

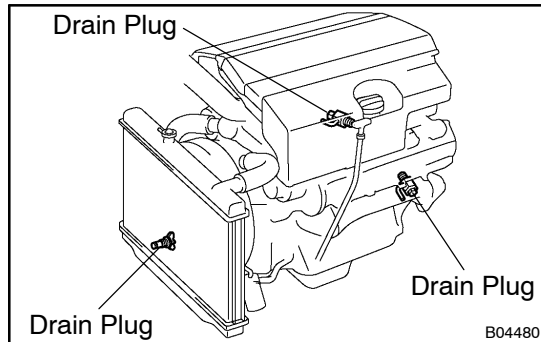
REPLACEMENT

1. DRAIN ENGINE COOLANT

- (a) Remove the radiator cap.

CAUTION:

To avoid the danger of being burned, do not remove the radiator cap while the engine and radiator are still hot, as fluid and steam can be blown out under pressure.



- (b) Remove the 3 drain plugs on the engine and radiator, and drain the coolant.

- (c) Close the 3 drain plugs.

Torque: 12.7 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf) for engine

2. REFILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT

- (a) Slowly fill the system with coolant.
- Use of improper coolants may damage engine cooling system.
 - Use "Toyota Long Life Coolant" or equivalent and mix it with plain water according to the manufacturer's directions.
 - Use of the coolant which includes more than 50% [freezing protection down to -35°C (-31°F)] or 60% [freezing protection down to -50°C (-58°F)] of ethylene-glycol is recommended, but not more than 70%.

NOTICE:

- Do not use an alcohol type coolant or plain water alone.
- The coolant should be mixed with plain water (preferably demineralized water or distilled water).

Capacity:

w/ Front heater: 14.8 liters (15.6 US qts, 13.0 Imp. qts)

w/ Front heater and rear heater:

15.3 liters (16.2 US qts, 13.4 Imp. qts)

- (b) Install the radiator cap.
- (c) Bleed the cooling system.
- (1) Start the engine, and open the heater water valve.
 - (2) Maintain the engine speed at 2,000 – 2,500 rpm, and warm up the engine.
- (d) Stop the engine, and wait until the engine coolant cools down.
- (e) Refill coolant into the reservoir until it is "FULL".

3. CHECK FOR ENGINE COOLANT LEAKS

4. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT SPECIFIC GRAVITY CORRECTLY