

Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set

HVAC SYSTEM (HEATER, VENTILATOR AND A/C)

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A: PROCEDURE

1. CHECK REFRIGERANT GAS PRESSURE

Preparation tool:

Manifold gauge set

Thermometer and hygrometer

- 1) Prepare the vehicle.

NOTE:

Check that the ambient temperature is 25 — 40°C (77 — 104°F) and that the humidity is 30% — 80%.

- Place the vehicle in the shade and windless condition, and open the front hood.
- Open all windows and close all doors.

- 2) Connect the manifold gauge set, and then check the refrigerant pressure.

(1) Connect the manifold gauge set, and start the engine.

(2) Set the vehicle to the following conditions.

Item	Condition
Engine	Warmed up (Engine coolant temperature indicator light: OFF)
Air vent grille	Shutter is fully open.
AC switch	ON
Temperature control switch or dial	LO (MAX COOL)
FRESH/RECIRC switch	RECIRC
Air flow control switch	VENT
Fan switch (auto A/C model)	4 — 6 levels
Fan dial (manual A/C model)	3 — 4 levels

(3) In the condition of step (2), idle the engine for 30 minutes.

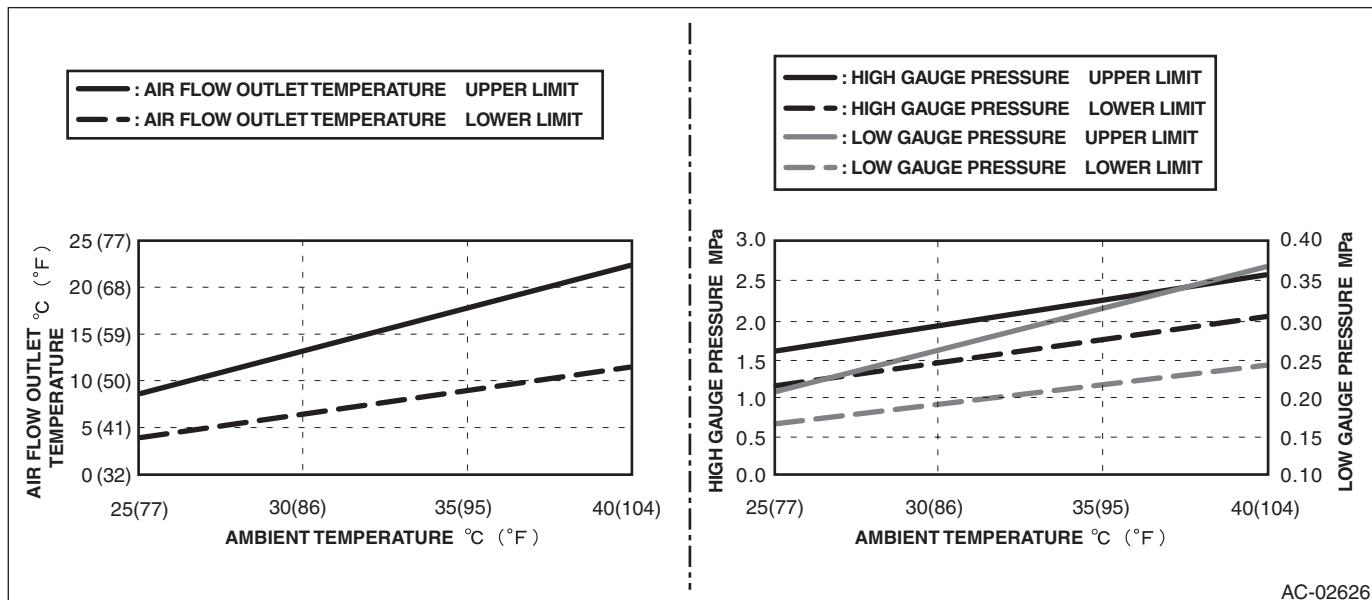
(4) Read the gauge values on both high pressure side and low pressure side for manifold gauge.

- 3) Measure the air vent grille outlet opening temperature, ambient temperature and humidity.

NOTE:

For outlet opening temperature, measure the average temperature of center grille assembly and side grille assembly.

- 4) Check that the high and low pressures and outlet opening temperature for ambient temperature and humidity is within the standard value described in the chart below.



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5) Refer to "DIAGNOSIS WITH SYMPTOM" if the inspection result is not within the standard value. <Ref. to AC-23, INSPECTION WITH PRESSURE SYMPTOM, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set.>

B: INSPECTION

1. INSPECTION WITH PRESSURE SYMPTOM

Symptoms	Reference
Both high and low pressure sides are low	<Ref. to AC-23, BOTH HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE SIDES ARE LOW, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set.>
Both high and low pressure sides are high	<Ref. to AC-23, BOTH HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE SIDES ARE HIGH, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set.>
High and low pressure sides are equal, high-pressure side is low	<Ref. to AC-24, HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE SIDES ARE EQUAL, OR HIGH-PRESSURE SIDE IS LOW, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set.>
High-pressure side is high	<Ref. to AC-24, HIGH-PRESSURE SIDE IS HIGH, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set.>
Low-pressure side is low	<Ref. to AC-25, LOW-PRESSURE SIDE IS LOW, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set.>
Low-pressure side is high	<Ref. to AC-25, LOW-PRESSURE SIDE IS HIGH, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Pressure with Manifold Gauge Set.>

2. BOTH HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE SIDES ARE LOW

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK REFRIGERANT LEAKS. Check the refrigerant for leaks. <Ref. to AC-30, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Leak Check.> NOTE: When high-pressure side is less than 0.69Mpa: Go to step 2.	Are there refrigerant leaks?	Repair the refrigerant leaking points.	Go to step 2.
2 FILL PROPER AMOUNT OF REFRIGERANT. Drain all refrigerant, and refill proper amount of refrigerant. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recovery: <Ref. to AC-26, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Recovery Procedure.>• Fill: <Ref. to AC-27, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Charging Procedure.>	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal.	Perform corresponding "INSPECTION WITH PRESSURE SYMPTOM".

3. BOTH HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE SIDES ARE HIGH

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 FILL PROPER AMOUNT OF REFRIGERANT. Drain all refrigerant, and refill proper amount of refrigerant. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recovery: <Ref. to AC-26, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Recovery Procedure.>• Fill: <Ref. to AC-27, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Charging Procedure.>	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal.	Perform corresponding "INSPECTION WITH PRESSURE SYMPTOM".

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4. HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE SIDES ARE EQUAL, OR HIGH-PRESSURE SIDE IS LOW

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK REFRIGERANT LEAKS. Check the refrigerant for leaks. <Ref. to AC-30, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Leak Check.> NOTE: When high-pressure side is less than 0.69Mpa: Go to step 2.	Are there refrigerant leaks?	Repair the refrigerant leaking points.	Go to step 2.
2 FILL PROPER AMOUNT OF REFRIGERANT. Drain all refrigerant, and refill proper amount of refrigerant. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recovery: <Ref. to AC-26, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Recovery Procedure.> • Fill: <Ref. to AC-27, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Charging Procedure.> 	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal.	Inspect the compressor. <Ref. to AC(diag)-37, COLD AIR DOES NOT COME OUT EVEN WHEN THE A/C SWITCH IS PRESSED. THE GLASS CANNOT BE DEFOGGED (COMPRESSOR DOES NOT OPERATE (VARIABLE)), DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH PHENOMENON, Diagnostics with Phenomenon.>

5. HIGH-PRESSURE SIDE IS HIGH

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK CONDENSER. Check the condenser. <Ref. to AC-65, INSPECTION, Condenser.>	Is condenser OK?	Go to step 2.	Clean or replace the condenser.
2 CHECK RADIATOR FAN. Check the radiator fan system. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • H4 model: <Ref. to CO(H4DO)-7, Radiator Fan System.> • H6 model: <Ref. to CO(H6DO)-8, Radiator Fan System.> 	Is radiator fan system normal?	Go to step 3.	Repair the radiator fan system or replace the faulty parts.
3 FILL PROPER AMOUNT OF REFRIGERANT. Drain all refrigerant, and refill proper amount of refrigerant. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recovery: <Ref. to AC-26, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Recovery Procedure.> • Fill: <Ref. to AC-27, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Charging Procedure.> 	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal.	Check the high-pressure hose and condenser for kinks or clogging, and replace if defective.

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6. LOW-PRESSURE SIDE IS LOW

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 CHECK REFRIGERANT LEAKS. Check the refrigerant for leaks. <Ref. to AC-30, INSPECTION, Refrigerant Leak Check.> NOTE: When high-pressure side is less than 0.69Mpa: Go to step 2.	Are there refrigerant leaks?	Repair the refrigerant leaking points.	Go to step 2.
2 FILL PROPER AMOUNT OF REFRIGERANT. Drain all refrigerant, and refill proper amount of refrigerant. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recovery: <Ref. to AC-26, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Recovery Procedure.>• Fill: <Ref. to AC-27, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Charging Procedure.>	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal.	Go to step 3.
3 REPLACE EXPANSION VALVE. Replace the expansion valve. <Ref. to AC-78, REMOVAL, Expansion Valve.>	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal. Inspect the compressor. <Ref. to AC(diag)-37, COLD AIR DOES NOT COME OUT EVEN WHEN THE A/C SWITCH IS PRESSED. THE GLASS CANNOT BE DEFOGGED (COMPRESSOR DOES NOT OPERATE (VARIABLE)), DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE WITH PHENOMENON, Diagnostics with Phenomenon.>	

7. LOW-PRESSURE SIDE IS HIGH

Step	Check	Yes	No
1 FILL PROPER AMOUNT OF REFRIGERANT. Drain all refrigerant, and refill proper amount of refrigerant. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recovery: <Ref. to AC-26, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Recovery Procedure.>• Fill: <Ref. to AC-27, PROCEDURE, Refrigerant Charging Procedure.>	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal.	Go to step 2.
2 REPLACE EXPANSION VALVE. Replace the expansion valve. <Ref. to AC-78, REMOVAL, Expansion Valve.>	Is refrigerant pressure within the standard value?	Refrigerant pressure is normal.	Replace the evaporator. <Ref. to AC-70, REMOVAL, Evaporator.>