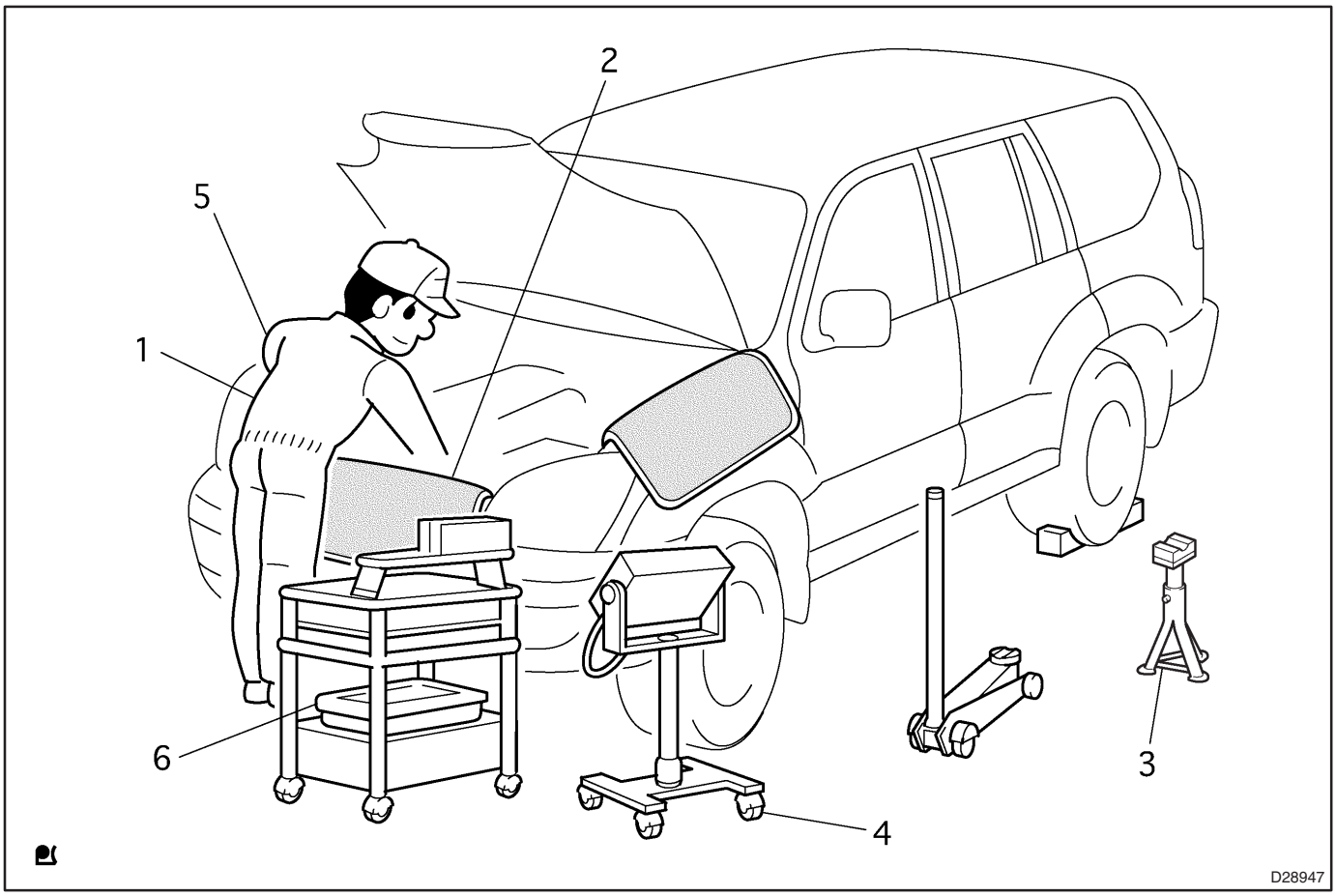
REPAIR INSTRUCTION

PRECAUTION

010J6–04

1. BASIC REPAIR HINT

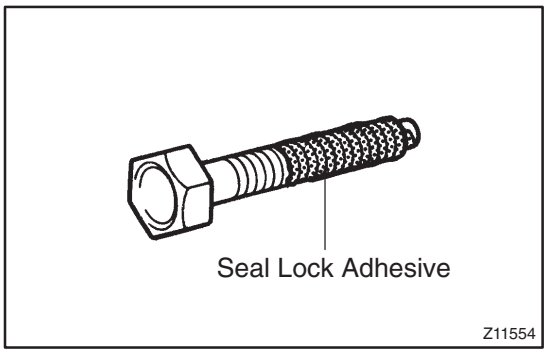
(a) HINTS ON OPERATIONS



1	Looks	• Always wear a clean uniform. • Hat and safety shoes must be worn.
2	Vehicle protection	• Set a grill cover, fender cover, seat cover and floor mat before starting operation.
3	Safe operation	• When working with 2 or more persons, be sure to check safety of one another. • When working with the engine running, pay attention to the ventilation in the workshop. • When operating on a high–temperature parts, rotating, moving and vibrating parts, pay attention not to burn or injure yourself. • When jacking up the vehicle, be sure to support the specified location with a safety stand. • When lifting up the vehicle, apply a safety equipment.
4	Preparation of tools and measuring gauge	• Before starting operation, prepare a tool stand, SST, gauge, oil, shop rag and parts for replacement.
5	Removal and installation, disassembly and assembly operations	• Diagnose with a thorough understanding of the trouble phenomenon and perform effective operation. • Before removing the parts, check the assembly for general condition, deformation and damage. • When the structure is complicated, take a note or put matchmarks so as not to make mistakes that affect the function of the parts. • Clean and wash the removed parts if necessary, and assemble them after a thorough check.
6	Removed parts	• Place the removed parts in the correct order to avoid mixing up or making them dirty. • As for non–reusable parts such as a gasket, an O–ring, and a self–lock nut, change them to new ones following the instruction of this manual. • Sort out the parts for replacement in a box and show them to the customer.

(b) JACKING UP AND SUPPORTING VEHICLE

(1) Care must be taken when jacking up and supporting the vehicle. Be sure to lift and support the vehicle at the proper locations (See page 01–24).



(c) PRECOATED PARTS

(1) Precoated parts are bolts, nuts, etc. that are coated with a seal lock adhesive at the factory.

(2) If a precoated part is retightened, loosened or caused to move in any way, it must be recoated with the specified adhesive.

(3) When reusing precoated parts, clean off the old adhesive and dry the part with compressed air. Then apply the specified seal lock adhesive to the bolt, nut or threads.

NOTICE:
Check the torque with the lower limit value of the torque tolerance.

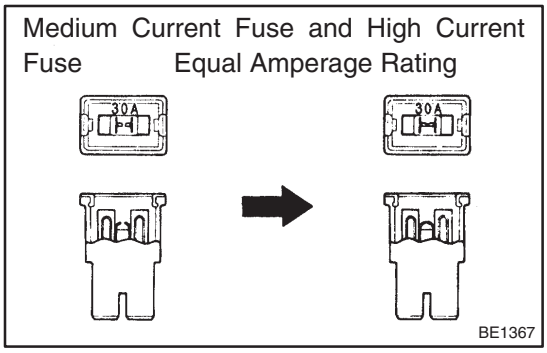
(4) Depending on the seal lock agent to apply, there may be a case where it is necessary to leave it for a specified time until it hardens.

(d) GASKETS

(1) When necessary, use a sealer on gaskets to prevent leaks.

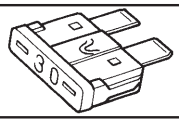
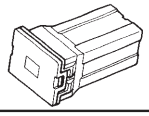
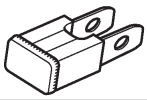
(e) BOLTS, NUTS AND SCREWS

(1) Carefully observe all the specifications for tightening torques. Always use a torque wrench.



(f) FUSES

(1) When replacing fuses, be sure that a new fuse has the correct amperage rating. DO NOT exceed the rating, or use one with a lower rating.

Illustration	Symbol	Part Name	Abbreviation
 BE5594	 IN0365	FUSE	FUSE
 BE5595	 IN0366	MEDIUM CURRENT FUSE	M–FUSE
 D27353	 IN0367	HIGH CURRENT FUSE	H–FUSE

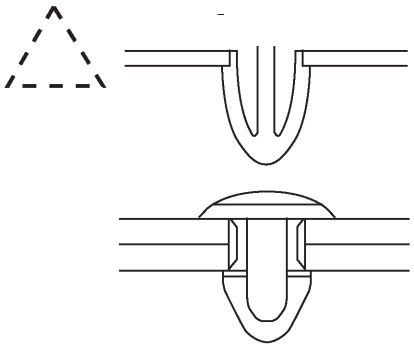
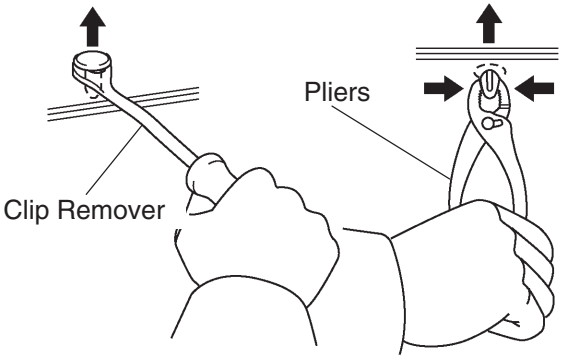
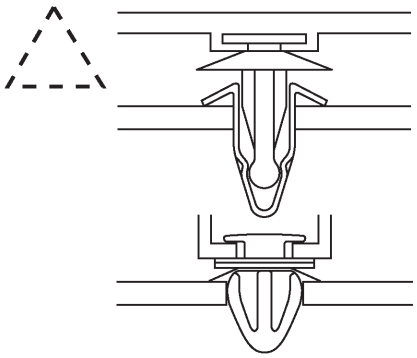
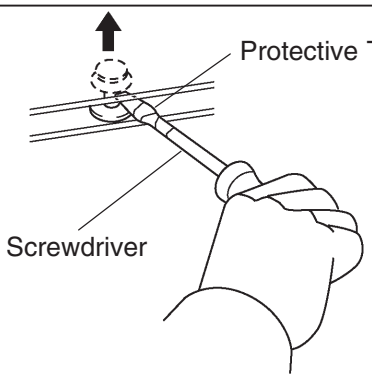
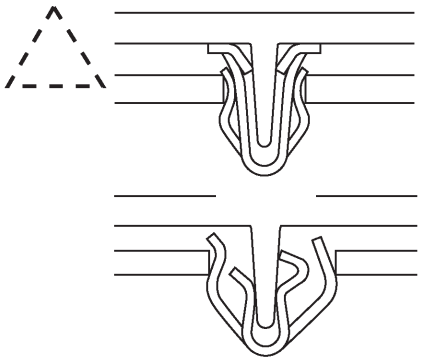
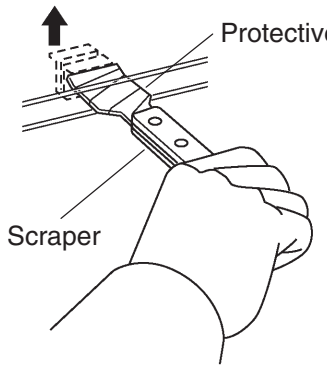
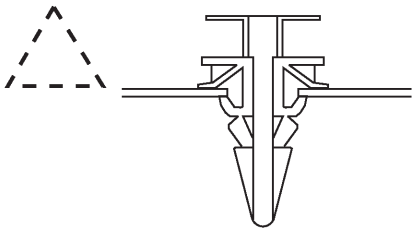
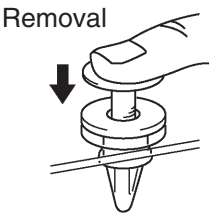
(g) CLIPS

(1) The removal and installation methods of typical clips used in body parts are shown in the table below.

HINT:

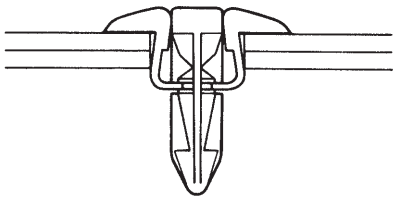
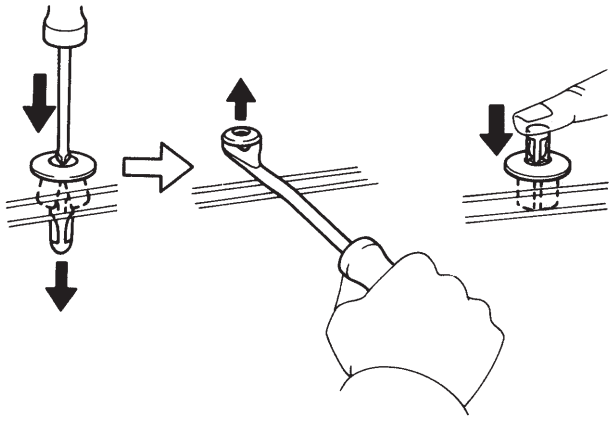
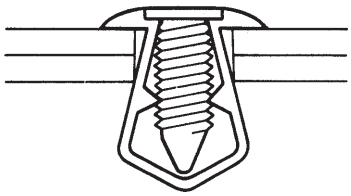
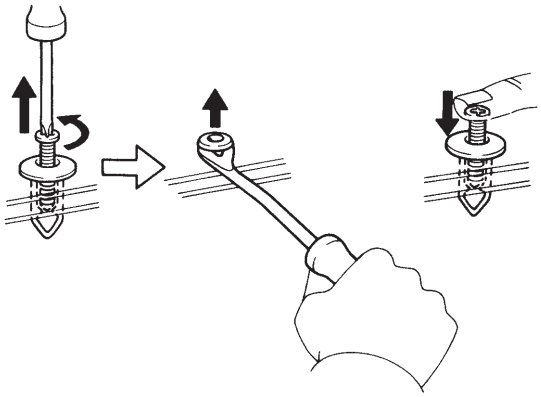
If the clip is damaged during operation, always replace it with a new clip.

1

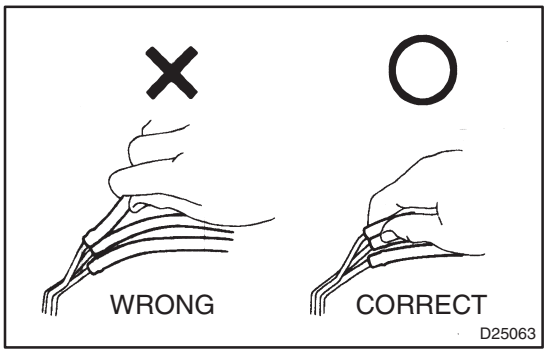
Shape (Example)	Removal/Installation
	
	
	
	

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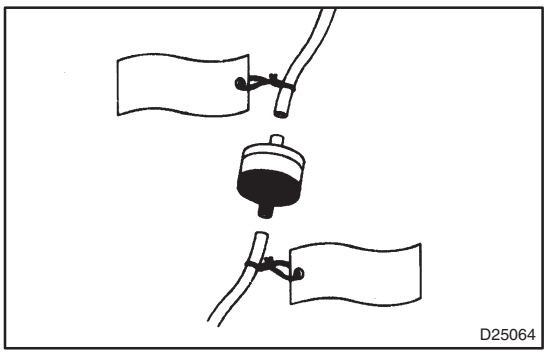
Shape (Example)	Removal/Installation
	Removal Installation 
	Removal Installation 

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(h) REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF VACUUM HOSES

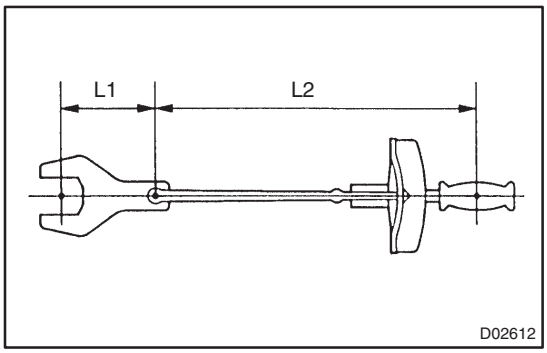
(1) To disconnect vacuum hoses, pull them by holding the end, not the middle of the hose.

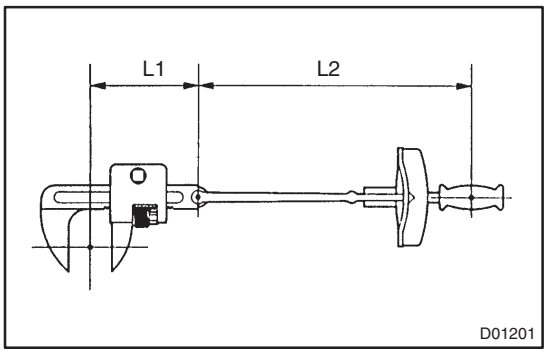


(2) When disconnecting vacuum hoses, use tags to identify where they should be reconnected.

(3) After completing the job, make a double check whether the vacuum hoses are properly connected. A label under the hood shows the proper layout.

(4) When using a vacuum gauge, never force the hose onto a connector that is too large. Use a step–down adapter for adjustment. Once the hose has been stretched, it may leak air.





(i) TORQUE WHEN USING TORQUE WRENCH WITH EXTENSION TOOL

(1) When the torque wrench is combined with SST or an extension tool to extend its entire length, if you tighten until the reading of the torque wrench reaches the specified torque value, the actual torque becomes excessive.

(2) In this manual, only the specified torque is described. In case of using SST or extension tool, calculate the reading of the torque wrench by the following formula.

(3) Formula T'=T x L2/(L1 + L2)

T'	Reading of torque wrench {N·m (kgf·cm, ft·lbf)}
T	Torque {N·m (kgf·cm, ft·lbf)}
L1	Length of SST or extension tool (cm)
L2	Length of torque wrench (cm)

2. FOR VEHICLES EQUIPPED WITH SRS AIRBAG AND SEAT BELT PRETENSIONER

HINT:

The LAND CRUISER/LAND CRUISER PRADO is equipped with an SRS (Supplemental Restraint System), such as the horn button with airbag, front passenger airbag, side airbag, curtain shield airbag and seat belt pretensioner.

Failure to carry out the service operations in the correct sequence could cause the supplemental restraint system to unexpectedly deploy while servicing. It may lead to a serious accident.

Furthermore, if a mistake is made when servicing the supplemental restraint system, it is possible that the SRS will fail to operate when required. Before servicing (including removal or installation of parts, inspection or replacement), be sure to read the following items carefully. Then follow the correct procedues described in this manual.

(a) GENERAL NOTICE

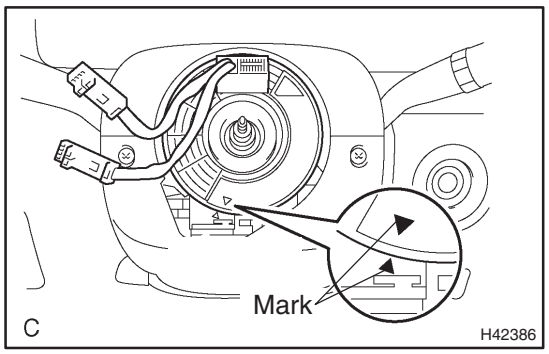
(1) Malfunction symptoms of the supplemental restraint system are difficult to be confirmed, so the diagnostic trouble codes become the most important source of information when troubleshooting. When troubleshooting the supplemental restraint system, always check the diagnostic trouble codes before disconnecting the battery (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 05–1122).

(2) Work must be started after 90 seconds from the time that the ignition switch is turned to the LOCK position and the negative (–) terminal cable is disconnected from the battery.

(The supplemental restraint system is equipped with a back–up power source. So, if work is started within 90 seconds after disconnecting the negative (–) terminal cable from the battery, the SRS may deploy).

When the negative (–) terminal cable is disconnected from the battery, memory of the clock and audio systems is cancelled. So, before starting work, make a record of the recorded contents in each memory system. Then, when work is finished, reset the clock and audio systems as before. To avoid erasing the memory in each memory system, never use a back–up power supply from another battery.

(3) Even in case of a minor collision where the SRS does not deploy, the horn button assembly, instrument panel passenger airbag assembly, front seat airbag assembly, curtain shield airbag assembly and seat belt pretensioner should be inspected (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on pages 60–15, 60–27, 60–43, 60–36 and 61–9 or 61–17).
(4) Never use the SRS related parts from another vehicle. When replacing the parts, replace them with new parts.
(5) Before repairs, remove the airbag sensor if shocks are likely to be applied to the sensor during repairs.
(6) Never disassemble and repair the center airbag sensor assembly, side airbag sensor assembly, horn button assembly, instrument panel passenger airbag assembly, front seat airbag assembly, curtain shield airbag assembly or seat belt pretensioner.
(7) If the center airbag sensor assembly, the side airbag sensor assembly, the horn button assembly, the instrument panel passenger airbag assembly, the front seat airbag assembly or the curtain shield airbag assembly have been dropped, or if there are cracks, dents or other defects in the case, bracket or connector, replace them with new ones.
(8) Do not directly expose the airbag sensor assembly, side airbag sensor assembly, the horn button assembly, the instrument panel passenger airbag assembly, the front seat airbag assembly, the curtain shield airbag assembly or the seat belt pretensioner to hot air or flames.
(9) Use a volt/ohmmeter with high impedance (10 kΩ/V minimum) for troubleshooting of an electrical circuit.
(10) Information labels are attached to the SRS components. Follow the instructions on the notices.
(11) After work on the supplemental restraint system is completed, check the SRS warning light (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 05–1122).

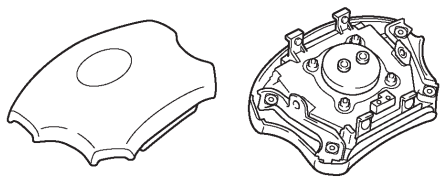


(b) SPIRAL CABLE (in Combination Switch)
(1) The steering wheel must be fitted correctly to the steering column with the spiral cable at the neutral position, otherwise cable disconnection and other troubles may occur. Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 60–22 of this manual concerning the correct installation of the steering wheel.

(c) HORN BUTTON ASSEMBLY (with Airbag)
(1) When removing the horn button assembly or handling a new horn button, it should be placed with the pad top surface facing upward. Placing it with the pad surface facing downward may lead to a serious accident if the airbag deploys for some reasons. Also, do not place the horn button on the top of one another.
(2) Never measure the resistance of the airbag squib (This may cause the airbag to inflate, which is very dangerous).
(3) Grease should not be applied to the horn button assembly, and the pad should not be cleaned with detergents of any kinds.
(4) Store the horn button assembly where the ambient temperature remains below 93˚C (200˚F), without high humidity and away from electrical noise.
(5) When using electric welding, first disconnect the airbag connector (4 yellow pins) under the steering column near the combination switch connector before starting work.

(6) When disposing of the vehicle or the horn button assembly alone, the airbag should be deployed using SST before the disposal (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 60–15).
Perform operation in a safe place away from electrical noise.

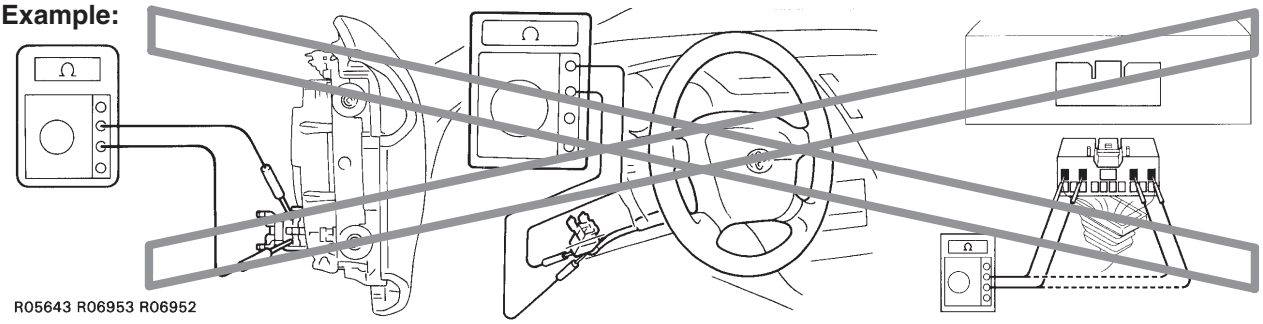
Example:



N

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Example:



R05643 R06953 R06952

Z13950

(d) INSTRUMENT PANEL PASSENGER AIRBAG ASSEMBLY

(1) Always place a removed or new instrument panel passenger airbag assembly with the airbag inflation direction facing upward. Placing the airbag assembly with the airbag inflation direction facing downward could cause a serious accident if the airbag deploys.

(2) Never measure the resistance of the airbag squib (This may cause the airbag to inflate, which is very dangerous).

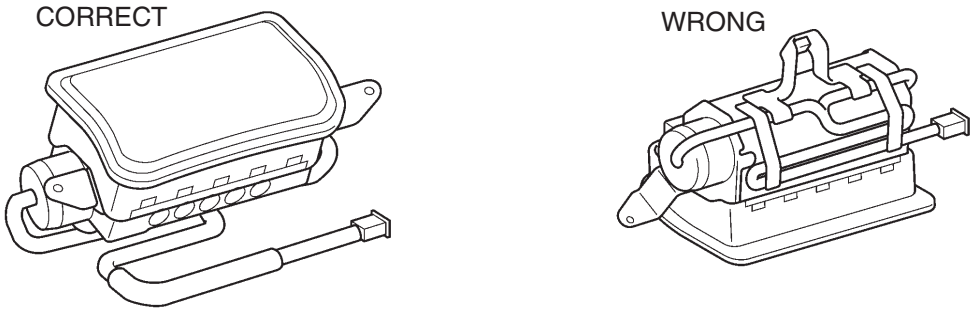
(3) Grease should not be applied to the instrument panel passenger airbag assembly, and the airbag door should not be cleaned with detergents of any kind.

(4) Store the airbag assembly where the ambient temperature remains below 93°C (200°F), without high humidity and away from electrical noise.

(5) When using electric welding, first disconnect the airbag connector (4 yellow pins) installed on the assembly before starting work.

(6) When disposing of a vehicle or the airbag assembly alone, the airbag should be deployed using SST before the disposal (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 60–27).
Perform operation in a safe place away from electrical noise.

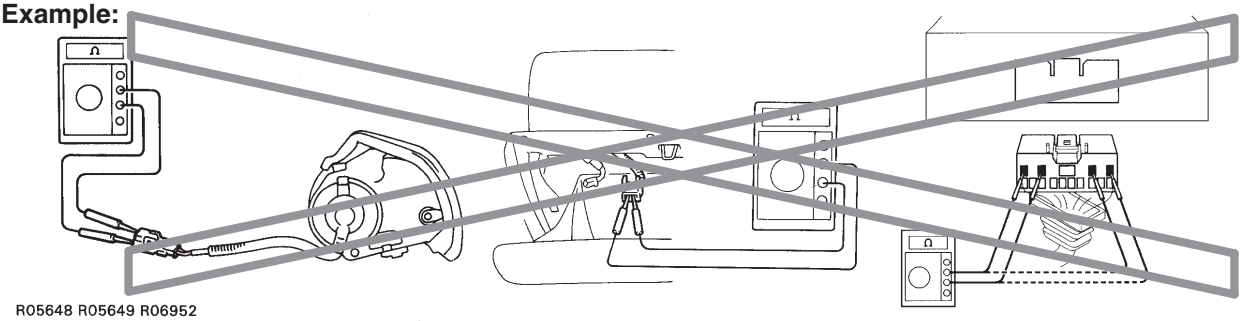
Example:



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Example:



R05648 R05649 R06952

Z13951

(e) FRONT SEAT AIRBAG ASSEMBLY

(1) Always place a removed or new front seat airbag assembly with the airbag inflation direction facing upward. Placing the airbag assembly with the airbag inflation direction facing downward could cause a serious accident if the airbag deploys.

(2) Never measure the resistance of the airbag squib (This may cause the airbag to inflate, which is very dangerous).

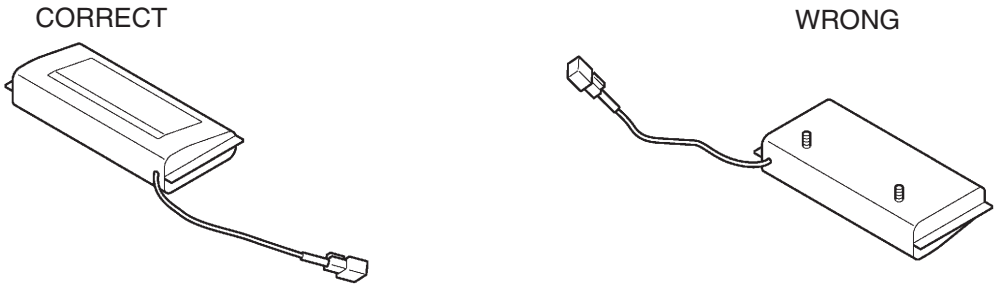
(3) Grease should not be applied to the front seat airbag assembly, and the airbag door should not be cleaned with detergents of any kind.

(4) Store the airbag assembly where the ambient temperature remains below 93˚C (200˚F), without high humidity and away from electrical noise.

(5) When using electric welding, first disconnect the airbag connector (2 yellow pins) installed on the assembly before starting work.

(6) When disposing of a vehicle or the airbag assembly alone, the airbag should be deployed using SST before the disposal (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 60–43).
Perform operation in a safe place away from electrical noise.

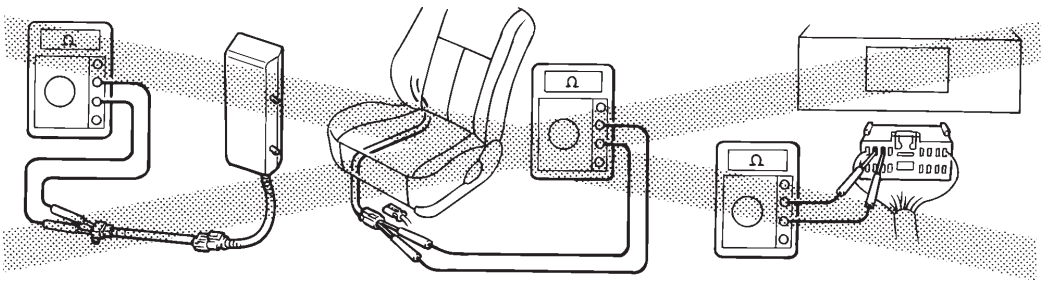
Example:



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Example:



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(f) CURTAIN SHIELD AIRBAG ASSEMBLY

(1) Always place the removed or new curtain shield airbag assembly in a clear plastic bag, and keep it in a safe place.

NOTICE:

Protection bag is not re–useable.

CAUTION:

Never disassemble the curtain shield airbag assembly.

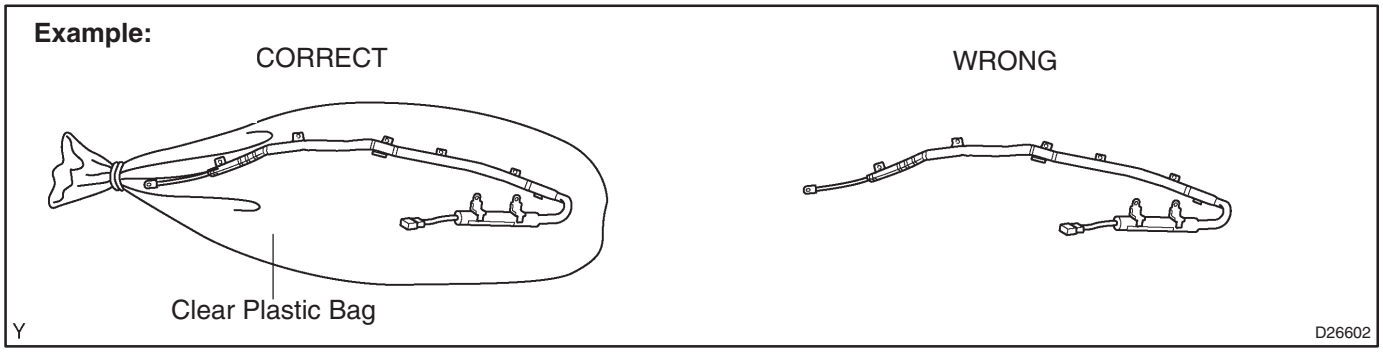
(2) Never measure the resistance of the airbag squib (This may cause the airbag to inflate, which is very dangerous).

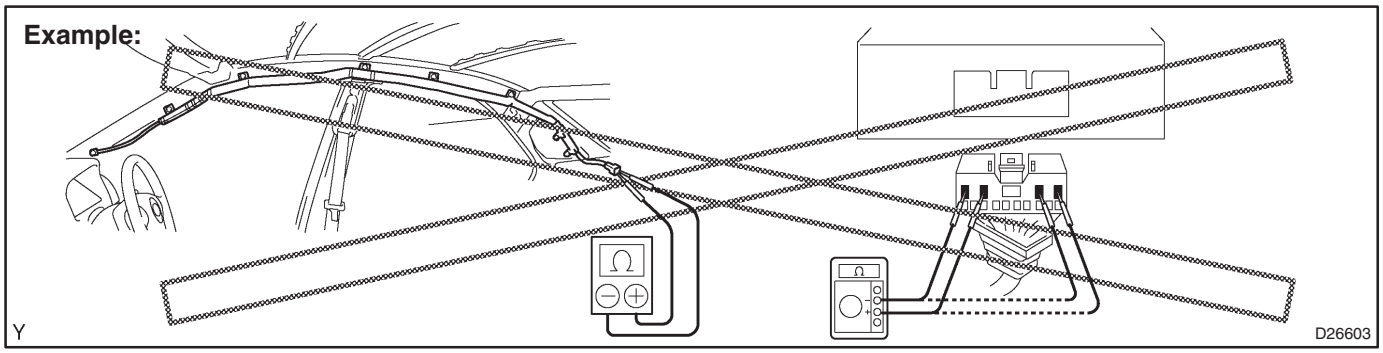
(3) Grease should not be attached to the curtain shield airbag assembly, and the surface should not be cleared with detergents of any kind.

(4) Store the airbag assembly where the ambient temperature remains below 93˚C (200˚F), without high humidity and away from electrical noise.

(5) When using electric welding, first disconnect the airbag connector (2 yellow pins) from the instrument panel before starting work.

(6) When disposing of a vehicle or the curtain shield airbag assembly alone, the airbag should be deployed using SST before the disposal (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 60–36). Perform operation in a safe place away from electrical noise.

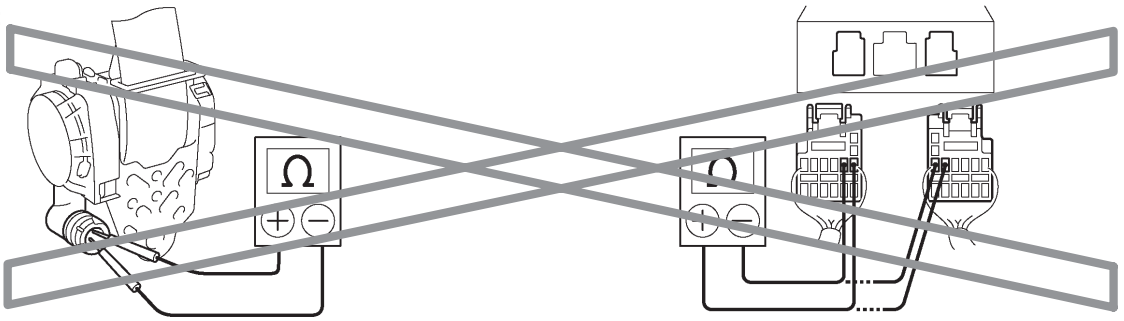




(g) SEAT BELT PRETENSIONER

(1) Never measure the resistance of the seat belt pretensioner (This may cause the seat belt pretensioner to activate, which is very dangerous).
(2) Never disassemble the seat belt pretensioner.
(3) Never install the seat belt pretensioner to another vehicle.
(4) Store the seat belt pretensioner where the ambient temperature remains below 80°C (176°F) without high humidity and away from electrical noise.
(5) When using electric welding, first disconnect the connector (2 yellow pins) before starting work.
(6) When disposing of a vehicle or the seat belt pretensioner alone, the seat belt pretensioner should be activated before the disposal (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 61–9 or 61–17). Perform operation in a safe place away from electrical noise.
(7) The seat belt pretensioner is hot after activated, so cool it down sufficiently before the disposal. Never apply water to cool down the seat belt pretensioner.
(8) Oil or water should not be put on the front seat outer belt, and the front seat outer belt should not be cleaned with detergents of any kind.

Example:



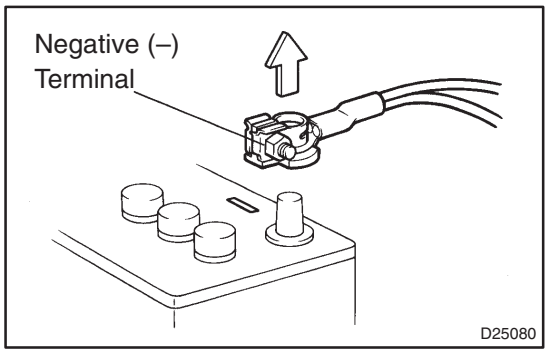
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(h) AIRBAG SENSOR ASSEMBLY

(1) Never reuse the airbag sensor assembly involved in a collision where the SRS has deployed.
(2) The connectors to the airbag sensor assembly should be connected or disconnected with the sensor mounted on the floor. If the connectors are connected or disconnected while the airbag sensor assembly is not mounted to the floor, it could cause an undesired ignition of the supplemental restraint system.
(3) Work must be started after 90 seconds from the time that the ignition switch is turned to the LOCK position and the negative (–) terminal cable is disconnected from the battery, even if only loosening the set bolts of the airbag sensor assembly.

(i) WIRE HARNESS AND CONNECTOR

(1) The SRS wire harness is integrated with the instrument panel wire harness assembly. All the connectors in the system are in a standard yellow color. If the SRS wire harness becomes disconnected or the connector becomes broken due to an accident, etc., repair or replace it.



3. ELECTRONIC CONTROL

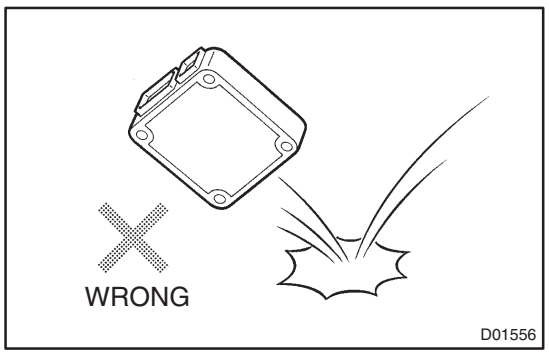
(a) REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF BATTERY TERMINAL

(1) Before performing electronic work, disconnect the battery negative (–) terminal cable beforehand so as to prevent burnt–out damage by short.

(2) When disconnecting and installing the terminal cable, turn the ignition switch and lighting switch OFF, and loosen the terminal nut completely. Perform these operations without twisting or prying the terminal.

(3) When the battery terminal is removed, all the memories of the clock, radio, DTCs, etc. are erased. So before removing it, check them and make a note.

(4) When the battery terminal is disconnected, the sliding roof position memory is erased.
Make sure to reset the sliding roof to the zero point (Refer to Pub. No. RM990E on page 74–6).



(b) HANDLING OF ELECTRONIC PARTS

(1) Do not open the cover or case of the ECU unless absolutely necessary (If the IC terminals are touched, the IC may be destroyed by static electricity).

(2) To disconnect electronic connectors, pull the connector itself, not the wires.

(3) Be careful not to drop electronic components, such as sensors or relays. If they are dropped on a hard floor, they should be replaced and not be reused.

(4) When cleaning the engine with steam, protect the electronic components, air filter and emission–related components from water.

(5) Never use an impact wrench to remove or install temperature switches or temperature sensors.

(6) When checking the continuity at the wire connector, insert the tester probe carefully to prevent terminals from bending.

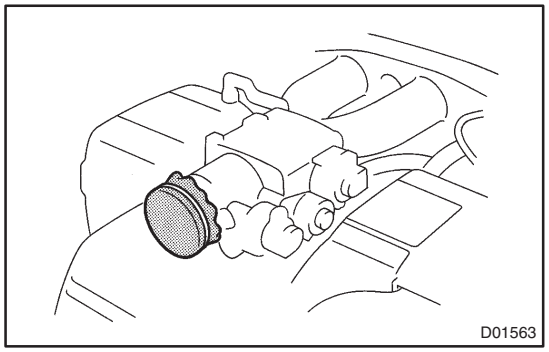
4. REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF FUEL CONTROL PARTS

(a) PLACE FOR REMOVING AND INSTALLING OF FUEL SYSTEM PARTS

(1) Work in a place with good air ventilation and without anything flammable such as welder, grinder, drill, electric motor or stove in the surroundings.

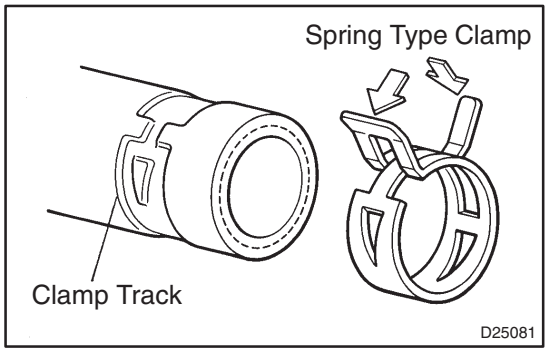
(2) Never work in a place such as a pit or nearby a pit, as there is a possibility that vaporized fuel is filled in those places.

(b) REMOVING AND INSTALLING OF FUEL SYSTEM PARTS
(1) Prepare a fire extinguisher before starting operation.
(2) For prevention of the static electricity, install a ground on the fuel changer, vehicle and fuel tank, and do not spray much water so as to prevent slipping.
(3) Never use any electric equipment like an electric motor or a working light, as they may cause sparks or high temperature.
(4) Never use an iron hammer, as it may cause sparks.
(5) Dispose of the shop rag separately from any fuel deposits.


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5. REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF ENGINE INTAKE PARTS

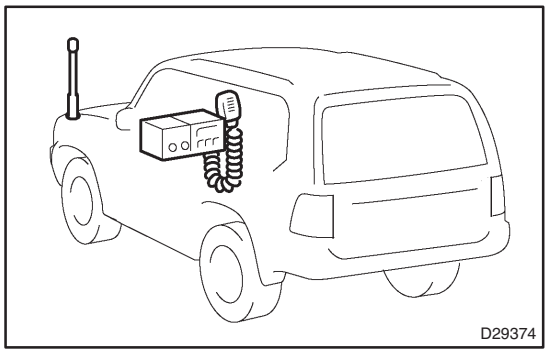
(a) If any metal tip is mixed in the inlet pass, that may give a bad effect to the engine and turbocharger.
(b) When removing and installing the inlet system parts, close the opening of the removed inlet system parts and the engine with a clean shop rag or gummed tape.
(c) When installing the inlet system parts, check that there is no mixing of a metal tip.



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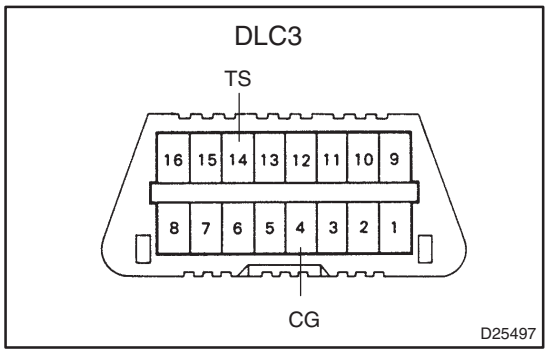
6. HANDLING OF HOSE CLAMPS

(a) Before removing the hose, check the clamp position to restore it securely.
(b) Change the deformed or dented clamp into a new one.
(c) In case of reusing the hose, install the clamp on the hose where it has a clamp track.
(d) For a spring type clamp, make adjustment by adding force to the arrow mark direction after the installation.


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7. FOR VEHICLES EQUIPPED WITH MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

(a) Install an antenna as far away from the ECU and sensors of the vehicle electronic systems as possible.
(b) Install an antenna feeder at least 20 cm (7.87 in.) away from the ECU and sensors of the vehicle electronic systems. For details of the ECU and sensors locations, refer to the section on the applicable component.
(c) Prevent the antenna feeder from getting entangled with the other wirings, and keep the antenna feeder separately from the other wirings as much as possible.
(d) Check that the antenna and feeder are correctly adjusted.
(e) Do not install any powerful mobile communication system.



8. FOR VEHICLES EQUIPPED WITH VEHICLE STABILITY CONTROL (VSC) SYSTEM

(a) NOTICES WHEN USING DRUM TESTER

(1) When using a drum tester, be sure to start the engine with the ignition switch OFF, and connect SST to the terminals TS and CG of the DLC3 before the measurement in order to cancel the VSC operation.

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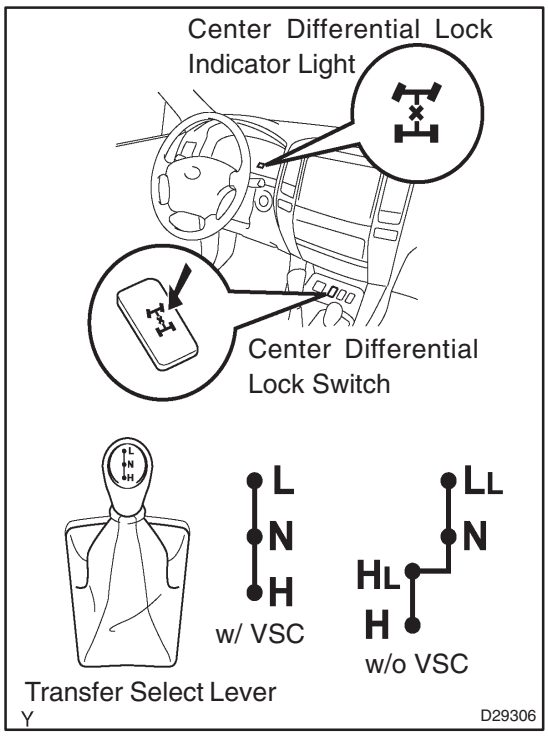
NOTICE:

- **Confirm that the VSC/TRC warning light blinks.**
- **The VSC system is reset when the engine is restarted.**
- **Fasten the vehicle with lock chains.**

(b) NOTICES OF RELATED OPERATIONS TO VSC

(1) Do not carry out unnecessary installation and removal, because it might disorder the adjustment of the parts related to the VSC.

(2) Be sure to carry out the preparation for operation and the confirmation of operation completion, in accordance with the instructions of the text, when the operations related to the VSC are performed.



9. WHEN SERVICING FULL–TIME 4WD VEHICLES

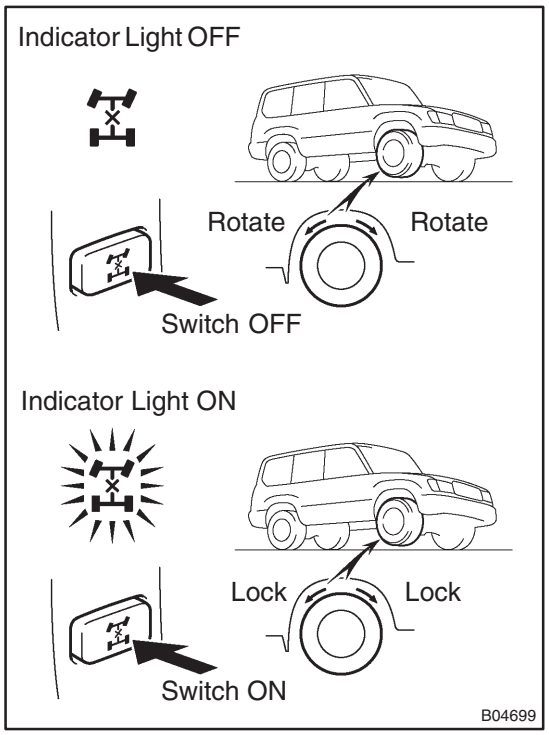
The Full–time 4WD LAND CRUISER/LAND CRUISER PRADO is equipped with the mechanical lock type center differential system.

During tests using a brake tester or chassis dynamometer, such as braking force tests or speedometer tests, if only the front or rear wheels are to be rotated, it is necessary to set the position of the center differential to FREE or LOCK depending on the type of the test being performed.

HINT:

w/o Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) system:

When the transfer select lever is put in LL position, the center differential is put in LOCK condition regardless of the position of the center differential lock switch.



Center differential FREE condition:

	Condition	Wheel
Center differential switch	OFF	A lifted wheel cannot be rotated even if only one wheel is lifted up, as long as transmission is in N position.
Indicator light	OFF	
Transfer select lever (H/L)	Either will do	

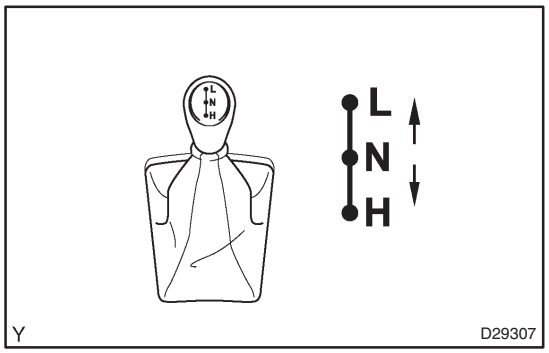
Center differential LOCK condition:

	Condition	Wheel
Center differential switch	ON	A lifted wheel cannot be rotated even if only one wheel is lifted up, as long as transmission is in N position.
Indicator light	ON	
Transfer select lever (H/L)	Either will do	

NOTICE:

Center differential LOCK ↔ FREE selecting procedures:

- **Operate the switch only when all of 4 wheels are stopped or driven in a straight line.**
- **Never operate the switch when any wheel is slipping.**
- **Never operate the switch when any wheel is spinning freely.**
- **Never operate the switch when swerving or cornering.**



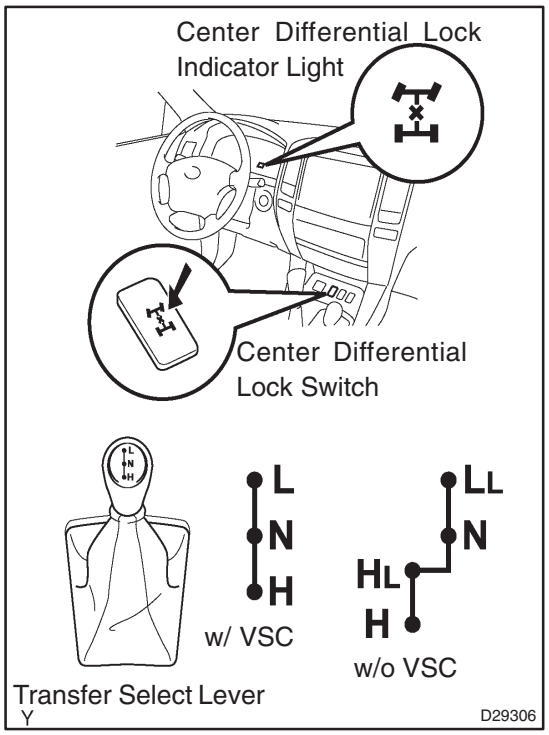
Transfer gear H ↔ L gear shifting procedures:

When shifting, always put the shift lever of the transmission in N position. In other positions, switching cannot be performed.

HINT:

Center differential LOCK ↔ FREE selecting procedures:

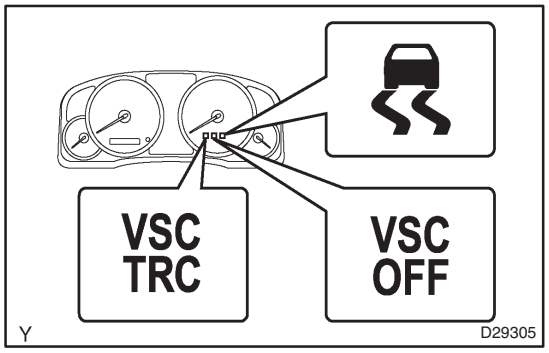
Move the vehicle forward or backward slightly if the indicator light does not operate correctly when the center differential lock switch is turned ON or OFF.



10. WHEN TESTING BRAKES, SPEEDOMETER, ETC.

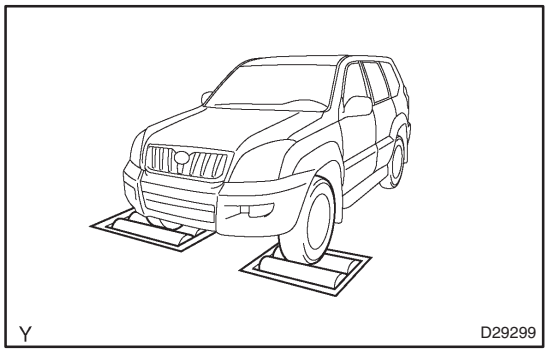
(a) When carrying out any kind of servicing or testing on a Full–time 4WD with Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System in which the front or rear wheels are to be rotated (braking test, speedometer test), be sure to observe the precautions listed below.
Incorrect preparations or test procedures may cause danger as well as unsuccessful test results.
Before starting any such servicing or test, be sure to check the following items:

- Center differential mode position (FREE or LOCK)



- w/ Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) system:
  Center differential switch and VSC OFF indicator light
- Whether wheels should be touching ground or jacked up
- Transmission gear position (N position)
- Transfer gear position (H or L position)
- Maximum testing vehicle speed
- Maximum testing time

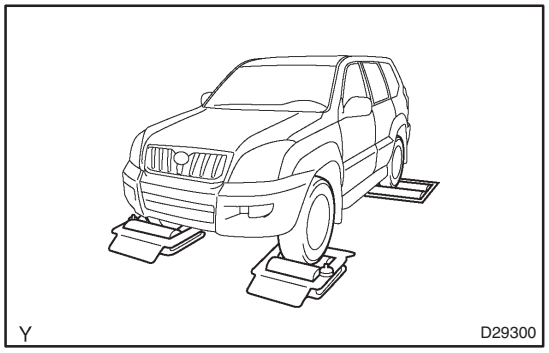
HINT:
w/o Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) system:
When the transfer select lever is put in LL position, the center differential is put in LOCK condition.



(b) Using Braking Tester:
Measure by low–speed type (Vehicle Speed: Below 0.5 km/h (0.3 mph)) brake tester and observe the following instructions before performing the test.

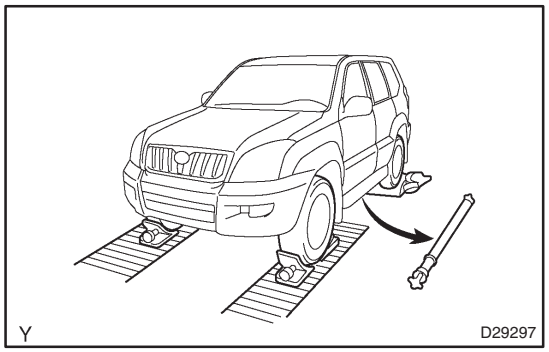
(1) Position the wheels to be tested (front or rear) on the tester.
(2) Put the center differential in FREE position.
(3) Prohibit the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System from the activation.
(4) Shift the transmission shift lever to N position.

HINT:
After completing the test with speedometer tester, do not forget to change the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System to operational condition. Check that the VSC/TRC warning light goes off when restarting the engine.



(c) Using Speedometer Tester:
Observe the following instructions and then test with the rear wheels.
(1) Position the rear wheels on the tester roller.
(2) Position the front wheels on the free roller or jack them up.
(3) Put the center differential in FREE position.
(4) Prohibit the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System from the activation.
(5) Ensure that the vehicle does not move using wires.

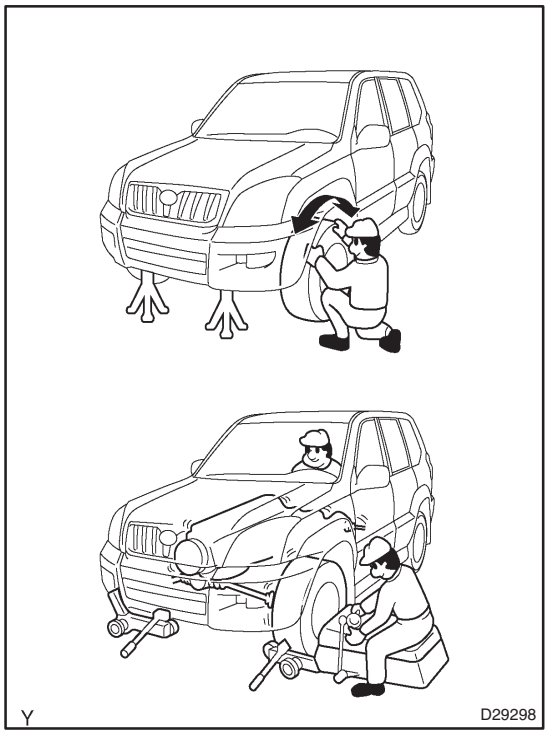
NOTICE:
The maximum speed should be less than 60 km/h (37 mph) and maximum driving time should be 1 minute.
HINT:
- Sudden shifting, braking, acceleration or deceleration is not allowed.
- After completing the with on–vehicle wheel balancing, do not forget to change the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System to operational condition. Check that VSC/TRC warning indicator light goes off when restarting the engine.



(d) Using Chassis Dynamometer:
Observe the following instructions, and then test with the rear wheels.
(1) Remove the front propeller shaft.
(2) Put the center differential in LOCK position.
(3) Prohibit the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System from the activation.
(4) Make sure that the vehicle is securely fixed.

HINT:
- Sudden shifting, braking, acceleration or deceleration is not allowed.

- Do not forget to change the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System to operational condition. Check that the VSC/TRC warning indicator light goes off when restarting the engine.



(e) On–Vehicle Wheel Balancing:
When doing on–vehicle wheel balancing on a full–time 4WD vehicle, to prevent each wheel from being rotated at different speed in different directions (which could damage the center differential), always be sure to observe the following precautions.
(1) All of 4 wheels should be jacked up, being apart from the ground completely.
(2) Put the center differential in LOCK position.
(3) Prohibit the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System from the activation.
(4) Fully release the parking brake lever.
(5) None of the brakes should be applied.
(6) Drive the wheels driven on the wheel balancer with the engine running.
(7) Carry out the wheel balancing with the transmission range in D position.

HINT:
- When doing this balancing, pay attention to the other wheels rotating at the same time.
- Sudden acceleration, deceleration or braking is not allowed.
- Do not forget to change the Active Traction Control System & Vehicle Stability Control (VSC) System to operational condition. Check that the VSC/TRC warning indicator light goes off when restarting the engine.

11. FOR VEHICLES EQUIPPED WITH CATALYTIC CONVERTER

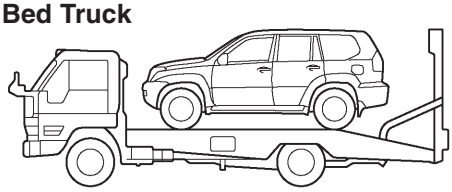
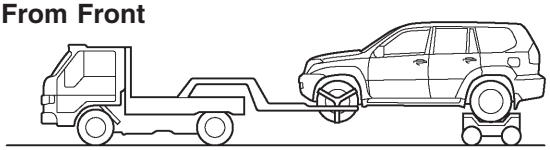
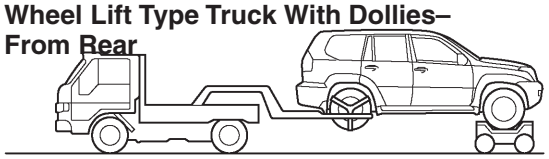
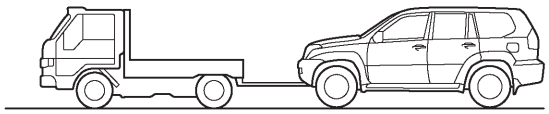
CAUTION:

If large amount of unburned gasoline flows into the converter, it may cause overheating and a fire hazard. To prevent this, observe the following precautions.

(a) Use only unleaded gasoline.
(b) Avoid prolonged idling.
Avoid running the engine at idle speed for more than 20 minutes.
(c) Avoid a spark jump test.
(1) Perform a spark jump test only when absolutely necessary. Perform this test as rapidly as possible.
(2) While testing, never race the engine.
(d) Avoid a prolonged engine compression measurement.
Engine compression measurements must be performed as rapidly as possible.
(e) Do not run the engine when the fuel tank is nearly empty. This may cause the engine to misfire and create an extra load on the converter.

12. WHEN TOWING FULL–TIME 4WD VEHICLES

- Use one of the methods shown below to tow the vehicle.
- If the vehicle has trouble in the chassis and drive train, use method 1 (flat bed truck).

Towing Method \ Condition	PKB	T/M Shift Lever Position (M/T)	T/M Shift Lever Position (A/T)	Transfer Shift Lever Position
Flat Bed Truck 	Applied	–	P Range	H Range
Wheel Lift Type Truck With Dollies– From Front 				
Wheel Lift Type Truck With Dollies– From Rear 				
Towing with Rope 	Released	Neutral	N Range	N Position
HINT: Do not tow the vehicle at a speed faster than 45 km/h (30 mph) or distance greater than 80 km (50 miles).				

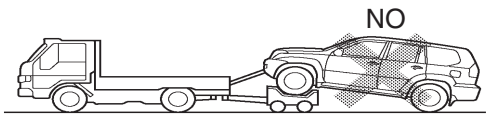
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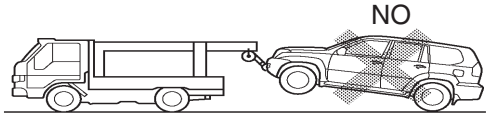
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NOTICE:

Do not use any towing method other than those shown above.

- For example, the towing methods shown below are dangerous or damage the vehicle, so do not use them.





- Never tow the vehicle using a method in which the lifted–up wheel cannot rotate.
- If this towing method is used either from the front or rear:

(a) There may be a danger of the drive train heating up and causing breakdown, or of the wheels flying off the dolly.
(b) In addition, if the vehicle is equipped with the VSC & TRC system, the system will apply the rotating wheels brake unless the engine is not shut off.

Do not use the sling type towing method either from the front or rear, because this method causes damage to the body.

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