

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



SECTION EL

When you read wiring diagrams:

- Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".

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EL

WIRING DIAGRAM REFERENCE CHART

E.C.C.S.	EF & EC SECTION	POWER WINDOW, DOOR LOCK AND
LOCK-UP CONTROL SYSTEM	AT SECTION	MIRROR
ADJUSTABLE SHOCK ABSORBER ...	FA SECTION	HEATER AND AIR CONDITIONER
		BF SECTION
		MA SECTION

HARNESS CONNECTOR

Description

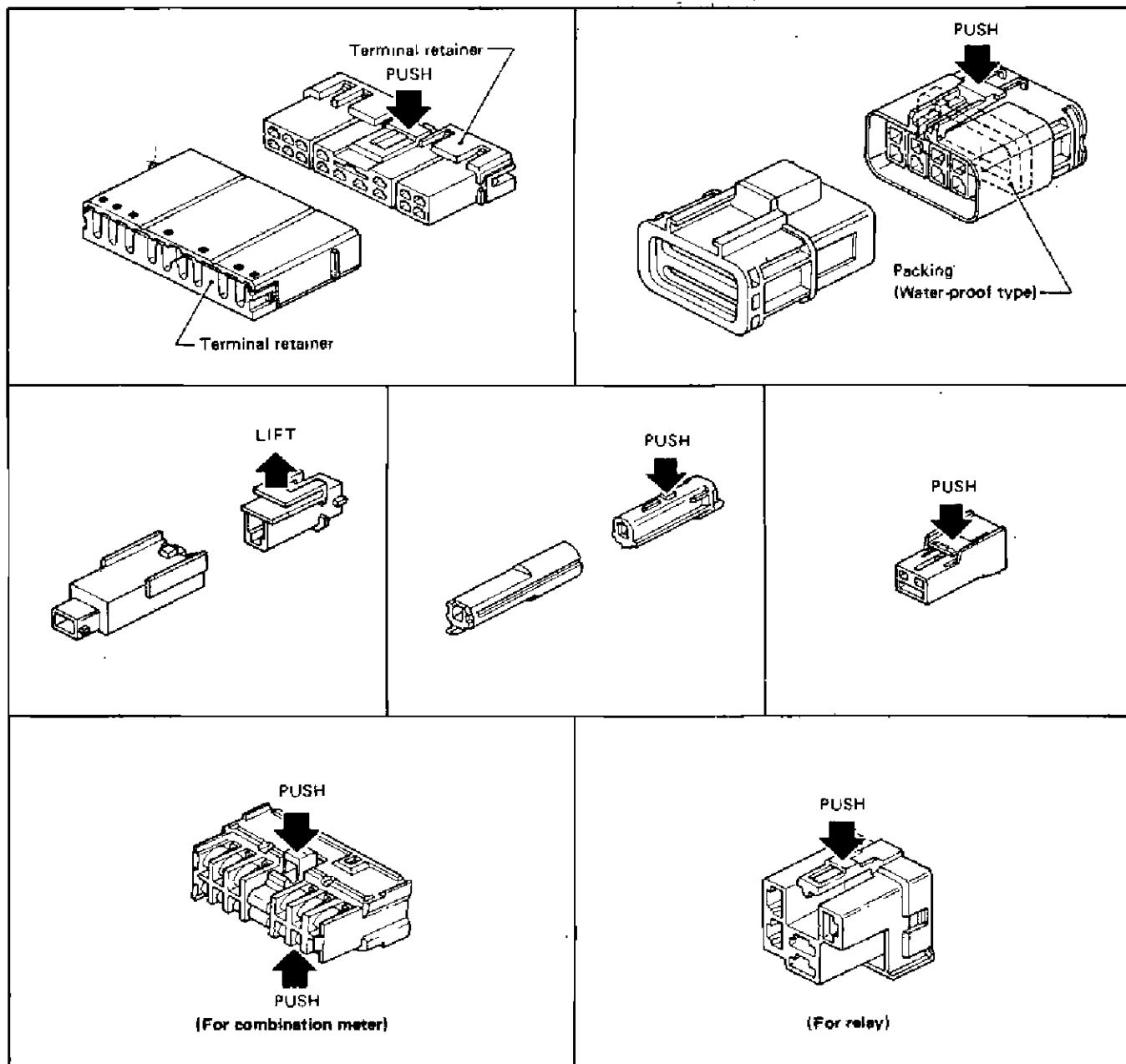
HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors are designed so that they do not become loose or disconnected accidentally.
- The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.

CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

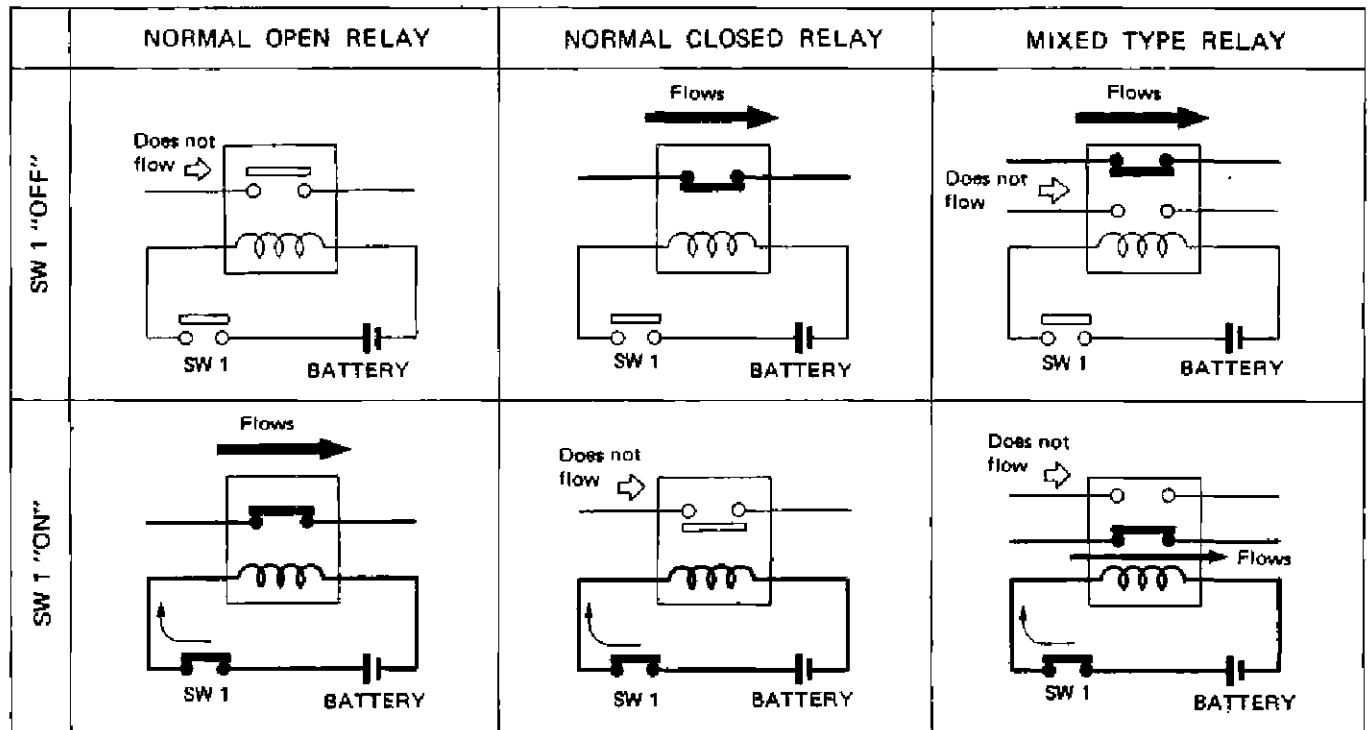
[Example]



STANDARDIZI

Normal Open, Normal Closed and Mixed Type Relays

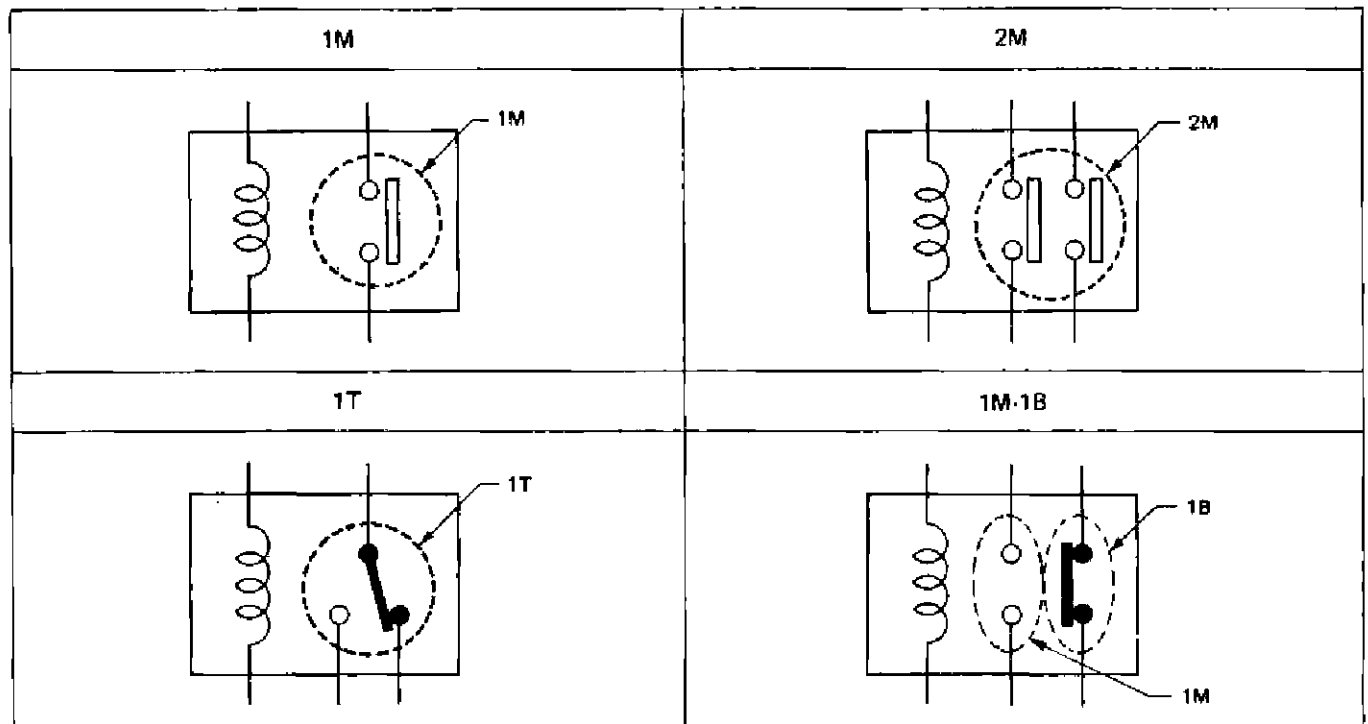
Relays can mainly be divided into three types: normal open, normal closed and mixed type relays.



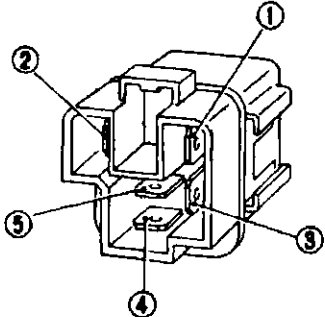
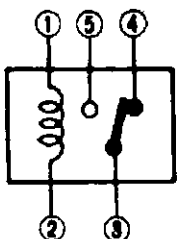
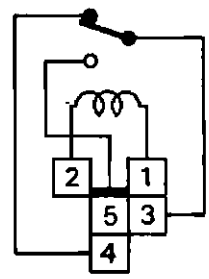
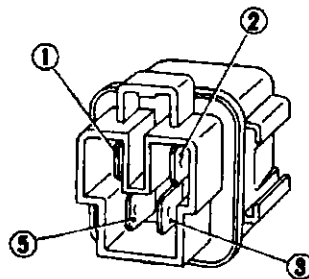
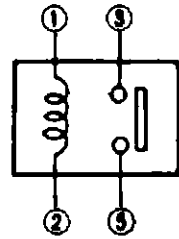
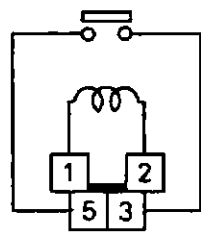
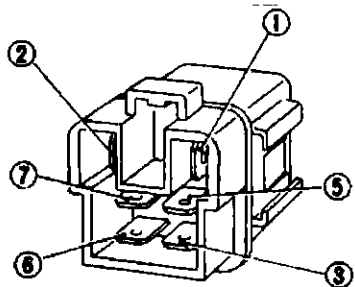
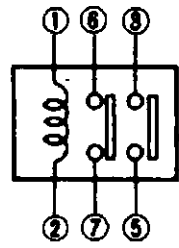
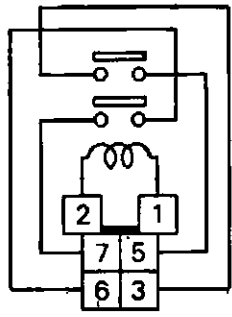
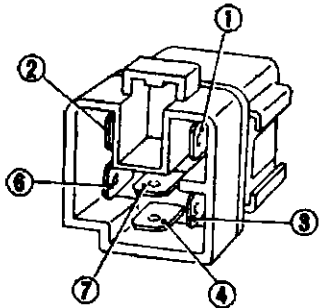
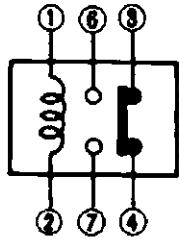
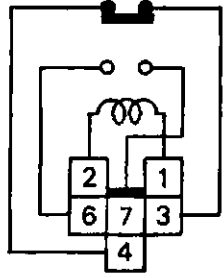
SEL881H

Type of Standardized Relays

1M 1 Make 2M 2 Make
 1T 1 Transfer 1M-1B 1 Make 1 Break



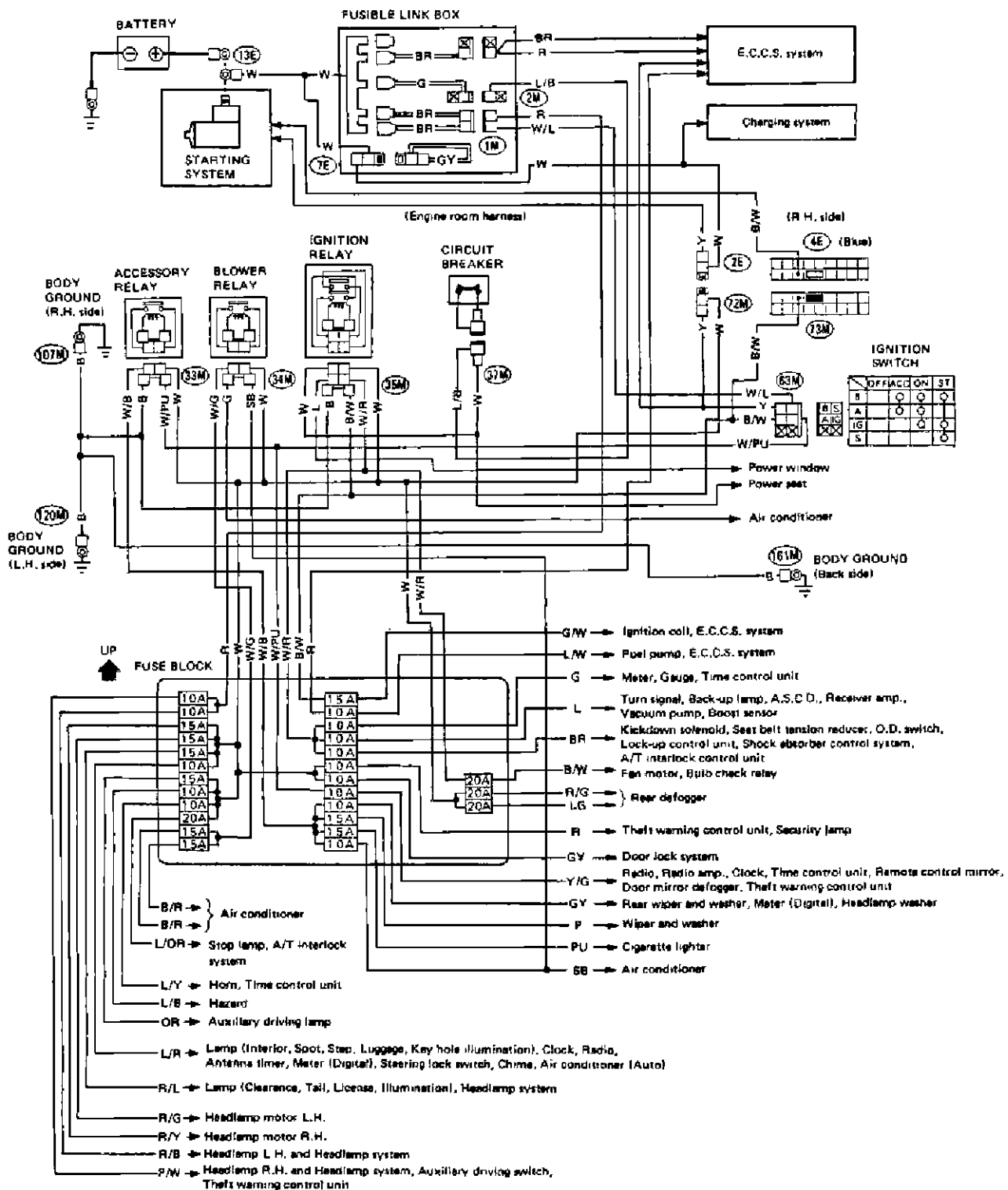
SEL882H

Type	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color
1T				BLACK
1M				BLUE
2M				BROWN
1M-1B				GRAY

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram

TURBO MODELS

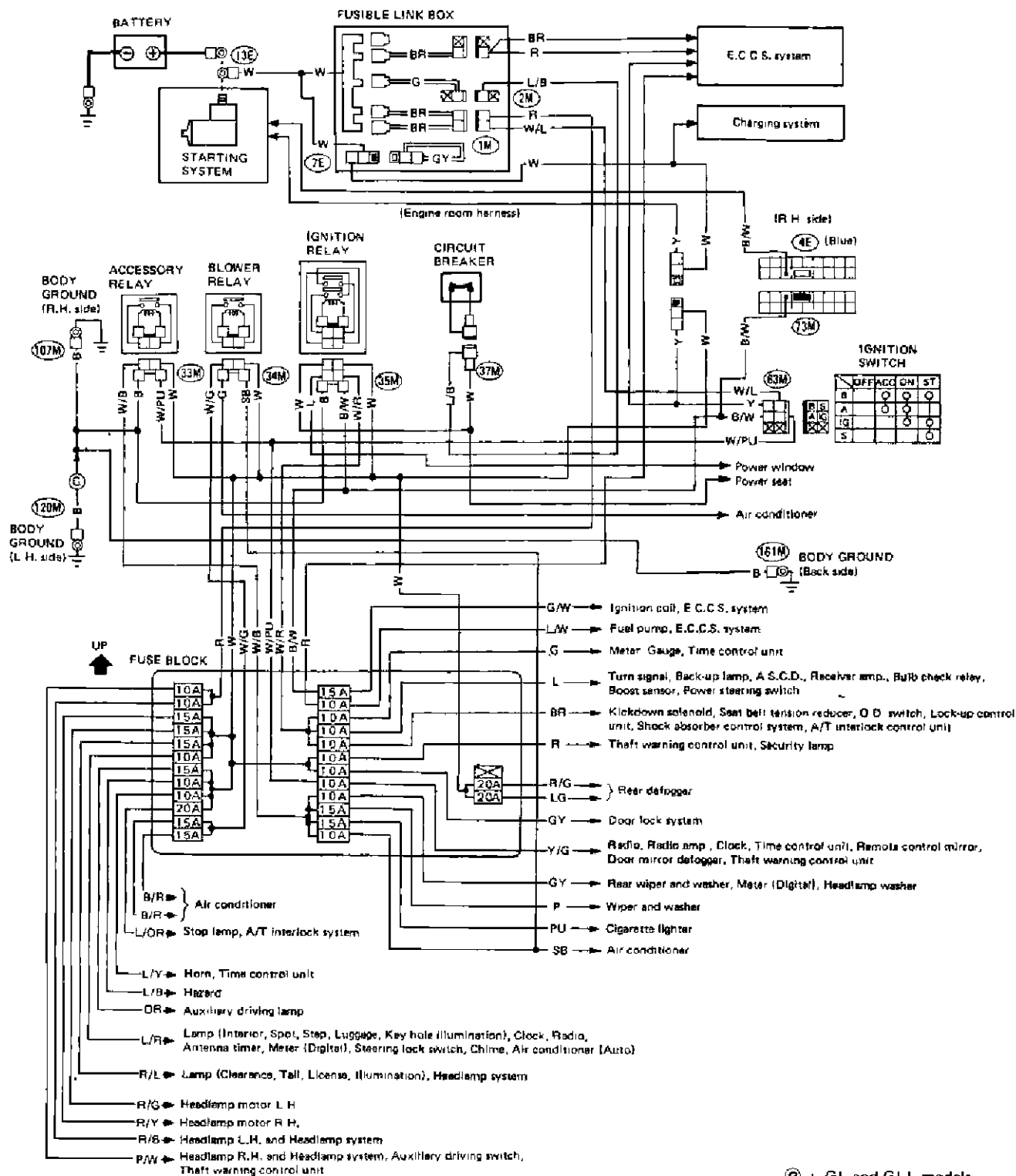


SEL473K

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

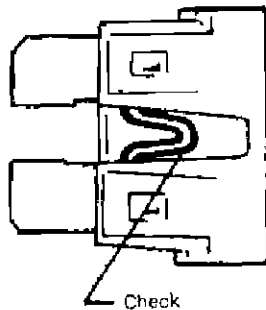
NON-TURBO MODELS



Ⓢ : GL and GLL models

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Fuse

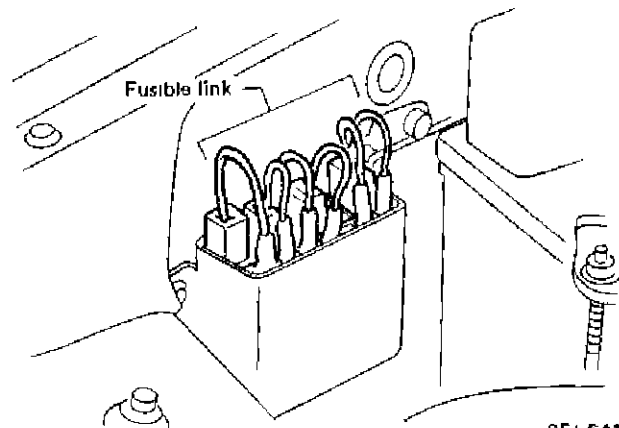


SEL276

- If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- Do not install fuse in oblique direction; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- Remove fuse for clock if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.



SEL641D

CAUTION:

- If fusible link should melt, it is possible that critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check and eliminate cause of problem.
- Never wrap periphery of fusible link with vinyl tape. Extreme care should be taken with this link to ensure that it does not come into contact with any other wiring harness or vinyl or rubber parts.

POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Note:

BATTERY

CAUTION:

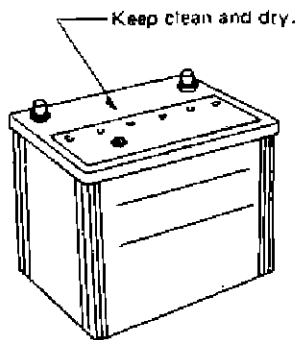
- If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.

How to Handle Battery

METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

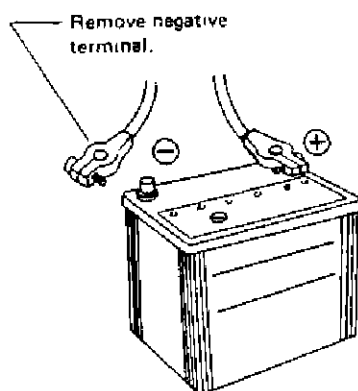
- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.



SEL711E

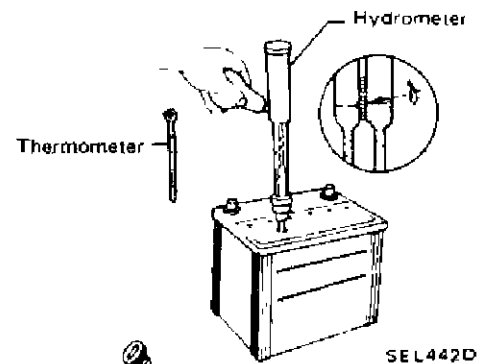
If the top surface of a battery is wet with electrolyte or water, leakage current will cause the battery to discharge. Always keep the battery clean and dry.

- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal.



SEL712E

- Check the charge condition of the battery.



Periodically check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Keep a close check on charge condition to prevent over-discharge.

CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

WARNING:

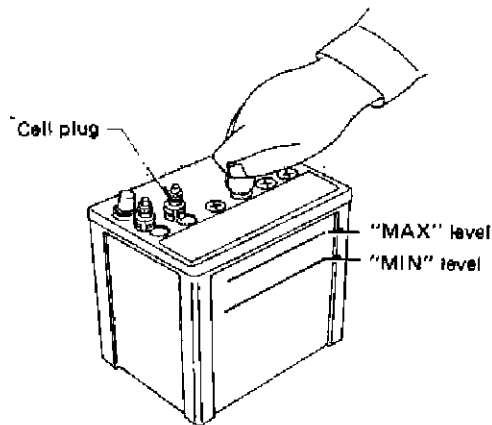
Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- If the electrolyte level is low, remove cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.

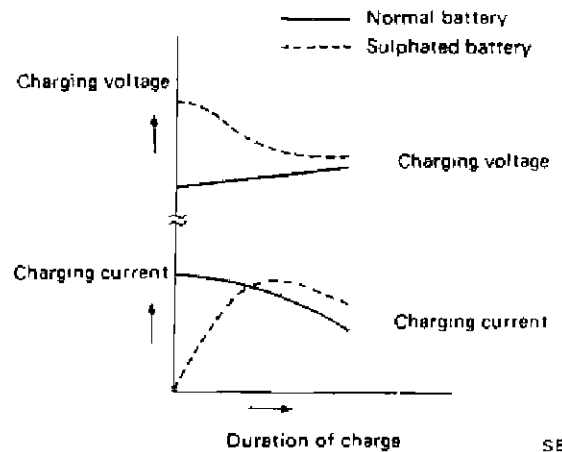


SEL001K

SULPHATION

When a battery has been left unattended for a long period of time and has a specific gravity of less than 1.100, it will be completely discharged, resulting in sulphation on the cell plates.

Compared with a battery discharged under normal conditions, the current flow in a "sulphated" battery is not as smooth although its voltage is high during the initial stage of charging, as shown in the following figure.



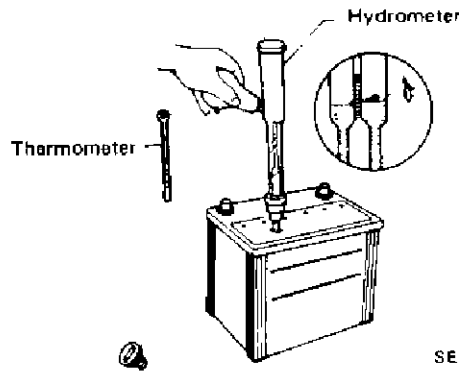
SEL709E

Specific Gravity Check

SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

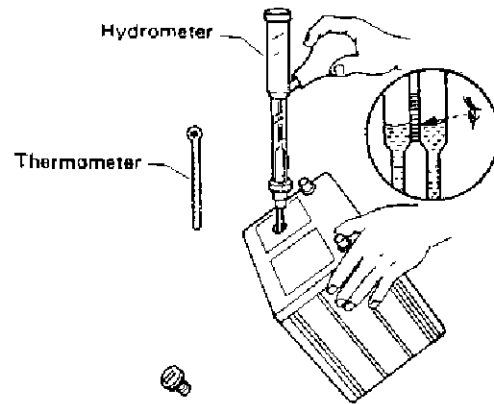
1. Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.

Read top level with scale.



SEL442D

- When electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case to raise it for easy measurement.

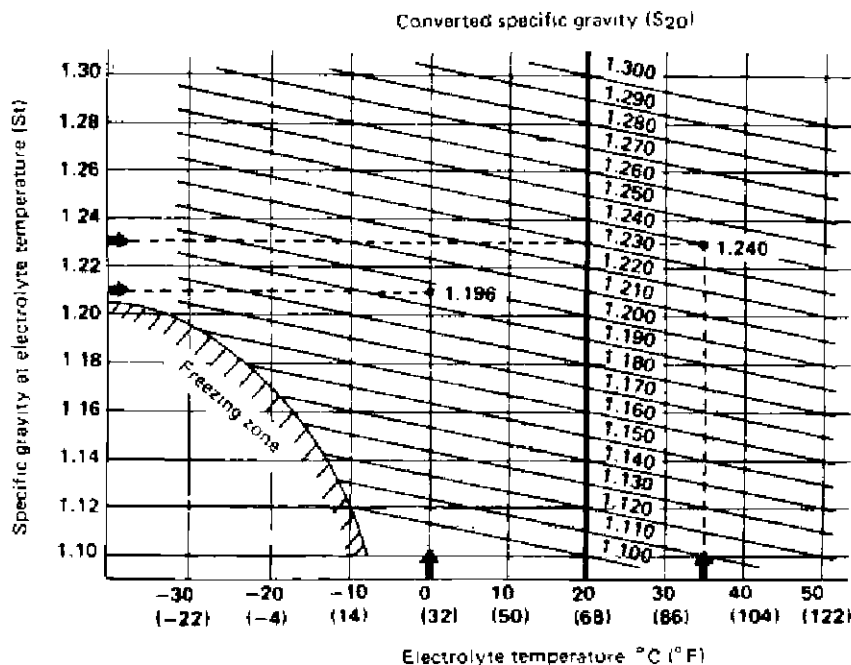


SEL710E

2. Convert into specific gravity at 20°C (68°F).

Example:

- When electrolyte temperature is 35°C (95°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.230, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.240.
- When electrolyte temperature is 0°C (32°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.210, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.196.

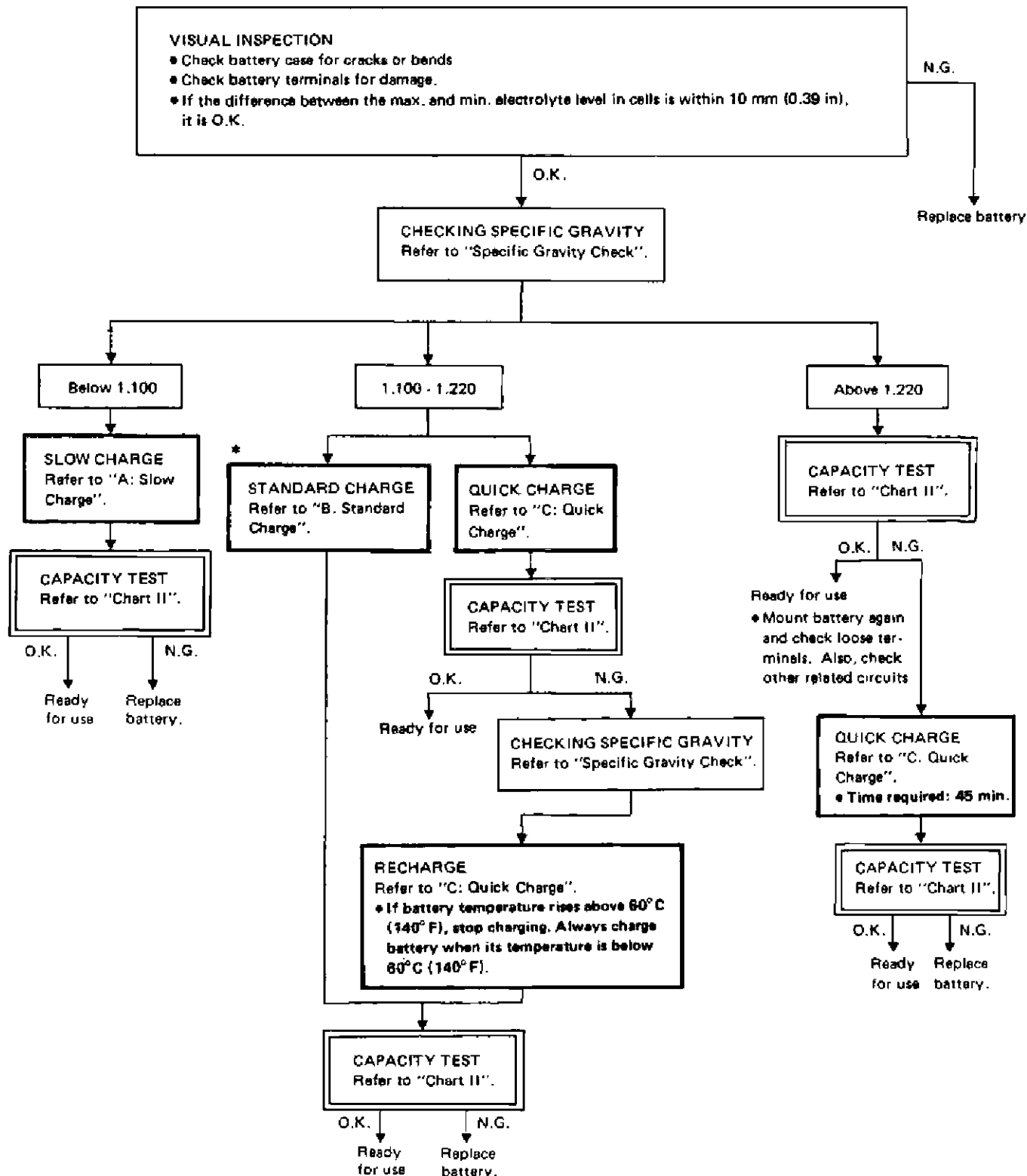


SEL042D

BATTERY

Battery Test and Charging Chart

Chart I

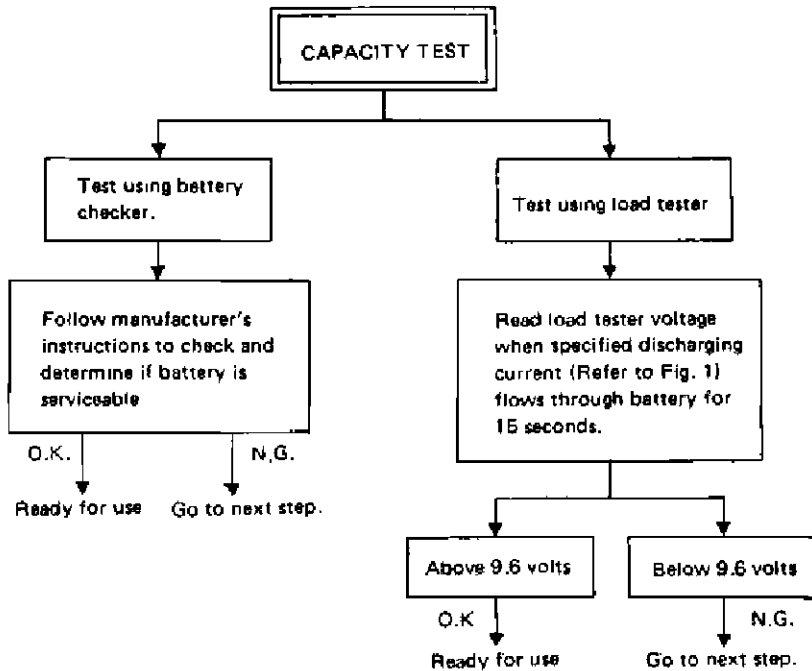


* "STANDARD CHARGE" is recommended in case that the vehicle is in storage after charging.

BATTERY

Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

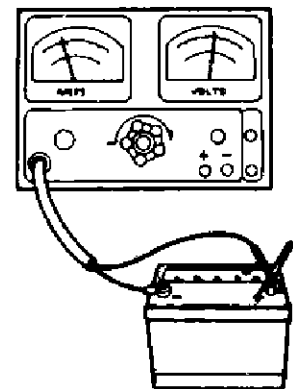
Chart II



- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.

Fig. 1 DISCHARGING CURRENT (Load tester)

Type	Current (A)
28B19R(L)	90
34B19R(L)	99
46B24R(L)	135
55B24R(L)	135
50D23R(L)	150
55D23R(L)	180
65D26R(L)	195
80D26R(L)	195
75D31R(L)	210
95D31R(L)	240
95E41R(L)	300
130E41R(L)	330



SEL697B

BATTERY

Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

A: SLOW CHARGE

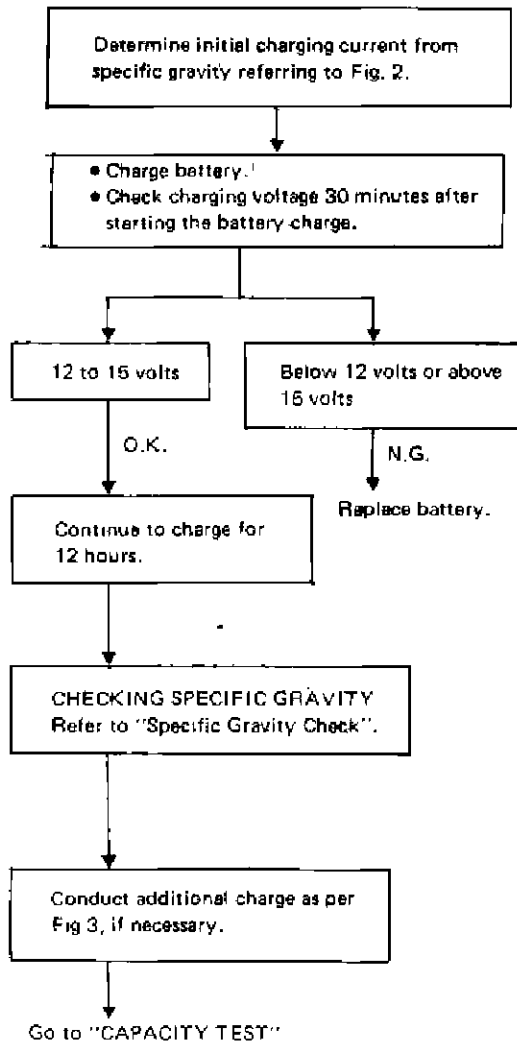
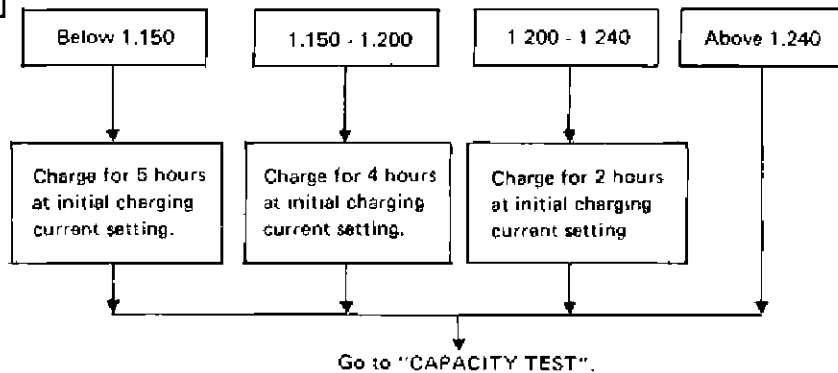


Fig. 2 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING (Slow charge)

BATTERY TYPE CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	28B19R(L) 34B19R(L)	46B24R(L) 56B24R(L)	50D23R(L) 55D23R(L)	65D26R(L) 80D26R(L)	75D31R(L)	95D31R(L) 95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)
Below 1.100	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	8.0 (A)	9.0 (A)	10.0 (A)	14.0 (A)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

Fig. 3 ADDITIONAL CHARGE (Slow-charge)



CAUTION:

- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 2. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

BATTE

Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

B: STANDARD CHARGE

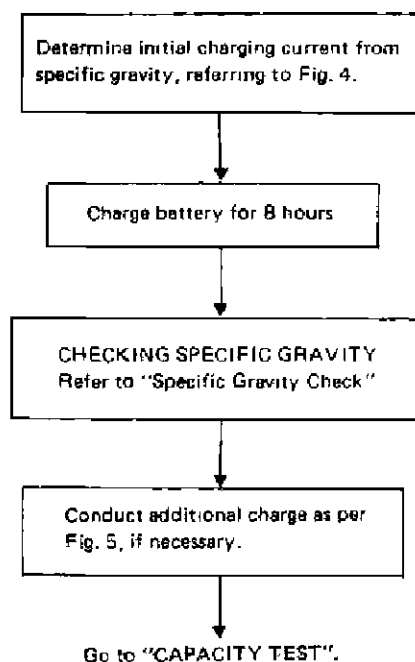
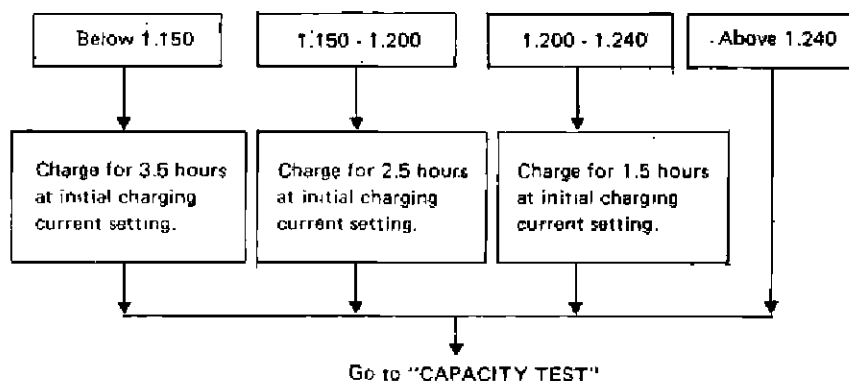


Fig. 4 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING (Standard charge)

BATTERY TYPE CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	28B19R(L) 34B19R(L)	46B24R(L) 55B24R(L)	50D23R(L) 55D23R(L)	65D26R(L) 80D26R(L)	75D31R(L)	95D31R(L) 95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)
1.100 - 1.130	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	8.0 (A)	9.0 (A)	13.0 (A)
1.130 - 1.160	3.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	8.0 (A)	11.0 (A)
1.160 - 1.190	2.0 (A)	3.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	6.0 (A)	7.0 (A)	9.0 (A)
1.190 - 1.220	2.0 (A)	2.0 (A)	3.0 (A)	4.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	5.0 (A)	7.0 (A)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

Fig. 5 ADDITIONAL CHARGE (Standard charge)



CAUTION:

- Do not use standard charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 4. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

BATTERY

Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

C: QUICK CHARGE

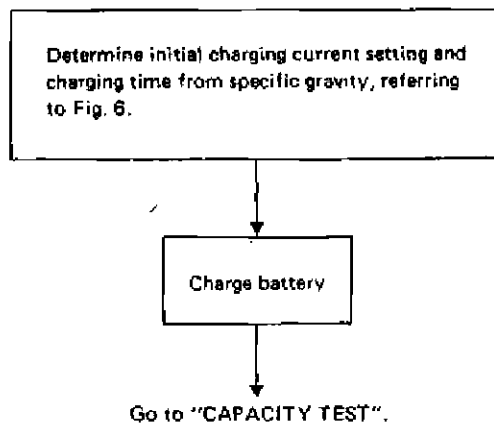


Fig. 6 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING AND CHARGING TIME (Quick charge)

CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	BATTERY TYPE CUR- RENT [A]	28B19R(L) 34B19R(L)	46B24R(L) 55B24R(L) 50D23R(L)	55D23R(L) 65D26R(L) 80D26R(L)	75D31R(L) 95D31R(L) 95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)
		10 (A)	15 (A)	20 (A)	30 (A)	40 (A)
1.100 - 1.130		2.5 hours				
1.130 - 1.160		2.0 hours				
1.160 - 1.190		1.5 hours				
1.190 - 1.220		1.0 hours				
Above 1.220		0.75 hours (45 min.)				

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.
- After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

CAUTION:

- Do not use quick charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set initial charging current to value specified in Fig. 6. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- Be careful of a rise in battery temperature because a large current flow is required during quick-charge operation.
If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).
- Do not exceed the charging time specified in Fig. 6. Because if the battery is charged over the charging time, it can cause deterioration of the battery.

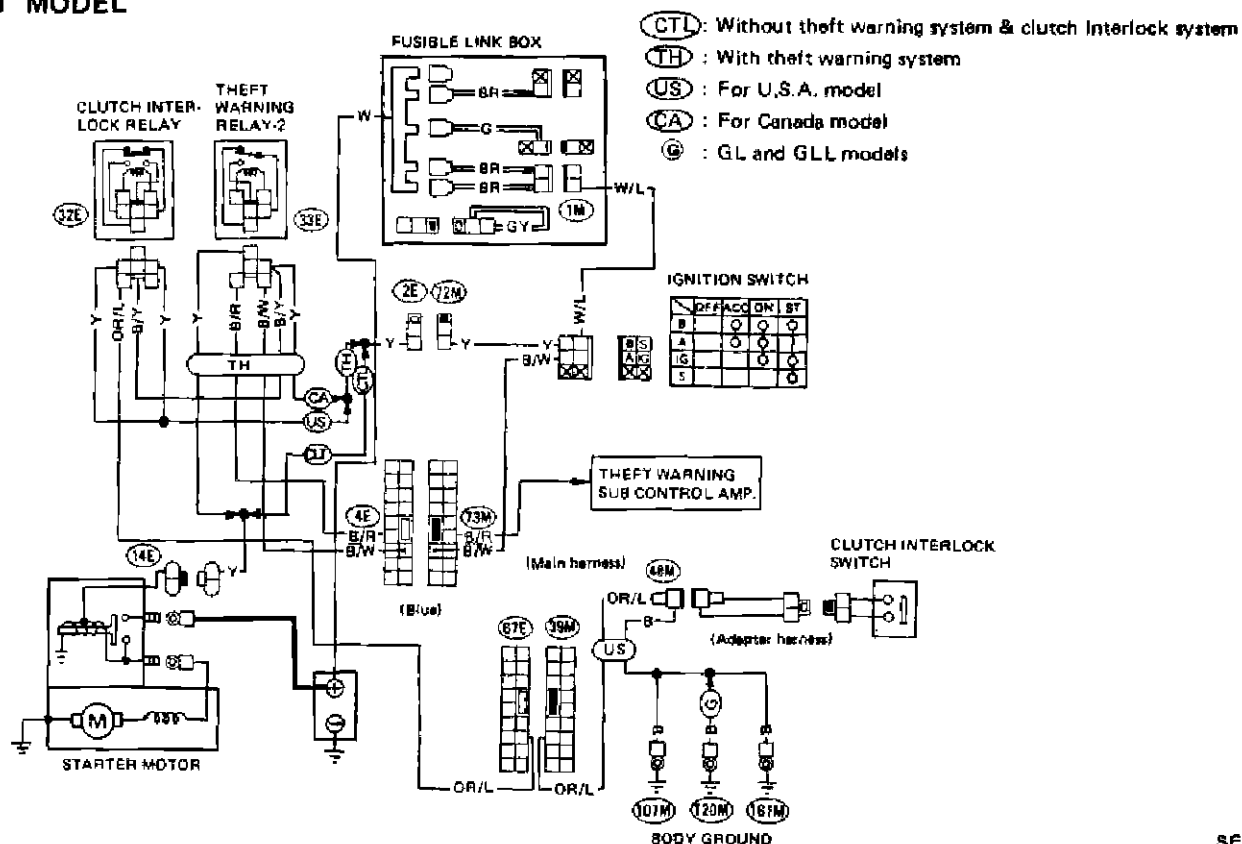
Service Data and Specifications (S.D.S.)

Applied model	U.S.A.	U.S.A. option and Canada
Type	65D23R	75D31R
Capacity	V-AH	
	12-60	12-70

STARTING SYSTEM

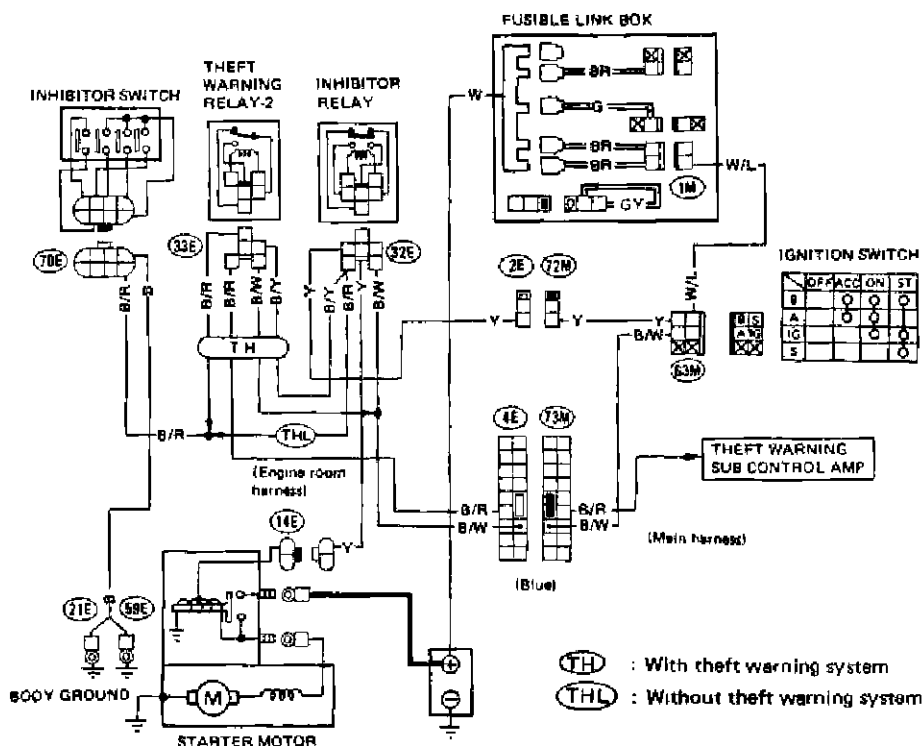
Wiring Diagram

M/T MODEL



SEL301L

A/T MODEL

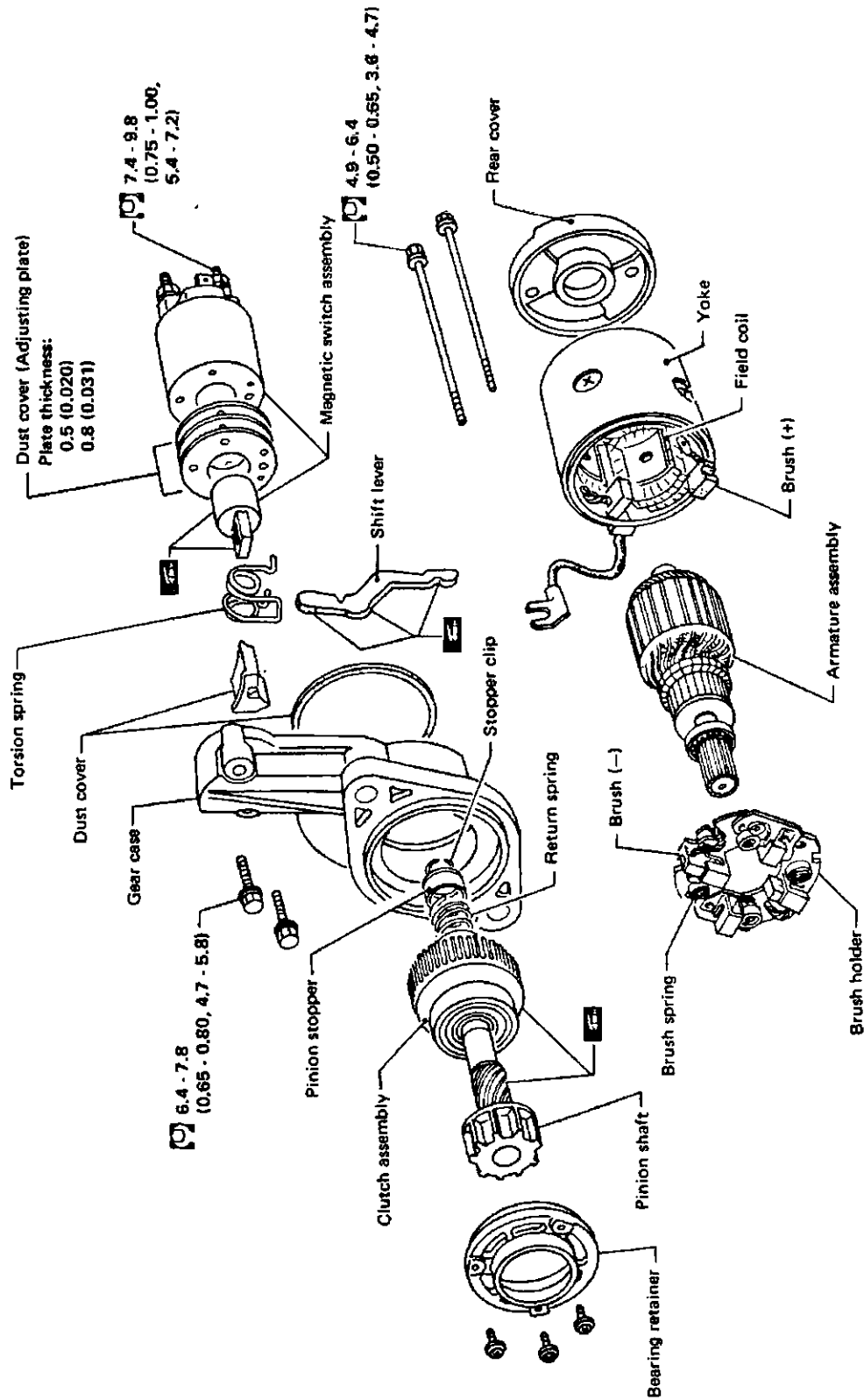


SEL302L

STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

Construction

S114-458



Unit: mm (in)
 : N·m (kg·m, ft·lb)
 : High-temperature grease point

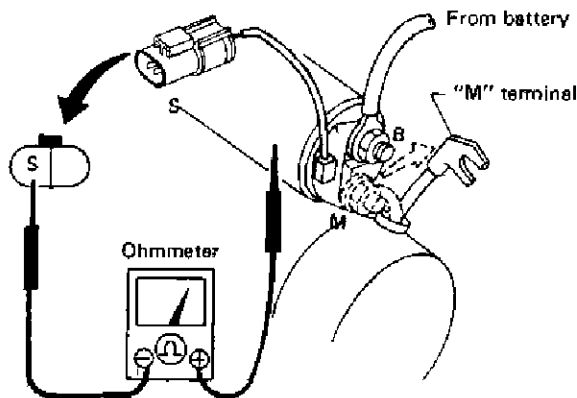
STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

Magnetic Switch Check

- Before starting to check, disconnect battery ground cable;
- Disconnect "M" terminal of starter motor.

1. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and switch body).

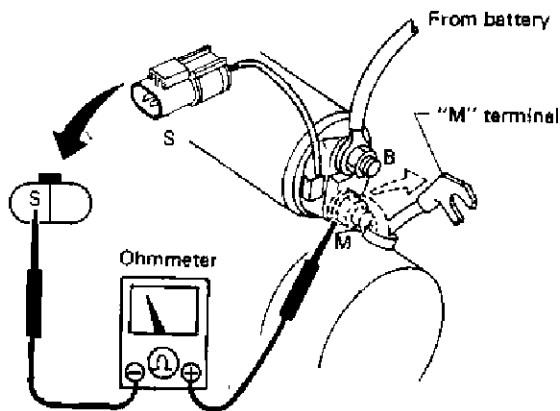
- No continuity ... Replace.



SEL036H

2. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and "M" terminal).

- No continuity ... Replace.

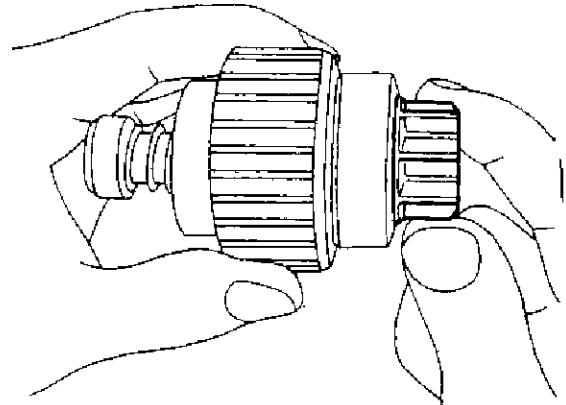


SEL038H

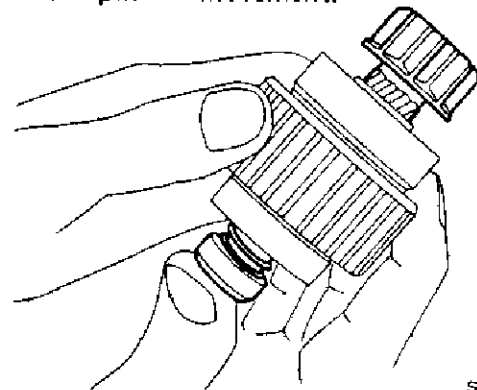
Pinion/Clutch Check

1. Check to see if clutch assembly locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.

- If it does not lock (or locks) in either direction or unusual resistance is evident Replace.

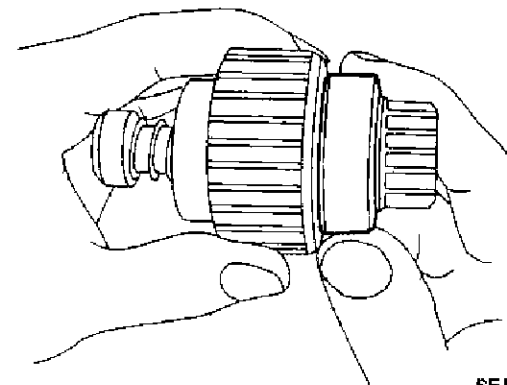


2. Check pinion movement.



3. Check ball bearing.

Spin outer race of ball bearing to ensure that it turns smoothly without binding.



- Abnormal resistance Replace.

STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

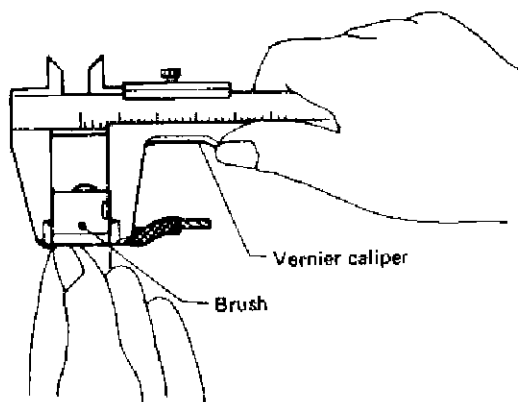
Brush Check

4. Inspection pinion teeth.
 - Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
5. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
 - Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)

BRUSH

Check wear of brush.

Wear limit length: 11 mm (0.43 in)

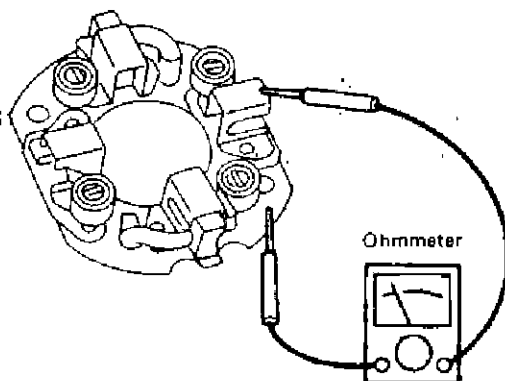


SEL626B

- Excessive wear ... Replace.

BRUSH HOLDER

1. Perform insulation test between brush holder (positive side) and its base (negative side).

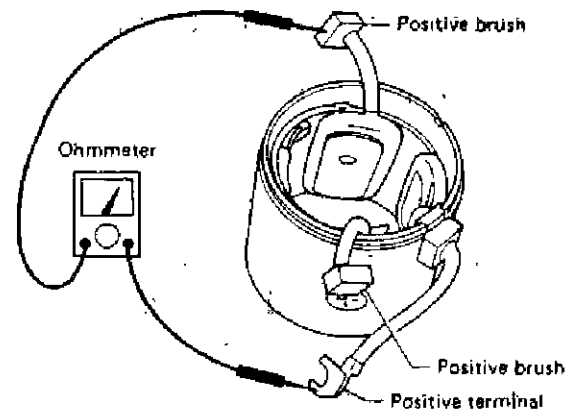


SEL568B

- Continuity exists ... Replace.
2. Check brush holder to see if it moves smoothly.
 - If brush holder is bent, replace it; if sliding surface is dirty, clean:

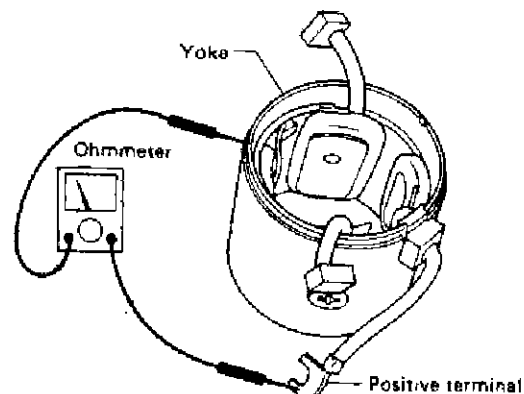
Field Coil Check

1. Continuity test (between field coil positive terminal and positive brushes).



SEL102B

- No continuity ... Replace field coil.
2. Insulation test (between field coil positive terminal and yoke).



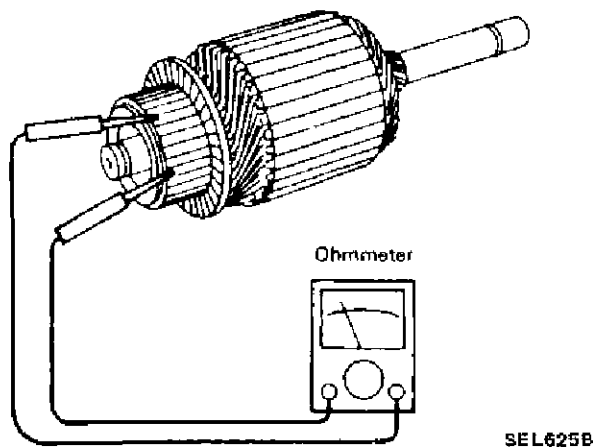
SEL103B

- Continuity exists ... Replace field coil.

STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

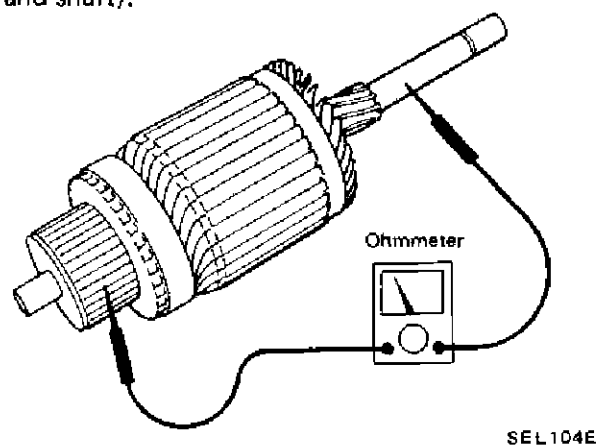
Armature Check

1. Continuity test (between two segments side by side).



- No continuity ... Replace.

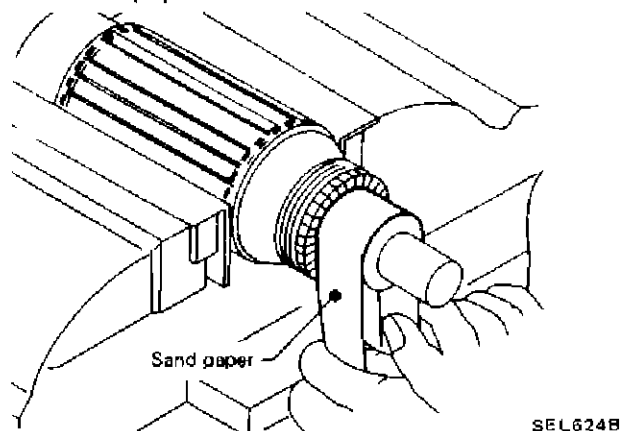
2. Insulation test (between each commutator bar and shaft).



- Continuity exists ... Replace.

3. Check commutator surface.

- Rough ... Sand lightly with No. 500 - 600 sandpaper.

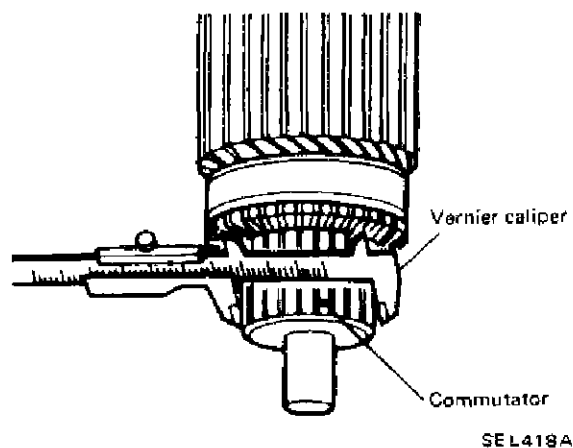


4. Check diameter of commutator.

Commutator minimum diameter:

29 mm (1.14 in)

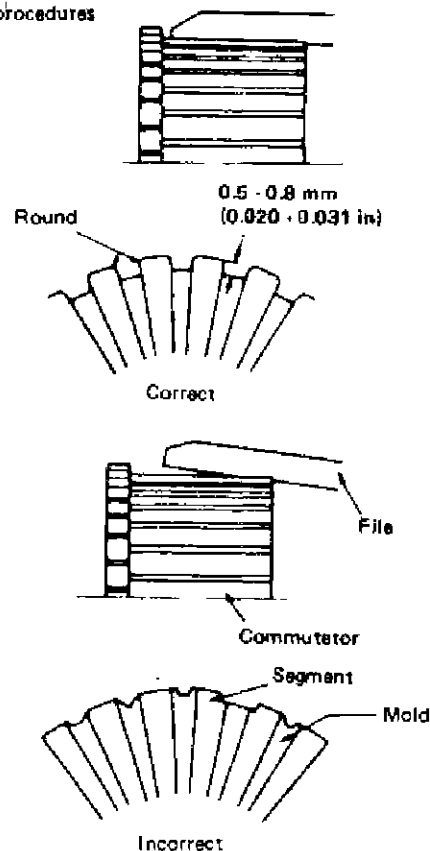
- Less than specified value ... Replace.



5. Check depth of insulating mold from commutator surface.

- Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in) ... Undercut to 0.5 - 0.8 mm (0.020 - 0.031 in)

Undercut procedures



EE021

STARTING SYSTEM —Starter—

Assembly

Carefully observe the following instructions.

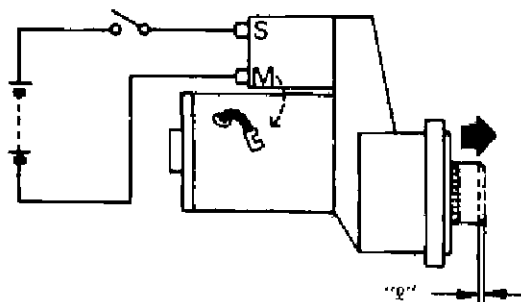
a. Apply grease to:

- Rear cover metal
- Gear case metal
- Frictional surface of pinion
- Moving portion of shift lever
- Plunger of magnetic switch

Compare difference "x" in height of pinion when it is pushed out with magnetic switch energized and when it is pulled out by hand until it touches stopper.

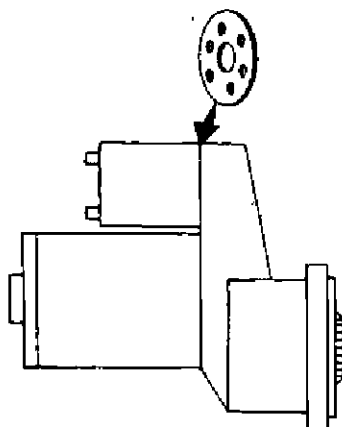
Difference "x":

0.3 - 1.5 mm (0.012 - 0.059 in)



SEL497D

- Not in the specified value ... Adjust by dust cover (Adjusting plate).



SEL573B

Service Data and Specifications

(S.D.S.)

Applied model		All
Type		S114-458
System voltage	V	12
No-load		
Terminal voltage	V	11
Current	A	Less than 100
Revolution	rpm	More than 3,900
Outer diameter of commutator	mm (in)	More than 29 (1.14)
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	11 (0.43)
Brush spring tension	N (kg, lb)	15.7 - 19.6 (1.6 - 2.0, 3.5 - 4.4)
Difference "x" in height of pinion assembly	mm (in)	0.3 - 1.5 (0.012 - 0.059)

Wiring Diagram

The diagram illustrates the electrical system layout, including the following components and connections:

- COMBINATION METER:** Features a CHARGE WARNING LAMP and an IGNITION SWITCH. It is connected to the main harness via terminals 31 and 45M.
- CHARGE WARNING LAMP:** Connected to the main harness via terminal 31.
- IGNITION SWITCH:** Controls the ignition system, connected to the main harness via terminal 45M.
- BATTERY:** Provides power to the system, connected to the main harness via terminal 161M.
- FUSE BLOCK:** Houses fuses for various circuits, including a 30A fuse for the main power line and a 10A fuse for the engine room harness.
- ALTERNATOR:** Generates power for the system, connected to the main harness via terminal 15E.
- Engine room harness:** Distributes power to the engine compartment, connected to the main harness via terminal 15E.
- Instrument harness:** Connects the instrument cluster to the main harness, using terminals 11 and 15L.
- Main harness:** The central distribution point for the electrical system, connecting all major components.

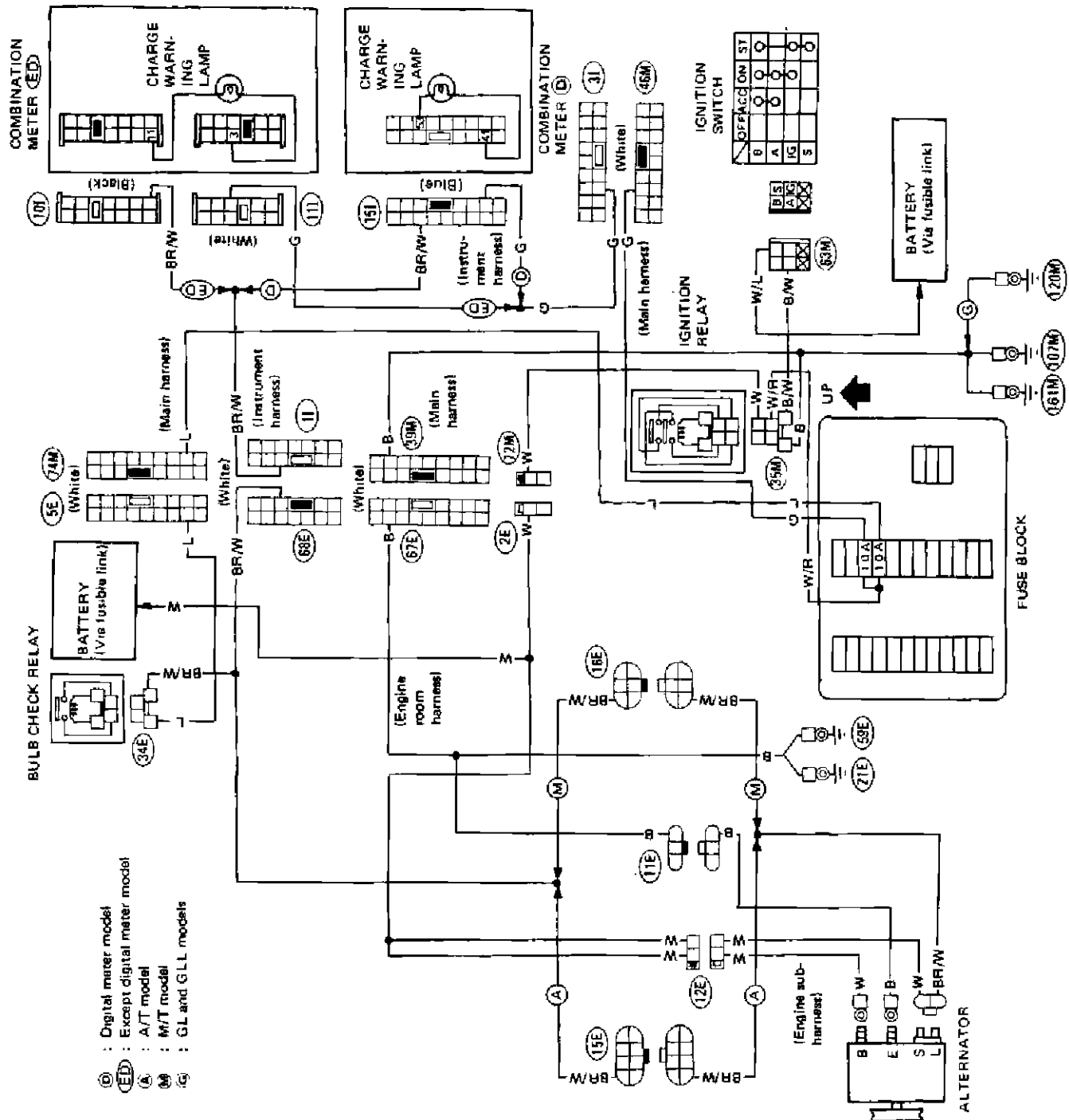
Wire colors and terminal numbers are indicated throughout the diagram to specify the correct wiring configuration.

SEL477K

CHARGING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

NON-TURBO MODEL



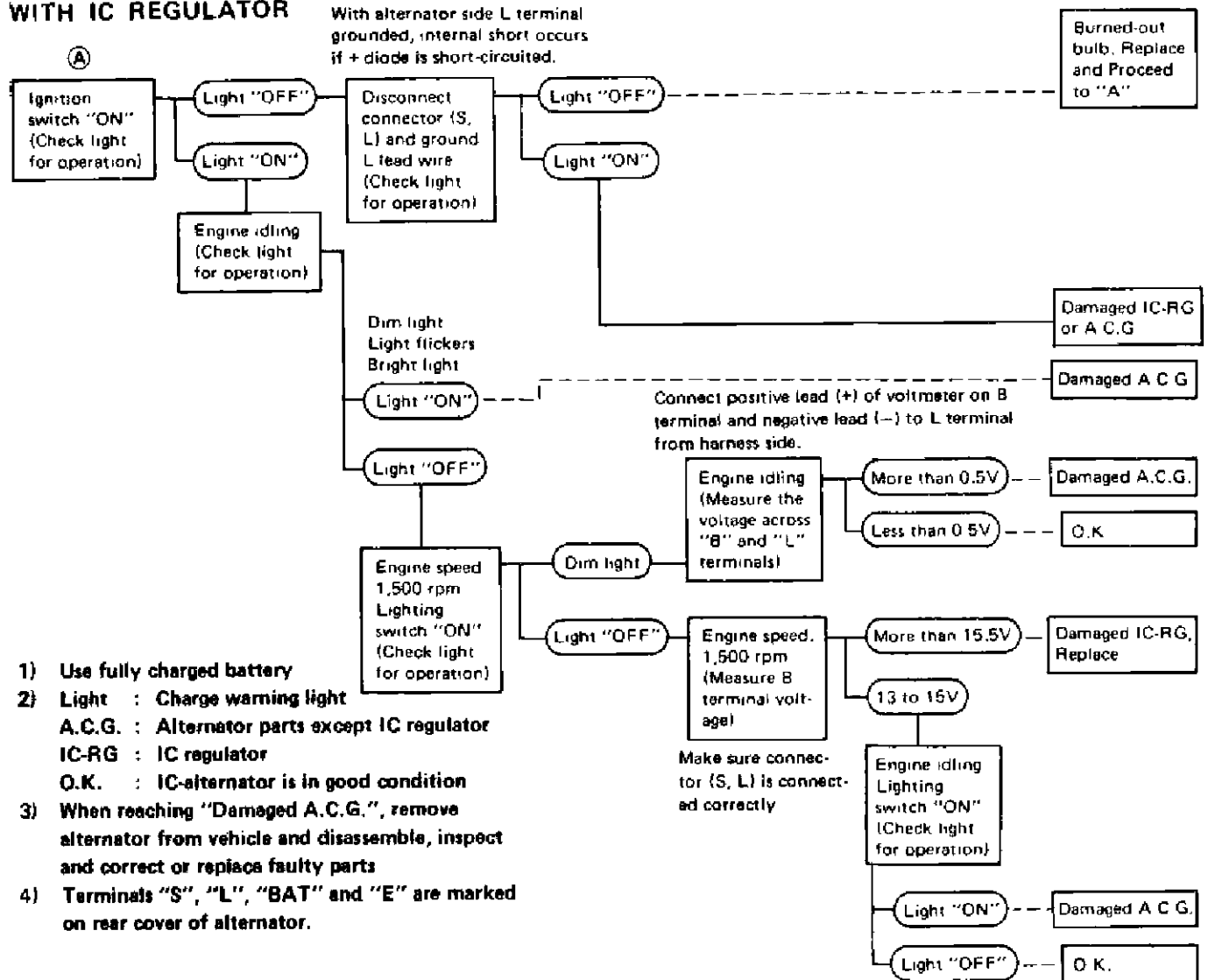
CHARGING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

Before starting trouble-shooting, inspect the fusible link.

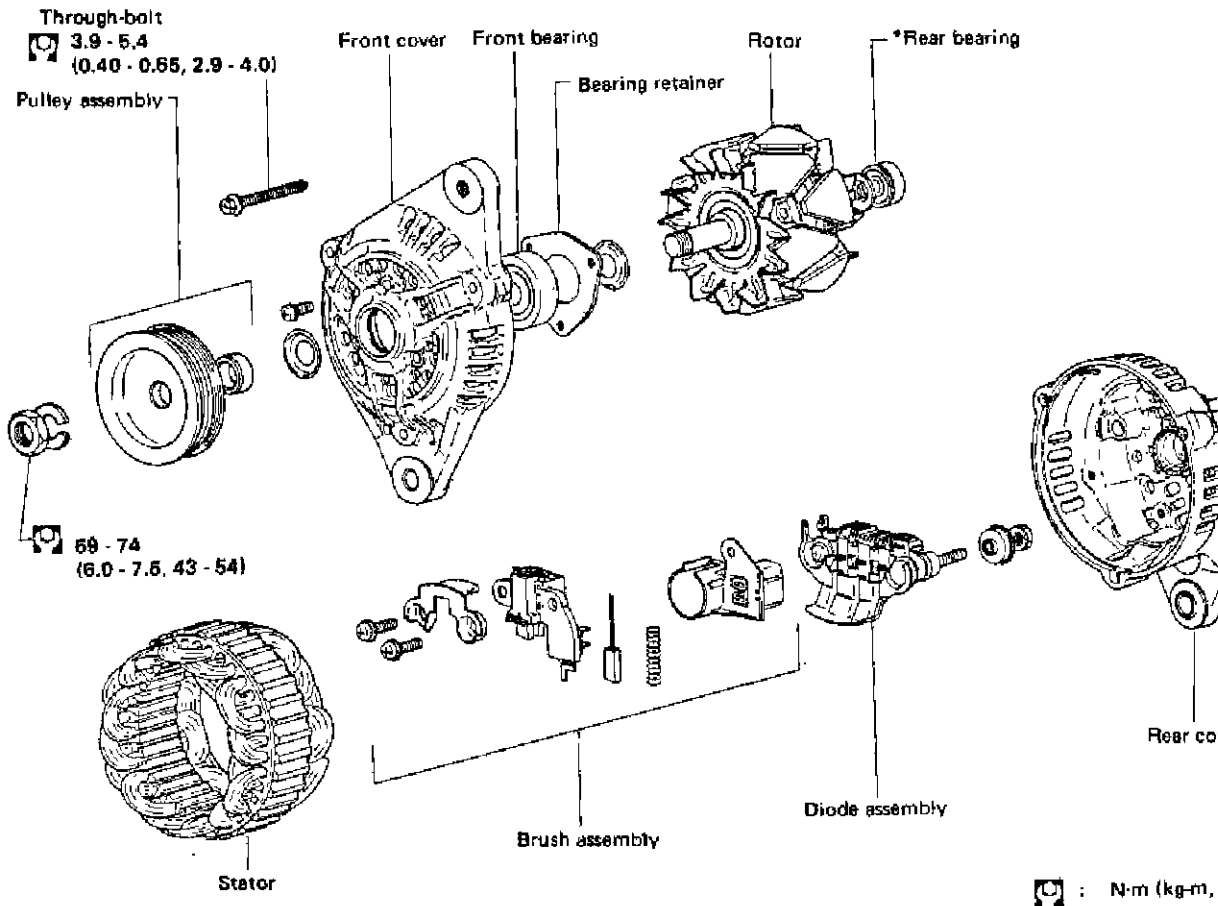
WITH IC REGULATOR



CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

Construction

A2T48195B



*Rear bearing

CAUTION:

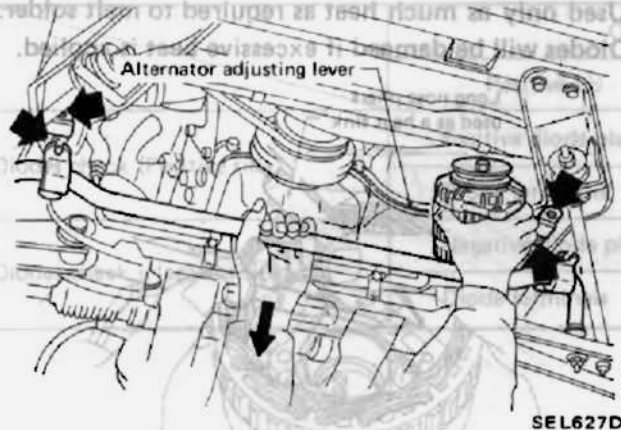
Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. Be careful not to lose this ring during removal.

Ⓒ : N·m (kg-m, SE

CHARGING SYSTEM — Alternator —

Removal

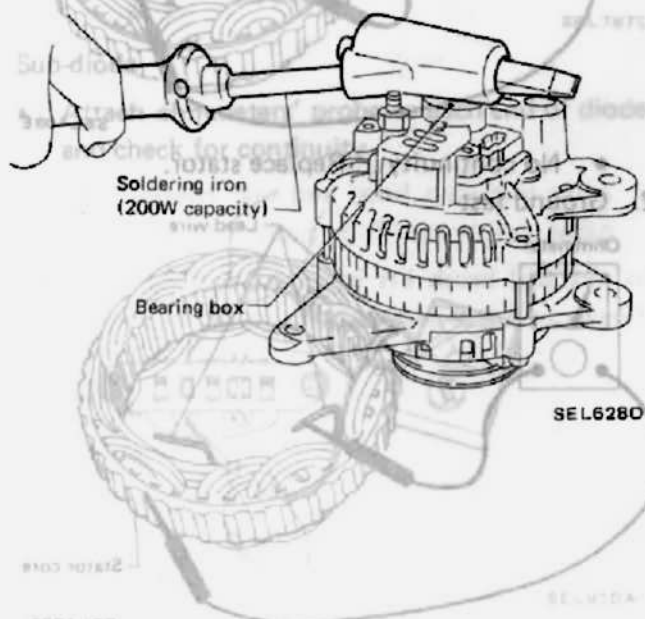
- Remove bolts from alternator.
- Remove bolts for front stabilizer.
- Manually move stabilizer down and remove alternator.



Disassembly

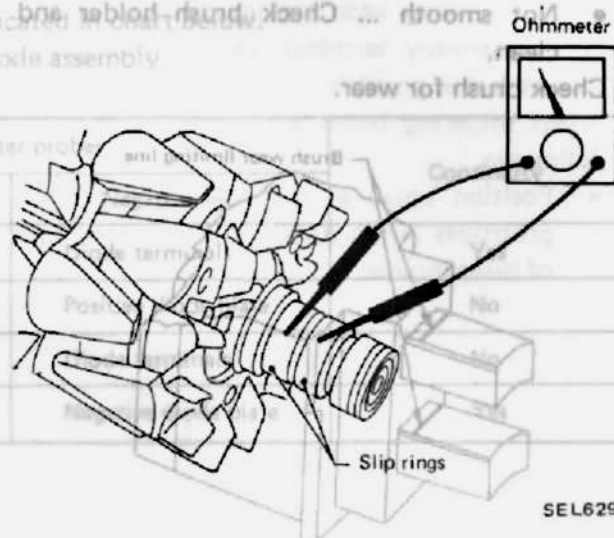
CAUTION:

Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. To facilitate removal of rear cover, heat only the bearing box section with a 200-watt soldering iron. Do not use a heat gun, as it can damage diode assembly.



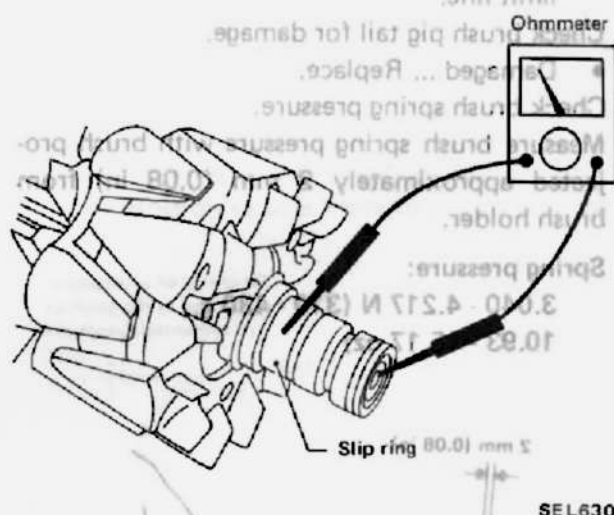
Rotor Slip Ring Check

1. Continuity test



- No continuity ... Replace rotor.

2. Insulator test



- Continuity exists ... Replace rotor.

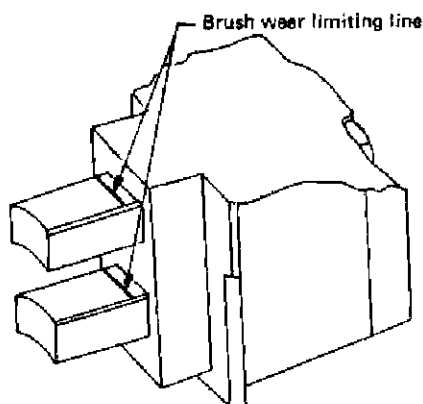
3. Check slip ring for wear.

Slip ring minimum outer diameter:
22.4 mm (0.882 in)

CHARGING SYSTEM — Alternator —

Brush Check

1. Check for smooth movement of brush.
 - Not smooth ... Check brush holder and clean.
2. Check brush for wear.

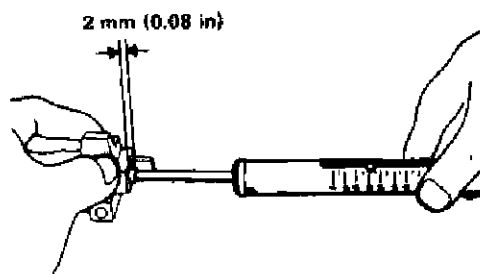


SEL631D

- Replace brush if it is worn down to the limit line.
3. Check brush pig tail for damage.
 - Damaged ... Replace.
 4. Check brush spring pressure.
Measure brush spring pressure with brush projected approximately 2 mm (0.08 in) from brush holder.

Spring pressure:

3.040 - 4.217 N (310 - 430 g,
10.93 - 15.17 oz)



EE049

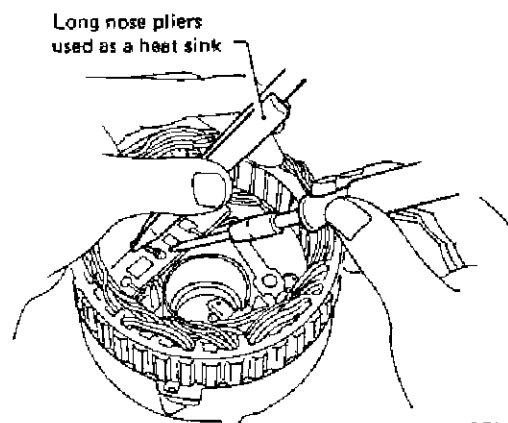
- Not in the specified value ... Replace.

Stator Check

To test the stator or diode, you must separate them by unsoldering the connecting wires.

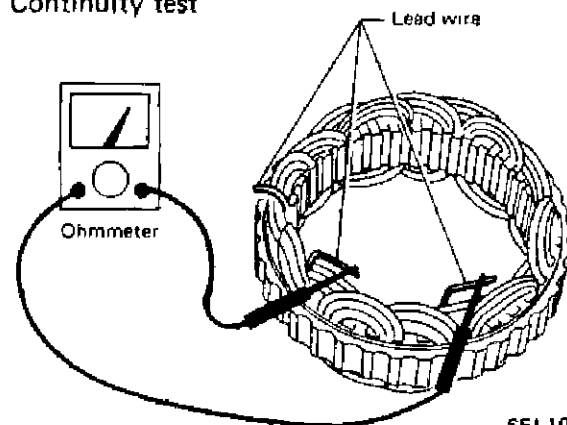
CAUTION:

Used only as much heat as required to melt solder.
Diodes will be damaged if excessive heat is applied.



SEL054D

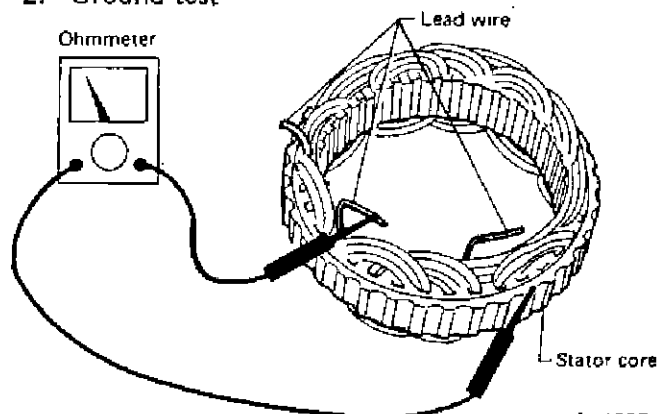
1. Continuity test



SEL108E

- No continuity ... Replace stator.

2. Ground test



SEL109E

- Continuity exists ... Replace stator.

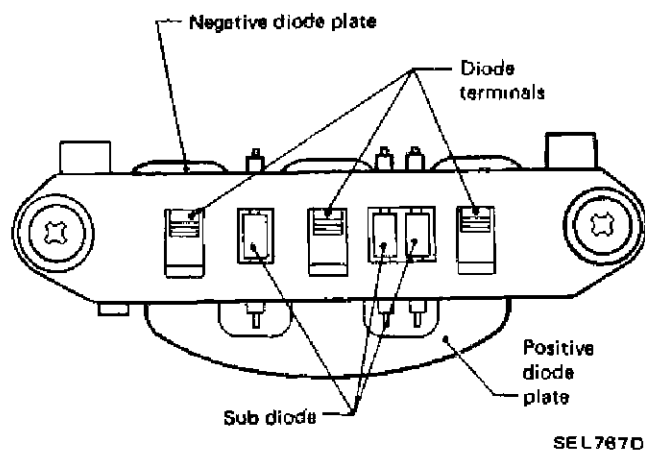
CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

Diode Check

DIODE

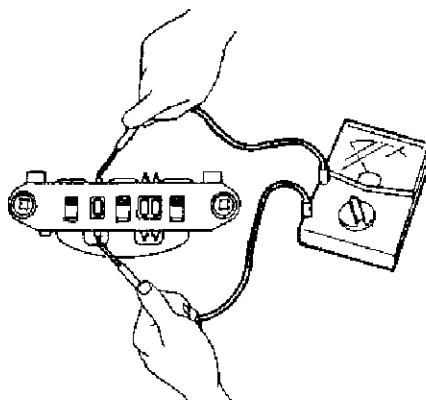
- Use an ohmmeter to check condition of diodes as indicated in chart below.
- If any of the test results is not satisfactory, replace diode assembly.

	Ohmmeter probes		Continuity
	Positive $\oplus$	Negative $\ominus$	
Diodes check (Positive side)	Positive diode plate	Diode terminals	Yes
	Diode terminals	Positive diode plate	No
Diodes check (Negative side)	Negative diode plate	Diode terminals	No
	Diode terminals	Negative diode plate	Yes



Sub-diode

- Attach ohmmeters' probe to each end of diode and check for continuity.



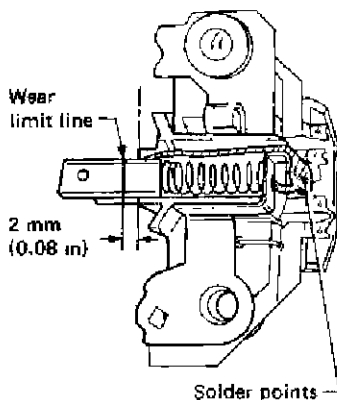
- Continuity is N.G. ... Replace diode assembly.

CHARGING SYSTEM — Alternator—

Assembly

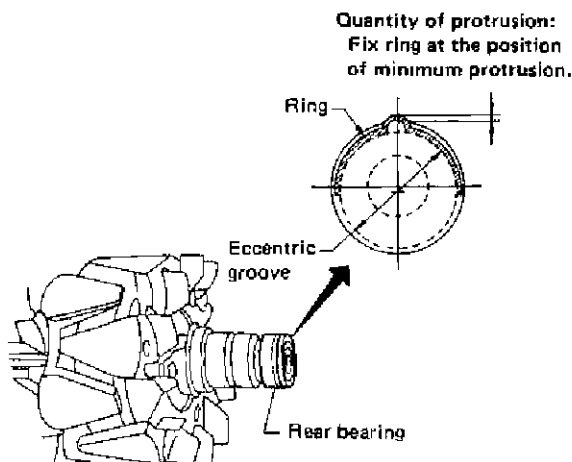
Carefully observe the following instructions.

1. When soldering each stator coil lead wire to diode assembly terminal, perform the operation as fast as possible.
2. When soldering brush lead wire, observe the following.
 - Position brush so that its wear limit line protrudes 2 mm (0.08 in) beyond end face of brush holder.



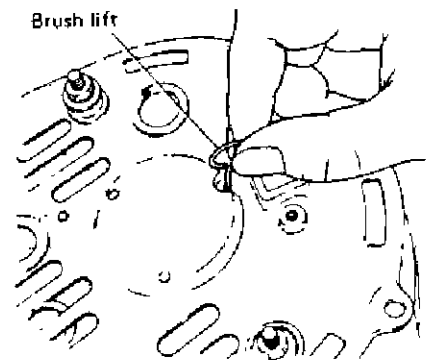
SEL632D

3. Fit ring into groove in rear bearing so that it is as close to the adjacent area as possible.

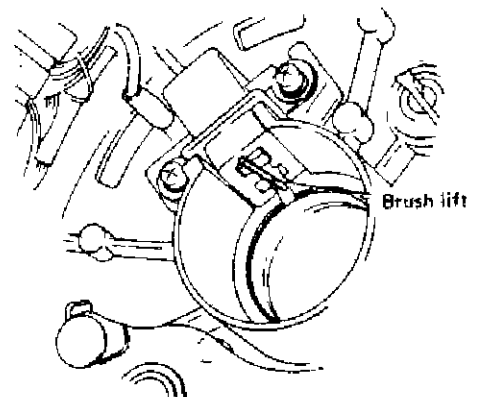


SEL633D

4. Before installing front cover with pulley and rotor to rear cover, push brush up with fingers and retain brush by inserting brush lift into brush lift hole from outside. After installing, remove wire for brush lift.



EE540



EE541

5. After installing front and rear covers of alternator, pull brush lift by pushing toward center. Do not pull brush lift by pushing toward outside of cover as it will damage slip ring sliding surface.

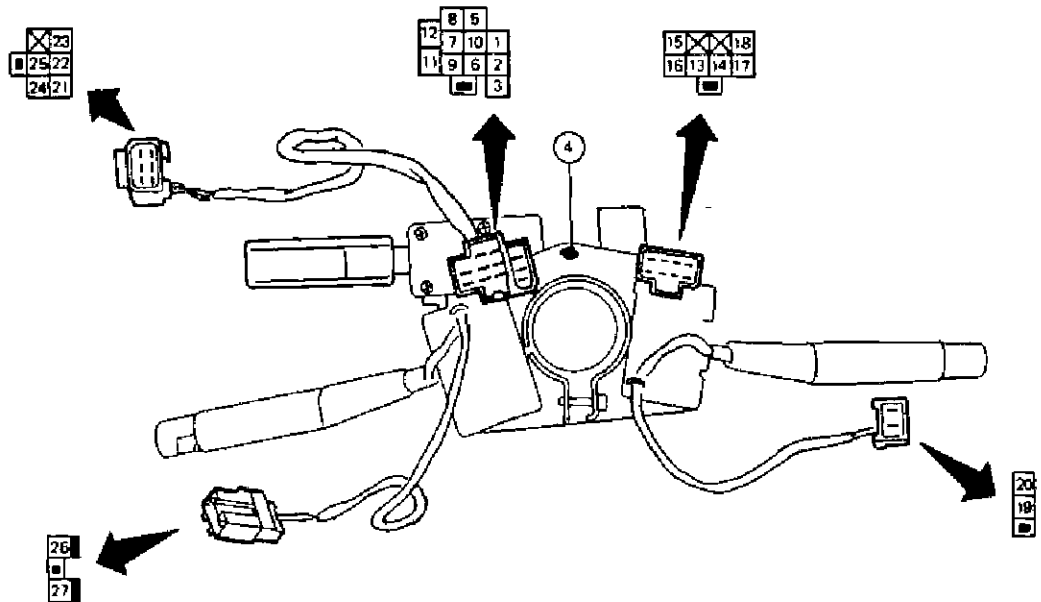
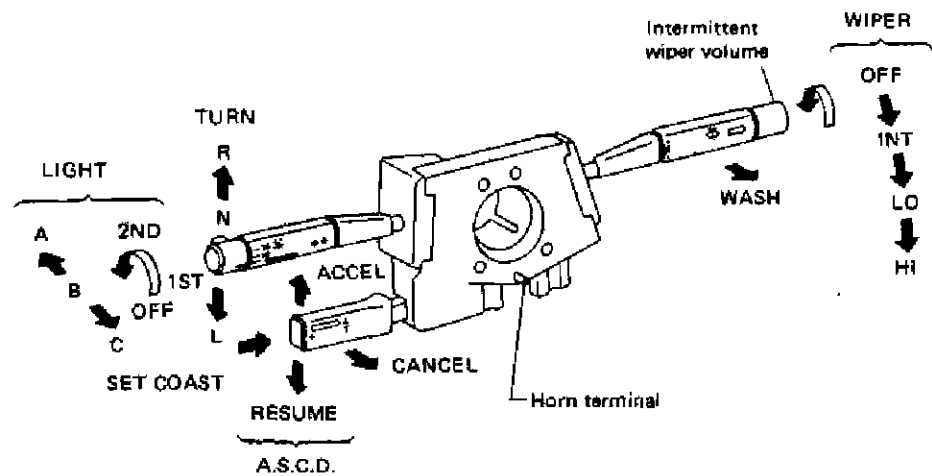
CHARGING SYSTEM —Alternator—

— Service Data and Specifications — (S.D.S.)

Type	A2T48195B
Applied model	All
Nominal rating V-A	12-70
Ground polarity	Negative
Minimum revolution under no-load (when 14 volts is applied) rpm	Less than 1,100
Hot output current A/rpm	More than 21/1,300 More than 50/2,500
Regulated output voltage V	14.1 - 14.7
Minimum length of brush mm (in)	More than 8 (0.31)
Brush spring pressure N (g, oz)	3,040 - 4,217 (310 - 430, 10.93 - 15.17)
Slip ring outer diameter mm (in)	More than 22.2 (0.874)

COMBINATION SWITCH

Check



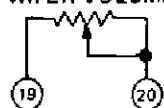
LIGHTING SWITCH

	OFF			1ST			2ND		
	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
26									
27									

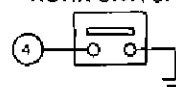
WIPER SWITCH

	OFF	INT	LO	HI	WASH
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					

INTERMITTENT WIPER VOLUME



HORN SWITCH



A.S.C.D. SWITCH

	CANCEL	RESUME	ACCEL	SET COAST
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				

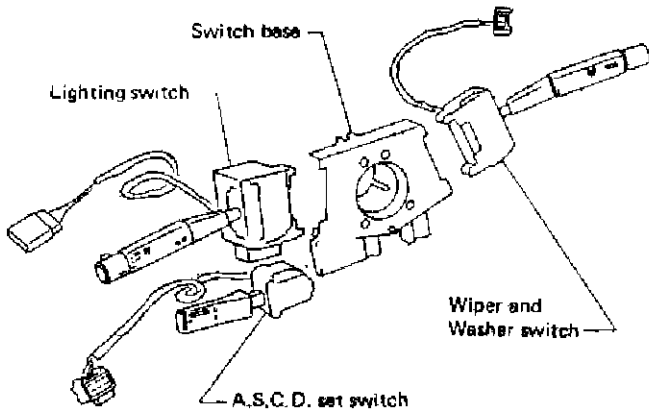
	R	N	L
1			
2			
3			

TURN SIGNAL SWITCH

COMBINATION SWITCH

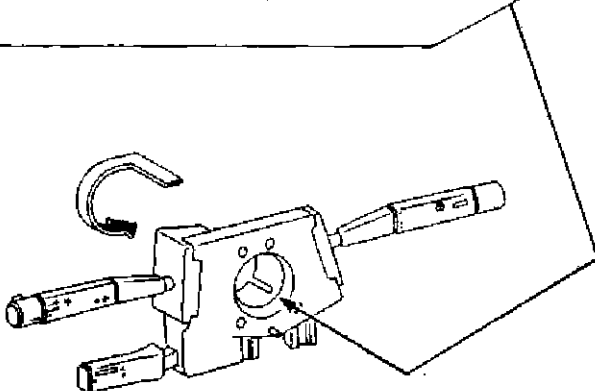
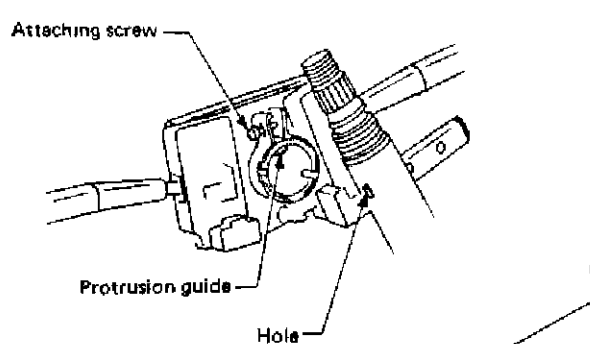
Replacement

Lighting switch, wiper & washer switch and A.S.C.D. switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.



SEL643D

To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screw and turn after pushing on it.

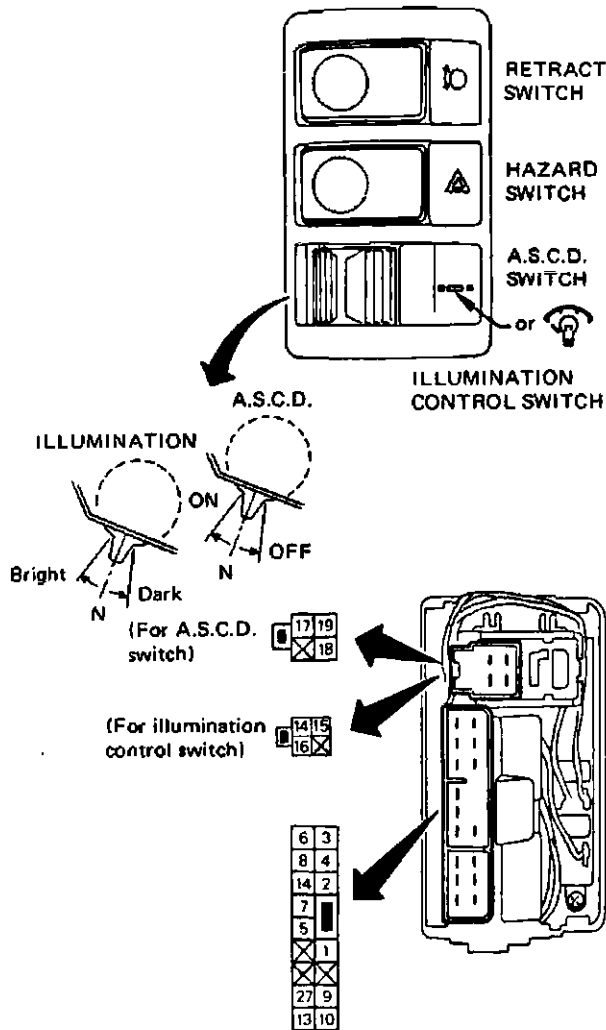


SEL644D

INSTRUMENT SWITCH

Check

INSTRUMENT SWITCH L.H.



RETRACT SWITCH

	UP	DOWN
9		
10		
27		
13		
14		

HAZARD SWITCH

	OFF	ON
2		
1		
7		
3		
4		
5		

A.S.C.D. MAIN SWITCH

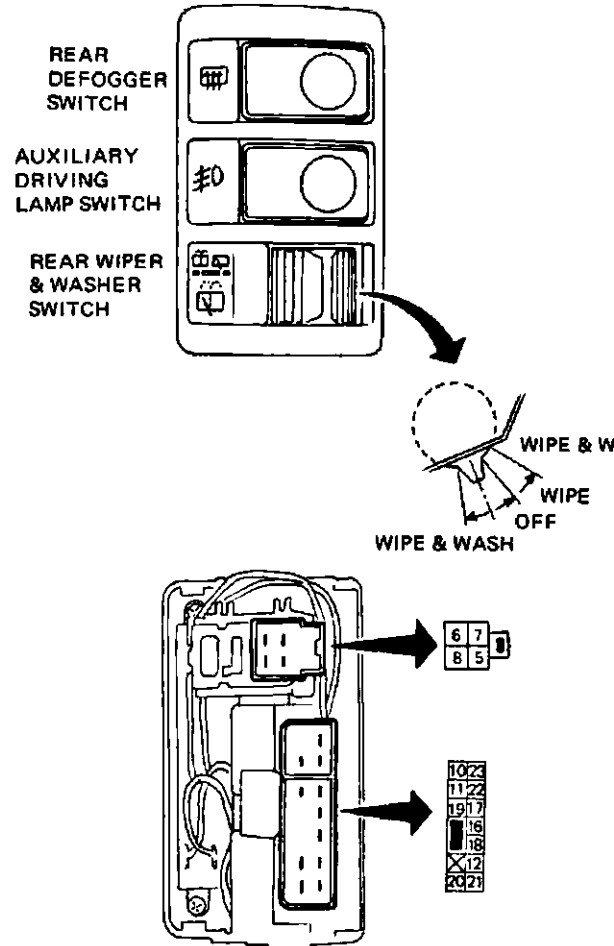
	OFF	N	ON
17			
18			
19			

ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH

	BRIGHT	DARK
15		
16		
14		



INSTRUMENT SWITCH R.H.



REAR DEFOGGER SWITCH

	OFF	TIME	N
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			

REAR WIPER & WASHER SWITCH

	WIPE WASH	OFF	WIPE	WIPE WASH
5				
6				
7				
8				

AUXILIARY DRIVING LAMP SWITCH

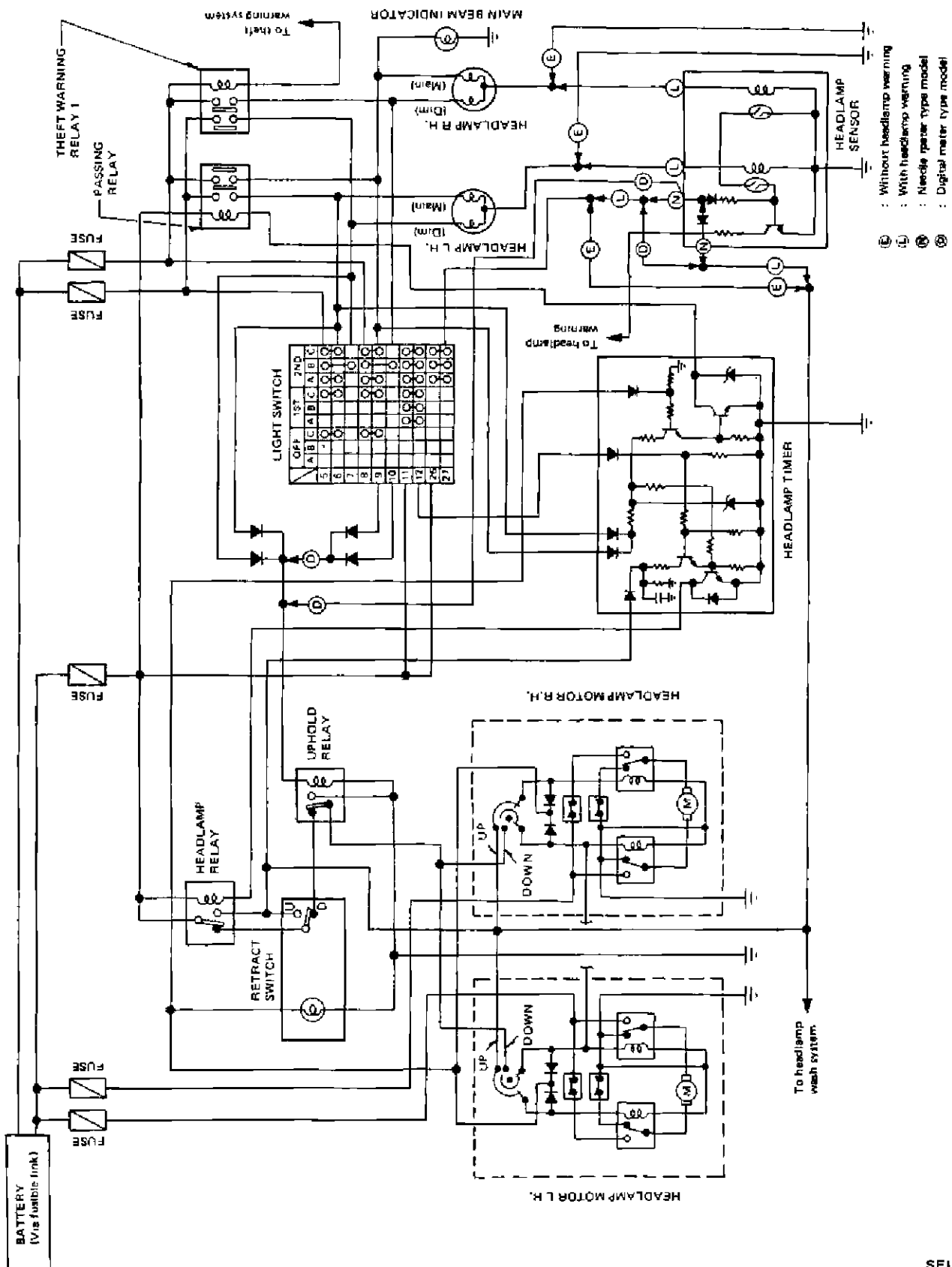
	OFF	ON
10		
11		
12		



- For removal, refer to "INSTRUMENT" in BF section.

HEADLAMP

Schematic

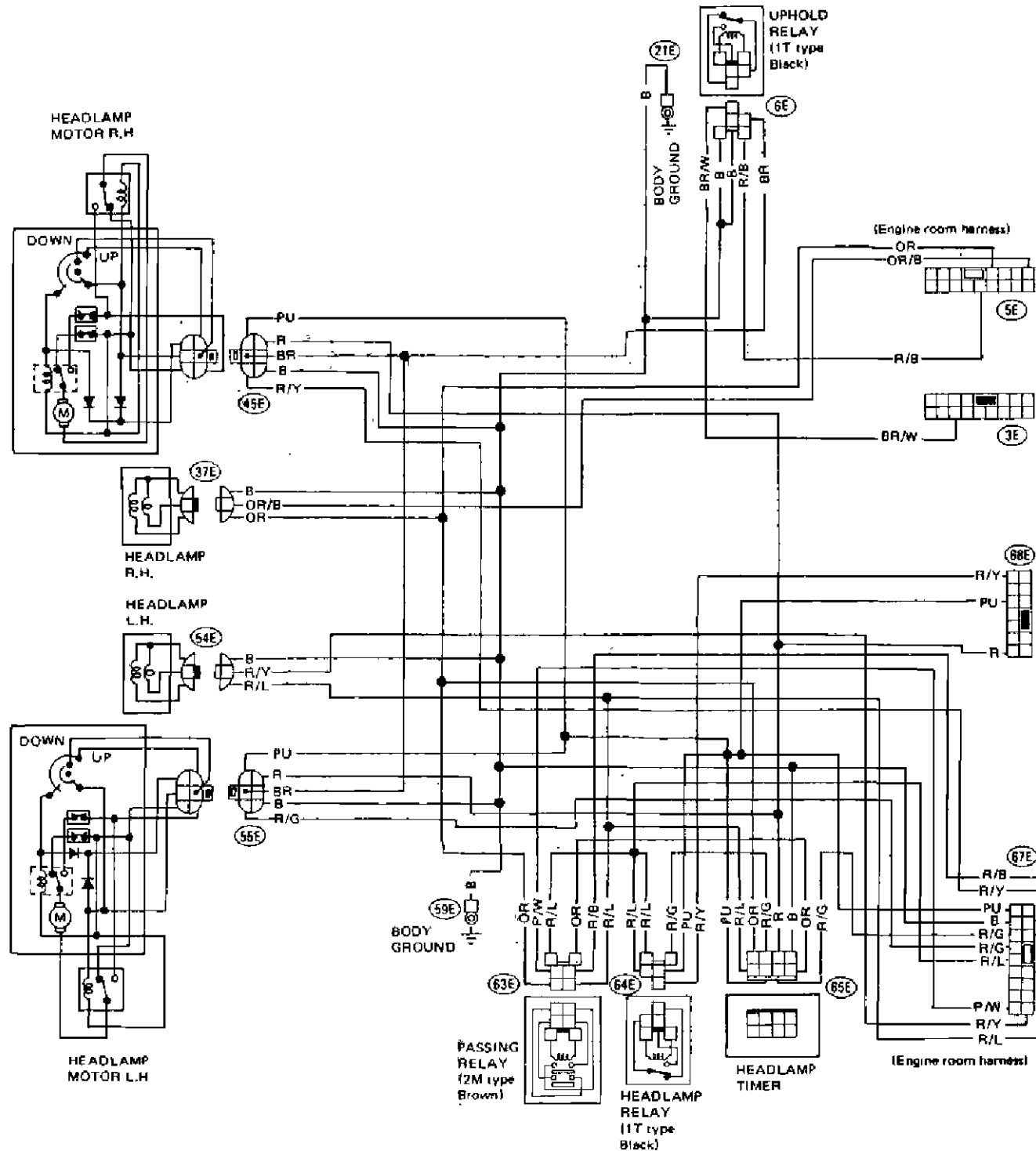


SEL303L

HEADLAMP

Wiring Diagram

WITHOUT HEADLAMP SENSOR



Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

THEFT WARNING RELAY-1 (2M type Brown)

HEADLAMP SENSOR

HEADLAMP SENSOR

UPHOLD RELAY (1T type Black)

HEADLAMP WARNING (Refer to "WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME.")

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM (Refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM.")

HEADLAMP MOTOR R.H.

DOWN UP

YGGH DRUORO

HEADLAMP R.H.

HEADLAMP L.H.

DOWN UP

HEADLAMP MOTOR L.H.

PASSING RELAY (2M type Brown)

HEADLAMP RELAY (1T type Black)

HEADLAMP TIMER

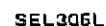
WIRING DIAGRAM

WIRE COLOR CODES: R/B, P/W, OR/B, P/W, R/W, PU, L/W, W/PU, R/W, R/B, W/PU, L/W, B, BR/W, B, R/B, BR

TERMINAL NUMBERS: 29E, 24E, 20E, 21E, 6E, 4E, 5E, 3E, 37E, 54E, 55E, 59E, 63E, 64E, 65E, 67E, 68E

COMPONENTS: THEFT WARNING RELAY-1, HEADLAMP SENSOR, UPHOLD RELAY, HEADLAMP WARNING, THEFT WARNING SYSTEM, HEADLAMP MOTOR R.H., HEADLAMP R.H., HEADLAMP L.H., HEADLAMP MOTOR L.H., PASSING RELAY, HEADLAMP RELAY, HEADLAMP TIMER

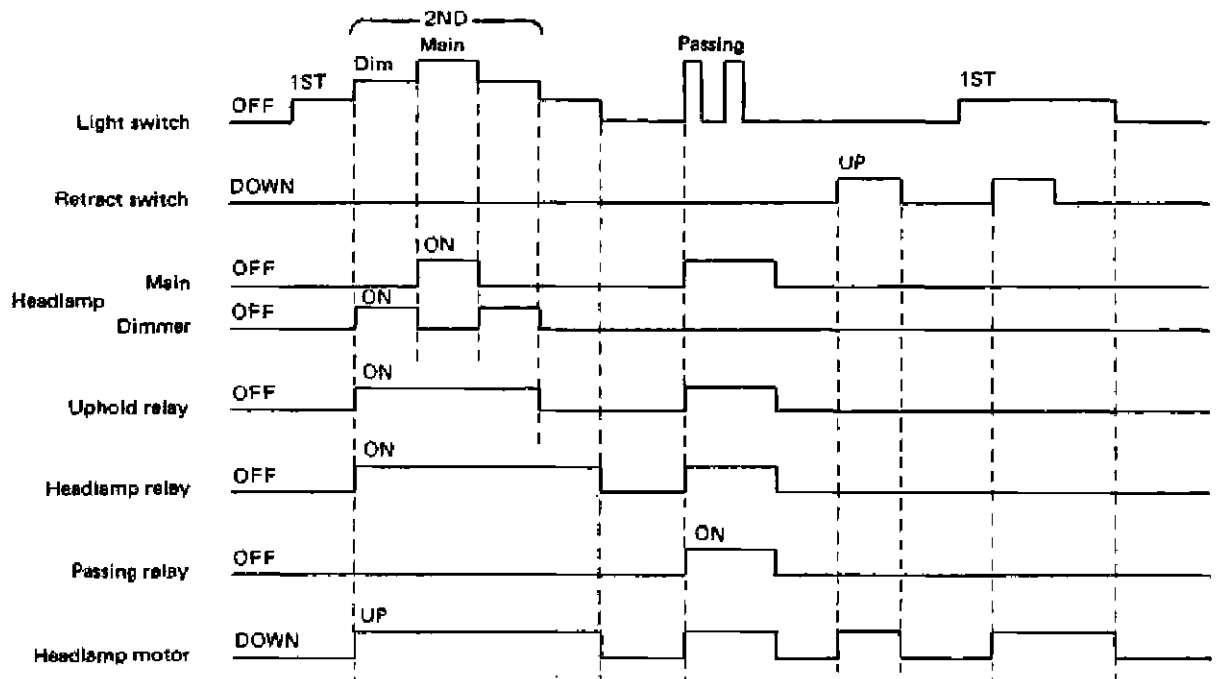
Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



HEADLAMP

Operation

- The following chart depicts the operational modes of relays and headlamp motors in relation to the positions of the lighting switch and retract switch.



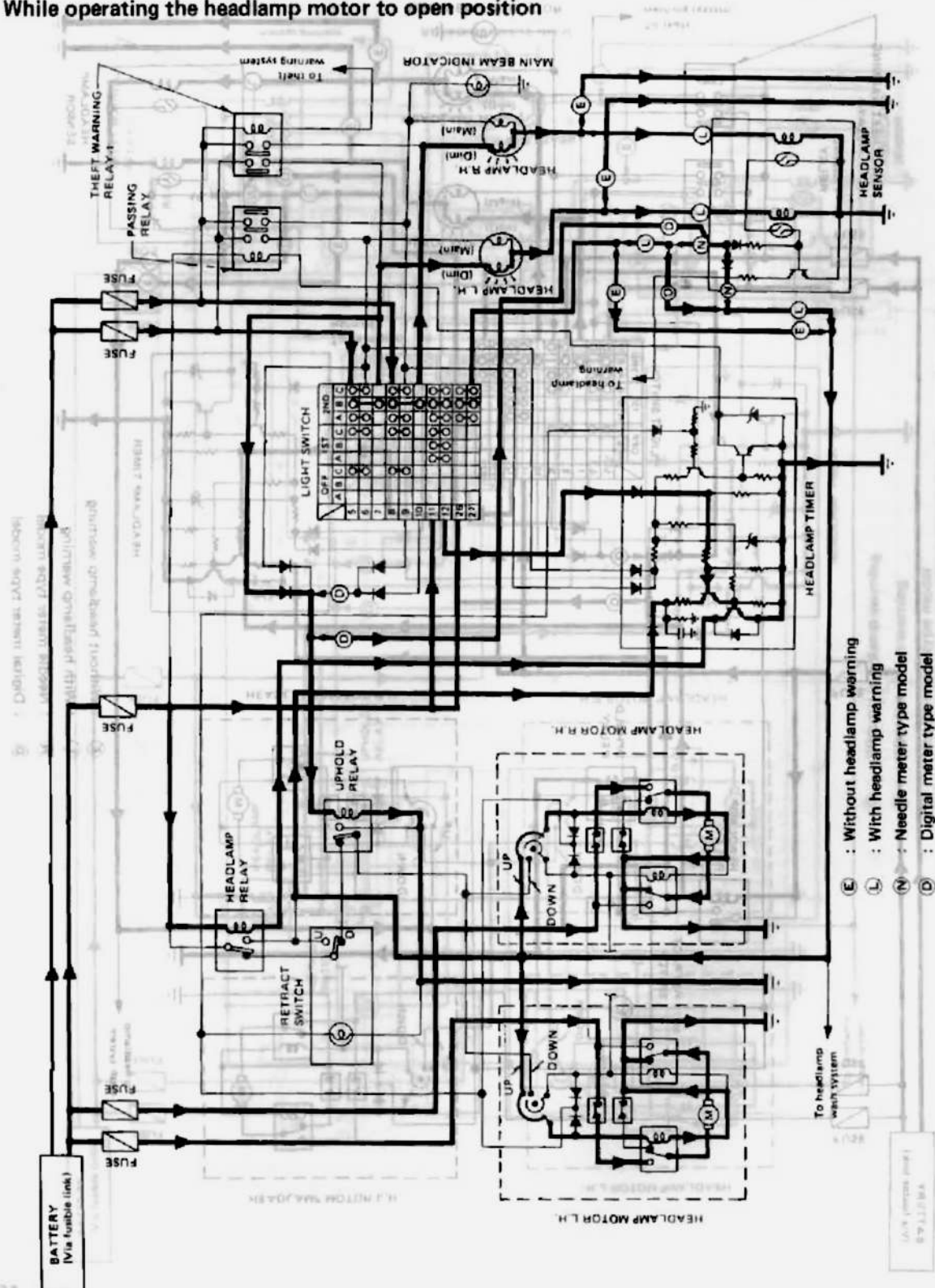
HEADLAMP

Description

CIRCUIT OPERATION

[A] When lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "2ND"

A-1: While operating the headlamp motor to open position

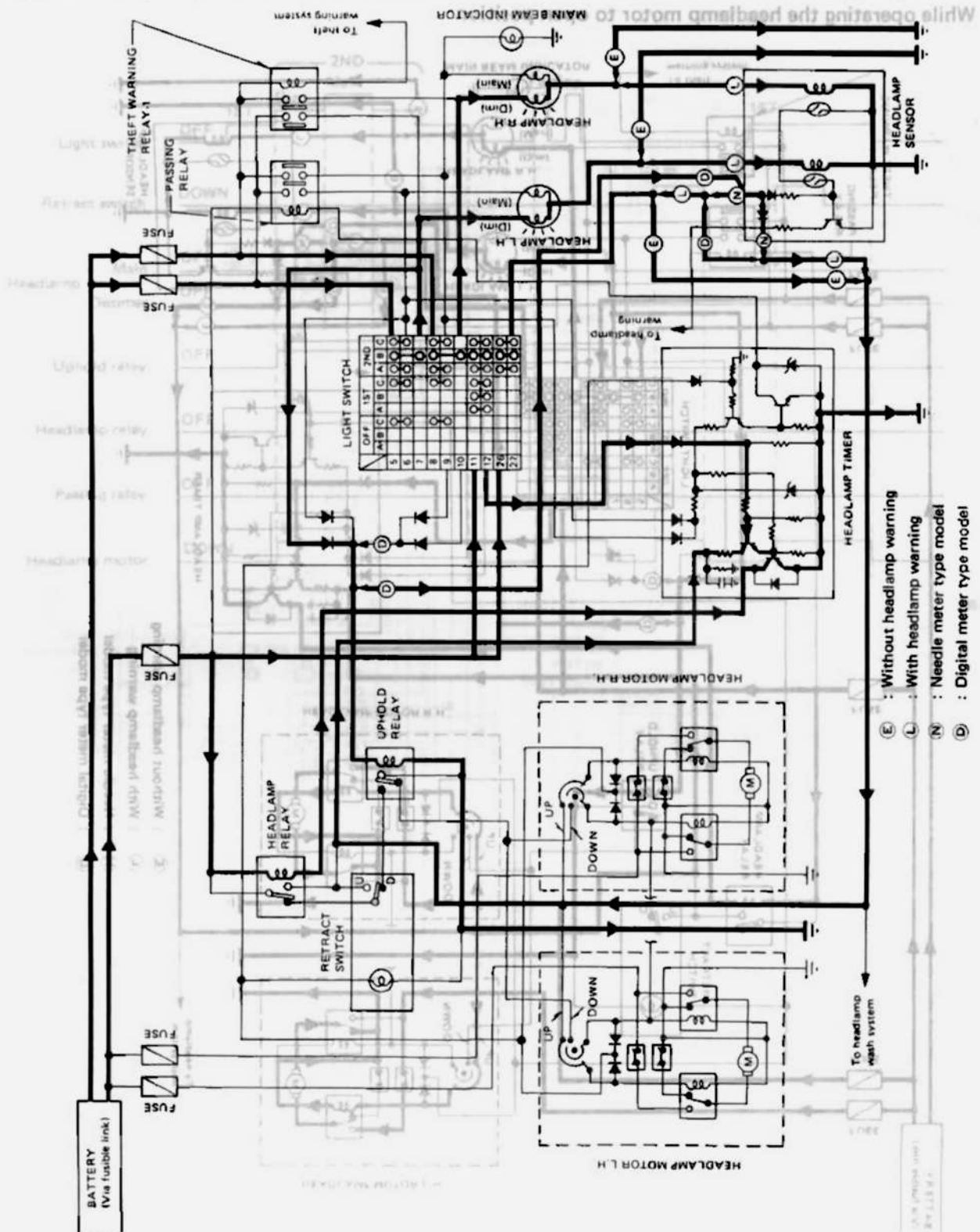


SEL455L

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

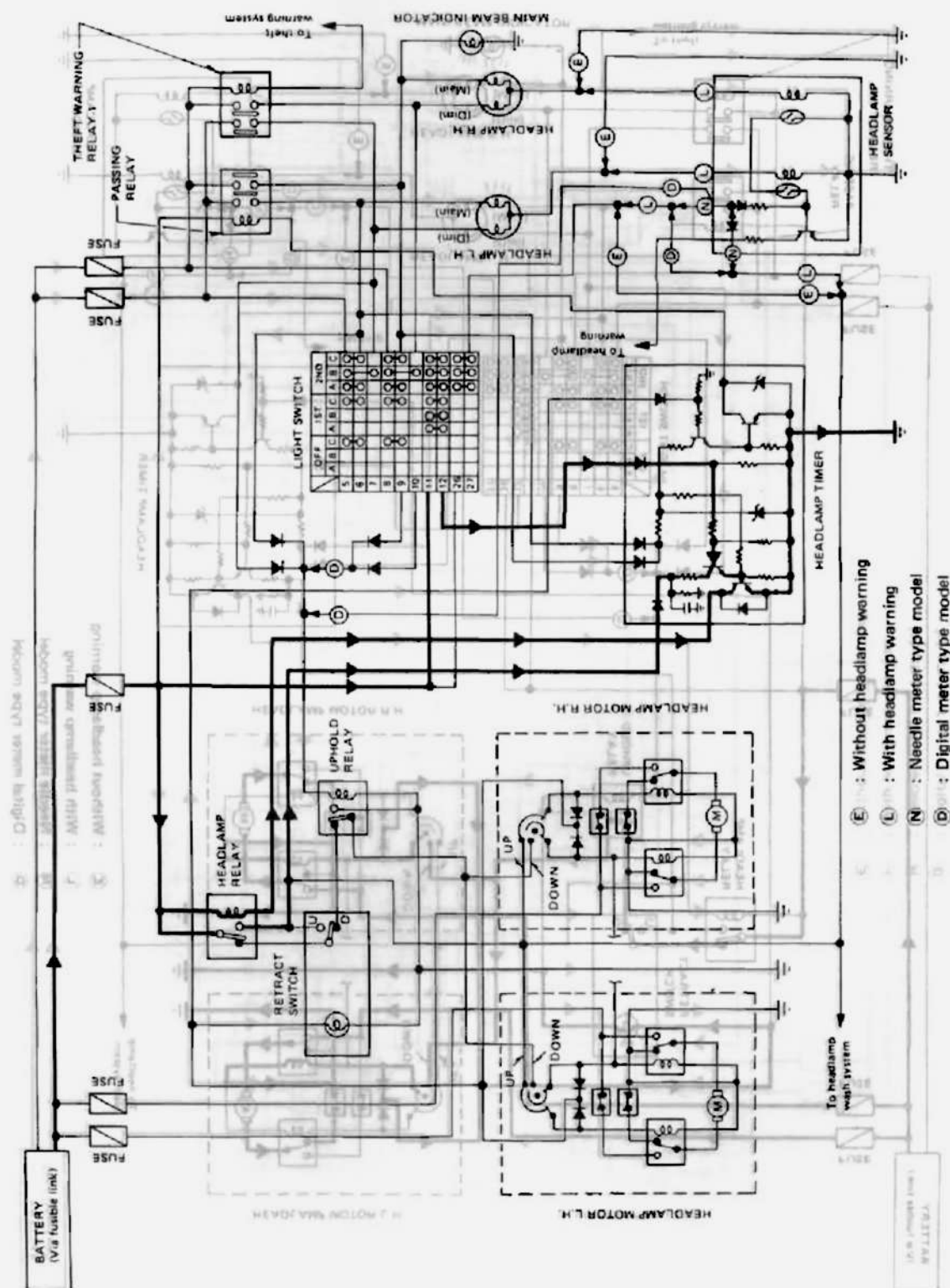
A-2: After the headlamp motor reaches fully open position



HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

- [B] When lighting switch is switched from "2ND" to "1ST" (Headlamp goes out and keeps up by headlamp timer and headlamp relay.)
- [C] When lighting switch is switched from "1ST" to "OFF" (Headlamp goes out and keeps up by headlamp timer and headlamp relay.)

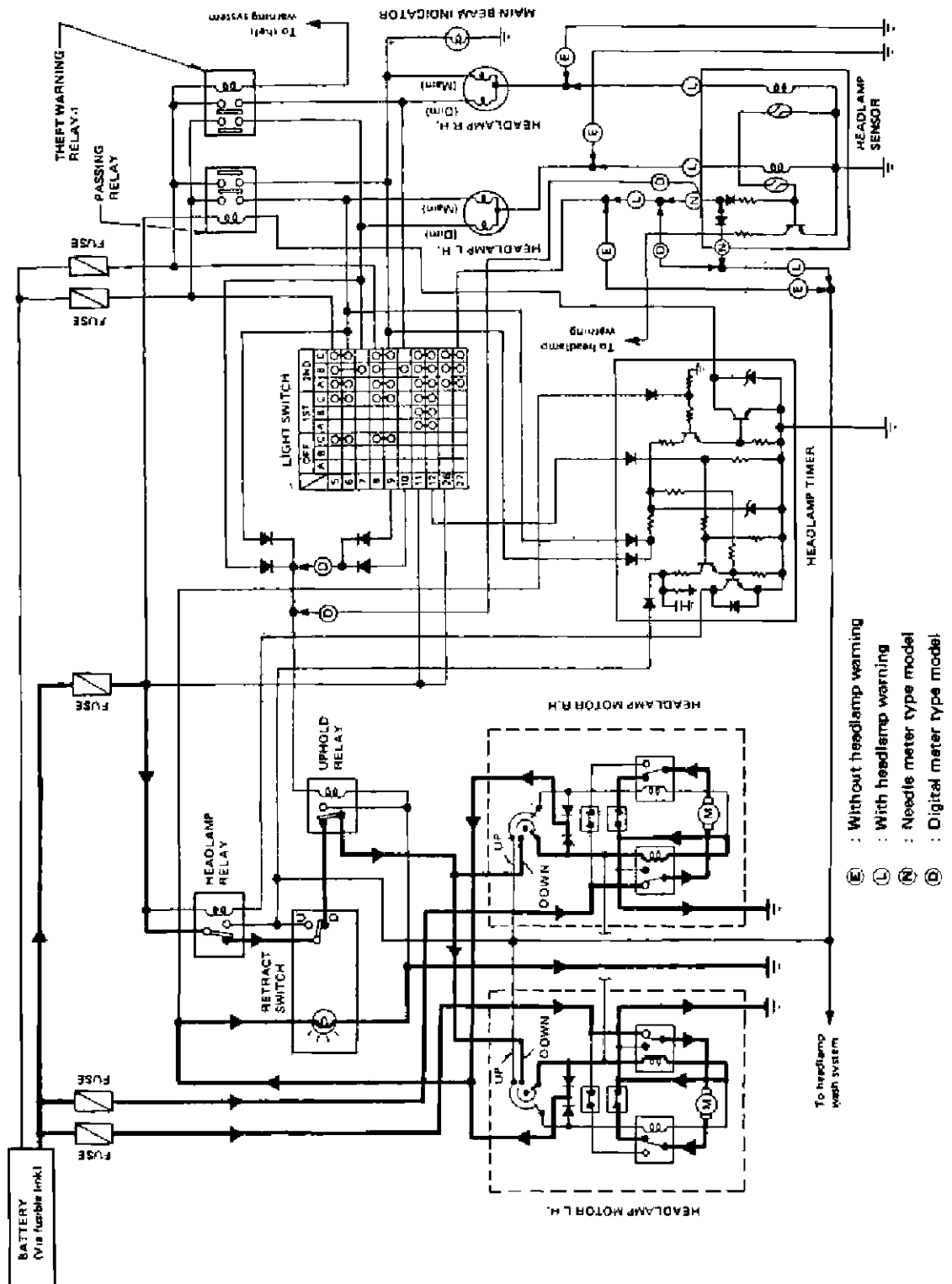


SEL457L

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

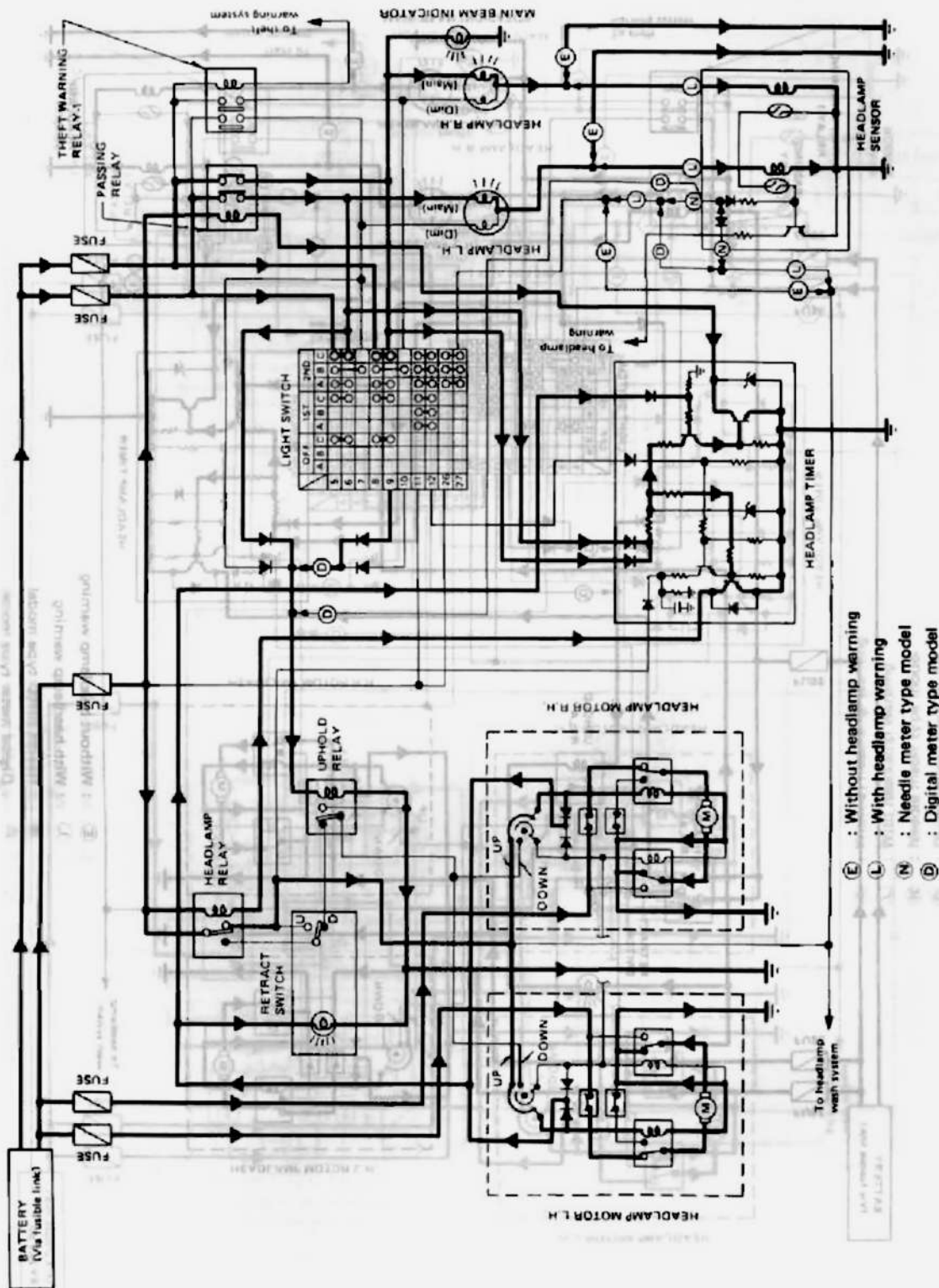
- [C] When lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "OFF"
(While operating the headlamp motor to closed position)



HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

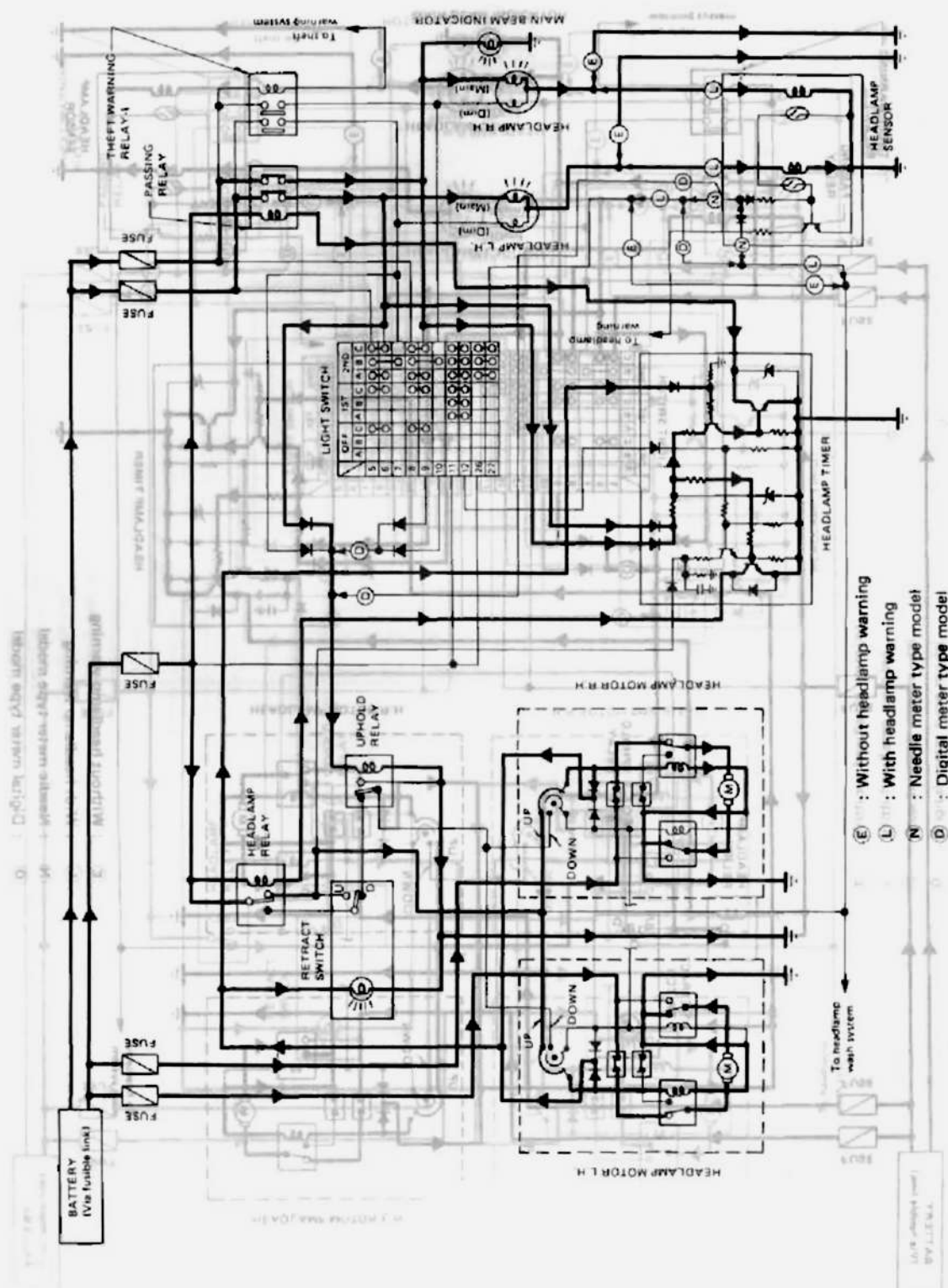
- [D] When retracting switch is turned ON
 D-1: When lighting switch is switched to "PASSING"



HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

D-2: After releasing lighting switch from "PASSING" "OFF"
(While operating the headlamp motor to open position)

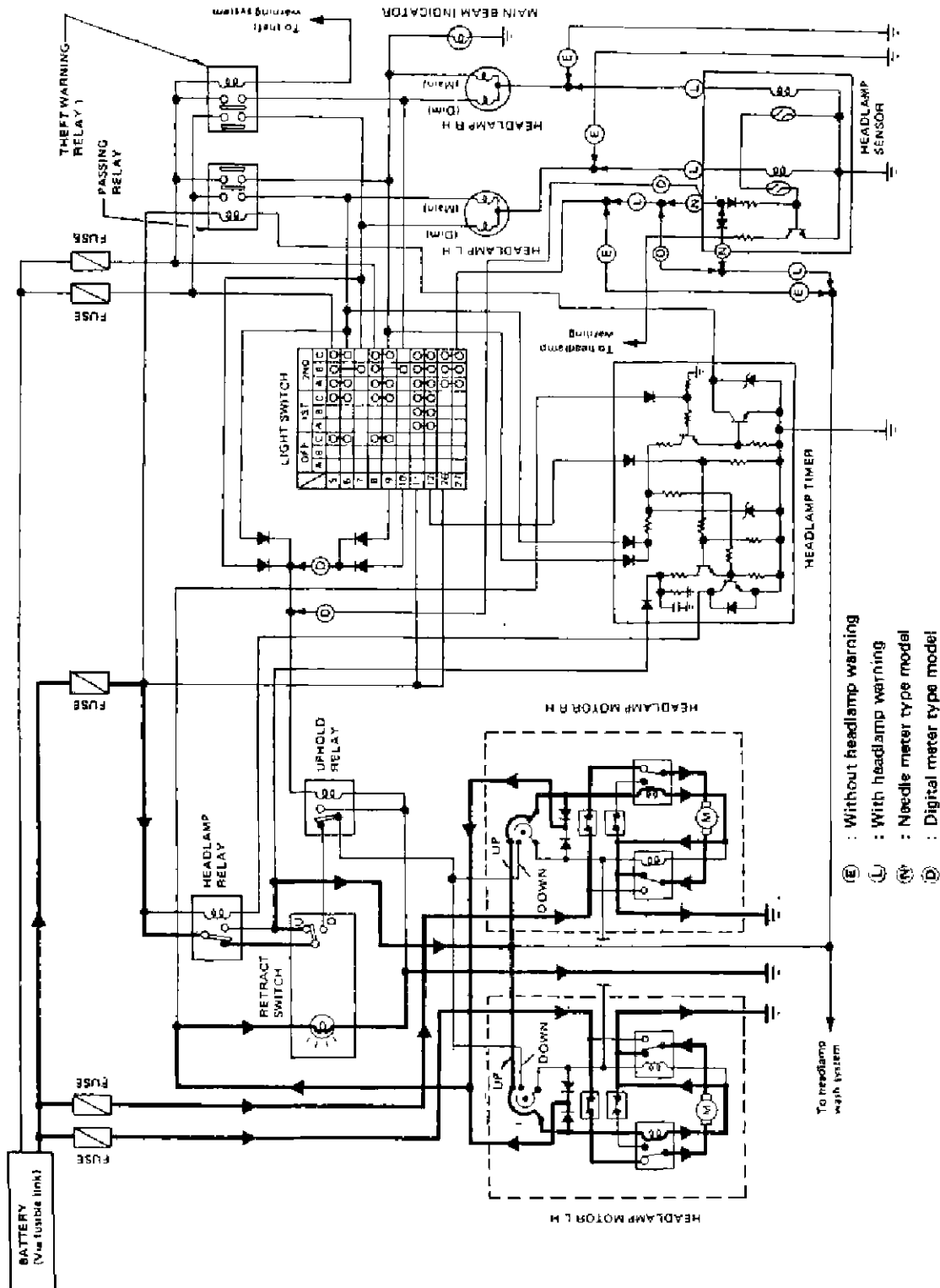


Closing operation is the same as [C] when lighting switch is switched from "1ST" → "OFF"

HEADLAMP

Description (Cont'd)

- [E] When retractor switch is turned ON
(While operating the headlamp motor to open position)

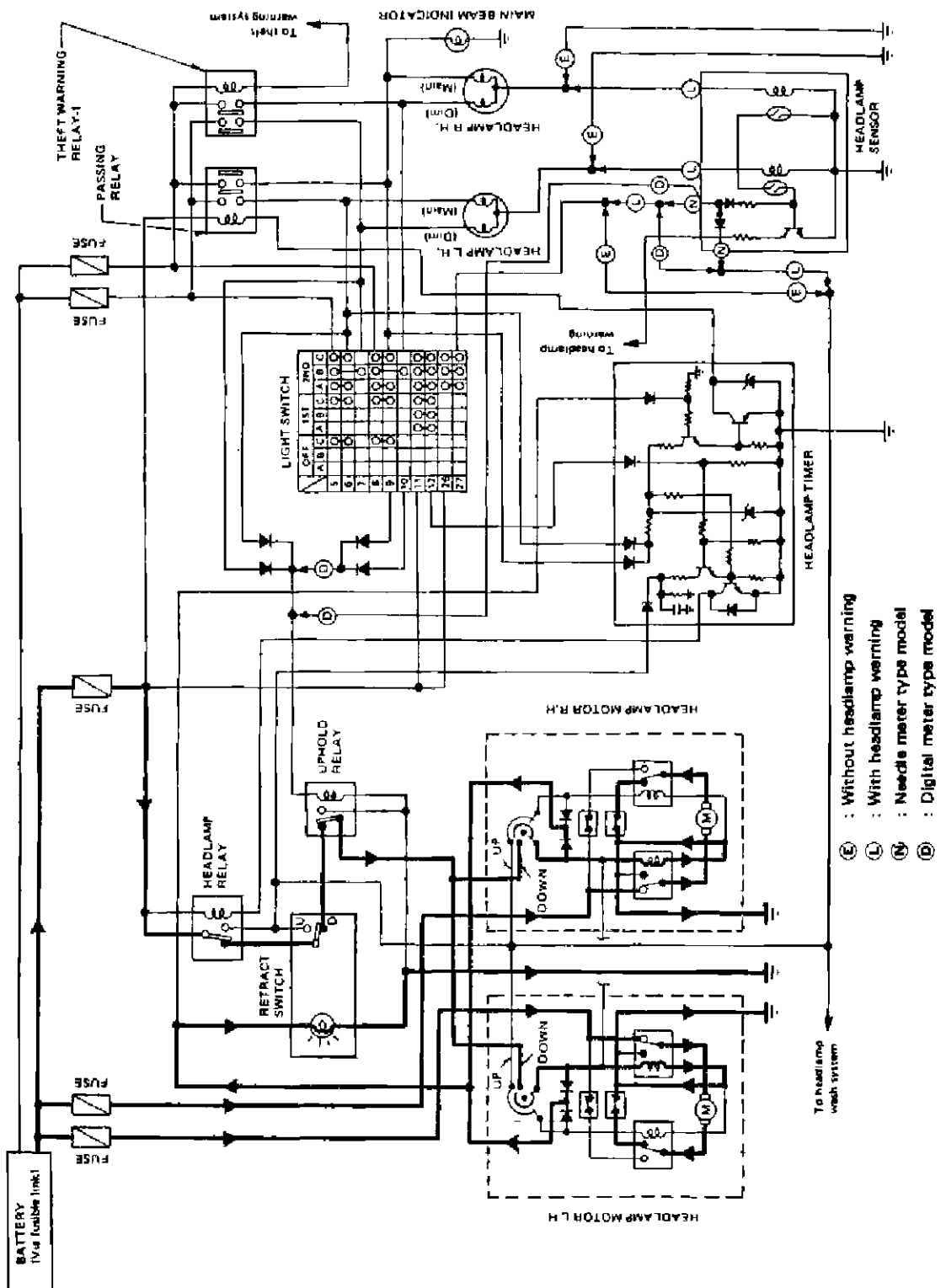


SEL461L

HEADLAMP

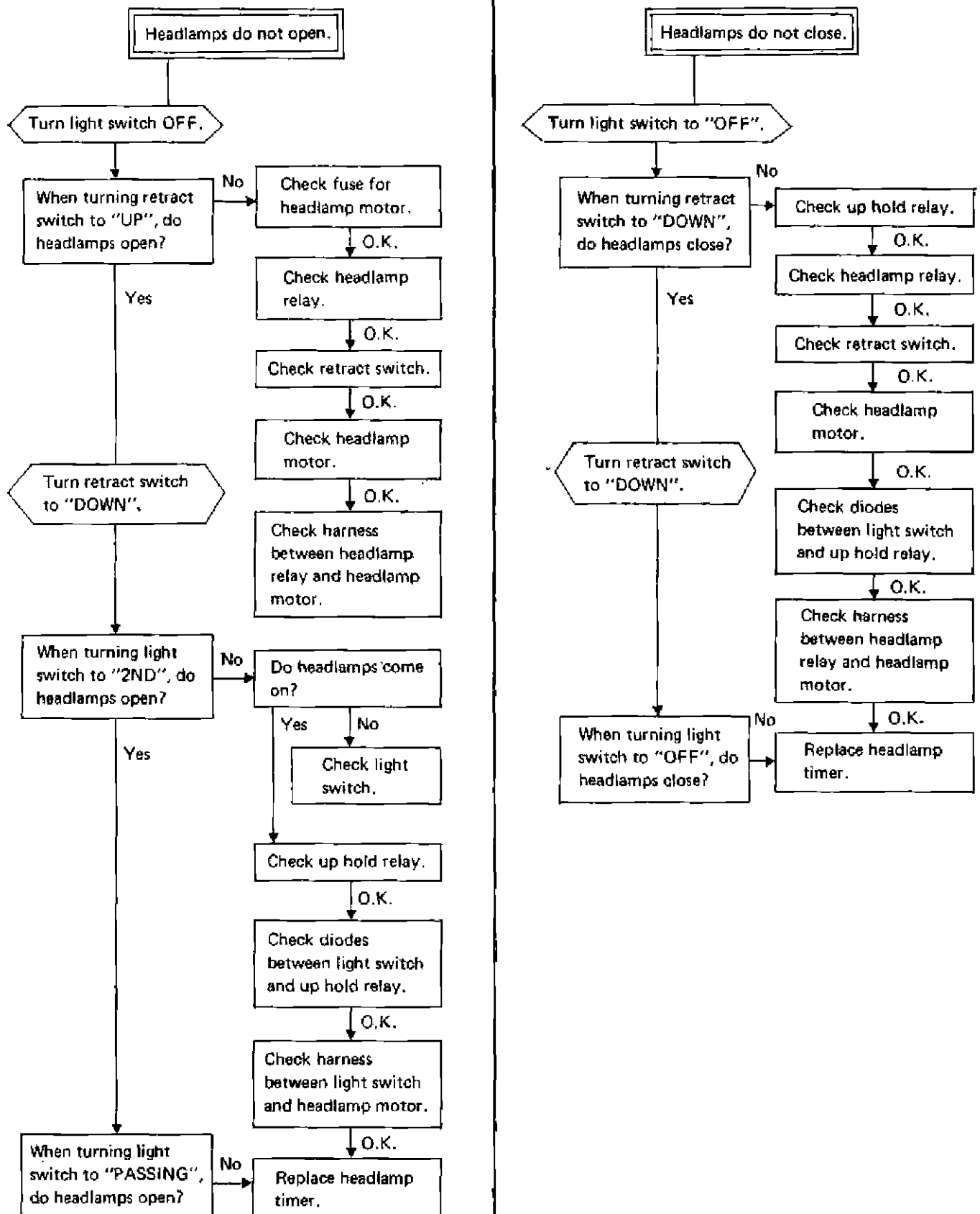
Description (Cont'd)

- [F] When retractor switch is turned OFF
(While operating the headlamp motor to closed position)



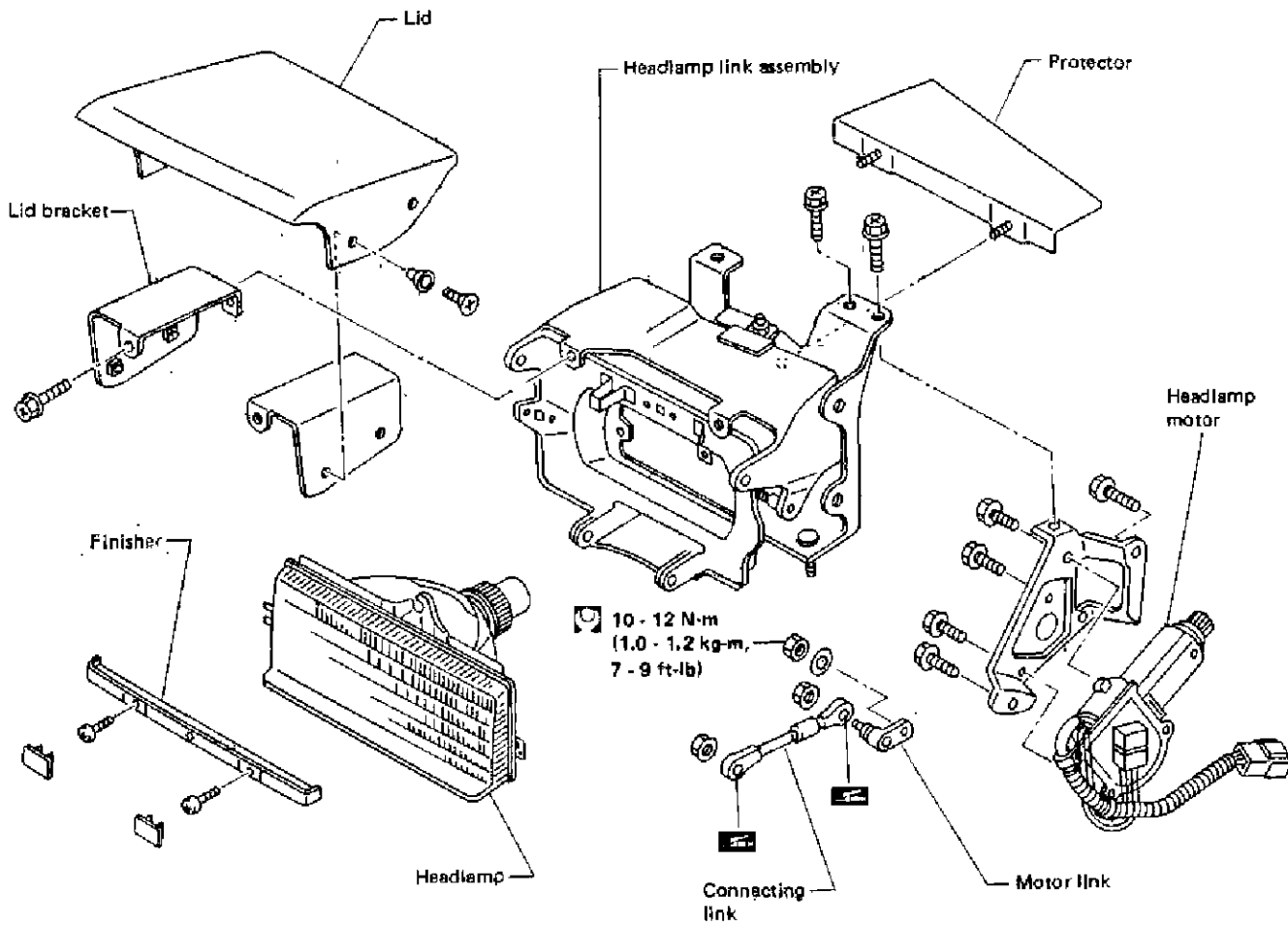
HEADLAMP

Trouble-shooting



HEADLAMP

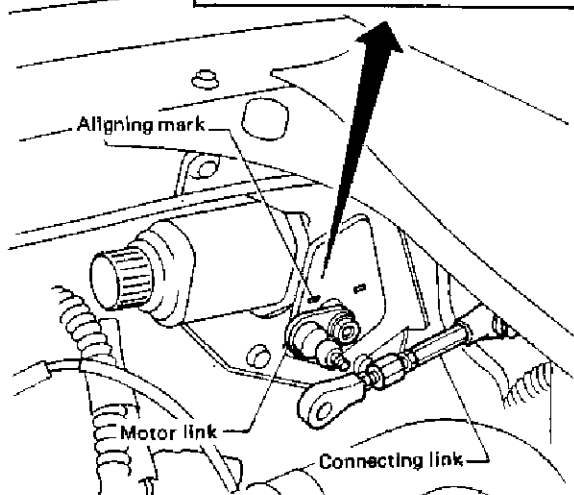
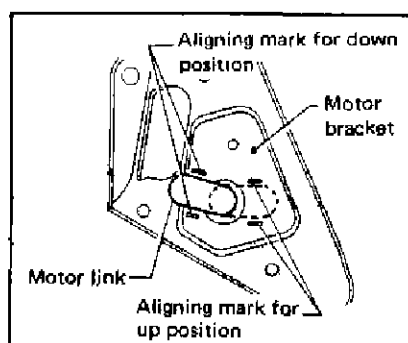
Removal



HEADLAMP

Installation

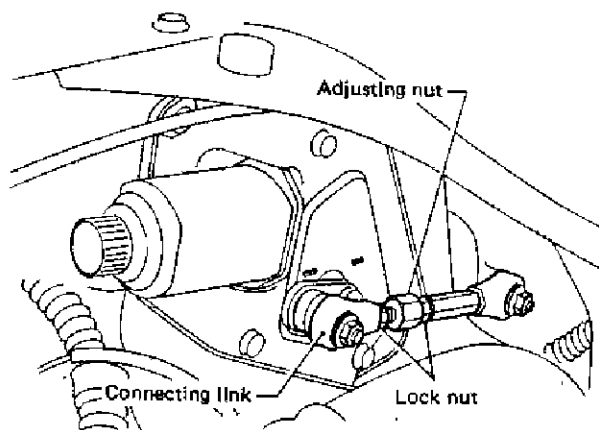
1. Set the headlamp motor to "DOWN" position.
- Connect harness to headlamp motor and set retract switch to "DOWN". Headlamp motor can now be set to "DOWN" with retract switch.
2. Install the headlamp link assembly and headlamp motor in the body.
3. Install the connecting link.
- When installing the link to the motor, make sure the motor link is installed as shown below.



SEL649D

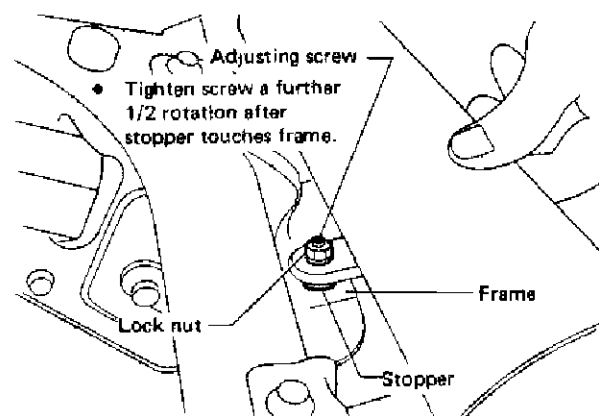
Adjustment

- After installing connecting link, always adjust it as follows:
 - 1) Set the headlamp to "DOWN" position.
 - 2) Adjust connecting link so that the lid is properly aligned with hood and fender.



SEL650D

- 3) Set the headlamp to "UP" position.
- 4) Adjust stopper screw.



SEL651D

HEADLAMP

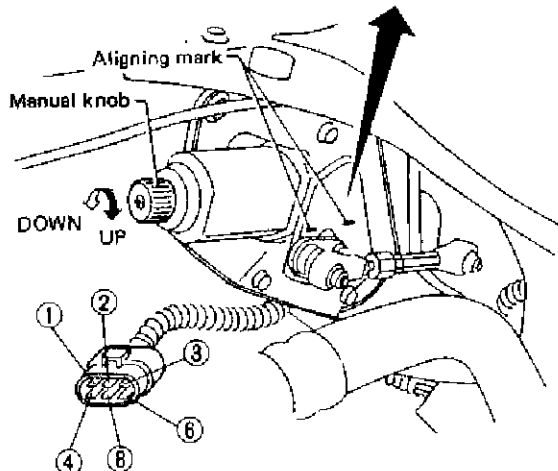
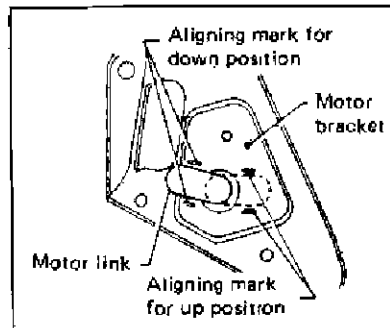
Headlamp Motor Check

- Use an ohmmeter to check for continuity in headlamp motor circuit while rotating motor with manual knob.

CAUTION:

Prior to performing continuity test, disconnect ground cable from battery.

Headlamp	Ohmmeter probe		Continuity
	(+)	(-)	
DOWN	④	①	Yes
	①	④	No
	⑥	①	Yes
UP	④	②	Yes
	②	④	No
	⑥	②	Yes



SEL333L

Aiming Adjustment

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. For operating instructions of any aimer, it should be in good repair, calibrated and used according to respective operation manuals supplied with the unit.

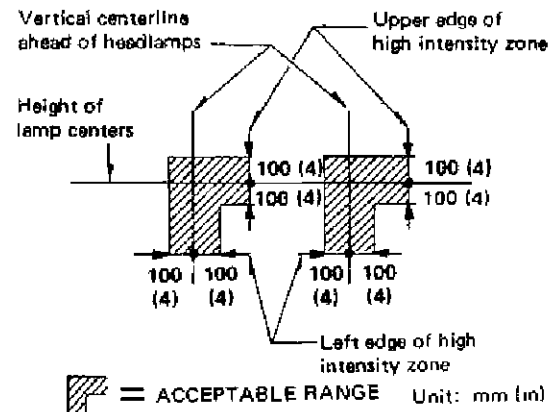
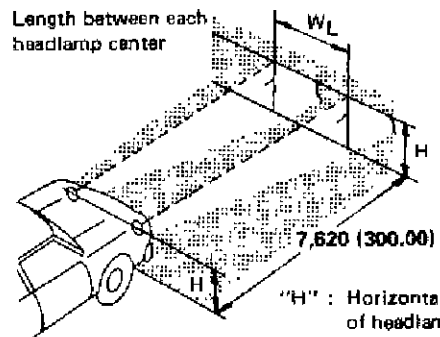
If aimer is not available, aiming adjustment can be done as follows:

For details, refer to the regulations in your own country.

CAUTION:

- Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures.
- Place vehicle and tester on the same flat surface.
- Ensure that there is no load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).

"W_L": Length between each headlamp center



SEL914

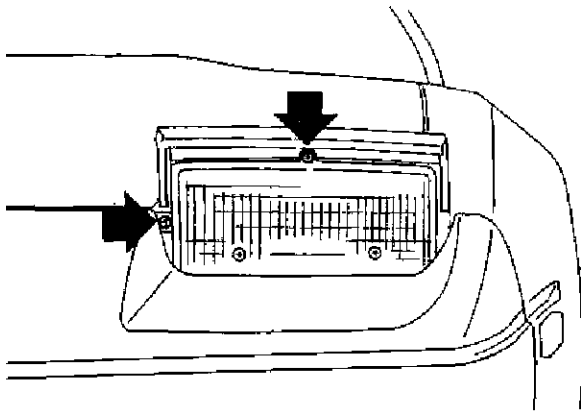
- Adjust headlamps so that upper edge and left edge of high intensity zone are within the acceptable range as shown in the figure above.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.

HEADLAMP

Aiming Adjustment (Cont'd)

LOW BEAM

1. Turn headlamp low beam on.
 2. Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment.
- Before adjusting headlamps, remove covers.
 - First tighten the adjust screw all the way and then make adjustment by loosening the screw.

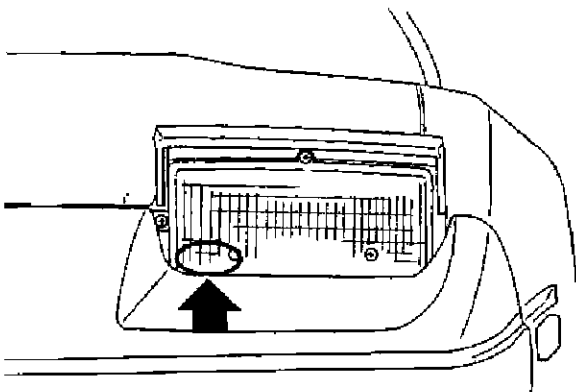


SEL138J

When using a mechanical aimer, adjust it to the data stamped on the headlamps.

Example:

4H2V
└─ Vertical side: 2
└─ Horizontal side: 4

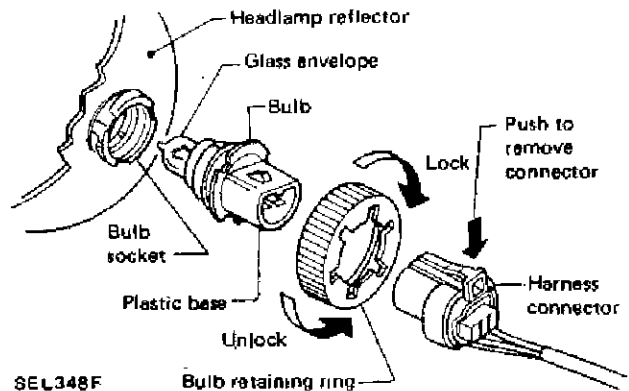


SEL139J

Bulb Replacement

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. A bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

- Grasp only its plastic base when handling the bulb. Never touch the glass envelope.
1. Disconnect the battery cable.
 2. Turn the bulb retaining ring counterclockwise until it is free from the headlight reflector, and then remove it.
 3. Disconnect the harness connector from the rear end of the bulb.
 4. Remove the headlamp bulb carefully. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it.



SEL348F

5. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

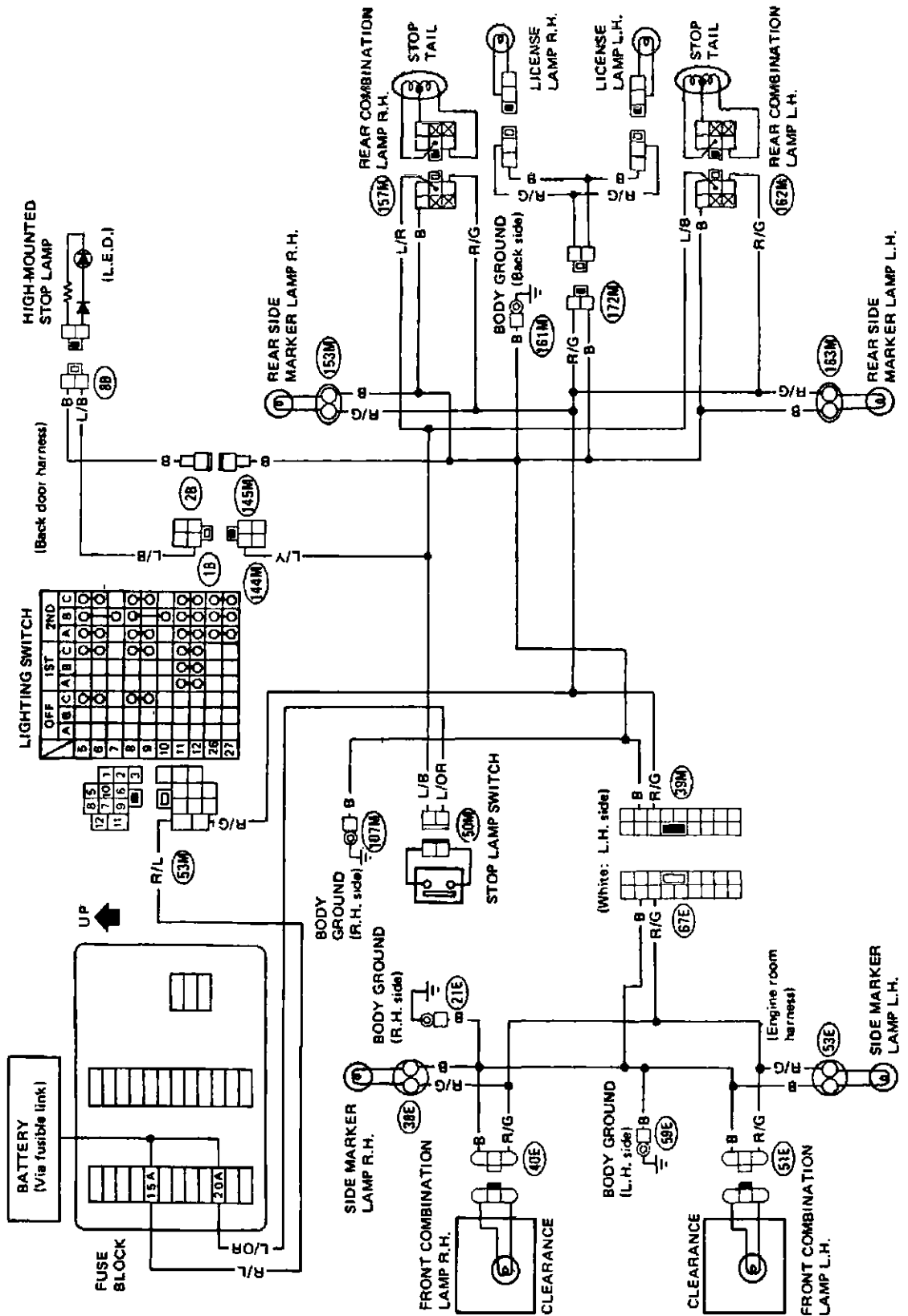
CAUTION:

- Do not leave the bulb out of the headlamp reflector for a long period of time as dust, moisture, smoke, etc. may enter the headlamp body and affect the performance of the headlamp. Thus, the headlamp bulb should not be removed from the headlamp reflector until just before a replacement bulb is to be installed.

EXTERIOR LAMP

Clearance, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram

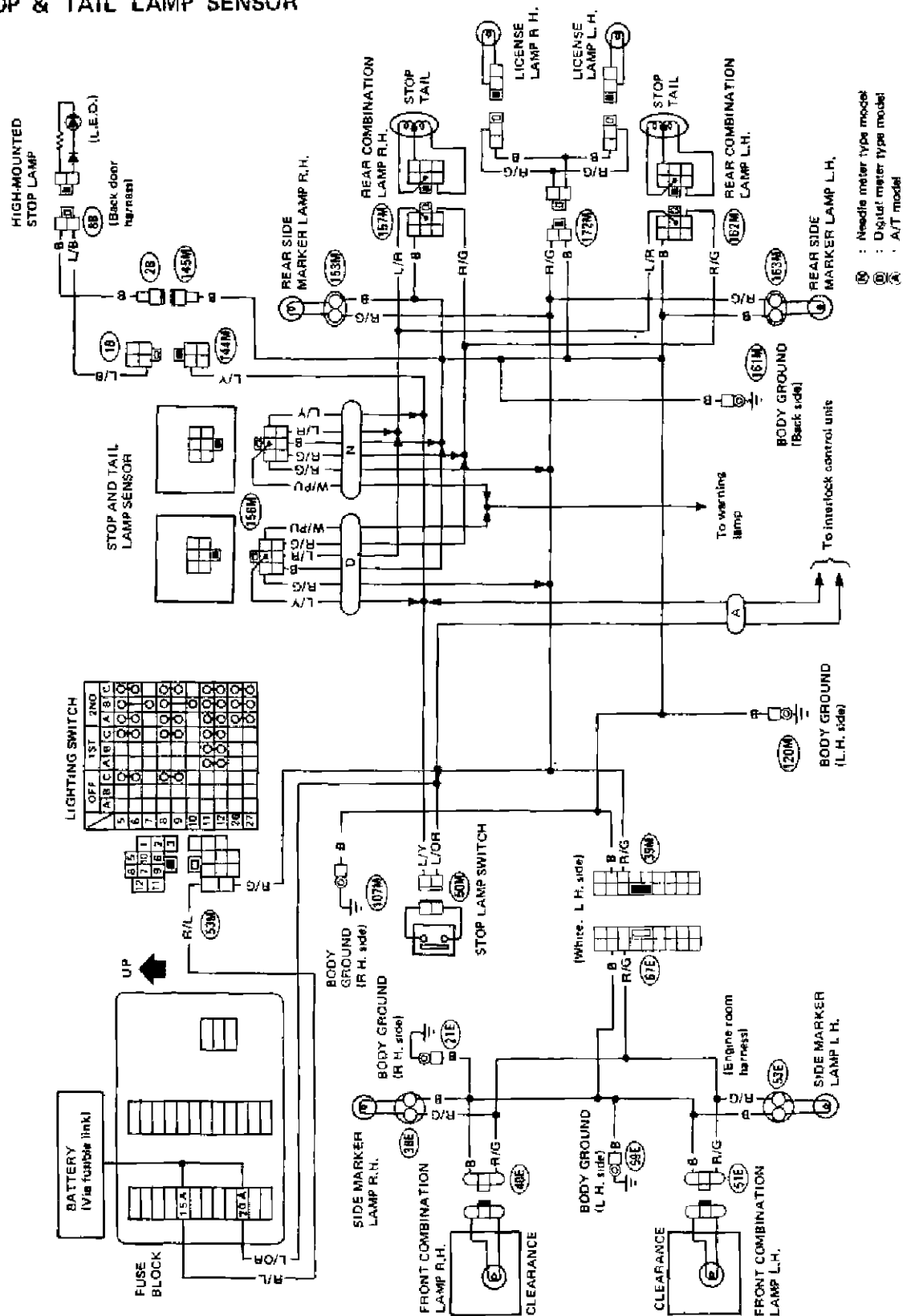
WITHOUT STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR



EXTERIOR LAMP

____ Clearance, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

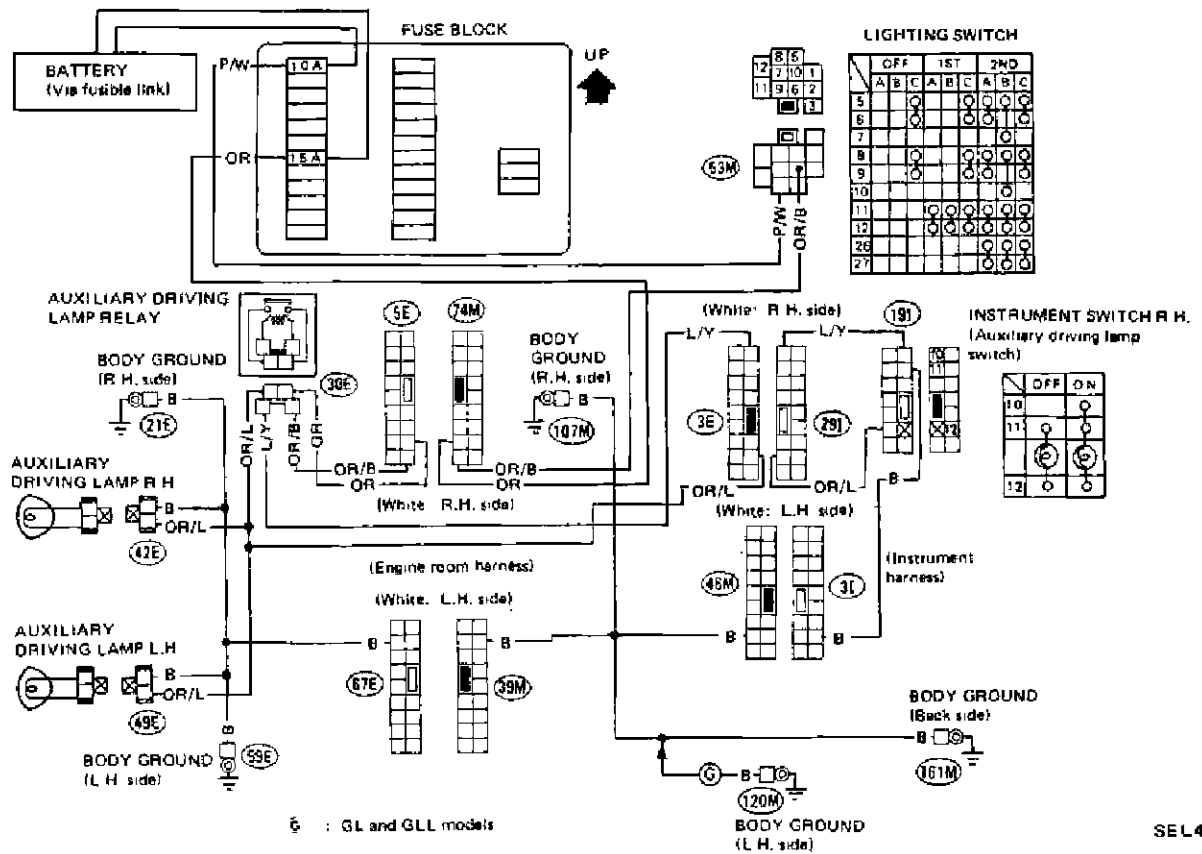
WITH STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR



SEL307L

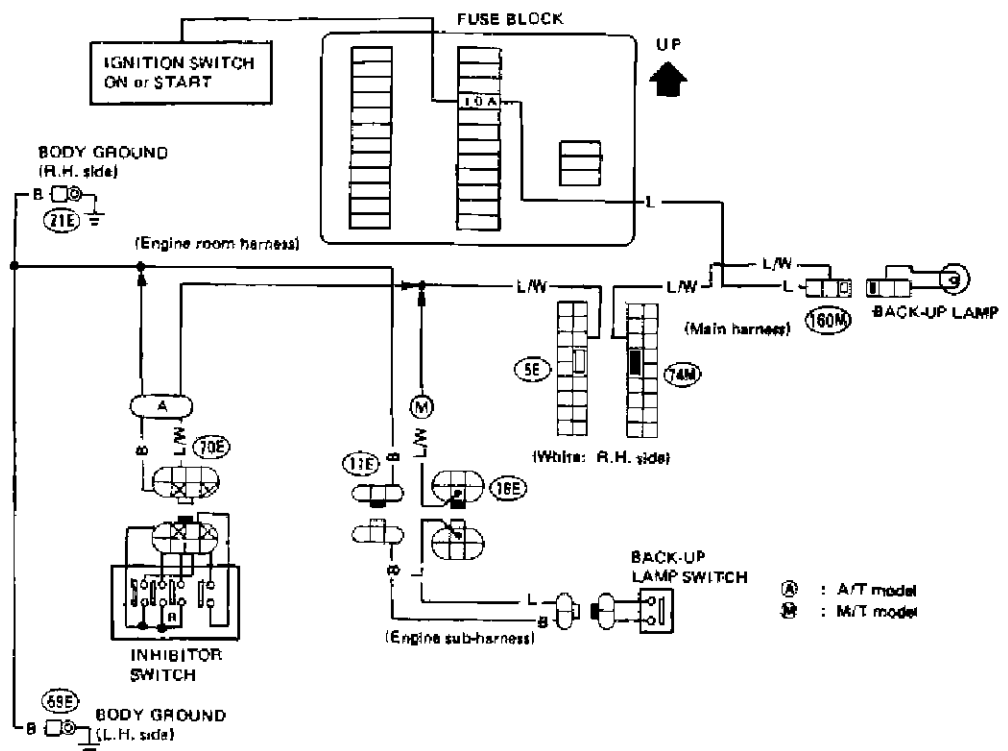
EXTERIOR LAMP

Auxiliary Driving Lamp/Wiring Diagram



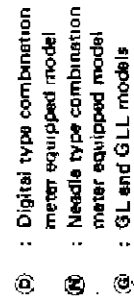
SEL486P

Back-up Lamp/Wiring Diagram



SEL487M

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram



EL-57

EXTERIOR LAMP

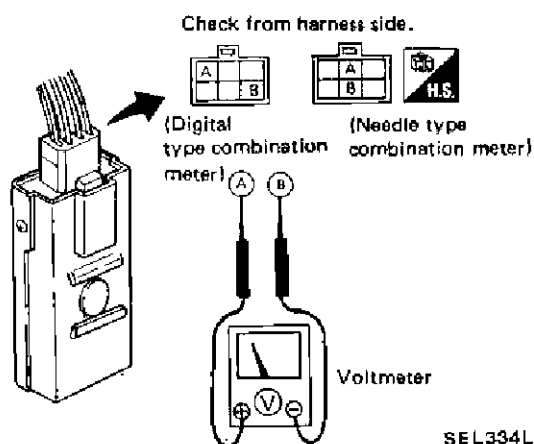
Stop and Tail Lamp Sensor Check

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.

STOP LAMP

Start engine.

Stop lamp switch on (Depress brake pedal).



All stop lamps in good order:

Approx. 5V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 12V (Needle type combination meter)

At least one of stop lamps is moved:

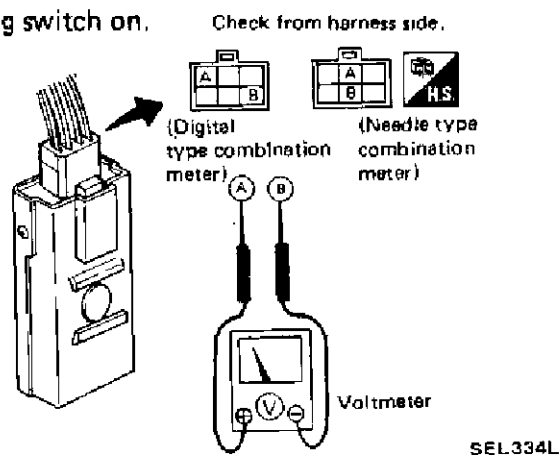
Less than 3V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 1V (Needle type combination meter)

TAIL LAMP

Start engine.

Lighting switch on.



All tail lamps in good order:

Approx. 5V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 12V (Needle type combination meter)

At least one of tail lamps is moved:

Less than 3V (Digital type combination meter)

Approx. 1V (Needle type combination meter)

Bulb Specifications

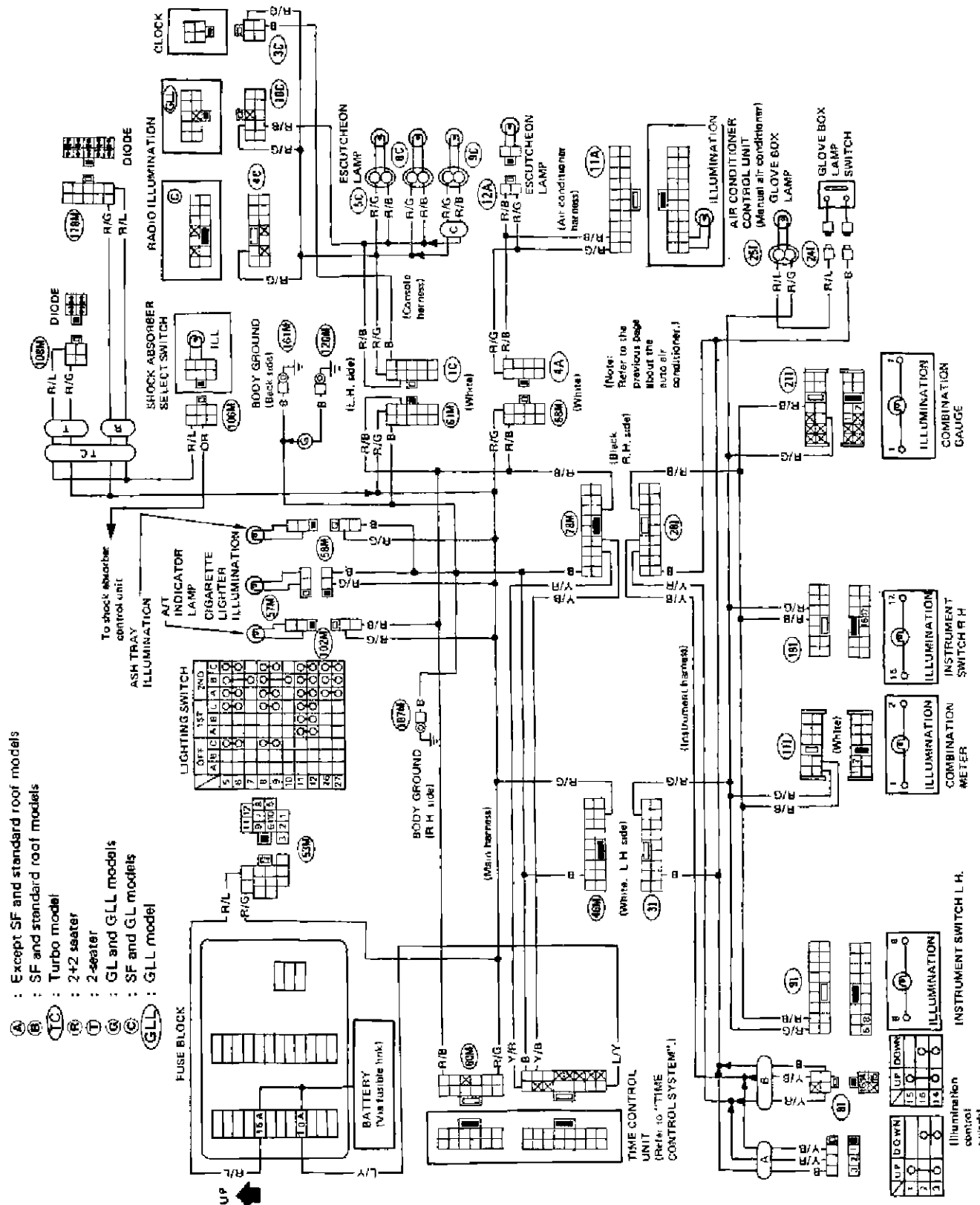
Item	Wattage (W)	Bulb No.
Headlamp	65/45	9004
Auxiliary driving lamp	55	—
Front combination lamp	27/8	1157
Front side marker lamp	3.4	158
Rear side marker lamp	3.4	158
Rear combination lamp		
Turn signal	27	1156
Stop/Tail	27/8	1157
Back-up	27	1156
License plate lamp	3.8	—
High-mounted stop lamp	7.3*	—
Interior lamp	10	—
Spot lamp	8	—
Rear (luggage) compartment lamp	3.4	—
Door step lamp	5	—
Leg room lamp	2	—

*: Light emission diode

INTERIOR LAMP

Illumination/Wiring Diagram

NEEDLE TYPE COMBINATION METER EQUIPPED MODEL



SEL489K

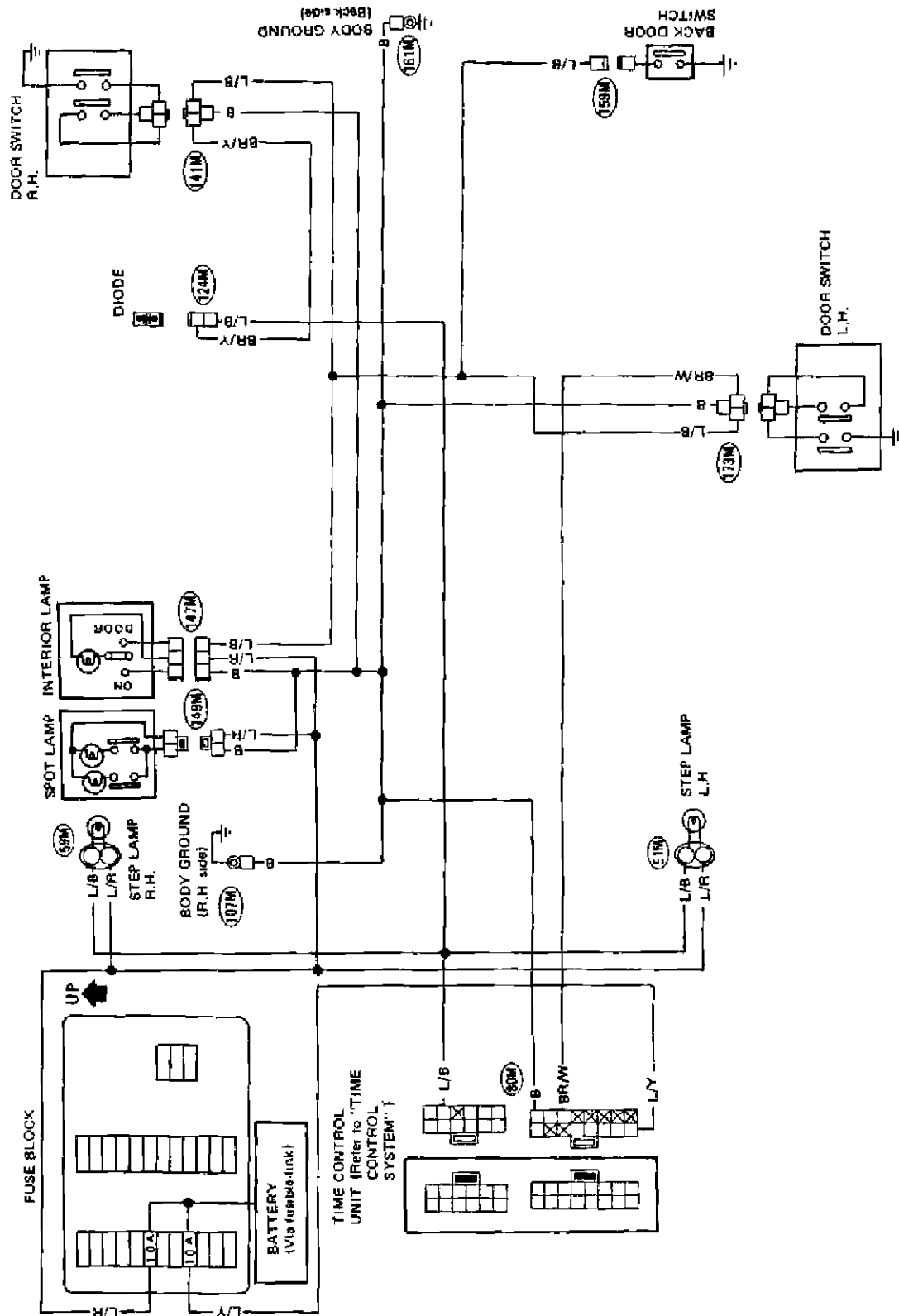
DIGITAL TYPE COMBINATION METER EQUIPPED MODEL (GLL)



INTERIOR LAMP

Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram

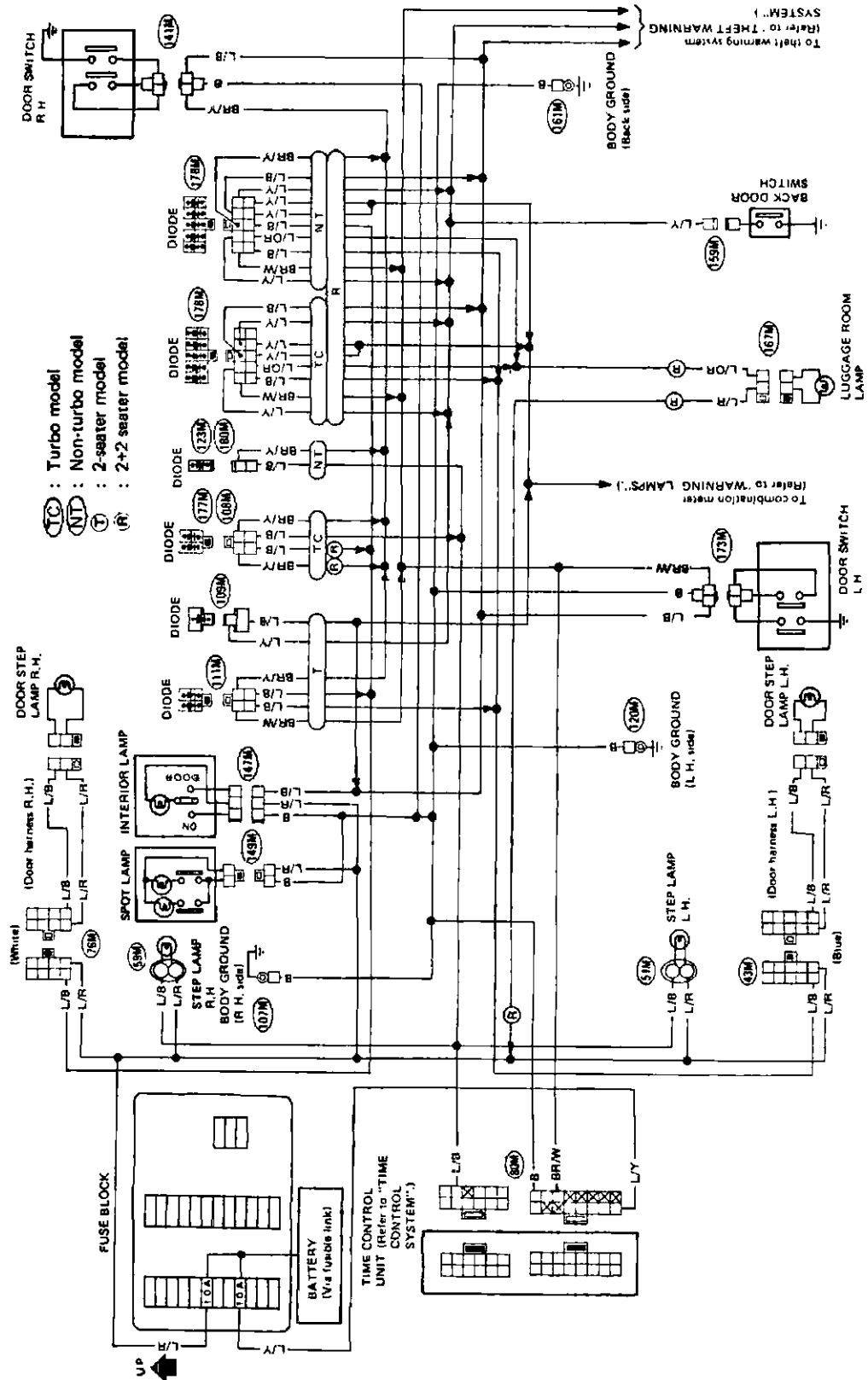
SF MODEL



SEL491K

Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

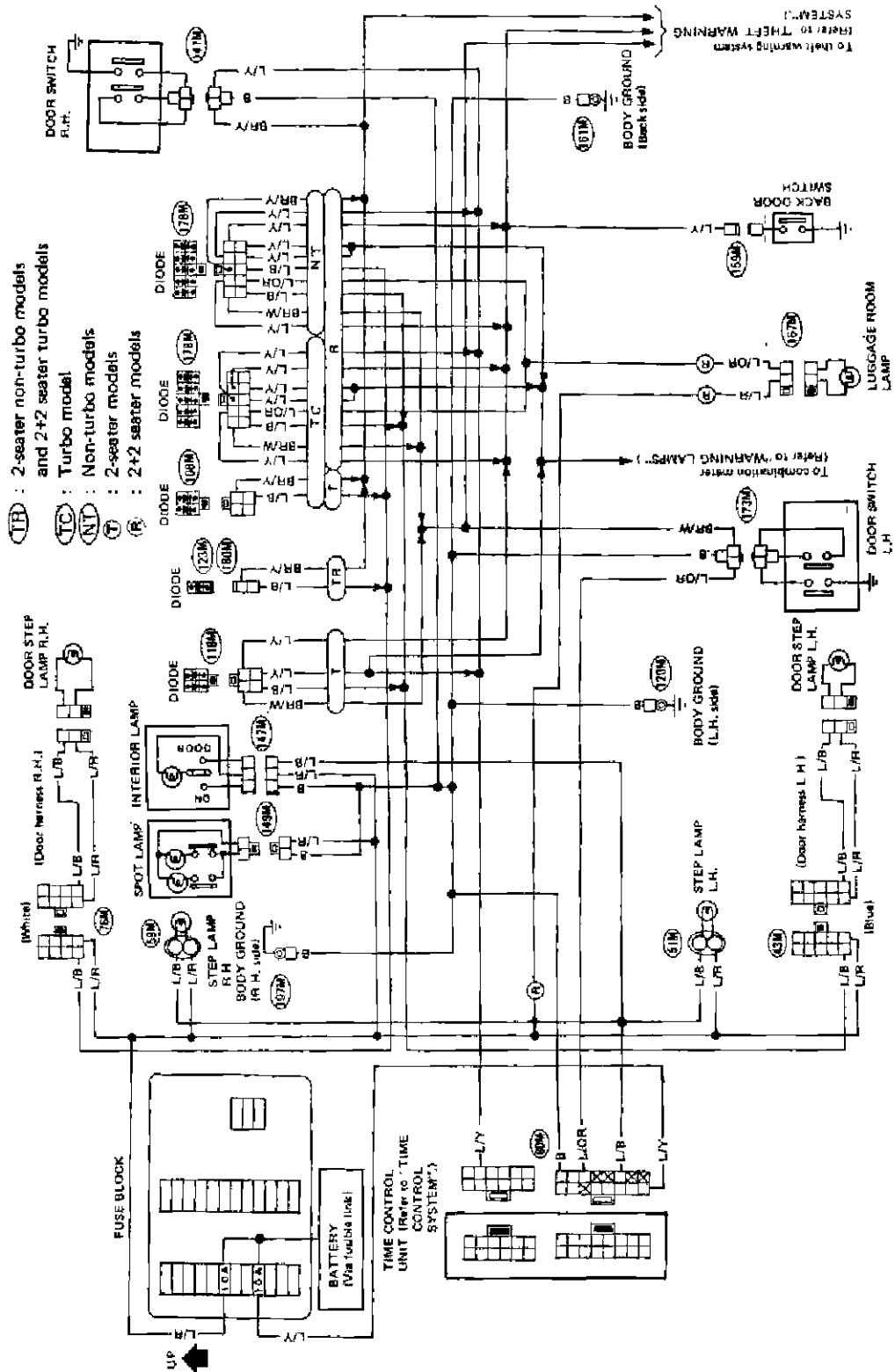
GL MODEL



INTERIOR LAMP

Interior, Luggage and Step Lamps/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

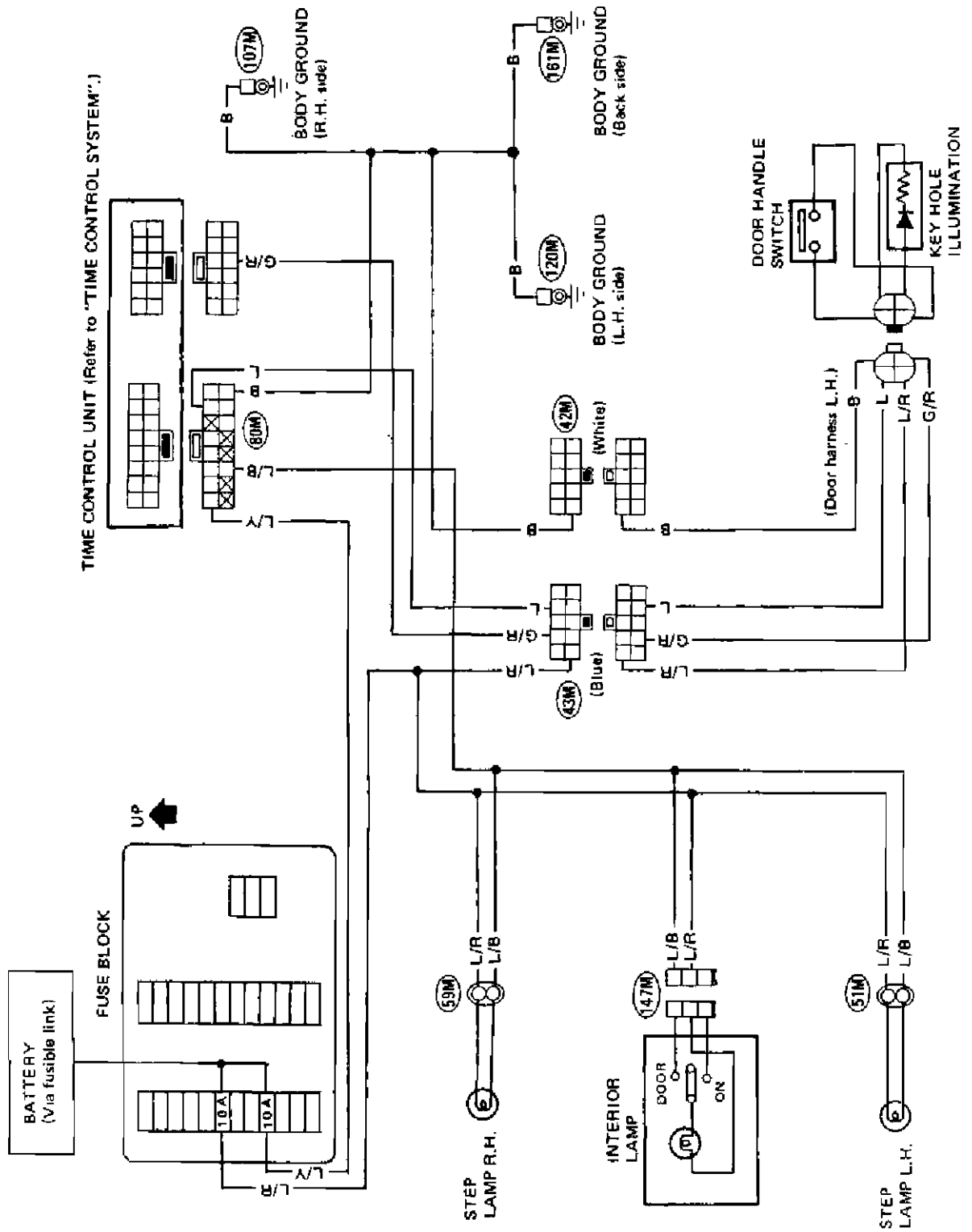
GLL MODEL



SEL493K

INTERIOR LAMP

Illuminated Entry System and Door Key Illumination/Wiring Diagram

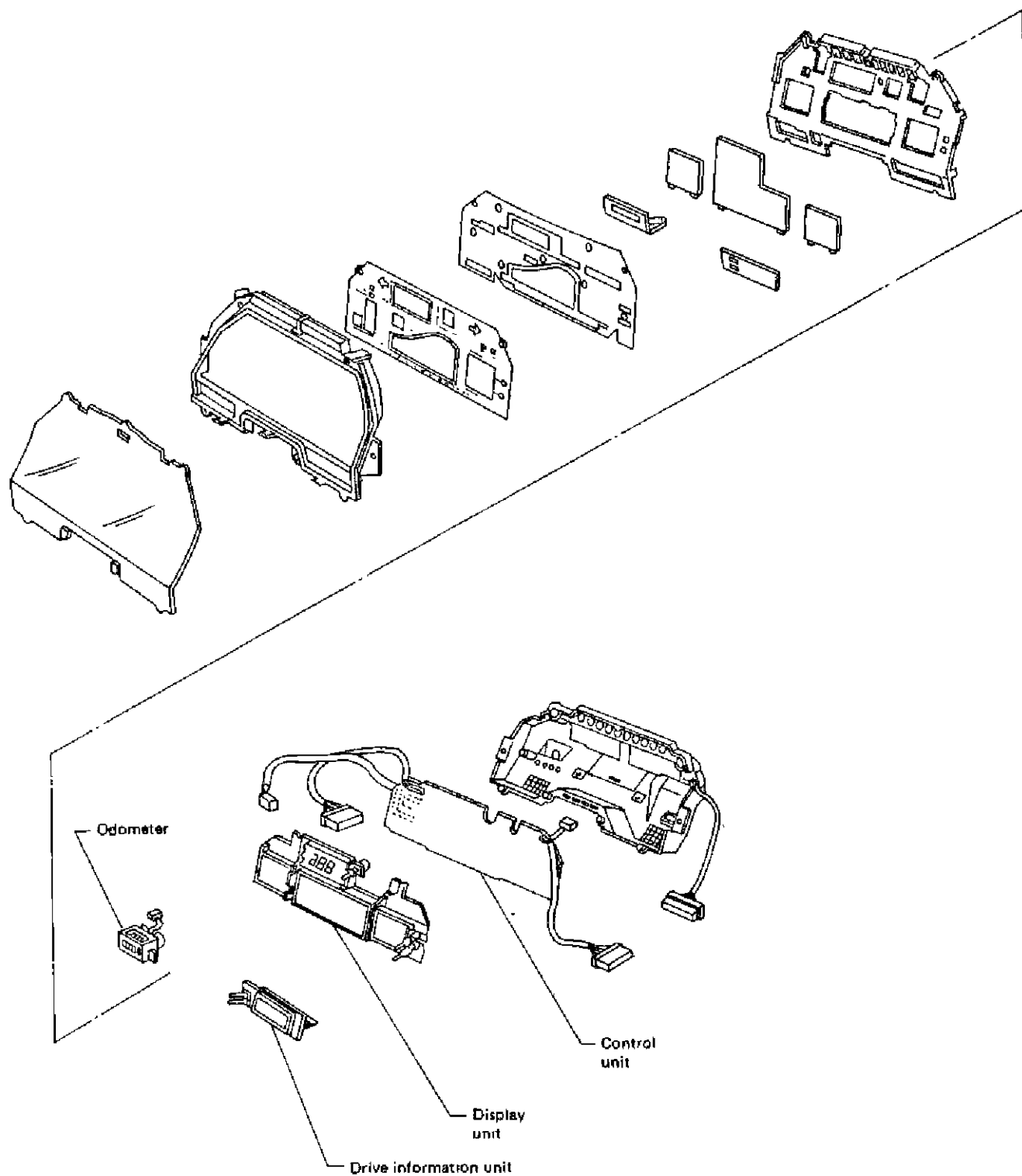


METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Combination Meter

CAUTION:

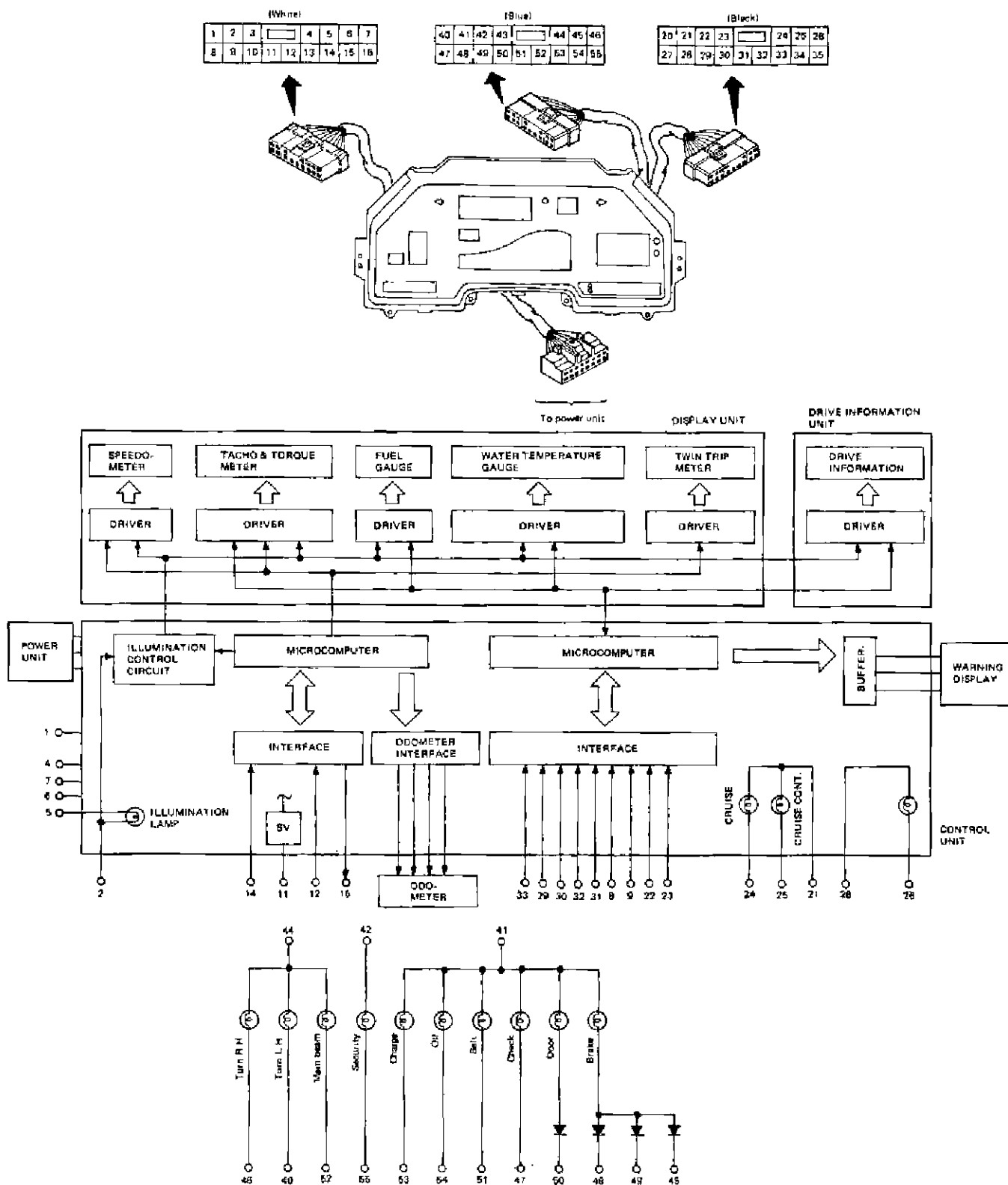
Electrical terminal should not be touched with bare hands.



SEL140J

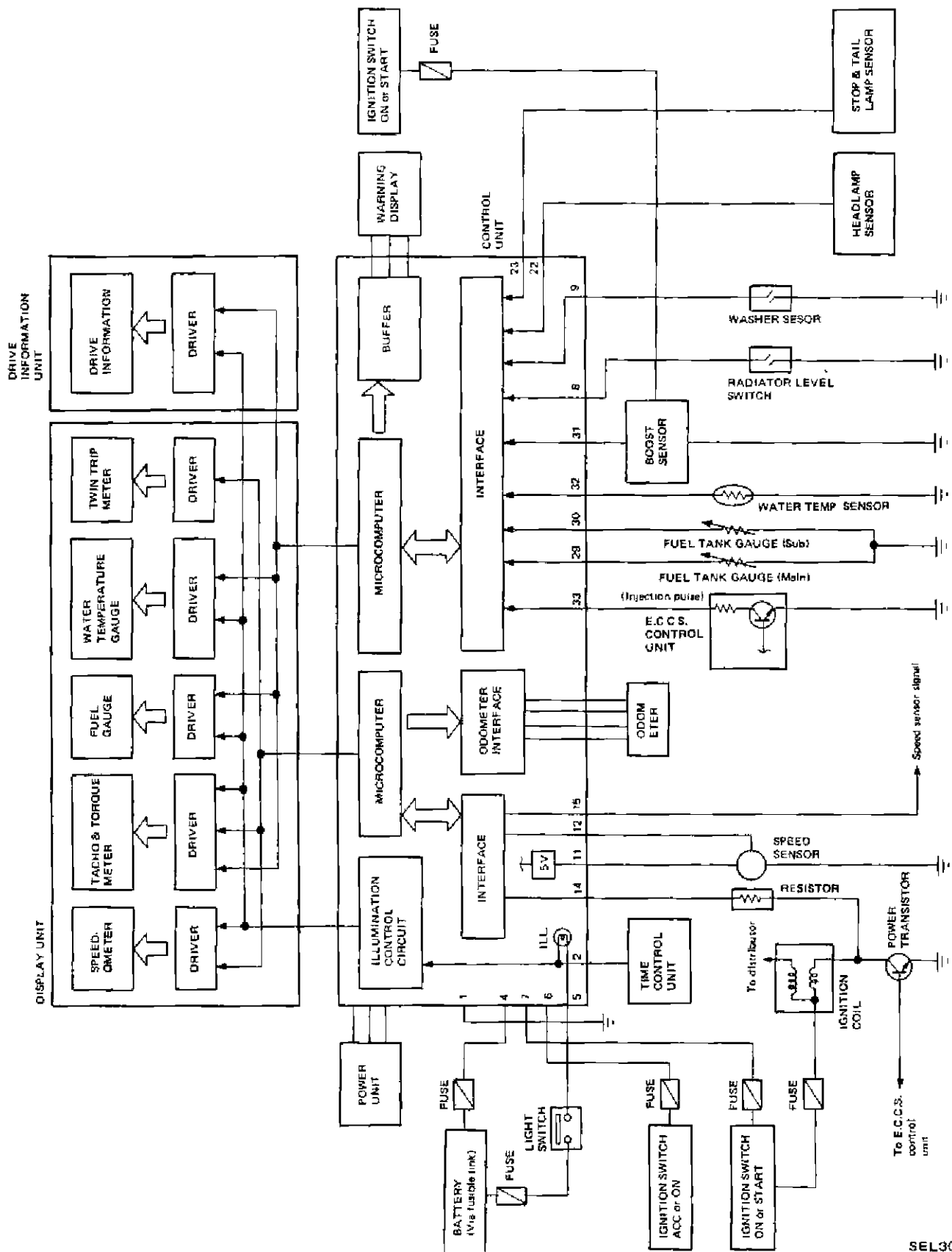
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Combination Meter (Cont'd)



METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

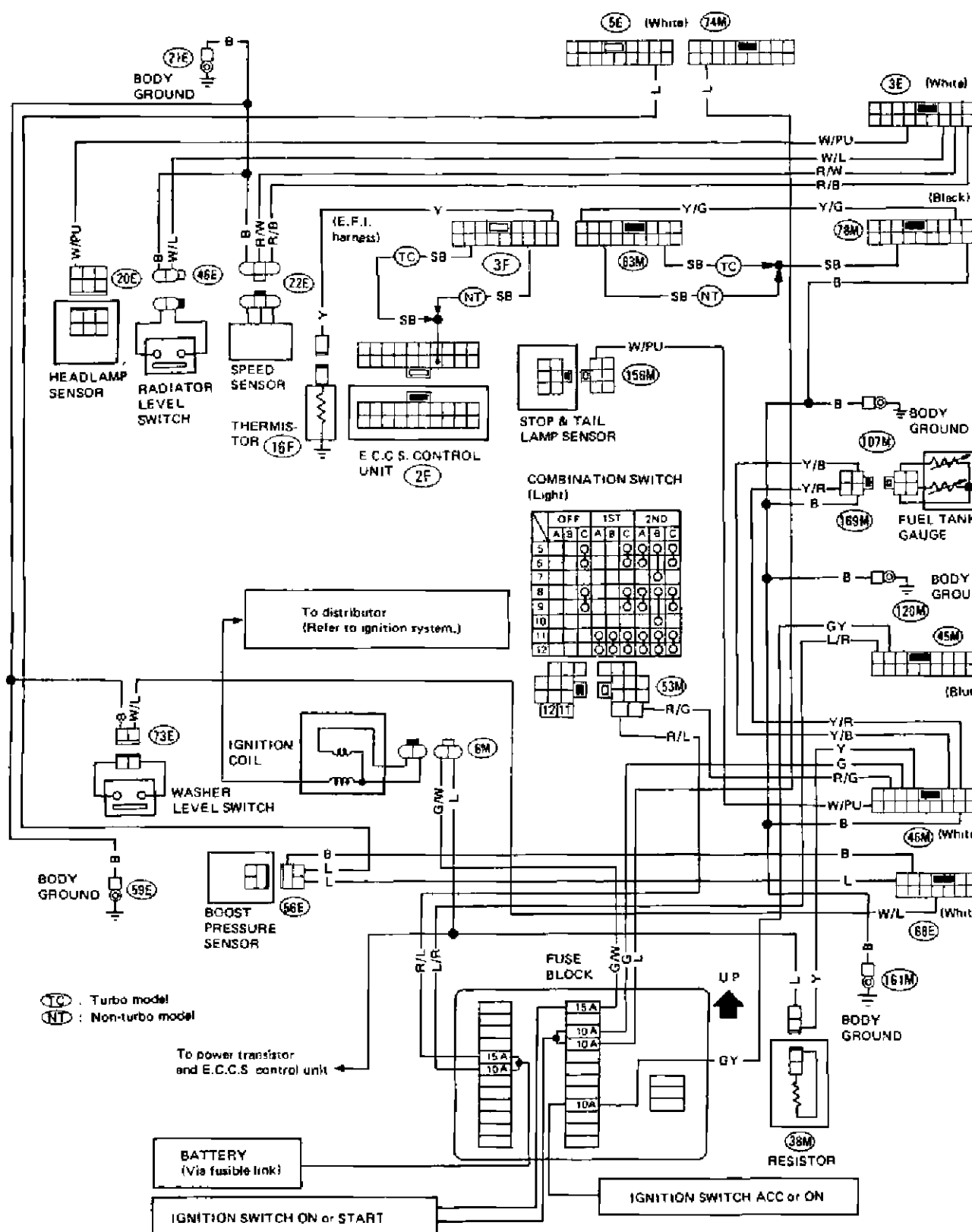
Schematic



SEL309L

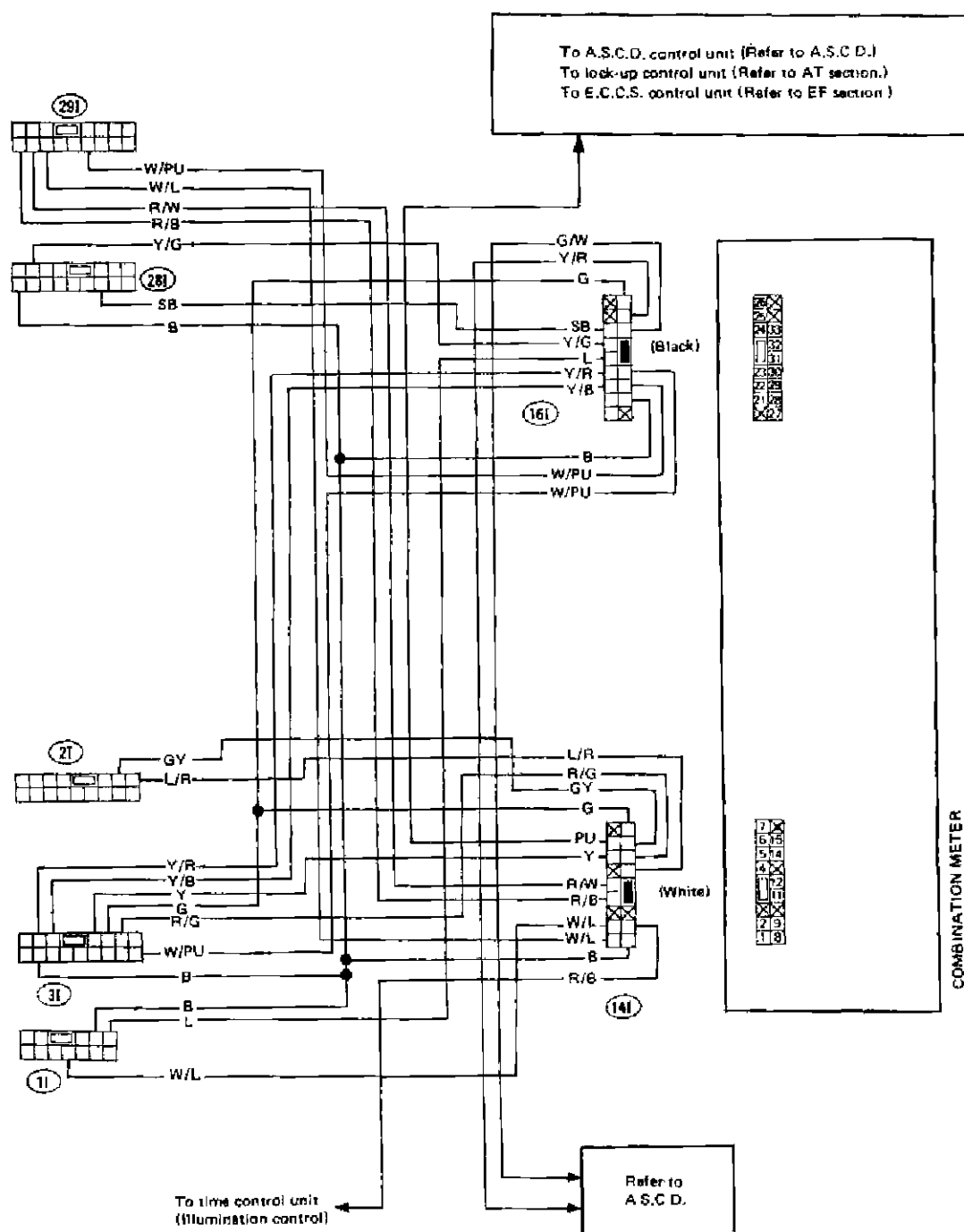
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Wiring Diagram



METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



SEL310L

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Self-check

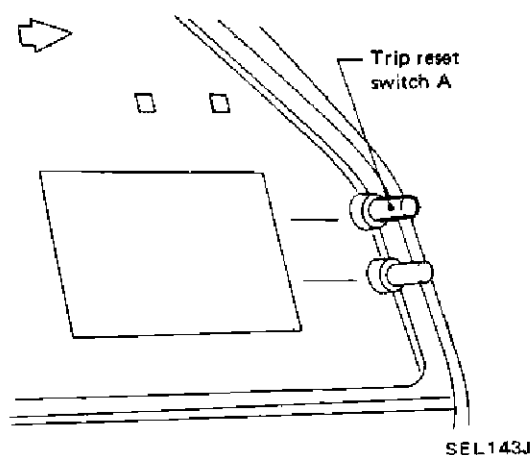
Digital type combination meter consists of three units: a control unit, power unit, and display unit. In order to judge if there is a defect in the meter and which unit is malfunctioning, trouble-shooting should be performed by using the following two types of self-check functions built into the meter.

For details, refer to "Trouble-shooting".

DISPLAY CHECK

This is used to check for an open circuit in each segment of the display and a short circuit between segments.

- (1) While pushing trip reset switch A, turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON". Trip reset switch A should remain pushed in until self-check operation starts.
- (2) Meter starts to automatically perform self-check. Segments for meters and gauges should illuminate one after another.
- (3) If any particular segment remains off, combination meter itself is faulty.



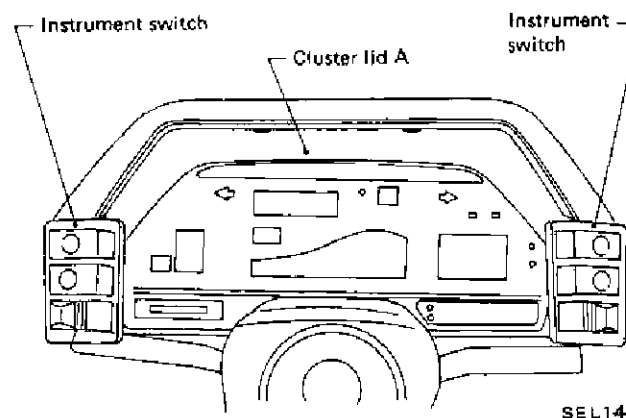
A display check will be cancelled and the normal display restarted in the following cases:

- If the vehicle has operated during the display check.
- If a series of display check items have been completed.

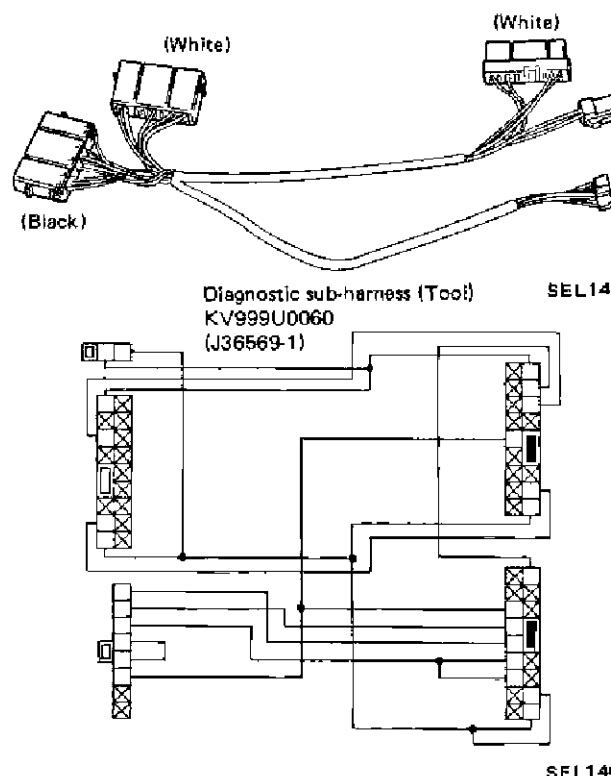
PRE-PROGRAMED SIGNAL CHECK

This is used to check for a defect in the meter.

- (1) Remove power unit.
- (2) Remove nuts which secure instrument switches.
- (3) Remove instrument switches.
- (4) Remove cluster lid A.

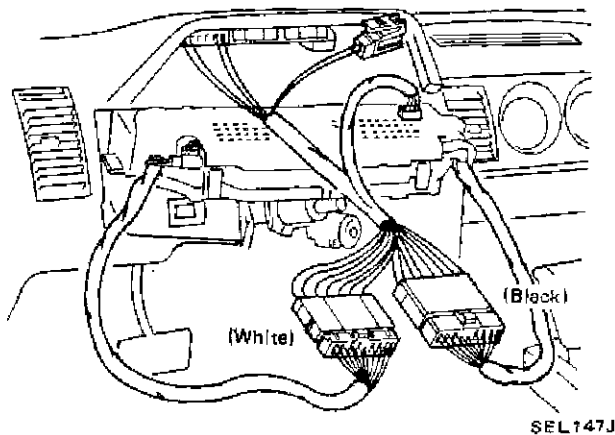


- (5) Remove combination meter.
- (6) Disconnect connectors from instrument harness.
- (7) Connect a self-checking tool (Diagnostic sub-harness) to meter.

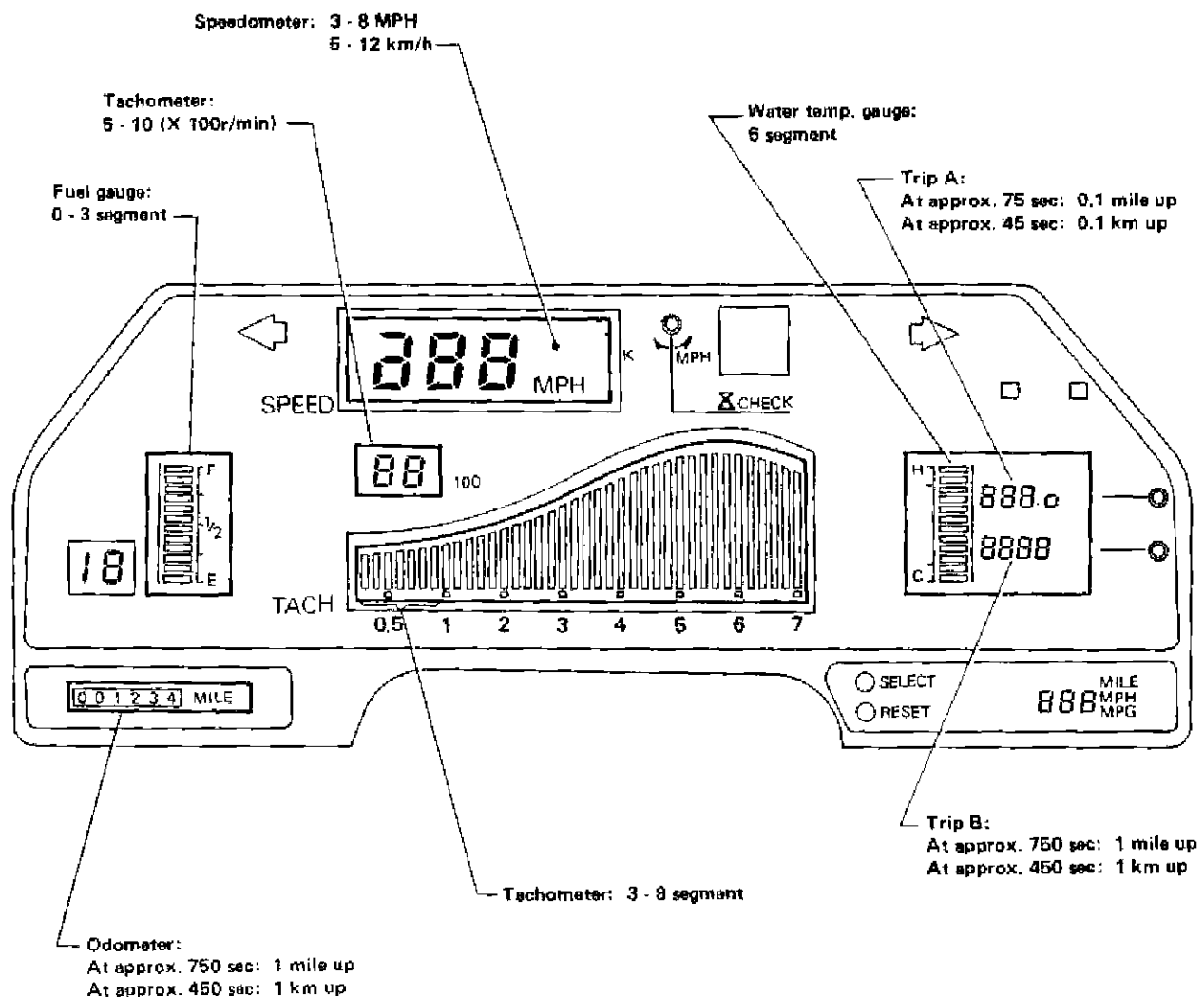


METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Self-check (Cont'd)



- (8) Turn the ignition switch to "ON".
- (9) If a display such as the following figure appears on meter, the results of the pre-programmed signal check are satisfactory.



SEL148J

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting — Quick Reference Table—

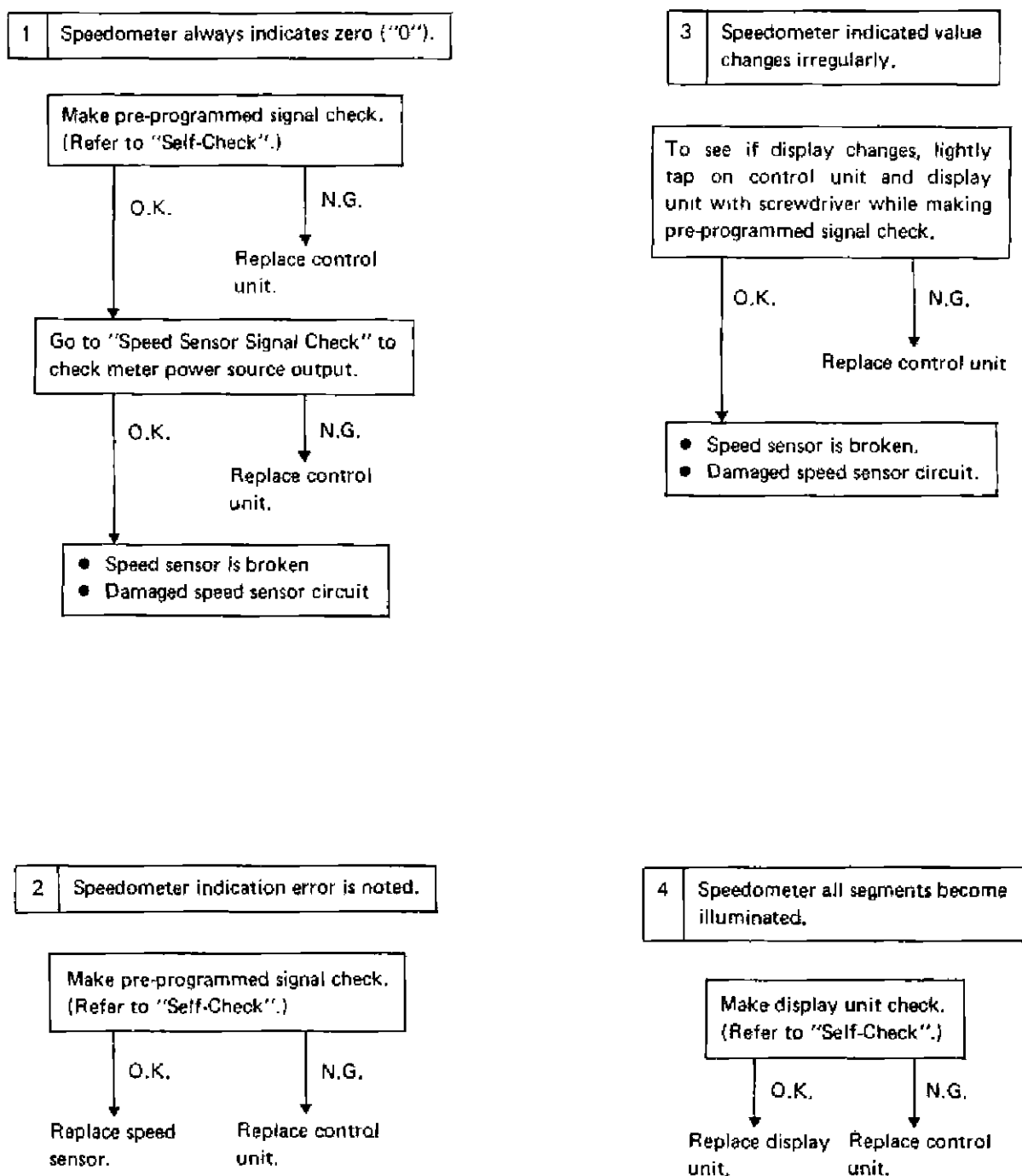
The following Quick Reference Table lists various combination meter troubles and self-checks and voltage or resistance checks to be made.

For trouble-shooting procedures, refer to the pertinent flow charts on the pages that follow this Table.

Reference flow chart number		Trouble condition	Check item			
			Self-check		Volt/ohm check	
			Display unit check	Pre-programmed signal check	Meter side	Vehicle harness side
Speedometer	1	Always indicates zero ("0").		○	○	○
	2	Indication error is noted.		○		○
	3	Indicated value changes irregularly.		○		○
	4	All segments become illuminated.	○			
	5	All segments fail to illuminate.	○			
	6	Sometimes indicates zero ("0").		○		○
Tachometer & torque meter	7	Tachometer does not operate.	○	○	○	○
	8	Torque meter does not operate.	○	○		○
Gauges	9	Water temp. gauge does not function.	○	○		○
	10	Fuel gauge does not function.	○	○		○
	11	Fuel gauge does not reach "Full".	○	○		○
Drive information	12	"DIST. TO EMPTY" does not operate.	○	○		○
	13	"AVE. SPEED" does not operate.	○	○		
	14	"AVE. MPG" does not operate.	○	○		○
Others	15	Trip meter does not function.	○			
	16	Odometer does not function.		○	○	
	17	Warning display does not operate.	○	○		○
	18	Segments do not operate normally.	○			

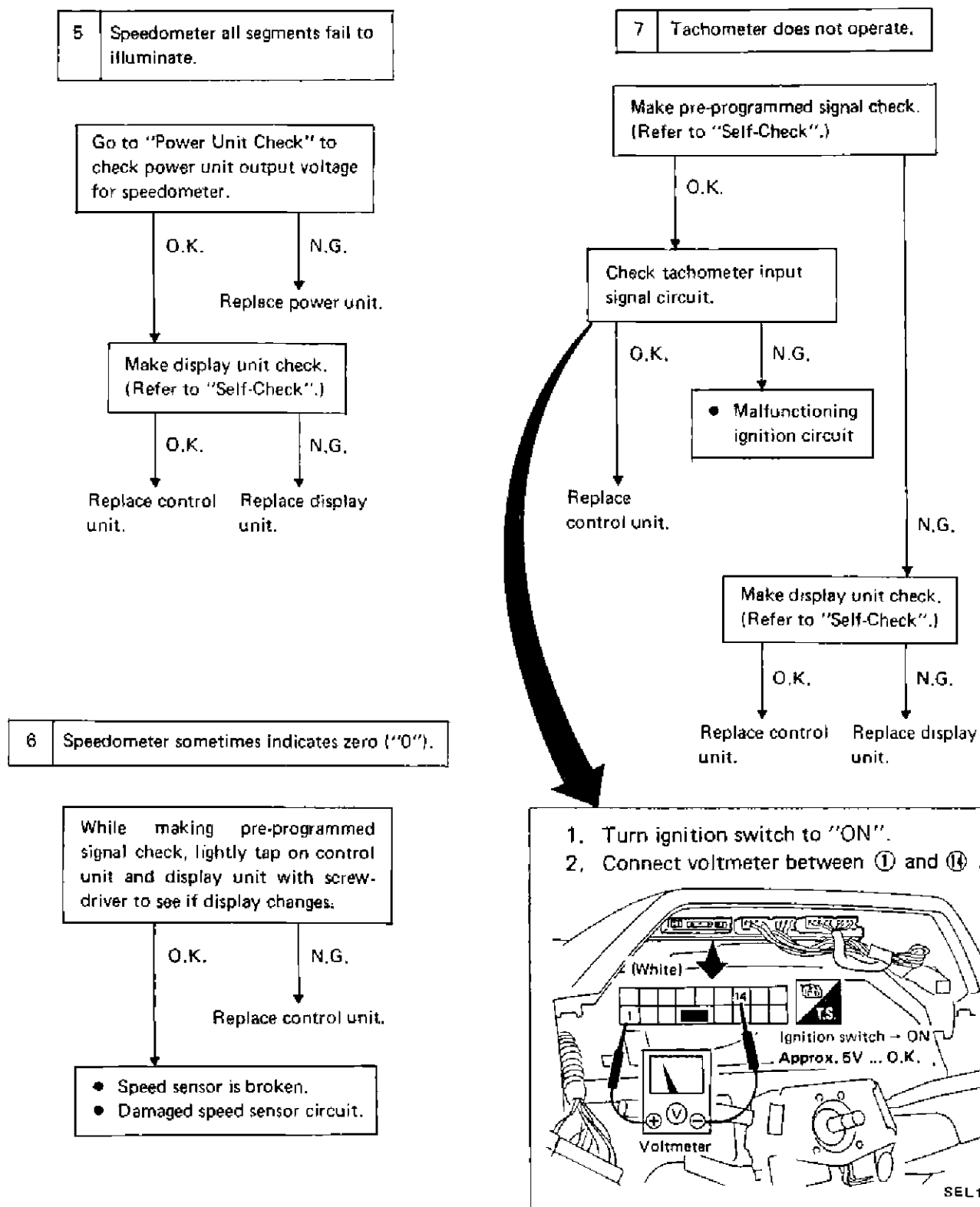
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting Flow Chart



METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)



METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)

8 Torque meter does not operate.

Make pre-programmed signal check.
(Refer to "Self-Check".)

O.K.

N.G.

Check boost sensor circuit.

O.K.

N.G.

Replace
control unit.

Go to "Boost
Sensor Check".

O.K.

N.G.

• Damaged boost
sensor circuit

Replace
boost sensor.

Make display unit check. (Refer to
"Self-Check".)

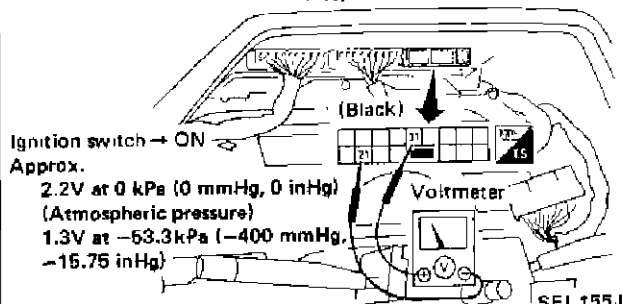
O.K.

N.G.

Replace control
unit.

Replace display
unit.

1. Disconnect meter harness connector (Black).
2. Connect vacuum pump gauge to boost sensor vacuum hose.
3. Turn the ignition switch to "ON".
4. Apply vacuum pressure to boost sensor by vacuum pump gauge and measure voltage across ① and ②.



9 Water temp. gauge does not function.

Make pre-programmed signal check.
(Refer to "Self-Check".)

O.K.

N.G.

Check water temp.
sensor (thermistor) circuit.

O.K.

N.G.

Replace
control unit.

Go to "Thermistor
Check".

O.K.

N.G.

• Damaged boost
sensor circuit

Replace
thermistor.

Make display unit check. (Refer to
"Self-Check".)

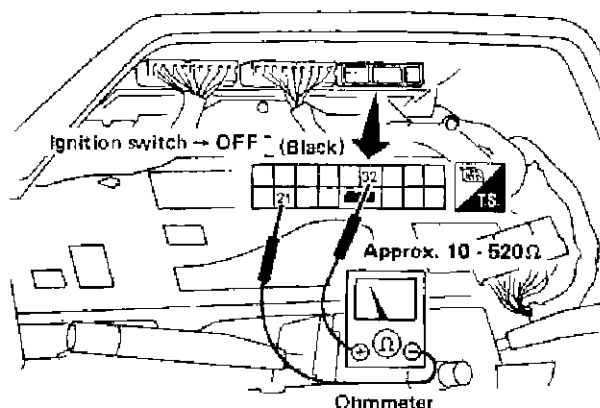
O.K.

N.G.

Replace control
unit.

Replace display
unit.

1. Disconnect meter harness connector (Black).
2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
3. Measure resistance between ③ and ②.



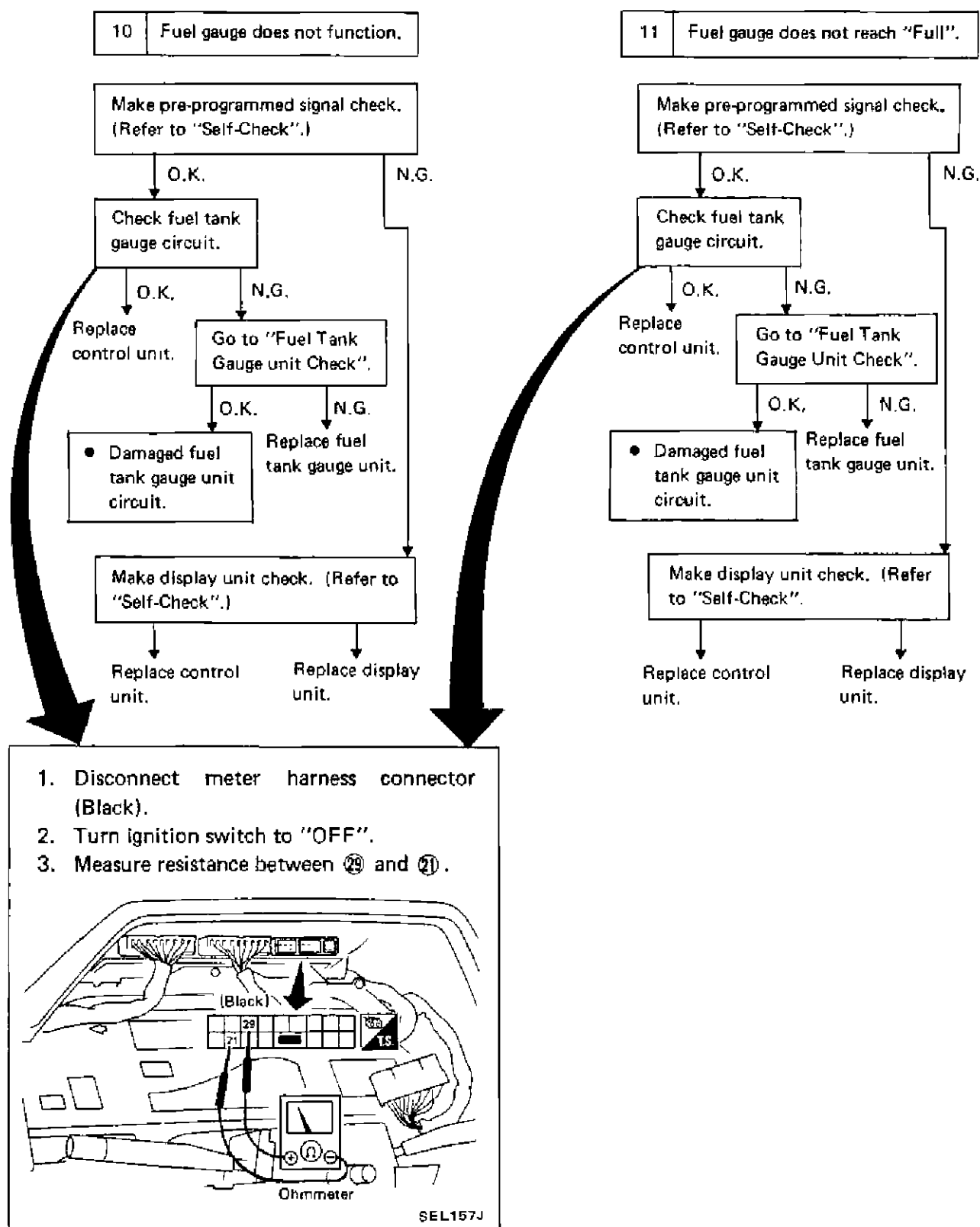
Ignition switch → OFF

Engine coolant temperature	Resistance
60°C (140°F) or less	70Ω or more
60°C (140°F) or more	Approx. 10 - 70Ω

SEL156J

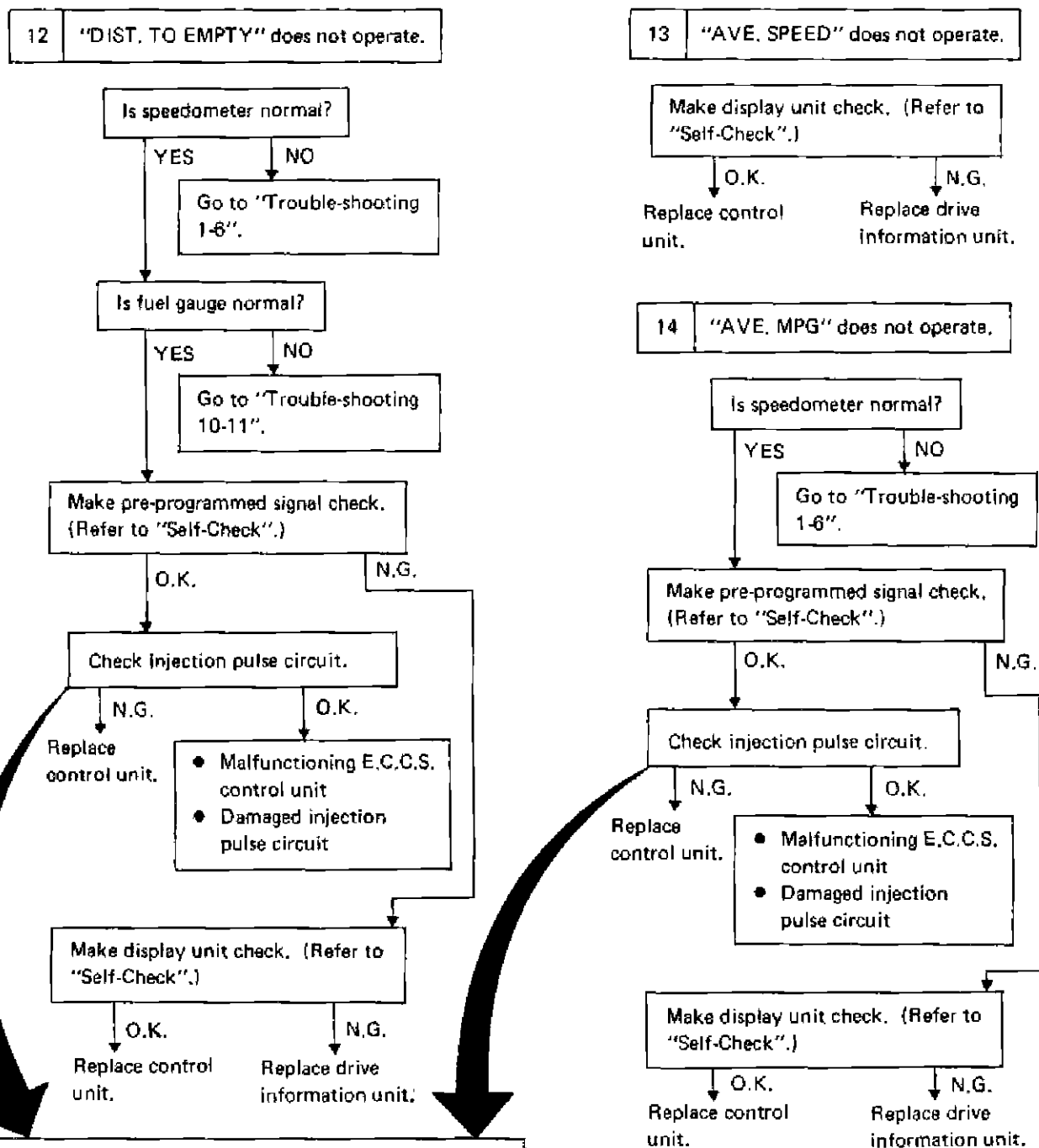
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)



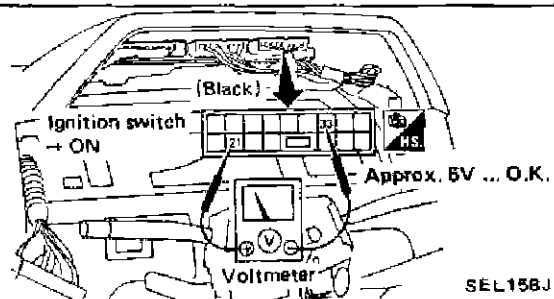
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)



FUEL INJECTION PULSE CIRCUIT CHECK

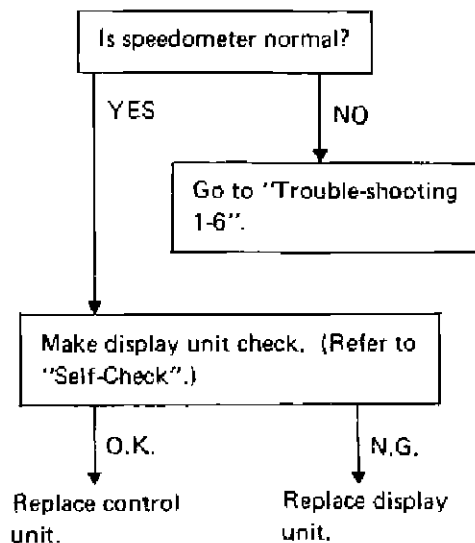
1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
2. Connect voltmeter between ③③ and ②①.



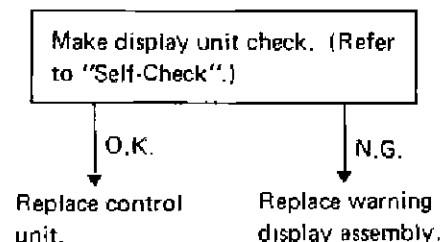
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Trouble-shooting Flow Chart (Cont'd)

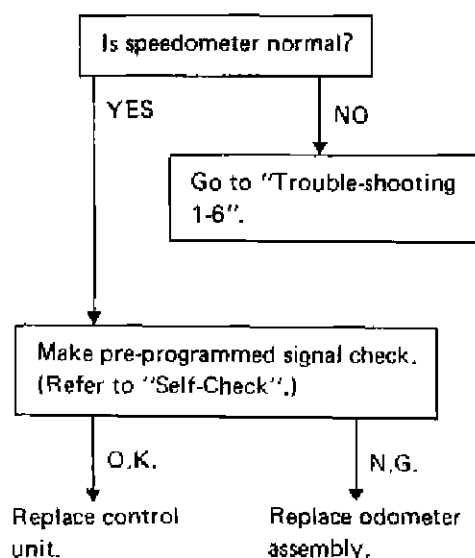
15 Trip meter does not function.



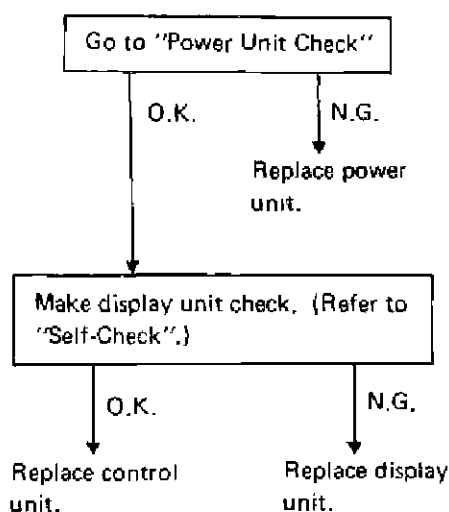
17 Warning display does not operate.



16 Odometer does not function.



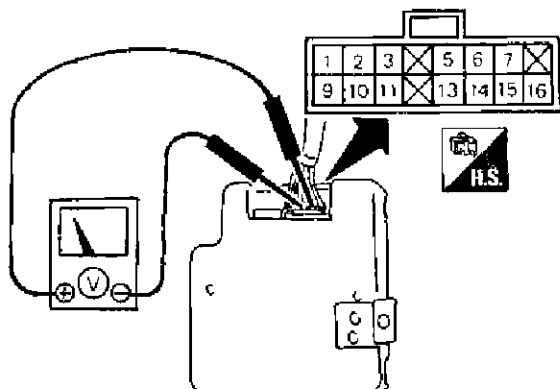
18 Segments do not operate normally.



METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Power Unit Check

- Remove power unit with harness connected.
- Perform voltage and continuity tests. Refer to chart below.



SEL159J

- Turn ignition switch to "ON".

Voltmeter terminal		Voltage [V]	Remarks
+	-		
②	⑨	Approx. 12	Check when no display appears.
③		Approx. 0	
⑤		Approx. 22	
⑥		Approx. 26	
⑨	⑦	Approx. 23	
	⑬	Approx. 14	
	⑭		
	⑮		Approx. 19
	⑯		

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".

Ohmmeter		Continuity	Remarks
(+)	(-)		
⑨	Body ground	Yes	Check when no display appears.

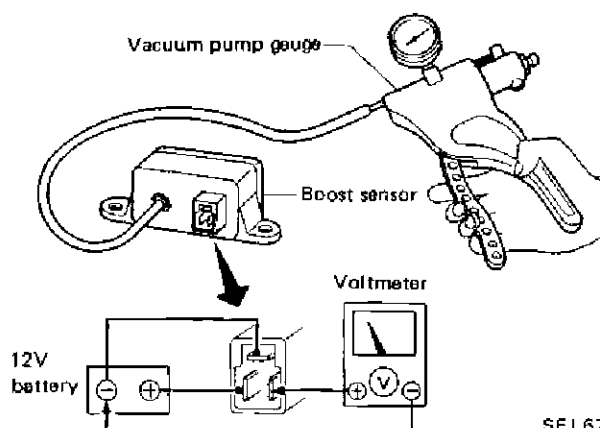
If specified voltage or continuity is not produced, replace power unit.

Boost Sensor Check

- Connect vacuum pump gauge to boost sensor vacuum hose.
- Disconnect harness connector from boost sensor and connect battery and voltmeter as shown.
- Apply vacuum pressure to boost sensor by vacuum pump gauge and measure voltages.

Approx. 2.2V at 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)
(Atmospheric pressure)

Approx. 1.3V
at -53.3 kPa (-400 mmHg, -15.75 inHg)



SEL674D

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

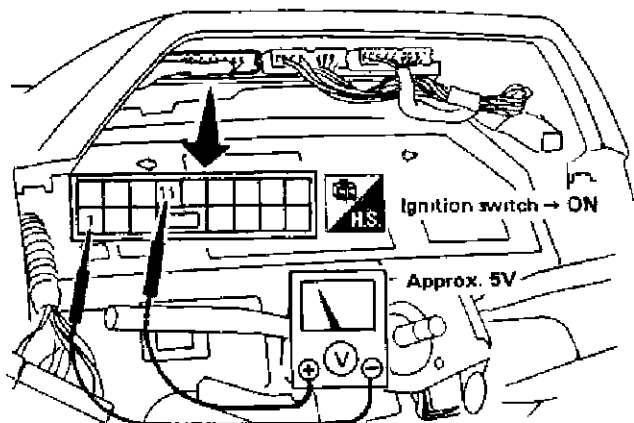
Speed Sensor Signal Check

SPEED SENSOR OUTPUT CHECK

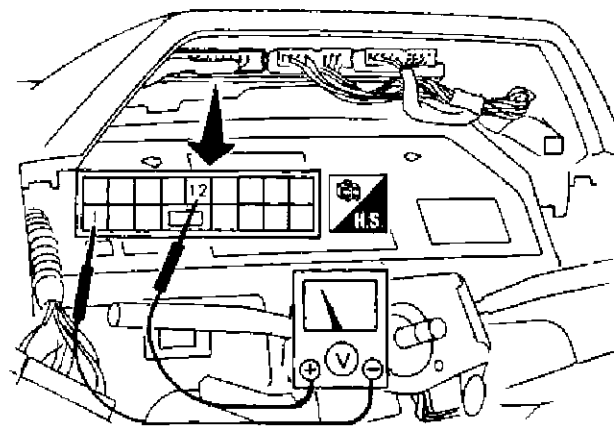
When speedometer is functioning properly, this test is not necessary. Go to "Meter Output check".

1. Remove cluster lid A.
2. Connect a voltmeter between ⑪ and ① on combination meter side. Combination meter harness connector should remain connected to instrument harness.
3. Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON". Voltmeter should indicate approximately 5 volts when switch is "ON".

If voltmeter indicates no voltage, go to "Power Unit Check".

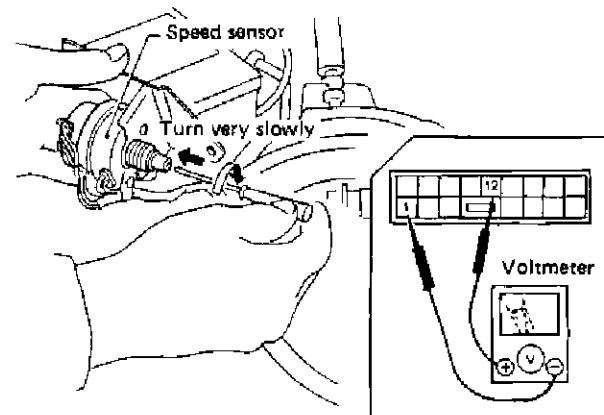


4. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
5. Disconnect speedometer cable from speed sensor and remove speed sensor with harness connected.
6. Connect a voltmeter across ⑫ and ① on combination meter side.



7. Turn ignition switch "OFF" → "ON".
8. Slowly turn speed sensor rotor shaft with suitable screwdriver to make sure voltmeter pointer deflects.

Do not turn rotor shaft quickly as voltmeter pointer deflects 24 times per revolution of rotor shaft.



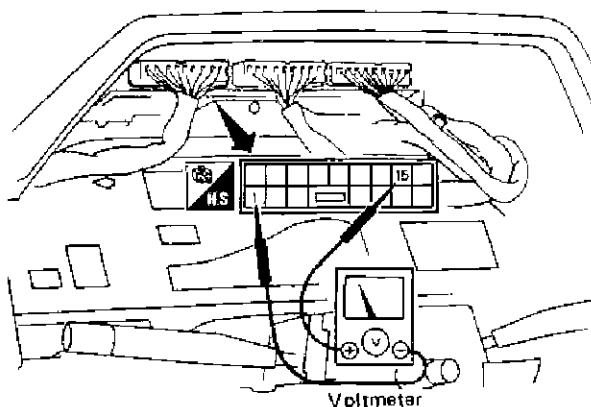
If voltmeter pointer does not deflect, replace speed sensor.

METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Speed Sensor Signal Check (Cont'd)

METER OUTPUT CHECK

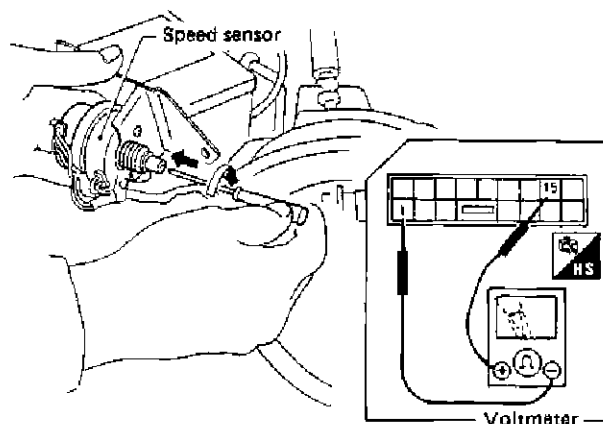
- Combination meter emits speed sensor signal to control E.C.C.S. control unit, A.S.C.D. control unit and A/T control unit.
1. Disconnect speedometer cable from speed sensor and remove speed sensor with harness connected.
 2. Remove cluster lid A.
 3. Connect a voltmeter between ⑮ and ① from meter harness side.



SEL339L

4. Turn ignition switch "OFF" → "ON".
5. Slowly turn speed sensor rotor shaft with a suitable screwdriver to make sure ohmmeter pointer deflects.

Ohmmeter pointer should deflect twice for each rotation or rotor shaft.



SEL340L

If ohmmeter pointer does not deflect, go to "Speed Sensor Output Check". (Refer to back page)

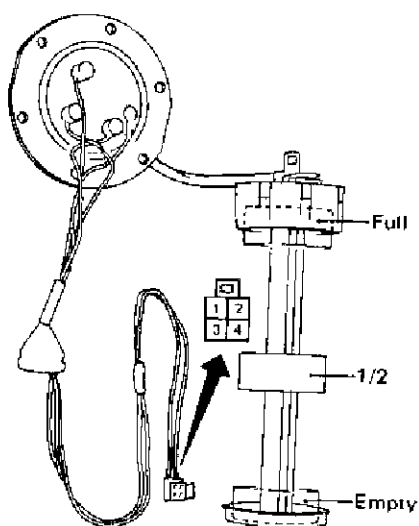
METER AND GAUGES — Digital Type Combination Meter

Fuel Tank Gauge Check

- For removal, refer to FE section.

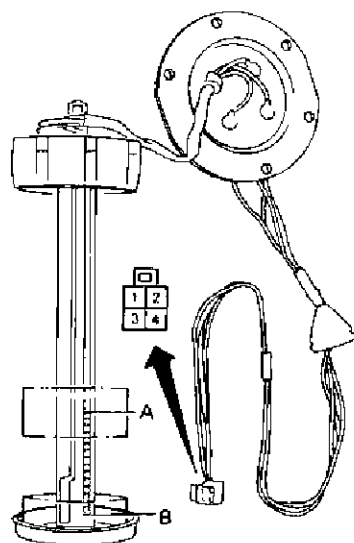
Ohmmeter terminal		Float position	Resistance value
(+)	(-)		
②	①	Full	Approx. 1Ω
		Empty	Approx. 480 - 520Ω
		1/2	Approx. 100 - 110Ω
③	①	A	Approx. 4Ω or below
		B	Approx. 870 - 930Ω (U.S.A.) Approx. 650 - 700Ω (Canada)
		B	0Ω
④	①	B	0Ω

Main gauge



SEL675D

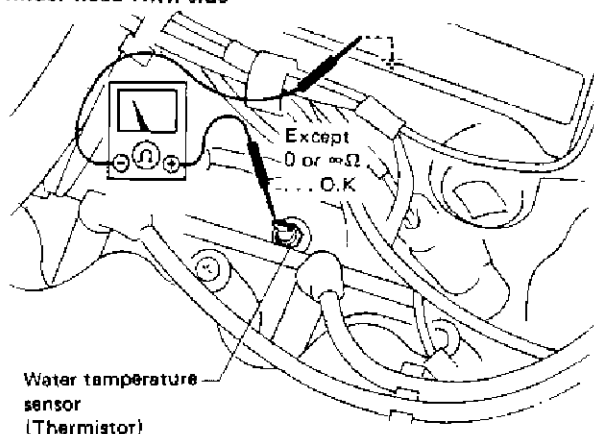
Sub gauge



SEL676D

Water Temp. Sensor Check

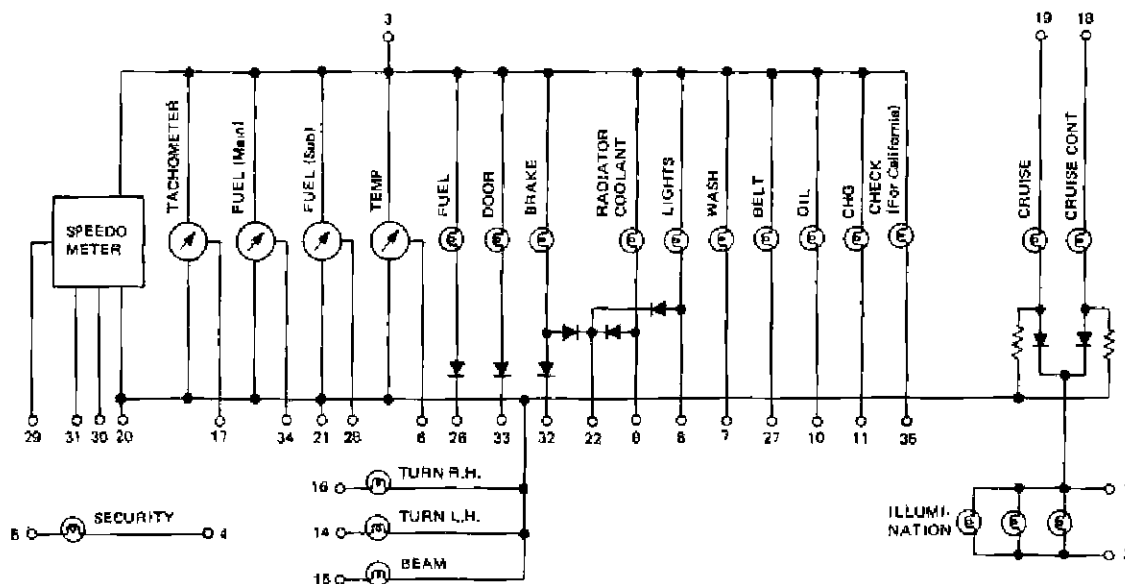
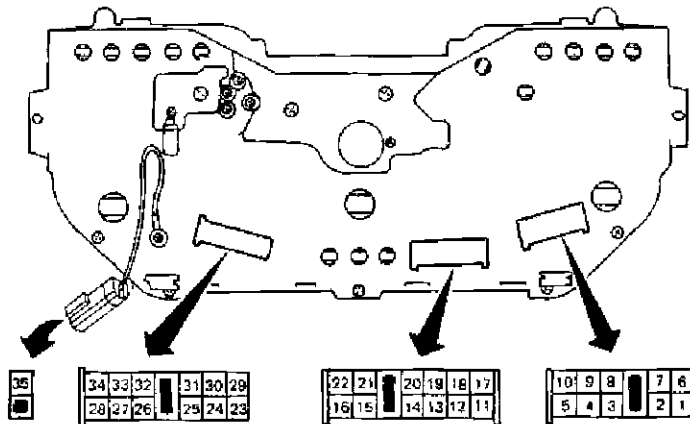
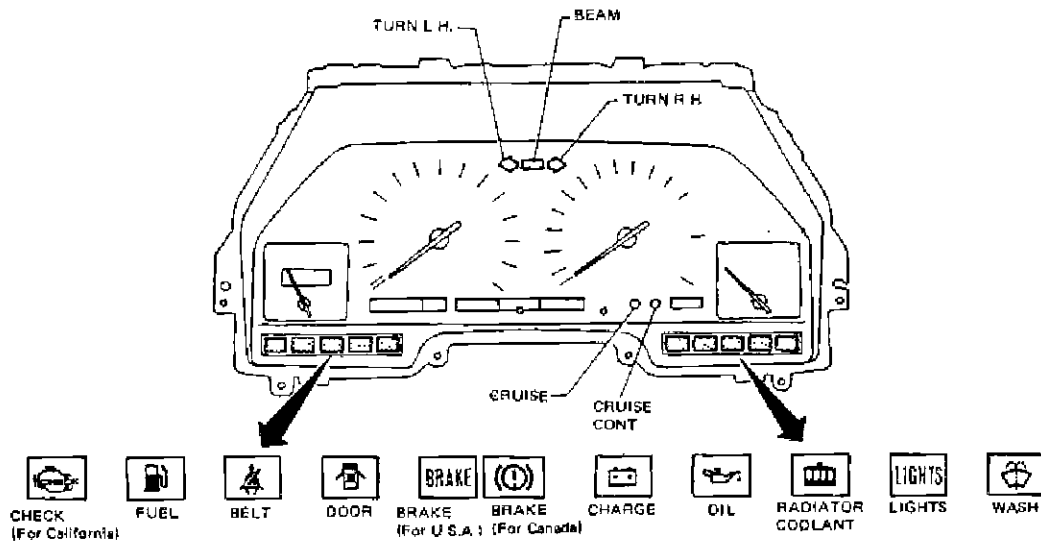
Cylinder head R.H. side



SEL677D

METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Meter

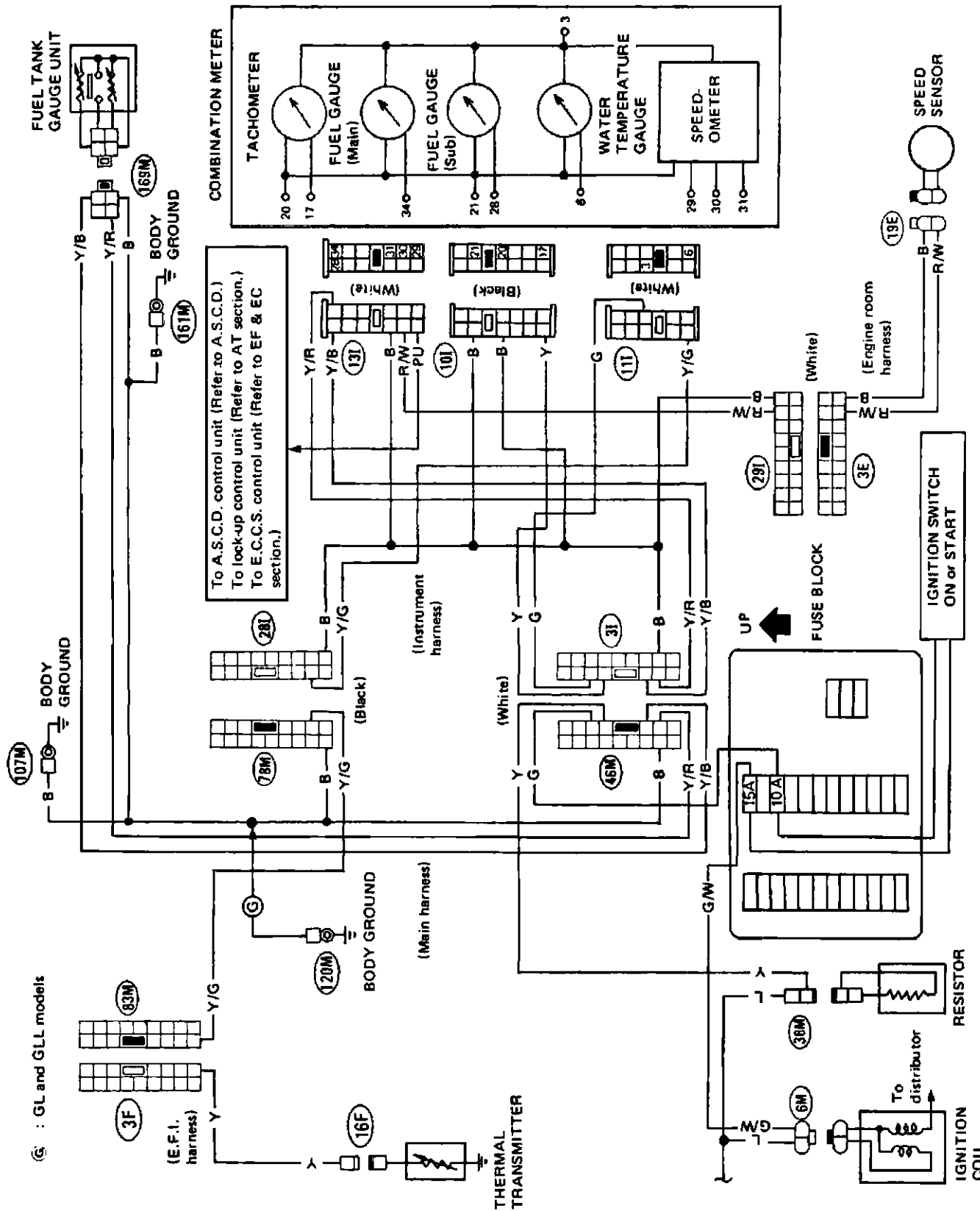
Combination Meter



SEL463L

METER AND GAUGES —Needle Type Combination Meter

Speedometer , Tachometer , Fuel and Water Temperature Gauges/Wiring Diagram



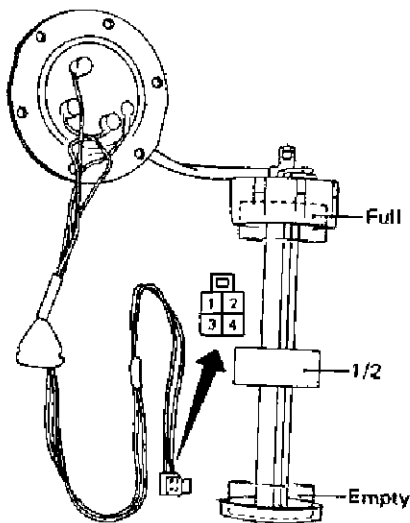
METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Meter

Fuel Tank Gauge Check

- For removal, refer to FE section.

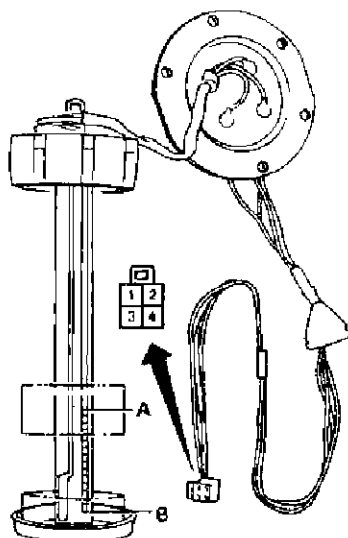
Ohmmeter terminal		Float position	Resistance value
(+)	(-)		
②	①	Full	Approx. 1Ω
		Empty	Approx. 80Ω
		1/2	Approx. 30 - 35Ω
③	①	A	More than 60Ω
		B	Less than 6Ω

Main gauge



SEL675D

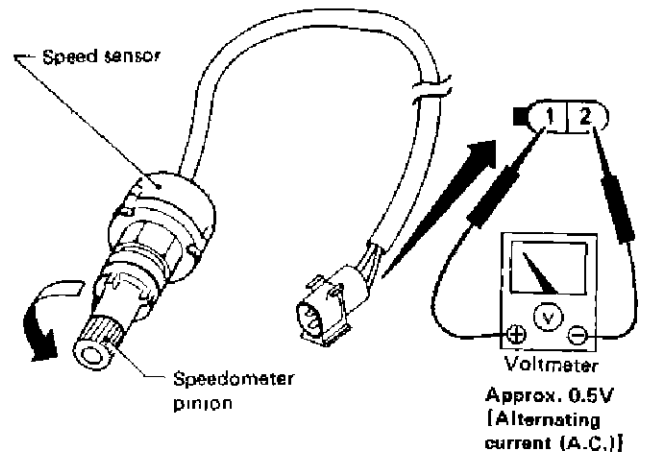
Sub gauge



SEL676D

Speed Sensor Signal Check

- Remove speed sensor from transmission.
Location: Refer to "Location of Electrical units".
- Turn speedometer pinion quickly and measure voltage across ① and ②.

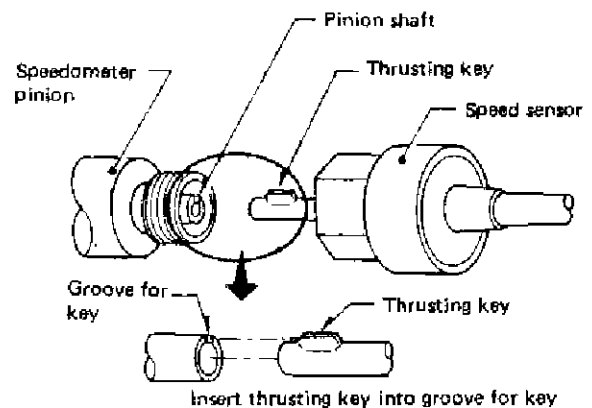


SEL346L

Speed Sensor Installation

When you install the speed sensor, be careful of the following.

- Connect pinion shaft and thrusting key as shown below:



SEL708K

- Install speed sensor to speedometer pinion by hand, and then tighten speed sensor nut to the specified torque.

Tightening torque of speed sensor nut:

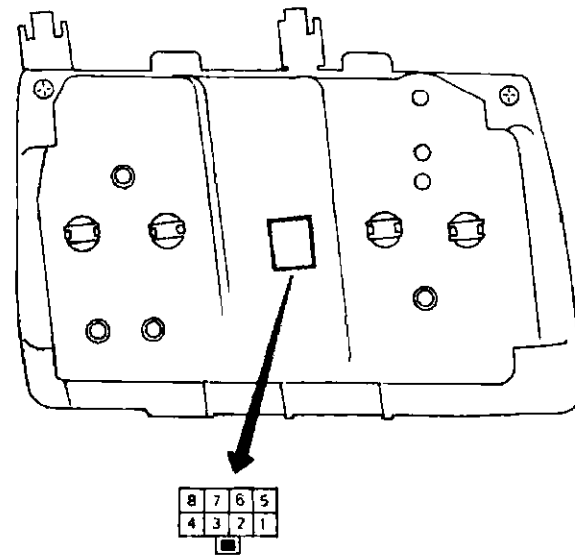
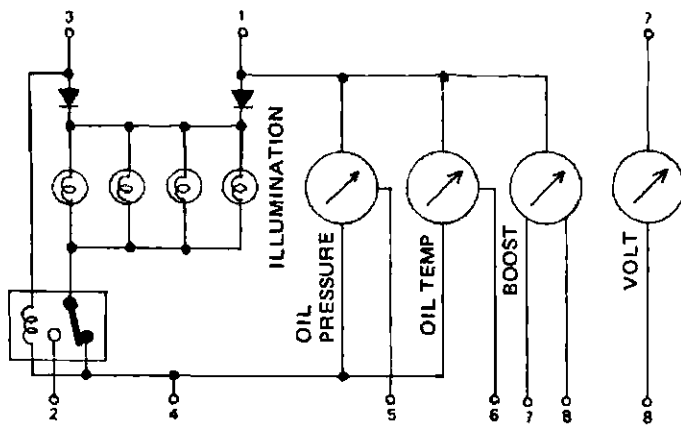
29 - 49 N·m

(3.0 - 5.0 kg-m, 22 - 36 ft-lb)

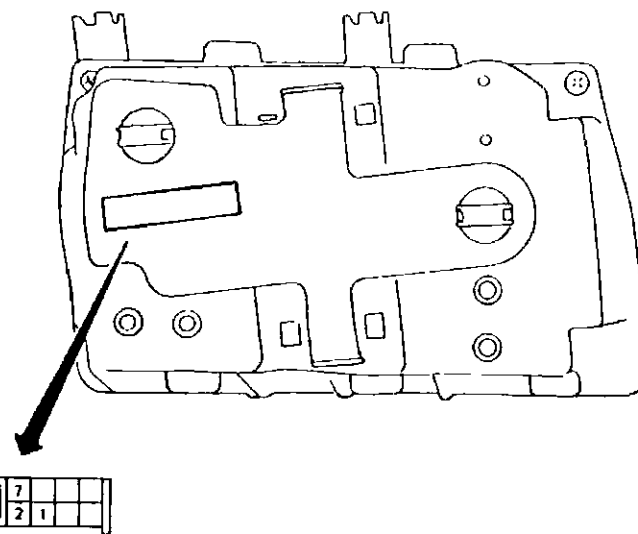
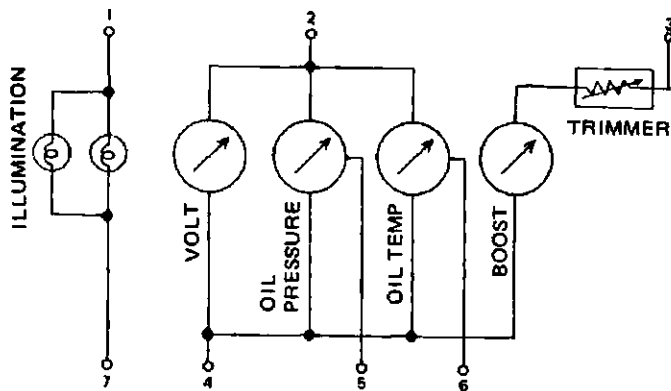
METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

Combination Gauge

Digital meter type model



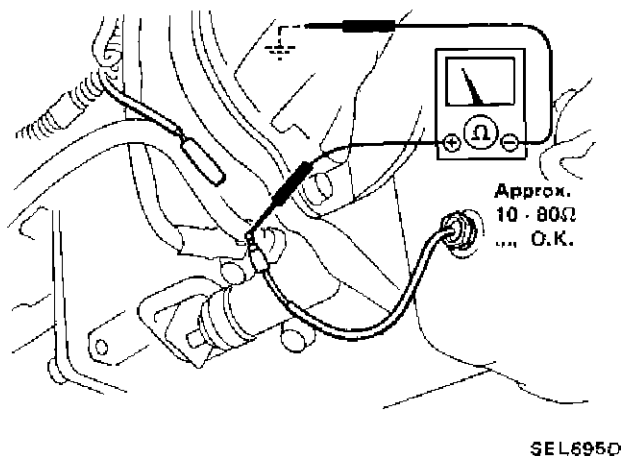
Needle meter type model



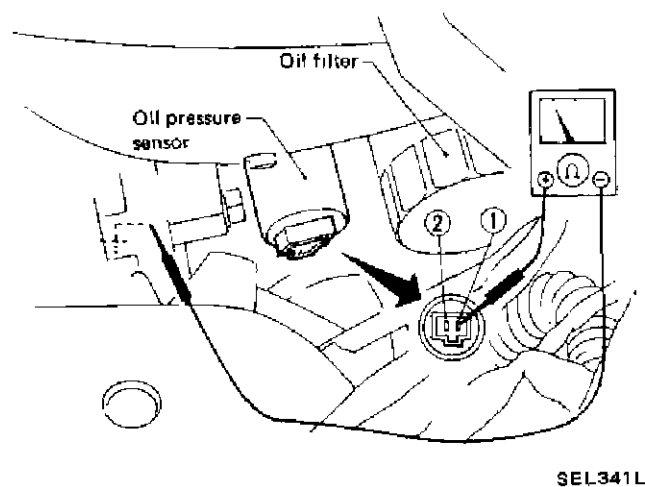
METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

Oil Temp. Sensor Check

1. Warm up engine.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Check resistance of oil temp. sensor.

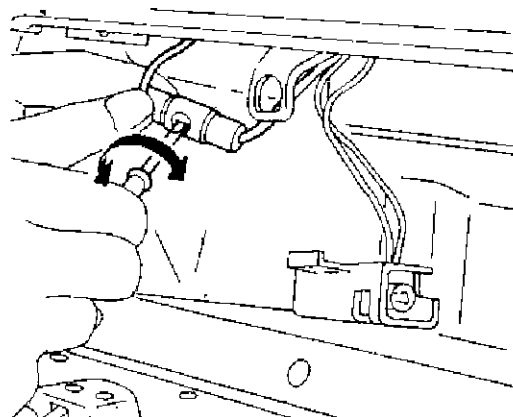


Oil Pressure Sensor Check



Boost Gauge Trimmer Adjustment

- When boost gauge does not give proper reading, adjust 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg) point with the trimmer located on interior upper wall of glove box.
- Use a screwdriver to adjust trimmer.



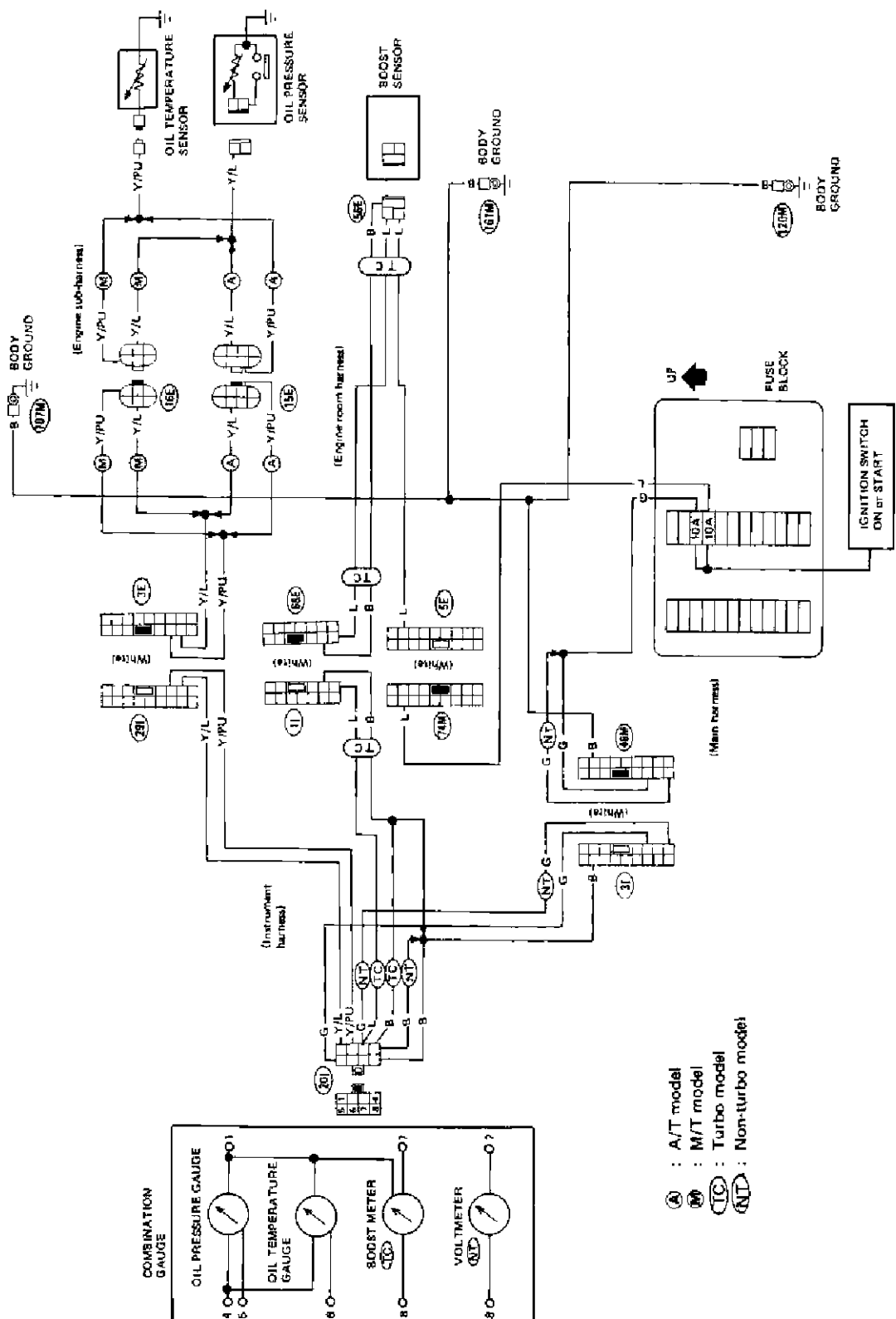
- For checking boost sensor, refer to page EL-79.

Ohmmeter terminal		With engine stopped	With engine running (idling)
(+)	(-)		
1	Engine ground	0Ω	∞
2		More than 74Ω	Less than 60Ω

METER AND GAUGES —Needle Type Combination Gauge

Oil Temp., Oil Pressure, Boost and Volt Gauges/Wiring Diagram.

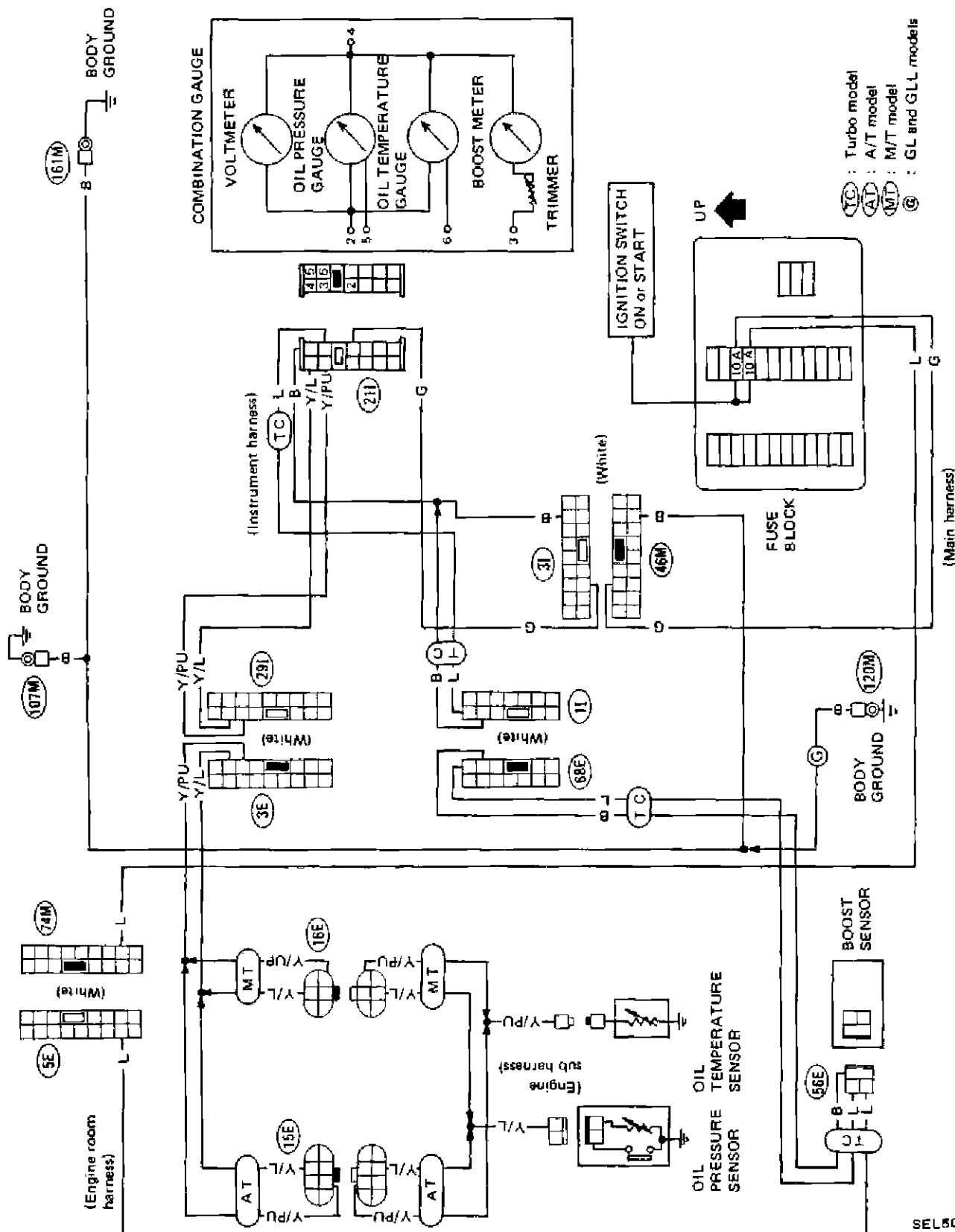
DIGITAL METER TYPE MODEL



METER AND GAUGES — Needle Type Combination Gauge

— Oil Temp., Oil Pressure, Boost and Volt Gauges/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd) —

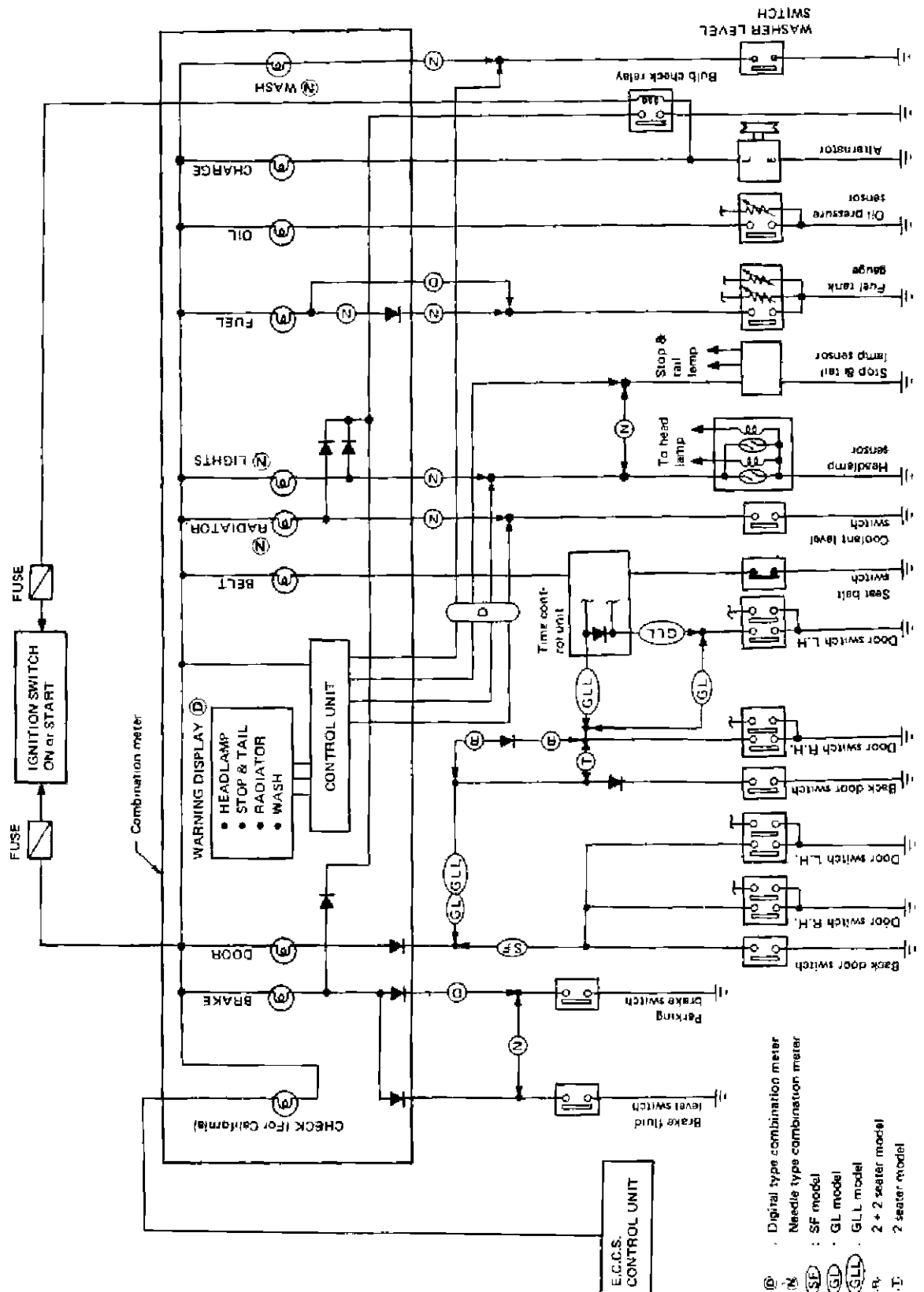
NEEDLE METER TYPE MODEL



SEL502K

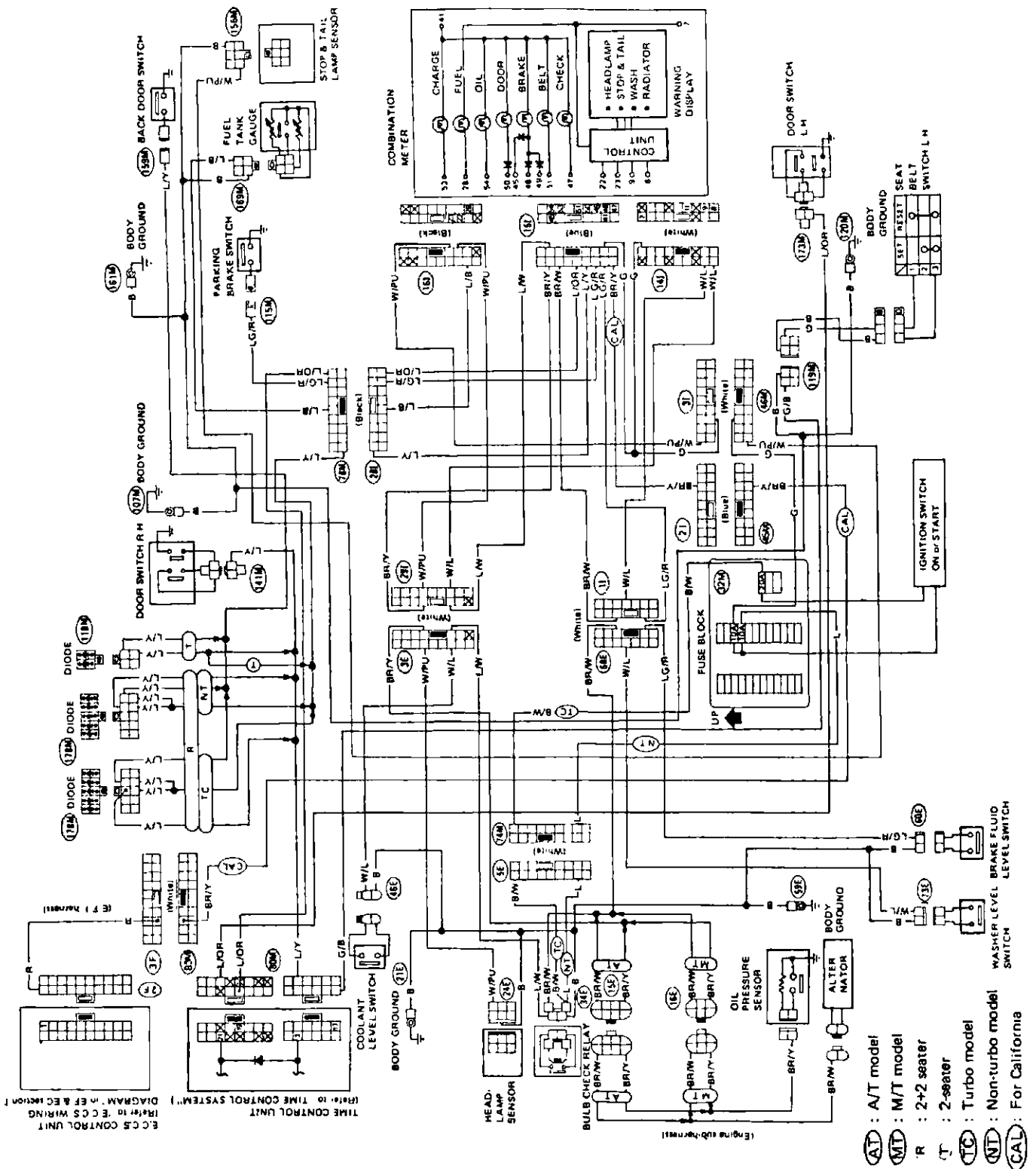
WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Schematic



WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

— Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram— For Digital Type Combination Meter—



SEL314L

— Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram —For Needle Type Combination Meter—

GLL MODEL

Diagram illustrating the wiring for the GLL Model, showing the connection of various components to the engine and electrical system.

Key components and connections include:

- Engine and Electrical System:** ALTERNATOR, FUSE BLOCK, IGNITION SWITCH, PARKING BRAKE SWITCH, FUEL TANK GAUGE, STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR, COMBINATION METER.
- Wiring Diagram:** Shows the flow of electrical current from the battery/alternator through various switches and sensors to the engine and other components.
- Legend:** A/T model, M/T model, 2+2 seater, 2-seater, For California, Turbo model, Non-turbo model.

Diagram illustrating the wiring for the GLL Model, showing the connection of various components to the engine and electrical system.

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- Engine and Electrical System:** ALTERNATOR, FUSE BLOCK, IGNITION SWITCH, PARKING BRAKE SWITCH, FUEL TANK GAUGE, STOP & TAIL LAMP SENSOR, COMBINATION METER.
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- Legend:** A/T model, M/T model, 2+2 seater, 2-seater, For California, Turbo model, Non-turbo model.

ECCS CONTROL UNIT
(Refer to 'ECCS WIRING
DIAGRAM' in EF & EC section)

- (AT)** : A/T model
- (MT)** : M/T model
- R** : 2+2 seater
- T** : 2-seater
- (CAL)** : For California
- (TC)** : Turbo model
- (NT)** : Non-turbo

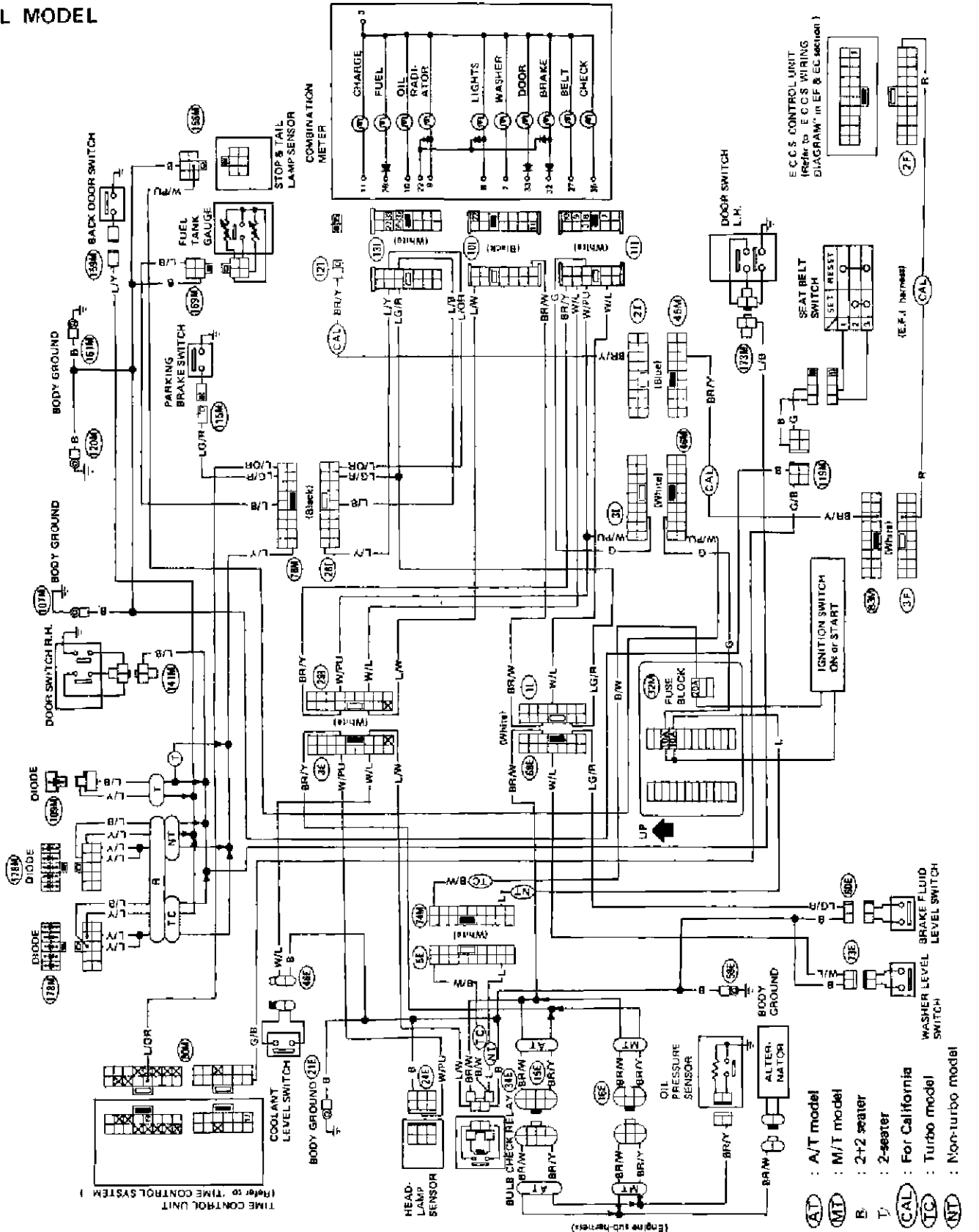
\$EL3181

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram

—For Needle Type Combination Meter (Cont'd)—

GL MODEL

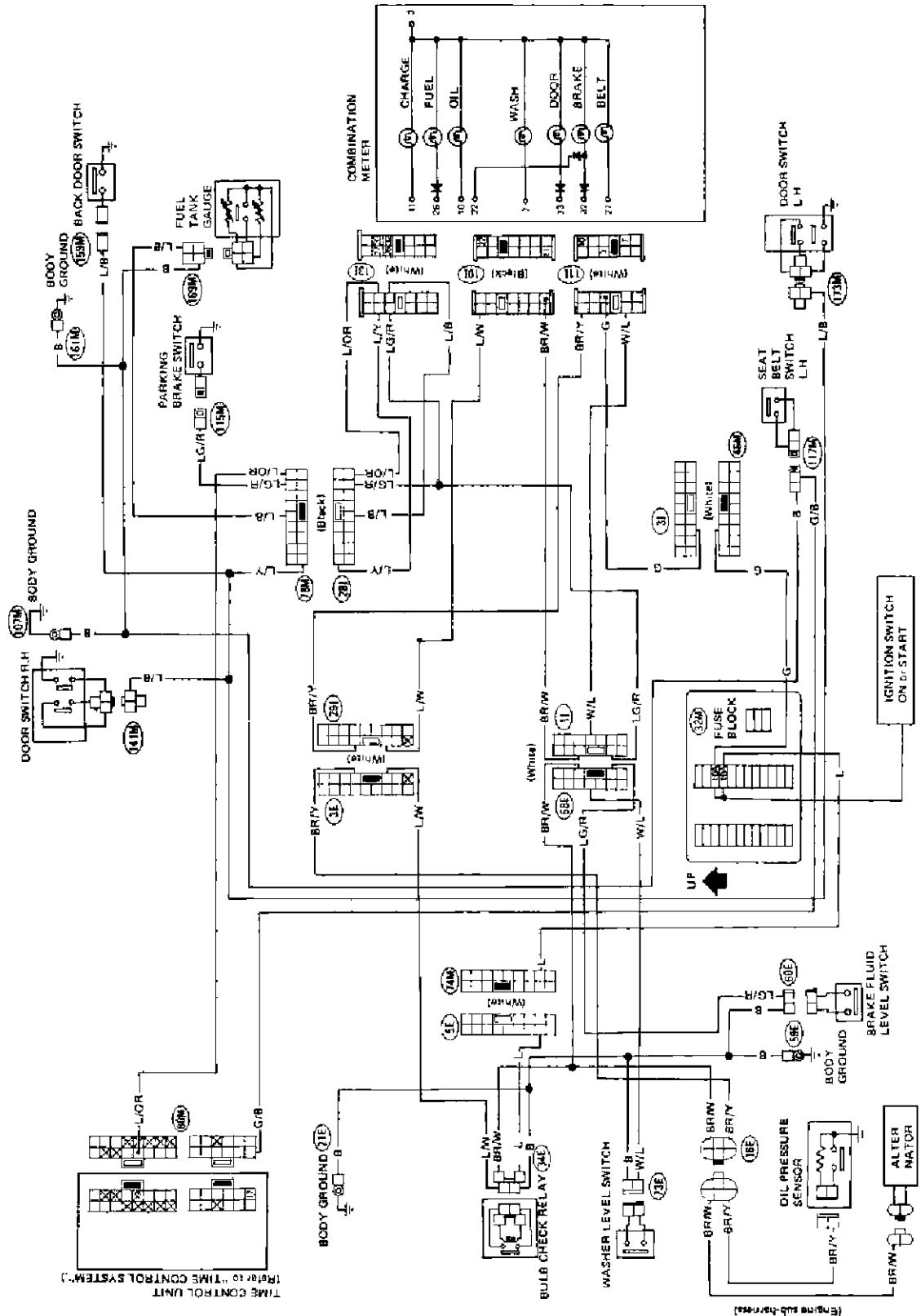


WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram

— For Needle Type Combination Meter (Cont'd) —

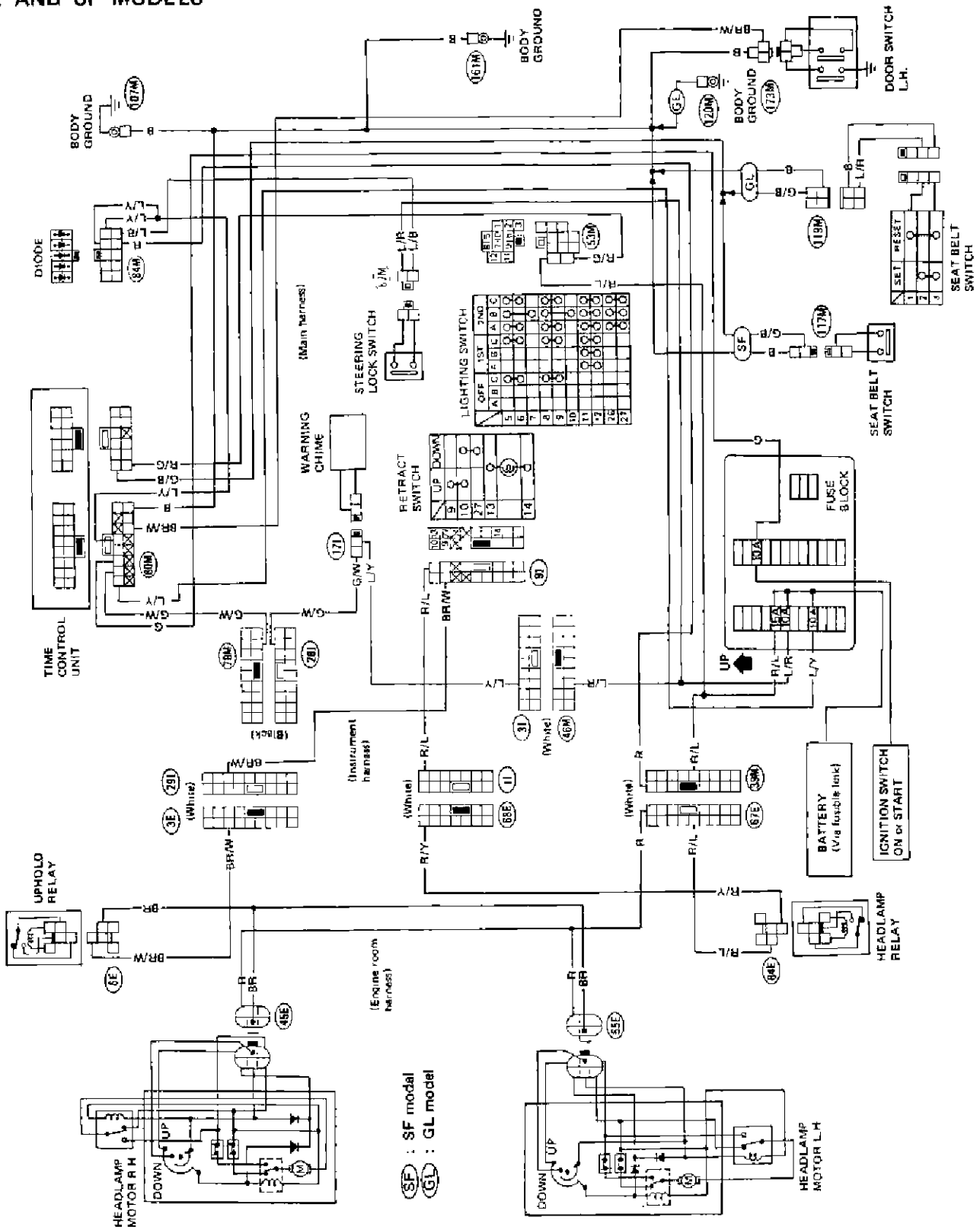
SF MODEL



WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Warning Chime/Wiring Diagram

GL AND SF MODELS

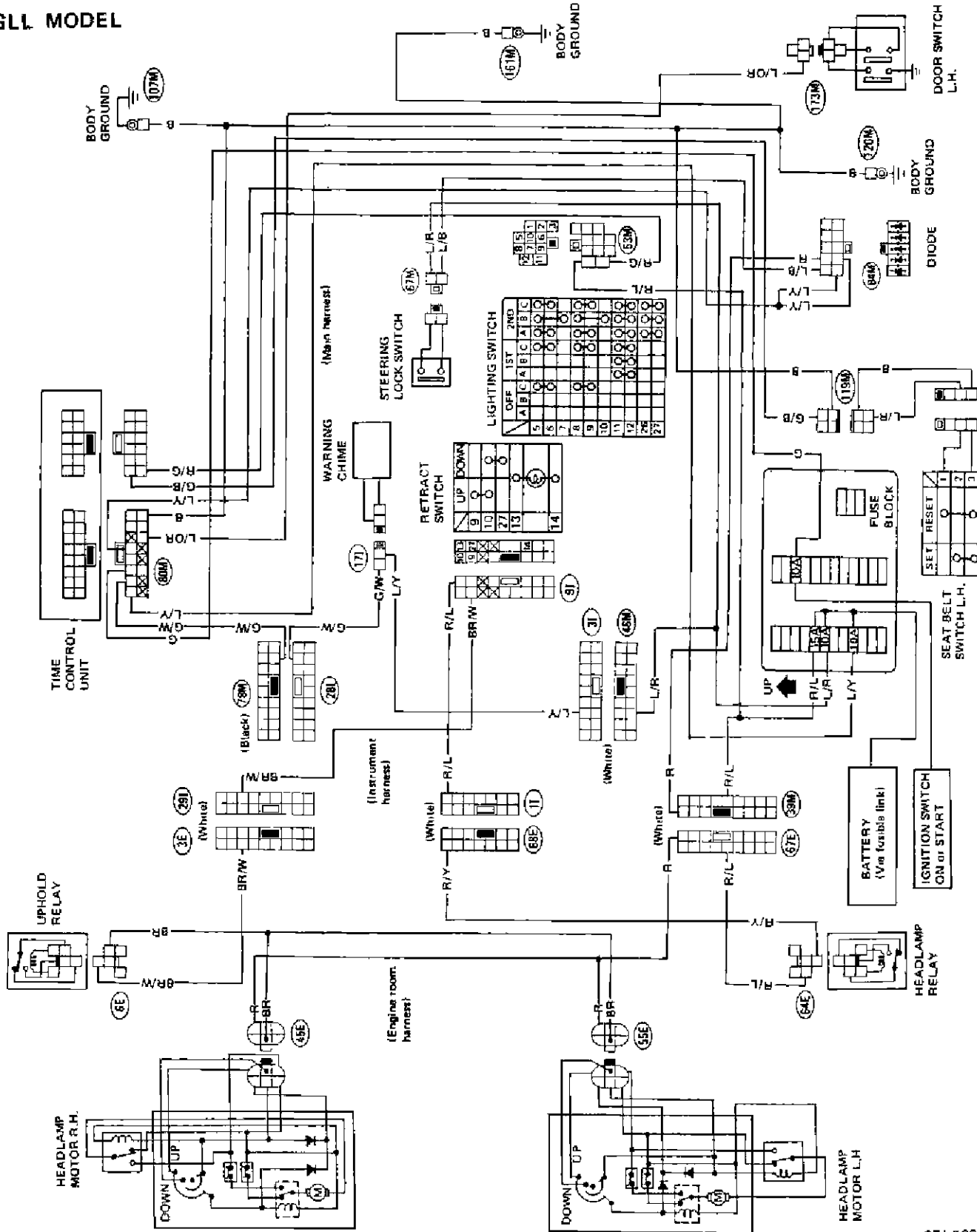


SEL506K

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Warning Chime/Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

GLL MODEL

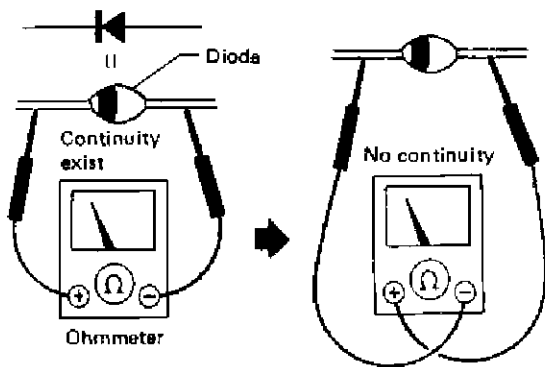


SEL509K

WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME

Diode Check

- Check continuity using an ohmmeter.
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown below.



SEL700D

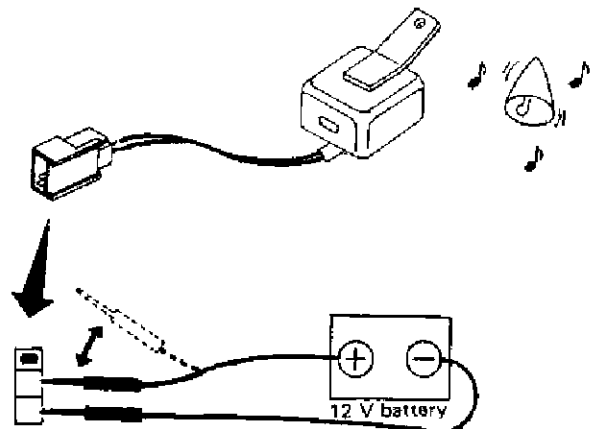
DIGITAL TYPE COMBINATION METER

- Diodes for warning lamps are located on the panel where warning bulbs are fitted.

NEEDLE TYPE COMBINATION METER

- Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.

Warning Chime Check



SEL876D

TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

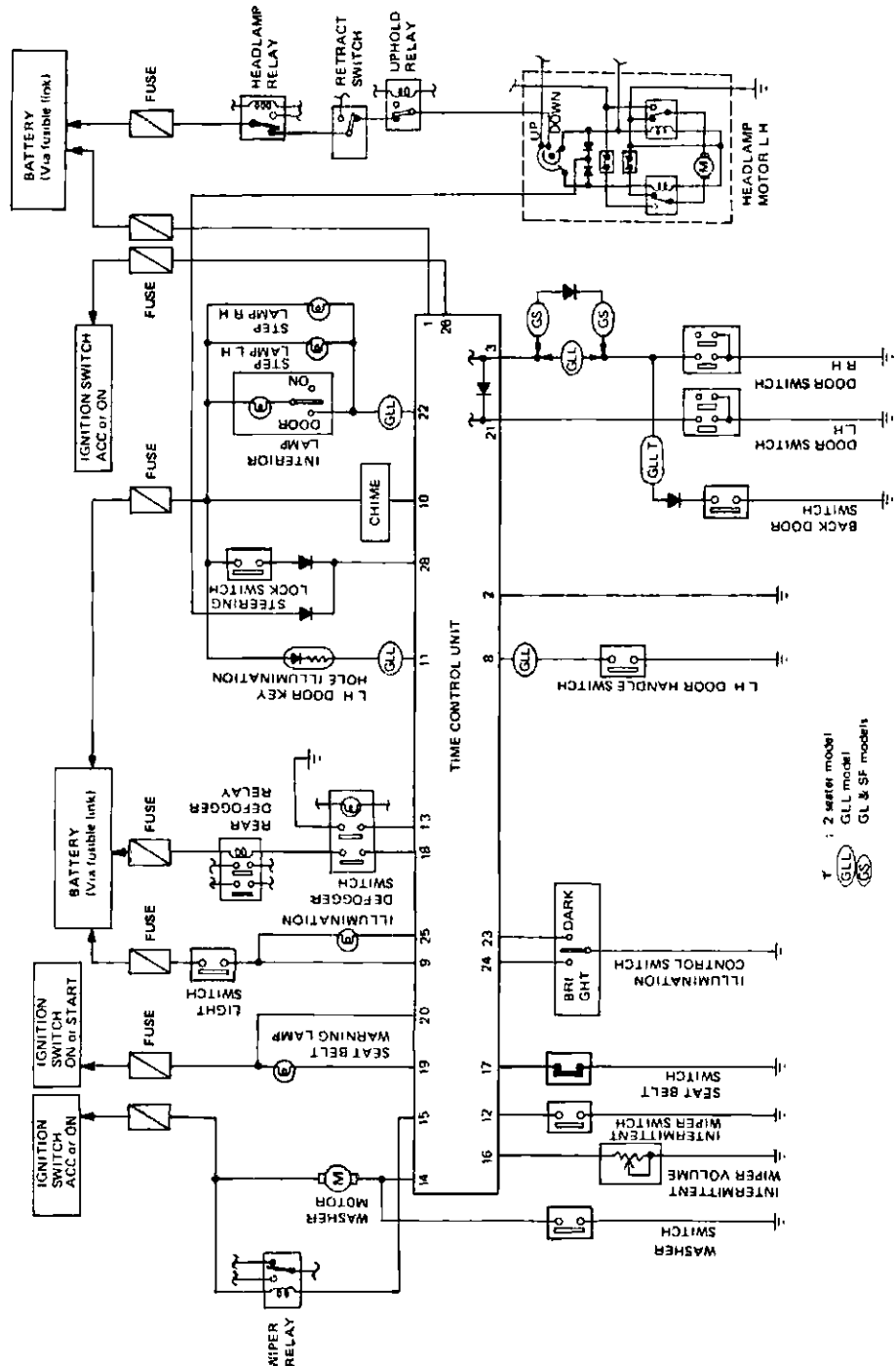
Schematic

CAUTION:

Never touch the terminals of time control unit with bare hands.

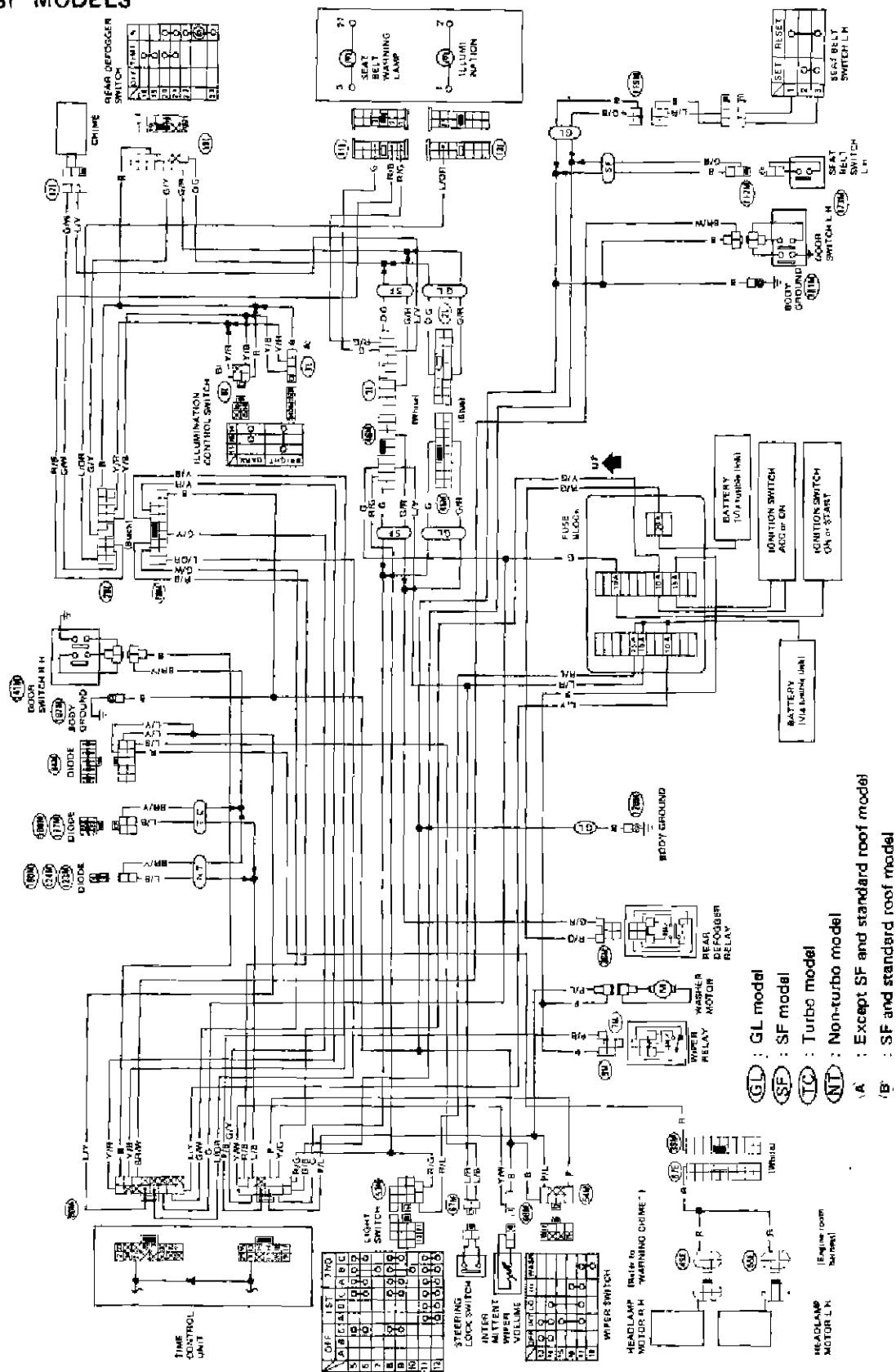
Time control unit has the following functions.

- 1) Intermittent wiper control timer
- 2) Interior lamp timer
- 3) Door key hole illumination timer
- 4) Illumination control timer
- 5) Light warning timer
- 6) Key warning timer
- 7) Seat belt warning timer
- 8) Rear defogger timer



Wiring Diagram.

GL AND SF MODELS



SEL318L

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

The diagram illustrates the electrical system for a vehicle, showing the connection between various components. Key components include:

- Battery:** Two batteries are shown, labeled "BATTERY (Via fusible link)".
- Ignition Switch:** Labeled "IGNITION SWITCH ACC or ON".
- Headlamp:** Labeled "HEADLAMP (Rear to 'WARNING CHIME')".
- Wiper Switch:** Labeled "WIPER SWITCH".
- Wiper Motor:** Labeled "WIPER MOTOR".
- Washer Motor:** Labeled "WASHER MOTOR".
- Defogger Relay:** Labeled "DEFOGGER RELAY".
- Door Switch:** Labeled "DOOR SWITCH L.H." and "DOOR SWITCH R.H.".
- Interior Lamp:** Labeled "INTERIOR LAMP".
- Back Door Switch:** Labeled "BACK DOOR SWITCH".
- Step Lamp:** Labeled "STEP LAMP R.H." and "STEP LAMP L.H.".
- Light Switch:** Labeled "LIGHT SWITCH".
- Steering Lock Switch:** Labeled "STEERING LOCK SWITCH".
- Intermittent Wiper:** Labeled "INTERMITTENT WIPER".
- Volume Control:** Labeled "VOLUME CONTROL".
- Time Control Unit:** Labeled "TIME CONTROL UNIT".
- Combination Meter:** Labeled "COMBINATION METER".
- Seat Belt Warning Lamp:** Labeled "SEAT BELT WARNING LAMP".
- Warning Lamp:** Labeled "WARNING LAMP".
- Chime:** Labeled "CHIME".
- Diode:** Labeled "DIODE".
- Diode Illumination Control Switch:** Labeled "DIODE ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH".
- Diode Door Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DOOR SWITCH".
- Diode Key Hole Illumination:** Labeled "DIODE KEY HOLE ILLUMINATION".
- Diode Door Handle Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DOOR HANDLE SWITCH".
- Diode Ignition Switch:** Labeled "DIODE IGNITION SWITCH".
- Diode Ignition Switch On or Start:** Labeled "DIODE IGNITION SWITCH ON or START".
- Diode Battery:** Labeled "DIODE BATTERY (Via fusible link)".
- Diode Headlamp Motor L.H.:** Labeled "DIODE HEADLAMP MOTOR L.H.".
- Diode Headlamp Motor R.H.:** Labeled "DIODE HEADLAMP MOTOR R.H.".
- Diode Wiper Motor:** Labeled "DIODE WIPER MOTOR".
- Diode Washer Motor:** Labeled "DIODE WASHER MOTOR".
- Diode Defogger Relay:** Labeled "DIODE DEFOGGER RELAY".
- Diode Door Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DOOR SWITCH".
- Diode Interior Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE INTERIOR LAMP".
- Diode Back Door Switch:** Labeled "DIODE BACK DOOR SWITCH".
- Diode Step Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE STEP LAMP".
- Diode Light Switch:** Labeled "DIODE LIGHT SWITCH".
- Diode Steering Lock Switch:** Labeled "DIODE STEERING LOCK SWITCH".
- Diode Intermittent Wiper:** Labeled "DIODE INTERMITTENT WIPER".
- Diode Volume Control:** Labeled "DIODE VOLUME CONTROL".
- Diode Time Control Unit:** Labeled "DIODE TIME CONTROL UNIT".
- Diode Combination Meter:** Labeled "DIODE COMBINATION METER".
- Diode Seat Belt Warning Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE SEAT BELT WARNING LAMP".
- Diode Warning Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE WARNING LAMP".
- Diode Chime:** Labeled "DIODE CHIME".
- Diode Diode:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE".
- Diode Diode Illumination Control Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH".
- Diode Diode Door Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE DOOR SWITCH".
- Diode Diode Key Hole Illumination:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE KEY HOLE ILLUMINATION".
- Diode Diode Door Handle Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE DOOR HANDLE SWITCH".
- Diode Diode Ignition Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE IGNITION SWITCH".
- Diode Diode Ignition Switch On or Start:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE IGNITION SWITCH ON or START".
- Diode Diode Battery:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE BATTERY (Via fusible link)".
- Diode Diode Headlamp Motor L.H.:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE HEADLAMP MOTOR L.H.".
- Diode Diode Headlamp Motor R.H.:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE HEADLAMP MOTOR R.H.".
- Diode Diode Wiper Motor:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE WIPER MOTOR".
- Diode Diode Washer Motor:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE WASHER MOTOR".
- Diode Diode Defogger Relay:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE DEFOGGER RELAY".
- Diode Diode Door Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE DOOR SWITCH".
- Diode Diode Interior Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE INTERIOR LAMP".
- Diode Diode Back Door Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE BACK DOOR SWITCH".
- Diode Diode Step Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE STEP LAMP".
- Diode Diode Light Switch:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE LIGHT SWITCH".
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- Diode Diode Intermittent Wiper:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE INTERMITTENT WIPER".
- Diode Diode Volume Control:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE VOLUME CONTROL".
- Diode Diode Time Control Unit:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE TIME CONTROL UNIT".
- Diode Diode Combination Meter:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE COMBINATION METER".
- Diode Diode Seat Belt Warning Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE SEAT BELT WARNING LAMP".
- Diode Diode Warning Lamp:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE WARNING LAMP".
- Diode Diode Chime:** Labeled "DIODE DIODE CHIME".

The diagram also includes a legend for seat models:

- ① : 2 seater model
- ② : Digital type meter
- ③ : Needle type meter

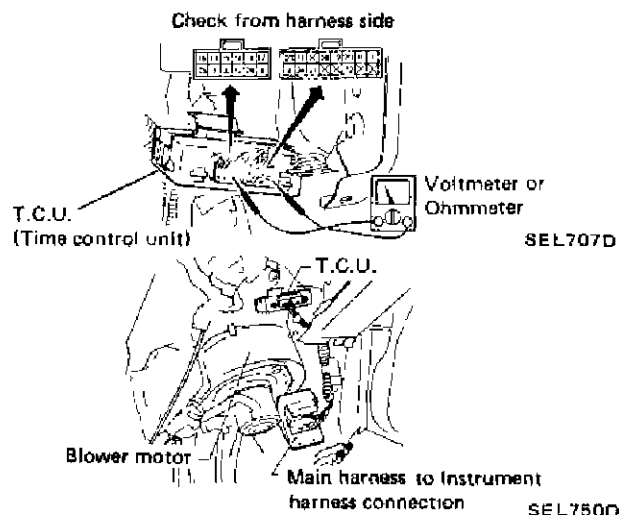
A note at the bottom right states: "Initial (Engine room harness)".

(Y) : 2 seater model
 (D) : Digital type meter
 (N) : Needle type meter

TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

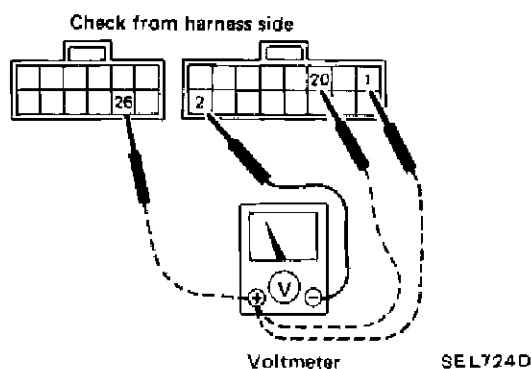
Preparation for Trouble-shooting

1. Remove R.H. dash side cover and remove blower motor.
2. Remove time control unit with harness connected.
3. Connect main harness to instrument harness (if disconnected).

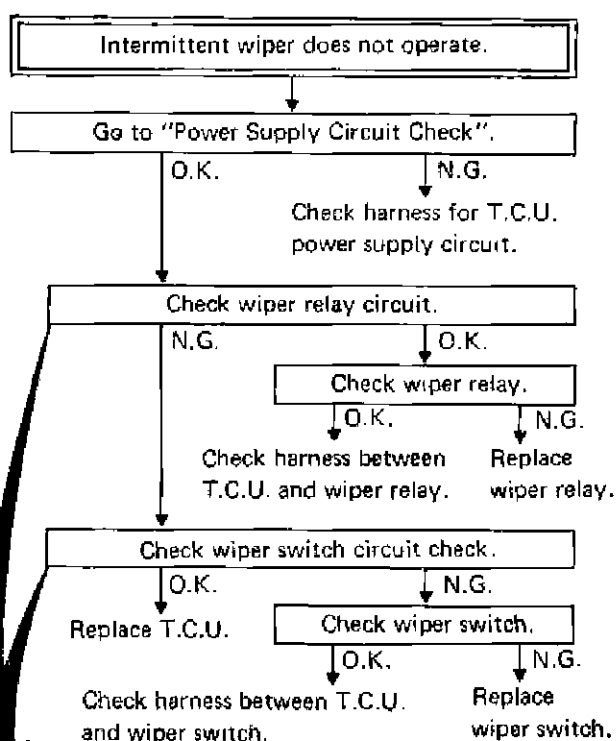


Power Supply Circuit Check

Voltmeter terminals		Ignition switch position		
(+)	(-)	OFF	ACC	ON
①	②	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V
②	②	0V	0V	Approx. 12V
②	②	0V	Approx. 12V	Approx. 12V
Ohmmeter terminals		Continuity		
(+)	(-)			
②	Body ground	Yes		

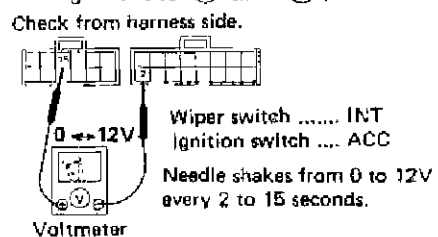


Trouble-shooting



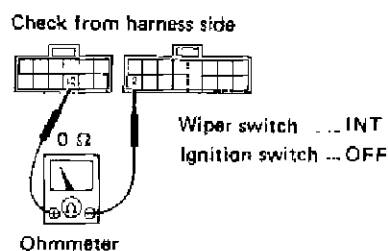
WIPER RELAY CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn wiper switch to "INT".
2. Turn ignition switch to "ACC".
3. Measure voltage across ③ and ②.



WIPER SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn wiper switch to "INT".
2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
3. Check continuity between ③ and ②.



TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Intermittent time of wiper cannot be adjusted.

Check intermittent wiper volume circuit.

O.K.

Replace T.C.U.

N.G.

Check intermittent wiper volume.

O.K.

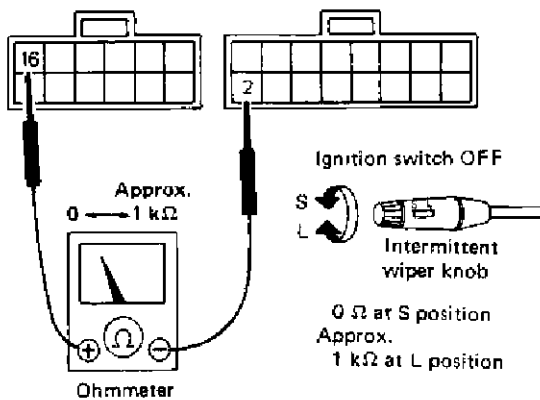
Check harness between T.C.U. and intermittent wiper volume.

N.G.

Replace wiper switch.

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Measure resistance between ①⑥ and ② while turning intermittent wiper volume.

Check from harness side



SEL710D

Wiper and washer activate individually but not in combination.

Check washer switch circuit.

O.K.

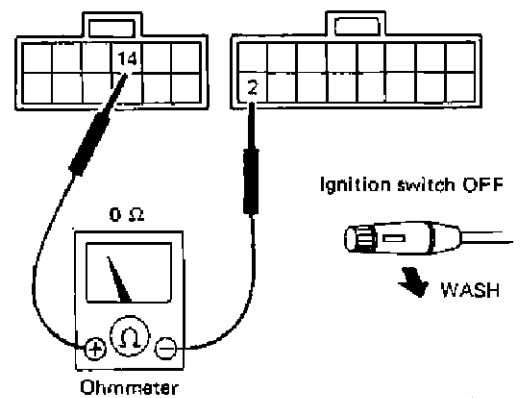
Replace T.C.U.

N.G.

Check harness between T.C.U. and washer switch.

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn washer switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ①④ and ②.

Check from harness side



SEL711D

TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Interior lamp and step lamps do not fade out after driver's door is closed.

Check if door warning lamp goes off after all doors are closed.

O.K.

N.G.

Check door switch.

Go to "Power Supply Circuit Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Check harness for T.C.U. power supply circuit.

Check interior lamp circuit.

N.G.

O.K.

Replace T.C.U.

Check harness between T.C.U. and interior lamp.

Illuminated entry system will not operate.
(Interior lamp will not illuminate when outside door handle on driver's side is pulled.)

Check if interior lamp fades out after all doors are closed.

O.K.

N.G.

Go to "Interior lamp circuit check".

N.G.

O.K.

Check harness between T.C.U. and interior lamp.

Check door handle switch circuit check.

O.K.

N.G.

Replace T.C.U.

Check door handle switch.

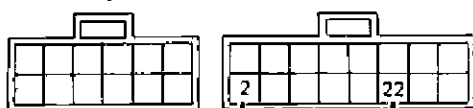
O.K.

Check harness between T.C.U. and door handle switch.

INTERIOR LAMP CIRCUIT CHECK

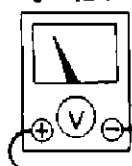
1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Measure voltage across ② and ②.

Check from harness side



Ignition switch
OFF

Approx.
0 → 12 V



Voltmeter

0V when driver's door is open,
0 → 12V when driver's door is closed after being opened.

SEL712D

DOOR HANDLE SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

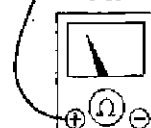
1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Pull outside door handle (driver's side).
3. Check continuity between ⑧ and ②.

Check from harness side



Ignition switch OFF

0 Ω



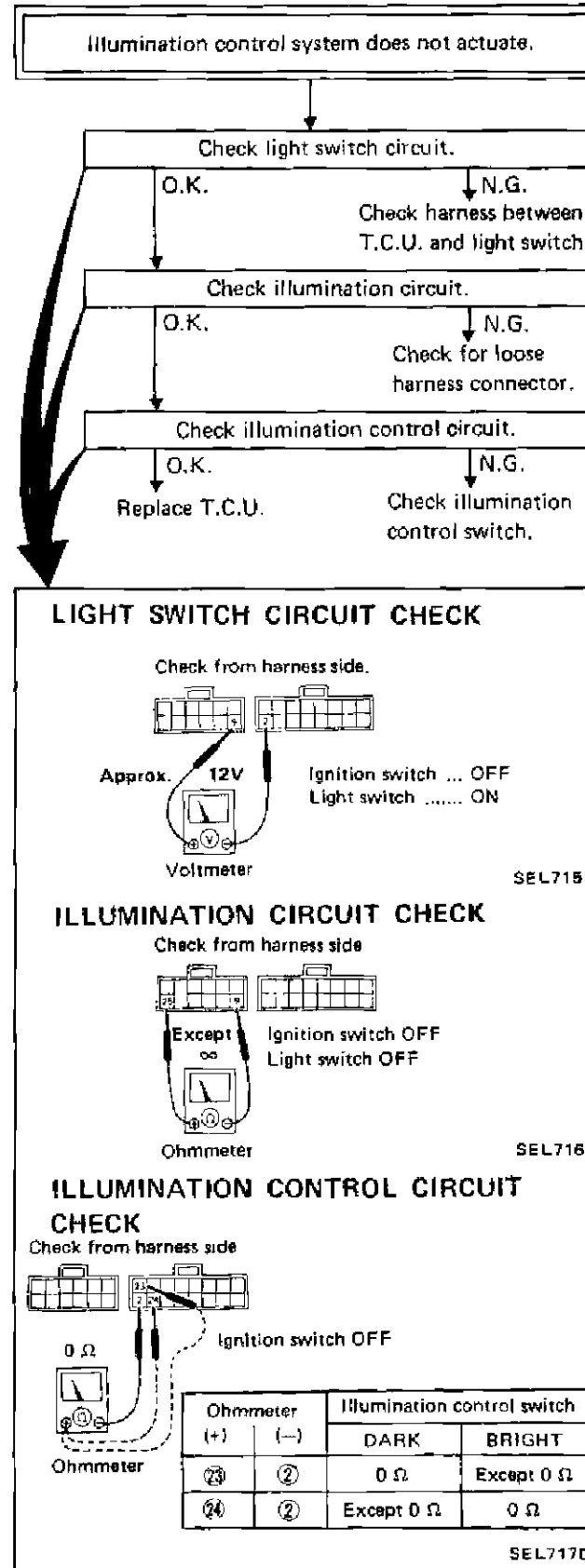
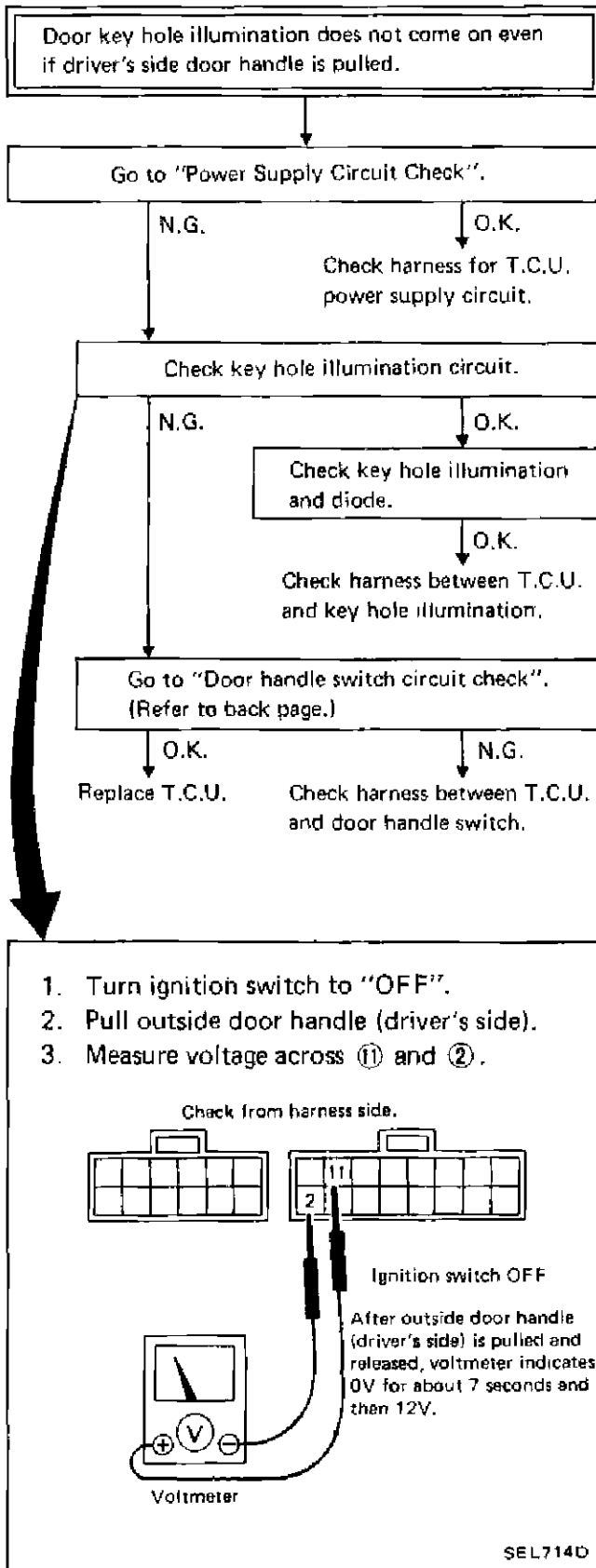
Ohmmeter

Pull outside door handle (driver's side)

SEL713D

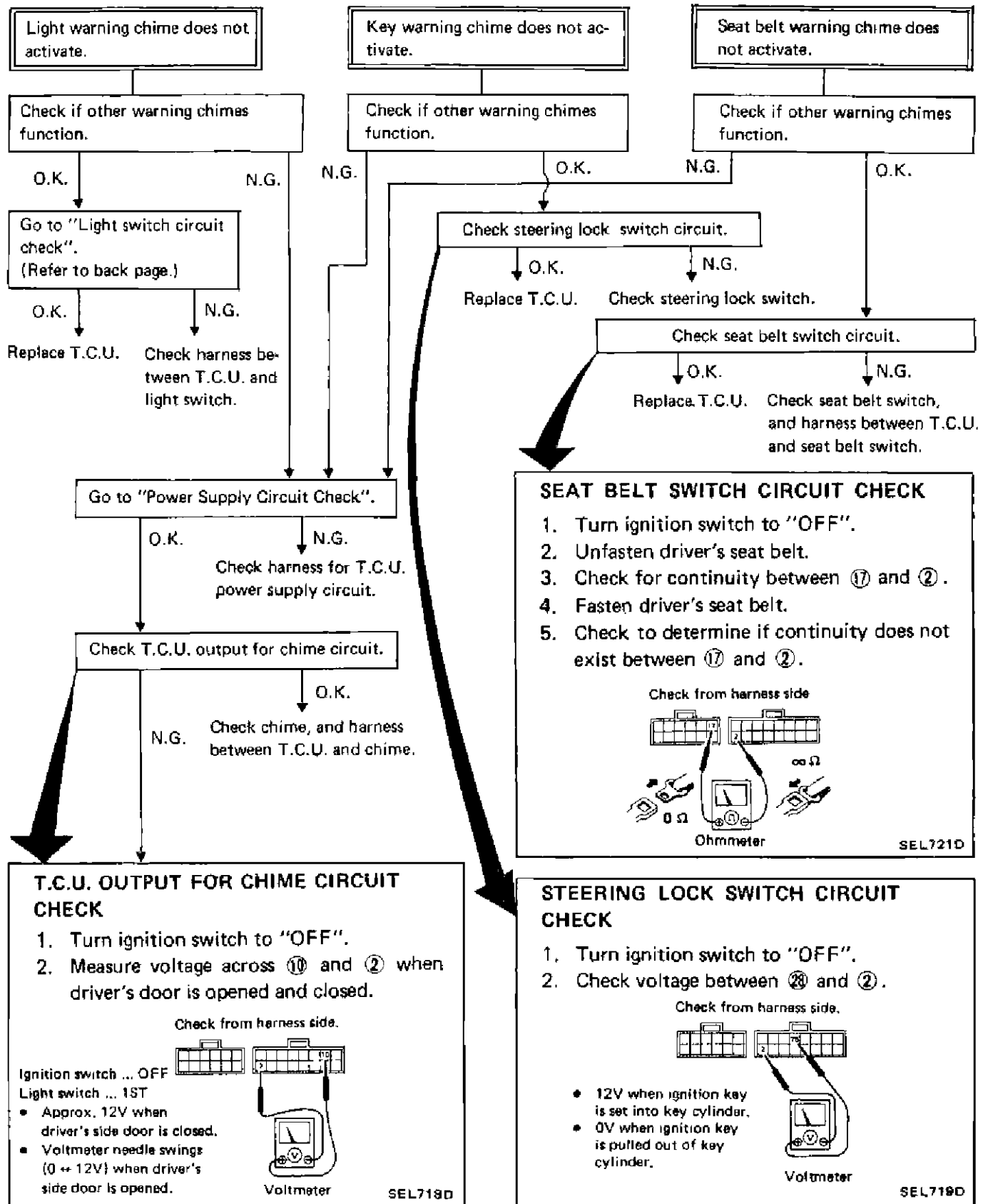
TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



TIME CONTROL SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Seat belt warning lamp does not go off nor come on.

Go to "Power Supply Circuit Check".

O.K.

N.G.
Check harness for T.C.U.
power supply circuit.

Check belt warning circuit.

N.G.

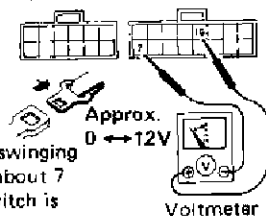
Replace T.C.U.

O.K.
Check warning lamp.

BELT WARNING CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Unfasten seat belt.
2. Measure voltage across ①⑨ and ② when ignition switch is "ON".

Check from harness side.



Voltmeter needle keeps swinging (approx. 0 ↔ 12V) for about 7 seconds after ignition switch is turned ON.

Voltmeter

SEL720D

Rear defogger does not activate, or does not go off automatically.

Go to "Power Supply Circuit Check".

O.K.

N.G.
Check harness for T.C.U.
power supply circuit.

Check rear defogger circuit.

N.G.

O.K.
Check rear defogger relay,
and harness between T.C.U.
and rear defogger relay.

Check defogger switch circuit.

O.K.

Replace T.C.U.

N.G.
Check defogger switch,
and harness between T.C.U.
and defogger switch.

REAR DEFOGGER CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
2. Measure voltage across ①⑧ and ② while operating rear defogger switch.

Check from harness side



Ignition switch ON



Approx.
12 V when rear defogger switch is OFF
0 V when rear defogger switch is ON

Voltmeter

SEL722D

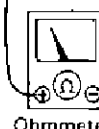
DEFOGGER SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

Check from harness side.



Ignition switch ... OFF

- 0Ω when rear defogger switch is ON.
- Except 0Ω when rear defogger switch is OFF.

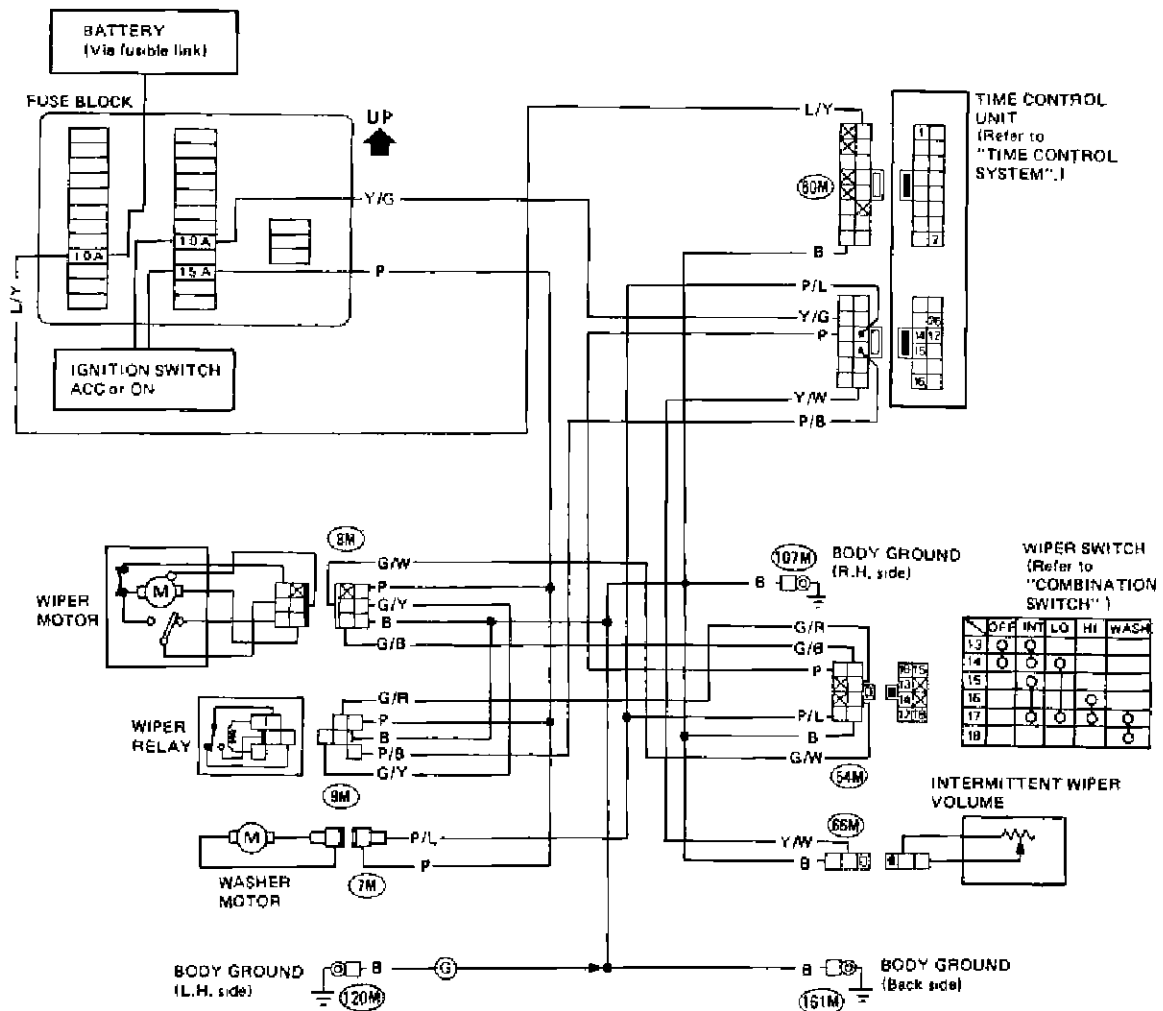


Ohmmeter

SEL723D

WIPER AND WASHER

Windshield Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram



SEL320L

© : GL and GLL models

Windshield Wiper and Washer/Installation

WIPER ARM

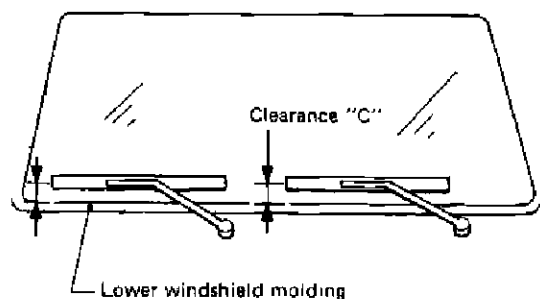
1. Prior to wiper arm installation, set wiper switch to "LOW" to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
2. Adjust wiper blades within clearance "C".
3. Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque.

☞ : 13 - 18 N·m (1.3 - 1.8 kg-m, 9 - 13 ft-lb)

4. Eject washer fluid. Set wiper switch to "LOW" to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF".

5. Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "C".

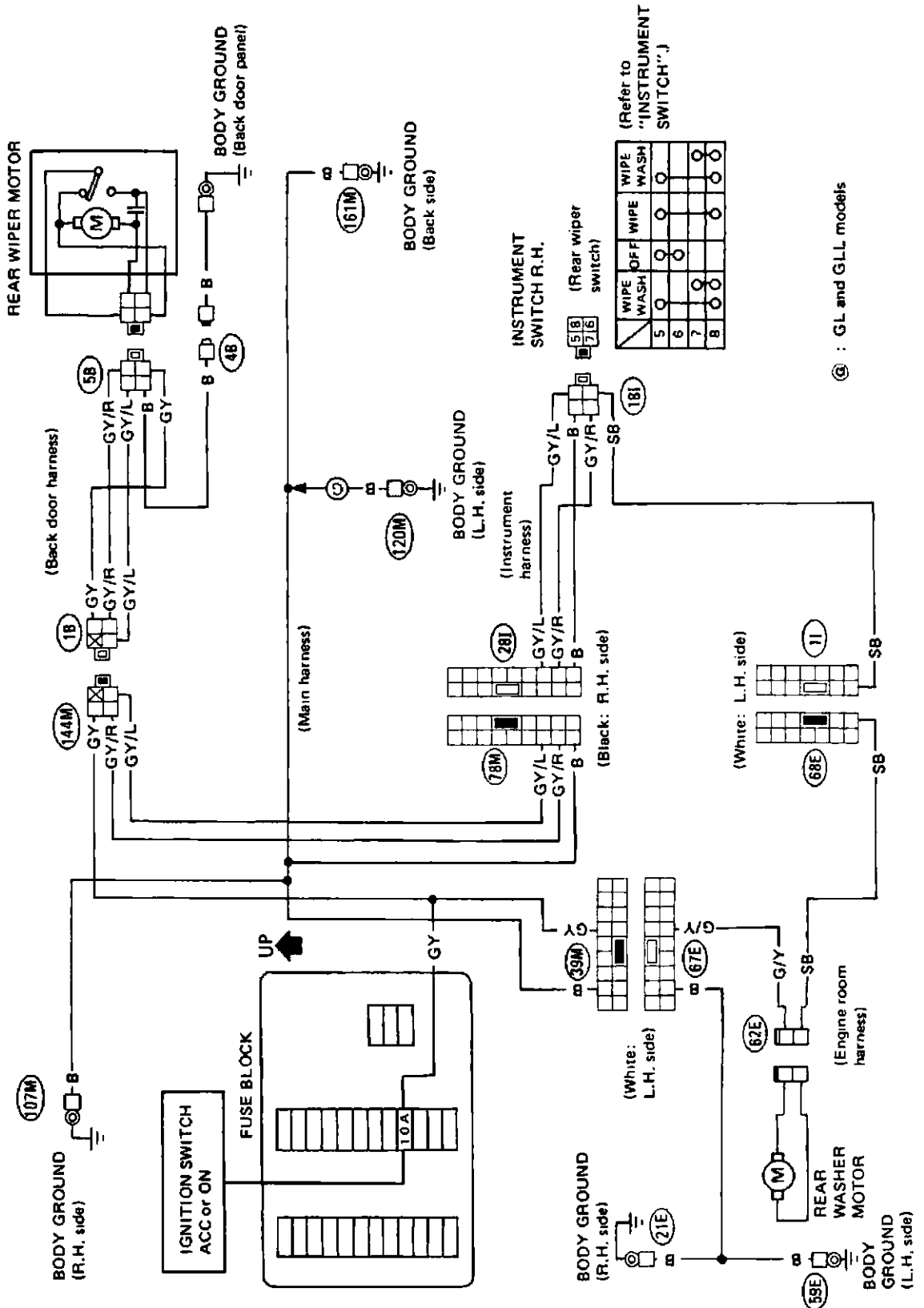
Clearance "C": 15 - 25 mm (0.59 - 0.98 in)



SEL355E

WIPER AND WASHER

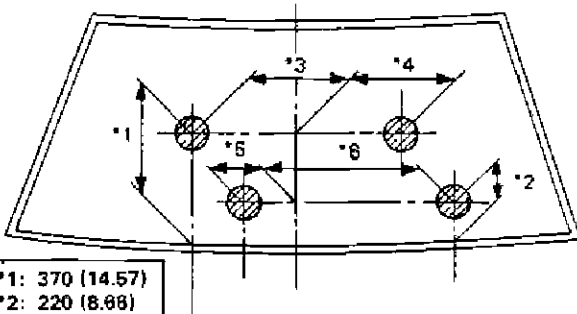
Rear Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram



WIPER AND WASHER

Washer Nozzle Adjustment

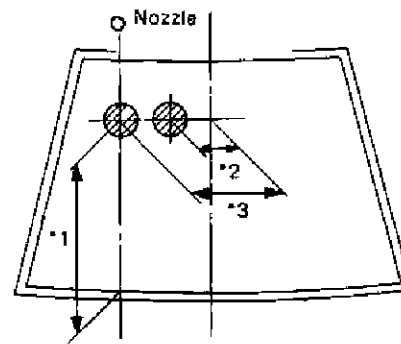
Front washer



*1:	370	(14.57)
*2:	220	(8.68)
*3:	360	(14.17)
*4:	240	(9.45)
*5:	140	(5.51)
*6:	430	(16.93)

Unit: mm (in)
SEL162J

Rear washer

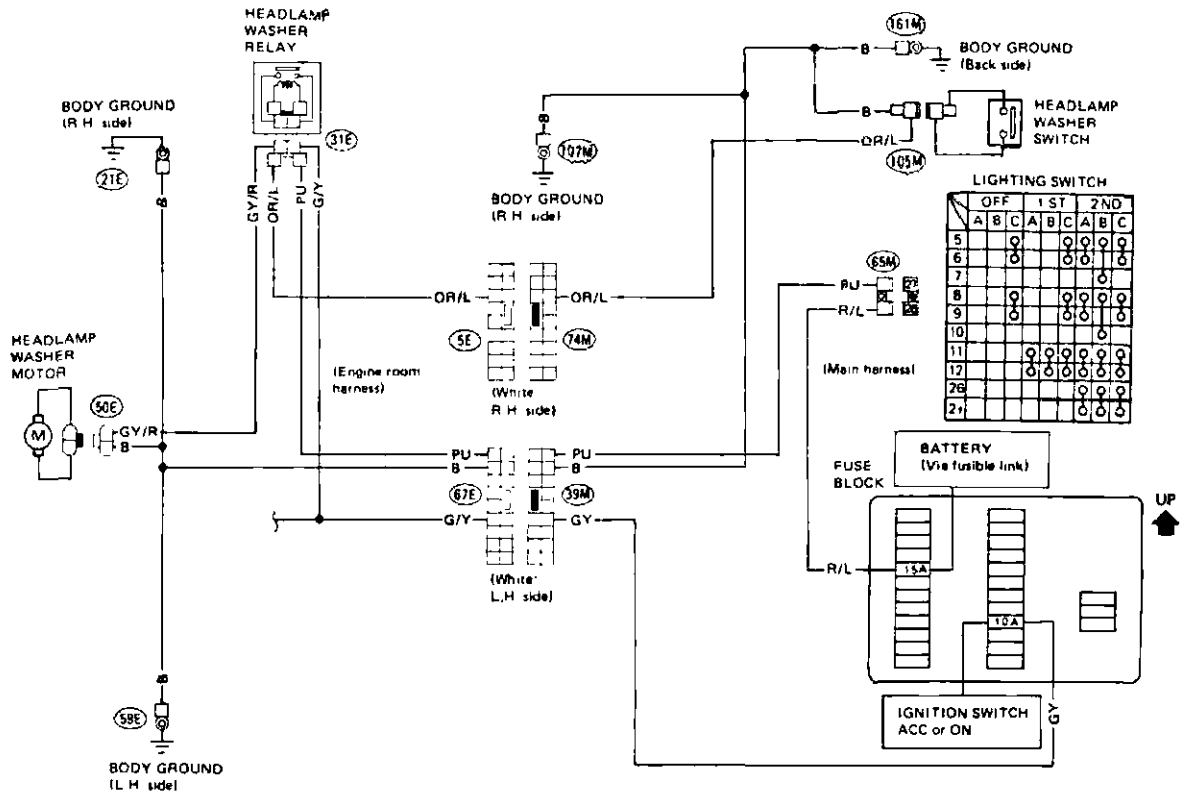


*1:	600	(23.62)
*2:	122	(4.80)
*3:	240	(9.45)

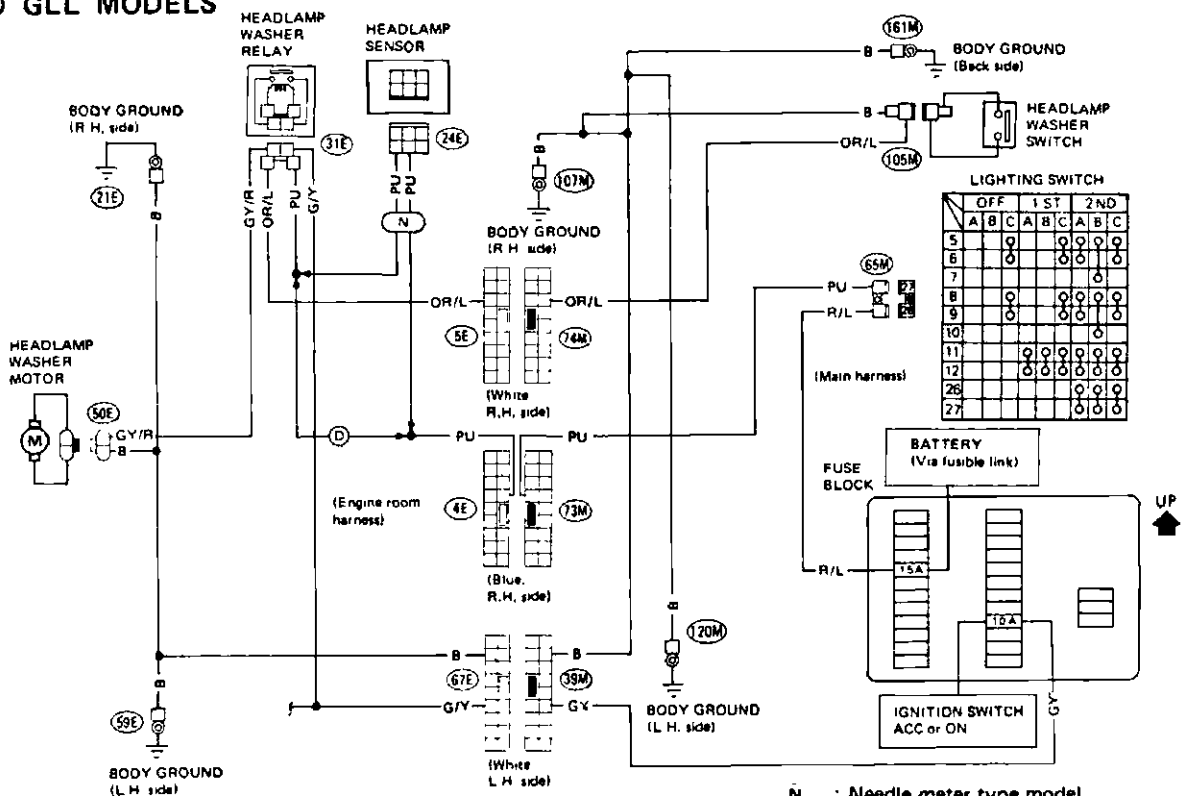
Unit: mm (in)
SEL163J

Headlamp Washer/Wiring Diagram

SF MODEL

**SEL321L**

GL AND GLL MODELS

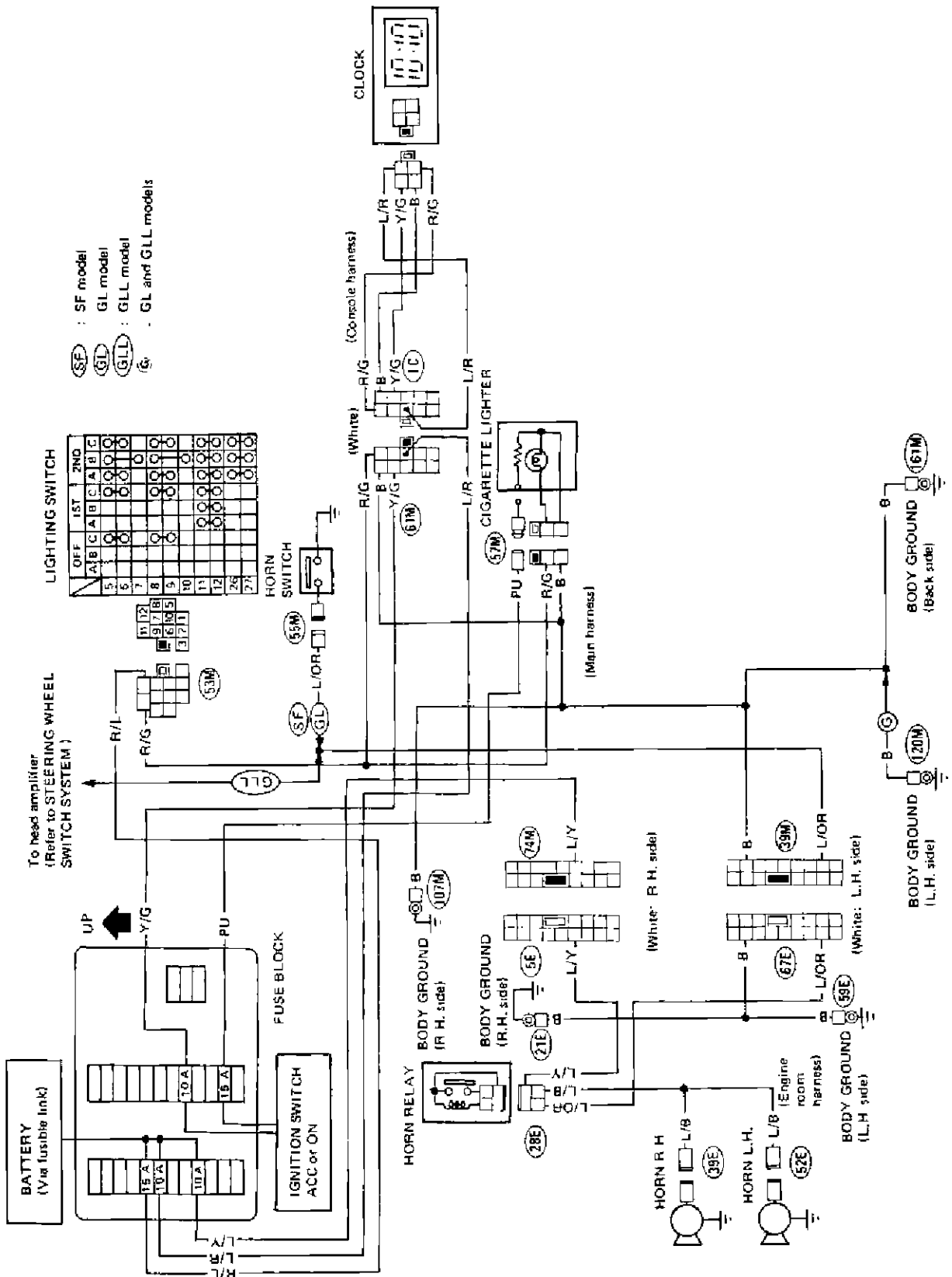


N : Needle meter type model
D : Digital meter type model

SEL322L

HORN, CIGARETTE LIGHTER, CLOCK

Wiring Diagram

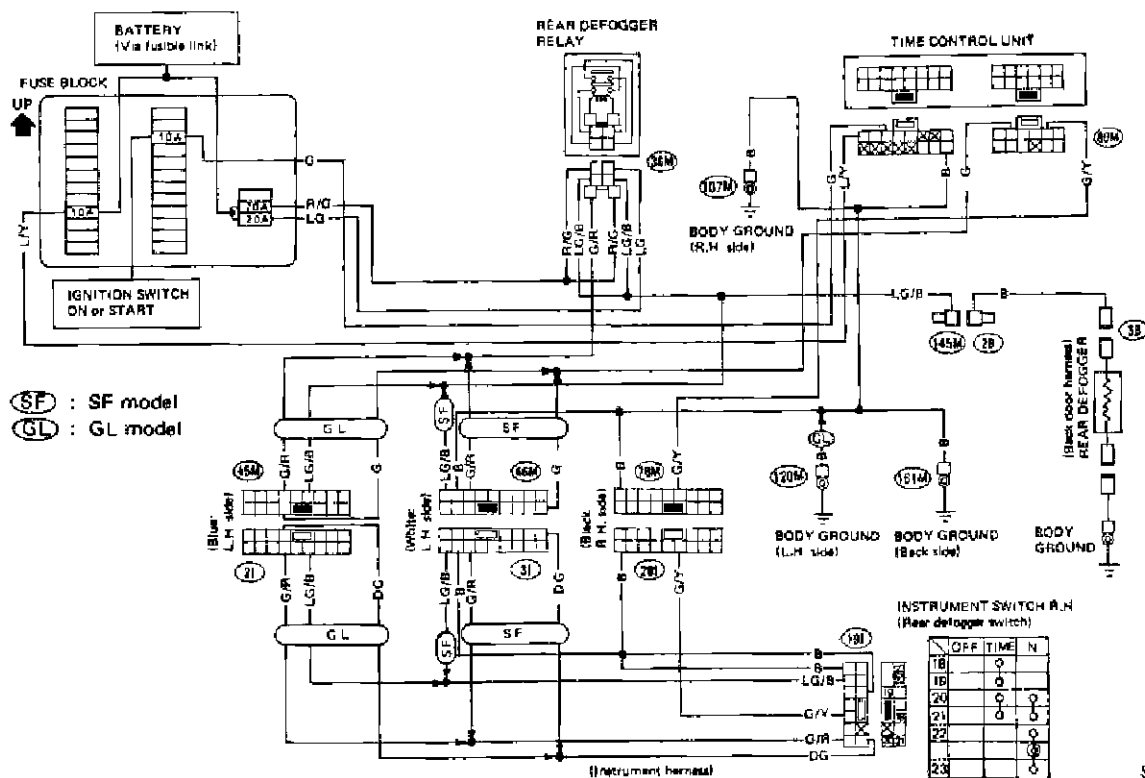


SEL517K

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

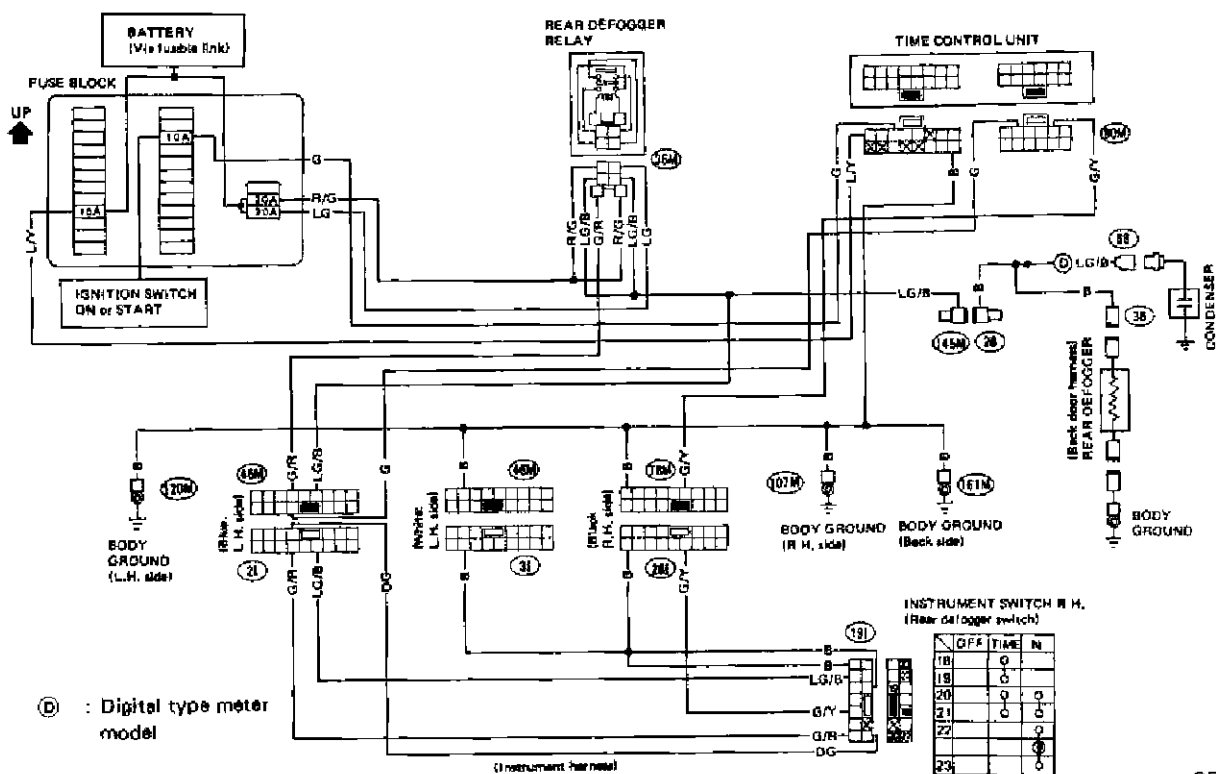
Wiring Diagram

SF AND GL MODELS



SEL518

GLL MODEL

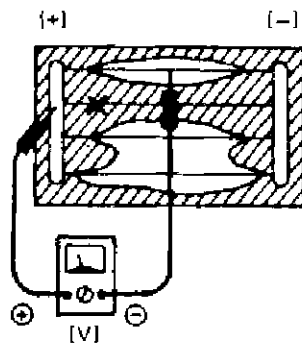


SEL323

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

Filament Check

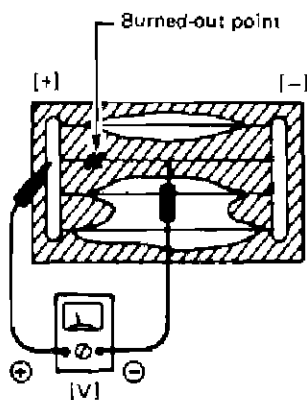
1. Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.



6 volts (normal filament)

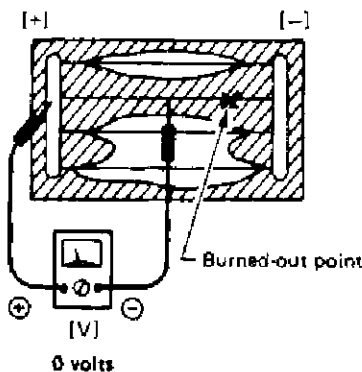
SEL263

2. If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.



12 volts

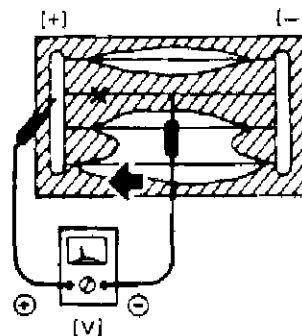
SEL264



0 volts

SEL265

3. To locate burned out point, move probe to left and right along filament to determine point where tester needle swings abruptly.



SEL266

Filament Repair

REPAIR EQUIPMENT

1. Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
2. Ruler, 30 cm (11.8 in) long
3. Drawing pen
4. Heat gun
5. Alcohol
6. Cloth

REPAIRING PROCEDURE

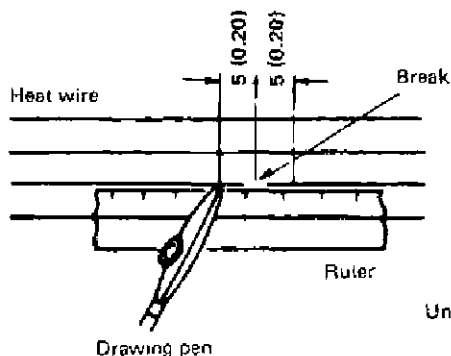
1. Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
2. Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

Shake silver composition container before use.

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

Filament Repair (Cont'd)

- Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break.

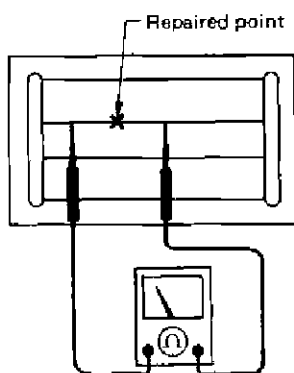


Unit: mm (in)

BE540

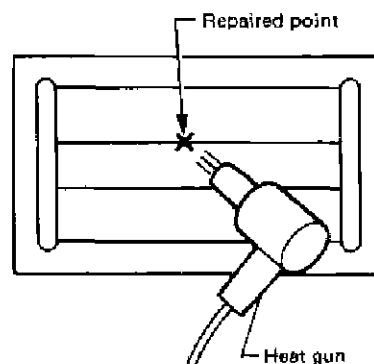
- After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.



SEL012D

- Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

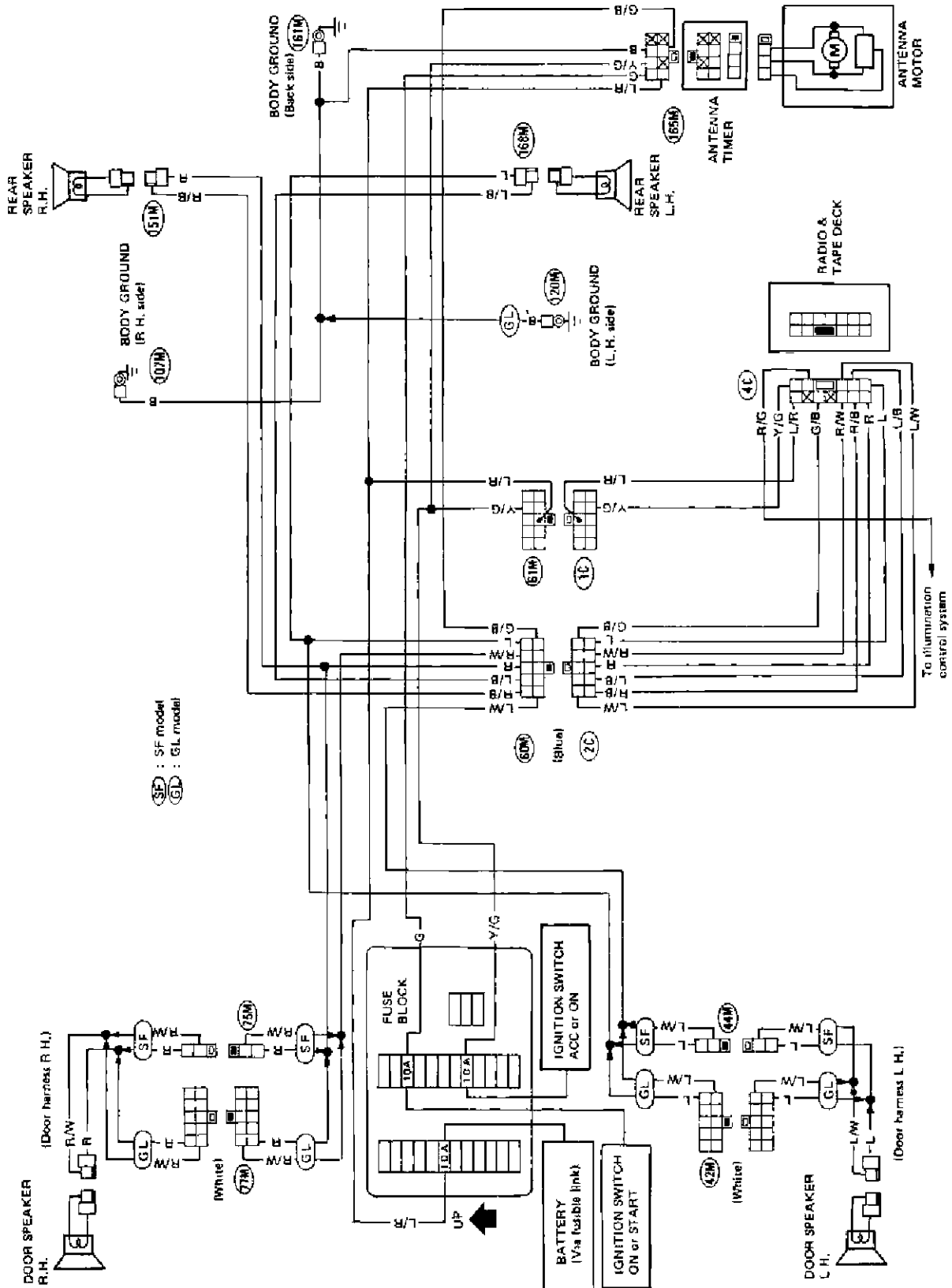


SEL013

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Wiring Diagram

SF AND GL MODELS

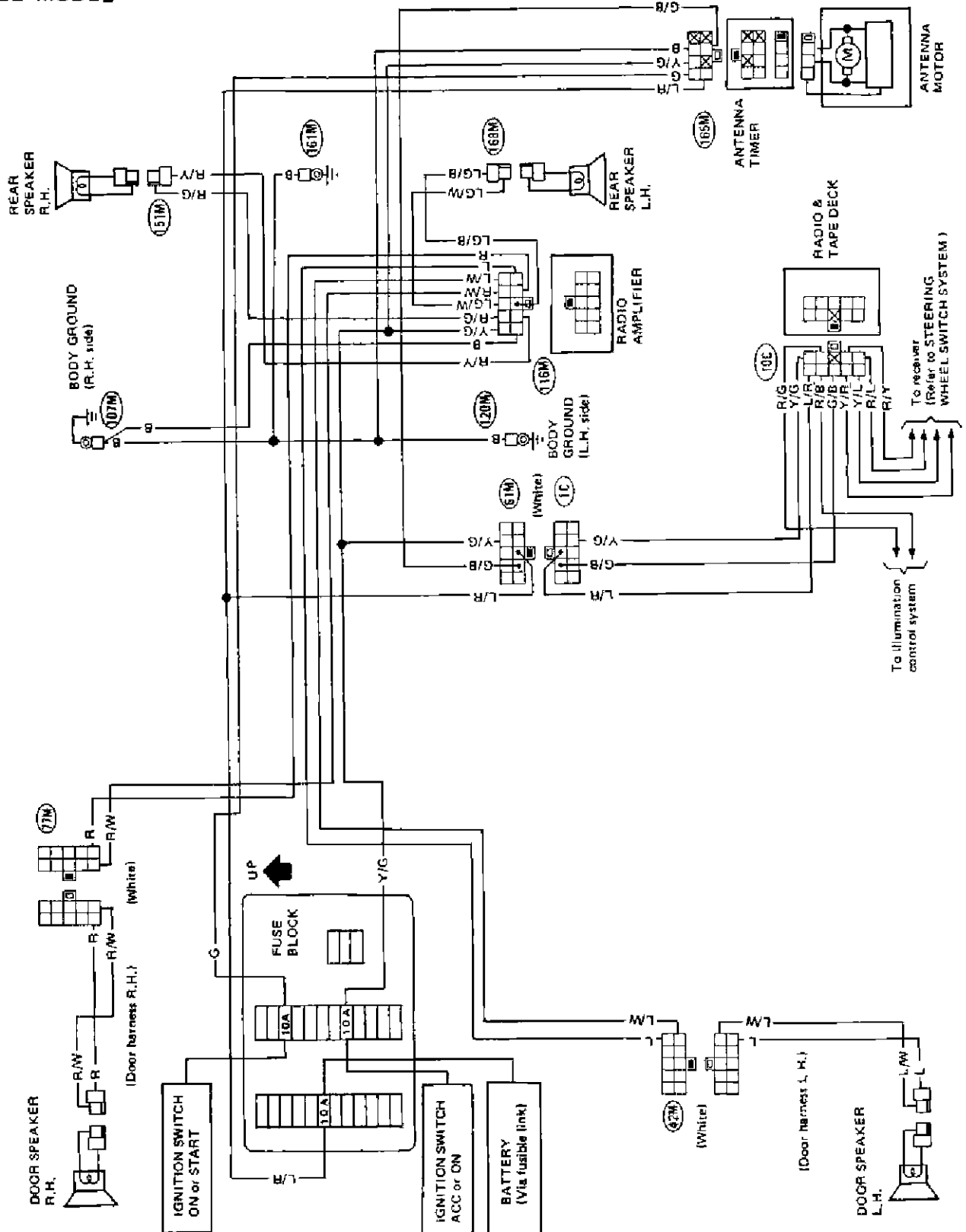


SEL520K

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

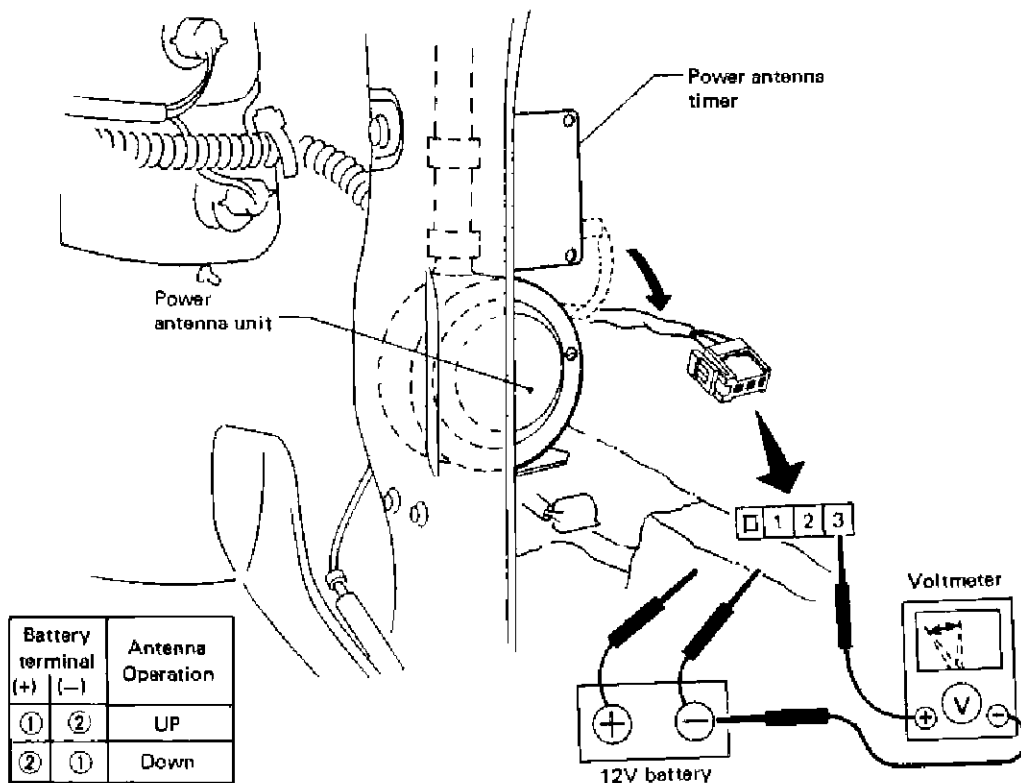
GLL MODEL



SEL324

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

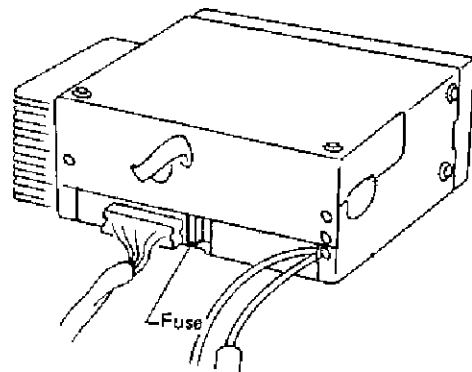
Power Antenna Motor Check



SEL732D

Radio Fuse Check

1. Disconnect, at connector, harness between power antenna unit and antenna timer.
 2. Apply 12-volt battery voltage across ① and ② to make sure antenna rod extends and retracts.
 3. Connect a voltmeter across terminal ③ and ground terminal of battery.
 4. Check to determine if voltmeter varies between 0 and 12 volts (approx.) in relation to movement of antenna rod when 12-volt battery voltage is applied across ① and ②.
- If above test results are not satisfactory, replace antenna motor.



SEL733D

Schematic

Note: For digital type combination meter equipped model, refer to schematic for STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM.

Wiring Diagram

[illegible]

EL-119

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

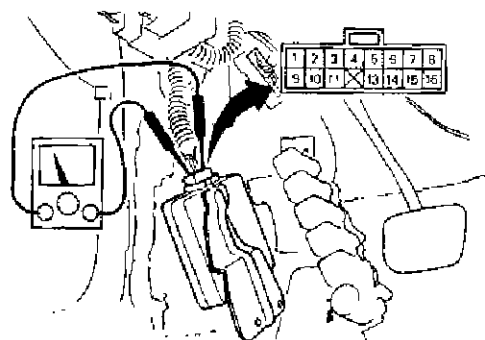
GLL MODEL

Refer to wiring diagram for STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

—Preparation for Trouble-shooting—

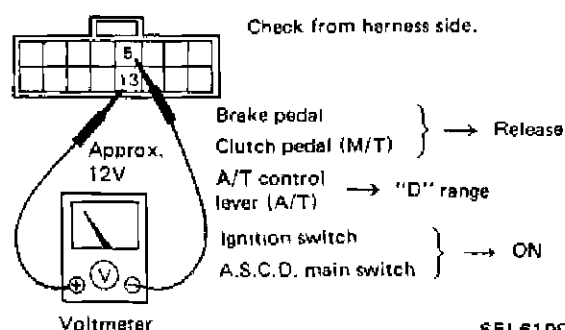
- Remove A.S.C.D. control unit with harness connected.



SEL520F

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT CHECK

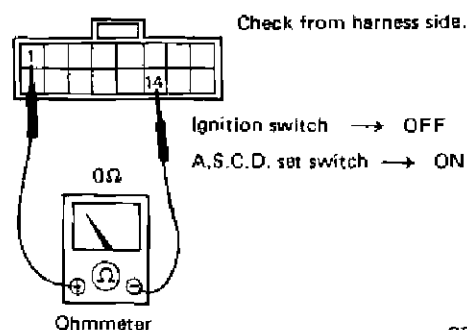
- Release brake and clutch pedals.
- Turn ignition switch to "ON".
- Turn A.S.C.D. main switch to "ON".
- Check voltage between ⑬ and ⑤.



SEL610D

SET SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- Push A.S.C.D. set switch.
- Check continuity between ① and ⑭.



SEL611D

—Trouble-shooting—

A.S.C.D. control unit cannot be set properly.

Turn A.S.C.D. main switch "OFF" and then "ON" to make sure indicator (located above combination meter) illuminates.

Yes

No

Check for loose vacuum hose.

Check A.S.C.D. main switch and A.S.C.D. relay.

O.K.

Check power supply circuit for A.S.C.D. control unit.

O.K.

N.G.

Check stop switch, clutch switch (M/T model), inhibitor relay and inhibitor switch (A/T model).

O.K.

Check harness between A.S.C.D. power supply circuit.

Check set switch circuit for A.S.C.D. control unit.

O.K.

N.G.

Check set switch, and harness between control unit and set switch.

Go to "A.S.C.D. Actuator Check".

O.K.

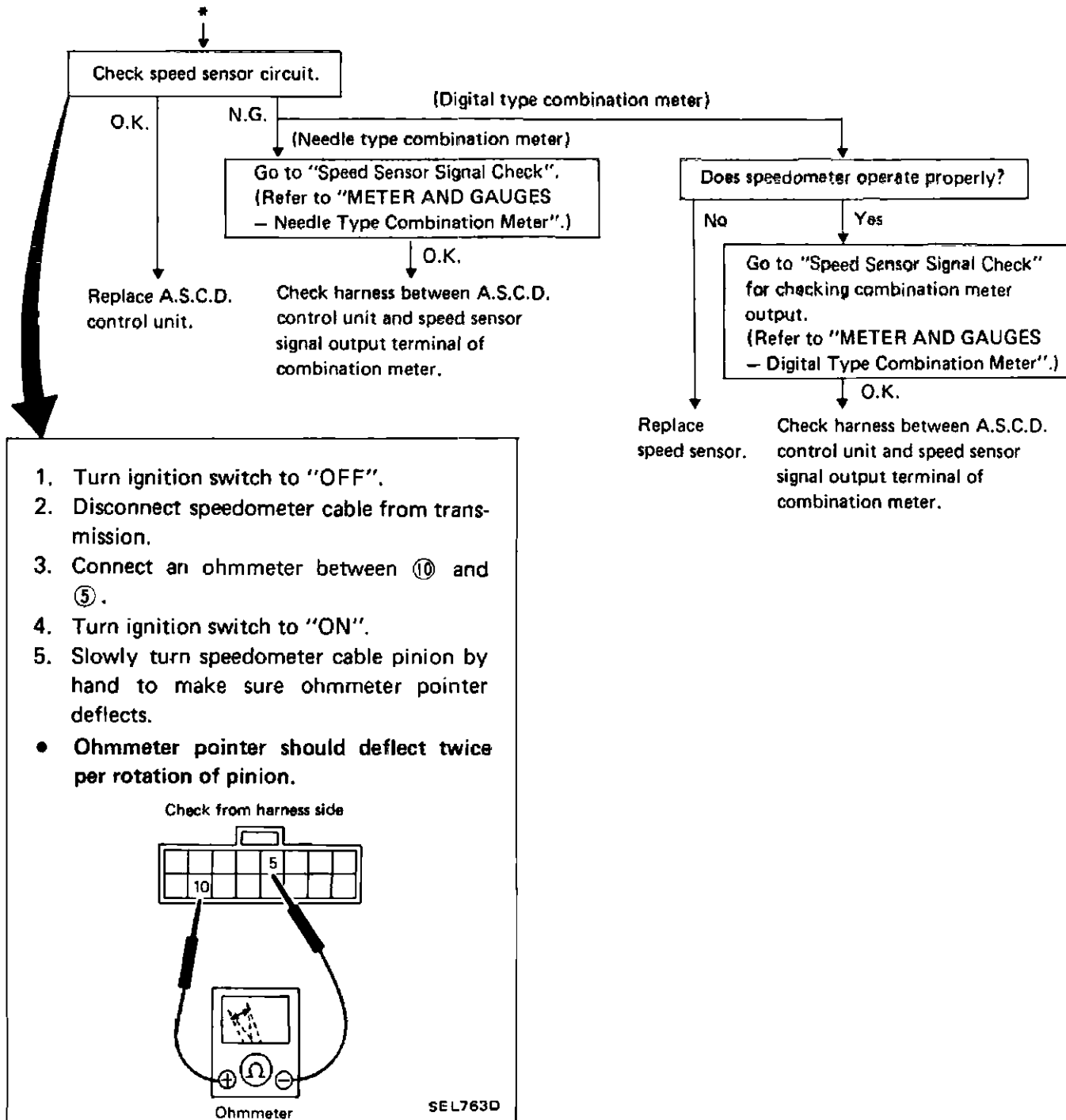
N.G.

Replace actuator.

(Next page)

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Resume switch will not operate.

Check resume switch circuit.

O.K.

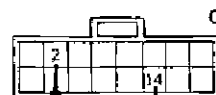
Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

N.G.

Check resume switch.

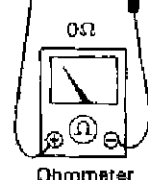
RESUME SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn resume switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ② and ⑭.



Check from harness side.

Ignition switch → OFF
Resume switch → ON



Ohmmeter

SEL612D

Accelerate switch will not operate.

Check accelerate switch circuit.

O.K.

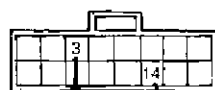
Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

N.G.

Check accelerate switch.

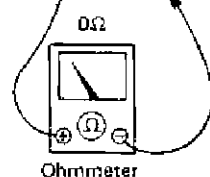
ACCELERATE SWITCH CIRCUIT CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Turn accelerate switch to "ON".
3. Check continuity between ③ and ⑭.



Check from harness side.

Ignition switch → OFF
Accelerator switch → ON



Ohmmeter

SEL613D

Engine hunts.

Check vacuum hose for breakage, cracks or fracture.

O.K.

N.G.

Repair or replace hose.

Does A.S.C.D. wire move smoothly?

O.K.

N.G.

Repair or replace wire.

Go to "Actuator Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace actuator.

Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

Large difference between set vehicle speed and actual speed.

Check A.S.C.D. wire and actuator move smoothly.

O.K.

N.G.

Replace wire or actuator.

Check vacuum hose for breakage, cracks or fracture.

O.K.

N.G.

Repair or replace hose.

Go to "Actuator Check".

O.K.

N.G.

Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

Replace actuator.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

A/T model only:

- When A.S.C.D. is set while vehicle is operating in "O.D." range, O.D. will be cancelled and shifting to O.D. cannot be made thereafter.
- While vehicle is being driven using A.S.C.D. in "O.D." range, O.D. will not be cancelled even if actual car speed is 6 km/h (4 MPH) lower than set speed. (Set speed cannot be maintained.)

Check O.D. cancel circuit for A.S.C.D. control unit.

O.K.

Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

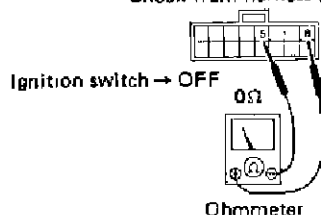
N.G.

- **Electronic-controlled A/T**
Check harness between lock-up control unit and A.S.C.D. control unit.
- **Conventional A/T**
Check harness between O.D. cancel solenoid, O.D. cancel switch and A.S.C.D. control unit.

ELECTRONIC-CONTROLLED A/T EQUIPPED MODEL (E4N71B)

- Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- Check continuity between ⑧ and ⑤.

Check from harness side

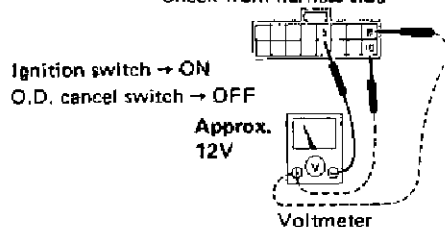


SEL737D

CONVENTIONAL A/T EQUIPPED MODEL (4N71B)

- Turn ignition switch to "ON".
- Turn O.D. cancel switch to "OFF".
- Check voltage ⑧-⑤ and ⑬-⑤.

Check from harness side

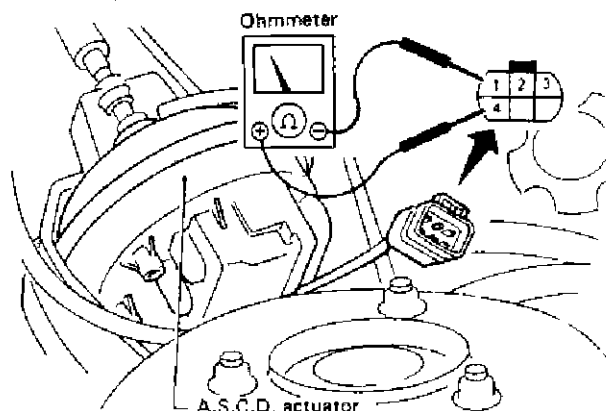


SEL741D

A.S.C.D. Actuator Check

1. Check continuity between terminal ① and terminals ②, ③ and ④.

Continuity exist ... O.K.



SEL342L

CAUTION:

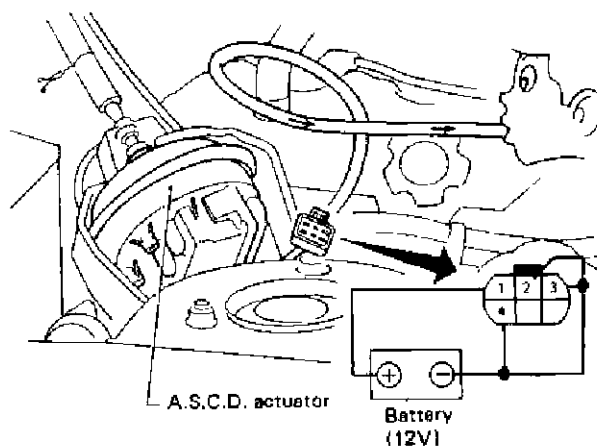
Do not attempt to remove valves from actuator.

2. Connect battery (approx. 12V) to harness connector of actuator as shown below, and apply vacuum to actuator.

If diaphragm moves smoothly, actuator is O.K.

CAUTION:

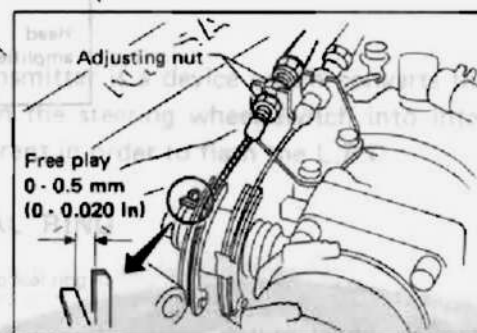
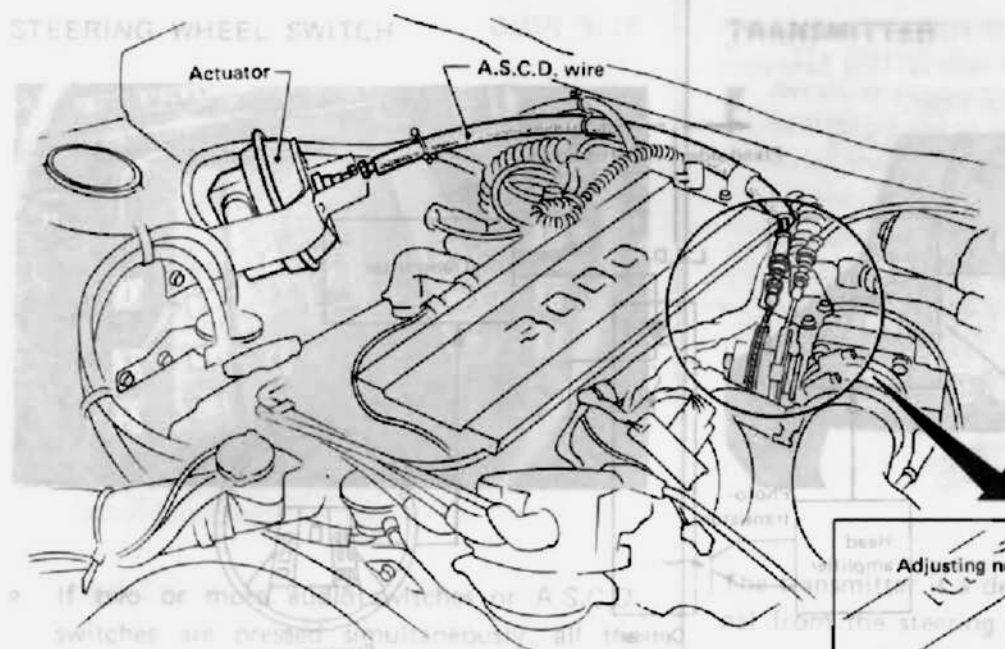
When checking actuator by applying vacuum, do not apply engine vacuum directly as it is too strong to check actuator properly.



SEL343L

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (A.S.C.D.)

A.S.C.D. Wire Adjustment



SEL740D

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist wire when removing it.
- Be careful not to pinch vacuum hose when installing actuator.
- Do not tighten wire excessively during adjustment.

Without depressing the accelerator pedal, adjust wire tension with adjusting nut.

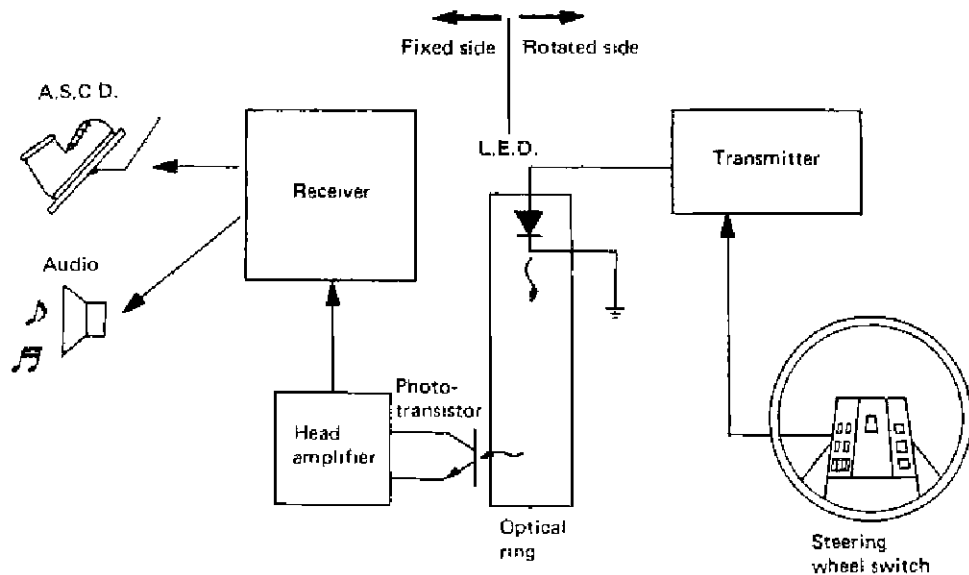
Wire free play (at throttle lever):
0 - 0.5 mm (0 - 0.020 in)

- For A.S.C.D. stop switch and clutch switch adjustment, refer to BR and CL sections.
- For vacuum pump and tank check, refer to HA section.



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Description



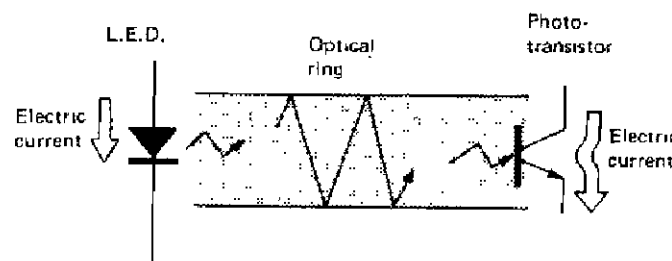
SEL647E

The steering wheel switch system transmits the on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel to the receiver optically and operates A.S.C.D. and audio.

HOW TO TRANSMIT SWITCH SIGNAL OPTICALLY

- (1) The on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel is converted into an L.E.D. on-off signal by the transmitter.
- (2) This L.E.D. signal (optical signal) is transmitted to the photo-transistor through the optical ring.
- (3) The optical signal is re-converted into electrical signal by the photo-transistor and transmitted to the receiver. Receiver controls A.S.C.D. and radio.

By the three steps mentioned above, the on-off signal of the switch on the steering wheel is optically transmitted.



SEL648E

L.E.D. (Light Emitting Diode):

A diode which emits light when voltage is applied.

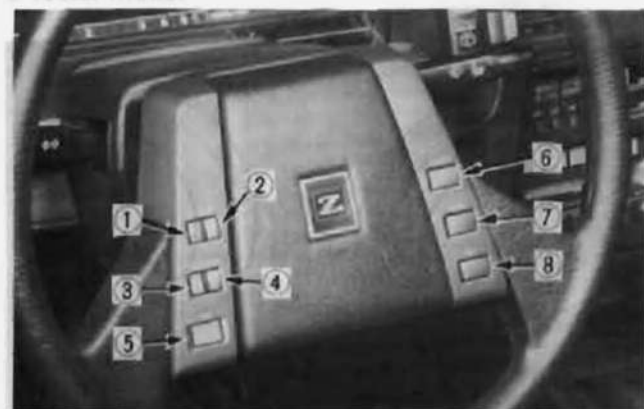
Photo-transistor:

A transistor which allows current to flow when light is applied.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Description (Cont'd)

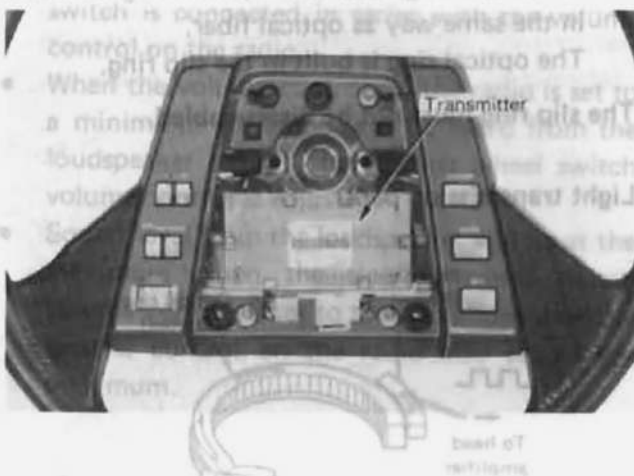
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH



- If two or more audio switches or A.S.C.D. switches are pressed simultaneously, all the pressed switches will be cancelled.
- If one switch is pressed while pressing another, the second one pressed will be cancelled.

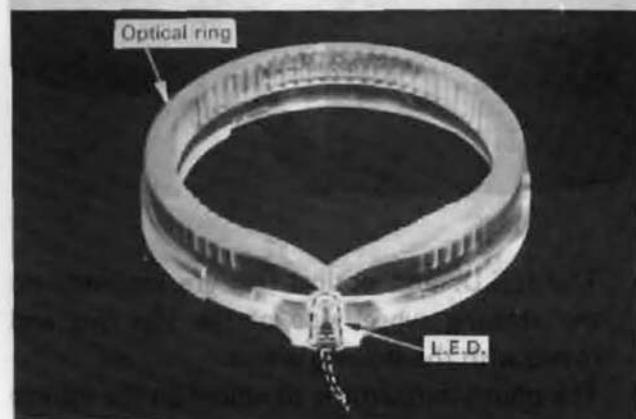
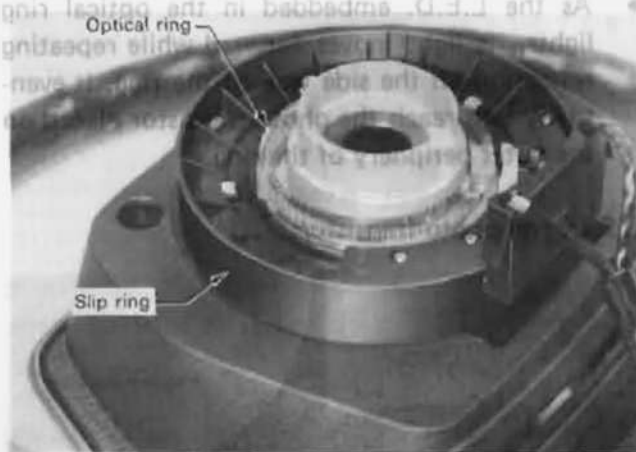
	Switch	Function
For Audio	① SW	Power ON/OFF
	② PLAY	Tape deck play
	③ AM/FM	AM/FM band selection
	④ SCAN	SCAN tuning (for radio) Auto program search (for tape deck)
	⑤ VOL	Volume
For A.S.C.D.	⑥ RESUME	Deceleration and resuming
	⑦ ACCEL	Acceleration
	⑧ SET	Cruising speed setting

TRANSMITTER



The transmitter is a device which converts the signal from the steering wheel switch into intermittent current in order to flash the L.E.D.

OPTICAL RING



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

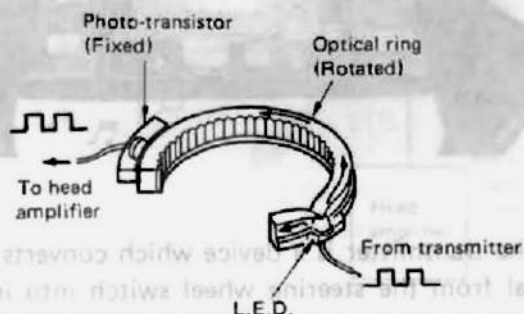
Description (Cont'd)

- The steering wheel switch system uses an acrylic optical ring, and this optical ring functions in the same way as optical fiber.

The optical ring is built in the slip ring.

The slip ring must not be disassembled.

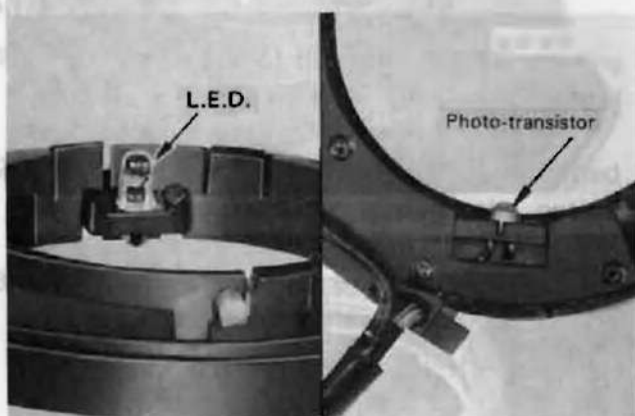
Light transmission path:



SEL649E

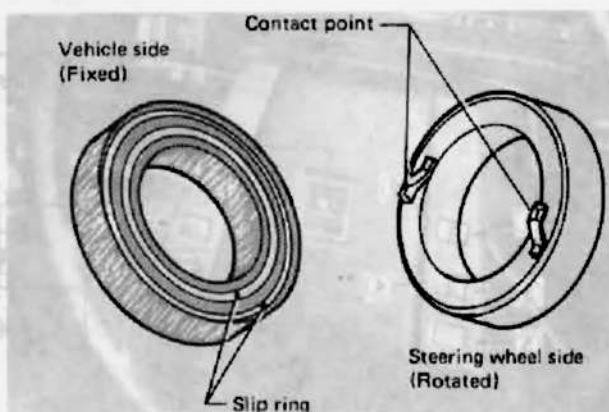
- As the L.E.D. embedded in the optical ring lights, its light moves forward while repeating reflection on the side wall of the ring. It eventually will reach the photo-transistor placed on the outer periphery of the ring.

L.E.D. and photo-transistor:



- The L.E.D. and optical ring are mounted on the steering wheel side of the slip ring and rotate with the steering wheel.
- The photo-transistor is mounted on the vehicle side of the slip ring and it does not rotate.

SLIP RING

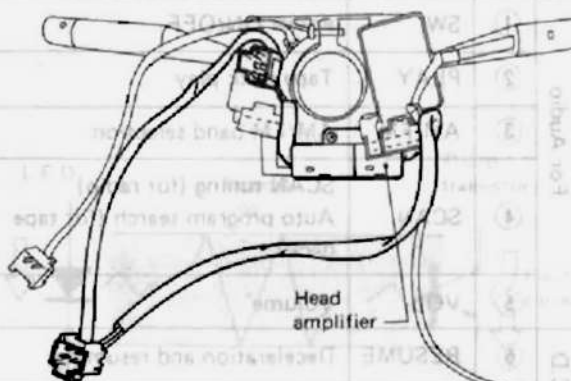


SEL650E

- Power for the transmitter is fed from the vehicle side through the slip ring.
- The horn switch circuit is connected to the vehicle side through the slip ring.

The slip ring must not be disassembled.

HEAD AMPLIFIER



SEL651E

The photo-transistor allows a minimal amount of current to flow as it receives light. The head amplifier amplifies this current and sends it to the receiver.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

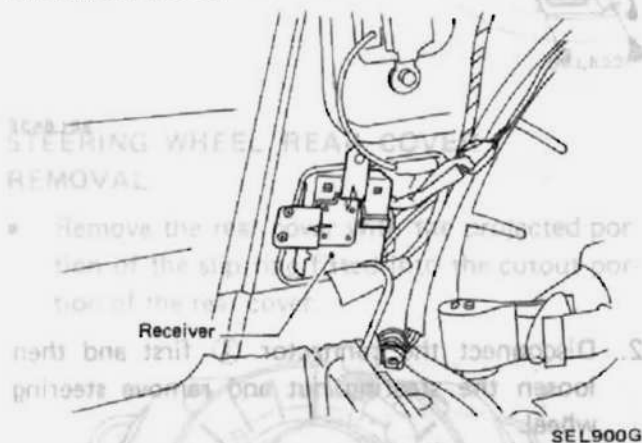
Description (Cont'd)

RECEIVER

2 seater model

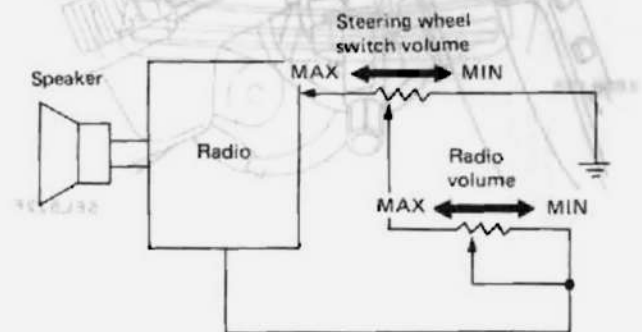


2+2 seater model



The receiver activates the radio or A.S.C.D. drive circuit corresponding to the steering wheel switch signal sent from the head amplifier.

AUDIO VOLUME CONTROL

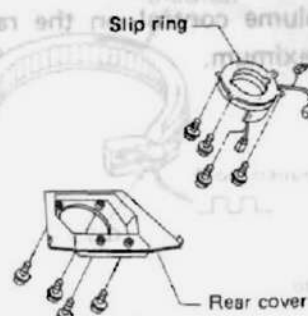


- The volume control on the steering wheel switch is connected in series with the volume control on the radio.
- When the volume control on the radio is set to a minimum, no sound will be heard from the loudspeaker even if the steering wheel switch volume control is adjusted.
- Sound level from the loudspeaker will be at the maximum when the steering wheel switch volume control is set to the maximum with the volume control on the radio also set to the maximum.

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation

* The volume control on the radio is set to a minimum. When the volume control on the radio is set to a maximum, the sound will be heard from the loudspeaker even if the steering wheel switch volume control is adjusted. The sound level from the loudspeaker will be at the maximum when the steering wheel switch volume control is set to the maximum with the volume control on the radio also set to the maximum.



* As the L.F.D. embedding in the optical ring lamp, its light moves forward while repeating reflection on the side wall of the ring. It eventually will reach the photo-transistor placed on the outer periphery of the ring.

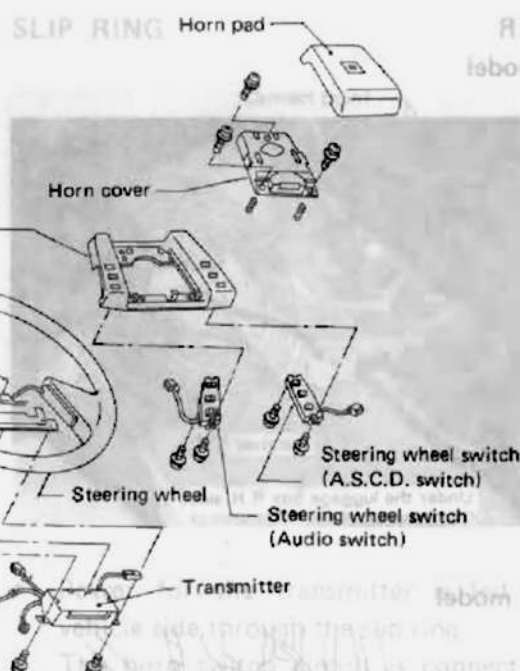
STEERING WHEEL REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

To prevent the steering wheel switch from being damaged, be sure to observe the following procedure:

- When removing the steering wheel:
 1. Remove the horn pad and both sections of the steering shell cover.



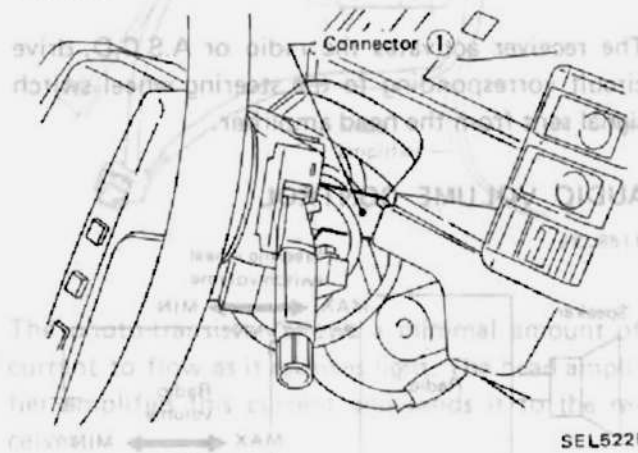
SEL521F



SEL653

HEAD AMP

2. Disconnect the connector ① first and then loosen the steering nut and remove steering wheel.

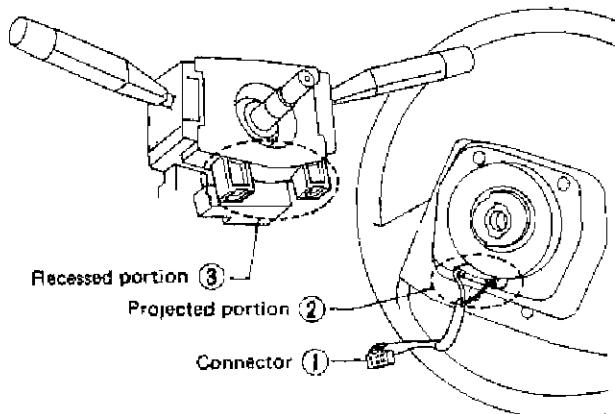


SEL522F

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

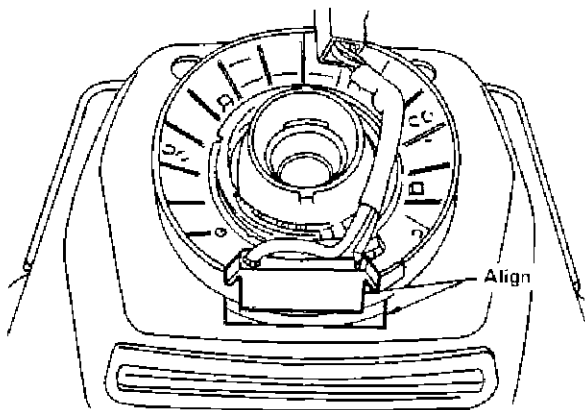
- When installing the steering wheel:
First determine the slip ring position so that the projected portion ② of the slip ring will fit in the recessed portion ③ of the combination switch. Then install the steering wheel.



SEL523F

STEERING WHEEL REAR COVER REMOVAL

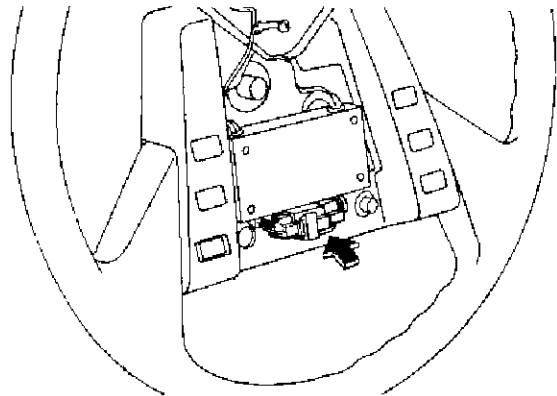
- Remove the rear cover with the projected portion of the slip ring fitted into the cutout portion of the rear cover.



SEL655E

SLIP RING REMOVAL

- Remove the connector joining the slip ring and transmitter after removing the transmitter mounting screws. Then remove the transmitter.



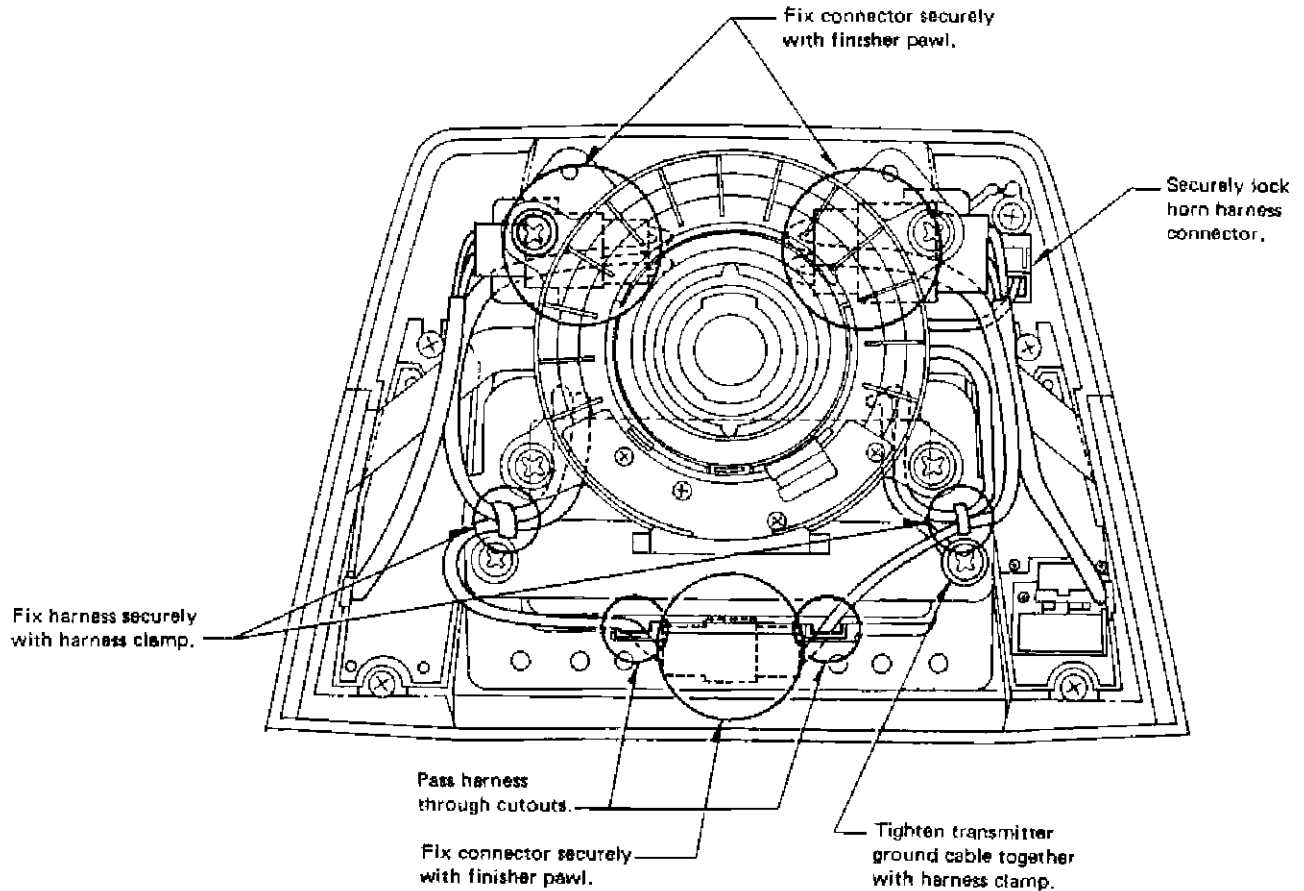
SEL656E

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Steering Wheel Switch Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

TRANSMITTER AND SLIP RING INSTALLATION

- When installing the transmitter and slip ring, arrange and secure the harnesses and connectors as shown in the following figure.

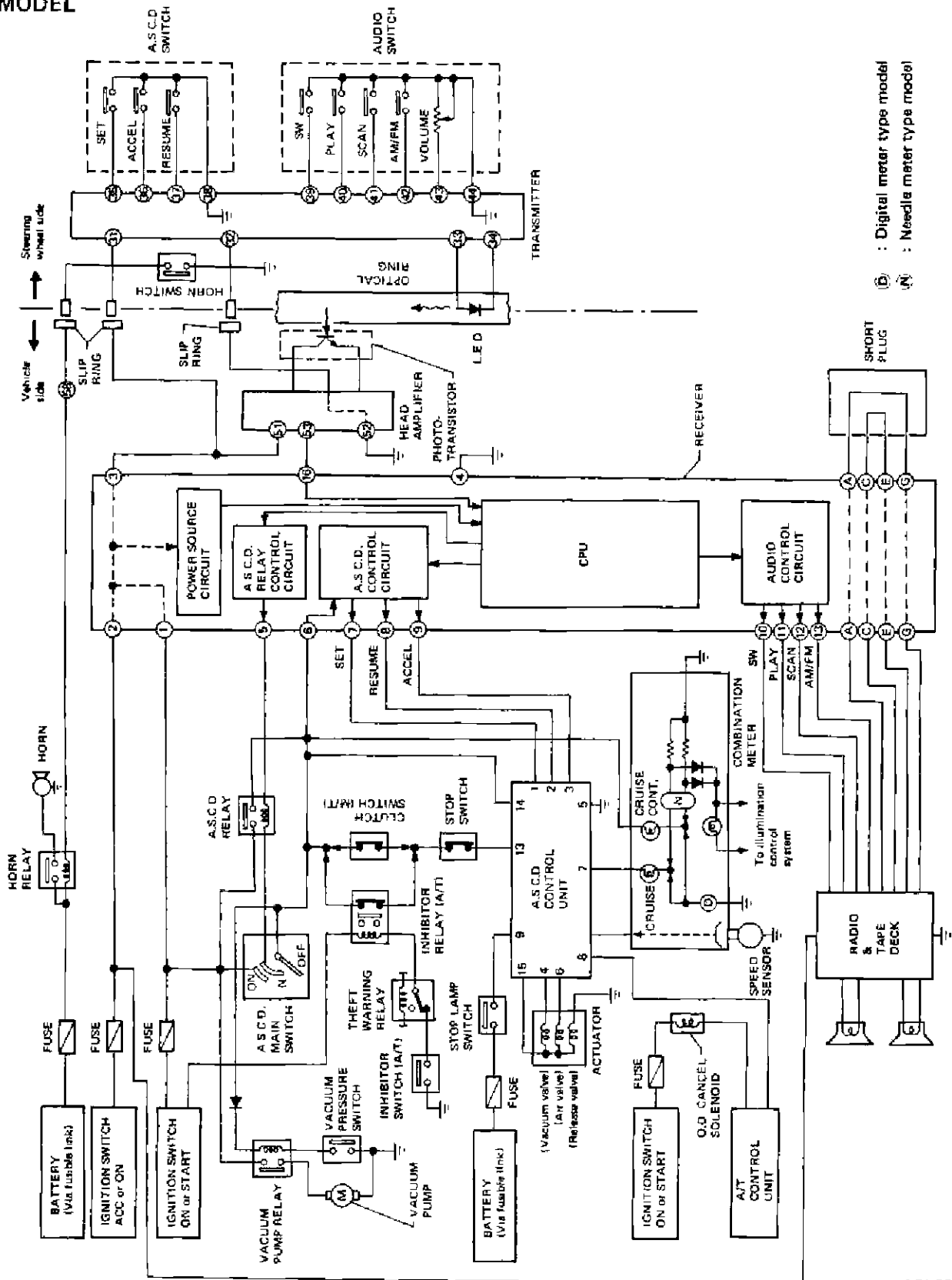


SEL657E

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Schematic

GLL MODEL

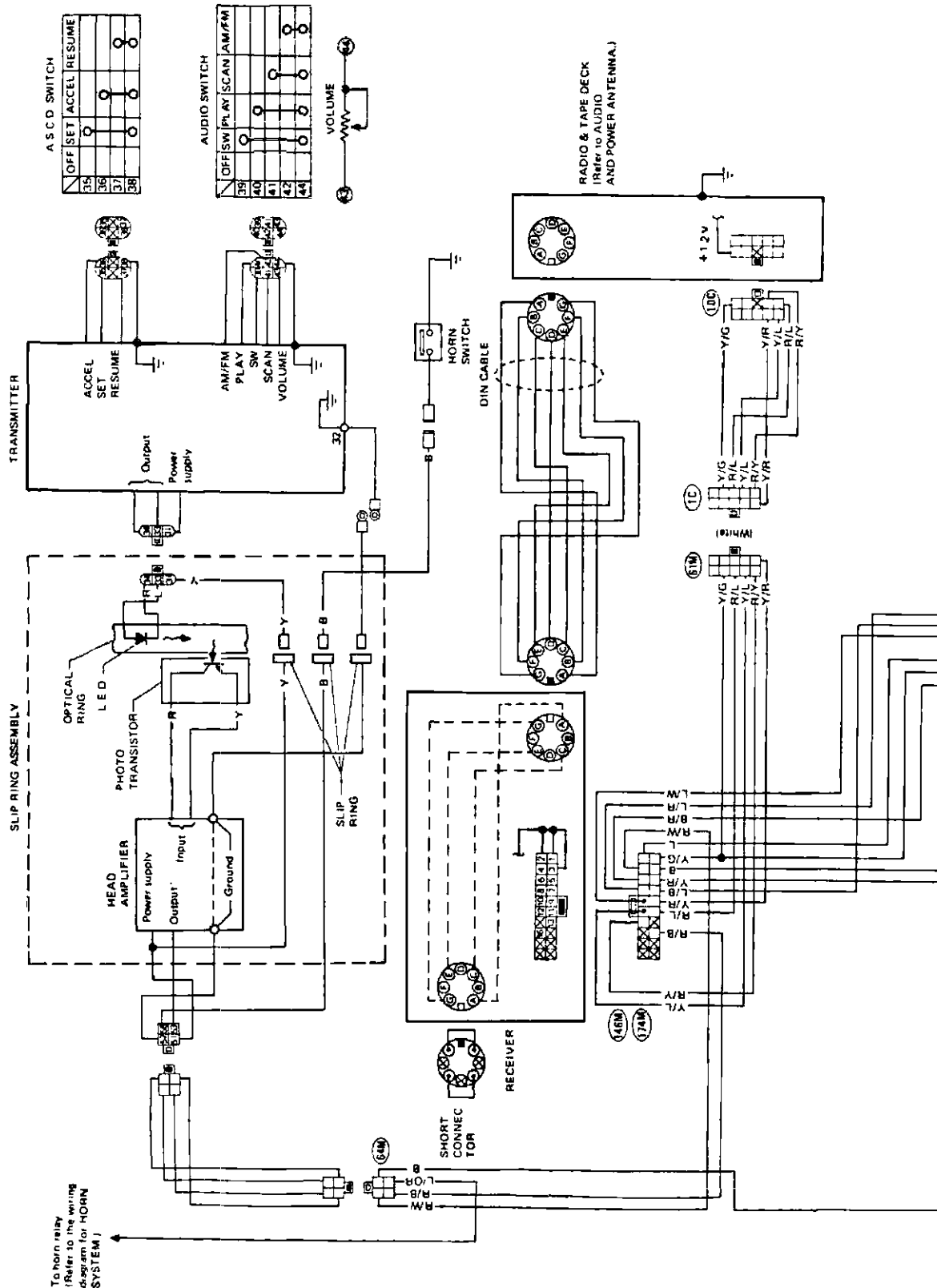


SEL327L

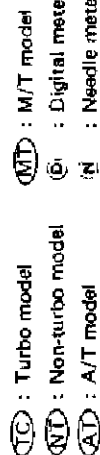
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram

GLL MODEL

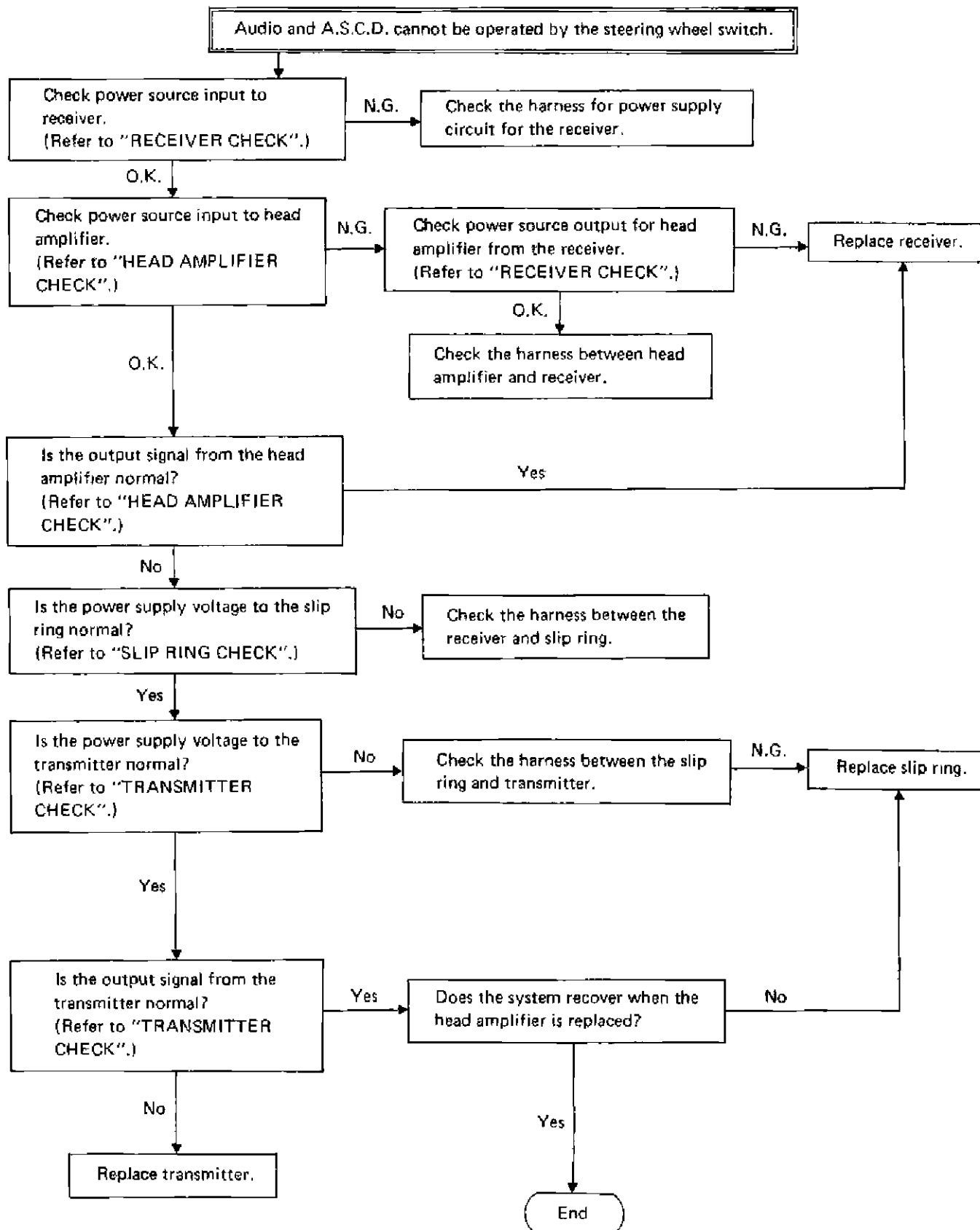


Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Cruise control cannot be operated by the steering wheel switch.

- The cruise control cannot be set if the SET switch is pressed when the vehicle speed is over 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- The vehicle cannot accelerate or decelerate if the ACCEL or RESUME switch is pressed while driving with the cruise control.

Does the cruise control pilot lamp come on when A.S.C.D. main switch is turned ON?

No

Check the harness power supply circuit for the A.S.C.D. main switch.

Yes

Does the ON lamp remain lit when the A.S.C.D. main switch knob is released (neutral position) after it was turned to ON?

No

Check the receiver output for A.S.C.D. relay.
(Refer to "RECEIVER CHECK".)

Faulty

Replace receiver.

Normal

Check the A.S.C.D. relay and harness between the receiver and A.S.C.D. relay.

Yes

Check the power source input to A.S.C.D. control unit.
(Refer to "A.S.C.D. Control Unit Check".)

N.G.

Check the harness between the A.S.C.D. relay and A.S.C.D. control unit.

O.K.

Is the input signal to the A.S.C.D. control unit normal when the SET, ACCEL and RESUME switches are pressed?
(Refer to "A.S.C.D. Control Unit check".)

Yes

Replace A.S.C.D. control unit.

No

Is the receiver output signal for the A.S.C.D. control unit normal when the SET, ACCEL and RESUME switches are pressed?
(Refer to "RECEIVER CHECK".)

Yes

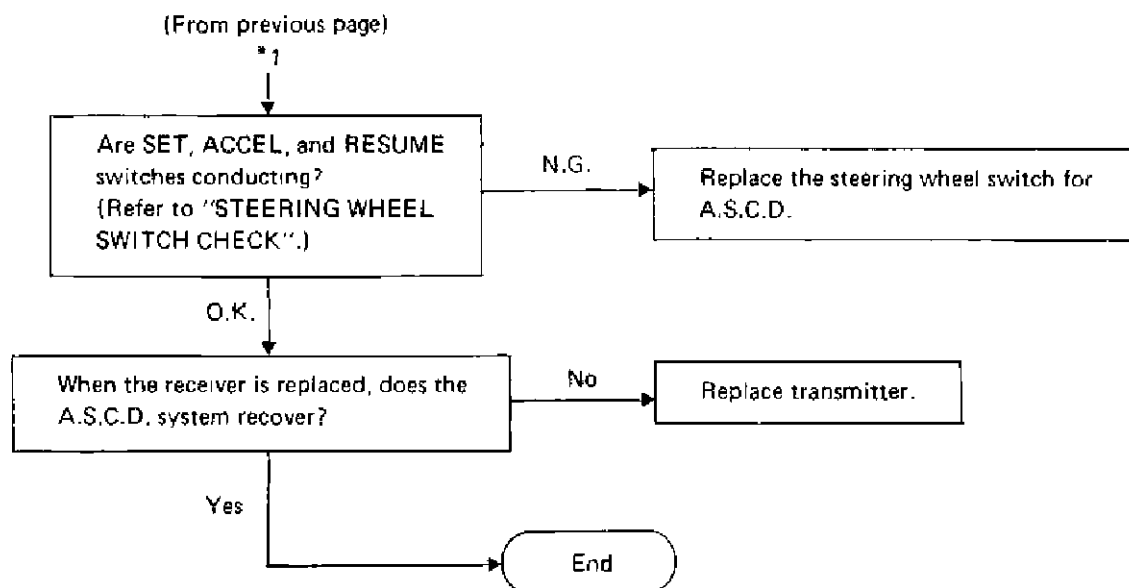
Check the harness between the receiver and A.S.C.D. control unit.

No

*1
(Next page)

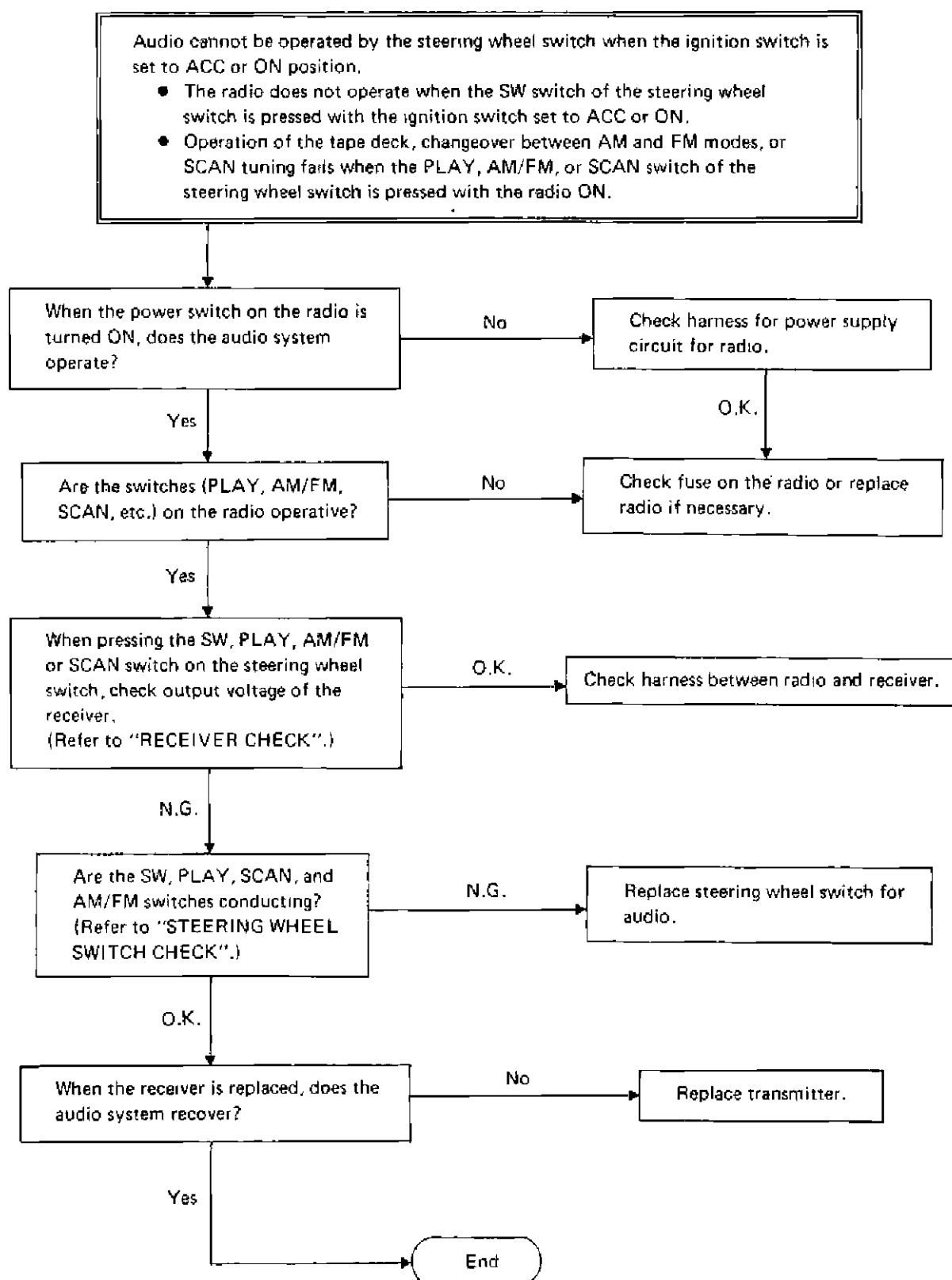
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



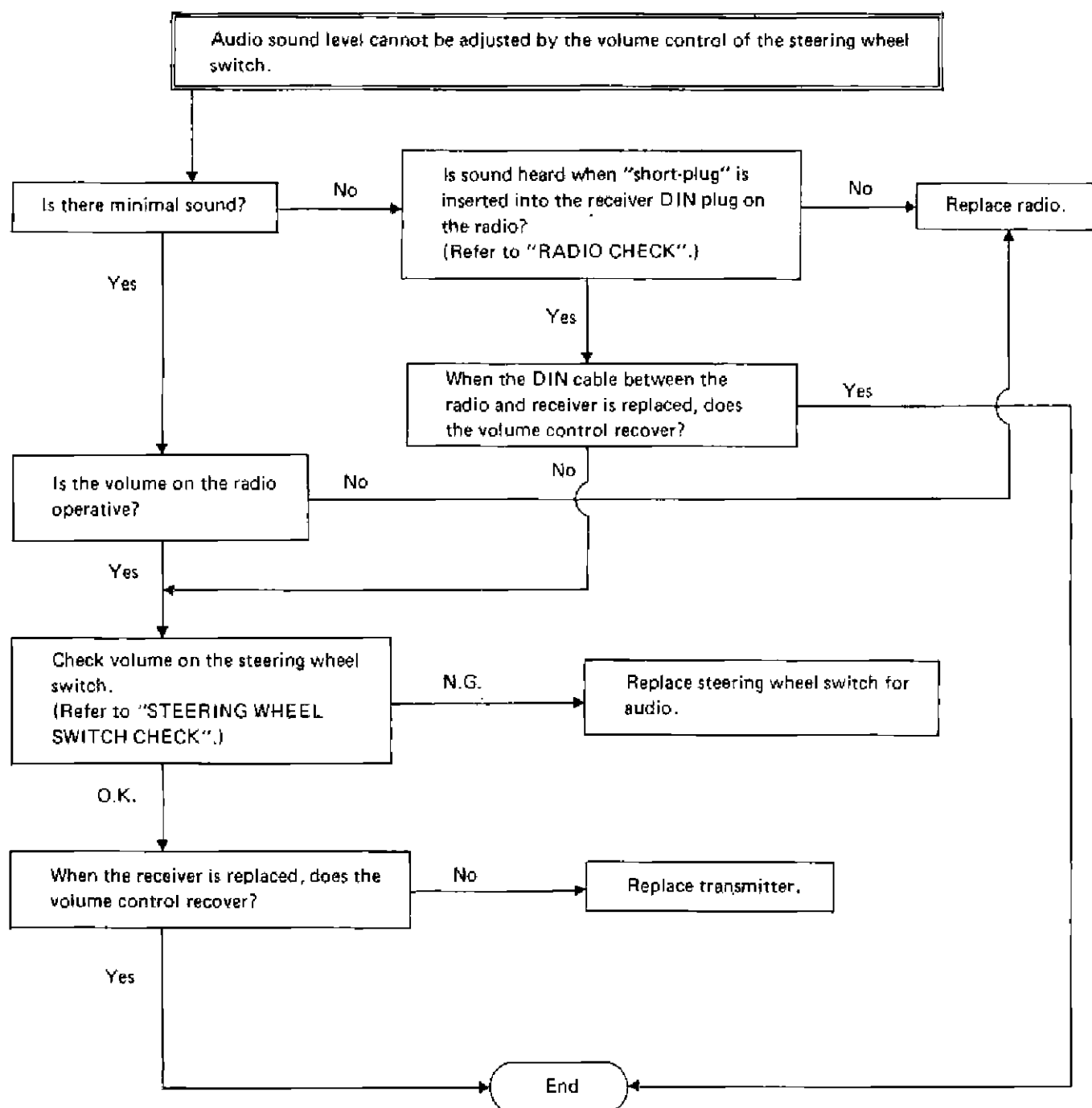
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)



STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

Radio volume decrease when the steering is turned rapidly under extremely low temperature conditions.

This results from a poor ground connection inside the steering column bearing. To correct the incident, apply low temperature grease to the steering column bearing as follows:

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. Disconnect the battery ground cable.
2. Remove the horn pad, horn cover, and both sections of the steering shell cover.
3. Disconnect the steering switch transmitter harness connector from the rear of the combination switch.
4. Remove the steering wheel, using the tool and procedure described in the ST section.
5. Apply the low temperature grease to the steering column shaft bearing as follows:
 - 1) Place the turn signal switch in neutral position to prevent grease from getting on the turn signal cancel cam.
 - 2) Carefully apply approximately 1 ml (0.03 US fl oz, 0.04 Imp fl oz) of grease to the steering column bearing.

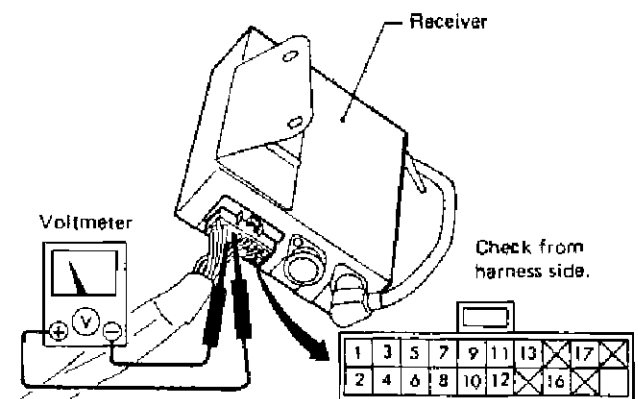
To facilitate application of the grease, a cone of paper or vinyl film is suggested.

- 3) Temporarily install the steering wheel. Insure that the projected portion of the slip ring fits in the recessed portion of the combination switch. Turn the steering wheel fully to the left and right a couple of times, taking care to prevent damage to the projected portion of the slip ring.
- 4) Remove the steering wheel.
- 5) Repeat steps b, c, and d.
- 6) Make sure that grease is applied to the entire bearing.
6. Install the steering wheel on the shaft in a straight ahead position. Be sure that the projected portion of the slip ring fits in the recessed portion of the combination switch.

7. Connect steering switch transmitter harness connector to combination switch.
8. Install horn cover, horn pad and both sections of the combination switch housing.
9. Connect battery ground cable.

Receiver Check

1. Remove luggage box.
2. Remove receiver with harness connected.
3. Turn ignition switch to ON.
4. Check voltage between terminals referring to the chart below.



SEL660E

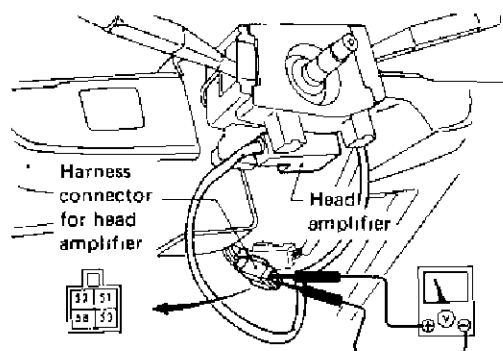
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Receiver Check (Cont'd)

Check item	Voltmeter terminal		Switch condition	Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)		
Power source input	IG ①	④	—	Approx. 12
	ACC ②	④		
Power source output for head amplifier and slip ring	③	④	—	Approx. 12
Output for A.S.C.D. relay	⑤	④	A.S.C.D. main switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
			—	—
Output for A.S.C.D. control unit	⑦	④	SET switch ON	Approx. 12
	⑧	④	RESUME switch ON	Approx. 12
	⑨	④	ACCEL switch ON	Approx. 12
Output for audio system (Check voltage while operating the SW, PLAY, SCAN or FM/AM on the steering wheel switch.)	⑩	④	SW switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
	⑪	④	PLAY switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
	⑫	④	SCAN switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5
	⑬	④	AM/FM switch ON	0
			OFF	Approx. 5

Head Amplifier Check

1. Remove steering column cover.
2. Turn ignition switch to ON.
3. Check voltage between terminals at harness connector for head amplifier referring to chart below.
(Leave the harness connector for head amplifier to be connected.)



Check from head amplifier side.

SEL344L

Check item	Voltmeter terminals		Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)	
Power supply input	⑤①	⑤②	Approx. 12
Output for receiver	⑤③	⑤②	Approx. 2 - 4

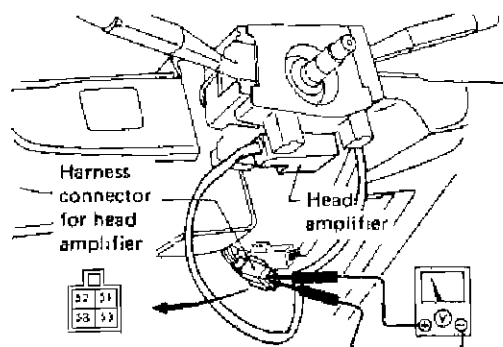
STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Slip Ring Check

POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE CHECK

1. Remove steering column cover.
2. Check voltage between terminals ⑤① and ⑤② when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 12V



Check from head amplifier side.

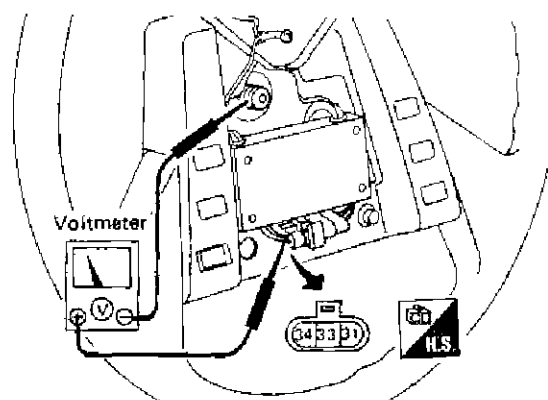
SEL344L

Transmitter Check

POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE CHECK

1. Connect the harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch.
2. Install steering wheel on the column shaft.
3. Connect the voltmeter probe to:
(+) terminal ... ③①
(-) terminal ... Steering column shaft
4. Check voltage when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 12V

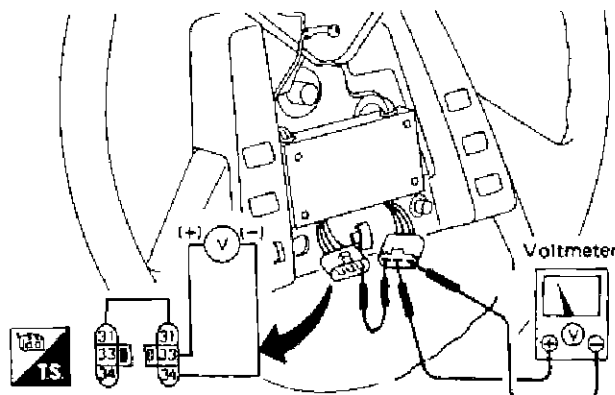


SEL702K

OUTPUT SIGNAL CHECK

1. Disconnect harness connector between transmitter and slip ring.
2. Connect terminals ③① and ③② with a suitable wire.
3. Check voltage between terminals ③③ and ③④ when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

Specified voltage: Approx. 2 - 4V



SEL347L

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

Steering Wheel Switch Check

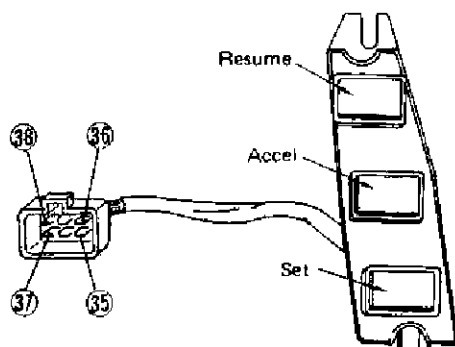
1. Disconnect harness connector for slip ring at the back of combination switch.
2. Remove steering wheel.
3. Remove steering wheel rear cover.
4. Disconnect harness connector between steering wheel switch and transmitter.
5. Remove steering wheel switches.

A.S.C.D. SWITCH CHECK

- Check continuity while pressing each switch.

Below 300Ω ... O.K.

	OFF	SET	ACCEL	RESUME
35		○		
36		—	○	
37		—	—	○
38		○	○	○



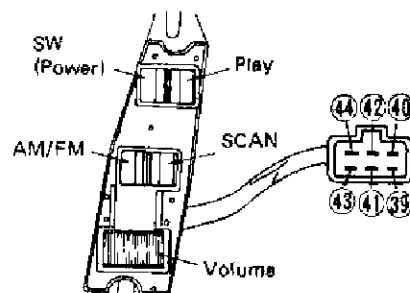
SEL704K

AUDIO SWITCH CHECK

- Check continuity while pressing each switch.

Below 300Ω ... O.K.

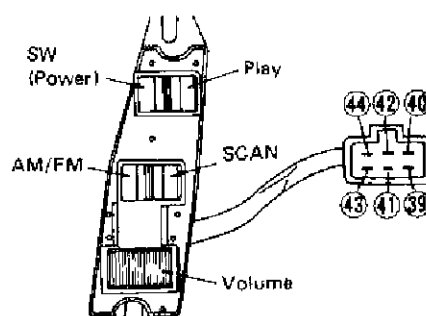
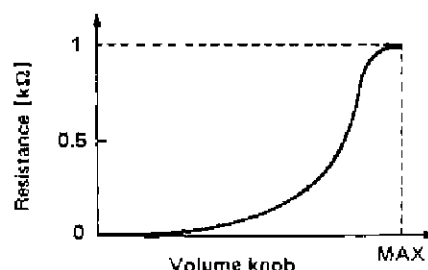
	OFF	SW (Power)	PLAY	SCAN	AM/FM
39		○			
40		—	○		
41		—	—	○	
42		—	—	—	○
44		○	○	○	○



SEL709

VOLUME CHECK

- Measure resistance between terminals 43 and 44 while operating the volume.

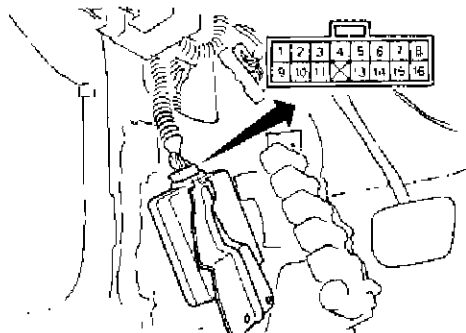


SEL710

STEERING WHEEL SWITCH SYSTEM

A.S.C.D. Control Unit Check

1. Remove A.S.C.D. control unit with harness connected.
2. Check terminal voltage referring to chart below.



SEL736D

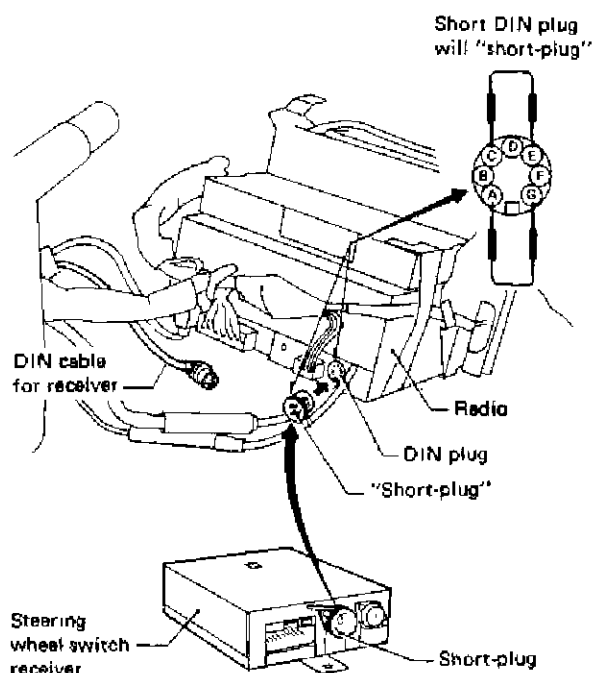
Check item	Voltmeter terminals		Switch condition	Specified voltage [V]
	(+)	(-)		
Power source input	⑭	⑤	A.S.C.D. main switch ON	Approx. 12
Input signal	①	⑤	SET switch ON	Approx. 12
	②	⑤	RESUME switch ON	Approx. 12
	③	⑤	ACCEL switch ON	Approx. 12

Radio Check

1. Remove radio with harness connected.
2. Disconnect DIN cable for steering wheel switch receiver from radio.
3. Remove luggage box.
4. Remove "short-plug" from steering wheel switch receiver.
5. Connect the "short-plug" to radio.
6. Check the sound when the radio is turned on.

The radio is normal if there is sound.

7. After finishing this check, be sure to re-install the "short-plug" on the steering wheel switch receiver.

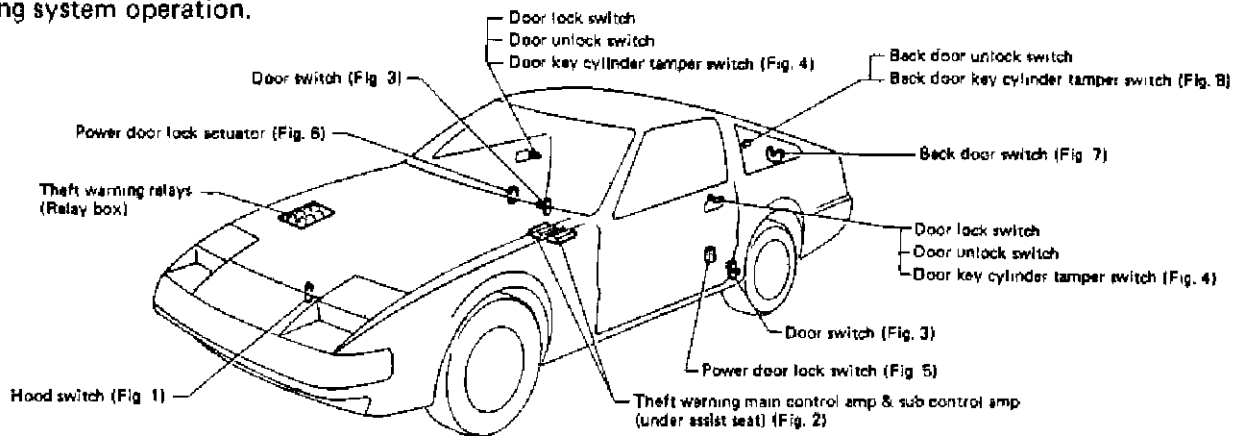


SEL669E

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

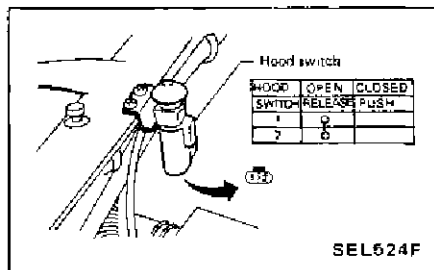
Location of Electrical Units

- When adjusting hood, front door, back door or removing & installing them or switches, check theft warning system operation.

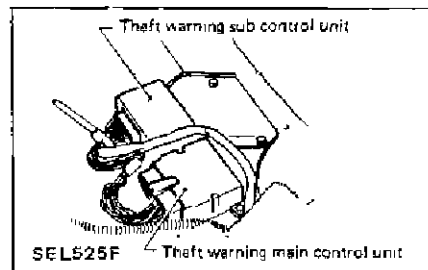


Operation of Switches and Sensors

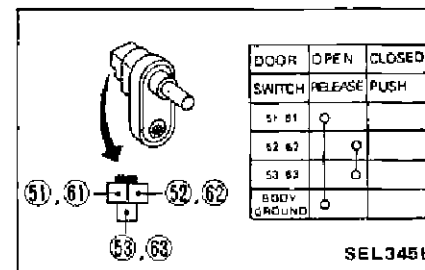
Hood switch (Fig. 1)



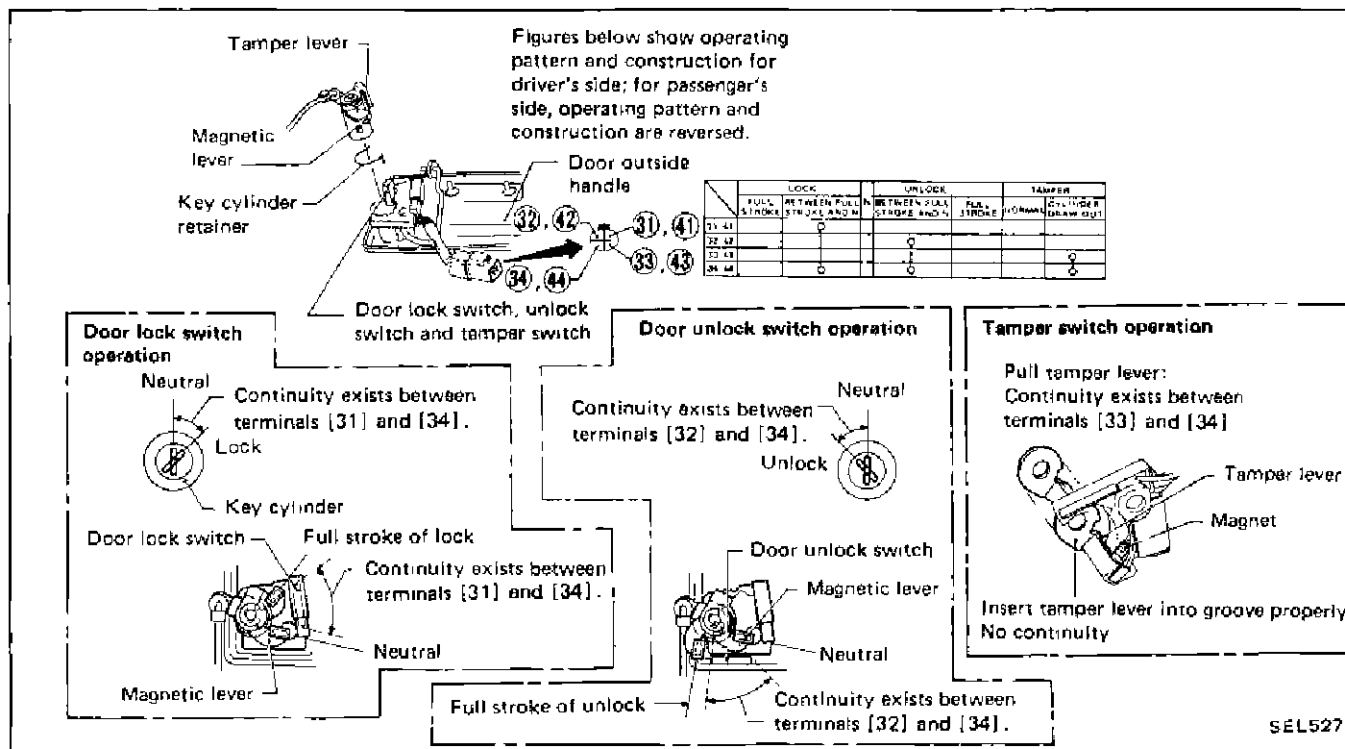
Thrift warning main control unit & sub control unit (Fig. 2)



Door switch (Fig. 3)



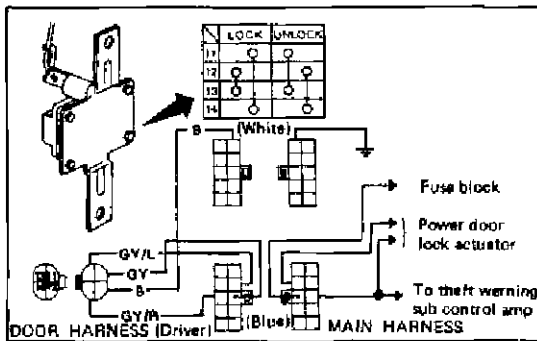
Door lock switch, unlock switch and key cylinder tamper switch (Fig. 4)



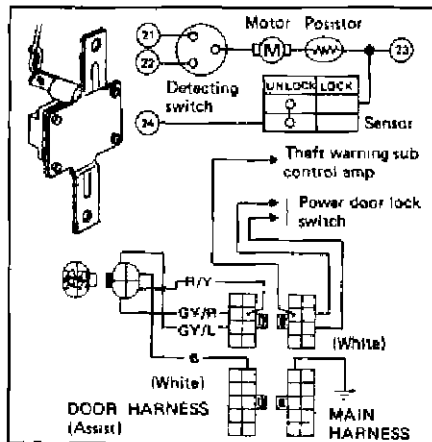
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Operation of Switches and Sensors (Cont'd)

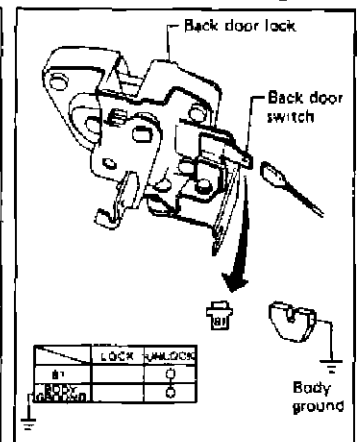
Power door lock switch (Fig. 5)



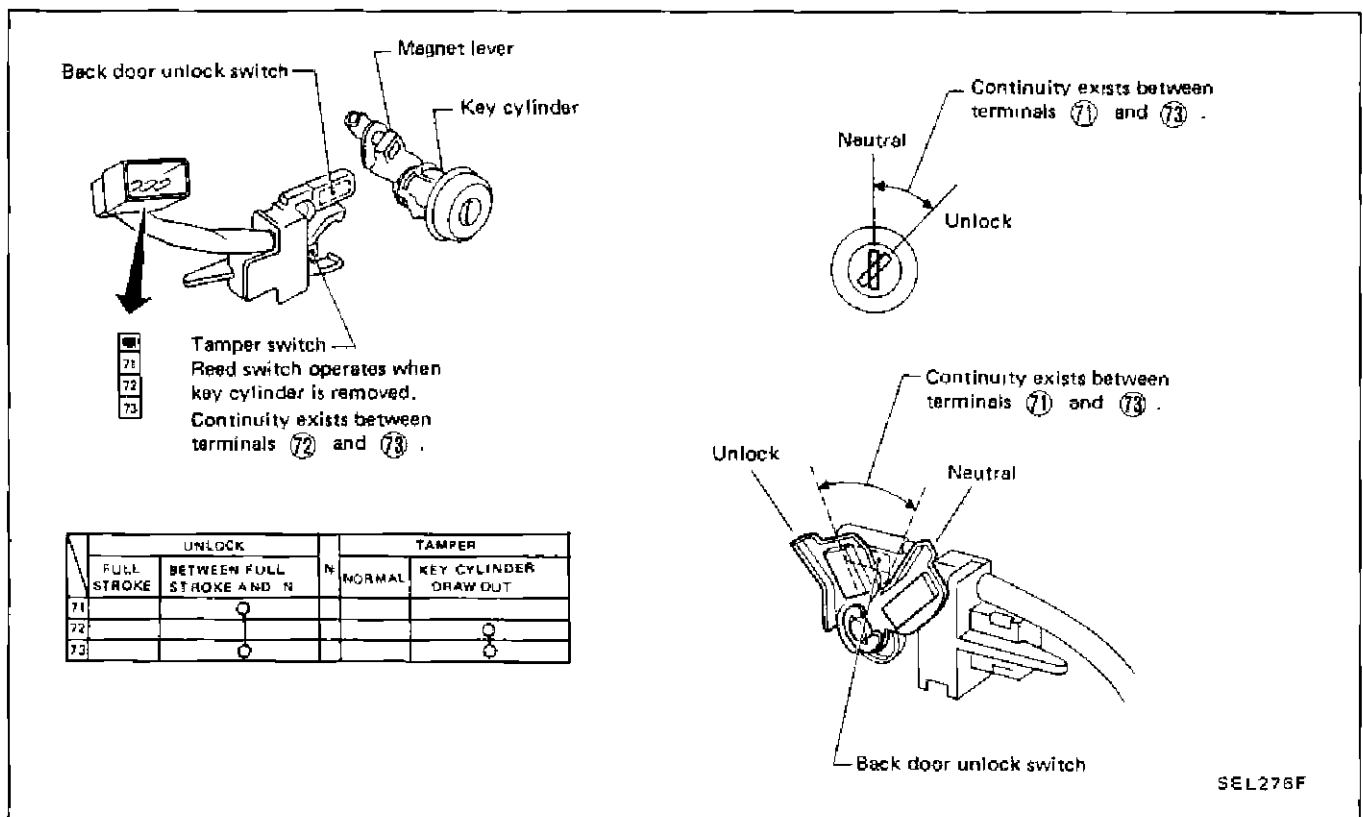
Power door lock actuator (Fig. 6)



Back door switch (Fig. 7)

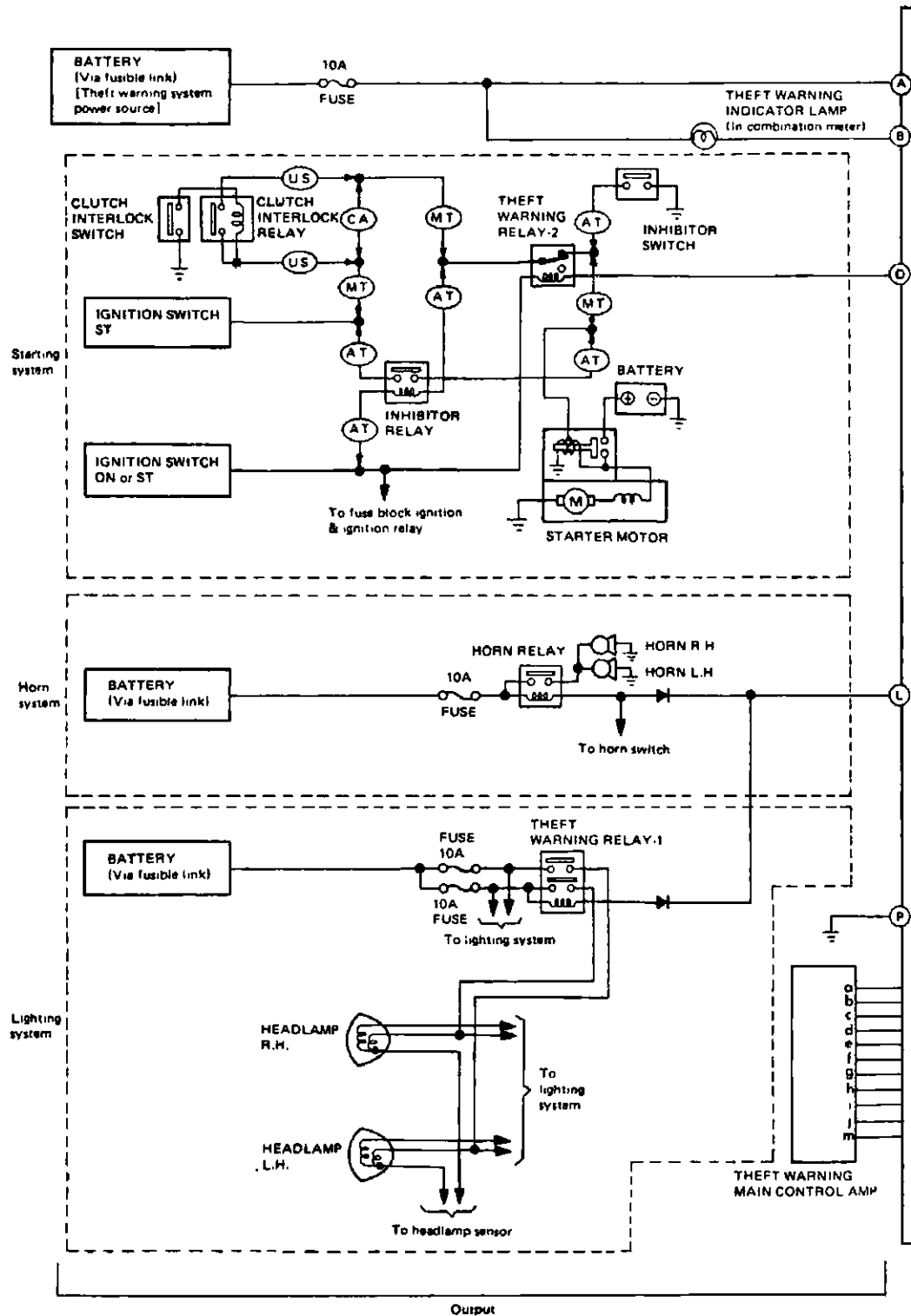


Back door unlock & key cylinder tamper switch (Fig. 8)



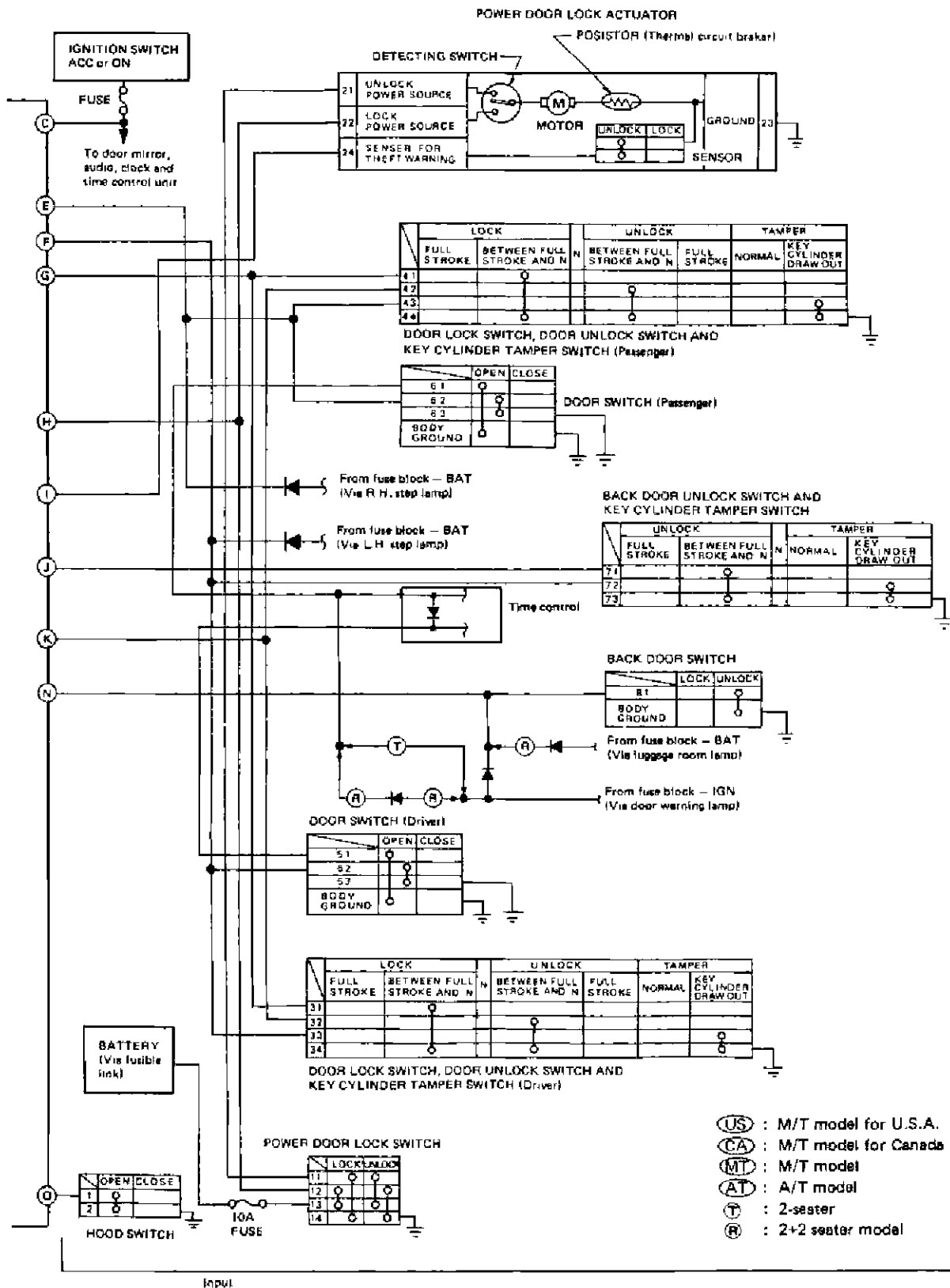
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Schematic



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

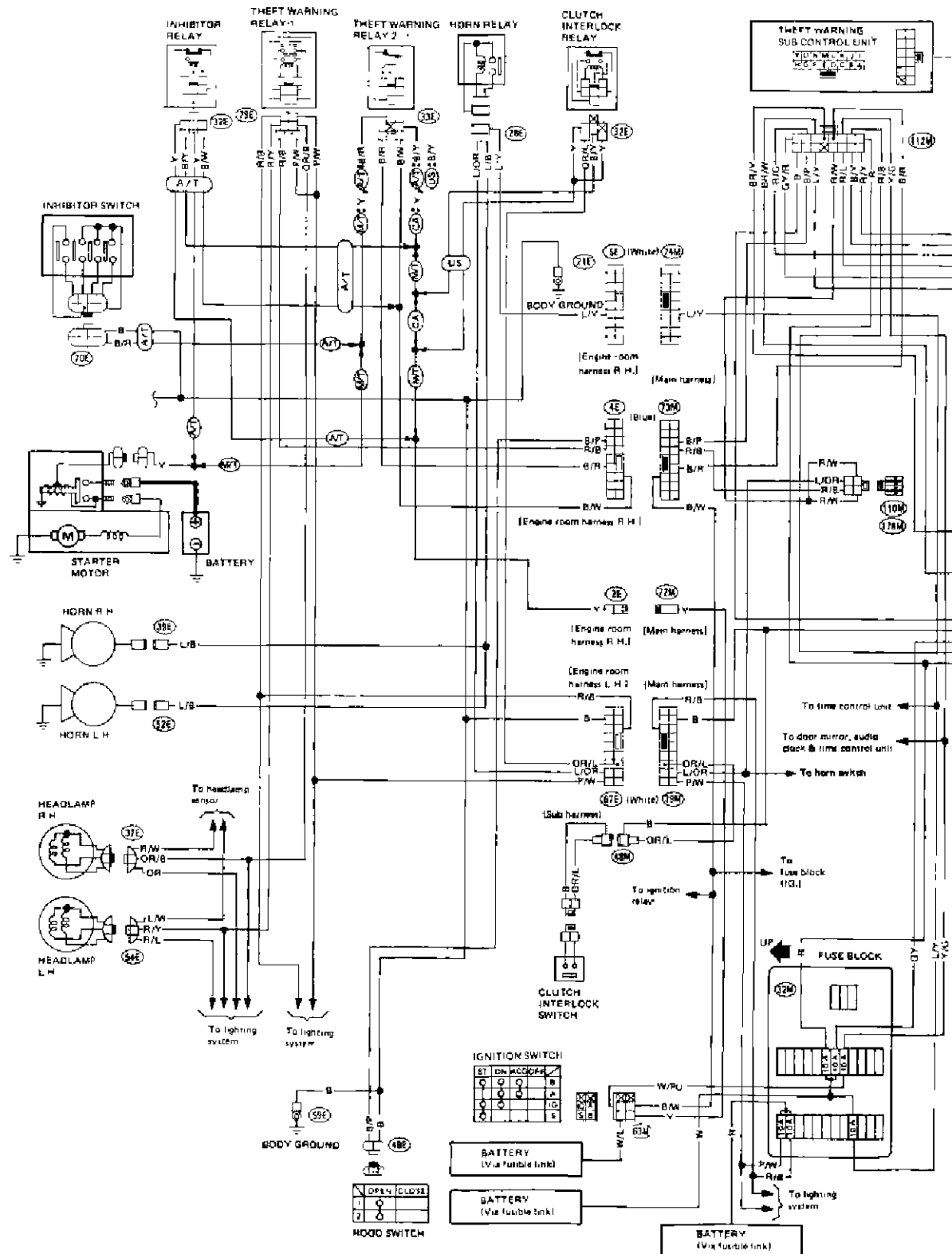
Schematic (Cont'd)



SEL627K

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram



Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)



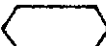
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting

- During trouble-shooting, if "checks ① – ④, ⑥" are indicated, be sure to refer to "checks ① – ④, ⑥" in the "Terminal check". (Refer to pages EL-168 - EL-170.)
- During trouble-shooting, if the cause of trouble is found to be due to "Faulty sub-control unit, Faulty main control unit or Faulty adapter harness", be sure to refer to "Control Unit Inspection".

Contents

No.	INCIDENT: The theft warning system responds in one of these ways.		Refer to TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE:
1	Indicator lamp	does not blink (Remains out).	IND ①
2		remains blinking.	IND ②
3		does not come on (1).	IND ③
4		does not come on (2).	IND ④
5		remains lit.	IND ⑤
6		does not go out (Comes on).	IND ⑥
7		does not go out (Remains lit).	IND ⑦
8	Armed	is set even if ignition switch is in ACC or ON position.	ARM ①
9		is set even if at least one of doors is unlocked.	ARM ②
10		is set even if at least one of doors is open.	ARM ③
11		is not set (Armed phase).	ARM ④
12	Alarm	is given without any cause.	ALR ①
13		does not operate (Alarm phase).	ALR ②
14		does not stop (Alarm continues for over 4 minutes).	ALR ③
15		does not stop even if stop signal is given.	ALR ④
16		stops too soon.	ALR ⑤
17		continues (Alarm is not intermittent).	ALR ⑥
18	Starter motor	cannot operate (Except alarm phase).	ST ①
19		can operate (Starter killed phase).	ST ②

• Symbol:  : Action  : Judgment  : Probable cause

- "Armed phase" means that approx. 30 seconds have passed (Indicator lamp goes out) since locking and closing all doors.
- "Alarm phase" means that the horn sounds and the headlamps blink intermittently.
- "Starter killed phase" means that the starter does not work until one door is unlocked with the key after the alarm has sounded.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

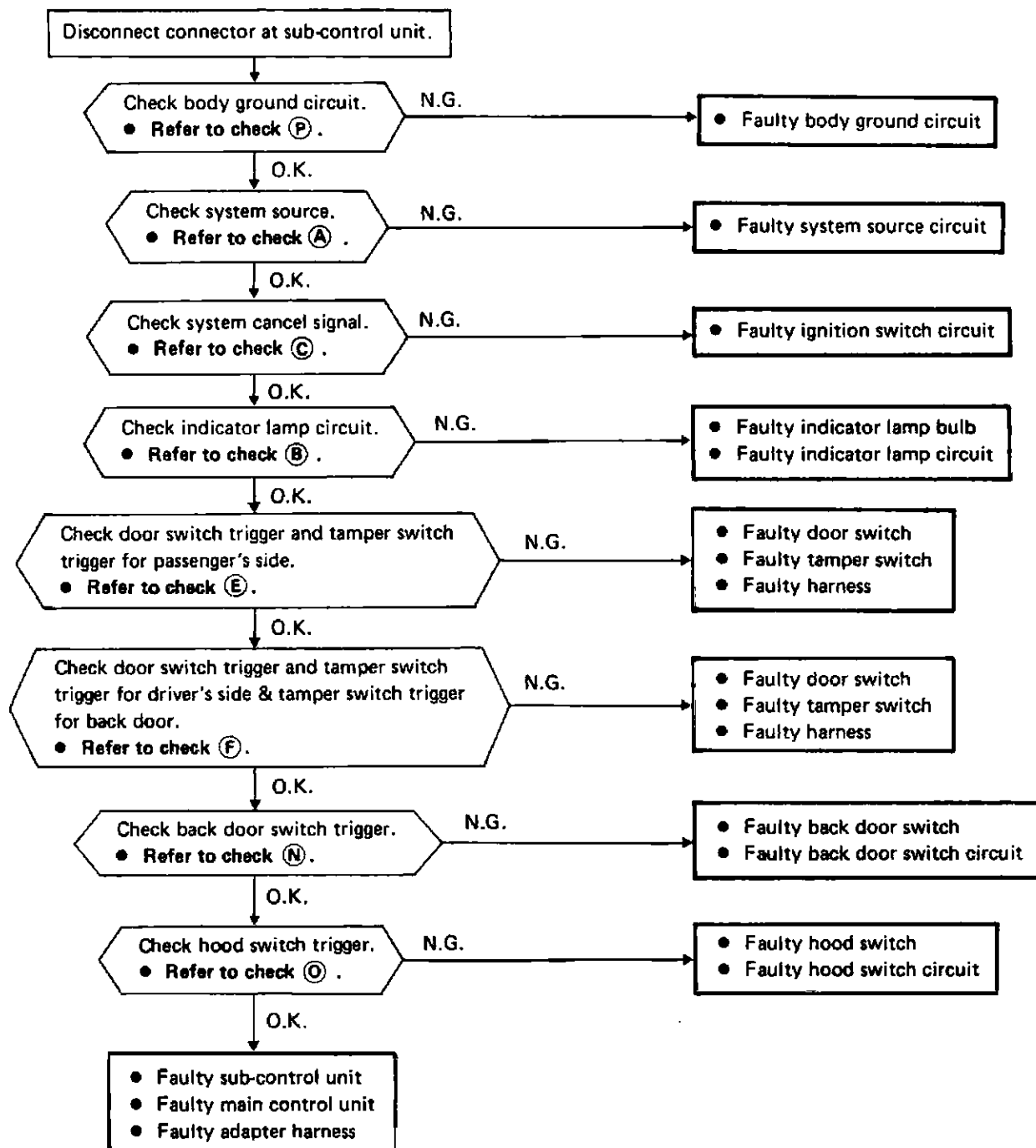
Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

CUSTOMER COMPLAINT

1. Indicator lamp does not blink (Remains out).

- Ignition switch OFF
- At least one of the doors, hood, or back door is open.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ①



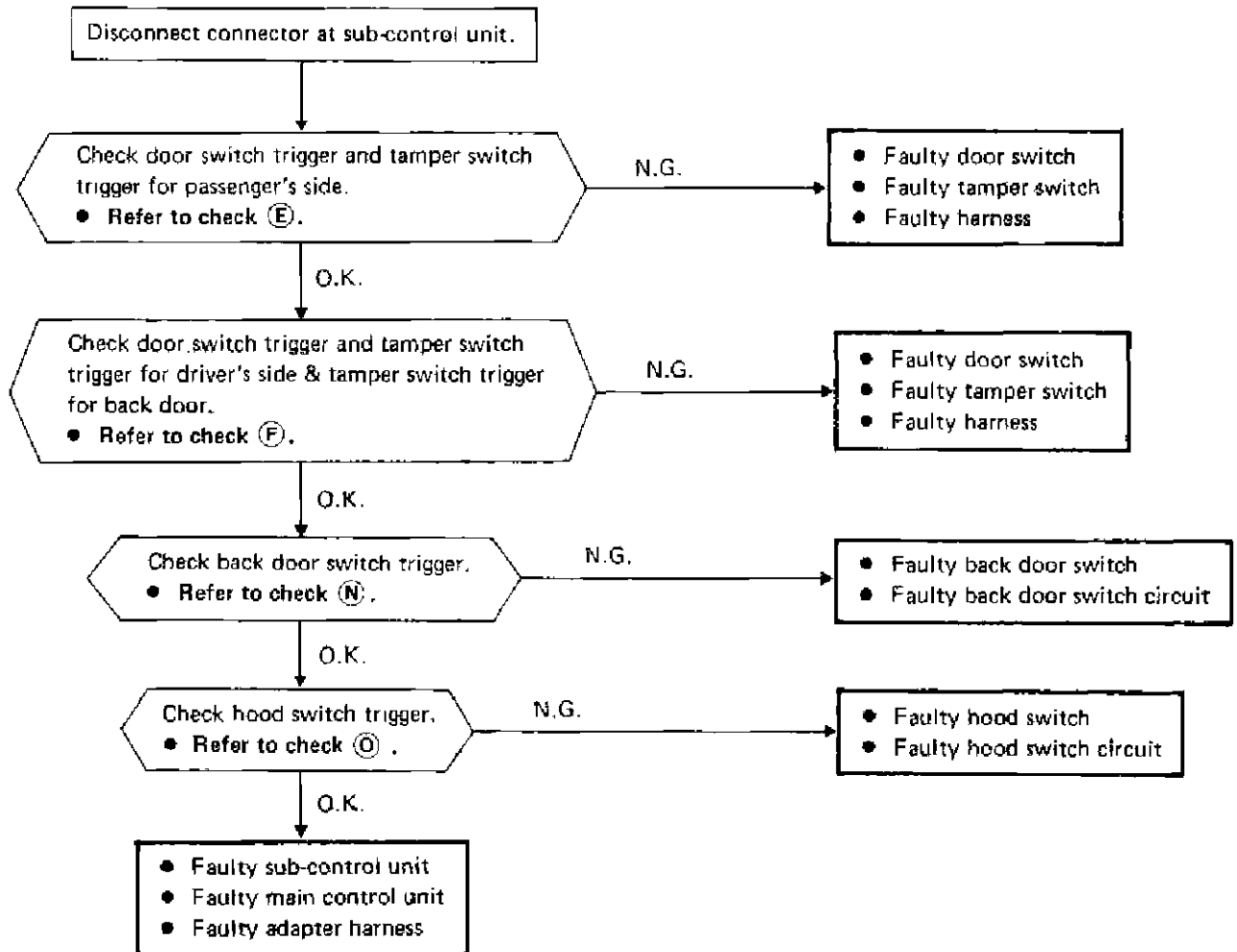
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

2. Indicator lamp remains blinking.

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors, hood and back door are closed.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ②



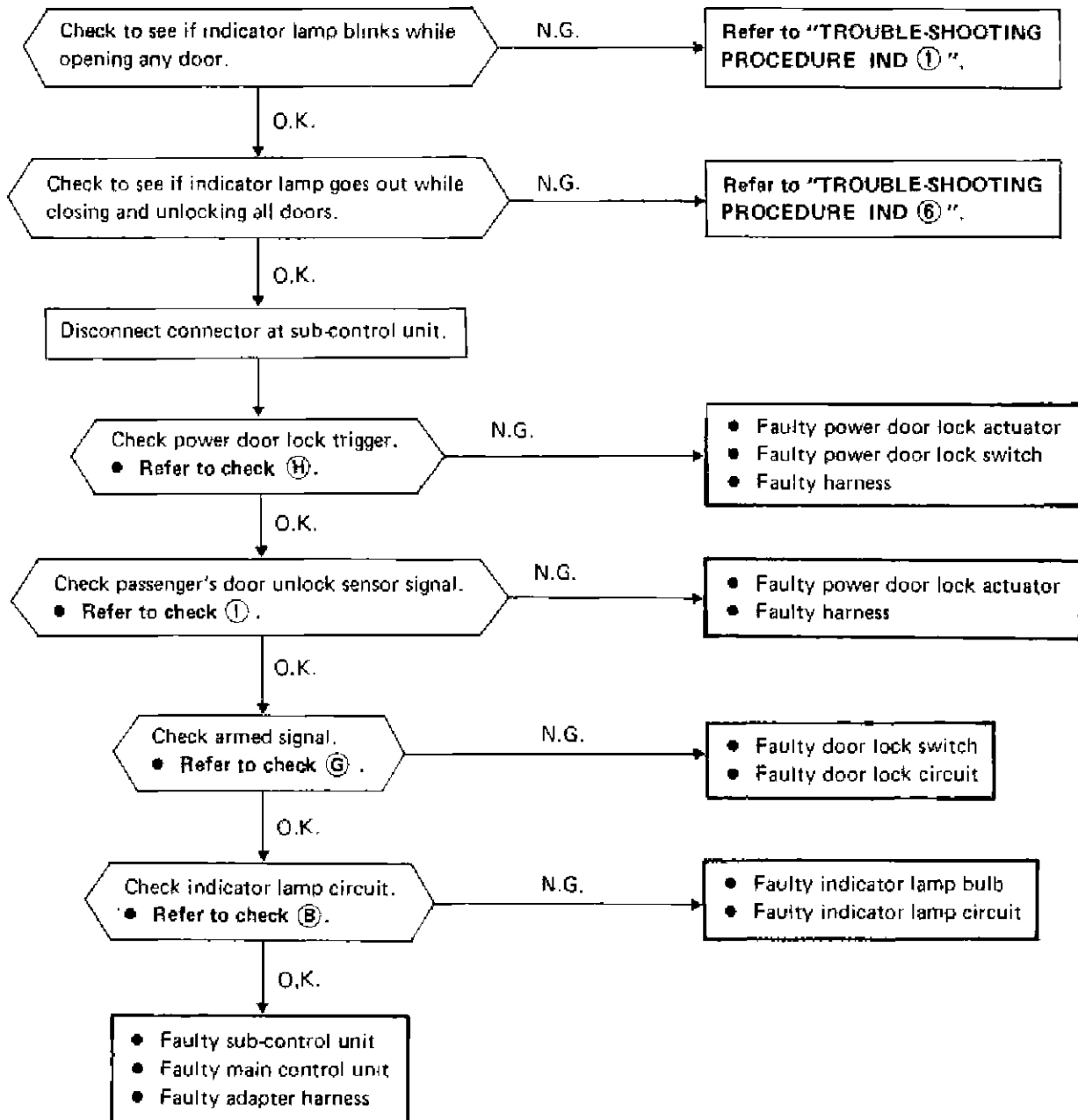
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

3. Indicator lamp does not come on (1).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors, hood and back door are closed.
- After closing all doors, doors are locked with key.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ③



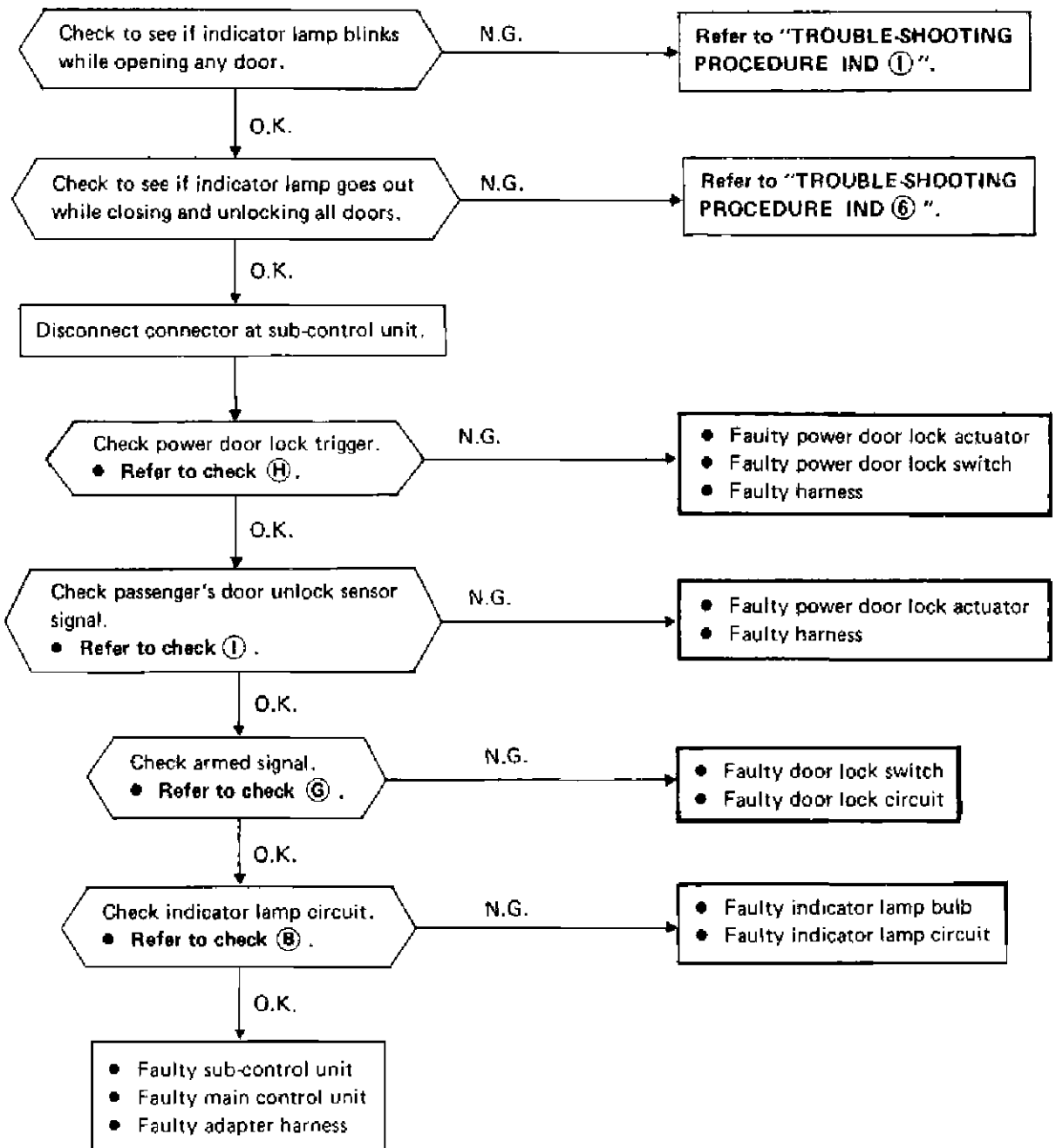
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

4. Indicator lamp does not come on (2).

- Ignition switch OFF
- After closing hood and back door, lock and close all doors without key. Or after locking and closing all doors, close hood and back door.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ④



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

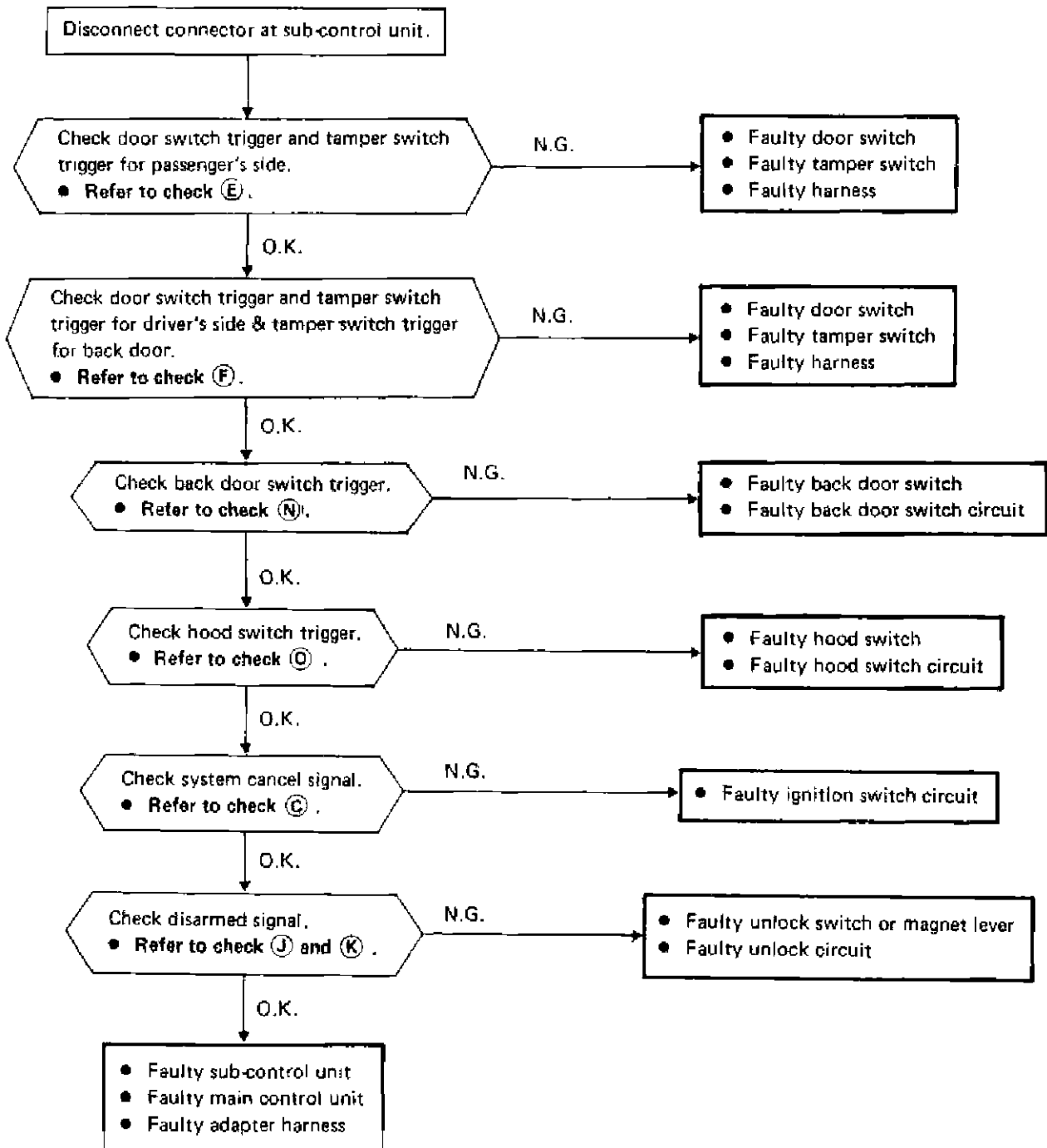
5. Indicator lamp remains lit.

- Ignition switch OFF
- At least one of the door is open or unlocked.

or

- Reset the armed phase.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑤



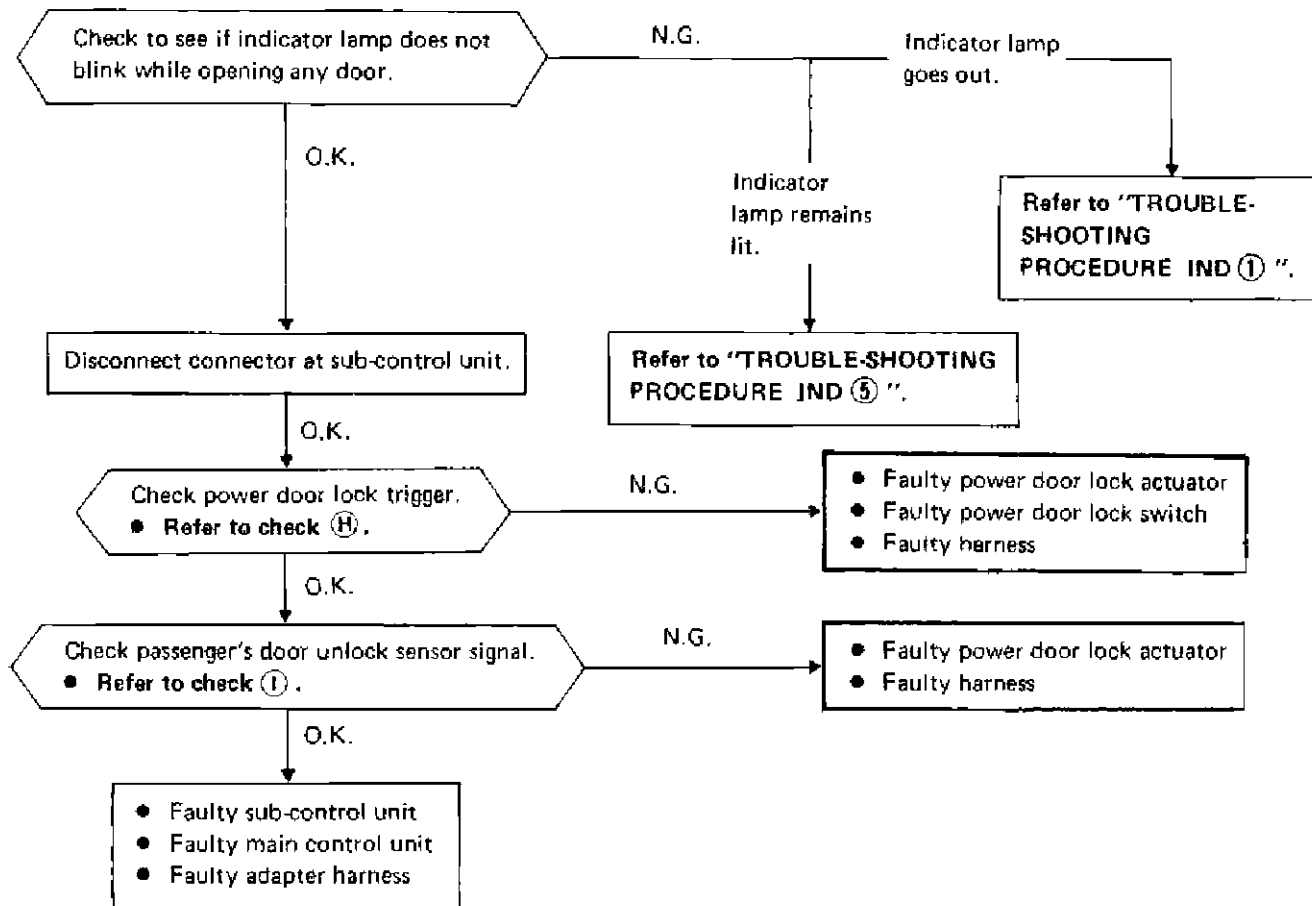
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

6. Indicator lamp does not go out (Comes on).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors close and at least one of the doors unlocks.

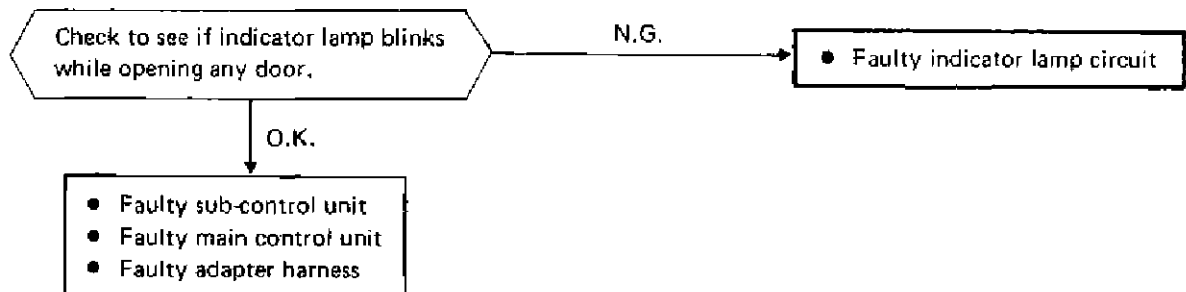
TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑥



7. Indicator lamp does not go out (Remains lit).

- Ignition switch OFF.
- More than 30 seconds have passed after closing and locking all doors.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE IND ⑦

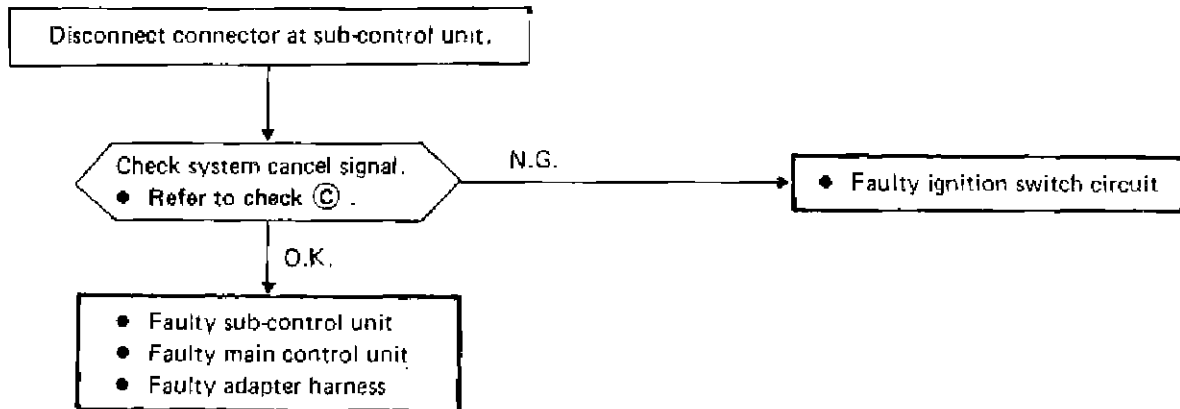


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

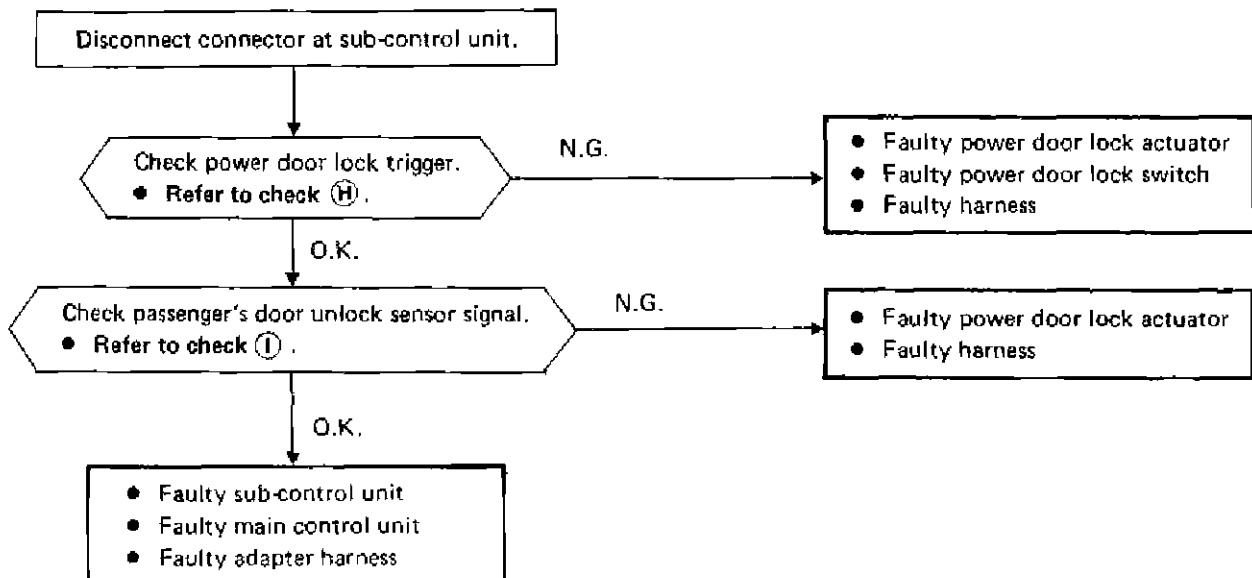
8. Armed is set, even if ignition switch is in ACC or ON position.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ①



9. Armed is set, even if at least one of the doors is unlocked.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ②

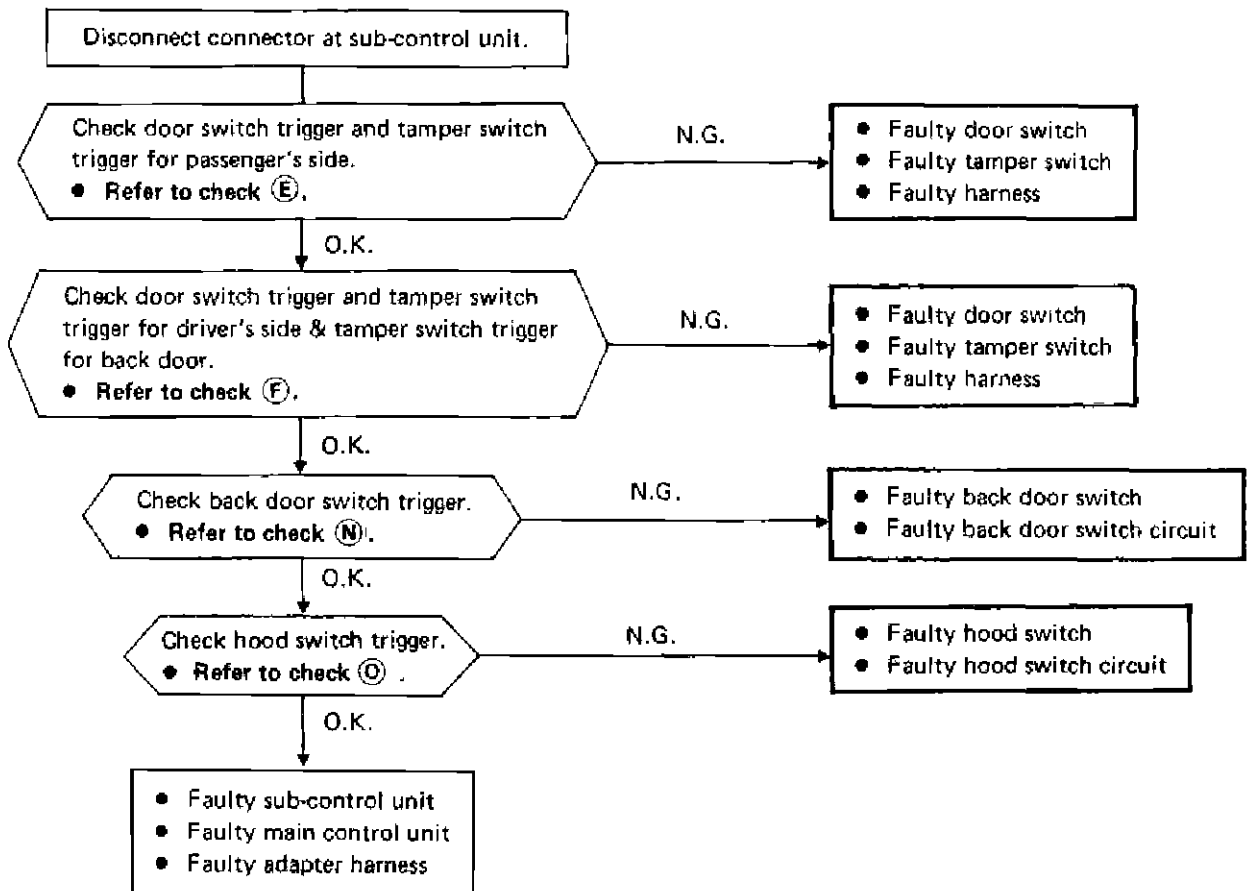


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

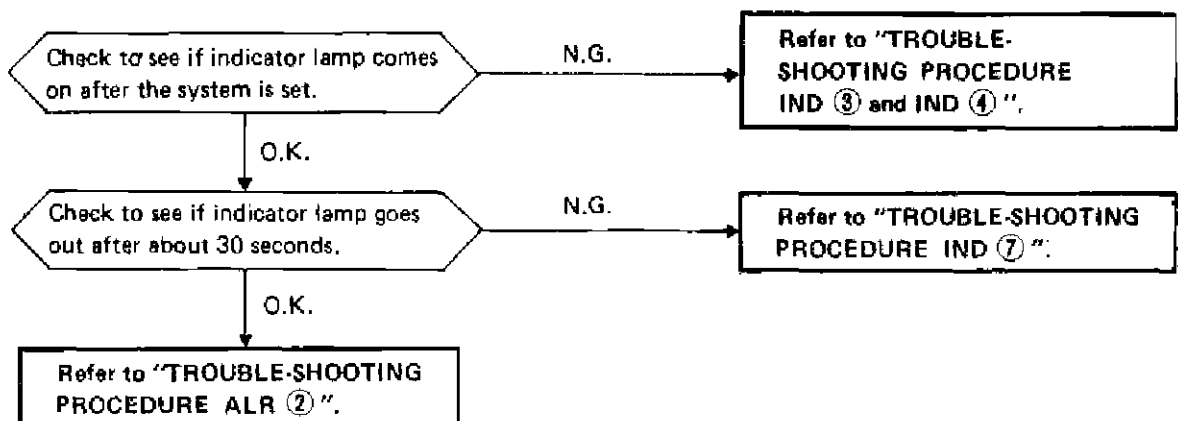
10. Armed is set, even if at least one of the doors is open.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ③



11. Armed is not set, even if ignition switch is in OFF position and all doors are closed and locked.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ARM ④



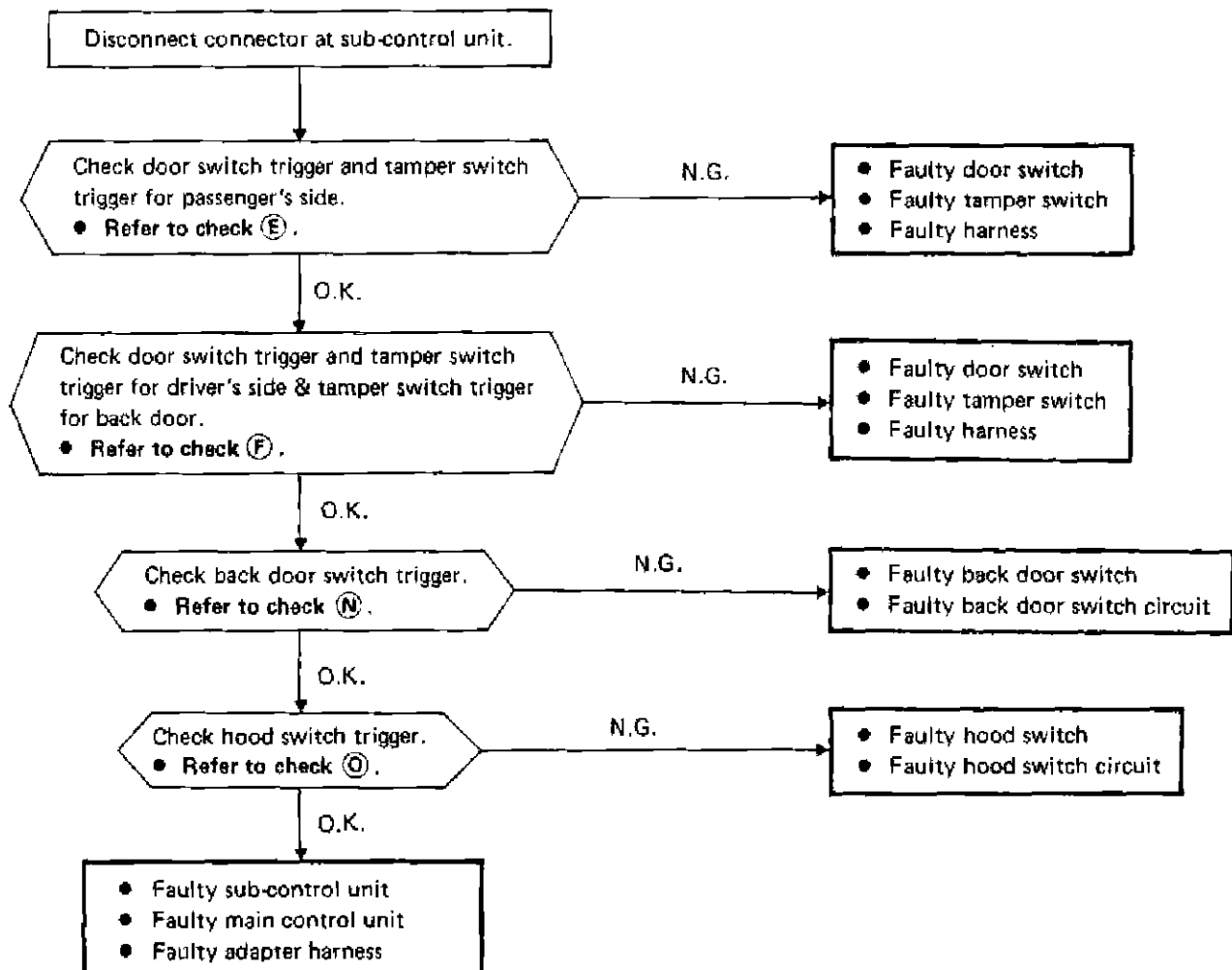
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

12. Alarm is given without any cause.

- Ignition switch OFF
- Doors locked and closed

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ①

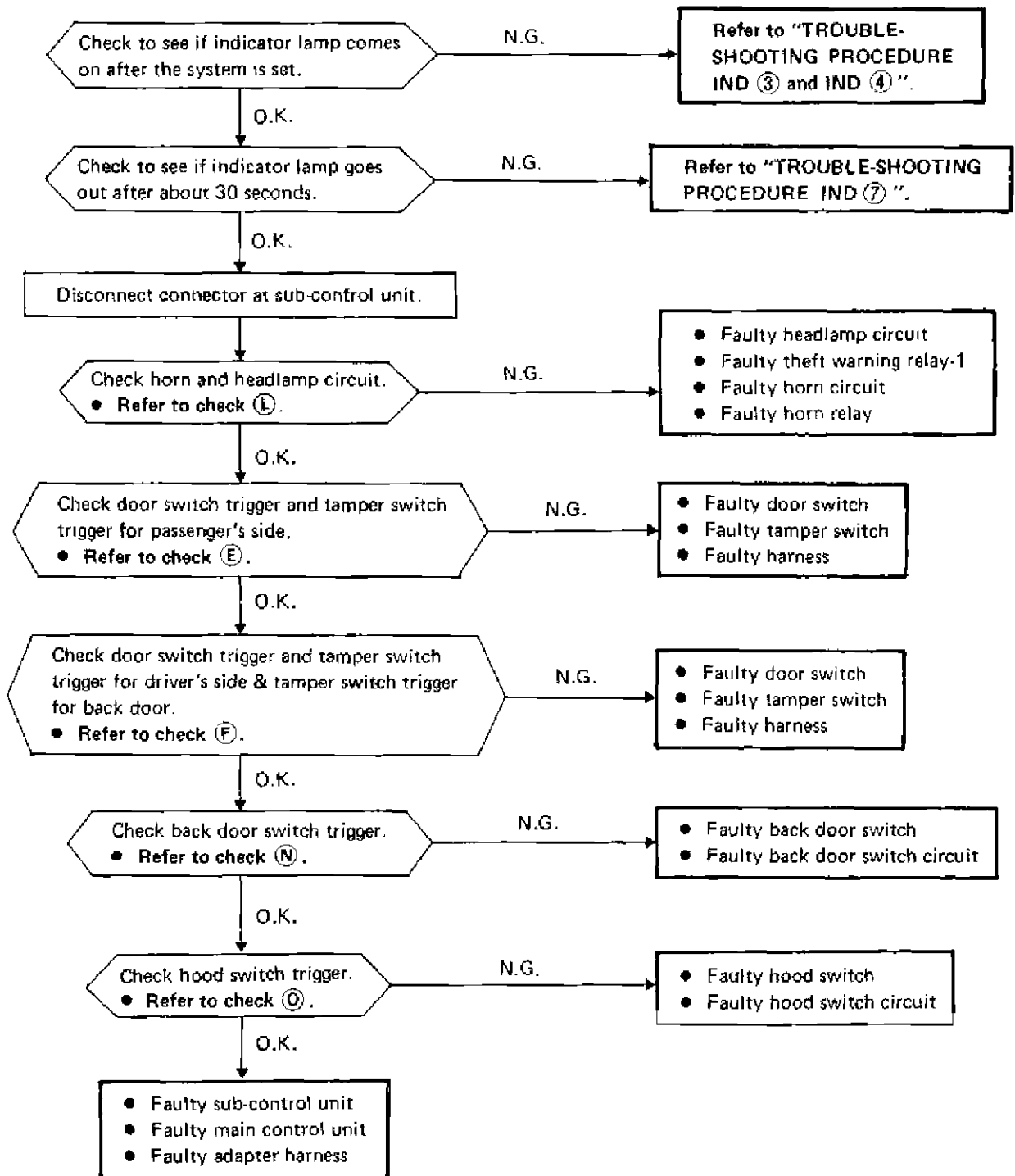


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

13. Alarm does not operate, even if any door is opened without key or any key cylinder is drawn out.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ②



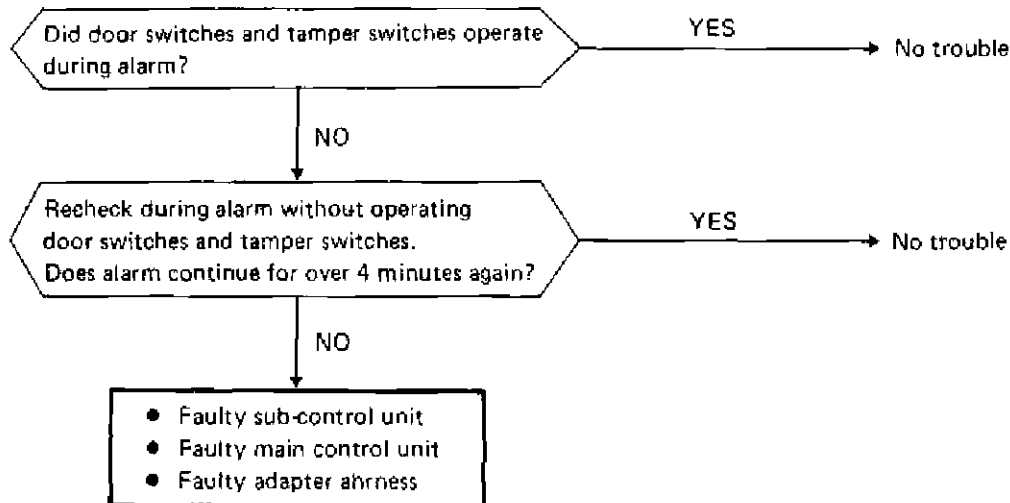
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

14. Alarm does not stop (Alarm continues for over 4 minutes).

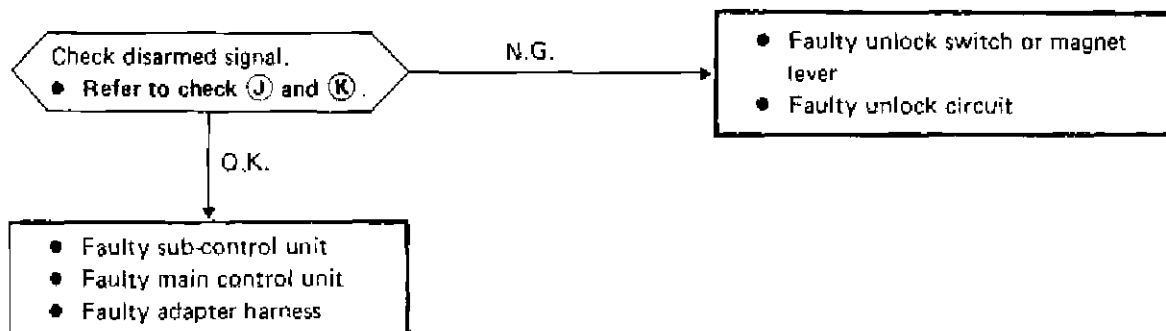
- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ③



15. Alarm does not stop, even if any door or back door is unlocked with key or code number of keyless entry system is put in.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ④



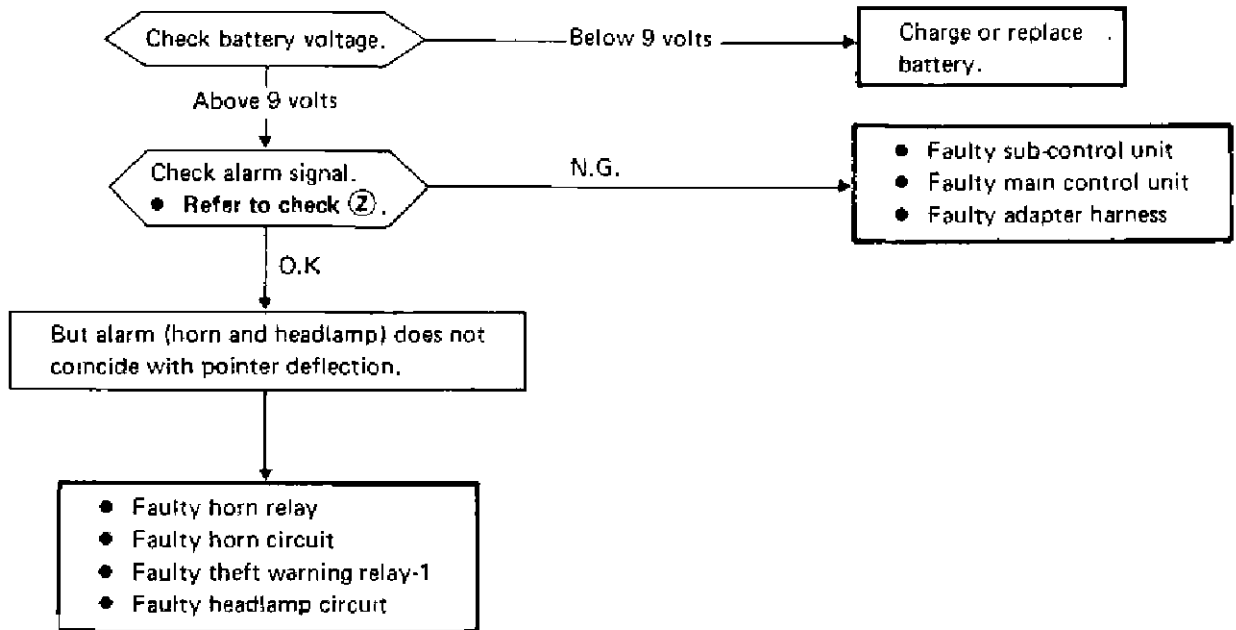
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

16. Alarm stops too soon (Alarm does not continue for 2 to 4 minutes).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

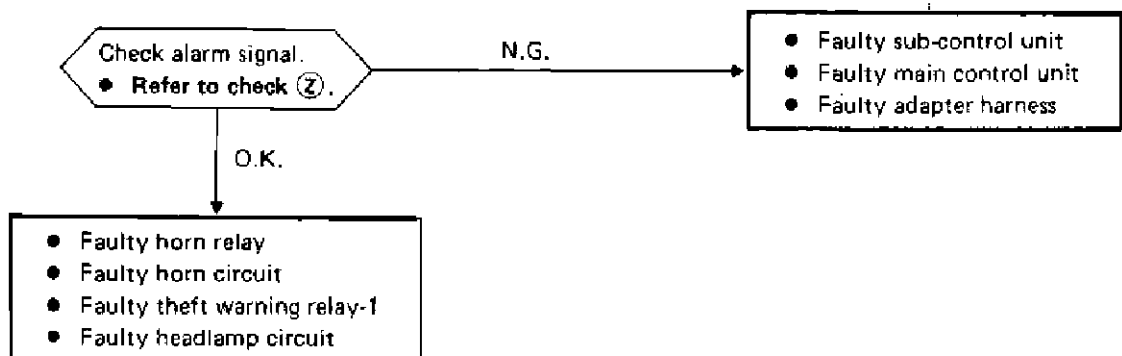
TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ⑤



17. Alarm continues (Alarm is not intermittent).

- Ignition switch OFF
- Alarm phase

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ALR ⑥



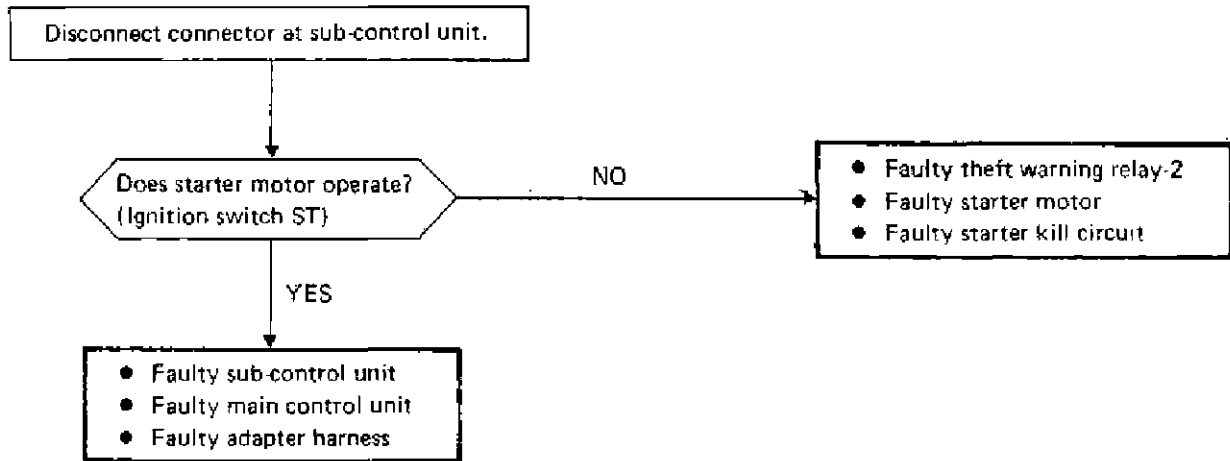
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble-shooting (Cont'd)

18. Starter motor does not operate (Except alarm phase).

- Ignition switch ST

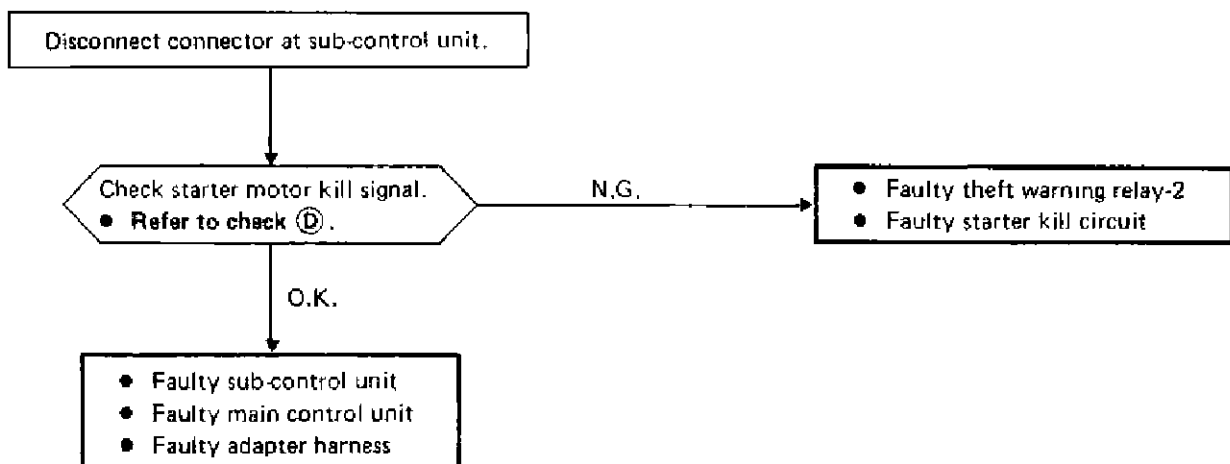
TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ST ①



19. Starter motor operates (Starter killed phase).

- Ignition switch ST

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE ST ②



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check



Terminal arrangement of connector for theft warning sub-control unit (View from harness side)

Check table of connector terminals for sub-control unit. (Disconnect connector at sub-control unit)

Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N.G., check
A	System source	Fuse box	Battery voltage should come between [A] and body ground	10A fuse, Harness
B	Security lamp operating control	Fuse box (Through security lamp)	Ground [B], security lamp should come on.	10A fuse, Harness, Bulb of security lamp
C	System cancel signal	Fuse box	Battery voltage should come between [C] and body ground when key is in A cc or ON.	10A fuse, Harness
D	Starter kill	Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-2)	Ground [D] starter should not operate.	Theft warning relay-2, Harness, Inhibitor relay (A/T), Inhibitor switch (A/T)
E	Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for passenger's side	Passenger's door switch and tamper switch	Battery voltage should come between [E] and body ground when passenger's door is closed. Zero voltage between [E] and body ground when passenger's door is open. Battery voltage between [E] and body ground when passenger's tamper switch is installed to key cylinder when passenger's door is closed.	Door switch, Tamper switch, Harness
F	Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger of driver's side. Tamper switch trigger of back door.	Driver's door switch and tamper switch. Back door tamper switch.	Battery voltage should come between [F] and body ground when driver's door is closed. Zero voltage between [F] and body ground when driver's door is open. Battery voltage should come between [F] and body ground when driver's and back door tamper switches are installed to key cylinders (when driver's door is closed).	Door switch, Tamper switch, Harness
G	Arm signal	Door lock switches.	Continuity exists between [G] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of lock.	Door lock switch, Harness

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check (Cont'd)

Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N.G., check
H	Power door lock trigger	Power door lock switch	Battery voltage should come between [H] and body ground when driver's door is locked. Zero voltage between [H] and body ground when driver's door is unlocked.	Power door lock actuator, Power door lock switch
I	Passenger's door unlock sensor signal	Power door lock actuator	Continuity exists between [I] and body ground when passenger's door is unlocked. No continuity between [I] and body ground when passenger's door is locked.	Power door lock actuator
J	Disarm signal Back door	Back door unlock switch	Continuity exists between [J] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of unlock.	Unlock switch, Harness
K	Disarm signal (Driver's and passenger's doors)	Door unlock switches	Continuity exists between [K] and body ground when key stops between neutral and full stroke of unlock.	Unlock switch, Harness
L	Alarm signal	Fuse box (Through horn relay) Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-1)	Ground [L], horn should sound and headlamp should come on.	Horn relay, Theft warning relay-1, 15A, 10A fuse, Harness
N	Back door switch trigger	Back door switch	Battery voltage should come between [N] and body ground when back door is closed. Zero voltage between [N] and body ground when back door is open.	Back door switch, Harness
O	Hood switch trigger	Hood switch	No continuity between [O] and body ground when hood is closed. Continuity exists between [O] and body ground when hood is open.	Hood switch, Harness
P	System ground	Body ground	Continuity exists between [P] and body ground.	Body ground terminal, Harness

Connect connector to sub-control unit

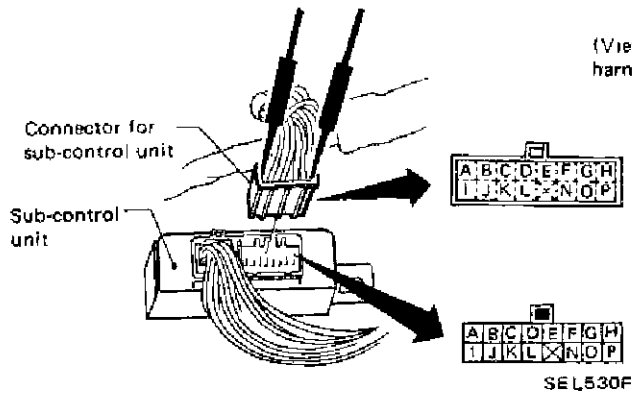
Terminal	Function	From	Normal operation	If N.G., check
L (Check ②)	Alarm signal	Fuse box (Through horn relay) Fuse box (Through theft warning relay-1)	Pointer deflection should come intermittently under alarm phase.	Sub-control unit, Main control unit, Adapter harness

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

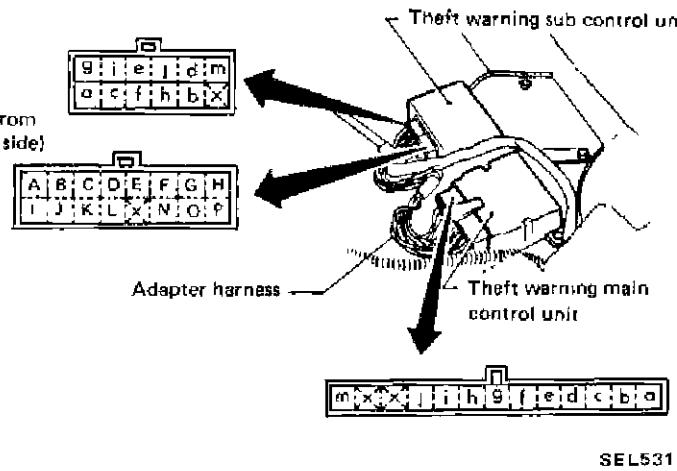
Terminal Check (Cont'd)

Preparation for check

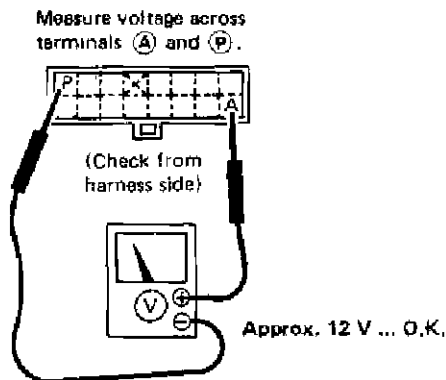
- Disconnect body harness connector at sub-control unit. (Except check ②)



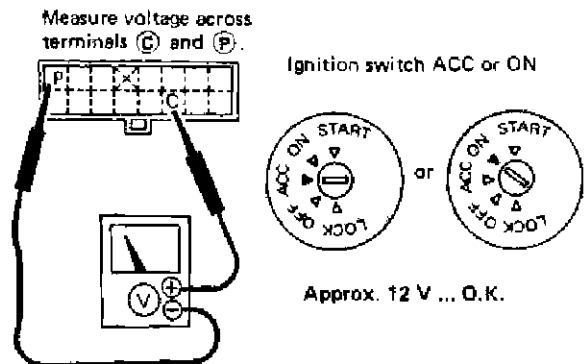
Terminal arrangement for check (View from harness side)



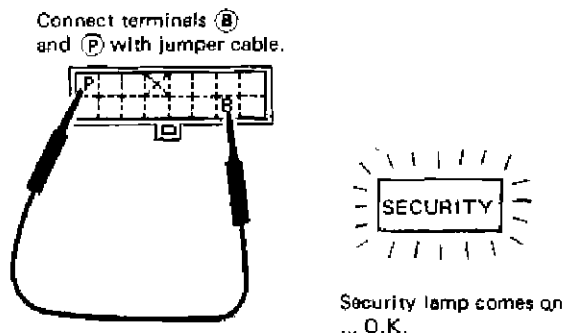
CHECK ① ... System source check



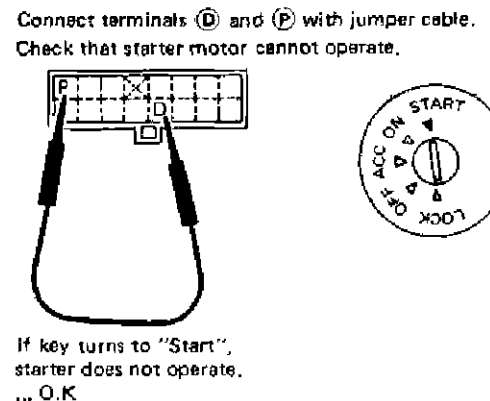
CHECK ③ ... System cancel signal check



CHECK ② ... Security lamp circuit check



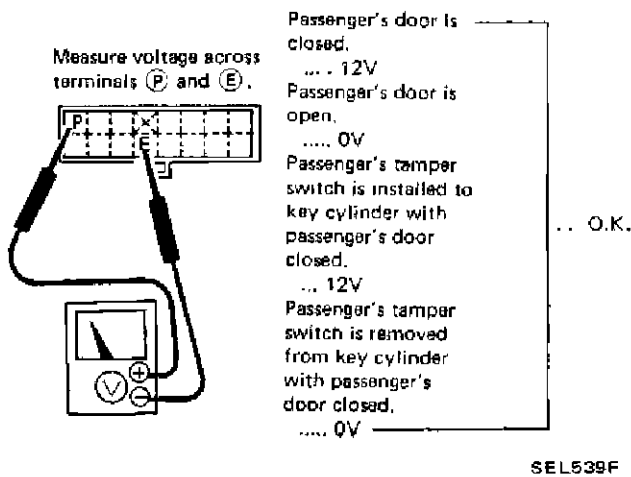
CHECK ④ ... Starter kill signal check



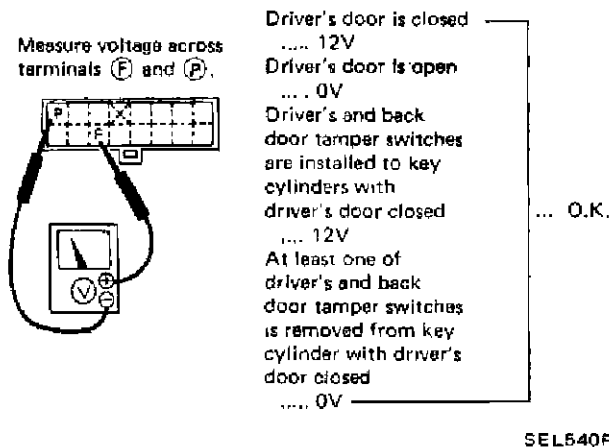
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check (Cont'd)

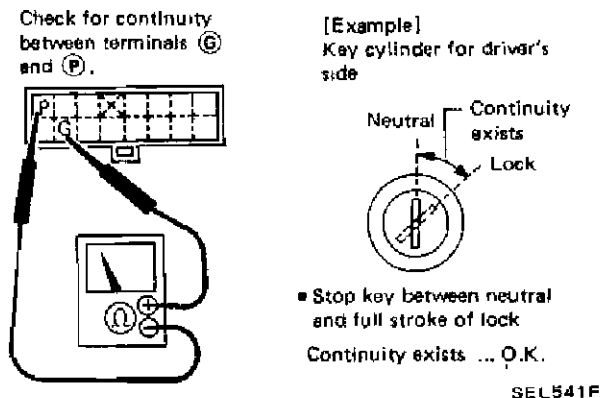
CHECK ⑤ ... Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for passenger's side



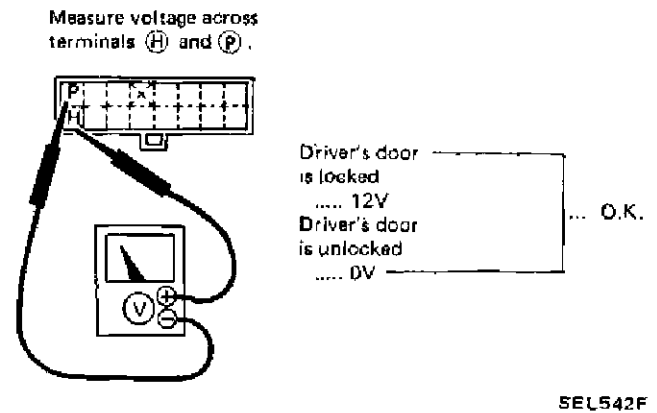
CHECK ⑥ ... Door switch trigger and tamper switch trigger for driver's side & tamper switch trigger for back door



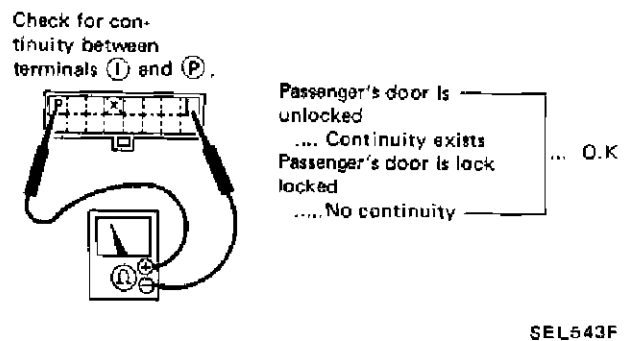
CHECK ⑦ ... Arm signal check



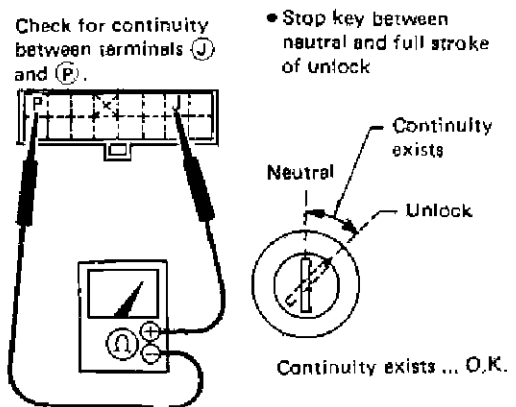
CHECK ⑧ ... Power door lock trigger



CHECK ⑨ ... Passenger's door unlock sensor signal



CHECK ⑩ ... Disarm signal of back door unlock switch check



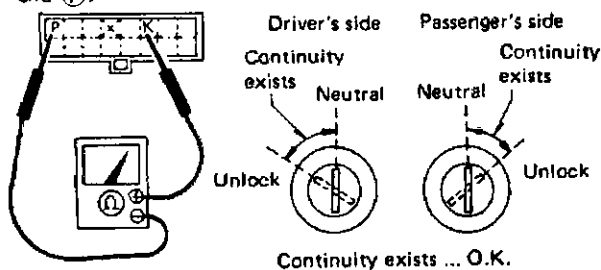
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Terminal Check (Cont'd)

CHECK (K) ... Disarm signal of door unlock switch check

Check for continuity between terminals (K) and (P).

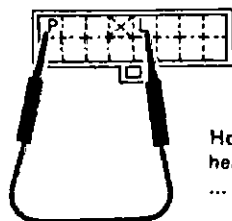
• Stop key between neutral and full stroke of unlock.



SEL544F

CHECK (L) ... Alarm check

Connect terminals (L) and (P) with jumper cable.

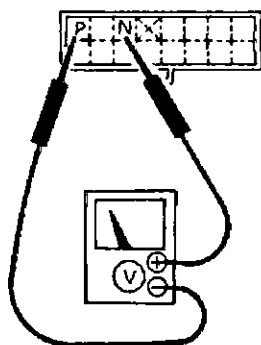


Horn sounds and headlamps come on ... O.K.

SEL545F

CHECK (N) ... Back door switch trigger check

Measure voltage across terminals (N) and (P).

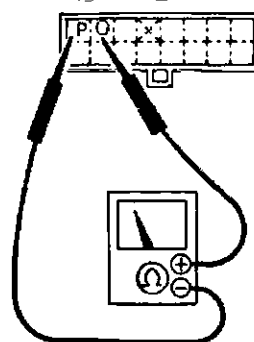


Back door is open ... 0V exists
Back door is closed ... 12V continuity ... O.K.

SEL546F

CHECK (O) ... Hood switch trigger check

Check for continuity between terminals (O) and (P).

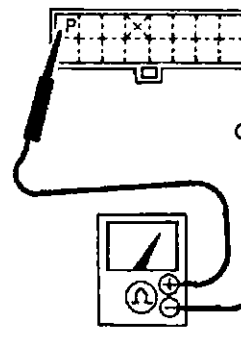


Hood is open ... Continuity exists
Hood is closed ... No continuity ... O.K.

SEL547F

CHECK (P) ... Body ground circuit check

Check for continuity between terminals (P) and body.

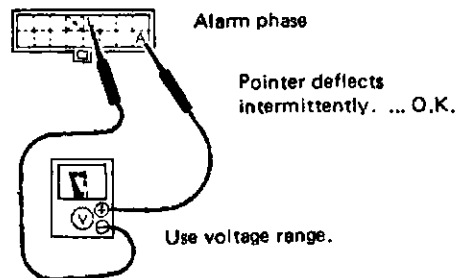
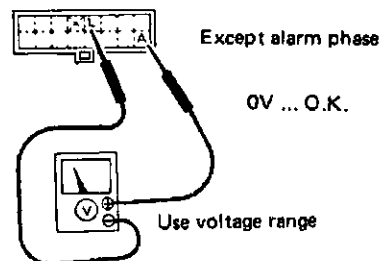


Continuity exists ... O.K.

SEL548F

CHECK (Z) ... Alarm signal check

1. Connect connector to theft warning sub-control unit.
2. Connect between terminals (A) and (L).



SEL549F

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check

CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION

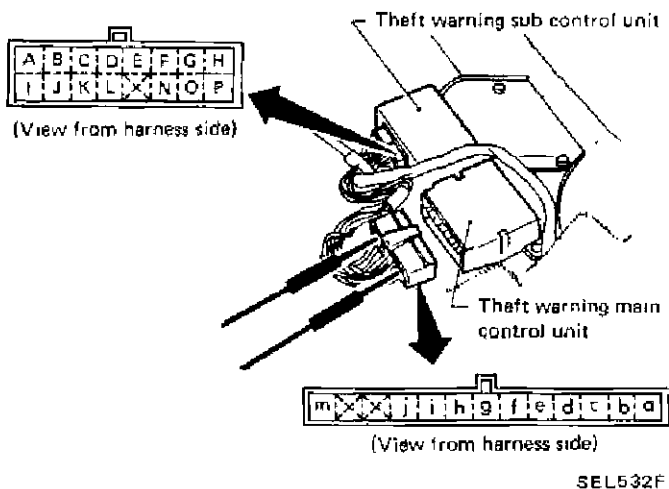
- This inspection is available only when the cause of trouble in "Trouble-shooting" is due to a "faulty sub-control unit" or "faulty main control unit" or "faulty adapter harness".
- This inspection should be carried out with adapter harness disconnected at main control unit. When disconnecting adapter harness, first disconnect battery ground cable. Be sure to reconnect battery ground cable afterwards.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. (O.K.) in following checks indicates "Replace main control unit" and (N.G.) indicates "Replace sub-control unit or "Replace adapter harness".
2. In case of (N.G.), check adapter harness referring to "Adapter harness check".
3. If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing sub-control unit, replace main control unit.

Preparation for check

Disconnect adapter harness at main control unit.



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

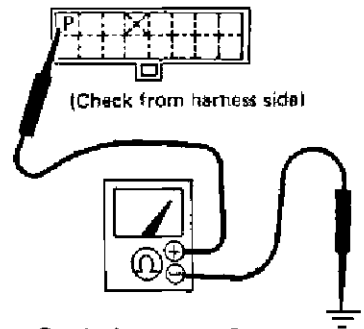
Check (a) ... Ground circuit check

Check for continuity between terminals sub-control unit (P) and body.

N.G.

Faulty ground circuit

O.K.



SEL550F

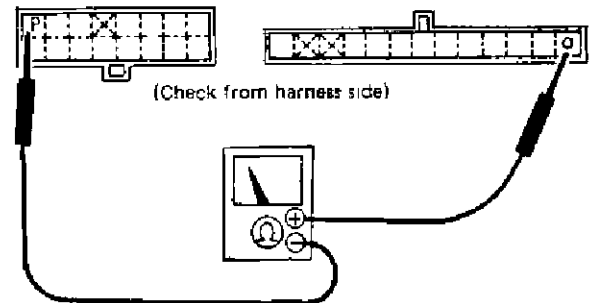
Check for continuity terminals (a) and sub-control unit (P).

N.G.

(N.G.) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

O.K.

(O.K.) Replace main control unit.



SEL551F

Check (b) ... Door unlock signal check

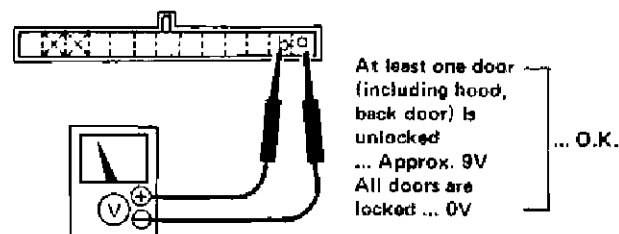
Measure voltage across terminals (b) and (a).

N.G.

(N.G.) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

O.K.

(O.K.) Replace main control unit.



SEL311F

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check ③ ... Hood signal check

Connect ③ and ④ with jumper cable.

Open hood.

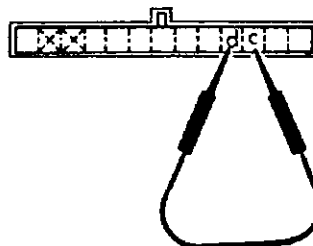
Does indicator lamp come on?

NO

(N.G.) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

YES

(O.K.) Replace main control unit.



SEL312F

Check ④ ... Indicator lamp circuit check

Connect ④ and ⑤ with jumper cable.

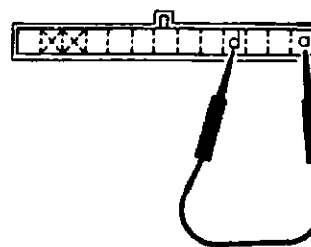
Does indicator lamp come on?

NO

(N.G.) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

YES

(O.K.) Replace main control unit.



SEL313F

Check ⑤ ... Starter kill signal check

Connect ⑤ and ⑥ with jumper cable.

Turn ignition switch to ST.

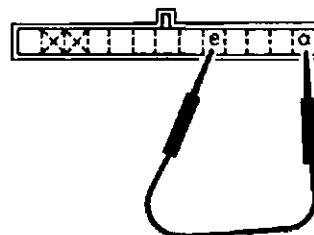
Does starter motor turn over?

YES

(N.G.) Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

NO

(O.K.) Replace main control unit.



SEL314F

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check ① ... Alarm check

Connect ① and ② with jumper cable.

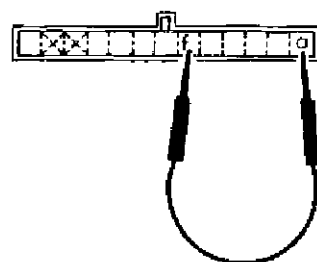
Does horn sound and headlamp come on?

YES

① O.K. Replace main control unit.

NO

② N.G. Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



SEL315F

Check ③ ... Arm signal check

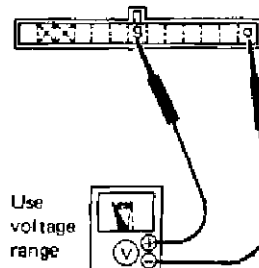
Connect between terminals ③ and ④.

O.K.

③ O.K. Replace main control unit.

N.G.

④ N.G. Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)

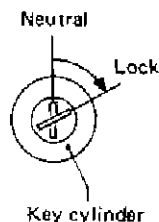


Use voltage range

- All doors (including hood, and back door) are closed.

Turn key from neutral to lock

(Example) Driver's side



Pointer deflection exists ... O.K.

SEL316F

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check ⑥ ... Unlock signal check

Measure voltage across terminals ⑥ and ③.

O.K.

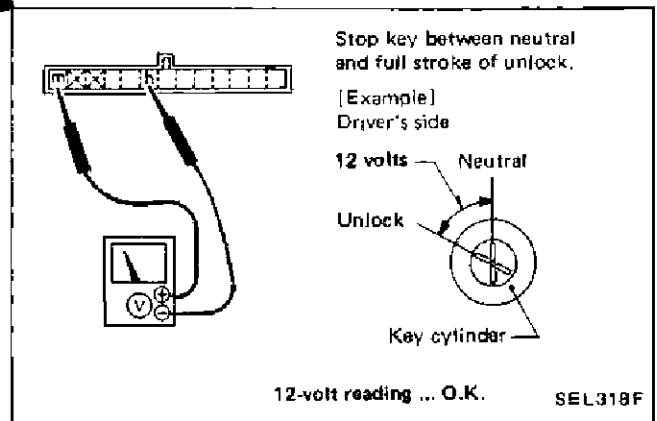
O.K.

Replace main control unit.

N.G.

N.G.

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



Check ⑦ ... Door switch signal check

Measure voltage across terminals ⑦ and ③.

O.K.

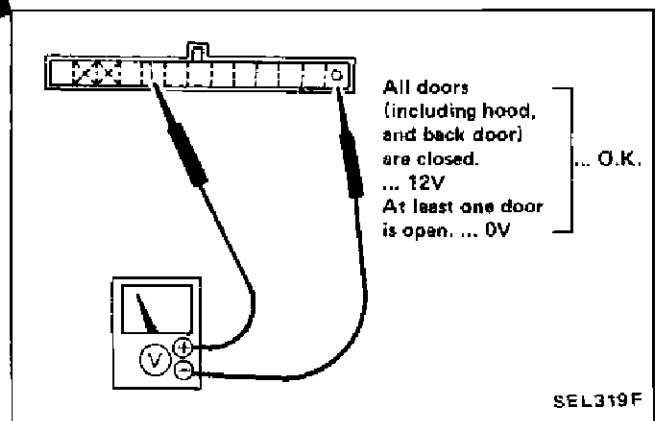
O.K.

Replace main control unit.

N.G.

N.G.

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



Check ⑧ ... System cancel signal check

Measure voltage across terminals ⑧ and ③.

O.K.

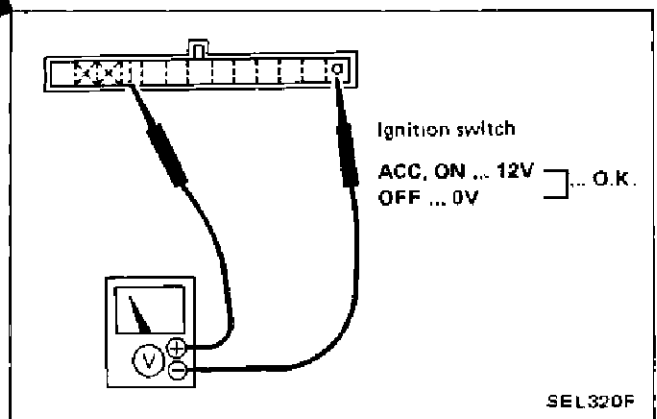
O.K.

Replace main control unit.

N.G.

N.G.

Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Control Unit Check (Cont'd)

Check ⑩ ... System source check

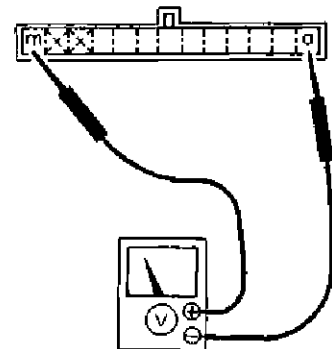
Measure voltage across terminals ⑩ and ②.

O.K.

⑩ O.K. Replace main control unit.

N.G.

⑩ N.G. Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness. (Refer to "Adapter harness check".)



SEL321F

Adapter Harness Check

- This inspection is available only when the cause of trouble in "Control Unit Check" is due to a "Replace sub-control unit or adapter harness".

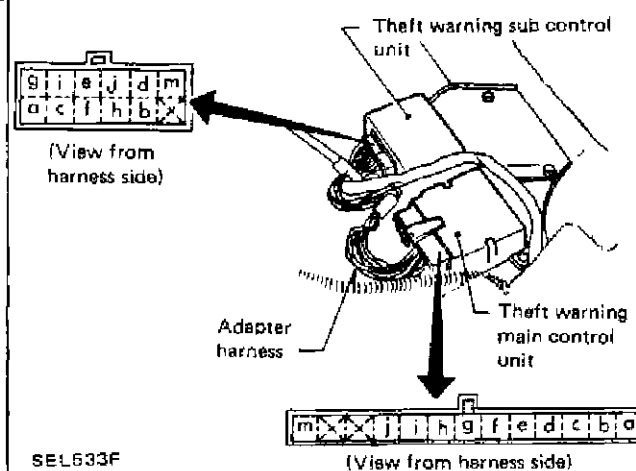
Check for continuity between same letter of sub-control unit and main control unit.

O.K.

Replace sub-control unit.

N.G.

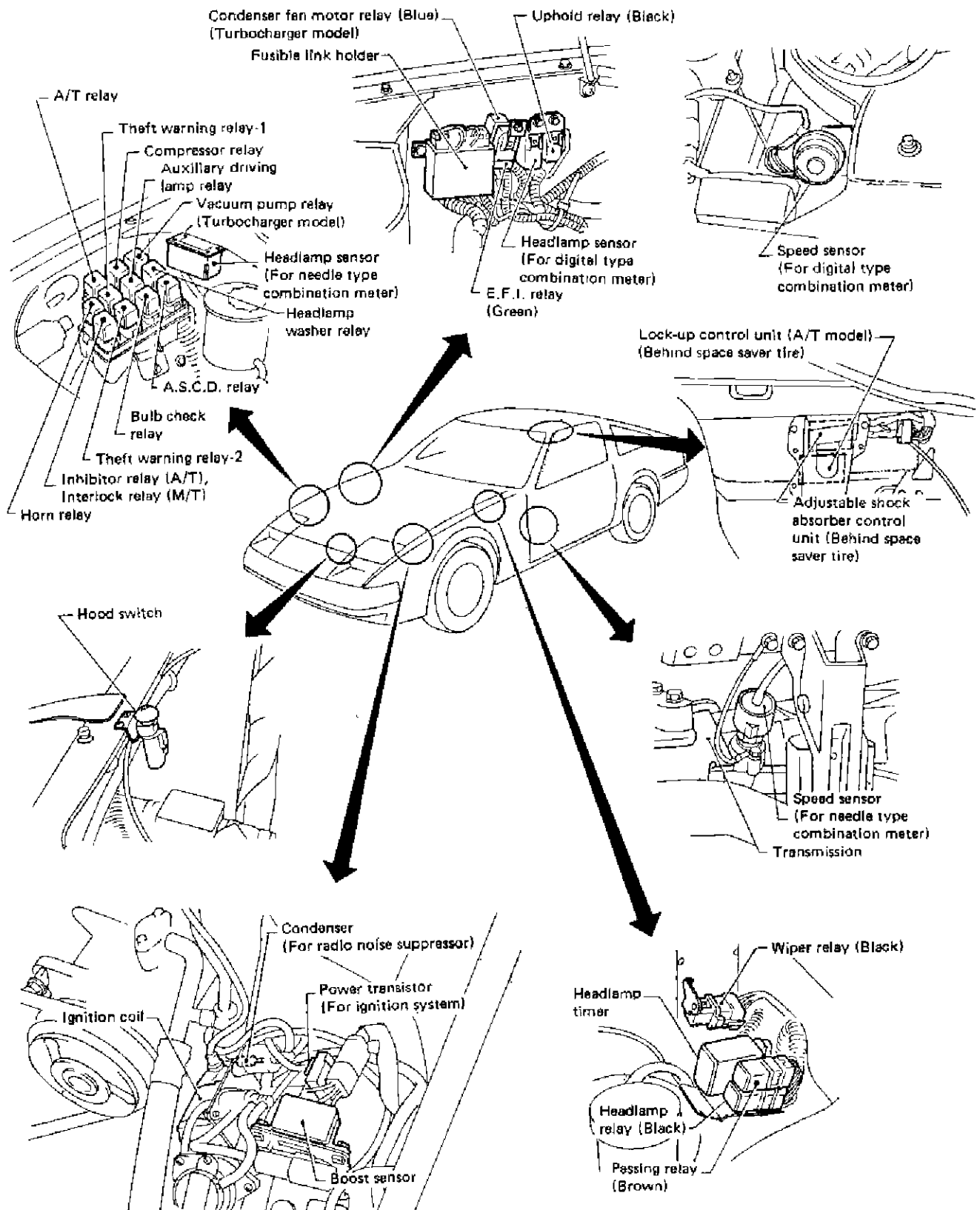
Replace adapter harness.



SEL633F

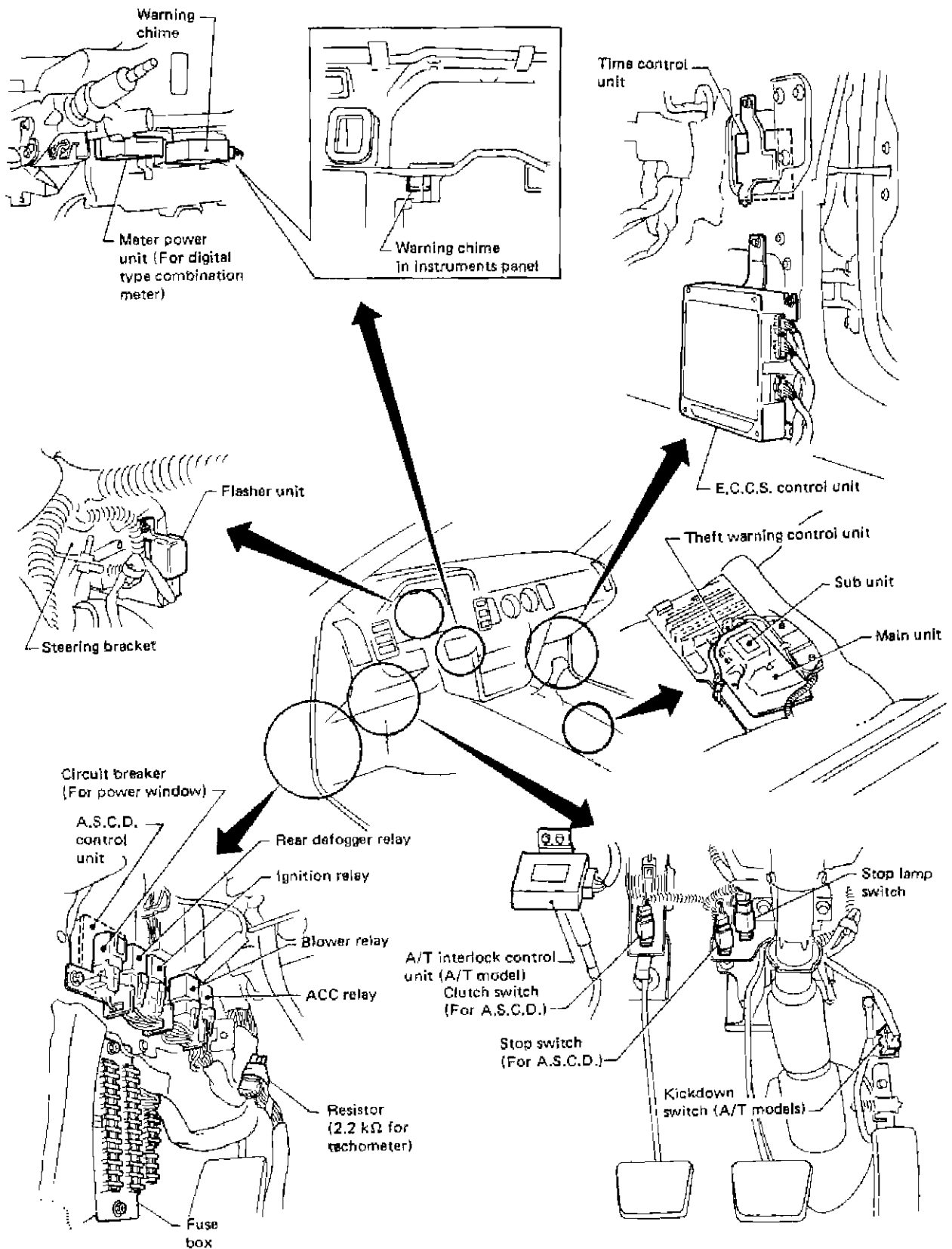
- If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing adapter harness, replace sub-control unit.
- If theft warning does not operate normally even after replacing sub-control unit, replace adapter harness.

LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS



SEL705K

LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

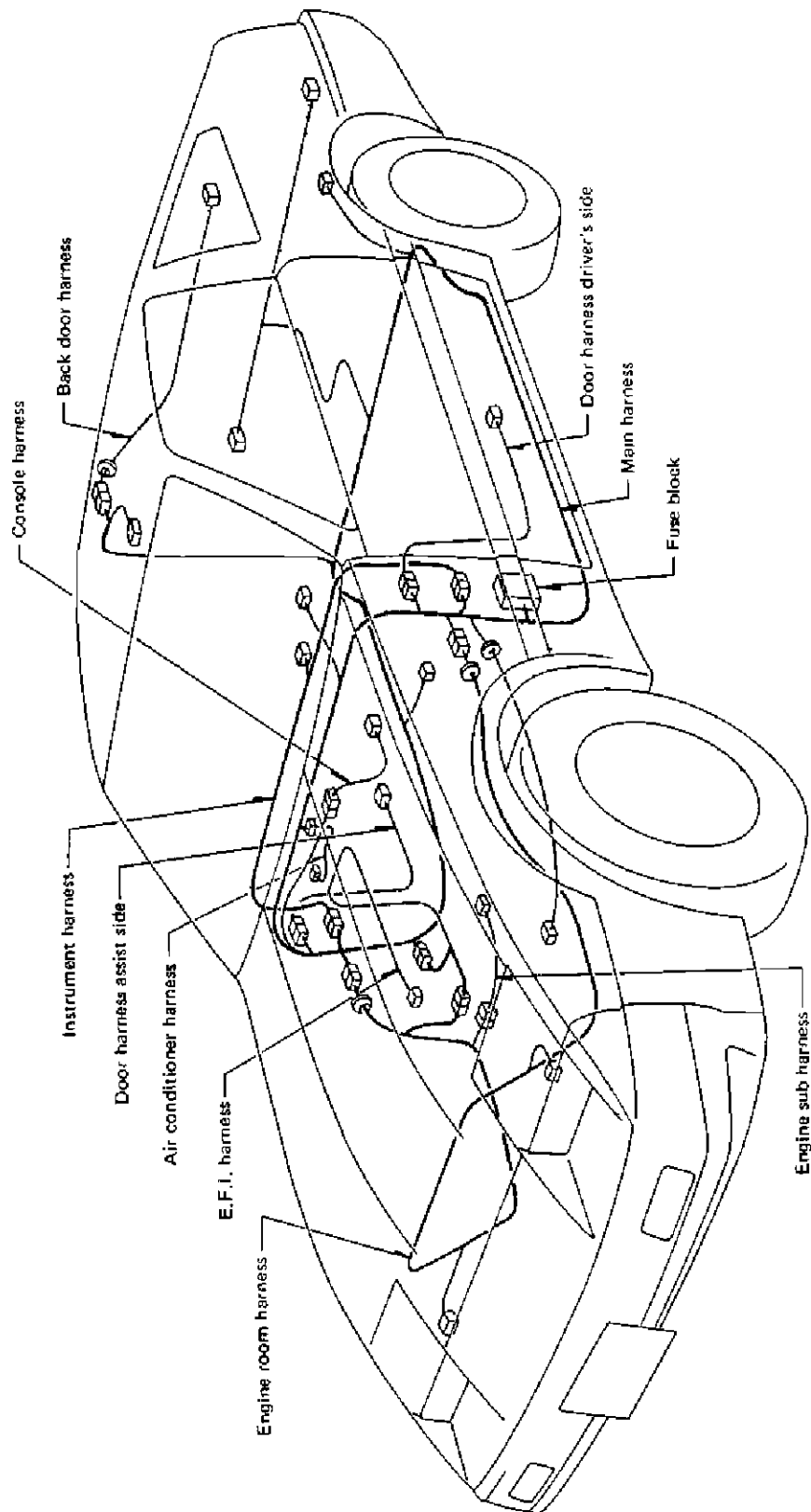


LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

Note:

HARNESS LAYOUT

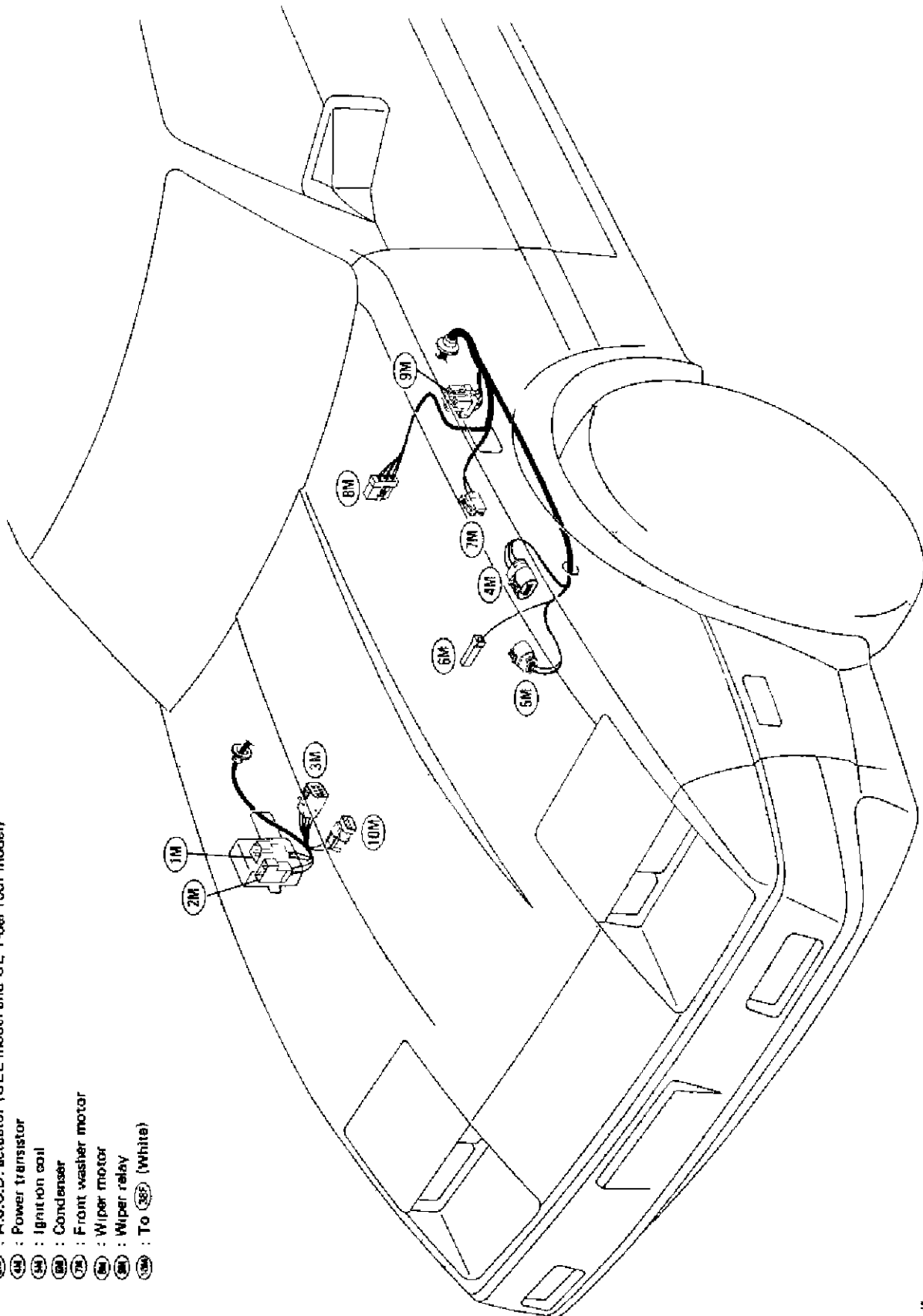
Outline



HARNESS LAYOUT

Main Harness

- ①M : Fusible link
- ②M : Fusible link
- ③M : A.S.C.D. actuator (GLL model and GL T-bar roof model)
- ④M : Power transistor
- ⑤M : Ignition coil
- ⑥M : Condenser
- ⑦M : Front washer motor
- ⑧M : Wiper motor
- ⑨M : Wiper relay
- ⑩M : To ③SF (White)



SEL409K

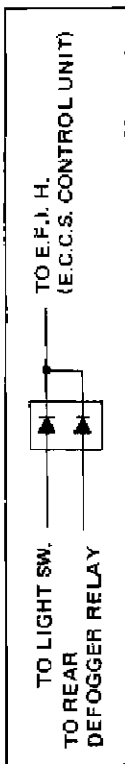
Main Harness (Cont'd)



HARNESS LAYOUT

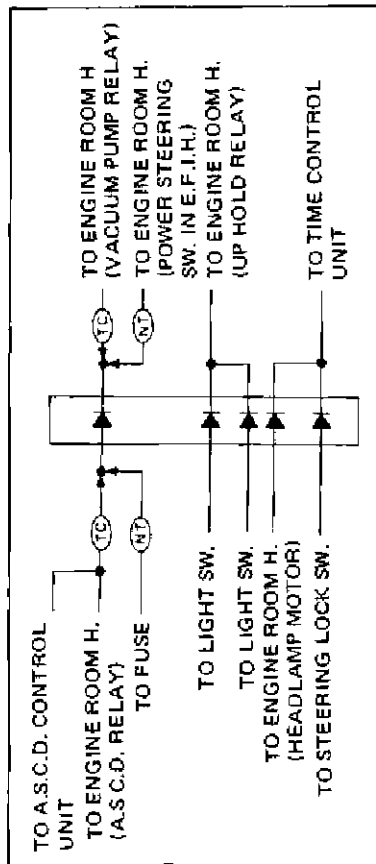
Main Harness (Cont'd)

Diode (81M)



(For E.C.C.S. system)

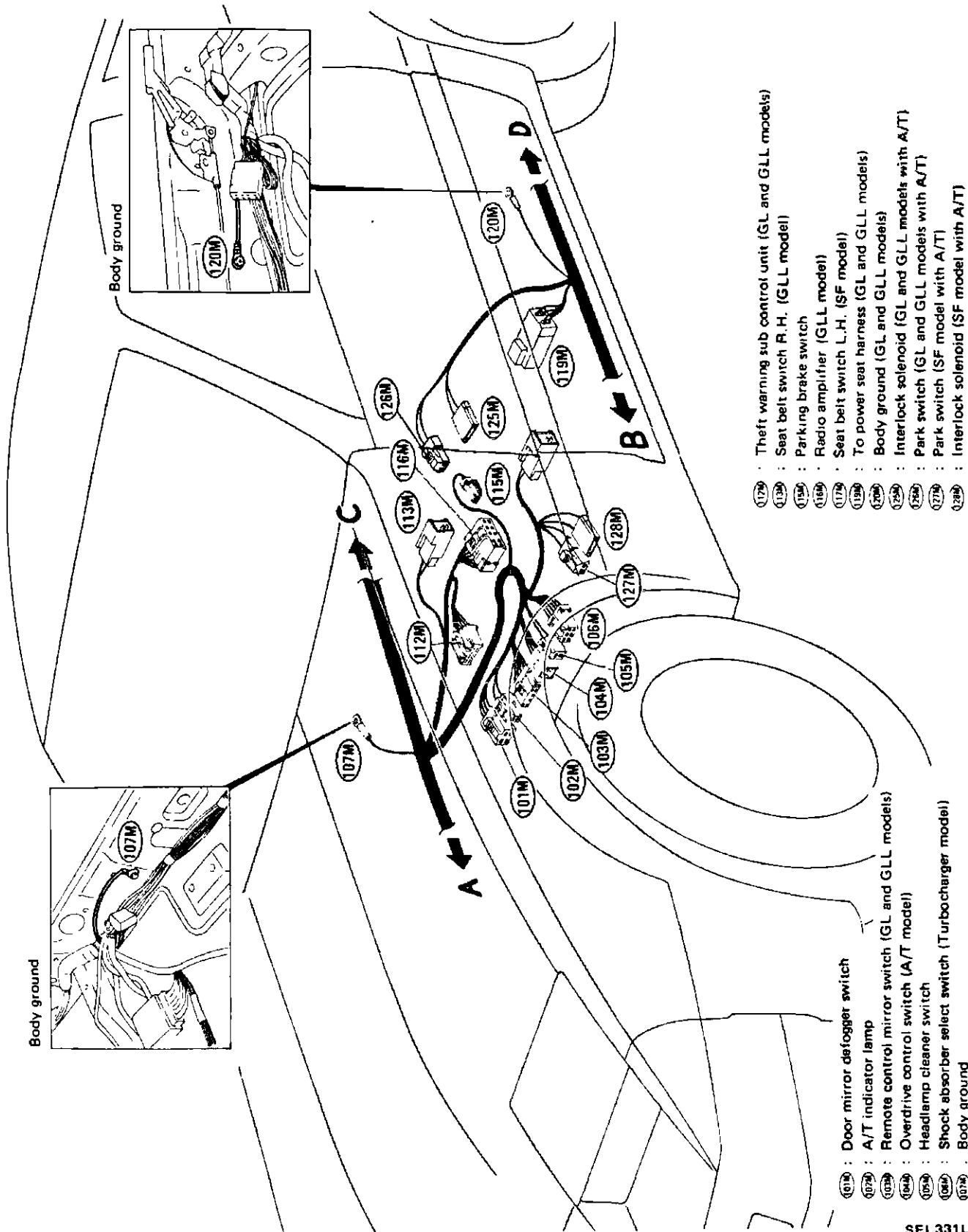
Diode (84M)



(For A.S.C.D. system, E.C.C.S. system, headlamp system & time control system)

SEL330L

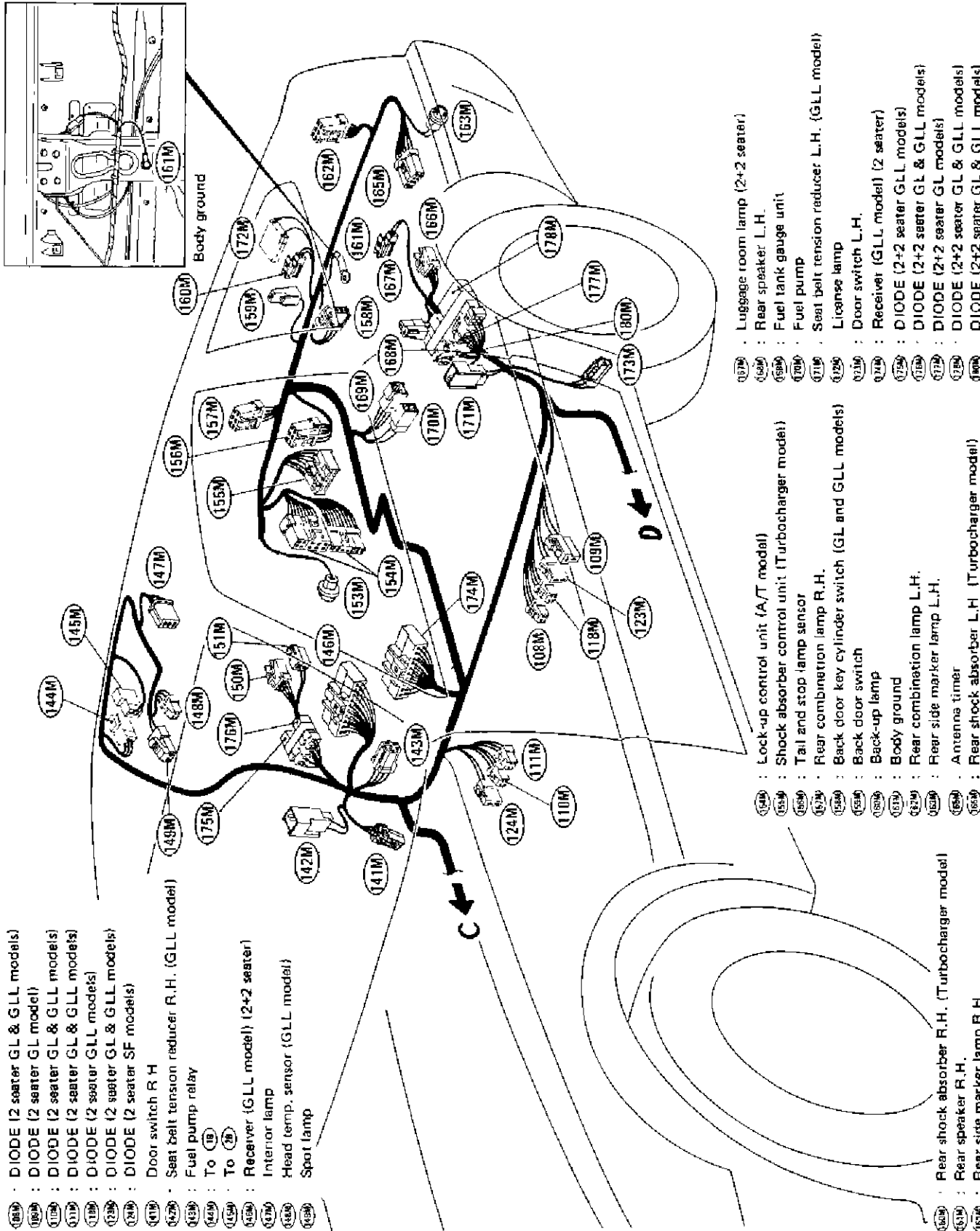
Main Harness (Cont'd)



HARNESS LAYOUT

Note:

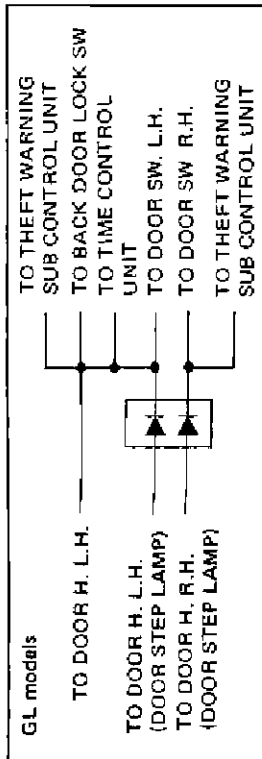
Main Harness (Cont'd)



HARNESS LAYOUT

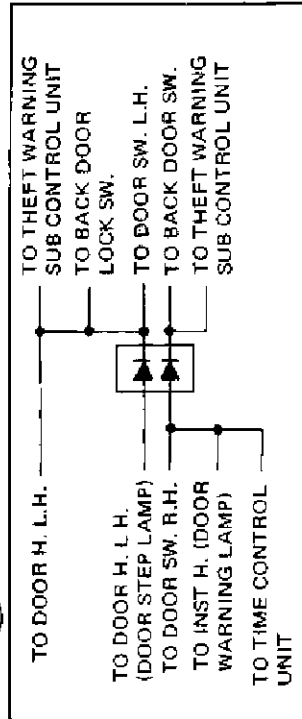
Main Harness (Cont'd)

Diode (111M)



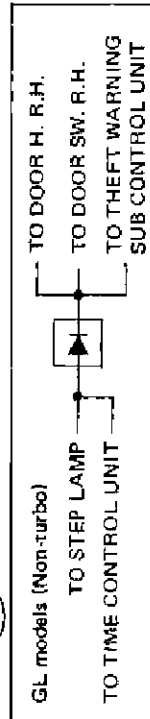
(For interior lamp system theft warning system)

Diode (118M)



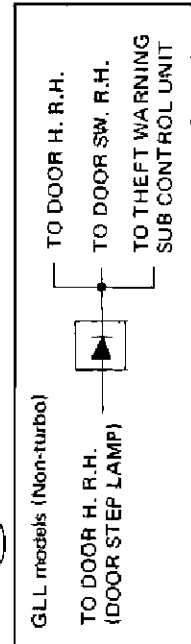
(For interior lamp system, time control system & theft warning system)

Diode (123M)



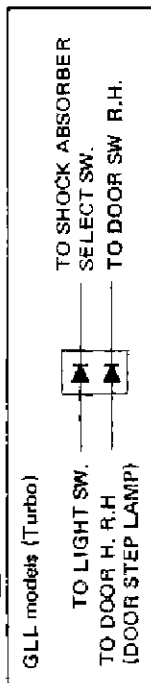
(For interior lamp system, time control system & theft warning system)

Diode (123M)



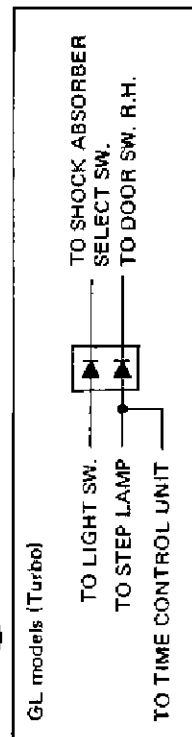
(For interior lamp system & theft warning system)

Diode (108M)



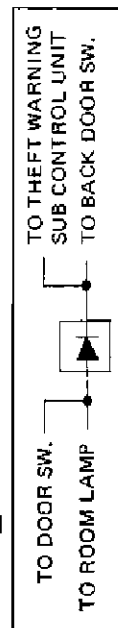
(For interior lamp system & illumination control system)

Diode (108M)

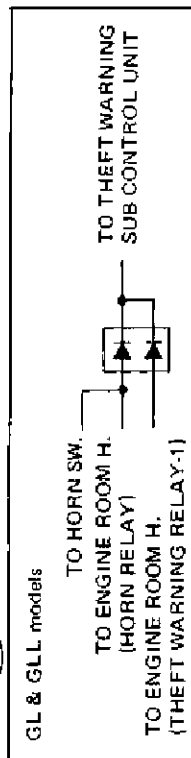


(For interior lamp system & illumination control system)

Diode (109M)

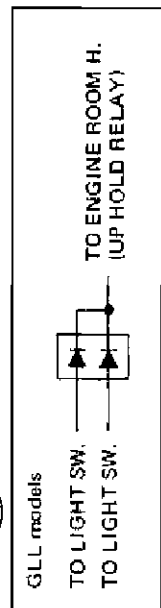


Diode (110M)



(For theft warning system)

Diode (111M)



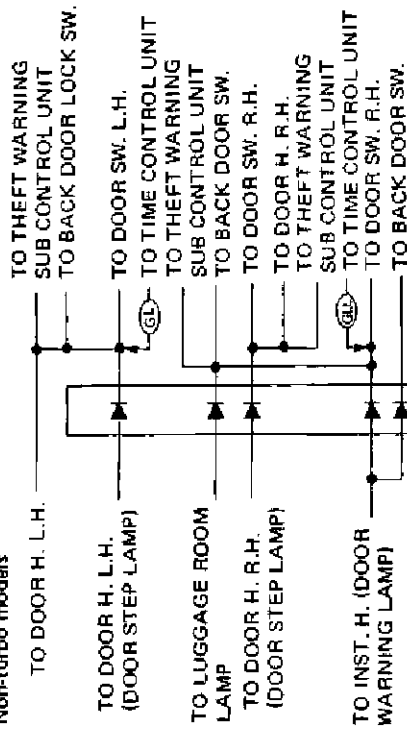
(For headlamp system)

HARNESS LAYOUT

Main Harness (Cont'd)

Diode (178M)

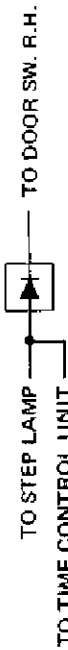
Non-turbo models



(For interior lamp system, time control system, illumination control system & theft warning system)

Diode (180M)

GL models (Non-turbo)



(For time control system)

Diode (180M)

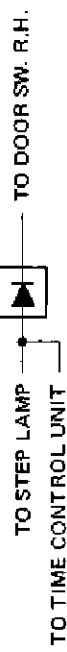
GLL models (Turbo)



(For interior lamp system)

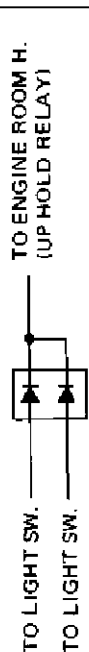
Diode (124M)

SF models



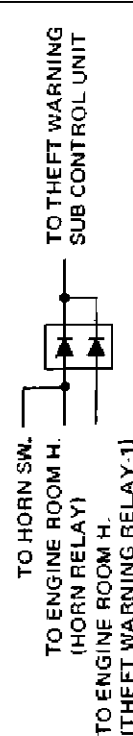
(For time control system)

Diode (175M)



(For headlamp system)

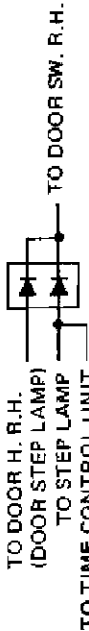
Diode (176M)



(For theft warning system)

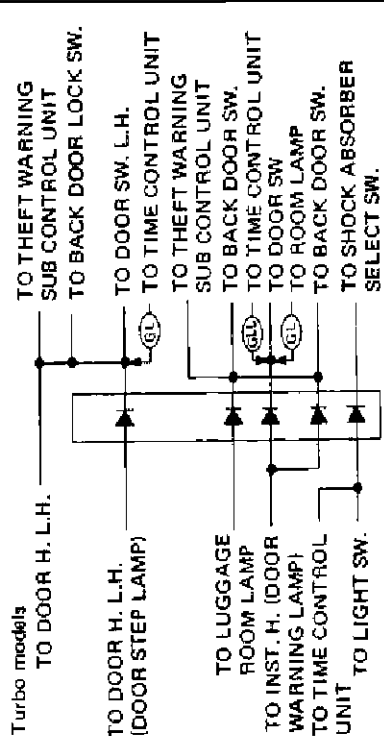
Diode (177M)

Turbo models



(For time control system)

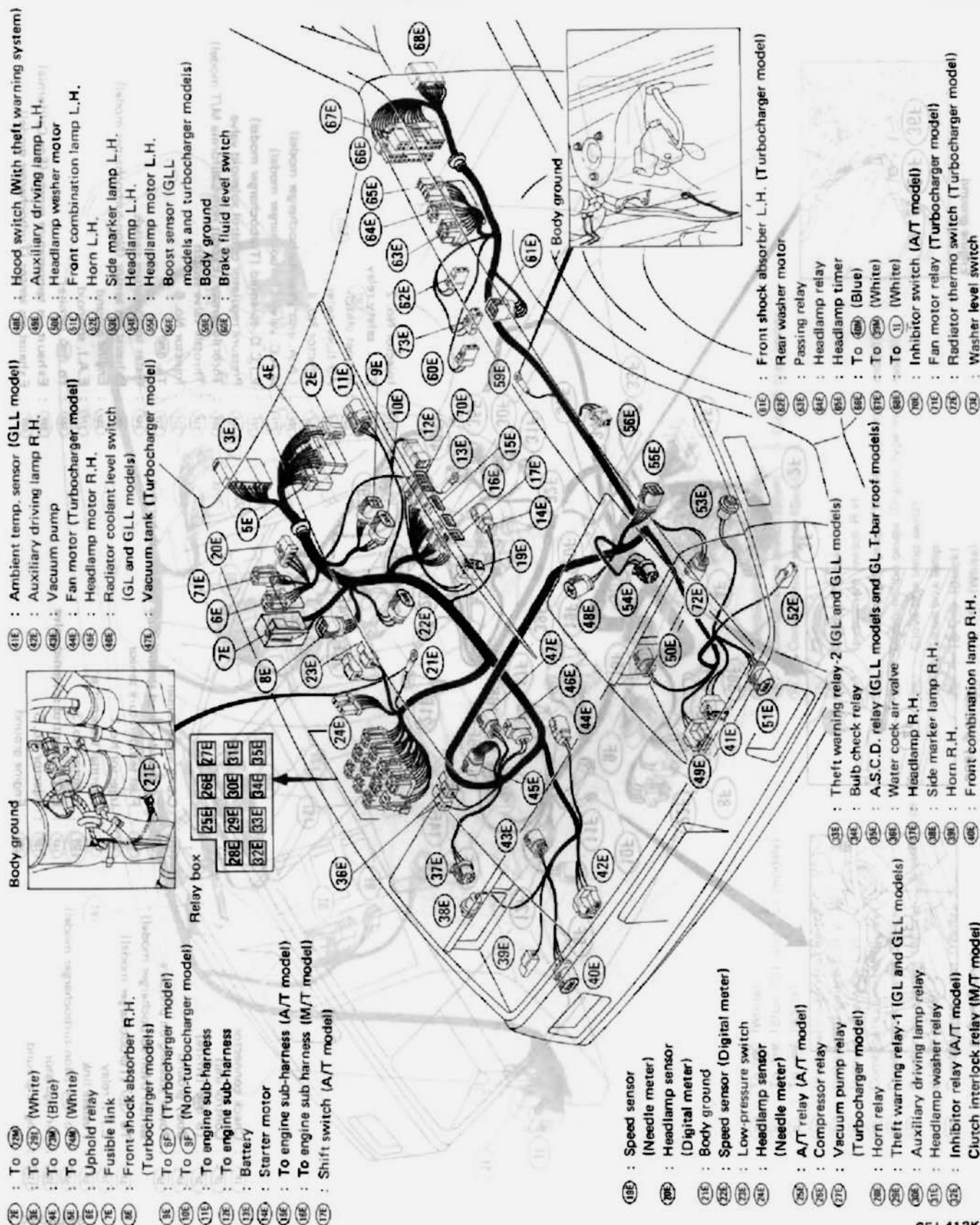
Diode (178M)



(For interior lamp system, time control system, illumination control system & theft warning system)

HARNESS LAYOUT

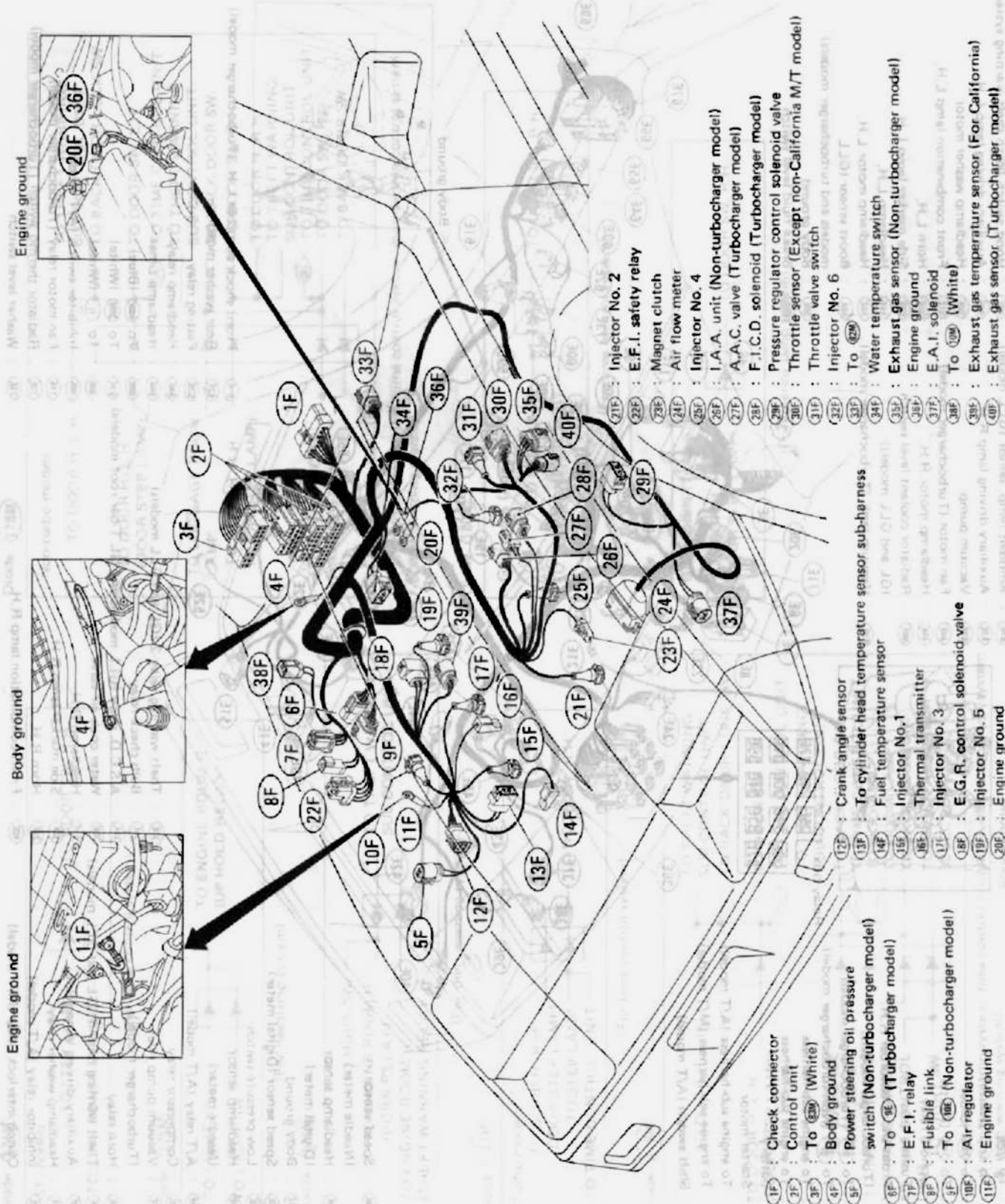
Engine Room Harness



SEL413K

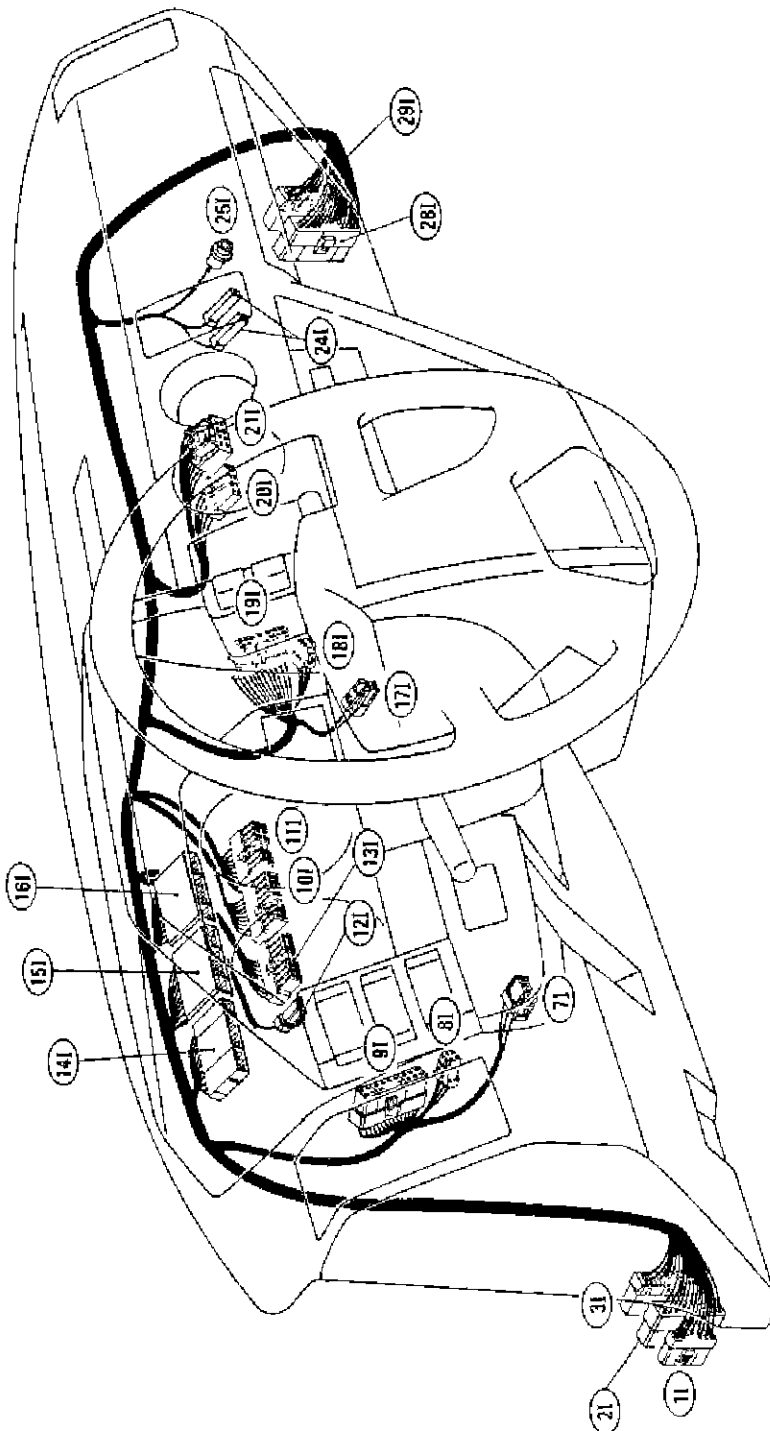
HARNESS LAYOUT

E.F.I. Harness



HARNESS LAYOUT

Instrument Harness



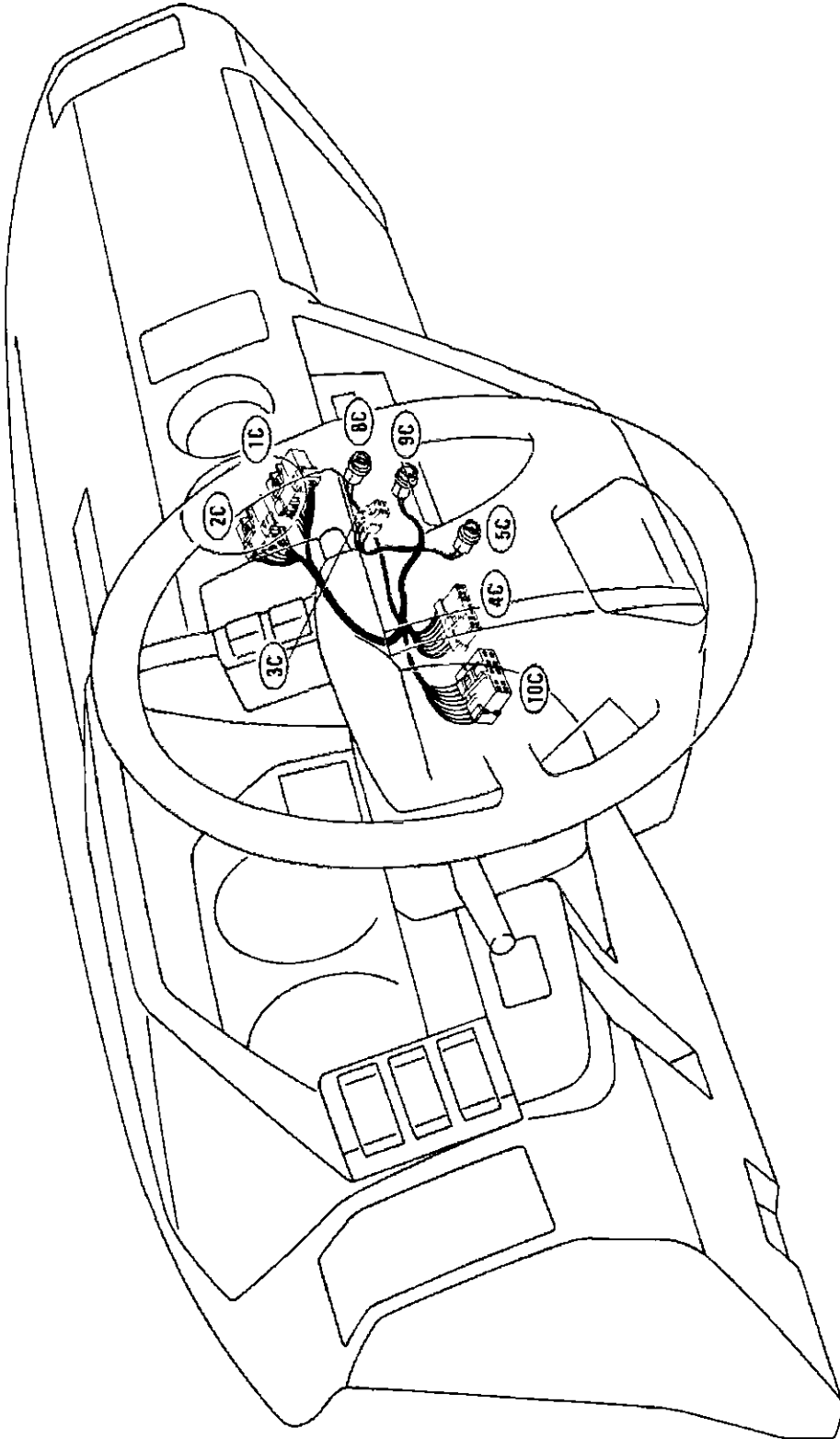
- (11) : To (25) (White)
 - (21) : To (25) (Blue) (GL and GLL models)
 - (31) : To (25) (White)
 - (71) : Illumination control switch
 - (81) : Instrument switch L.H.
 - (91) : Instrument switch L.H.
 - (10) : Combination meter (Black)
 - (11) : Combination meter (White)
 - (12) : Combination meter (White) (U.S.A. model)
 - (13) : Combination meter (White)
- } Needle type meter

- (14) : Combination meter (White)
 - (15) : Combination meter (Blue)
 - (16) : Combination meter (Black)
 - (17) : Chime
 - (18) : Instrument switch R.H.
 - (19) : Instrument switch R.H.
 - (20) : Combination gauge (Needle type meter model)
 - (21) : Combination gauge (Digital type meter model)
 - (24) : Glove box lamp switch
 - (25) : Glove box lamp
 - (26) : To (26) (Black)
 - (28) : To (28) (White)
- } Digital type meter

SEL414K

HARNESS LAYOUT

Console Harness

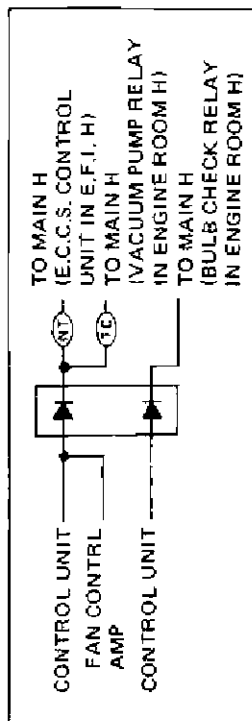


- 1C : To 61W (White)
- 2C : To 61W (Blue)
- 3C : Clock
- 3E : Radio (SF and GL models)
- 3F : Illumination lamp
- 4C : Illumination lamp
- 5C : Illumination lamp (SF and GL models)
- 6C : Radio (GLL model)

HARNESS LAYOUT

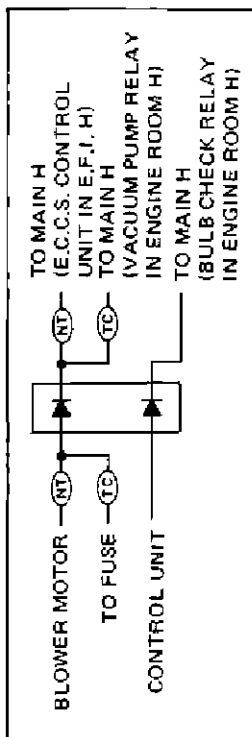
Air Conditioner Harness

Diode (14A)

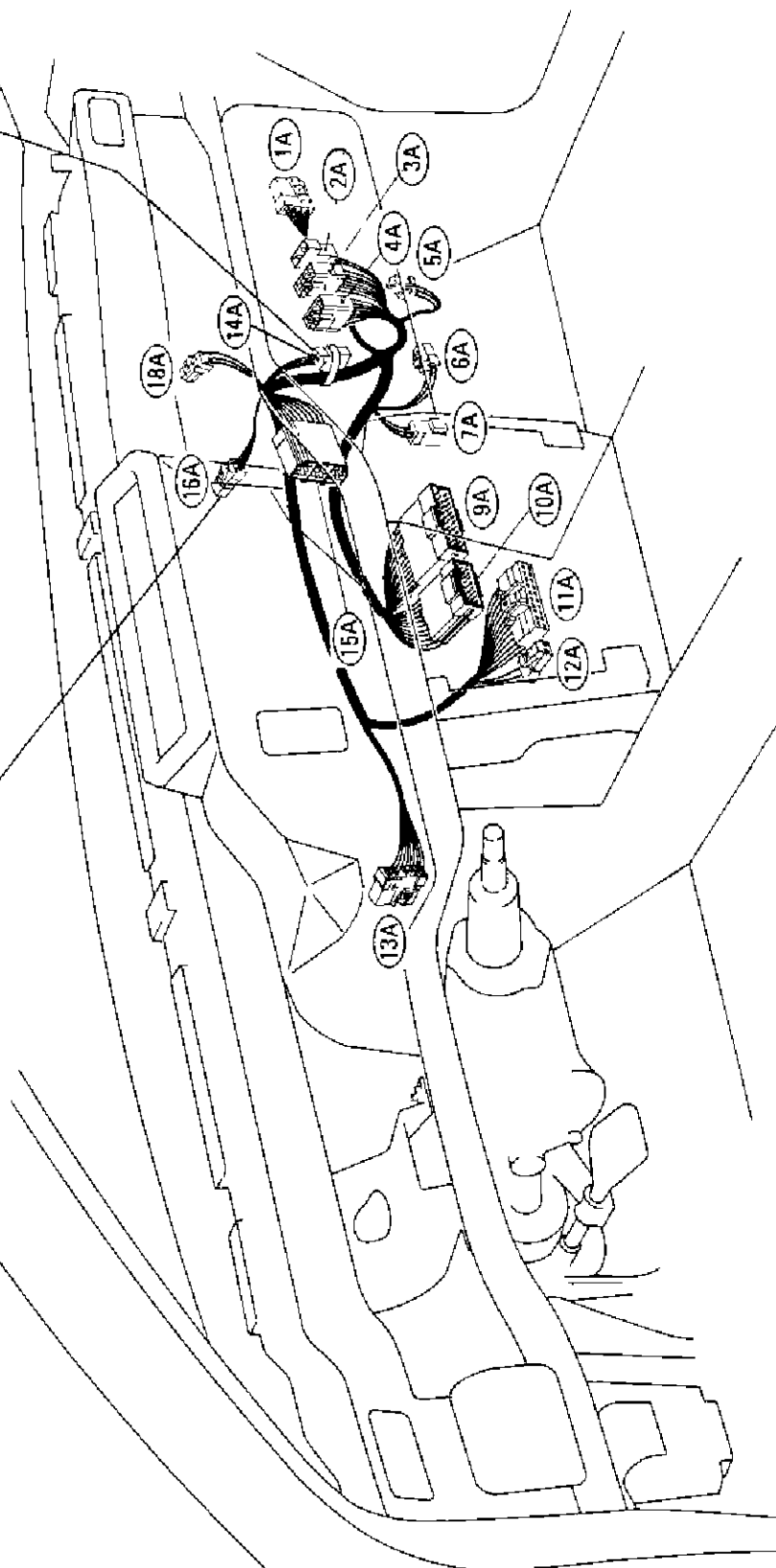


(For air conditioner and E.C.C.S. system)

Diode (16A)



(For air conditioner and E.C.C.S. system)



- (15A) : To heater unit harness (Auto)
- (16A) : Diode (Auto)
- (18A) : Thermo switch (Manual)
- (1C) : Turbo models
- (NT) : Non-turbo models

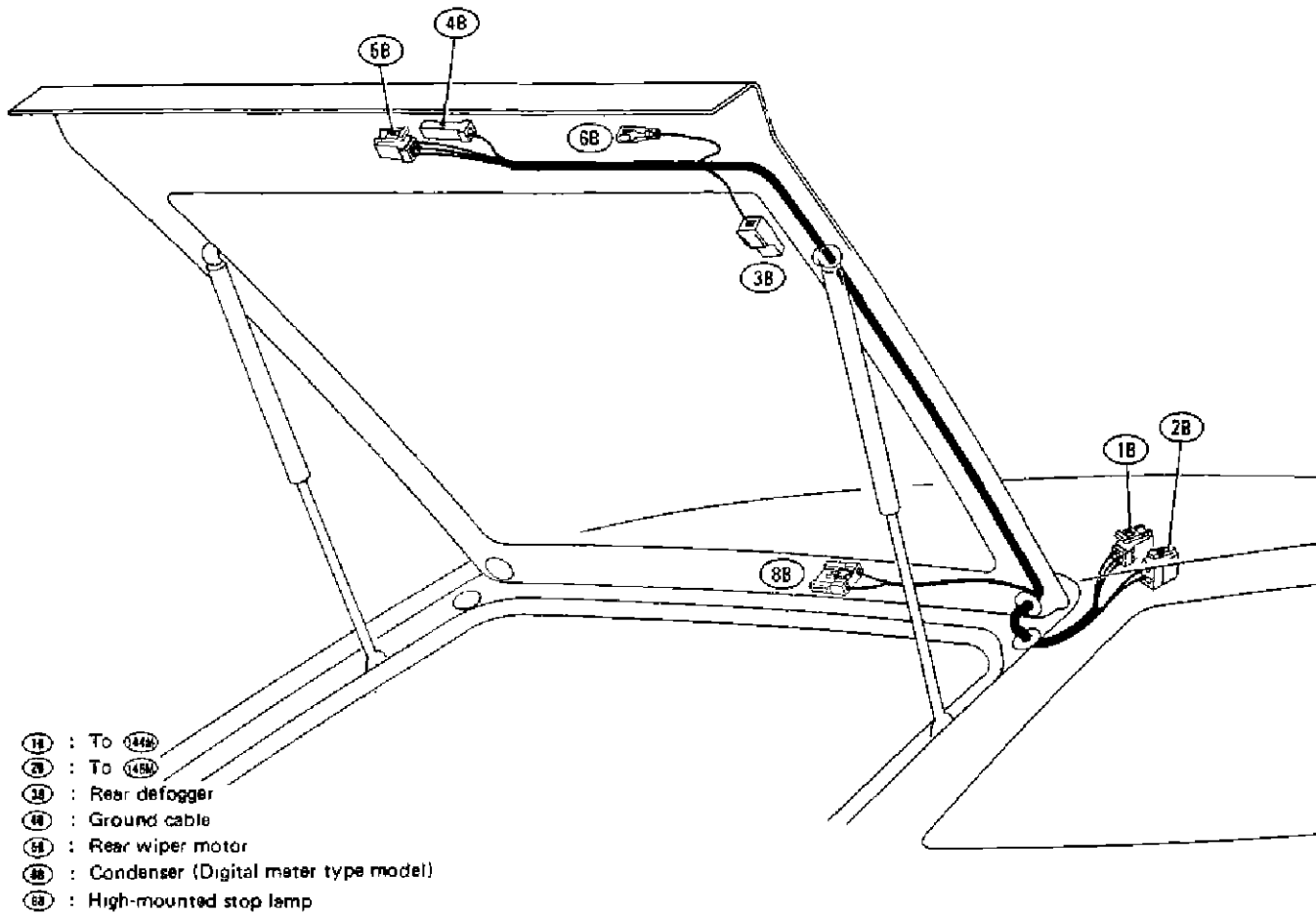
- (8A) : To control unit harness (Auto)
- (9A) : To control unit harness (Auto)
- (10A) : Control unit (Manual)
- (11A) : Escutcheon lamp (Manual)
- (12A) : Heater unit (Manual)
- (13A) : Diode (Manual)

- (1A) : To blower unit harness
- (2A) : To (16A)
- (3A) : To (16A) (Blue) (Auto)
- (4A) : To (16A) (White)
- (5A) : To sensor harness-1 (Auto)
- (6A) : In-vehicle sensor (Auto)
- (7A) : Check connector (Auto)

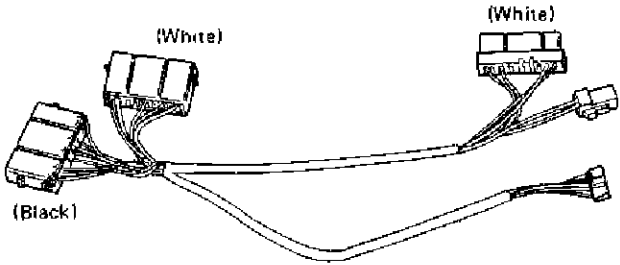
SEL416K

HARNESS LAYOUT

Back Door Harness



SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.)	Tool name
KV999U0060 (J36569-1)	* Diagnostic sub-harness (For digital type combination meter)  SEL145J
(J36126)	Washer nozzle adjusting tool 