DTC	P0705	TRANSMISSION RANGE SENSOR CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (PRNDL INPUT)

DTC	P0850	PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The park/neutral position switch comes on when the shift lever is in the N or P position. When it comes on, terminal NSW of the ECM is grounded to the body ground via the starter relay, thus the terminal NSW voltage becomes 0 V. When the shift lever is in the D, 2, L or R position, the park/neutral position switch goes off, so the voltage of terminal NSW becomes battery positive voltage and the voltage of the ECM internal power source.

If the shift lever is moved from the N position to the D position, this signal is used for air–fuel ratio correction and for idle speed control (estimated control), etc.

DTC No.	DTC Detection Condition	Trouble Area
P0705	2 or more switches are ON simultaneously at R, N, D, 2, and L positions (2 trip detection logic)	• Short in park/neutral position switch circuit • Park/Neutral position switch • ECM
P0850	When driving under conditions (a) and (b) continue for 30 seconds or more, park/neutral position switch is ON (N position): (2 trip detection logic) (a) Vehicle speed: 70 km/h (43 mph) or more. (b) Engine speed: 1,500 to 2,500 rpm	

HINT:

After confirming DTC P0705 and P0850, use the hand–held tester to confirm the PNP switch signal in the "DIAGNOSIS / OBD/MOBD / DATA LIST / ALL".

WIRING DIAGRAM

Refer to DTC P0705 and P0850 on page 05–304.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Refer to DTC P0705 and P0850 on page 05–304.

HINT:

Read freeze frame data using the hand–held tester, as freeze frame data records the engine conditions when a malfunction is detected. When troubleshooting, it is useful for determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, the engine was warmed up or not, the air–fuel ratio was lean or rich, etc. at the time of the malfunction.