LUBRICATION

LU(H4DOTC)

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1. General Description

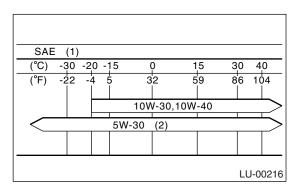
A: SPECIFICATIONS

Lubrication me	ethod	Forced lubrication			
	Pump type			Trochoid type	
	Number of teeth	Inner rotor		9	
	Number of teeth	Outer rotor		10	
	Outer rotor diameter × thickness		$78 \times 10 \text{ mm } (3.07 \times 0.39 \text{ in})$		
	Tip clearance between inner and outer rotor Side clearance between inner rotor and pump case Case clearance between outer rotor and pump case		STANDARD	0.04 — 0.14 mm (0.0016 — 0.0055 in)	
			LIMIT	0.18 mm (0.0071 in)	
			STANDARD	0.02 — 0.07 mm (0.0008 — 0.0028 in)	
			LIMIT	0.12 mm (0.0047 in)	
0.11			STANDARD	0.10 — 0.175 mm (0.0039 — 0.0069 in)	
Oil pump			LIMIT	0.20 mm (0.0079 in)	
	Capacity at 80°C (176°F)	600 rpm	Discharge pressure	98 kPa (1.0 kg/cm ² , 14 psi)	
			Discharge quantity	4.6 & (4.9 US qt, 4.0 Imp qt)/min.	
		5,000 rpm	Discharge pressure	294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm ² , 43 psi)	
			Discharge quantity	47.0 @ (49.7 US qt, 41.4 Imp qt)/min.	
	Relief valve operation pressure	ure		588 kPa (6.0 kg/cm², 85 psi)	
	Туре			Full-flow filter paper type	
	Filtration area			800 cm ² (124 sq in)	
Oil filter	By-pass valve opening pressure			160 kPa (1.63 kg/cm², 23.2 psi)	
	Outer diameter × width			68 × 65 mm (2.68 × 2.56 in)	
	Oil filter to engine thread size			M 20 × 1.5	
	Type Oressure Working voltage — wattage			Immersed contact point type	
Oil pressure				12 V — 3.4 W or less	
switch				14.7 kPa (0.15 kg/cm², 2.1 psi)	
	Proof pressure			More than 981 kPa (10 kg/cm ² , 142 psi)	
Oil capacity (at replacement)			4.0 & (4.2 US qt, 3.5 Imp qt)		

Recommended oil:

API classification SM with the words "Energy Conserving"

ILSAC GF-4 (Star burst mark) which is indicated on the container.



- (1) SAE Viscosity No. and Applicable Temperature
- (2) PREFERRED

The proper viscosity helps vehicle get good cold and hot starting by reducing viscous friction and thus increasing cranking speed.

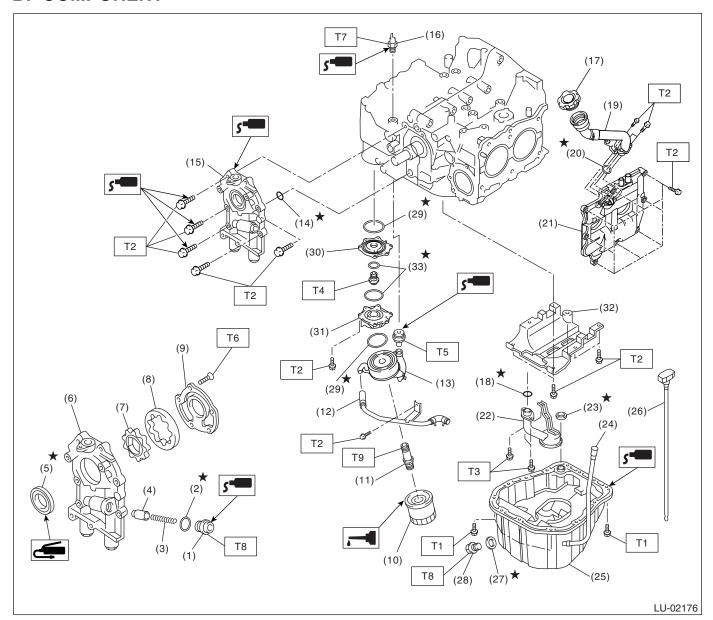
CAUTION:

When replenishing oil, it does not matter if the oil to be added is a different brand from that in the engine; however, use oil having the API classification and SAE viscosity No. designated by SUBARU.

NOTE:

If the vehicle is used in areas with very high temperatures or for other heavy duty applications, the following viscosity oils may be used: ILSAC classification: GF-4 or API classification: SM or SL SAE Viscosity No.: 30, 40, 10W-50, 20W-40, 20W-50.

B: COMPONENT



- (1) Plug
- (2) Gasket
- (3) Relief valve spring
- (4) Relief valve
- (5) Oil seal
- (6) Oil pump case
- (7) Inner rotor
- (8) Outer rotor
- (9) Oil pump cover
- (10) Oil filter
- (11) Oil cooler connector
- (12) Water by-pass pipe
- (13) Oil cooler
- (14) O-ring
- (15) Oil pump ASSY

- (16) Oil pressure switch
- (17) Oil filler cap
- (18) O-ring
- (19) Oil filler duct
- (20) O-ring
- (21) Rocker cover
- (22) Oil strainer
- (23) Gasket
- (24) Oil level gauge guide
- (25) Oil pan
- (26) Oil level gauge
- (27) Metal gasket
- (28) Drain plug
- (29) O-ring
- (30) Adapter (1)

- (31) Adapter (2)
- (32) Baffle plate
- (33) O-ring

Tightening torque: N⋅m (kgf-m, ft-lb)

- T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)
- T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)
- T3: 10 (1.0, 7.0)
- T4: 45 (4.6, 33.2)
- T5: 69 (7.0, 50.9)
- T6: 5.4 (0.55, 4.0)
- T7: 25 (2.5, 18.1)
- T8: 44 (4.5, 32.5)
- T9: 54 (5.5, 40)

C: CAUTION

- Wear working clothing, including a cap, protective goggles, and protective shoes during operation.
- Remove contamination including dirt and corrosion before removal, installation or disassembly.
- Keep the disassembled parts in order and protect them from dust or dirt.
- Before removal, installation or disassembly, be sure to clarify the failure. Avoid unnecessary removal, installation, disassembly, and replacement.
- Be careful not to burn your hands, because each part in the vehicle is hot after running.
- Be sure to tighten fasteners including bolts and nuts to the specified torque.
- Place shop jacks or safety stands at the specified points.
- Before disconnecting electrical connectors of sensors or units, be sure to disconnect the ground cable from battery.

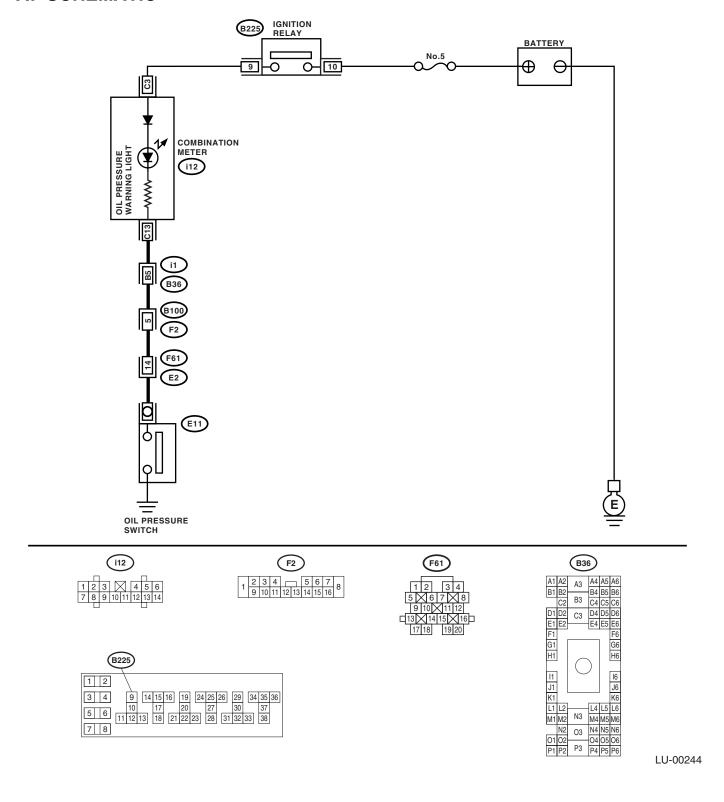
D: PREPARATION TOOL

1. SPECIAL TOOLS

ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	49 9977100	CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WRENCH	Used for stopping rotation of crankshaft pulley when loosening and tightening crankshaft pulley bolt.
B			
ST-499977100			
	18332AA000	OIL FILTER WRENCH	Used for removing and installing oil filter. (Outer diameter: 68 mm (2.68 in))
ST18332AA000			
	18332AA010	OIL FILTER WRENCH	Used for removing and installing oil filter. (Outer diameter: 65 mm (2.56 in))
ST18332AA010	499587100	OIL SEAL	Used for installing oil seal to oil pump.
ST-499587100		INSTALLER	

2. Oil Pressure System

A: SCHEMATIC



B: INSPECTION

	Step	Check	Yes	No
1	CHECK COMBINATION METER. 1) Turn the ignition switch to ON. (engine OFF) 2) Check other warning lights.	Does the warning lights go on?	Go to step 2.	Repair or replace the combination meter. <ref. to<br="">IDI-4, INSPEC- TION, Combina- tion Meter System.></ref.>
2	CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR BETWEEN COMBINATION METER AND OIL PRES- SURE SWITCH. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Disconnect the connector from oil pressure switch. 3) Turn the ignition switch ON. 4) Measure the voltage of harness between the combination meter connector and chassis ground. Connector & terminal (E11) No. 1 (+) — Chassis ground (-):	Is the measured value more than 10 V?	Replace the oil pressure switch.	Go to step 3.
3	CHECK COMBINATION METER. 1) Turn the ignition switch to OFF. 2) Remove the combination meter. 3) Measure the resistance of combination meter. Terminals No. C3 — No. C13:	Is the measured value less than 10 Ω ?	Replace the har- ness connector between combina- tion meter and oil pressure switch.	Repair or replace the combination meter.

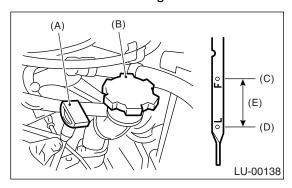
3. Engine Oil

A: INSPECTION

- 1) Park the vehicle on a level surface.
- 2) Remove the oil level gauge and wipe it clean.
- 3) Reinsert the level gauge all the way. Be sure that the level gauge is correctly inserted and in proper orientation.
- 4) Remove it again and note the reading. If the engine oil level is below the "L" line, add oil to bring the level up to "F" line.
- 5) After turning off the engine, wait a few minutes for oil to drain back into the oil pan before checking the level.
- 6) Just after driving or while the engine is warm, engine oil level may show in the range between the "F" line and notch mark. This is caused by thermal expansion of engine oil.

NOTE:

To prevent overfilling the engine oil, do not add oil above "F" line when the engine is cold.



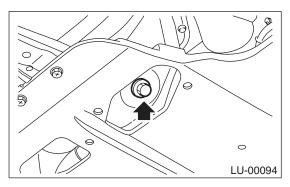
- (A) Oil level gauge
- (B) Engine oil filler cap
- (C) Upper level
- (D) Lower level
- (E) Approx. 1.0 ℓ (1.1 US qt, 0.9 Imp qt)

B: REPLACEMENT

- 1) Open the engine oil filler cap for quick draining of engine oil.
- 2) Drain the engine oil by loosening the engine oil drain plug.

NOTE:

Use a tray to collect oil.

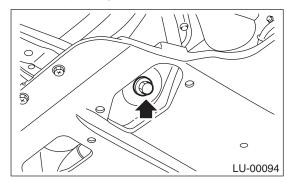


- 3) Replace the drain plug gasket.
- 4) Tighten the engine oil drain plug after draining engine oil.

NOTE:

Use new drain plug gasket.

Tightening torque: 44 N·m (4.5 kgf-m, 32.5 ft-lb)



- 5) Install the service hole cover.
- 6) Using engine oil of proper quality and viscosity, fill it through the oil filler duct up to upper level on level gauge. Make sure that the vehicle is placed level when checking oil level. Use the engine oil of proper quality and viscosity, selected in accordance with the table in figure.

Recommended oil:

<Ref. to LU(H4DOTC)-2, SPECIFICATIONS, General Description.>

Engine oil capacity: Upper level $4.0 \ 0 \ (4.2 \ US \ qt, 3.5 \ Imp \ qt)$ Lower level $3.0 \ 0 \ (3.2 \ US \ qt, 2.6 \ Imp \ qt)$ The proper viscosity helps vehicle get good cold and hot starting by reducing viscous friction and thus increasing cranking speed.

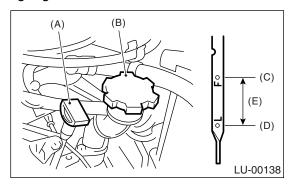
CAUTION:

When replenishing oil, it does not matter if the oil to be added is a different brand from that in the engine; however, use oil having the API classification and SAE viscosity No. designated by SUBARU.

NOTE:

If vehicle is used in desert areas with very high temperatures or for other heavy duty applications, the following viscosity oils may be used: ILSAC classification: GF-4 or API classification: SM or SL SAE Viscosity No.: 30, 40, 10W-50, 20W-40, 20W-50.

- 7) Close the engine oil filler cap.
- 8) Start the engine and warm it up for a time.
- 9) After the engine stops, recheck the oil level. If necessary, add engine oil up to the upper level on level gauge.

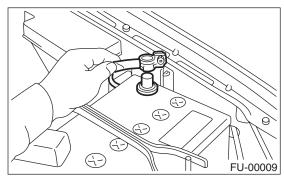


- (A) Oil level gauge
- (B) Engine oil filler cap
- (C) Upper level
- (D) Lower level
- (E) Approx. 1.0 ℓ (1.1 US qt, 0.9 Imp qt)

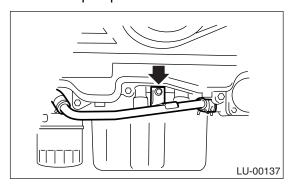
4. Oil Pump

A: REMOVAL

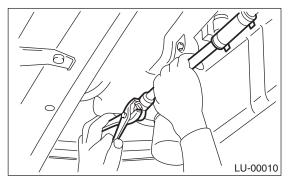
1) Disconnect ground cable from battery.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove the under cover.
- 4) Remove the bolts which install the water pipe of oil cooler to oil pump.

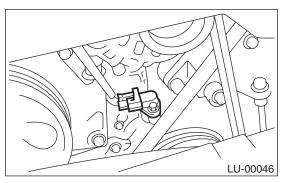


5) Remove the water pipe and hoses between oil cooler and water pump.

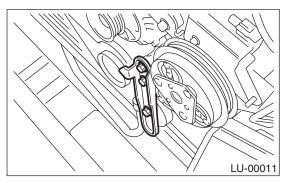


- 6) Lower down the vehicle.
- 7) Remove the radiator. <Ref. to CO(H4DOTC)-19, REMOVAL, Radiator.>

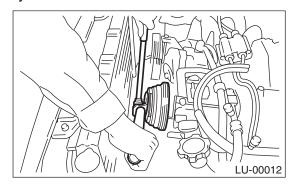
8) Remove the crankshaft position sensor.



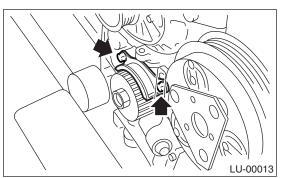
- 9) Remove the V-belts. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-45, REMOVAL, V-belt.>
- 10) Remove the rear side V-belt tensioner.



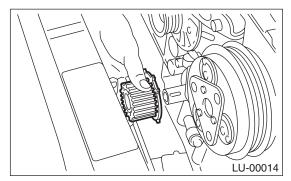
11) Remove the crankshaft pulley by using ST. <Ref. to ME(H4DOTC)-47, REMOVAL, Crankshaft Pulley.>



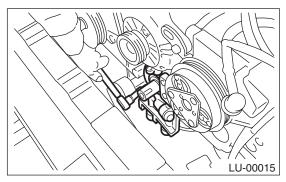
- 12) Remove the water pump. <Ref. CO(H4DOTC)-15, REMOVAL, Water Pump.>
- 13) Remove the timing belt guide. (MT model)



14) Remove the crankshaft sprocket.



15) Remove the bolts which install the oil pump onto cylinder block.



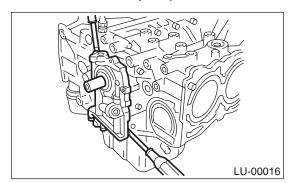
CAUTION:

Loosen the relief valve plug before removal of oil pump when performing disassembly and inspection of oil pump.

16) Remove the oil pump using the flat tip screw-driver.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to scratch the mating surfaces of cylinder block and oil pump.



B: INSTALLATION

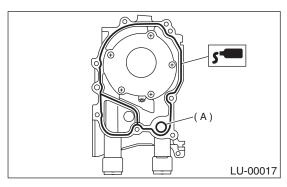
Install in the reverse order of removal.

Do the following:

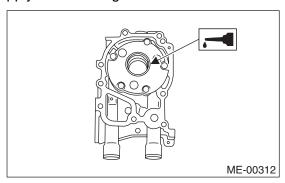
1) Apply fluid packing to the matching surfaces of oil pump.

Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1215 (Part No. 004403007) or equivalent



- 2) Replace the O-ring (A) with a new one.
- 3) Apply a coat of engine oil to the inside of oil seal.



4) Position the oil pump, aligning the notched area with crankshaft, and push the oil pump straight.

CAUTION:

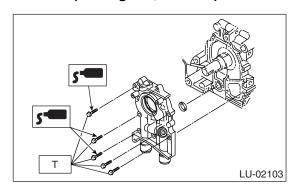
- Make sure the oil seal lip is not folded.
- Do not to scratch the oil seal when installing the oil pump on cylinder block.
- · Securely tighten the relief valve plug.
- 5) Install the oil pump. Apply fluid packing to the threads of three bolts as shown in the figure.

Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1324 (Part No. 004403042) or equivalent

Tightening torque:

6.4 N·m (0.65 kgf -m, 4.7 ft-lb)

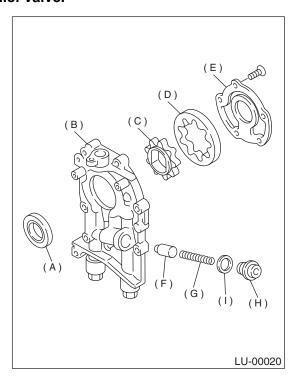


C: DISASSEMBLY

Remove the screws which secure the oil pump cover and disassemble oil pump. Inscribe alignment marks on the inner and outer rotors so that they can be replaced in their original positions during reassembly.

CAUTION:

Before disassembling the oil pump, remove the relief valve.



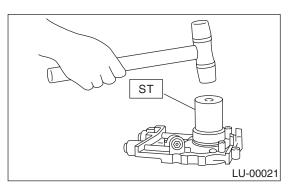
- (A) Oil seal
- (B) Pump case
- (C) Inner rotor
- (D) Outer rotor
- (E) Pump cover
- (F) Relief valve
- (G) Relief valve spring
- (H) Plug
- (I) Gasket

D: ASSEMBLY

1) Install the front oil seal by using ST. ST 499587100 OIL SEAL INSTALLER

NOTE:

Use a new oil seal.



- 2) Apply a coat of engine oil to the inner and outer rotors.
- 3) Install the inner and outer rotors in their original positions.
- 4) Install the oil relief valve, relief valve spring and plug.

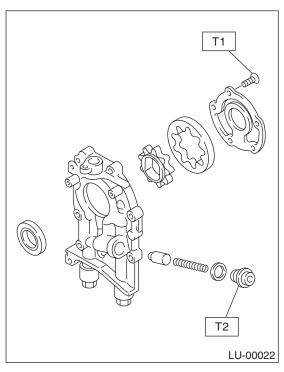
NOTE:

Use a new gasket.

5) Install the oil pump cover.

Tightening torque:

T1: 5.4 N·m (0.55 kgf-m, 4.0 ft-lb) T2: 44 N·m (4.5 kgf-m, 32.5 ft-lb)



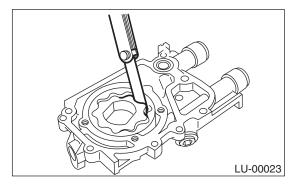
E: INSPECTION

1. TIP CLEARANCE

Measure the tip clearance of rotors. If clearance exceeds the limit, replace the rotors as a matched set.

Tip clearance:

Standard 0.04 — 0.14 mm (0.0016 — 0.0055 in) Limit 0.18 mm (0.0071 in)

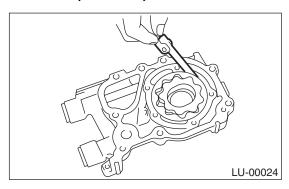


2. CASE CLEARANCE

Measure the clearance between outer rotor and oil pump rotor housing. If clearance exceeds the limit, replace the oil pump case.

Case clearance:

Standard 0.10 — 0.175 mm (0.0039 — 0.0069 in) Limit 0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

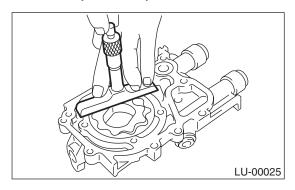


3. SIDE CLEARANCE

Measure the clearance between the oil pump inner rotor and pump cover. If clearance exceeds the limit, replace the rotor or pump body.

Side clearance:

Standard 0.02 — 0.07 mm (0.0008 — 0.0028 in) Limit 0.12 mm (0.0047 in)



4. OIL RELIEF VALVE

Check the valve for fitting condition and damage, and the relief valve spring for damage and deterioration. Replace the parts if defective.

Relief valve spring:

Free length
73.7 mm (2.902 in)
Installed length
54.7 mm (2.154 in)
Load when installed
93.1 N (9.49 kgf, 20.88 lb)

5. OIL PUMP CASE

Check the oil pump case for worn shaft hole, clogged oil passage, worn rotor chamber, cracks, and other faults.

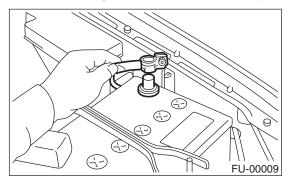
6. OIL SEAL

Check the oil seal lips for deformation, hardening, wear, etc. and replace if defective.

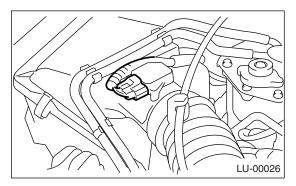
5. Oil Pan and Strainer

A: REMOVAL

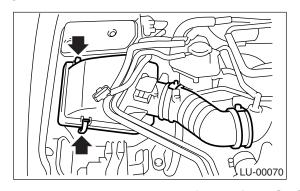
- 1) Set the vehicle on a lift.
- 2) Remove the front wheels.
- 3) Disconnect the ground cable from battery.



4) Disconnect the connector from mass air flow sensor.

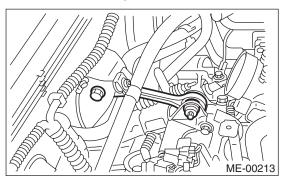


5) Remove the air intake boot and air cleaner upper cover.

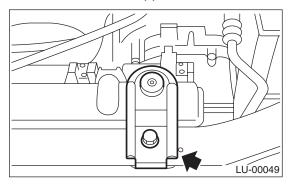


6) Remove the intercooler. <Ref. to IN(H4DOTC)-10, REMOVAL, Intercooler.>

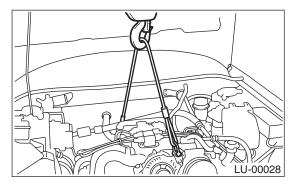
7) Remove the pitching stopper.



8) Remove the radiator upper brackets.



9) Support the engine with a lifting device and wire ropes.



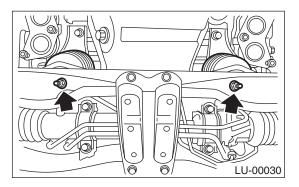
10) Lift-up the vehicle.

CAUTION:

When lifting up the vehicle, rise up the wire rope together.

- 11) Remove the under cover.
- 12) Drain the engine oil.

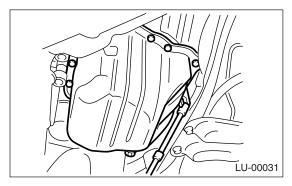
13) Remove the nuts which install the front cushion rubber onto front crossmember.



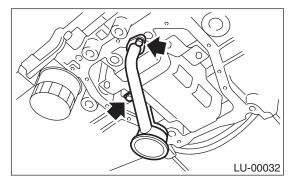
- 14) Remove the bolts which install the oil pan on cylinder block while raising up engine.
- 15) Insert the oil pan cutter blade between cylinder block-to-oil pan clearance.

CAUTION:

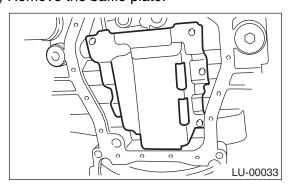
Do not use a screwdriver or similar tool in place of oil pan cutter.



16) Remove the oil strainer.



17) Remove the baffle plate.



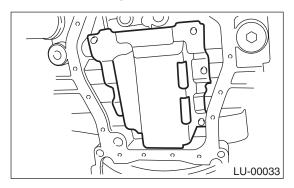
B: INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

Before installing the oil pan, clean sealant from oil pan and engine block.

1) Install the baffle plate.

Tightening torque: 6.4 N·m (0.65 kgf-m, 4.7 ft-lb)



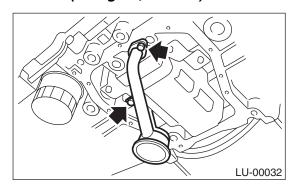
2) Install the oil strainer onto baffle plate.

CAUTION:

Replace the O-ring with a new one.

Tightening torque:

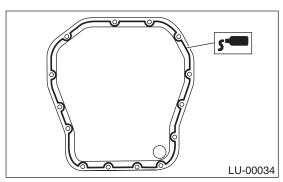
10 N·m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.2 ft-lb)



3) Apply fluid packing to the mating surfaces, and then install the oil pan.

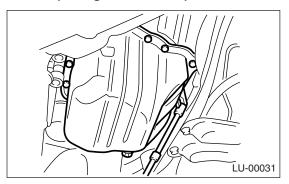
Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1207C (Part No. 004403012) or equivalent



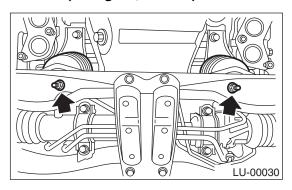
4) Tighten the bolts which install the oil pan onto cylinder block.

Tightening torque: 5 N·m (0.5 kgf-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



- 5) Lower the engine onto front crossmember.
- 6) Tighten the nuts which install the front cushion rubber onto front crossmember.

Tightening torque: 83 N⋅m (8.5 kgf-m, 61 ft-lb)

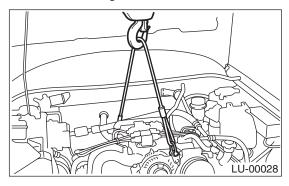


- 7) Install the under cover.
- 8) Lower the vehicle.

CAUTION:

When lowering the vehicle, lower the lifting device and wire rope together.

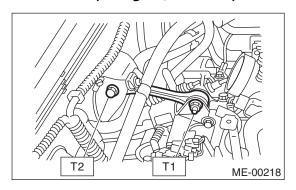
9) Remove the lifting device and steel cables.



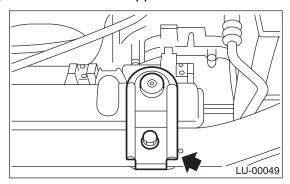
10) Install the pitching stopper.

Tightening torque:

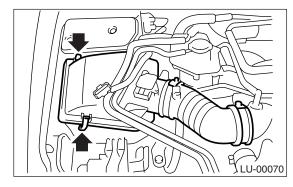
T1: 50 N·m (5.1 kgf-m, 36.9 ft-lb) T2: 58 N·m (5.9 kgf-m, 42.8 ft-lb)



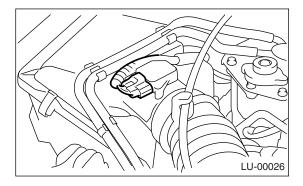
11) Install the radiator upper brackets.



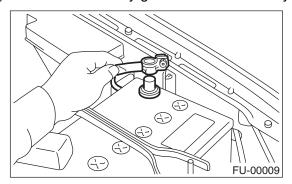
- 12) Install the intercooler. <Ref. to IN(H4DOTC)-
- 11, INSTALLATION, Intercooler.>
- 13) Install the air intake boot and air cleaner upper cover.



14) Connect the connector to mass air flow sensor.



- 15) Install the front wheels.
- 16) Connect the battery ground cable to battery.



17) Fill engine oil. <Ref. to LU(H4DOTC)-8, INSPECTION, Engine Oil.> $\,$

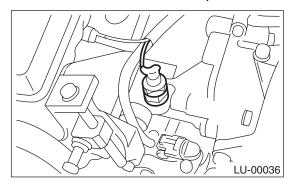
C: INSPECTION

By visual check, make sure the oil pan, oil strainer, oil strainer stay and baffle plate are not damaged.

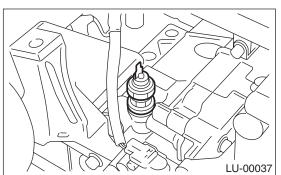
6. Oil Pressure Switch

A: REMOVAL

- 1) Remove the generator from bracket. <Ref. to SC(H4SO)-15, REMOVAL, Generator.>
- 2) Disconnect the terminal from oil pressure switch.



3) Remove the oil pressure switch.

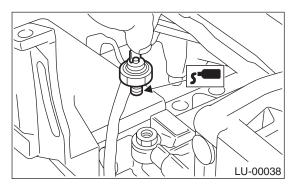


B: INSTALLATION

1) Apply fluid packing to the oil pressure switch threads.

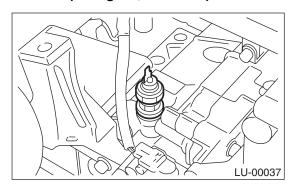
Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1324 (Part No. 004403042) or equivalent

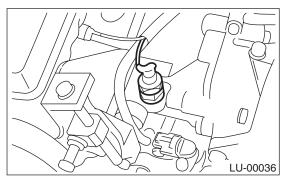


2) Install the oil pressure switch onto engine block.

Tightening torque: 25 N⋅m (2.5 kgf-m, 18.1 ft-lb)



3) Connect the terminal of oil pressure switch.



4) Install the generator on bracket. <Ref. to SC(H4SO)-15, INSTALLATION, Generator.>

C: INSPECTION

Make sure oil does not leak or seep from where the oil pressure switch is installed.

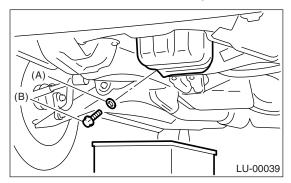
7. Engine Oil Cooler

A: REMOVAL

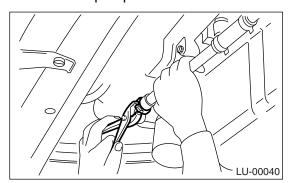
NOTE:

Engine oil cooler is equipped with turbo model only.

- 1) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 2) Remove the under cover.
- 3) Drain the engine oil. Set a container under the vehicle, and remove the drain plug from oil pan.

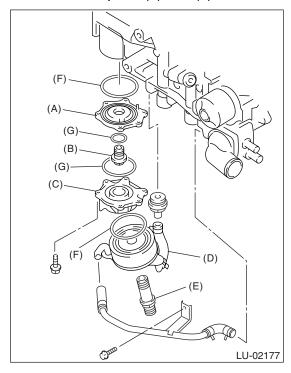


- (A) Gasket
- (B) Drain plug
- 4) Drain the engine coolant.
- 5) Remove the water by-pass pipe between oil cooler and water pump.



- 6) Remove the engine oil filter. <Ref. to LU(H4DOTC)-21, REMOVAL, Engine Oil Filter.>
- 7) Remove the connector and remove oil cooler.

8) Remove the adapters (1) and (2).



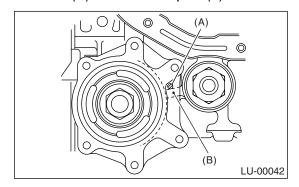
- (A) Adapter (1)
- (B) Adapter connector
- (C) Adapter (2)
- (D) Oil cooler
- (E) Oil cooler connector
- (F) Gasket
- (G) O-ring

B: INSTALLATION

NOTE:

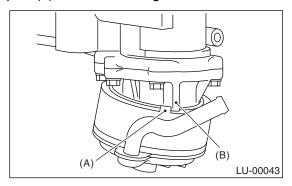
Engine oil cooler is equipped with turbo model only.

- 1) Install in the reverse order of removal.
- 2) Contact the knock pin (A) of adapter (1) to cylinder block rib (B) to install adapter (1).



3) Install the adapter (2).

4) Contact the engine oil cooler stopper (A) to adapter (2) rib to install engine oil cooler.

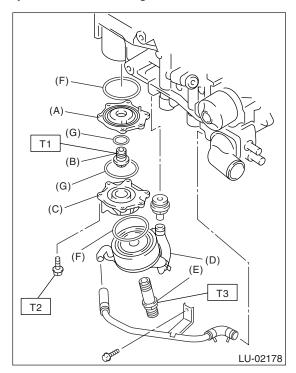


Tightening torque:

T1: 45 N·m (4.6 kgf-m, 33.2 ft-lb) T2: 6.4 N·m (0.65 kgf-m, 4.7 ft-lb) T3: 54 N·m (5.5 kgf-m, 40 ft-lb)

NOTE:

Always use a new O-ring.



- (A) Adapter (1)
- (B) Adapter connector
- (C) Adapter (2)
- (D) Oil cooler
- (E) Oil cooler connector
- (F) Gasket
- (G) O-ring

C: INSPECTION

- 1) Check that the coolant passages are not clogged using air blow method.
- 2) Check the mating surfaces of cylinder block, Oring groove and oil filter for damage.

8. Engine Oil Filter

A: REMOVAL

1) Remove the service hole cover.

2) Remove the oil filter with ST.

ST 18332AA000 OIL FILTER WRENCH (Outer

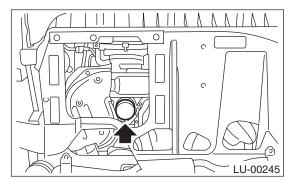
diameter: 68 mm (2.68 in))

ST 18332AA010 OIL FILTER WRENCH (Outer

diameter: 65 mm (2.56 in))

NOTE:

Standard oil filter is one with 68 mm (2.68 in), but Subaru genuine oil filter with 65 mm (2.56 in) can be used.



B: INSTALLATION

- 1) Clean mounting surface of oil filer for oil cooler.
- 2) Get a new oil filter and apply a thin coat of engine oil to seal rubber.
- 3) When installing oil filter, carefully turn by hand so as not to damage seal rubber.
- Oil filter with 68 mm (2.68 in) outer diameter is further tightened (about 1 rotation) with ST after seal rubber contacts an oil cooler. When using a torque wrench, tighten the oil filter to 14 N⋅m (1.4 kgf-m, 10 ft-lb).
- Oil filter with 65 mm (2.56 in) outer diameter is further tightened (about 2/3 to 3/4 rotation) with ST after seal rubber contacts an oil cooler. When using a torque wrench, tighten the oil filter to 12 N⋅m (1.2 kgf-m, 9 ft-lb).

CAUTION:

Do not tighten excessively, or oil may leak.

C: INSPECTION

1) After installing the oil filter, run the engine and make sure that no oil is leaking around seal rubber.

NOTE:

The filter element and filter case are permanently jointed; therefore, interior cleaning is not necessary.

2) Check the engine oil level. <Ref. to LU(H4DOTC)-8, INSPECTION, Engine Oil.>

9. Engine Lubrication System Trouble in General

A: INSPECTION

Before performing diagnostics, make sure that the engine oil level is correct and no oil leakage exists.

Trouble		Corrective action	
	1) Oil pressure switch	Cracked diaphragm or oil leakage within switch	Replace.
	failure	Broken spring or seized contacts	Replace.
	2) Low oil pressure	Clogged oil filter	Replace.
		Malfunction of oil by-pass valve of oil filter	Clean or replace.
		Malfunction of oil relief valve of oil pump	Clean or replace.
1. Warning light remains		Clogged oil passage	Clean.
on.		Excessive tip clearance and side clearance of oil pump rotor and gear	Replace.
		Clogged oil strainer or broken pipe	Clean or replace.
	3) No oil pressure	Insufficient engine oil	Replenish.
		Broken pipe of oil strainer	Replace.
		Stuck oil pump rotor	Replace.
O Marriag light door	1) Malfunction of combination meter		Replace.
2. Warning light does not go on.	2) Poor contact of switch contact points		Replace.
not go on.	3) Disconnection of wirin	Repair.	
	1) Poor contact at terminals		Repair.
3. Warning light flickers	2) Defective wiring harness		Repair.
momentarily.	3) Low oil pressure		Check for the same possible causes as listed in 1. — 2).