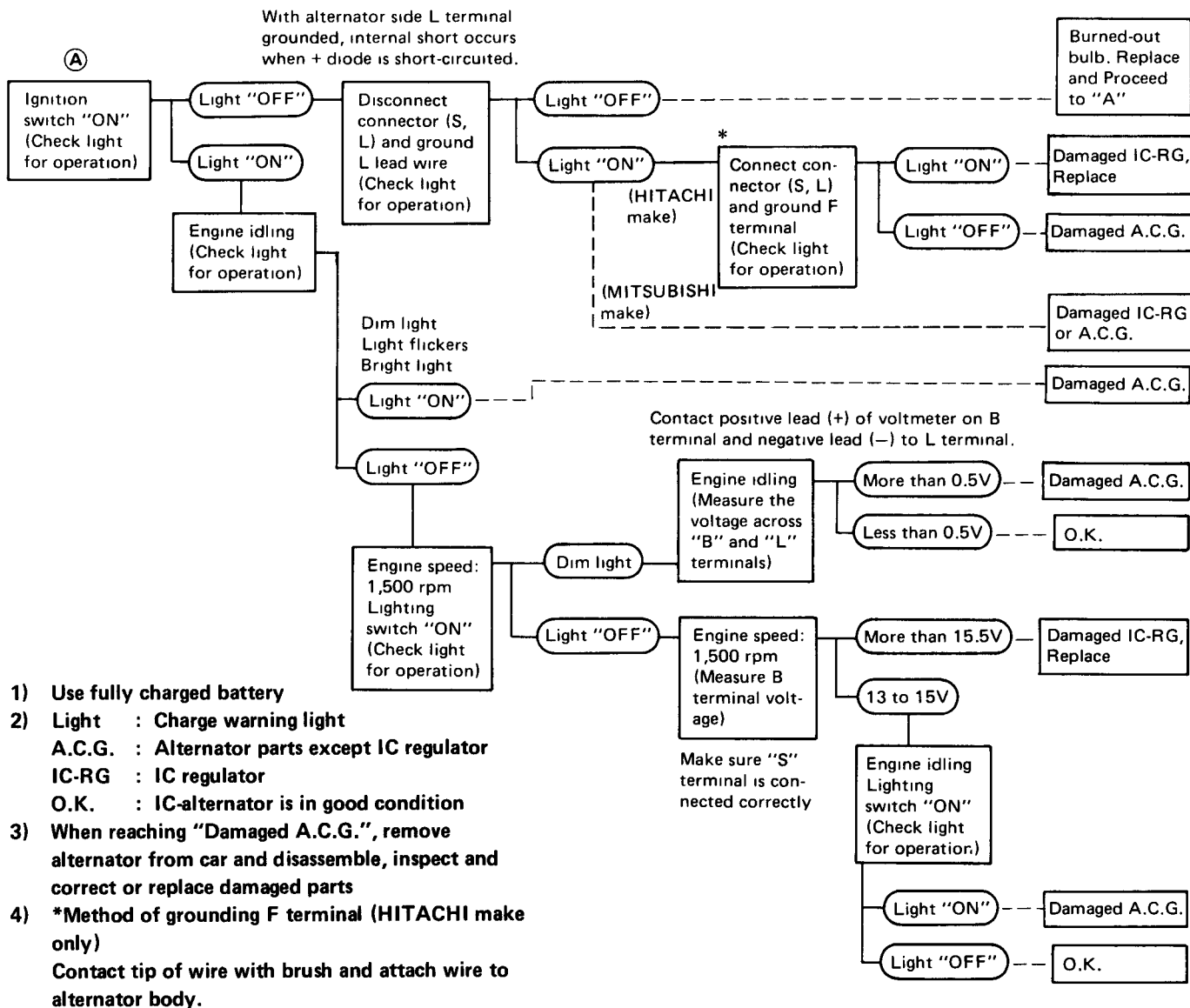
SEL500F

CHARGING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-Volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

WITH IC REGULATOR



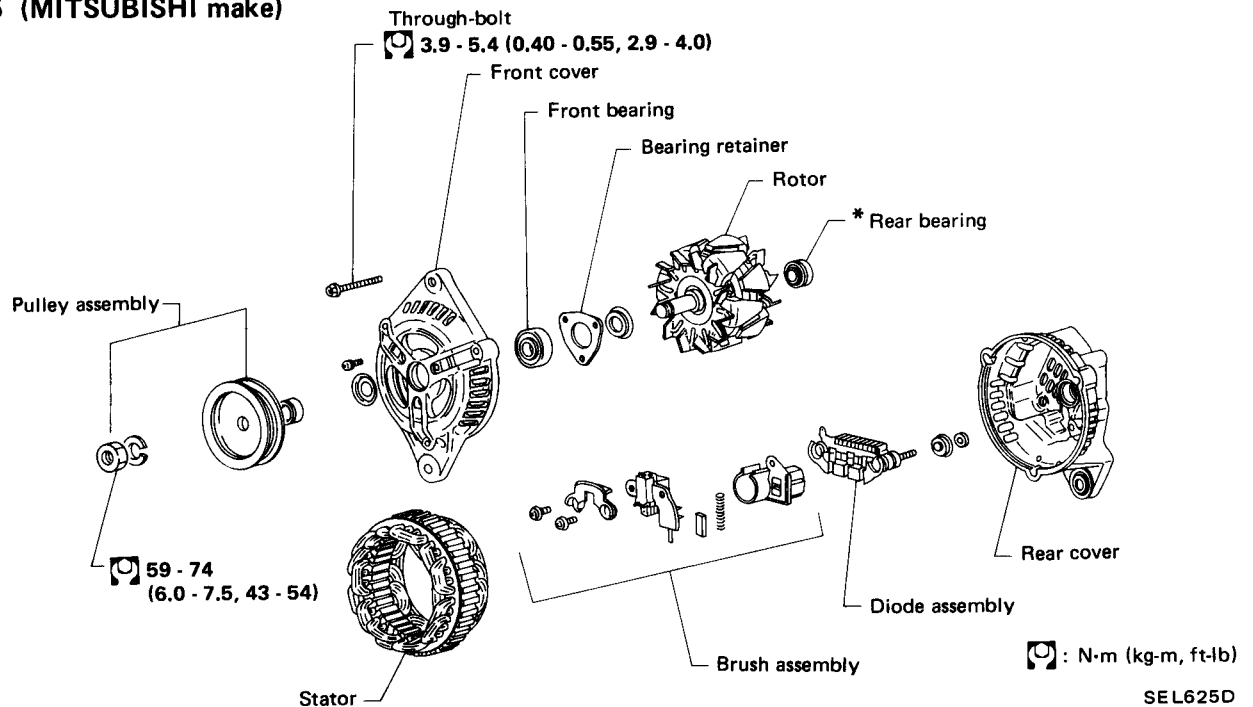
- 5) Terminals "S", "L", "BAT" and "E" are marked on rear cover of alternator.

SEL766D

CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

Construction

A2T48195 (MITSUBISHI make)

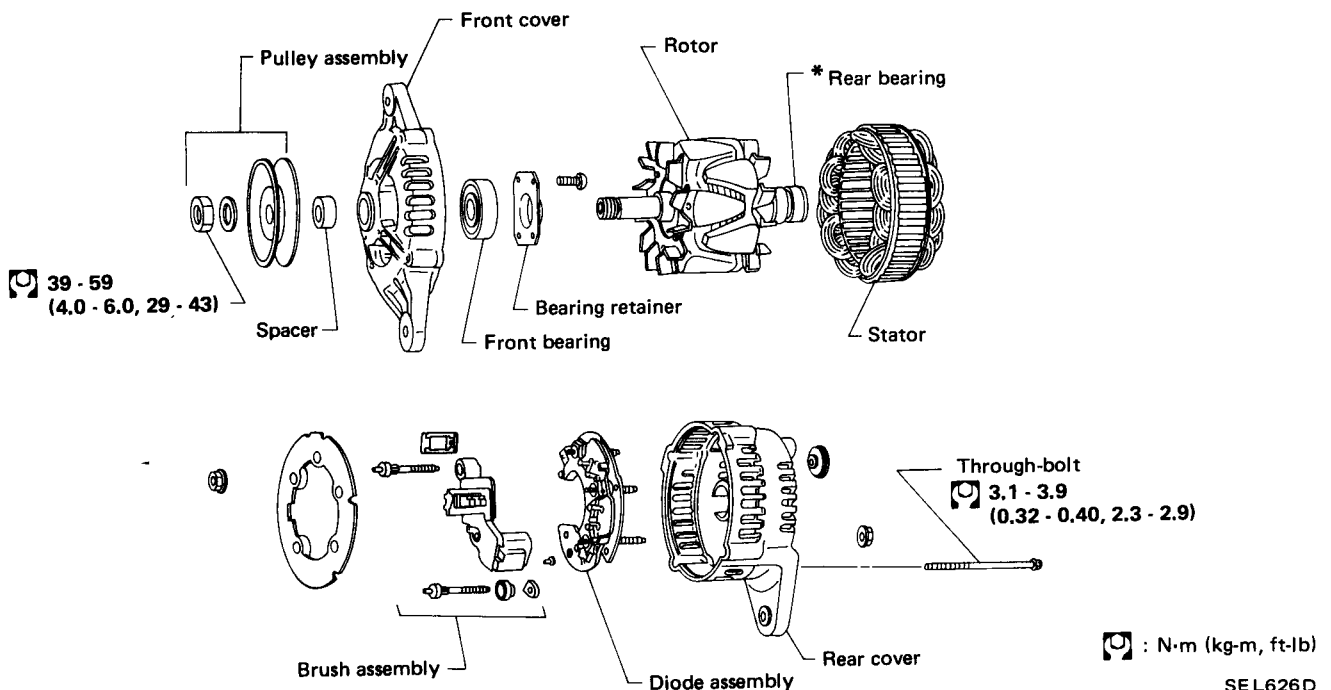


*Rear bearing

CAUTION:

Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. Be careful not to lose this ring during removal.

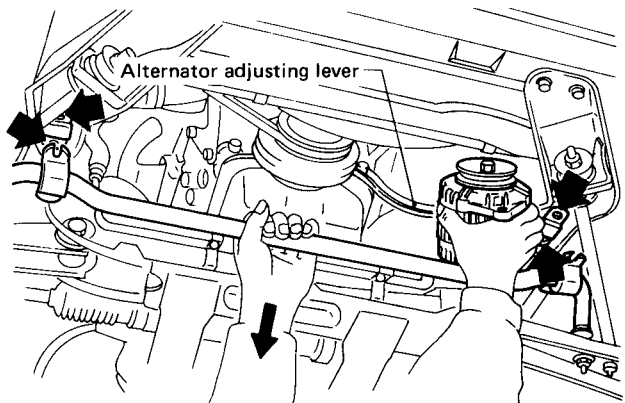
LR170-701B (HITACHI make)



CHARGING SYSTEM — Alternator —

Removal

- Remove bolts from alternator.
- Remove bolts for front stabilizer.
- Manually move stabilizer down and remove alternator.

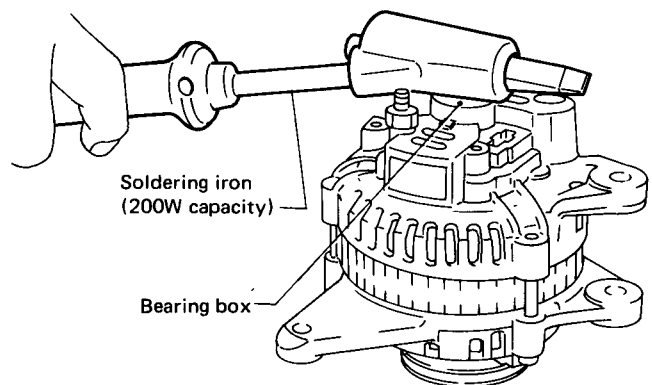


SEL627D

Disassembly

CAUTION:

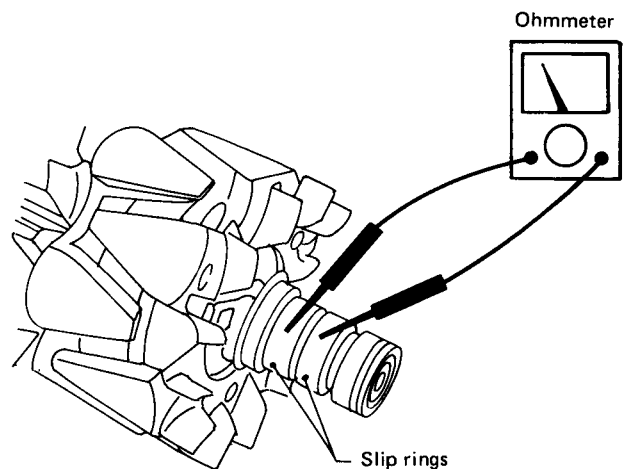
Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. To facilitate removal of rear cover, heat only the bearing box section with a 200-watt soldering iron. Do not use a heat gun, as it can damage diode assembly.



SEL628D

Rotor Slip Ring Check

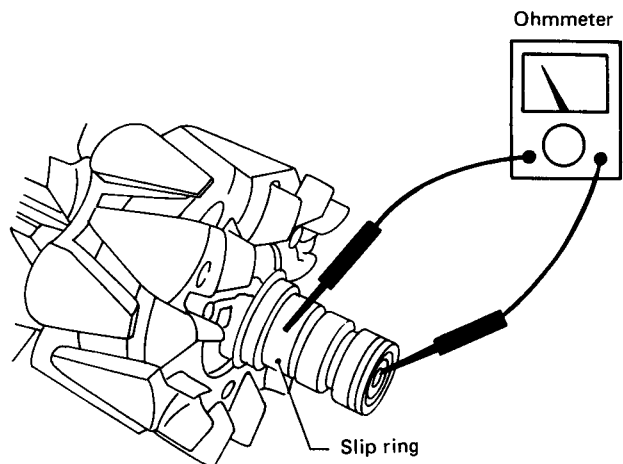
1. Continuity test



SEL629D

- No continuity ... Replace rotor.

2. Insulator test



SEL630D

- Continuity exists ... Replace rotor.

3. Check slip ring for wear.

Slip ring minimum outer diameter:

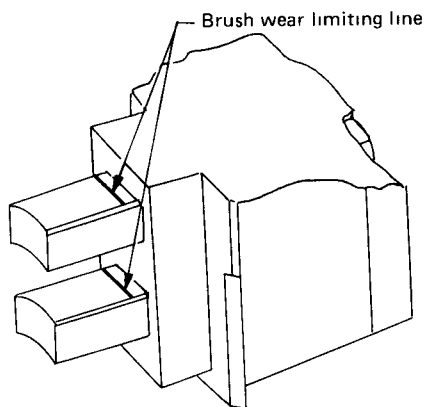
21.6 mm (0.850 in) [HITACHI make]

22.4 mm (0.882 in) [MITSUBISHI make]

CHARGING SYSTEM — Alternator —

Brush Check

1. Check for smooth movement of brush.
 - Not smooth ... Check brush holder and clean.
2. Check brush for wear.

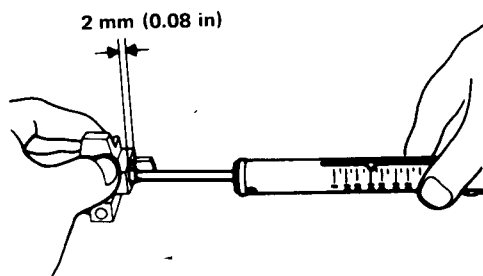


SEL631D

- Replace brush if it is worn down to the limit line.
3. Check brush pig tail for damage.
 - Damaged ... Replace.
 4. Check brush spring pressure.
Measure brush spring pressure with brush projected approximately 2 mm (0.08 in) from brush holder.

Spring pressure:

- 1.471 - 3.531 N (150 - 360 g, 5.29 - 12.70 oz) [HITACHI make]
- 3.040 - 4.217 N (310 - 430 g, 10.93 - 15.17 oz) [MITSUBISHI make]



EE049

- Not in the specified value ... Replace.

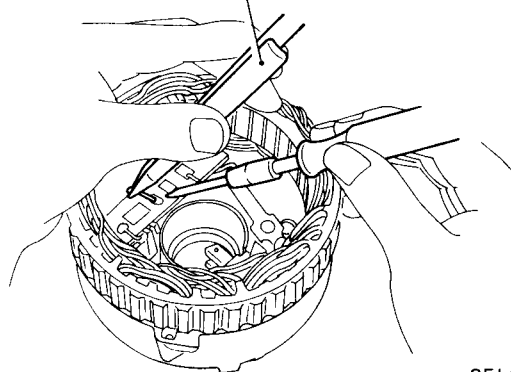
Stator Check

To test the stator or diode, you must separate them by unsoldering the connecting wires.

CAUTION:

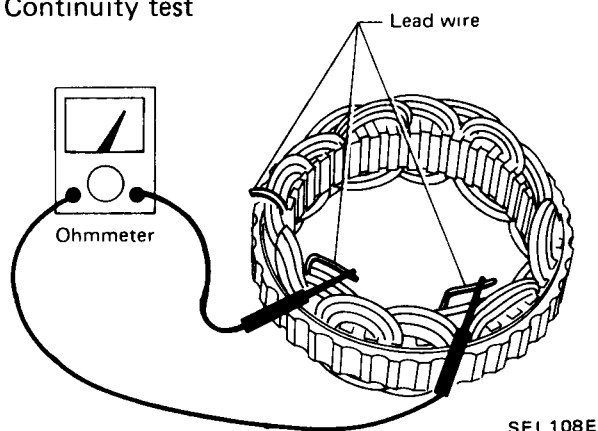
Used only as much heat as required to melt solder.
Diodes will be damaged if excessive heat is applied.

Long nose pliers
used as a heat sink



SEL054D

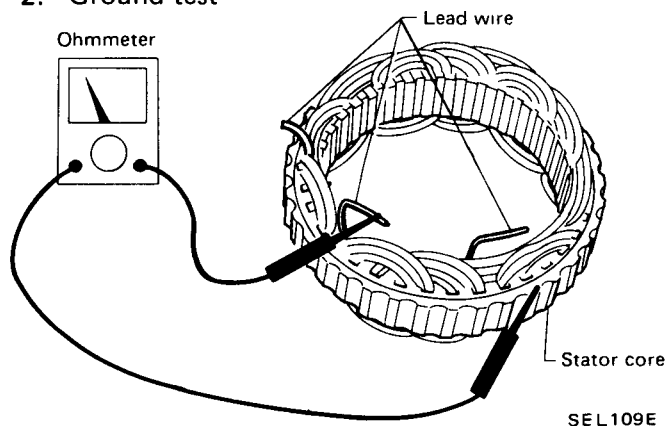
1. Continuity test



SEL108E

- No continuity ... Replace stator.

2. Ground test



SEL109E

- Continuity exists ... Replace stator.

CHARGING SYSTEM — Alternator —

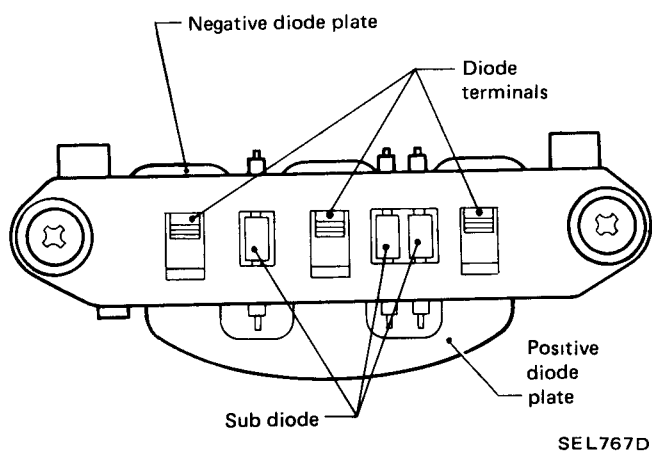
Diode Check

DIODE

- Use an ohmmeter to check condition of diodes as indicated in chart below.
- If any of the test results is not satisfactory, replace diode assembly.

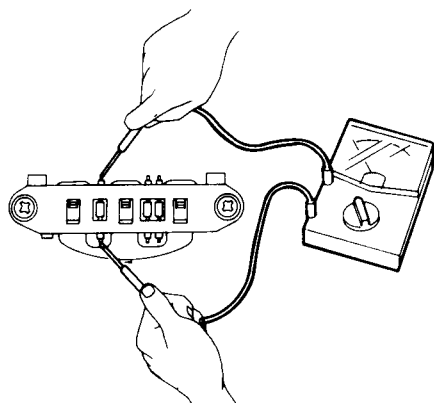
	Ohmmeter probes		Continuity
	Positive $\oplus$	Negative $\ominus$	
Diodes check (Positive side)	Positive diode plate	Diode terminals	Yes
	Diode terminals	Positive diode plate	No
Diodes check (Negative side)	Negative diode plate	Diode terminals	No
	Diode terminals	Negative diode plate	Yes

[MITSUBISHI make]



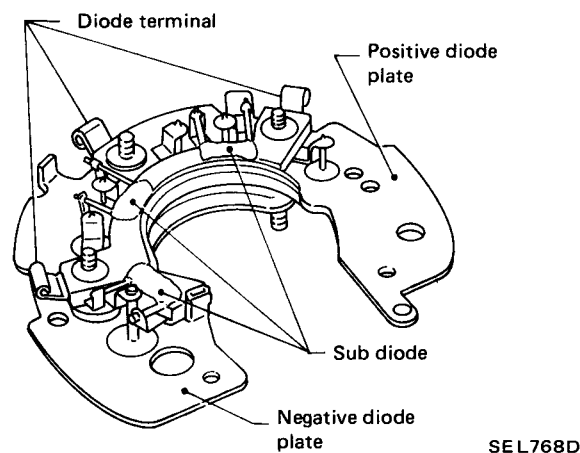
Sub-diode

- Attach ohmmeters' probe to each end of diode and check for continuity.



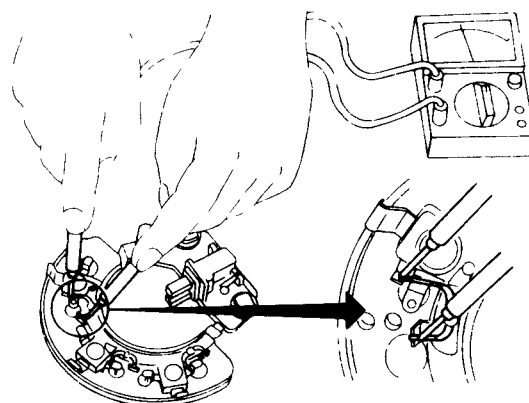
- Continuity is N.G. ... Replace diode assembly.

[HITACHI make]



Sub-diode

- Attach ohmmeter's probe to each end of diode to check for continuity.



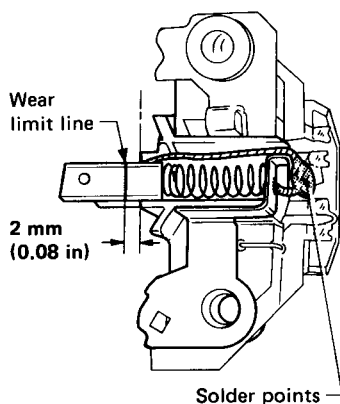
- Continuity is N.G. ... Replace diode assembly.

CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

Assembly

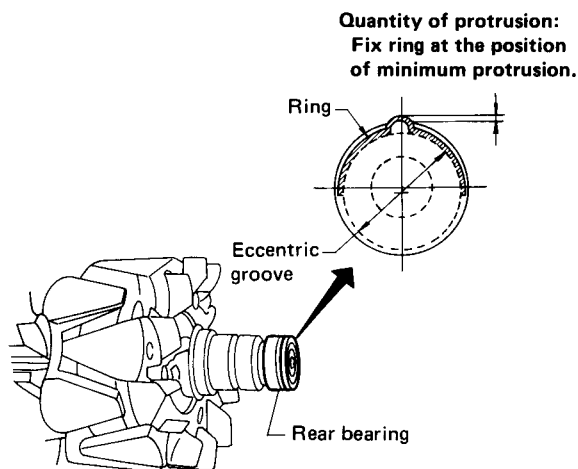
Carefully observe the following instructions.

1. When soldering each stator coil lead wire to diode assembly terminal, perform the operation as fast as possible.
2. When soldering brush lead wire, observe the following.
 - Position brush so that its wear limit line protrudes 2 mm (0.08 in) beyond end face of brush holder.



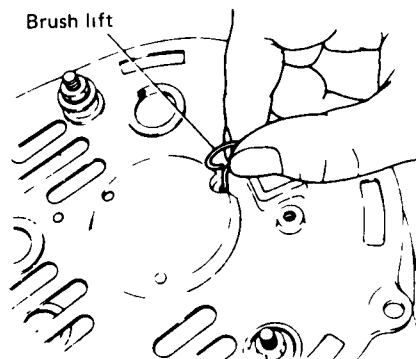
SEL632D

3. Fit ring into groove in rear bearing so that it is as close to the adjacent area as possible.

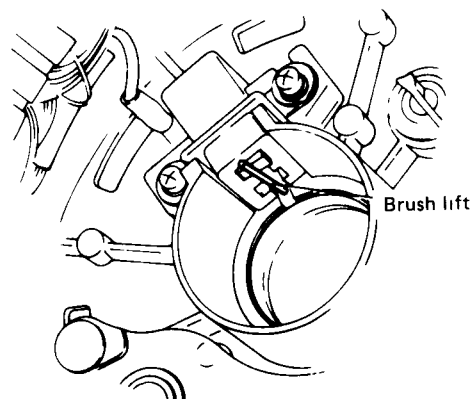


SEL633D

4. Before installing front cover with pulley and rotor to rear cover, push brush up with fingers and retain brush by inserting brush lift into brush lift hole from outside. After installing, remove wire for brush lift.



EE540



EE541

5. After installing front and rear covers of alternator, pull brush lift by pushing toward center. Do not pull brush lift by pushing toward outside of cover as it will damage slip ring sliding surface.

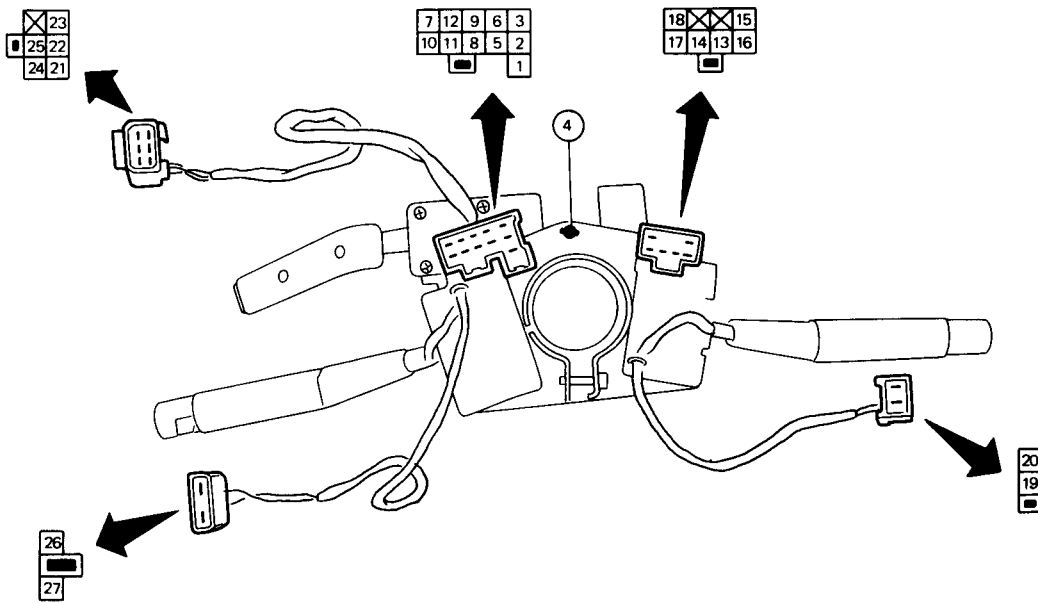
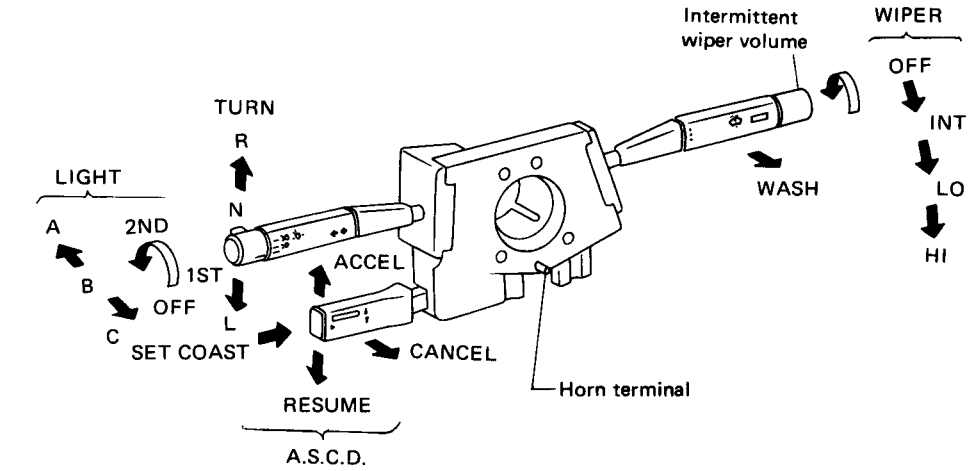
CHARGING SYSTEM — Alternator —

Service Data and Specification

Type	LR170-701B	A2T48195
Applied model	Without turbo-charger models	With turbocharger models
Nominal rating V-A	12-70	
Ground polarity	Negative	
Minimum revolution under no-load (when 14 volts is applied) rpm	Less than 1,000	Less than 1,100
Hot output current A/rpm	More than 21/1,300 More than 50/2,500 More than 70/5,000	More than 21/1,300 More than 50/2,500
Regulated output voltage V	14.4 - 15.0	14.1 - 14.7
Minimum length of brush mm (in)	More than 5.5 (0.217)	More than 8 (0.31)
Brush spring pressure N (g, oz)	1,471 - 3,531 (150 - 360, 5.29 - 12.70)	3,040 - 4,217 (310 - 430, 10.93 - 15.17)
Slip ring outer diameter mm (in)	More than 21.6 (0.850)	More than 22.4 (0.882)

COMBINATION SWITCH

Check



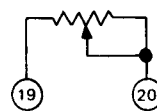
LIGHTING SWITCH

	OFF			1ST			2ND		
	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
26									
27									

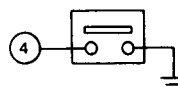
WIPER SWITCH

	OFF	INT	LO	HI	WASH
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					

INTERMITTENT WIPER VOLUME



HORN SWITCH



A.S.C.D. SWITCH

	CANSEL	RESUME	ACCEL	SET COAST
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				

	R	N	L
1			
2			
3			

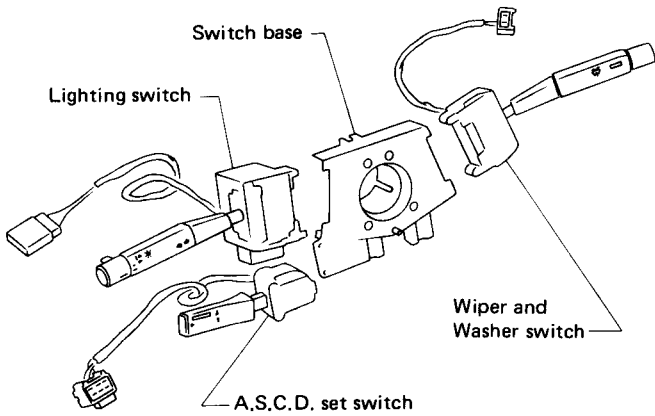
TURN SIGNAL SWITCH

SEL642D

COMBINATION SWITCH

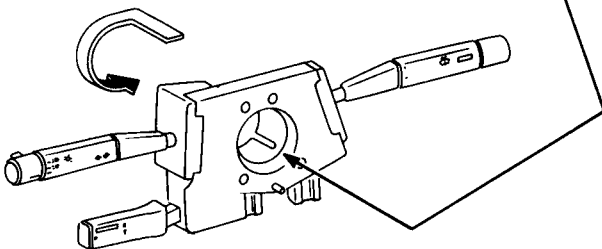
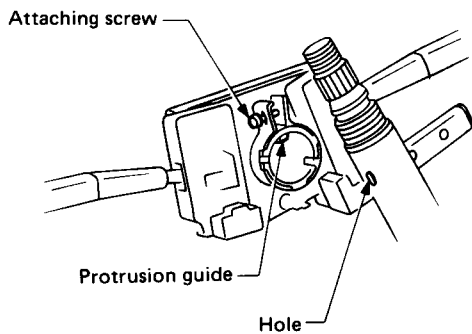
Replacement

Lighting switch, wiper & washer switch and A.S.C.D. switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.



SEL643D

To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screw and turn after pushing on it.

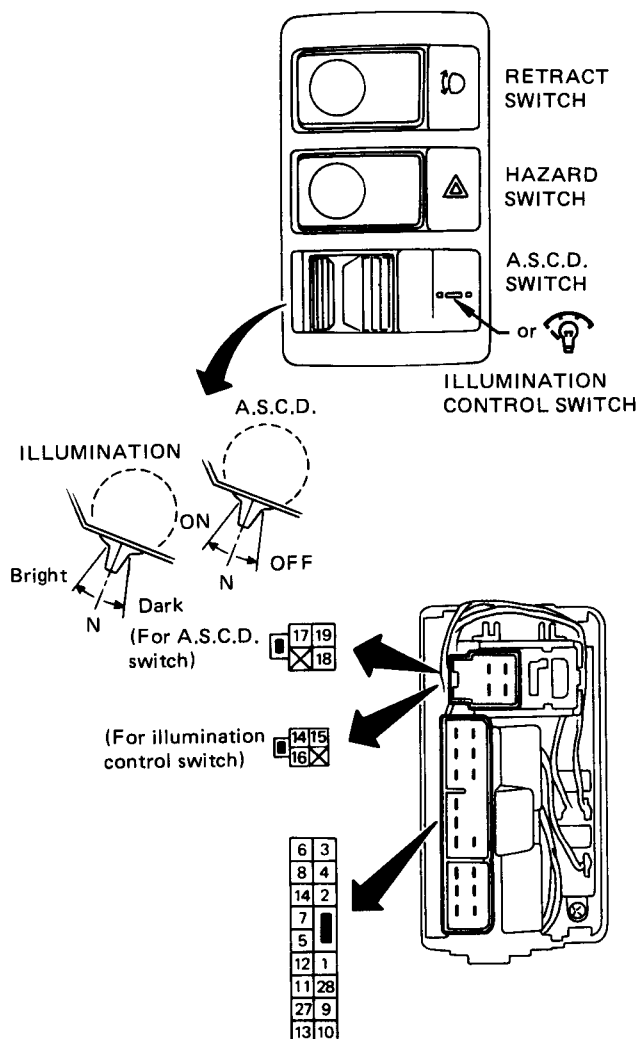


SEL644D

INSTRUMENT SWITCH

Check

INSTRUMENT SWITCH L.H.



RETRACT SWITCH

	UP	DOWN
9	○	
10	○	○
11		○
12	○	○
27	○	○
28	○	
13		○
14		○

HAZARD SWITCH

	OFF	ON
2	○	○
1	○	○
7		○
3		○
4		○
5		○

A.S.C.D. MAIN SWITCH

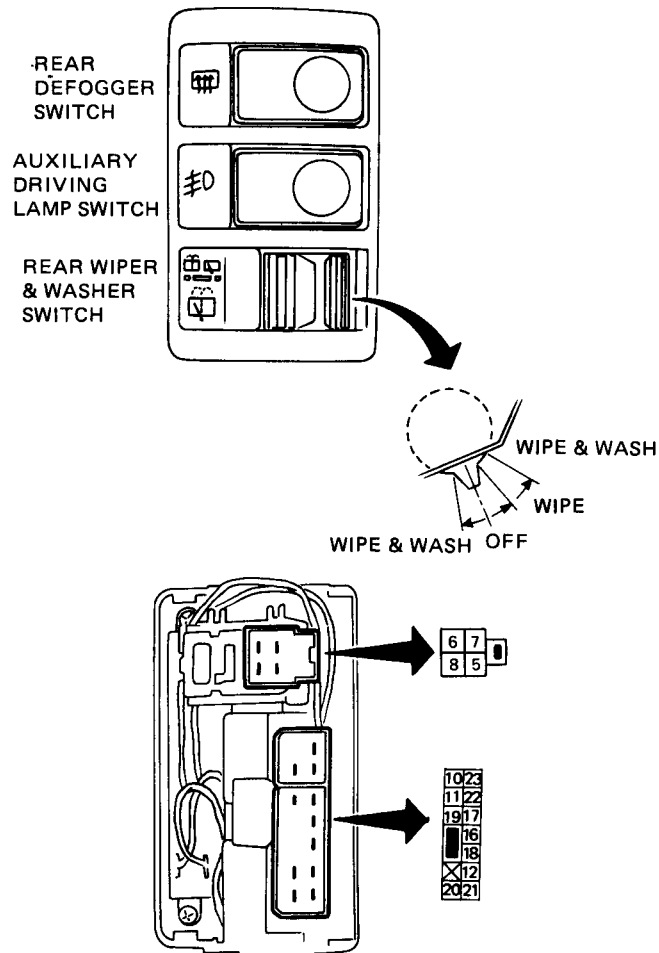
	OFF	N	ON
17		○	○
18		○	○
19			○

ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH

	BRIGHT	DARK
15	○	
16		○
14	○	○



INSTRUMENT SWITCH R.H.



REAR DEFOGGER SWITCH

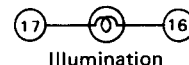
	OFF	TIME	N
18		○	
19		○	
20		○	○
21		○	○
22			○
23			○

REAR WIPER & WASHER SWITCH

	WIPE WASH	OFF	WIPE	WIPE WASH
5	○	○	○	○
6	○	○	○	○
7	○	○	○	○
8	○	○	○	○

AUXILIARY DRIVING LAMP SWITCH

	OFF	ON
10		○
11	○	○
12	○	○

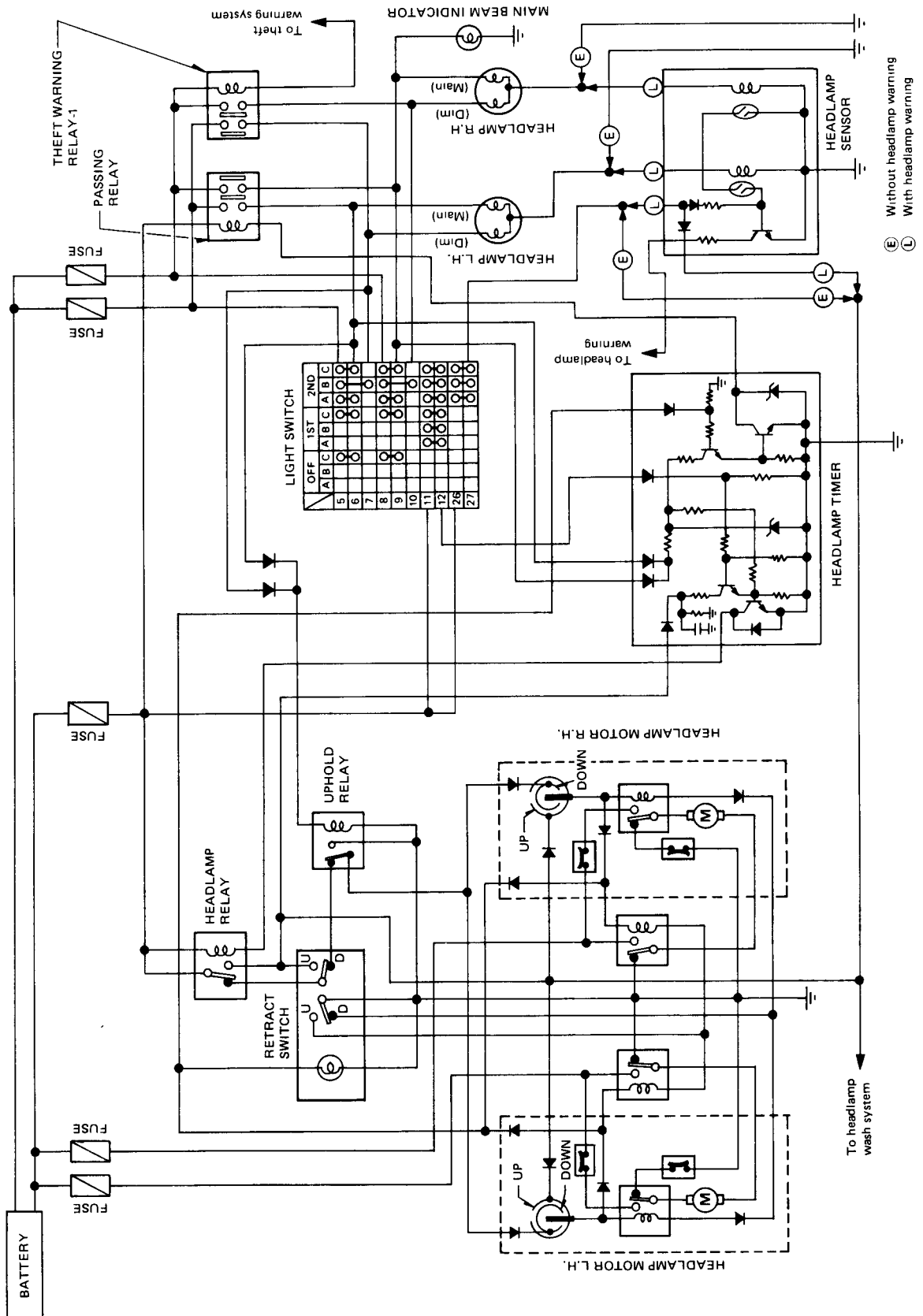


- For removal, refer to "INSTRUMENT" in BF section.

SEL497F

HEADLAMP

Schematic

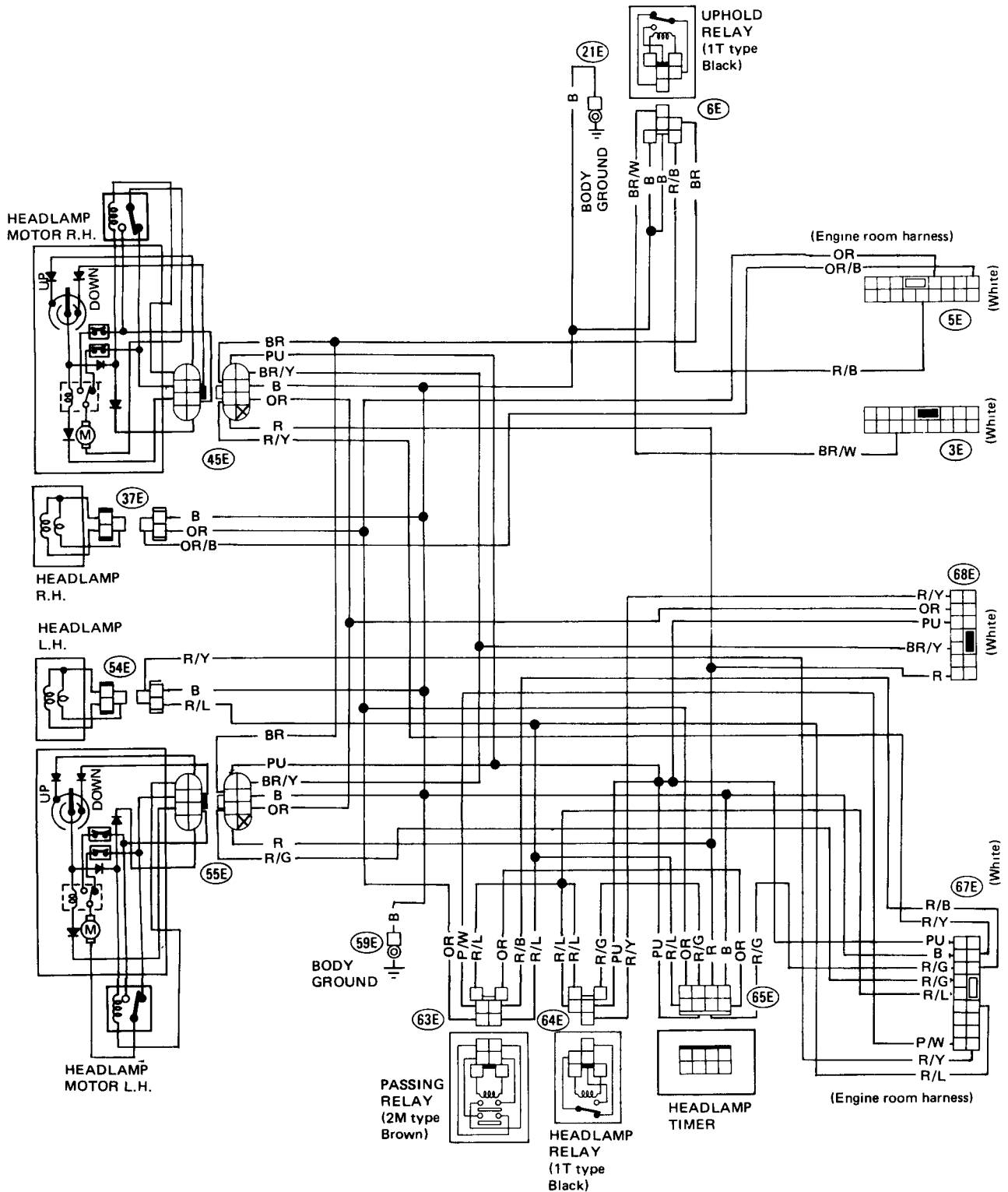


SEL448F

HEADLAMP

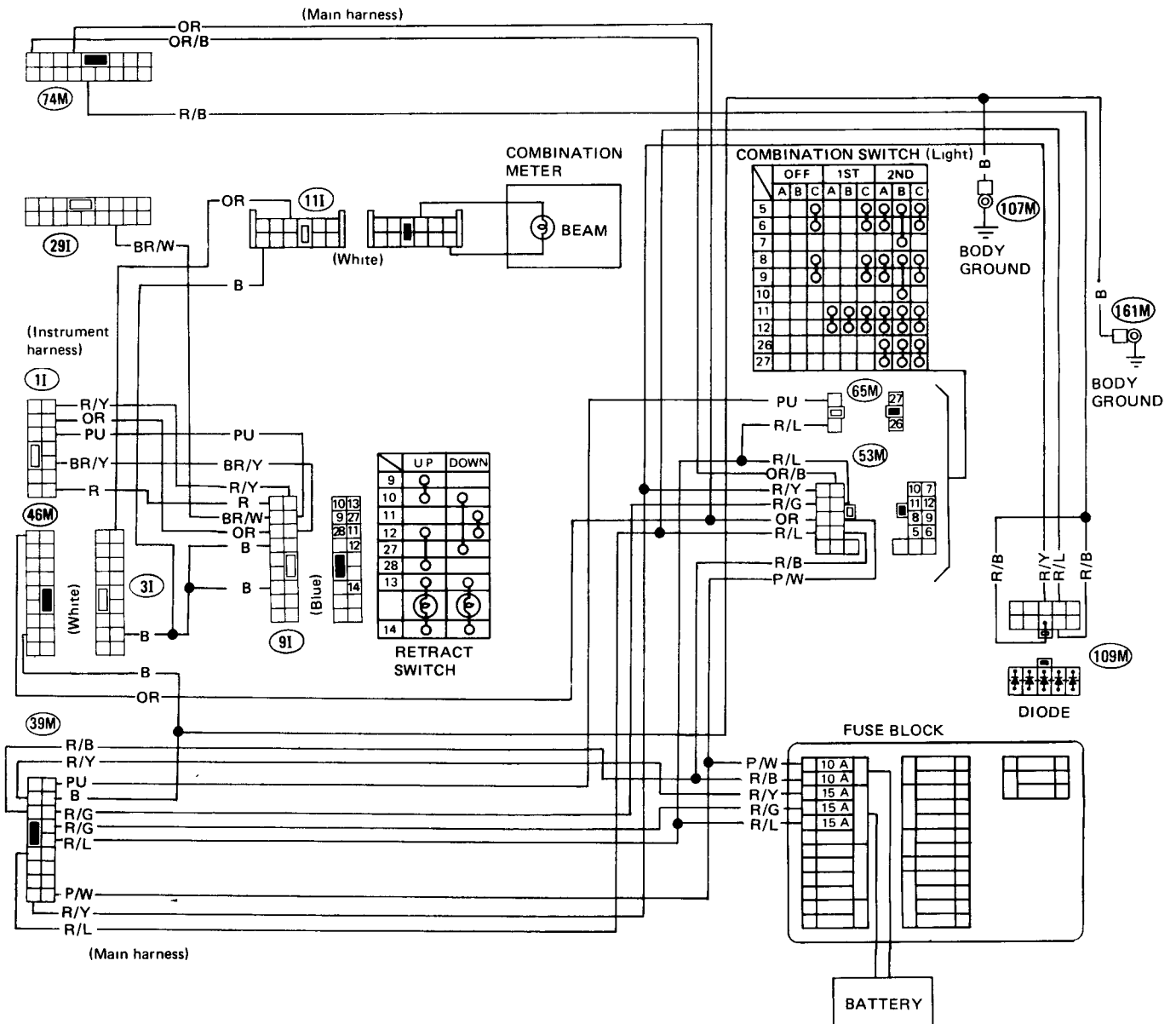
Wiring Diagram

WITHOUT HEADLAMP SENSOR (SF)



HEADLAMP

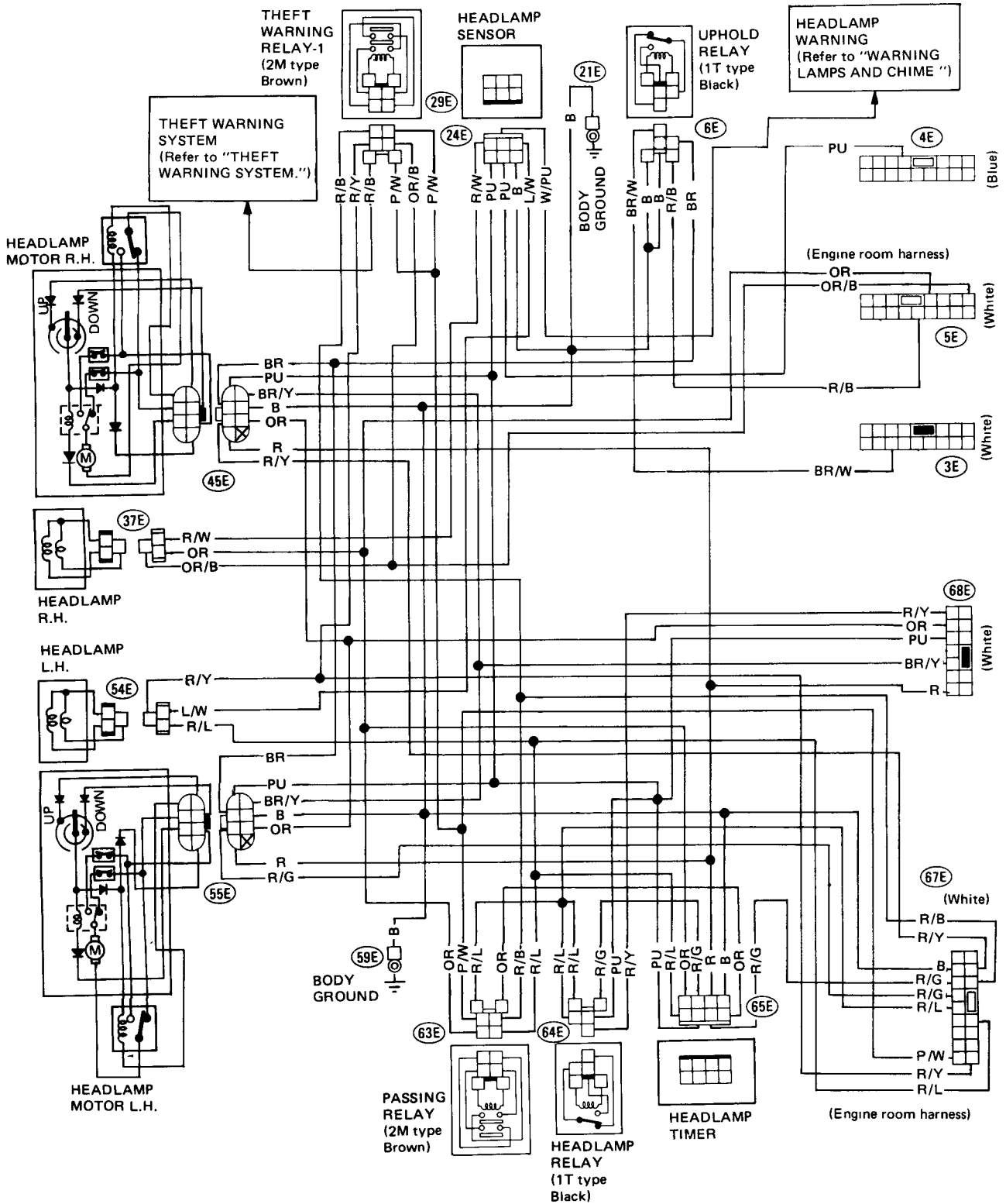
Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



SEL903G

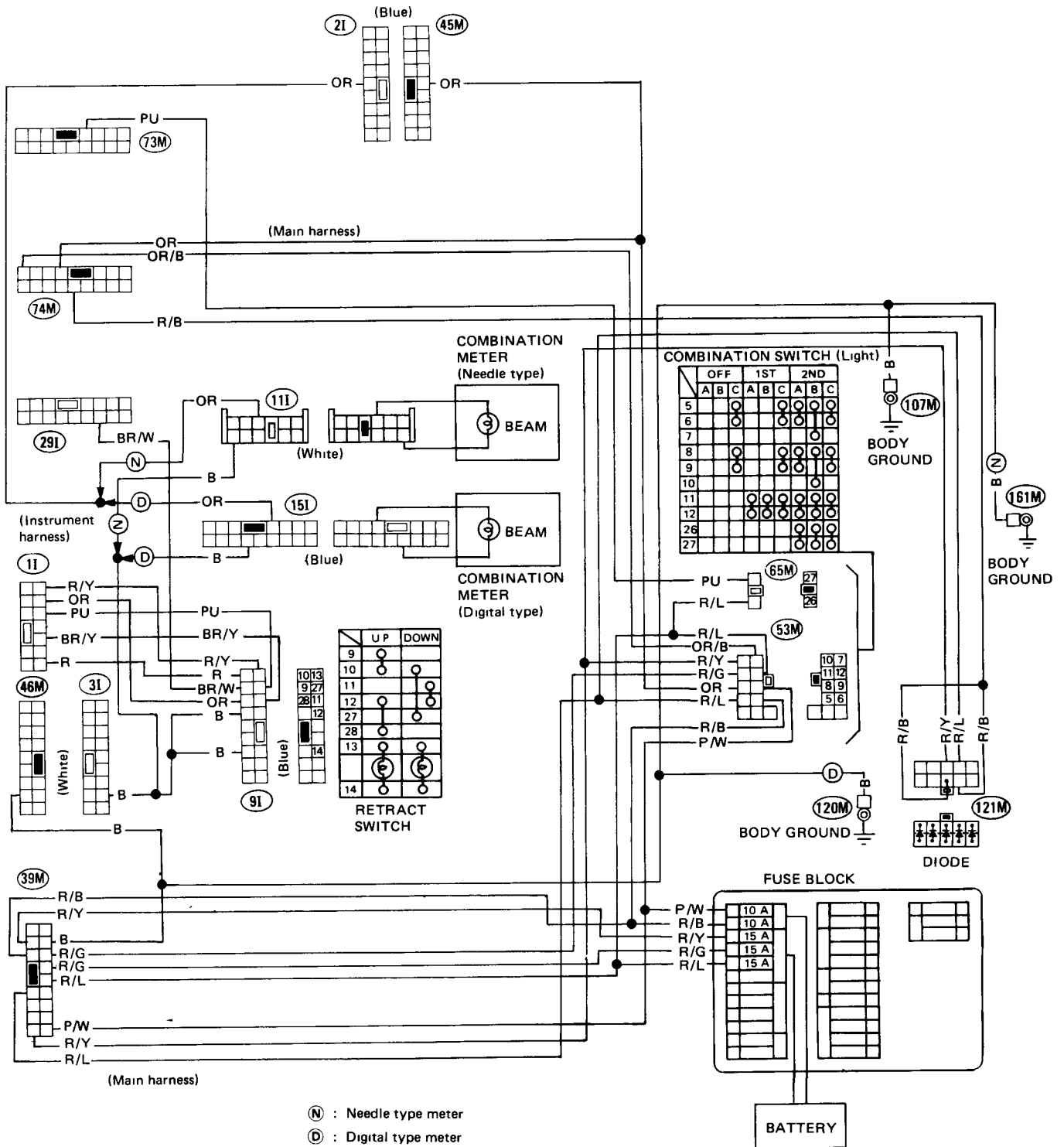
Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

WITH HEADLAMP SENSOR (GL and GLL)



HEADLAMP

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

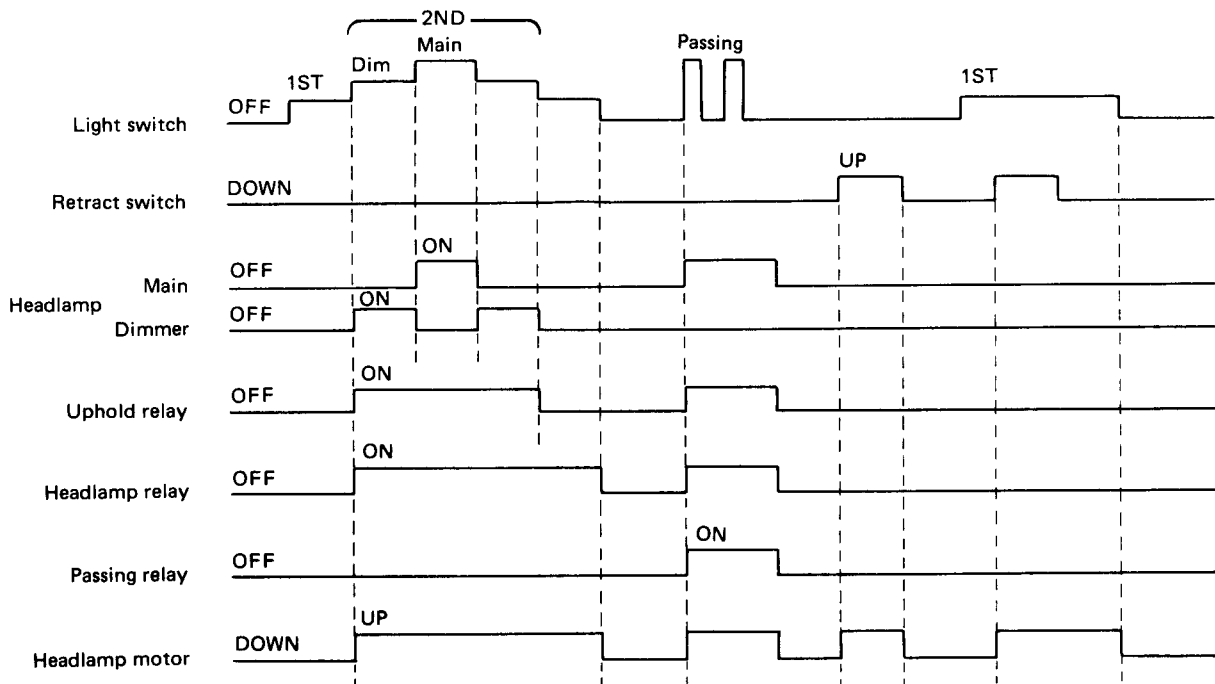


SEL904G

HEADLAMP

Operation

- The following chart depicts the operational modes of relays and headlamp motors in relation to the positions of the lighting switch and retract switch.



SEL743D

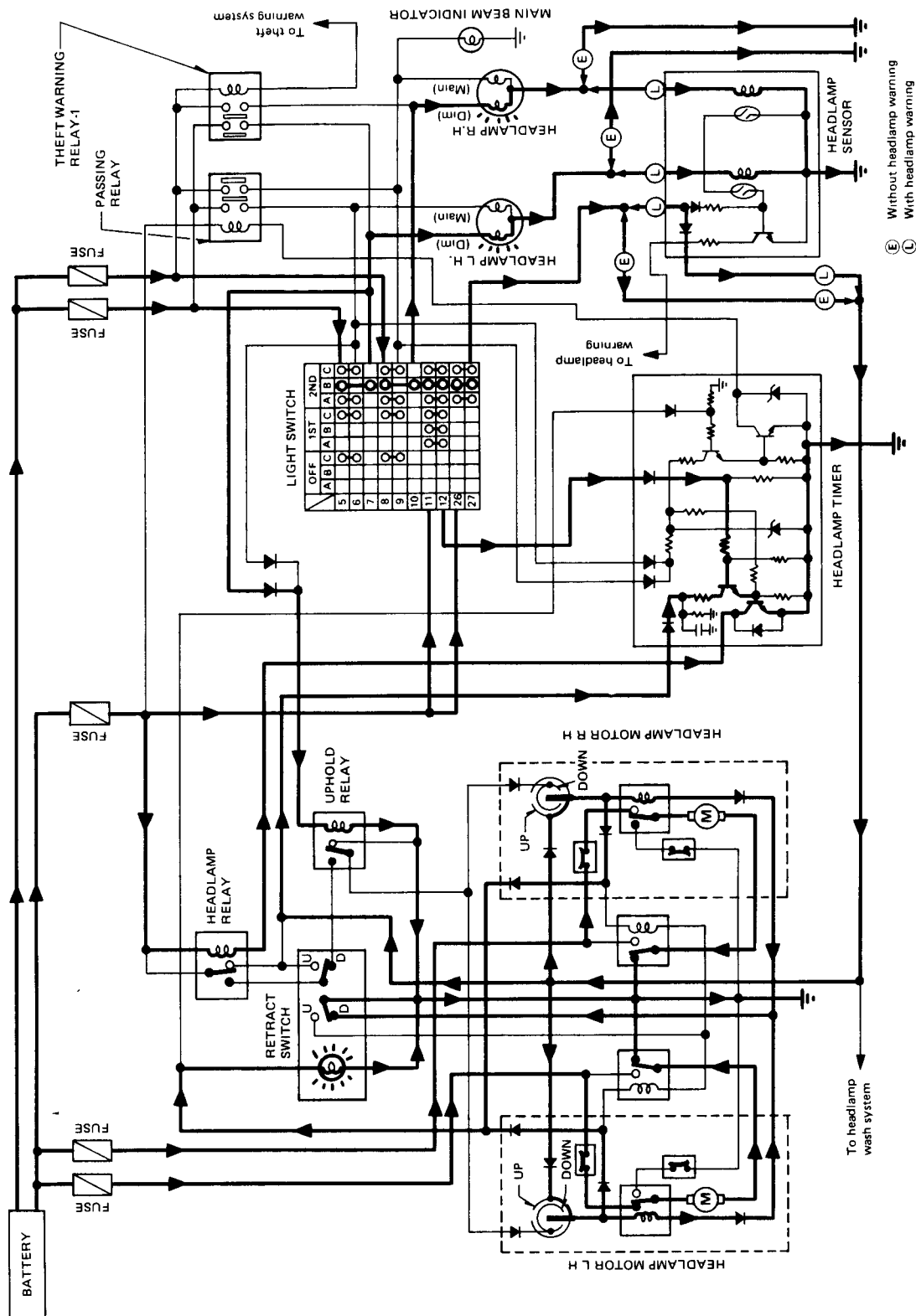
HEADLAMP

Description

CIRCUIT OPERATION

[A] When lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "2ND"

A-1: While operating the headlamp motor to open position

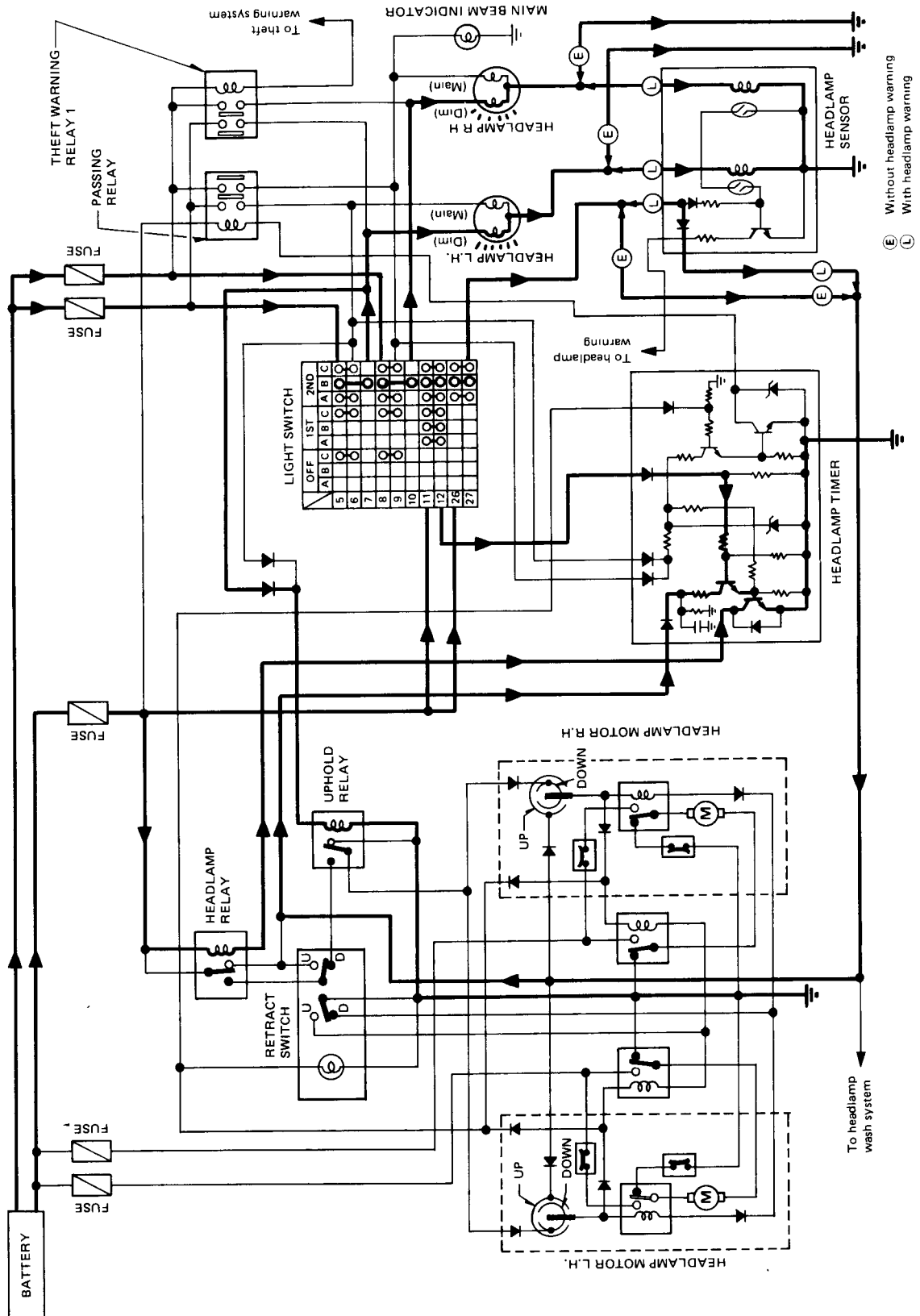


SEL501F

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

A-2: After the headlamp motor reaches fully open position



SEL502F

Description (Cont'd)

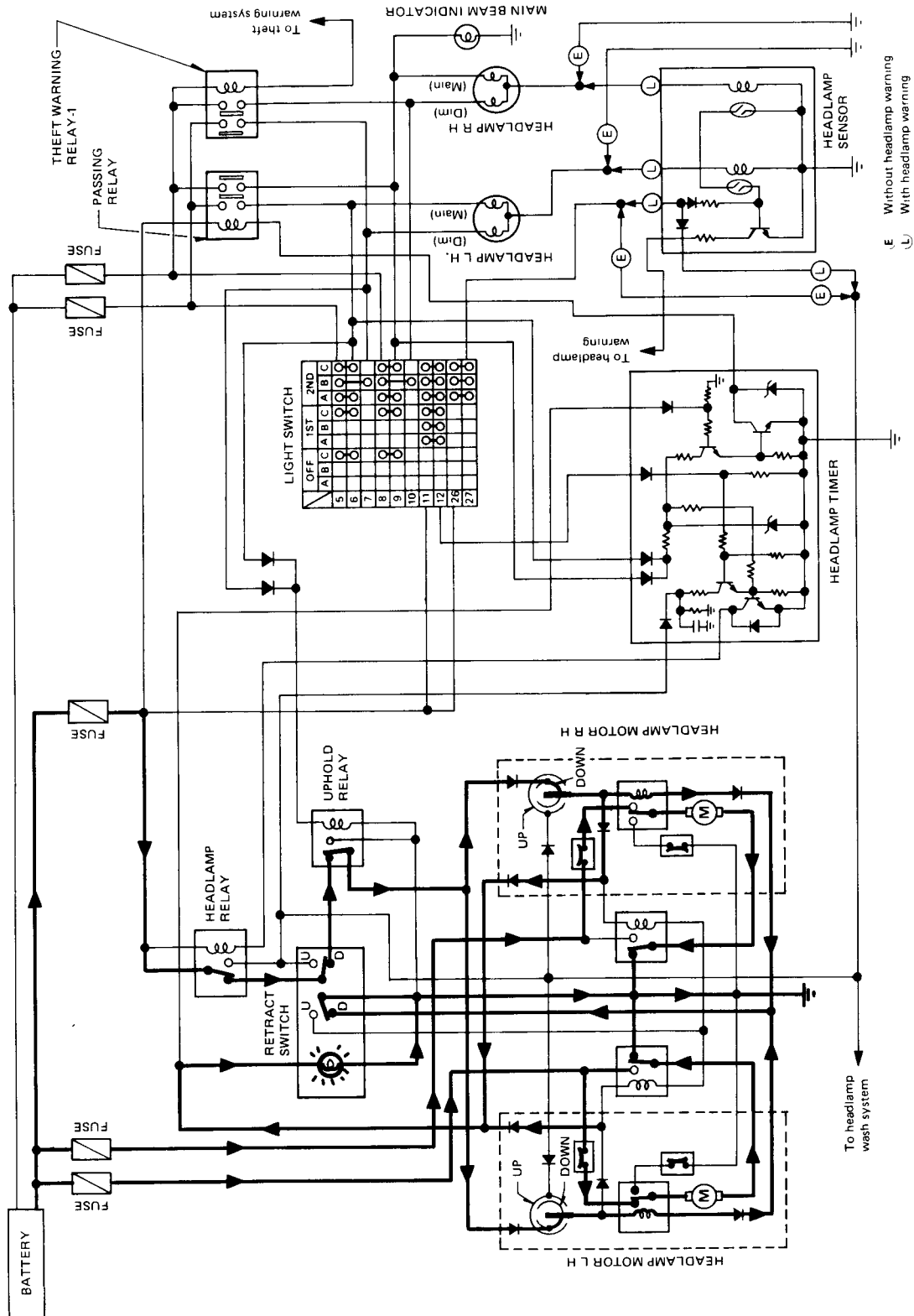
[B] When lighting switch is switched from "2ND" → "1ST"
(Headlamp goes out and keeps up by headlamp timer and headlamp relay.)



HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

- [C] When lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "OFF"
(While operating the headlamp motor to closed position)



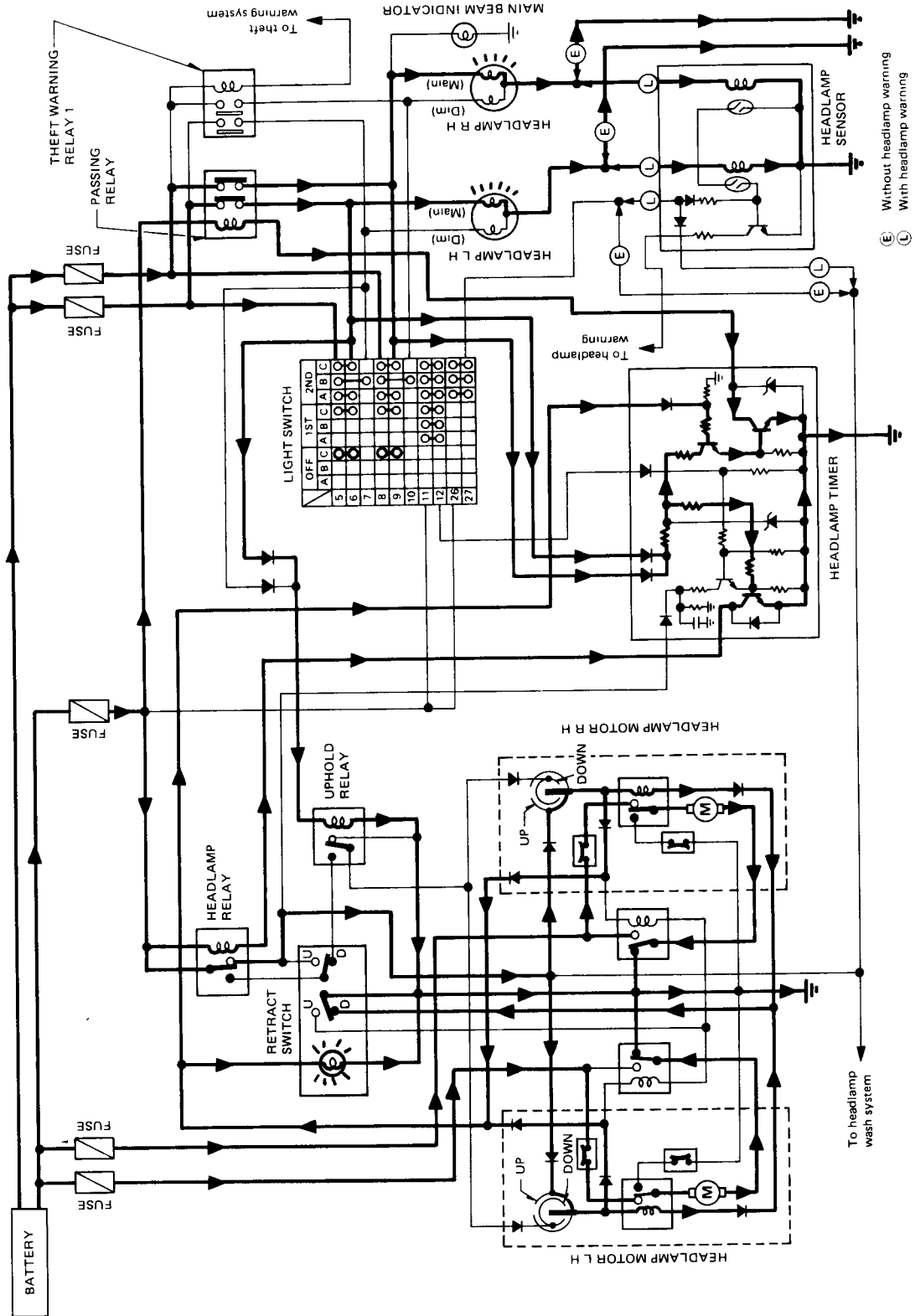
SEL504F

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

[D]

D-1: When lighting switch is switched to "PASSING"

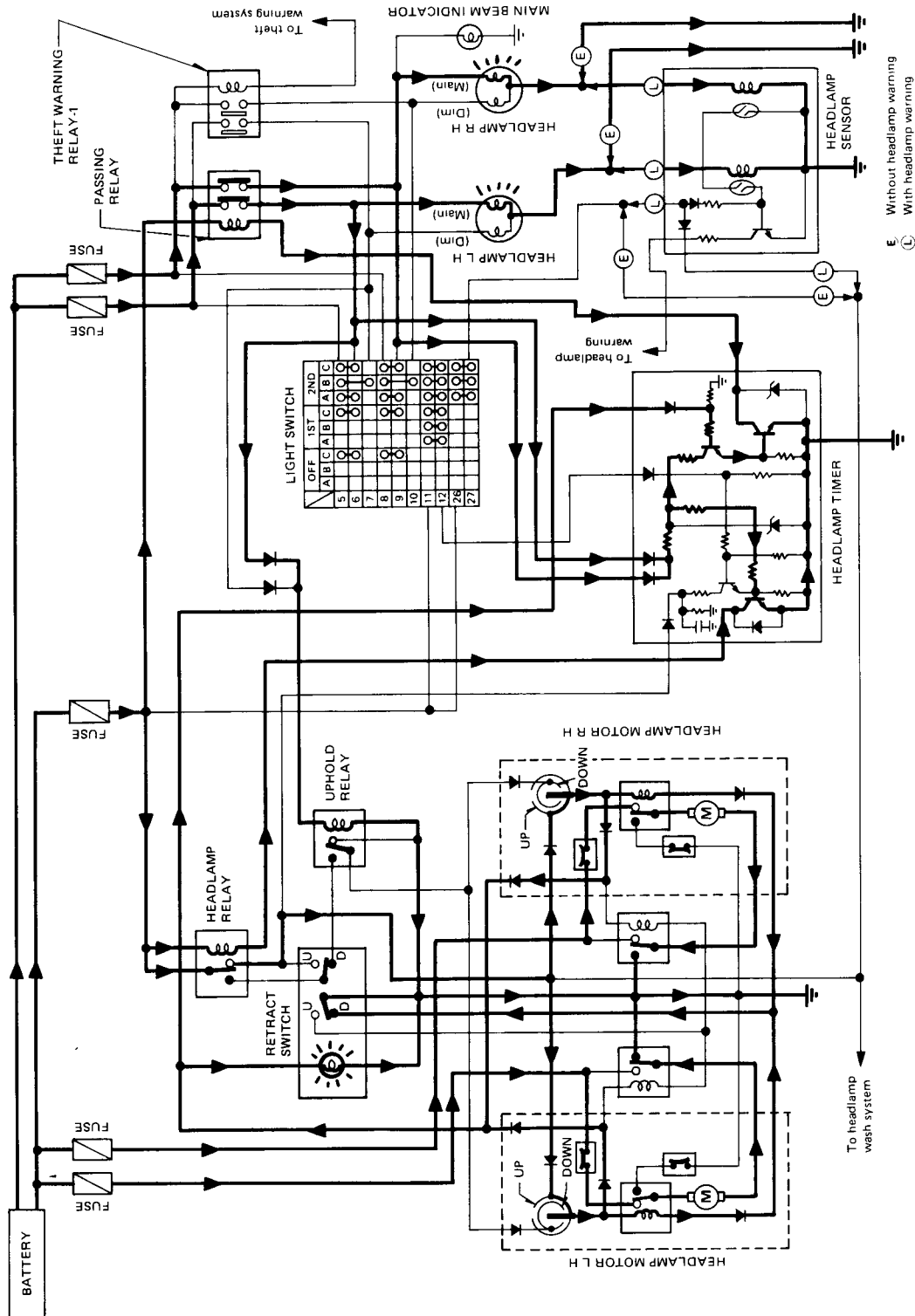


SEL505F

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

D-2: After releasing lighting switch from "PASSING"
(While operating the headlamp motor to open position)



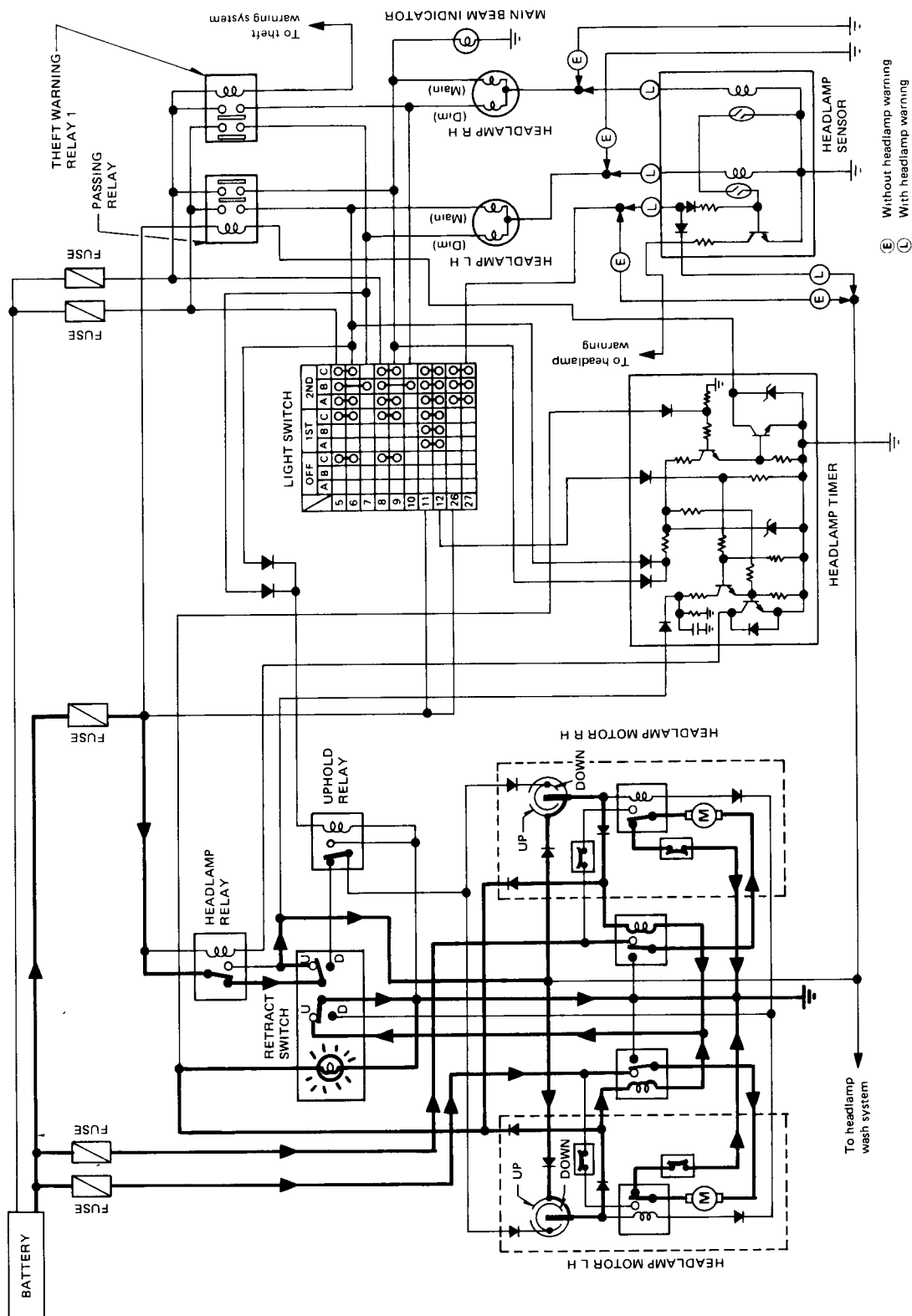
SEL506F

Closing operation is the same as [C] when lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "OFF"

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

- [E] When retractor switch is turned ON
(While operating the headlamp motor to open position)

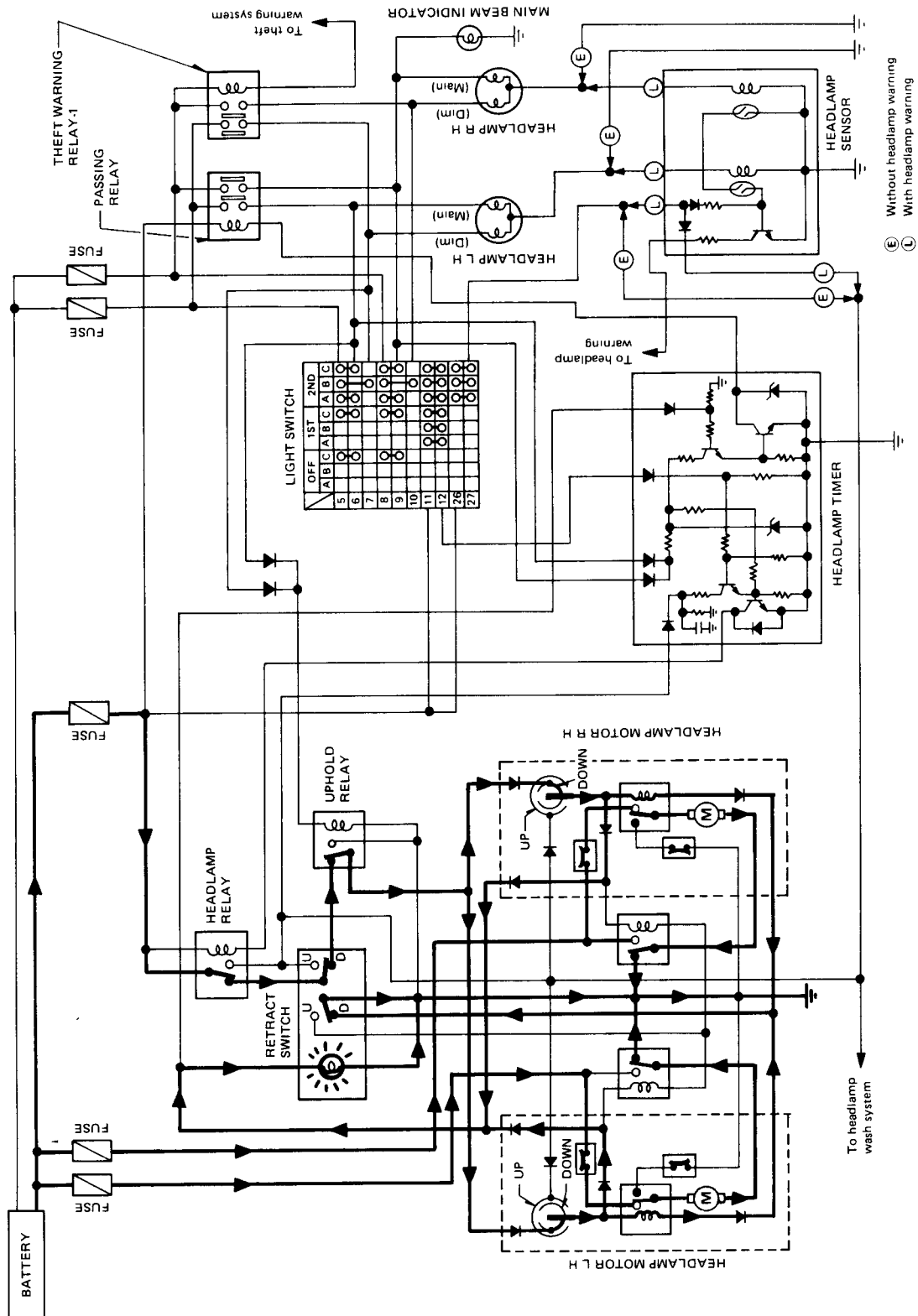


SEL507F

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

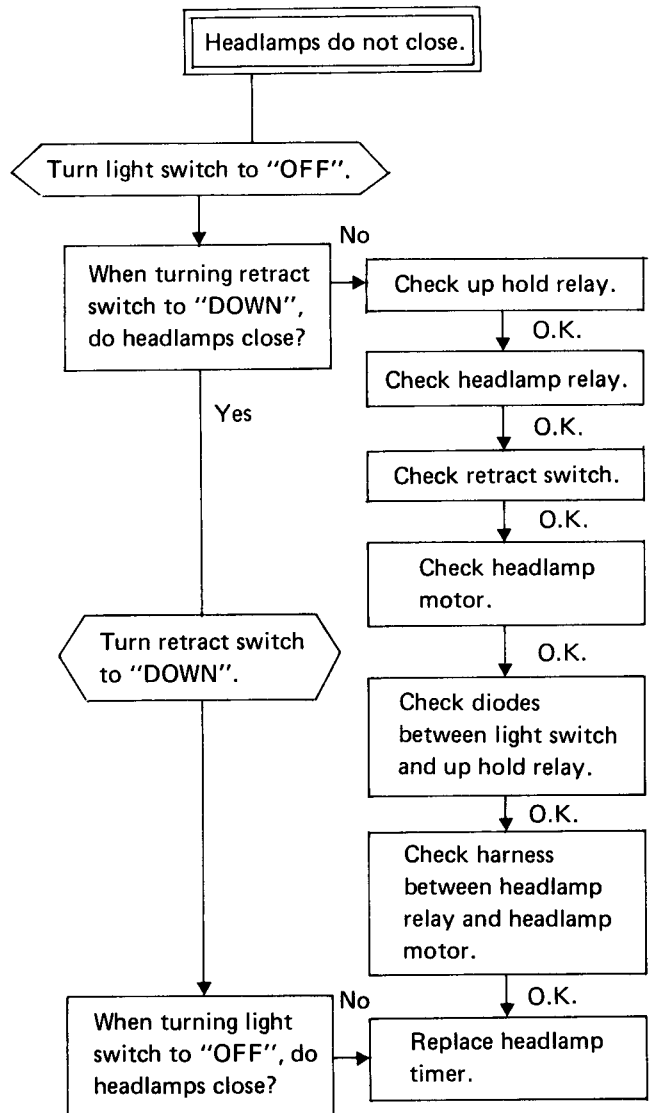
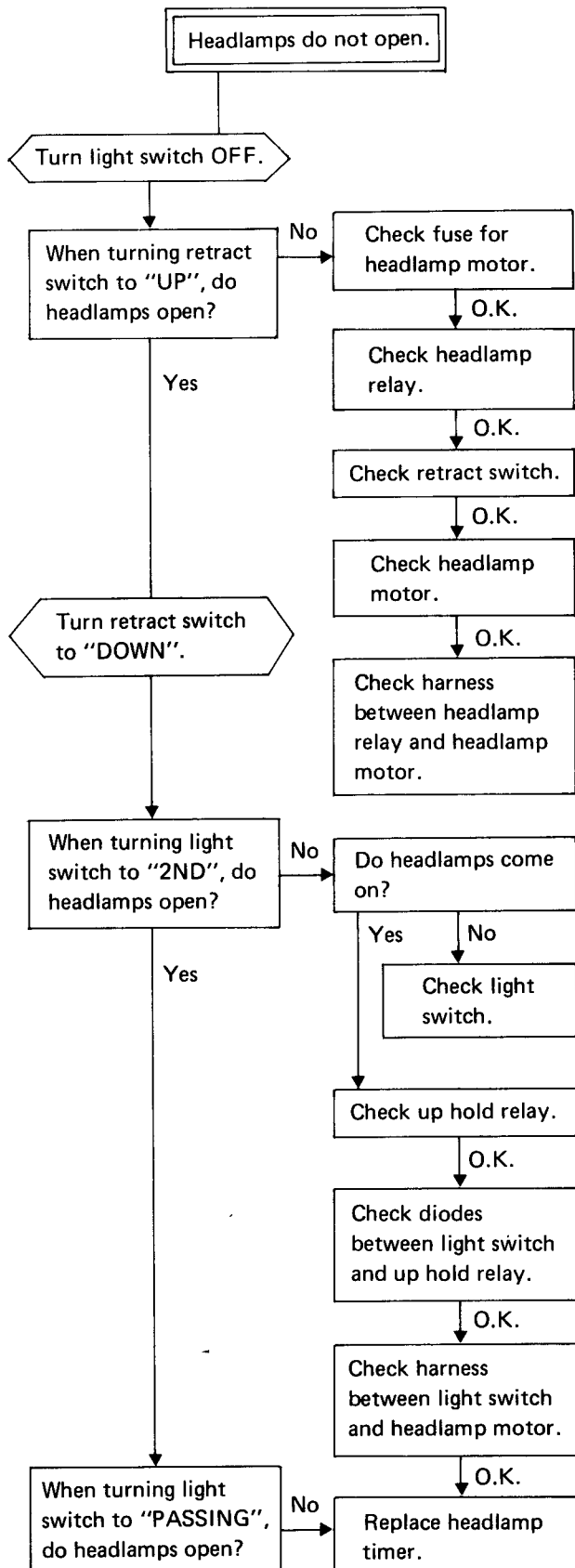
- [F] When retractor switch is turned OFF
(While operating the headlamp motor to closed position)



SEL508F

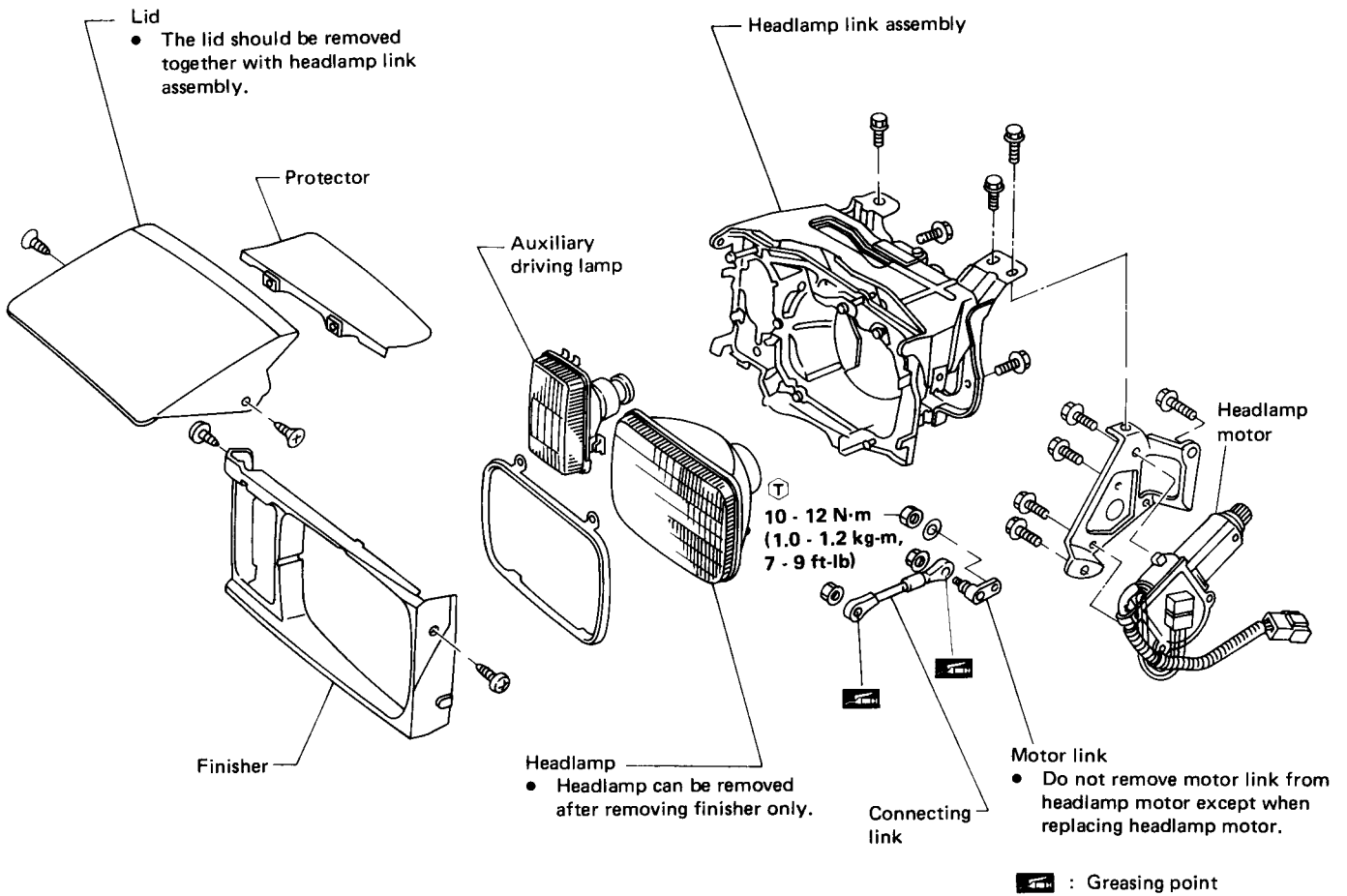
HEADLAMP

Trouble-shooting



HEADLAMP

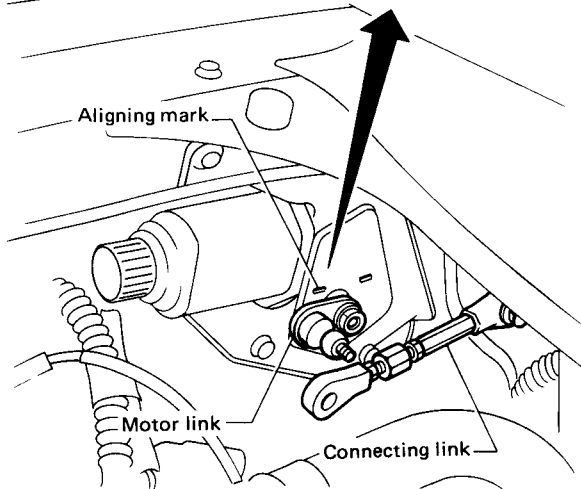
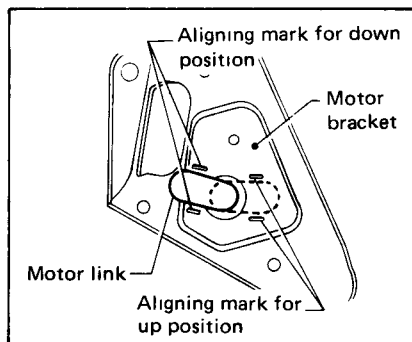
Removal



HEADLAMP

Installation

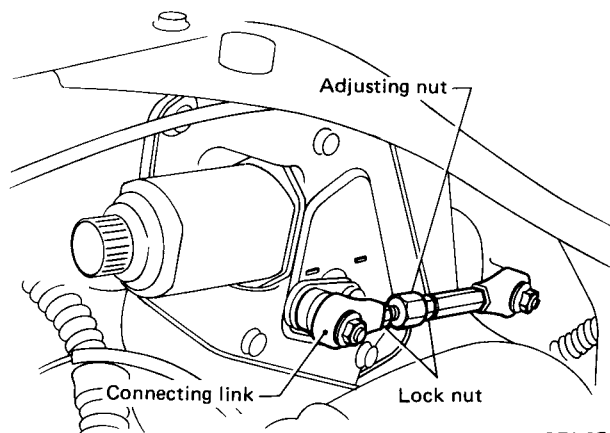
1. Set the headlamp motor to "DOWN" position.
- Connect harness to headlamp motor and set retract switch to "DOWN". Headlamp motor can now be set to "DOWN" with retract switch.
2. Install the headlamp link assembly and headlamp motor in the body.
3. Install the connecting link.
- When installing the link to the motor, make sure the motor link is installed as shown below.



SEL649D

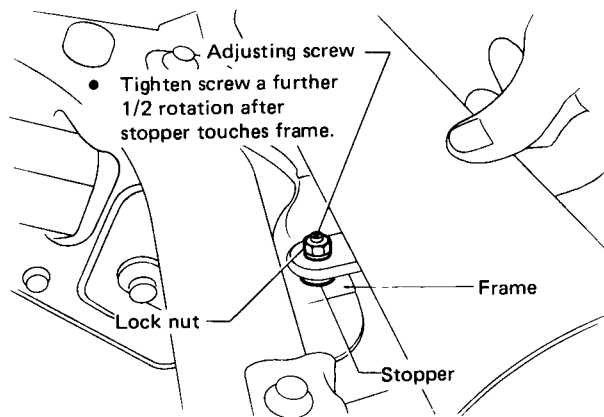
Adjustment

- After installing connecting link, always adjust it as follows:
- 1) Set the headlamp to "DOWN" position.
 - 2) Adjust connecting link so that the lid is properly aligned with hood and fender.



SEL650D

- 3) Set the headlamp to "UP" position.
- 4) Adjust stopper screw.



SEL651D

HEADLAMP

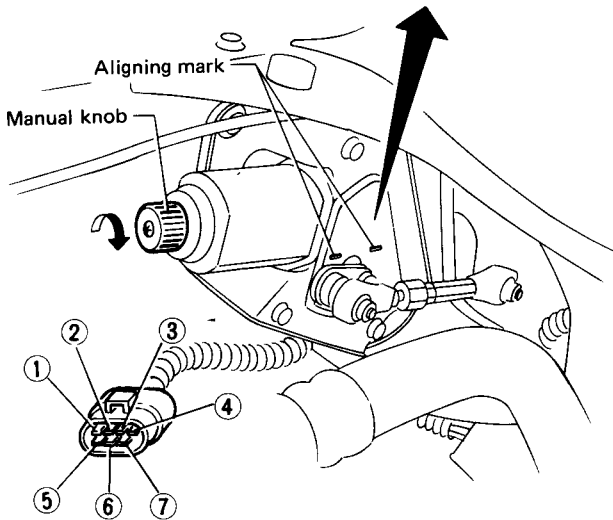
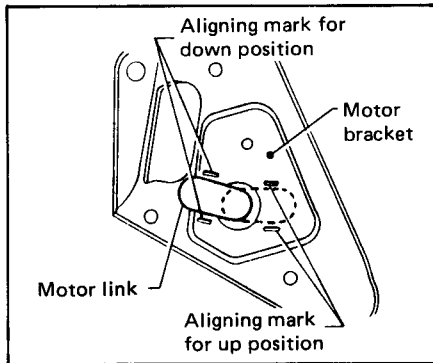
Headlamp Motor Check

- Use an ohmmeter to check for continuity in headlamp motor circuit while rotating motor with manual knob.

CAUTION:

Prior to performing continuity test, disconnect ground cable from battery.

Headlamp	Ohmmeter probe		Continuity
	(+)	(-)	
DOWN	⑤	①	Yes
	①	⑤	No
	⑦	①	Yes
	①	⑦	No
UP	⑤	②	Yes
	②	⑤	No
	⑦	②	Yes
	②	⑦	No

**SEL652D**

Aiming Adjustment

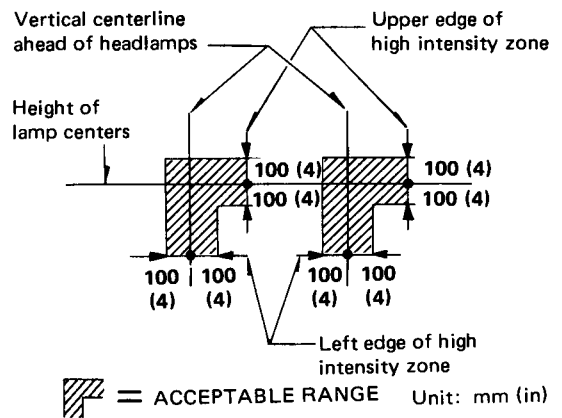
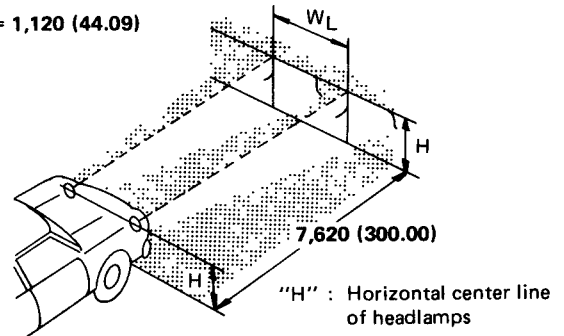
When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. For operating instructions of any aimer, it should be in good repair, calibrated and used according to respective operation manuals supplied with the unit.

If aimer is not available, aiming adjustment can be done as follows:

For details, refer to the regulations in your own country.

CAUTION:

- a. **Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures.**
- b. **Place vehicle and tester on the same flat surface.**
- c. **Ensure that there is no load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).**

$$W_L = 1,120 \text{ (44.09)}$$


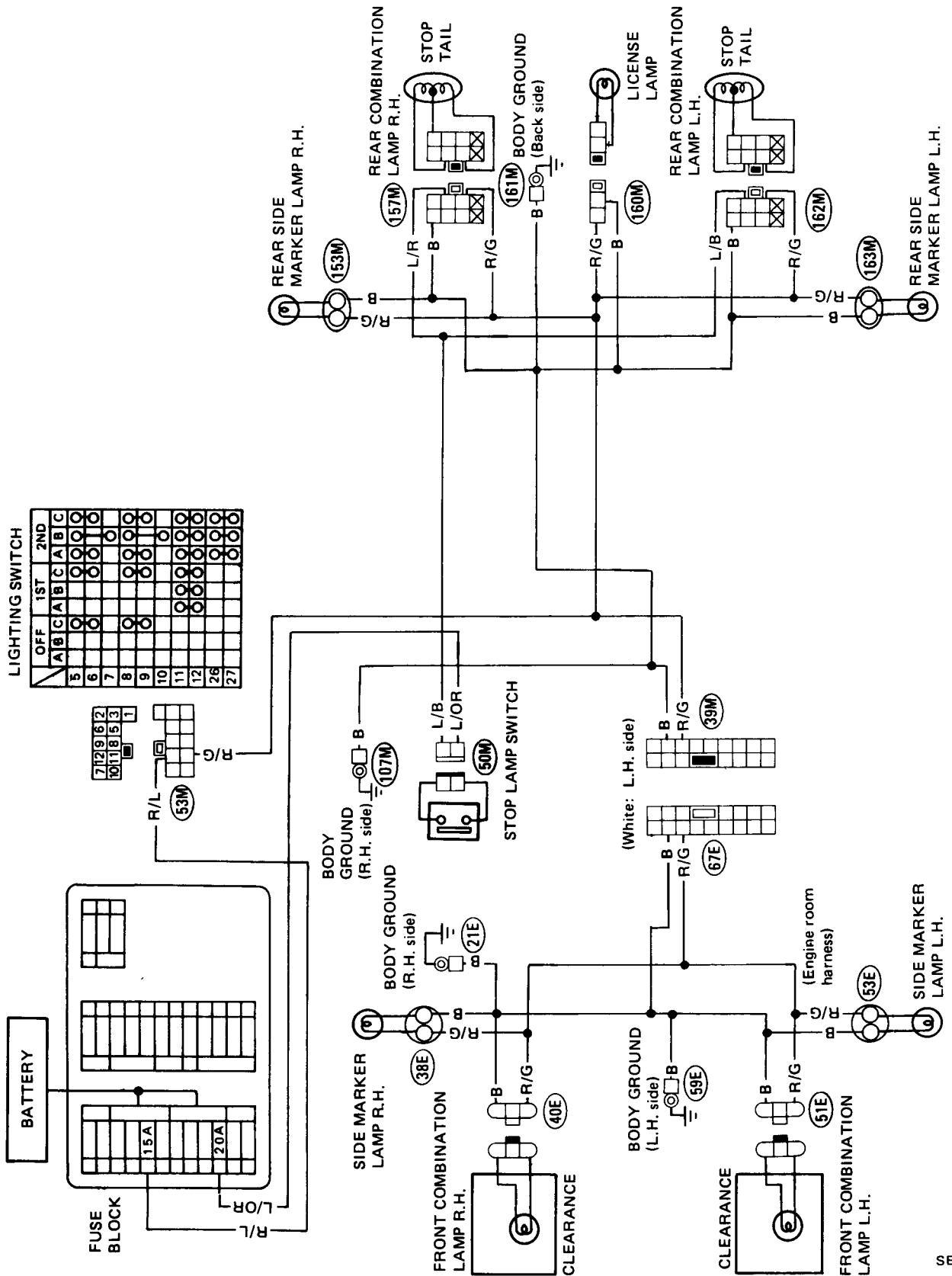
SEL914D

- Adjust headlamps so that upper edge and left edge of high intensity zone are within the acceptable range as shown in the figure above.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.

EXTERIOR LAMP

Clearance, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram

WITHOUT STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR (SF)

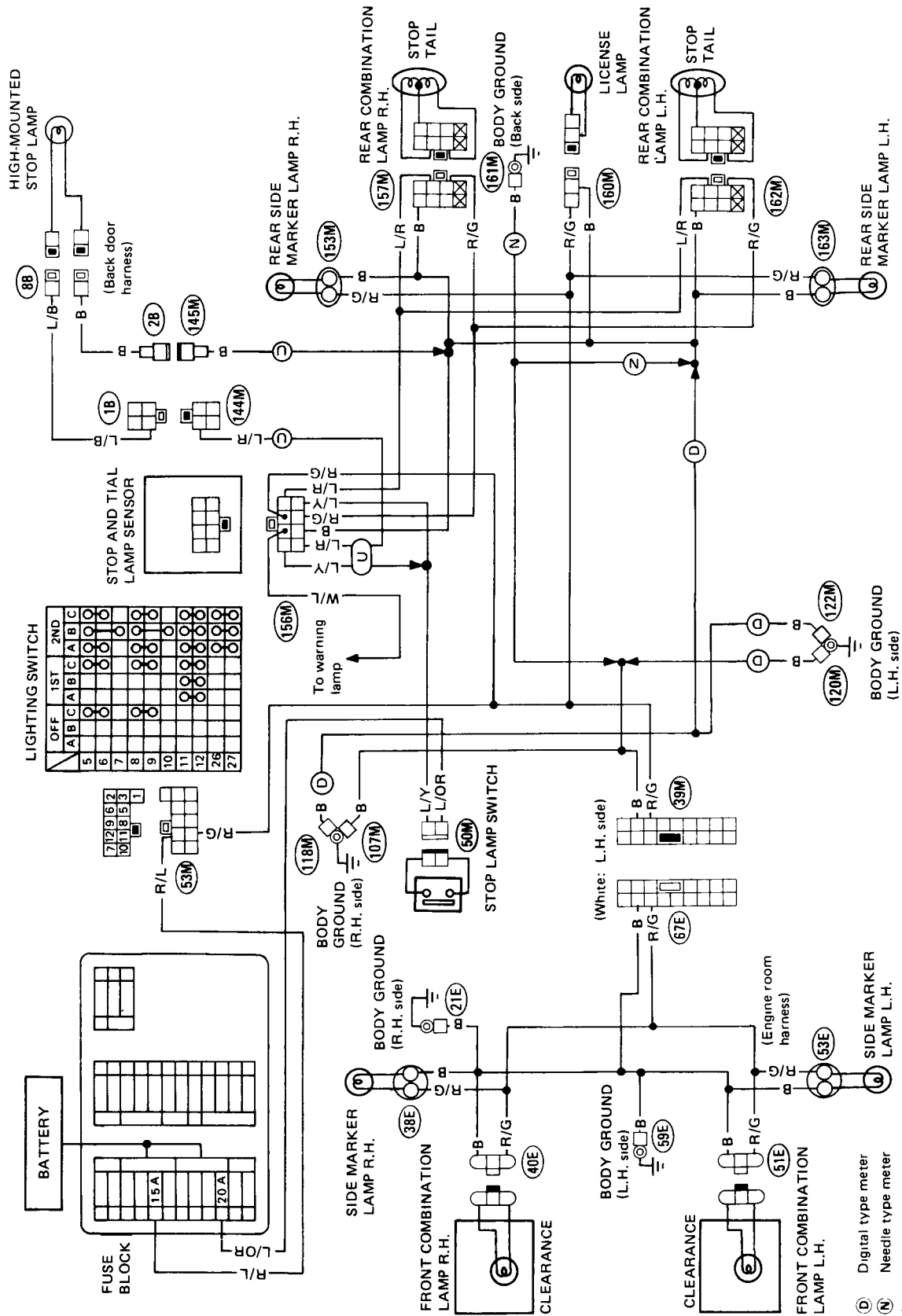


SEL905G

EXTERIOR LAMP

Clearance, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

WITH STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR (GL and GLL)

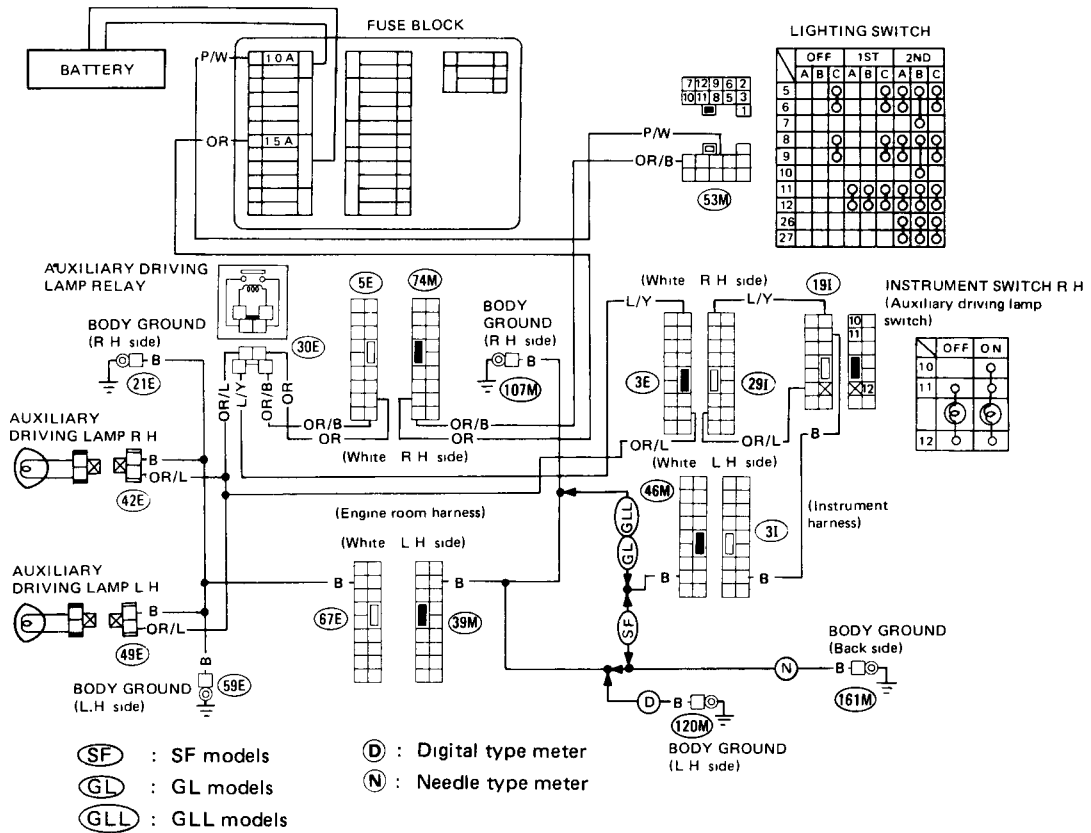


(D) Digital type meter
(N) Needle type meter
(U) For U.S.A.

SE L906G

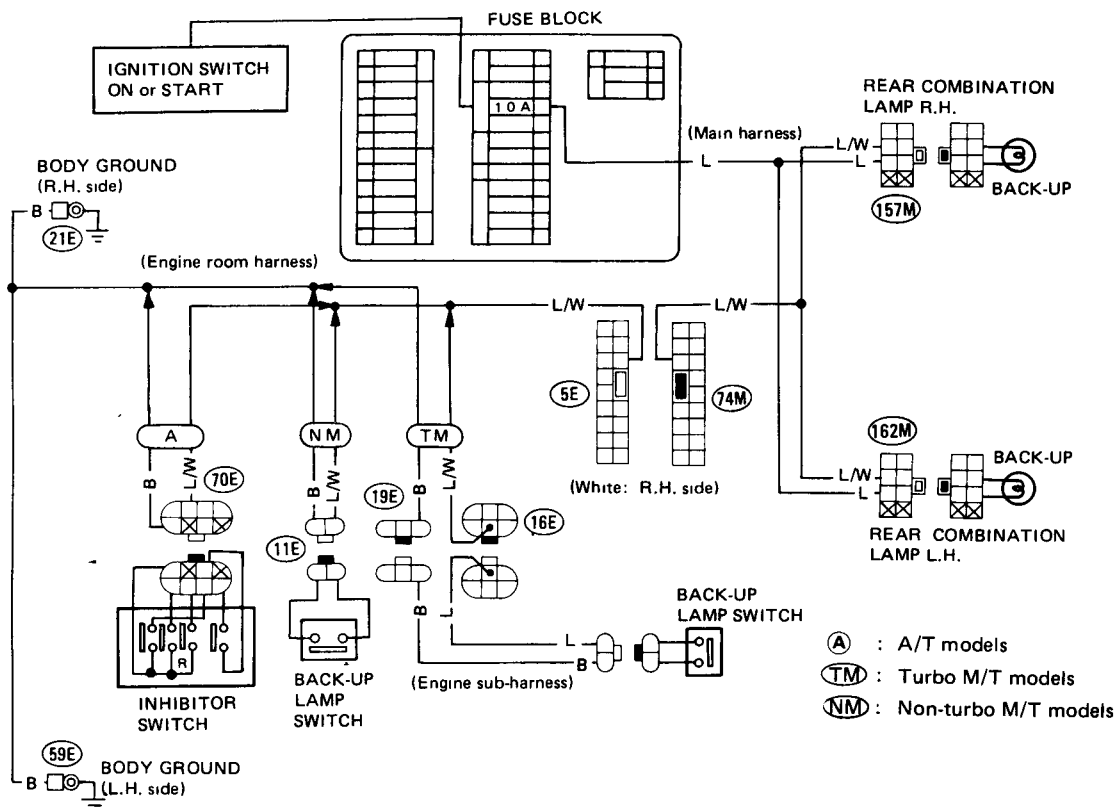
EXTERIOR LAMP

Auxiliary Driving Lamp/Wiring Diagram



SEL453F

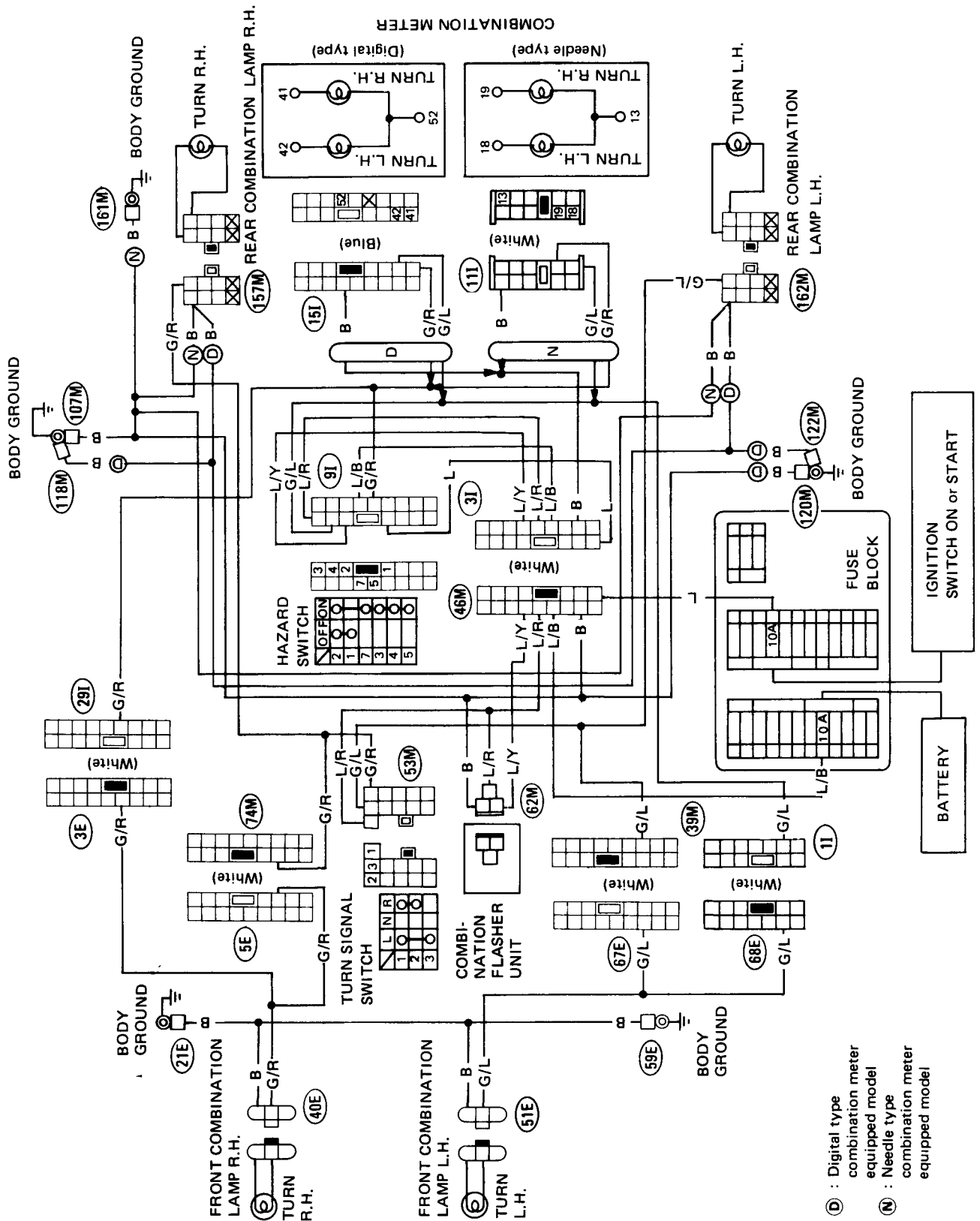
Back-up Lamp/Wiring Diagram



SEL454F

EXTERIOR LAMP

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram



SEL455F

EXTERIOR LAMP

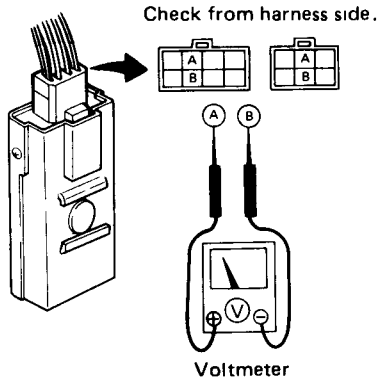
_Stop and Tail Lamp Sensor Check

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.

STOP LAMP

Start engine.

Stop lamp switch on (Depress brake pedal).



SEL515G

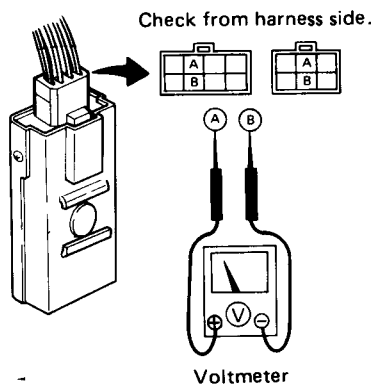
All stop lamps (Including high-mounted stop lamp) in good order ... Approx. 12 V

At least one of stop lamps (Including high-mounted stop lamp) is removed. ... Approx. 1 V

TAIL LAMP

Start engine.

Lighting switch on.



SEL516G

All tail lamps in good order. ... Approx. 12 V

At least one of tail lamps is removed. ... Approx. 1 V

Bulb Specifications

Item	Wattage (W)	Bulb No.
Headlamp	65, 35	H6054
Auxiliary driving lamp	55	—
Front combination lamp	27/8	1157
Front side marker lamp	3.4	158
Rear side marker lamp	3.4	158
Rear combination lamp		
Turn signal	27/8	1157
Stop/Tail	27/8	1157
Back-up	27	1073
License plate lamp	4.0	—
High-mounted stop lamp	27	1156
Interior lamp	10	—
Spot lamp	8	—
Rear (luggage) compartment lamp	3.4	—
Door step lamp	5	—
Leg room lamp	2	—

Illumination/Wiring Diagram

Wiring Diagram for Instrument Panel Illumination

This diagram illustrates the electrical connections for the instrument panel illumination system, including the fuse block, battery, and various control units.

Legend:

- SF : SF models
- GL : GL models
- TC : Turbo model

Key Components and Connections:

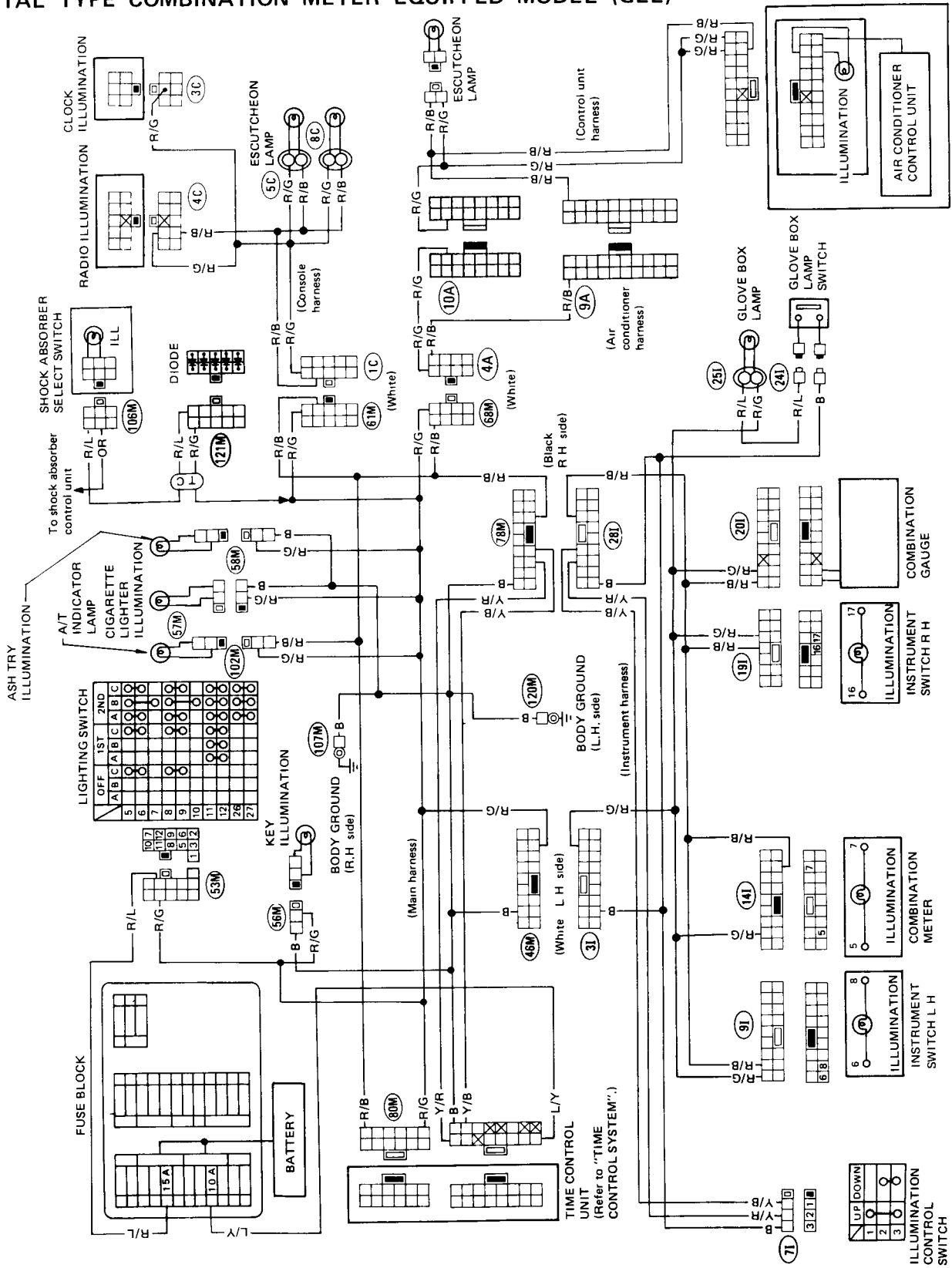
- FUSE BLOCK:** Contains fuses for 15A and 10A.
- BATTERY:** Connected to the main power supply.
- TIME CONTROL UNIT (Refer to "TIME CONTROL SYSTEM"):** Controls the timing of the illumination.
- INSTRUMENT SWITCH L H:** Controls the left and right instrument illumination.
- INSTRUMENT SWITCH R H:** Controls the right instrument illumination.
- COMBINATION METER ILLUMINATION:** Controls the meter illumination.
- COMBINATION GAUGE ILLUMINATION:** Controls the gauge illumination.
- ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH:** Controls the overall illumination.
- ILLUMINATION CONTROL UNIT:** Controls the air conditioner and glove box lamp.
- ESCUTCHEON LAMP:** Controls the escutcheon lamp.
- ESCUTCHEON LAMP (Air conditioner harness):** Controls the escutcheon lamp via the air conditioner harness.
- ILLUMINATION:** Controls the main instrument panel illumination.
- SHOCK ABSORBER SELECT SWITCH:** Controls the shock absorber select switch.
- DIODE (121M):** A diode component used in the circuit.
- ASH TRAY ILLUMINATION:** Controls the ash tray illumination.
- INDICATOR LAMP:** Controls the indicator lamp.
- CIGARETTE LIGHTER ILLUMINATION:** Controls the cigarette lighter illumination.
- KEY ILLUMINATION:** Controls the key illumination.
- BODY GROUND (R H side):** Ground connection for the right-hand side of the body.
- MAIN HARNESS:** The main electrical harness connecting the components.
- CONSOLE HARNESS:** The harness connecting the console components.
- Wiring Colors:** Various colors are used for the wires, including R/G (Red/Green), B (Black), Y/R (Yellow/Red), Y/B (Yellow/Black), L/Y (Light Yellow), and R/B (Red/Black).

EL-58

INTERIOR LAMP

Illumination/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

DIGITAL TYPE COMBINATION METER EQUIPPED MODEL (GLL)



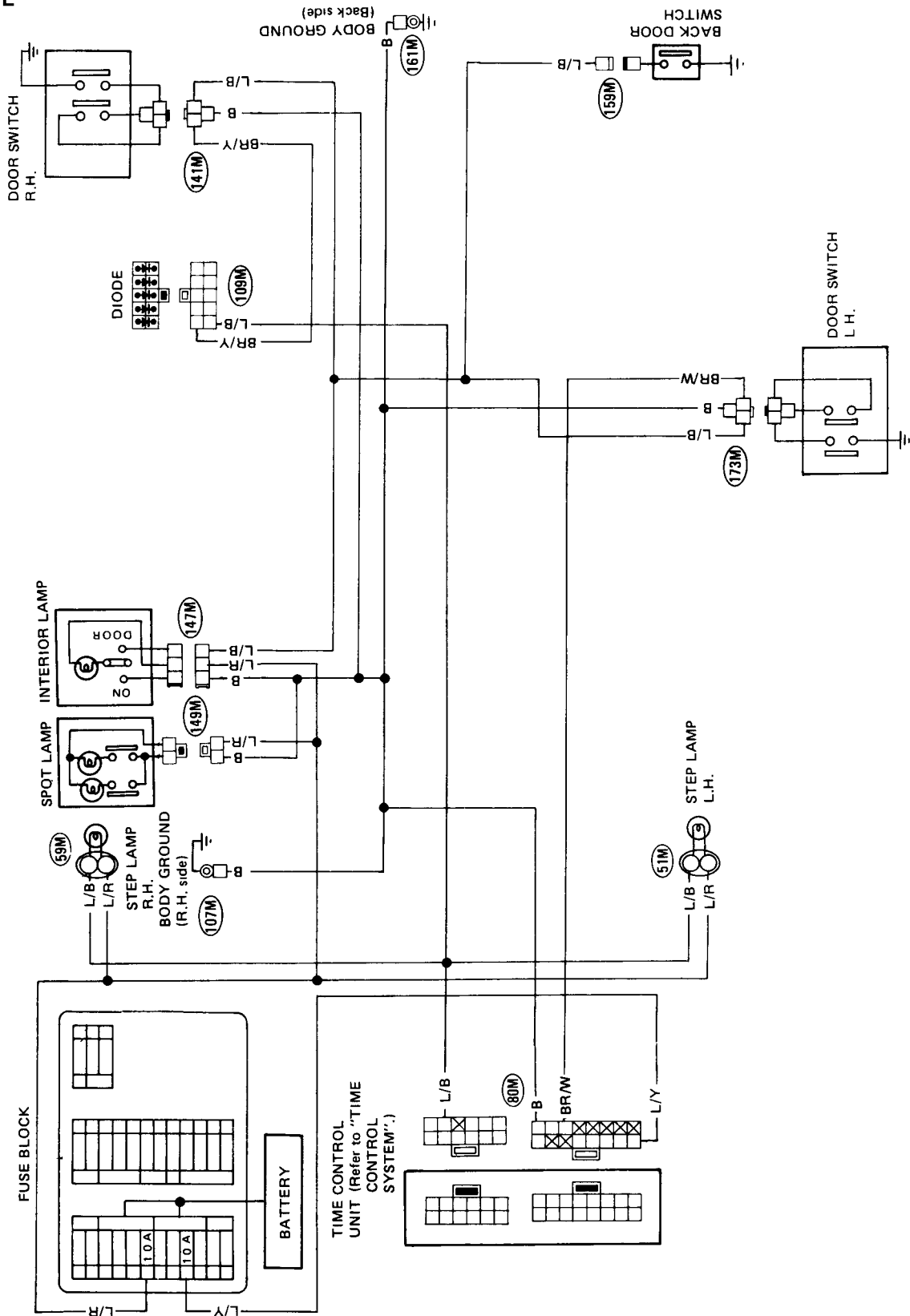
(TC) : Turbo model

SEL908G

INTERIOR LAMP

Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram

SF MODEL

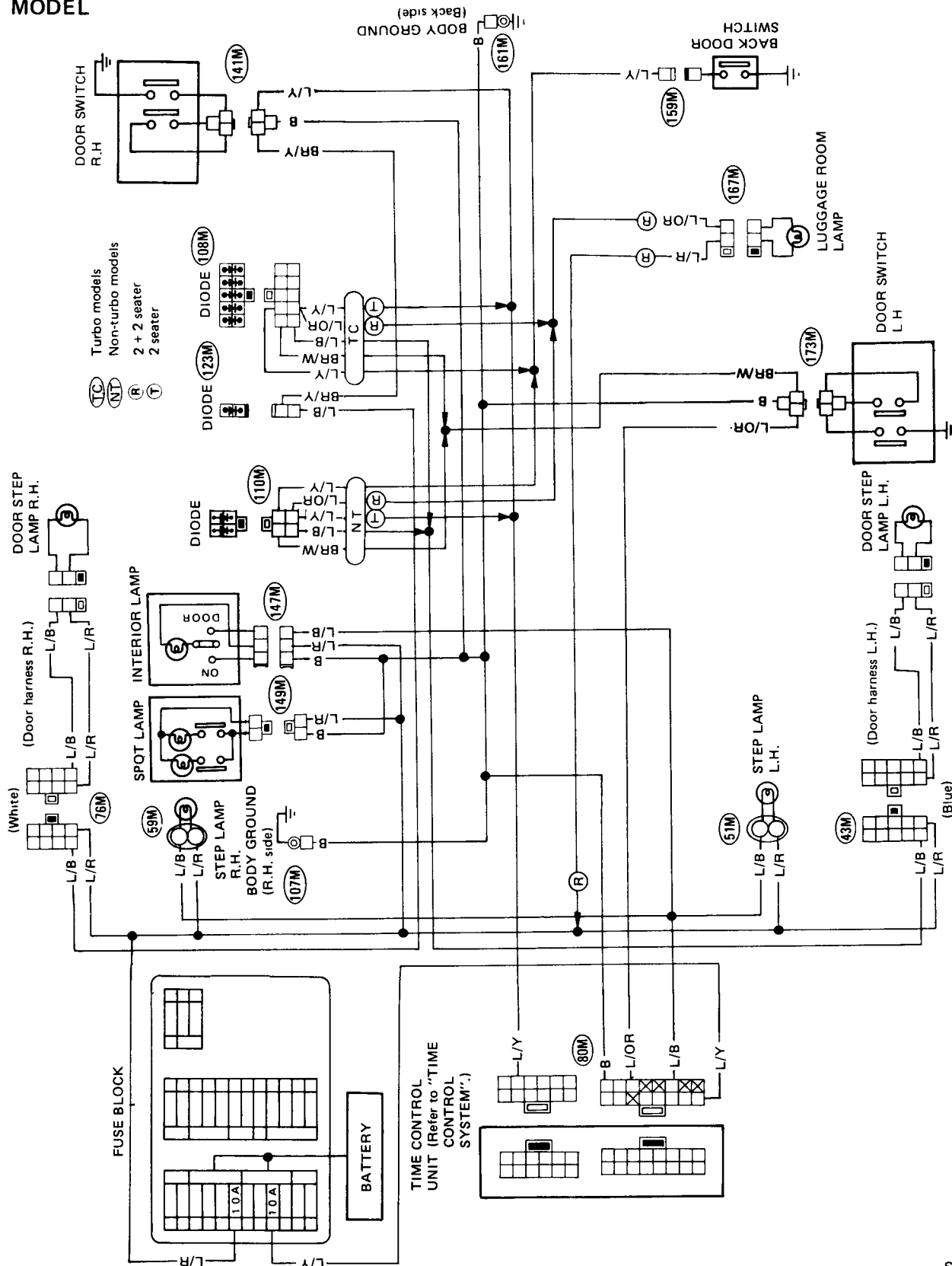


SEL909G

INTERIOR LAMP

Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

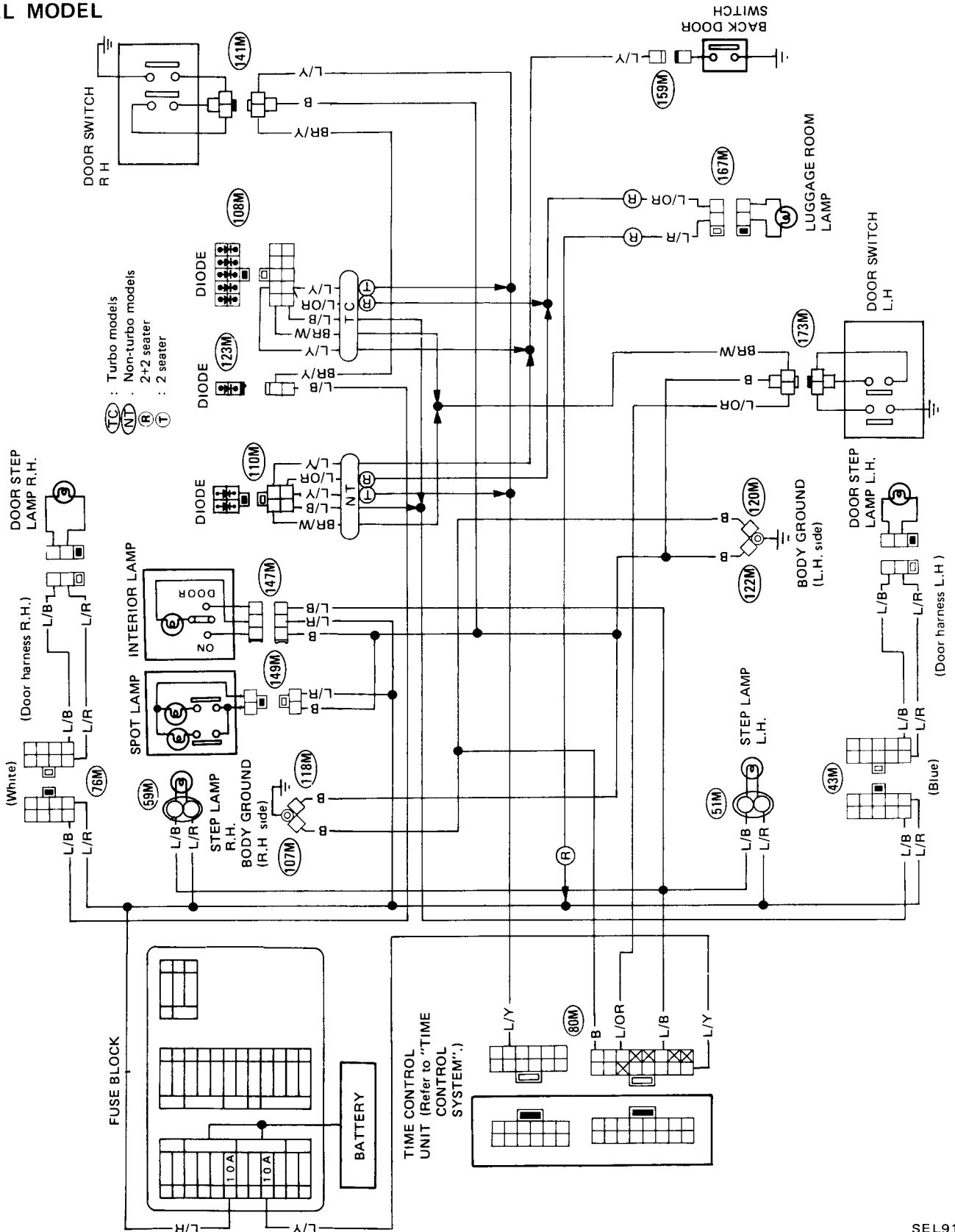
GL MODEL



SEL910G

Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

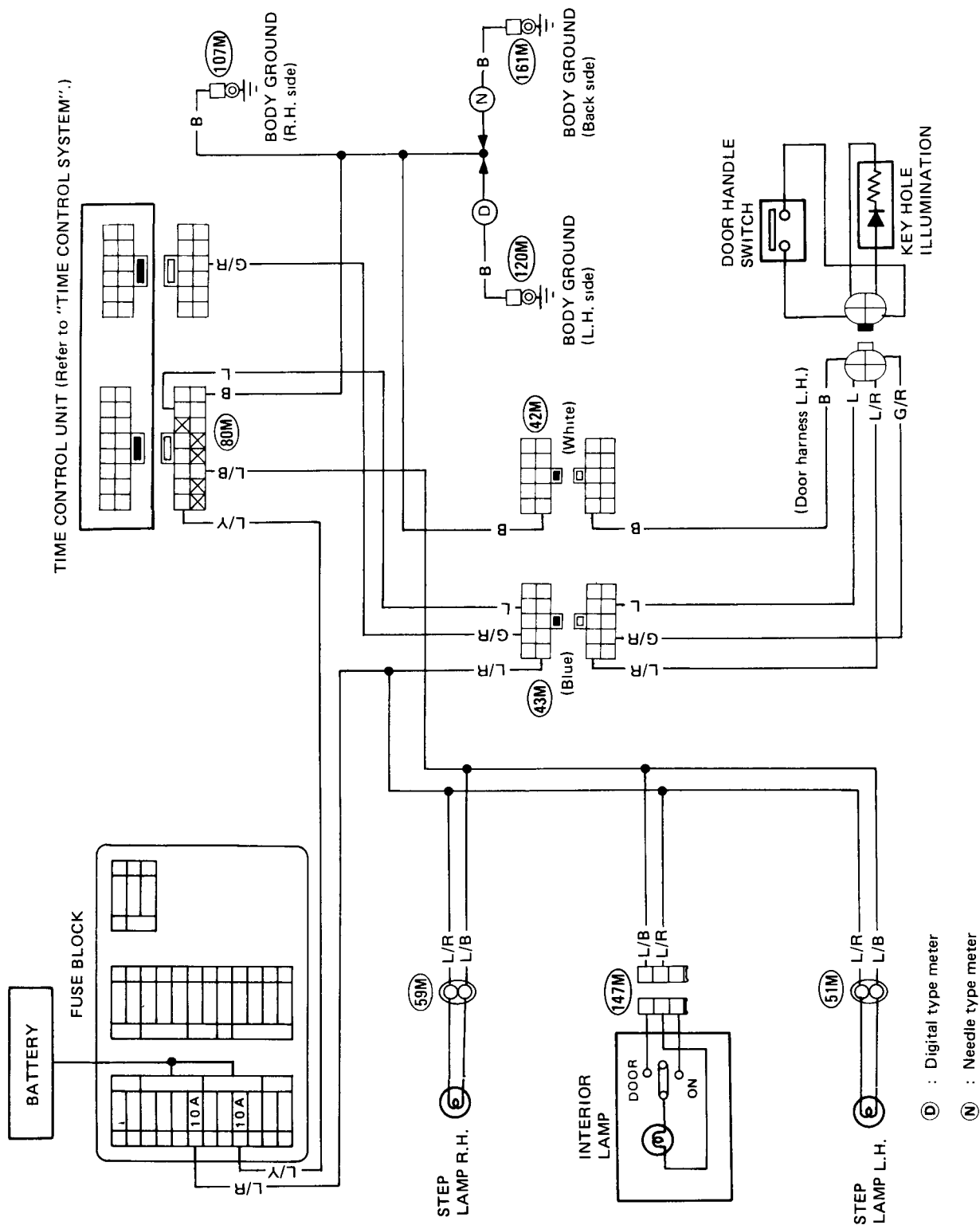
GLL MODEL



SEL911G

INTERIOR LAMP

Illuminated Entry System and Door Key Illumination/Wiring Diagram



SEL461F

INTERIOR LAMP

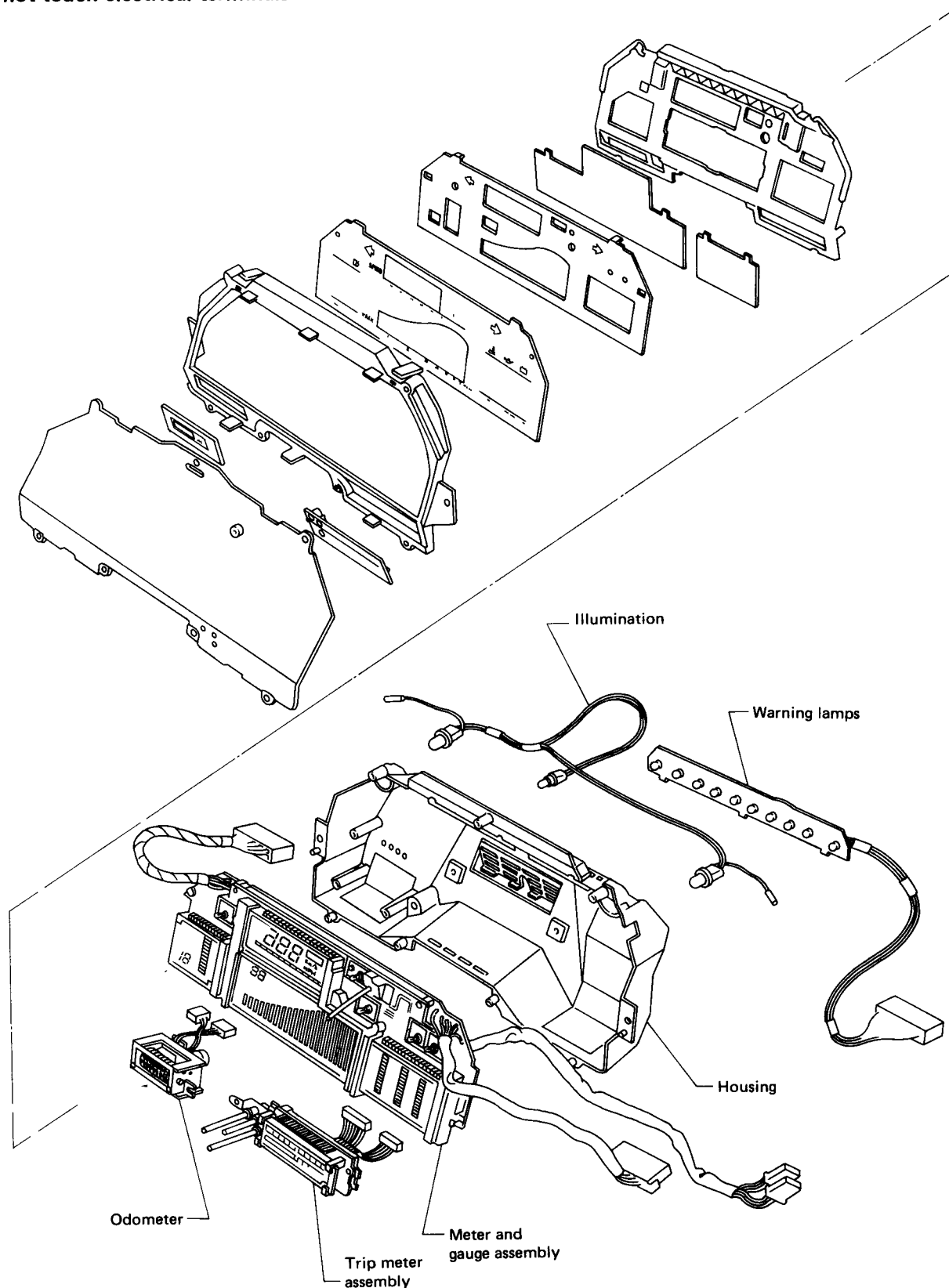
Note:

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Combination Meter

CAUTION:

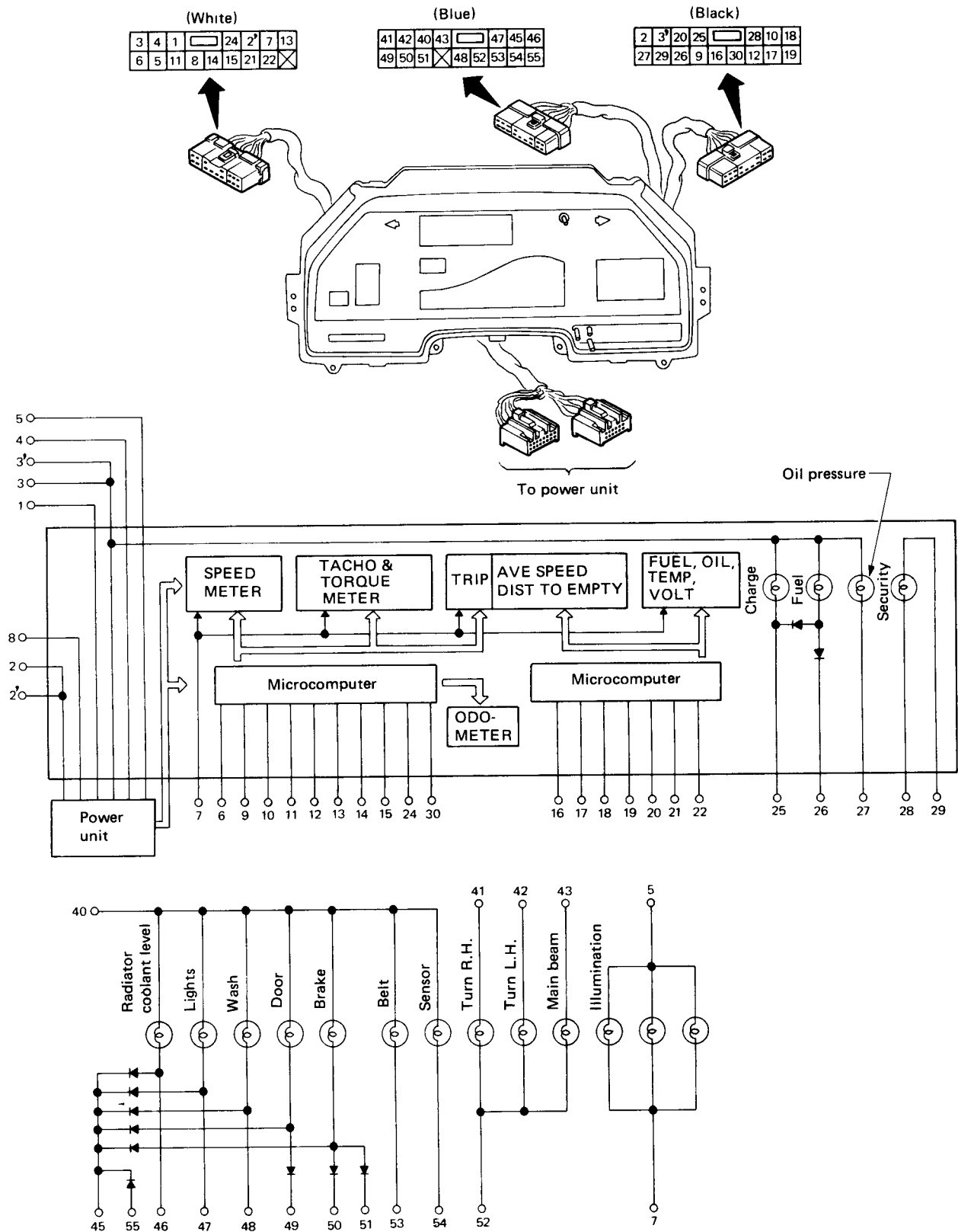
Do not touch electrical terminals with bare hands.



SEL660D

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

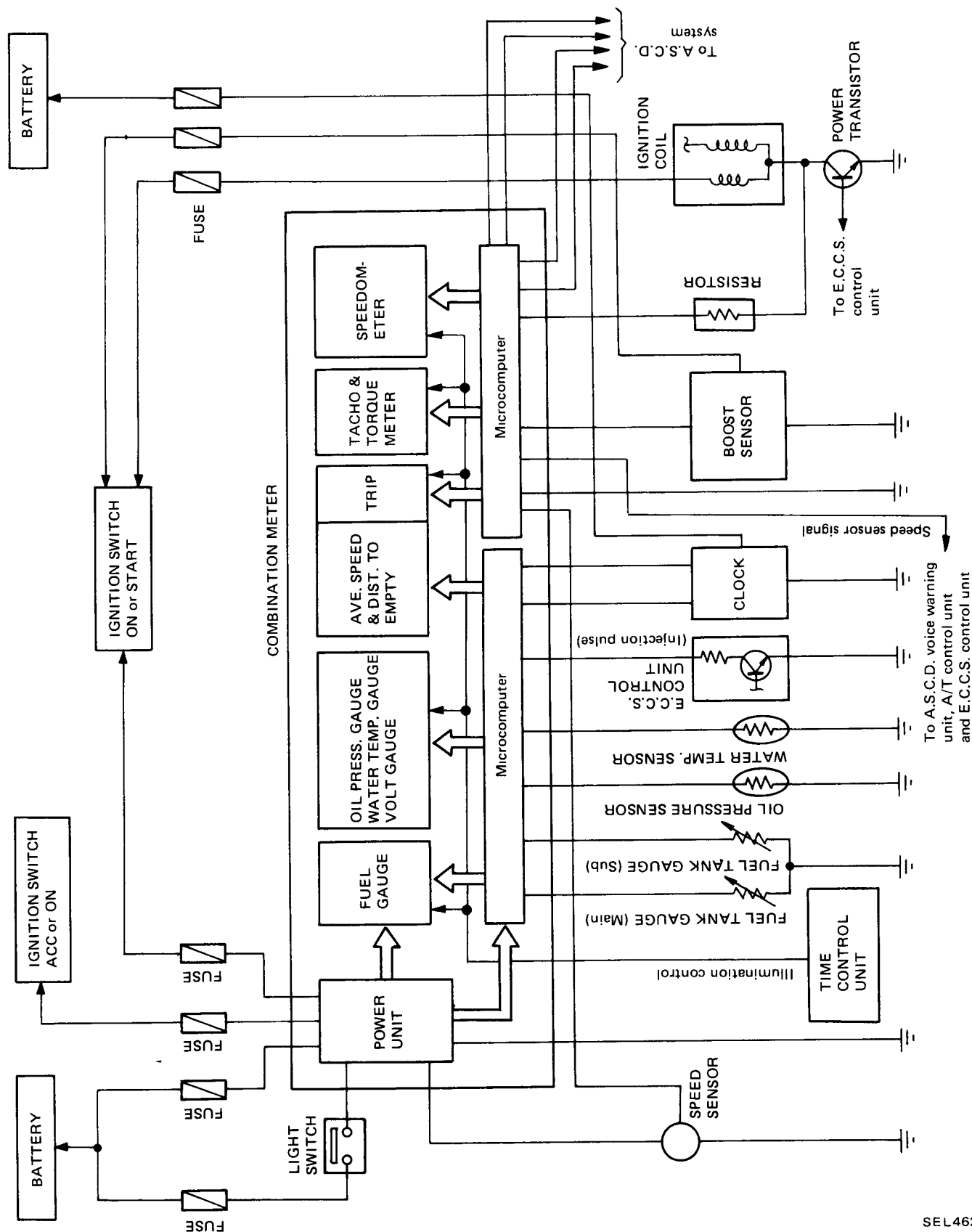
Combination Meter (Cont'd)



SEL056H

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

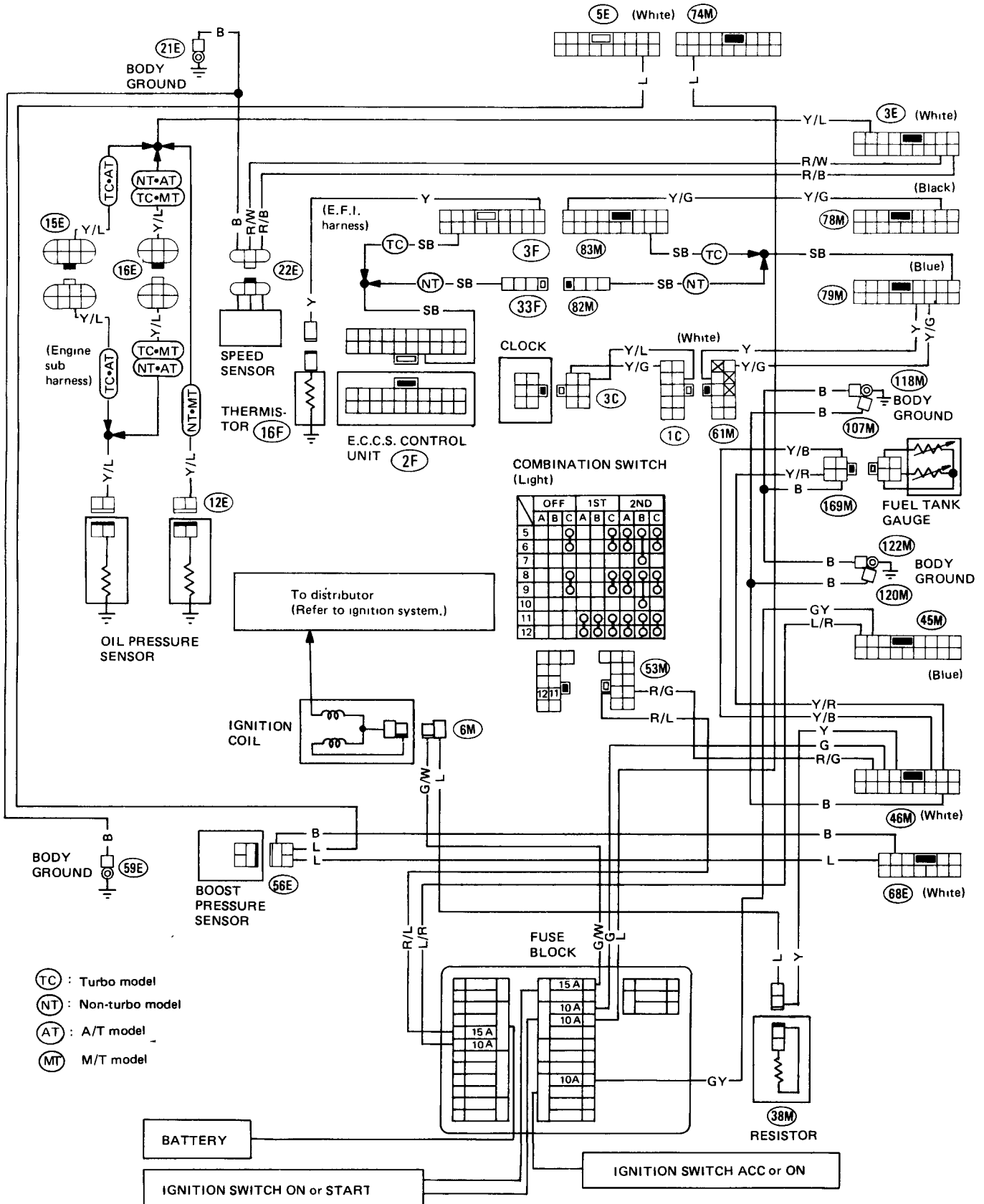
Schematic



SEL462F

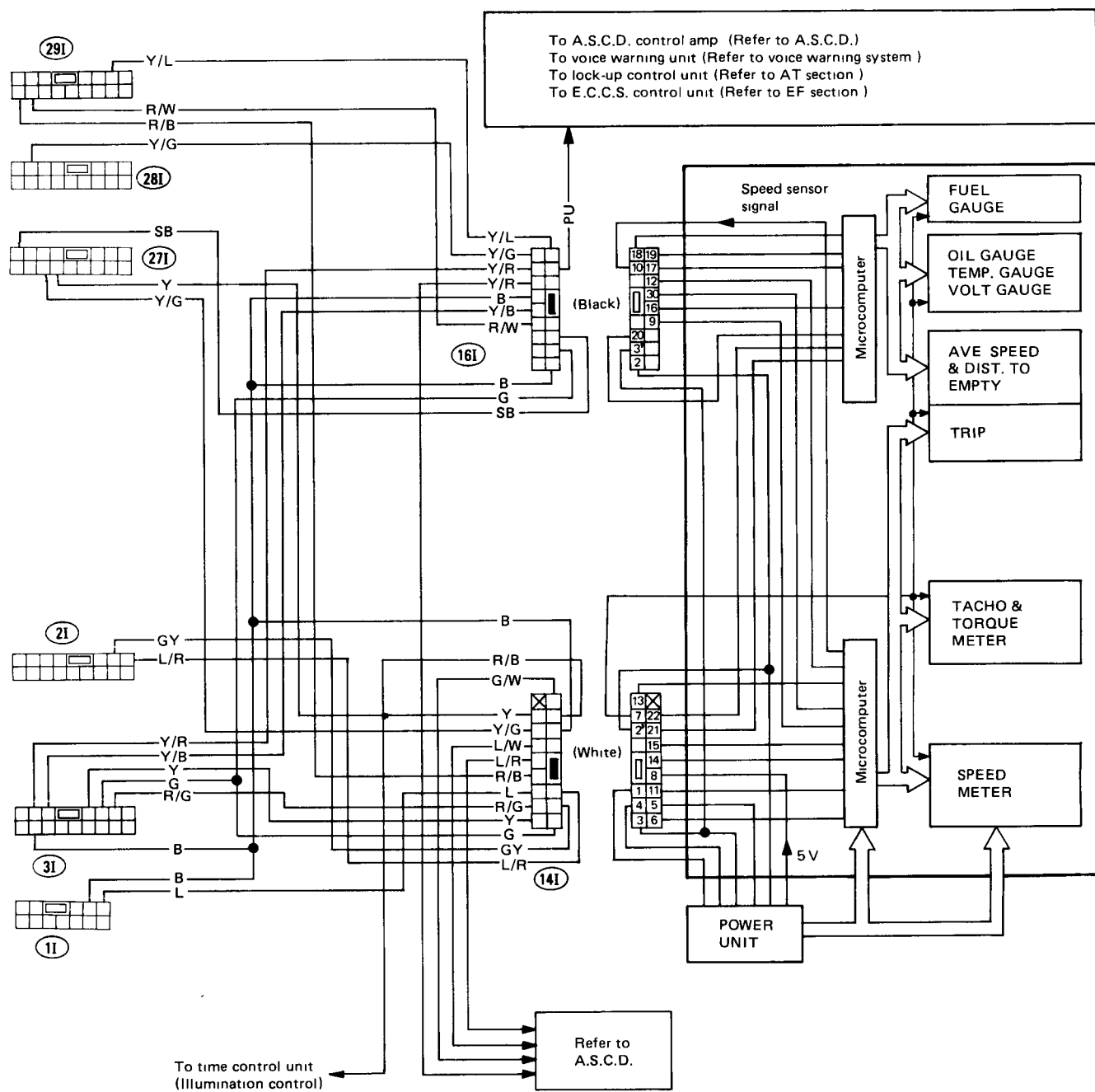
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Wiring Diagram



METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

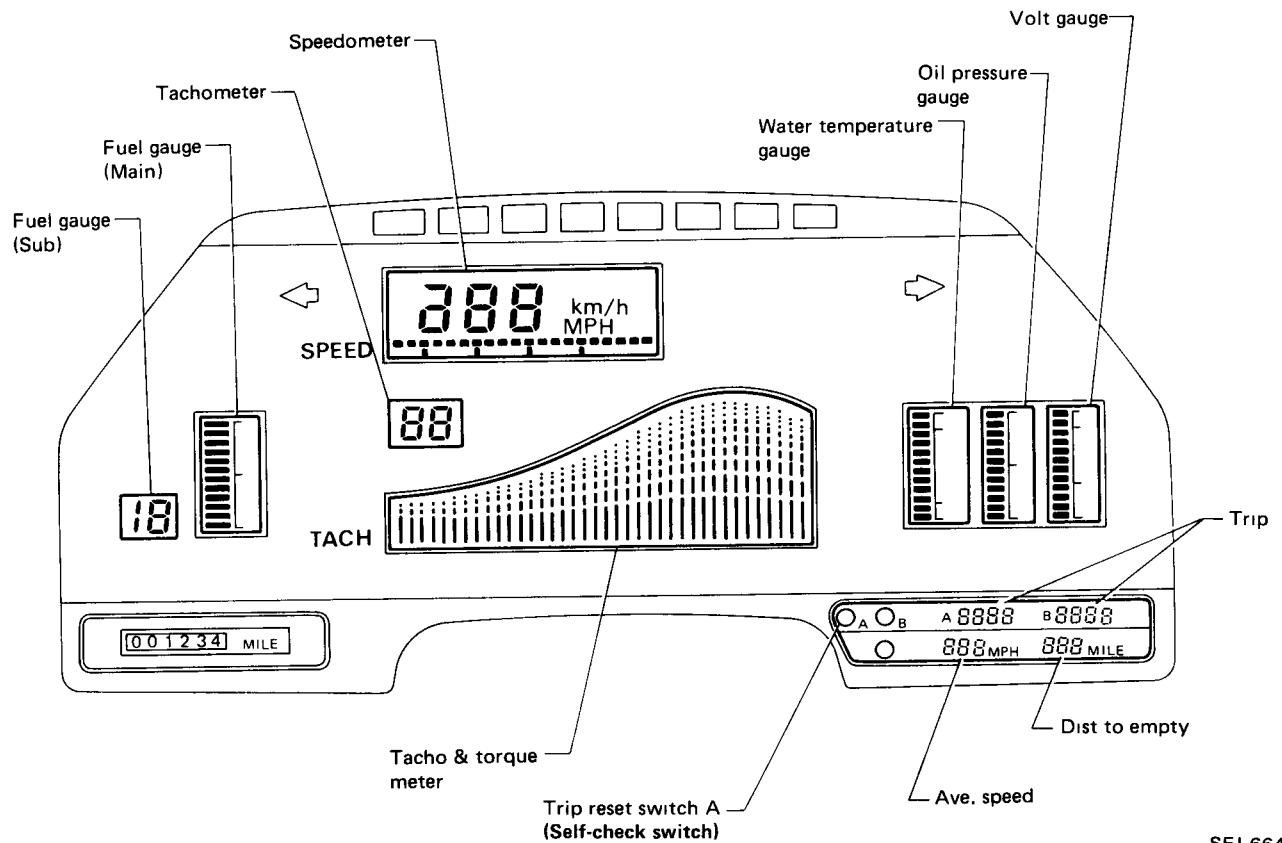
Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



SEL912G

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Display Check



SEL664D

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

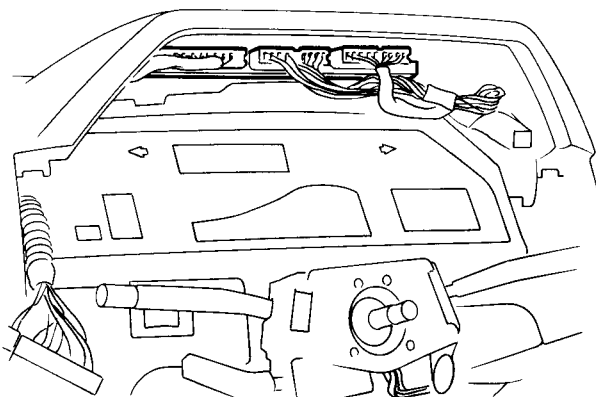
Display Check (Cont'd)

- The digital combination meter is provided with a self-check function to determine whether or not meter itself is malfunctioning.

Test procedure

- While pushing trip reset switch A, switch ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON". Trip reset switch A should remain pushed in until self-check operation starts.
- Meter starts to automatically perform self-check. Segments for meters and gauges should illuminate one after another.
- If any particular segment remains off, combination meter itself is faulty.

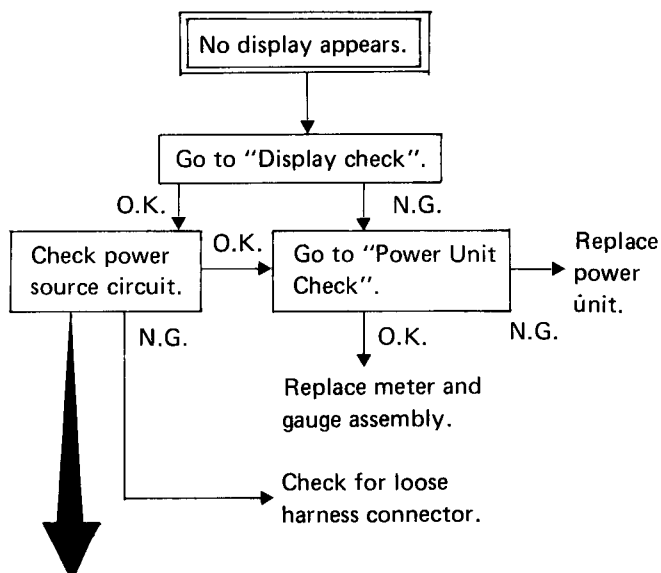
Preparation for Trouble-shooting



SEL665D

- Remove nut which holds instrument switch.
- Remove instrument switch.
- Remove cluster lid A.

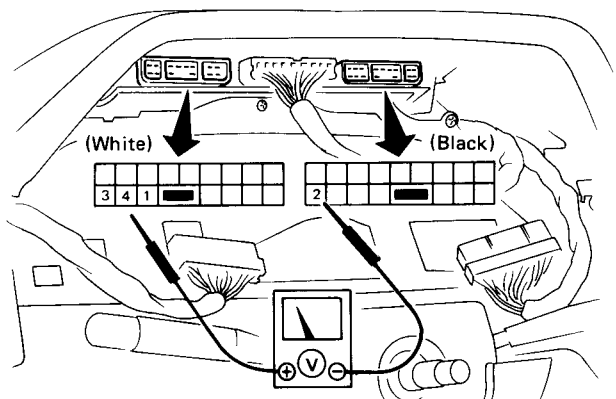
Trouble-shooting



Voltmeter terminals		Ignition switch position		
(+)	(-)	OFF	ACC	ON
①	②	Approx. 12V	12V	12V
③	②	0V	0V	Approx. 12V
④	②	0V	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V

Ohmmeter terminals		Ignition switch OFF
(+)	(-)	
②	Body ground	Continuity exists

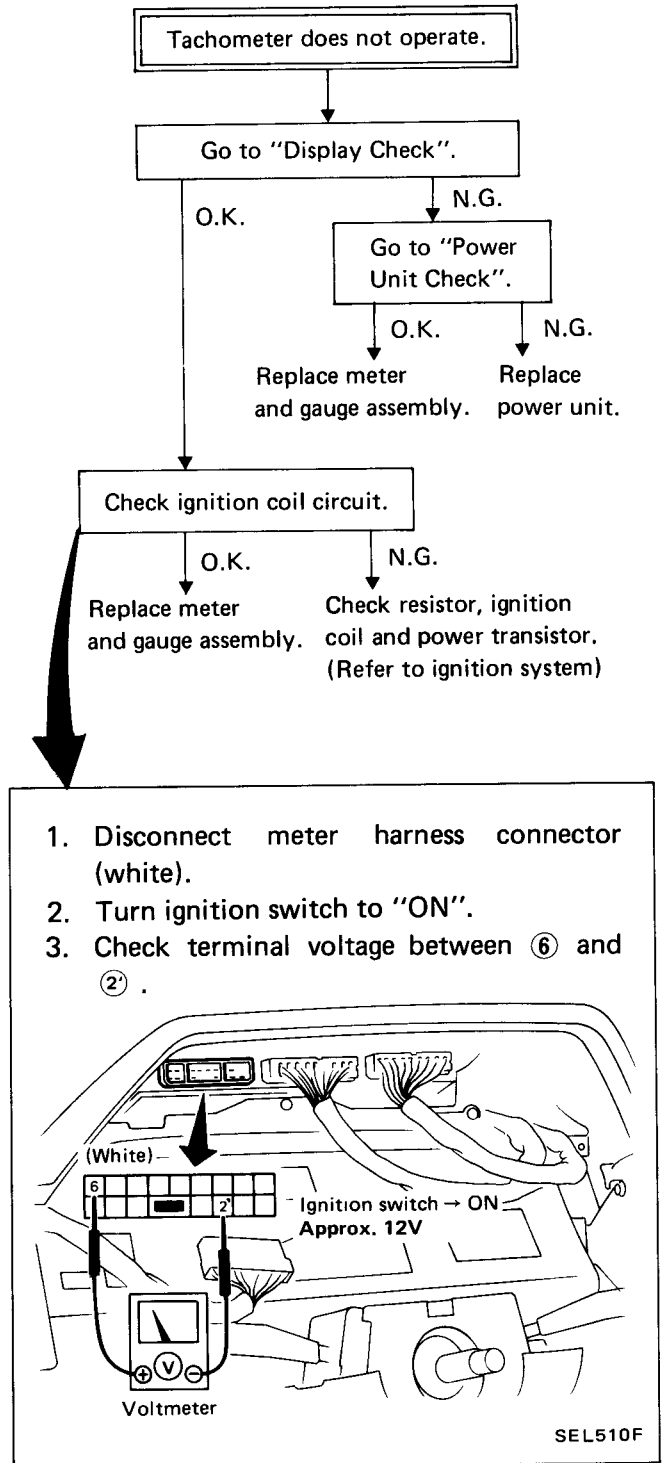
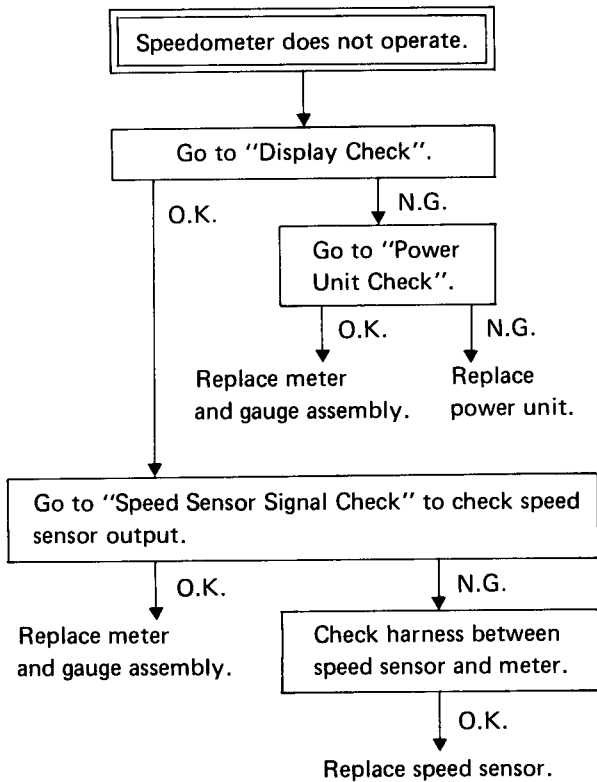
- Disconnect meter harness connector as shown below.



SEL509F

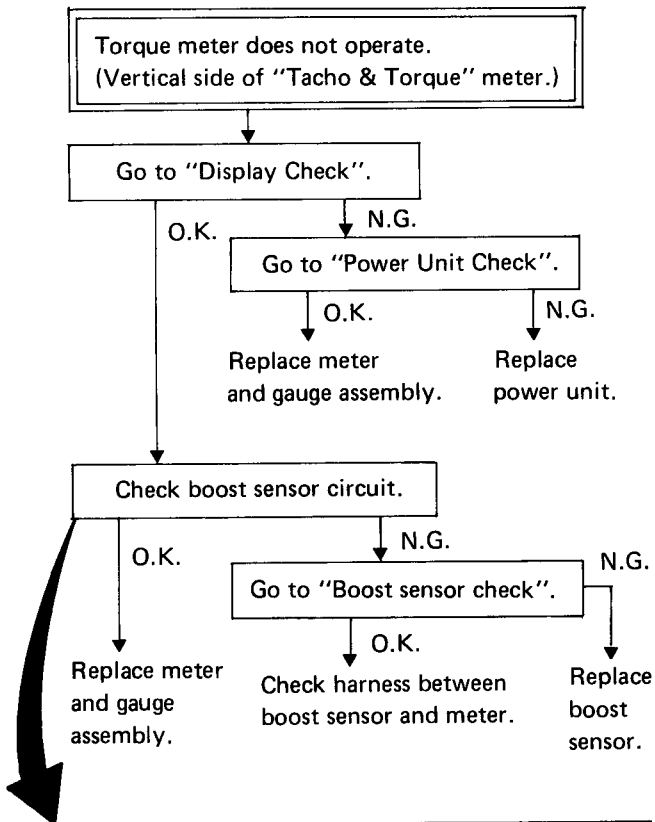
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

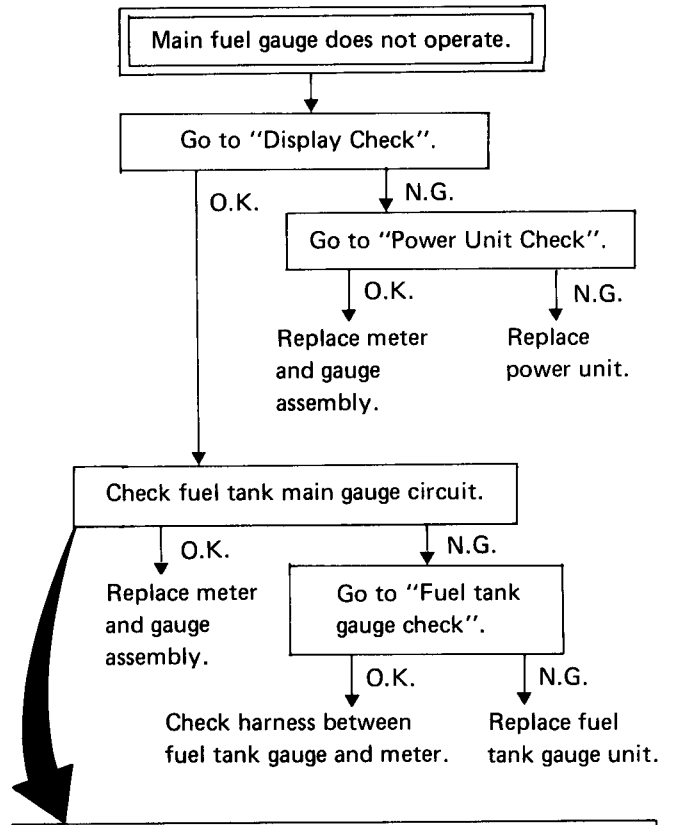
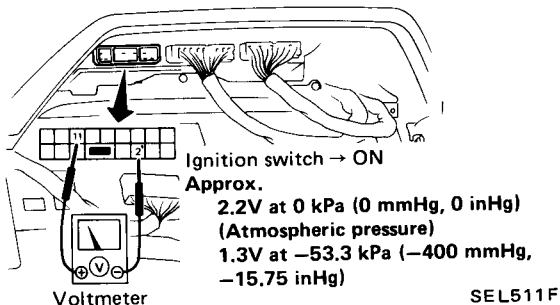
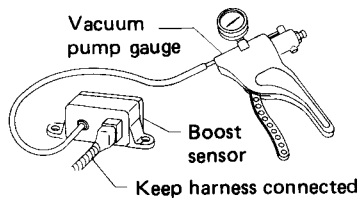


METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

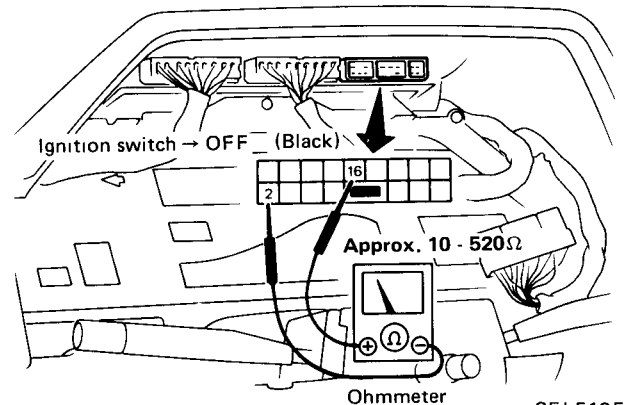
Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



1. Disconnect meter harness connector (white).
2. Connect vacuum pump gauge to boost sensor vacuum hose.
3. Turn the ignition switch to "ON".
4. Apply vacuum pressure to boost sensor by vacuum pump gauge and measure voltage across ① and ②.

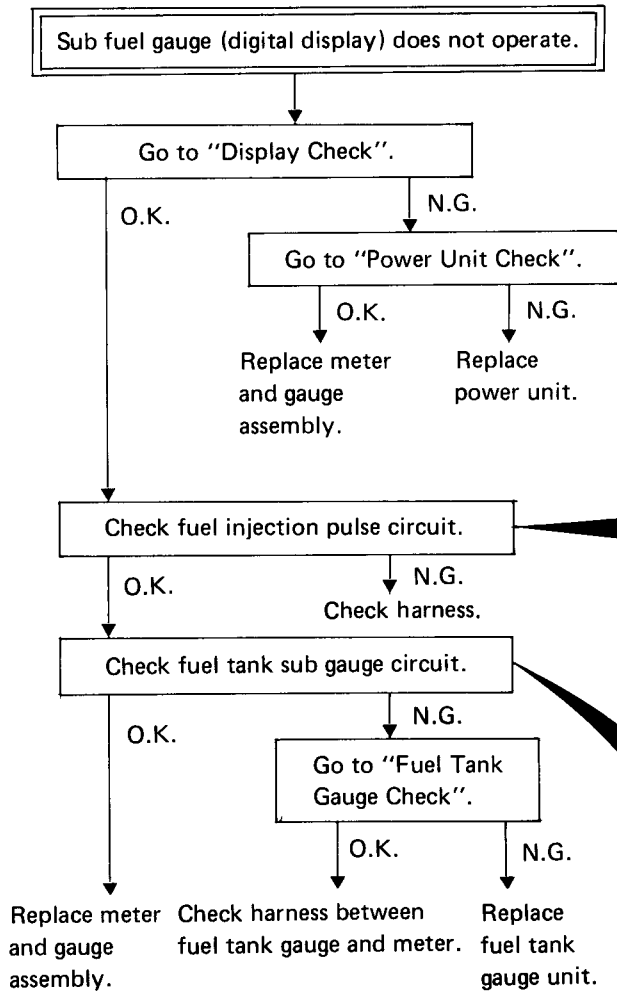


1. Disconnect meter harness connector (black).
2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
3. Measure resistance between ① and ②.



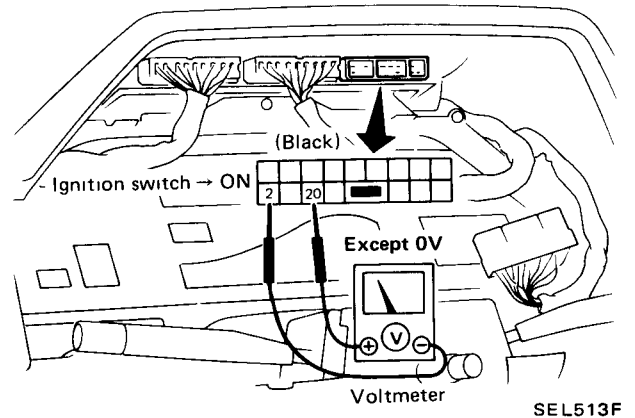
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



FUEL INJECTION PULSE CIRCUIT CHECK

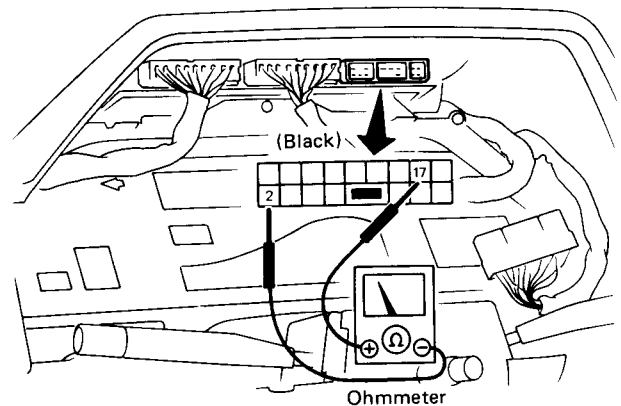
1. Disconnect meter harness connector (black).
2. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
3. Check for voltage across ②⑩ and ②.



SEL513F

FUEL TANK SUB GAUGE CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Measure resistance between ①⑦ and ②.



Ignition switch → OFF

Fuel residue	Resistance
Less than 4ℓ	∞
5 - 20ℓ	Approx. 4 - 930Ω
More than 20ℓ	Less than 4Ω

SEL514F

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Water temp, oil pressure and volt gauges do not operate at the same time.

Go to "Display Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Go to "Power Unit Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace meter and gauge assembly.

Replace power unit.

Only volt gauge does not operate.

Replace meter and gauge assembly.

Only water temp. gauge does not operate.

Go to "Display Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace meter and gauge assembly.

Check water temp. sensor (thermistor) circuit.

O.K.

N.G.

Replace meter and gauge assembly.

Go to "Thermistor Check".

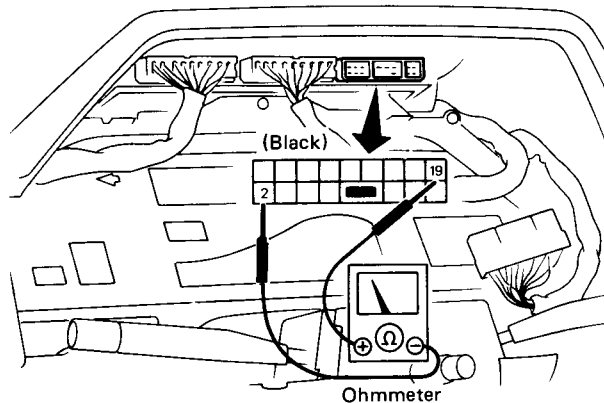
O.K.

N.G.

Check harness between thermistor and meter.

Replace thermistor.

1. Disconnect meter harness connector (black).
2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
3. Measure resistance between ① and ②.



Ignition switch → OFF

Engine coolant temperature	Resistance
60°C or less	70Ω or more
60°C or more	Approx. 10 - 70Ω

SEL515F

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Only oil pressure gauge does not operate.

Go to "Display Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace meter and gauge assembly.

Check oil pressure sensor circuit.

O.K.

N.G.

Replace meter and gauge assembly.

Go to "Oil Pressure Sensor Check".

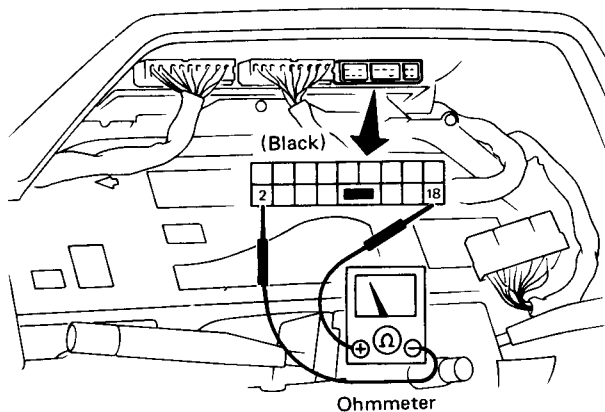
O.K.

N.G.

Check harness between oil pressure sensor and meter.

Replace oil pressure sensor.

1. Disconnect meter harness connector (black).
2. Measure resistance between ⑱ and ② when engine stopping and running.



Engine	Resistance
Stop	Approx. 75Ω or more
Idling	Approx. 60Ω or less

SEL516F

"Trip", "Ave. speed" and "Dist to empty" meters do not operate at the same time.

Go to "Display Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace trip meter assembly.

Go to "Power Unit Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace power unit.

Only "Ave. speed" meter does not operate.

Go to "Display Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace trip meter assembly.

Check clock for proper operation.

O.K.

N.G.

Check harness between clock and meter.

Replace clock.

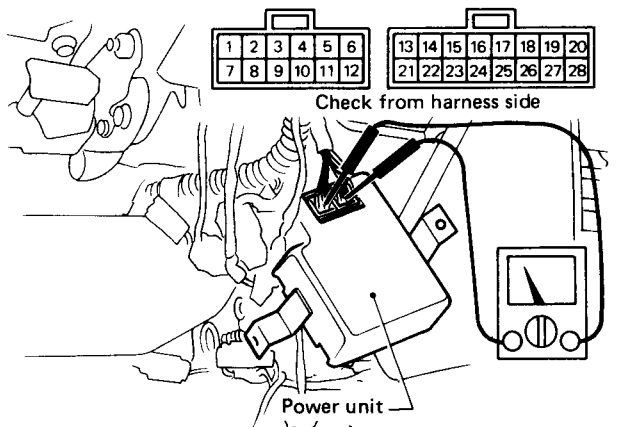
O.K.

Replace trip meter assembly.

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Power Unit Check

- Remove power unit with harness connected.
- Perform voltage and continuity tests. Refer to chart below.



SEL673D

- Turn ignition switch to "ON".

Voltmeter terminal		Voltage [V]	Remarks
(+)	(-)		
①	⑦	Approx. 12	Check when no display appears.
②		Approx. 5	
④		Approx. 16	
⑧		Approx. 5	
⑦	③	Approx. 22	For speedometer For tachometer For Temp, Oil, Volt gauge For Fuel gauge For "Trip", "Ave. speed" & "Dist to empty" meter.
	⑨	Approx. 28.5	
	⑪	More than 6	
	⑰		
	⑳		
	㉓		
	㉕		
⑳			

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".

Ohmmeter		Continuity	Remarks
(+)	(-)		
⑦	Body ground	Yes	Check when no display appears.

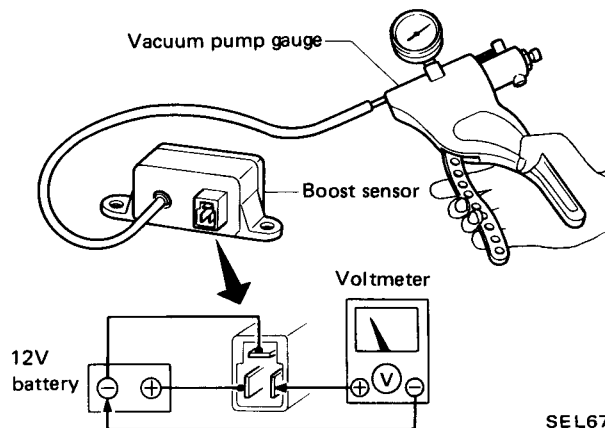
If specified voltage or continuity is not produced, replace power unit.

Boost Sensor Check

- Connect vacuum pump gauge to boost sensor vacuum hose.
- Disconnect harness connector from boost sensor and connect battery and voltmeter as shown.
- Apply vacuum pressure to boost sensor by vacuum pump gauge and measure voltages.

Approx. 2.2V at 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)
(Atmospheric pressure)

Approx. 1.3V
at -53.3 kPa (-400 mmHg, -15.75 inHg)



SEL674D

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

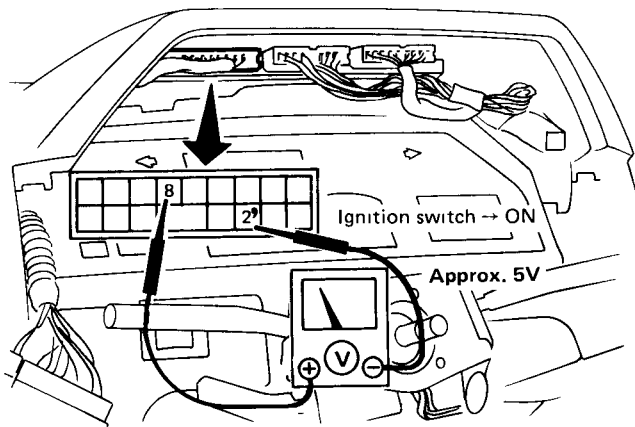
Speed Sensor Signal Check

SPEED SENSOR OUTPUT CHECK

When speedometer is functioning properly, this test is not necessary. Go to "Meter Output Check".

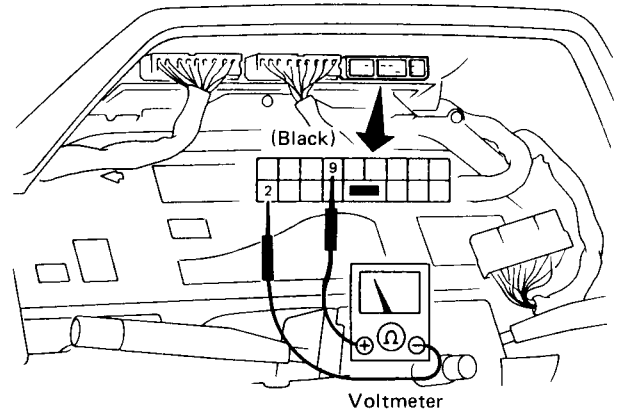
1. Remove cluster lid A.
2. Connect a voltmeter between ⑧ and ② on combination meter side. Combination meter harness connector should remain connected to instrument harness.
3. Switch ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON". Voltmeter should indicate approximately 5 volts when switch is "ON".

If voltmeter indicates no voltage, go to "Power Unit Check".



SEL517F

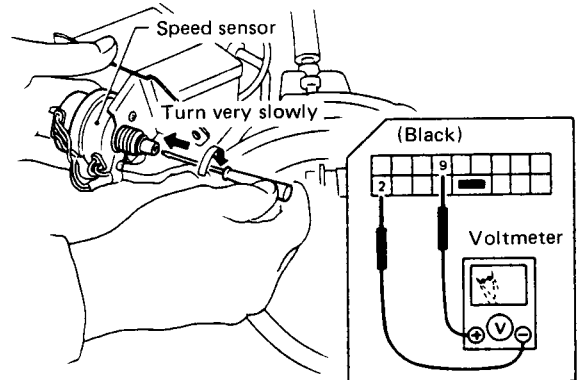
4. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
5. Disconnect speedometer cable from speed sensor and remove speed sensor with harness connected.
6. Disconnect combination meter harness from instrument harness as shown below, and connect a voltmeter across ⑨ and ②.



SEL518F

7. Turn ignition switch "OFF" → "ON".
8. Slowly turn speed sensor rotor shaft with a suitable screwdriver to make sure voltmeter pointer deflects.

Do not turn rotor shaft quickly as voltmeter deflects 24 times per revolution of rotor shaft.



SEL519F

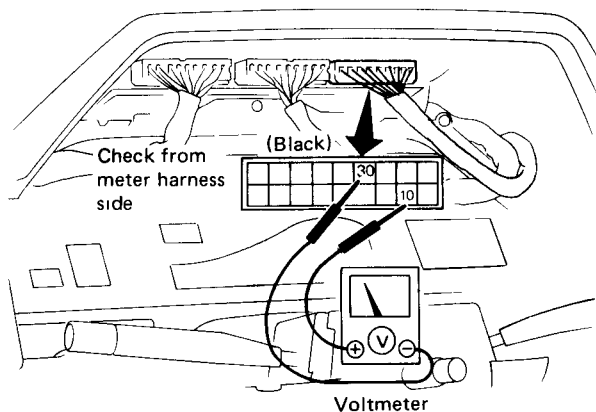
If voltmeter pointer does not deflect, replace speed sensor.

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Speed Sensor Signal Check (Cont'd)

METER OUTPUT CHECK

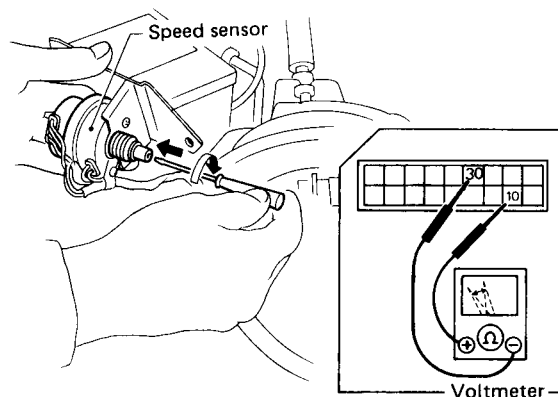
- Combination meter emits speed sensor signal to control E.C.C.S. control unit, A.S.C.D. control unit, voice warning unit and A/T control unit.
- Disconnect speedometer cable from speed sensor and remove speed sensor with harness connected.
 - Remove cluster lid A.
 - Connect a voltmeter between ⑩ and ③① from meter harness side.



SEL748D

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" → "ON".
- Slowly turn speed sensor rotor shaft with a suitable screwdriver to make sure ohmmeter pointer deflects.

Ohmmeter pointer should deflect twice for each rotation or rotor shaft.



SEL749D

If ohmmeter pointer does not deflect, go to "Speed Sensor Output Check". (Refer to back page)

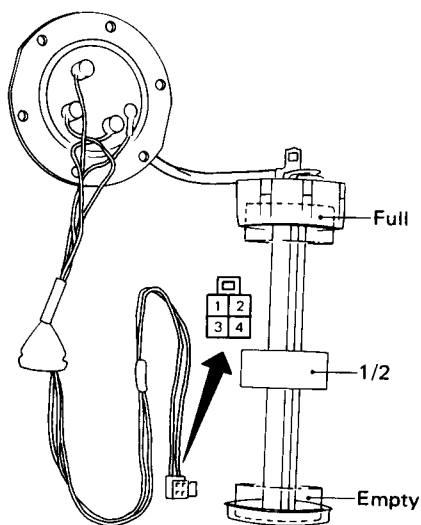
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Fuel Tank Gauge Check

- For removal, refer to FE section.

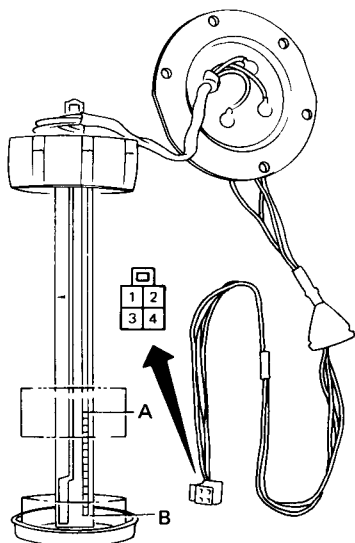
Ohmmeter terminal		Float position	Resistance value
(+)	(-)		
②	①	Full	Approx. 10 - 20Ω
		Empty	Approx. 480 - 520Ω
		1/2	Approx. 100 - 110Ω
③	①	A	Approx. 4Ω or below
		B	Approx. 870 - 930Ω
④	①	B	0Ω

Main gauge



SEL675D

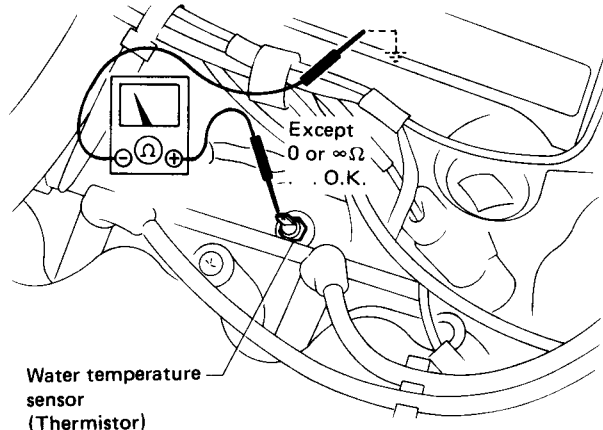
Sub gauge



SEL676D

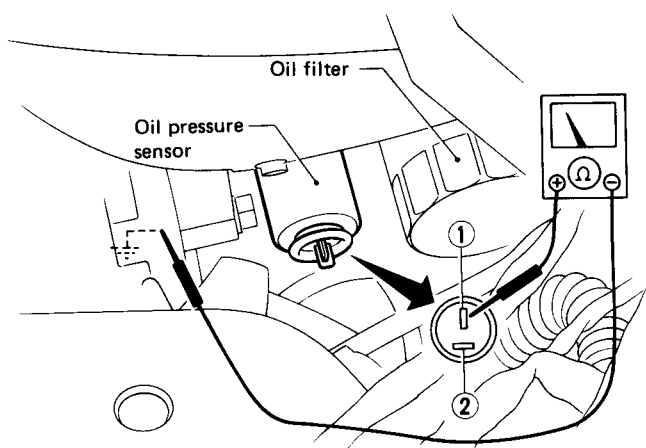
Water Temp Sensor Check

Cylinder head R.H. side



SEL677D

Oil Pressure Sensor Check



SEL678D

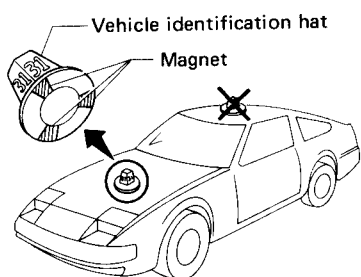
Ohmmeter terminal		With engine stopped	With engine running (idling)
(+)	(-)		
①	Engine ground	0Ω	∞
②	Engine ground	More than 74Ω	Less than 60Ω

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Gauge

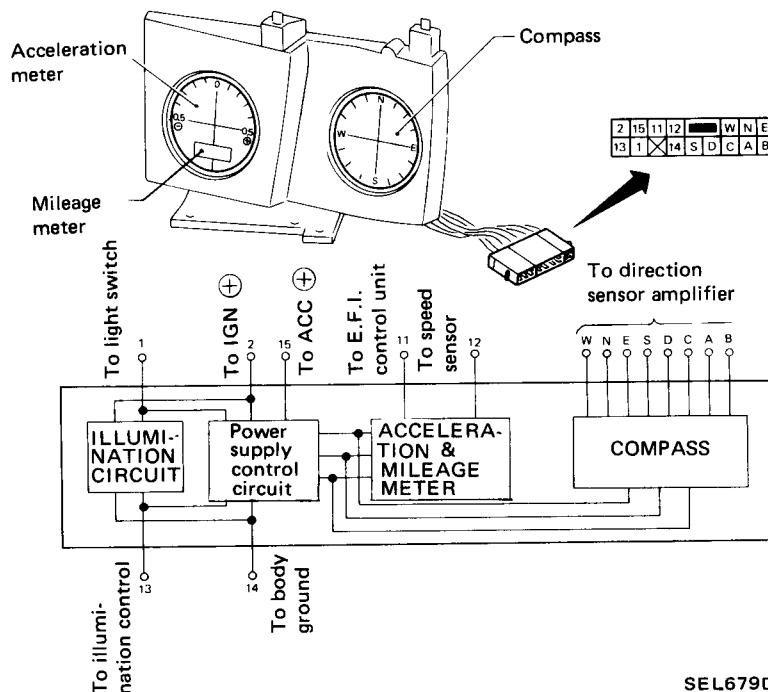
Combination Gauge

CAUTION:

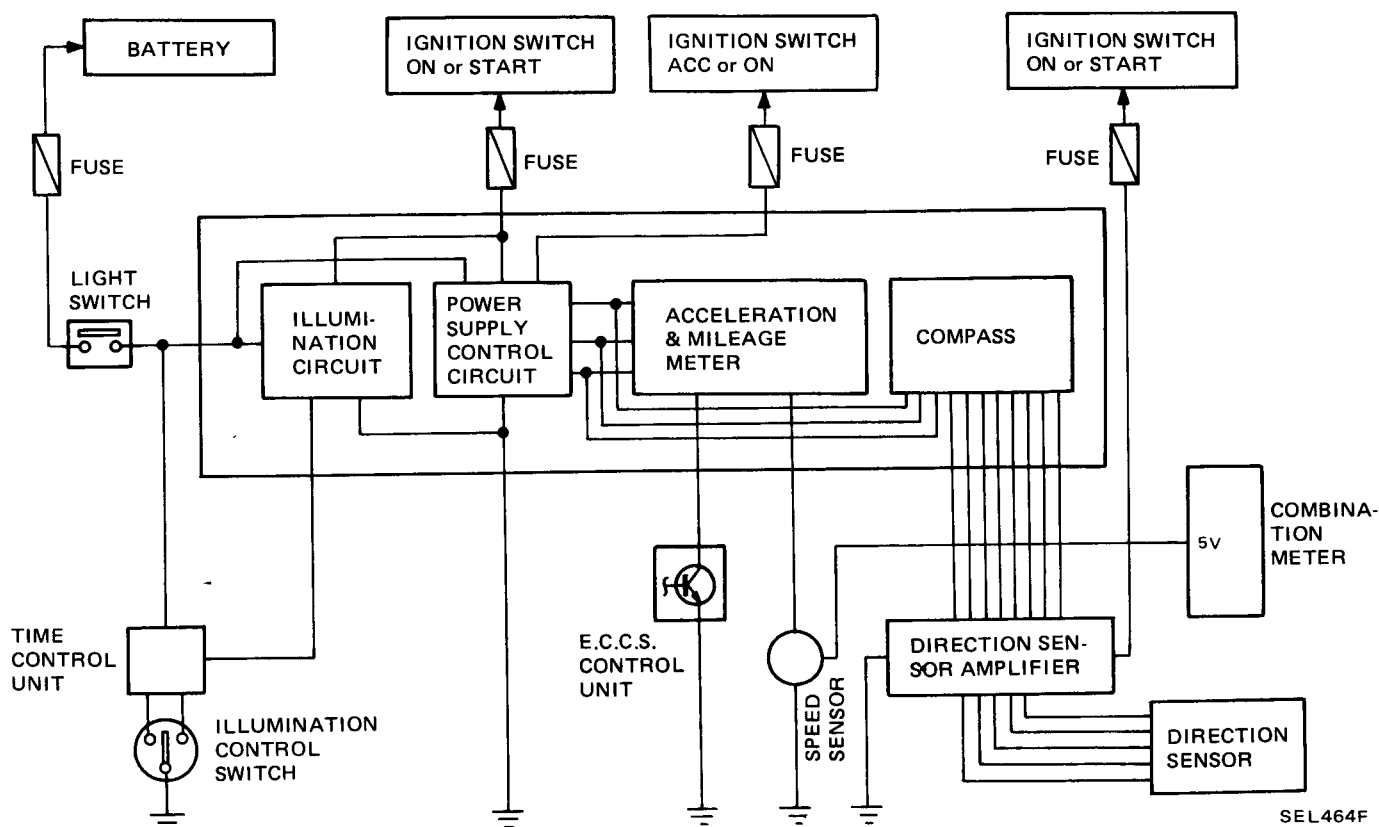
- Never touch the combination gauge terminal with bare hands.
- Digital type combination gauge should not be disassembled.
- Do not place any magnet on roof. (e.g., CB antenna with magnet base)
- Place vehicle identification hat with magnet on engine hood, NOT ON ROOF. Otherwise, roof will become magnetized which will cause the direction sensor to malfunction, resulting in erroneous operation of the compass.



SEL321E



Schematic



Wiring Diagram



METER AND GAUGES —Digital Type Combination Gauge

Trouble-shooting

No display appears.

Check power supply circuit for combination gauge.

O.K.

Replace combination gauge.

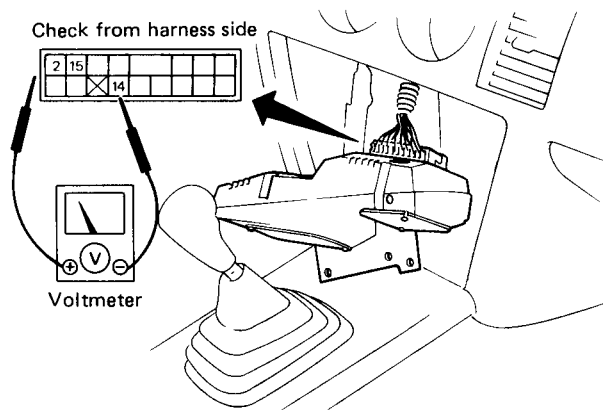
N.G.

Check harness.

Voltmeter terminal		Ignition switch position		
(+)	(-)	OFF	ACC	ON
②	⑭	0V	0V	Approx. 12V
⑮	⑭	0V	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V

Ohmmeter terminal		Ignition switch OFF
(+)	(-)	
⑭	Body ground	Continuity exists.

- Remove radio and A/C control assembly from center console and remove combination gauge with harness connected.



SEL681D

Display illumination will not darken when light switch is "ON".

Check light switch circuit for combination gauge.

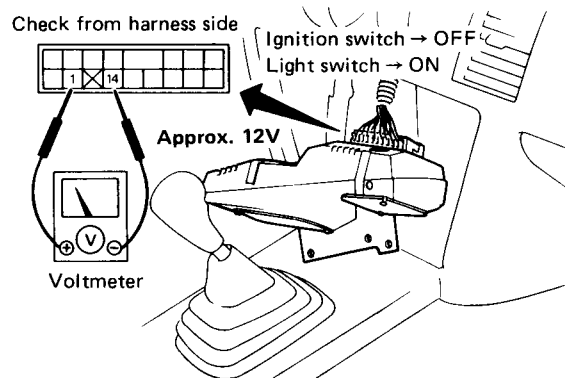
O.K.

Replace combination gauge.

N.G.

Check harness.

- Remove radio and A/C control assembly and remove combination gauge with harness connected.
- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- Turn light switch to "ON".
- Measure voltage across ① and ⑭.

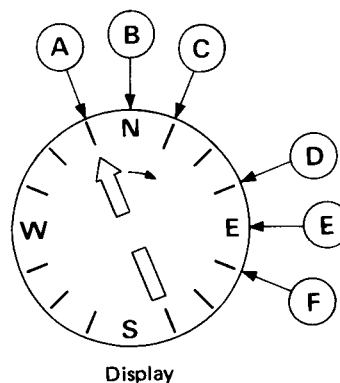
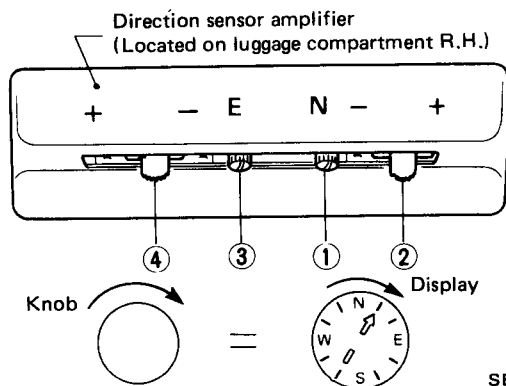
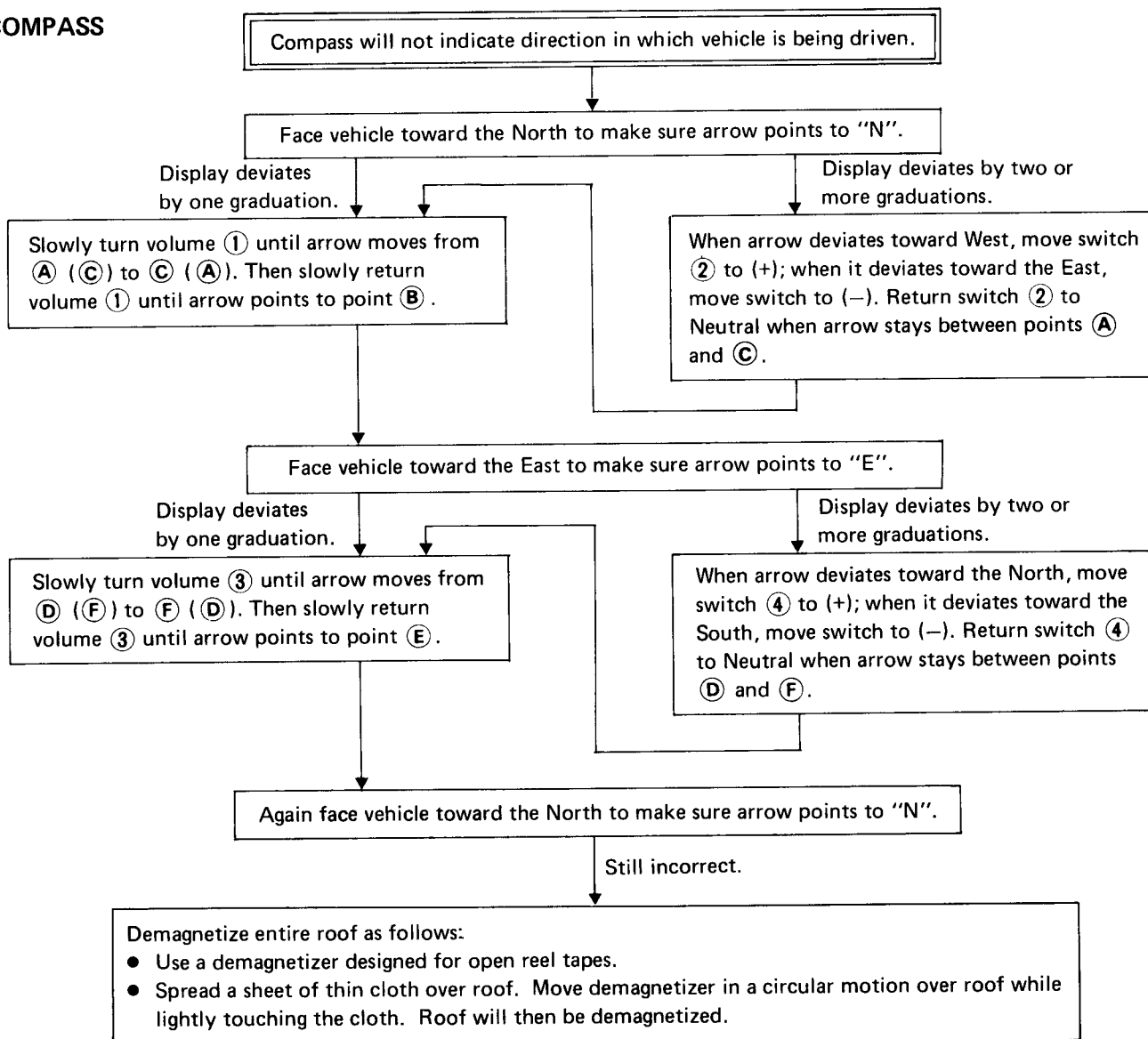


SEL682D

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Gauge

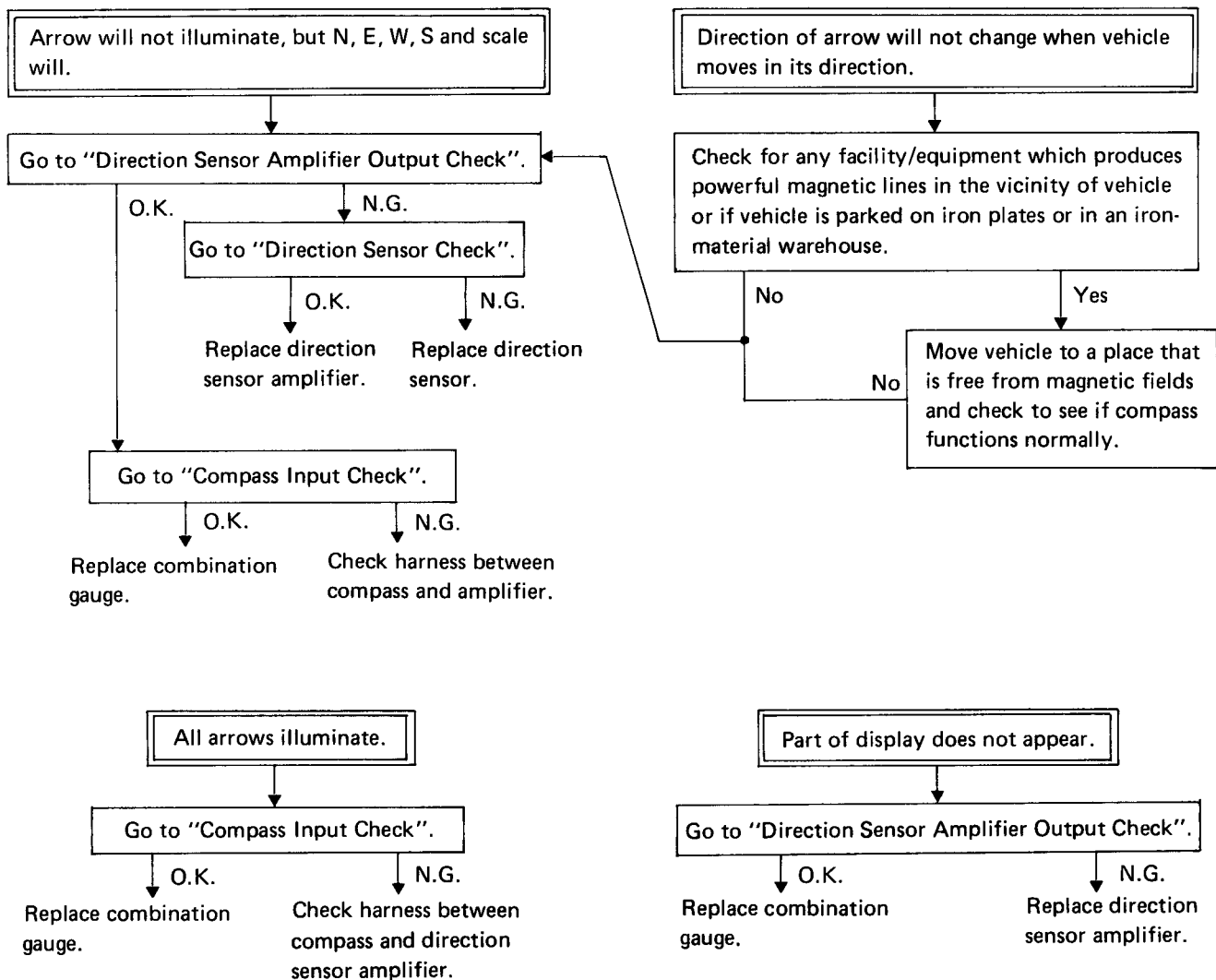
Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

COMPASS



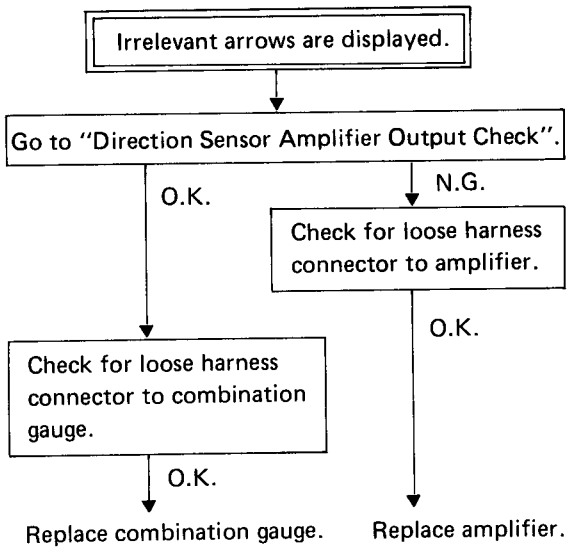
METER AND GAUGES —Digital Type Combination Gauge

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

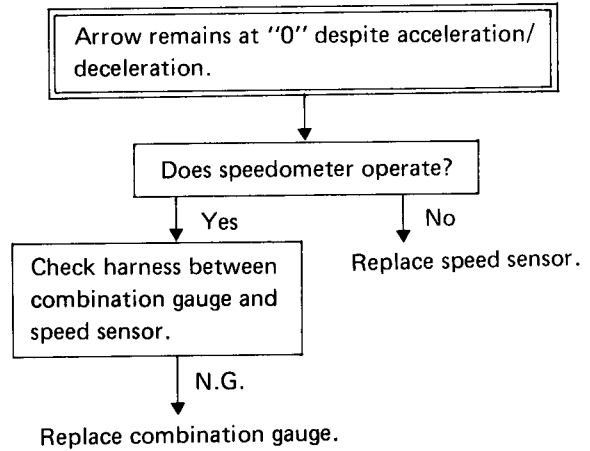


METER AND GAUGES —Digital Type Combination Gauge

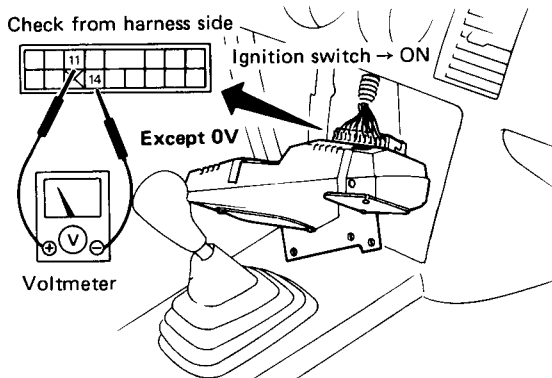
Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



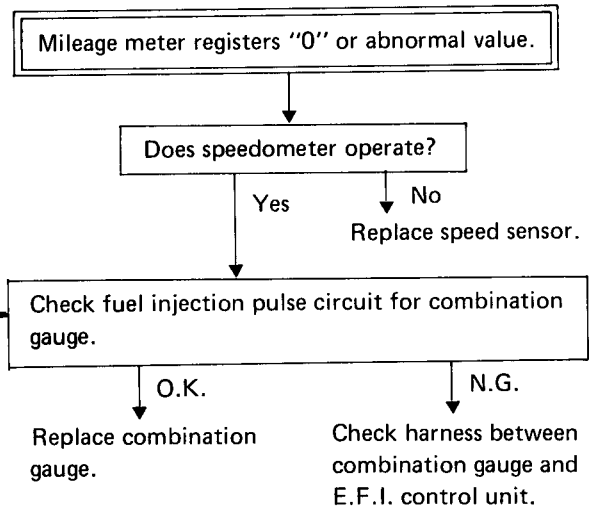
ACCELERATION & MILEAGE METERS



1. Remove radio and A/C control assembly from center console. Remove combination gauge with harness connected.
2. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
3. Check to determine if voltage is produced across ⑪ and ⑭.



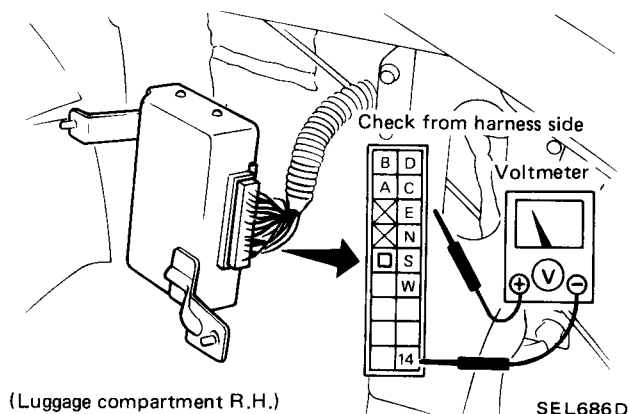
SEL685D



METER AND GAUGES —Digital Type Combination Gauge

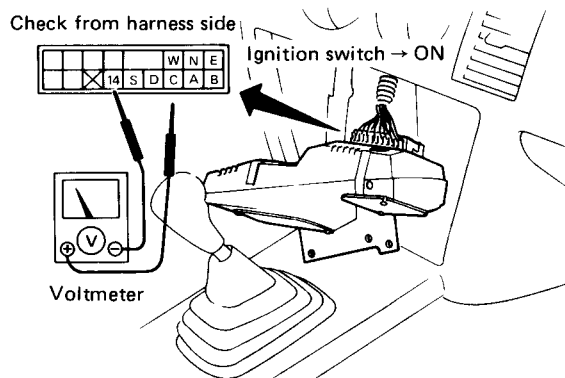
Direction Sensor Amplifier Output Check

- Connect direction sensor amplifier harness (if disconnected).
- Using a directional magnet, determine the direction in which car faces. Check voltage across terminals as indicated in chart below.
- Turn ignition switch to "ON".



Compass Input Check

- Remove radio and A/C control assembly from center console and remove combination gauge with harness connected.
- Check voltages across terminals as indicated in chart below.
- Turn ignition switch ON.



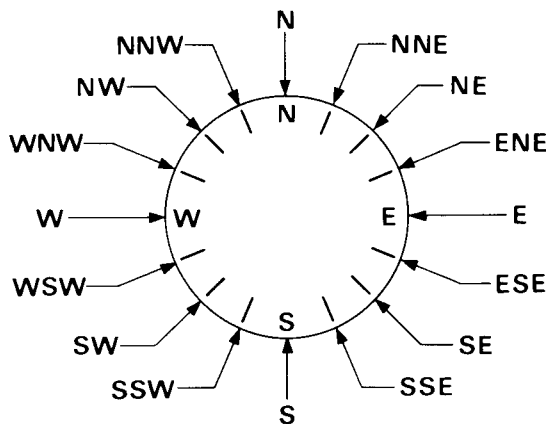
Voltmeter (–) terminal (+)		⑭							
		N	E	S	W	B	A	C	D
Direction in which vehicle faces	NW	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
	NNW	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
	N	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
	NNE	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
	NE	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
	ENE	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
	E	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
	ESE	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
	SE	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
	SSE	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
	S	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
	SSW	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
	SW	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
	WSW	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
	W	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
	WNW	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1

1: More than 4V

0: Less than 1V

CAUTION:

Before performing voltage measurements, ensure that there is no equipment or facility which would produce powerful magnet lines in the vicinity of vehicle.



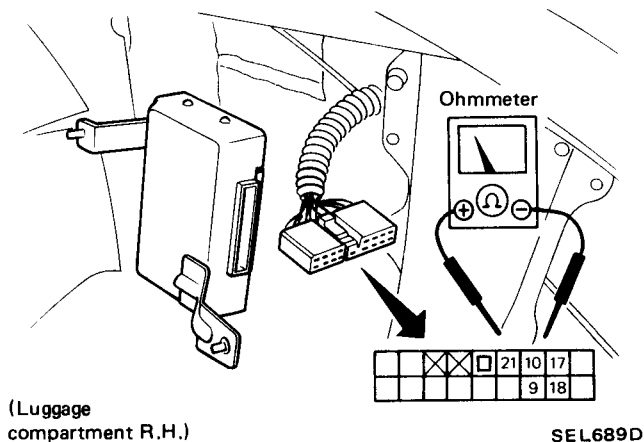
SEL688D

METER AND GAUGES —Digital Type Combination Gauge

Direction Sensor Check

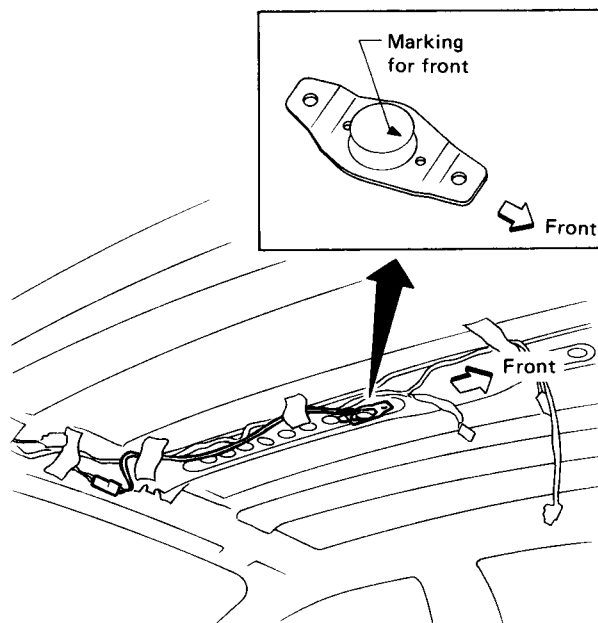
- Disconnect harness connector from direction sensor amplifier.
- Measure resistance values between terminals on harness side.

Ohmmeter terminal		Resistance
(+)	(-)	
⑨	⑳	Approx. 20 - 35Ω
⑩	㉑	Approx. 20 - 35Ω
⑰	⑱	Approx. 10 - 20Ω



Direction Sensor Installation

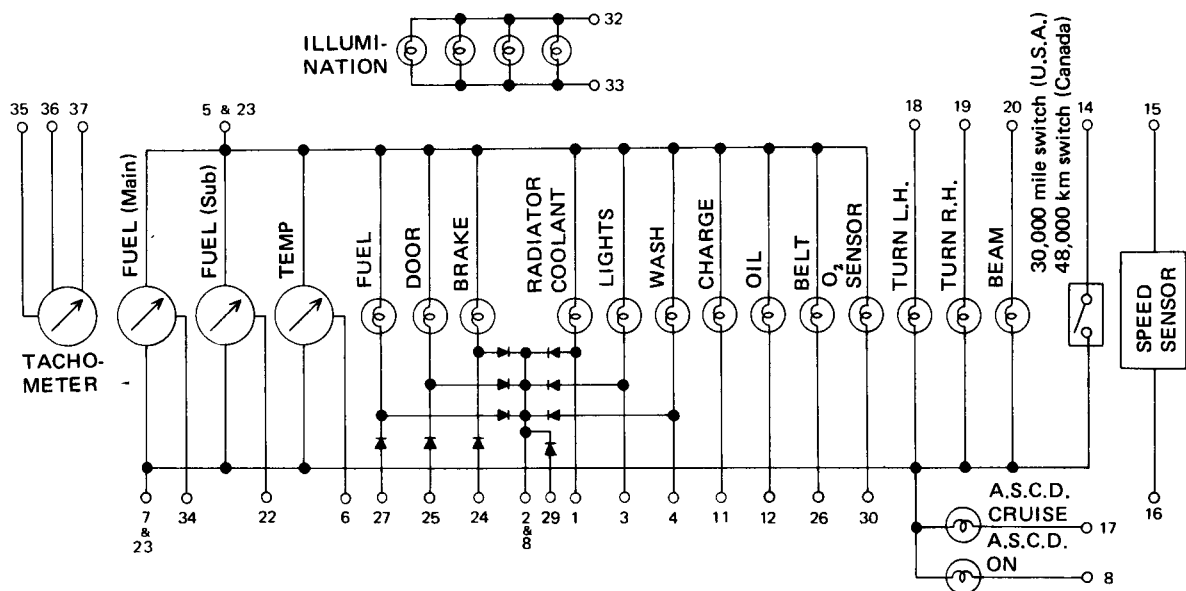
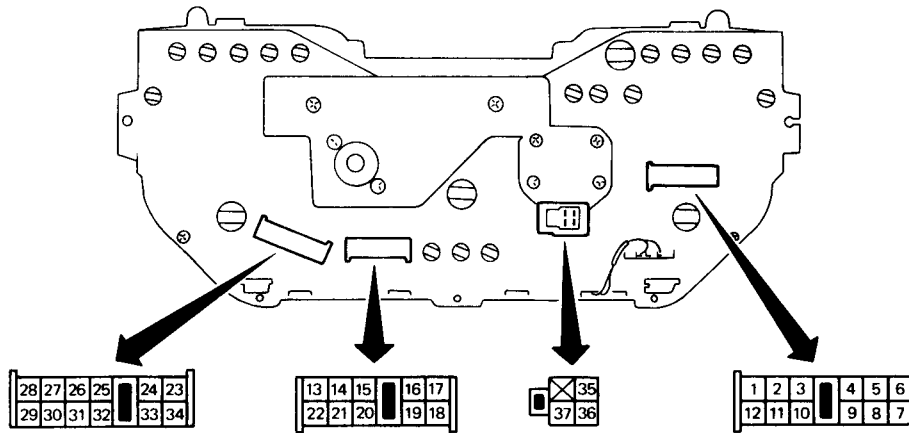
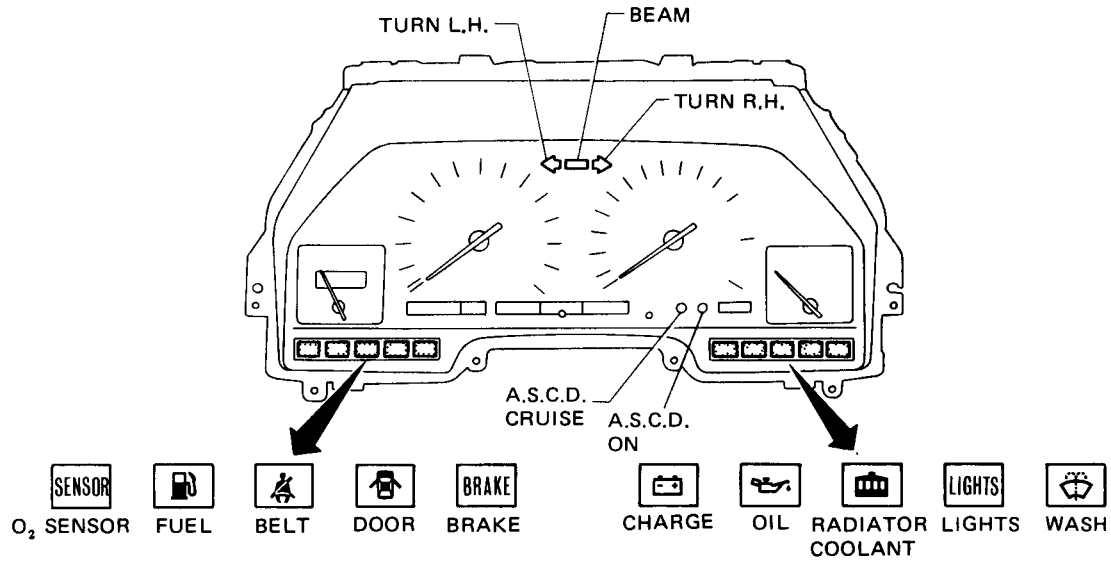
- When installing direction sensor in the vehicle, face it in the direction as shown in figure below.



SEL742D

METER AND GAUGES —Needle Type Combination Meter

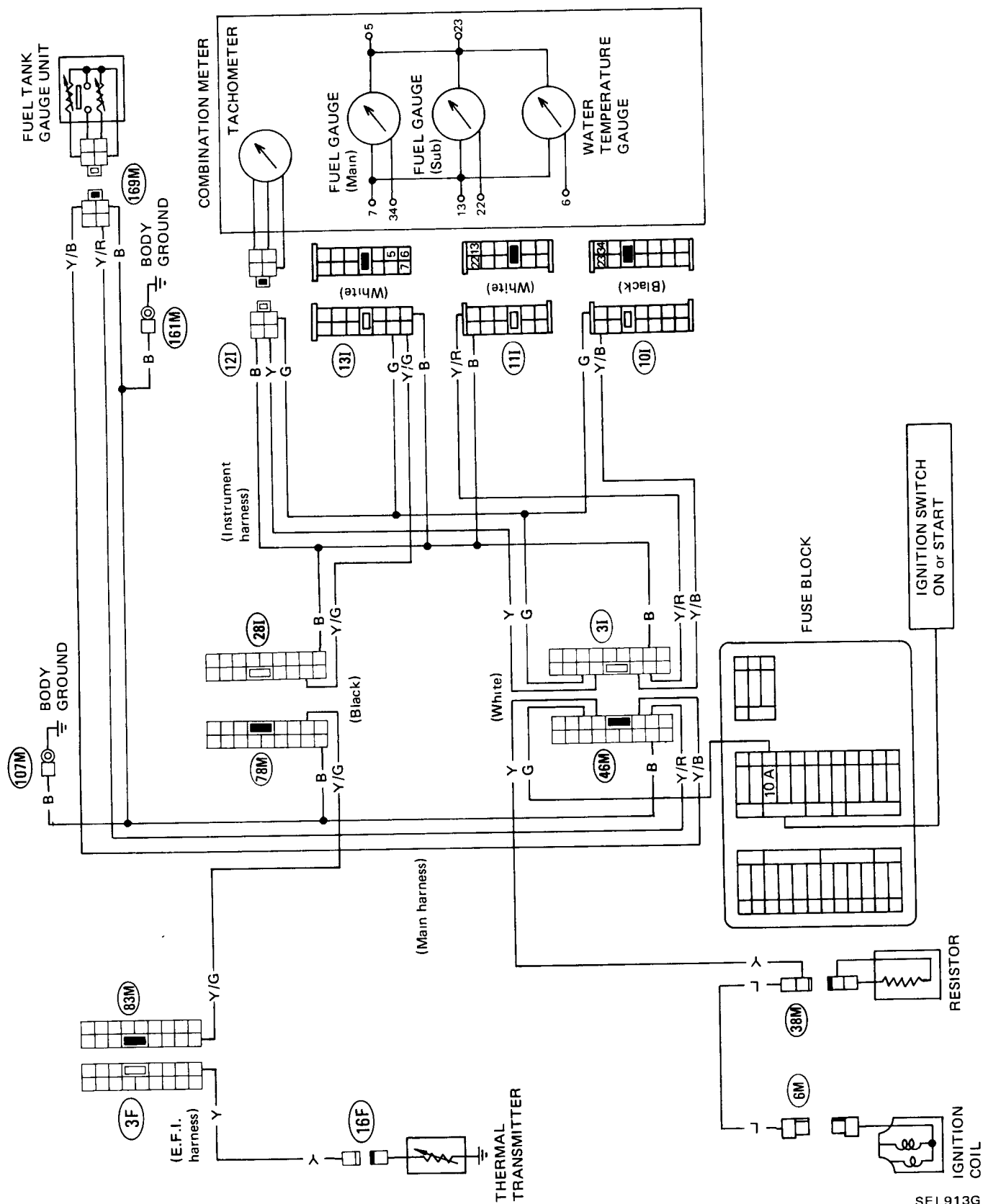
Combination Meter



SEL054H

METER AND GAUGES —Needle Type Combination Meter

Tacho, Fuel and Water Temperature Gauges/Wiring Diagram



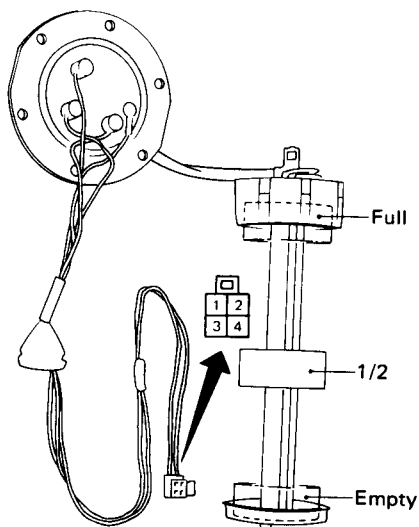
METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Meter

Fuel Tank Gauge Check

- For removal, refer to FE section.

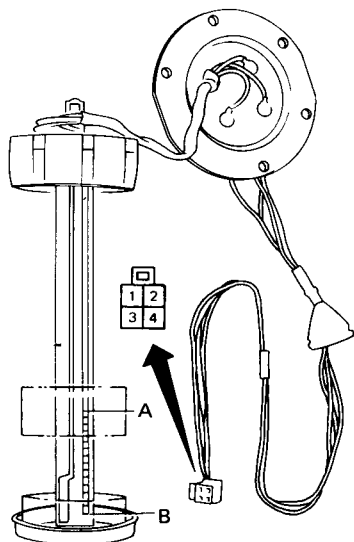
Ohmmeter terminal		Float position	Resistance value
(+)	(-)		
②	①	Full	Approx. 6Ω
		Empty	Approx. 80Ω
		1/2	Approx. $30 - 35\Omega$
③	①	A	More than 60Ω
		B	Less than 6Ω

Main gauge



SEL675D

Sub gauge

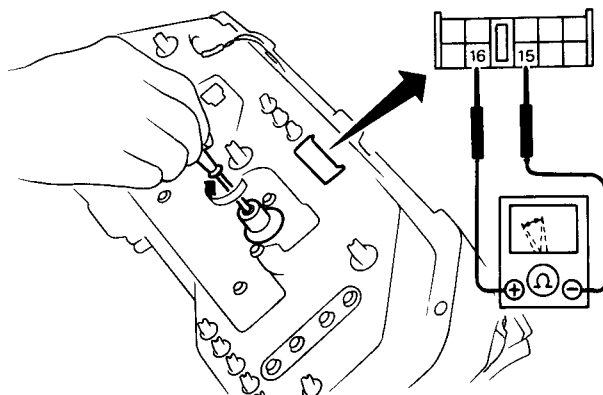


SEL676D

Speed Sensor Signal Check

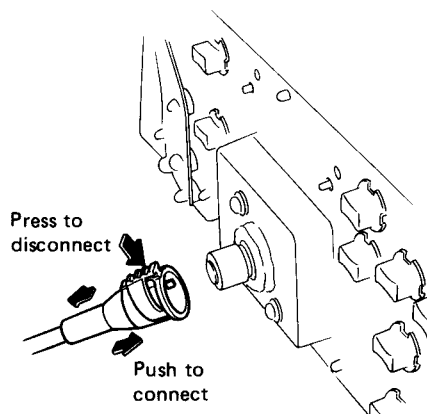
- Speed sensor is built into the speedometer.
- Turn speedometer slowly using small screwdriver, and check continuity of speed sensor circuit.

Continuity exists two times for each turn ... O.K.



SEL696D

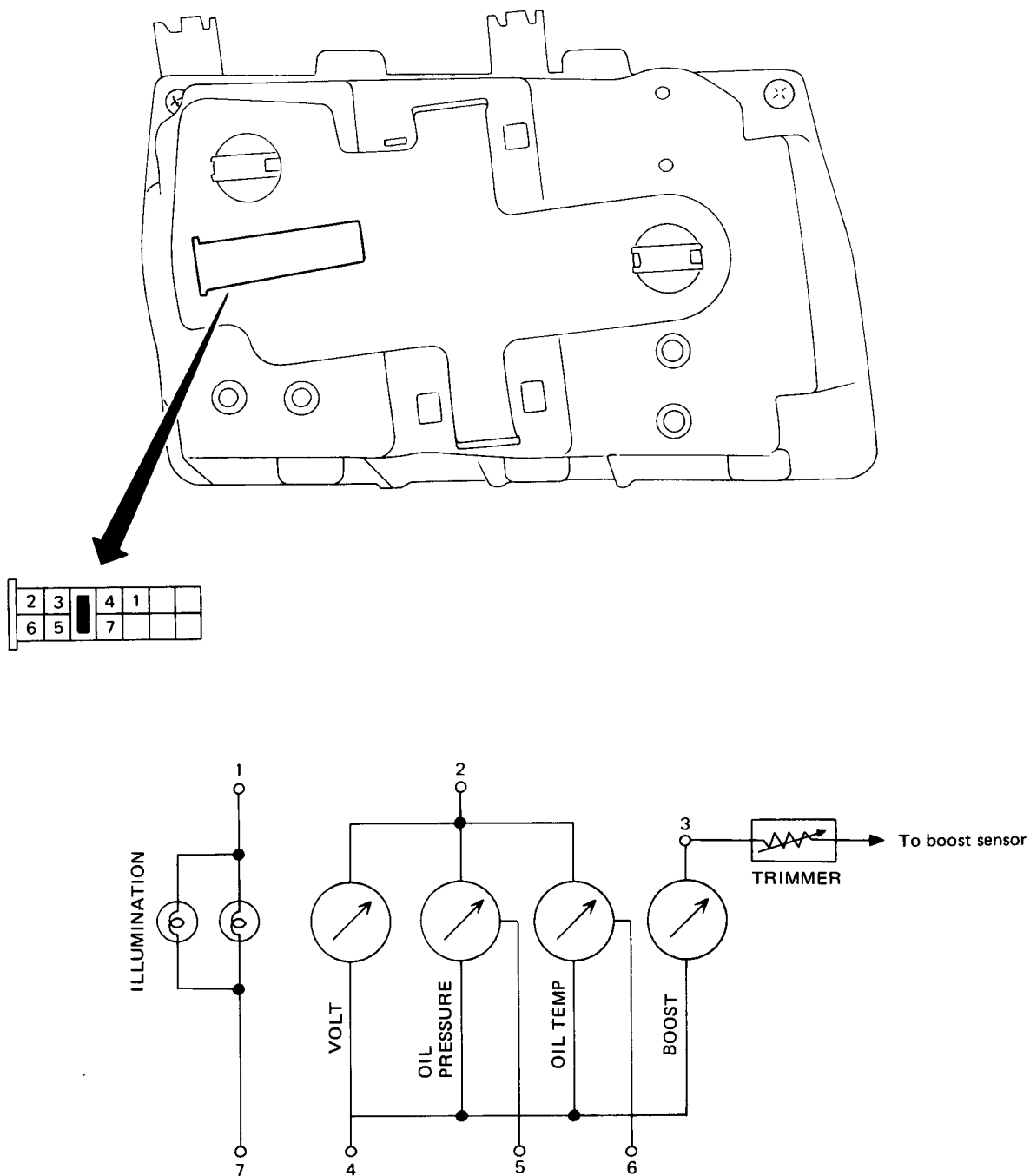
Speedometer Cable Removal



SEL692D

METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

Combination Gauge

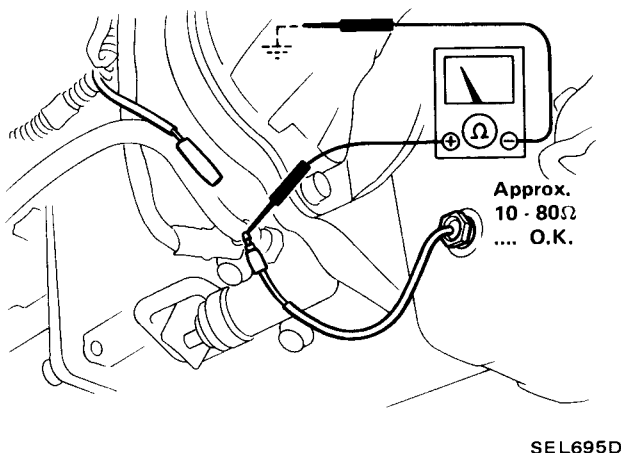


SEL693D

METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

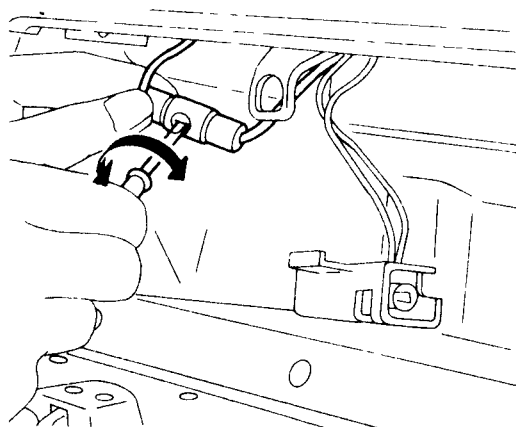
Oil Temp. Sensor Check

1. Warm up engine.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Check resistance of oil temp. sensor.



Boost Gauge Trimmer Adjustment

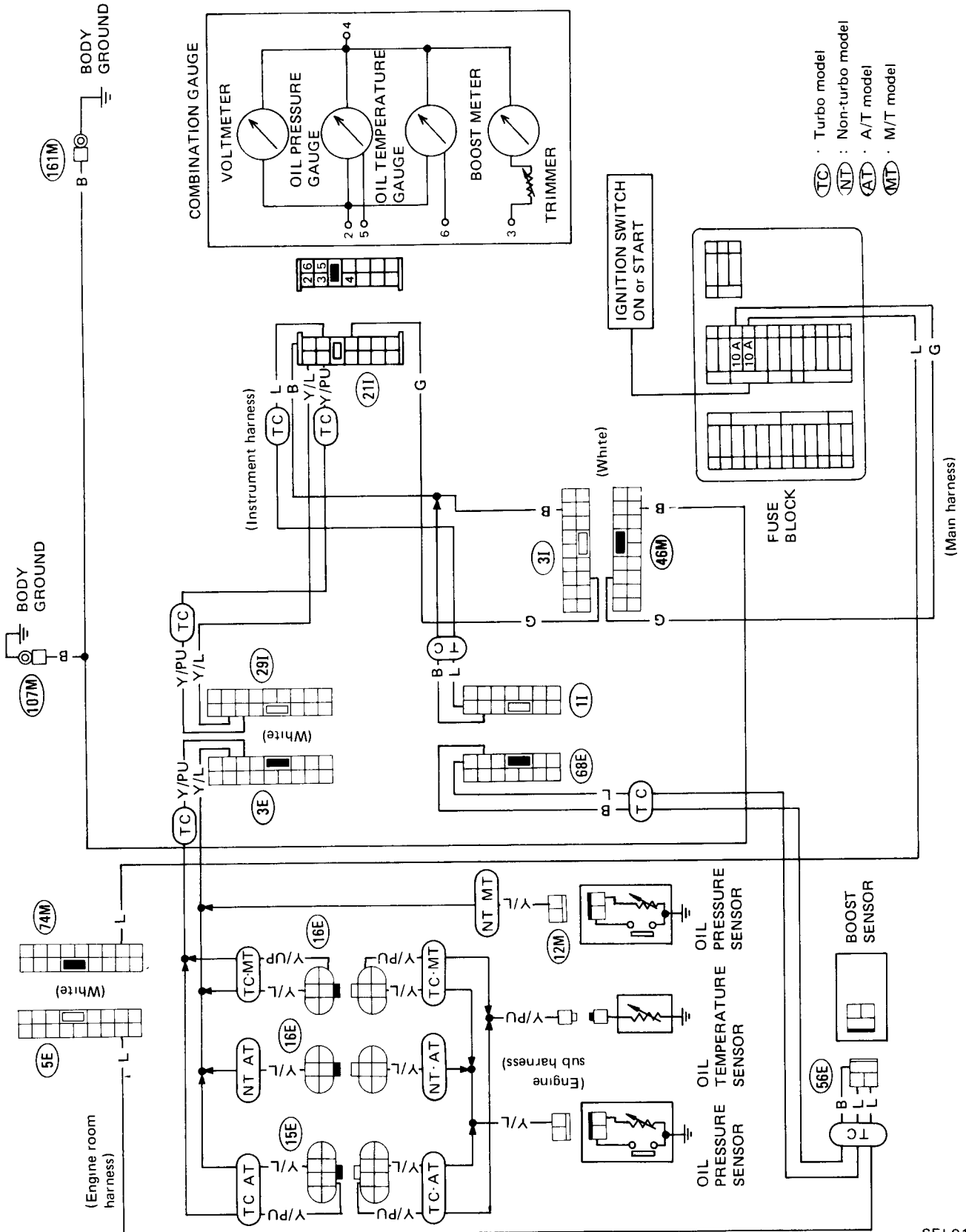
- When boost gauge does not give proper reading, adjust 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg) point with the trimmer located on interior upper wall of glove box.
- Use a screwdriver to adjust trimmer.



- For checking oil pressure sensor and boost sensor, refer to pages EL-53 and 56.

METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

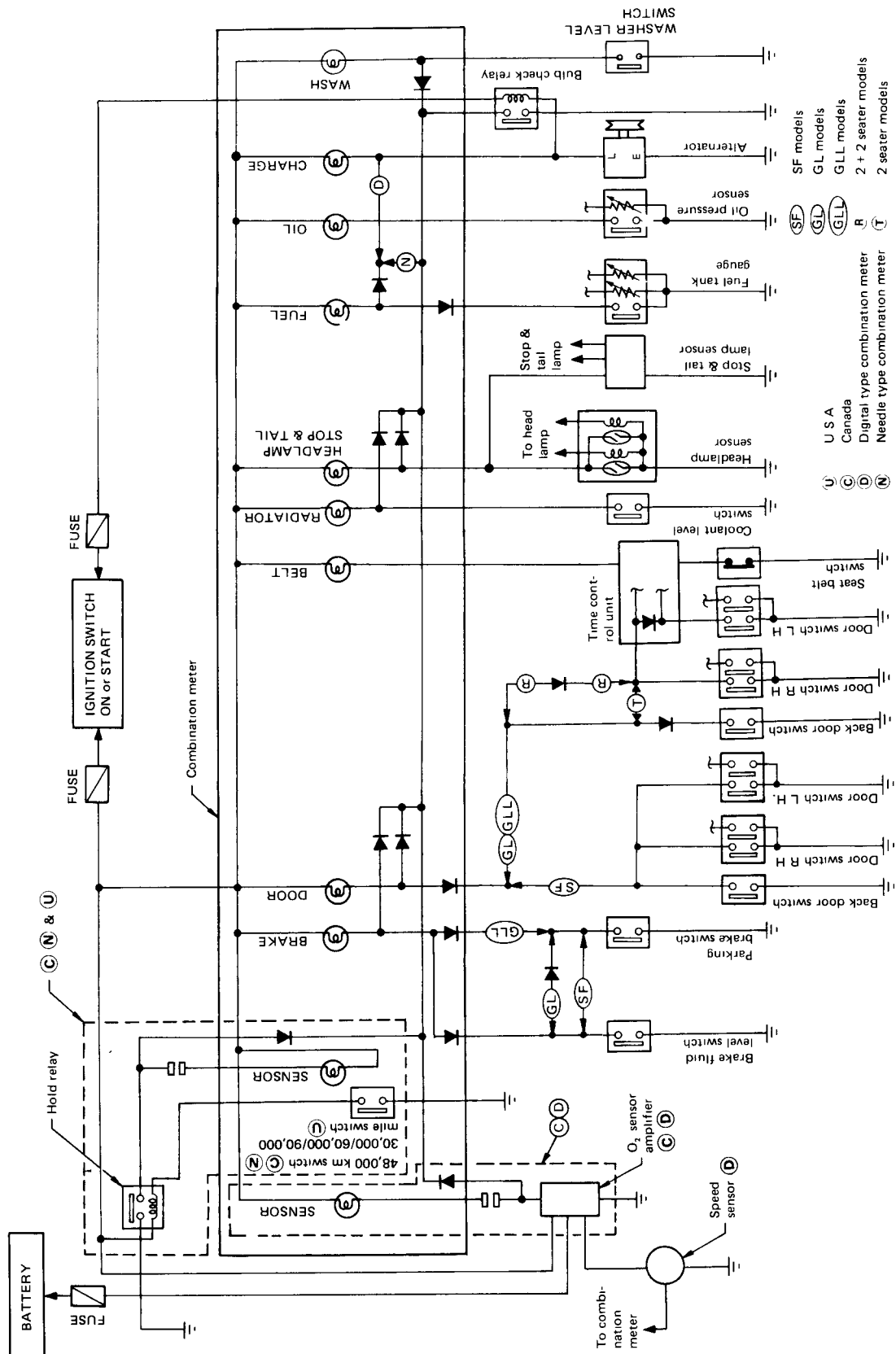
Oil Temp, Oil Pressure, Boost and Volt Gauges/Wiring Diagram



SEL914G

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Schematic

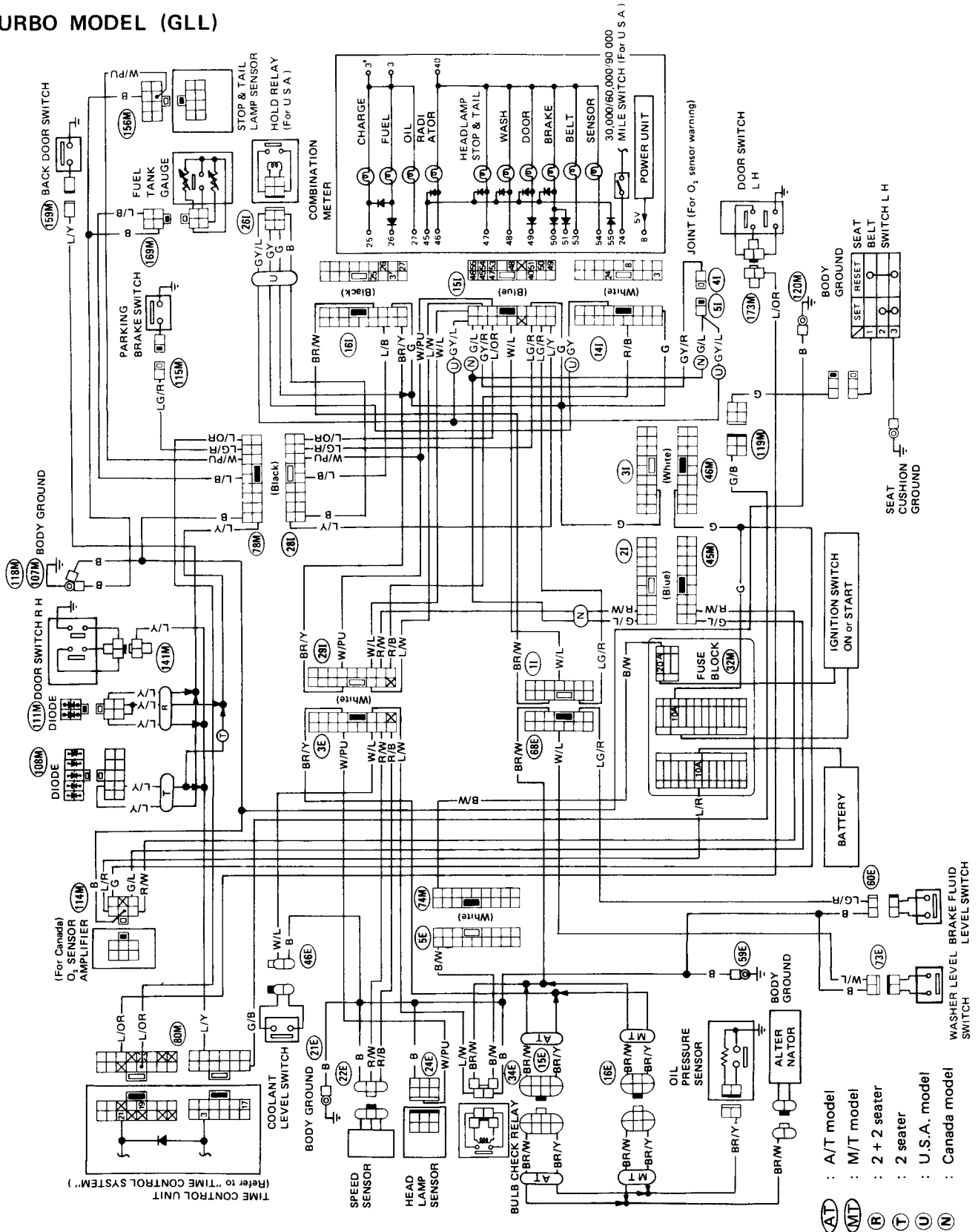


SEL915G

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

— Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram— For Digital Type Combination Meter—

TURBO MODEL (GLL)

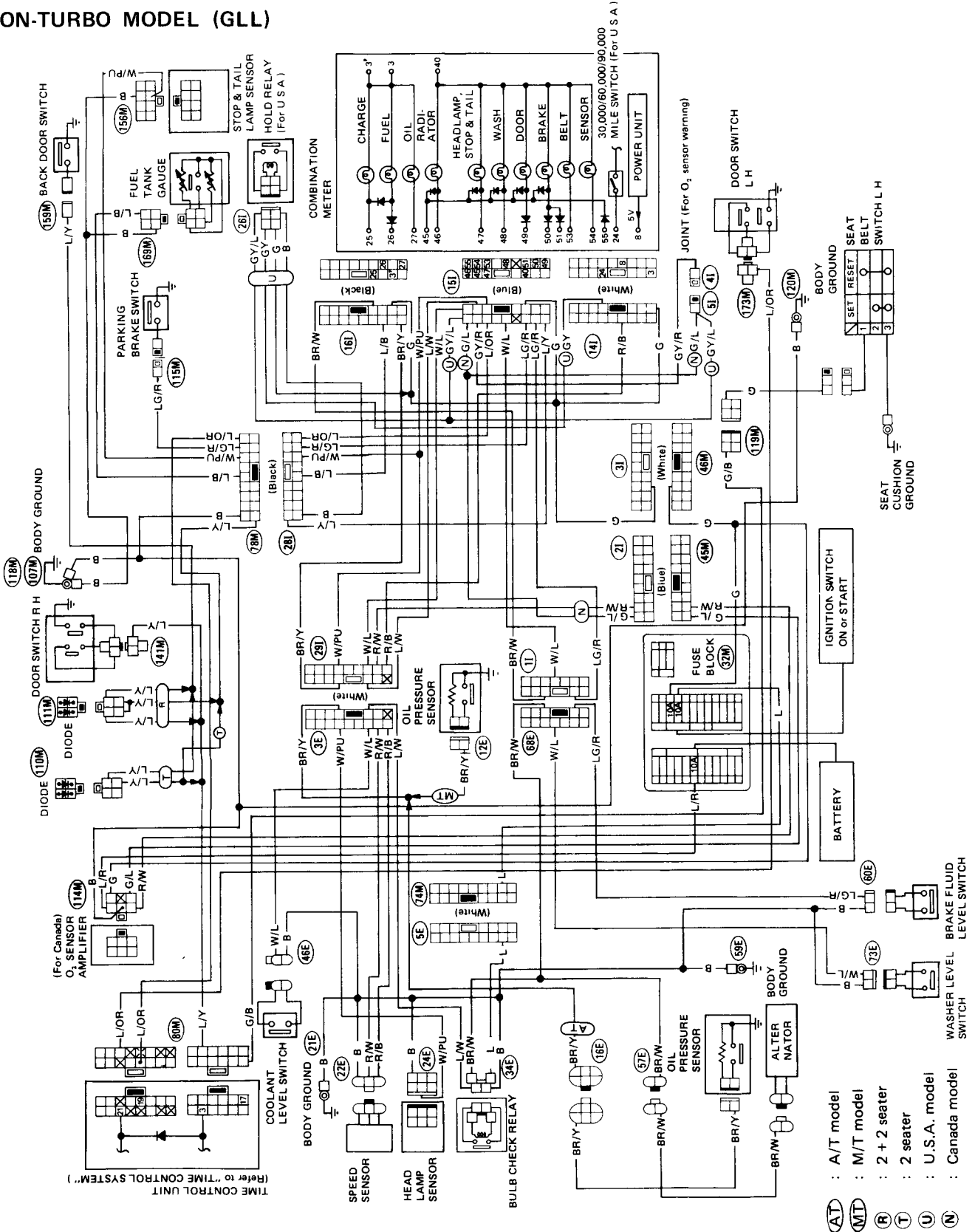


SEL916G

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

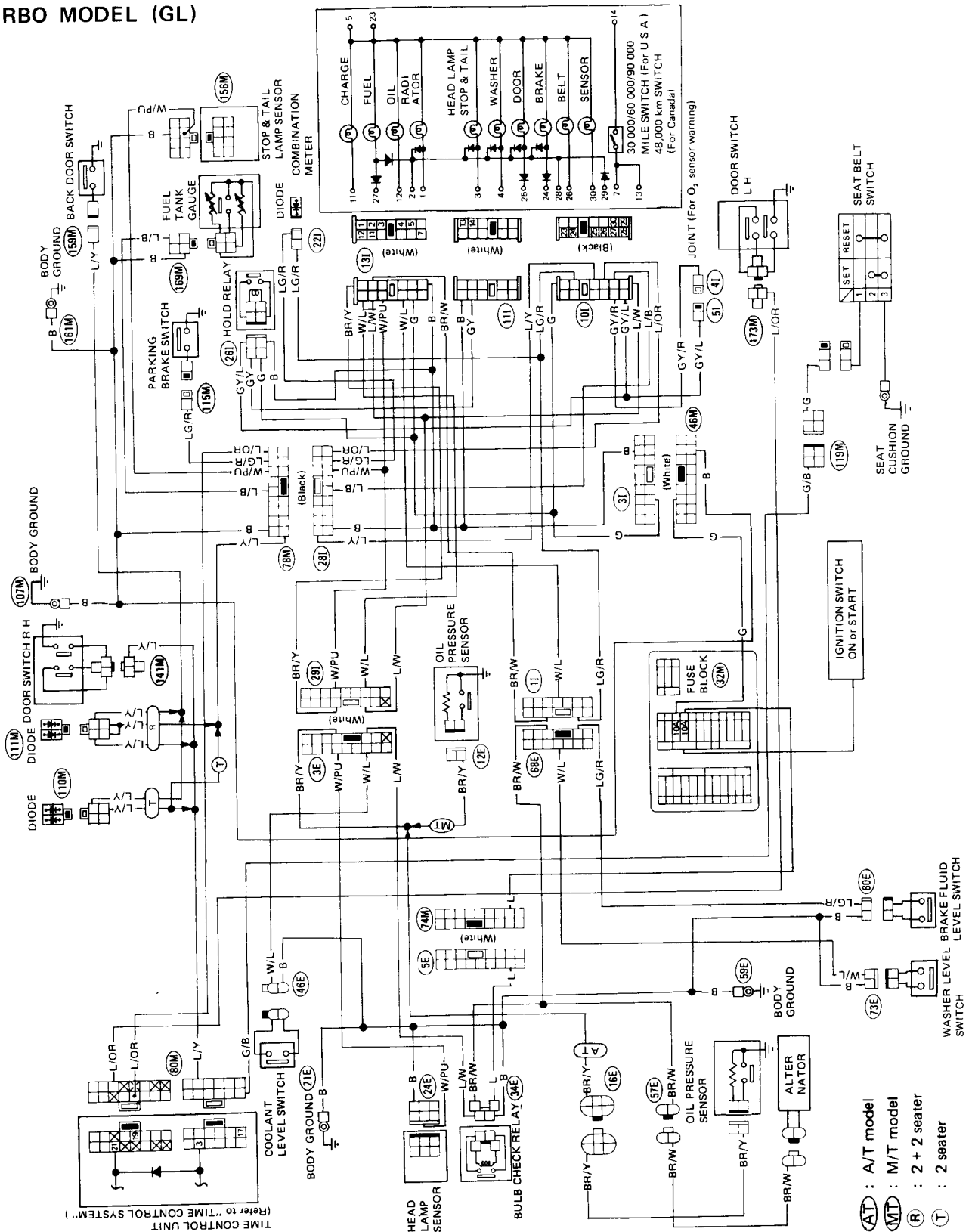
Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram —For Digital Type Combination Meter (Cont'd)—

NON-TURBO MODEL (GLL)



— Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram —For Needle Type Combination Meter— —

TURBO MODEL (GL)



(A/T) : A/T model
 (M/T) : M/T model
 (R) : 2 + 2 seater
 (T) : 2 seater

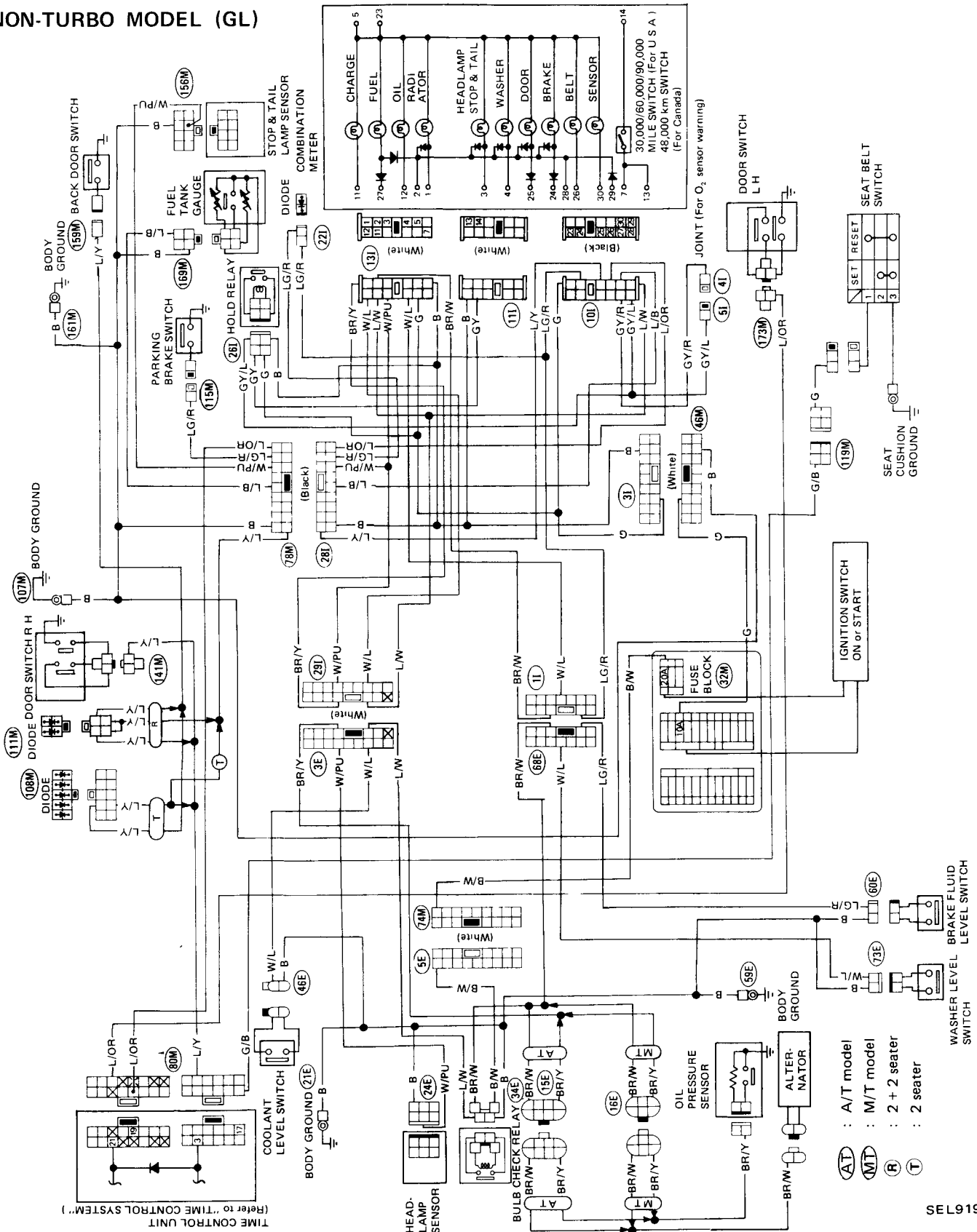
SEL918G

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram

—For Needle Type Combination Meter (Cont'd)—

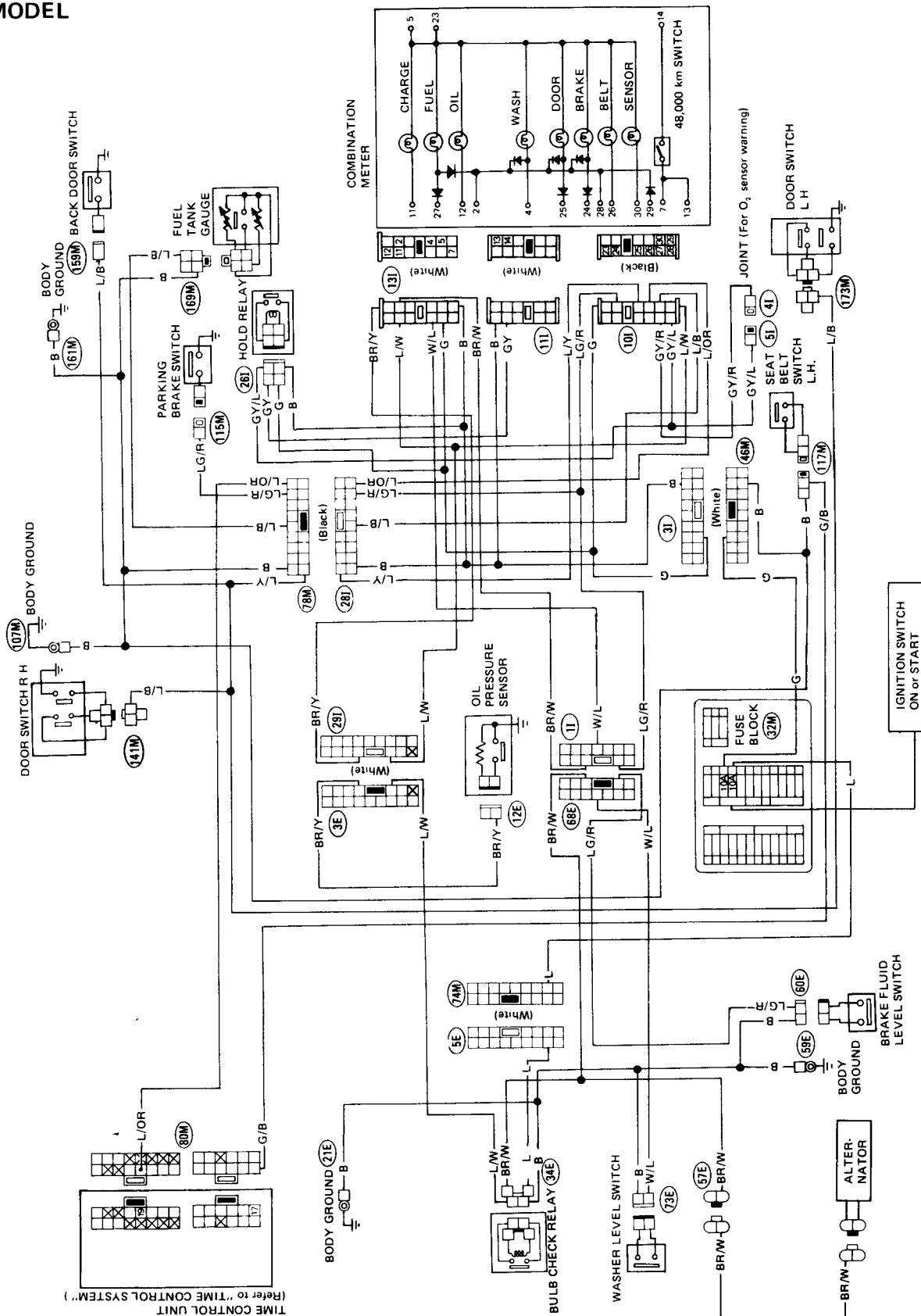
NON-TURBO MODEL (GL)



SEL919G

— For Needle Type Combination Meter (Cont'd) —

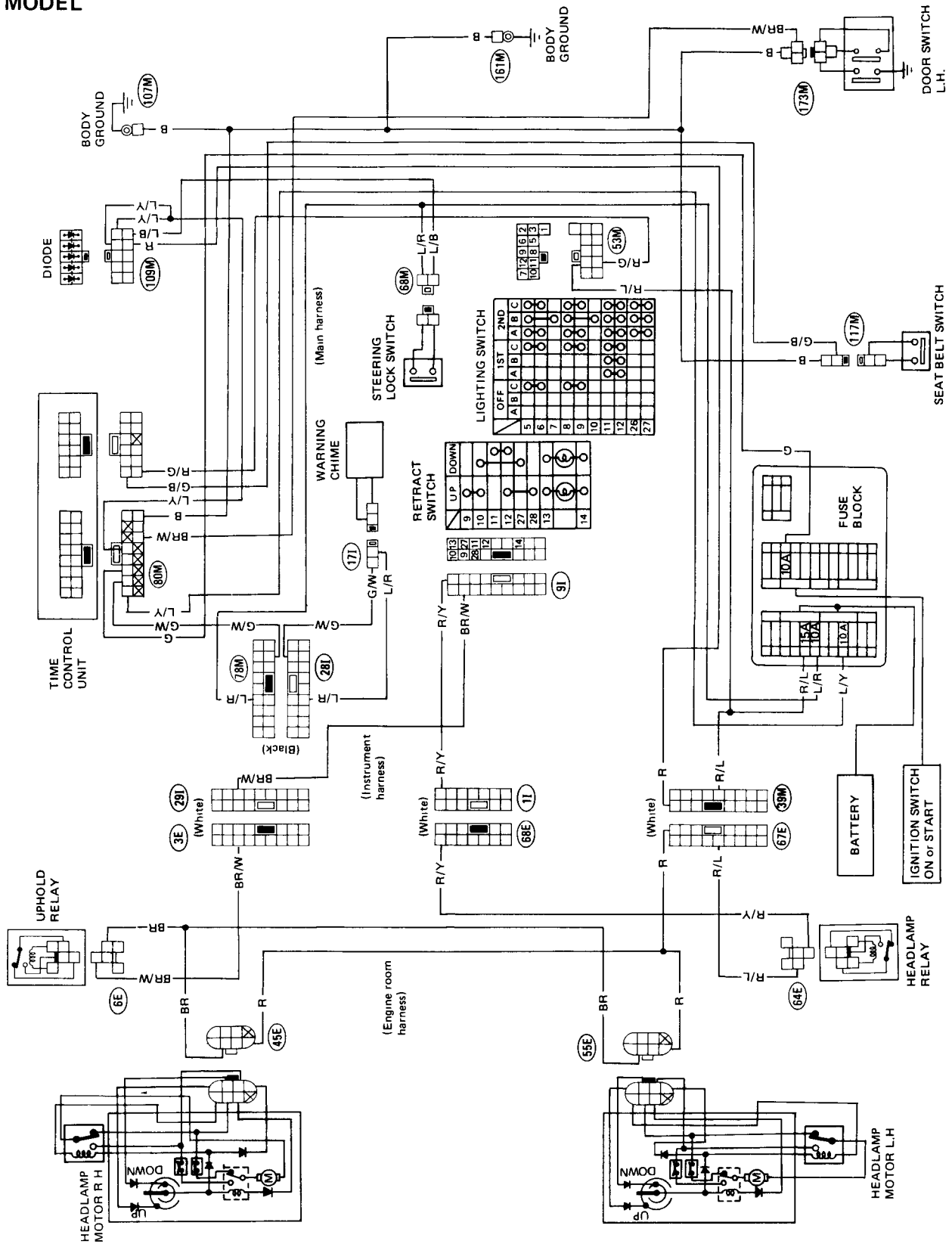
SF MODEL

**SEL920G**

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Warning Chime/Wiring Diagram

SF MODEL

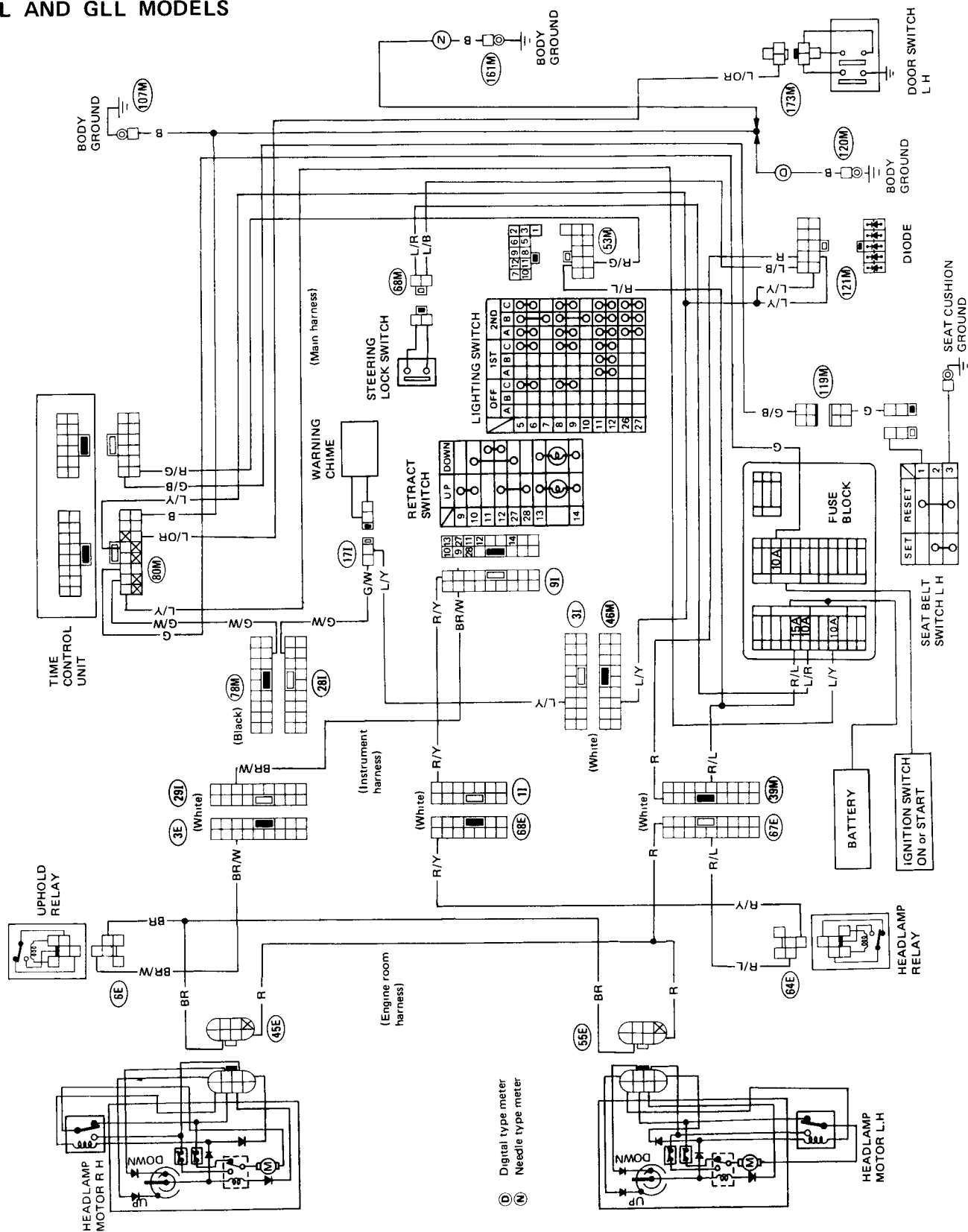


SEL921G

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Warning Chime/Wiring Diagram

GL AND GLL MODELS

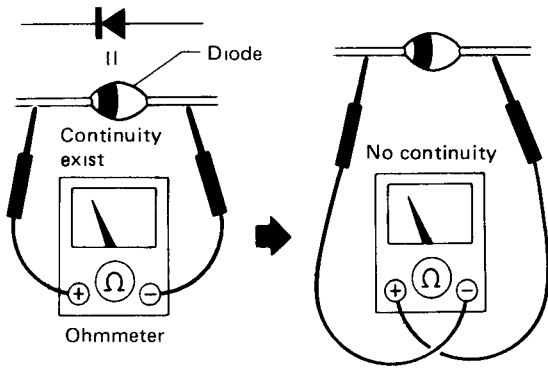


SEL922G

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Diode Check

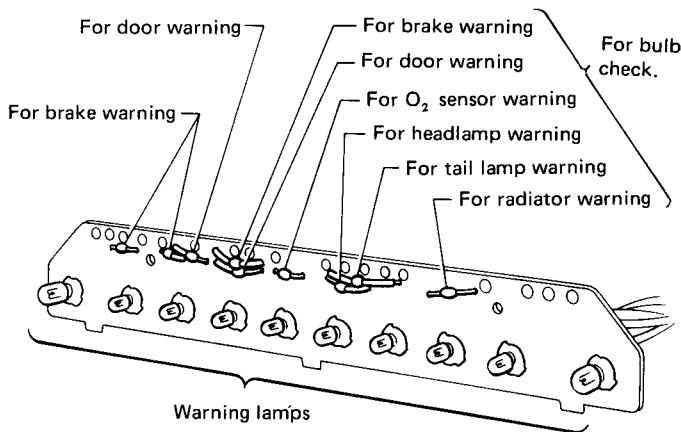
- Check continuity using an ohmmeter.
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown below.



SEL700D

DIGITAL TYPE COMBINATION METER

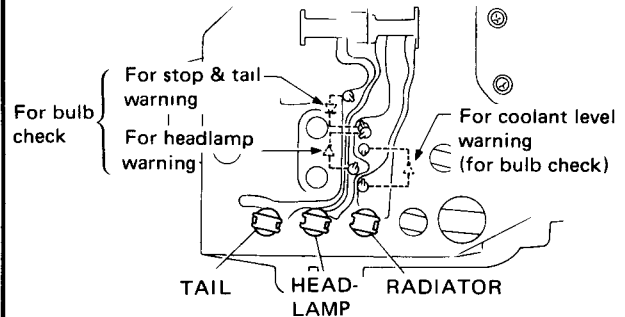
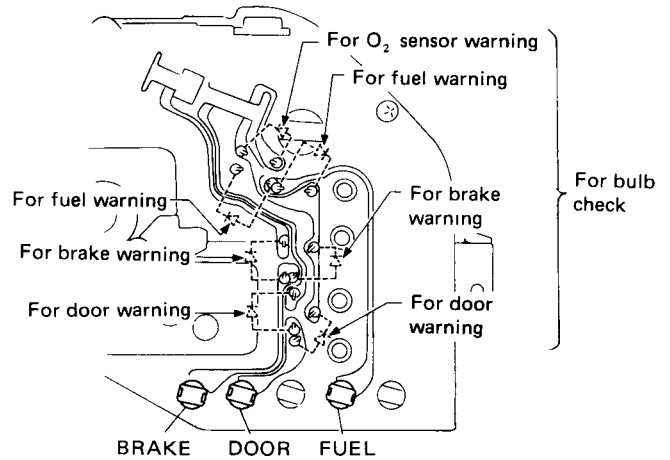
- Diodes for warning lamps are located on the panel where warning bulbs are fitted.



SEL701D

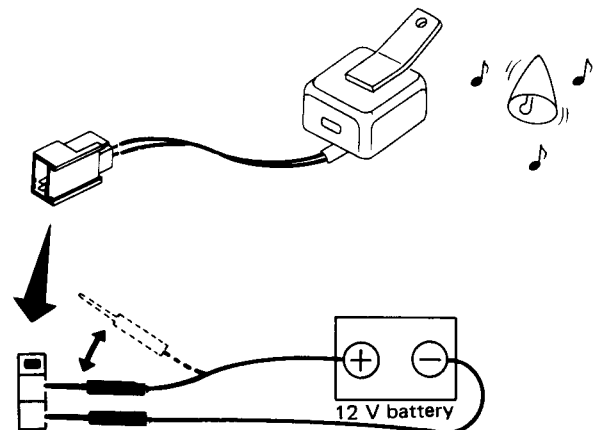
NEEDLE TYPE COMBINATION METER

- Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.



SEL702D

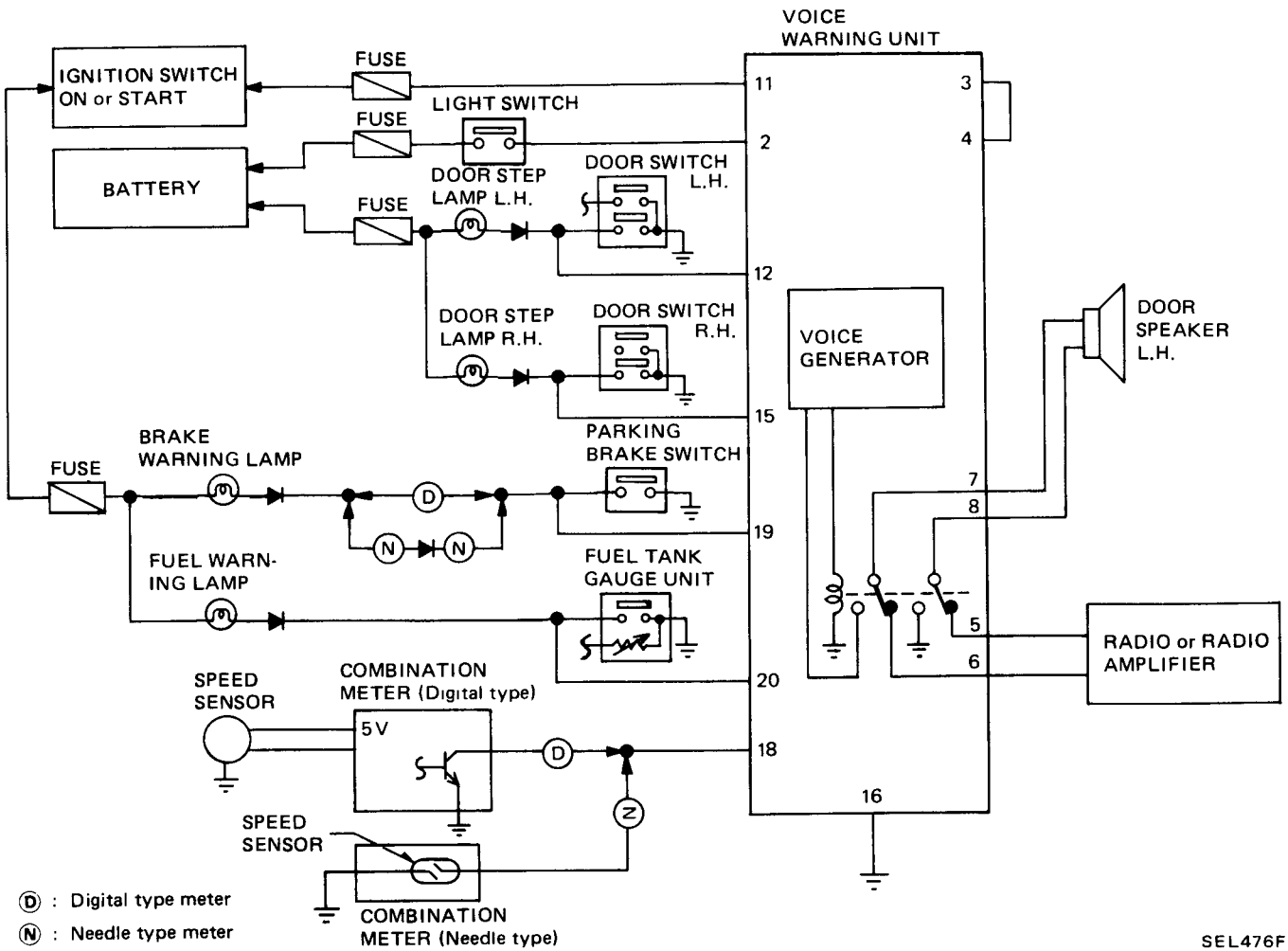
Warning Chime Check



SEL875D

VOICE WARNING SYSTEM

Schematic

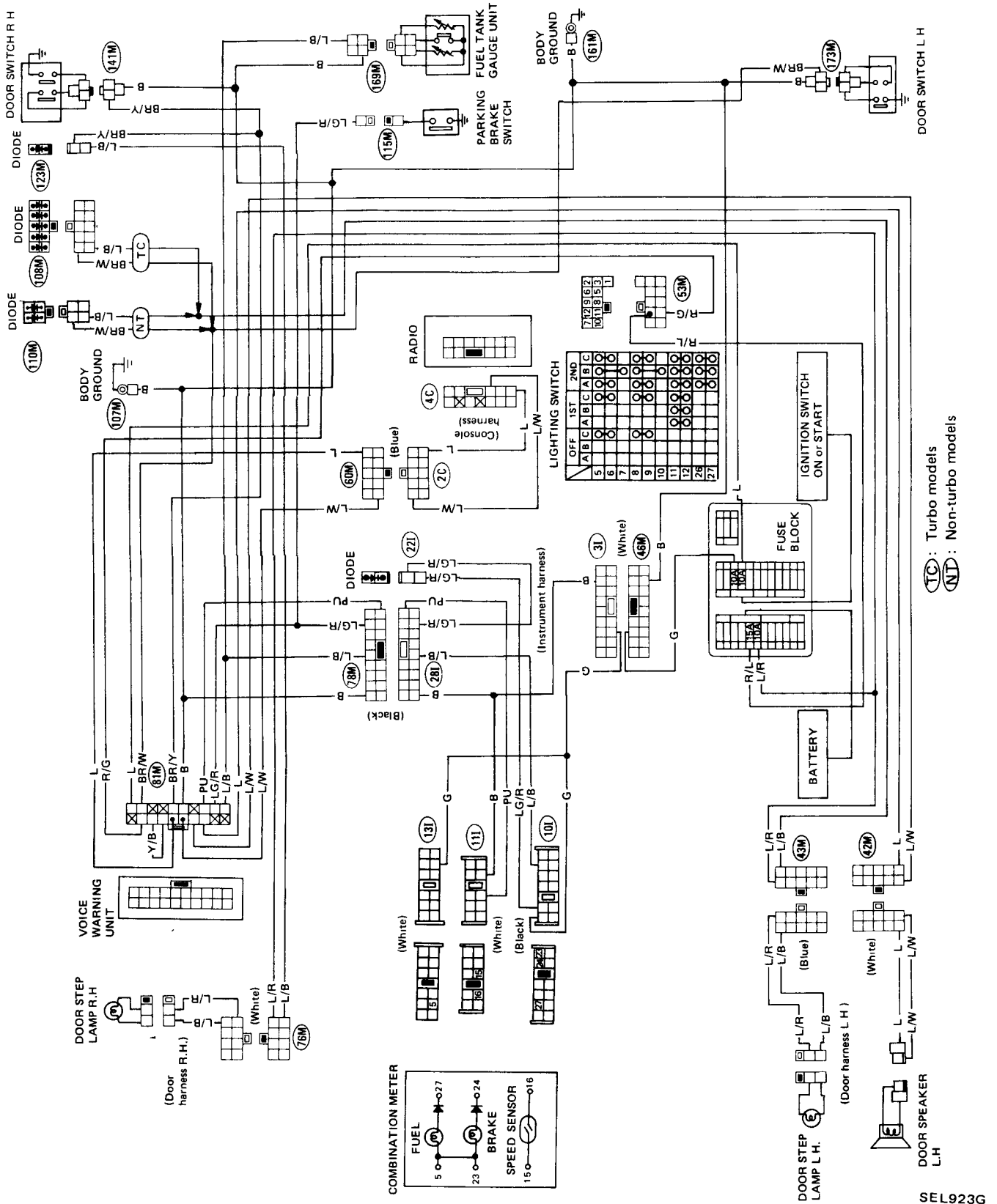


SEL476F

VOICE WARNING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram

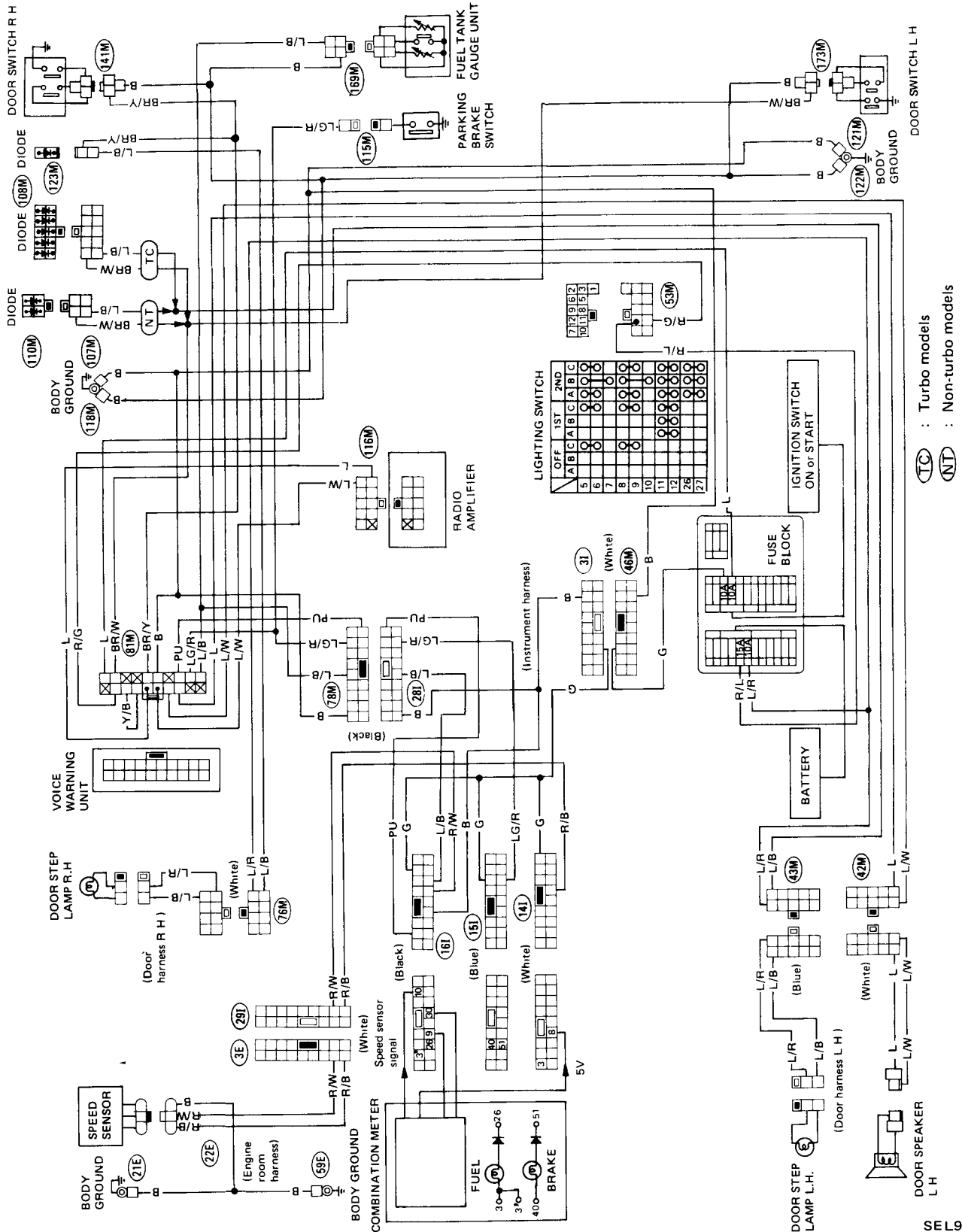
NEEDLE TYPE COMBINATION METER



VOICE WARNING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

DIGITAL TYPE COMBINATION METER



SEL924G

VOICE WARNING SYSTEM

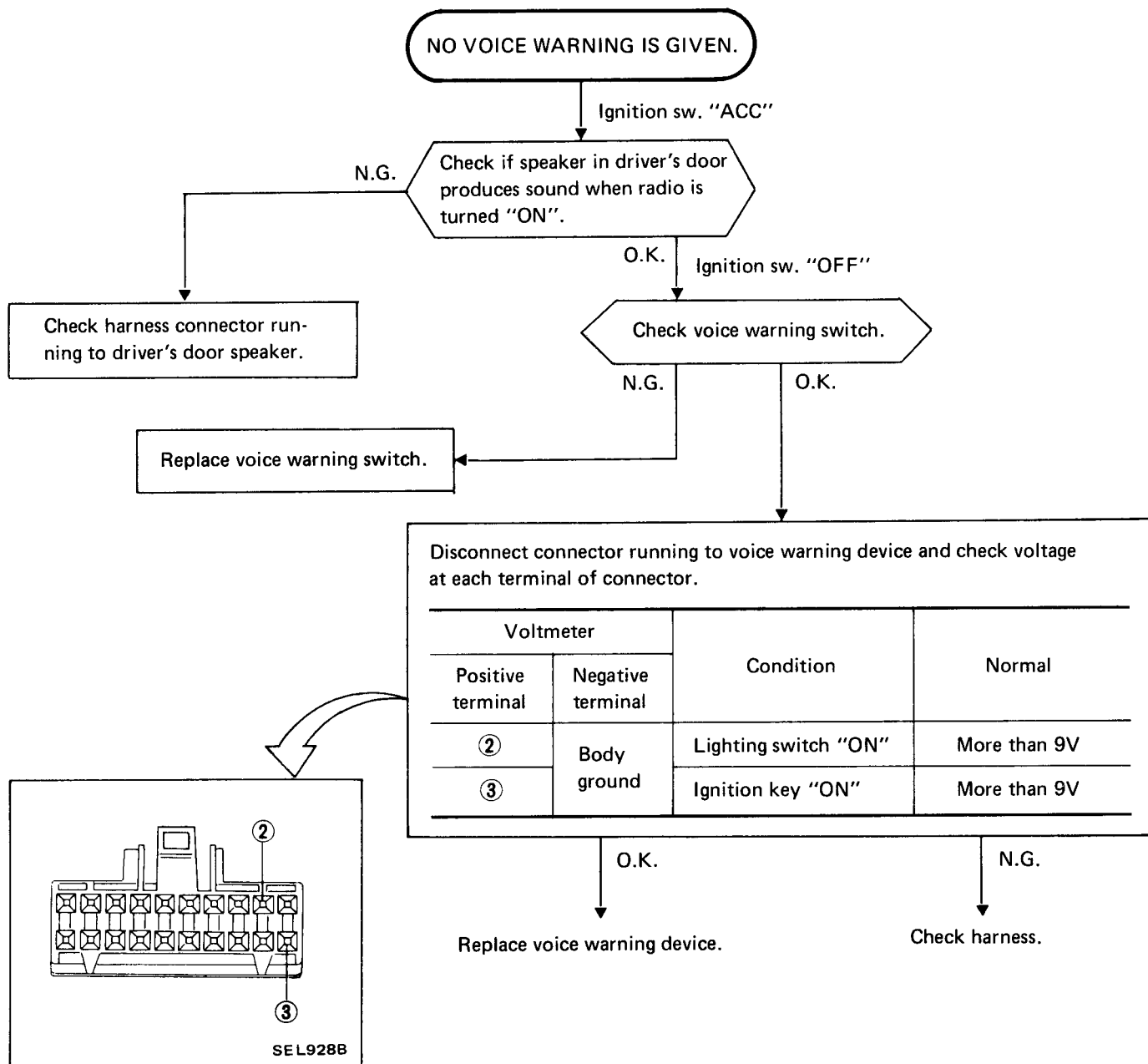
Operational Check

Item	Condition			Voice Warning
Left door	Ignition switch "ON"	Door switch L.H. is "ON". (Left door is open)	Speed switch is "ON". Vehicle speed is more than 10 km/h (6 MPH).	"Left door is open".
Right door		Door switch R.H. is "ON". (Right door is open)		"Right door is open".
Parking brake		Parking brake switch is "ON".		"Parking brake is ON".
Fuel level		Fuel level less than 10ℓ (2-5/8 US gal, 2-1/4 Imp gal)	—	"Fuel level is low".
Light	Ignition switch "OFF"	Door switch L.H. is "ON". (Left door is open)	Lighting switch is "ON".	"Lights are ON".

- If the warning is not properly given under the above condition, go to "Trouble-Shooting".

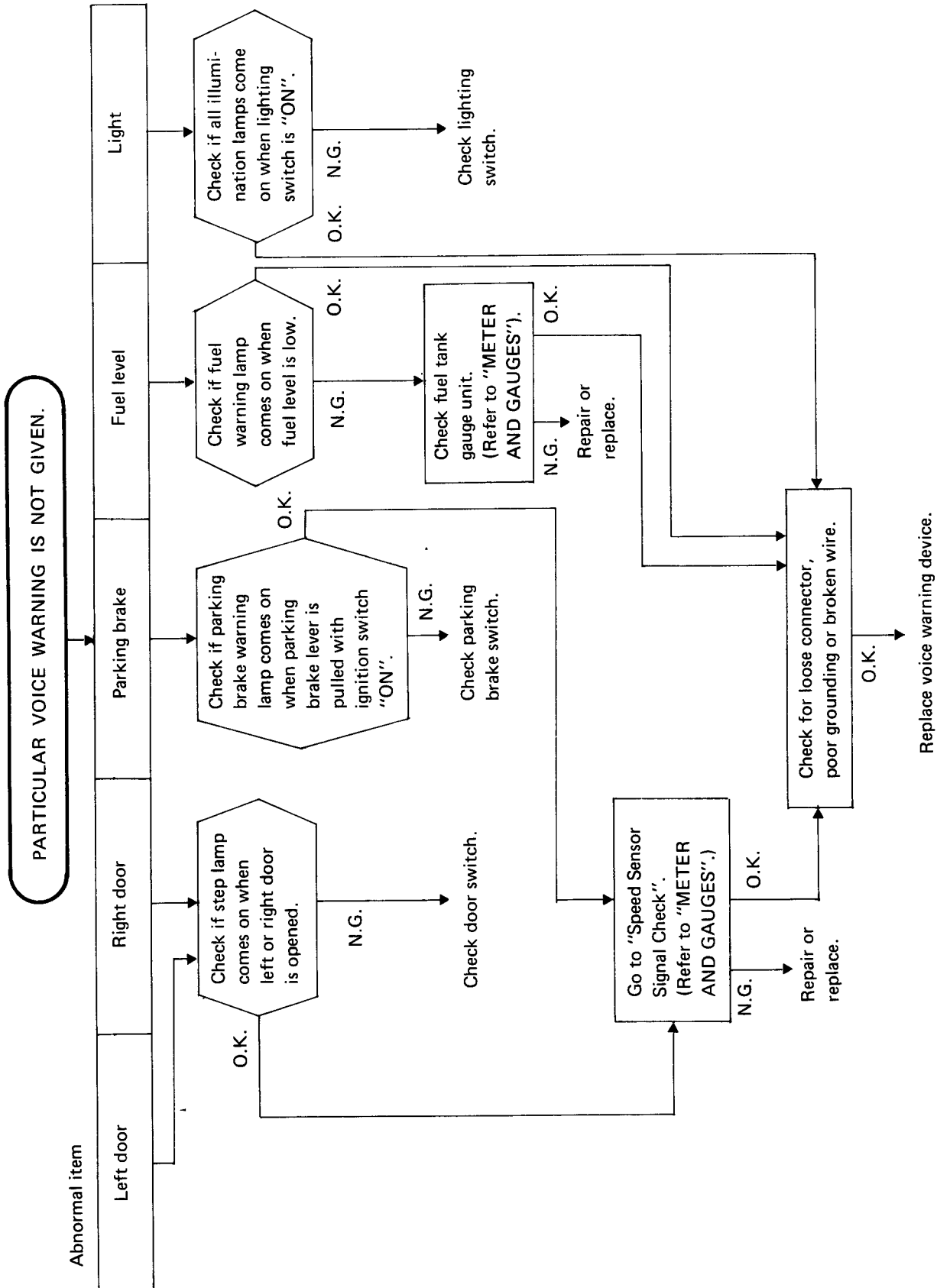
VOICE WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting



VOICE WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

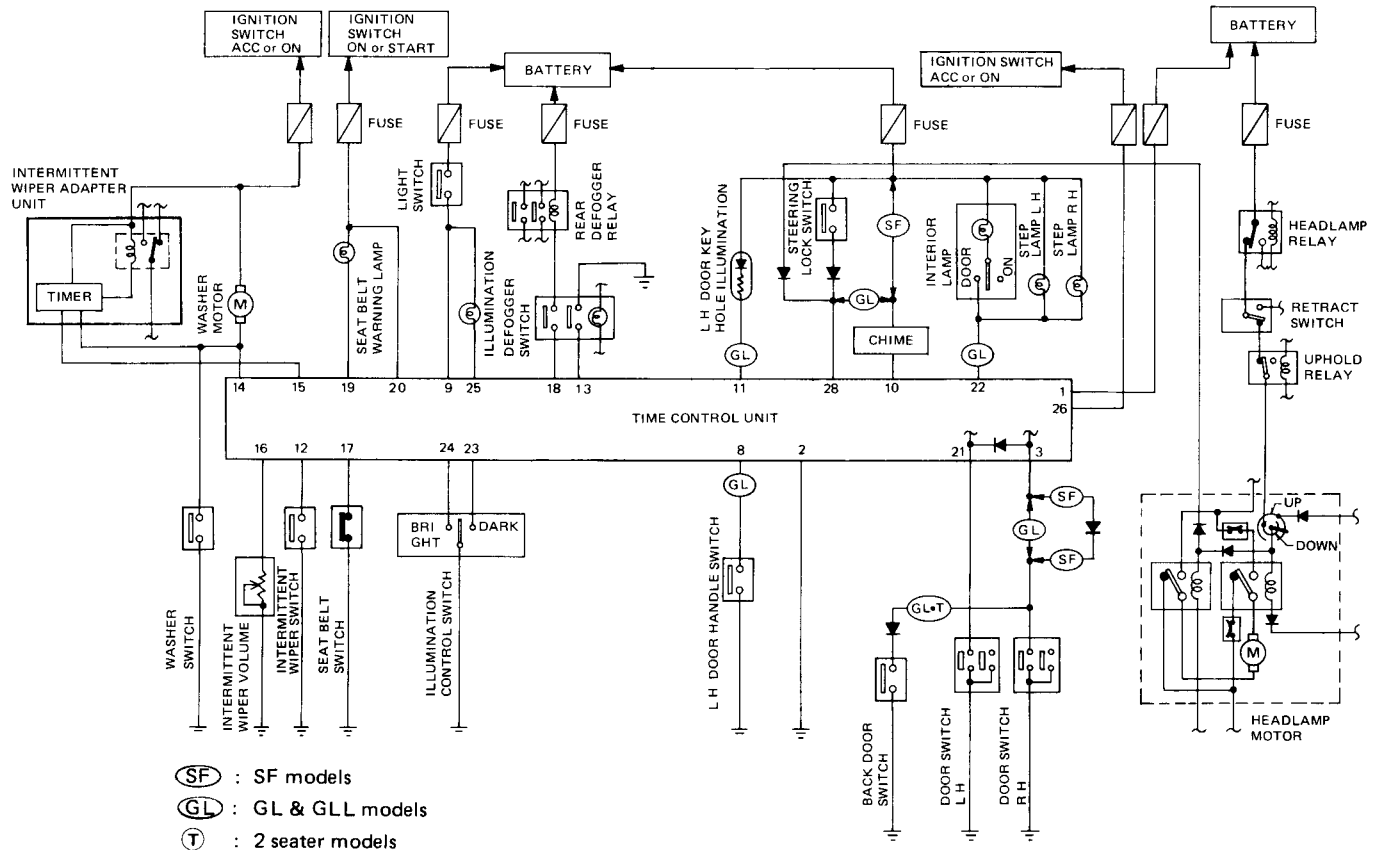
Schematic

CAUTION:

Never touch the terminals of time control unit with bare hands.

- Time control unit has the following functions.

- Intermittent wiper control timer
- Interior lamp timer
- Door key hole illumination timer
- Illumination control timer
- Light warning timer
- Key warning timer
- Seat belt warning timer
- Rear defogger timer

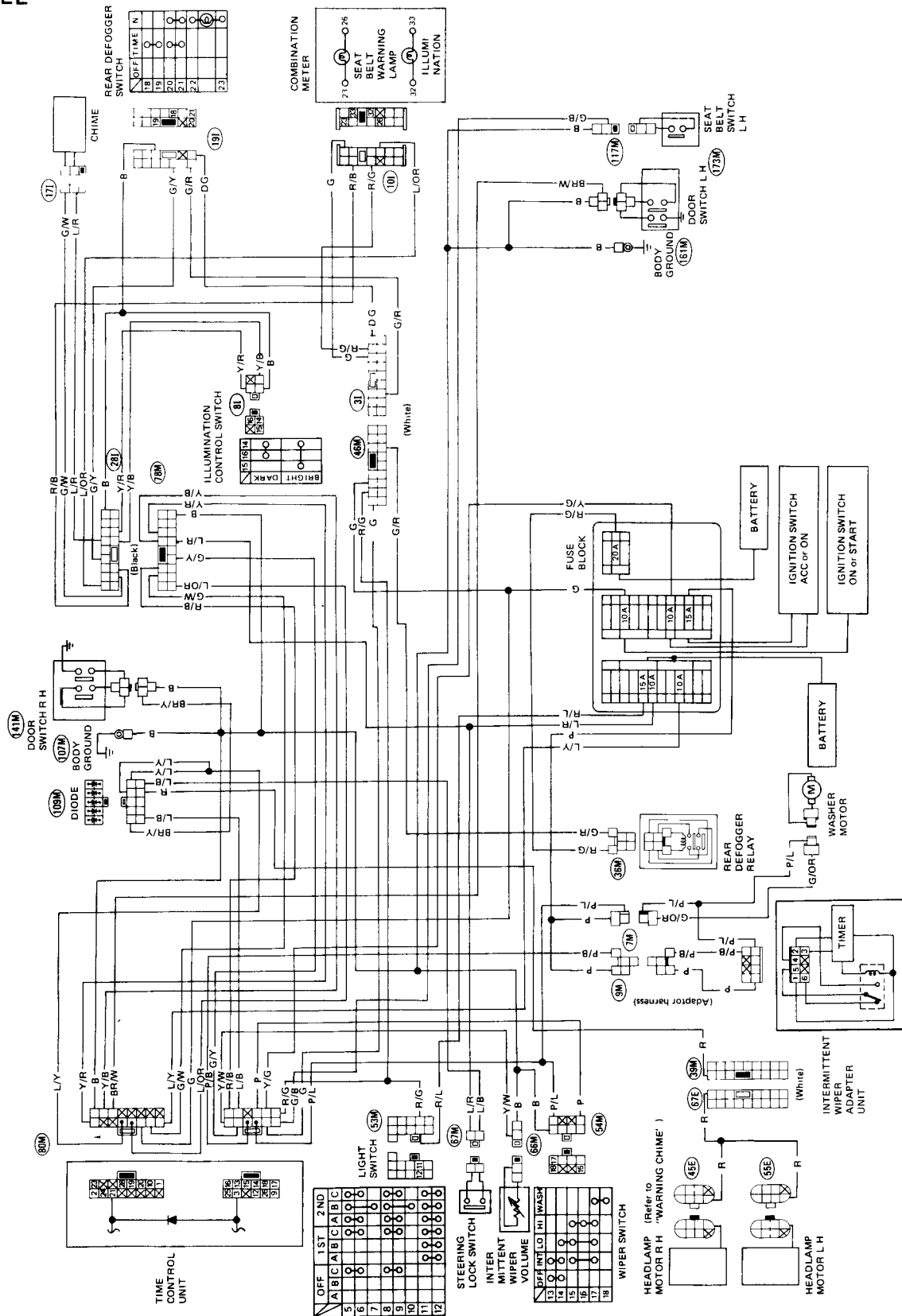


SEL479F

TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram

SF MODEL

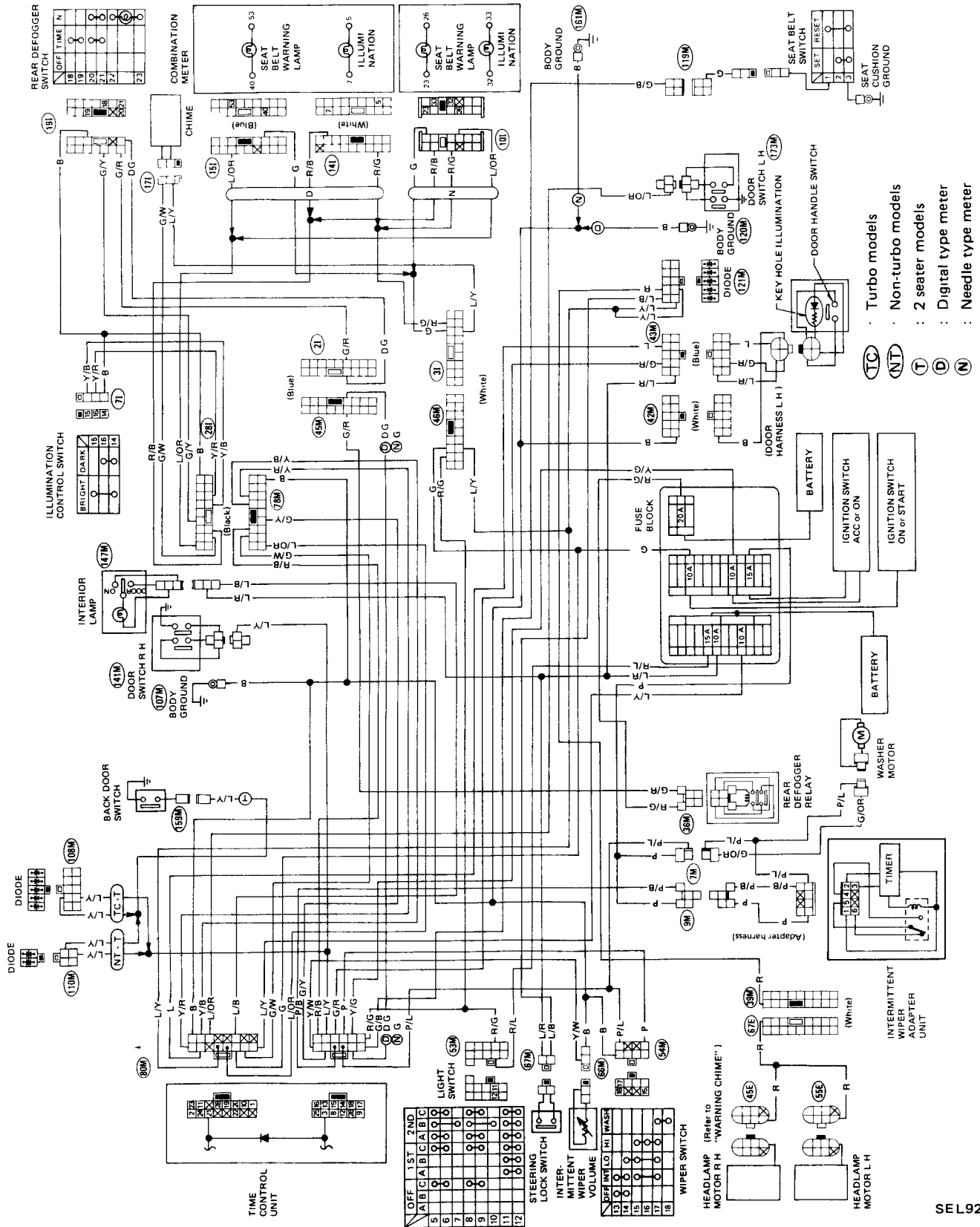


SEL925G

TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

GL AND GLL MODELS

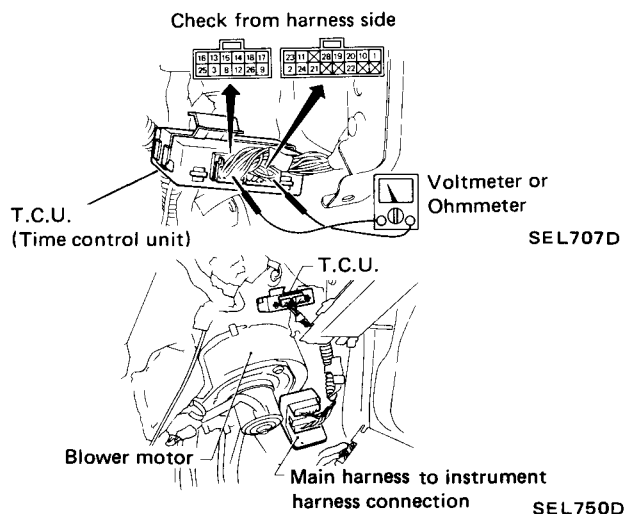


SEL926G

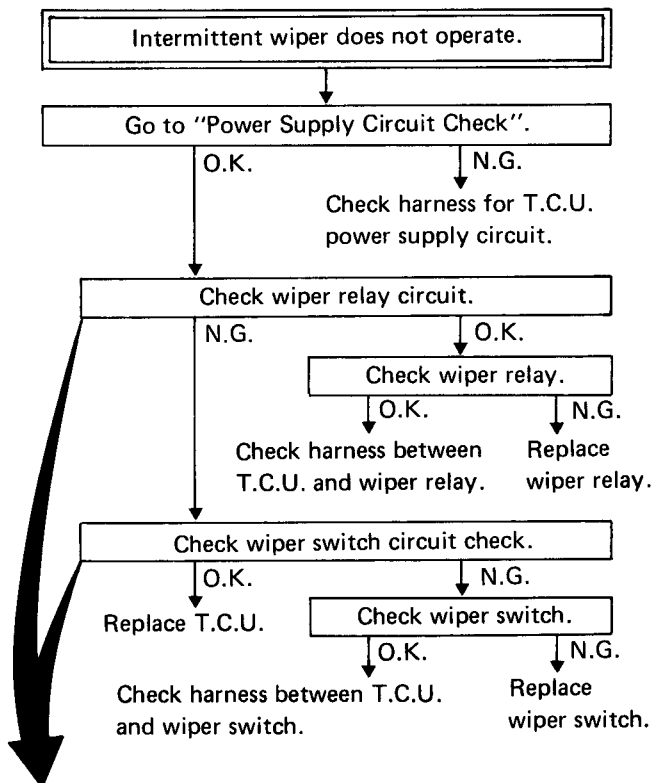
TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Preparation for Trouble-shooting

1. Remove R.H. dash side cover and remove blower motor.
2. Remove time control unit with harness connected.
3. Connect main harness to instrument harness (if disconnected).



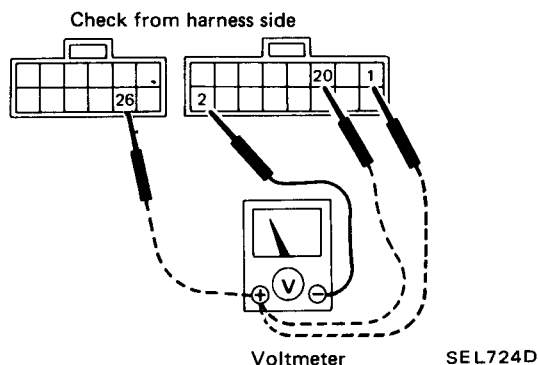
Trouble-shooting



Power Supply Circuit Check

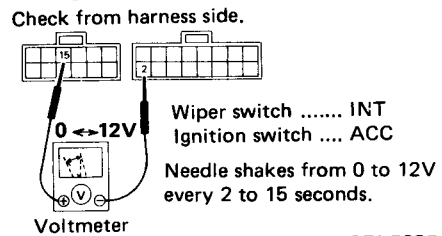
Voltmeter terminals		Ignition switch position		
(+)	(-)	OFF	ACC	ON
①	②	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V
②⑩	②	0V	0V	Approx. 12V
②⑥	②	0V	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V

Ohmmeter terminals		Continuity
(+)	(-)	
②	Body ground	Yes



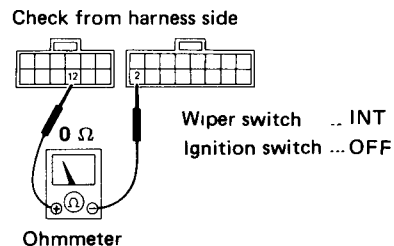
WIPER RELAY CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn wiper switch to "INT".
2. Turn ignition switch to "ACC".
3. Measure voltage across ①⑤ and ②.



WIPER SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn wiper switch to "INT".
2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
3. Check continuity between ①② and ②.



TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Intermittent time of wiper cannot be adjusted.

Check intermittent wiper volume circuit.

O.K.

Replace T.C.U.

N.G.

Check intermittent wiper volume.

O.K.

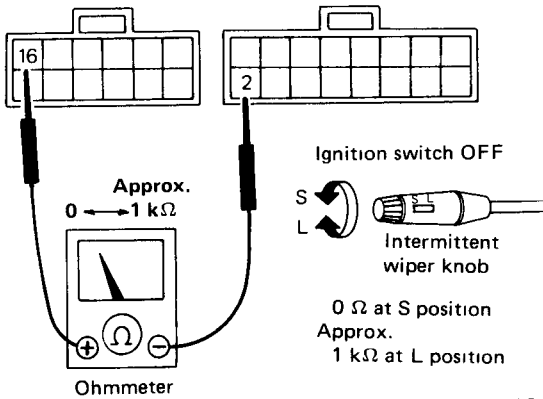
Check harness between T.C.U. and intermittent wiper volume.

N.G.

Replace wiper switch.

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Measure resistance between ①⑥ and ② while turning intermittent wiper volume.

Check from harness side



Wiper and washer activate individually but not in combination.

Check washer switch circuit.

O.K.

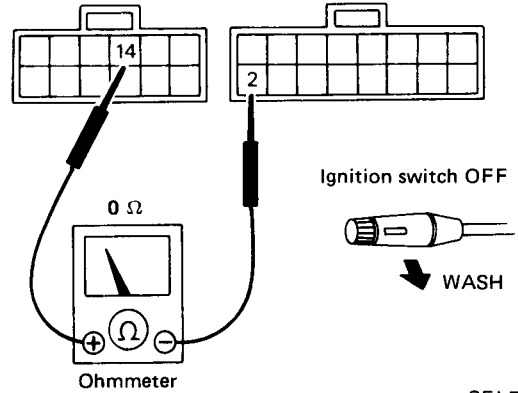
Replace T.C.U.

N.G.

Check harness between T.C.U. and washer switch.

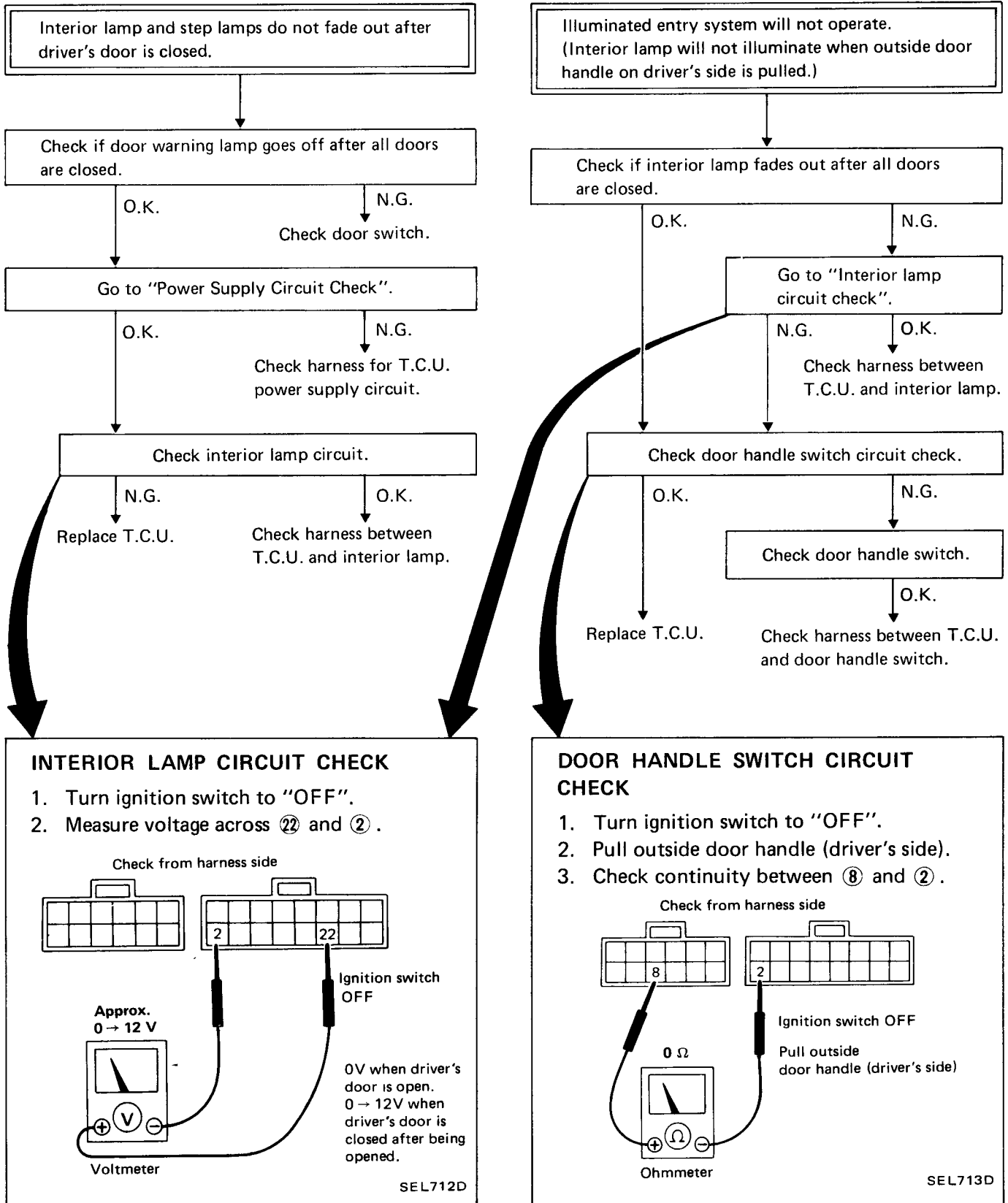
1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn washer switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ①④ and ②.

Check from harness side



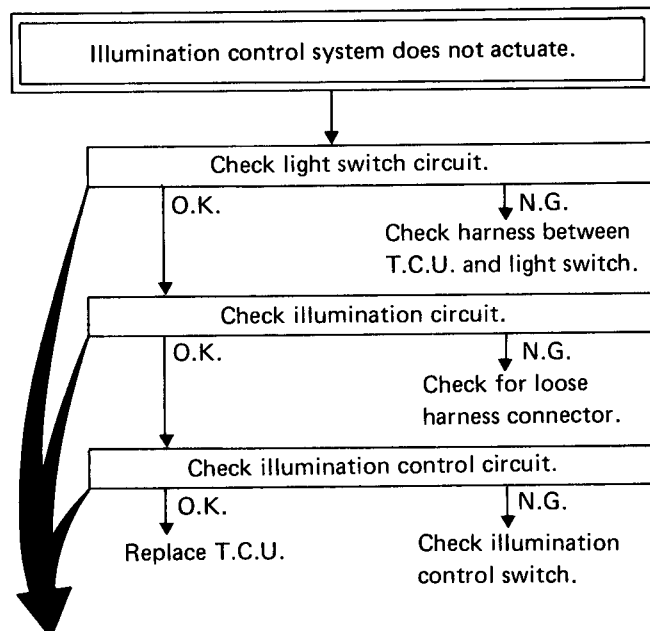
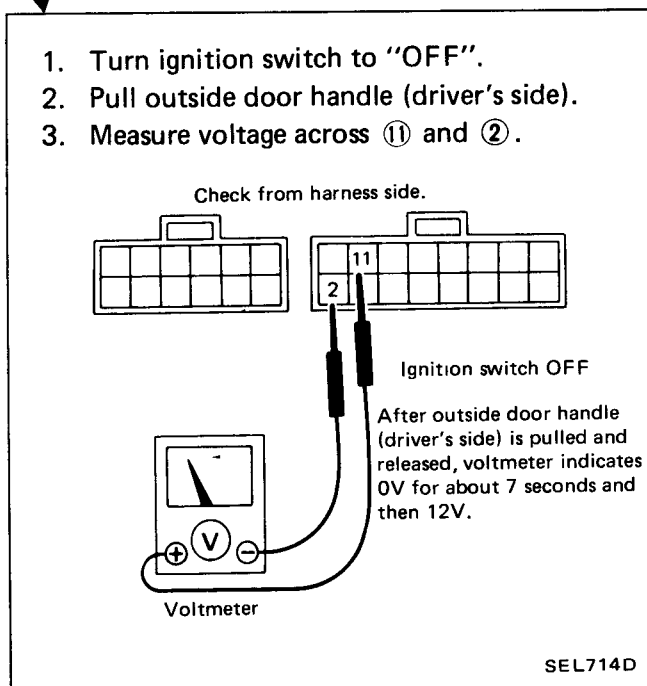
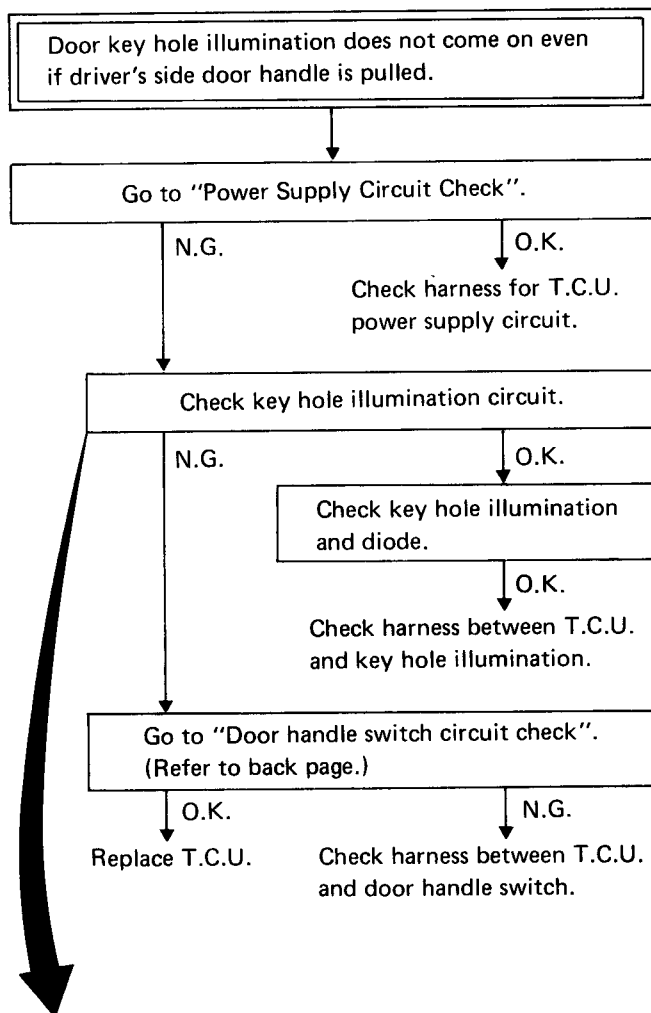
TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

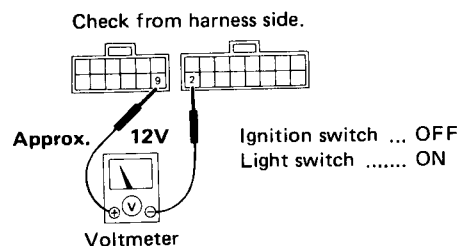


TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

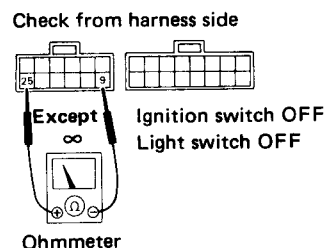
Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



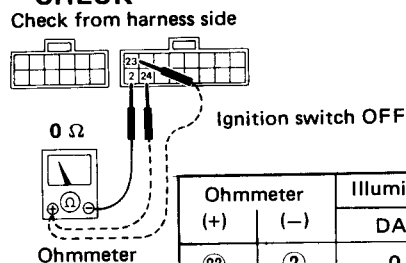
LIGHT SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK



ILLUMINATION CIRCUIT CHECK



ILLUMINATION CONTROL CIRCUIT CHECK

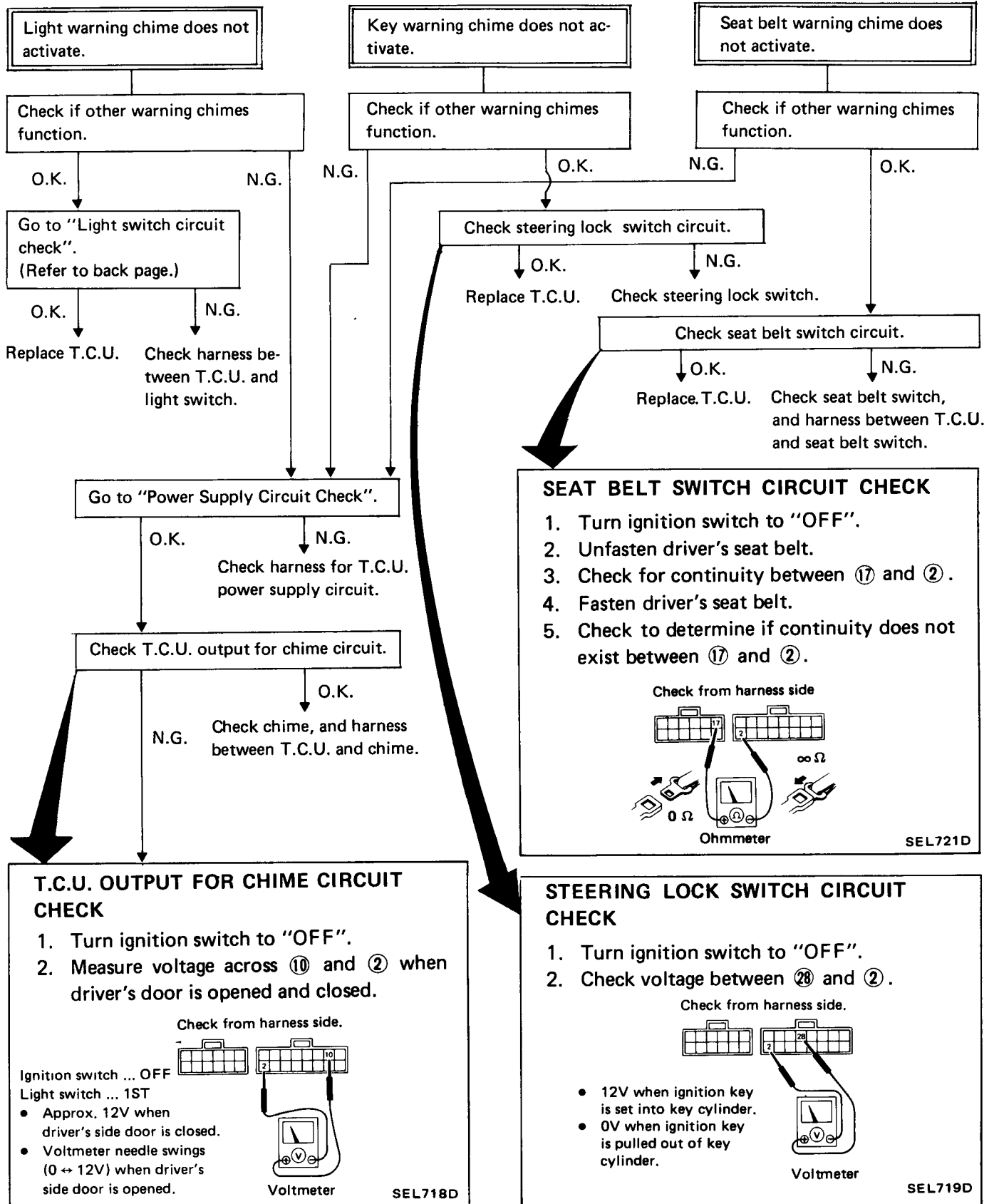


Ohmmeter (+) (-)	Illumination control switch	
	DARK	BRIGHT
23 2	0 Ω	Except 0 Ω
24 2	Except 0 Ω	0 Ω

SEL717D

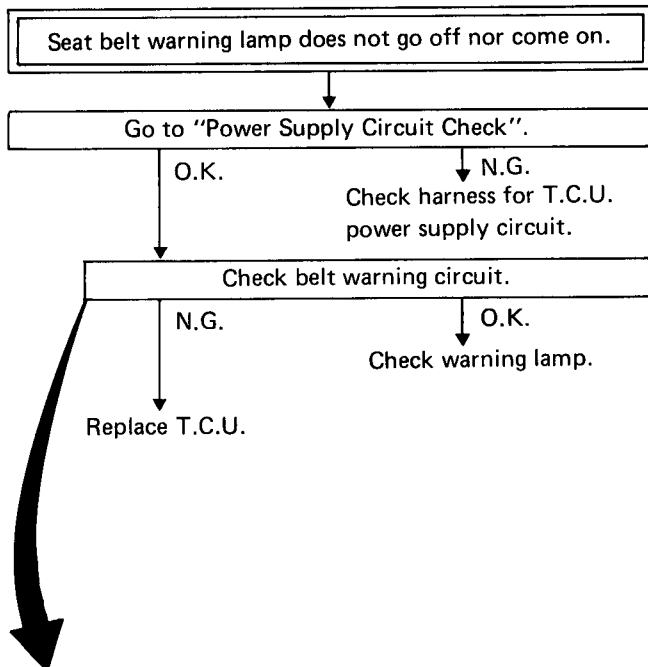
TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



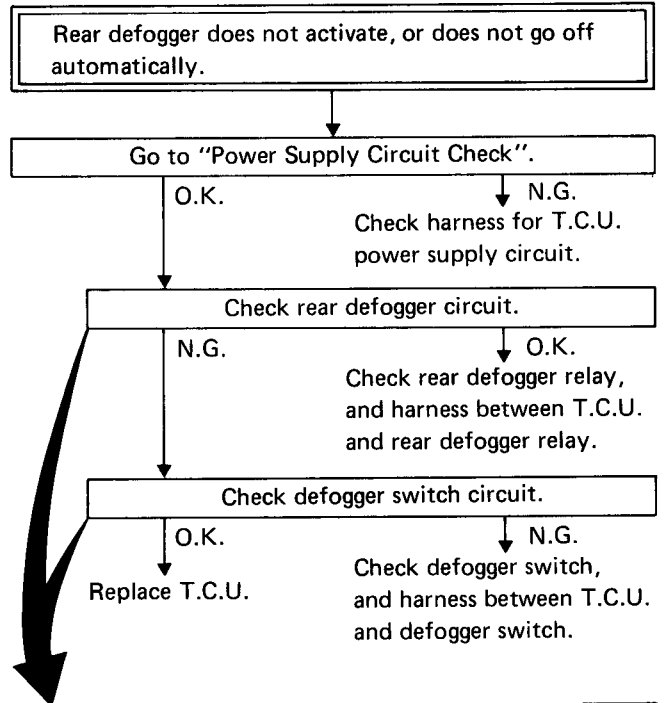
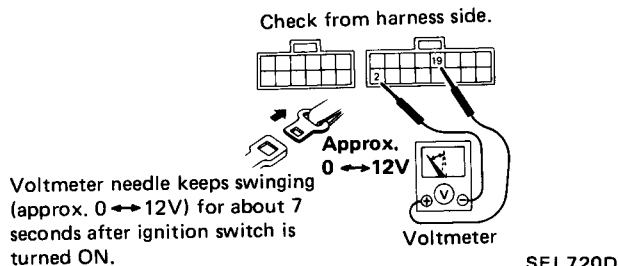
TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



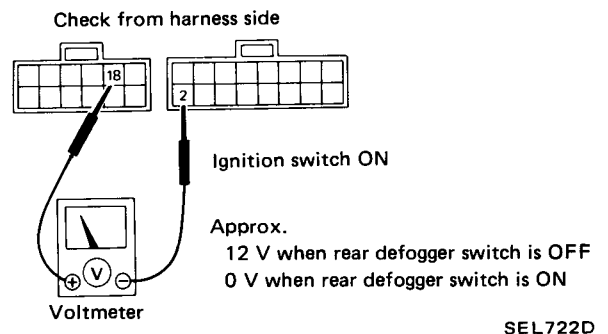
BELT WARNING CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Unfasten seat belt.
2. Measure voltage across ①⑨ and ② when ignition switch is "ON".

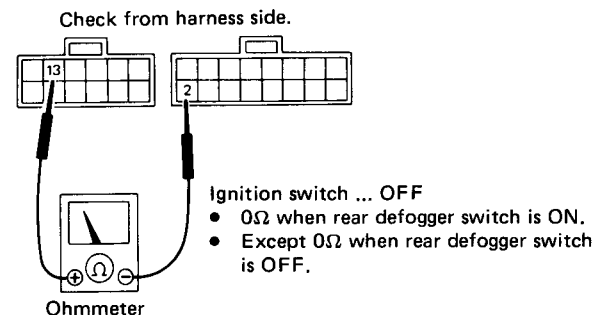


REAR DEFOGGER CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
2. Measure voltage across ①⑧ and ② while operating rear defogger switch.

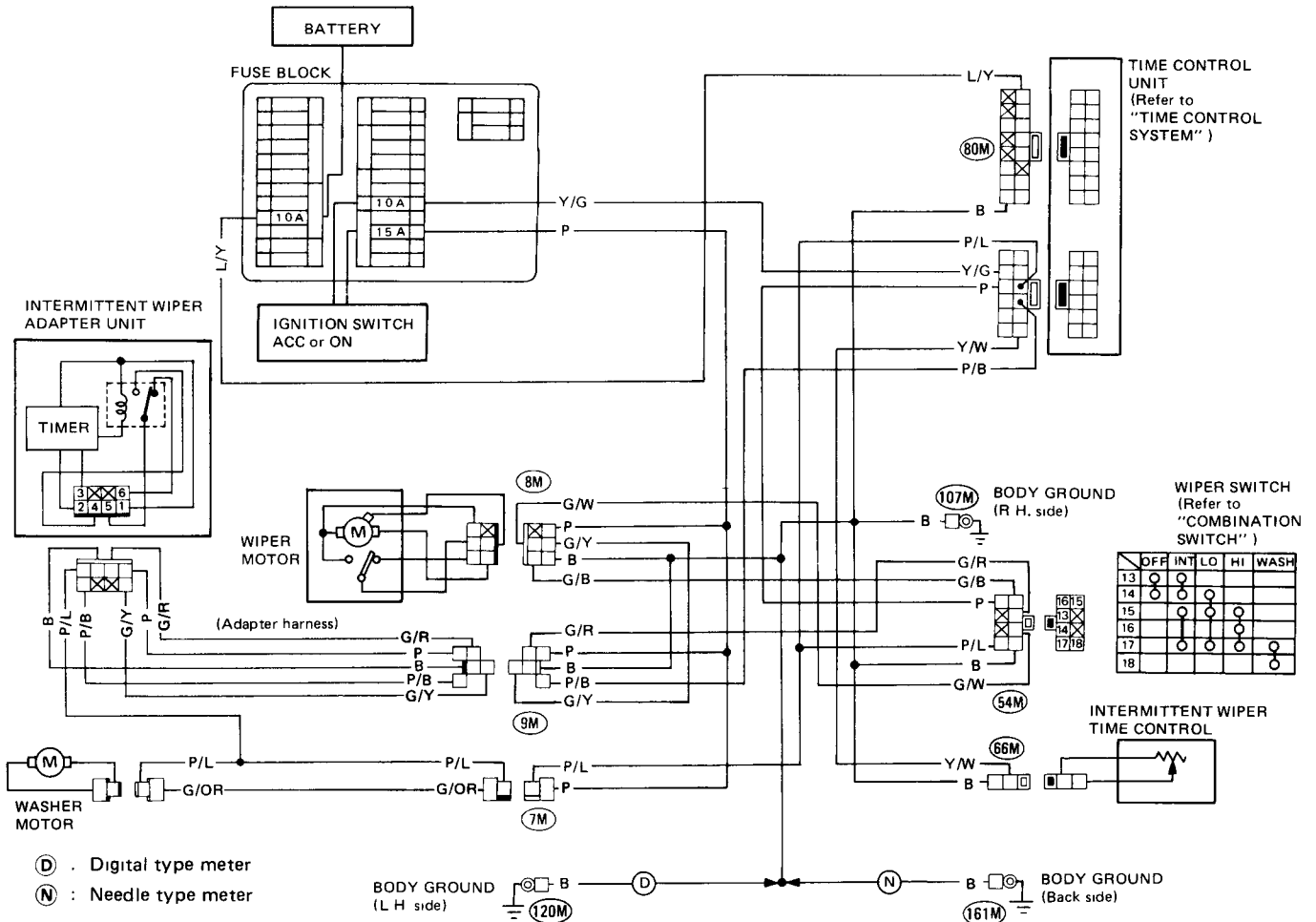


DEFOGGER SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK



WIPER AND WASHER

Windshield Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram



SEL927G

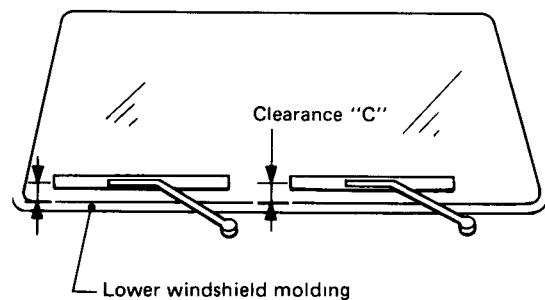
Windshield Wiper and Washer/Installation

WIPER ARM

1. Prior to wiper arm installation, set wiper switch to "LOW" to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
2. Adjust wiper blades within clearance "C".
3. Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque.
13 - 18 N·m (1.3 - 1.8 kg·m, 9 - 13 ft·lb)
4. Eject washer fluid. Set wiper switch to "LOW" to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF".

5. Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "C".

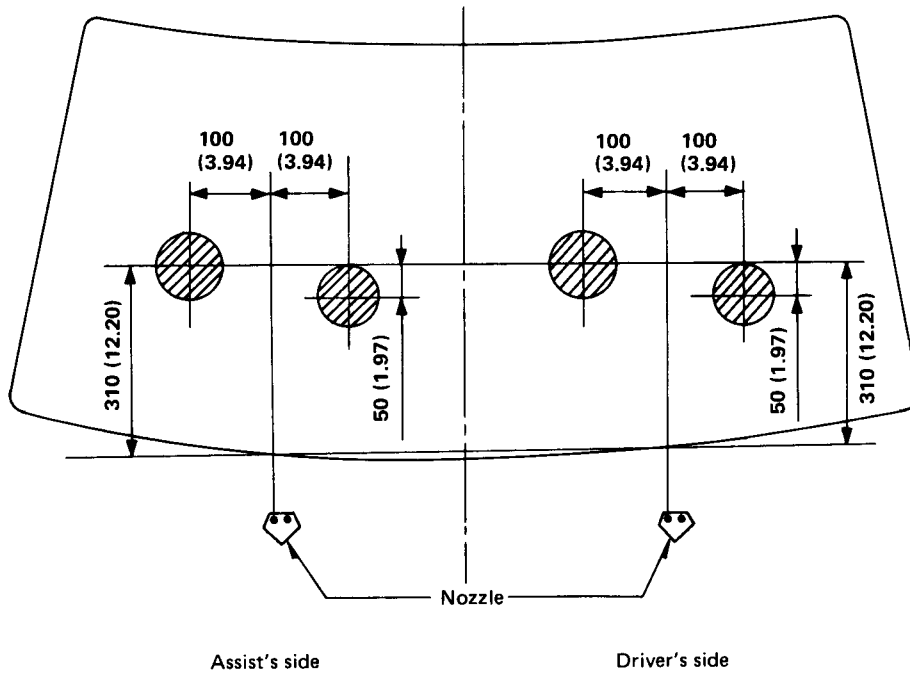
Clearance "C": 15 - 25 mm (0.59 - 0.98 in)



SEL355E

WIPER AND WASHER

Washer Nozzle Adjustment



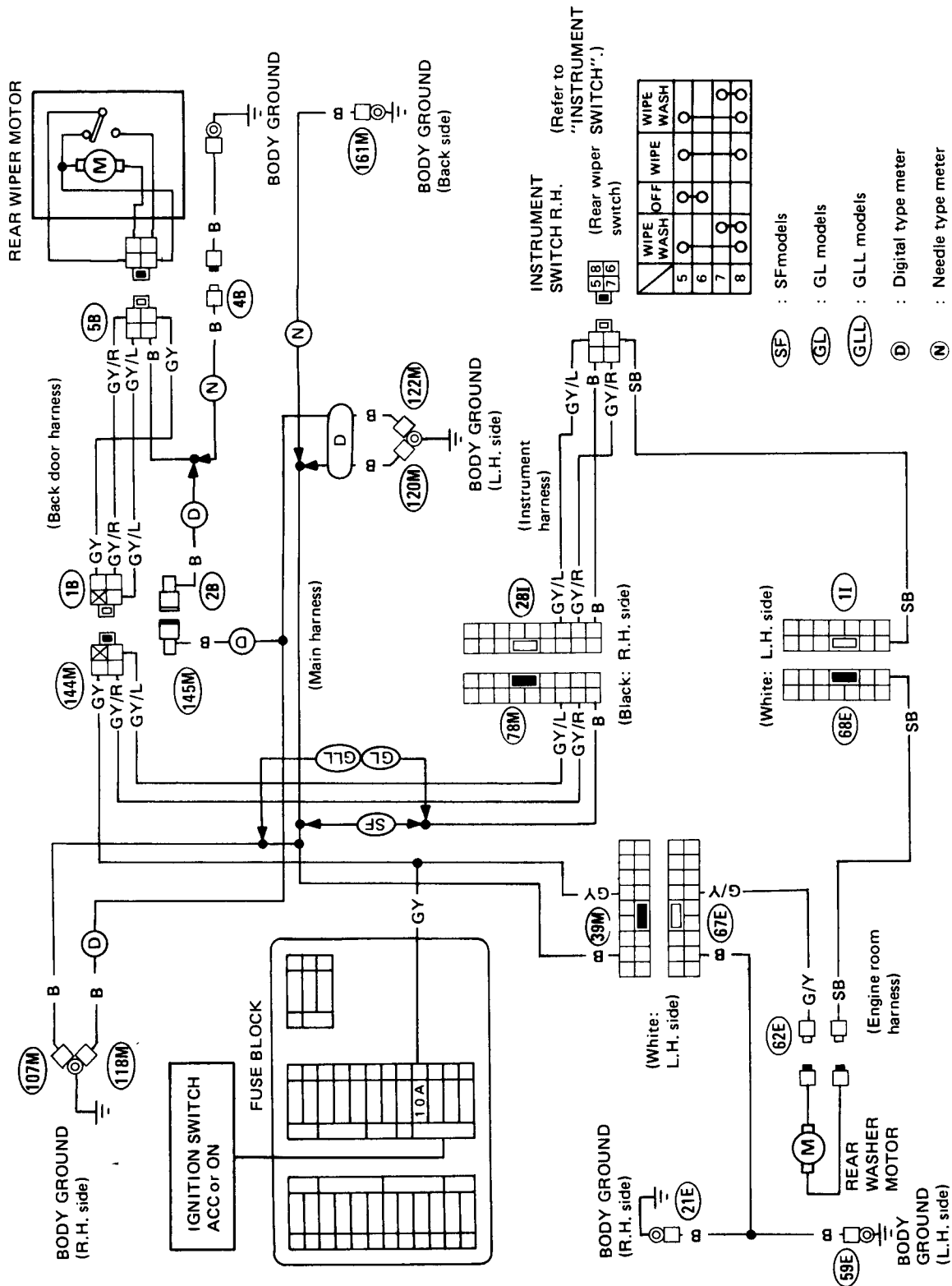
Note: All the diameters of these circles are less than 100 mm (3.94 in).

Unit: mm (in)

SEL553F

WIPER AND WASHER

Rear Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram



SEL483F

Headlamp Washer/Wiring Diagram

[illegible]

HEADLAMP WASHER RELAY

HEADLAMP SENSOR

HEADLAMP WASHER MOTOR

BODY GROUND (R H side)

BODY GROUND (L H side)

HEADLAMP WASHER SWITCH

LIGHTING SWITCH

	OFF	1 ST			2 ND				
	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
26									
27									

BATTERY

FUSE BLOCK

IGNITION SWITCH ACC or ON

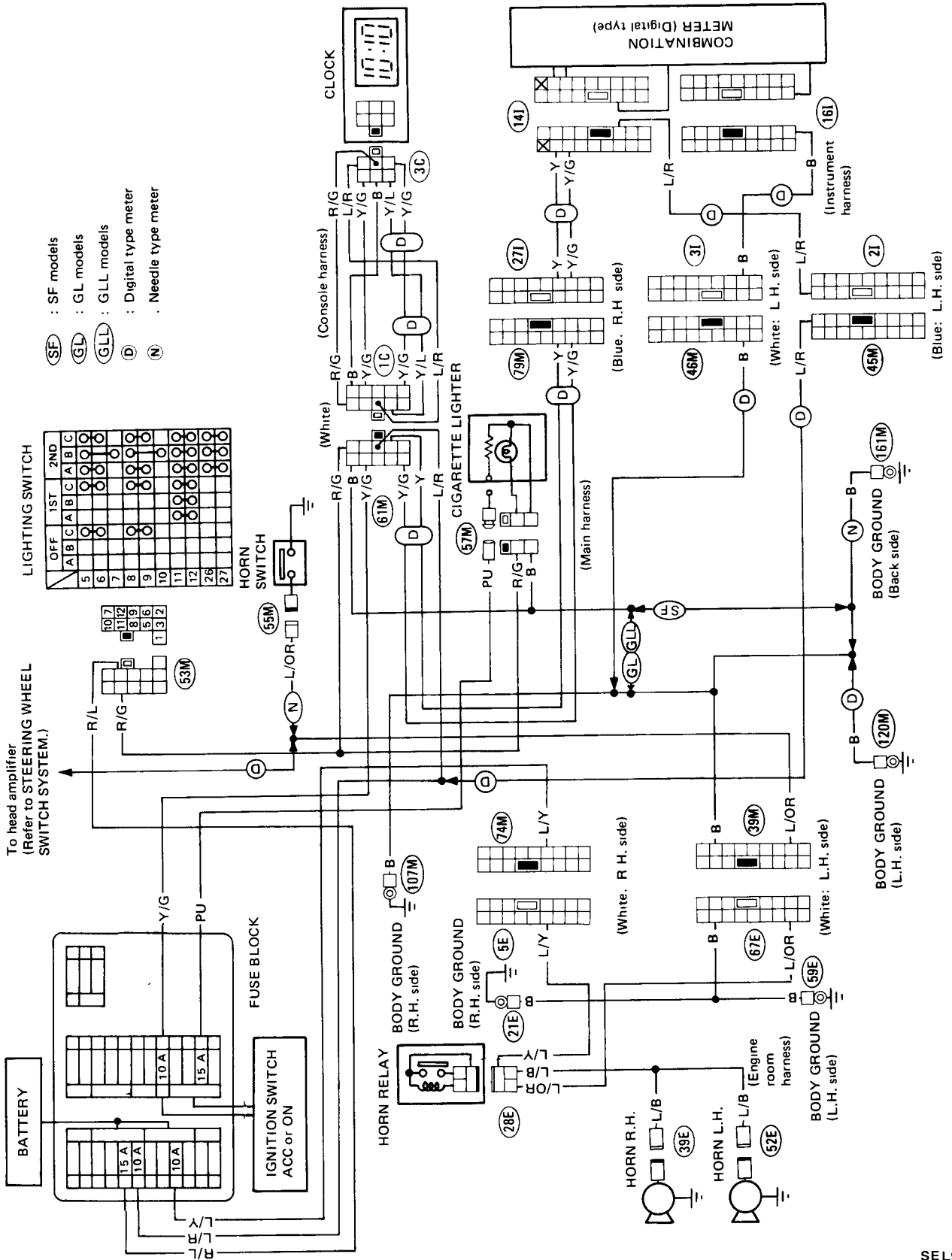
Legend:

- (D) : Digital type meter

SEL485F

HORN, CIGARETTE LIGHTER, CLOCK

Wiring Diagram

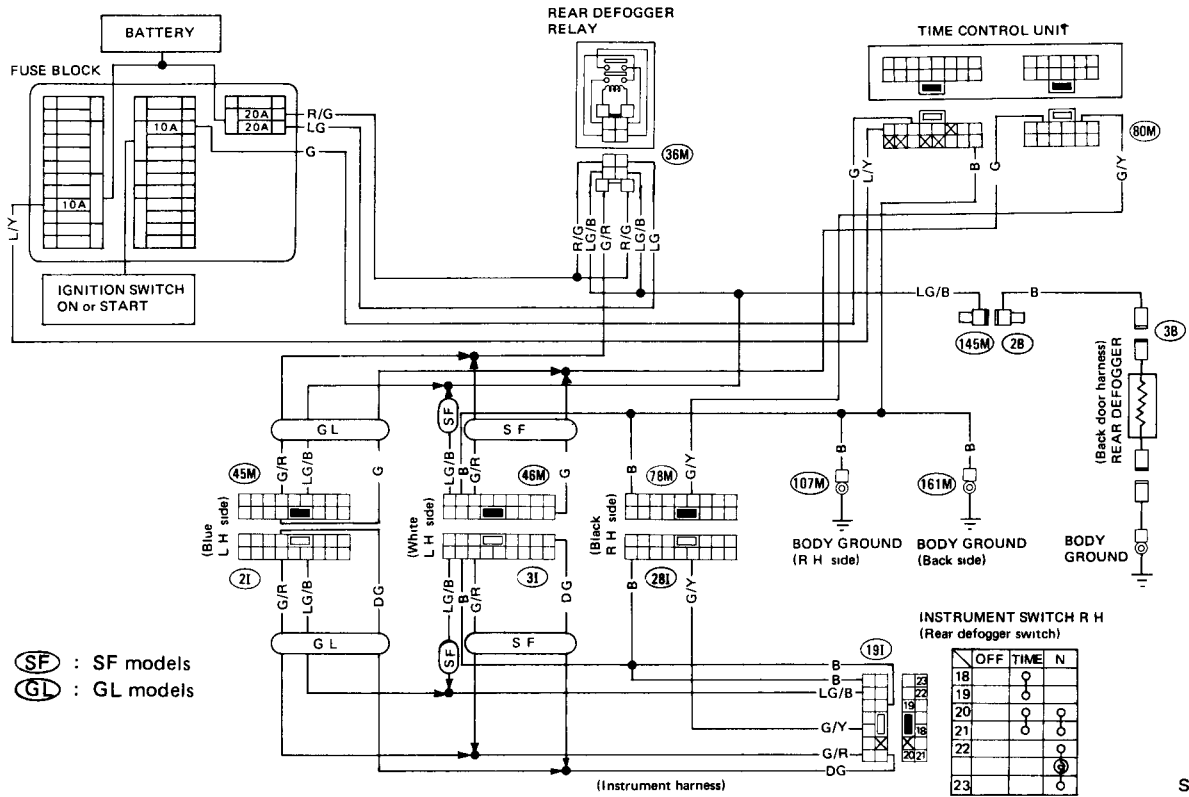


SEL928G

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

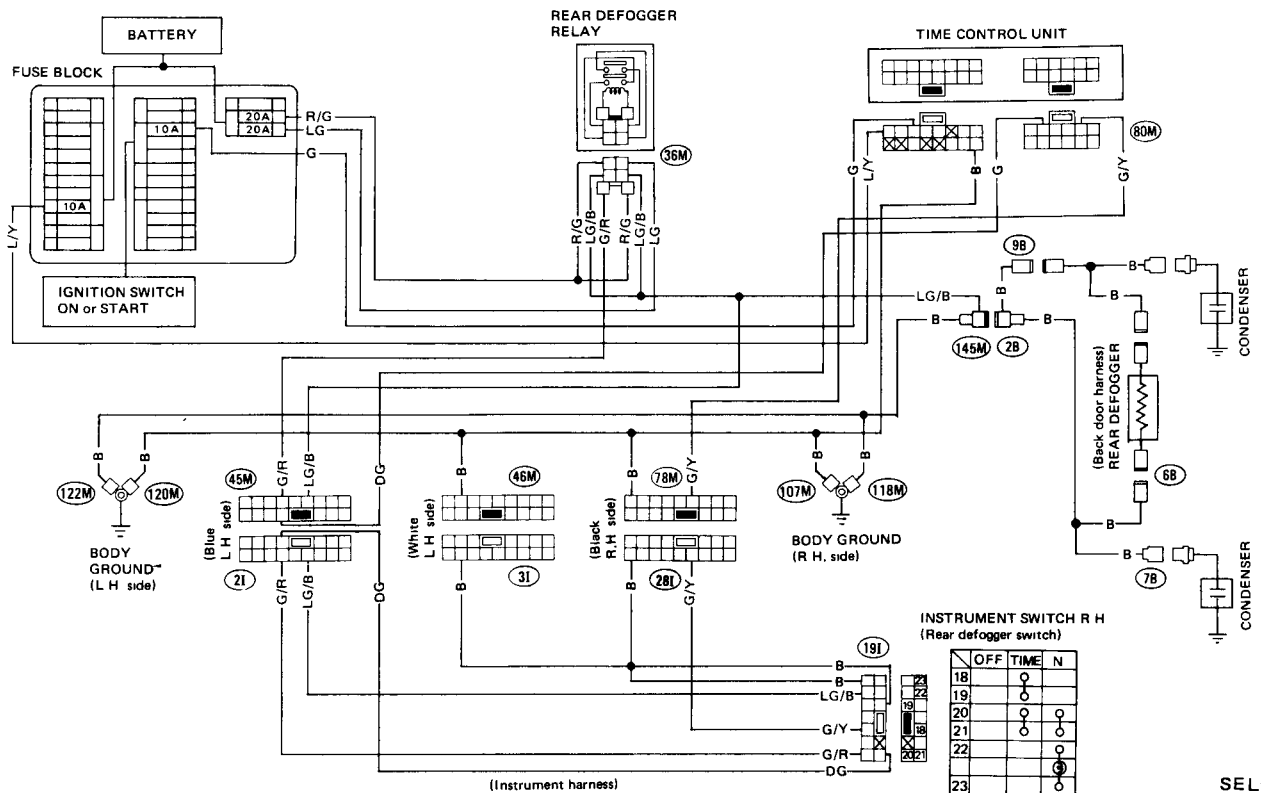
Wiring Diagram

SF AND GL MODELS



SEL929G

GLL MODEL

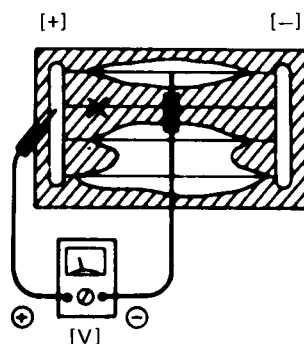


SEL930G

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

Filament Check

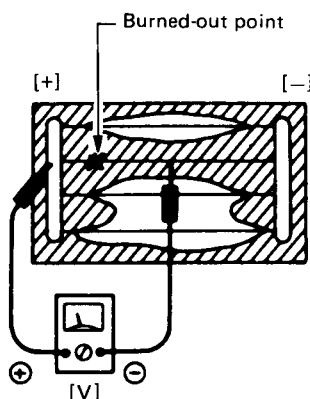
1. Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.



6 volts (normal filament)

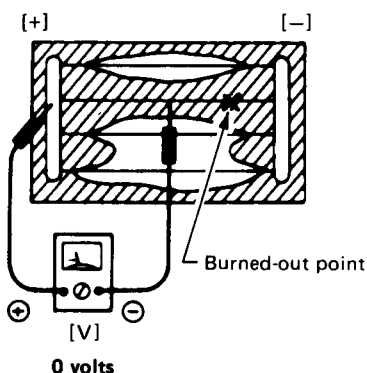
SEL263

2. If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.



12 volts

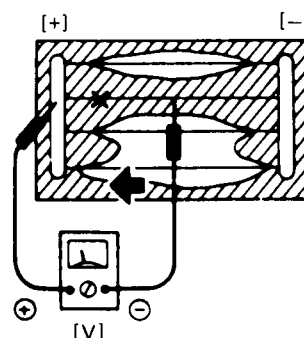
SEL264



0 volts

SEL265

3. To locate burned out point, move probe to left and right along filament to determine point where tester needle swings abruptly.



SEL266

Filament Repair

REPAIR EQUIPMENT

1. Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
2. Ruler, 30 cm (11.8 in) long
3. Drawing pen
4. Heat gun
5. Alcohol
6. Cloth

REPAIRING PROCEDURE

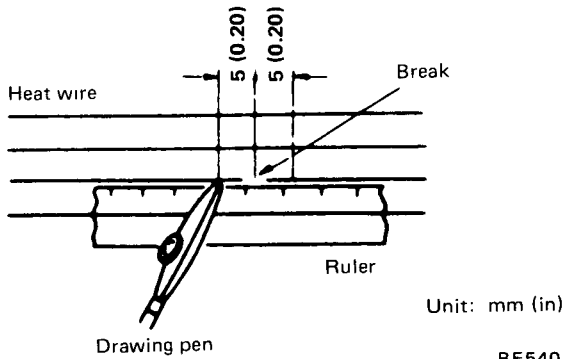
1. Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
2. Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

Shake silver composition container before use.

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

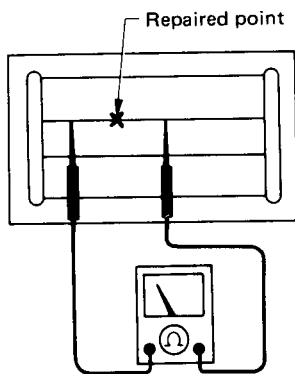
Filament Repair (Cont'd)

- Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break.

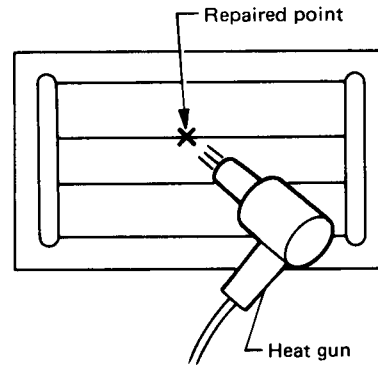


- After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.



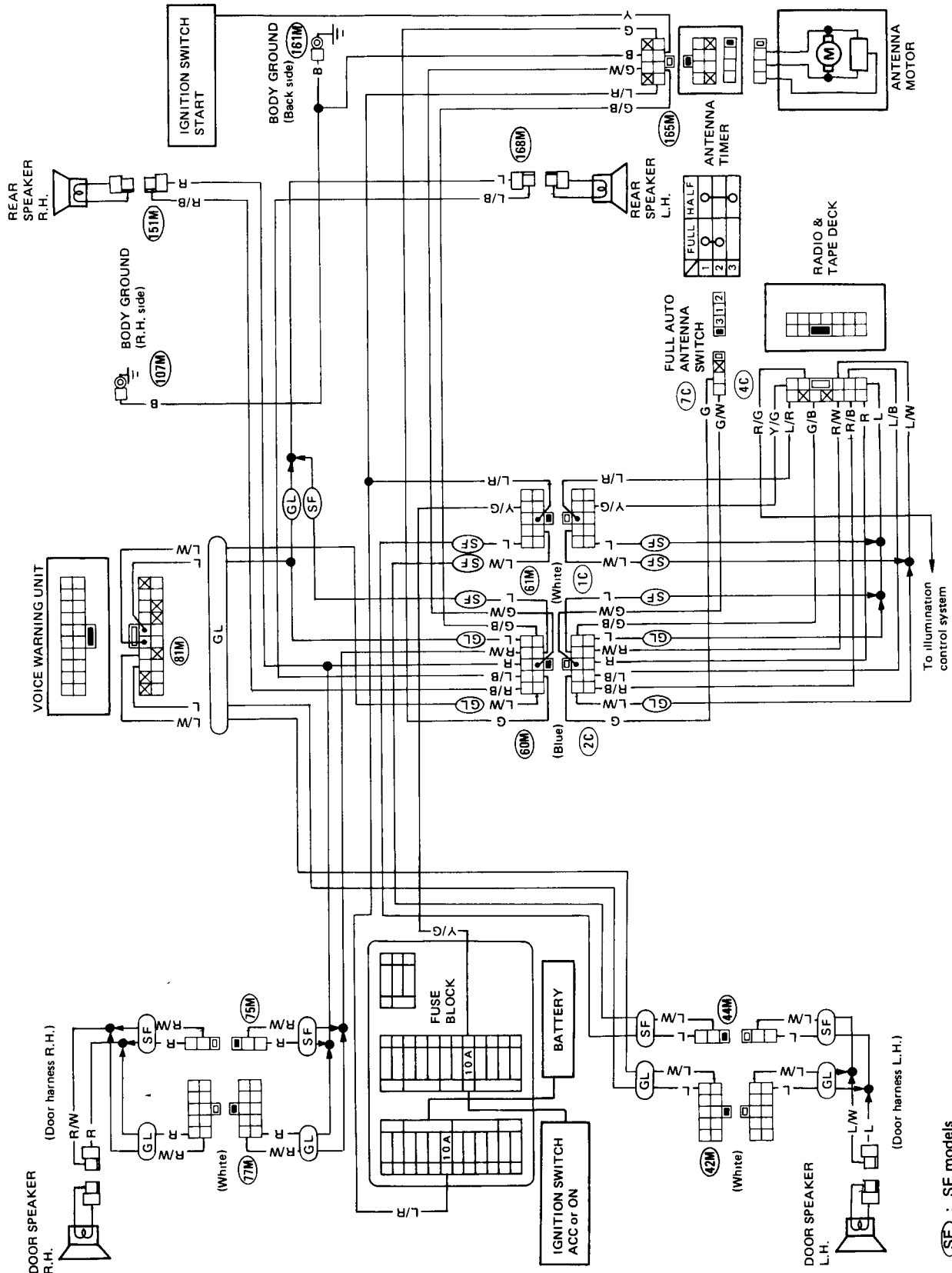
- Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.



AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Wiring Diagram

SF AND GL MODELS



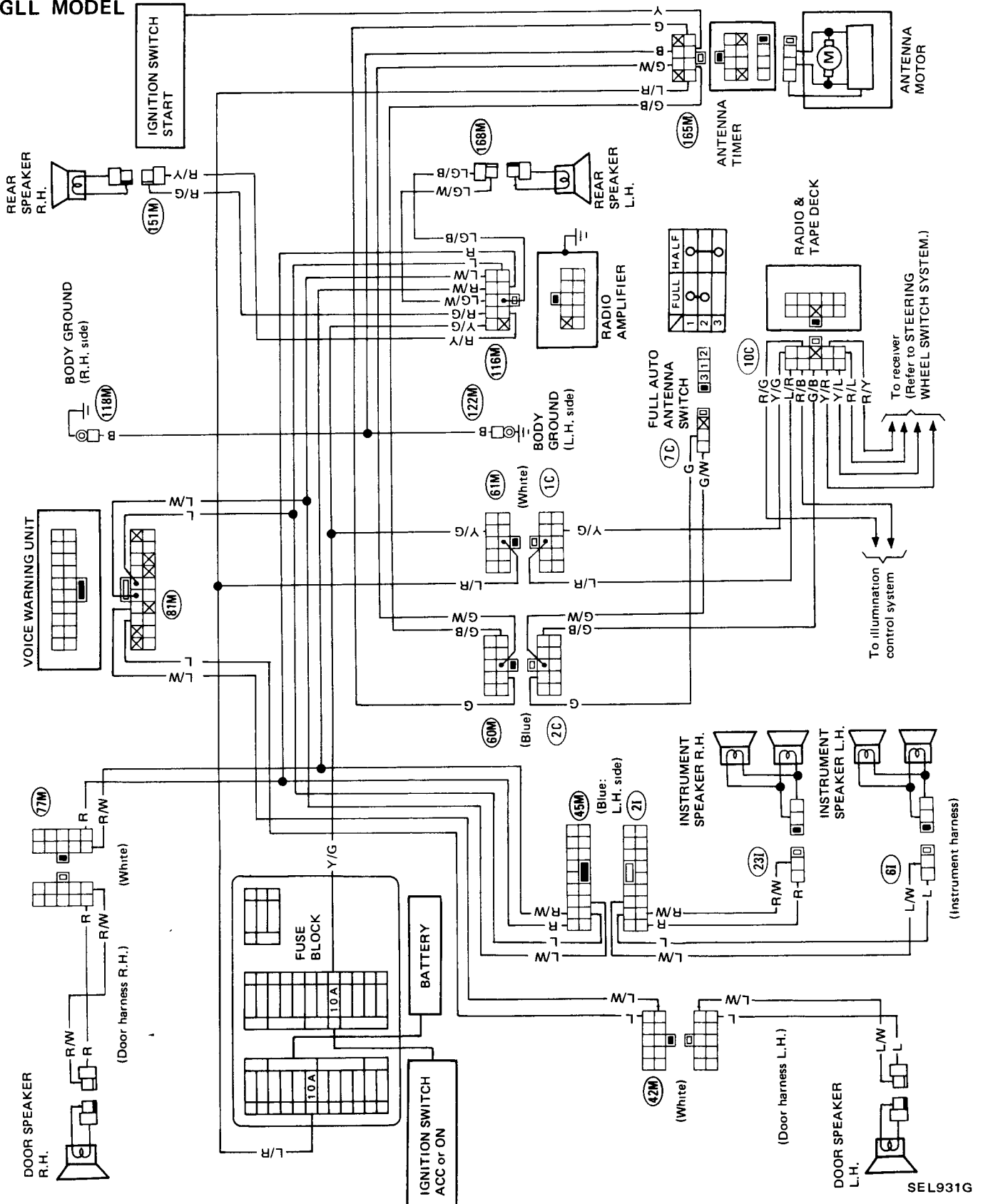
(SF) : SF models
(GL) : GL models

SEL489F

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

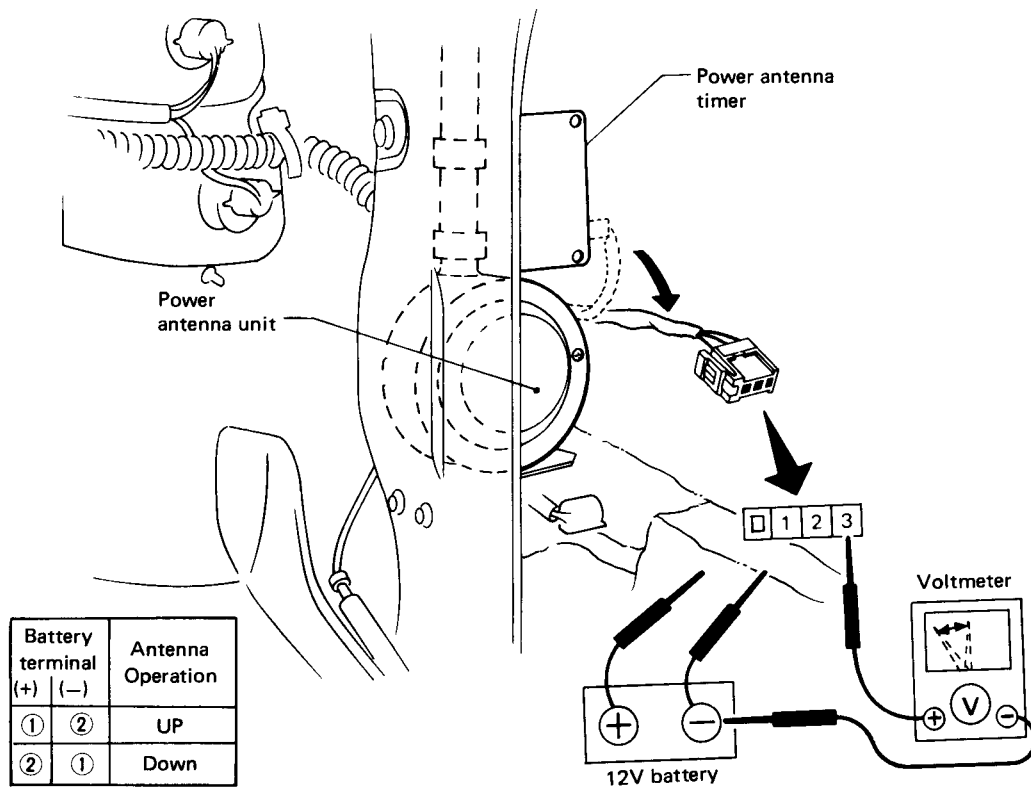
GLL MODEL



SEL931G

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

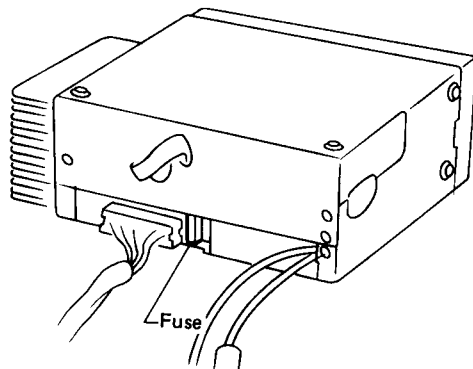
Power Antenna Motor Check



SEL732D

Radio Fuse Check

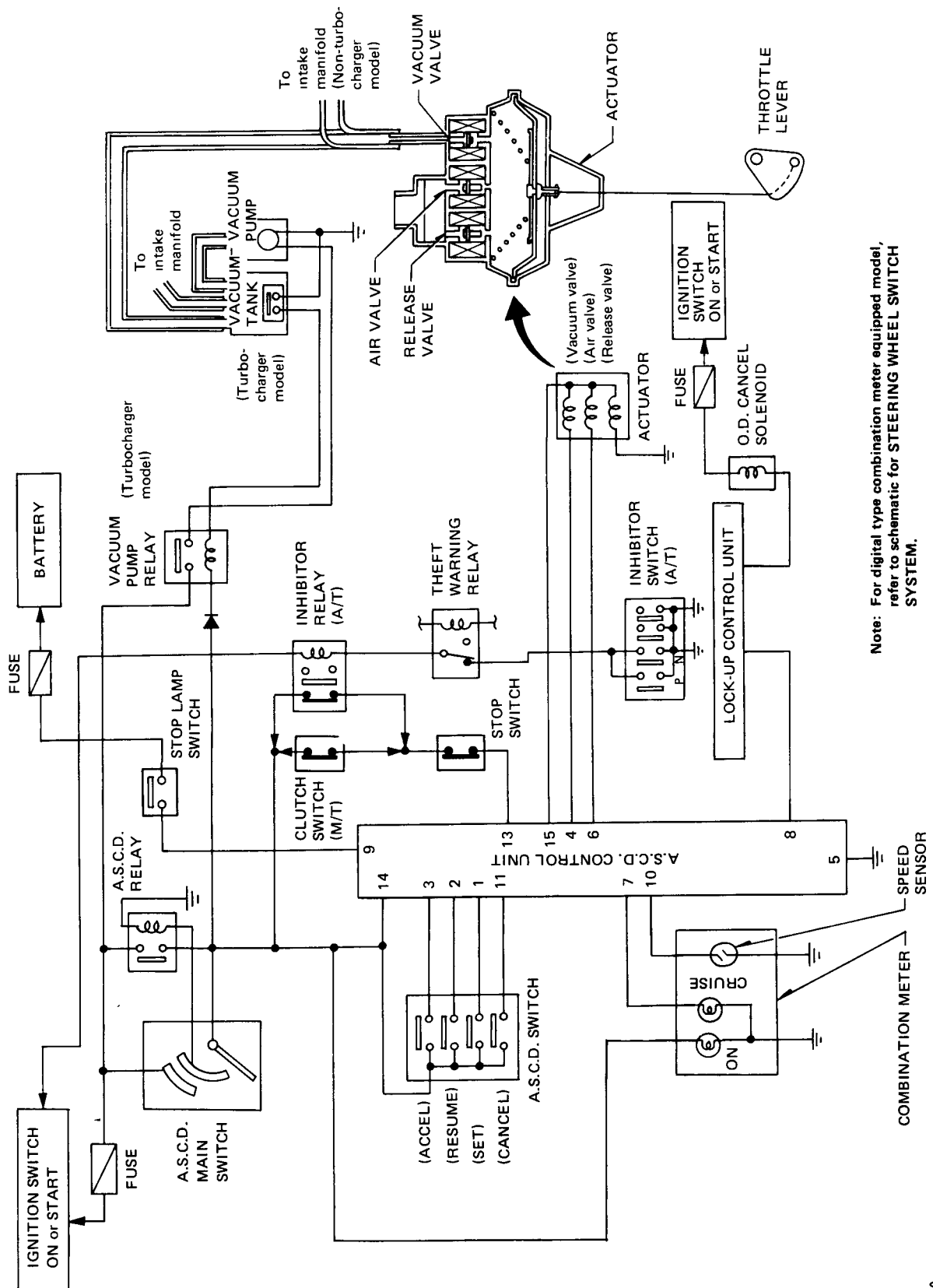
1. Disconnect, at connector, harness between power antenna unit and antenna timer.
 2. Apply 12-volt battery voltage across ① and ② to make sure antenna rod extends and retracts.
 3. Connect a voltmeter across terminal ③ and ground terminal of battery.
 4. Check to determine if voltmeter varies between 0 and 12 volts (approx.) in relation to movement of antenna rod when 12-volt battery voltage is applied across ① and ②.
- If above test results are not satisfactory, replace antenna motor.



SEL733D

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Schematic



Note: For digital type combination meter equipped model, refer to schematic for STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM.

SEL932G

Wiring Diagram

The diagram illustrates the wiring for the ASCD system, showing the following components and their connections:

- ASC ACTUATOR:** Includes (Release valve), (Vacuum valve), and (Air valve).
- ASC RELAY:** Includes (Inhibitor relay), (Warning relay), and (Relay).
- ASC PUMP:** Includes (Vacuum pump) and (Inhibitor pump).
- ASC SOLENOID:** Includes (O.D. cancel solenoid) and (Inhibitor solenoid).
- ASC CONTROL UNIT:** Includes (ASC control unit) and (ASC switch).
- ASC SWITCH:** Includes (ASC switch) and (ASC switch).
- ASC ACTUATOR:** Includes (Release valve), (Vacuum valve), and (Air valve).
- ASC RELAY:** Includes (Inhibitor relay), (Warning relay), and (Relay).
- ASC PUMP:** Includes (Vacuum pump) and (Inhibitor pump).
- ASC SOLENOID:** Includes (O.D. cancel solenoid) and (Inhibitor solenoid).
- ASC CONTROL UNIT:** Includes (ASC control unit) and (ASC switch).
- ASC SWITCH:** Includes (ASC switch) and (ASC switch).

Legend:

- TC : Turbo model
- NT : Non-turbo model
- AT : A/T model
- MT : M/T model

ASC SWITCH SETTINGS:

ASC SWITCH	21	22	23	24	25
CANCEL	○	○	○	○	○
RESUME	○	○	○	○	○
ACCEL	○	○	○	○	○
SET	○	○	○	○	○

EL-131

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

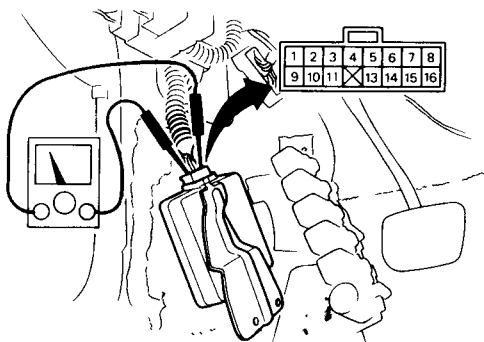
DIGITAL TYPE COMBINATION METER EQUIPPED MODEL

Refer to wiring diagram for STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

— Preparation for Trouble-shooting ————— Trouble-shooting —————

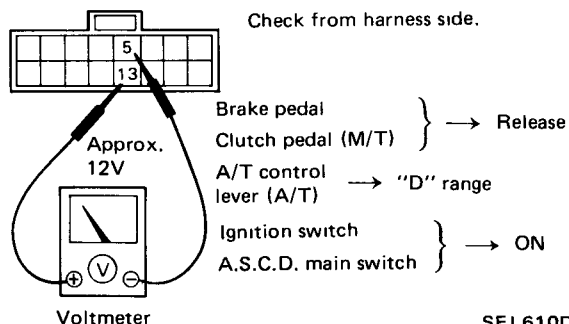
- Remove A.S.C.D. control unit with harness connected.



SEL520F

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT CHECK

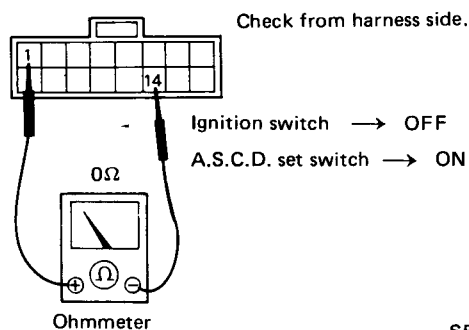
- Release brake and clutch pedals.
- Turn ignition switch to "ON".
- Turn A.S.C.D. main switch to "ON".
- Check voltage between ⑬ and ⑤.



SEL610D

SET SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- Push A.S.C.D. set switch.
- Check continuity between ① and ⑭.



SEL611D

A.S.C.D. control unit cannot be set properly.

Turn A.S.C.D. main switch "OFF" and then "ON" to make sure indicator (located above combination meter) illuminates.

Yes

No

Check for loose vacuum hose.

Check A.S.C.D. main switch and A.S.C.D. relay.

O.K.

Check power supply circuit for A.S.C.D. control unit.

O.K.

N.G.

Check stop switch, clutch switch (M/T model), inhibitor relay and inhibitor switch (A/T model).

O.K.

Check harness between A.S.C.D. power supply circuit.

Check set switch circuit for A.S.C.D. control unit.

O.K.

N.G.

Check set switch, and harness between control unit and set switch.

Go to "A.S.C.D. Actuator Check".

O.K.

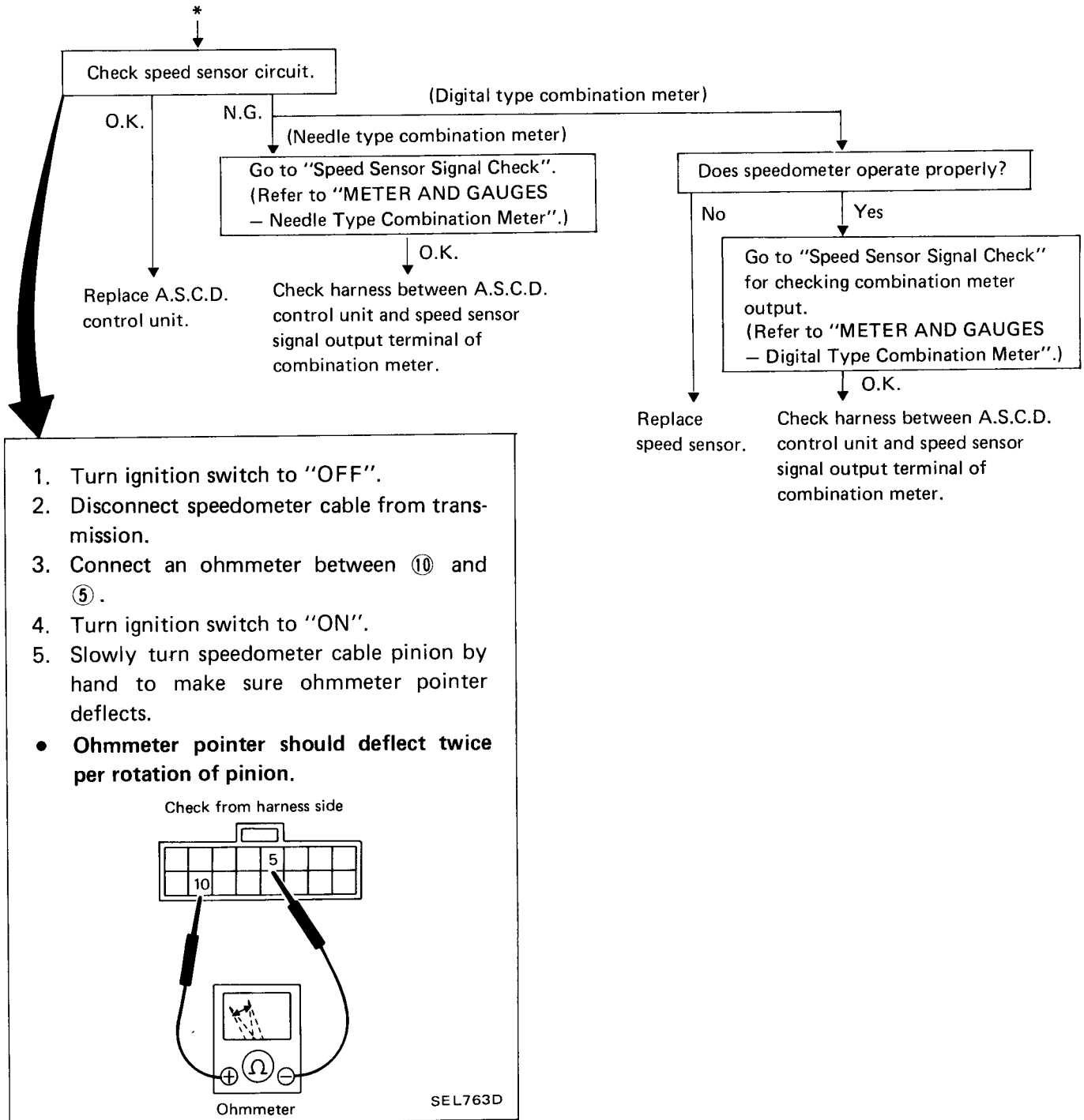
N.G.

Replace actuator.

(Next page)

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Resume switch will not operate.

Check resume switch circuit.

O.K.

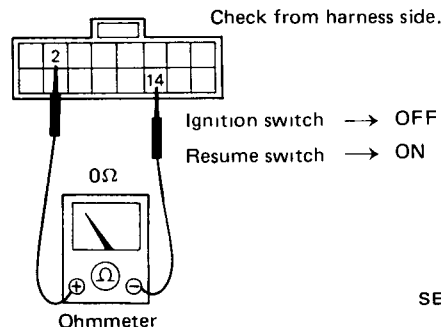
Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

N.G.

Check resume switch.

RESUME SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn resume switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ② and ⑭.



SEL612D

Accelerate switch will not operate.

Check accelerate switch circuit.

O.K.

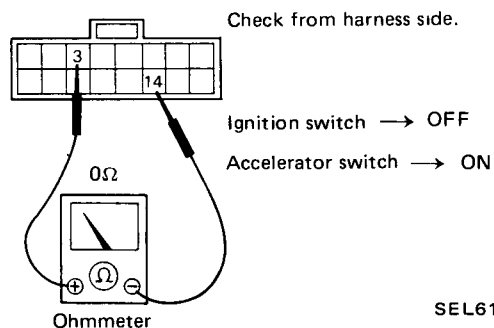
Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

N.G.

Check accelerate switch.

ACCELERATE SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn accelerate switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ③ and ⑭.



SEL613D

Engine hunts.

Check vacuum hose for breakage, cracks or fracture.

O.K.

Repair or replace hose.

N.G.

Does A.S.C.D. wire move smoothly?

O.K.

Repair or replace wire.

N.G.

Go to "Actuator Check".

O.K.

Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

N.G.

Replace actuator.

Large difference between set vehicle speed and actual speed.

Check A.S.C.D. wire and actuator move smoothly.

O.K.

Replace wire or actuator.

N.G.

Check vacuum hose for breakage, cracks or fracture.

O.K.

Repair or replace hose.

N.G.

Go to "Actuator Check".

O.K.

Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

N.G.

Replace actuator.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

A.S.C.D. Actuator Check

A/T model only:

- When A.S.C.D. is set while vehicle is operating in "O.D." range, O.D. will be cancelled and shifting to O.D. cannot be made thereafter.
- While vehicle is being driven using A.S.C.D. in "O.D." range, O.D. will not be cancelled even if actual car speed is 6 km/h (4 MPH) lower than set speed. (Set speed cannot be maintained.)

Check O.D. cancel circuit for A.S.C.D. control unit.

O.K.

Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

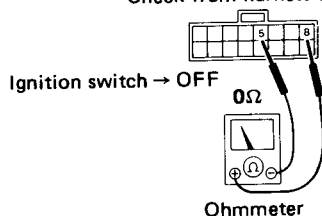
N.G.

- **Electronic-controlled A/T**
Check harness between lock-up control unit and A.S.C.D. control unit.
- **Conventional A/T**
Check harness between O.D. cancel solenoid, O.D. cancel switch and A.S.C.D. control unit.

ELECTRONIC-CONTROLLED A/T EQUIPPED MODEL (E4N71B)

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- Check continuity between ⑧ and ⑤.

Check from harness side

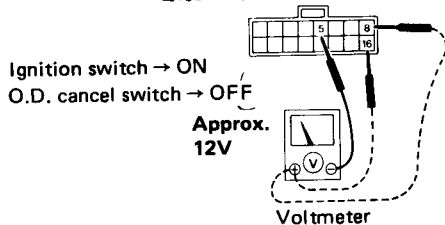


SEL737D

CONVENTIONAL A/T EQUIPPED MODEL (4N71B)

- Turn ignition switch to "ON".
- Turn O.D. cancel switch to "OFF".
- Check voltage ⑧ - ⑤ and ⑩ - ⑤.

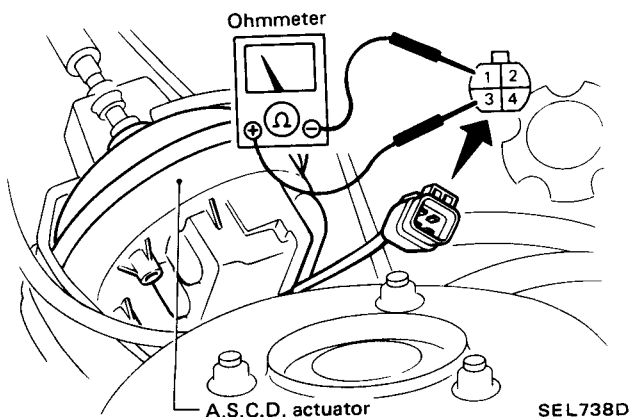
Check from harness side



SEL741D

1. Check continuity between terminal ① and terminals ②, ③ and ④.

Continuity exist ... O.K.



CAUTION:

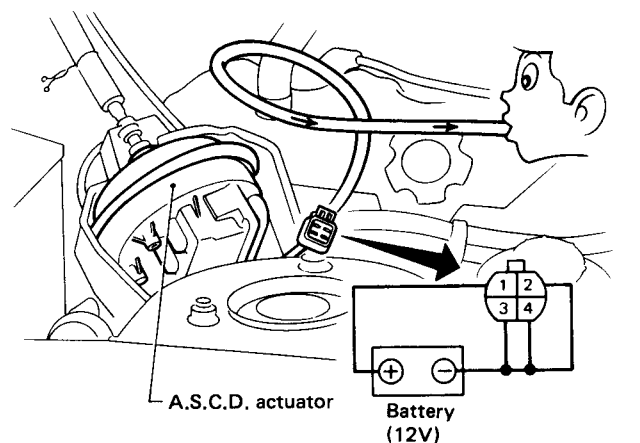
Do not attempt to remove valves from actuator.

2. Connect battery (approx. 12V) to harness connector of actuator as shown below, and apply vacuum to actuator.

If diaphragm moves smoothly, actuator is O.K.

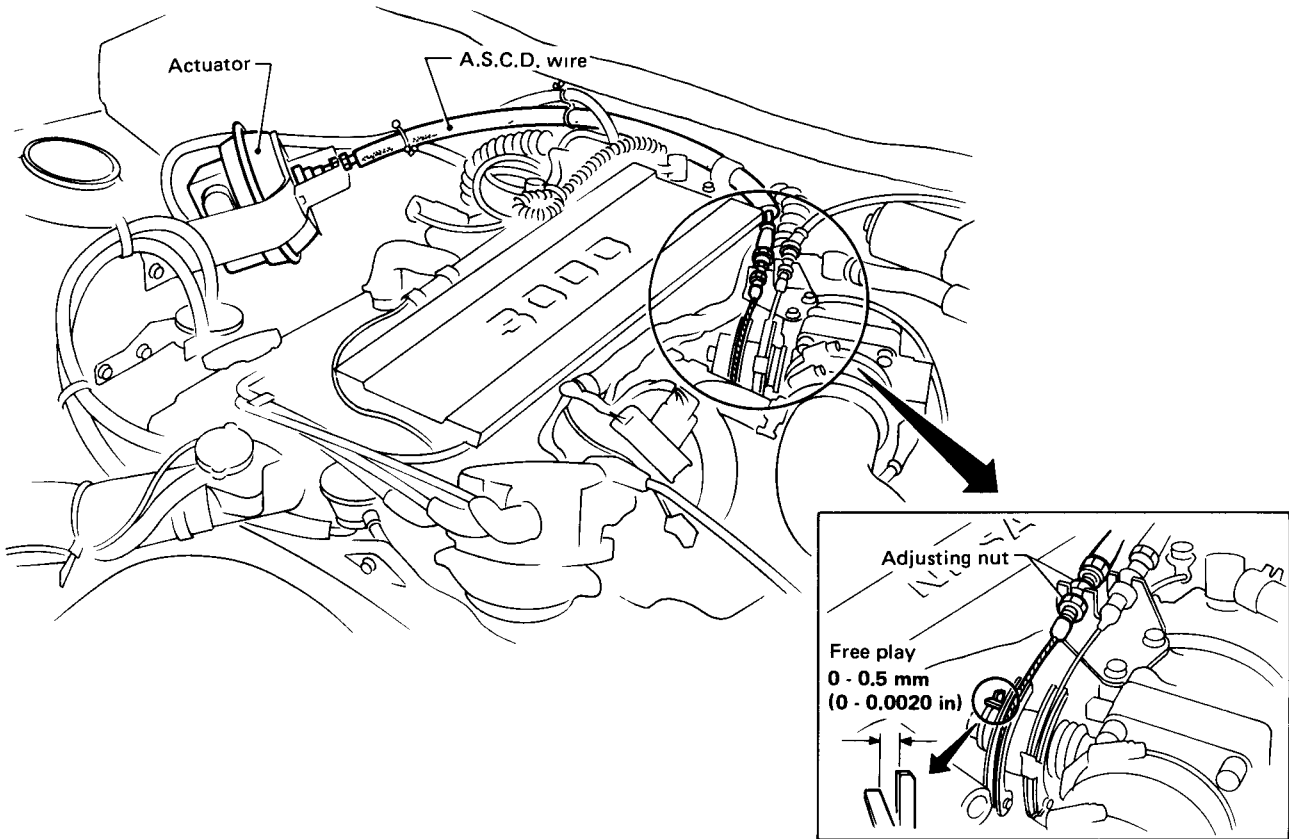
CAUTION:

When checking actuator by applying vacuum, do not apply engine vacuum directly as it is too strong to check actuator properly.



AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

A.S.C.D. Wire Adjustment



SEL740D

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist wire when removing it.
- Be careful not to pinch vacuum hose when installing actuator.
- Do not tighten wire excessively during adjustment.

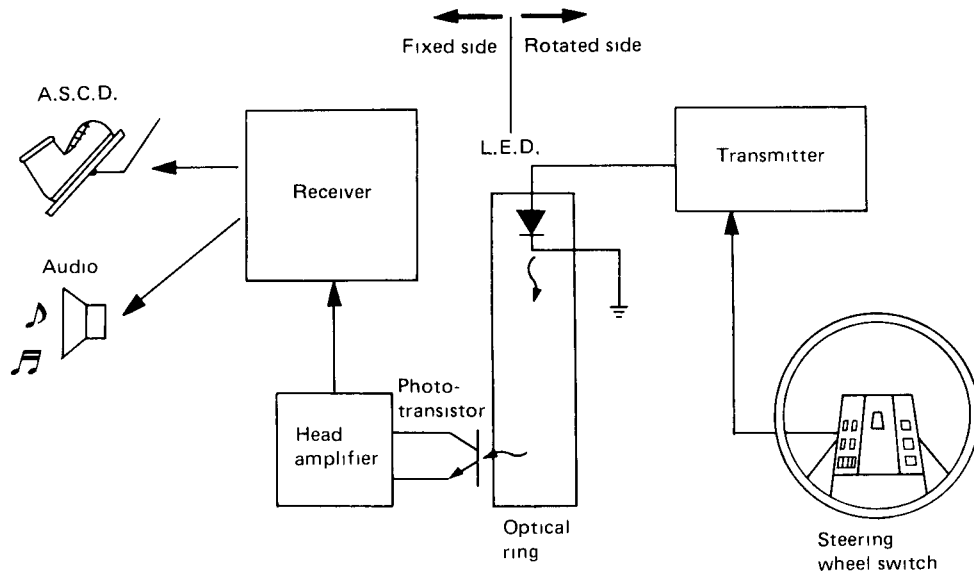
Without depressing the accelerator pedal, adjust wire tension with adjusting nut.

Wire free play (at throttle lever):
0 - 0.5 mm (0 - 0.020 in)

- For A.S.C.D. stop switch and clutch switch adjustment, refer to BR and CL sections.
- For vacuum pump and tank check, refer to HA section.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Description



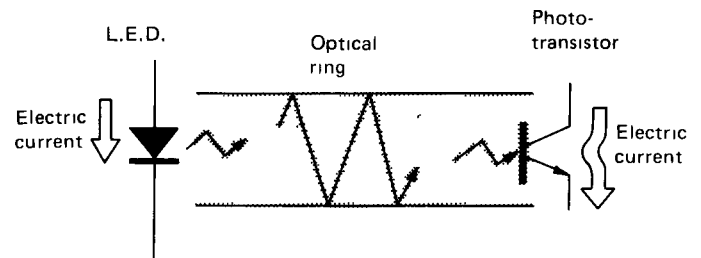
SEL647E

The steering wheel switch system transmits the on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel to the receiver optically and operates A.S.C.D. and audio.

HOW TO TRANSMIT SWITCH SIGNAL OPTICALLY

- (1) The on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel is converted into an L.E.D. on-off signal by the transmitter.
- (2) This L.E.D. signal (optical signal) is transmitted to the photo-transistor through the optical ring.
- (3) The optical signal is re-converted into electrical signal by the photo-transistor and transmitted to the receiver. Receiver controls A.S.C.D. and radio.

By the three steps mentioned above, the on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel is optically transmitted.



SEL648E

L.E.D. (Light Emitting Diode):

A diode which emits light when voltage is applied.

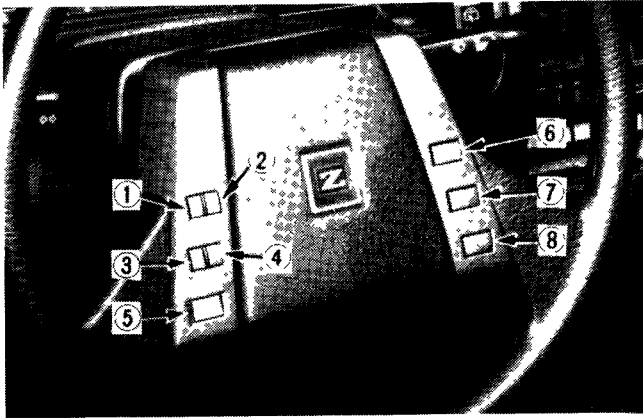
Photo-transistor:

A transistor which allows current to flow when light is applied.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Description (Cont'd)

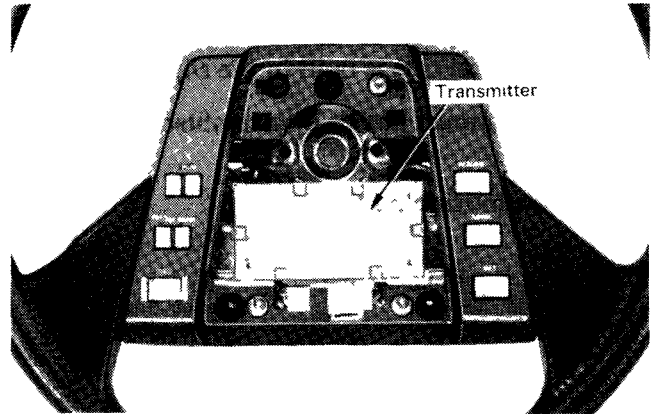
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH



- If two or more audio switches or A.S.C.D. switches are pressed simultaneously, all the pressed switches will be cancelled.
- If one switch is pressed while pressing another, the second one pressed will be cancelled.

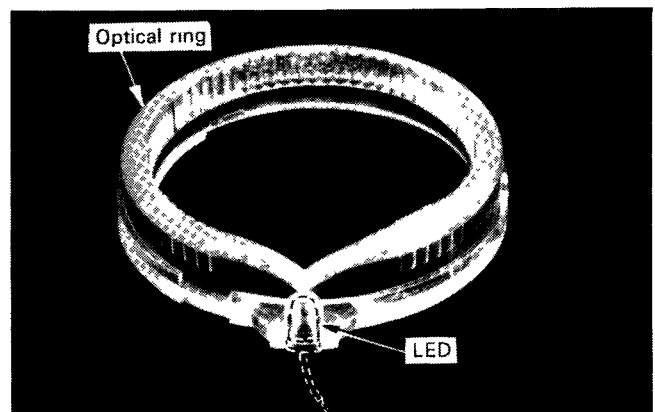
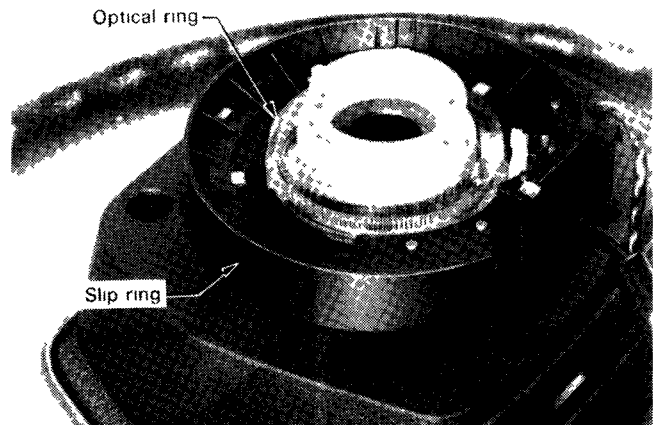
	Switch		Function
For Audio	①	SW	Power ON/OFF
	②	PLAY	Tape deck play
	③	AM/FM	AM/FM band selection
	④	SCAN	SCAN tuning (for radio) Auto program search (for tape deck)
	⑤	VOL	Volume
For A.S.C.D.	⑥	RESUME	Deceleration and resuming
	⑦	ACCEL	Acceleration
	⑧	SET	Cruising speed setting

TRANSMITTER



The transmitter is a device which converts the signal from the steering wheel switch into intermittent current in order to flash the L.E.D.

OPTICAL RING



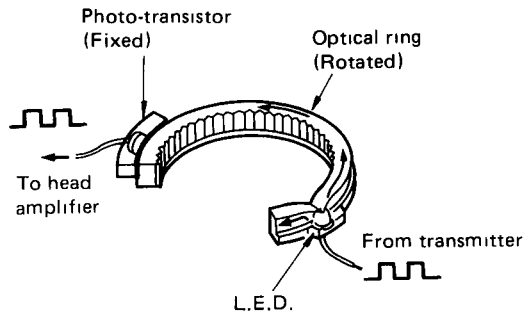
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Description (Cont'd)

- The steering wheel switch system uses an acrylic optical ring, and this optical ring functions in the same way as optical fiber. The optical ring is built in the slip ring.

The slip ring must not be disassembled.

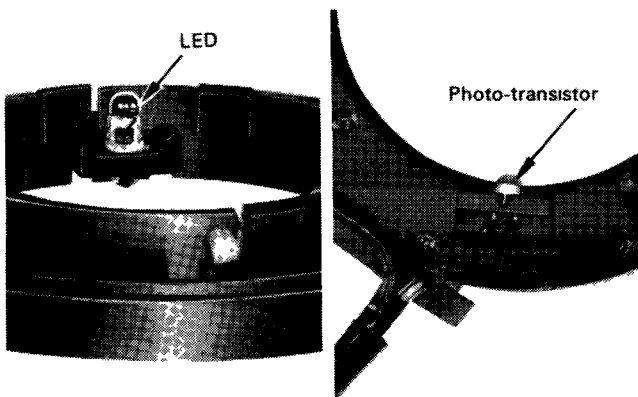
Light transmission path:



SEL649E

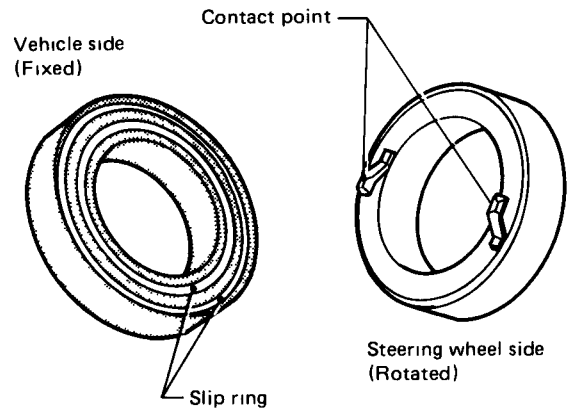
- As the L.E.D. embedded in the optical ring lights, its light moves forward while repeating reflection on the side wall of the ring. It eventually will reach the photo-transistor placed on the outer periphery of the ring.

L.E.D. and photo-transistor:



- The L.E.D. and optical ring are mounted on the steering wheel side of the slip ring and rotate with the steering wheel.
- The photo-transistor is mounted on the vehicle side of the slip ring and it does not rotate.

SLIP RING

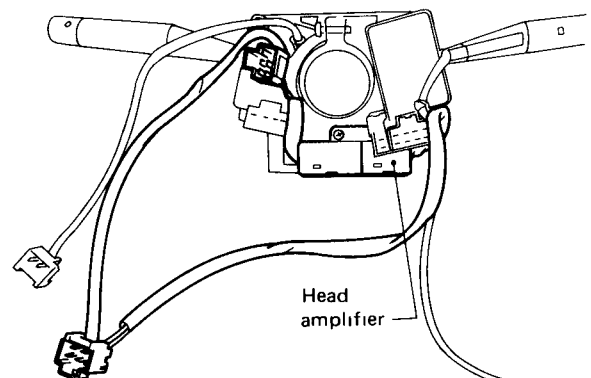


SEL650E

- Power for the transmitter is fed from the vehicle side through the slip ring.
- The horn switch circuit is connected to the vehicle side through the slip ring.

The slip ring must not be disassembled.

HEAD AMPLIFIER



SEL651E

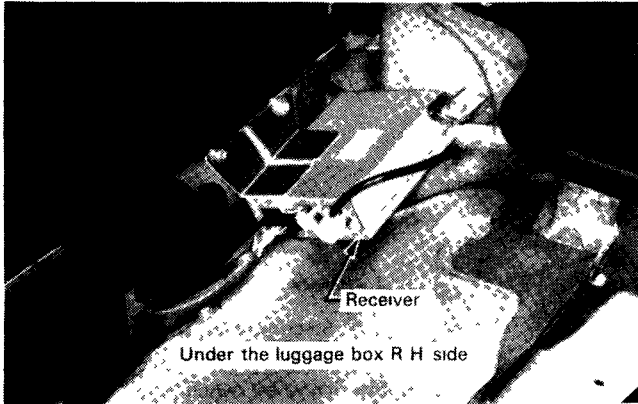
The photo-transistor allows a minimal amount of current to flow as it receives light. The head amplifier amplifies this current and sends it to the receiver.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

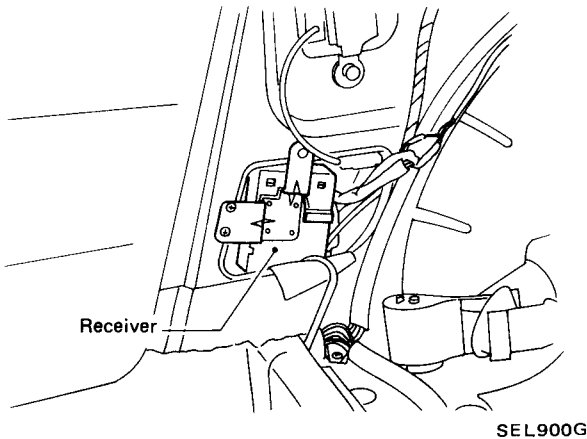
Description (Cont'd)

RECEIVER

2 seater model

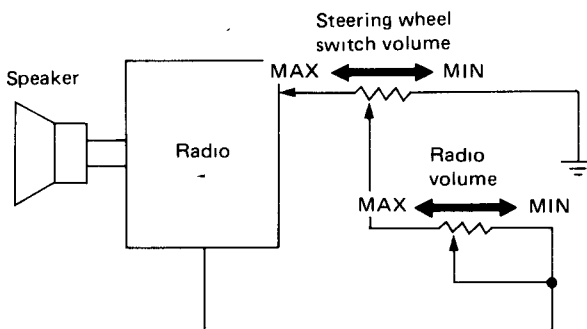


2+2 seater model



The receiver activates the radio or A.S.C.D. drive circuit corresponding to the steering wheel switch signal sent from the head amplifier.

AUDIO VOLUME CONTROL

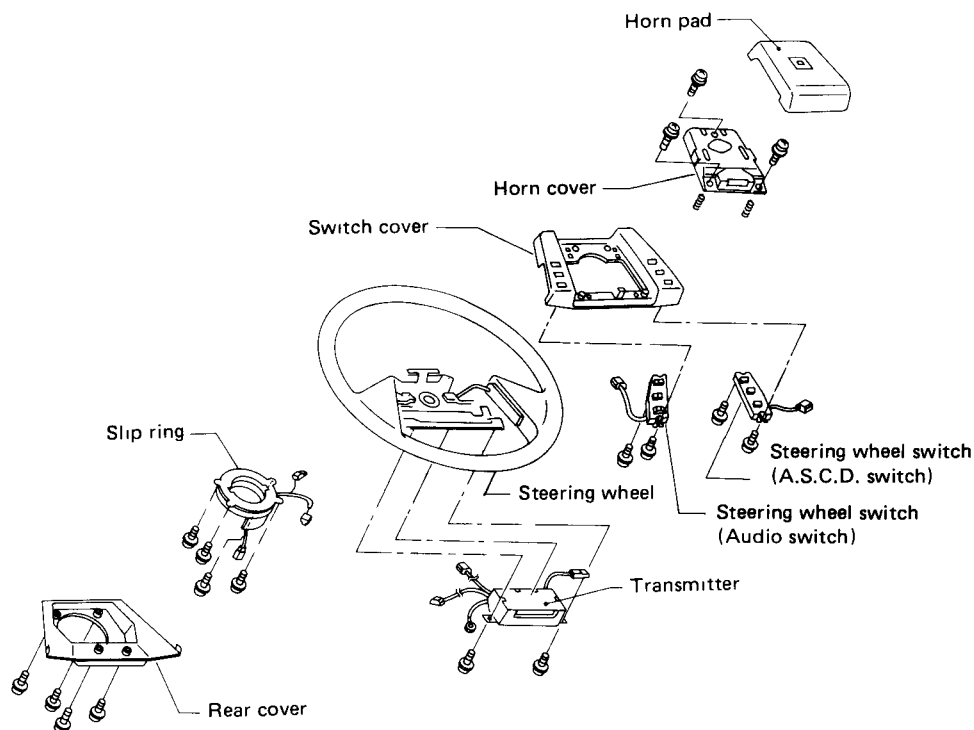


SEL652E

- The volume control on the steering wheel switch is connected in series with the volume control on the radio.
- When the volume control on the radio is set to a minimum, no sound will be heard from the loudspeaker even if the steering wheel switch volume control is adjusted.
- Sound level from the loudspeaker will be at the maximum when the steering wheel switch volume control is set to the maximum with the volume control on the radio also set to the maximum.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation

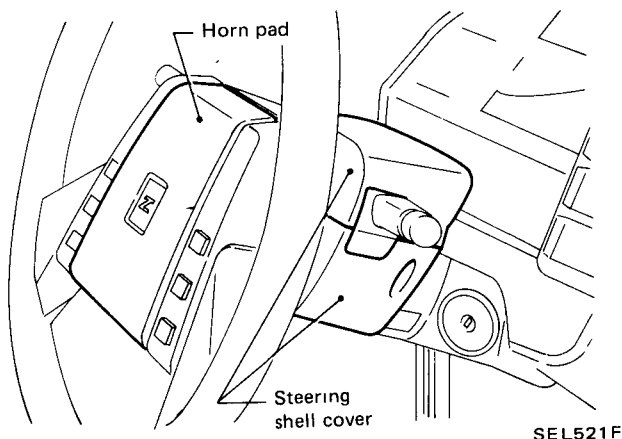


SEL653E

STEERING WHEEL REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

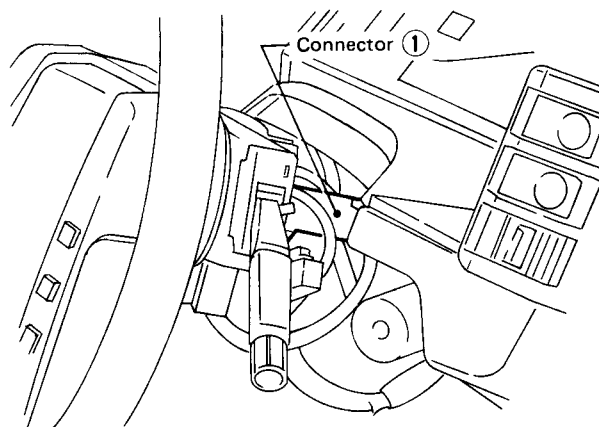
To prevent the steering wheel switch from being damaged, be sure to observe the following procedure:

- When removing the steering wheel:
1. Remove the horn pad and both sections of the steering shell cover.



SEL521F

2. Disconnect the connector ① first and then loosen the steering nut and remove steering wheel.

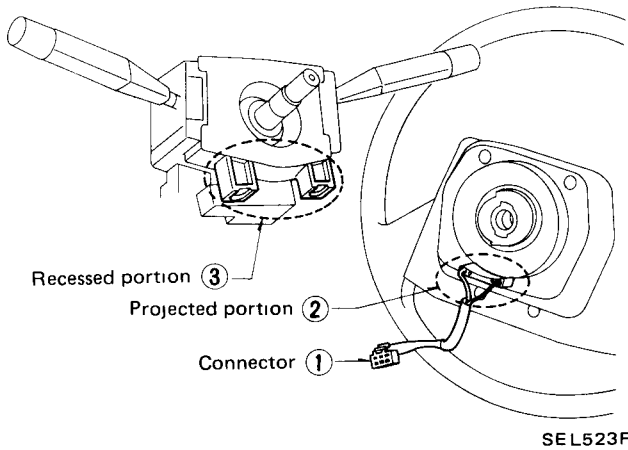


SEL522F

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

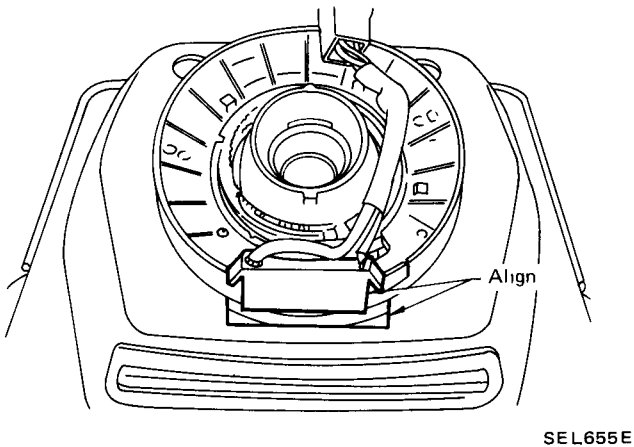
Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

- When installing the steering wheel:
First determine the slip ring position so that the projected portion ② of the slip ring will fit in the recessed portion ③ of the combination switch. Then install the steering wheel.



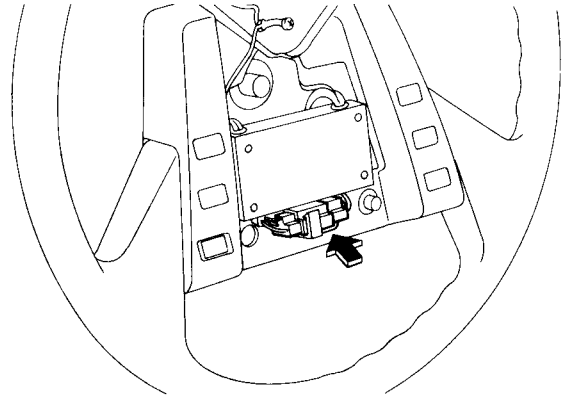
STEERING WHEEL REAR COVER REMOVAL

- Remove the rear cover with the projected portion of the slip ring fitted into the cutout portion of the rear cover.



SLIP RING REMOVAL

- Remove the connector joining the slip ring and transmitter after removing the transmitter mounting screws. Then remove the transmitter.



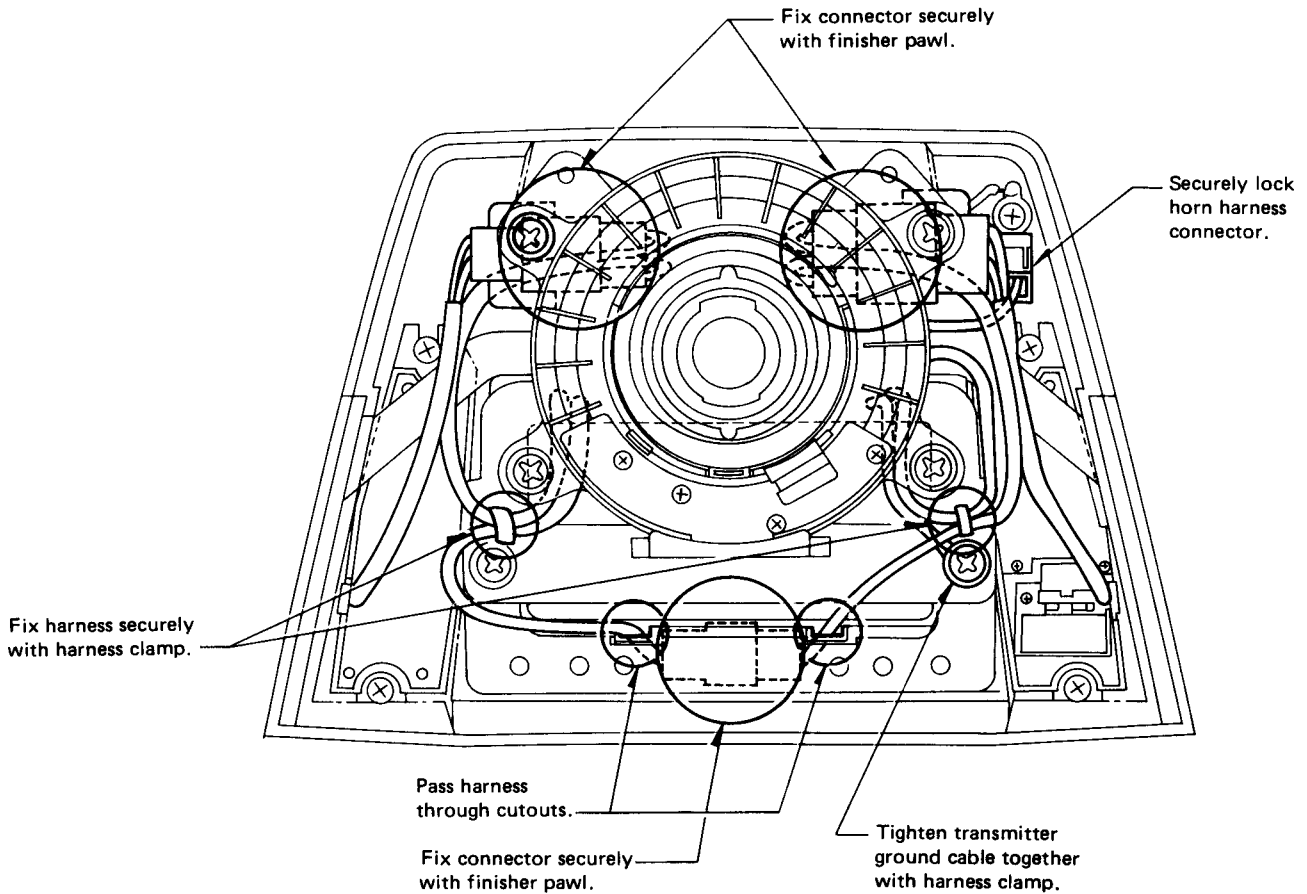
SEL656E

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

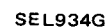
TRANSMITTER AND SLIP RING INSTALLATION

- When installing the transmitter and slip ring, arrange and secure the harnesses and connectors as shown in the following figure.

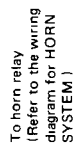


SEL657E

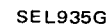
Schematic



Wiring Diagram

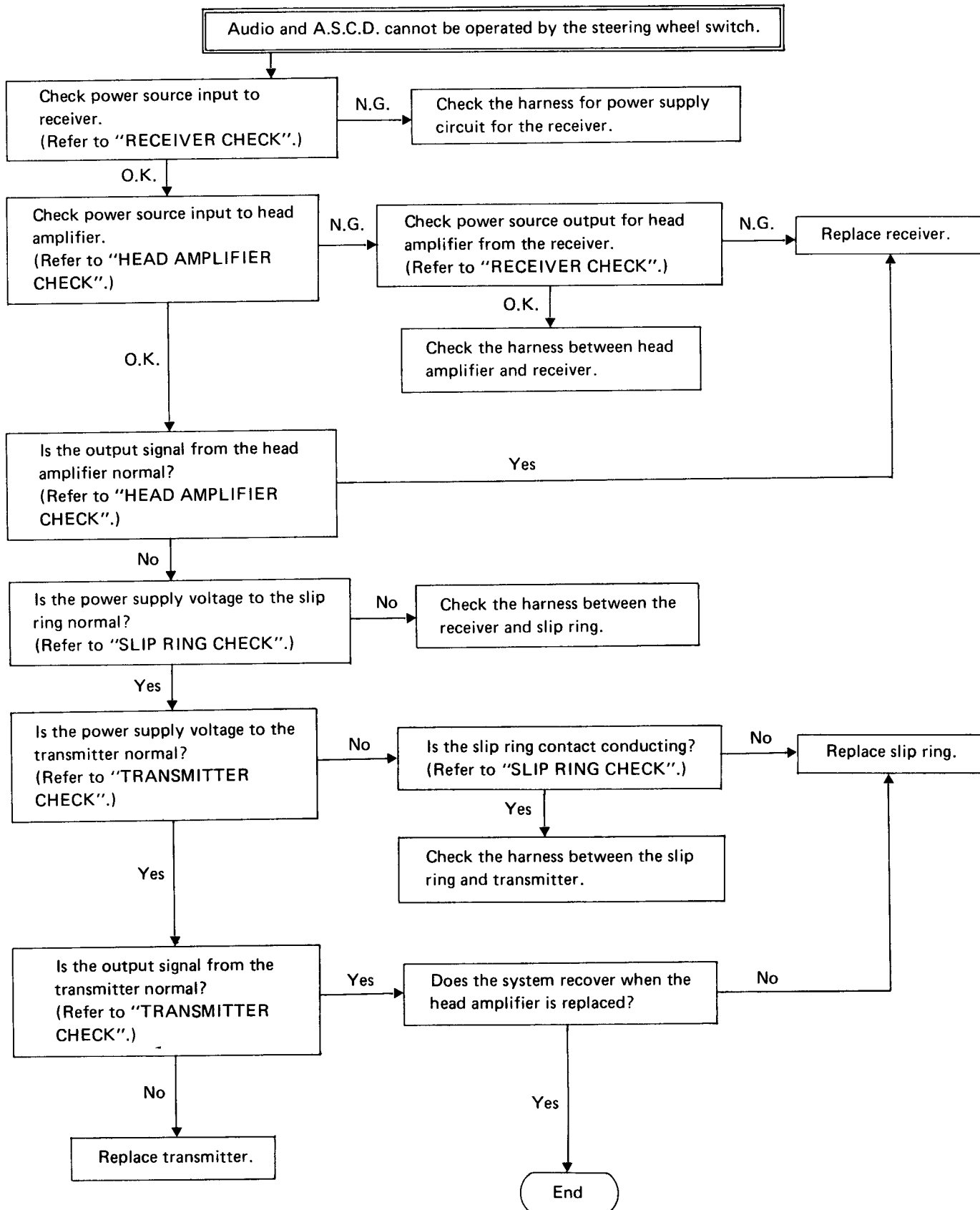


Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



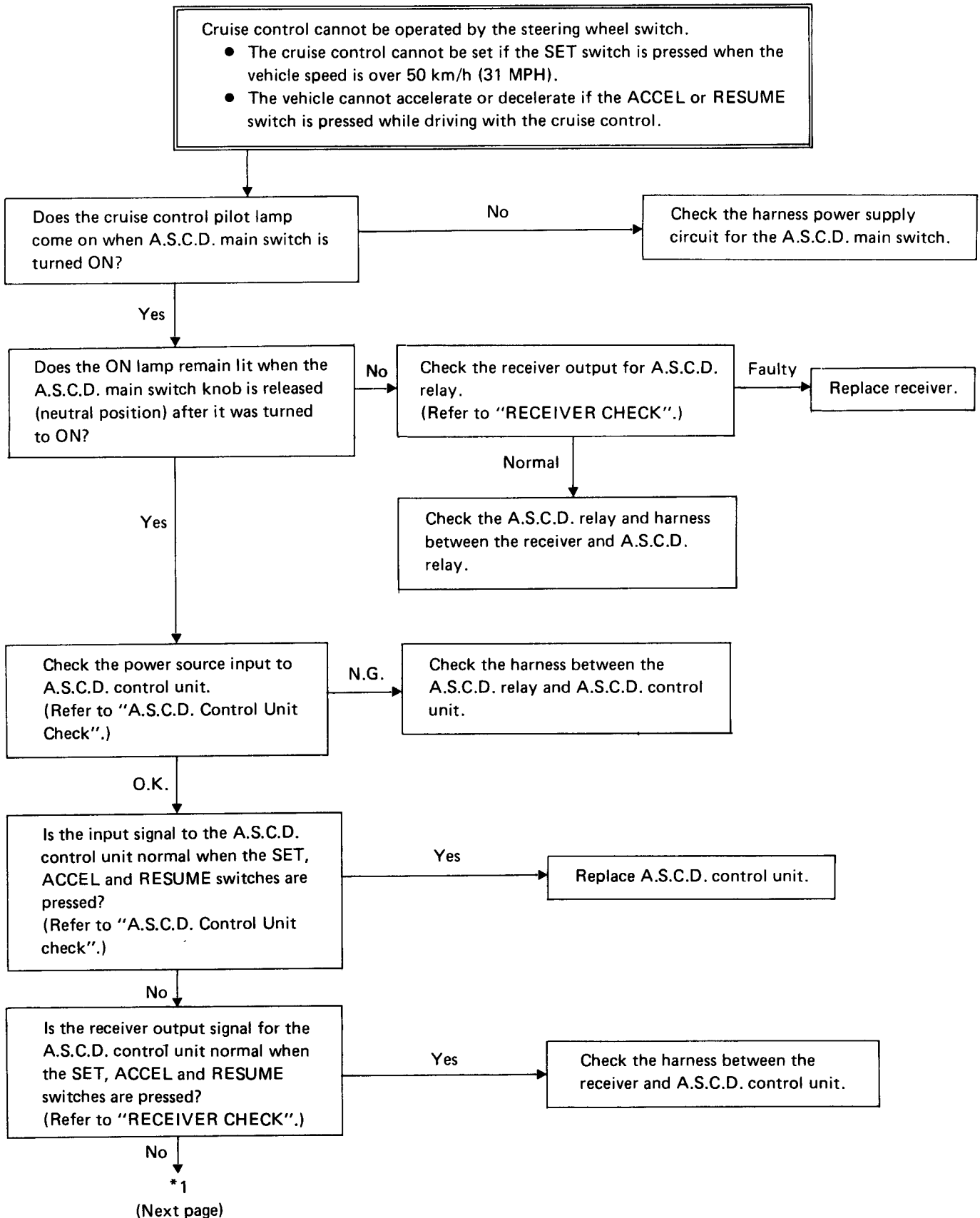
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting



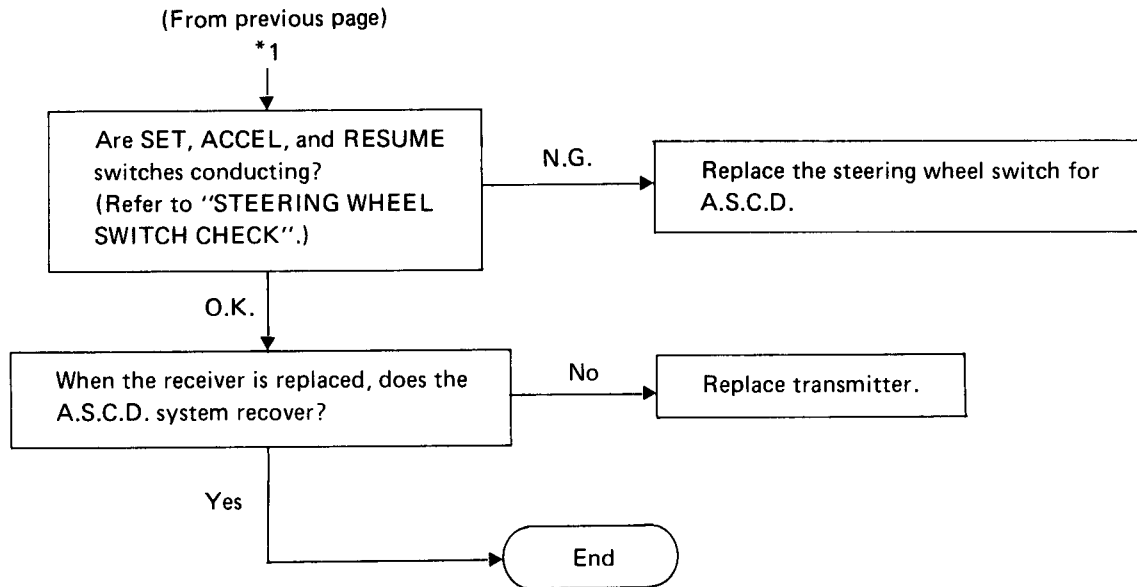
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



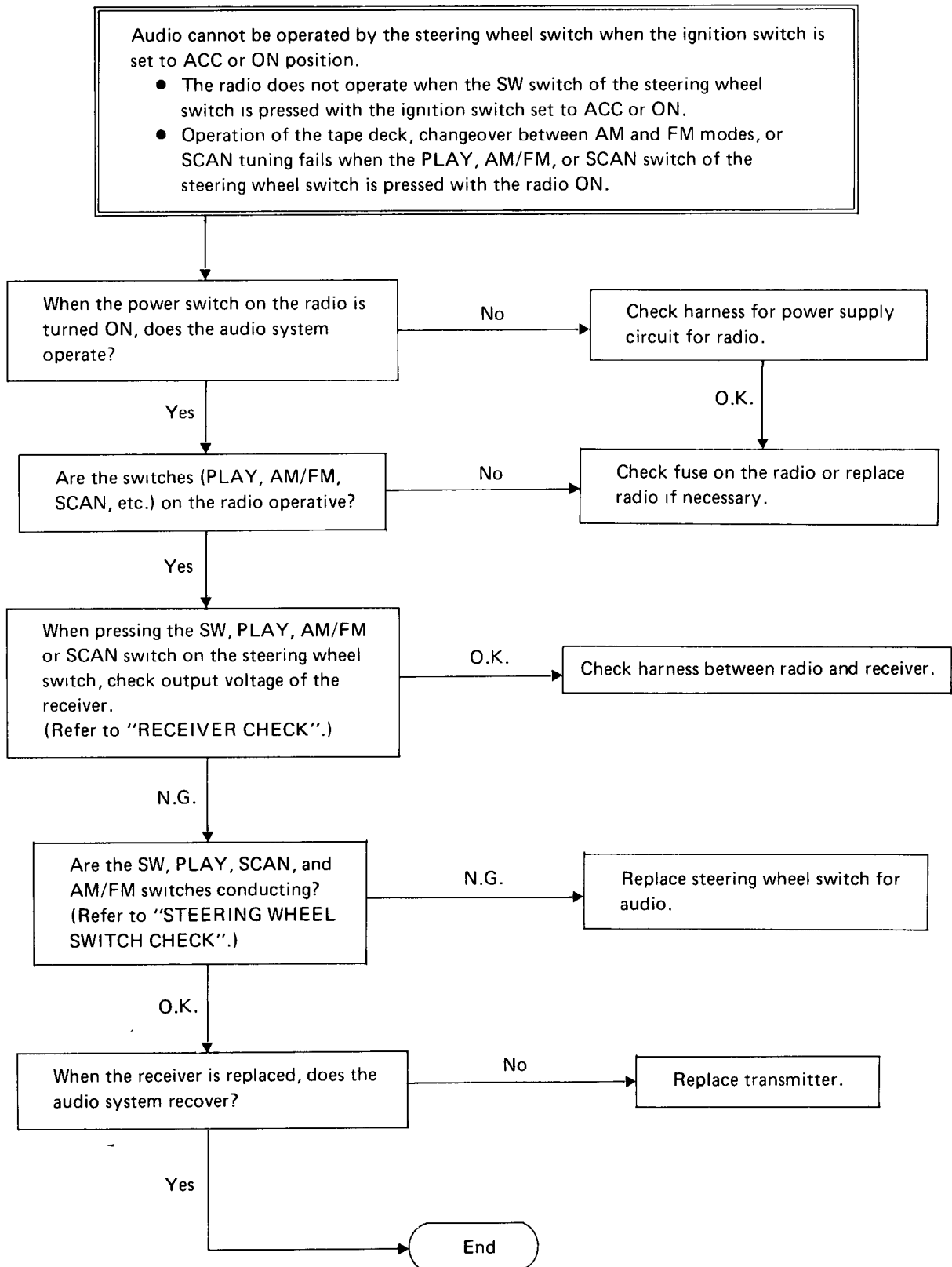
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



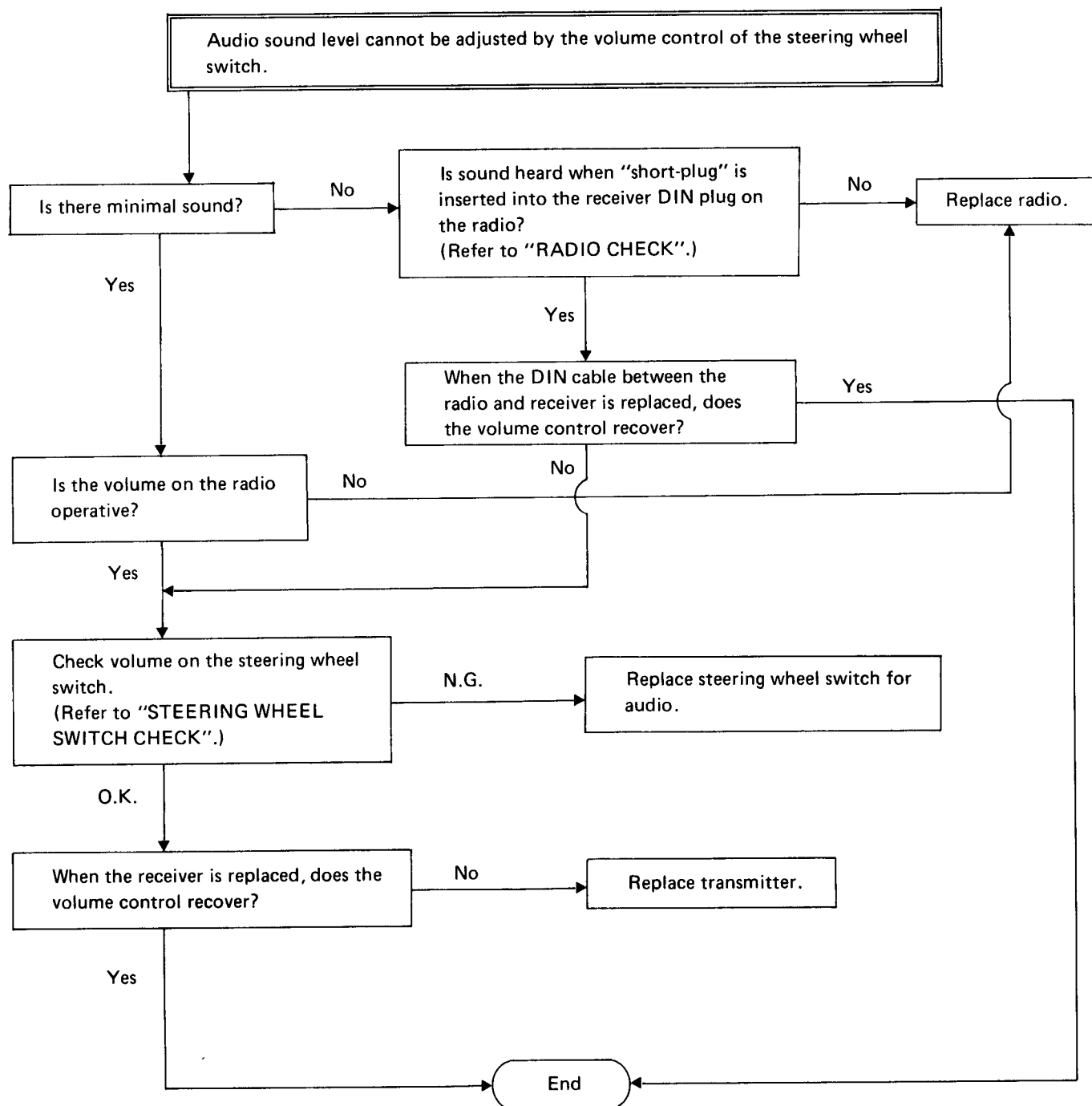
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Radio volume decrease when the steering is turned rapidly under extremely low temperature conditions.

This results from a poor ground connection inside the steering column bearing. To correct the incident, apply low temperature grease to the steering column bearing as follows.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. Disconnect the battery ground cable.
2. Remove the horn pad, horn cover, and both sections of the steering shell cover.
3. Disconnect the steering switch transmitter harness connector from the rear of the combination switch.
4. Remove the steering wheel, using the tool and procedure described in the 1984 300ZX Service Manual, page ST-2.
5. Apply the low temperature grease to the steering column shaft bearing as follows:
 - 1) Place the turn signal switch in neutral position to prevent grease from getting on the turn signal cancel cam.
 - 2) Carefully apply approximately 1 mℓ (0.03 US fl oz, 0.04 Imp fl oz) of grease to the steering column bearing.

To facilitate application of the grease, a cone of paper or vinyl film is suggested.

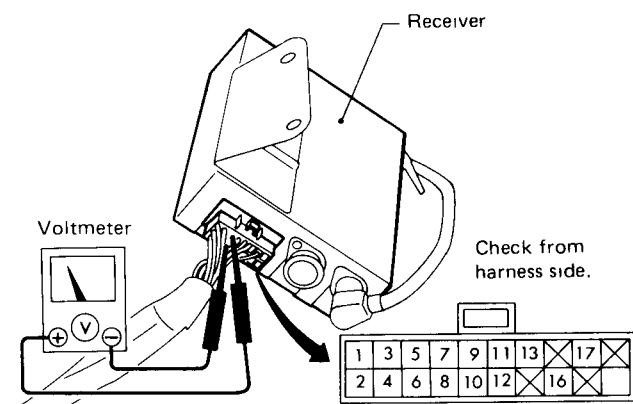
- 3) Temporarily install the steering wheel. Insure that the projected portion of the slip ring fits in the recessed portion of the combination switch. Turn the steering wheel fully to the left and right a couple of times, taking care to prevent damage to the projected portion of the slip ring.
- 4) Remove the steering wheel.
- 5) Repeat steps.b, c, and d.
- 6) Make sure that grease is applied to the entire bearing.
6. Install the steering wheel on the shaft in a straight ahead position. Be sure that the projected portion of the slip ring fits in the recessed portion of the combination switch.

7. Connect steering switch transmitter harness connector to combination switch.
8. Install horn cover, horn pad and both sections of the combination switch housing.
9. Connect battery ground cable.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Receiver Check

1. Remove luggage box.
2. Remove receiver with harness connected.
3. Turn ignition switch to ON.
4. Check voltage between terminals referring to the chart below.



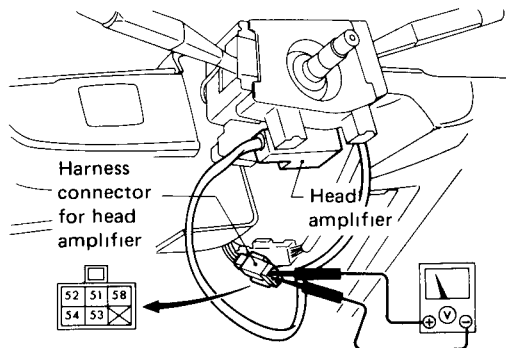
SEL660E

Check item	Voltmeter terminal		Switch condition	Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)		
Power source input	IG	①	—	Approx. 12
	ACC	②		
Power source output for head amplifier and slip ring	③	④	—	Approx. 12
Output for A.S.C.D. relay	⑤	④	A.S.C.D. main switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
Output for A.S.C.D. control unit	⑦	④	SET switch ON	Approx. 12
	⑧	④	RESUME switch ON	Approx. 12
	⑨	④	ACCEL switch ON	Approx. 12
Output for audio system (Check voltage while operating the SW, PLAY, SCAN or FM/AM on the steering wheel switch.)	⑩	④	SW switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
	⑪	④	PLAY switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
	⑫	④	SCAN switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
	⑬	④	AM/FM switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Head Amplifier Check

1. Remove steering column cover.
2. Turn ignition switch to ON.
3. Check voltage between terminals at harness connector for head amplifier referring to chart below.
(Leave the harness connector for head amplifier to be connected.)



Check from head amplifier side.

SEL661E

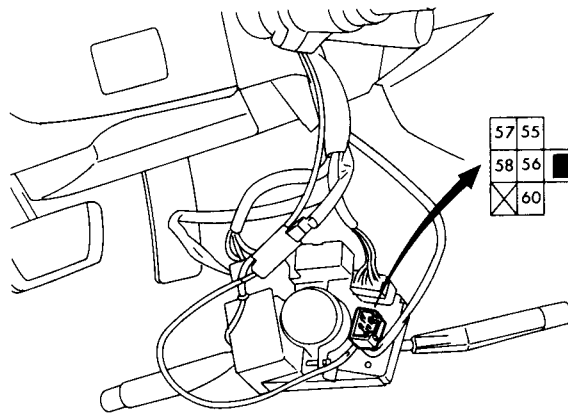
Check item	Voltmeter terminals		Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)	
Power supply input	⑤①	⑤②	Approx. 12
Output for receiver	⑤③	⑤④	Approx. 2 - 4

Slip Ring Check

POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE CHECK

1. Remove steering column cover.
2. Disconnect harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch.
3. Remove steering wheel.
4. Remove combination switch with harness connected.
5. Check voltage between terminals ⑤⑦ and ⑥⑩ when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 12V

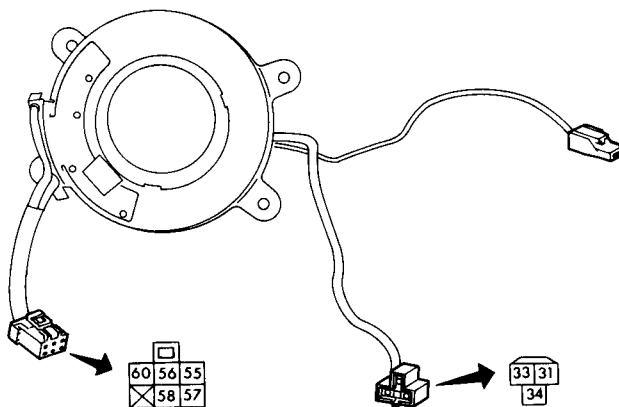


SEL662E

CONTINUITY CHECK

1. Remove slip ring from steering wheel.
2. Check continuity between terminals ⑤⑦ and ③①.

Continuity exists ... O.K.



SEL663E

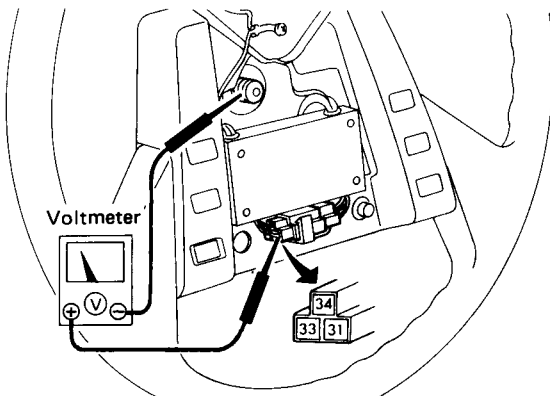
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Transmitter Check

POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE CHECK

1. Connect the harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch.
2. Install steering wheel on the column shaft.
3. Connect the voltmeter probe to:
(+) terminal ... ③①
(-) terminal ... Steering column shaft
4. Check voltage when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 12V

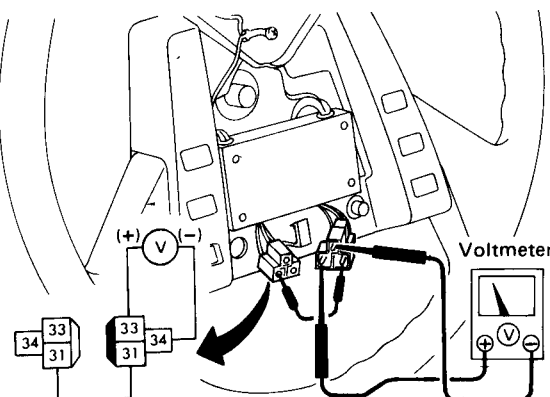


SEL664E

OUTPUT SIGNAL CHECK

1. Disconnect harness connector between transmitter and slip ring.
2. Connect terminals ③① and ③① with a suitable wire.
3. Check voltage between terminals ③③ and ③④ when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 2 - 4V



SEL665E

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Steering Wheel Switch Check

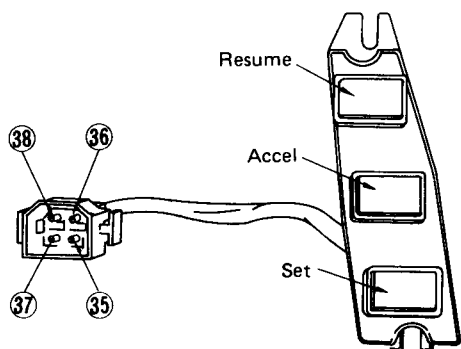
1. Disconnect harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch.
2. Remove steering wheel.
3. Remove steering wheel rear cover.
4. Disconnect harness connector between steering wheel switch and transmitter.
5. Remove steering wheel switches.

A.S.C.D. SWITCH CHECK

- Check continuity while pressing each switch.

Below 300Ω ... O.K.

	OFF	SET	ACCEL	RESUME
35		○		
36		○	○	
37		○	○	○
38		○	○	○



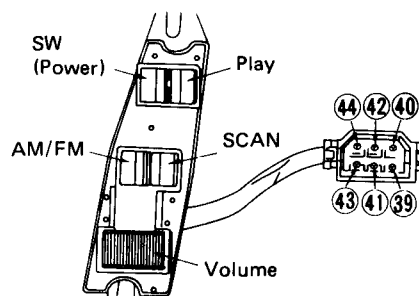
SEL666E

AUDIO SWITCH CHECK

- Check continuity while pressing each switch.

Below 300Ω ... O.K.

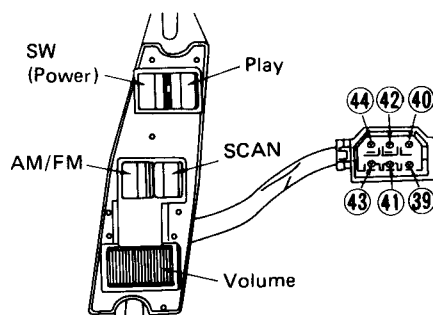
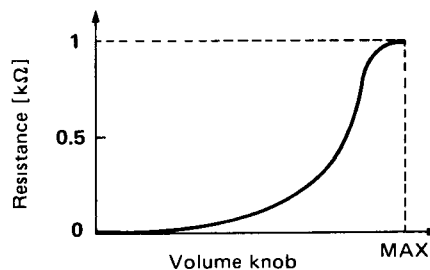
	OFF	SW (Power)	PLAY	SCAN	AM/FM
39		○			
40		○	○		
41		○	○	○	
42		○	○	○	○
44		○	○	○	○



SEL667E

VOLUME CHECK

- Measure resistance between terminals 43 and 44 while operating the volume.

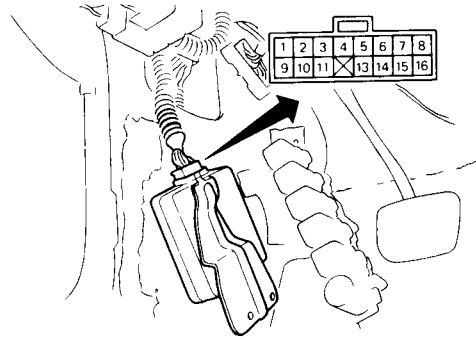


SEL668E

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

A.S.C.D. Control Unit Check

1. Remove A.S.C.D. control unit with harness connected.
2. Check terminal voltage referring to chart below.



SEL736D

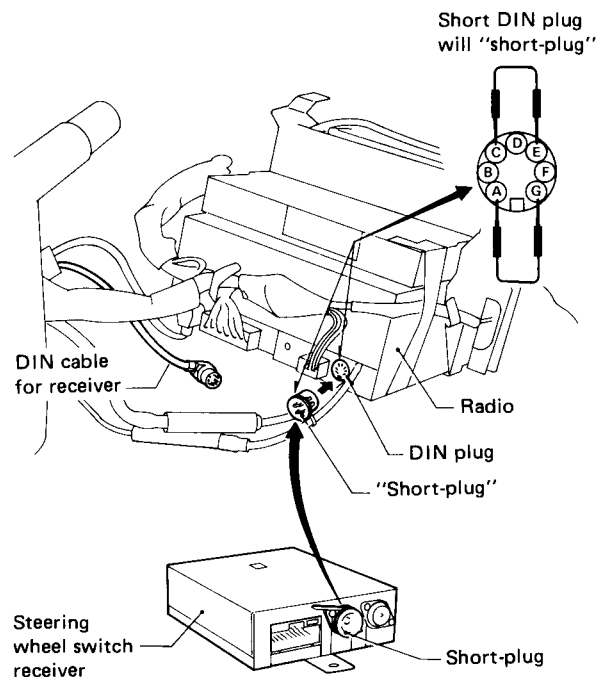
Check item	Voltmeter terminals		Switch condition	Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)		
Power source input	⑭	⑤	A.S.C.D. main switch ON	Approx. 12
Input signal	①	⑤	SET switch ON	Approx. 12
	②	⑤	RESUME switch ON	Approx. 12
	③	⑤	ACCEL switch ON	Approx. 12

Radio Check

1. Remove radio with harness connected.
2. Disconnect DIN cable for steering wheel switch receiver from radio.
3. Remove luggage box.
4. Remove "short-plug" from steering wheel switch receiver.
5. Connect the "short-plug" to radio.
6. Check the sound when the radio is turned on.

The radio is normal if there is sound.

7. After finishing this check, be sure to re-install the "short-plug" on the steering wheel switch receiver.



SEL669E

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Note:

Location of Electrical Units

-
- Diagram illustrating the location of various components for the alarm system on a car:
- Hood switch (Fig. 1)
 - Thief warning main control amp & sub control amp (under assist seat) (Fig. 2)
 - Power door lock switch (Fig. 5)
 - Door switch (Fig. 3)
 - Door lock switch
 - Door unlock switch
 - Door key cylinder tamper switch (Fig. 4)
 - Back door switch (Fig. 7)
 - Back door unlock switch
 - Back door key cylinder tamper switch (Fig. 8)
 - Power door lock actuator (Fig. 6)
 - Theft warning relays (Relay box)

The diagram shows the SEL526F door switch assembly, which includes a door switch unit with a roller and a cable. The cable has three conductors: a red wire (labeled 51), a green wire (labeled 61), and a black wire (labeled 53). The black wire is connected to a ground terminal (labeled 63). The red wire is connected to the 'DOOR SWITCH' terminal of the door switch unit. The green wire is connected to the 'BODY GROUND' terminal of the door switch unit. The door switch unit has three terminals: 'DOOR SWITCH', 'RELEASE', and 'PUSH'. The 'DOOR SWITCH' terminal is connected to the red wire (51). The 'RELEASE' terminal is connected to the green wire (61). The 'PUSH' terminal is connected to the black wire (53). The 'BODY GROUND' terminal is connected to the black wire (53).

DOOR	OPEN	CLOSED
SWITCH	RELEASE	PUSH
51 61		
52 62		
53 63		
BODY GROUND		

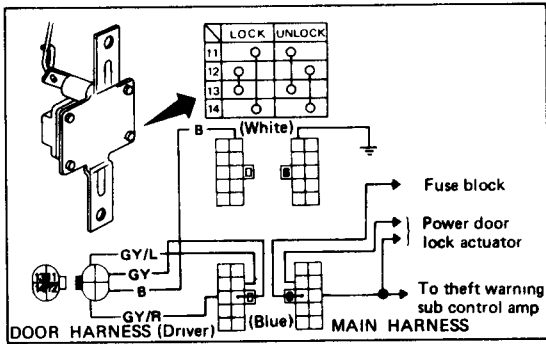
SEL526F

EL-160

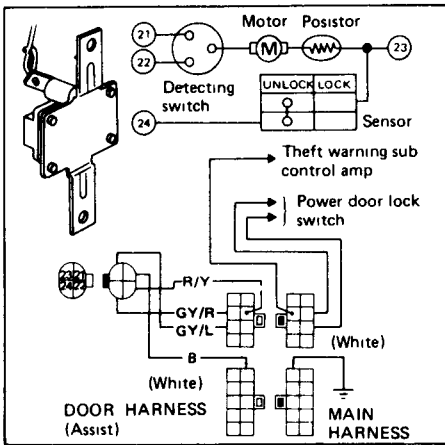
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Operation of Switches and Sensors (Cont'd)

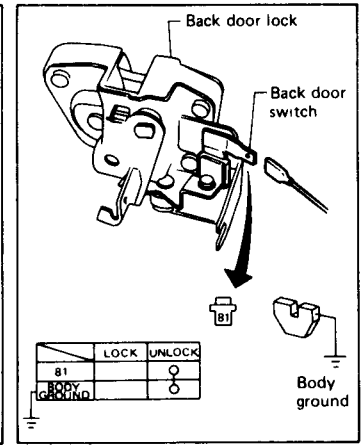
Power door lock switch (Fig. 5)



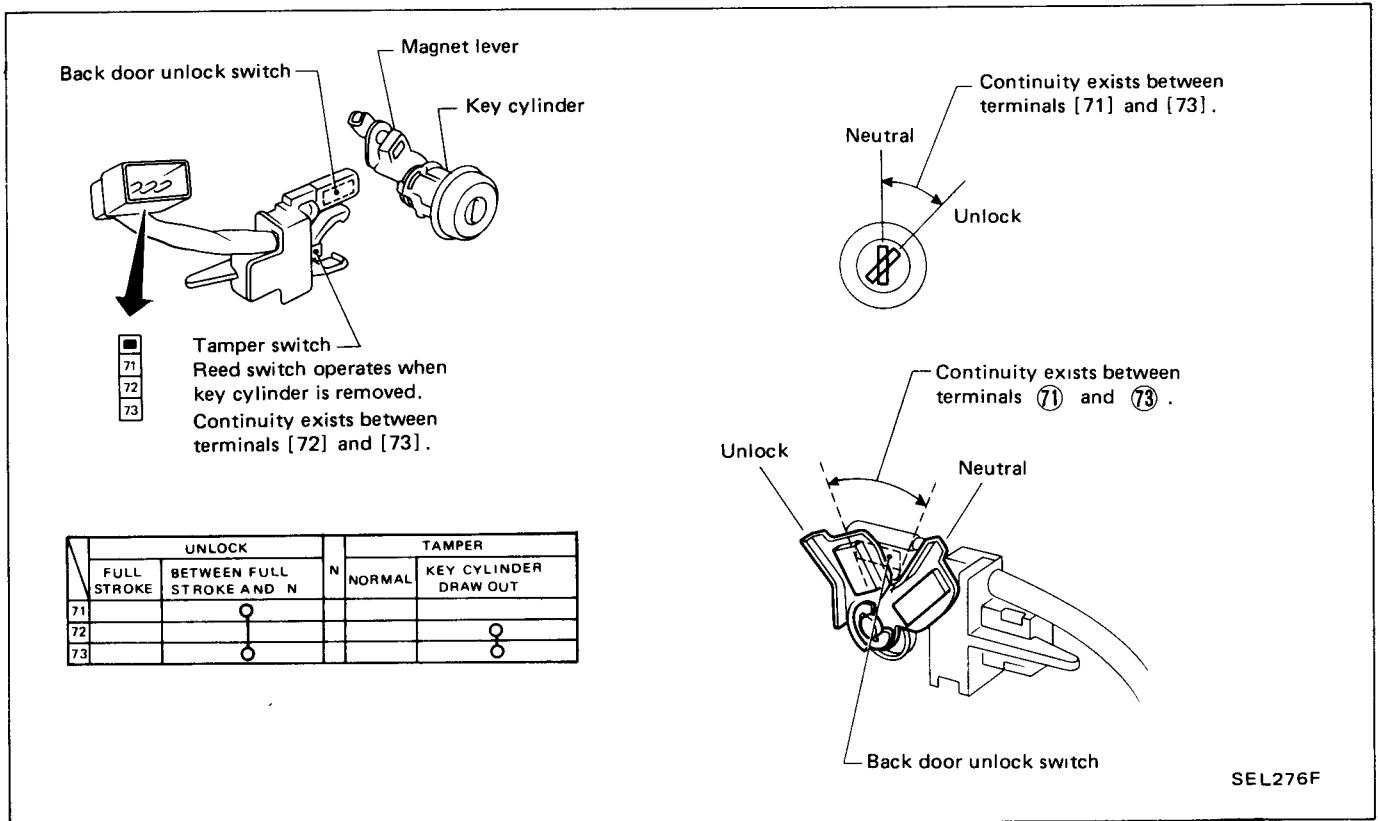
Power door lock actuator (Fig. 6)



Back door switch (Fig. 7)

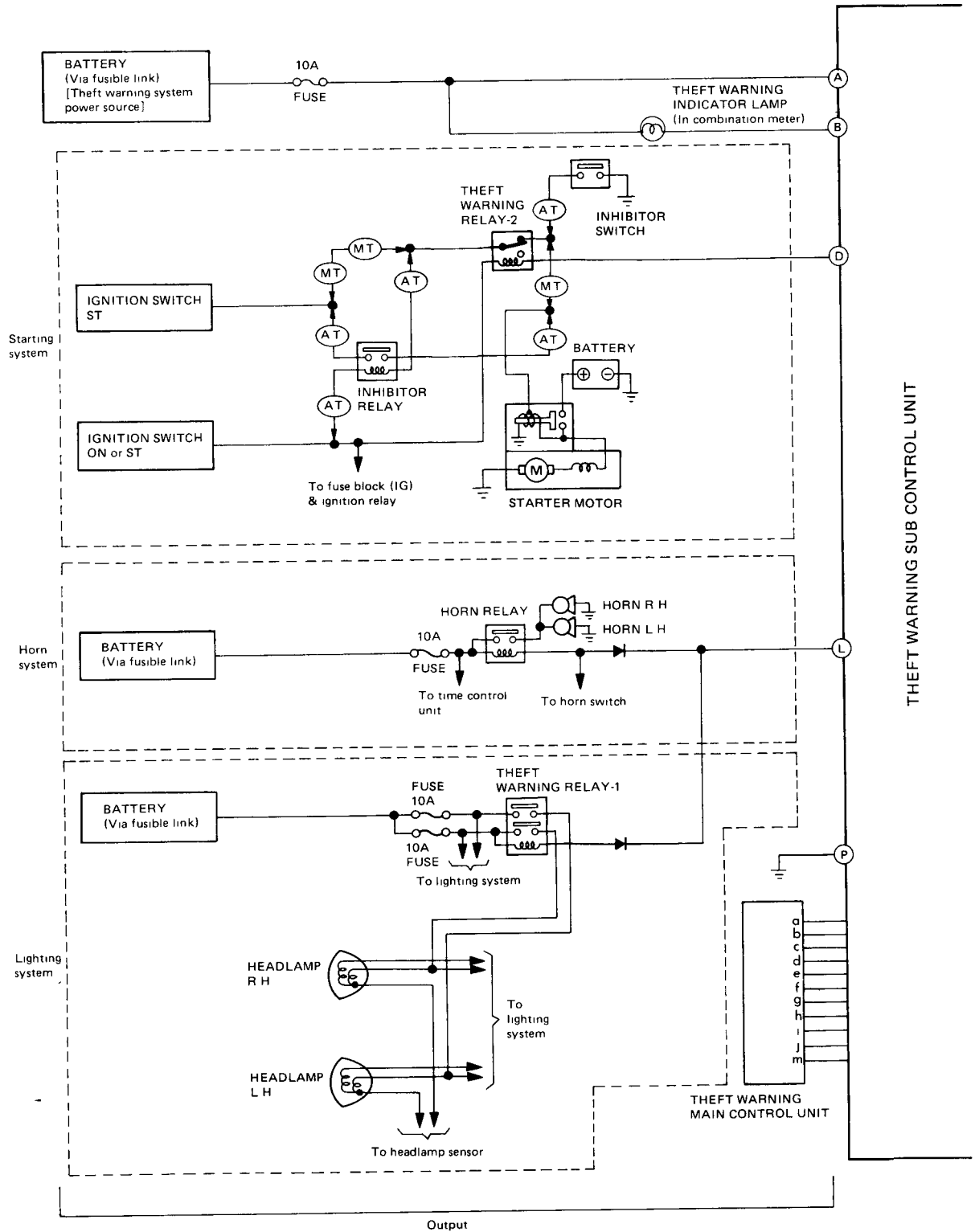


Back door unlock & key cylinder tamper switch (Fig. 8)

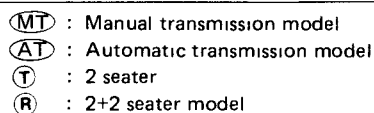


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Schematic



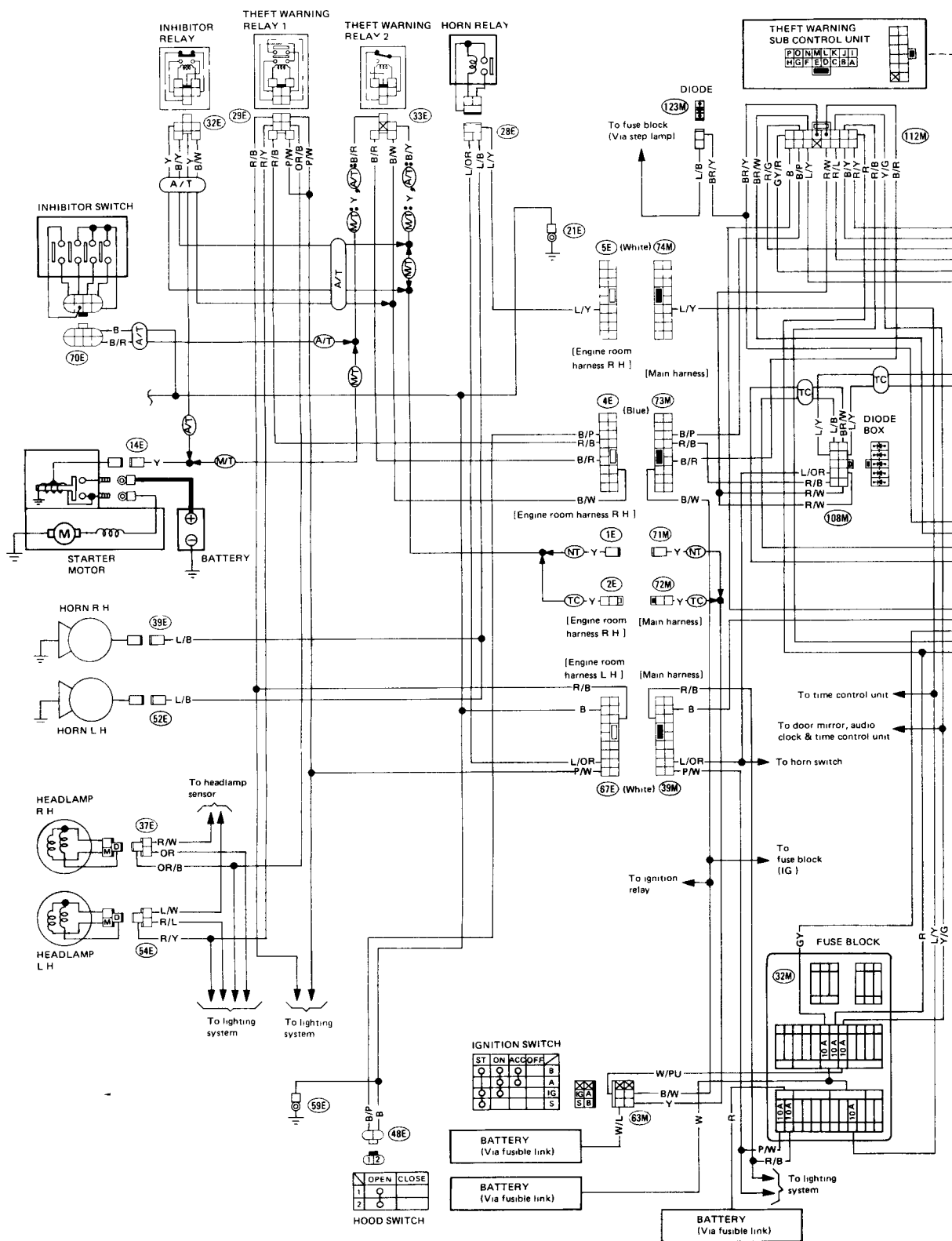
Schematic (Cont'd)



EL-163

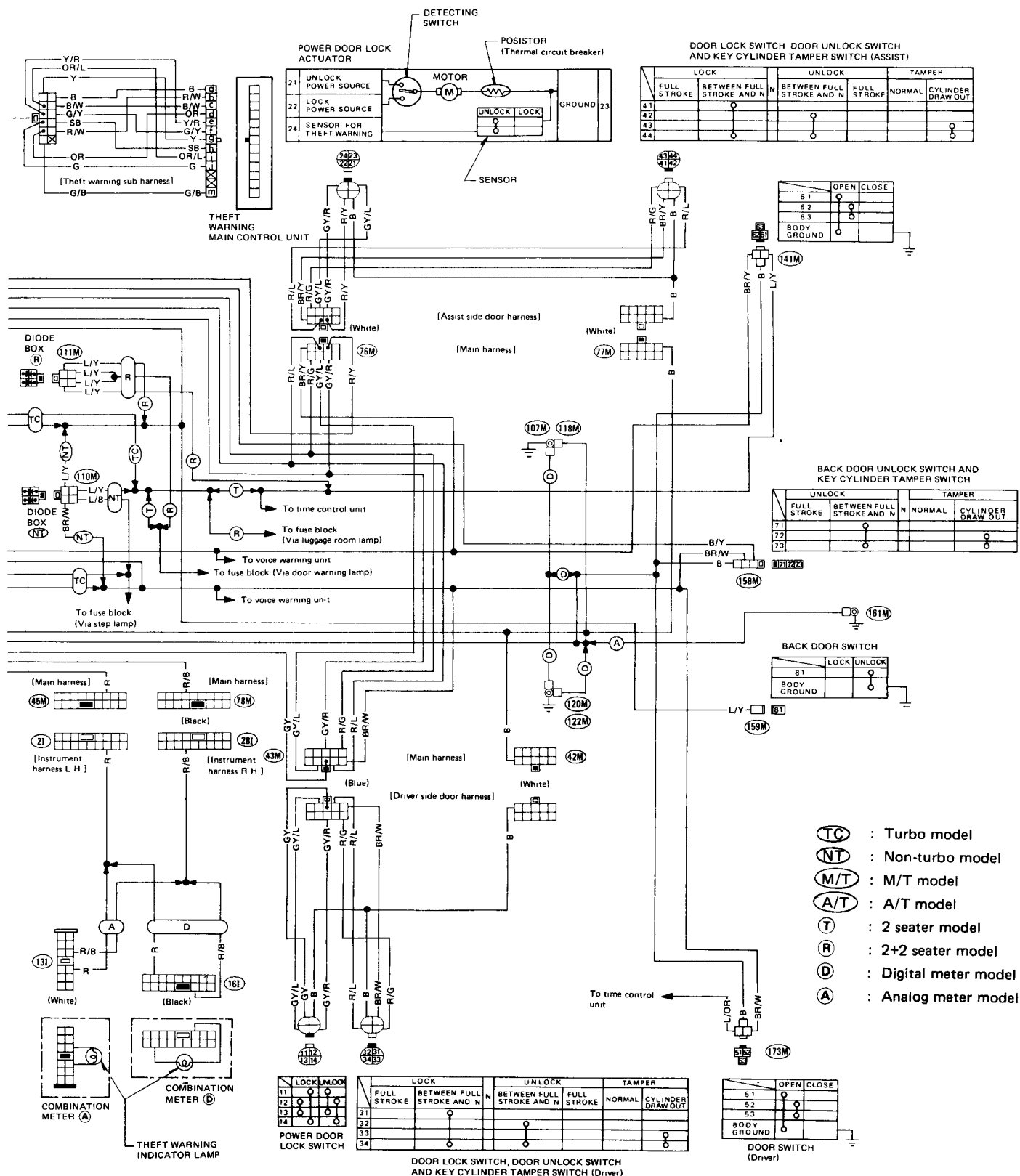
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



SEL936G

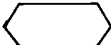
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting

- During trouble-shooting, if "checks ① — ⑤, ⑧" are indicated, be sure to refer to "checks ① — ⑤, ⑧" in the "Terminal check". (Refer to pages EL-182 - EL-184.)
- During trouble-shooting, if the cause of trouble is found to be due to "Faulty sub-control unit, Faulty main control unit or Faulty adapter harness", be sure to refer to "Control Unit Inspection".

Contents

No.	INCIDENT: The theft warning system responds in one of these ways.		Refer to TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE:
1	Indicator lamp	does not blink (Remains out).	IND ①
2		remains blinking.	IND ②
3		does not come on (1).	IND ③
4		does not come on (2).	IND ④
5		remains lit.	IND ⑤
6		does not go out (Comes on).	IND ⑥
7		does not go out (Remains lit).	IND ⑦
8	Armed	is set even if ignition switch is in ACC or ON position.	ARM ①
9		is set even if at least one of doors is unlocked.	ARM ②
10		is set even if at least one of doors is open.	ARM ③
11		is not set (Armed phase).	ARM ④
12	Alarm	is given without any cause.	ALR ①
13		does not operate (Alarm phase).	ALR ②
14		does not stop (Alarm continues for over 4 minutes).	ALR ③
15		does not stop even if stop signal is given.	ALR ④
16		stops too soon.	ALR ⑤
17		continues (Alarm is not intermittent).	ALR ⑥
18	Starter motor	cannot operate (Except alarm phase).	ST ①
19		can operate (Starter killed phase).	ST ②

• Symbol:  : Action  : Judgment  : Probable cause

- "Armed phase" means that approx. 30 seconds have passed (Indicator lamp goes out) since locking and closing all doors.
- "Alarm phase" means that the horn sounds and the headlamps blink intermittently.
- "Starter killed phase" means that the starter does not work until one door is unlocked with the key after the alarm has sounded.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

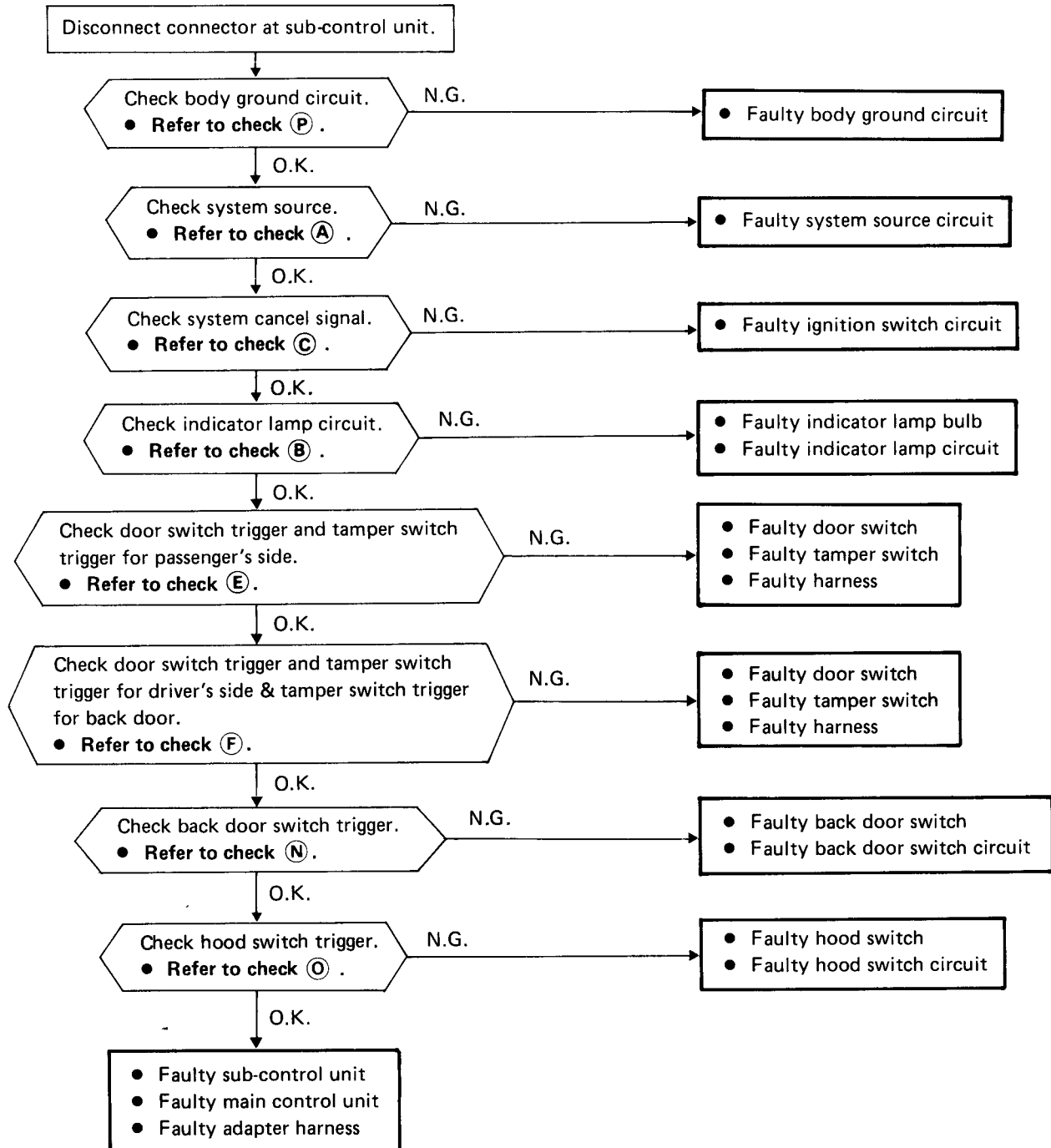
Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

CUSTOMER COMPLAINT

1. Indicator lamp does not blink (Remains out).

- Ignition switch OFF
- At least one of the doors, hood, or back door is open.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ①



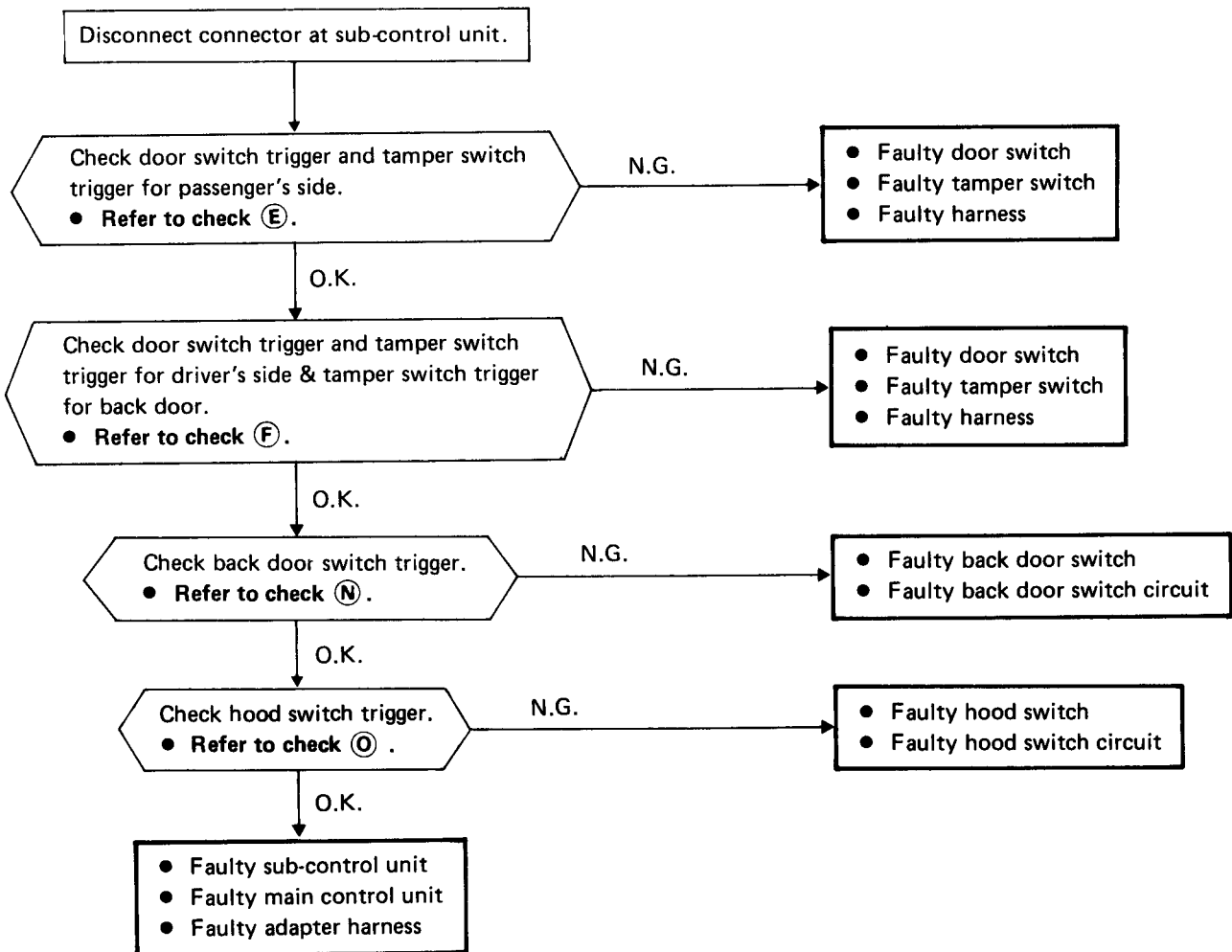
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

2. Indicator lamp remains blinking.

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors, hood and back door are closed.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ②



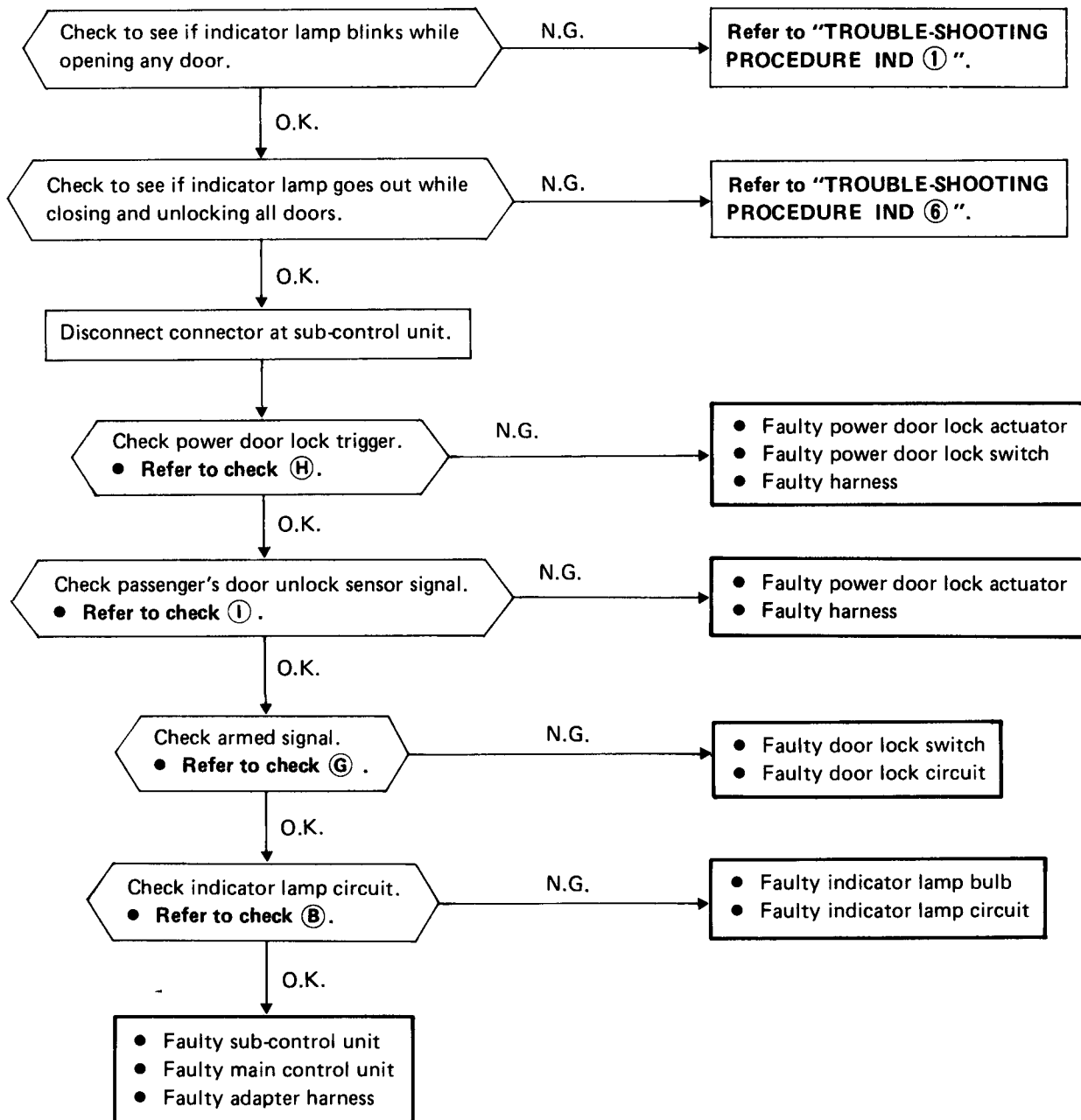
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

3. Indicator lamp does not come on (1).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors, hood and back door are closed.
- After closing all doors, doors are locked with key.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ③



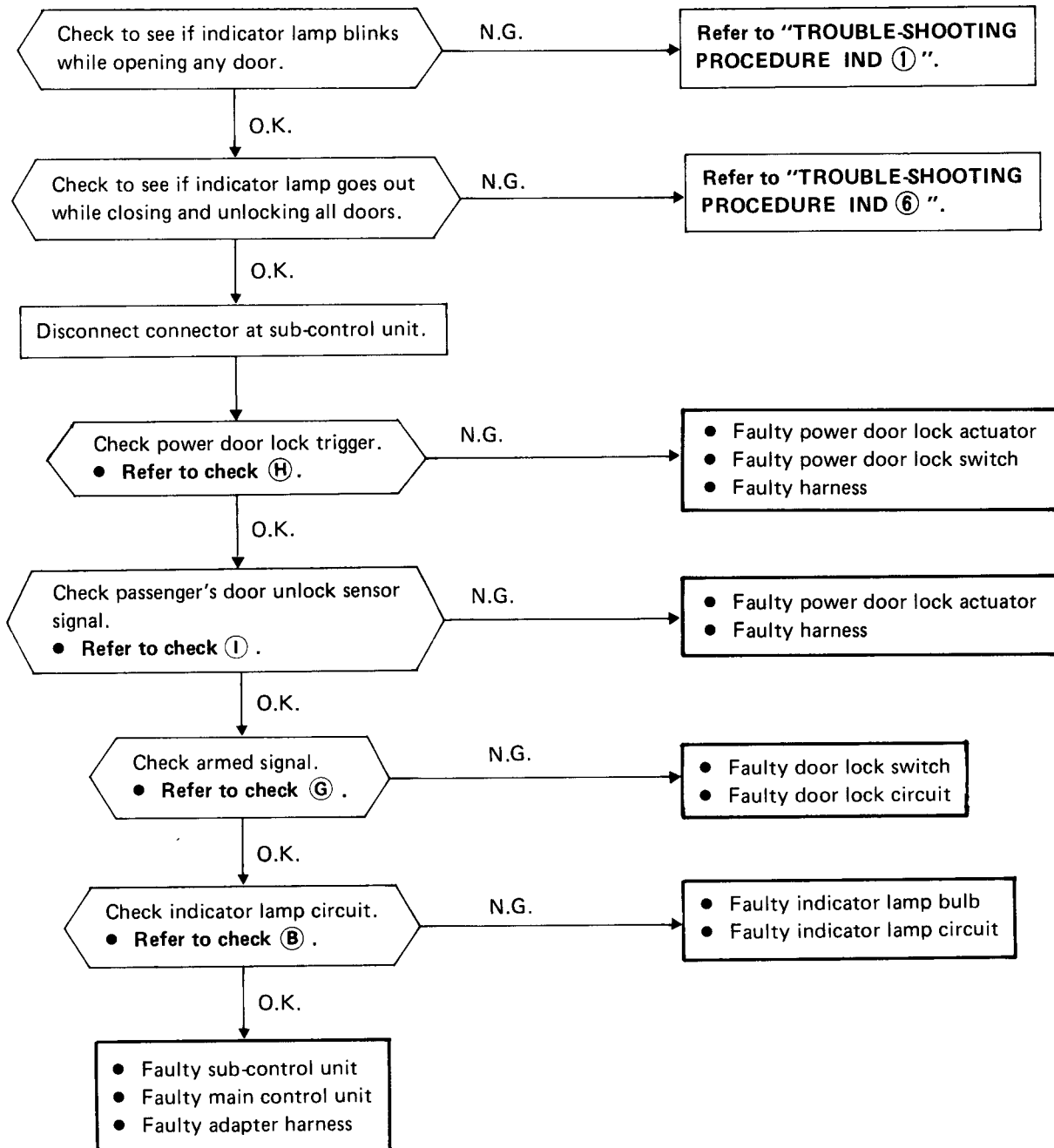
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

4. Indicator lamp does not come on (2).

- Ignition switch OFF
- After closing hood and back door, lock and close all doors without key. Or after locking and closing all doors, close hood and back door.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ④



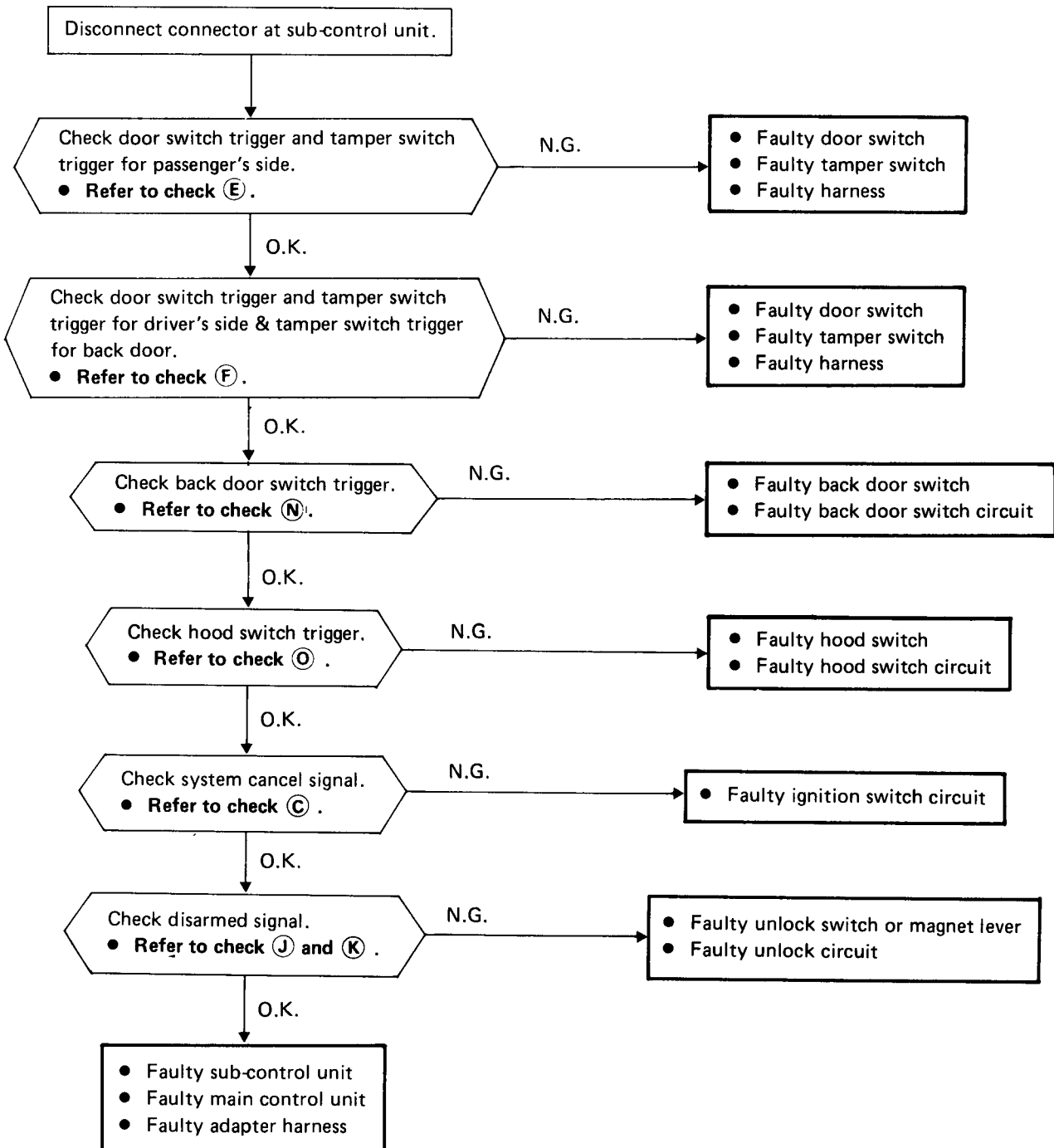
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

5. Indicator lamp remains lit.

- Ignition switch OFF
 - At least one of the door is open or unlocked.
- or
- Reset the armed phase.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑤



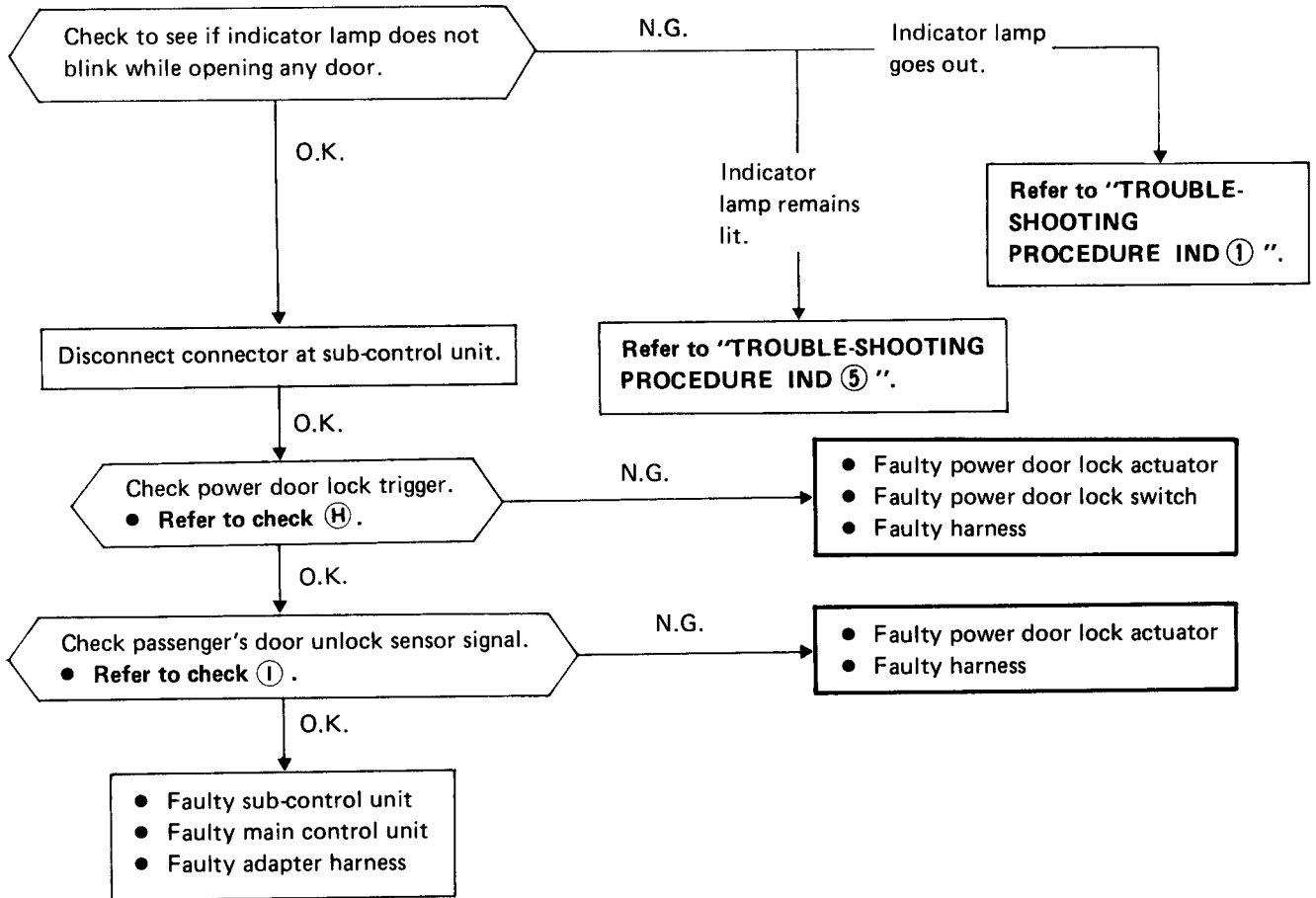
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

6. Indicator lamp does not go out (Comes on).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors close and at least one of the doors unlocks.

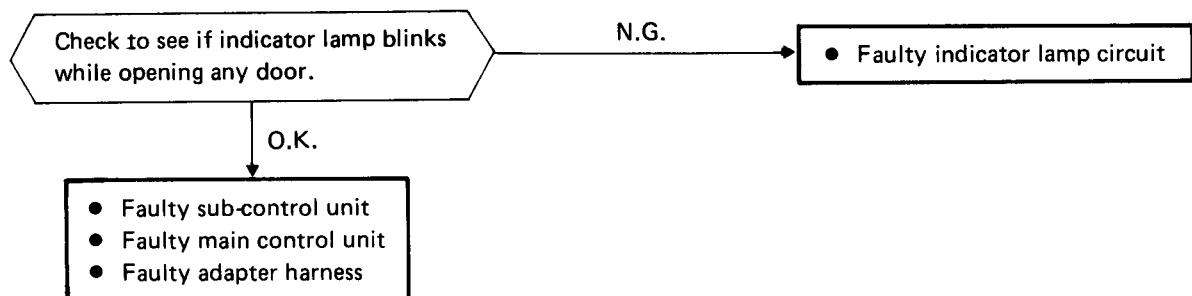
TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑥



7. Indicator lamp does not go out (Remains lit).

- Ignition switch OFF.
- More than 30 seconds have passed after closing and locking all doors.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑦

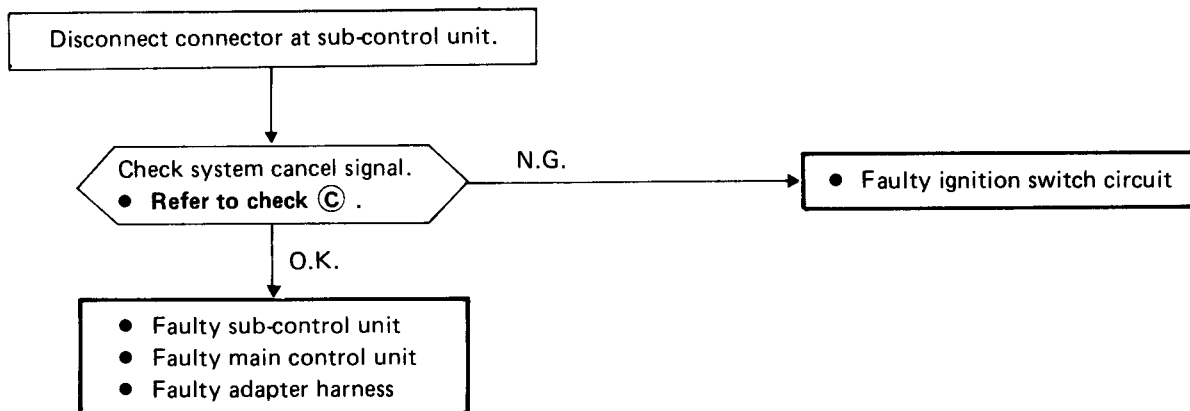


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

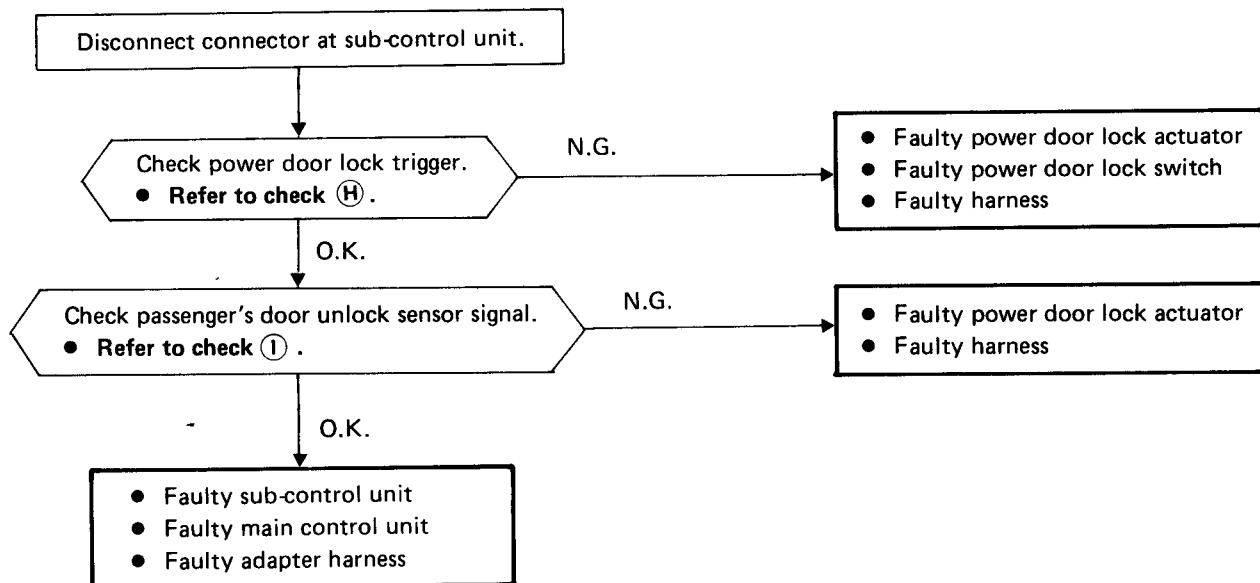
8. Armed is set, even if ignition switch is in ACC or ON position.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ①



9. Armed is set, even if at least one of the doors is unlocked.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ②

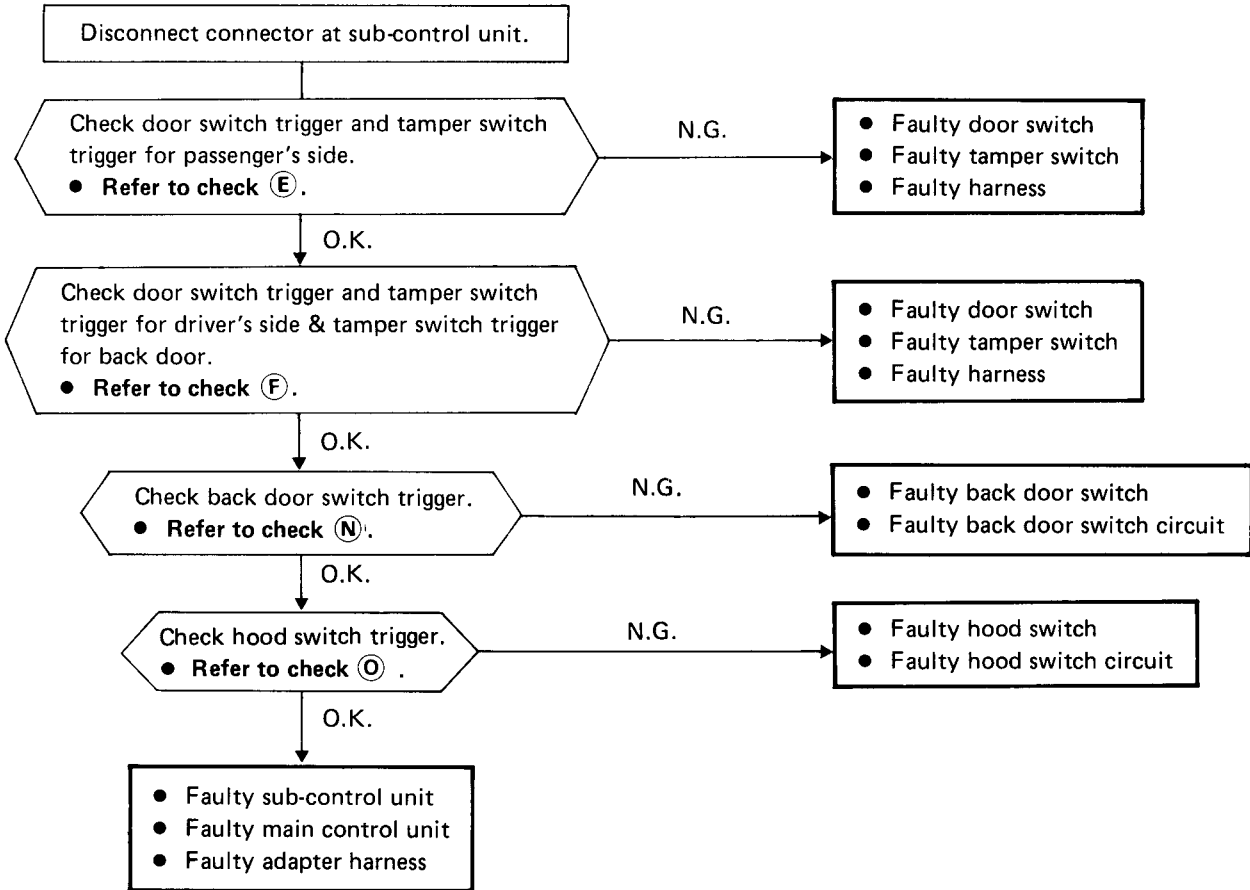


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

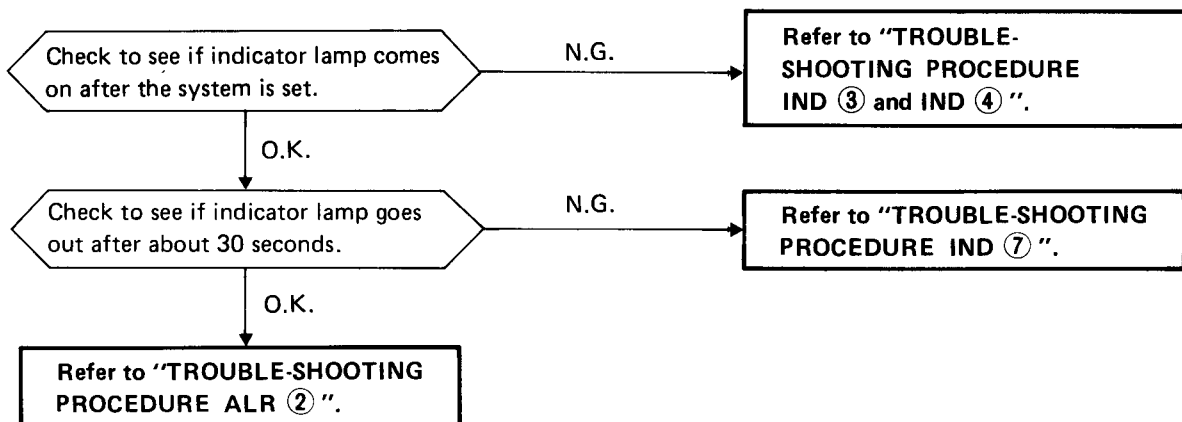
10. Armed is set, even if at least one of the doors is open.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ③



11. Armed is not set, even if ignition switch is in OFF position and all doors are closed and locked.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ④



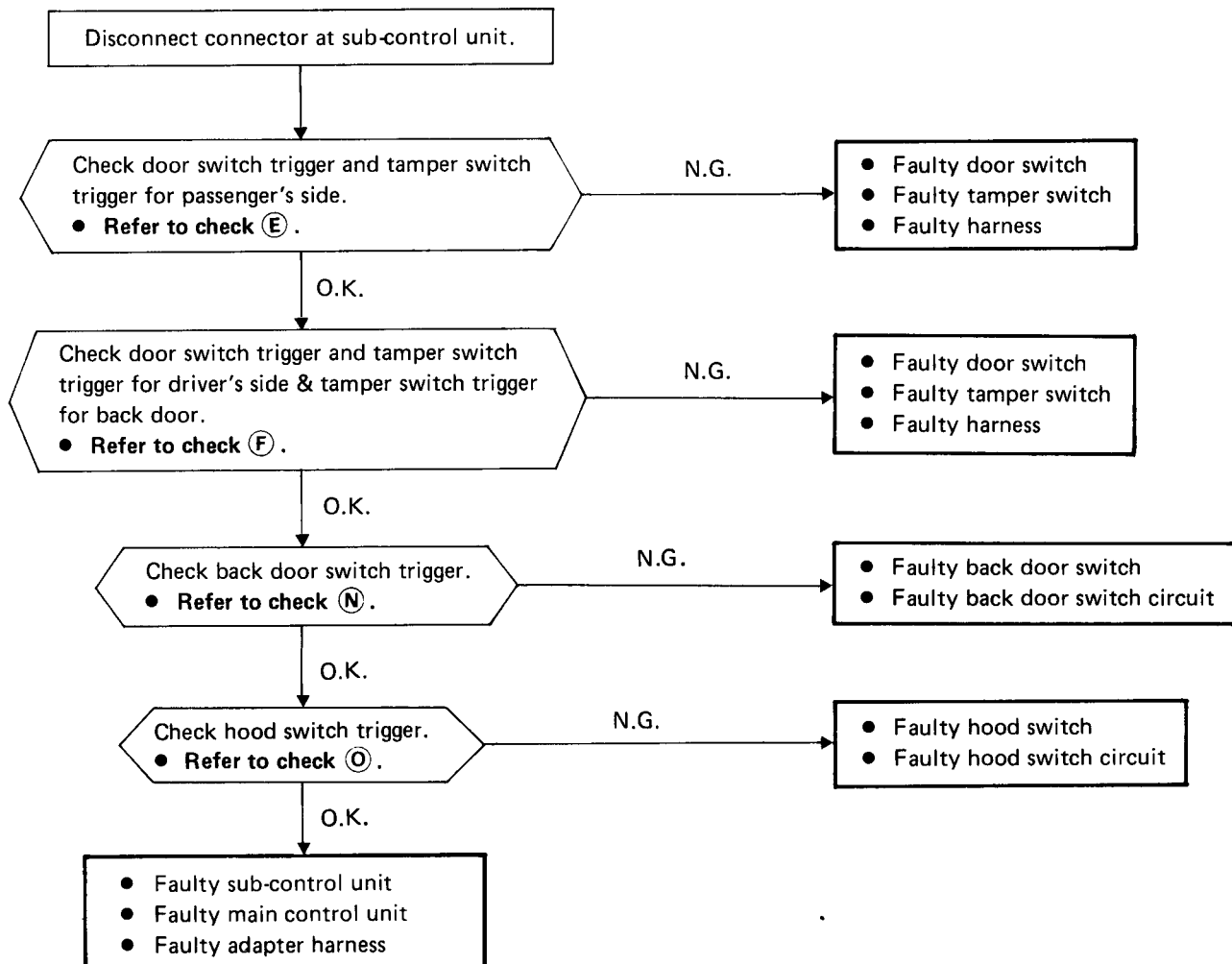
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

12. Alarm is given without any cause.

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors locked and closed

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ①

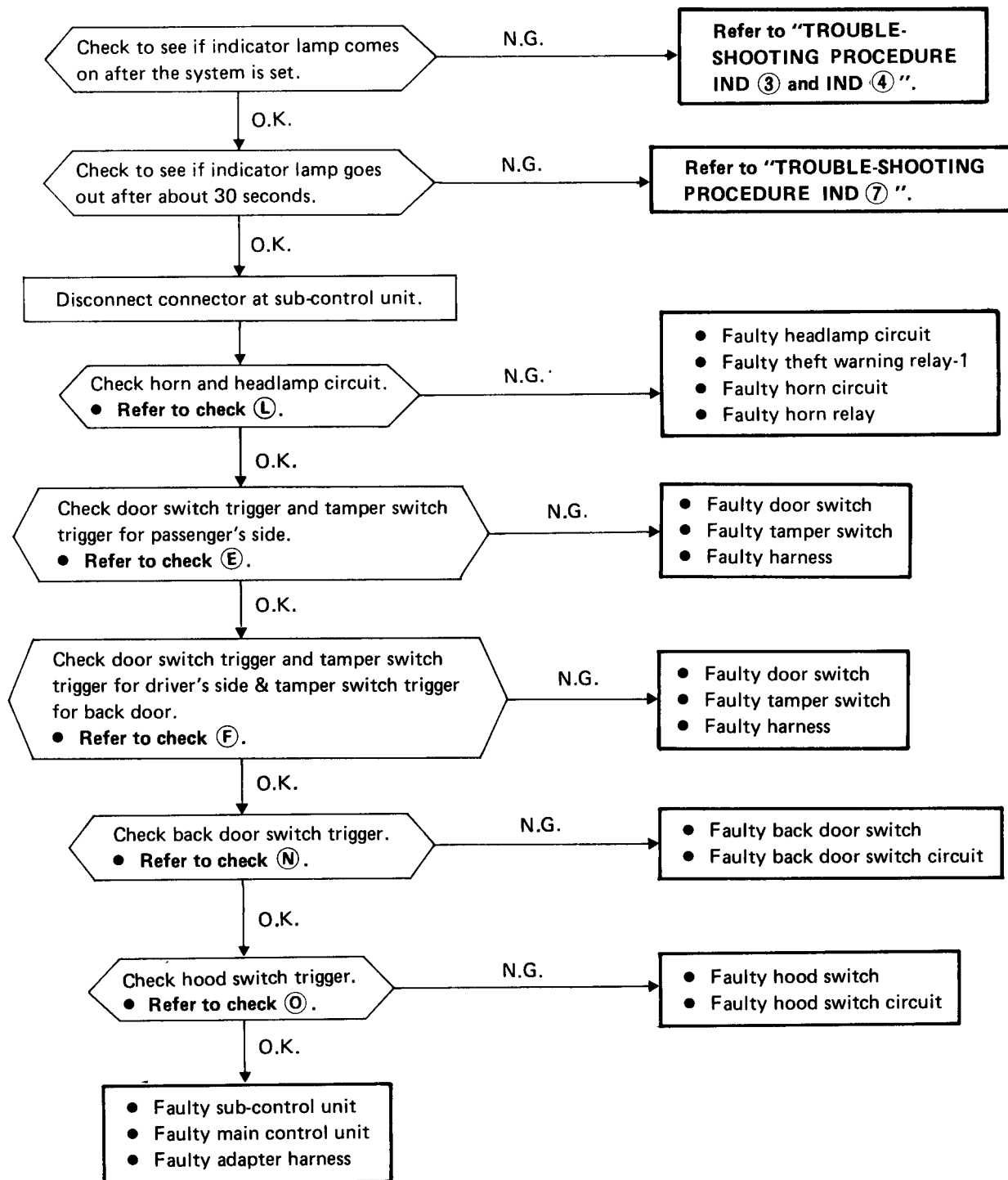


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

13. Alarm does not operate, even if any door is opened without key or any key cylinder is drawn out.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ②



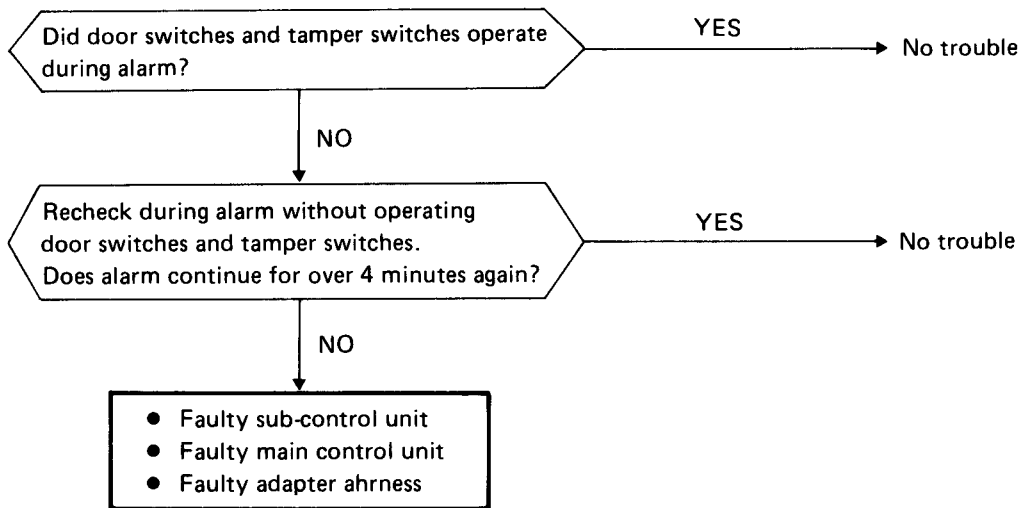
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

14. Alarm does not stop (Alarm continues for over 4 minutes).

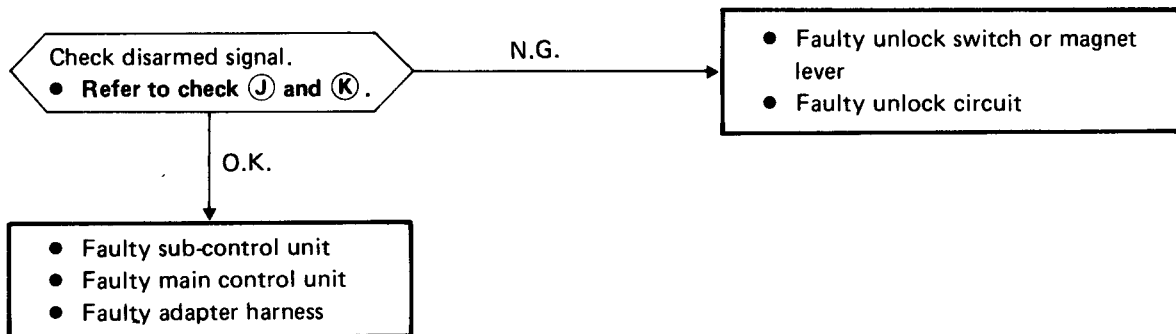
- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ③



15. Alarm does not stop, even if any door or back door is unlocked with key or code number of keyless entry system is put in.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ④



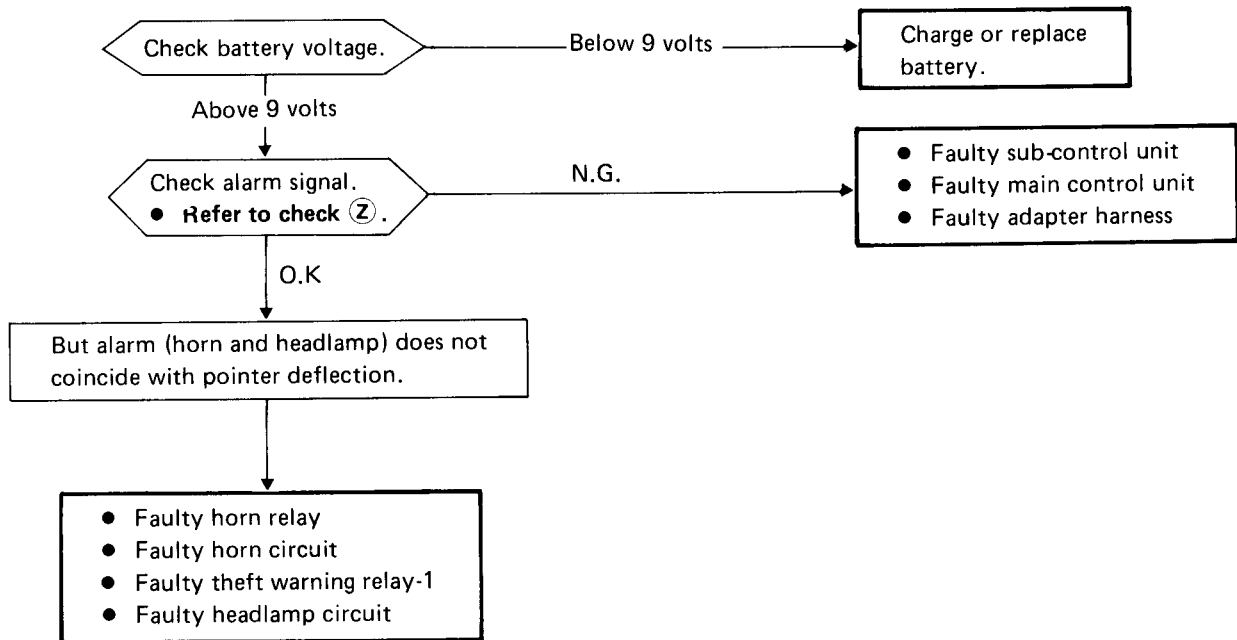
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

16. Alarm stops too soon (Alarm does not continue for 2 to 4 minutes).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

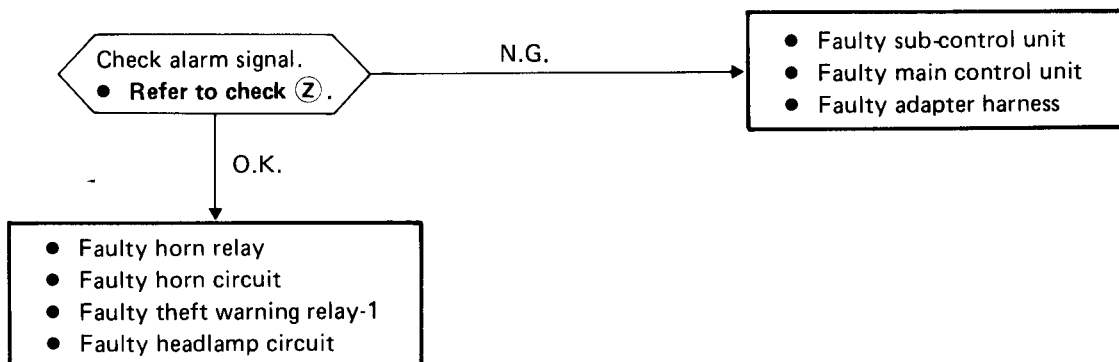
TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ⑤



17. Alarm continues (Alarm is not intermittent).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ⑥



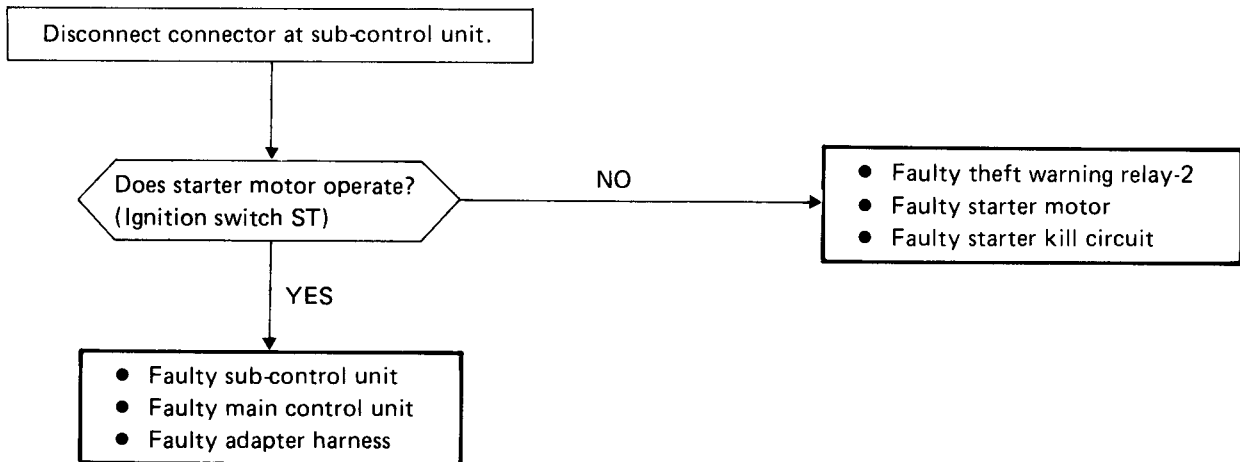
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

18. Starter motor does not operate (Except alarm phase).

- Ignition switch ST

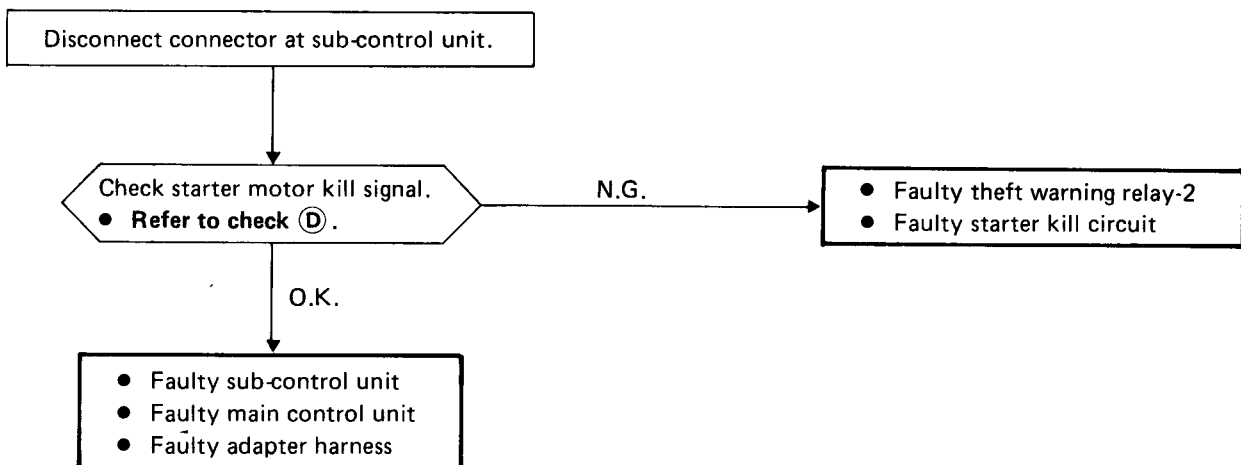
TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ST ①



19. Starter motor operates (Starter killed phase).

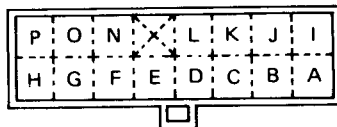
- Ignition switch ST

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ST ②



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check



Terminal arrangement of connector for theft warning sub-control unit (View from harness side)

Check table of connector terminals for sub-control unit. (Disconnect connector at sub-control unit)

Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N.G., check
A	System source	Fuse box	Battery voltage should come between [A] and body ground	10A fuse, Harness
B	Security lamp operating control	Fuse box (Through security lamp)	Ground [B], security lamp should come on.	10A fuse, Harness, Bulb of security lamp
C	System cancel signal	Fuse box	Battery voltage should come between [C] and body ground when key is in A cc or ON.	10A fuse, Harness
D	Starter kill	Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-2)	Ground [D] starter should not operate.	Theft warning relay-2, Harness, Inhibitor relay (A/T), Inhibitor switch (A/T)
E	Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for passenger's side	Passenger's door switch and tamper switch	Battery voltage should come between [E] and body ground when passenger's door is closed. Zero voltage between [E] and body ground when passenger's door is open. Battery voltage between [E] and body ground when passenger's tamper switch is installed to key cylinder when passenger's door is closed.	Door switch, Tamper switch, Harness
F	Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger of driver's side. Tamper switch trigger of back door.	Driver's door switch and tamper switch. Back door tamper switch.	Battery voltage should come between [F] and body ground when driver's door is closed. Zero voltage between [F] and body ground when driver's door is open. Battery voltage should come between [F] and body ground when driver's and back door tamper switches are installed to key cylinders (when driver's door is closed).	Door switch, Tamper switch, Harness
G	Arm signal	Door lock switches.	Continuity exists between [G] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of lock.	Door lock switch, Harness

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check (Cont'd)

Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N.G., check
H	Power door lock trigger	Power door lock switch	Battery voltage should come between [H] and body ground when driver's door is locked. Zero voltage between [H] and body ground when driver's door is unlocked.	Power door lock actuator, Power door lock switch
I	Passenger's door unlock sensor signal	Power door lock actuator	Continuity exists between [I] and body ground when passenger's door is unlocked. No continuity between [I] and body ground when passenger's door is locked.	Power door lock actuator
J	Disarm signal Back door	Back door unlock switch	Continuity exists between [J] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of unlock.	Unlock switch, Harness
K	Disarm signal (Driver's and passenger's doors)	Door unlock switches	Continuity exists between [K] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of unlock.	Unlock switch, Harness
L	Alarm signal	Fuse box (Through horn relay) Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-1)	Ground [L], horn should sound and headlamp should come on.	Horn relay, Theft warning relay-1, 15A, 10A fuse, Harness
N	Back door switch trigger	Back door switch	Battery voltage should come between [N] and body ground when back door is closed. Zero voltage between [N] and body ground when back door is open.	Back door switch, Harness
O	Hood switch trigger	Hood switch	No continuity between [O] and body ground when hood is closed. Continuity exists between [O] and body ground when hood is open.	Hood switch, Harness
P	System ground	Body ground	Continuity exists between [P] and body ground.	Body ground terminal, Harness

Connect connector to sub-control unit

Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N.G., check
L (Check ②)	Alarm signal	Fuse box (Through horn relay) Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-1)	Pointer deflection should come intermittently under alarm phase.	Sub-control unit, Main control unit, Adapter harness

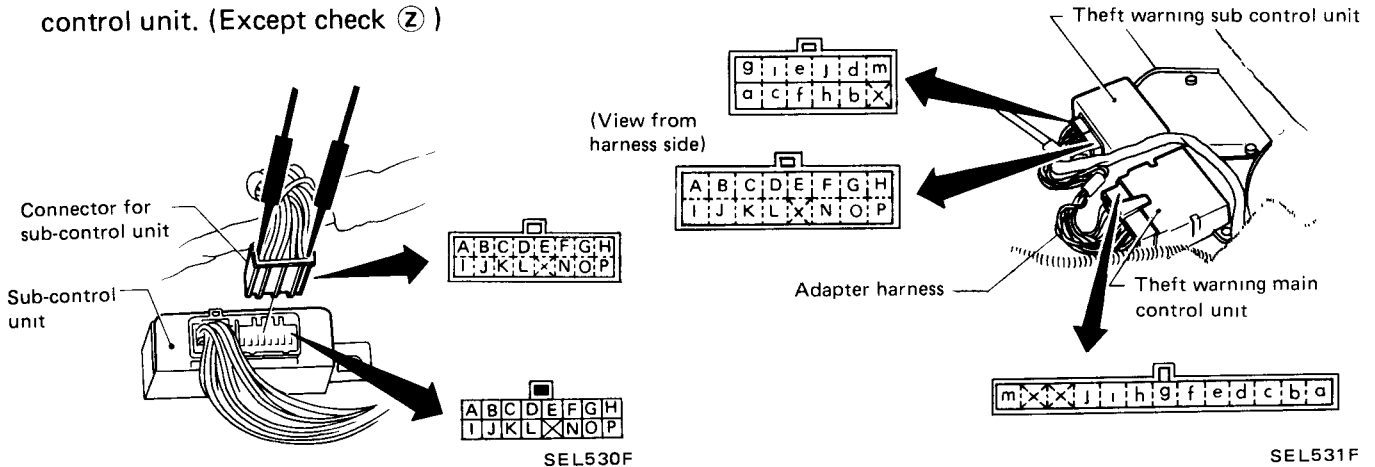
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check (Cont'd)

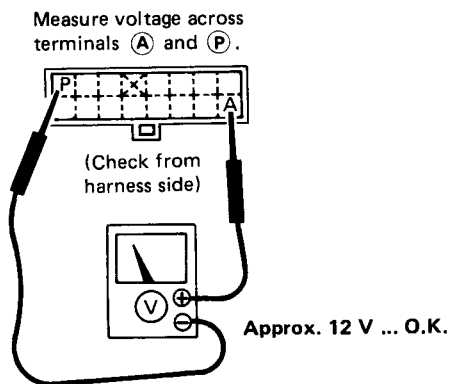
Preparation for check

- Disconnect body harness connector at sub-control unit. (Except check ②)

Terminal arrangement for check (View from harness side)

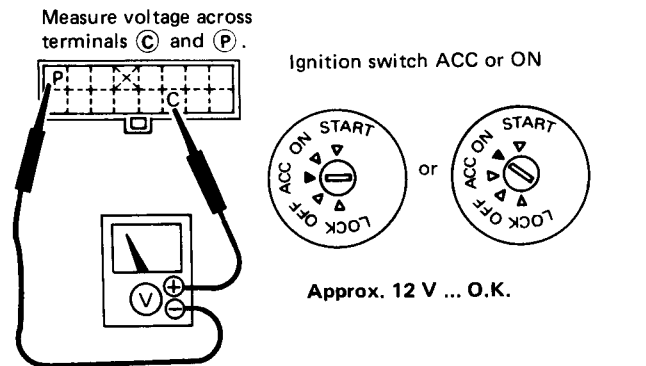


CHECK ① ... System source check



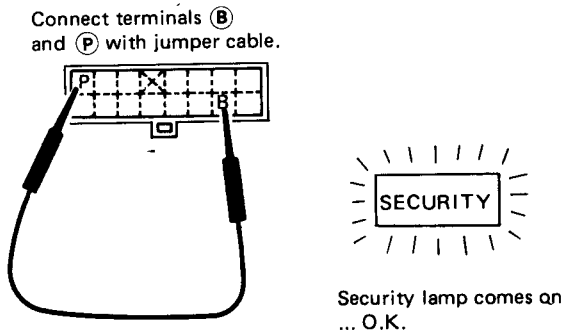
SEL535F

CHECK ③ ... System cancel signal check



SEL537F

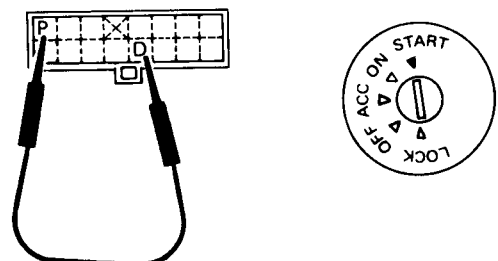
CHECK ② ... Security lamp circuit check



SEL536F

CHECK ④ ... Starter kill signal check

Connect terminals D and P with jumper cable. Check that starter motor cannot operate.

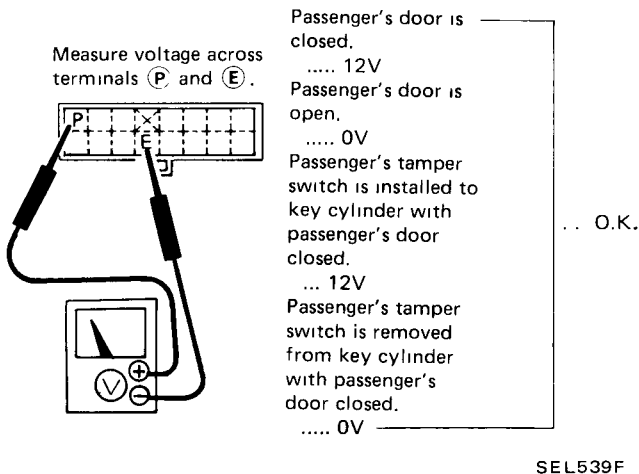


SEL538F

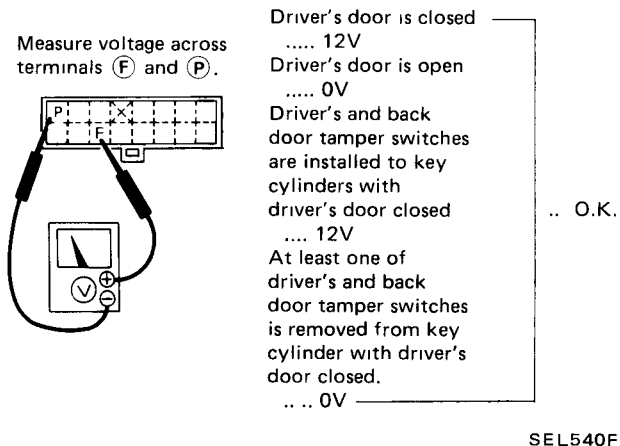
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check (Cont'd)

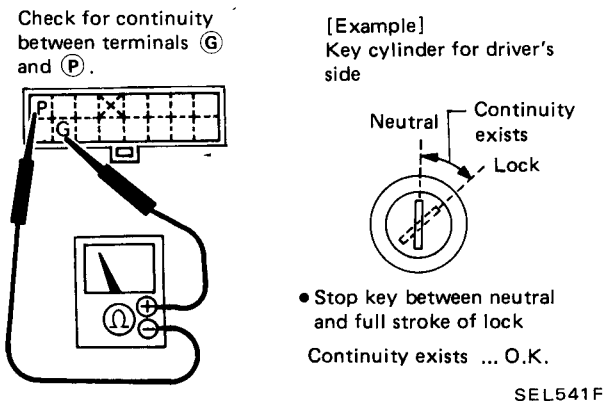
CHECK (E) ... Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for passenger's side



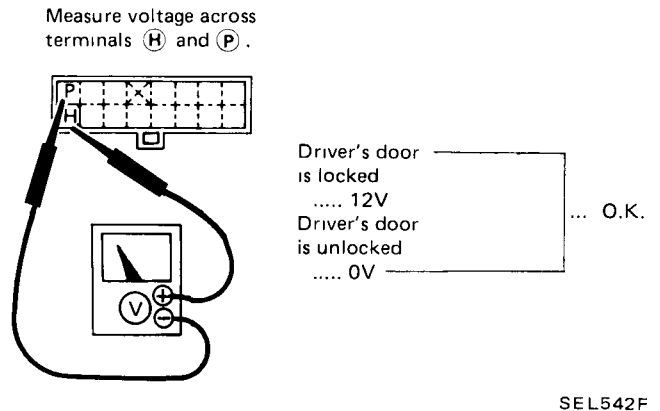
CHECK (F) ... Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for driver's side & tamper switch trigger for back door



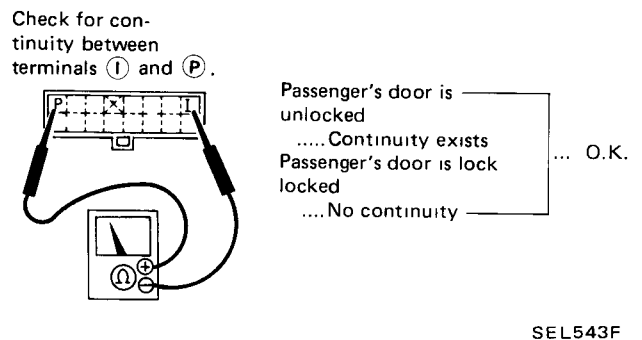
CHECK (G) ... Arm signal check



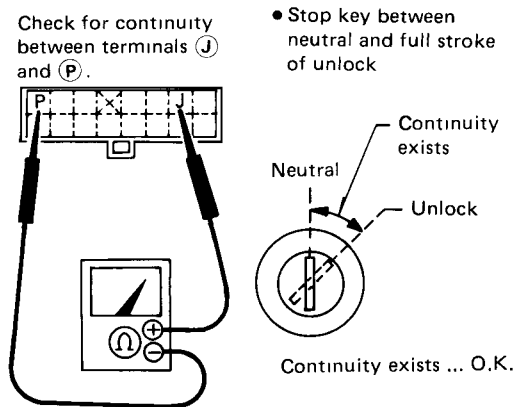
CHECK (H) ... Power door lock trigger



CHECK (I) ... Passenger's door unlock sensor signal



CHECK (J) ... Disarm signal of back door unlock switch check



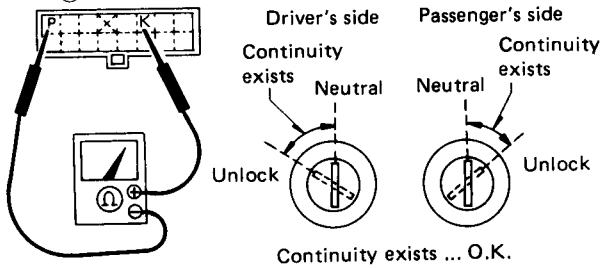
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check (Cont'd)

CHECK (K) ... Disarm signal of door unlock switch check

Check for continuity between terminals (K) and (P).

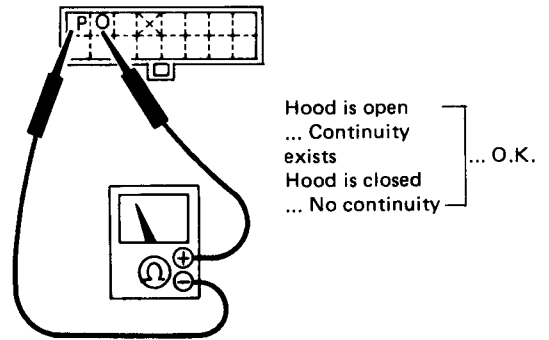
- Stop key between neutral and full stroke of unlock.



SEL544F

CHECK (O) ... Hood switch trigger check

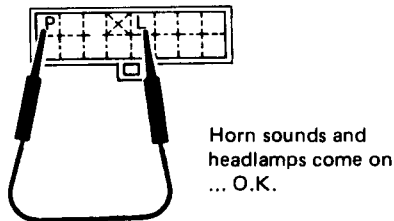
Check for continuity between terminals (O) and (P).



SEL547F

CHECK (L) ... Alarm check

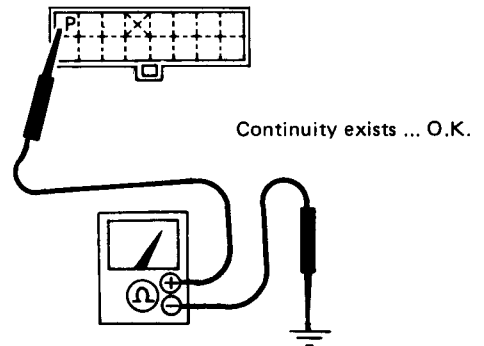
Connect terminals (L) and (P) with jumper cable.



SEL545F

CHECK (P) ... Body ground circuit check

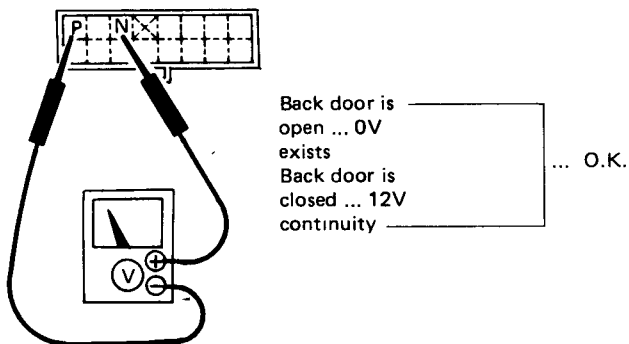
Check for continuity between terminals (P) and body.



SEL548F

CHECK (N) ... Back door switch trigger check

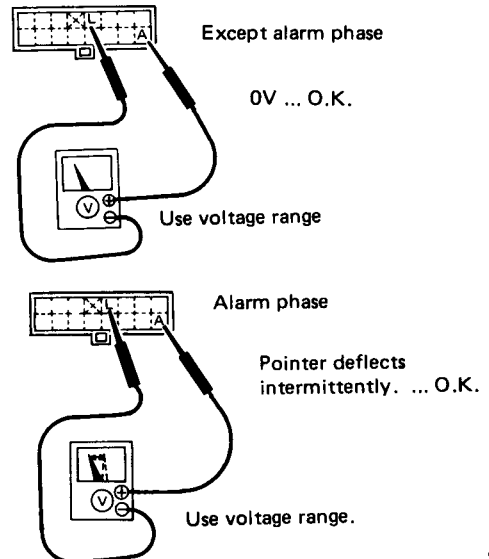
Measure voltage across terminals (N) and (P).



SEL546F

CHECK (Z) ... Alarm signal check

1. Connect connector to theft warning sub-control unit.
2. Connect between terminals (A) and (L).



SEL549F

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check

CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION

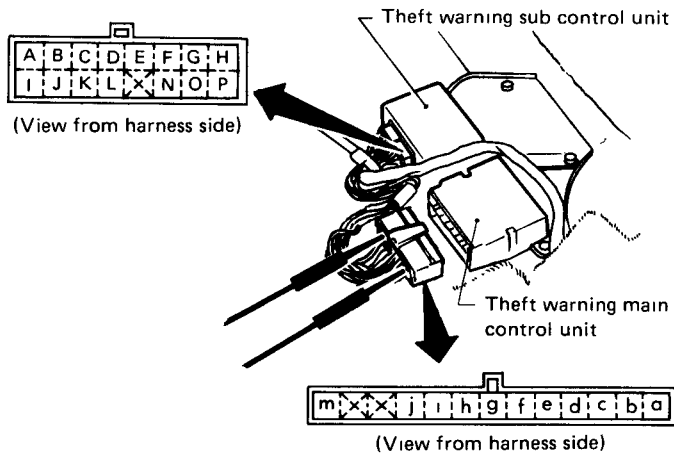
- This inspection is available only when the cause of trouble in "Trouble-shooting" is due to a "faulty sub-control unit" or "faulty main control unit" or "faulty adapter harness".
- This inspection should be carried out with adapter harness disconnected at main control unit. When disconnecting adapter harness, first disconnect battery ground cable. Be sure to reconnect battery ground cable afterwards.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. **O.K.** in following checks indicates "Replace main control unit" and **N.G.** indicates "Replace sub-control unit or "Replace adapter harness".
2. In case of **N.G.**, check adapter harness referring to "Adapter harness check".
3. If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing sub-control unit, replace main control unit.

Preparation for check

Disconnect adapter harness at main control unit.



SEL532F

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

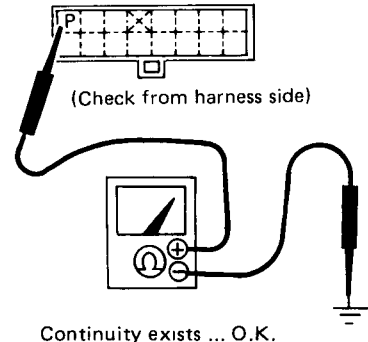
Check ① ... Ground circuit check

Check for continuity between terminals sub-control unit (P) and body.

N.G.

Faulty ground circuit

O.K.



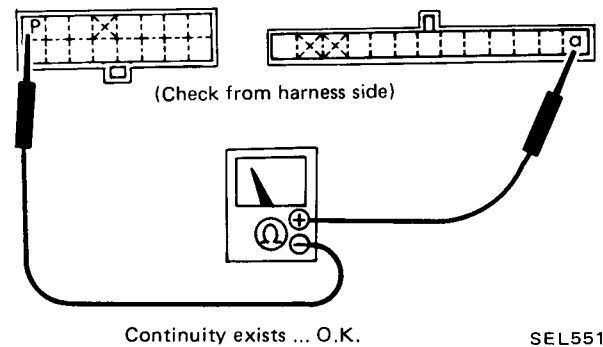
Check for continuity terminals ① and sub-control unit (P).

N.G.

(N.G.) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

O.K.

(O.K.) Replace main control unit.



Check ② ... Door unlock signal check

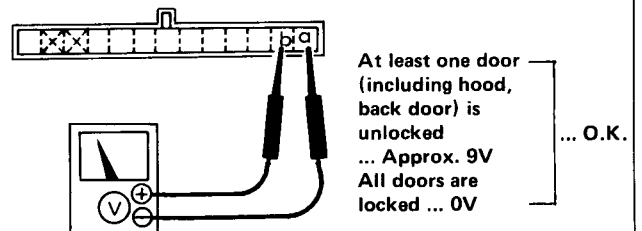
Measure voltage across terminals (b) and (a).

N.G.

(N.G.) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

O.K.

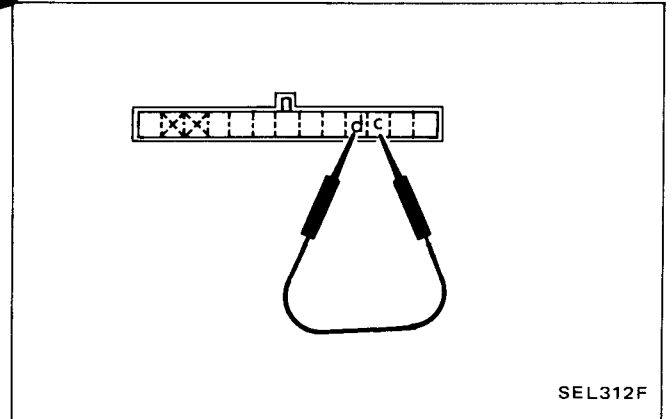
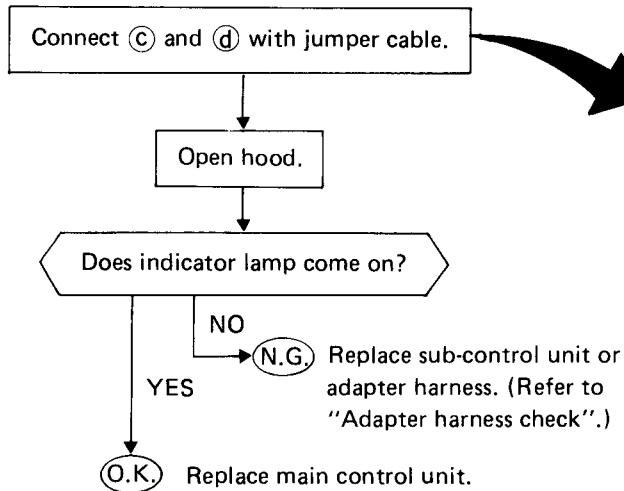
(O.K.) Replace main control unit.



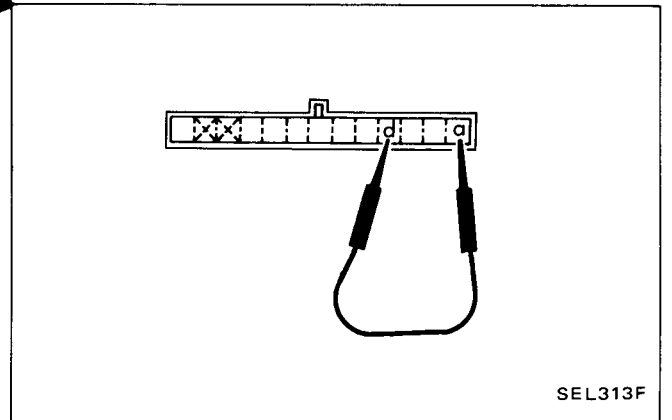
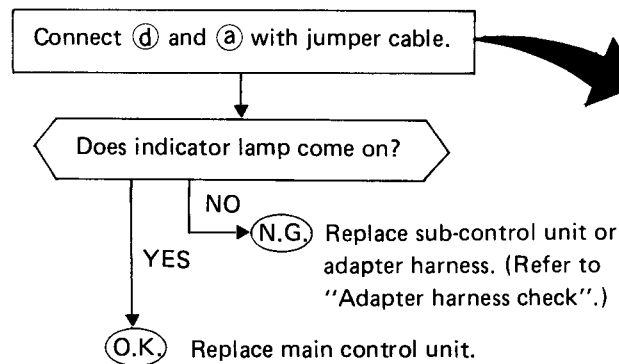
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

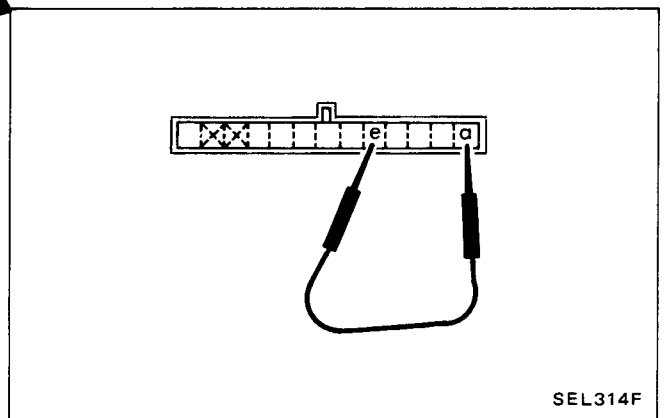
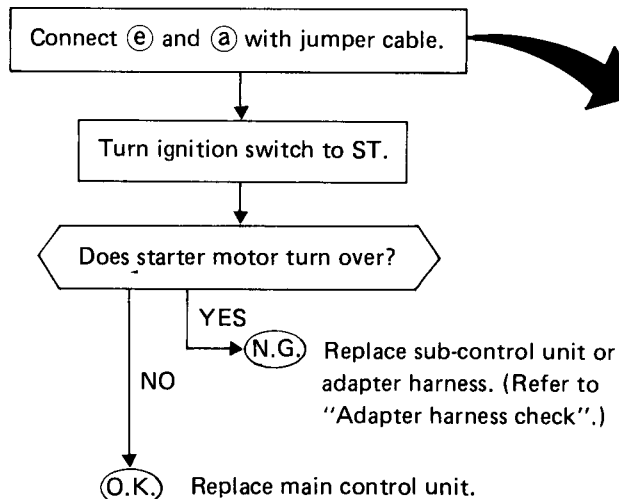
Check ③ ... Hood signal check



Check ④ ... Indicator lamp circuit check



Check ⑤ ... Starter kill signal check



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check ① ... Alarm check

Connect ① and ② with jumper cable.

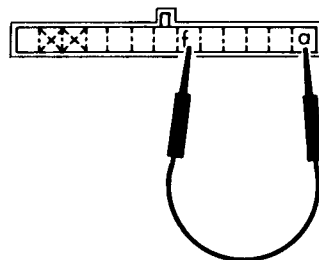
Does horn sound and headlamp come on?

YES

① O.K. Replace main control unit.

NO

① N.G. Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



SEL315F

Check ③ ... Arm signal check

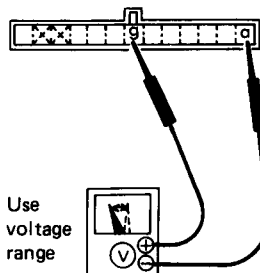
Connect between terminals ③ and ②.

O.K.

③ O.K. Replace main control unit.

N.G.

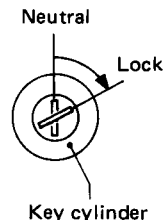
③ N.G. Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



- All doors (including hood, and back door) are closed.

Turn key from neutral to lock

[Example] Driver's side



Pointer deflection exists ... O.K.

SEL316F

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check ⑧ ... Unlock signal check

Measure voltage across terminals ⑧ and ③.

O.K.

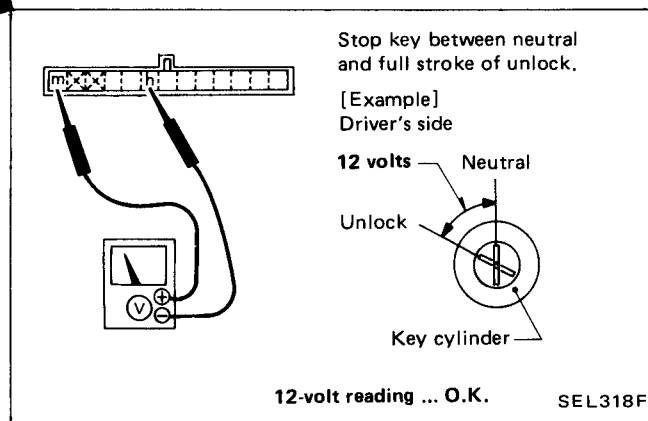
O.K.

Replace main control unit.

N.G.

N.G.

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



Check ⑨ ... Door switch signal check

Measure voltage across terminals ⑨ and ③.

O.K.

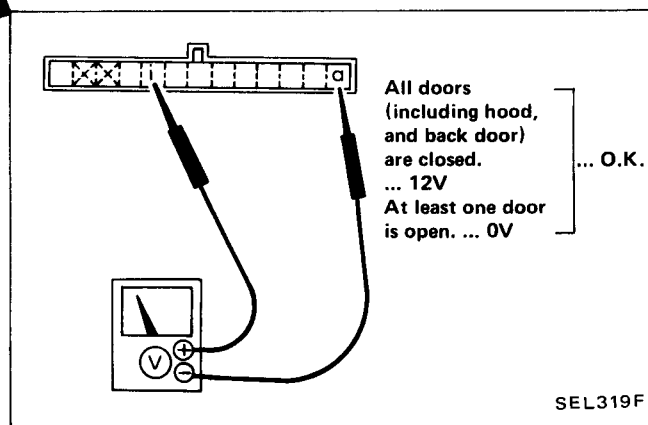
O.K.

Replace main control unit.

N.G.

N.G.

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



Check ⑩ ... System cancel signal check

Measure voltage across terminals ⑩ and ③.

O.K.

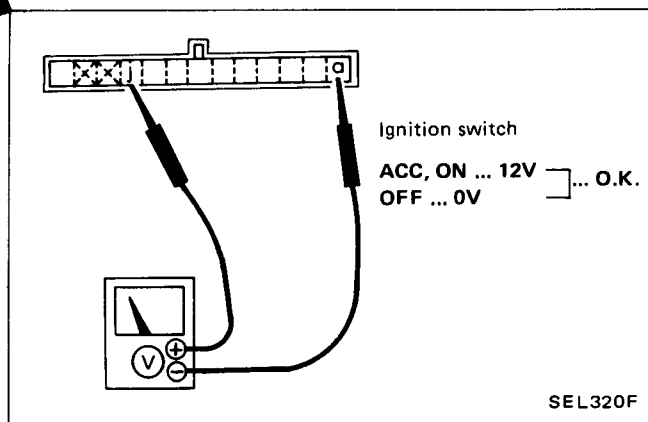
O.K.

Replace main control unit.

N.G.

N.G.

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check ③ ... System source check

Measure voltage across terminals ③ and ④.

O.K.

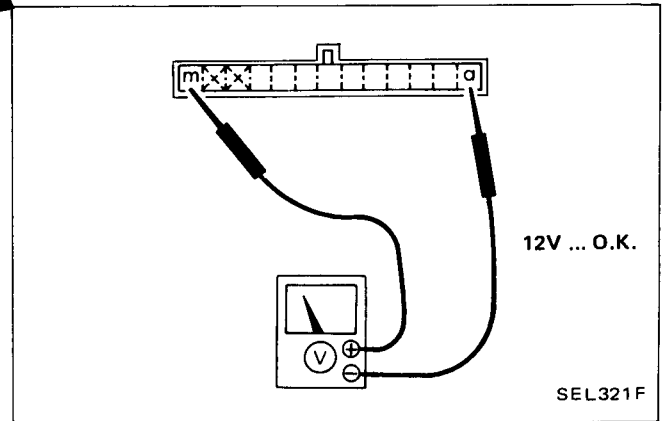
③

Replace main control unit.

N.G.

③

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



Adapter Harness Check

- This inspection is available only when the cause of trouble in "Control Unit Check" is due to a "Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness".

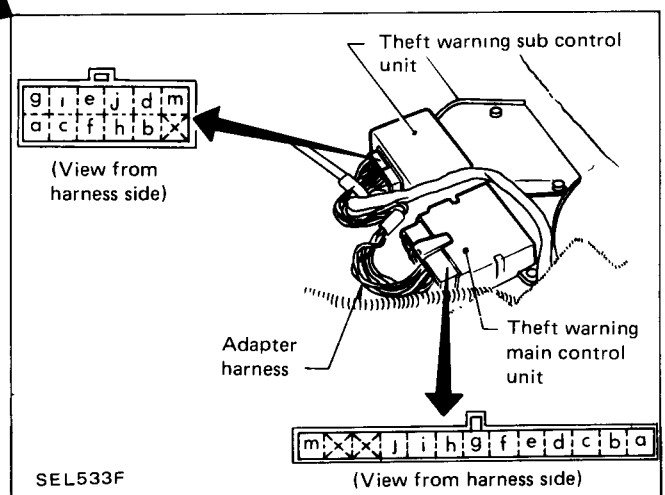
Check for continuity between same letter of sub-control unit and main control unit.

O.K.

Replace sub-control unit.

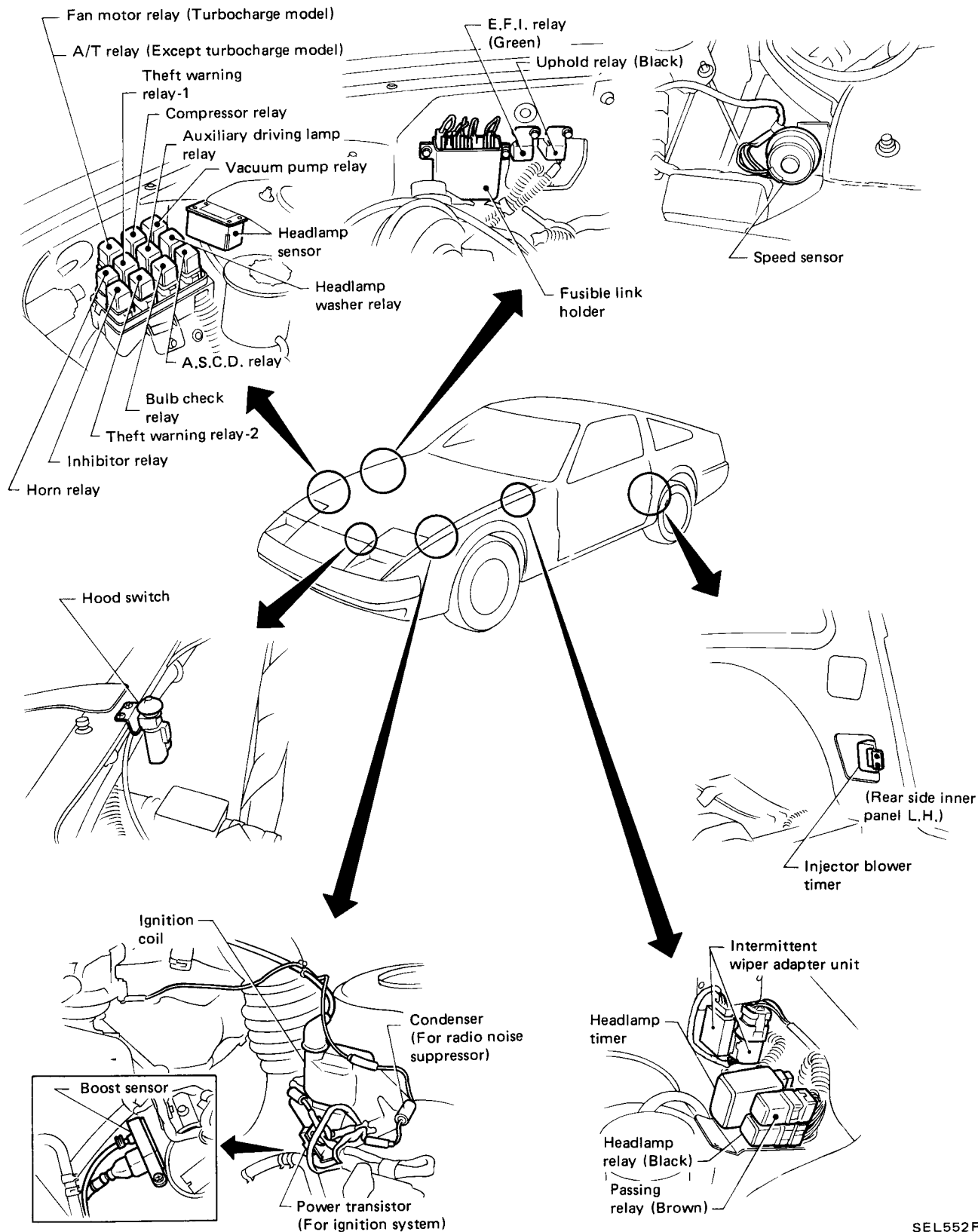
N.G.

Replace adapter harness.



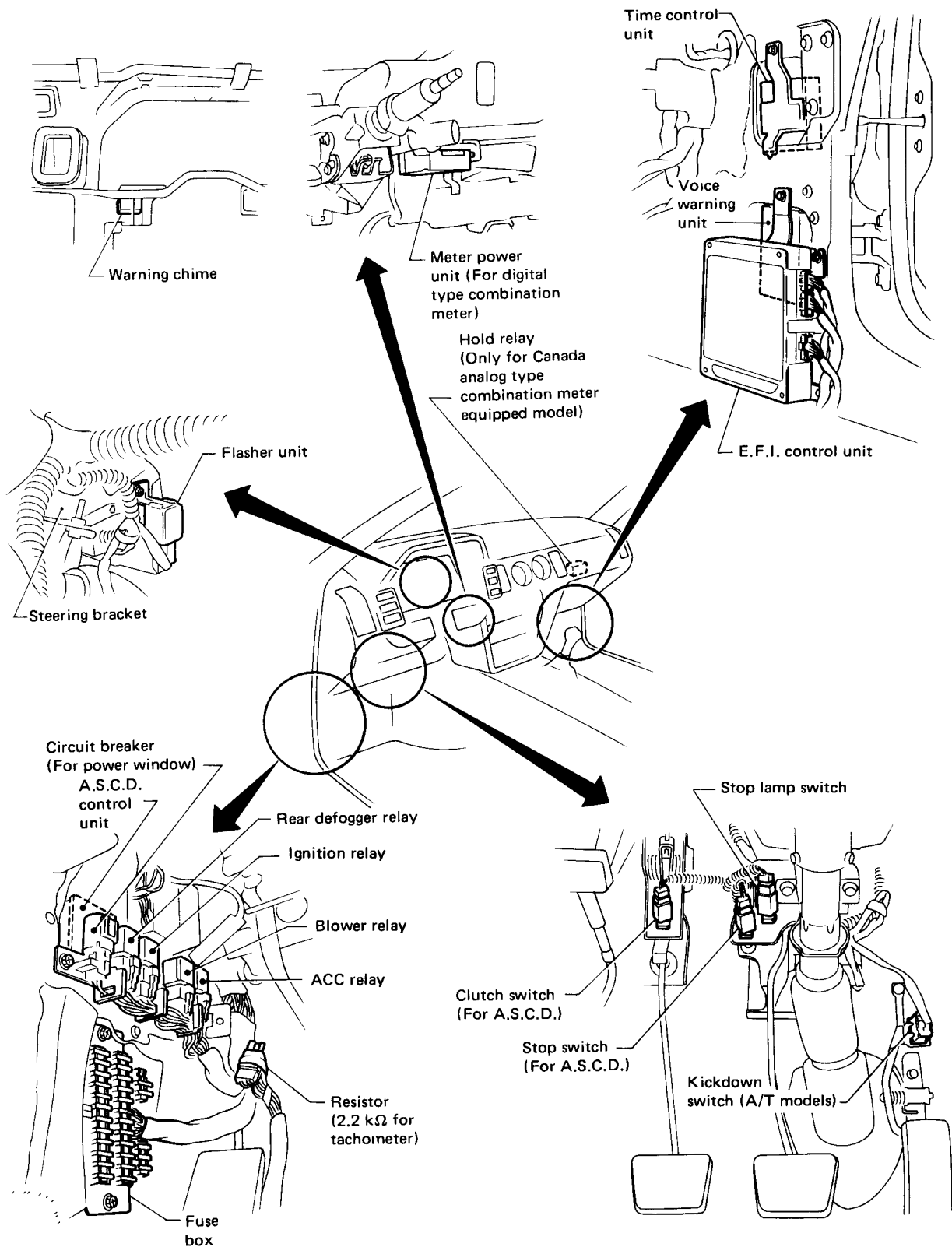
- If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing adapter harness, replace sub-control unit.
- If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing sub-control unit, replace adapter harness.

LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS



SEL552F

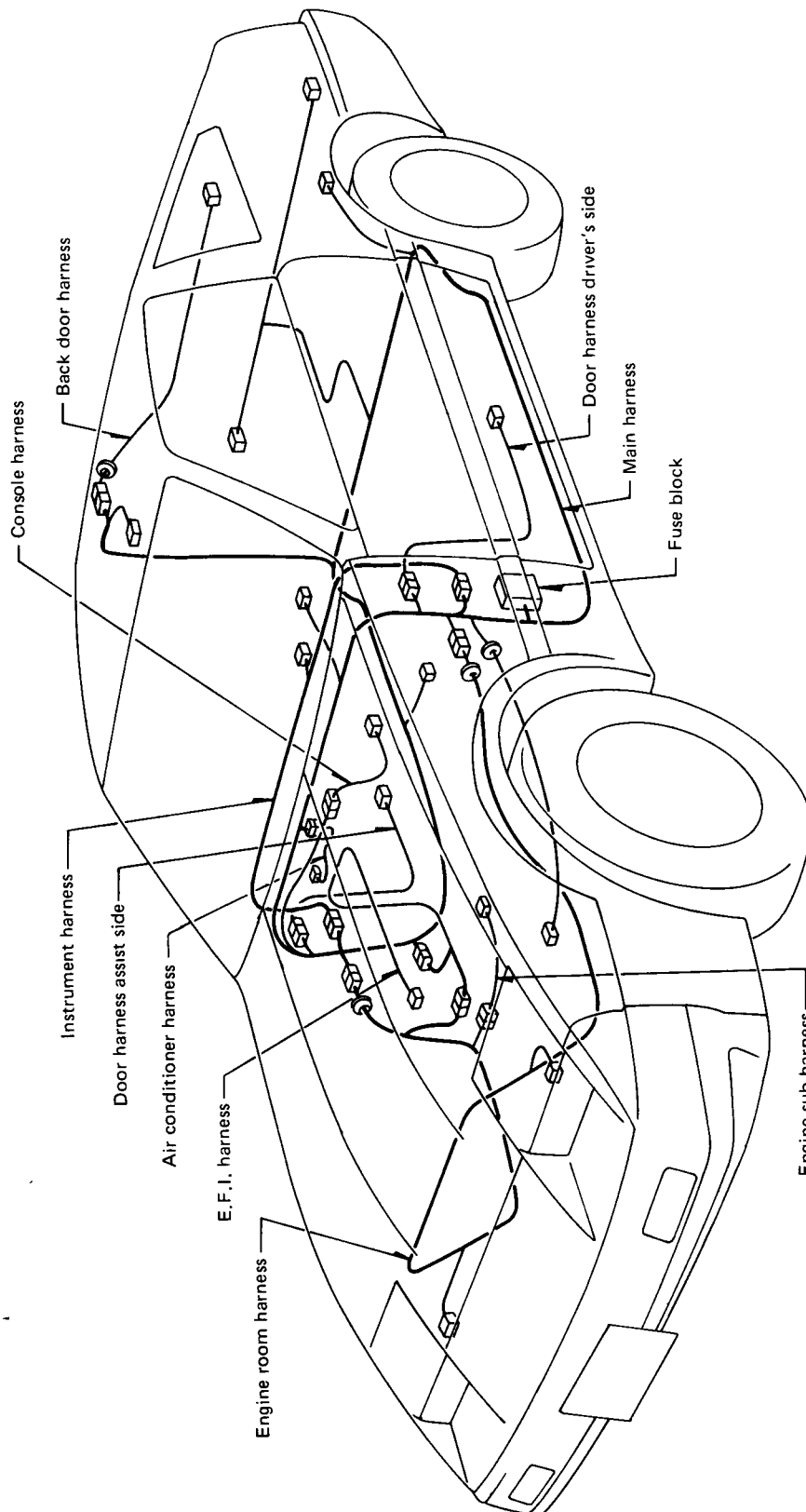
LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS



SEL753D

HARNESS LAYOUT

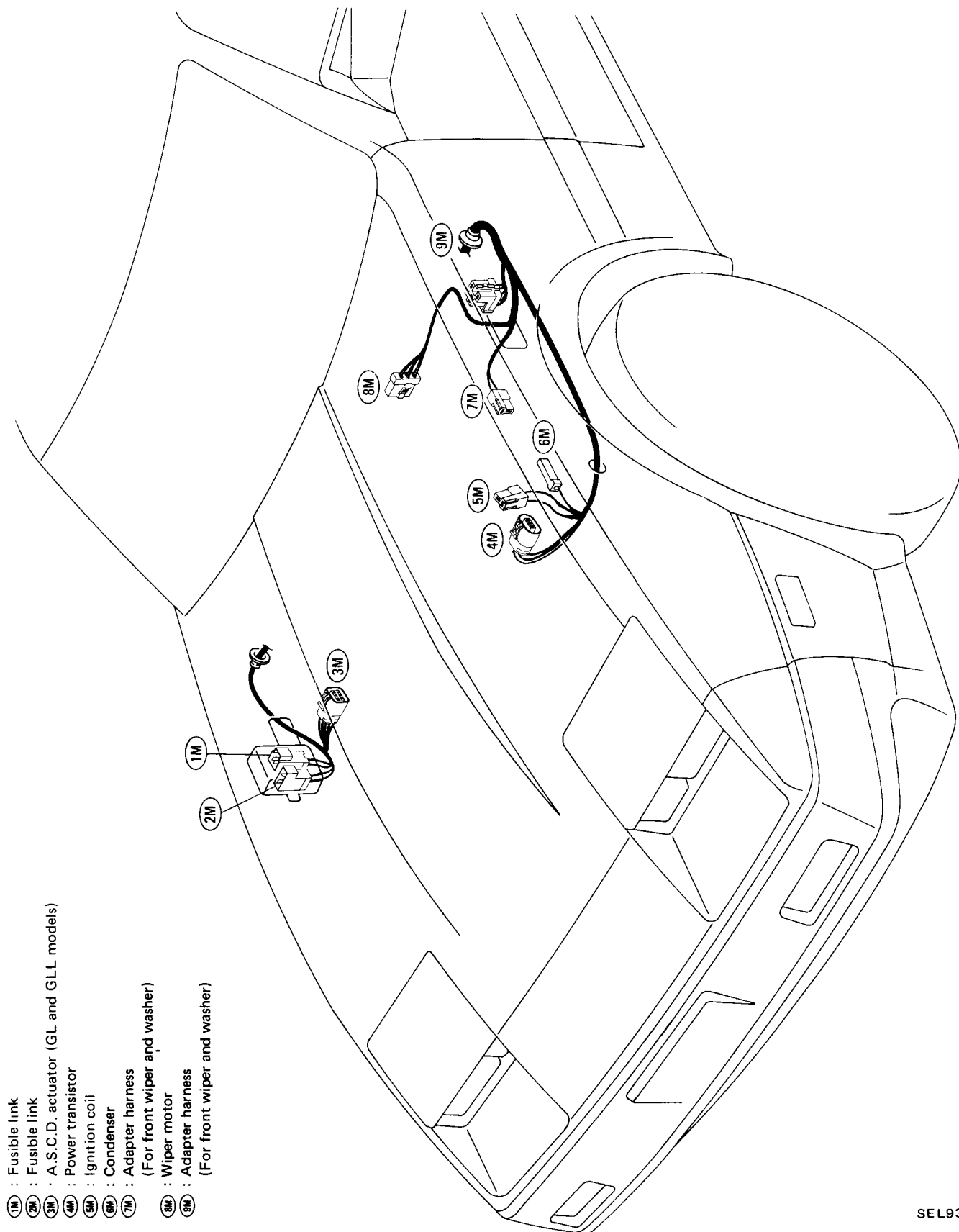
Outline



SEL496F

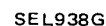
HARNESS LAYOUT

Main Harness



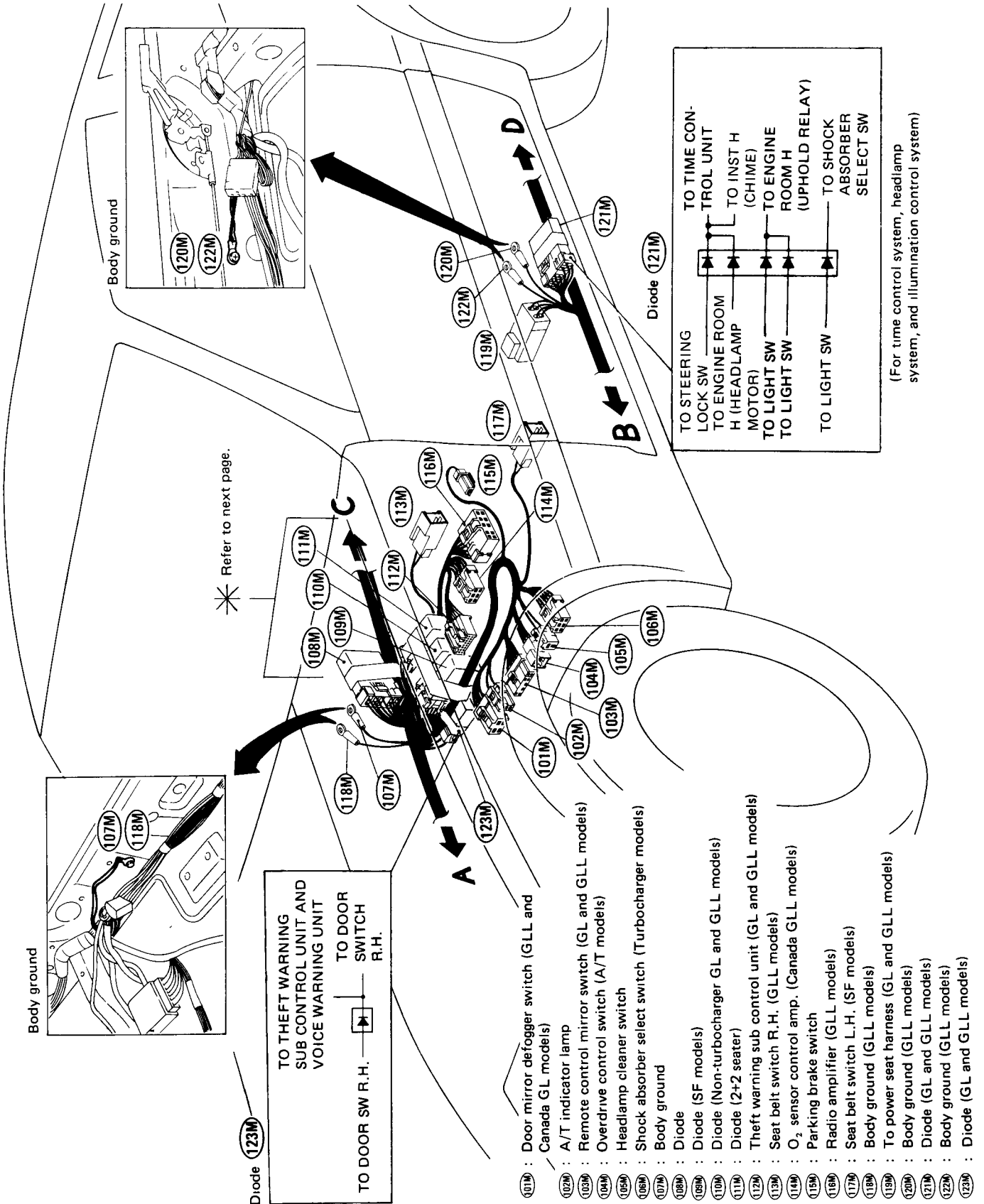
SEL937G

2. Main Harness (Cont'd)



HARNESS LAYOUT

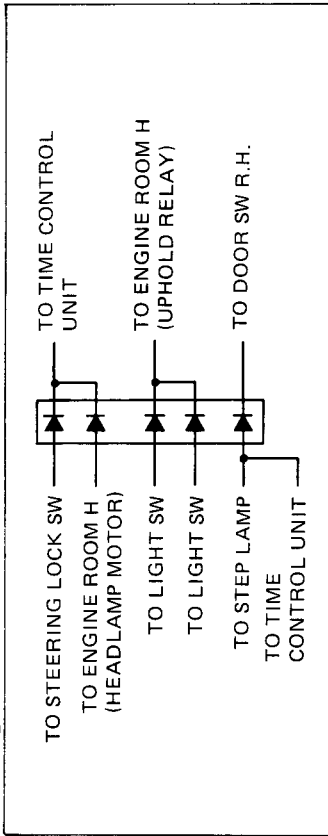
Main Harness (Cont'd)



HARNESS LAYOUT

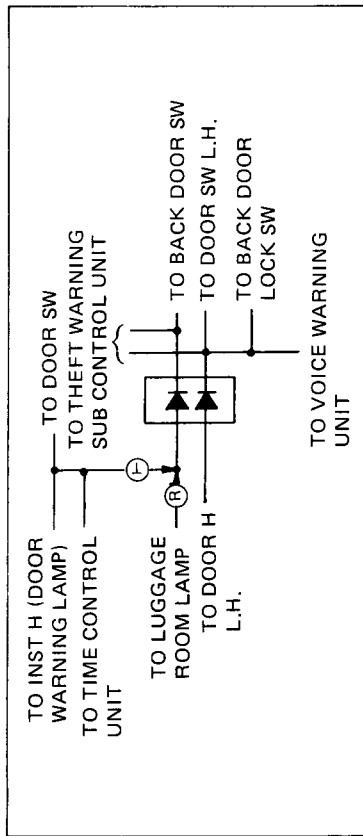
Main Harness (Cont'd)

Diode (109M)



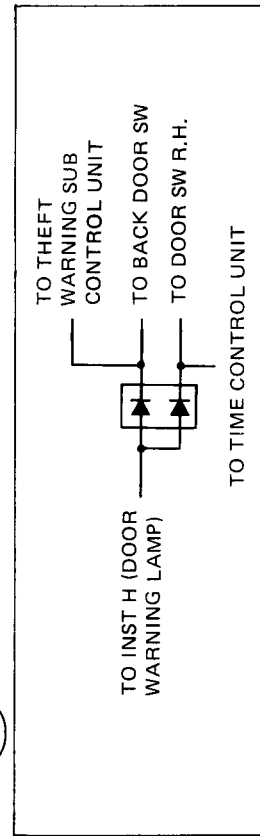
(For headlamp system & time control system)

Diode (110M)



(For theft warning system & voice warning system)

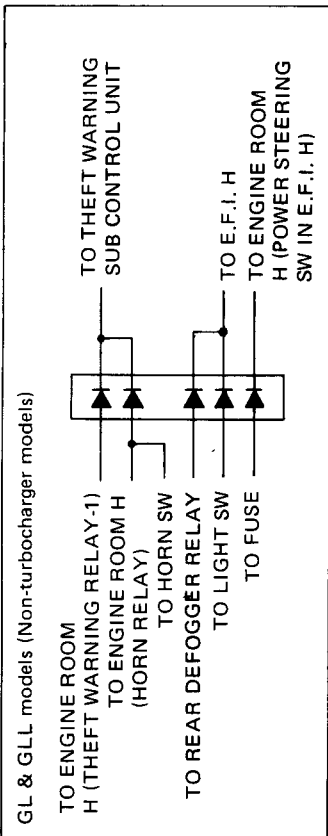
Diode (111M)



(For theft warning system & time control system)

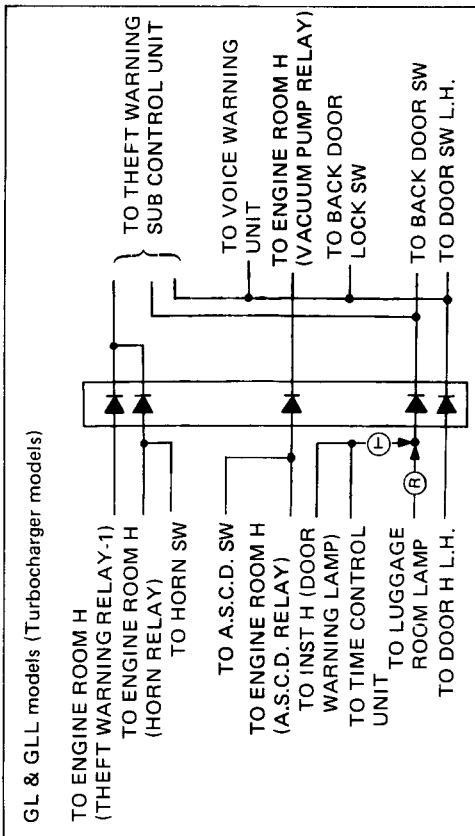
(R : 2+2 seater
T : 2 seater)

Diode (108M)



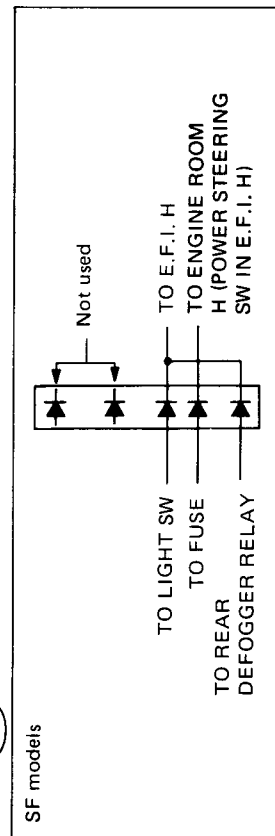
(For theft warning system & E.C.C.S. system)

Diode (108M)



(For theft warning system, A.S.C.D. system & voice warning system)

Diode (108M)

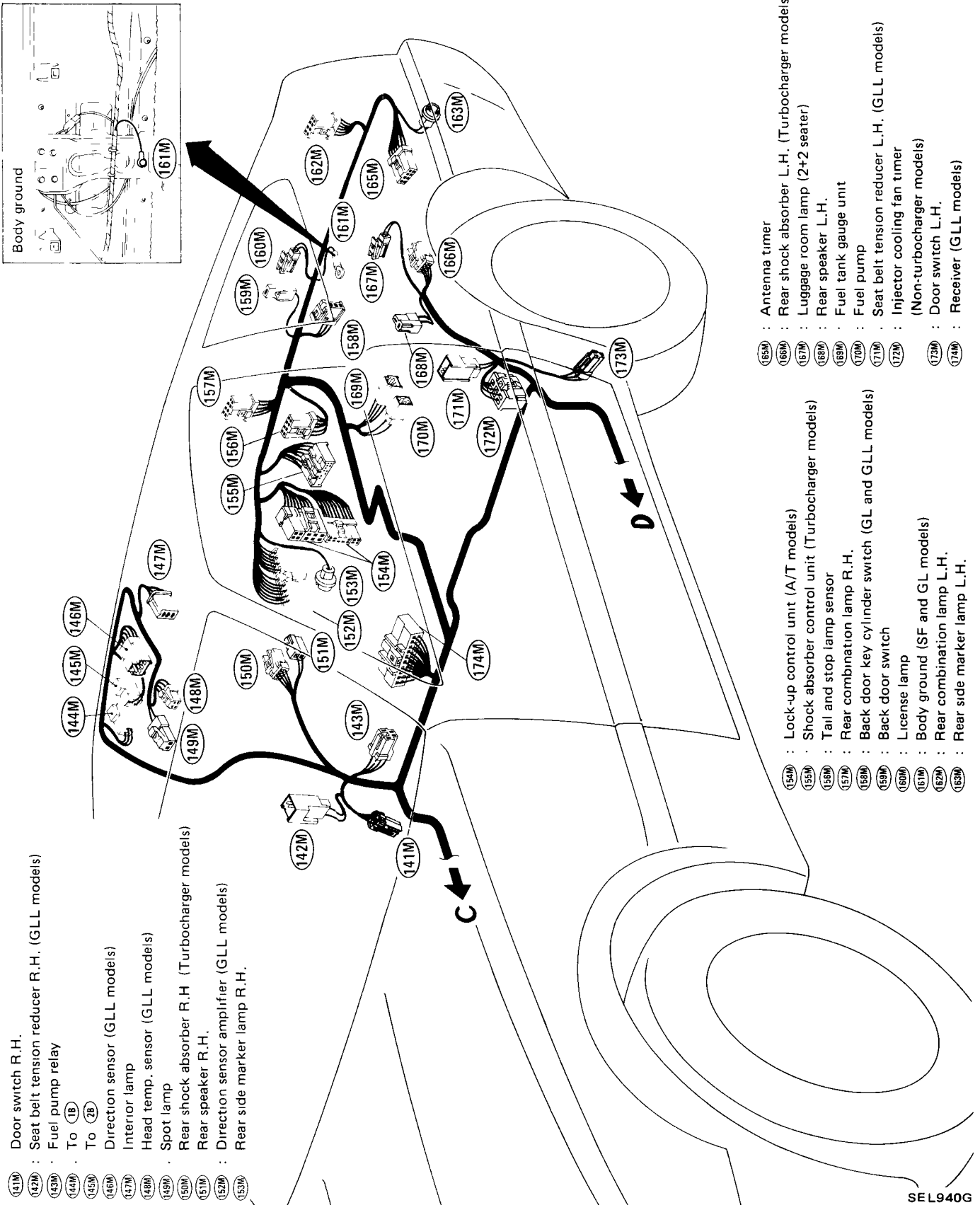


(For E.C.C.S. system)

SEL939G

HARNESS LAYOUT

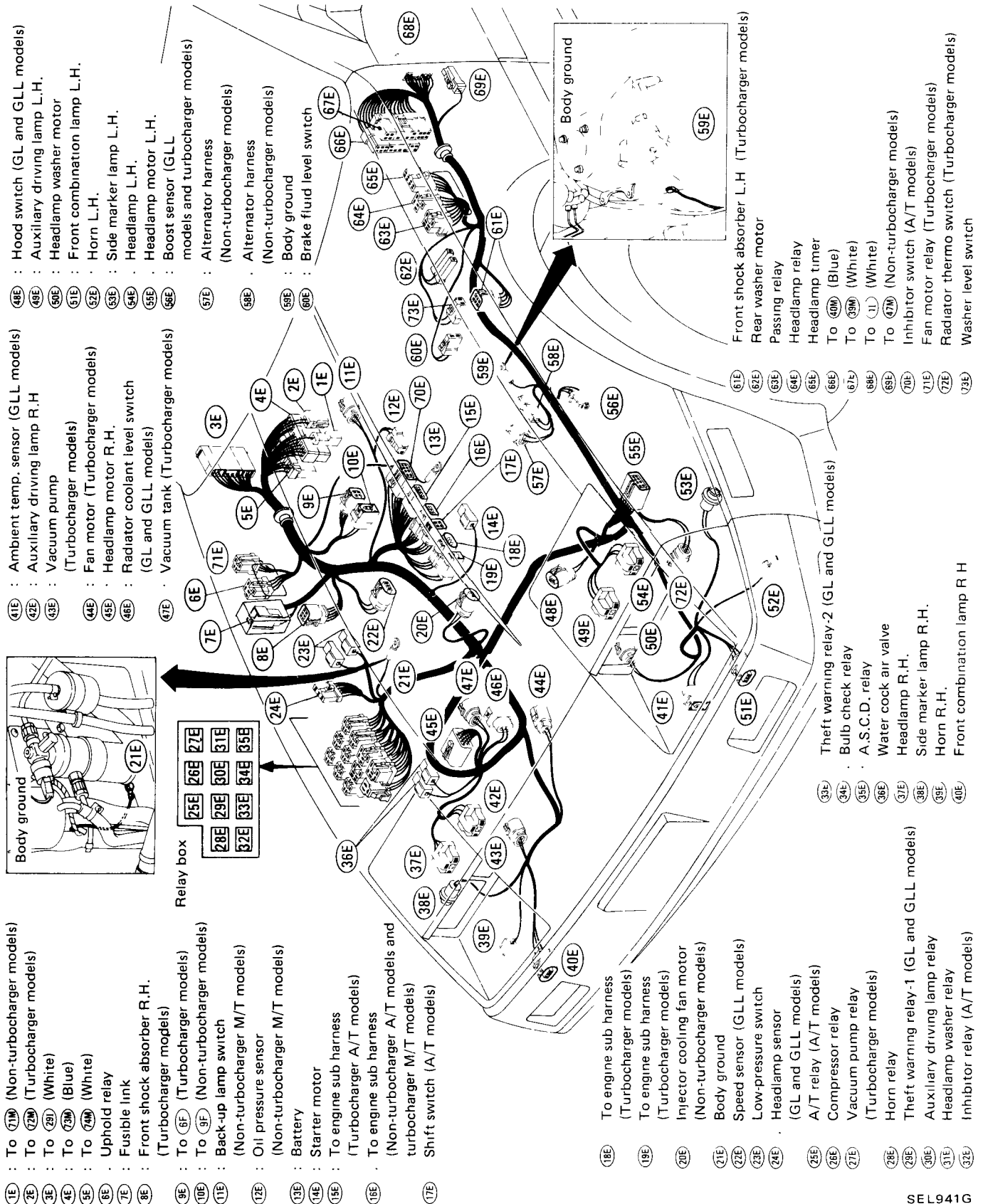
Main Harness (Cont'd)



SEL940G

HARNESS LAYOUT

Engine Room Harness



HARNESS LAYOUT

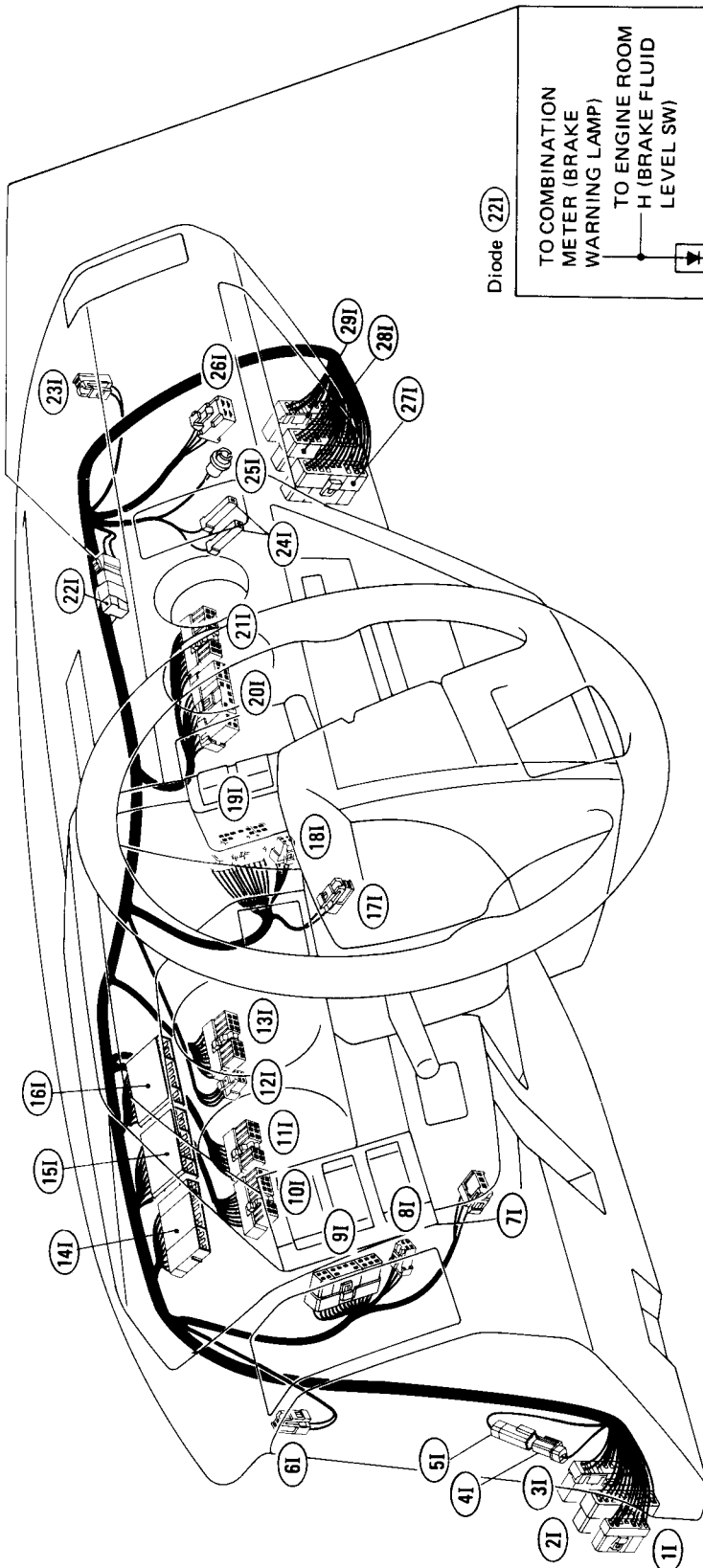
E.F.I. Harness



SFL942G

HARNESS LAYOUT

Instrument Harness



Diode (221)

TO COMBINATION
METER (BRAKE
WARNING LAMP)
TO ENGINE ROOM
H (BRAKE FLUID
LEVEL SW)

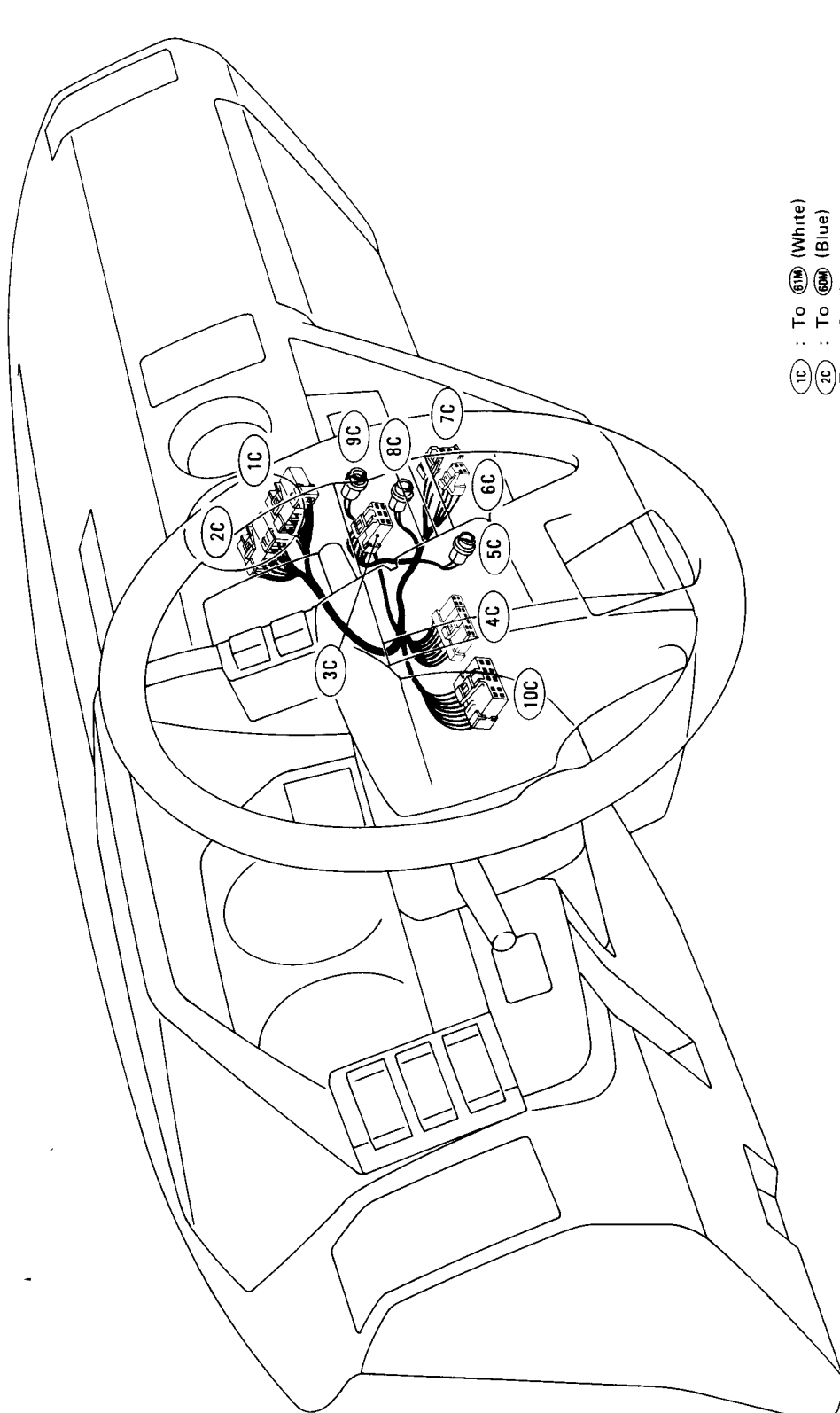
- (221) : Diode (GL models)
- (231) : Speaker R.H. (GLL models)
- (241) : Glove box lamp switch
- (251) : Glove box lamp
- (261) : Hold relay (Except Canada GLL models)
- (271) : To (29M) (Blue) (GLL models)
- (281) : To (29M) (Black)
- (291) : To (3E) (White)

- (11) : To (68E) (White)
- (21) : To (45M) (Blue) (GL and GLL models)
- (31) : To (46M) (White)
- (41) : Joint } (For O₂ sensor warning lamp)
- (51) : Joint }
- (61) : Speaker L.H. (GLL models)
- (71) : Illumination control switch (GL and GLL models)
- (81) : Instrument switch L.H.
- (91) : Instrument switch L.H.
- (101) : Combination meter (Black)
- (111) : Combination meter (White)
- (121) : Combination meter (White)
- (131) : Combination meter (White)
- (141) : Combination meter (White)
- (151) : Combination meter (White)
- (161) : Combination meter (Blue)
- (171) : Chime
- (181) : Instrument switch R.H.
- (191) : Instrument switch R.H.
- (201) : Combination gauge (GLL models)
- (211) : Combination gauge (SF and GL models)

Needle type meter
Digital type meter

HARNESS LAYOUT

Console Harness



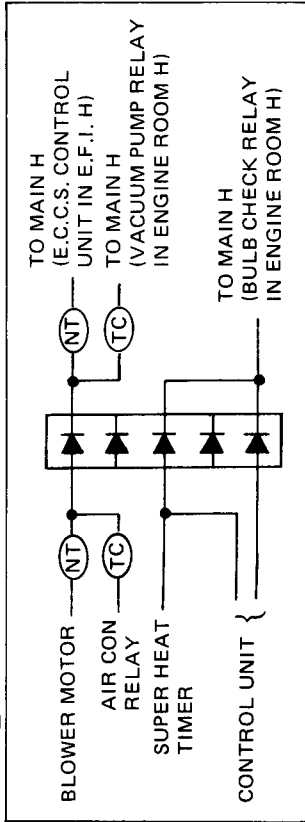
- 1C : To 61M (White)
- 2C : To 60M (Blue)
- 3C : Clock
- 4C : Radio (SF and GL models)
- 5C : Illumination lamp
- 6C : Antenna switch (SF models)
- 7C : Full auto antenna switch
- 8C : Illumination lamp
- 9C : Illumination lamp (SF and GL models)
- 10C : Radio (GLL models)

SEL394F

HARNESS LAYOUT

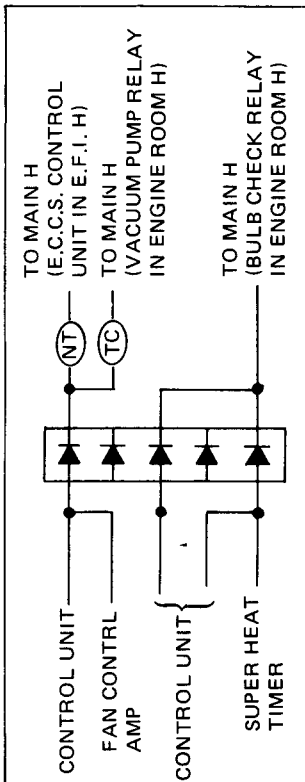
Air Conditioner Harness

Diode (16A)

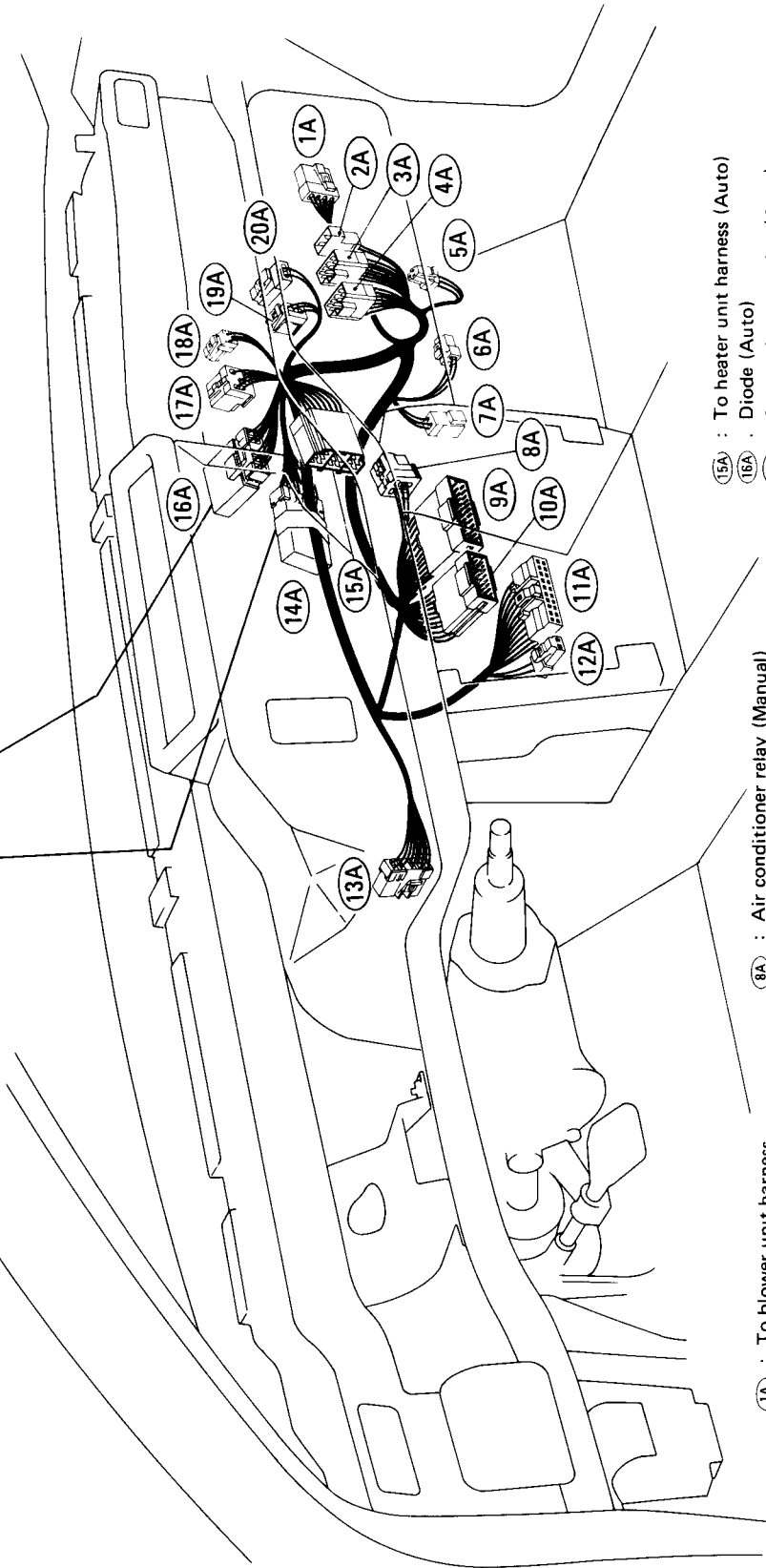


(For air conditioner and E.C.C.S. system)

Diode (14A)



(For air conditioner and E.C.C.S. system)



- 1A : To blower unit harness
- 2A : To 7000
- 3A : To 6300 (Blue) (Auto)
- 4A : To 6300 (White)
- 5A : To sensor harness-1 (Auto)
- 6A : In-vehicle sensor (Auto)
- 7A : Check connector (Auto)

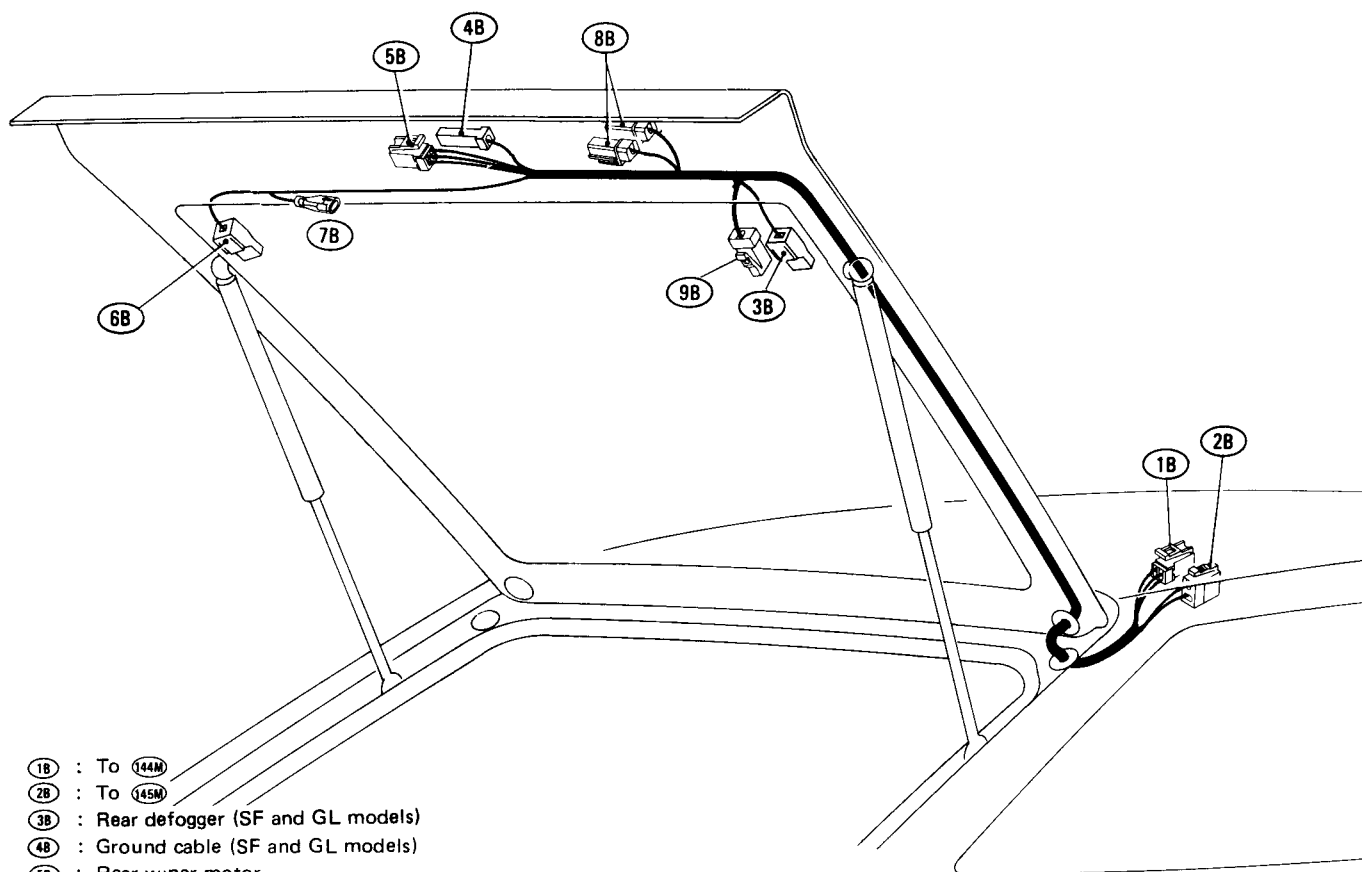
- 8A : Air conditioner relay (Manual)
- 9A : To control unit harness (Auto)
- 10A : To control unit harness (Auto)
- 11A : Control unit (Manual)
- 12A : Escutcheon lamp (Manual)
- 13A : Heater unit (Manual)
- 14A : Diode (Manual)

- 15A : To heater unit harness (Auto)
- 16A : Diode (Auto)
- 17A : Air conditioner relay (Auto)
- 18A : Thermo switch (Manual)
- 19A : Super heat timer
- 20A : Super heat switch
- TC : Turbo models
- NT : Non-turbo models

SEL944G

HARNESS LAYOUT

Back Door Harness



- ①B : To ①44M
- ②B : To ①45M
- ③B : Rear defogger (SF and GL models)
- ④B : Ground cable (SF and GL models)
- ⑤B : Rear wiper motor
- ⑥B : Rear defogger (GLL models)
- ⑦B : Condenser (GLL models)
- ⑧B : High-mounted stop lamp (U.S.A. models)
- ⑨B : To rear defogger sub-harness (GLL models)

SEL945G